FCC SAR EVALUATION REPORT

In accordance with the requirements of FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093), ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 and IEEE Std 1528-2013

Product Name: Mobile Phone

Trademark: AZUMI

Model Name: M5S

Family Model: M5+

Report No.: S20082703002001

FCC ID: QRP-SP-018

Prepared for

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TEST RESULT CERTIFICATION

Applicant's name.....: Azumi S.A

Manufacturer's Name.....: AZUMI HK LTD

FLAT/RM 18 BLK 1 14/F GOLDEN INDUSTRIAL BUILDING 16-26

Report No.: S20082703002001

Address: KWAI TAK STREET KWAI CHUNG.HK

Product description

Product name: Mobile Phone

Trademark: AZUMI

Model Name: M5S

Family Model....: M5+

FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093)

Standards : : : ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992

Published RF exposure KDB procedures

This device described above has been tested by Shenzhen NTEK. In accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE Std 1528-2013 and KDB 865664 D01. Testing has shown that this device is capable of compliance with localized specific absorption rate (SAR) specified in FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992. The test results in this report apply only to the tested sample of the stated device/equipment. Other similar device/equipment will not necessarily produce the same results due to production tolerance and measurement uncertainties.

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Date of Test

Date (s) of performance of tests...... : Aug. 28, 2020 ~ Sep. 04, 2020

Date of Issue Sep. 07, 2020

Test Result: Pass

Prepared By (Test Engineer)

(Cheng Jiawen)

Approved By (Lab Manager)

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REV.	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE	REMARK	
Rev.1.0	Initial Test Report Release	Sep. 07, 2020	Cheng Jiawen	

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1. General Information

1.1. RF exposure limits

(A).Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

(B).Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
80.0	1.6	4.0

NOTE: Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1 gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

Occupational/Controlled Environments:

Are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

General Population/Uncontrolled Environments:

Are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

NOTE
HEAD AND TRUNK LIMIT
1.6 W/kg
APPLIED TO THIS EUT





1.2. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for M5S are as follows.

RF Exposure Conditions		Equipment Class - Highest Reported SAR (W/kg)				
		PCE	DTS	NII	DSS	
1-g Head		0.680	0.229 N/A		N/A	
1-g Body-Worn (Separation distance of 10mm)		0.890	0.229	N/A	N/A	
1-g Hotspot (Separation distance of 10mm)		0.890	0.229	N/A	N/A	
	Head	0.909	0.909	N/A	0.764	
Max Simultaneous Tx	Body-Worn	1.119	1.119	N/A	0.932	
	Hotspot	1.119	1.119	N/A	0.932	

Note: The Max Simultaneous Tx is calculated based on the same configuration and test position. This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE Std 1528-2013 & KDB 865664 D01.

1.3. EUT Description

Device Information						
Product Name	Mobile Phone					
Trade Name	AZUMI					
Model Name	M5S					
Family Model	M5+					
FCC ID	QRP-SP-018					
Device Phase	Identical Prototype					
Exposure Category	General population / Uncontrolled environment					
Antenna	PIFA Antenna					
Battery Information	DC 3.8V, 2000mAh					
Device Operating Configurations						
Supporting Mode(s)	GSM 850/1900, WCDMA E	Band 2/5, WLAN 2.4	G, Bluetooth			
Test Modulation	GSM(GMSK), WCDMA(QPSK), WLAN(DSSS/OFDM),					
Test Modulation	Bluetooth(GFSK, π/4-DQPSK, 8DPSK)					
Device Class	В					
	Band	Tx (MHz)	Rx (MHz)			
Operating Frequency Range(s)	GSM 850	824-849	869-894			
Operating Frequency (varige(s)	GSM 1900	1850-1910	1930-1990			
	WCDMA Band 2	1850-1910	1930-1990			

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	WCDMA Band 5	824-849	869-894	
	WLAN 2.4G 2412		2-2462	
	Bluetooth	2402-	2-2480	
	Max Number of Timeslots	in Uplink	4	
GPRS Multislot Class(12)	Max Number of Timeslots	in Downlink	4	
	Max Total Timeslot		5	
	4, tested with power level 5(GSM 850)			
Dawar Class	1, tested with power level 0(GSM 1900)			
Power Class	3, tested with power control "all 1"(WCDMA Band 2)			
	3, tested with power control "all 1"(WCDMA Band 5)			
	128-189-251(GSM 850)			
	512-661-810(GSM 1900)			
Test Channels (low-mid-high)	9262-9400-9538(WCDMA Band 2)			
	4132-4182-4233(WCDMA Band 5)			
	1-3-6-9-11(WLAN 2.4G)			

1.4. Test specification(s)

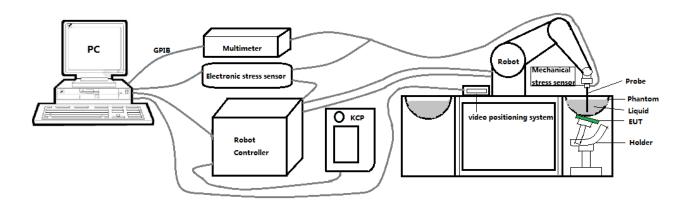
FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093)
ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
IEEE Std 1528-2013
KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz
KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting
KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance
KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR
KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures
KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot SAR
KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR

1.5. Ambient Condition

Ambient temperature	20°C – 24°C
Relative Humidity	30% – 70%

2. SAR Measurement System

2.1. SATIMO SAR Measurement Set-up Diagram



These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system OPENSAR from SATIMO. The system is based on a high precision robot (working range: 901 mm), which positions the probes with a positional repeatability of better than ±0.03 mm. The SAR measurements were conducted with dosimetric probe (manufactured by SATIMO), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

The first step of the field measurement is the evaluation of the voltages induced on the probe by the device under test. Probe diode detectors are nonlinear. Below the diode compression point, the output voltage is proportional to the square of the applied E-field; above the diode compression point, it is linear to the applied E-field. The compression point depends on the diode, and a calibration procedure is necessary for each sensor of the probe.

The Keithley multimeter reads the voltage of each sensor and send these three values to the PC. The corresponding E field value is calculated using the probe calibration factors, which are stored in the working directory. This evaluation includes linearization of the diode characteristics. The field calculation is done separately for each sensor. Each component of the E field is displayed on the "Dipole Area Scan Interface" and the total E field is displayed on the "3D Interface"



2.2. Robot

The SATIMO SAR system uses the high precision robots from KUKA. For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (KUKA) from KUKA is used. The KUKA robot series have many features that are important for our application:



- High precision (repeatability ±0.03 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- · Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)

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2.3. E-Field Probe

This E-field detection probe is composed of three orthogonal dipoles linked to special Schottky diodes with low detection thresholds. The probe allows the measurement of electric fields in liquids such as the one defined in the IEEE and CENELEC standards.

For the measurements the Specific Dosimetric E-Field Probe SN 08/16 EPGO287 with following specifications is used



- Dynamic range: 0.01-100 W/kg

- Tip Diameter: 2.5 mm

- Distance between probe tip and sensor center: 1 mm

- Distance between sensor center and the inner phantom surface: 2 mm (repeatability better than ±1 mm).

Probe linearity: ±0.08 dBAxial isotropy: 0.06 dB

- Hemispherical Isotropy: 0.08 dB

- Calibration range: 650MHz to 5900MHz for head & body simulating liquid.

- Lower detection limit: 7mW/kg

Angle between probe axis (evaluation axis) and surface normal line: less than 30°.

2.3.1. E-Field Probe Calibration

Each probe needs to be calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than $\pm 10\%$. The spherical isotropy shall be evaluated and within ± 0.25 dB. The sensitivity parameters (Norm X, Norm Y, and Norm Z), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (Conv F) of the probe are tested. The calibration data can be referred to appendix D of this report.





2.4. SAM phantoms

Photo of SAM phantom SN 16/15 SAM119



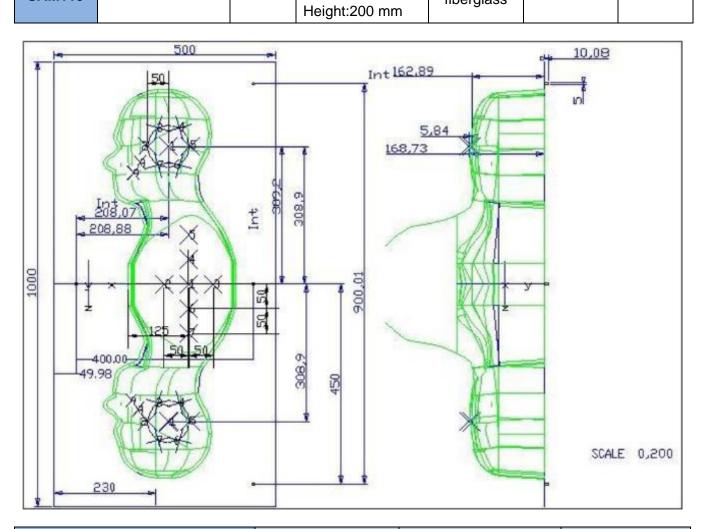
The SAM phantom is used to measure the SAR relative to people exposed to electro-magnetic field radiated by Mobile Phones.





2.4.1. Technical Data

Serial Number	Shell thickness	Filling volume	Dimensions	Positionner Material	Permittivity	Loss Tangent
			Length:1000 mm			
SN 16/15 SAM119	2 mm ±0.2 mm	27 liters	Width:500 mm	Gelcoat with	3.4	0.02



Serial Number	Left Head(mm)		Right Head(mm)		Flat Part(mm)	
	2	2.02	2	2.08	1	2.09
	3	2.05	3	2.06	2	2.06
	4	2.07	4	2.07	3	2.08
	5	2.08	5	2.08	4	2.10
SN 16/15 SAM119	6	2.05	6	2.07	5	2.10
	7	2.05	7	2.05	6	2.07
	8	2.07	8	2.06	7	2.07
	9	2.08	9	2.06	-	-

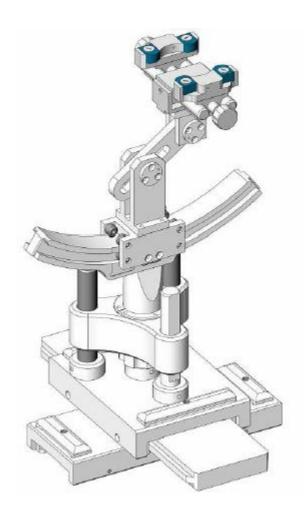
The test, based on ultrasonic system, allows measuring the thickness with an accuracy of 10 μm .





2.5. Device Holder

The positioning system allows obtaining cheek and tilting position with a very good accuracy. In compliance with CENELEC, the tilt angle uncertainty is lower than 1 degree.



Serial Number	erial Number Holder Material		Loss Tangent
SN 16/15 MSH100	Delrin	3.7	0.005





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2.6. Test Equipment List

This table gives a complete overview of the SAR measurement equipment.

Devices used during the test described are marked \boxtimes

	Manufacturer	Name of	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calib	ration
	Maridiacturei	Equipment	i ype/iviodei	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Due Date
	MVG	E FIELD PROBE	SSE2	SN 08/16 EPGO287	Dec. 27,	Dec. 26,
	WVG	E LIELD FROBE	JOLZ	3N 00/10 LF GO207	2019	2020
	MVG	750 MHz Dipole	SID750	SN 03/15 DIP	Apr. 19,	Apr. 18,
	IVIVO	700 WIT IZ DIPOIC	010730	0G750-355	2018	2021
	MVG	835 MHz Dipole	SID835	SN 03/15 DIP	Apr. 19,	Apr. 18,
	10100	000 Wii 12 Bipolo	CIDOOO	0G835-347	2018	2021
	MVG	900 MHz Dipole	SID900	SN 03/15 DIP	Apr. 19,	Apr. 18,
	101 0	300 Wil 12 Dipole	OIDSOO	0G900-348	2018	2021
	MVG	1800 MHz Dipole	SID1800	SN 03/15 DIP	Apr. 19,	Apr. 18,
	101 0	1000 WII IZ BIPOIC	0101000	1G800-349	2018	2021
\boxtimes	MVG	1900 MHz Dipole	SID1900	SN 03/15 DIP	Apr. 19,	Apr. 18,
	101 0	1300 WII IZ DIPOIC	0101300	1G900-350	2018	2021
	MVG	2000 MHz Dipole	SID2000	SN 03/15 DIP	Apr. 19,	Apr. 18,
	101 0	2000 WII IZ DIPOIC	OID2000	2G000-351	2018	2021
	MVG	2450 MHz Dipole	SID2450	SN 03/15 DIP	Apr. 19,	Apr. 18,
	101 0	2400 WII IZ DIPOIC	0102400	2G450-352	2018	2021
	MVG	2600 MHz Dipole	SID2600	SN 03/15 DIP	Apr. 19,	Apr. 18,
	IVIVO	2000 WII IZ DIPOIC	0102000	2G600-356	2018	2021
	MVG	5000 MHz Dipole	SWG5500	SN 13/14 WGA 33	Apr. 19,	Apr. 18,
	IVIVO	3000 WII IZ DIPOIE	37703300	311 13/14 WOA 33	2018	2021
\boxtimes	MVG	Liquid	SCLMP	CN 24/45 OCDC 72	NCR	NCR
	10100	measurement Kit	COLIVII	SN 21/15 OCPG 72	TTOT	NOIX
	MVG	Power Amplifier	N.A	AMPLISAR_28/14_003	NCR	NCR
\boxtimes	KEITHLEY	Millivoltmeter	2000	4072790	NCR	NCR
		Universal radio			lul 40	1.1.40
\boxtimes	R&S	communication	CMU200	117858	Jul. 13,	Jul. 12,
		tester			2020	2021
		Wideband radio			Jul. 13,	Jul. 12,
	R&S	communication	CMW500	103917	2020	2021
		tester			2020	2021
\boxtimes	HP	Notwork Amelians	07500	2440 104400	Jul. 13,	Jul. 12,
	111	Network Analyzer	8753D	3410J01136	2020	2021
\boxtimes	Agilent	PSG Analog	Eggezo	MV54440440	Jul. 13,	Jul. 12,
	Agnorit	Signal Generator	E8257D	MY51110112	2020	2021





			ertificate #4256.01			
\boxtimes	Agilopt	_			Jul. 13,	Jul. 12,
	Agilent	Power meter	E4419B	MY45102538	2020	2021
	Agilent	D	E0004 A	NAV/44 405044	Jul. 13,	Jul. 12,
	Agilent	Power sensor	E9301A	MY41495644	2020	2021
	Agilent		F0004A	11000040440	Jul. 13,	Jul. 12,
	Agiletit	Power sensor	E9301A	US39212148	2020	2021
	MCLI/LISA	Directional	0044.00	000154500	Jul. 17,	Jul. 16,
	⊠ MCLI/USA	MCLI/USA Coupler CB11-2		0D2L51502	2020	2023

3. SAR Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

- (a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- (c) For WLAN/Bluetooth power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/Bluetooth continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/Bluetooth output power.

<SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/Bluetooth continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix A demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the OPENSAR software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band.
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg.

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

3.1. Power Reference

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

3.2. Area scan & Zoom scan

The area scan is a 2D scan to find the hot spot location on the DUT. The zoom scan is a 3D scan above the hot spot to calculate the 1g and 10g SAR value.



Measurement of the SAR distribution with a grid of 8 to 16 mm * 8 to 16 mm and a constant distance to the inner surface of the phantom. Since the sensors cannot directly measure at the inner phantom surface, the values between the sensors and the inner phantom surface are extrapolated. With these values the area of the maximum SAR is calculated by an interpolation scheme. Around this point, a cube of 30 * 30 *30 mm or 32 * 32 * 32 mm is assessed by measuring 5 or 8 * 5 or 8 * 4 or 5 mm. With these data, the peak spatial-average SAR value can be calculated.

From the scanned SAR distribution, identify the position of the maximum SAR value, in addition identify the positions of any local maxima with SAR values within 2 dB of the maximum value that will not be within the zoom scan of other peaks; additional peaks shall be measured only when the primary peak is within 2 dB of the SAR compliance limit (e.g., 1 W/kg for 1,6 W/kg 1 g limit, or 1,26 W/kg for 2 W/kg, 10 g limit).

Area scan & Zoom scan scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz	
Maximum distance fro (geometric center of pr			5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$	
Maximum probe angle surface normal at the n			30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°	
			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm	
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}			When the x or y dimension o measurement plane orientation the measurement resolution r x or y dimension of the test d measurement point on the test	on, is smaller than the above, must be ≤ the corresponding device with at least one	
Maximum zoom scan s	Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Zoom} , Δy_{Zoom}			$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$	
	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$		≤ 5 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz: } \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 2 \text{ mm}$	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface		graded	Δz _{Zoom} (1): between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	grid ∆z _{Zoom} (n>1): between subsequent points		$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$		
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z	1	≥ 30 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \ge 28 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz:} \ge 25 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \ge 22 \text{ mm}$	

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the <u>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</u> procedures of KDB 447498 is $\leq 1.4 \text{ W/kg}$, $\leq 8 \text{ mm}$, $\leq 7 \text{ mm}$ and $\leq 5 \text{ mm}$ zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.





3.3. Description of interpolation/extrapolation scheme

The local SAR inside the phantom is measured using small dipole sensing elements inside a probe body. The probe tip must not be in contact with the phantom surface in order to minimise measurements errors, but the highest local SAR will occur at the surface of the phantom.

An extrapolation is using to determinate this highest local SAR values. The extrapolation is based on a fourth-order least-square polynomial fit of measured data. The local SAR value is then extrapolated from the liquid surface with a 1 mm step.

The measurements have to be performed over a limited time (due to the duration of the battery) so the step of measurement is high. It could vary between 5 and 8 mm. To obtain an accurate assessment of the maximum SAR averaged over 10 grams and 1 gram requires a very fine resolution in the three dimensional scanned data array.

3.4. Volumetric Scan

The volumetric scan consists to a full 3D scan over a specific area. This 3D scan is useful form multi Tx SAR measurement. Indeed, it is possible with OpenSAR to add, point by point, several volumetric scan to calculate the SAR value of the combined measurement as it is define in the standard IEEE1528 and IEC62209.

3.5. Power Drift

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In OpenSAR measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in V/m. If the power drifts more than ±5%, the SAR will be retested.





4. System Verification Procedure

4.1. Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Ingredients (% of weight)	Head Tissue									
Frequency Band (MHz)	750	835	900	1800	1900	2000	2450	2600	5200	5800
Water	34.40	34.40	34.40	55.36	55.36	57.87	57.87	57.87	65.53	65.53
NaCl	0.79	0.79	0.79	0.35	0.35	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.00	0.00
1,2-Propanediol	64.81	64.81	64.81	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Triton X-100	0.00	0.00	0.00	30.45	30.45	19.97	19.97	19.97	24.24	24.24
DGBE	0.00	0.00	0.00	13.84	13.84	22.00	22.00	22.00	10.23	10.23
Ingredients (% of weight)					Body	Tissue				
Frequency Band (MHz)	750	835	900	1800	1900	2000	2450	2600	5200	5800
Water	50.30	50.30	50.30	69.91	69.91	71.88	71.88	71.88	79.54	79.54
NaCl	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.13	0.13	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.00	0.00
1,2-Propanediol	49.10	49.10	49.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Triton X-100	0.00	0.00	0.00	9.99	9.99	19.97	19.97	19.97	11.24	11.24
DGBE	0.00	0.00	0.00	19.97	19.97	7.99	7.99	7.99	9.22	9.22

For SAR measurement of the field distribution inside the phantom, the phantom must be filled with homogeneous tissue simulating liquid to a depth of at least 15 cm. For head SAR testing, the liquid depth from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm.









4.1.1. Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results

The simulating liquids should be checked at the beginning of a series of SAR measurements to determine of the dielectric parameter are within the tolerances of the specified target values. The measured conductivity and relative permittivity should be within ±5% of the target values.

			-			_	
T :	Measured	Target T	issue	Measure	d Tissue	I dan dal	
Tissue Type	Frequency (MHz)	εr (±5%)	σ (S/m) (±5%)	εr	σ (S/m)	Liquid Temp.	Test Date
Head	005	41.50	0.90	40.04	0.00	04.5.00	0 04 0000
850	835	(39.43~43.58)	(0.86~0.95)	40.84	0.92	21.5 °C	Sep. 04, 2020
Body	005	55.20	0.97	5455	0.00	04.000	4 00 0000
850	835	(52.44~57.96)	(0.92~1.02)	54.55	0.98	21.3°C	Aug. 28, 2020
Head	4000	40.00	1.40	00.70	4 40	04.4.00	0 04 0000
1900	1900	(38.00~42.00)	(1.33~1.47)	38.70	1.43	21.4 °C	Sep. 04, 2020
Body	4000	53.30	1.52	5400	4.50	04.4.00	
1900	1900	(50.64~55.97)	(1.44~1.60)	54.29	1.53	21.4 °C	Aug. 28, 2020
Head	0.450	39.20	1.80	00.50	4.04	04.5.00	A 04 0000
2450	2450	(37.24~41.16)	(1.71~1.89)	38.59	1.84	21.5 °C	Aug. 31, 2020
Body	0.450	52.70	1.95	F4 F7	4.00	04.0.00	A 24 2022
2450	2450	(50.07~55.34)	(1.85~2.05)	51.57	1.88	21.2 °C	Aug. 31, 2020

NOTE: The dielectric parameters of the tissue-equivalent liquid should be measured under similar ambient conditions and within 2 °C of the conditions expected during the SAR evaluation to satisfy protocol requirements.

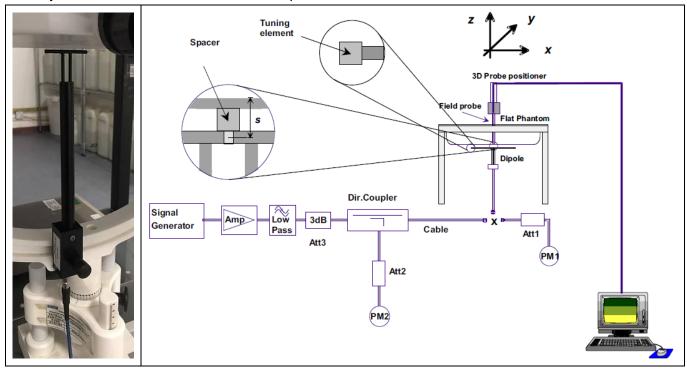




4.2. System Verification Procedure

The system verification is performed for verifying the accuracy of the complete measurement system and performance of the software. The dipole is connected to the signal source consisting of signal generator and amplifier via a directional coupler, N-connector cable and adaption to SMA. It is fed with a power of 100mW (below 5GHz) or 100mW (above 5GHz). To adjust this power a power meter is used. The power sensor is connected to the cable before the system verification to measure the power at this point and do adjustments at the signal generator. At the outputs of the directional coupler both return loss as well as forward power are controlled during the system verification to make sure that emitted power at the dipole is kept constant. This can also be checked by the power drift measurement after the test (result on plot).

The system verification is shown as below picture:







4.2.1. **System Verification Results**

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SATIMO, the verification data should be within its specification of ±10%. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance verification can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix B of this report.

enteriori and the plots can be referred to Appendix B of this report.								
	Target SA	Measure	ed SAR					
System	(±10	(Normalize	ed to 1W)	Liquid				
Verification	1-g (W/Kg)	10-g (W/Kg)	1-g (W/Kg)	10-g (W/Kg)	Temp.	Test Date		
835MHz Head	9.55 (8.60~10.51)	6.10 (5.49~6.71)	10.15	6.15	21.5 °C	Sep. 04, 2020		
835MHz Body	9.83 (8.85~10.81)	6.45 (5.81~7.10)	9.40	6.62	21.3°C	Aug. 28, 2020		
1900MHz Head	38.92 (35.03~42.81)	20.09 (18.08~22.10)	37.62	20.32	21.4 °C	Sep. 04, 2020		
1900MHz Body	39.02 (35.12~42.92)	20.57 (18.51~22.63)	38.30	20.81	21.4 °C	Aug. 28, 2020		
2450MHz Head	53.76 (48.38~59.14)	24.12 (21.71~26.53)	56.89	24.54	21.5 °C	Aug. 31, 2020		
2450MHz Body	52.90 (47.61~58.19)	24.09 (21.68~26.50)	51.01	24.07	21.2 °C	Aug. 31, 2020		



5. SAR Measurement variability and uncertainty

5.1. SAR measurement variability

Per KDB865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, SAR measurement variability must be assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. The additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg ($\sim 10\%$ from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

5.2. SAR measurement uncertainty

Per KDB865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. The equivalent ratio (1.5/1.6) is applied to extremity and occupational exposure conditions.

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6. RF Exposure Positions

6.1. Ear and handset reference point

Figure 6.1.1 shows the front, back, and side views of the SAM phantom. The center-of-mouth reference point is labeled "M", the left ear reference point (ERP) is marked "LE", and the right ERP is marked "RE".

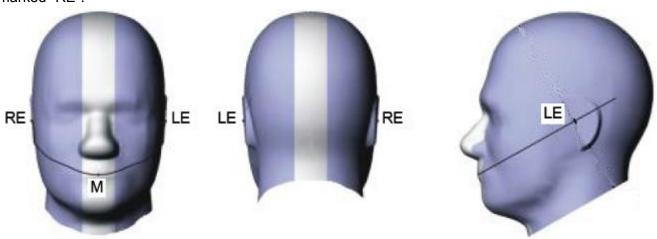


Fig 6.1.1 Front, back, and side views of SAM phantom

6.2. Definition of the cheek position

- 1. Define two imaginary lines on the handset, the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset: the midpoint of the width w_t of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A in Figure 6.2.1 and Figure 6.2.2), and the midpoint of the width w_b of the bottom of the handset (point B). The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output (see Figure 6.2.1). The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 6.2.2), especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly-shaped handsets.
- 2. Position the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 6.2.3), such that the plane defined by the vertical centerline and the horizontal line of the handset is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.
- 3. Translate the handset towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until handset point A touches the pinna at the ERP
- 4. While maintaining the handset in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is in the plane normal to the plane containing B-M and N-F lines, i.e., the Reference Plane.
- 5. Rotate the handset around the vertical centerline until the handset (horizontal line) is parallel to the N-F line.

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6. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the Reference Plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the handset contact with the pinna, rotate the handset about the N-F line until any point on the handset is in contact with a phantom point below the pinna on the cheek. See Figure 6.2.3. The actual rotation angles should be documented in the test report.

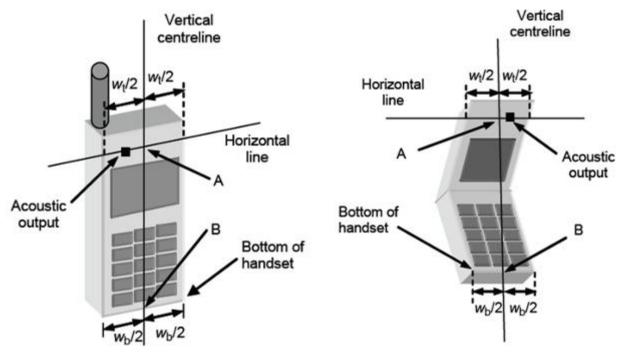


Fig 6.2.1 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—"fixed case

Fig 6.2.2 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—"clam-shell case"

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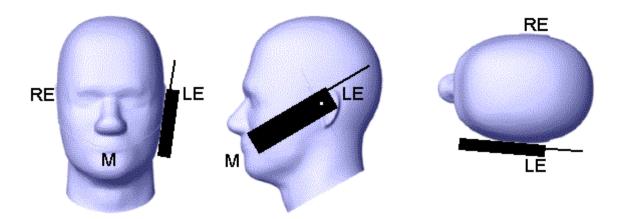


Fig 6.2.3 cheek or touch position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which establish the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.



6.3. Definition of the tilt position

- 1. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, retract the handset parallel to the reference plane far enough away from the phantom to enable a rotation of the device by 15 degree.
- 2. Rotate the Handset around the horizontal line by 15 degree (see Figure 6.3.1).
- 3. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset towards the phantom on a line passing through RE and LE until any part of the handset touches the ear. The tilt position is obtained when the contact is on the pinna. If the contact is at any location other than the pinna, e.g., the antenna with the back of the phantom head, the angle of the handset shall be reduced. In this case, the tilt position is obtained if any part of the handset is in contact with the pinna as well as a second part of the handset is in contact with the phantom, e.g., the antenna with the back of the head.

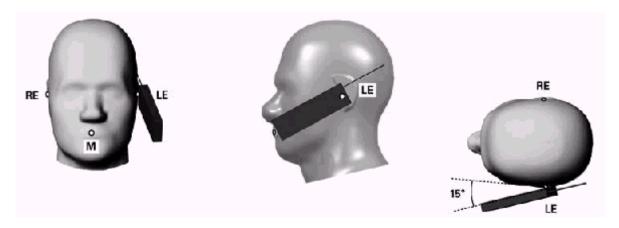


Figure 6.3.1 – Tilt position of the wireless device on the left side of SAM

6.4. Body Worn Accessory

- 1. Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 6.4.1). Per KDB 648474 D04, body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB 447498 D01 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset is < 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a handset attached to the handset.</p>
- 2. Accessories for body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest



spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are test with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-chip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

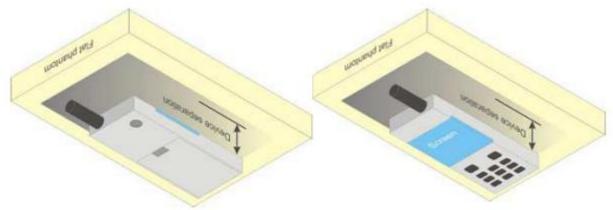


Figure 6.4.1 – Test positions for body-worn devices

6.5. Wireless Router Devices

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user through simultaneous transmission of WLAN simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06 where SAR test considerations for handsets (L x W \geq 9 cm x 5 cm) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10mm from the front, back and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5cm of their edges, determined form general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WLAN transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and spatially summed with the WLAN transmitter according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01 publication procedures. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated during SAR assessments, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.





7. RF Output Power

7.1. GSM Conducted Power

Band GSM850	Burst-Av	eraged ou	tput Powe	r (dBm)	Frame-Averaged output Power (dBm)			
Tx Channel	Tune-up	128	189	251	Tune-up	128	189	251
Frequency (MHz)	(dBm)	824.2	836.4	848.8	(dBm)	824.2	836.4	848.8
	,				, ,			
GSM (GMSK)	33.00	32.05	32.10	31.98	23.97	23.02	23.07	22.95
GPRS(GMSK, 1 TS)	33.00	32.09	32.09	32.02	23.97	23.06	23.06	22.99
GPRS(GMSK, 2 TS)	32.00	31.46	31.43	31.43	25.98	25.44	25.41	25.41
GPRS(GMSK, 3 TS)	30.00	29.70	29.62	29.75	25.74	25.44	25.36	25.49
GPRS(GMSK, 4 TS)	29.00	28.51	28.43	28.61	25.99	25.50	25.42	25.60
Band GSM1900	Burst-Av	eraged ou	tput Powe	r (dBm)	Frame-Averaged output Power (dBm)			
Tx Channel	Tune-up	512	661	810	Tune-up	512	661	810
Frequency (MHz)	(dBm)	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8	(dBm)	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8
GSM (GMSK)	29.00	28.62	28.84	28.90	19.97	19.59	19.81	19.87
GPRS(GMSK, 1 TS)	29.00	28.65	28.86	28.91	19.97	19.62	19.83	19.88
GPRS(GMSK, 2 TS)	29.00	27.72	27.95	28.11	22.98	21.70	21.93	22.09
GPRS(GMSK, 3 TS)	26.00	25.45	25.75	25.97	21.74	21.19	21.49	21.71
GPRS(GMSK, 4 TS)	25.00	24.10	24.42	24.64	21.99	21.09	21.41	21.63

Note: The frame-averaged power is linearly scaled the maximum burst averaged power over 8 time slots.

The calculated method are shown as below:

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (1 TS) - 9.03 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (2 TS) - 6.02 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (3 TS) - 4.26 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (4 TS) - 3.01 dB

7.2. WCDMA Conducted Power

Band	WCDMA Band 2						
Tx Channel	T	9262	9400	9538			
Frequency (MHz)	Tune-up	1852.4	1880	1907.6			
RMC 12.2Kbps	23.00	23.00	22.60	22.88			
HSDPA Subtest-1	22.00	21.42	21.42	21.69			
HSDPA Subtest-2	22.00	20.91	20.91	21.01			
HSDPA Subtest-3	21.00	20.14	19.89	19.92			
HSDPA Subtest-4	20.00	19.92	19.61	19.91			
HSUPA Subtest-1	22.00	21.31	20.71	21.10			
HSUPA Subtest-2	22.00	21.40	21.23	21.35			
HSUPA Subtest-3	21.00	20.39	20.02	20.46			





HSUPA Subtest-4	22.00	21.13	21.26	21.45
HSUPA Subtest-5	21.00	20.90	20.64	20.83
Band		WCDMA	Band 5	
Tx Channel	T	4132	4182	4233
Frequency (MHz)	Tune-up	826.4	836.4	846.6
RMC 12.2Kbps	23.00	22.57	22.62	22.65
HSDPA Subtest-1	22.00	21.52	21.46	21.68
HSDPA Subtest-2	21.00	20.98	20.85	20.93
HSDPA Subtest-3	20.00	19.60	19.83	19.84
HSDPA Subtest-4	21.00	20.34	19.93	20.40
HSUPA Subtest-1	22.00	21.10	21.20	21.56
HSUPA Subtest-2	22.00	21.24	21.41	21.28
HSUPA Subtest-3	21.00	20.34	19.91	20.29
HSUPA Subtest-4	22.00	21.54	21.56	21.66
HSUPA Subtest-5	21.00	20.66	20.77	20.93

7.3. WLAN & Bluetooth Output Power

7.3.1. **Output Power Results Of WLAN**

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Tune-up	Output Power (dBm)
	1	2412	14.00	13.33
802.11b	6	2437	14.00	12.88
	11	2462	14.00	12.11
	1	2412	11.00	10.64
802.11g	6	2437	11.00	10.58
	11	2462	11.00	10.37
	1	2412	12.00	10.47
802.11n HT20	6	2437	12.00	11.01
	11	2462	12.00	10.41
	3	2422	11.00	10.75
802.11n HT40	6	2437	11.00	10.90
	9	2452	11.00	10.43

NOTE: Power measurement results of WLAN 2.4G.

7.3.2. Output Power Results Of Bluetooth

		Output Po	ower (dBm)			
DD . EDD	Channel	Tune-up	Data Rates			
BR+EDR			1M	2M	3M	
	0CH	3.000	2.254	2.037	2.088	

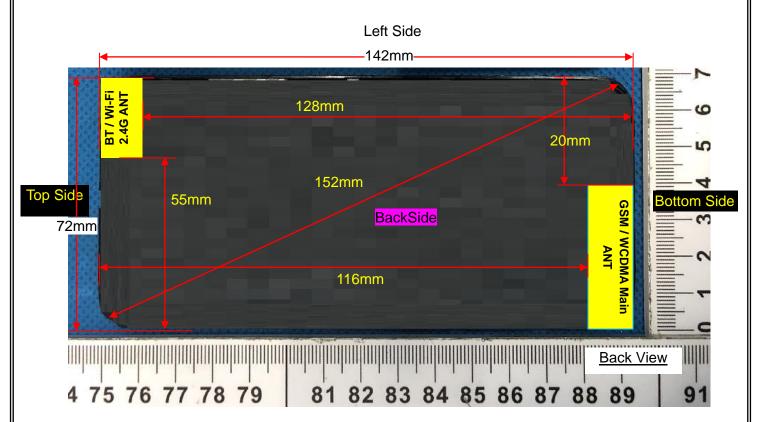




39CH	3.000	2.990	2.645	2.722
78CH	3.000	1.976	1.768	1.587

	Channel	Tune-up	Output Power (dBm)
DI E	0CH	3.000	2.031
BLE	19CH	3.000	2.817
	39CH	3.000	1.949

8. Antenna Location



Right Side

	Distance of the Antenna to the EUT surface/edge										
Antennas	Front Side	Back Side	Left Side	Right Side	Top Side	Bottom Side					
WWAN Main	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	>25mm	≤ 25mm					
WLAN & Bluetooth	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	>25mm	≤ 25mm	>25mm					
		Positions	s for SAR te	sts							
Antennas	Front Side	Back Side	Left Side	Right Side	Top Side	Bottom Side					
WWAN Main	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	NO	Yes					
WLAN & Bluetooth	Yes	Yes	Yes	NO	Yes	NO					



9. Stand-alone SAR test exclusion

Refer to FCC KDB 447498D01, the 1-g SAR and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]·[$\sqrt{f_{(GHZ)}}$] ≤ 3.0 for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where:

- f_(GHZ) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- · Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

Mode	P _{max}	P _{max} Distance f		f	Calculation	SAR Exclusion	SAR test
IVIOGE	(dBm) (mW) (mm) (GHz)		Result	threshold	exclusion		
Bluetooth	3.00	2.00	5	2.480	0.63	3.0	Yes

NOTE: Standalone SAR test exclusion for Bluetooth and WLAN 2.4G

When standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] * $[\sqrt{f_{(GHZ)}}/x]$ W/kg for test separation distances \leq 50mm, where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

Mode	Position	P _{max} (dBm)	P _{max} (mW)	Distance (mm)	f (GHz)	х	Estimated SAR (W/Kg)
Bluetooth	Head	3.00	2.00	5	2.480	7.5	0.084
Bluetooth	Body	3.00	2.00	10	2.480	7.5	0.042
Bluetooth	Hotspot	3.00	2.00	10	2.480	7.5	0.042

NOTE: Estimated SAR calculation for Bluetooth



10. SAR Results

10.1. SAR measurement results

10.1.1. SAR measurement Result of GSM850

Test Position of	Test channel	Test Mode		Value /kg)	Power Drift	Conducted	Tune-up	Scaled SAR
Head	/Freq.	rest Mode	1g	10g	(±5%)	(dBm)	(dBm)	1g (W/Kg)
Left Cheek	189/836.4	GPRS(GMSK 4TS)	0.596	0.421	-3.49	28.43	29.00	0.680
Left Tilt 15 Degree	189/836.4	GPRS(GMSK 4TS)	0.305	0.214	-0.43	28.43	29.00	0.348
Right Cheek	189/836.4	GPRS(GMSK 4TS)	0.562	0.396	-2.82	28.43	29.00	0.641
Right Tilt 15 Degree	189/836.4	GPRS(GMSK 4TS)	0.262	0.186	1.90	28.43	29.00	0.299

NOTE: Head SAR test results of GSM850.

Test Position	Test Position Test of Body-Worn channel Test I			Value ⁄kg)	Power Drift	Conducted	Tune-up	Scaled SAR
with 10mm	/Freq.	1 CSt WIOGC	1g	10g	(±5%)	(dBm)	(dBm)	1g (W/Kg)
Front Side	189/836.4	GPRS(GMSK 4TS)	0.440	0.323	-2.96	28.43	29.00	0.502
Back Side	189/836.4	GPRS(GMSK 4TS)	0.560	0.410	-1.46	28.43	29.00	0.639

NOTE: Body-Worn SAR test results of GSM850

Test Position of Hotspot	Test channel			SAR Value (W/kg)		Conducted	Tune-up	Scaled SAR
with 10mm	/Freq.	Test Mode	1g	10g	Drift (±5%)	(dBm)	(dBm)	1g (W/Kg)
Front Side	189/836.4	GPRS(GMSK 4TS)	0.440	0.323	-2.96	28.43	29.00	0.502
Back Side	189/836.4	GPRS(GMSK 4TS)	0.560	0.410	-1.46	28.43	29.00	0.639
Left Side	189/836.4	GPRS(GMSK 4TS)	0.252	0.184	3.27	28.43	29.00	0.287
Right Side	189/836.4	GPRS(GMSK 4TS)	0.401	0.290	4.54	28.43	29.00	0.457
Bottom Side	189/836.4	GPRS(GMSK 4TS)	0.220	0.158	3.11	28.43	29.00	0.251

NOTE: Hotspot SAR test results of GSM850

10.1.2. SAR measurement Result of GSM1900

Test Test Position of channel				SAR Value (W/kg)		Conducted	Tune-up	Scaled SAR
Head	channel Test Mode /Freq.	r est ivioue	1g	10g	Drift (±5%)	(dBm)	(dBm)	1g (W/Kg)
Left Cheek	661/1880	GPRS(GMSK 2TS)	0.175	0.108	0.81	27.95	29.00	0.223





Left Tilt 15 Degree	661/1880	GPRS(GMSK 2TS)	0.104	0.068	2.20	27.95	29.00	0.132
Right Cheek	661/1880	GPRS(GMSK 2TS)	0.156	0.093	1.20	27.95	29.00	0.199
Right Tilt 15 Degree	661/1880	GPRS(GMSK 2TS)	0.073	0.048	1.58	27.95	29.00	0.093

NOTE: Head SAR test results of GSM1900

Test Position of	Test channel	Test Mode		Value /kg)	Power Drift	Conducted	Tune-up	Scaled SAR
Body-Worn with 10mm	/Freq.	1 CSt WIOGC	1g	10g	(±5%)	(dBm)	(dBm)	1g (W/Kg)
Front Side	661/1880	GPRS(GMSK 2TS)	0.561	0.308	1.81	27.95	29.00	0.714
Back Side	661/1880	GPRS(GMSK 2TS)	0.699	0.387	-2.69	27.95	29.00	0.890
Back Side	512/1850.2	GPRS(GMSK 2TS)	0.661	0.363	-1.69	27.72	29.00	0.888
Back Side	810/1909.8	GPRS(GMSK 2TS)	0.658	0.353	0.23	28.11	29.00	0.808

NOTE: Body-Worn SAR test results of GSM1900

Test Position of Hotspot with	Test channel	Test Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift	Conducted	Tune-up power	Scaled SAR
10mm	10mm /Freq.		1g	10g	(±5%)	(dBm)	(dBm)	1g (W/Kg)
Front Side	661/1880	GPRS(GMSK 2TS)	0.561	0.308	1.81	27.95	29.00	0.714
Back Side	661/1880	GPRS(GMSK 2TS)	0.699	0.387	-2.69	27.95	29.00	0.890
Left Side	661/1880	GPRS(GMSK 2TS)	0.321	0.181	-3.36	27.95	29.00	0.409
Right Side	661/1880	GPRS(GMSK 2TS)	0.543	0.304	0.04	27.95	29.00	0.692
Bottom Side	661/1880	GPRS(GMSK 2TS)	0.275	0.148	-4.46	27.95	29.00	0.350
Back Side	512/1850.2	GPRS(GMSK 2TS)	0.661	0.363	-1.69	27.72	29.00	0.888
Back Side	810/1909.8	GPRS(GMSK 2TS)	0.658	0.353	0.23	28.11	29.00	0.808

NOTE: Hotspot SAR test results of GSM1900

10.1.3. SAR measurement Result of WCDMA Band 2

Test Position Test			SAR '	SAR Value		Conducted	Tune-up	Scaled
of Head	channel	Test Mode	(W/	′kg)	Drift	power	power	SAR 1g
от пеац	/Freq.		1g	10g	(±5%)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(W/Kg)
Left Cheek	9400/1880	RMC12.2K	0.142	0.090	1.29	22.60	23.00	0.156
Left Tilt 15	9400/1880	RMC12.2K	0.078	0.052	0.40	22.60	23.00	0.086
Degree	9400/1000	NIVIC 12.2N	0.076	0.032	0.40	22.00	23.00	0.000
Right Cheek	9400/1880	RMC12.2K	0.127	0.084	4.72	22.60	23.00	0.139
Right Tilt 15	9400/1880	RMC12.2K	0.058	0.033	-1.49	22.60	23.00	0.064





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Degree					

NOTE: Head SAR test results of WCDMA Band 2

Test Position	Test		SAR '	Value	Power	Conducted	Tune-up	Scaled
of Body-Worn	channel	Test Mode	(W/	kg)	Drift	power	power	SAR 1g
with 10mm	/Freq.		1g	10g	(±5%)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(W/Kg)
Front Side	9400/1880	RMC12.2K	0.459	0.263	-1.92	22.60	23.00	0.503
Back Side	9400/1880	RMC12.2K	0.611	0.343	-0.29	22.60	23.00	0.670

NOTE: Body-Worn SAR test results of WCDMA Band 2

Test Position	Test		SAR	Value	Power	Conducted	Tune-up	Scaled
of Hotspot with	channel	Test Mode	(W/	/kg)	Drift	power	power	SAR 1g
10mm	/Freq.		1g	10g	(±5%)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(W/Kg)
Front Side	9400/1880	RMC12.2K	0.459	0.263	-1.92	22.60	23.00	0.503
Back Side	9400/1880	RMC12.2K	0.611	0.343	-0.29	22.60	23.00	0.670
Left Side	9400/1880	RMC12.2K	0.270	0.152	-1.20	22.60	23.00	0.296
Right Side	9400/1880	RMC12.2K	0.487	0.269	4.69	22.60	23.00	0.534
Bottom Side	9400/1880	RMC12.2K	0.216	0.125	4.26	22.60	23.00	0.237

NOTE: Hotspot SAR test results of WCDMA Band 2

10.1.4. SAR measurement Result of WCDMA Band 5

Test Desition	Test		SAR	√alue	Power	Conducted	Tune-up	Scaled
Test Position of Head	channel	Test Mode	(W/	kg)	Drift	power	power	SAR 1g
oi neau	/Freq.		1g	10g	(±5%)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(W/Kg)
Left Cheek	4182/836.4	RMC12.2K	0.445	0.335	0.30	22.62	23.00	0.486
Left Tilt 15	4182/836.4	RMC12.2K	0.256	0.191	-2.73	22.62	23.00	0.279
Degree	4102/030.4	NIVIC 12.2N	0.250	0.191	-2.73	22.02	23.00	0.279
Right Cheek	4182/836.4	RMC12.2K	0.407	0.305	2.53	22.62	23.00	0.444
Right Tilt 15	4182/836.4	RMC12.2K	0.197	0.151	-0.58	22.62	23.00	0.215
Degree	4102/030.4	NIVIC 12.2N	0.197	0.131	-0.56	22.02	23.00	0.213

NOTE: Head SAR test results of WCDMA Band 5

Test Position	Test		SAR '	Value	Power	Conducted	Tune-up	Scaled
of Body-Worn	channel	Test Mode	(W/	kg)	Drift	power	power	SAR 1g
with 10mm	/Freq.		1g	10g	(±5%)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(W/Kg)
Front Side	4182/836.4	RMC12.2K	0.318	0.240	-0.36	22.62	23.00	0.347
Back Side	4182/836.4	RMC12.2K	0.413	0.312	-1.33	22.62	23.00	0.451

NOTE: Body-Worn SAR test results of WCDMA Band 5

Test Position	Test	Test Mode	SAR Value	Power	Conducted	Tune-up	Scaled
of Hotspot with	channel	rest wode	(W/kg)	Drift	power	power	SAR 1g





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		certified	C #4250.01					
10mm	/Freq.		1g	10g	(±5%)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(W/Kg)
Front Side	4182/836.4	RMC12.2K	0.318	0.240	-0.36	22.62	23.00	0.347
Back Side	4182/836.4	RMC12.2K	0.413	0.312	-1.33	22.62	23.00	0.451
Left Side	4182/836.4	RMC12.2K	0.202	0.150	4.32	22.62	23.00	0.220
Right Side	4182/836.4	RMC12.2K	0.318	0.244	3.68	22.62	23.00	0.347
Bottom Side	4182/836.4	RMC12.2K	0.155	0.119	2.62	22.62	23.00	0.169

NOTE: Hotspot SAR test results of WCDMA Band 5

10.1.5. SAR measurement Result of WLAN 2.4G

Test Position of	Test channel	Test Mode		SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Conducted Drift power	Tune-up	Scaled SAR
Head	/Freq.	rest wode	1g	10g	(±5%)	(dBm)	power (dBm)	1g (W/Kg)
Left Cheek	6/2437	802.11 b	0.177	0.104	1.22	12.88	14.00	0.229
Left Tilt 15 Degree	6/2437	802.11 b	0.092	0.051	-2.61	12.88	14.00	0.119
Right Cheek	6/2437	802.11 b	0.157	0.095	-3.51	12.88	14.00	0.203
Right Tilt 15 Degree	6/2437	802.11 b	0.083	0.053	3.66	12.88	14.00	0.107

NOTE: Head SAR test results of WLAN 2.4G

Test Position of	Test	Took Mode	SAR \		Power	Conducted	Tune-up	Scaled
Body-Worn with 10mm	channel /Freq.	Test Mode	1g	10g	Drift (±5%)	power (dBm)	power (dBm)	SAR 1g (W/Kg)
Front Side	6/2437	802.11 b	0.115	0.061	-1.58	12.88	14.00	0.149
Back Side	6/2437	802.11 b	0.177	0.101	-1.10	12.88	14.00	0.229

NOTE: Body-Worn SAR test results of WLAN 2.4G

Test Position of	Test	Test Mode	SAR '		Power Drift	Conducted	Tune-up	Scaled SAR 1g
Hotspot with 10mm	/Freq.	1 CSt WOOC	1g	10g	(±5%)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(W/Kg)
Front Side	6/2437	802.11 b	0.115	0.061	-1.58	12.88	14.00	0.149
Back Side	6/2437	802.11 b	0.177	0.101	-1.10	12.88	14.00	0.229
Left Side	6/2437	802.11 b	0.040	0.022	3.18	12.88	14.00	0.052
Top Side	6/2437	802.11 b	0.054	0.031	-0.63	12.88	14.00	0.070

NOTE: Hotspot SAR test results of WLAN 2.4G



10.2. SAR Summation Scenario

Per KDB 447498 D01, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,

- 1) Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg.
- 2) SPLSR = $(SAR_1 + SAR_2)^{1.5}$ / (min. separation distance, mm), and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of $[(x_1-x_2)^2 + (y_1-y_2)^2 + (z_1-z_2)^2]$, where (x_1, y_1, z_1) and (x_2, y_2, z_2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan. If SPLSR \leq 0.04, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.

D		Scaled	SAR _{MAX}	Σ 1-g SAR	001.00	
Test P	osition	GSM 850	WLAN 2.4G	(W/Kg)	SPLSR	Remark
	Left Cheek	0.680	0.229	0.909	N/A	N/A
	Left Tilt 15	0.040	0.440	0.407	NI/A	N1/A
Head	Degree	0.348	0.119	0.467	N/A	N/A
Head	Right Cheek	0.641	0.203	0.844	N/A	N/A
	Right Tilt 15	0.000	0.407	0.400	NI/A	N1/A
	Degree	0.299	0.107	0.406	N/A	N/A
Dark Mana	Front Side	0.502	0.149	0.651	N/A	N/A
Body-Worn	Back Side	0.639	0.229	0.868	N/A	N/A
	Front Side	0.502	0.149	0.651	N/A	N/A
	Back Side	0.639	0.229	0.868	N/A	N/A
	Left Side	0.287	0.052	0.339	N/A	N/A
Hotspot	Right Side	0.457	N/A	0.457	N/A	N/A
	Top Side	N/A	0.070	0.070	N/A	N/A
	Bottom Side	0.251	N/A	0.251	N/A	N/A

NOTE: 1-g SAR Simultaneous Tx Combination of GSM850 and WLAN 2.4G.

Tool Doolling		Scaled	SAR _{MAX}	Σ1-g SAR	001.00	Damada
lest P	osition	GSM 1900	WLAN 2.4G	G (W/Kg)	SPLSR	Remark
	Left Cheek	0.223	0.229	0.452	N/A	N/A
	Left Tilt 15	0.400	0.440	0.054	NI/A	N1/0
l	Degree	0.132	0.119	0.251	N/A	N/A
Head	Right Cheek	0.199	0.203	0.402	N/A	N/A
	Right Tilt 15	2 222	0.407	0.000	N1/A	N1/0
	Degree	0.093	0.107	0.200	N/A	N/A
D 1 W	Front Side	0.714	0.149	0.863	N/A	N/A
Body-Worn	Back Side	0.890	0.229	1.119	N/A	N/A
	Front Side	0.714	0.149	0.863	N/A	N/A
	Back Side	0.890	0.229	1.119	N/A	N/A
Hotspot	Left Side	0.409	0.052	0.461	N/A	N/A
	Right Side	0.692	N/A	0.692	N/A	N/A





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Top Side	N/A	0.070	0.070	N/A	N/A
Bottom Side	0.350	N/A	0.350	N/A	N/A

NOTE: 1-g SAR Simultaneous Tx Combination of GSM1900 and WLAN 2.4G.

Test Position		Scaled	SAR _{MAX}	E4 = 04D		
		WCDMA Band 2	WLAN 2.4G	Σ1-g SAR (W/Kg)	SPLSR	Remark
	Left Cheek	0.156	0.229	0.385	N/A	N/A
	Left Tilt 15 Degree	0.086	0.119	0.205	N/A	N/A
Head	Right Cheek	0.139	0.203	0.342	N/A	N/A
Right Tilt 15 Degree	0.064	0.107	0.171	N/A	N/A	
D 1 14/	Front Side	0.503	0.149	0.652	N/A	N/A
Body-Worn	Back Side	0.670	0.229	0.899	N/A	N/A
	Front Side	0.503	0.149	0.652	N/A	N/A
	Back Side	0.670	0.229	0.899	N/A	N/A
Hotspot	Left Side	0.296	0.052	0.348	N/A	N/A
	Right Side	0.534	N/A	0.534	N/A	N/A
	Top Side	N/A	0.070	0.070	N/A	N/A
	Bottom Side	0.237	N/A	0.237	N/A	N/A

NOTE: 1-g SAR Simultaneous Tx Combination of WCDMA Band 2 and WLAN 2.4G.

Test Position		Scaled	SAR _{MAX}	74 ~ CAD		
		WCDMA Band 5	WLAN 2.4G	Σ1-g SAR (W/Kg)	SPLSR	Remark
	Left Cheek	0.486	0.229	0.715	N/A	N/A
	Left Tilt 15 Degree	0.279	0.119	0.398	N/A	N/A
Head	Right Cheek	0.444	0.203	0.647	N/A	N/A
	Right Tilt 15 Degree	0.215	0.107	0.322	N/A	N/A
Deeds Mens	Front Side	0.347	0.149	0.496	N/A	N/A
Body-Worn	Back Side	0.451	0.229	0.680	N/A	N/A
	Front Side	0.347	0.149	0.496	N/A	N/A
	Back Side	0.451	0.229	0.680	N/A	N/A
Hotspot	Left Side	0.220	0.052	0.272	N/A	N/A
	Right Side	0.347	N/A	0.347	N/A	N/A
	Top Side	N/A	0.070	0.070	N/A	N/A
	Bottom Side	0.169	N/A	0.169	N/A	N/A

NOTE: 1-g SAR Simultaneous Tx Combination of WCDMA Band 5 and WLAN 2.4G.





Test Position		Scaled SAR _{MAX}		Σ1-g SAR	SPLSR	Remark
1631 F	OSITION	GSM 850	Bluetooth	(W/Kg)	SFLSIX	Nemark
	Left Cheek	0.680	0.084	0.764	N/A	N/A
	Left Tilt 15	0.348	0.084	0.432	N/A	N/A
Hood	Degree	0.040	0.00-1	0.402	14/71	14// (
Head Right Cheek Right Tilt 15 Degree	Right Cheek	0.641	0.084	0.725	N/A	N/A
	Right Tilt 15	0.299	0.084	0.383	N/A	N/A
	Degree	0.299	0.064	0.363	IN/A	IN/A
Dody More	Front Side	0.502	0.042	0.544	N/A	N/A
Body-Worn	Back Side	0.639	0.042	0.681	N/A	N/A
	Front Side	0.502	0.042	0.544	N/A	N/A
	Back Side	0.639	0.042	0.681	N/A	N/A
Hotspot	Left Side	0.287	0.042	0.329	N/A	N/A
	Right Side	0.457	N/A	0.457	N/A	N/A
	Top Side	N/A	0.042	0.042	N/A	N/A
	Bottom Side	0.251	N/A	0.251	N/A	N/A

NOTE: 1-g SAR Simultaneous Tx Combination of GSM850 and Bluetooth.

		Scaled	SAR _{MAX}	Σ 1-g SAR	001.00	Damada
lest P	osition	GSM 1900	Bluetooth	(W/Kg)	SPLSR	Remark
	Left Cheek	0.223	0.084	0.307	N/A	N/A
	Left Tilt 15 Degree	0.132	0.084	0.216	N/A	N/A
Head	Right Cheek	0.199	0.084	0.283	N/A	N/A
	Right Tilt 15 Degree	0.093	0.084	0.177	N/A	N/A
Dody Mone	Front Side	0.714	0.042	0.756	N/A	N/A
Body-Worn	Back Side	0.890	0.042	0.932	N/A	N/A
	Front Side	0.714	0.042	0.756	N/A	N/A
	Back Side	0.890	0.042	0.932	N/A	N/A
Hatanat		0.409	0.042	0.451	N/A	N/A
Hotspot	Right Side	0.692	N/A	0.692	N/A	N/A
	Top Side	N/A	0.042	0.042	N/A	N/A
	Bottom Side	0.350	N/A	0.350	N/A	N/A

NOTE: 1-g SAR Simultaneous Tx Combination of GSM1900 and Bluetooth.

		Scaled SAR _{MAX}		Σ1 ~ CΔD		
Test P	osition	WCDMA	Diveteeth	∑1-g SAR	SPLSR	Remark
		Band 2	Bluetooth	(W/Kg)		
Head	Left Cheek	0.156	0.084	0.240	N/A	N/A

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	Left Tilt 15 Degree	0.086	0.084	0.170	N/A	N/A	
	Right Cheek	0.139	0.084	0.223	N/A	N/A	
	Right Tilt 15 Degree	0.064	0.084	0.148	N/A	N/A	
D 1 W	Front Side	0.503	0.042	0.545	N/A	N/A	
Body-Worn	Back Side	0.670	0.042	0.712	N/A	N/A	
	Front Side	0.503	0.042	0.545	N/A	N/A	
	Back Side	0.670	0.042	0.712	N/A	N/A	
11.4	Left Side	0.296	0.042	0.338	N/A	N/A	
Hotspot	Right Side	0.534	N/A	0.534	N/A	N/A	
	Top Side	N/A	0.042	0.042	N/A	N/A	
	Bottom Side	0.237	N/A	0.237	N/A	N/A	

NOTE: 1-g SAR Simultaneous Tx Combination of WCDMA Band 2 and Bluetooth.

Test Position		Scaled	SAR _{MAX}	74 ~ CAD		
		WCDMA Band 5	Bluetooth	Σ1-g SAR (W/Kg)	SPLSR	Remark
	Left Cheek	0.486	0.084	0.570	N/A	N/A
Hand	Left Tilt 15 Degree	0.279	0.084	0.363	N/A	N/A
Head	Right Cheek	0.444	0.084	0.528	N/A	N/A
	Right Tilt 15 Degree	0.215	0.084	0.299	N/A	N/A
D a de Mana	Front Side	0.347	0.042	0.389	N/A	N/A
Body-Worn	Back Side	0.451	0.042	0.493	N/A	N/A
	Front Side	0.347	0.042	0.389	N/A	N/A
	Back Side	0.451	0.042	0.493	N/A	N/A
Hotspot	Left Side	0.220	0.042	0.262	N/A	N/A
	Right Side	0.347	N/A	0.347	N/A	N/A
	Top Side	N/A	0.042	0.042	N/A	N/A
	Bottom Side	0.169	N/A	0.169	N/A	N/A

NOTE: 1-g SAR Simultaneous Tx Combination of WCDMA Band 5 and Bluetooth.

11. Appendix A. Photo documentation

Refer to appendix Test Setup photo---SAR



12. Appendix B. System Check Plots

Table of contents	
MEASUREMENT 1 System Performance Check - SID835 - Head	
MEASUREMENT 2 System Performance Check - SID835 - Body	
MEASUREMENT 3 System Performance Check - SID1900 - Head	
MEASUREMENT 4 System Performance Check - SID1900 - Body	
MEASUREMENT 5 System Performance Check - SID2450 - Head	
MEASUREMENT 6 System Performance Check - SID2450 - Body	

Zoom In/Out





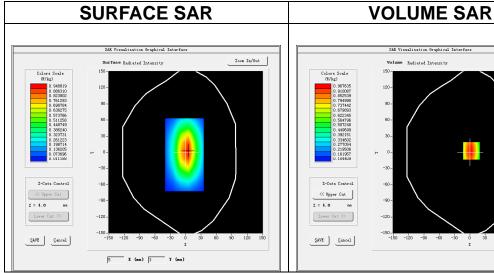
MEASUREMENT 1

A. Experimental conditions.

7 tr = 21 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	<u>-</u>
Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm
<u>ZoomScan</u>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
Device Position	<u>Dipole</u>
Band	CW835
Channels	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. SAR Measurement Results

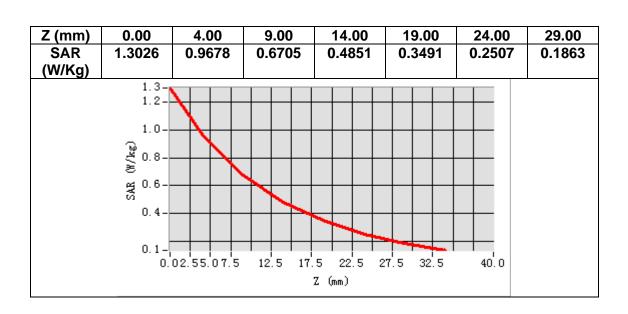
Frequency (MHz)	835.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.843500
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	19.921602
Conductivity (S/m)	0.920502
Variation (%)	1.870000

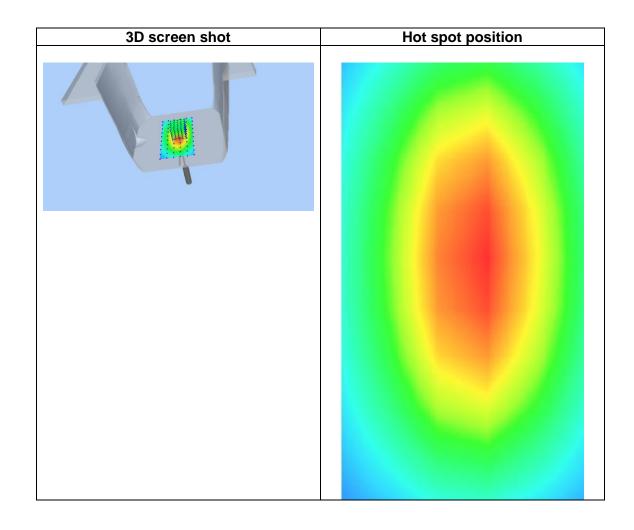


Maximum location: X=3.00, Y=3.00 SAR Peak: 1.30 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.615433
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.015035

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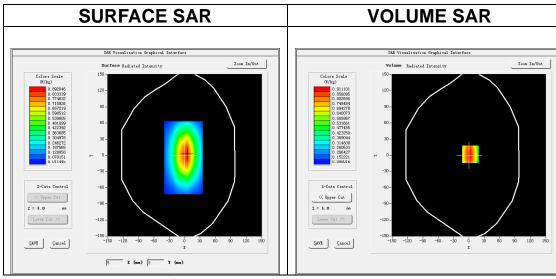
MEASUREMENT 2

A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
<u>Phantom</u>	Validation plane
Device Position	<u>Dipole</u>
Band	<u>CW835</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)

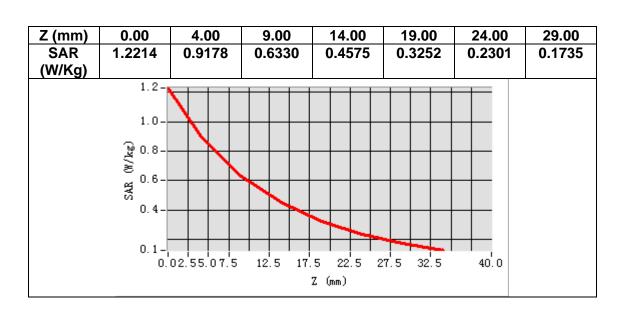
B. SAR Measurement Results

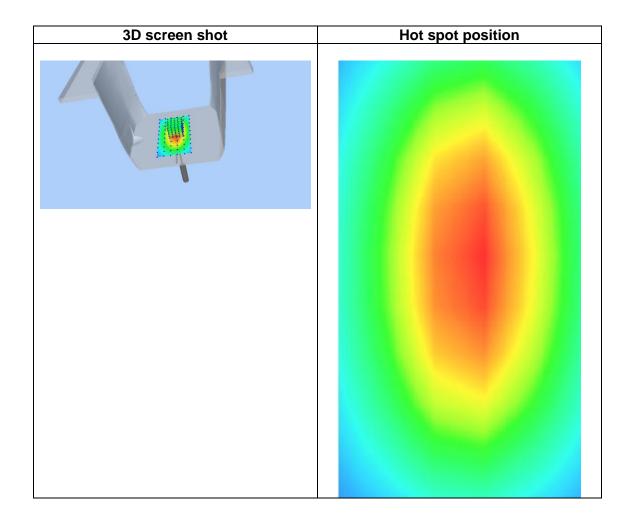
AIX MICAGAI CHICHE IXCOULG	
Frequency (MHz)	835.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	54.551101
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	21.173359
Conductivity (S/m)	0.981236
Variation (%)	-1.210000



Maximum location: X=3.00, Y=2.00 SAR Peak: 1.23 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.662123
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.940356









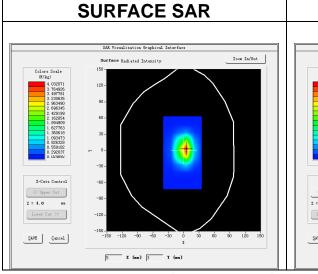
MEASUREMENT 3

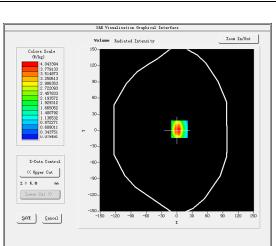
A. Experimental conditions.

7 ti Experimental conditions	<u></u>
<u>Area Scan</u>	dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
<u>Phantom</u>	Validation plane
Device Position	<u>Dipole</u>
Band	<u>CW1900</u>
Channels	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1900.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.701017
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.583006
Conductivity (S/m)	1.430302
Variation (%)	-1.430000



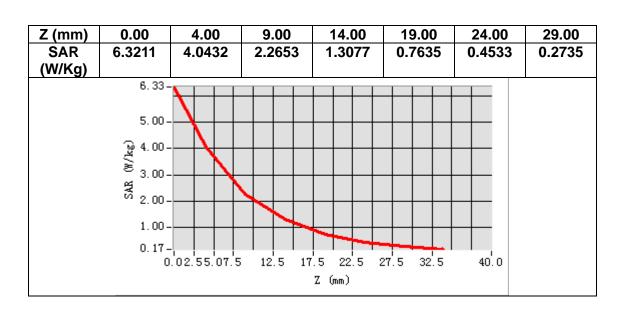


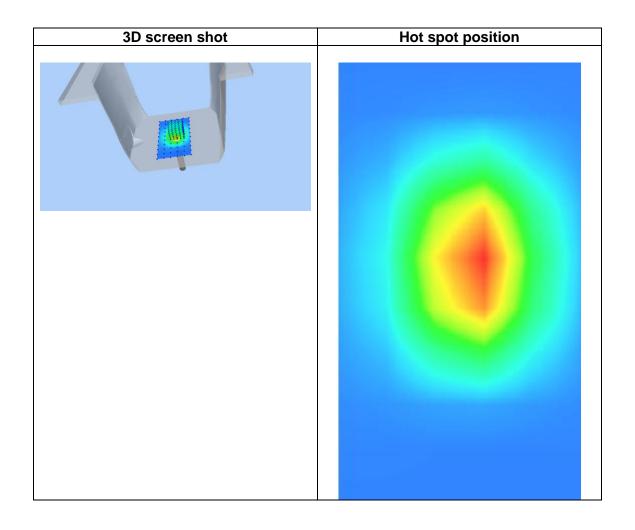
VOLUME SAR

Maximum location: X=5.00, Y=2.00 SAR Peak: 6.70 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.032452
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	3.762361

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Certificate #4298.01









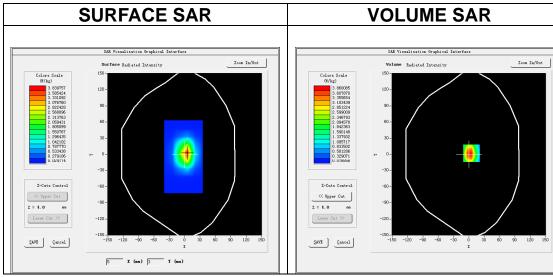
MEASUREMENT 4

A. Experimental conditions.

7 ti Experimental conditions	<u>•</u>
<u>Area Scan</u>	dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
<u>Phantom</u>	Validation plane
Device Position	<u>Dipole</u>
Band	<u>CW1900</u>
Channels	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. SAR Measurement Results

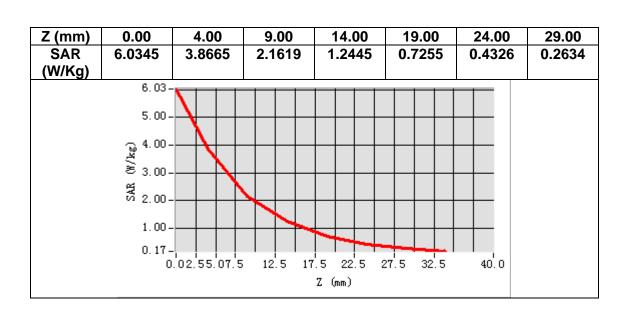
AIT MEasurement itesuits	
Frequency (MHz)	1900.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	54.293335
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	14.473503
Conductivity (S/m)	1.533566
Variation (%)	0.120000

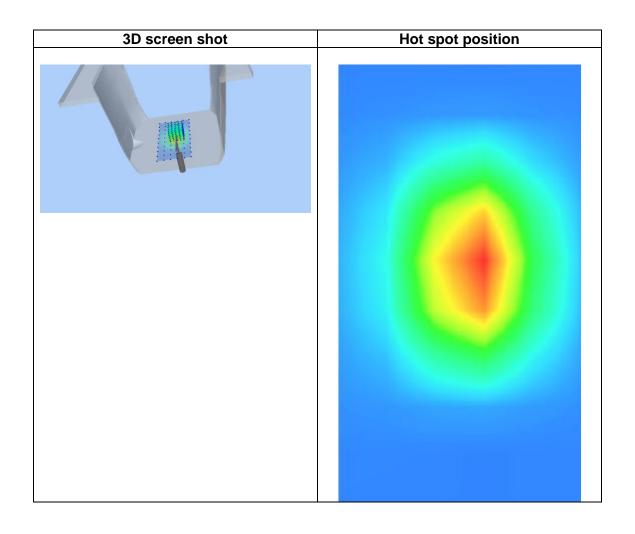


Maximum location: X=5.00, Y=2.00 SAR Peak: 6.39 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.081329
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	3.830402

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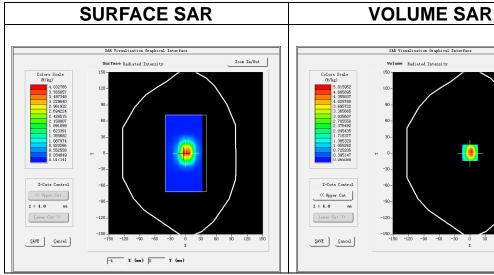
MEASUREMENT 5

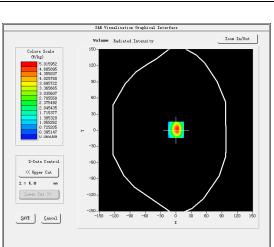
A. Experimental conditions.

7 to =21 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	<u>'-</u>
<u> Area Scan</u>	dx=12mm dy=12mm, h= 5.00 mm
<u>ZoomScan</u>	7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm
<u>Phantom</u>	Validation plane
Device Position	<u>Dipole</u>
Band	CW2450
Channels	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. SAR Measurement Results

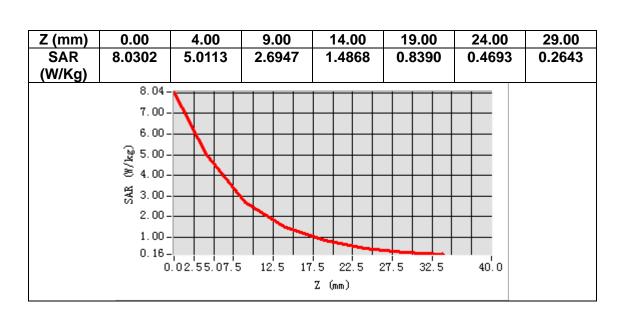
The modern of the fit	
Frequency (MHz)	2450.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.591421
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.532631
Conductivity (S/m)	1.840663
Variation (%)	-3.350000

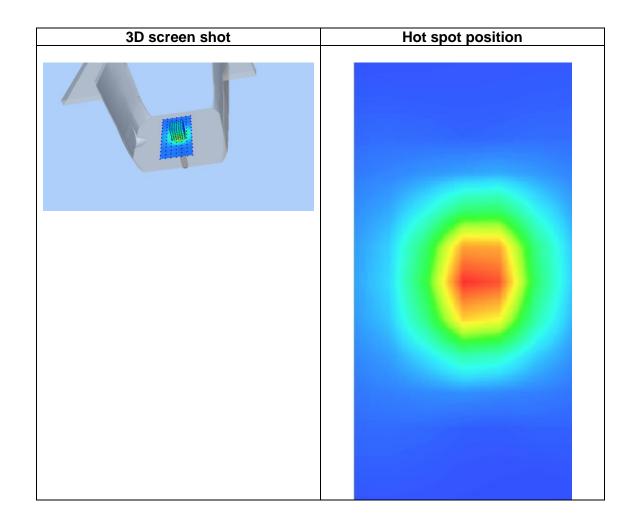




Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=1.00 SAR Peak: 8.14 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.454375
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	5.689435









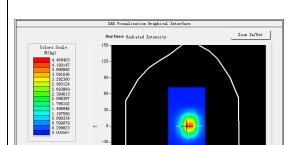
MEASUREMENT 6

A. Experimental conditions.

71: Experimental conditions	<u>/ </u>
<u>Area Scan</u>	dx=12mm dy=12mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
Device Position	<u>Dipole</u>
Band	<u>CW2450</u>
Channels	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. SAR Measurement Results

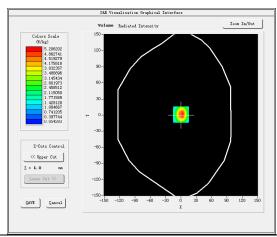
Frequency (MHz)	2450.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	51.571497
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.813566
Conductivity (S/m)	1.882816
Variation (%)	0.420000



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SAVE Cancel

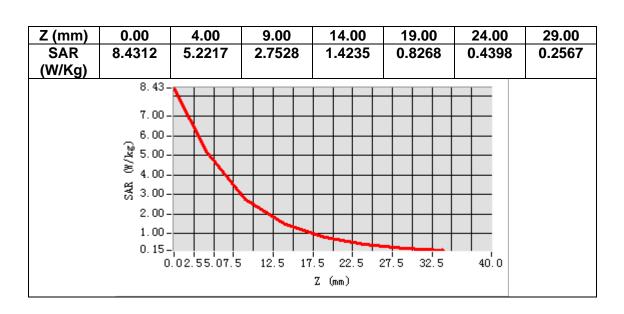
SURFACE SAR

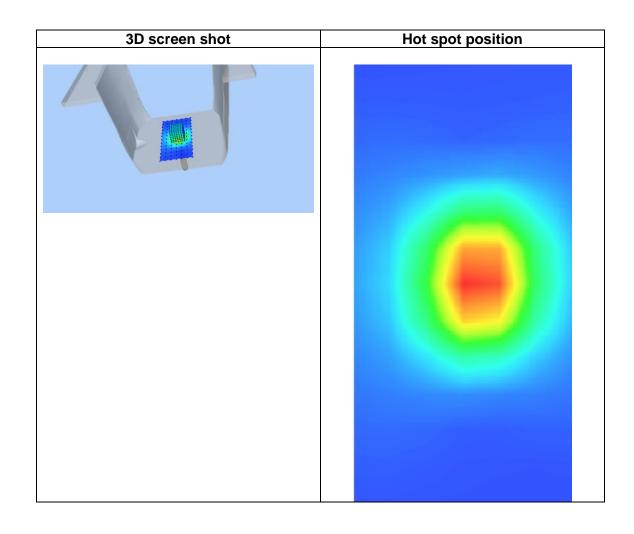


VOLUME SAR

Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=1.00 SAR Peak: 8.46 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.407285
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	5.101270







13. Appendix C. Plots of High SAR Measurement

Table of contents	
MEASUREMENT 1 GSM 850 Head	
MEASUREMENT 2 GSM 850 Body	
MEASUREMENT 3 GSM 1900 Head	
MEASUREMENT 4 GSM 1900 Body	
MEASUREMENT 5 WCDMA Band 2 Head	
MEASUREMENT 6 WCDMA Band 2 Body	
MEASUREMENT 7 WCDMA Band 5 Head	
MEASUREMENT 8 WCDMA Band 5 Body	
MEASUREMENT 9 WLAN 2.4G Head	
MEASUREMENT 10 WLAN 2.4G Body	





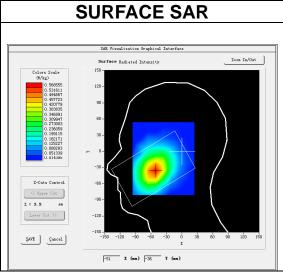
MEASUREMENT 1

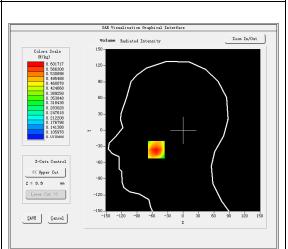
A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm
<u>ZoomScan</u>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Left head</u>
Device Position	<u>Cheek</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>GSM850</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 2.0)

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	836.400000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.750961
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	19.941540
Conductivity (S/m)	0.926617
Variation (%)	-3.490000



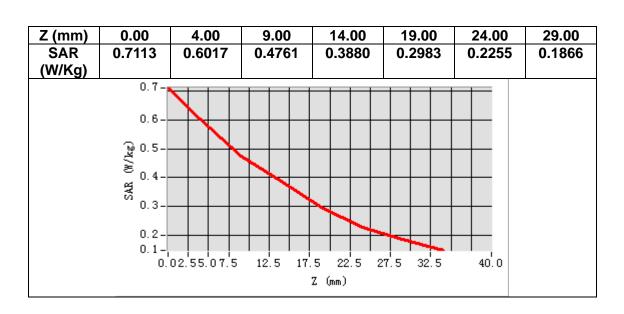


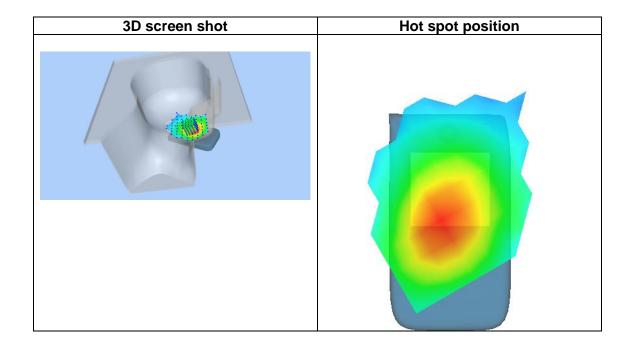
VOLUME SAR

Maximum location: X=-52.00, Y=-36.00

SAR Peak: 0.80 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.421027
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.596055









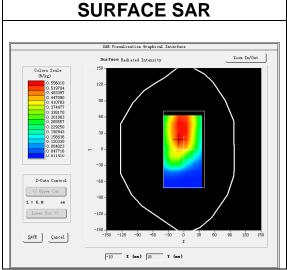
MEASUREMENT 2

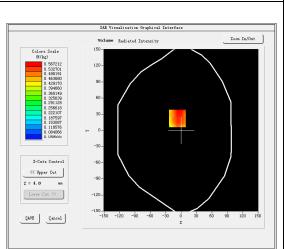
A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	<u>dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
<u>Phantom</u>	Validation plane
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Body</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>GSM850</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 2.0)

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	836.400000
Relative permittivity (real part)	54.559582
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	21.152740
Conductivity (S/m)	0.982897
Variation (%)	-1.460000



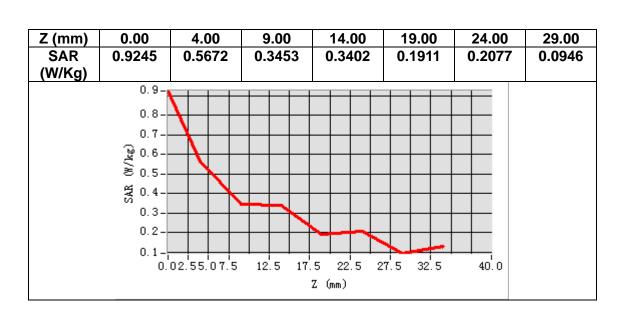


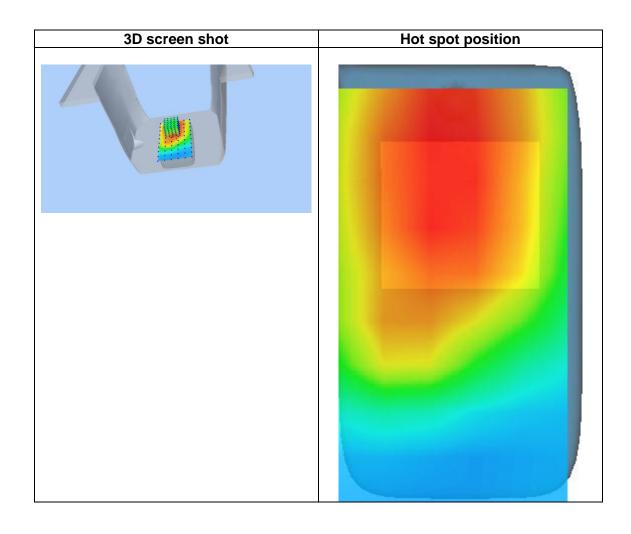
VOLUME SAR

Maximum location: X=-7.00, Y=22.00 SAR Peak: 0.73 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.410134
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.559775

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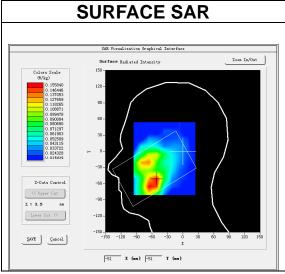
MEASUREMENT 3

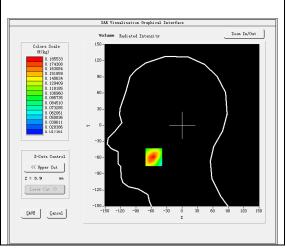
A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm
<u>ZoomScan</u>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Left head</u>
Device Position	<u>Cheek</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>GSM1900</u>
Channels	Middle
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 4.0)

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1880.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.077000
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.230200
Conductivity (S/m)	1.381821
Variation (%)	0.810000





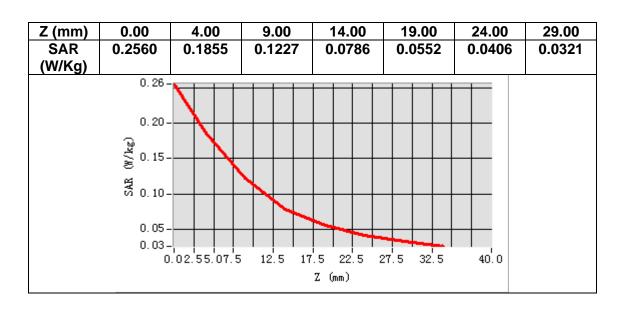
VOLUME SAR

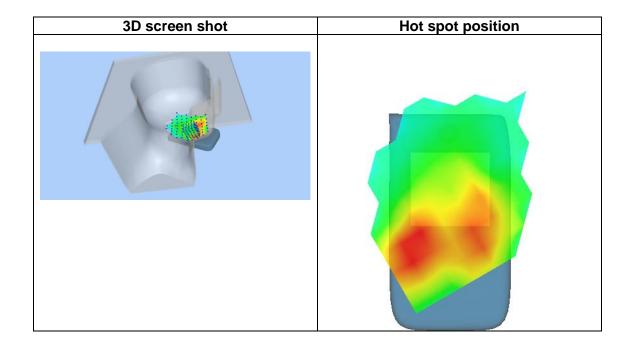
Maximum location: X=-55.00, Y=-59.00

SAR Peak: 0.26 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.107792
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.175224











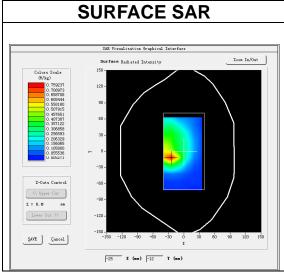
MEASUREMENT 4

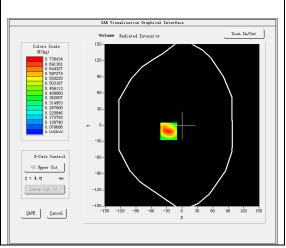
A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm
<u>ZoomScan</u>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
<u>Phantom</u>	Validation plane
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Body</u>
Band	<u>GSM1900</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 4.0)

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1880.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	54.363899
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	14.557700
Conductivity (S/m)	1.520471
Variation (%)	-2.690000



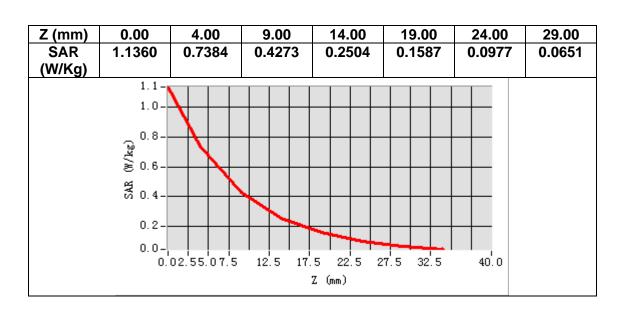


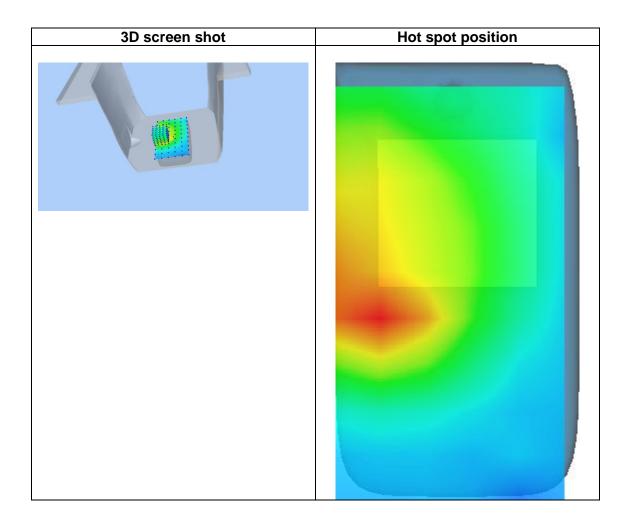
VOLUME SAR

Maximum location: X=-26.00, Y=-11.00

SAR Peak: 1.14 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.386681
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.699381









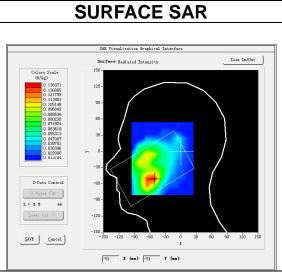
MEASUREMENT 5

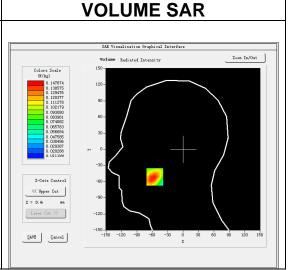
A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm
<u>ZoomScan</u>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Phantom	<u>Left head</u>
Device Position	<u>Cheek</u>
<u>Band</u>	Band2_WCDMA1900
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1880.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.077000
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.230200
Conductivity (S/m)	1.381821
Variation (%)	1.290000

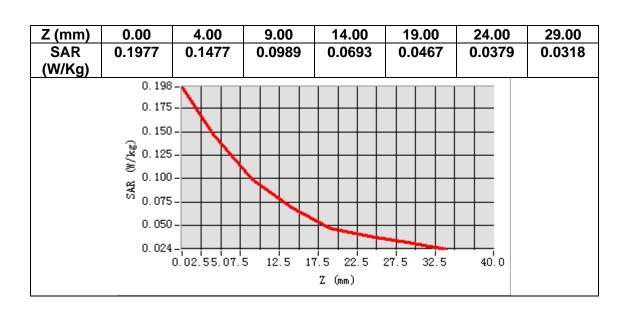




Maximum location: X=-55.00, Y=-51.00

SAR Peak: 0.21 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.089621
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.141995









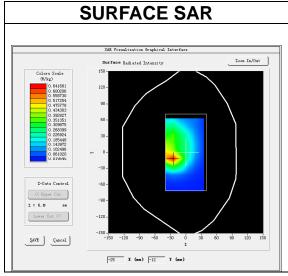
MEASUREMENT 6

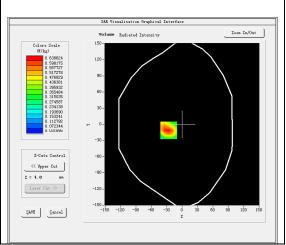
A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm
<u>ZoomScan</u>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Body</u>
<u>Band</u>	Band2_WCDMA1900
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1880.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	54.363899
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	14.557700
Conductivity (S/m)	1.520471
Variation (%)	-0.290000





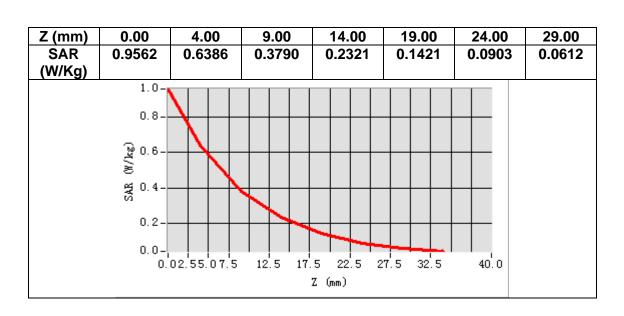
VOLUME SAR

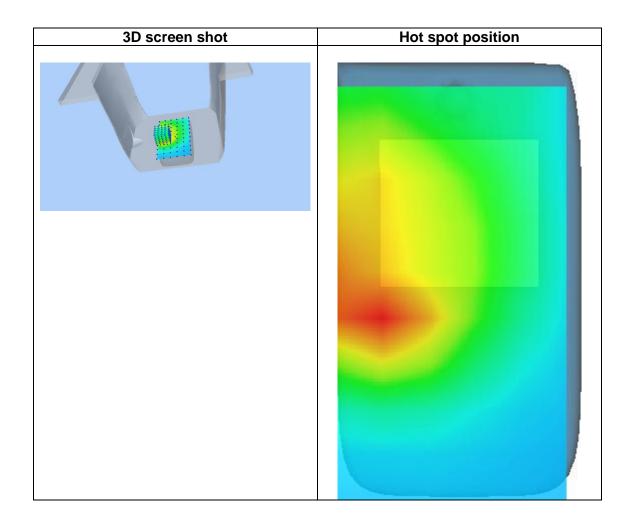
Maximum location: X=-26.00, Y=-11.00

SAR Peak: 0.99 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.342710
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.610999

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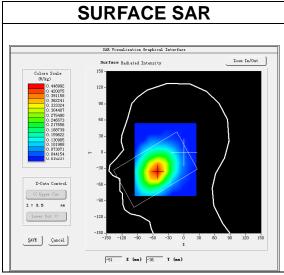
MEASUREMENT 7

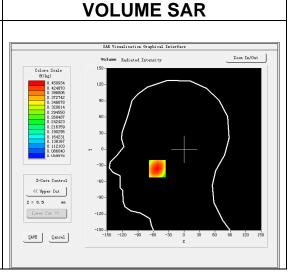
A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm
<u>ZoomScan</u>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Left head</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Cheek</u>
<u>Band</u>	Band5_WCDMA850
<u>Channels</u>	Middle
Signal	WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. SAR Measurement Results

All Moded of for the same	
Frequency (MHz)	836.400000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.750961
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	19.941540
Conductivity (S/m)	0.926617
Variation (%)	0.300000

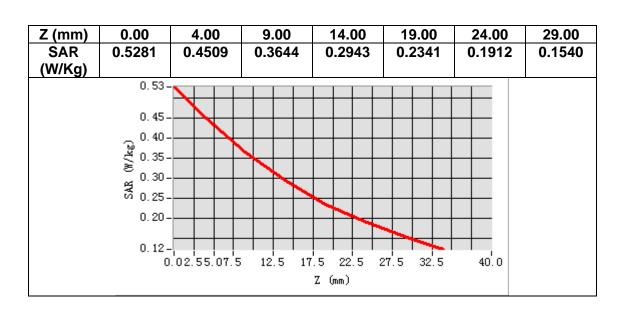


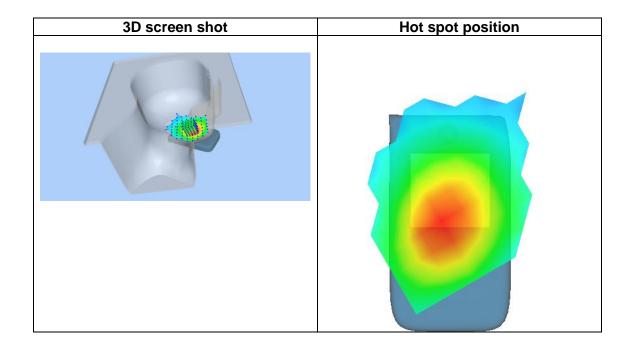


Maximum location: X=-52.00, Y=-36.00

SAR Peak: 0.53 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.335316
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.445309









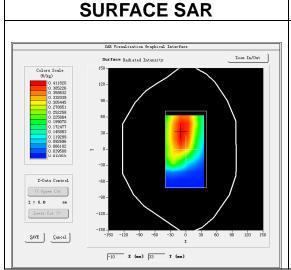
MEASUREMENT 8

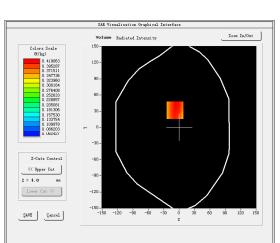
A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm
<u>ZoomScan</u>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
<u>Phantom</u>	Validation plane
Device Position	<u>Body</u>
<u>Band</u>	Band5_WCDMA850
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. SAR Measurement Results

836.400000
54.559582
21.152740
0.982897
-1.330000

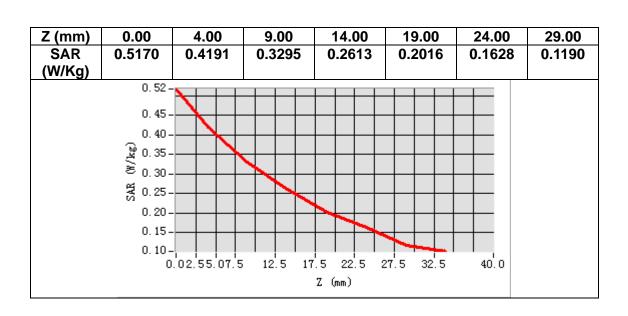


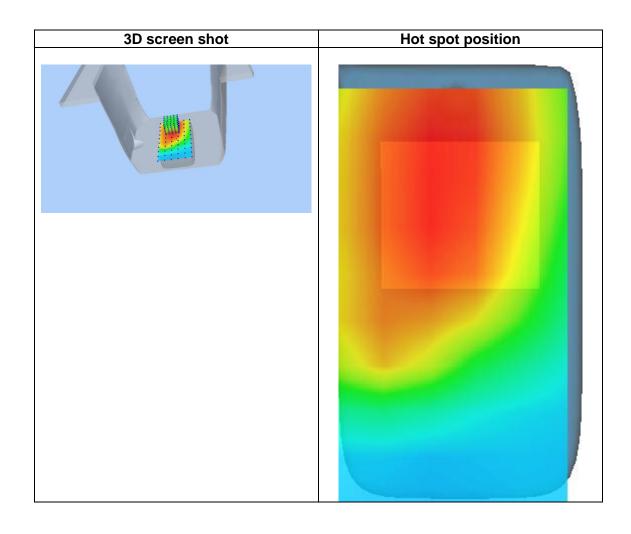


VOLUME SAR

Maximum location: X=-8.00, Y=32.00 SAR Peak: 0.51 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg) 0.312336 SAR 1g (W/Kg) 0.412895









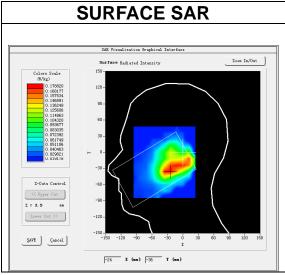
MEASUREMENT 9

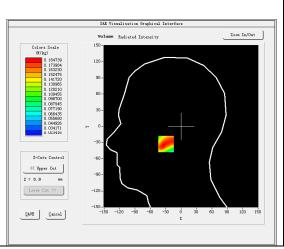
A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	dx=12mm dy=12mm, h= 5.00 mm
<u>ZoomScan</u>	7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Left head</u>
Device Position	<u>Cheek</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>IEEE 802.11b ISM</u>
Channels	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	IEEE802.11b (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	2437.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.638000
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.450300
Conductivity (S/m)	1.821021
Variation (%)	1.220000





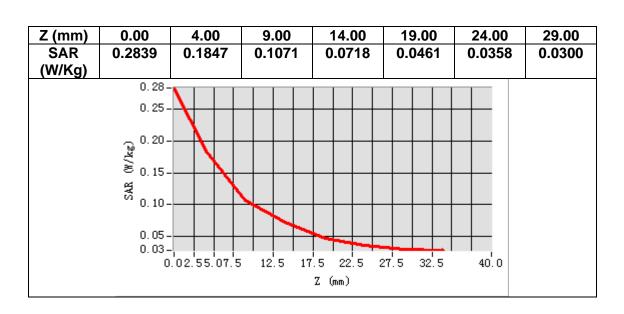
VOLUME SAR

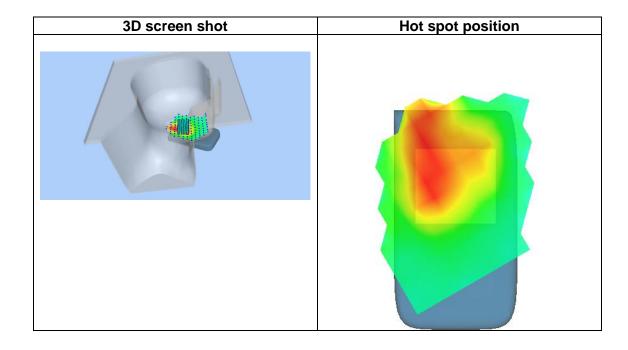
Maximum location: X=-24.00, Y=-33.00

SAR Peak: 0.29 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.104444
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.176915

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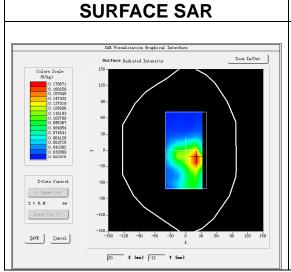
MEASUREMENT 10

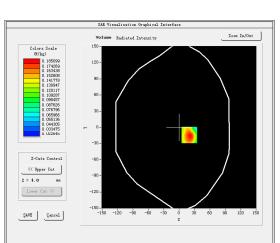
A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	dx=12mm dy=12mm, h= 5.00 mm		
<u>ZoomScan</u>	7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm		
<u>Phantom</u>	Validation plane		
Device Position	Body		
<u>Band</u>	IEEE 802.11b ISM		
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>		
<u>Signal</u>	IEEE802.11b (Crest factor: 1.0)		

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	2437.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	51.703701
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.884400
Conductivity (S/m)	1.879793
Variation (%)	-1.100000





VOLUME SAR

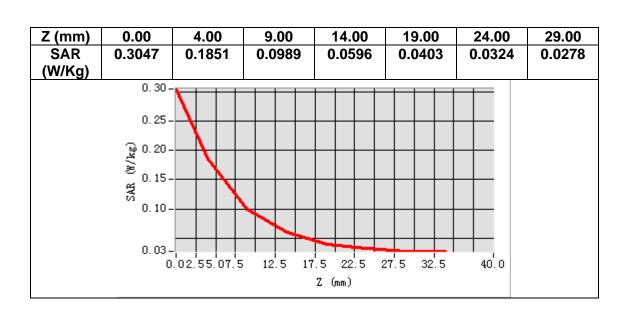
Maximum location: X=20.00, Y=-14.00

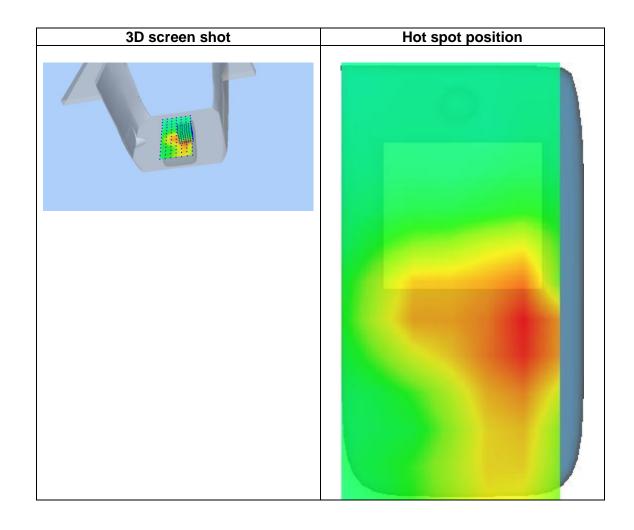
SAR Peak: 0.30 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.100828
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.176731

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Report No.: S20082703002001







14. Appendix D. Calibration Certificate

Table of contents
E Field Probe - SN 08/16 EPGO287
835 MHz Dipole - SN 03/15 DIP 0G835-347
1900 MHz Dipole - SN 03/15 DIP 1G900-350
2450 MHz Dipole - SN 03/15 DIP 2G450-352





COMOSAR E-Field Probe Calibration Report

Ref: ACR.260.1.18.SATU.A

SHENZHEN NTEK TESTING TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

BUILDING E, FENDA SCIENCE PARK, SANWEI COMMUNITY, XIXIANG STREET, BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN GUANGDONG, CHINA MVG COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E-FIELD PROBE

SERIAL NO.: SN 08/16 EPGO287

Calibrated at MVG US 2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144





Calibration Date: 12/27/2019

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited COMOSAR Dosimetric E-Field Probe calibration performed in MVG USA using the CALISAR / CALIBAIR test bench, for use with a COMOSAR system only. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions





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Report No.: S20082703002001



COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.260.1.18.SATU.A

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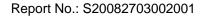
Customer Name

SHENZHEN NTEK
TESTING
TECHNOLOGY
CO., LTD.

Issue	Date	Modifications
A	12/27/2019	Initial release







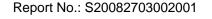


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1 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test			
Device Type	COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E FIELD PROBE		
Manufacturer	MVG		
Model	SSE2		
Serial Number	SN 08/16 EPGO287		
Product Condition (new / used)	Used		
Frequency Range of Probe	0.15 GHz-6GHz		
Resistance of Three Dipoles at Connector	Dipole 1: R1=0.209 MΩ		
	Dipole 2: R2=0.196 MΩ		
	Dipole 3: R3=0.197 MΩ		

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

2 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

2.1 <u>GENERAL INFORMATION</u>

MVG's COMOSAR E field Probes are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards.



Figure 1 – MVG COMOSAR Dosimetric E field Dipole

Probe Length	330 mm
Length of Individual Dipoles	2 mm
Maximum external diameter	8 mm
Probe Tip External Diameter	2.5 mm
Distance between dipoles / probe extremity	1 mm

3 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide recommended practices for the probe calibrations, including the performance characteristics of interest and methods by which to assess their affect. All calibrations / measurements performed meet the fore mentioned standards.

3.1 LINEARITY

The evaluation of the linearity was done in free space using the waveguide, performing a power sweep to cover the SAR range 0.01W/kg to 100W/kg.

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3.2 SENSITIVITY

The sensitivity factors of the three dipoles were determined using a two step calibration method (air and tissue simulating liquid) using waveguides as outlined in the standards.

3.3 LOWER DETECTION LIMIT

The lower detection limit was assessed using the same measurement set up as used for the linearity measurement. The required lower detection limit is 10 mW/kg.

3.4 ISOTROPY

The axial isotropy was evaluated by exposing the probe to a reference wave from a standard dipole with the dipole mounted under the flat phantom in the test configuration suggested for system validations and checks. The probe was rotated along its main axis from 0 - 360 degrees in 15 degree steps. The hemispherical isotropy is determined by inserting the probe in a thin plastic box filled with tissue-equivalent liquid, with the plastic box illuminated with the fields from a half wave dipole. The dipole is rotated about its axis $(0^{\circ}-180^{\circ})$ in 15° increments. At each step the probe is rotated about its axis $(0^{\circ}-360^{\circ})$.

3.5 BOUNDARY EFFECT

The boundary effect is defined as the deviation between the SAR measured data and the expected exponential decay in the liquid when the probe is oriented normal to the interface. To evaluate this effect, the liquid filled flat phantom is exposed to fields from either a reference dipole or waveguide. With the probe normal to the phantom surface, the peak spatial average SAR is measured and compared to the analytical value at the surface.

4 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty associated with an E-field probe calibration using the waveguide technique. All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

Uncertainty analysis of the probe calibration in waveguide					
ERROR SOURCES	Uncertainty value (%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	ci	Standard Uncertainty (%)
Incident or forward power	3.00%	Rectangular	√3	1	1.732%
Reflected power	3.00%	Rectangular	√3	1	1.732%
Liquid conductivity	5.00%	Rectangular	√3	1	2.887%
Liquid permittivity	4.00%	Rectangular	√3	1	2.309%
Field homogeneity	3.00%	Rectangular	√3	1	1.732%
Field probe positioning	5.00%	Rectangular	√3	1	2.887%
Field probe linearity	3.00%	Rectangular	√3	1	1.732%
Combined standard uncertainty					5.831%
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence level k = 2					12.0%

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5 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Calibration Parameters		
Liquid Temperature	21 °C	
Lab Temperature	21 °C	
Lab Humidity	45 %	

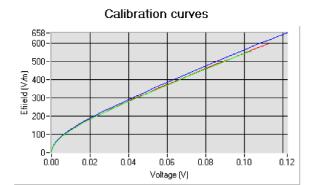
5.1 <u>SENSITIVITY IN AIR</u>

		Normz dipole 3 ($\mu V/(V/m)^2$)
0.66	0.75	0.58

DCP dipole 1	DCP dipole 2	DCP dipole 3
(mV)	(mV)	(mV)
93	93	98

Calibration curves ei=f(V) (i=1,2,3) allow to obtain H-field value using the formula:

$$E = \sqrt{{E_1}^2 + {E_2}^2 + {E_3}^2}$$

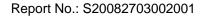


Dipole 1 Dipole 2 Dipole 3

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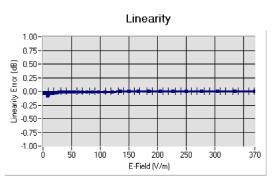






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5.2 LINEARITY



Linearity: I+/-1.89% (+/-0.08dB)

5.3 SENSITIVITY IN LIQUID

Liquid	Frequency	Permittivity	Epsilon (S/m)	ConvF
	(MHz +/-			
	100MHz)			
HL750	750	40.03	0.93	1.45
BL750	750	56.83	1.00	1.49
HL850	835	42.19	0.90	1.50
BL850	835	54.67	1.01	1.56
HL900	900	42.08	1.01	1.51
HL1800	1800	41.68	1.46	1.71
BL1800	1800	53.86	1.46	1.77
HL1900	1900	38.45	1.45	2.03
BL1900	1900	53.32	1.56	2.07
HL2000	2000	38.26	1.38	1.76
HL2450	2450	37.50	1.80	2.00
BL2450	2450	53.22	1.89	2.08
HL2600	2600	39.80	1.99	2.12
BL2600	2600	52.52	2.23	2.19
HL5200	5200	35.64	4.67	2.55
BL5200	5200	48.64	5.51	2.62
HL5400	5400	36.44	4.87	2.53
BL5400	5400	46.52	5.77	2.59
HL5600	5600	36.66	5.17	2.64
BL5600	5600	46.79	5.77	2.73
HL5800	5800	35.31	5.31	2.72
BL5800	5800	47.04	6.10	2.81

LOWER DETECTION LIMIT: 7mW/kg





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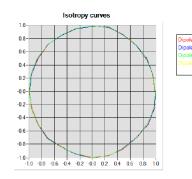


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5.4 <u>ISOTROPY</u>

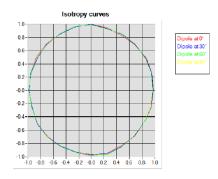
HL900 MHz

- Axial isotropy: 0.04 dB- Hemispherical isotropy: 0.07 dB



HL1800 MHz

- Axial isotropy: 0.06 dB - Hemispherical isotropy: 0.08 dB





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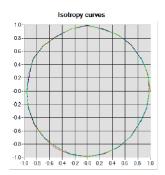


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HL5600 MHz

- Axial isotropy: 0.06 dB - Hemispherical isotropy: 0.08 dB

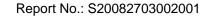














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6 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet							
Equipment Description	Manufacturer / Model	Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date			
Flat Phantom	MVG	SN-20/09-SAM71	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.			
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.			
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVA	SN100132	02/2019	02/2022			
Reference Probe	MVG	EP 94 SN 37/08	10/2019	10/2020			
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1188656	01/2017	01/2020			
Signal Generator	Agilent E4438C	MY49070581	01/2017	01/2020			
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.			
Power Meter	HP E4418A	US38261498	01/2017	01/2020			
Power Sensor	HP ECP-E26A	US37181460	01/2017	01/2020			
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.			
Waveguide	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-712	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.			
Waveguide Transition	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-701	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.			
Waveguide Termination	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-701	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.			
Temperature / Humidity Sensor	Control Company	150798832	11/2017	11/2020			