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CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE SAR EVALUATION

Juniper Systems 1132 West 1700 North Logan, UT 84321 Dates of Test: June 26-29, 2018, July 17, Oct. 10, 2018, June 4, 2020 Test Report Number: SAR.20180708

Revision C

FCC ID: VSF27582, VSF-AG3, VSF24243

Model(s): AG3

Test Sample: Engineering Unit Same as Production

Serial Number: AG3102, 272323

Equipment Type: Wireless Rugged Handheld
Classification: Portable Transmitter Next to Body

TX Frequency Range: 699 – 716 MHz, 824 – 849 MHz; 1710 – 1755 MHz, 1850 – 1910 MHz,

2412 - 2462 MHz, 2402 - 2480 MHz, 952.00625 - 952.84375 MHz, 956.25625 - 956.44375 MHz

Frequency Tolerance: ± 2.5 ppm

Maximum RF Output: 750 MHz (LTE) – 24.0 dBm, 850 MHz (WCDMA) – 24.0 dBm, 850 MHz (LTE) – 24.0 dBm,

1750 MHz (WCDMA) - 24.0 dBm, 1750 MHz (LTE) - 24.0 dBm, 1900 MHz (WCDMA) - 24.0 dBm,

1900 MHz (LTE) - 19.0 dBm, 2450 MHz (b) - 20.5 dBm, 2450 MHz (g) - 19.00 dBm, 2450 MHz (n20) - 19.0 dBm, 2450 MHz (n40) - 19.0 dBm, 900 MHz - 24.4 dBm Conducted

Signal Modulation: WCDMA, QPSK, 16QAM, DSSS, OFDM, FM

Antenna Type: Internal Application Type: Certification

FCC Rule Parts: Part 2, 15C, 22, 24, 27

KDB Test Methodology: KDB 447498 D01 v06, KDB 248227 v02r02, KDB 941225 D01 v03r01, D02 v02r01 & D05 v02r05

Max. Stand Alone SAR Value: 1.38 W/kg Reported Max. Simultaneous SAR Value: 0.01 Separation Ratio

Separation Distance: 0 mm

This wireless mobile and/or portable device has been shown to be compliant for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for uncontrolled environment/general exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992 and had been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and IEC 62209-2:2010 (See test report).

I attest to the accuracy of the data. All measurements were performed by myself or were made under my supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them.

RF Exposure Lab, LLC certifies that no party to this application is subject to a denial of Federal benefits that includes FCC benefits pursuant to Section 5301 of the Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1988, 21 U.S.C. 853(a).

Jay M. Moulton Vice President ACCREDITED
Testing Cert. # 2387.01



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Comment/Revision	Date
Original Release	June 5, 2020

Note: The latest version supersedes all previous versions listed in the above table. The latest version shall be used.



1. Introduction

This measurement report shows compliance of the Juniper Systems Model AG3 FCC ID: VSF27582, VSF-AG3, VSF24243 with FCC Part 2, 1093, ET Docket 93-62 Rules for mobile and portable devices. The FCC has adopted the guidelines for evaluating the environmental effects of radio frequency radiation in ET Docket 93-62 on August 6, 1996 to protect the public and workers from the potential hazards of RF emissions due to FCC regulated portable devices. [1], [6]

The test results recorded herein are based on a single type test of Juniper Systems Model AG3 and therefore apply only to the tested sample.

The test procedures, as described in ANSI C95.1 – 1999 Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz [2], ANSI C95.3 – 2002 Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields [3], IEEE Std.1528 – 2013 Recommended Practice [4], and Industry Canada Safety Code 6 Limits of Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields in the Frequency Range from 3kHz to 300 GHz were employed.

The following table indicates all the wireless technologies operating in the AG3 Wireless Rugged Handheld. The table also shows the tolerance for the power level for each mode.

Band	Technology	Class	3GPP Nominal Power dBm	Calibrated Nominal Power dBm	Tolerance dBm	Lower Tolerance dBm	Upper Tolerance dBm
Band 12 – 750 MHz	LTE	3	23.0	23.0	±1.0	22.0	24.0
Band 5 – 850 MHz	WCDMA/HSPA	3	23.0	23.0	±1.0	22.0	24.0
Band 5 – 835 MHz	LTE	3	23.0	23.0	±1.0	22.0	24.0
Band 4 – 1750 MHz	WCDMA/HSPA	3	23.0	23.0	±1.0	22.0	24.0
Band 4 – 1750 MHz	LTE	3	23.0	23.0	±1.0	22.0	24.0
Band 2 – 1900 MHz	WCDMA/HSPA	3	23.0	23.0	±1.0	22.0	24.0
Band 2 – 1900 MHz	LTE	3	23.0	23.0	±1.0	22.0	24.0
WLAN – 2.4 GHz	802.11b	N/A	18.0	18.0	±2.5	15.5	20.5
WLAN – 2.4 GHz	802.11g	N/A	16.5	16.5	±2.5	14.0	19.0
WLAN – 2.4 GHz	802.11n	N/A	16.5	16.5	±2.5	14.0	19.0
Bluetooth	802.15.1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	6.7
900 MHz RIU	FM	N/A	23.4	23.4	+1.0/-6.0	17.4	24.4



SAR Definition [5]

Specific Absorption Rate is defined as the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density (ρ).

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dV} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of watts per kilogram (W/kg). SAR can be related to the electric field at a point by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma \mid E \mid^2}{\rho}$$

where:

 σ = conductivity of the tissue (S/m)

 ρ = mass density of the tissue (kg/m³)

E = rms electric field strength (V/m)



2. SAR Measurement Setup

Robotic System

These measurements are performed using the DASY52 automated dosimetric assessment system. The DASY52 is made by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Zurich, Switzerland and consists of high precision robotics system (Staubli), robot controller, Intel Core2 computer, near-field probe, probe alignment sensor, and the generic twin phantom containing the brain equivalent material. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot performing precise movements to position the probe to the location (points) of maximum electromagnetic field (EMF) (see Fig. 2.1).

System Hardware

A cell controller system contains the power supply, robot controller teach pendant (Joystick), and a remote control used to drive the robot motors. The PC consists of the HP Intel Core2 computer with Windows XP system and SAR Measurement Software DASY52, A/D interface card, monitor, mouse, and keyboard. The Staubli Robot is connected to the cell controller to allow software manipulation of the robot. A data acquisition electronic (DAE) circuit that performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC). The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC plug-in card.

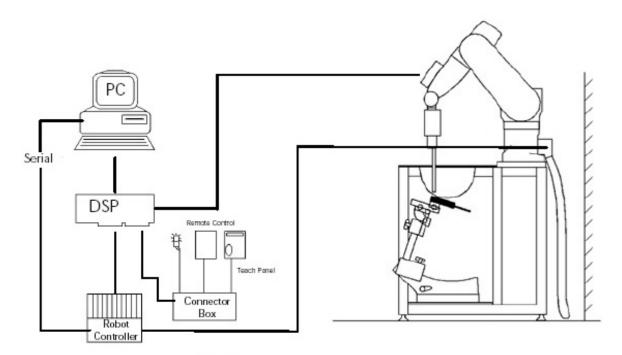


Figure 2.1 SAR Measurement System Setup



System Electronics

The DAE4 consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the PC-card is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information and an optical uplink for commands and clock lines. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sidewise probe contacts. They are also used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The robot uses its own controller with a built in VME-bus computer. The system is described in detail in.

Probe Measurement System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EX3DV4, designed in the classical triangular configuration (see Fig. 2.2) and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe is constructed using the thick film technique; with printed resistive lines on ceramic substrates. The probe is equipped with an optical multi fiber line ending at the front of the probe tip. (see Fig. 2.3) It is connected to the EOC box on the robot arm and provides an automatic detection of the phantom surface. Half of the fibers are connected to a pulsed infrared transmitter, the other half to a synchronized receiver. As the probe approaches the surface, the reflection from the surface produces a coupling from the transmitting to the receiving fibers. This reflection increases first during the approach, reaches maximum and then decreases. If the probe is flatly touching the surface, the coupling is zero. The distance of the coupling maximum to the surface is independent of the surface reflectivity and largely independent of the surface to probe angle. The DASY52 software reads the reflection during a software approach and looks for the maximum using a 2nd order fitting. The approach is stopped at reaching the maximum.



DAE System



Probe Specifications

Calibration: In air from 10 MHz to 6.0 GHz

In brain and muscle simulating tissue at Frequencies of 450 MHz, 835 MHz, 1750 MHz, 1900 MHz, 2450 MHz, 2600 MHz, 3500 MHz, 5200 MHz, 5300 MHz,

5600 MHz, 5800 MHz

Frequency: 10 MHz to 6 GHz

Linearity: ±0.2dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)

Dynamic: 10 mW/kg to 100 W/kg

Range: Linearity: ±0.2dB

Dimensions: Overall length: 330 mm

Tip length: 20 mm

Body diameter: 12 mm

Tip diameter: 2.5 mm

Distance from probe tip to sensor center: 1 mm

Application: SAR Dosimetry Testing

Compliance tests of wireless device

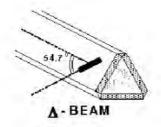


Figure 2.2 Triangular Probe Configurations



Figure 2.3 Probe Thick-Film Technique



Probe Calibration Process

Dosimetric Assessment Procedure

Each probe is calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure described in with accuracy better than +/- 10%. The spherical isotropy was evaluated with the procedure described in and found to be better than +/-0.25dB. The sensitivity parameters (Norm X, Norm Y, Norm Z), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (Conv F) of the probe is tested.

Free Space Assessment

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This is performed in a TEM cell for frequencies below 1 GHz, and in a waveguide above 1GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees until the three channels show the maximum reading. The power density readings equates to 1 mW/cm².

Temperature Assessment *

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The measured free space E-field in the medium, correlates to temperature rise in a dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe

$$SAR = C \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

$$SAR = \frac{\left| E \right|^2 \cdot \sigma}{\rho}$$

where: where:

 Δt = exposure time (30 seconds),

 σ = simulated tissue conductivity,

C = heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),

= Tissue density (1.25 g/cm³ for brain tissue)

 ΔT = temperature increase due to RF exposure.

SAR is proportional to $\Delta T \, / \, \Delta t$, the initial rate of tissue

heating, before thermal diffusion takes place.

Now it's possible to quantify the electric field in the simulated tissue by equating the thermally derived SAR to the E- field;

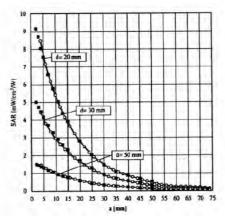


Figure 2.4 E-Field and Temperature Measurements at 900MHz

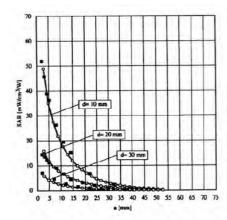


Figure 2.5 E-Field and Temperature Measurements at 1800MHz



Data Extrapolation

The DASY52 software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given like below;

with
$$V_i = \text{compensated signal of channel i}$$
 $(i=x,y,z)$

$$U_i = \text{input signal of channel i} \qquad (i=x,y,z)$$

$$U_i = \text{input signal of channel i} \qquad (i=x,y,z)$$

$$cf = \text{crest factor of exciting field} \qquad (DASY parameter)$$

$$dcp_i = \text{diode compression point} \qquad (DASY parameter)$$

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field probes: with
$$V_i$$
 = compensated signal of channel i (i = x,y,z) Norm_i = sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x,y,z) $\mu V/(V/m)^2$ for E-field probes ConvF = sensitivity of enhancement in solution E_i = electric field strength of channel i in V/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermetian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1000}$$
 with SAR = local specific absorption rate in W/g = total field strength in V/m = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m] ρ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm³

The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field to be a free space field.

$$P_{prior} = \frac{E_{hol}^2}{3770}$$
 with $P_{pwe} = \text{equivalent power density of a plane wave in W/cm}^2$ = total electric field strength in V/m



Scanning procedure

- The DASY installation includes predefined files with recommended procedures for measurements and system check. They are read-only document files and destined as fully defined but unmeasured masks. All test positions (head or body-worn) are tested with the same configuration of test steps differing only in the grid definition for the different test positions.
- The "reference" and "drift" measurements are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the DUT's output power and should vary max. +/- 5 %.
- The highest integrated SAR value is the main concern in compliance test applications. These values can mostly be found at the inner surface of the phantom and cannot be measured directly due to the sensor offset in the probe. To extrapolate the surface values, the measurement distances to the surface must be known accurately. A distance error of 0.5mm could produce SAR errors of 6% at 1800 MHz. Using predefined locations for measurements is not accurate enough. Any shift of the phantom (e.g., slight deformations after filling it with liquid) would produce high uncertainties. For an automatic and accurate detection of the phantom surface, the DASY5 system uses the mechanical surface detection. The detection is always at touch, but the probe will move backward from the surface the indicated distance before starting the measurement.
- The "area scan" measures the SAR above the DUT or verification dipole on a parallel plane to the surface. It is used to locate the approximate location of the peak SAR with 2D spline interpolation. The robot performs a stepped movement along one grid axis while the local electrical field strength is measured by the probe. The probe is touching the surface of the SAM during acquisition of measurement values. The scan uses different grid spacings for different frequency measurements. Standard grid spacing for head measurements in frequency range≰ 2GHz is 15 mm in x and y-dimension. For higher frequencies a finer resolution is needed, thus for the grid spacing is reduced according the following table:

Area scan grid spacing for different frequency ranges					
Frequency range	Grid spacing				
≤ 2 GHz	≤ 15 mm				
2 – 4 GHz	≤ 12 mm				
4 – 6 GHz	≤ 10 mm				

Grid spacing and orientation have no influence on the SAR result. For special applications where the standard scan method does not find the peak SAR within the grid, e.g. mobile phones with flip cover, the grid can be adapted in orientation. Results of this coarse scan are shown in annex B.

A "zoom scan" measures the field in a volume around the 2D peak SAR value acquired in the previous "coarse" scan. It uses a fine meshed grid where the robot moves the probe in steps along all the 3 axis (x,y and z-axis) starting at the bottom of the Phantom. The grid spacing for the cube measurement is varied according to the measured frequency range, the dimensions are given in the following table:

Zoom scan grid spacing and volume for different frequency ranges						
Frequency range	Grid spacing	Grid spacing	Minimum zoom			
r requericy rarige	for x, y axis	for z axis	scan volume			
≤ 2 GHz	≤ 8 mm	≤ 5 mm	≥ 30 mm			
2 – 3 GHz	≤ 5 mm	≤ 5 mm	≥ 28 mm			
3 – 4 GHz	≤ 5 mm	≤ 4 mm	≥ 28 mm			
4 – 5 GHz	≤ 4 mm	≤ 3 mm	≥ 25 mm			
5 – 6 GHz	≤ 4 mm	≤ 2 mm	≥ 22 mm			

DASY is also able to perform repeated zoom scans if more than 1 peak is found during area scan. In this document, the evaluated peak 1g and 10g averaged SAR values are shown in the 2D-graphics in annex B. Test results relevant for the specified standard (see section 3) are shown in table form in section 7.



Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The spatial peak SAR - value for 1 and 10 g is evaluated after the Cube measurements have been done. The basis of the evaluation are the SAR values measured at the points of the fine cube grid consisting of all points in the three directions x, y and z. The algorithm that finds the maximal averaged volume is separated into three different stages.

- The data between the dipole center of the probe and the surface of the phantom are extrapolated. This data cannot be measured since the center of the dipole is 1 to 2.7 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is about 1 mm (see probe calibration sheet). The extrapolated data from a cube measurement can be visualized by selecting 'Graph Evaluated'.
- The maximum interpolated value is searched with a straight-forward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1g or 10 g) are computed using the 3d-spline interpolation algorithm. If the volume cannot be evaluated (i.e., if a part of the grid was cut off by the boundary of the measurement area) the evaluation will be started on the corners of the bottom plane of the cube.
- All neighbouring volumes are evaluated until no neighbouring volume with a higher average value is found.

Extrapolation

The extrapolation is based on a least square algorithm [W. Gander, Computermathematik, p.168-180]. Through the points in the first 3 cm along the z-axis, polynomials of order four are calculated. These polynomials are then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip. The points, calculated from the surface, have a distance of 1 mm from each other.

Interpolation

The interpolation of the points is done with a 3d-Spline. The 3d-Spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition [W. Gander, Computermathematik, p.141-150] (x, y and z -direction) [Numerical Recipes in C, Second Edition, p.123ff].

Volume Averaging

At First the size of the cube is calculated. Then the volume is integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. 8000 points (20x20x20) are interpolated to calculate the average.

Advanced Extrapolation

DASY uses the advanced extrapolation option which is able to compensate boundary effects on Efield probes.



SAM PHANTOM

The SAM Twin Phantom V4.0 is constructed of a fiberglass shell integrated in a wooden table. The shape of the shell is based on data from an anatomical study designed to determine the maximum exposure in at least 90% of all users. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents the evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot. (see Fig. 2.6)

Phantom Specification

Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom (V4.0)

Shell Material: Vivac Composite **Thickness:** 2.0 ± 0.2 mm

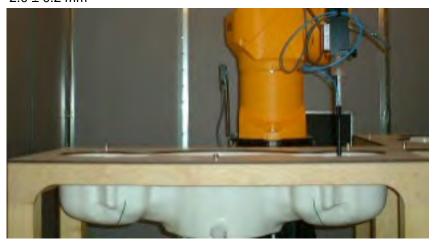


Figure 2.6 SAM Twin Phantom

Device Holder for Transmitters

In combination with the SAM Twin Phantom V4.0 the Mounting Device (see Fig. 2.7), enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter in spherical coordinates whereby the rotation point is the ear opening. The devices can be easily, accurately, and repeat ably be positioned according to the FCC, CENELEC, IEC and IEEE specifications. The device holder can be locked at different phantom locations (left head, right head, flat phantom).



Figure 2.7 Mounting Device

Note: A simulating human hand is not used due to the complex anatomical and geometrical structure of the hand that may produce infinite number of configurations. To produce the worst-case condition (the hand absorbs antenna output power), the hand is omitted during the tests.



3. Probe and Dipole Calibration

See Appendix D and E.



4. Phantom & Simulating Tissue Specifications

Head & Body Simulating Mixture Characterization

The head and body mixtures consist of the material based on the table listed below. The mixture is calibrated to obtain proper dielectric constant (permittivity) and conductivity of the desired tissue. Body tissue parameters that have not been specified in IEEE1528 – 2013 are derived from the issue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations.

Table 4.1 Typical Composition of Ingredients for Tissue

la ava d'a ata		Simulating Tissue					
ingredients	Ingredients		835 MHz Body	1750 MHz Body	1900 MHz Body	2450 MHz Body	
Mixing Percentage	Mixing Percentage						
Water			52.50		69.91	73.20	
Sugar			45.00	Proprietary Purchased From	0.00	0.00	
Salt		Proprietary Purchased	1.40		0.13	0.10	
HEC		From Speag	1.00	Speag	0.00	0.00	
Bactericide		, ,	0.10	. 0	0.00	0.00	
DGBE			0.00		29.96	26.70	
Dielectric Constant	Target	55.53	55.20	53.43	53.30	52.70	
Conductivity (S/m)	Target	0.96	0.97	1.49	1.52	1.95	

La sura d'a sata	Simulating Tissue		
Ingredients	900 MHz Head		
Mixing Percentage			
Water	Water		
Sugar			
Salt		Proprietary Purchased From	
HEC		Speag	
Bactericide			
DGBE			
Dielectric Constant	41.50		
Conductivity (S/m)	0.97		



5. ANSI/IEEE C95.1 – 1992 RF Exposure Limits [2]

Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Table 5.1 Human Exposure Limits

	UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT General Population (W/kg) or (mW/g)	CONTROLLED ENVIROMENT Professional Population (W/kg) or (mW/g)
SPATIAL PEAK SAR ¹ Head	1.60	8.00
SPATIAL AVERAGE SAR ² Whole Body	0.08	0.40
SPATIAL PEAK SAR ³ Hands, Feet, Ankles, Wrists	4.00	20.00

¹ The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

² The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.

³ The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.



6. Measurement Uncertainty

Measurement uncertainty table is not required per KDB 865664 D01 v01r04 section 2.8.2 page 12. SAR measurement uncertainty analysis is required in the SAR report only when the highest measured SAR in a frequency band is \geq 1.5 W/kg for 1-g SAR. The equivalent ratio (1.5/1.6) should be applied to extremity and occupational exposure conditions. The highest reported value is less than 1.5 W/kg. Therefore, the measurement uncertainty table is not required.



7. System Validation

Tissue Verification

Table 7.1 Measured Tissue Parameters

		750 MHz Body		835 MHz Body		1750 MHz Body	
Date(s)		June	28, 2018	June 28, 2018		June 26, 2018	
Liquid Temperature (°C)	20.0	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	Target	Measured
Dielectric Constant: ε		55.35	55.57	55.20	55.91	53.43	53.32
Conductivity: σ		0.96	0.99	0.97	0.99	1.49	1.52
		1900	MHz Body	2450 N	ИНz Body	900 N	1Hz Head
Date(s)		June	27, 2018	Oct. 10, 2018		June	4, 2020
Liquid Temperature (°C)	20.0	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	Target	Measured
Dielectric Constant: ε		53.30	52.07	52.70	52.64	41.50	40.77
Conductivity: σ		1.52	1.47	1.95	1.96	0.97	0.99

See Appendix A for data printout.

Test System Verification

Prior to assessment, the system is verified to the $\pm 10\%$ of the specifications at the test frequency by using the system kit. Power is normalized to 1 watt. (Graphic Plots Attached)

Table 7.2 System Dipole Validation Target & Measured

	Test Frequency	Targeted SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Measure SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Tissue Used for Verification	Deviation (%)	Plot Number
28-Jun-2018	750 MHz	8.48	8.65	Body	+ 2.00	1
28-Jun-2018	835 MHz	9.28	9.53	Body	+ 2.69	2
26-Jun-2018	1750 MHz	37.70	38.50	Body	+ 2.12	3
27-Jun-2018	1900 MHz	40.40	39.80	Body	- 1.49	4
10-Oct-2018	2450 MHz	51.00	52.00	Body	+ 0.20	5
04-Jun-2020	900 MHz	10.90	11.10	Head	+ 1.83	6

See Appendix A for data plots.

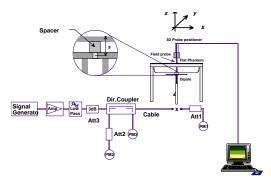


Figure 7.1 Dipole Validation Test Setup



8. LTE Document Checklist

1) Identify the operating frequency range of each LTE transmission band used by the device

LTE Operating	Uplink (transmit)	Downlink (Receive)	Duplex mode
Band	Low - high	Low - high	(FDD/TDD)
2	1850-1910	1930-1990	FDD
4	1710-1755	2110-2155	FDD
5	824-849	869-894	FDD
12	699-716	729-746	FDD

2) Identify the channel bandwidths used in each frequency band; 1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20 MHz etc

LTE Band Class	Bandwidth (MHz)	Frequency or Freq. Band (MHz)
2	1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20	1850-1910 MHz
4	1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20	1710-1755 MHz
5	5, 10	824-849 MHz
12	5, 10	699-716 MHz

3) Identify the high, middle and low (H, M, L) channel numbers and frequencies in each LTE frequency band

LTE Band	Bandwidth		Free	quency (M	Hz)/Chanr	nel#	
Class	(MHz)	Lo	ow	M	id	Hig	gh
2	1.4	1850.7	18607	1880.0	18900	1909.3	19193
2	3	1851.5	18615	1880.0	18900	1908.5	19185
2	5	1852.5	18625	1880.0	18900	1907.5	19175
2	10	1855.0	18650	1880.0	18900	1905.0	19150
2	15	1857.5	18675	1880.0	18900	1902.5	19125
2	20	1860.0	18700	1880.0	18900	1900.0	19100
4	1.4	1710.7	19957	1732.5	20175	1754.3	20393
4	3	1711.5	19965	1732.5	20175	1753.5	20385
4	5	1712.5	19975	1732.5	20175	1752.5	20375
4	10	1715.0	20000	1732.5	20175	1750.0	20350
4	15	1717.5	20025	1732.5	20175	1747.5	20325
4	20	1720.0	20050	1732.5	20175	1745.0	20300
5	5	826.5	20425	836.5	20525	846.5	20625
5	10	829.0	20450	836.5	20525	844.0	20600
12	5	701.5	23035	707.5	23095	713.5	23155
12	10	704.0	23060	707.5	23095	711.0	23129

4) Specify the UE category and uplink modulations used:

• UE Category: 3

• Uplink modulations: QPSK and 16QAM



5) Include descriptions of the LTE transmitter and antenna implementation; and also identify whether it is a standalone transmitter operating independently of other wireless transmitters in the device or sharing hardware components and/or antenna(s) with other transmitters etc

The device has 3 antennas:

- WWAN Main (Transmit and Receive) Antenna
- WLAN Main (Transmit and Receive) Antenna
- Diversity (Receive Only) Antenna

Transmission relationship

- All transmission (TX) is limited to the WWAN and WLAN antennas only
- The device is <u>unable</u> to transmit WCDMA/HSPA and LTE simultaneously.
- The Diversity antenna is receive only antenna which is reserved for the WWAN operation.
- Rx is simultaneous on Main and Diversity
- Simultaneous Tx with the WWAN and WLAN/BT is allowed.

Antonno nort	WCDMA	L7	ſΈ	802.11 b/g/n/BT		
Antenna port	TX	RX	TX	RX	TX	RX
#1 WWAN Main	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
#2 WLAN Main	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes
#3 (Diversity)	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	No

6) Identify the LTE voice/data requirements in each operating mode and exposure condition with respect to head and body test configurations, antenna locations, handset flip-cover or slide positions, antenna diversity conditions etc

The device is a data only. Data mode was tested in each operating mode and exposure condition in the body configuration. See test setup photos to see all configurations tested.

- 7) Identify if Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) is optional or mandatory, i.e. built-in by design:
 - a) Only mandatory MPR may be considered during SAR testing, when the maximum output power is permanently limited by the MPR implemented within the UE; and only for the applicable RB (resource block) configurations specified in LTE standards

MPR is mandatory, built-in by design on all production units. It was enabled during testing.

Modulation	Ch	annel Band	width/transmi	ssion Bandwidtl	h Configura	ntion	MPR			
		(RB)								
	1.4	3.0	5	10	15	20				
	MHz	MHZ	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz				
QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1			
16QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1			
16QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2			

- b) A-MPR (additional MPR) must be disabled
- c) A-MPR was disabled during testing.



8) Include the maximum average conducted output power measured on the required test channels for each channel bandwidth and UL modulation used in each frequency band:

The maximum average conducted output power measured for the testing is listed on pages 32-44 of this report. The below table shows the factory set point with the allowable tolerance.

Band	Technology	Class	3GPP Nominal Power dBm	Calibrated Nominal Power dBm	Tolerance dBm	Lower Tolerance dBm	Upper Tolerance dBm
Band 12 – 750 MHz	LTE	3	23.0	23.0	±1.0	22.0	24.0
Band 5 – 835 MHz	LTE	3	23.0	23.0	±1.0	22.0	24.0
Band 4 – 1750 MHz	LTE	3	23.0	23.0	±1.0	22.0	24.0
Band 2 – 1900 MHz	LTE	3	23.0	23.0	±1.0	22.0	24.0

9) Identify all other U.S. wireless operating modes (3G, Wi-Fi, WiMax, Bluetooth etc), device/exposure configurations (head and body, antenna and handset flip-cover or slide positions, antenna diversity conditions etc.) and frequency bands used for these modes

Other wireless modes:

Band	Technology	Class	3GPP Nominal Power dBm	Calibrated Nominal Power dBm	Tolerance dBm	Lower Tolerance dBm	Upper Tolerance dBm
Band 5 – 850 MHz	WCDMA/HSPA	3	23.0	23.0	±1.0	22.0	24.0
Band 4 – 1750 MHz	WCDMA/HSPA	3	23.0	23.0	±1.0	22.0	24.0
Band 2 – 1900 MHz	WCDMA/HSPA	3	23.0	23.0	±1.0	22.0	24.0
WLAN – 2.4 GHz	802.11b	N/A	18.0	18.0	±2.5	15.5	20.5
WLAN – 2.4 GHz	802.11g	N/A	16.5	16.5	±2.5	14.0	19.0
WLAN – 2.4 GHz	802.11n	N/A	16.5	16.5	±2.5	14.0	19.0
Bluetooth	802.15.1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	6.7
900 MHz RIU	FM	N/A	23.4	23.4	+1.0/-6.0	17.4	24.4

10) Include the maximum average conducted output power measured for the other wireless modes and frequency bands.

The maximum average conducted output power measured for the testing is listed on pages 25&27-28 of this report. The table in item 9 shows the factory set point with the allowable tolerance.



11) Identify the <u>simultaneous transmission conditions</u> for the voice and data configurations supported by all wireless modes, device configurations and frequency bands, for the head and body exposure conditions and device operating configurations (handset flip or cover positions, antenna diversity conditions etc.)

The device is <u>unable</u> to transmit WCDMA & LTE simultaneously and WLAN & Bluetooth simultaneously.

The device is able to transmit WWAN and WLAN/BT simultaneously.

TX Modes	WCDMA	LTE	802.11 b/g/n	Bluetooth
1	ON	OFF	ON	OFF
2	OFF	ON	ON	OFF
3	ON	OFF	OFF	ON
4	OFF	ON	OFF	ON

12) When power reduction is applied to certain wireless modes to satisfy SAR compliance for simultaneous transmission conditions, other equipment certification or operating requirements, include the maximum average conducted output power measured in each power reduction mode applicable to the simultaneous voice/data transmission configurations for such wireless configurations and frequency bands; and also include details of the power reduction implementation and measurement setup

Power reduction is not required to satisfy SAR compliance.

13) Include descriptions of the test equipment, test software, built-in test firmware etc. required to support testing the device when power reduction is applied to one or more transmitters/antennas for simultaneous voice/data transmission

Power reduction is not required to satisfy SAR compliance.

14) When appropriate, include a SAR test plan proposal with respect to the above

Power reduction is not required to satisfy SAR compliance.

15) If applicable, include preliminary SAR test data and/or supporting information in laboratory testing inquiries to address specific issues and concerns or for requesting further test reduction considerations appropriate for the device; for example, simultaneous transmission configurations.

Not applicable.



9. SAR Test Data Summary See Measurement Result Data Pages

See Appendix B for SAR Test Data Plots. See Appendix C for SAR Test Setup Photos.

Procedures Used To Establish Test Signal

The device was either placed into simulated transmit mode using the manufacturer's test codes or the actual transmission is activated through a base station simulator or similar equipment. See data pages for actual procedure used in measurement.

Device Test Condition

In order to verify that the device was tested at full power, conducted output power measurements were performed before and after each SAR measurement to confirm the output power unless otherwise noted. If a conducted power deviation of more than 5% occurred, the test was repeated. The power drift of each test is measured at the start of the test and again at the end of the test. The drift percentage is calculated by the formula ((end/start)-1)*100 and rounded to three decimal places. The drift percentage is calculated into the resultant SAR value on the data sheet for each test.

The testing was conducted on all edges closest to each antenna. The back, left and top sides were tested for the WWAN antenna. The remaining sides were not tested as the WWAN antenna was more than 2.5 cm from the side. The back, right and bottom sides were tested for the WLAN antennas. The remaining sides were not tested as the antenna was more than 2.5 cm from these sides. The back, left, right and top sides were tested for the 900 MHz antenna. The remaining sides were not tested as the antenna was more than 2.5 cm from these sides. All further test reductions are shown on pages 30 for WCDMA bands, page 28-29 for WLAN/BT, pages 44-51 for LTE bands and page 31 for 900 MHz Band. See the photo in Appendix C for a pictorial of the setups and antenna locations.

The Bluetooth was excluded due to low transmit power. The maximum Tx power for Bluetooth is 6.7 dBm (4.7 mW). The minimum distance the user can get to the antenna is 10 mm. Please see the calculations below.

For FCC, [(max. power, mW)/(min. distance, mm)]* $\sqrt{f_{(GHz)}} \le 3.0$. Therefore, the calculation is $(4.7/10)^*\sqrt{2.48} = 0.74$ which is less than 3.0.

For ISED, at 10 mm distance the maximum Tx power must be below 7 mW which 4.7 mW is less than 7 mW.

The WCDMA testing was conducted using 12.2 kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1. The HSPA testing was conducted with HS-DPCCH, E-DPCCH and E-DPDCH all enabled and a 12.2 kbps RMC. FRC was configured according to HS-DPCCH Sub-Test 1 using H-set 1 and QPSK.



Main Cell

[1.48]
37.517

[5.98]
151.98

[3.68]
93.42

[80]

Figure 9.1 SAR Location Diagram of Antenna Distances

Antenna Distances

WWAN main to WLAN/BT (mm): 178.75 mm



10.1 SAR Measurement Conditions for WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA

Configure the call box 8960 to support all WCDMA tests in respect to the 3GPP 34.121 (listed in Table below). Measure the power at Ch4132, 4182 and 4233 for US cell; Ch9262, 9400 and 9538 for US PCS band.

For Rel99

- Set a Test Mode 1 loop back with a 12.2kbps Reference Measurement Channel (RMC).
- Set and send continuously Up power control commands to the device
- Measure the power at the device antenna connector using the power meter with average detector.

For HSDPA Rel 6

- Establish a Test Mode 1 look back with both 1 12.2kbps RMC channel and a H-Set1 Fixed Reference Channel (FRC). With the 8960 this is accomplished by setting the signal Channel Coding to "Fixed Reference Channel" and configuring for HSET-1 QKSP.
- Set beta values and HSDPA settings for HSDPA Subtest1 according to Table below.
- Send continuously Up power control commands to the device
- Measure the power at the device antenna connector using the power meter with modulated average detector.
- Repeat the measurement for the HSDPA Subtest2, 3 and 4 as given in Table below.

For HSUPA Rel 6

- Use UL RMC 12.2kbps and FRC H-Set1 QPSK, Test Mode 1 loop back. With the 8960 this is accomplished by setting the signal Channel Coding to "E-DCH Test Channel" and configuring the equipment category to Cat5_10ms.
- Set the Absolute Grant for HSUPA Subtest1 according to Table below.
- Set the device power to be at least 5dB lower than the Maximum output power
- Send power control bits to give one TPC_cmd = +1 command to the device. If device doesn't send any E-DPCH data with decreased E-TFCI within 500ms, then repeat this process until the decreased E-TFCI is reported.
- Confirm that the E-TFCI transmitted by the device is equal to the target E-TFCI in Table below. If the E-TFCI transmitted by the device is not equal to the target E-TFCI, then send power control bits to give one TPC_cmd = -1 command to the UE. If UE sends any E-DPCH data with decreased E-TFCI within 500 ms, send new power control bits to give one TPC_cmd = -1 command to the UE. Then confirm that the E-TFCI transmitted by the UE is equal to the target E-TFCI in Table below.
- Measure the power using the power meter with modulated average detector.
- Repeat the measurement for the HSUPA Subtest2, 3, 4 and 5 as given in Table below.



3GPP Release	Mode	Cellul	Cellular Band [dBm]			MPR
Version		4132	4183	4233	`Below)	
99	WCDMA	23.75	23.89	23.82	-	-
6	HSDPA	23.79	23.82	23.71	1	0
6		23.72	23.79	23.75	2	0
6		23.42	23.47	23.36	3	0.5
6		23.41	23.44	23.39	4	0.5
6		23.71	23.81	23.75	1	0
6		21.91	21.90	21.88	2	2
6	HSUPA	22.95	22.93	22.91	3	1
6		21.84	21.90	21.89	4	2
6		23.69	23.80	23.74	5	0

3GPP Release	Mode	AWS	AWS Band [dBm]			MPR
Version		1312	1413	1513	`Below)	
99	WCDMA	23.88	23.90	23.95	-	-
6	HSDPA	23.79	23.82	23.76	1	0
6		23.81	23.75	23.79	2	0
6		23.36	23.34	23.36	3	0.5
6		23.41	23.31	23.39	4	0.5
6		23.84	23.82	23.75	1	0
6		21.97	22.01	21.89	2	2
6	HSUPA	22.94	23.05	22.94	3	1
6		21.99	21.95	22.03	4	2
6		23.82	23.80	23.71	5	0

3GPP Release	Mode	PCS Band [dBm]			Sub-Test (See Table	MPR
Version		9262	9400	9538	`Below)	
99	WCDMA	23.92	23.97	23.95	-	-
6	HSDPA	23.81	23.85	23.79	1	0
6		23.75	23.79	23.74	2	0
6		23.42	23.36	23.38	3	0.5
6		23.44	23.36	23.40	4	0.5
6		23.88	23.85	23.72	1	0
6		21.92	22.05	21.93	2	2
6	HSUPA	22.91	23.03	22.99	3	1
6		21.95	21.97	22.00	4	2
6		23.85	23.81	23.78	5	0



Sub-Test Setup for Release 6 HSDPA

Sub-Test	β _c			β_{hs}					
1	2/15	15/15	2/15	4/15					
2	12/15	15/15	15/15	24/15					
3	15/15	8/15	15/8	30/15					
4	15/15	4/15	15/4	30/15					
$\Delta_{ m ack},\Delta_{ m nack}$ a	Δ_{ack} , Δ_{nack} and $\Delta_{cqi} = 8$								

Sub-Test Setup for Release 6 HSUPA

Sub-Test	eta_{c}	β_{d}	B _c / β _d	eta_{hs}	B_{ec}	B_{ed}	MPR	AG Index	E-TFCI
1	11/15	15/15	11/15	22/15	209/225	1039/225	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	15/9	30/15	30/15	47/15	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/15	2.0	17	71
5	15/15	15/15	15/15	30/15	24/15	134/15	0.0	21	81
Δ_{ack} , Δ_{nack} ar	$\Delta_{cqi} = 8$	3							



Band	Mode	Bandwidth (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Avg Power (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)
			1	2412	1	20.45	20.50
	802.11b	20	6	2437		20.50	20.50
			11	2462	Mbps	20.40	20.50
	802.11g	20	1	2412	6	18.97	19.00
			6	2437	Mbps	18.94	19.00
2450			11	2462		18.94	19.00
MHz			1	2412		18.95	19.00
	802.11n	20	6	2437	HT0	18.87	19.00
			11	2462		18.90	19.00
		40	3	2422		18.95	19.00
	802.11n		6	2437	HT0	18.87	19.00
			9	2452		18.90	19.00

Band	Mode	Channe I	Frequenc y (MHz)	Data Rate	Avg Power (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)
		0	2402		4.53	6.70
		39	2441	BDR	5.19	6.70
2450	Bluetoot	78	2480		5.42	6.70
MHz	h v4.0	0	2402		3.79	6.70
		39	2441	EDR	4.44	6.70 6.70 6.70
		78	2480		4.81	6.70

Band	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Avg Power (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)
900	RIU	8	956.3475	23.91	24.40
MHz		69	952.425	23.96	24.40



Figure 10.1 Test Reduction Table – WiFi 2.4 GHz Main

Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Back	6 – 2437 MHz	Tested
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ¹
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ¹
802.11b	Right	6 – 2437 MHz	Tested
002.110		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ¹
		1 – 2412 MHz	Tested
	Bottom	6 – 2437 MHz	Tested
		11 – 2462 MHz	Tested
	Rema	aining Sides	Reduced ³
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ²
	Back	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ²
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ²
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ²
802.11g	Right	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ²
602.11g		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ²
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ²
	Bottom	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ²
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ²
	Rema	aining Sides	Reduced ³
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ²
	Back	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ²
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ²
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ²
802.11n	Right	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ²
002.1111		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ²
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ²
	Bottom	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ²
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ²
	Rema	aining Sides	Reduced ³

Reduced¹ – When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, SAR is not required for the remaining test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 1) page 9.

Reduced² – When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required per KDB 248227 D01 v02 section 5.2.2 2) page 10.

Reduced³ – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 2) page 11. See below for calculations.

Maximum power: 112.2 mW Closest Distance to Left: 95 mm Closest Distance to Top: 210 mm

The closest distance is from the left side. Therefore, if the left side is excluded the top would also be excluded.

 $[\{[(3.0)/(\sqrt{2.462})]*50 \text{ mm}\}]+[\{95-50 \text{ mm}\}*10]=545 \text{ mW}$ which is greater than 112.2 mW



Figure 10.2 Test Reduction Table - 3G WCDMA

Band/	Technology	Side Required		Tested/
Frequency (MHz)			Channel	Reduced
			4132	Reduced ¹
		Back	4183	Tested
			4233	Reduced ¹
	A233 Reduct	Reduced ¹		
Band 5		Channel Reduced 4132 Reduced¹ Back 4183 Tested 4233 Reduced¹ 4132 Reduced¹ 4133 Tested 4233 Reduced¹ Top 4183 Tested 4233 Reduced¹ Remaining Sides Reduced¹ Reduced¹ Reduced¹ Back 1413 Tested 1513 Reduced¹ 1513 Tested 1513 Tested 1513 Tested 1513 Tested 1513 Tested 1513 Reduced¹ Top 1413 Tested 1513 Reduced¹ Remaining Sides Reduced¹ Remaining Sides Reduced¹ Reduced² Reduced² 9538 Reduced¹ 19538 Reduced¹ 19538 Tested 19538 Reduced¹ 10 Tested <		
824-849 MHz			4233	Reduced ¹
			4132	Reduced ¹
		Тор	4183	Tested
			4233	Reduced ¹
		Rema	ining Sides	Reduced ²
	WCDMA		1312	Reduced ¹
		Back	1413	Tested
			1513	Reduced ¹
		Left	1312	Tested
Band 4			1413	Tested
1710-1755 MHz	VVCDIVIA		1513	Tested
		Тор	1312	Reduced ¹
			1413	Tested
			1513	Reduced ¹
		Rema	4233 Reduc 4132 Reduc 4183 Test 4233 Reduc 4183 Test 4233 Reduc 4183 Test 4233 Reduc 4183 Test 4283 Reduc 4183 Test 4283 Reduc 4183 Test 4283 Reduc 1312 Reduc 1413 Test 1513 Reduc 1413 Test 1513 Test 1513 Test 1513 Reduc 1413 Test 1513 Reduc 1513 R	Reduced ²
			9262	Reduced ¹
		Back	9400	Tested
			9538	Reduced ¹
			9262	Tested
Band 2		Left	9400	Tested
1850-1910 MHz			9538	Tested
			9262	Reduced ¹
		Тор	9400	Tested
				Reduced ¹
	1 1 1 2 5 1	Rema	ining Sides	Reduced ²

Reduced¹ – When the mid channel is 3 dB below the limit, the remaining channels are not required per KDB 447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.3 page 14.

Reduced² – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Maximum power: 251.2 mW Closest Distance to Right: 115 mm Closest Distance to Bottom: 160 mm

The closest distance is from the right side. Therefore, if the right side is excluded the bottom side would also be excluded.

[{[(3.0)/($\sqrt{0.849}$)]*50 mm}]+[{115-50 mm}*10]=812 mW which is greater than 251.2 mW

[{[(3.0)/($\sqrt{1.755}$)]*50 mm}]+[{115-50 mm}*10]=763 mW which is greater than 251.2 mW

[{[(3.0)/($\sqrt{1.91}$)]*50 mm}]+[{115-50 mm}*10]=758 mW which is greater than 251.2 mW



Figure 10.3 Test Reduction Table - 900 MHz

Band/ Frequency (MHz)	Technology	Side	Required Channel	Tested/ Reduced
		Back	8	Tested
		Dack	Tested	
		RUI Right 8 RUI 8 Right 8 Right 69 Top 8	8	Tested
			Tested	
900 MHz	RUI		8	Tested
		Rigiti	69	Tested
		Ton	8	Tested
		тор	69	Tested
		Rema	ining Sides	Reduced ²

Reduced¹ – When the mid channel is 3 dB below the limit, the remaining channels are not required per KDB 447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.3 page 14.

Reduced² – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Maximum power: 263.0 mW Closest Distance to Bottom: 180 mm

 $[\{[(3.0)/(\sqrt{0.957})]*50 \text{ mm}\}]+[\{180-50 \text{ mm}\}*10]=453 \text{ mW}$ which is greater than 263.0 mW



10.1.1 LTE Functionality

The follow table identifies all the channel bandwidths in each frequency band supported by this device.

LTE Band Class	Bandwidth (MHz)	Frequency or Freq. Band (MHz)
2	1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20	1850-1910 MHz
4	1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20	1710-1755 MHz
5	5, 10	824-849 MHz
12	5, 10	699-716 MHz

10.1.2 Test Conditions

All SAR measurements for LTE were performed using the Anritsu MT8820C. A closed loop power control setting allowed the UE to transmit at the maximum output power during the SAR measurements. The Figure 11.1 table indicates all the test reduction utilized for this report.

MPR was enabled for this device. A-MPR was disabled for all SAR test measurements.



Table 10.1.1 LTE Power Measurements

	Table 10.1.1 LTE Power Measurements								
Band	Modulation	Bandwidth	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel	Frequency	Power		
					18607	1850.7	21.95		
			6	0	18900	1880	22.20		
					19193	1909.3	21.19		
					18607	1850.7	23.00		
			3	1	18900	1880	23.00		
		4 4 5 4 1 -			19193	1909.3	22.70		
		1.4 MHz			18607	1850.7	24.00		
			1	0	18900	1880	23.61		
					19193	1909.3	23.85		
					18607	1850.7	23.99		
			1	5	18900	1880	24.00		
					19193	1909.3	23.99		
					18615	1851.5	22.01		
			15	0	18900	1880	22.11		
		3 MHz			19185	1908.5	21.91		
			8	3	18615	1851.5	21.95		
					18900	1880	22.05		
2	ODCK				19185	1908.5	21.81		
	QPSK		1	0	18615	1851.5	24.00		
					18900	1880	23.74		
					19185	1908.5	23.99		
			1	14	18615	1851.5	23.99		
					18900	1880	23.73		
					19185	1908.5	24.00		
					18625	1852.5	21.93		
			25	0	18900	1880	21.98		
					19175	1907.5	21.92		
					18625	1852.5	21.83		
			12	6	18900	1880	22.13		
		E MILIT			19175	1907.5	21.88		
		5 MHz			18625	1852.5	22.95		
			1	0	18900	1880	22.56		
					19175	1907.5	22.32		
					18625	1852.5	22.45		
			1	24	18900	1880	22.36		
					19175	1907.5	22.98		



Table 10.1.2 LTE Power Measurements

Band	Modulation	Bandwidth		PR Offset		Frequency	Power
Dallu	iviouulation	Balluwiutii	ND SIZE	KB Oliset	Chainlei	riequency	Power
			т	T	T	<u> </u>	
			50		18650	1855	21.52
				0	18900	1880	21.55
					19150	1905	21.57
					18650	1855	21.30
			25	12	18900	1880	21.95
		10 MHz			19150	1905	21.42
		10 101112			18650	1855	23.95
			1	0	18900	1880	23.30
					19150	1905	23.23
					18650	1855	23.46
			1	24	18900	1880	24.00
					19150	1905	23.35
					18675	1857.5	21.38
			75	0	18900	1880	21.51
				19125	1902.5	21.46	
		15 MHz	36	19	18675	1857.5	21.16
					18900	1880	21.86
2	ODCK				19125	1902.5	21.31
2	QPSK			0	18675	1857.5	23.89
			1		18900	1880	23.38
					19125	1902.5	23.42
			1	74	18675	1857.5	23.48
					18900	1880	23.31
					19125	1902.5	24.00
					18625	1852.5	21.50
			100	0	18900	1880	21.52
					19175	1907.5	21.40
					18700	1860	21.89
			50	25	18900	1880	21.91
		20 1411-			19100	1900	21.92
		20 MHz			18700	1860	23.98
			1	0	18900	1880	23.97
					19100	1900	23.94
					18700	1860	23.33
			1	49	18900	1880	23.35
					19100	1900	23.43



Table 10.1.3 LTE Power Measurements

Band	Modulation	Bandwidth		DP Offcot		Fraguency	Power
Danu	iviodulation	Banuwiuth	RB Size	KB Offset	Channel	Frequency	Power
					18607	1850.7	20.96
			6	0	18900	1880	21.11
					19193	1909.3	20.92
					18607	1850.7	20.95
			3	1	18900	1880	21.14
		1.4 MHz			19193	1909.3	20.88
		1.4 1/11/12			18607	1850.7	20.94
			1	0	18900	1880	21.12
					19193	1909.3	20.91
					18607	1850.7	20.91
			1	5	18900	1880	21.10
					19193	1909.3	20.93
		3 MHz			18615	1851.5	20.98
			15	0	18900	1880	21.14
					19185	1908.5	20.92
				3	18615	1851.5	20.76
			8		18900	1880	21.10
2	160414				19185	1908.5	20.82
2	16QAM		1	0	18615	1851.5	21.92
					18900	1880	21.63
					19185	1908.5	21.75
			1	14	18615	1851.5	21.69
					18900	1880	21.39
					19185	1908.5	21.74
					18625	1852.5	21.01
			25	0	18900	1880	20.96
					19175	1907.5	21.01
					18625	1852.5	20.84
			12	6	18900	1880	21.21
		5.8411			19175	1907.5	20.88
		5 MHz			18625	1852.5	21.79
			1	0	18900	1880	21.44
					19175	1907.5	21.37
					18625	1852.5	21.21
			1	24	18900	1880	21.07
					19175	1907.5	21.75



Table 10.1.4 LTE Power Measurements

Band	Modulation	Bandwidth	RB Size	RR Offset		Frequency	Power
Danu	Wiodulation	Danawiath	ND SIZE	ND Offset	Chamilei	Trequency	rowei
			T	Γ	T	Γ	Т
			50		18650	1855	20.30
				0	18900	1880	20.62
					19150	1905	20.53
					18650	1855	20.17
			25	12	18900	1880	20.81
		10 MHz			19150	1905	20.42
		10 101112			18650	1855	21.77
			1	0	18900	1880	21.19
					19150	1905	21.07
					18650	1855	21.24
			1	24	18900	1880	21.96
					19150	1905	21.25
					18675	1857.5	20.35
			75	0	18900	1880	20.25
					19125	1902.5	20.46
			36	19	18675	1857.5	20.17
		15 MHz			18900	1880	20.64
	160414				19125	1902.5	20.23
2	16QAM		1	0	18675	1857.5	21.79
					18900	1880	21.07
					19125	1902.5	21.21
			1	74	18675	1857.5	21.13
					18900	1880	20.96
					19125	1902.5	21.76
			100		18625	1852.5	20.54
				0	18900	1880	20.50
					19175	1907.5	20.32
					18700	1860	20.39
			50	25	18900	1880	20.54
					19100	1900	20.16
		20 MHz			18700	1860	21.68
			1	0	18900	1880	21.38
					19100	1900	20.74
					18700	1860	21.01
			1	99	18900	1880	20.71
					19100	1900	21.68



Table 10.1.5 LTE Power Measurements

Band	Modulation	Bandwidth	RB Size	RB Offset		Frequency	Power
					19957	1710.7	22.67
			6	0	20175	1732.5	22.06
					20393	1754.3	22.61
					19957	1710.7	22.99
			3	1	20175	1732.5	23.00
				_	20393	1754.3	22.99
		1.4 MHz		0	19957	1710.7	23.98
			1		20175	1732.5	23.58
					20393	1754.3	23.99
					19957	1710.7	23.98
		1	5	20175	1732.5	23.93	
				20393	1754.3	24.00	
				19965	1711.5	22.11	
		15 0 20175	20175	1732.5	22.09		
				20385	1753.5	22.15	
					19965	1711.5	22.02
			8	3	20175	1732.5	21.93
	ODCK	2 8 411-			20385	1753.5	22.07
4	QPSK	3 MHz			19965	1711.5	24.00
			1	0	20175	1732.5	23.40
					20385	1753.5	23.53
			1	14	19965	1711.5	23.34
					20175	1732.5	23.99
					20385	1753.5	23.94
					19975	1712.5	21.49
			25	0	20175	1732.5	22.19
					20375	1752.5	21.87
					19975	1712.5	21.44
			12	6	20175	1732.5	22.13
		5 MHz			20375	1752.5	21.64
		3 141112			19975	1712.5	23.99
			1	0	20175	1732.5	23.31
					20375	1752.5	23.67
					19975	1712.5	23.19
			1	24	20175	1732.5	24.00
					20375	1752.5	23.99



Table 10.1.6 LTE Power Measurements

Band	Modulation	Bandwidth	RB Size	RB Offset		Frequency	Power
					20000	1715	21.36
			50	0	20175	1732.5	21.99
			30		20350	1752.5	21.80
					20000	1715	20.92
			25	12	20175	1732.5	22.04
					20350	1750	21.57
		10 MHz		0	20000	1715	24.00
			1		20175	1732.5	23.31
					20350	1750	23.60
					20000	1715	23.14
			1	24	20175	1732.5	23.92
				20350	1750	23.67	
					20025	1717.5	21.29
			75	0	20175	1732.5	21.67
				20325	1747.5	21.62	
				20025	1717.5	21.01	
			36	19	20175	1732.5	22.17
	ODCK	45 8411-			20325	1747.5	21.64
4	QPSK	15 MHz			20025	1717.5	23.99
			1	0	20175	1732.5	23.13
					20325	1747.5	23.38
			1	74	20025	1717.5	23.18
					20175	1732.5	23.45
					20325	1747.5	23.60
					20050	1720	21.23
			100	0	20175	1732.5	21.68
					20300	1745	21.52
					20050	1720	22.35
			50	25	20175	1732.5	22.00
		20 MHz			20300	1745	21.91
		20 101112			20050	1720	24.00
			1	0	20175	1732.5	23.90
		_			20300	1745	23.98
					20050	1720	23.68
			1	49	20175	1732.5	23.56
					20300	1745	24.00



Table 10.1.7 LTE Power Measurements

Modulation Bandwidth RB Size RB Offset Channel Frequency	21.51 21.02 21.52 22.44 21.90 22.25
4 16QAM 3 MHz 6 0 20175 1732.5 20393 1754.3 1 19957 1710.7 3 1 20175 1732.5 20393 1754.3 1 19957 1710.7 1 0 20175 1732.5 20393 1754.3 1 19957 1710.7 1 5 20175 1732.5 20393 1754.3 1 19957 1710.7 1 5 20175 1732.5 20393 1754.3 1 19965 1711.5 20385 1753.5 19965 1711.5 1 0 20175 1732.5 20385 1753.5 19965 1711.5 1 0 20175 1732.5 20385 1753.5 19965 1711.5 1 14 20175 1732.5 20385 1753.5 19965 1711.5 1 14 20175 1732.5 20385 1753.5 19965 1711.5	21.02 21.52 22.44 21.90
4 16QAM 3 MHz 6 0 20175 1732.5 20393 1754.3 1 19957 1710.7 3 1 20175 1732.5 20393 1754.3 1 19957 1710.7 1 0 20175 1732.5 20393 1754.3 1 19957 1710.7 1 5 20175 1732.5 20393 1754.3 1 19957 1710.7 1 5 20175 1732.5 20393 1754.3 1 19965 1711.5 20385 1753.5 19965 1711.5 1 0 20175 1732.5 20385 1753.5 19965 1711.5 1 0 20175 1732.5 20385 1753.5 19965 1711.5 1 14 20175 1732.5 20385 1753.5 19965 1711.5 1 14 20175 1732.5 20385 1753.5 19965 1711.5	21.02 21.52 22.44 21.90
1.4 MHz 1.4 MHz 1.4 MHz 1.4 MHz 1 0 20175 1732.5 20393 1754.3 19957 1710.7 1 0 20175 1732.5 20393 1754.3 19957 1710.7 1 5 20175 1732.5 20393 1754.3 19957 1710.7 1 5 20175 1732.5 20393 1754.3 19965 1711.5 20385 1753.5 19965 1711.5 20385 1753.5 19965 1711.5 1 0 20175 1732.5 20385 1753.5 19965 1711.5 1 1 0 20175 1732.5 20385 1753.5 19965 1711.5 1 1 1 0 20175 1732.5 20385 1753.5 19965 1711.5 1 1 1 1 20175 1732.5 20385 1753.5 19965 1711.5 1 1 1 1 20175 1732.5 20385 1753.5 19975 1712.5	21.52 22.44 21.90
1.4 MHz 1	22.44 21.90
1.4 MHz 1	21.90
1.4 MHz 1 0 19957 1710.7 1 0 20175 1732.5 20393 1754.3 1 19957 1710.7 1 5 20175 1732.5 20393 1754.3 1 19957 1710.7 1 5 20175 1732.5 20393 1754.3 1 19965 1711.5 20385 1753.5	
1.4 MHz 1 0 20175 1732.5 20393 1754.3 19957 1710.7 1 5 20175 1732.5 20393 1754.3 19965 1711.5 20385 1753.5 19965 1711.5 20385 1753.5 20385 1753.5 20385 1753.5 20385 1753.5 20385 1753.5 20385 1753.5 20385 1753.5 20385 1753.5 20385 1753.5 20385 1753.5 20385 1753.5 20385 1753.5 20385 1753.5 20385 1753.5 20385 1753.5 20385 1753.5 20385 1753.5 20385 1753.5 20385 1753.5	22.25
4 16QAM 3 MHz 1 0 20175 1732.5 20393 1754.3 19957 1710.7 1 5 20175 1732.5 20393 1754.3 19965 1711.5 20175 1732.5 20385 1753.5 20385 1753.5 20385 1753.5 19965 1711.5 1 0 20175 1732.5 20385 1753.5 19965 1711.5 1 14 20175 1732.5 20385 1753.5 19965 1711.5 1 19965 1711.5 1 19965 1711.5 1 19965 1711.5 1 19965 1711.5 1 19965 1711.5	
4 16QAM 3 MHz 1 0 20393 1754.3 1 1 5 20175 1732.5 20393 1754.3 19965 1711.5 20385 1753.5 20385 1753.5 20385 1753.5 20385 1753.5 20385 1753.5 20385 1753.5 20385 1753.5 20385 1753.5 20385 1753.5 20385 1753.5 20385 1753.5 20385 1753.5 20385 1753.5 20385 1753.5 20385 1753.5 20385 1753.5 20385 1753.5	22.39
1 5 20175 1732.5 20393 1754.3 19965 1711.5 20385 1753.5 20385 1753.5 19965 1711.5 8 3 20175 1732.5 20385 1753.5 19965 1711.5 1 0 20175 1732.5 20385 1753.5 19965 1711.5 1 14 20175 1732.5 20385 1753.5 19965 1711.5 1 14 20175 1732.5 20385 1753.5 19975 1712.5	22.52
1 5 20175 1732.5 20393 1754.3 19965 1711.5 20385 1753.5 20385 1753.5 19965 1711.5 8 3 20175 1732.5 20385 1753.5 20385 1753.5 19965 1711.5 1 0 20175 1732.5 20385 1753.5 19965 1711.5 1 14 20175 1732.5 20385 1753.5 19975 1712.5	22.25
4 16QAM 3 MHz 15 0 20175 1732.5 20385 1753.5 8 3 20175 1732.5 20385 1753.5 20385 1753.5 19965 1711.5 1 0 20175 1732.5 20385 1753.5 19965 1711.5 1 14 20175 1732.5 20385 1753.5 19975 1712.5	22.09
4 16QAM 3 MHz 15 0 19965 1711.5 8 3 20175 1732.5 20385 1753.5 20385 1753.5 20385 1753.5 20385 1753.5 19965 1711.5 1 0 20175 1732.5 20385 1753.5 19965 1711.5 1 14 20175 1732.5 20385 1753.5 19975 1712.5	22.05
4 16QAM 3 MHz 8 3 20175 1732.5 8 3 20175 1732.5 20385 1753.5 20385 1753.5 19965 1711.5 1 0 20175 1732.5 20385 1753.5 19965 1711.5 1 14 20175 1732.5 20385 1753.5 19975 1712.5	22.21
4 16QAM 3 MHz 8 3 20175 1732.5 20385 1753.5 19965 1711.5 1 0 20175 1732.5 20385 1753.5 19965 1711.5 1 14 20175 1732.5 20385 1753.5 19975 1712.5	21.12
4 16QAM 3 MHz 8 3 20175 1732.5 20385 1753.5 1 9965 1711.5 1 0 20175 1732.5 20385 1753.5 19965 1711.5 1 14 20175 1732.5 20385 1753.5 19975 1712.5	21.19
4 16QAM 3 MHz 8 3 20175 1732.5 20385 1753.5 19965 1711.5 1 14 20175 1732.5 1753.5 1 19975 1712.5	21.22
4 16QAM 3 MHz 20385 1753.5 1 0 20175 1732.5 20385 1753.5 20385 1753.5 1 14 20175 1732.5 20385 1753.5 19975 1712.5	21.02
4 16QAM 3 MHz 19965 1711.5 1 0 20175 1732.5 20385 1753.5 1 14 20175 1732.5 20385 1753.5 19975 1712.5	21.05
1 0 20175 1732.5 20385 1753.5 1 14 20175 1732.5 20385 1753.5 1 14 20175 1732.5 20385 1753.5 19975 1712.5	21.27
1 14 20175 1753.5 20385 1753.5 1 14 20175 1732.5 20385 1753.5 19975 1712.5	22.20
1 14 19965 1711.5 20175 1732.5 20385 1753.5 19975 1712.5	22.22
1 14 20175 1732.5 20385 1753.5 19975 1712.5	22.51
20385 1753.5 19975 1712.5	22.18
19975 1712.5	22.32
	22.50
25 0 20175 1732 5	20.53
1 25 0 20175 1732.5	21.19
20375 1752.5	20.94
19975 1712.5	20.51
12 6 20175 1732.5	21.00
20375 1752.5	20.59
5 MHz 19975 1712.5	22.40
1 0 20175 1732.5	22.03
20375 1752.5	22.33
19975 1712.5	22.62
1 24 20175 1732.5	22.26
20375 1752.5	22.33



Table 10.1.8 LTE Power Measurements

Band	Modulation	Bandwidth	RB Size	RB Offset		Frequency	Power
					20000	1715	20.37
			50	0	20175	1732.5	21.06
			30		20173	1752.5	20.69
					20000	1715	20.03
			25	12	20175	1732.5	20.11
			23	12	20350	1752.5	20.44
		10 MHz			20000	1715	22.35
			1	0	20175	1732.5	20.91
			_	Ŭ	20350	1750	21.26
					20000	1715	21.00
			1	24	20175	1732.5	21.83
			_		20350	1750	21.33
					20025	1717.5	20.23
			75	0	20175	1732.5	20.58
					20325	1747.5	20.61
					20025	1717.5	20.13
			36	19	20175	1732.5	21.17
					20325	1747.5	20.55
4	16QAM	15 MHz			20025	1717.5	22.38
			1	0	20175	1732.5	20.79
					20325	1747.5	21.15
			1	74	20025	1717.5	20.96
					20175	1732.5	21.32
					20325	1747.5	22.19
					20050	1720	20.30
			100	0	20175	1732.5	20.65
					20300	1745	20.57
					20050	1720	20.21
			50	25	20175	1732.5	21.12
		20 1447			20300	1745	20.58
		20 MHz			20050	1720	22.20
			1	0	20175	1732.5	22.13
					20300	1745	21.75
					20050	1720	20.94
			1	99	20175	1732.5	21.35
					20300	1745	22.24



Table 10.1.9 LTE Power Measurements

Table 10.1.9 LTE Power Measurements										
Band	Modulation	Bandwidth	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel	Frequency	Power			
			25	0	20425	826.5	23.01			
					20525	836.5	23.06			
					20625	846.5	23.18			
					20425	826.5	23.76			
			12	6	20525	836.5	23.85			
		5 MHz			20625	846.5	23.97			
	J MITZ		0	20425	826.5	23.91				
		1		20525	836.5	23.97				
				20625	846.5	24.00				
					20425	826.5	23.89			
			1	24	20525	836.5	24.00			
5	QPSK				20625	846.5	24.00			
3	QF3K		50	50 0	20450	829.0	23.01			
					20525	836.5	23.05			
					20600	844.0	23.11			
					20450	829.0	23.87			
			25	12	20525	836.5	23.91			
		10 MHz			20600	844.0	23.93			
		TO IVITZ			20450	829.0	23.96			
			1	0	20525	836.5	23.97			
					20600	844.0	24.00			
			1		20450	829.0	23.89			
				24	20525	836.5	23.94			
					20600	844.0	24.00			



Table 10.1.10 LTE Power Measurements

	Table 10.1.10 LTE Power Weasurements									
Band	Modulation	Bandwidth	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel	Frequency	Power			
			25	0	20425	826.5	21.12			
					20525	836.5	21.08			
					20625	846.5	21.16			
					20425	826.5	22.89			
			12	6	20525	836.5	22.92			
		5 MHz			20625	846.5	22.99			
		3 IVITIZ			20425	826.5	22.96			
		1	0	20525	836.5	22.98				
					20625	846.5	21.13			
					20425	826.5	22.92			
			1	24	20525	836.5	21.16			
5	16QAM				20625	846.5	21.33			
5	IOQAIVI		50	0	20450	829.0	21.08			
					20525	836.5	21.10			
					20600	844.0	21.16			
					20450	829.0	22.92			
			25	12	20525	836.5	22.97			
		10 MHz			20600	844.0	22.96			
		TO IVIDZ			20450	829.0	22.98			
			1	0	20525	836.5	22.99			
					20600	844.0	21.11			
			1		20450	829.0	22.93			
				24	20525	836.5	22.97			
					20600	844.0	21.15			



Table 10.1.11 LTE Power Measurements

Table 10.1.11 LTE Power Measurements										
Band	Modulation	Bandwidth	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel	Frequency	Power			
			25		23035	701.5	23.19			
				0	23095	707.5	23.20			
					23155	713.5	23.15			
					23035	701.5	24.00			
			12	6	23095	707.5	24.00			
		5 MHz			23155	713.5	24.00			
	3 101112		0	23035	701.5	24.00				
		1		23095	707.5	24.00				
					23155	713.5	24.00			
					23035	701.5	24.00			
			1	24	23095	707.5	24.00			
12	QPSK				23155	713.5	24.00			
12	QF3K		50	0	23060	704.0	23.08			
					23095	707.5	23.15			
					23129	711.0	23.21			
					23060	704.0	24.00			
			25	12	23095	707.5	24.00			
		10 MHz			23129	711.0	24.00			
		TO IVITIZ			23060	704.0	24.00			
			1	0	23095	707.5	24.00			
					23129	711.0	24.00			
			1		23060	704.0	24.00			
				24	23095	707.5	24.00			
					23129	711.0	24.00			



Table 10.1.12 LTE Power Measurements

Donal		Paradicidate					Danner
Band	Modulation	Bandwidth	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel	Frequency	Power
					23035	701.5	21.29
			25	0	23095	707.5	21.23
					23155	713.5	21.19
					23035	701.5	23.10
			12	6	23095	707.5	23.08
		5 MHz			23155	713.5	23.13
		J MITZ		0	23035	701.5	23.18
			1		23095	707.5	23.24
					23155	713.5	23.26
					23035	701.5	23.29
			1	24	23095	707.5	23.18
12	16QAM				23155	713.5	23.27
12	IOQAIVI		50	0	23060	704.0	21.14
					23095	707.5	21.26
					23129	711.0	21.30
					23060	704.0	23.05
			25	12	23095	707.5	23.08
		10 MHz			23129	711.0	23.14
		TO MILIT			23060	704.0	23.07
			1	0	23095	707.5	23.18
					23129	711.0	23.15
			1		23060	704.0	23.22
				24	23095	707.5	23.27
					23129	711.0	23.20



Table 10.4.1 Test Reduction Table – LTE

Band/	_	Poguired		iction rab	RB	RB	Tested/
	Side	Required	Bandwidth	Modulation			
Frequency (MHz)		Test Channel			Allocation	Offset	Reduced
		18700				_	Reduced ⁷
		18900			50	0	Tested
		19100					Reduced ⁷
		18700			400		Reduced ¹
		18900			100	0	Reduced ¹
		19100		QPSK			Reduced ¹
		18700				40	Reduced ⁷
		18900				49	Tested
		19100			1		Reduced ⁷
		18700 18900				99	Reduced ² Reduced ²
						99	
	Dools	19100	20 MHz				Reduced ²
	Back	18700 18900	-		50	25	Reduced ³ Reduced ³
		19100	-		30	25	Reduced ³
		18700	- - - - -				Reduced ¹
		18900			100	0	Reduced ¹
		19100			100	U	Reduced ¹
Band 2		18700		16QAM			Reduced ⁴
		18900				49	Reduced ⁴
		19100				43	Reduced ⁴
		18700	1		1		Reduced ⁴
		18900	1			99	Reduced ⁴
		19100	1			55	Reduced ⁴
			wer bandwidths (15	MHz, 10 MHz, 5 MHz	3 MHz. 1.4 MHz)		Reduced ⁵
1850-1910 MHz		18700		QPSK -	50	25	Reduced ⁷
		18900					Tested
		19100					Reduced ⁷
		18700	1		100	0	Reduced ⁷
		18900					Tested
		19100					Reduced ⁷
		18700	1				Tested
		18900	1			0	Tested
		19100					Tested
		18700			1		Reduced ²
		18900				99	Reduced ²
		19100	20 MHz				Reduced ²
	Left	18700	ZU IVITIZ				Reduced ³
		18900			50	25	Reduced ³
		19100					Reduced ³
		18700					Reduced ¹
		18900			100	0	Reduced ¹
		19100		16QAM			Reduced ¹
		18700		IOQAW			Reduced ⁴
		18900				0	Reduced ⁴
		19100			1		Reduced ⁴
		18700			1		Reduced ⁴
		18900				99	Reduced ⁴
		19100					Reduced ⁴
		All lo		MHz, 10 MHz, 5 MHz			Reduced ⁵

Reduced¹ - If the SAR value in the 50% RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the 100% RB testing is reduced per KDB941225 D05 3) A) I) page 4.

Maximum power: 251.2 mW Closest Distance to Right: 115 mm Closest Distance to Bottom: 160 mm

The closest distance is from the right side. Therefore, if the right side is excluded the bottom side would also be excluded.

[{[(3.0)/($\sqrt{1.91}$)]*50 mm}]+[{115-50 mm}*10]=758 mW which is greater than 251.2 mW

Reduced² – If the SAR value in the 1 RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 3) B) I) page 4.

Reduced³ – If the SAR value in the 50% RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 4) A) I) page 4.

Reduced⁴ – If the SAR value in the 1 RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 4) B) I) page 5. Reduced⁵ – If the conducted power is within ±0.5 dB, all testing where the SAR value is less than 1.45 W/kg is reduced per KDB941225 D05 5) B) I)

page 5.

Reduced⁶ – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Reduced⁷ – When the measured channel is less than 3 dB from the limit, the remaining channels are not required per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.3 page 14.



Table 10.4.2 Test Reduction Table - LTE

14510 101112 1001 1104011011 14510 212										
Band/	Cido	Required	Donduvidah	Madulation	RB	RB	Tested/			
Frequency (MHz)	Side	Test Channel	Bandwidth	Modulation	Allocation	Offset	Reduced			
		18700					Reduced ⁷			
		18900			50	0	Tested			
		19100					Reduced ⁷			
		18700			100		Reduced ¹			
		18900				0	Reduced ¹			
		19100		ODCK			Reduced ¹			
		18700		QPSK	1		Reduced ⁷			
		18900				0	Tested			
	Тор	19100	20 MHz				Reduced ⁷			
		18700			ı		Reduced ²			
		18900				99	Reduced ²			
		19100					Reduced ²			
Band 2		18700					Reduced ³			
1850-1910 MHz		18900			50	25	Reduced ³			
		19100					Reduced ³			
		18700				0	Reduced ¹			
		18900			100		Reduced ¹			
		19100		16QAM			Reduced ¹			
		18700		IOQAM			Reduced ⁴			
		18900				0	Reduced ⁴			
		19100			4		Reduced ⁴			
		18700			1		Reduced⁴			
		18900				99	Reduced ⁴			
		19100	1				Reduced ⁴			
		All lower bandwidths (15 MHz, 10 MHz, 5 MHz, 3 MHz, 1.4 MHz)								
			All rema	ining sides	,		Reduced ⁶			

Reduced¹ - If the SAR value in the 50% RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the 100% RB testing is reduced per KDB941225 D05 3) A) I) page 4.

Reduced² – If the SAR value in the 1 RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 3) B) I) page 4. Reduced³ – If the SAR value in the 50% RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 4) A) I) page 4.

Reduced⁴ – If the SAR value in the 1 RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 4) B) I) page 5. Reduced⁵ - If the conducted power is within ±0.5 dB, all testing where the SAR value is less than 1.45 W/kg is reduced per KDB941225 D05 5) B) I)

page 5.

Reduced⁶ – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations

Reduced7 - When the measured channel is less than 3 dB from the limit, the remaining channels are not required per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.3 page 14.

Maximum power: 251.2 mW Closest Distance to Right: 115 mm Closest Distance to Bottom: 160 mm

The closest distance is from the right side. Therefore, if the right side is excluded the bottom side would also be excluded.

 $[[(3.0)/(\sqrt{1.91})]*50 \text{ mm}]+[(115-50 \text{ mm})*10]=758 \text{ mW}$ which is greater than 251.2 mW



Table 10.4.3 Test Reduction Table - LTE

	-	abic io.+.o		action rab			
Band/	Cido	Required	Donducidah	Madulation	RB	RB	Tested/
Frequency (MHz)	Side	Test Channel	Bandwidth	Modulation	Allocation	Offset	Reduced
		18700					Reduced ⁷
		18900			50	25	Tested
		19100			• •		Reduced ⁷
		18700					Reduced ¹
		18900			100	0	Reduced ¹
		19100		0.0014			Reduced ¹
		18700		QPSK			Reduced ⁷
		18900				0	Tested
		19100			4		Reduced ⁷
		18700			1		Reduced ²
		18900				99	Reduced ²
		19100	20 MHz				Reduced ²
	Back	18700	ZU IVITIZ				Reduced ³
		18900			50	25	Reduced ³
		19100					Reduced ³
		18700		16QAM			Reduced ¹
		18900			100	0	Reduced ¹
		19100					Reduced ¹
		18700					Reduced ⁴
		18900				0	Reduced ⁴
Don't 4		19100			1		Reduced ⁴
		18700			•		Reduced ⁴
		18900				99	Reduced ⁴
		19100					Reduced ⁴
Band 4			wer bandwidths (15	MHz, 10 MHz, 5 MHz	, 3 MHz, 1.4 MHz)		Reduced ⁵
1710-1755 MHz		18700			50	25	Tested
		18900		QPSK -			Tested
		19100			100	0	Tested
		18700					Reduced ¹
		18900					Tested
		19100 18700					Reduced ¹
		18900			1	0	Tested
		19100				U	Tested Tested
		18700					Reduced ²
		18900				99	Reduced ²
		19100				33	Reduced ²
	Left	18700	20 MHz				Reduced ³
	Leit	18900			50	25	Reduced ³
		19100			30	23	Reduced ³
		18700					Reduced ¹
		18900			100	0	Reduced ¹
		19100			100	O	Reduced ¹
		18700		16QAM			Reduced ⁴
		18900				0	Reduced ⁴
		19100					Reduced ⁴
		18700			1		Reduced ⁴
		18900				99	Reduced ⁴
		19100					Reduced ⁴
			wer bandwidths (15	(15 MHz, 10 MHz, 5 MHz, 3 MHz, 1.4 MHz)			Reduced ⁵
-				ining sides	, <u>-</u> /		Reduced ⁶

Reduced¹ - If the SAR value in the 50% RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the 100% RB testing is reduced per KDB941225 D05 3) A) I) page 4.

Maximum power: 251.2 mW Closest Distance to Right: 115 mm Closest Distance to Bottom: 160 mm

The closest distance is from the right side. Therefore, if the right side is excluded the bottom side would also be excluded.

[{[(3.0)/($\sqrt{1.755}$)]*50 mm}]+[{115-50 mm}*10]=763 mW which is greater than 251.2 mW

Reduced² – If the SAR value in the 1 RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 3) B) I) page 4.

Reduced³ – If the SAR value in the 50% RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 4) A) I) page 4. Reduced⁴ – If the SAR value in the 1 RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 4) B) I) page 5.

Reduced⁵ – If the conducted power is within ±0.5 dB, all testing where the SAR value is less than 1.45 W/kg is reduced per KDB941225 D05 5) B) I) page 5.

Reduced⁶ – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Reduced⁷ – When the measured channel is less than 3 dB from the limit, the remaining channels are not required per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.3 page 14.



Table 10.4.4 Test Reduction Table – LTE

Table 10:4:4 Test Neddotton Table ETE									
Band/	Side	Required	Donalygialth	Madulation	RB	RB	Tested/		
Frequency (MHz)	Side	Test Channel	Bandwidth	Modulation	Allocation	Offset	Reduced		
		18700					Reduced ⁷		
		18900			50	25	Tested		
		19100					Reduced ⁷		
		18700			100		Reduced ¹		
		18900		ļ		0	Reduced ¹		
		19100 QPSK		Reduced ¹					
		18700		QFSK			Reduced ⁷		
		18900				0	Tested		
	Тор	19100	20 MHz		1		Reduced ⁷		
		18700					Reduced ²		
		18900				99	Reduced ²		
		19100					Reduced ²		
Band 4		18700					Reduced ³		
1710-1755 MHz		18900			50	25	Reduced ³		
		19100					Reduced ³		
		18700					Reduced ¹		
		18900			100	0	Reduced ¹		
		19100		16QAM			Reduced ¹		
		18700		100/11/1			Reduced ⁴		
		18900				0	Reduced ⁴		
		19100			1		Reduced ⁴		
		18700			'		Reduced ⁴		
		18900				99	Reduced ⁴		
		19100					Reduced ⁴ Reduced ⁵		
		All lower bandwidths (15 MHz, 10 MHz, 5 MHz, 3 MHz, 1.4 MHz)							
			All rema	ining sides			Reduced ⁶		

Reduced¹ - If the SAR value in the 50% RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the 100% RB testing is reduced per KDB941225 D05 3) A) I) page 4.

Reduced² – If the SAR value in the 1 RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 3) B) I) page 4. Reduced³ – If the SAR value in the 50% RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 4) A) I) page 4.

Reduced4 – If the SAR value in the 1 RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 4) B) I) page 5. Reduced⁵ - If the conducted power is within ±0.5 dB, all testing where the SAR value is less than 1.45 W/kg is reduced per KDB941225 D05 5) B) I)

page 5.

Reduced⁶ – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations

Reduced⁷ – When the measured channel is less than 3 dB from the limit, the remaining channels are not required per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.3 page 14.

Maximum power: 251.2 mW Closest Distance to Right: 115 mm Closest Distance to Bottom: 160 mm

The closest distance is from the right side. Therefore, if the right side is excluded the bottom side would also be excluded.

 $[\{[(3.0)/(\sqrt{1.755})]*50 \text{ mm}\}]+[\{115-50 \text{ mm}\}*10]=763 \text{ mW}$ which is greater than 251.2 mW



Table 10.4.5 Test Reduction Table - LTE

D 1/	_	Demind		action rab			Tootod/
Band/	Side	Required	Bandwidth	Modulation	RB	RB	Tested/
Frequency (MHz)	Side	Test Channel	Danawiatii	Woddiation	Allocation	Offset	Reduced
. , ,		20450					Reduced ⁷
		20525			25	12	Tested
		20600					Reduced ⁷
		20450					Reduced ¹
		20525			50	0	Reduced ¹
		20600		QPSK			Reduced ¹
		20450		QF3N			Reduced ⁷
		20525				0	Tested
		20600			1		Reduced ⁷
		20450			'		Reduced ²
		20525				24	Reduced ²
		20600	10 MHz				Reduced ²
	Back	20450	10 101112				Reduced ³
		20525			25	12	Reduced ³
		20600					Reduced ³
		20450		16QAM			Reduced ¹
		20525			50	0	Reduced ¹
		20600					Reduced ¹
		20450					Reduced ⁴
		20525			1	0	Reduced ⁴
		20600					Reduced ⁴
		20450					Reduced ⁴
		20525				24	Reduced ⁴
		20600	A !! !	1 1 1 1 (F MILL)			Reduced ⁴
Band 5		00450	All lowe	er bandwidths (5 MHz) I) 	1	Reduced ⁵
824-849 MHz		20450			25	12	Reduced ⁷
		20525					Tested
		20600			50	0	Reduced ⁷
		20450					Reduced ¹
		20525 20600				U	Reduced ¹ Reduced ¹
		20450		QPSK			Reduced ⁷
		20525				0	Tested
		20600				U	Reduced ⁷
		20450			1		Reduced ²
		20525				24	Reduced ²
		20600				24	Reduced ²
	Left	20450	10 MHz				Reduced ³
	Leit	20525			25	12	Reduced ³
		20600			25	12	Reduced ³
		20450					Reduced ¹
		20525			50	0	Reduced ¹
		20600			30	O	Reduced ¹
		20450		16QAM			Reduced ⁴
		20525				0	Reduced ⁴
		20600				U	Reduced ⁴
		20450			1	24	Reduced ⁴
		20525					Reduced ⁴
		20600				4 4	Reduced ⁴
		20000	All loves	r bandwidths (5 MHz)			Reduced ⁵

Reduced¹ – If the SAR value in the 50% RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the 100% RB testing is reduced per KDB941225 D05 3) A) I) page 4. Reduced² – If the SAR value in the 1 RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 3) B) I) page 4.

Maximum power: 251.2 mW Closest Distance to Right: 115 mm Closest Distance to Bottom: 160 mm

The closest distance is from the right side. Therefore, if the right side is excluded the bottom side would also be excluded.

 $[\{[(3.0)/(\sqrt{0.849})]*50 \text{ mm}\}+[\{115-50 \text{ mm}\}*10]=812 \text{ mW} \text{ which is greater than } 251.2 \text{ mW}$

Reduced³ – If the SAR value in the 50% RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 4) A) I) page 4.

Reduced* – If the SAR value in the 50% RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 4) A) I) page 4. Reduced* – If the SAR value in the 1 RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 4) B) I) page 5.

Reduced – If the conducted power is within ±0.5 dB, all testing where the SAR value is less than 1.45 W/kg is reduced per KDB941225 D05 4/ B) I) page 5.

page 5.

Reduced⁶ – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Reduced⁷ – When the measured channel is less than 3 dB from the limit, the remaining channels are not required per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.3 page 14.



Table 10.4.6 Test Reduction Table – LTE

		ubic 10.4.0	rest iteadotion rable ETE				
Band/		Required	5		RB	RB	Tested/
Frequency (MHz)	Side	Test Channel	Bandwidth	Modulation	Allocation	Offset	Reduced
		20450					Reduced ⁷
		20525			25	12	Tested
		20600					Reduced ⁷
		20450					Reduced ¹
		20525			50	0	Reduced ¹
		20600		QPSK			Reduced ¹
		20450		QFSK	1		Reduced ⁷
		20525				0	Tested
		20600	10 MHz				Reduced ⁷
		20450					Reduced ²
		20525				24	Reduced ²
		20600					Reduced ²
Band 5	Top	20450					Reduced ³
824-849 MHz		20525			25	12	Reduced ³
		20600					Reduced ³
		20450					Reduced ¹
		20525			50	0	Reduced ¹
		20600		16QAM			Reduced ¹
		20450		IOQAW			Reduced ⁴
		20525				0	Reduced ⁴
		20600			1		Reduced ⁴
		20450			ı		Reduced ⁴
		20525				24	Reduced ⁴
		20600					Reduced ⁴
			Reduced ⁵				
		·	All rema	ining sides			Reduced ⁶

Reduced¹ - If the SAR value in the 50% RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the 100% RB testing is reduced per KDB941225 D05 3) A) I) page 4.

Reduced² – If the SAR value in the 1 RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 3) B) I) page 4. Reduced³ – If the SAR value in the 50% RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 4) A) I) page 4.

Reduced4 – If the SAR value in the 1 RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 4) B) I) page 5. Reduced⁵ - If the conducted power is within ±0.5 dB, all testing where the SAR value is less than 1.45 W/kg is reduced per KDB941225 D05 5) B) I)

page 5.

Reduced⁶ – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations

Reduced⁷ – When the measured channel is less than 3 dB from the limit, the remaining channels are not required per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.3 page 14.

Maximum power: 251.2 mW Closest Distance to Right: 115 mm Closest Distance to Bottom: 160 mm

The closest distance is from the right side. Therefore, if the right side is excluded the bottom side would also be excluded.

 $[[(3.0)/(\sqrt{0.849})]*50 \text{ mm}]+[(115-50 \text{ mm})*10]=812 \text{ mW}$ which is greater than 251.2 mW



Table 10.4.7 Test Reduction Table - LTE

Rand/	Band/	Required			RB	RB	Tested/
	Side		Bandwidth	Modulation			
Frequency (MHz)		Test Channel			Allocation	Offset	Reduced
		23060					Reduced ⁷
		23095			25	12	Tested
		23129					Reduced ⁷
		23060					Reduced ¹
		23095			50	0	Reduced ¹
		23129		QPSK			Reduced ¹
		23060		QI SIX			Reduced ⁷
		23095				0	Tested
		23129			1		Reduced ⁷
		23060			•		Reduced ²
		23095				24	Reduced ²
		23129	10 MHz				Reduced ²
	Back	23060	10 101112				Reduced ³
		23095			25	12	Reduced ³
		23129					Reduced ³
		23060					Reduced ¹
		23095			50	0	Reduced ¹
		23129		16QAM			Reduced ¹
		23060		16QAM			Reduced ⁴
		23095				0	Reduced ⁴
		23129			1		Reduced ⁴
		23060					Reduced⁴
		23095				24	Reduced⁴
		23129					Reduced ⁴
Band 12			All lowe	r bandwidths (5 MHz)			Reduced ⁵
699-716 MHz		23060		QPSK	25	12	Reduced ⁷
		23095					Tested
		23129					Reduced ⁷
		23060			50		Reduced ¹
		23095				0	Reduced ¹
		23129					Reduced ¹
		23060		QFSK			Reduced ⁷
		23095				0	Tested
		23129			1		Reduced ⁷
		23060			ļ		Reduced ²
		23095				24	Reduced ²
		23129	10 MHz				Reduced ²
	Left	23060	TO IVITIZ				Reduced ³
		23095			25	12	Reduced ³
		23129					Reduced ³
		23060					Reduced ¹
		23095			50	0	Reduced ¹
		23129		16QAM			Reduced ¹
		23060		IOQAW			Reduced ⁴
		23095				0	Reduced ⁴
		23129			1	<u> </u>	Reduced ⁴
		23060			1		Reduced ⁴
		23095				24	Reduced ⁴
		23129					Reduced ⁴
			All lowe	er bandwidths (5 MHz)			Reduced ⁵

Reduced¹ – If the SAR value in the 50% RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the 100% RB testing is reduced per KDB941225 D05 3) A) I) page 4. Reduced² – If the SAR value in the 1 RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 3) B) I) page 4.

Maximum power: 251.2 mW Closest Distance to Right: 115 mm Closest Distance to Bottom: 160 mm

The closest distance is from the right side. Therefore, if the right side is excluded the bottom side would also be excluded.

[{[(3.0)/($\sqrt{0.716}$)]*50 mm}]+[{115-50 mm}*10]=827 mW which is greater than 251.2 mW

Reduced³ – If the SAR value in the 50% RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 4) A) I) page 4.

Reduced* – If the SAR value in the 50% RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 4) A) I) page 4. Reduced* – If the SAR value in the 1 RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 4) B) I) page 5.

Reduced⁵ - If the conducted power is within ±0.5 dB, all testing where the SAR value is less than 1.45 W/kg is reduced per KDB941225 D05 5) B) I)

page 5.

Reduced⁶ – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Reduced⁷ – When the measured channel is less than 3 dB from the limit, the remaining channels are not required per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.3 page 14.



Table 10.4.8 Test Reduction Table - LTE

14515 101110 1001 100401011 14510 212							
Band/	Cida	Required	Dan duvidala	Madulation	RB	RB	Tested/
Frequency (MHz)	Side	Test Channel	Bandwidth	Modulation	Allocation	Offset	Reduced
		23060					Reduced ⁷
		23095			25	12	Tested
		23129					Reduced ⁷
		23060			50		Reduced ¹
		23095				0	Reduced ¹
		23129		ODCK			Reduced ¹
		23060		QPSK			Reduced ⁷
		23095			1	0	Tested
		23129					Reduced ⁷
		23060	10 MHz		ı		Reduced ²
		23095				24	Reduced ²
		23129					Reduced ²
Band 12	Top	23060					Reduced ³
699-716 MHz		23095			25	12	Reduced ³
		23129					Reduced ³
		23060					Reduced ¹
		23095			50	0	Reduced ¹
		23129		400414			Reduced ¹
		23060		16QAM			Reduced ⁴
		23095				0	Reduced ⁴
		23129					Reduced ⁴
		23060			1		Reduced ⁴
		23095				24	Reduced ⁴
		23129					Reduced ⁴
				Reduced ⁵			
			All rema	ining sides			Reduced ⁶

Reduced¹ - If the SAR value in the 50% RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the 100% RB testing is reduced per KDB941225 D05 3) A) I) page 4.

Reduced² – If the SAR value in the 1 RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 3) B) I) page 4. Reduced³ – If the SAR value in the 50% RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 4) A) I) page 4.

Reduced4 – If the SAR value in the 1 RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 4) B) I) page 5. Reduced⁵ - If the conducted power is within ±0.5 dB, all testing where the SAR value is less than 1.45 W/kg is reduced per KDB941225 D05 5) B) I)

page 5.

Reduced⁶ – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations

Reduced7 - When the measured channel is less than 3 dB from the limit, the remaining channels are not required per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.3 page 14.

Maximum power: 251.2 mW Closest Distance to Right: 115 mm Closest Distance to Bottom: 160 mm

The closest distance is from the right side. Therefore, if the right side is excluded the bottom side would also be excluded.

 $[[(3.0)/(\sqrt{0.716})]*50 \text{ mm}]+[(115-50 \text{ mm})*10]=827 \text{ mW}$ which is greater than 251.2 mW



SAR Data Summary – 750 MHz Body – LTE Band 12

MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Gap	Plot	Position	Frequency		BW/				End Power	Measured SAR (W/kg)	Reported SAR (W/kg)
			MHz	Ch.	Wodulation	3126	Oliset	Target	(dBm)	SAIL (W/kg)	OAR (W/Rg)
		Back	707.5	23095	10 MHz/QPSK	1	24	0	24.00	0.288	0.29
			707.5	23095	10 MHz/QPSK	25	12	1	24.00	0.231	0.23
0	1	Left 7	707.5	23095	10 MHz/QPSK	1	24	0	24.00	0.616	0.62
mm		Leit	707.5	23095	10 MHz/QPSK	25	12	1	24.00	0.503	0.50
		Тор	707.5	23095	10 MHz/QPSK	1	24	0	24.00	0.290	0.29
			707.5	23095	10 MHz/QPSK	25	12	1	24.00	0.227	0.23

Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram

1	CAD	Measurement
1.	SAK	Measurement

Phantom Configuration Left Head SAR Configuration Head

- 2. Test Signal Call Mode Test Code
- 3. Test Configuration With Belt Clip
- 4. Tissue Depth is at least 15.0 cm

∑Eli4 ☐ Right Head

⊠Body

⊠Base Station Simulator

 $\overline{\ \ }$ Without Belt Clip $\overline{\ \ }$ N/A

lay M. Moulton

Jay M. Moulton Vice President



SAR Data Summary – 835 MHz Body - WCDMA

MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Gap	Plot	Frequency		Modulation	Position	End Power	RMC	Test Set Up	Measured SAR	Reported SAR
		MHz	Ch.			(dBm)			(W/kg)	(W/kg)
0		836.6	4183	WCDMA	Back	23.89	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.137	0.14
0 mm	2	836.6	4183	WCDMA	Left	23.89	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.572	0.59
		836.6	4183	WCDMA	Top	23.89	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.170	0.17

Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram

1.	SAR Measurement			
	Phantom Configuration	Left Head	⊠Eli4	Right Head
	SAR Configuration	Head	\boxtimes Body	
2.	Test Signal Call Mode	Test Code		ılator
3.	Test Configuration	☐With Belt Clip	☐Without Belt Clip	$\sum N/A$
4.	Tissue Depth is at least 15.0	cm		



SAR Data Summary – 835 MHz Body – LTE Band 5

MEA	MEASUREMENT RESULTS										
Gap	Plot	Position	Frequency		BW/ RB	RB	MPR	End Power	Measured SAR	Reported SAR	
-			MHz	Ch.	Modulation	Size	Offset	Target	(dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
		Back	836.5	20525	10 MHz/QPSK	1	24	0	23.94	0.119	0.12
		Back 836	836.5	20525	10 MHz/QPSK	25	12	1	23.91	0.103	0.11
0	3	Left 836.5	836.5	20525	10 MHz/QPSK	1	24	0	23.94	0.510	0.52
mm	mm	Leit	836.5	20525	10 MHz/QPSK	25	12	1	23.91	0.397	0.41
		Тор	836.5	20525	10 MHz/QPSK	1	24	0	23.94	0.165	0.17
		тор	836.5	20525	10 MHz/QPSK	25	12	1	23.91	0.132	0.14

Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram

1.	SAR Measurement			
	Phantom Configuration	Left Head	⊠Eli4	Right Head
	SAR Configuration	☐Head	⊠Body	
2.	Test Signal Call Mode	☐Test Code	⊠ Base Station Simulator	
3.	Test Configuration	■With Belt Clip	☐Without Belt Clip	⊠N/A
4.	Tissue Depth is at least 15	.0 cm		



SAR Data Summary – 1750 MHz Body - WCDMA

MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Gap	Plot	Freque	Frequency Re		Position	Position Power	RMC	Test Set Up	Measured SAR	Reported SAR
		MHz	Ch.	Modulation		(dBm)			(W/kg)	(W/kg)
		1732.6	1413	WCDMA	Back	23.90	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.723	0.74
•	4	1712.4	1312	WCDMA		23.88	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	1.24	1.28
0		1732.6	1413	WCDMA	Left	23.90	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	1.21	1.24
mm		1752.6	1513	WCDMA		23.95	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	1.14	1.15
		1732.6	1413	WCDMA	Тор	23.90	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.366	0.38
		1712.4	1312	WCDMA	Repeat	23.88	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	1.22	1.25

Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram

1.	SAR Measurement			
	Phantom Configuration	Left Head	⊠Eli4	Right Head
	SAR Configuration	Head	\boxtimes Body	
2.	Test Signal Call Mode	Test Code	⊠Base Station Si	mulator
3.	Test Configuration	With Belt Clip	Without Belt C	lip N/A
4.	Tissue Depth is at least 15.0	cm		



SAR Data Summary – 1750 MHz Body – LTE Band 4

MEA	MEASUREMENT RESULTS										
Gap	Plot	Position	Frequency		BW/	RB Size	RB Offset	MPR	End Power	Measured	Reported SAR (W/kg)
_			MHz	Ch.	Modulation	Size	Oliset	Target	(dBm)	SAR (W/kg)	(W/Kg)
		Back	1732.5	20175	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	23.56	0.626	0.69
		Баск	1732.5	20175	20 MHz/QPSK	50	24	1	22.00	0.511	0.64
	5	-	1720.0	20050	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	23.68	1.28	1.38
			1732.5	20175	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	23.56	1.15	1.27
			1745.0	20300	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	24.00	1.14	1.14
0		Left	1720.0	20050	20 MHz/QPSK	50	24	1	22.35	1.03	1.20
mm			1732.5	20175	20 MHz/QPSK	50	24	1	22.00	0.936	1.18
			1745.0	20300	20 MHz//QPSK	50	24	1	21.91	0.916	1.18
			1720.0	20050	20 MHz/QPSK	100	0	1	21.50	0.849	1.20
		T	1732.5	20175	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	23.56	0.293	0.32
		Тор	1732.5	20175	20 MHz/QPSK	50	24	1	22.00	0.238	0.30
		Repeat	1720.0	20050	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	23.68	1.25	1.35

Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram

1.	SAR Measurement			
	Phantom Configuration	Left Head	⊠Eli4	Right Head
	SAR Configuration	∐Head	⊠Body	
2.	Test Signal Call Mode	☐Test Code	⊠ Base Station Simulator	
3.	Test Configuration	☐With Belt Clip	☐Without Belt Clip	⊠N/A
4.	Tissue Depth is at least 15	.0 cm		



SAR Data Summary – 1900 MHz Body - WCDMA

MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Gap	Plot	Frequency		Rev Level/ Modulation	Position	End Power	RMC	Test Set Up	Measured SAR	Reported SAR
		MHz	Ch.	Wodulation		(dBm)			(W/kg)	(W/kg)
		1880.0	9400	WCDMA	Back	23.97	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.638	0.64
	6	1852.4	9262	WCDMA		23.92	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	1.04	1.06
0		1880.0	9400	WCDMA	Left	23.97	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	1.03	1.04
mm		1907.6	9538	WCDMA		23.95	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.935	0.95
		1880.0	9400	WCDMA	Тор	23.97	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.211	0.21
		1880.0	9400	WCDMA	Repeat	23.92	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	1.01	1.03

Body
1.6 W/kg (mW/g)
averaged over 1 gram

1.	SAR Measurement			
	Phantom Configuration	Left Head	⊠Eli4	Right Head
	SAR Configuration	Head	\boxtimes Body	
2.	Test Signal Call Mode	Test Code		ılator
3.	Test Configuration	☐With Belt Clip	☐Without Belt Clip	⊠N/A
4.	Tissue Depth is at least 15.0	cm		



SAR Data Summary – 1900 MHz Body – LTE Band 2

MEA	MEASUREMENT RESULTS										
Gap	Plot	Position	Frequency			RB		MPR	End Power	Measured SAR	Reported SAR
-			MHz	Ch.	Modulation	Size	Offset	Target	(dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
		Back	1880.0	18900	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	23.35	0.511	0.59
		Баск	1880.0	18900	20 MHz/QPSK	50	24	1	21.91	0.404	0.52
		_	1860.0	18700	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	23.33	0.736	0.86
	7		1880.0	18900	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	23.35	0.770	0.89
0		Left	1900.0	19100	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	23.43	0.721	0.82
mm			1880.0	18900	20 MHz/QPSK	50	24	1	21.91	0.609	0.78
			1880.0	18900	20 MHz/QPSK	100	0	1	21.52	0.539	0.76
		Ton	1880.0	18900	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	23.35	0.223	0.26
		Тор	1880.0	18900	20 MHz/QPSK	50	24	1	21.91	0.184	0.24
		Repeat	1880.0	18900	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	23.35	0.751	0.87

Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram

1.	SAR Measurement			
	Phantom Configuration	Left Head	⊠Eli4	Right Head
	SAR Configuration	Head	⊠Body	
2.	Test Signal Call Mode	☐Test Code	⊠ Base Station Simulator	
3.	Test Configuration	☐With Belt Clip	☐Without Belt Clip	$\sum N/A$
4.	Tissue Depth is at least 15	.0 cm		



SAR Data Summary – 2450 MHz Body 802.11b and Bluetooth

ME	MEASUREMENT RESULTS									
Gap	Plot	Position	Frequency		Modulation	Antenna	End Power	Measured SAR	Reported SAR	
Сар	1 100	1 03111011	MHz	Ch.	Woddiation	7 untomia	(dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	
		Back	2437	6	DSSS		20.50	0.379	0.38	
0		Right	2437	6	DSSS		20.50	0.135	0.14	
_		Bottom	2412	1	DSSS	Main	20.45	0.287	0.29	
mm	8		2437	6	DSSS		20.50	0.395	0.40	
			2462	11	DSSS		20.40	0.356	0.36	

Body
1.6 W/kg (mW/g)
averaged over 1 gram

1.	SAR Measurement			
	Phantom Configuration	Left Head	⊠Eli4	Right Head
	SAR Configuration	Head	\boxtimes Body	
2.	Test Signal Call Mode	⊠Test Code	Base Station Sim	ulator
3.	Test Configuration	☐With Belt Clip	☐Without Belt Clip	N/A
4.	Tissue Depth is at least 15.0	cm		



SAR Data Summary – 900 MHz Body RIU

ME	MEASUREMENT RESULTS								
Gap	Plot	Position	Frequency		Modulation	Antenna	End Power	Measured SAR	Reported SAR
Сар	Piot	Position	MHz	Ch.	Wiodulation	Antenna	(dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
		Back	956.3475	8			23.91	1.07	1.20
	9		952.425	69			23.96	1.11	1.23
		Left	956.3475	8			23.91	0.0431	0.05
0		Leit	952.425	69			23.96	0.0400	0.04
•		Dight	956.3475	8	FM	Main	23.91	0.0537	0.06
mm		Right	952.425	69			23.96	0.0449	0.05
		Top	956.3475	8			23.91	0.0549	0.06
		Тор	952.425	69			23.96	0.0507	0.06
		Repeat	952.425	69			23.96	1.09	1.21

Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram

1.	SAR Measurement			
	Phantom Configuration	Left Head	⊠Eli4	Right Head
	SAR Configuration	Head	\boxtimes Body	
2.	Test Signal Call Mode	⊠Test Code	Base Station Simulat	or
3.	Test Configuration	☐With Belt Clip	☐Without Belt Clip ☐	⊠N/A
4	T' D 41 1 41 41 15 0	•	•	

4. Tissue Depth is at least 15.0 cm



SAR Data Summary – Simultaneous Transmit (WWAN-WLAN Main)

MEAS	MEASUREMENT RESULTS								
Plot	Position	SAR (W/kg) WLAN		SAR (W/kg) WWAN	Total SAR (W/kg)				
	Left	0.40		1.38	1.78				
Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram									

The WWAN and WLAN Main antennas are a minimum of 178.75 mm apart. Using the highest reported SAR to calculate the simultaneous Tx using peak separation ratio, the highest ratio would be 0.01 which meets the requirements of KDB 447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.2 3) on page 13. The calculation is shown below.

Simultaneous Separation Ratio Calculation

 $(SAR_1 + SAR_2)^{1.5}/R_i \le 0.04$ rounded to two digits

 $(0.40 + 1.38)^{1.5}/178.75 = 0.01$

SAR Data Summary – Simultaneous Transmit (WWAN-BT Main)

MEAS	MEASUREMENT RESULTS								
Plot	Position	SAR (W/kg) BT	SAR (W/kg) WWAN	Total SAR (W/kg)					
	Left	0.10	1.38	1.48					
			Body 1.6 W/kg (n averaged over						

The BT SAR was calculated per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.2 b) 1). The formula is listed below.

[(max. power, mW)/(min. distance, mm)]*[$\sqrt{f_{(GHz)}}/x$], where x=7.5 for 1 gram SAR (4.7/10)*($\sqrt{2.48}/7.5$)=0.10

The sum of the two transmitters is less than the limit; therefore, the simultaneous transmission meets the requirements of KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.2 page 11.



SAR Data Summary – Simultaneous Transmit (RIU-WLAN Main)

MEASUREMENT RESULTS								
Plot	Position	SAR (W/kg) WLA	AN	SAR (W/kg) RIU	Total SAR (W/kg)			
	Left	0.40		1.23	1.63			
			Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram					

The RIU and WLAN Main antennas are a minimum of 162 mm apart. Using the highest reported SAR to calculate the simultaneous Tx using peak separation ratio, the highest ratio would be 0.01 which meets the requirements of KDB 447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.2 3) on page 13. The calculation is shown below.

Simultaneous Separation Ratio Calculation

 $(SAR_1 + SAR_2)^{1.5}/R_i \le 0.04$ rounded to two digits

 $(0.40 + 1.28)^{1.5}/162 = 0.01$

SAR Data Summary – Simultaneous Transmit (RIU-BT Main)

MEASUREMENT RESULTS								
Plot	Position	SAR (W/kg) BT	Г	SAR (W/kg) RIU	Total SAR (W/kg)			
	Left	0.10		1.23	1.33			
			Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram					

The BT SAR was calculated per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.2 b) 1). The formula is listed below.

[(max. power, mW)/(min. distance, mm)]*[$\sqrt{f_{(GHz)}}/x$], where x=7.5 for 1 gram SAR (4.7/10)*($\sqrt{2.48}/7.5$)=0.10

The sum of the two transmitters is less than the limit; therefore, the simultaneous transmission meets the requirements of KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.2 page 11.



11. Test Equipment List

Table 11.1 Equipment Specifications

Туре	Calibration Due Date	Calibration Done Date	Serial Number
Staubli Robot TX60L	N/A	N/A	F07/55M6A1/A/01
Measurement Controller CS8c	N/A	N/A	1012
ELI4 Flat Phantom	N/A	N/A	1065
ELI5 Flat Phantom	N/A	N/A	1251
Device Holder	N/A	N/A	N/A
Data Acquisition Electronics 4	04/13/2019	04/13/2018	1416
Data Acquisition Electronics 4	08/20/2019	08/20/2018	759
Data Acquisition Electronics 4	02/18/2021	02/18/2020	1217
SPEAG E-Field Probe EX3DV4	04/20/2019	04/20/2018	3662
SPEAG E-Field Probe EX3DV4	08/27/2019	08/27/2018	3693
SPEAG E-Field Probe EX3DV4	01/21/2021	01/21/2020	7530
Speag Validation Dipole D750V2	08/10/2018	08/10/2015	1053
Speag Validation Dipole D835V2	08/10/2018	08/10/2015	4d131
Speag Validation Dipole D900V2	07/13/2020	07/13/2018	1d044
Speag Validation Dipole D1750V2	08/13/2018	08/13/2015	1061
Speag Validation Dipole D1900V2	08/13/2018	08/13/2015	5d147
Speag Validation Dipole D2450V2	07/12/2019	07/12/2018	829
Agilent N1911A Power Meter	05/20/2019	03/20/2017	GB45100254
Agilent N1922A Power Sensor	06/21/2019	06/21/2017	MY45240464
Advantest R3261A Spectrum Analyzer	03/26/2019	03/20/2017	31720068
Agilent (HP) 8350B Signal Generator	03/26/2019	03/20/2017	2749A10226
Agilent (HP) 83525A RF Plug-In	03/26/2019	03/20/2017	2647A01172
Agilent (HP) 8753C Vector Network Analyzer	03/26/2019	03/20/2017	3135A01724
Agilent (HP) 85047A S-Parameter Test Set	03/26/2019	03/20/2017	2904A00595
Agilent (HP) 8960 Base Station Sim.	03/30/2019	03/30/2017	MY48360364
Anritsu MT8820C	07/27/2019	07/27/2017	6201176199
Agilent N1911A Power Meter	04/27/2021	04/27/2020	GB45100254
Agilent N1922A Power Sensor	04/27/2021	04/27/2020	MY45240464
Advantest R3261A Spectrum Analyzer	03/16/2021	03/16/2020	31720068
Agilent (HP) 8350B Signal Generator	03/16/2021	03/16/2020	2749A10226
Agilent (HP) 83525A RF Plug-In	03/16/2021	03/16/2020	2647A01172
Agilent (HP) 8753C Vector Network Analyzer	03/16/2021	03/16/2020	3135A01724
Agilent (HP) 85047A S-Parameter Test Set	03/17/2021	03/17/2020	2904A00595
Agilent (HP) 8960 Base Station Sim.	05/31/2021	05/31/2020	MY48360364
Anritsu MT8820C	04/27/2021	04/27/2020	6201176199
Aprel Dielectric Probe Assembly	N/A	N/A	0011
Body Equivalent Matter (750 MHz)	N/A	N/A	N/A
Body Equivalent Matter (835 MHz)	N/A	N/A	N/A
Body Equivalent Matter (1750 MHz)	N/A	N/A	N/A
Body Equivalent Matter (1900 MHz)	N/A	N/A	N/A
Body Equivalent Matter (2450 MHz)	N/A	N/A	N/A
Head Equivalent Matter (900 MHz)	N/A	N/A	N/A



12. Conclusion

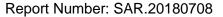
The SAR measurement indicates that the EUT complies with the RF radiation exposure limits of the FCC. These measurements are taken to simulate the RF effects exposure under worst-case conditions. Precise laboratory measures were taken to assure repeatability of the tests. The tested device complies with the requirements in respect to all parameters subject to the test. The test results and statements relate only to the item(s) tested.

Please note that the absorption and distribution of electromagnetic energy in the body is a very complex phenomena that depends on the mass, shape, and size of the body; the orientation of the body with respect to the field vectors; and, the electrical properties of both the body and the environment. Other variables that may play a substantial role in possible biological effects are those that characterize the environment (e.g. ambient temperature, air velocity, relative humidity, and body insulation) and those that characterize the individual (e.g. age, gender, activity level, debilitation, or disease). Because innumerable factors may interact to determine the specific biological outcome of an exposure to electromagnetic fields, any protection guide shall consider maximal amplification of biological effects as a result of field-body interactions, environmental conditions, and physiological variables.



13. References

- [1] Federal Communications Commission, ET Docket 93-62, Guidelines for Evaluating the Environmental Effects of Radio Frequency Radiation, August 1996
- [2] ANSI/IEEE C95.1 1992, American National Standard Safety Levels with respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 300kHz to 100GHz, New York: IEEE, 1992.
- [3] ANSI/IEEE C95.3 1992, IEEE Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields RF and Microwave, New York: IEEE, 1992.
- [4] International Electrotechnical Commission, IEC 62209-2 (Edition 1.0), Human Exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body mounted wireless communication devices Human models, instrumentation, and procedures Part 2: Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz), March 2010.
- [5] IEEE Standard 1528 2013, IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak-Spatial Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communication Devices: Measurement Techniques, June 2013.
- [6] Industry Canada, RSS 102 Issue 5, Radio Frequency Exposure Compliance of Radiocommunication Apparatus (All Frequency Bands), March 2015.
- [7] Health Canada, Safety Code 6, Limits of Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields in the Frequency Range from 3kHz to 300 GHz, 2009.





Appendix A – System Validation Plots and Data

```
Test Result for UIM Dielectric Parameter
Thu 28/Jun/2018
Freq Frequency(GHz)
FCC_eH Limits for Head Epsilon
FCC_sH Limits for Head Sigma
FCC_eB Limits for Body Epsilon
FCC_sB Limits for Body Sigma
Test_e Epsilon of UIM
Test_s Sigma of UIM
 ************
Freq FCC_eB FCC_sB Test_e Test_s 0.7000 55.73 0.96 55.72 0.97 0.7040 55.714 0.96 55.708 0.974* 0.7075 55.69 0.96 55.698 0.978* 0.7100 55.69 0.96 55.69 0.98 0.7110 55.686 0.96 55.687 0.98* 0.7200 55.65 0.96 55.66 0.98 0.7300 55.61 0.96 55.63 0.98 0.7400 55.57 0.96 55.63 0.98 0.7400 55.57 0.96 55.60 0.99 0.7500 55.53 0.96 55.57 0.99 0.7600 55.45 0.96 55.54 0.99 0.7700 55.45 0.96 55.50 1.00 0.7800 55.38 0.97 55.46 1.00 0.7900 55.38 0.97 55.42 1.00 0.8000 55.34 0.97 55.38 1.01
Freq FCC_eB FCC_sB Test_e Test_s
* value interpolated
 Test Result for UIM Dielectric Parameter
Thu 28/Jun/2018
Freq Frequency(GHz)
FCC_eH Limits for Head Epsilon
FCC_sH Limits for Head Sigma
FCC_eB Limits for Body Epsilon
FCC_sB Limits for Body Sigma
Test_e Epsilon of UIM
Test_s Sigma of UIM
*****************

    0.8850
    55.05
    1.03
    55.73
    1.03

    0.8950
    55.02
    1.04
    55.70
    1.04
```

^{*} value interpolated



```
*************
Test Result for UIM Dielectric Parameter
Tue 26/Jun/2018
Freq Frequency(GHz)
FCC_eH Limits for Head Epsilon
FCC_sH Limits for Head Sigma
FCC_eB Limits for Body Epsilon
FCC_sB Limits for Body Sigma
Test_e Epsilon of UIM
Test_s Sigma of UIM
*****************
                 FCC_eB FCC_sB Test_e Test_s 53.53 1.47 53.55 1.48
Freq
1.7100
                   53.525 1.47 53.543 1.482*
1.7124

      1.7200
      53.51
      1.47
      53.52
      1.49

      1.7300
      53.48
      1.48
      53.38
      1.50

      1.7325
      53.475
      1.48
      53.375
      1.503*

      1.7326
      53.475
      1.48
      53.375
      1.503*

      1.7400
      53.46
      1.48
      53.36
      1.51

      1.7450
      53.445
      1.485
      53.34
      1.515*

      1.7500
      53.43
      1.49
      53.32
      1.52

      1.7526
      53.425
      1.49
      53.315
      1.523*

      1.7600
      53.41
      1.49
      53.30
      1.53

      1.7700
      53.38
      1.50
      53.27
      1.55

      1.7800
      53.35
      1.51
      53.23
      1.55

1.7200
                   53.51 1.47 53.52 1.49
* value interpolated
Test Result for UIM Dielectric Parameter
Wed 27/Jun/2018
Freq Frequency(GHz)
FCC_eH Limits for Head Epsilon
FCC_sH Limits for Head Sigma
FCC_eB Limits for Body Epsilon
FCC_sB Limits for Body Sigma
Test_e Epsilon of UIM
Test_s Sigma of UIM
*****************
             FCC_eB FCC_sB Test_e Test_s
53.30 1.52 52.04 1.43
53.30 1.52 52.03 1.44
53.30 1.52 52.03 1.44*
Freq
1.8400
1.8500
1.8524
1.8600
1.8700
                   53.30 1.52 52.03 1.44
                  53.30 1.52 52.14 1.45
53.30 1.52 52.10 1.45
53.30 1.52 52.17 1.46
53.30 1.52 52.07 1.47
1.8800
1.8900
1.9000
1.9076 53.30 1.52 52.108 1.493*
1.9100 53.30 1.52 52.12 1.50
1.9200 53.30 1.52 52.00 1.50
```

^{*} value interpolated



```
*************
Test Result for UIM Dielectric Parameter
Wed 10/Oct/2018
Freq Frequency(GHz)
FCC_eH Limits for Head Epsilon
FCC_sH Limits for Head Sigma
FCC_eB Limits for Body Epsilon
FCC_sB Limits for Body Sigma
Test_e Epsilon of UIM
Test_s Sigma of UIM
 ************
              FCC_eB FCC_sB Test_e Test_s 52.75 1.91 52.71 1.92
Freq
2.4100
2.4120
                52.742 1.918 52.706 1.922*
2.4200
                52.74 1.92 52.69 1.93
2.4200
2.4300
2.4370
2.4400
2.4500
2.4600
                52.73 1.93 52.68 1.94

      2.4300
      52.73
      1.93
      52.68
      1.94

      2.4370
      52.716
      1.937
      52.666
      1.947*

      2.4400
      52.71
      1.94
      52.66
      1.95

      2.4500
      52.70
      1.95
      52.64
      1.96

      2.4600
      52.69
      1.96
      52.63
      1.98

      2.4620
      52.687
      1.963
      52.626
      1.982*

      2.4700
      52.67
      1.98
      52.61
      1.99

      2.4800
      52.66
      1.99
      52.60
      2.00

* value interpolated
 ***************
Test Result for UIM Dielectric Parameter
Thu 04/Jun/2020
Freq Frequency(GHz)
eH Limits for Head Epsilon
sH Limits for Head Sigma
Test_e Epsilon of UIM
Test_s Sigma of UIM
******************
```

^{*} value interpolated



RF Exposure Lab

Plot 1

DUT: Dipole 750 MHz D750V3; Type: D750V3; Serial: D750V3 - SN:1053

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL750; Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz; σ = 0.99 S/m; ϵ_r = 55.57; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 6/28/2018; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3662; ConvF(9.62, 9.62, 9.62); Calibrated: 4/20/2018;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/13/2018 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1065

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

Procedure Notes:

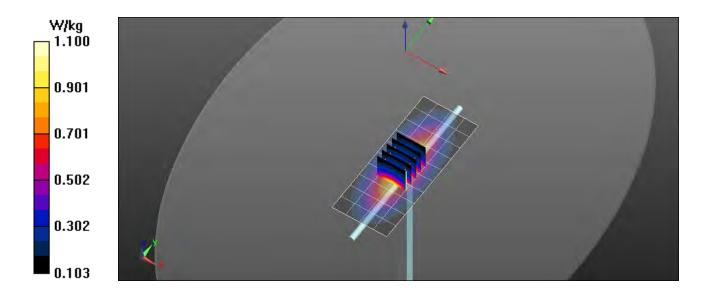
750 MHz/Verification/Area Scan (5x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.08 W/kg

750 MHz/Verification/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

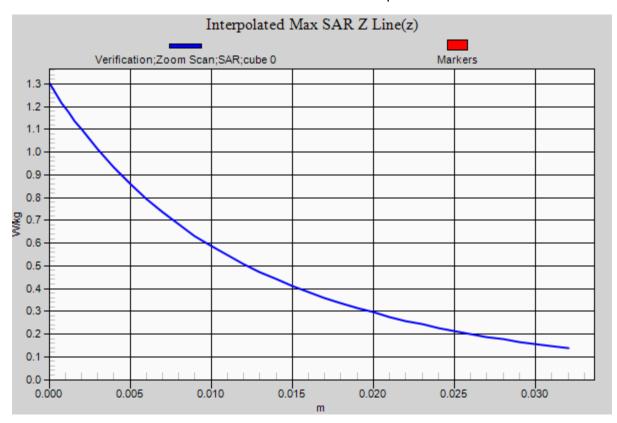
Reference Value = 31.227 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.30 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.865 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.569 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.10 W/kg









RF Exposure Lab

Plot 2

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz D835V2; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:4d131

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL835; Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.99 S/m; ϵ_r = 55.91; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 6/28/2018; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3662; ConvF(9.21, 9.21, 9.21); Calibrated: 4/20/2018;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/13/2018 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1065

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

Procedure Notes:

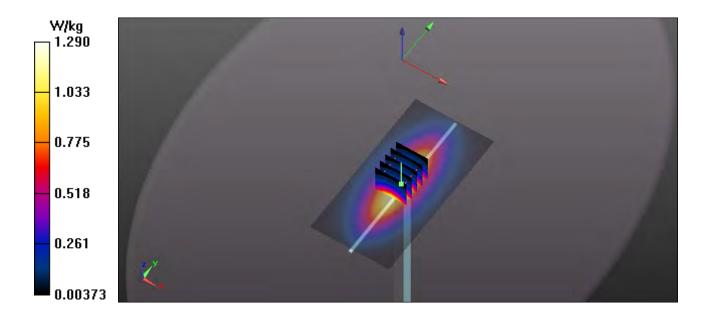
835 MHz Body/Verification/Area Scan (81x161x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.29 W/kg

835 MHz Body/Verification/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

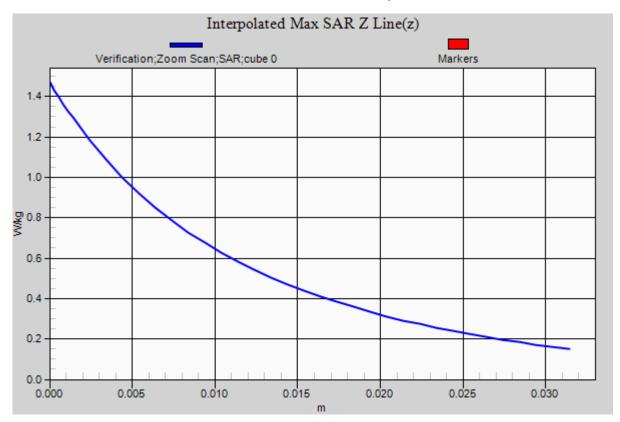
Reference Value = 52.612 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.47 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.953 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.632 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.29 W/kg









RF Exposure Lab

Plot 3

DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz D1750V2; Type: D1750V2; Serial: D1750V2 - SN:1061

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL1750; Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; $\sigma = 1.52 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.32$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 6/26/2018; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3662; ConvF(7.96, 7.96, 7.96); Calibrated: 4/20/2018;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/13/2018 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1065

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

Procedure Notes:

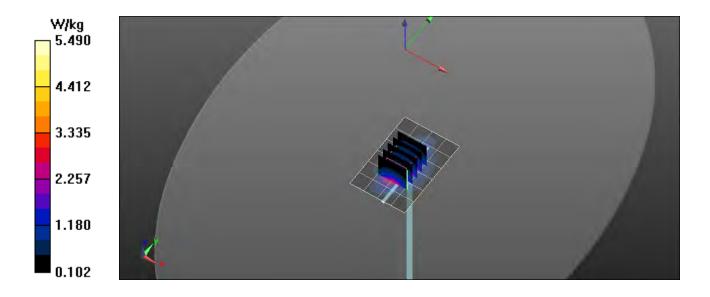
1750 MHz/Verification/Area Scan (5x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.33 W/kg

1750 MHz/Verification/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

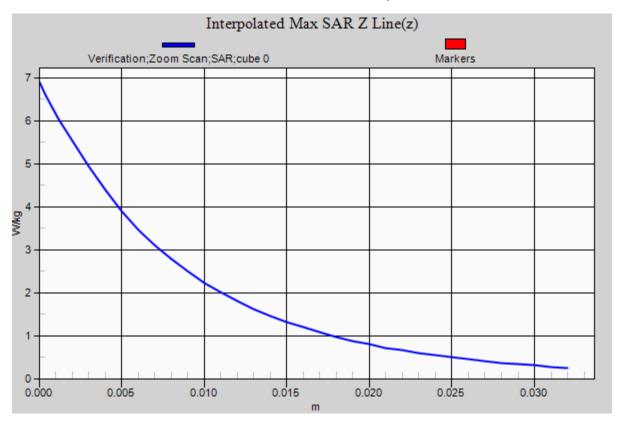
Reference Value = 31.227 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.89 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 3.85 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.03 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.49 W/kg









RF Exposure Lab

Plot 4

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz D1900V2; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d147

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL1900; Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.47 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.07$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 6/27/2018; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3662: ConvF(7.61, 7.61); Calibrated: 4/20/2018:

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/13/2018 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1065

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

Procedure Notes:

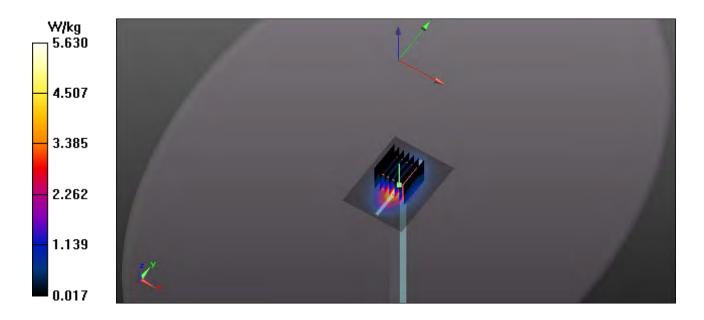
1900 MHz Body/Verification/Area Scan (61x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 5.63 W/kg

1900 MHz Body/Verification/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

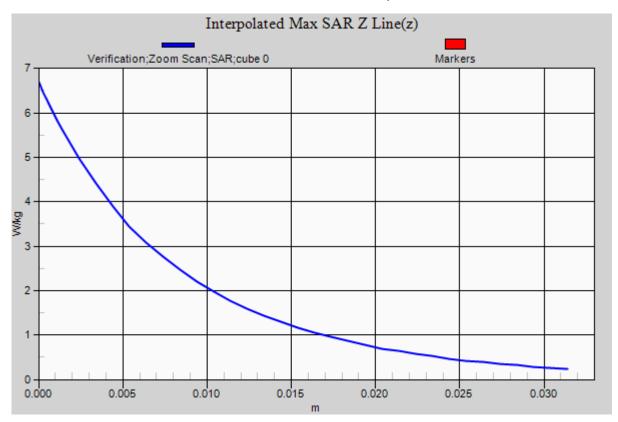
Reference Value = 52.612 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.68 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 3.98 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.92 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.63 W/kg









RF Exposure Lab

Plot 5

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz D2450V2; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:881

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL2450; Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.96 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.64$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 10/10/2018; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3693; ConvF(7.29, 7.29, 7.29); Calibrated: 8/27/2018;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn759; Calibrated: 8/10/2018 Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: 1251

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

Procedure Notes:

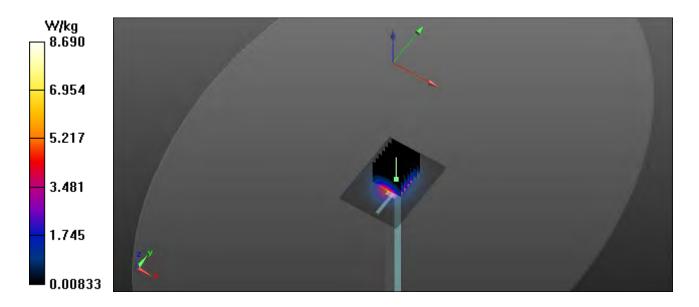
2450 MHz Body/Verification/Area Scan (61x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 8.68 W/kg

2450 MHz Body/Verification/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

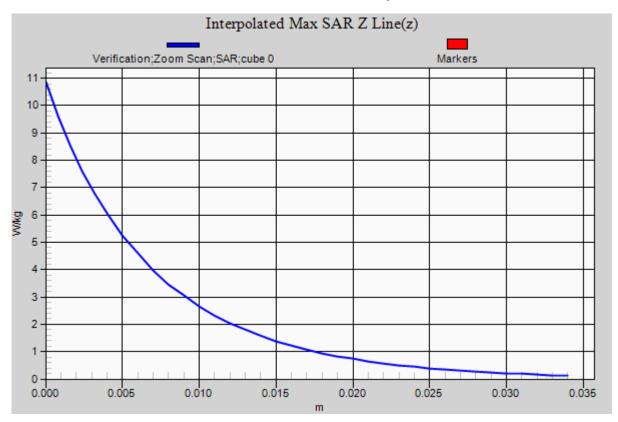
Reference Value = 55.751 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 10.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 5.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.4 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.91 W/kg









RF Exposure Lab

Plot 6

DUT: Dipole 900 MHz D900V2; Type: D900V2; Serial: D900V2 - SN: 1d044

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL900; Medium parameters used: f = 900 MHz; σ = 0.99 S/m; ε_r = 40.77; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 6/4/2020; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7530; ConvF(10.14, 10.14, 10.14); Calibrated: 1/21/2020;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1217; Calibrated: 2/18/2020 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1065

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

Procedure Notes:

900 MHz Body/Verification/Area Scan (41x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.925 W/kg

900 MHz Body/Verification/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

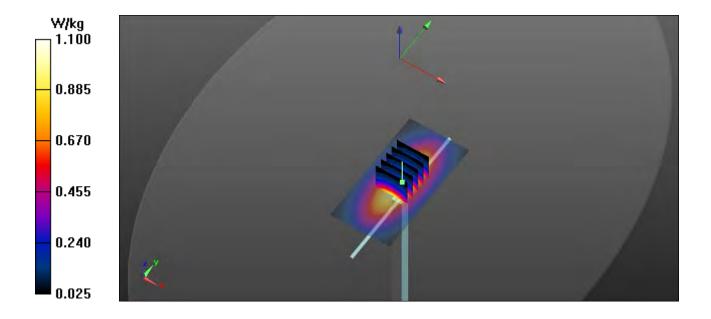
Reference Value = 35.861 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.41 W/kg

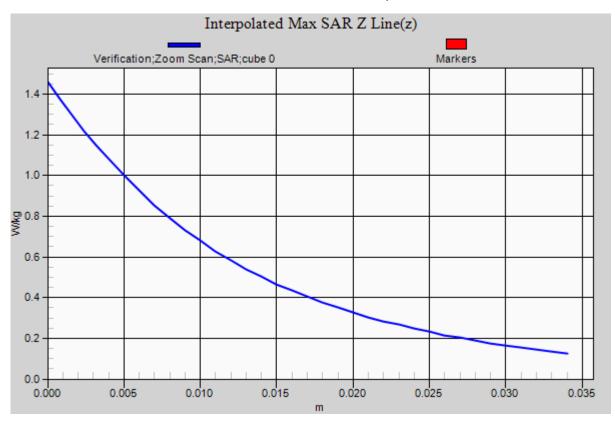
SAR(1 g) = 1.11 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.709 W/kg

P_{IN}=100 mW

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.10 W/kg









Appendix B – SAR Test Data Plots



RF Exposure Lab

Plot 1

DUT: AG3; Type: Handheld Computer; Serial: AG3102

Communication System: LTE (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK); Frequency: 707.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL750; Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 707.5 MHz; σ = 0.978 S/m; ϵ_r = 55.698; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 6/28/2018; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3662; ConvF(9.8, 9.8, 9.8); Calibrated: 4/20/2018;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/13/2018 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1065

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

Procedure Notes:

Band 12 LTE/Left 1 RB Mid/Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.670 W/kg

Band 12 LTE/Left 1 RB Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

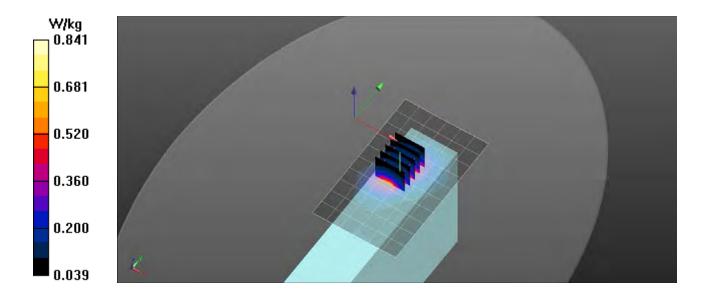
Reference Value = 10.32 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.06 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.616 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.353 W/kg

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.841 W/kg





RF Exposure Lab

Plot 2

DUT: AG3: Type: Handheld Computer; Serial: AG3102

Communication System: UMTS (WCDMA); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL835; Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.99 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 55.902$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 6/28/2018; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3662; ConvF(9.21, 9.21, 9.21); Calibrated: 4/20/2018;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/13/2018 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1065

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

Procedure Notes:

Band 5 UMTS/Left Mid/Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.741 W/kg

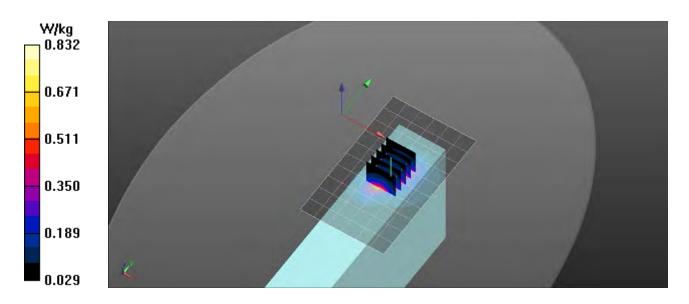
Band 5 UMTS/Left Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.756 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.05 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.572 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.306 W/kg

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.832 W/kg





RF Exposure Lab

Plot 3

DUT: AG3; Type: Handheld Computer; Serial: AG3102

Communication System: LTE (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK); Frequency: 836.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL835; Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.5 MHz; σ = 0.991 S/m; ϵ_r = 55.905; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 6/28/2018; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3662; ConvF(9.21, 9.21, 9.21); Calibrated: 4/20/2018;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/13/2018 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1065

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

Procedure Notes:

Band 5 LTE/Left 1 RB Mid/Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.708 W/kg

Band 5 LTE/Left 1 RB Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

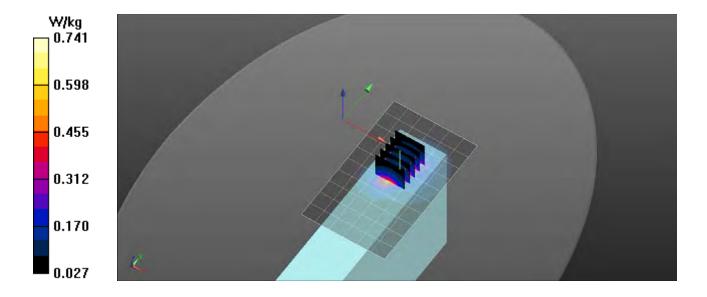
Reference Value = 7.001 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.922 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.510 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.275 W/kg

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.741 W/kg





RF Exposure Lab

Plot 4

DUT: AG3; Type: Handheld Computer; Serial: AG3102

Communication System: UMTS (WCDMA); Frequency: 1712.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL1750; Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1712.4 MHz; $\sigma = 1.482$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.543$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 6/27/2018; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3662; ConvF(7.96, 7.96, 7.96); Calibrated: 4/20/2018;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/13/2018 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1065

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

Procedure Notes:

Band 4 UMTS/Left Low/Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.62 W/kg

Band 4 UMTS/Left Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

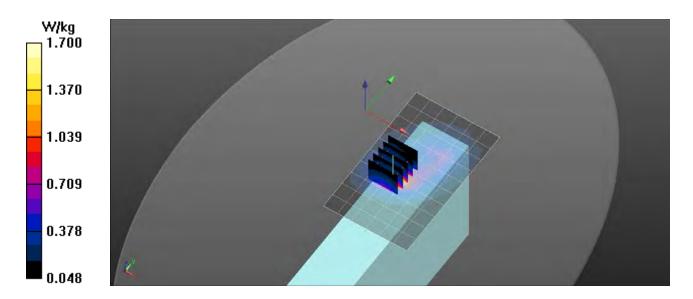
Reference Value = 5.227 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.19 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.24 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.680 W/kg

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.70 W/kg





RF Exposure Lab

Plot 5

DUT: AG3; Type: Handheld Computer; Serial: AG3102

Communication System: LTE (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK); Frequency: 1720 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL1750; Medium parameters used: f = 1720 MHz; σ = 1.49 S/m; ϵ_r = 53.52; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 6/26/2018; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3662; ConvF(7.96, 7.96, 7.96); Calibrated: 4/20/2018;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/13/2018 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1065

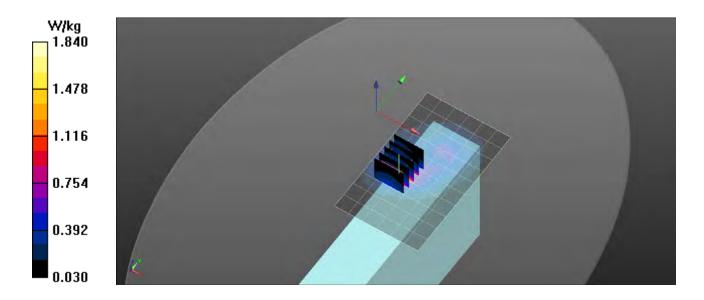
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

Procedure Notes:

Band 4 LTE/Left 1 RB Low/Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.79 W/kg

Band 4 LTE/Left 1 RB Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 4.343 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.31 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 1.28 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.687 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.84 W/kg





RF Exposure Lab

Plot 6

DUT: AG3; Type: Handheld Computer; Serial: AG3102

Communication System: UMTS (WCDMA); Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL1900; Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1852.4 MHz; $\sigma = 1.44 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.03$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 6/27/2018; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3662; ConvF(7.61, 7.61, 7.61); Calibrated: 4/20/2018;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/13/2018 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1065

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

Procedure Notes:

Band 2 UMTS/Left Low/Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.34 W/kg

Band 2 UMTS/Left Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

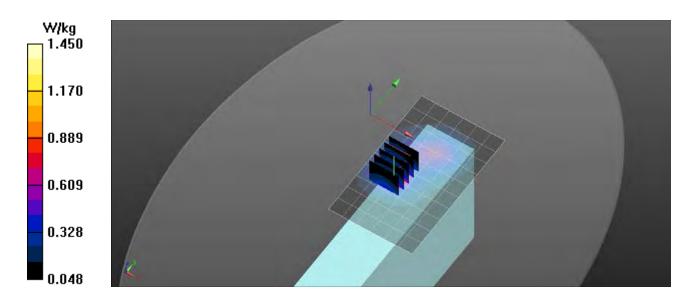
Reference Value = 4.805 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.83 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.04 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.576 W/kg

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.45 W/kg





RF Exposure Lab

Plot 7

DUT: AG3; Type: Handheld Computer; Serial: AG3102

Communication System: LTE (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL1900; Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.45 S/m; ϵ_r = 52.1; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 6/27/2018; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3662; ConvF(7.61, 7.61, 7.61); Calibrated: 4/20/2018;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/13/2018 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1065

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

Procedure Notes:

Band 2 LTE/Left 1 RB Mid/Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.04 W/kg

Band 2 LTE/Left 1 RB Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.058 V/m; Power Drift = -0.047 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.34 W/kg

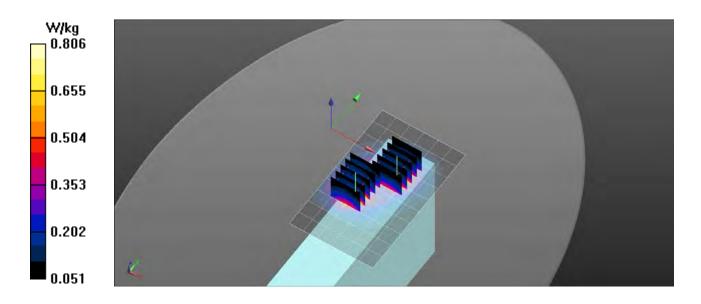
SAR(1 g) = 0.770 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.433 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.01 W/kg

Band 2 LTE/Left 1 RB Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.058 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.00 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.607 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.365 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.806 W/kg





RF Exposure Lab

Plot 8

DUT: AG3; Type: Handheld Computer; Serial: AG3102

Communication System: WiFi 802.11b (DSSS, 1 Mbps); Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL2450; Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2437 MHz; $\sigma = 1.947$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.666$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 10/10/2018; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3693; ConvF(7.29, 7.29, 7.29); Calibrated: 8/27/2018;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn759; Calibrated: 8/20/2018 Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: 1251

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

Procedure Notes:

2450 MHz/Bottom End Mid/Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.534 W/kg

2450 MHz/Bottom End Mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

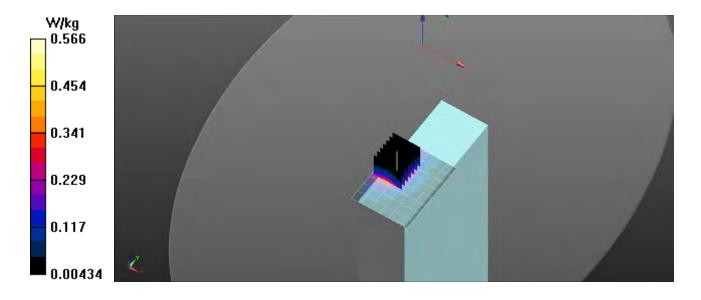
Reference Value = 8.012 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.742 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.395 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.203 W/kg

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.566 W/kg





RF Exposure Lab

Plot 9

DUT: AG3; Type: Handheld Computer; Serial: 272323

Communication System: FM; Frequency: 952.425 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL900; Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 952.425 MHz; $\sigma = 1.03 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.695$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 6/4/2020; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7530; ConvF(10.14, 10.14, 10.14); Calibrated: 1/21/2020

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1217; Calibrated: 2/18/2020 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1065

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

Procedure Notes:

900 MHz/Back 952 MHz US Sec Mid/Area Scan (11x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.28 W/kg

900 MHz/Back 952 MHz US Sec Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

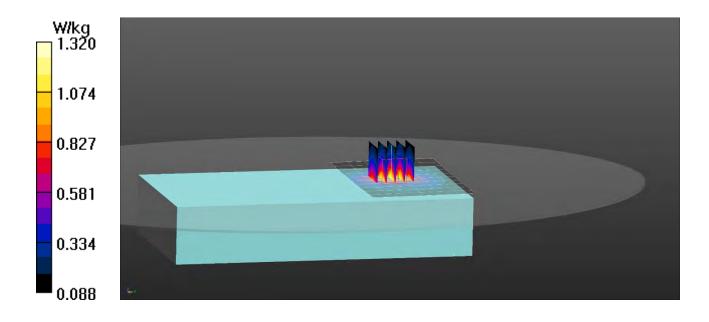
Reference Value = 6.917 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.47 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.11 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.732 W/kg

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.32 W/kg





Appendix C – SAR Test Setup Photos



Test Position Back 0 mm Gap





Test Position Left 0 mm Gap





Test Position Right 0 mm Gap





Test Position Top 0 mm Gap





Test Position Bottom 0 mm Gap





Antenna Locations





Front of Device





Back of Device





Battery



Appendix D – Probe Calibration Data Sheets



Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner

Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

Calibrated by:

Approved by:

Certificate No: EX3-3662_Apr18

RF Exposure Lab

Certificate No: EX3-3662_Apr18

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

EX3DV4 - SN:3662 Object

QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-14.v4, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6 Calibration procedure(s)

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

April 20, 2018 Calibration date:

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672/02673)	Apr-19
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672)	Apr-19
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02673)	Apr-19
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02682)	Apr-19
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-17 (No. ES3-3013_Dec17)	Dec-18
DAE4	SN: 660	21-Dec-17 (No. DAE4-660_Dec17)	Dec-18
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-16)	In house check: Jun-18
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-16)	In house check: Jun-18
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-16)	In house check: Jun-18
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-16)	In house check: Jun-18
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	SN: US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-18

Function Name

> **Laboratory Technician** Leif Klysner

Technical Manager Katja Pokovic

Issued: April 20, 2018

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Page 1 of 11

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

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Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal A, B, C, D modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization φ φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9 9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, ", "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Certificate No: EX3-3662_Apr18 Page 2 of 11

April 20, 2018 EX3DV4 - SN:3662

Probe EX3DV4

SN:3662

Calibrated:

Manufactured: October 20, 2008 April 20, 2018

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

EX3DV4- SN:3662 April 20, 2018

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3662

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)^A$	0.44	0.45	0.48	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ^B	102.6	97.6	96.4	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	С	D dB	VR mV	Unc ^E (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	136.8	±3.3 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		132.2	
· · ·		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		148.8	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

^A The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

EX3DV4- SN:3662 April 20, 2018

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3662

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unc (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	9.80	9.80	9.80	0.43	0.90	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	9.29	9.29	9.29	0.40	0.91	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	8.29	8.29	8.29	0.29	0.84	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	8.01	8.01	8.01	0.37	0.80	± 12.0 %
2300	39.5	1.67	7.71	7.71	7.71	0.35	0.80	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	7.39	7.39	7.39	0.28	0.91	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	7.14	7.14	7.14	0.36	0.85	± 12.0 %
3500	37.9	2.91	7.08	7.08	7.08	0.25	1.20	± 13.1 %
3700	37.7	3.12	6.99	6.99	6.99	0.25	1.20	± 13.1 %
5250	35.9	4.71	5.04	5.04	5.04	0.35	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.81	4.81	4.81	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5750	35.4	5.22	4.89	4.89	4.89	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %

 $^{^{\}rm C}$ Frequency validity above 300 MHz of \pm 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to \pm 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is \pm 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to \pm 110 MHz.

F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to \pm 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to \pm 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

Galpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

EX3DV4- SN:3662 April 20, 2018

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3662

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unc (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	9.62	9.62	9.62	0.37	0.98	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	9.21	9.21	9.21	0.44	0.84	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	7.96	7.96	7.96	0.45	0.80	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	7.61	7.61	7.61	0.44	0.80	± 12.0 %
2300	52.9	1.81	7.33	7.33	7.33	0.41	0.80	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	7.29	7.29	7.29	0.36	0.87	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.16	7.15	7.15	7.15	0.26	0.99	± 12.0 %
3500	51.3	3.31	7.00	7.00	7.00	0.25	1.20	± 13.1 %
3700	51.0	3.55	6.71	6.71	6.71	0.23	1.20	± 13.1 %
5250	48.9	5.36	4.46	4.46	4.46	0.45	1.90	± 13.1 %
5600	48.5	5.77	3.91	3.91	3.91	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5750	48.3	5.94	4.08	4.08	4.08	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %

 $^{^{\}rm C}$ Frequency validity above 300 MHz of \pm 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to \pm 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is \pm 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to \pm 110 MHz.

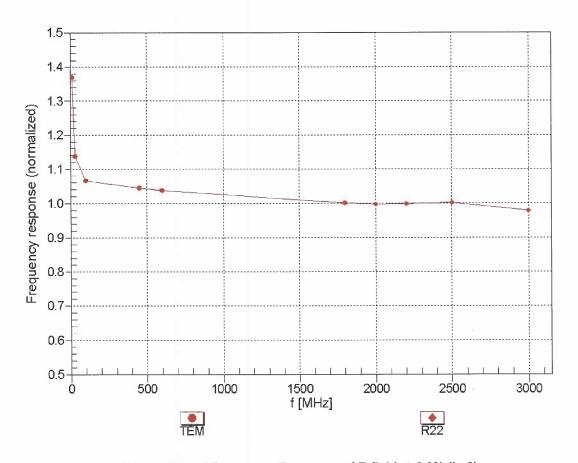
F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to \pm 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to \pm 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConyF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

Frequency Response of E-Field

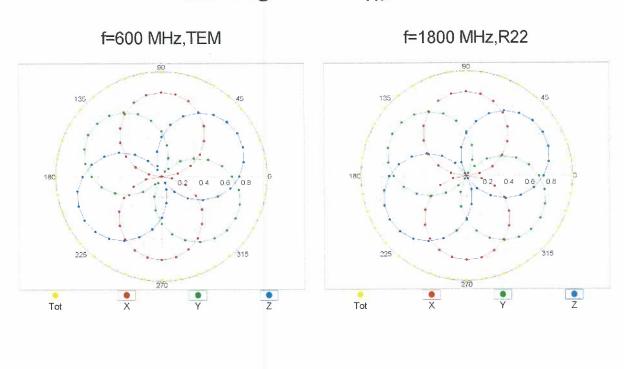
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

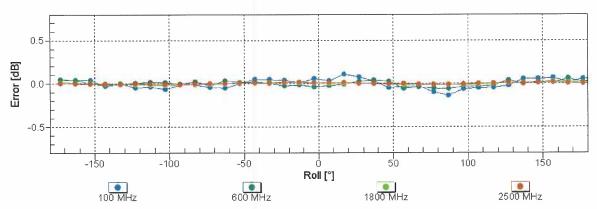


Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

April 20, 2018

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\theta = 0^{\circ}$

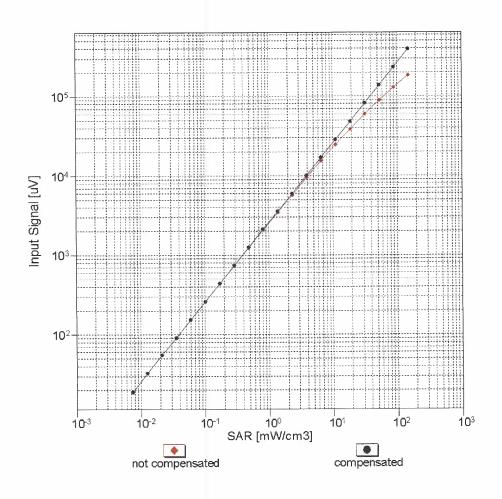


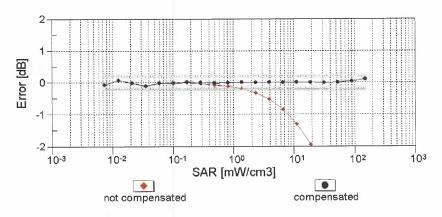


Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

EX3DV4-SN:3662

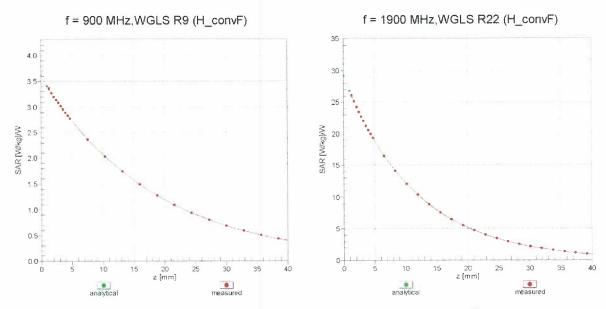
Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell , f_{eval}= 1900 MHz)





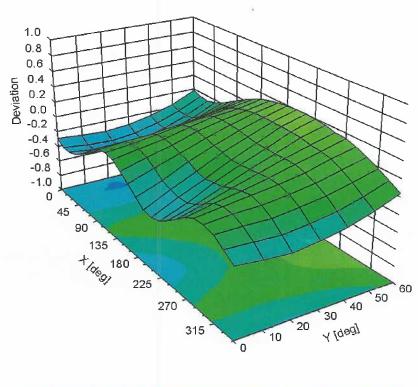
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid

Error (ϕ, ϑ) , f = 900 MHz



EX3DV4- SN:3662 April 20, 2018

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3662

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	-22.9
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

RF Exposure Lab

Certificate No: EX3-3693_Aug18

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

EX3DV4 - SN:3693

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-14.v4, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date:

August 27, 2018

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672/02673)	Apr-19
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672)	Apr-19
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02673)	Apr-19
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02682)	Apr-19
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-17 (No. ES3-3013_Dec17)	Dec-18
DAE4	SN: 660	21-Dec-17 (No. DAE4-660_Dec17)	Dec-18
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20
Network Analyzer E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-18

Calibrated by:

Name
Function
Signature

Laboratory Technician

Approved by:

Katja Pokovic
Technical Manager

Issued: August 30, 2018

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal A, B, C, D modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization φ φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9 9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, ", "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide).
 NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is
 implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included
 in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Probe EX3DV4

SN:3693

Manufactured: April 22, 2009

Calibrated: August 27, 2018

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

EX3DV4-SN:3693

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3693

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)^A$	0.39	0.30	0.35	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ^B	96.9	97.3	107.3	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	С	D dB	VR mV	Unc [⊨] (k=2)
0	CW	Х	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	133.1	±1.7 %
		Υ	0.0	0.0	1.0		130.6	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		133.5	

Note: For details on UID parameters see Appendix.

Sensor Model Parameters

	C1 fF	C2 fF	α V ⁻¹	T1 ms.V ⁻²	T2 ms.V ⁻¹	T3 ms	T4 V ⁻²	T5 V ⁻¹	T6
X	32.78	256.2	38.66	10.42	1.187	5.061	0.000	0.479	1.010
Υ	38.15	291.7	37.34	12.40	1.152	4.996	0.986	0.358	1.004
Z	26.99	197.7	34.43	5.333	0.521	5.037	0.437	0.333	1.004

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

A The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3693

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

, , , , , , ,	Relative	Conductivity				T	Depth ^G	Unc
f (MHz) ^C	Permittivity ^F	(S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	(mm)	(k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	9.64	9.64	9.64	0.55	0.84	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	9.37	9.37	9.37	0.37	0.97	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	9.16	9.16	9.16	0.53	0.80	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	8.10	8.10	8.10	0.31	0.86	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	7.78	7.78	7.78	0.28	0.90	± 12.0 %
2300	39.5	1.67	7.42	7.42	7.42	0.32	0.92	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	6.95	6.95	6.95	0.35	0.92	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	6.90	6.90	6.90	0.30	0.99	± 12.0 %
5250	35.9	4.71	4.96	4.96	4.96	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.77	4.77	4.77	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5750	35.4	5.22	4.67	4.67	4.67	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %

^c Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency

Certificate No: EX3-3693_Aug18

validity can be extended to \pm 110 MHz. F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to \pm 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to \pm 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

Galpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is

always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3693

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^c	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unc (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	9.77	9.77	9.77	0.46	0.85	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	9.40	9.40	9.40	0.43	0.89	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	9.25	9.25	9.25	0.39	0.93	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	7.77	7.77	7.77	0.32	0.89	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	7.44	7.44	7.44	0.40	0.93	± 12.0 %
2300	52.9	1.81	7.43	7.43	7.43	0.40	0.90	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	7.29	7.29	7.29	0.31	0.95	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.16	7.13	7.13	7.13	0.29	1.05	± 12.0 %
5250	48.9	5.36	4.46	4.46	4.46	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5600	48.5	5.77	3.91	3.91	3.91	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5750	48.3	5.94	4.05	4.05	4.05	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %

^c Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

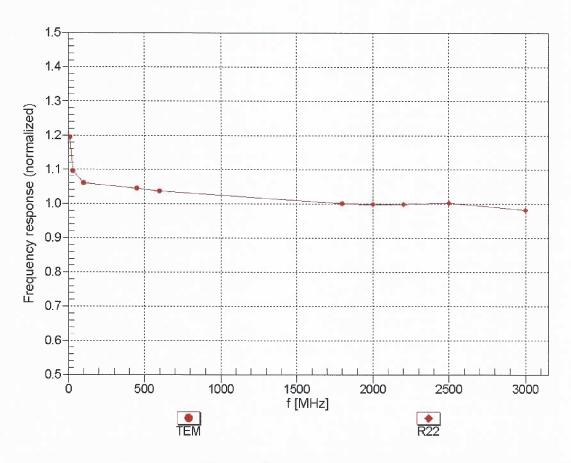
validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvE uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

Galpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

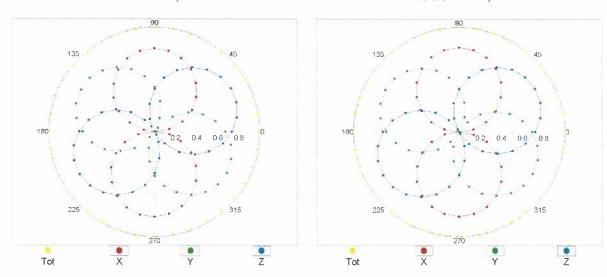


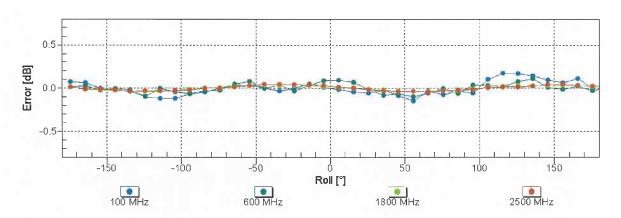
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$

f=600 MHz,TEM

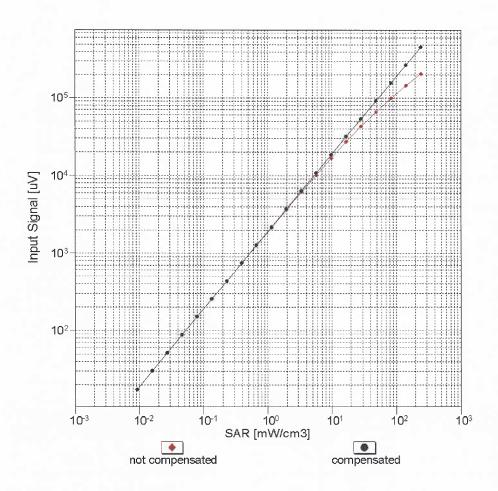
f=1800 MHz,R22

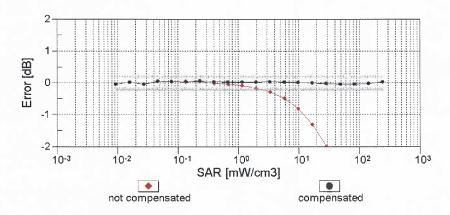




Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

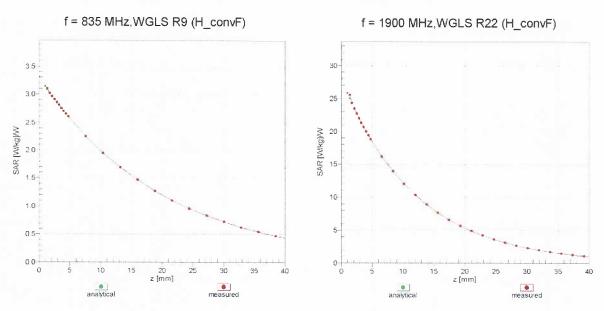
Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell , f_{eval}= 1900 MHz)





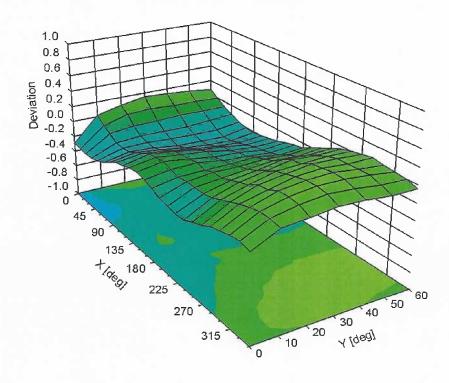
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

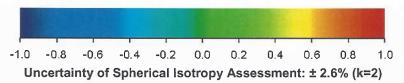
Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid

Error (ϕ, ϑ) , f = 900 MHz





DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3693

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	105.7
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

Appendix: Modulation Calibration Parameters

ÜİD	Communication System Name		A dB	B dBõV	С	D dB	VR mV	Max Unc ^E (k=2)
0	CW	Х	0.00	0.00	1,00	0.00	133.1	± 1.7 %
		Υ	0.00	0.00	1.00		130.6	
		Ζ	0.00	0.00	1.00		133.5	
10010- CAA	SAR Validation (Square, 100ms, 10ms)	Х	2.51	65.57	10.47	10.00	20.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	2.40	65.09	10.16		20.0	
		Ζ	1.89	63.20	8.39		20.0	
10011- CAB	UMTS-FDD (WCDMA)	Х	0.91	68.37	14.94	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	1.35	74.07	18.63		150.0	
		Z	0.82	66.98	14.05		150.0	
10012- CAB	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps)	Х	1.06	64.24	15.41	0.41	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	1.17	65.38	16.46		150.0	
		Z	1.03	63.69	14.73		150.0	
10013- CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS- OFDM, 6 Mbps)	X	4.62	66.97	17.24	1.46	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	4.73	66.91	17.24		150.0	
		Z	4.44	66.96	16.86		150.0	
10021- DAC	GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK)	Х	100.00	113.69	27.59	9.39	50.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	15.92	88.65	20.46		50.0	
		Ζ	100.00	107.55	24.08		50.0	
10023- DAC	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0)	Х	100.00	113.26	27.45	9.57	50.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	10.59	83.36	18.82		50.0	L
		Z	35.50	95.64	21.13		50.0	
10024- DAC	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1)	X	100.00	110.83	25.00	6.56	60.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	100.00	107.89	23.67		60.0	
		Z	100.00	105.51	21.87		60.0	
10025- DAC	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0)	Х	3.94	66.80	23.64	12.57	50.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	4.42	70.18	25.25		50.0	
	The state of the s	Z	3.29	63.55	21.61		50.0	
10026- DAC	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0-1)	Х	8.10	88.70	31.28	9.56	60.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	8.90	90.14	31.40		60.0	
		Z	5.79	82.38	28.74		60.0	
10027- DAC	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1-2)	Х	100.00	109.25	23.40	4.80	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	100.00	106.54	22.28		80.0	
10028-	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1-2-3)	X	100.00 100.00	104.71 107.37	20.66 21.81	3.55	80.0 100.0	± 9.6 %
DAC		.	400.00	400.40	24.44		100.0	_
		Y	100.00	106.10	21.41		100.0	
40000	FROM FROM (TRIMA CROS) (THIS 4 C)	Z	100.00	103.48	19.41	7.00	100.0	+060/
10029- DAC	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0-1-2)	X	5.40	80.16	26.89	7.80	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.81	81.12	26.89		80.0	
10030- CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (GFSK, DH1)	X	3.99 100.00	74.82 107.75	24.51 23.04	5.30	70.0	± 9.6 %
CAA		Y	100.00	105.38	22.04	-	70.0	
		Z	100.00	102.15	19.84		70.0	
10031- CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (GFSK, DH3)	X	0.32	60.24	5.01	1.88	100.0	± 9.6 %
<u> </u>		Y	100.00	98.91	17.16		100.0	
		Z	0.21	60.00	4.08	 	100.0	

10032-	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (GFSK, DH5)	Х	49.70	283.71	16.38	1.17	100.0	± 9.6 %
CAA		\ \ <u>\</u>	100.00	94.28	44.55		400.0	
		Y	100.00 21.39		14.55		100.0	
10033- CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (PI/4-DQPSK, DH1)	X	10.55	60.54 88.91	1.42 21.86	5.30	70.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	7.04	83.33	20.28		70.0	-
		Z	5.31	79.96	17.86		70.0	
10034- CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (PI/4-DQPSK, DH3)	Х	1.97	70.15	12.93	1.88	100.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	3.62	77.97	16.97		100.0	
		Z	1.05	64.71	9.63		100.0	
10035- CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (PI/4-DQPSK, DH5)	X	1.21	66.21	10.77	1.17	100.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	2.71	75.92	16.05		100.0	
10000		Z	0.74	62.66	8.21		100.0	
10036- CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (8-DPSK, DH1)	X	16.37	95.16	23.78	5.30	70.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	9.05	87.03	21.55		70.0	
10007	IEEE 000 45 4 DL + 41 40 DDC44	Z	7.29	84.15	19.32		70.0	
10037- CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (8-DPSK, DH3)	Х	1.77	69.16	12.52	1.88	100.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	3.14	76.38	16.39		100.0	
10038-	IEEE 900 45 4 Physics att (0 PPO) (Principle	Z	0.98	64.10	9.34		100.0	
CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (8-DPSK, DH5)	X	1.24	66.70	11.11	1.17	100.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	2.88	76.97	16.58		100.0	
10039-	CDMA2000 (4×DTT DC4)	Z	0.76	62.89	8.45		100.0	***
CAB	CDMA2000 (1xRTT, RC1)	Х	0.64	62.07	7.96	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	4.76	84.60	18.89		150.0	
10040	10 54 /10 400 5DD (TDMA /5DM D)/4	Z	0.45	60.19	6.19		150.0	
10042- CAB	IS-54 / IS-136 FDD (TDMA/FDM, PI/4- DQPSK, Halfrate)	Х	100.00	108.14	24.10	7.78	50.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	8.20	80.05	16.33		50.0	
40044	10.04/51A/51A 550 550 (550 450)	Z	9.72	81.12	15.57		50.0	
10044- CAA	IS-91/EIA/TIA-553 FDD (FDMA, FM)	Х	0.00	65.80	22.18	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	0.05	126.22	5.06		150.0	
10010	DECT (TDD TDLLL COLLEGE)	Ζ	0.16	126.88	0.43		150.0	
10048- CAA	DECT (TDD, TDMA/FDM, GFSK, Full Slot, 24)	Х	10.50	80.73	19.78	13.80	25.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	6.27	73.47	16.77		25.0	
40040	DEGT (TDD TDMA/EDM GEGV D 11	Z	6.57	72.48	15.23		25.0	
10049- CAA	DECT (TDD, TDMA/FDM, GFSK, Double Slot, 12)	X	13.23	86.11	20.42	10.79	40.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	6.76	76.65	16.75		40.0	
10056-	LIMTS TOD (TD CODMA 4 00 Marx)	Z	6.92	76.03	15.42		40.0	
CAA	UMTS-TDD (TD-SCDMA, 1.28 Mcps)	X	12.01	87.16	22.22	9.03	50.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	8.86	82.28	20.46		50.0	
10058-	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0-1-2-3)	Z	10.91	84.91	20.22		50.0	. 6 6 - :
DAC	LDOL-1 DD (1DIVIA, 0F3K, 1N U-1-2-3)	X	4.26	75.92	24.41	6.55	100.0	± 9.6 %
		Z	4.53 3.28	76.62	24.38		100.0	
10059- CAB	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 2 Mbps)	X	1.12	71.52 65.70	22.33 16.18	0.61	100.0 110.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	1.24	66.83	17.14		110.0	
		Z	1.04	64.56	15.22		110.0	
10060- CAB	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 5.5 Mbps)	X	100.00	134.39	33.58	1.30	110.0	± 9.6 %
	F-/	Υ	100.00	136.71	34.87		110.0	
		Z	12.40	108.39	28.07		110.0	
		4.	12.40	100.39	20.07		110.0	

	1	1 1/			05.40	0.04	440.0	. 0.0 %
10061- CAB	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 11 Mbps)	X	4.70	89.70	25.19	2.04	110.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	4.44	87.85	24.54		110.0	
		Z	2.03	77.34	20.69		110.0	
10062- CAC	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 6 Mbps)	X	4.38	66.79	16.57	0.49	100.0	± 9.6 %
	A . 10 St. (A . 14 TO A .	Y	4.54	66.95	16.76		100.0	
		Z	4.22	66.86	16.25		100.0	
10063-	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 9	X	4.41	66.93	16.69	0.72	100.0	± 9.6 %
CAC	Mbps)	 ,, 	4.50	07.04	40.00		400.0	
		Y	4.56	67.04	16.83		100.0	
10064-	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 12	X	4.24 4.64	66.98 67.13	16.36 16.89	0.86	100.0 100.0	± 9.6 %
CAC	Mbps)	1					400.0	
		Y	4.80	67.21	17.01		100.0	
		Z	4.45	67.14	16.54		100.0	
10065- CAC	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 18 Mbps)	X	4.53	67.01	16.99	1.21	100.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.68	67.08	17.07		100.0	
		Z	4.33	66.96	16.60		100.0	
10066- CAC	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 24 Mbps)	X	4.55	67.05	17.17	1.46	100.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.69	67.08	17.21		100.0	
		Ż	4.34	66.93	16.73		100.0	
10067- CAC	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 36 Mbps)	X	4.86	67.41	17.69	2.04	100.0	± 9.6 %
OAO	(NIDPS)	Y	4.98	67.30	17.64		100.0	
		Ż	4.60	67.16	17.18		100.0	
10068-	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 48	X	4.91	67.37	17.88	2.55	100.0	± 9.6 %
CAC	Mbps)	Y	5.01	67.22	17.78		100.0	
					17.78		100.0	
40000	LEEE 000 44 # MEE E OUL (OEDM 54	Z	4.67	67.20		0.67		1069/
10069- CAC	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 54 Mbps)	Х	4.98	67.41	18.07	2.67	100.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.09	67.26	17.97		100.0	
		Z	4.70	67.15	17.55		100.0	
10071- CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 9 Mbps)	X	4.74	67.09	17.56	1.99	100.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.83	66.96	17.50		100.0	
*****		Z	4.54	67.04	17.16		100.0	
10072- CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 12 Mbps)	×	4.71	67.40	17.79	2.30	100.0	± 9.6 %
J, 10	(2.230, 2.23, 12.3355)	Y	4.80	67.26	17.69		100.0	
		Ż	4.48	67.21	17.32		100.0	
10073- CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 18 Mbps)	X	4.81	67.70	18.18	2.83	100.0	± 9.6 %
	(= 150, 1. 2.mg 12 maps)	Y	4.87	67.45	18.00		100.0	
		Z	4.56	67.46	17.69		100.0	
10074- CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 24 Mbps)	X	4.84	67.73	18.37	3.30	100.0	± 9.6 %
J. 1.D	(Y	4.88	67.39	18.13		100.0	
		Z	4.59	67.52	17.89	-	100.0	
10075- CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 36 Mbps)	X	4.89	67.79	18.64	3.82	90.0	± 9.6 %
CAB	(DGGG/OT DIVI, GO WIDPS)	Y	4.92	67.45	18.38		90.0	
		Z	4.63	67.54	18.14	1	90.0	
10076-	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz	X	4.03	67.71	18.84	4.15	90.0	± 9.6 %
CAB	(DSSS/OFDM, 48 Mbps)	+.,-	4.00	67.00	10.54	-	00.0	
-		Y	4.96	67.32	18.54		90.0	
105==		Z	4.68	67.42	18.31	4.00	90.0	1000
10077- CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 54 Mbps)	Х	4.99	67.84	18.96	4.30	90.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.00	67.42	18.65		90.0	
		Z	4.72	67.54	18.44		90.0	

10081- CAB	CDMA2000 (1xRTT, RC3)	Х	0.35	60.00	5.91	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	0.93	68.99	12.63		150.0	
		Z	0.31	60.00	5.31		150.0	
10082- CAB	IS-54 / IS-136 FDD (TDMA/FDM, PI/4- DQPSK, Fullrate)	Х	0.74	60.00	4.42	4.77	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	0.78	60.00	4.54		80.0	
		Z	0.63	60.00	3.21		80.0	
10090- DAC	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-4)	Х	100.00	110.96	25.08	6.56	60.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	100.00	107.95	23.71		60.0	
		Z	100.00	105.61	21.93		60.0	
10097- CAB	UMTS-FDD (HSDPA)	Х	1.73	68.88	15.45	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	2.11	71.60	17.53		150.0	
40000	LIMATO EDD (LIGHTA O LA LO)	Z	1.64	68.63	14.86		150.0	
10098- CAB	UMTS-FDD (HSUPA, Subtest 2)	X	1.69	68.83	15.43	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	2.06	71.60	17.53		150.0	
40000	EDOE EDD (TDM) (PO)	Z	1.60	68.55	14.84		150.0	
10099- DAC	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0-4)	Х	8.15	88.80	31.31	9.56	60.0	± 9.6 %
	Trans.	Y	8.95	90.21	31.41		60.0	
40400	1.TE EDD (0.0 ED14)	Z	5.83	82.50	28.78		60.0	
10100- CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	Х	2.86	70.20	16.73	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	3.31	72.31	17.94		150.0	
40404	LITE EDD (OO EDMA 4000) DD 00	Z	2.70	69.79	16.38		150.0	
10101- CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	Х	2.97	67.29	15.87	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	3.22	68.29	16.58		150.0	
10100		Z	2.86	67.20	15.57		150.0	
10102- CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	×	3.08	67.33	16.00	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	3.32	68.25	16.66		150.0	
		Z	2.97	67.28	15.71		150.0	
10103- CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	X	5.99	75.93	20.73	3.98	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	6.07	75.29	20.20		65.0	
		Z	4.92	73.90	19.72		65.0	
10104- CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	5.78	73.18	20.28	3.98	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	6.05	73.33	20.14		65.0	
10107		Z	4.95	71.50	19.26		65.0	
10105- CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	X	5.44	71.81	19.96	3.98	65.0	± 9.6 %
••		Y	5.66	71.91	19.81		65.0	
10100	LTE EDD (OO EDMA 4000) ED 40	Z	4.62	69.93	18.84		65.0	
10108- CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X	2.46	69.75	16.61	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	2.87	71.83	17.90		150.0	
40400	LTE EDD (OO ED) A 1000 ED 10	Z	2.29	69.26	16.18		150.0	
10109- CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	2.61	67.38	15.71	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	2.88	68.51	16.60		150.0	
40440	LITE EDD (OO ED)	Z	2.50	67.30	15.35		150.0	
10110- CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	X	1.94	69.06	15.97	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	2.36	71.54	17.68		150.0	
		Z	1.77	68.41	15.33		150.0	
10111- CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	2.37	68.86	15.85	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	2.75	70.67	17.33		150.0	···
		Z	2.26	68.83	15.37		150.0	

10112-	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10	Х	2.74	67.47	15.80	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
CAF	MHz, 64-QAM)	^	2.74	07.47	15.60	0.00	130.0	19.0 //
		Υ	3.01	68.49	16.64		150.0	
•		Z	2.63	67.46	15.47		150.0	
10113- CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM)	Х	2.52	69.06	16.02	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	2.90	70.76	17.42		150.0	
		Z	2.40	69.05	15.53		150.0	
10114- CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 13.5 Mbps, BPSK)	Х	4.85	67.10	16.54	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.01	67.40	16.77		150.0	
		Z	4.69	67.08	16.26		150.0	
10115- CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 81 Mbps, 16-QAM)	Х	5.09	67.17	16.57	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	5.27	67.46	16.79		150.0	
		Z	4.91	67.15	16.27		150.0	
10116- CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 135 Mbps, 64-QAM)	X	4.92	67.25	16.54	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	5.11	67.62	16.80		150.0	
<u> </u>		Ζ	4.75	67.24	16.26		150.0	
10117- CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 13.5 Mbps, BPSK)	X	4.82	66.96	16.49	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	5.00	67.35	16.76		150.0	
		Z	4.67	66.99	16.23		150.0	
10118- CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 81 Mbps, 16-QAM)	X	5.18	67.44	16.71	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	5.35	67.70	16.92		150.0	
		Z	4.97	67.29	16.35		150.0	
10119- CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 135 Mbps, 64-QAM)	X	4.93	67.30	16.57	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.10	67.61	16.81		150.0	
		Z	4.76	67.27	16.28		150.0	
10140- CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	Х	3.09	67.34	15.89	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	3.34	68.25	16.56		150.0	
		Ζ	2.97	67.29	15.60		150.0	
10141- CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM)	X	3.22	67.55	16.12	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	3.47	68.39	16.75		150.0	
		Ζ	3.11	67.58	15.86		150.0	
10142- CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)	Х	1.65	68.54	14.75	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	2.23	72.50	17.47		150.0	
		Z	1.45	67.51	13.76		150.0	
10143- CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	2.04	68.18	14.12	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	2.77	72.39	17.05		150.0	
		Z	1.79	67.15	12.96		150.0	
10144- CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM)	X	1.68	64.77	11.84	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	2.17	67.69	14.28		150.0	
		Z	1.45	63.78	10.64		150.0	
10145- CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	X	0.57	60.00	5.87	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	0.86	62.73	9.11		150.0	
		Z	0.48	60.00	5.03		150.0	
10146- CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	0.85	60.00	5.89	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	1.15	61.47	7.56		150.0	
		Z	0.69	60.00	4.71		150.0	
10147- CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	X	0.86	60.00	5.95	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	1.22	62.00	7.94		150.0	
		Z	0.70	60.00	4.76		150.0	

10149- CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	Х	2.62	67.46	15.77	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	2.89	68.60	16.66		150.0	
		Ż	2.51	67.39	15.41		150.0	
10150- CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	X	2.75	67.54	15.86	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	3.02	68.57	16.69		150.0	
		Z	2.64	67.55	15.53		150.0	
10151- CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	Х	6.60	79.47	22.11	3.98	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	6.59	78.37	21.43		65.0	
		Z	5.32	77.23	21.01		65.0	
10152- CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	Х	5.33	73.23	19.77	3.98	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.58	73.27	19.68		65.0	
		Z	4.46	71.33	18.57		65.0	
10153- CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	X	5.80	74.65	20.79	3.98	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	6.01	74.50	20.60		65.0	
		Z	4.89	72.87	19.68		65.0	
10154- CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X	1.99	69.55	16.25	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	2.44	72.19	18.04		150.0	
		Ζ	1.82	68.87	15.60		150.0	~~
10155- CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	Х	2.38	68.92	15.90	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
****		Υ	2.75	70.72	17.36		150.0	
		Z	2.27	68.91	15.43		150.0	
10156- CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	X	1.40	67.46	13.55	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	2.14	73.17	17.29		150.0	
		Ζ	1.18	66.04	12.26		150.0	
10157- CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM)	Х	1.42	64.20	10.93	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	2.05	68.56	14.27		150.0	
		Z	1.16	62.82	9.46		150.0	
10158- CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	Х	2.53	69.18	16.09	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	2.91	70.88	17.49		150.0	
		Z	2.41	69.20	15.62		150.0	
10159- CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM)	Х	1.47	64.37	11.06	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	2.17	69.13	14.58		150.0	
		Z	1.20	62.92	9.54		150.0	
10160- CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	Х	2.54	69.31	16.47	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	2.87	70.85	17.58		150.0	
		Z	2.32	68.65	15.89		150.0	
10161- CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	2.63	67.51	15.68	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	2.92	68.64	16.63		150.0	
		Z	2.51	67.49	15.29		150.0	
10162- CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM)	X	2.75	67.78	15.85	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	3.03	68.85	16.76		150.0	
		Z	2.62	67.80	15.48		150.0	
10166- CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	X	3.17	69.88	19.75	3.01	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	3.43	70.48	19.76		150.0	
		Z	2.81	68.26	18.43		150.0	
10167- CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	3.81	72.89	20.15	3.01	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	4.38	74.23	20.42		150.0	
		Z	3.25	70.82	18.68		150.0	

10100							1	
10168- CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	X	4.50	76.69	22.26	3.01	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.20	77.95	22.40		150.0	
		Z	3.82	74.38	20.74		150.0	
10169- CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	Х	2.60	68.07	18.92	3.01	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	2.86	69.54	19.35		150.0	
		Ζ	2.42	66.98	17.74		150.0	
10170- CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	3.49	74.33	21.57	3.01	150.0	± 9.6 %
	·	Y	4.36	77.73	22.58		150.0	
		Z	3.17	72.75	20.22		150.0	
10171- AAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	X	2.78	69.40	18.22	3.01	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	3.30	71.79	18.96		150.0	
		Z	2.51	68.00	16.90		150.0	
10172- CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	X	5.91	86.87	27.62	6.02	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	6.32	86.01	26.16		65.0	
		Z	3.09	75.39	22.58		65.0	
10173- CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	13.09	98.55	29.49	6.02	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	12.30	93.80	26.59		65.0	
		Z	5.66	84.54	24.14		65.0	
10174- CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	X	8.21	89.21	25.92	6.02	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	7.97	85.68	23.40		65.0	
		Z	3.39	75.61	20.33		65.0	
10175- CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X	2.56	67.73	18.64	3.01	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	2.82	69.16	19.06		150.0	
		Z	2.39	66.65	17.46		150.0	
10176- CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	3.50	74.35	21.59	3.01	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.37	77.76	22.59		150.0	
		Z	3.17	72.78	20.23		150.0	
10177- CAH	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	Х	2.58	67.87	18.72	3.01	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	2.85	69.33	19.15		150.0	
		Z	2.40	66.77	17.53		150.0	
10178- CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM)	Х	3.47	74.17	21.48	3.01	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.32	77.50	22.46		150.0	
		Z	3.15	72.62	20.14		150.0	
10179- CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	Х	3.09	71.68	19.74	3.01	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	3.76	74.51	20.58		150.0	
		Z	2.79	70.11	18.36		150.0	
10180- CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM)	Х	2.78	69.36	18.19	3.01	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	3.29	71.72	18.91		150.0	
		Z	2.51	67.97	16.87		150.0	
10181- CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	Х	2.58	67.85	18.72	3.01	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	2.84	69.31	19.15		150.0	
		Z	2.40	66.75	17.53		150.0	
10182- CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	Х	3.46	74.14	21.47	3.01	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	4.31	77.47	22.45		150.0	
		Z	3.15	72.59	20.13		150.0	
10183- AAD	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM)	Х	2.77	69.34	18.18	3.01	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	3.28	71.69	18.90		150.0	
							150.0	

10184- CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)	Х	2.59	67.89	18.74	3.01	150.0	± 9.6 %
-		Y	2.85	69.35	19.17		150.0	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Ż	2.40	66.79	17.55		150.0	
10185- CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	3.48	74.22	21.51	3.01	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	4.33	77.57	22.50		150.0	
		Z	3.16	72.68	20.17		150.0	
10186- AAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM)	Х	2.79	69.40	18.21	3.01	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	3.30	71.77	18.93		150.0	
		Z	2.52	68.00	16.89		150.0	
10187- CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	X	2.60	67.99	18.84	3.01	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	2.87	69.44	19.26	,	150.0	
40400	1.TE EDD (00 ED) (1.10)	Z	2.42	66.90	17.66		150.0	
10188- CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	3.60	74.96	21.95	3.01	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	4.53	78.50	22.98		150.0	
40460	LTE EDD (OO EDM)	Z	3.27	73.38	20.59		150.0	
10189- AAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	X	2.85	69.84	18.51	3.01	150.0	± 9.6 %
····		_ <	3.39	72.31	19.27		150.0	
10193-	IEEE 000 445 (UE 000 5 14) 0 5 14	Z	2.57	68.39	17.17		150.0	
CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 6.5 Mbps, BPSK)	X	4.22	66.74	16.16	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
-		Y	4.41	67.05	16.50		150.0	
10194-	IEEE 000 44= (UT O====5-14, 00 M)	Z	4.10	66.98	15.94		150.0	
CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 39 Mbps, 16-QAM)	X	4.36	66.95	16.30	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	4.56	67.31	16.63		150.0	
1010E	IEEE 000 44 - UIE O C LL 05 M	Z	4.22	67.13	16.07		150.0	
10195- CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 65 Mbps, 64-QAM)	Х	4.39	66.96	16.31	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.60	67.33	16.65		150.0	
40400	IEEE 000 44 (UTAK) 1 0 5 40	Z	4.24	67.10	16.06		150.0	
10196- CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 6.5 Mbps, BPSK)	Х	4.20	66.72	16.14	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.40	67.07	16.50		150.0	
40407	LEEF COOLS (LEFT)	Z	4.08	66.92	15.90		150.0	
10197- CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 39 Mbps, 16-QAM)	X	4.36	66.95	16.31	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.57	67.32	16.64		150.0	
40400	IEEE 000 44 - (UTAN OF AN OA	Z	4.22	67.12	16.07		150.0	
10198- CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 65 Mbps, 64-QAM)	X	4.38	66.95	16.31	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.60	67.33	16.65		150.0	
10219-	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 7.2 Mbps,	Z	4.23	67.09	16.06	0.55	150.0	
CAC	BPSK)		4.16	66.77	16.11	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.36	67.12	16.48		150.0	
10220-	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 43.3 Mbps, 16-	Z	4.04 4.36	67.00	15.89	0.00	150.0	10000
CAC	QAM)			66.91	16.29	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y Z	4.56	67.28	16.62		150.0	
10221- CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 72.2 Mbps, 64-QAM)	X	4.21 4.40	67.08 66.90	16.06 16.30	0.00	150.0 150.0	± 9.6 %
_		Υ	4.61	67.26	16.63		150.0	
·		z	4.25	67.06	16.06	-		<u> </u>
10222-	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 15 Mbps,	X	4.80	66.97	16.48	0.00	150.0 150.0	+060/
CAC	BPSK)	Y				0.00		± 9.6 %
		Z	4.97	67.32	16.74		150.0	
****			4.65	66.99	16.22		150.0	

10223-	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 90 Mbps, 16-	Х	5.04	67.12	16.56	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
CAC	QAM)	Y	5.26	67 FF	16.86		150.0	
				67.55				
		Z	4.85	67.05	16.24	0.00	150.0	. 0.0 %
10224- CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 150 Mbps, 64-QAM)	X	4.84	67.10	16.47	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	5.01	67.44	16.72		150.0	
		Z	4.69	67.14	16.22		150.0	
10225- CAB	UMTS-FDD (HSPA+)	Х	2.48	66.09	14.60	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	2.74	67.15	15.74		150.0	
		Z	2.35	66.01	13.97		150.0	
10226- CAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	Х	14.63	100.77	30.27	6.02	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	13.50	95.53	27.22		65.0	
		Z	6.14	86.10	24.79		65.0	
10227- CAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	Х	14.28	98.83	28.99	6.02	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	12.07	92.18	25.50		65.0	
		Z	5.79	84.16	23.43		65.0	
10228- CAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	X	7.72	92.84	29.85	6.02	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	8.40	91.70	28.18		65.0	
		Z	3.85	80.05	24.56		65.0	
10229- CAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM)	Х	13.19	98.68	29.54	6.02	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	12.39	93.91	26.64		65.0	
		Z	5.71	84.67	24.19		65.0	
10230- CAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM)	Х	12.76	96.74	28.27	6.02	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	11.09	90.72	24.97		65.0	
		Ż	5.35	82.75	22.86		65.0	
10231- CAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)	X	7.26	91.45	29.29	6.02	65.0	± 9.6 %
0.00	QI OIV)	Y	7.93	90.49	27.69		65.0	
		Ż	3.69	79.12	24.10		65.0	
10232- CAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	13.17	98.65	29.53	6.02	65.0	± 9.6 %
<u> </u>	(30 tm)	Y	12.38	93.90	26.63		65.0	
		Ż	5.70	84.65	24.18		65.0	
10233- CAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM)	X	12.71	96.69	28.26	6.02	65.0	± 9.6 %
JL		Y	11.07	90.70	24.96		65.0	
		Ż	5.33	82.71	22.85		65.0	
10234- CAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	X	6.94	90.39	28.79	6.02	65.0	± 9.6 %
<u> </u>		Y	7.56	89.42	27.20		65.0	
		Z	3.57	78.42	23.69		65.0	
10235- CAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	13.20	98.72	29.56	6.02	65.0	± 9.6 %
_		Υ	12.41	93.95	26.65		65.0	
		Z	5.70	84.66	24.19		65.0	
10236- CAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	X	12.89	96.88	28.31	6.02	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	11.19	90.84	25.00		65.0	
		Z	5.38	82.84	22.89		65.0	
10237- CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X	7.27	91.51	29.31	6.02	65.0	± 9.6 %
CAE	<u> </u>	Y	7.94	90.56	27.72		65.0	
					24.10		65.0	I
		Z	3.68	79.11	24.10		00.0	
10238-	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz,	Z X	3.68 13.14	79.11 98.63	29.53	6.02	65.0	± 9.6 %
	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)					6.02	+	± 9.6 %

10239- CAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM)	Х	12.66	96.64	28.25	6.02	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	11.03	90.67	24.95		65.0	
		Z	5.31	82.67	22.84	1	65.0	
10240- CAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	Х	7.25	91.49	29.30	6.02	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	7.92	90.52	27.70		65.0	
		Z	3.67	79.11	24.10		65.0	
10241- CAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	Х	8.07	83.66	26.60	6.98	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	8.23	82.37	25.42		65.0	
		Z	6.15	79.65	24.57		65.0	
10242- CAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	X	7.13	81.10	25.49	6.98	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	7.19	79.66	24.27		65.0	
		Z	5.16	76.21	23.08		65.0	
10243- CAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	Х	5.70	77.08	24.75	6.98	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	5.79	76.18	23.77		65.0	
		Z	4.35	72.84	22.46		65.0	
10244- CAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	3.90	69.73	14.28	3.98	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	4.14	69.75	14.43		65.0	
400:=	1.75 700 (00 504)	Z	2.32	64.19	10.29		65.0	
10245- CAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM)	X	3.76	68.99	13.88	3.98	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	4.05	69.22	14.14		65.0	
		Z	2.29	63.87	10.07		65.0	
10246- CAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)	X	3.54	71.57	15.31	3.98	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	4.20	73.49	16.58		65.0	
		Z	2.19	66.68	12.21		65.0	
10247- CAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM)	Х	3.93	70.34	15.60	3.98	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	4.37	71.41	16.50		65.0	
		Ζ	2.89	67.23	13.31		65.0	
10248- CAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM)	Х	3.84	69.61	15.25	3.98	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	4.32	70.82	16.23		65.0	
		Z	2.83	66.58	12.98		65.0	
10249- CAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	Х	6.16	80.46	20.36	3.98	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	6.18	79.81	20.33		65.0	
		Z	3.97	75.17	17.64		65.0	
10250- CAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	Х	5.62	76.39	20.75	3.98	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	5.74	75.93	20.59		65.0	
40054	LITE TOP (OO EDIVE TOX TO LOCATE TO TOX TOX	Z	4.58	74.22	19.36		65.0	
10251- CAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	X	5.03	73.18	18.92	3.98	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	5.31	73.34	19.08		65.0	
40050	LITE TOD (OO FDL)	Z	4.06	70.93	17.39		65.0	
10252- CAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X	7.24	83.33	23.20	3.98	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	6.94	81.44	22.37		65.0	
10253- CAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz,	Z X	5.41 5.26	79.92 72.84	21.58 19.45	3.98	65.0 65.0	± 9.6 %
OVE	16-QAM)	$\vdash \lor \vdash$	E 40	70.04	40.44	ļ	05.0	
		Y	5.49	72.84	19.41		65.0	
10254-	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz,	Z	4.40	71.02	18.22	0.00	65.0	
CAE	64-QAM)	X	5.65	74.03	20.30	3.98	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	5.87	73.92	20.21		65.0	
	1	Z	4.76	72.26	19.12		65.0	

40055	LITE TOD (OO FDIAN 500) DD 45 MIL	T 3/ T	2.00	70.00	04.00	0.00	05.0	1000
10255- CAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	Х	6.29	78.80	21.96	3.98	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	6.30	77.79	21.37		65.0	
		Z	5.06	76.49	20.76		65.0	
10256- CAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	2.61	64.47	10.42	3.98	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	2.96	65.33	11.13		65.0	
		Z	1.66	61.09	7.28		65.0	
10257- CAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	X	2.56	63.97	10.05	3.98	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	2.92	64.89	10.82		65.0	
		Z	1.65	60.87	7.05		65.0	
10258- CAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	X	2.21	64.99	10.99	3.98	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	2.77	67.33	12.75		65.0	
		Z	1.46	61.94	8.37		65.0	
10259- CAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM)	Х	4.60	72.78	17.56	3.98	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.92	73.23	18.04		65.0	
		Z	3.51	69.91	15.55		65.0	
10260- CAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM)	Х	4.59	72.39	17.37	3.98	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.92	72.90	17.90		65.0	
		Z	3.52	69.59	15.38		65.0	
10261- CAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)	Х	6.31	80.89	21.20	3.98	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	6.19	79.71	20.87		65.0	
		Z	4.43	76.66	19.01		65.0	
10262- CAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM)	Х	5.59	76.27	20.67	3.98	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.72	75.84	20.52		65.0	
		Z	4.55	74.08	19.27		65.0	
10263- CAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM)	Х	5.02	73.16	18.92	3.98	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.30	73.32	19.07		65.0	
		Z	4.06	70.92	17.39		65.0	
10264- CAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	Х	7.12	83.00	23.05	3.98	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	6.85	81.18	22.25		65.0	
		Z	5.32	79.60	21.43		65.0	
10265- CAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	5.33	73.24	19.78	3.98	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.58	73.28	19.69		65.0	
		Z	4.46	71.34	18.58		65.0	
10266- CAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	Х	5.79	74.63	20.77	3.98	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	6.01	74.49	20.59		65.0	
		Z	4.89	72.85	19.66		65.0	
10267- CAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	Х	6.58	79.40	22.08	3.98	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	6.57	78.32	21.41		65.0	
		Z	5.30	77.16	20.98		65.0	
10268- CAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	Х	5.96	73.22	20.37	3.98	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	6.21	73.29	20.22		65.0	
		Z	5.14	71.69	19.40		65.0	
10269- CAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM)	Х	5.96	72.84	20.22	3.98	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	6.20	72.91	20.10		65.0	
		Z	5.18	71.41	19.28		65.0	
10270- CAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	Х	6.23	76.00	20.96	3.98	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	6.35	75.47	20.49		65.0	
		Z	5.32	74.55	20.15	1	65.0	1

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10274- CAB	UMTS-FDD (HSUPA, Subtest 5, 3GPP Rel8.10)	X	2.34	66.81	14.69	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
	,	Υ	2.62	68.03	15.92		150.0	
		ż	2.21	66.68	14.08		150.0	
10275-	UMTS-FDD (HSUPA, Subtest 5, 3GPP	X	1.44	68.53	15.18	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
CAB	Rel8.4)					0.00	130.0	1 9.0 76
		Υ	1.86	72.07	17.62		150.0	
		Z	1.32	67.78	14.48		150.0	
10277-	PHS (QPSK)	X	2.18	61.09	6.72	9.03	50.0	± 9.6 %
CAA								
		Y	2.24	61.20	6.85		50.0	
		Z	1.56	59.15	4.54		50.0	
10278-	PHS (QPSK, BW 884MHz, Rolloff 0.5)	X	3.31	65.77	11.35	9.03	50.0	± 9.6 %
CAA								
		Y	3.43	66.36	11.86		50.0	
		Z	2.47	63.10	8.79		50.0	
10279-	PHS (QPSK, BW 884MHz, Rolloff 0.38)	Х	3.36	65.91	11.47	9.03	50.0	± 9.6 %
CAA								/ _ /
		Y	3.51	66.55	12.01		50.0	
		Z	2.51	63.19	8.90		50.0	
10290-	CDMA2000, RC1, SO55, Full Rate	X	0.55	60.70	6.89	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
AAB	,, ,,	.				5.50		_ 5.5 /6
		Υ	1.57	71.17	13.79		150.0	
		Z	0.43	60.00	5.78		150.0	
10291-	CDMA2000, RC3, SO55, Full Rate	X	0.35	60.00	5.89	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
AAB			0.00		0.00	0.00	100.0	= 0.0 %
		Y	0.88	68.42	12.36		150.0	
		Z	0.31	60.00	5.29		150.0	
10292-	CDMA2000, RC3, SO32, Full Rate	X	0.34	60.13	6.21	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
AAB		^	0.01	00.10	0.21	0.00	100.0	2 3.0 70
		Υ	32.57	110.87	25.46		150.0	
		Z	0.30	60.00	5.55		150.0	
10293-	CDMA2000, RC3, SO3, Full Rate	X	0.47	62.79	8.16	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
AAB	05W/12000, 1100, 000, 1 dii 11dic	^	0.47	02.73	0.10	0.00	130.0	1 9.0 %
		Y	100.00	129.73	30.90		150.0	
		Z	0.34	60.84	6.50		150.0	
10295-	CDMA2000, RC1, SO3, 1/8th Rate 25 fr.	X	21.80	94.03		0.02		+060/
AAB	CDMA2000, RC1, 303, 1/6til Rate 23 II.	^	21.00	94.03	24.61	9.03	50.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	10.29	83.42	21.60		50.0	
		Ζ	18.76	90.39	22.23		50.0	
10297-	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz,	Х	2.48	69.89	16.70	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
AAD	QPSK)						 	
		Y	2.90	71.99	18.00		150.0	
10000	175 500 (00 501)	Z	2.30	69.40	16.27		150.0	
10298- AAD	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)	X	0.80	62.04	8.74	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	1.54	69.24	13.91		150.0	
		Z	0.63	60.57	7.13		150.0	<u> </u>
10299-	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz,	X	1.28	62.79	8.90	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
AAD	16-QAM)	.,	4.00	00.17	44.00		4=0 -	
		Y	1.89	66.17	11.32		150.0	
40000	LITE EDD (OO EDL)	Z	0.83	59.79	5.92		150.0	
10300- AAD	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM)	Х	1.04	60.46	6.87	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	1.40	62.36	8.64		150.0	
		Ζ	0.71	58.57	4.53		150.0	
				67.13	17.88	4.17	50.0	± 9.6 %
10301-	IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (29:18, 5ms,	X	4.74	01.10				
10301- AAA	IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (29:18, 5ms, 10MHz, QPSK, PUSC)						F0.0	
		Υ	4.69	66.45	17.92		50.0	
AAA	10MHz, QPSK, PUSC)	Y	4.69 4.19	66.45 65.82	17.92 16.84		50.0	
		Υ	4.69	66.45	17.92	4.96		± 9.6 %
10302-	10MHz, QPSK, PUSC) IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (29:18, 5ms,	Y	4.69 4.19	66.45 65.82	17.92 16.84	4.96	50.0	± 9.6 %

10303-	IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (31:15, 5ms,	Х	5.02	67.85	18.70	4.96	50.0	± 9.6 %
AAA	10MHz, 64QAM, PUSC)			20.00	40.01		50.0	
		Y	4.86	66.33	18.21		50.0 50.0	
10001	IEEE 000 40 - MENANY (00:40, E	Z	4.51	66.60	17.64	4 17		± 9.6 %
10304- AAA	IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (29:18, 5ms, 10MHz, 64QAM, PUSC)	Х	4.62	66.40	17.42	4.17	50.0	± 9.0 %
		Υ	4.67	66.23	17.75		50.0	
		Z	4.22	65.74	16.72		50.0	
10305- AAA	IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (31:15, 10ms, 10MHz, 64QAM, PUSC, 15 symbols)	X	5.39	72.72	20.66	6.02	35.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	4.79	70.33	20.43		35.0	
		Z	4.15	68.57	18.14		35.0	
10306- AAA	IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (29:18, 10ms, 10MHz, 64QAM, PUSC, 18 symbols)	X	5.13	69.90	19.93	6.02	35.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.84	68.23	19.72		35.0	
		Z	4.35	67.45	18.21		35.0	
10307- AAA	IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (29:18, 10ms, 10MHz, QPSK, PUSC, 18 symbols)	X	5.08	70.20	19.92	6.02	35.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	4.77	68.50	19.72		35.0	
		Ζ	4.25	67.50	18.09		35.0	
10308- AAA	IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (29:18, 10ms, 10MHz, 16QAM, PUSC)	Х	5.12	70.64	20.16	6.02	35.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.77	68.84	19.93		35.0	
		Ζ	4.25	67.77	18.27		35.0	
10309- AAA	IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (29:18, 10ms, 10MHz, 16QAM, AMC 2x3, 18 symbols)	Х	5.14	69.95	20.02	6.02	35.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.87	68.35	19.83		35.0	
		Z	4.35	67.48	18.29		35.0	
10310- AAA	IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (29:18, 10ms, 10MHz, QPSK, AMC 2x3, 18 symbols)	Х	5.13	70.13	19.99	6.02	35.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.81	68.40	19.75		35.0	
		Z	4.32	67.59	18.24		35.0	
10311- AAD	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	X	2.83	68.90	16.32	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
, , , ,		T	3.26	70.86	17.46		150.0	
		Z	2.65	68.52	15.97		150.0	
10313- AAA	iDEN 1:3	X	3.36	72.20	15.56	6.99	70.0	± 9.6 %
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		Y	3.23	71.05	14.93		70.0	
		Ż	2.47	70.33	14.60		70.0	
10314- AAA	iDEN 1:6	X	7.46	85.19	22.96	10.00	30.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.21	79.23	20.77		30.0	
		Ż	8.81	89.37	24.10		30.0	
10315- AAB	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps, 96pc duty cycle)	X	0.97	64.18	15.35	0.17	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	1.09	65.56	16.62		150.0	
		Z	0.95	63.77	14.73		150.0	
10316- AAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (ERP- OFDM, 6 Mbps, 96pc duty cycle)	X	4.27	66.73	16.30	0.17	150.0	± 9.6 %
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Y	4.44	66.97	16.55		150.0	
		Z	4.11	66.81	16.00		150.0	Ī
10317- AAC	IEEE 802.11a WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 6 Mbps, 96pc duty cycle)	X	4.27	66.73	16.30	0.17	150.0	± 9.6 %
	F-7	Y	4.44	66.97	16.55		150.0	
		Ż	4.11	66.81	16.00	1	150.0	
10400- AAD	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, 64-QAM, 99pc duty cycle)	X	4.31	66.93	16.26	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		TY	4.53	67.33	16.61		150.0	
		Ż	4.13	66.97	15.96		150.0	
10401-						0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, 64-QAM,	X	4.97	66.63	16.27	0.00	130.0	2 0.0 %
10401- AAD	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, 64-QAM, 99pc duty cycle)	X	4.97 5.22	66.63	16.63	0.00	150.0	2 0.0 %

10402- AAD	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, 64-QAM, 99pc duty cycle)	X	5.35	67.25	16.49	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.52	67.59	16.72		150.0	
		Z	5.21	67.33	16.26		150.0	
10403- AAB	CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. 0)	Х	0.55	60.70	6.89	0.00	115.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	1.57	71.17	13.79		115.0	
4 - 1 - 1		Z	0.43	60.00	5.78		115.0	
10404- AAB	CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. A)	X	0.55	60.70	6.89	0.00	115.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	1.57	71.17	13.79		115.0	
10406-	CDMA2000, RC3, SO32, SCH0, Full	Z	0.43 100.00	60.00 121.47	5.78	0.00	115.0	. 0.00/
AAB	Rate	^ Y			29.36	0.00	100.0	± 9.6 %
		Z	100.00 100.00	116.93 111.07	27.68 24.20		100.0	
10410- AAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9, Subframe Conf=4)	X	100.00	127.60	32.19	3.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
14		Υ	47.53	108.69	25.78		80.0	
		Z	7.51	90.42	21.34		80.0	
10415- AAA	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	Х	0.89	63.20	14.69	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	1.01	64.66	16.11		150.0	
		Z	0.90	63.14	14.25		150.0	
10416- AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (ERP- OFDM, 6 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	Х	4.21	66.70	16.23	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.41	67.06	16.58		150.0	
1011=		Z	4.08	66.88	15.99		150.0	
10417- AAB	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 6 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	X	4.21	66.70	16.23	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	4.41	67.06	16.58		150.0	
10418-	IFFE 000 44 - W/F: 0 4 OH - (D000	Z	4.08	66.88	15.99		150.0	
AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS- OFDM, 6 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle, Long preambule)	X	4.21	66.94	16.30	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	4.41	67.28	16.64		150.0	
		Z	4.08	67.11	16.07		150.0	
10419- AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS- OFDM, 6 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle, Short preambule)	X	4.23	66.86	16.28	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	4.43	67.20	16.62		150.0	
		Z	4.09	67.03	16.04		150.0	
10422- AAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 7.2 Mbps, BPSK)	X	4.33	66.82	16.29	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.53	67.16	16.62		150.0	
10423-	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 43.3	Z	4.19	66.99	16.05	0.00	150.0	1005
AAB	Mbps, 16-QAM)		4.45	67.07	16.37	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Z	4.67 4.29	67.43 67.21	16.71 16.12		150.0	
10424-	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 72.2	X	4.29	67.01	16.12	0.00	150.0	+069/
AAB	Mbps, 64-QAM)	Ŷ	4.60	67.39	16.69	0.00	150.0 150.0	± 9.6 %
		Z	4.22	67.14	16.10		150.0	
10425- AAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 15 Mbps, BPSK)	X	5.04	67.22	16.60	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.22	67.55	16.84		150.0	
		Z	4.84	67.12	16.26		150.0	
10426- AAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 90 Mbps, 16-QAM)	Х	5.08	67.41	16.68	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	5.25	67.68	16.90	-	150.0	
		Ζ	4.88	67.29	16.34		150.0	

10427-	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 150 Mbps,	X	5.02	67.08	16.52	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
AAB	64-QAM)							
		Υ	5.21	67.45	16.78		150.0	
		Z	4.85	67.10	16.25		150.0	
10430- AAC	LTE-FDD (OFDMA, 5 MHz, E-TM 3.1)	Х	4.34	73.60	18.73	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	4.67	74.31	19.65		150.0	
		Z	4.56	75.21	18.83		150.0	
10431- AAC	LTE-FDD (OFDMA, 10 MHz, E-TM 3.1)	X	3.81	67.34	16.02	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	4.07	67.85	16.58		150.0	
		Z	3.64	67.45	15.66		150.0	
10432- AAC	LTE-FDD (OFDMA, 15 MHz, E-TM 3.1)	X	4.14	67.15	16.26	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	4.37	67.55	16.66		150.0	
		Z	3.98	67.29	15.98		150.0	
10433- AAC	LTE-FDD (OFDMA, 20 MHz, E-TM 3.1)	X	4.40	67.05	16.37	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	4.61	67.43	16.71		150.0	
		Z	4.25	67.19	16.13		150.0	
10434- AAA	W-CDMA (BS Test Model 1, 64 DPCH)	X	4.41	74.13	18.22	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	5.02	75.91	19.74		150.0	
		Z	4.48	75.04	17.90	_	150.0	
10435- AAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	100.00	127.28	32.04	3.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	37.77	105.68	25.00		80.0	
		Z	6.65	88.77	20.79		80.0	
10447- AAC	LTE-FDD (OFDMA, 5 MHz, E-TM 3.1, Clipping 44%)	Х	2.99	66.80	14.43	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	3.36	68.04	15.68		150.0	
		Z	2.75	66.44	13.65		150.0	
10448- AAC	LTE-FDD (OFDMA, 10 MHz, E-TM 3.1, Clippin 44%)	X	3.68	67.14	15.90	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	3.93	67.65	16.46		150.0	"
		Z	3.53	67.26	15.55		150.0	
10449- AAC	LTE-FDD (OFDMA, 15 MHz, E-TM 3.1, Cliping 44%)	Х	3.99	66.98	16.16	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.20	67.40	16.58		150.0	
		Z	3.85	67.13	15.89		150.0	
10450- AAC	LTE-FDD (OFDMA, 20 MHz, E-TM 3.1, Clipping 44%)	X	4.21	66.83	16.23	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.41	67.22	16.58		150.0	
		Z	4.07	66.98	15.98		150.0	
10451- AAA	W-CDMA (BS Test Model 1, 64 DPCH, Clipping 44%)	X	2.72	66.13	13.34	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	3.20	67.97	15.02		150.0	
		Z	2.40	65.33	12.26		150.0	
10456- AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (160MHz, 64-QAM, 99pc duty cycle)	Х	6.02	67.79	16.78	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	6.18	68.16	17.02		150.0	
		Z	6.18	68.79	17.02		150.0	
10457- AAA	UMTS-FDD (DC-HSDPA)	X	3.59	65.49	15.98	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	3.73	65.74	16.31		150.0	
		Z	3.53	65.80	15.77		150.0	1000
10458- AAA	CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. B, 2 carriers)	×	3.34	70.08	15.60	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	4.35	74.00	18.36		150.0	ļ
		Z	2.73	67.81	13.63		150.0	1 2 2 2
10459- AAA	CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. B, 3 carriers)	X	4.80	69.70	17.95	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	5.15	70.28	18.81		150.0	
		Z	4.66	69.99	17.32		150.0	

10460-	UMTS-FDD (WCDMA, AMR)	X	0.87	70.93	16.52	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
AAA								
		Y	1.46	79.26	21.40	ļ	150.0	
10461-	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz,	Z	0.76	68.76	15.32	0.00	150.0	
AAA	QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	Х	100.00	133.64	34.98	3.29	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	100.00	121.27	29.54		80.0	
40460		Z	11.51	98.13	24.42		80.0	
10462- AAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	1.56	66.37	11.18	3.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	0.87	60.00	7.45		80.0	
40400	LITE TOD (OO EDIM A DD A A AND	Z	0.67	60.00	6.91		80.0	
10463- AAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	Х	0.80	60.00	7.65	3.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	0.89	60.00	6.91		80.0	
40404	LTE TOP (OO FOLIA 4 DD O 14)	Ž	0.69	60.00	6.22		80.0	
10464- AAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	100.00	130.01	33.13	3.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	30.66	103.77	24.63		80.0	
40405	LTE TOD (OO FOLK)	Z	3.86	82.95	19.21		80.0	
10465- AAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, 16- QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	1.24	64.19	10.21	3.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
<u> </u>		Y	0.87	60.00	7.39		80.0	
40400	LTE TOD (00 FDM) (DD 0 M)	Z	0.67	60.00	6.85		80.0	
10466- AAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, 64- QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	×	0.80	60.00	7.60	3.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	0.90	60.00	6.88		80.0	
40.407	LITE TOD (CO. TOUR)	Z	0.69	60.00	6.19		80.0	
10467- AAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	100.00	130.52	33.35	3.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	47.97	109.22	25.94		80.0	
		Z	4.78	85.69	20.10		80.0	
10468- AAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	Х	1.33	64.86	10.52	3.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	0.87	60.00	7.41		80.0	-
		Z	0.67	60.00	6.88		80.0	
10469- AAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, 64- QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	Х	0.80	60.00	7.61	3.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	0.89	60.00	6.87		80.0	
		Z	0.69	60.00	6.19		80.0	
10470- AAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	100.00	130.55	33.36	3.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	49.35	109.54	26.00		80.0	
		Z	4.82	85.81	20.13		80.0	-
10471- AAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, 16- QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	1.31	64.74	10.46	3.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	0.87	60.00	7.39		80.0	
40.4=0	175 775 (00 77)	Z	0.66	60.00	6.86		80.0	
10472- AAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	Х	0.80	60.00	7.59	3.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
	1	Υ	0.89	60.00	6.86		80.0	
40.4=2		Z	0.69	60.00	6.17		80.0	
10473- AAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	100.00	130.51	33.34	3.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	48.03	109.20	25.91		80.0	
40.47.	. TE TOO (0.0 TO)	Z	4.74	85.60	20.06		80.0	
10474- AAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	Х	1.30	64.69	10.43	3.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
v-i		Υ	0.87	60.00	7.39		80.0	
107-2		Z	0.66	60.00	6.86		80.0	
10475- AAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, 64- QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	Х	0.80	60.00	7.59	3.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	0.89	60.00	6.86	_	80.0	
		Z	0.69	60.00	6.17		80.0	

40477	LITE TOD (OC FOMA 4 DD 20 MILE 46	V 1	4.00	64.10	10.10	3.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
10477- AAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	Х	1.23	64.18	10.18	3.23		± 9.0 %
		Υ	0.87	60.00	7.37		80.0	
		Ζ	0.66	60.00	6.83		80.0	
10478- AAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	Х	0.80	60.00	7.58	3.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	0.89	60.00	6.85		80.0	
		Ζ	0.69	60.00	6.16		80.0	
10479- AAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	Х	100.00	126.80	33.24	3.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	16.83	96.78	24.93		80.0	
		Z	17.83	99.90	25.23		80.0	
10480- AAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	Х	100.00	110.98	25.88	3.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	4.24	73.22	15.24		80.0	
		Ζ	1.74	65.87	11.40		80.0	
10481- AAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	Х	16.05	88.37	19.67	3.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	2.80	68.08	12.86		80.0	
		Z	1.19	61.90	9.13		80.0	
10482- AAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	Х	1.57	64.75	11.63	2.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	2.36	69.10	14.35		80.0	
		Z	0.89	60.11	8.42		80.0	
10483- AAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	2.03	64.54	11.14	2.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	2.19	64.68	11.58		80.0	
		Z	1.14	60.00	7.47		80.0	
10484- AAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	Х	1.90	63.58	10.68	2.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	2.12	64.08	11.29		80.0	
		Z	1.17	60.00	7.46		80.0	
10485- AAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	3.45	74.98	17.66	2.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
7010	Q1 010, 02 0401141110 2,0,1,1,10,0)	Y	3.58	75.04	18.20		80.0	
		Ż	1.95	68.57	14.43		80.0	
10486- AAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	Х	2.25	65.84	12.95	2.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	2.80	68.12	14.63		80.0	
		Z	1.49	62.13	10.33		80.0	
10487- AAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	Х	2.22	65.29	12.67	2.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	2.76	67.57	14.36		80.0	
		Z	1.49	61.80	10.12		80.0	
10488- AAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	3.71	75.02	19.43	2.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	3.72	74.14	19.13		80.0	
		Z	2.67	71.23	17.54		80.0	
10489- AAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	3.33	70.04	17.15	2.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	3.44	69.76	17.22		80.0	
		Z	2.72	68.09	15.79		80.0	
10490- AAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	Х	3.38	69.72	17.01	2.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	3.50	69.51	17.12		80.0	
		Z	2.77	67.83	15.66		80.0	
10491- AAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	3.67	72.22	18.70	2.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
1	- 213,	Υ	3.79	71.87	18.50		80.0	
		Z	2.91	69.73	17.36		80.0	
10492- AAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	3.59	68.89	17.30	2.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
		1	L	1		+	-+	_+
AAD		Y	3.72	68.74	17.28	1	80.0	İ

10493-	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz,	Х	3.63	68.68	17.20	2.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
AAD	64-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	 	0.77	00.57	47.04			
10404		Y Z	3.77	68.57	17.21	<u> </u>	80.0	
	LTE TOD /SC EDMA 50% DB 20 MUS		3.12	67.39	16.21	0.00	80.0	1
10494- AAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	4.02	73.80	19.26	2.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.14	73.43	19.01		80.0	
40405	LTE TED (OO EDIM 500) ED 00 ill	Z	3.12	70.94	17.86		80.0	
10495- AAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	3.62	69.18	17.57	2.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	3.76	69.07	17.51		80.0	
10496-	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz,	Z X	3.11 3.69	67.77 68.89	16.60 17.47	2.23	80.0 80.0	± 9.6 %
AAE	64-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	 						
		Y	3.82	68.78	17.42		80.0	
10497-	LTE TDD (CC EDMA 4000/ DD 4.4	Z	3.19	67.60	16.55		80.0	
AAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	0.98	60.00	7.66	2.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	1.21	61.40	9.41		80.0	
10100	LTE TOD (OO FOLL)	Z	0.85	60.00	6.48		80.0	
10498- AAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	1.17	60.00	6.48	2.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	1.25	60.00	7.54		80.0	
		Ζ	1.13	60.00	5.14		80.0	
10499- AAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	1.19	60.00	6.32	2.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	1.26	60.00	7.39		80.0	
		Z	1.19	60.00	4.94		80.0	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
10500- AAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	3.61	75.28	18.49	2.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	3.60	74.56	18.55		80.0	
		Ζ	2.31	70.18	15.90		80.0	
10501- AAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	Х	2.83	68.30	14.92	2.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	3.15	69.25	15.83	*	80.0	
		Z	2.02	65.03	12.70		80.0	
10502- AAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	2.81	67.87	14.64	2.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	3.17	68.94	15.62		80.0	
		Z	2.02	64.68	12.43		80.0	
10503- AAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	Х	3.64	74.69	19.28	2.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	3.66	73.87	19.00		80.0	T
		Z	2.62	70.94	17.40		80.0	
10504- AAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	Х	3.30	69.88	17.06	2.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	3.41	69.63	17.15		80.0	
		Ζ	2.69	67.93	15.70		80.0	
10505- AAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	3.35	69.57	16.93	2.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	3.48	69.39	17.05		80.0	
40500	LITE TOD (OO FELL)	Z	2.74	67.69	15.57		80.0	
10506- AAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	Х	3.97	73.59	19.16	2.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.10	73.25	18.92		80.0	
4050=		Ζ	3.08	70.76	17.76		80.0	
10507- AAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	3.61	69.10	17.52	2.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	3.74	68.99	17.47		80.0	
		Z	3.10	67.69	16.55		80.0	

10508-	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10	Х	3.67	68.79	17.42	2.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
AAD	MHz, 64-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)							
		Υ	3.81	68.69	17.37		80.0	
		Ζ	3.18	67.50	16.48		80.0	
10509- AAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	4.19	71.63	18.46	2.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	4.34	71.54	18.29		80.0	
		Z	3.49	69.77	17.46		80.0	0.00
10510- AAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	×	4.02	68.41	17.47	2.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	4.18	68.47	17.43		80.0	
		Z	3.54	67.28	16.67		80.0	
10511- AAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	4.08	68.19	17.41	2.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	4.24	68.23	17.36		80.0	
		Ζ	3.62	67.16	16.64		80.0	
10512- AAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	Х	4.39	73.11	18.91	2.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	4.57	73.09	18.76		80.0	
		Z	3.55	70.80	17.76		80.0	
10513- AAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	3.92	68.58	17.57	2.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	4.08	68.69	17.52		80.0	
		Z	3.44	67.34	16.73		80.0	
10514- AAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	Х	3.95	68.18	17.44	2.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.10	68.28	17.40		80.0	
		Z	3.50	67.06	16.65		80.0	
10515- AAA	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 2 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	Х	0.85	63.44	14.76	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	0.97	65.05	16.30		150.0	
		Z	0.86	63.31	14.29		150.0	
10516- AAA	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 5.5 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	Х	1.00	82.07	20.52	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
	14	Y	6.58	117.44	34.05		150.0	
	1555 000 441 M/5 0 4 OH /D000 44	Z	0.52	71.82	16.88	0.00	150.0	1069/
10517- AAA	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 11 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	X	0.71	65.99	15.57	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	0.90	69.36	18.20		150.0	
10518- AAB	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 9 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	Z X	0.69 4.21	65.04 66.82	14.76 16.23	0.00	150.0 150.0	±9.6 %
7010	Wibps, sope daty cycle)	Y	4.40	67.17	16.57		150.0	
		Ż	4.07	67.02	15.99		150.0	
10519- AAB	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 12 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	Х	4.34	66.98	16.31	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	4.56	67.34	16.66		150.0	
		Z	4.19	67.14	16.06	0.00	150.0	1000
10520- AAB	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 18 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	X	4.20	66.91	16.23	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.42	67.30 67.06	16.59 15.98		150.0 150.0	
10521- AAB	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 24 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	X	4.06 4.13	66.86	16.20	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	4.35	67.28	16.58		150.0	
		Z	3.99	66.98	15.94		150.0	
10522- AAB	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 36 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	Х	4.17	66.96	16.28	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.41	67.42	16.68		150.0	
		Z	4.01	67.01	15.97		150.0	

10523- AAB	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 48 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	X	4.12	67.05	16.25	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	4.33	67.40	16.59		150.0	
		Z	3.99	67.23	16.03		150.0	
10524- AAB	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 54 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	Х	4.13	66.97	16.30	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.35	67.37	16.67		150.0	
		Z	3.98	67.09	16.04		150.0	
10525- AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, MCS0, 99pc duty cycle)	X	4.18	66.09	15.94	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	4.39	66.46	16.28		150.0	
40500		Z	4.05	66.29	15.72		150.0	114
10526- AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, MCS1, 99pc duty cycle)	Х	4.29	66.34	16.05	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		<u> </u>	4.52	66.77	16.40		150.0	
40507	JEEF 000 44 - : MEET (000 MILL MOOO)	Z	4.14	66.48	15.80		150.0	
10527- AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, MCS2, 99pc duty cycle)	Х	4.23	66.32	15.98	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.45	66.75	16.35		150.0	
40500	1555 000 14 MUST (000 W. 1100 0	Z	4.08	66.48	15.75		150.0	
10528- AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, MCS3, 99pc duty cycle)	X	4.24	66.33	16.02	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	4.46	66.76	16.38		150.0	
40500		Z	4.09	66.47	15.77		150.0	
10529- AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, MCS4, 99pc duty cycle)	X	4.24	66.33	16.02	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	4.46	66.76	16.38		150.0	
40504	UEEE 000 44 NUEL (001411 A1000	Z	4.09	66.47	15.77		150.0	
10531- AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, MCS6, 99pc duty cycle)	X	4.20	66.33	15.98	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	4.44	66.81	16.38		150.0	
		Z	4.04	66.44	15.72		150.0	
10532- AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, MCS7, 99pc duty cycle)	Х	4.09	66.19	15.91	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.31	66.68	16.32		150.0	
		Z	3.95	66.32	15.67		150.0	
10533- AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, MCS8, 99pc duty cycle)	X	4.25	66.42	16.02	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.47	66.85	16.39		150.0	
		Z	4.09	66.58	15.79		150.0	
10534- AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS0, 99pc duty cycle)	Х	4.82	66.28	16.10	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	5.01	66.66	16.38		150.0	
		Z	4.67	66.35	15.86		150.0	
10535- AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS1, 99pc duty cycle)	X	4.86	66.40	16.17	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	5.07	66.83	16.46		150.0	
		Z	4.69	66.42	15.91		150.0	
10536- AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS2, 99pc duty cycle)	Х	4.75	66.37	16.13	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	4.96	66.84	16.44		150.0	
40505	1555 000 44	Z	4.60	66.44	15.89		150.0	
10537- AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS3, 99pc duty cycle)	X	4.84	66.47	16.18	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.01	66.80	16.43		150.0	
40500	IEEE 000 44 MIEE 440 TO	Z	4.68	66.51	15.93		150.0	
10538- AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS4, 99pc duty cycle)	X	4.88	66.35	16.16	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	5.08	66.76	16.45		150.0	
455:-		Z	4.71	66.38	15.90		150.0	
10540- AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS6, 99pc duty cycle)	X	4.81	66.30	16.16	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	5.01	66.72	16.45		150.0	
		Z	4.65	66.34	15.90		150.0	

10541-	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS7,	X	4.80	66.22	16.09	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
AAB	99pc duty cycle)			00.22	10.00			1 3.0 7.0
		Υ	4.99	66.61	16.37		150.0	
		Z	4.65	66.32	15.87		150.0	
10542- AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS8, 99pc duty cycle)	X	4.95	66.33	16.17	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.14	66.71	16.44		150.0	
		Z	4.79	66.39	15.92		150.0	
10543- AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS9, 99pc duty cycle)	X	5.05	66.50	16.28	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.22	66.78	16.50		150.0	
		Z	4.85	66.47	15.99		150.0	
10544- AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, MCS0, 99pc duty cycle)	X	5.18	66.28	16.07	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.35	66.69	16.34		150.0	
		Z _	5.04	66.36	15.85		150.0	
10545- AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, MCS1, 99pc duty cycle)	X	5.38	66.85	16.32	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.55	67.20	16.55		150.0	
		Z	5.18	66.73	16.00		150.0	
10546- AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, MCS2, 99pc duty cycle)	X	5.21	66.40	16.10	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.39	66.83	16.38		150.0	
		Z	5.06	66.45	15.86		150.0	
10547- AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, MCS3, 99pc duty cycle)	×	5.34	66.70	16.25	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	5.47	66.95	16.43		150.0	
		Z	5.17	66.69	15.98		150.0	
10548- AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, MCS4, 99pc duty cycle)	X	5.46	67.25	16.50	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	5.68	67.76	16.81		150.0	
		Z	5.19	66.93	16.08		150.0	
10550- AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, MCS6, 99pc duty cycle)	×	5.33	66.84	16.34	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	5.46	67.06	16.50		150.0	
		Z	5.15	66.78	16.05		150.0	
10551- AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, MCS7, 99pc duty cycle)	X	5.19	66.33	16.04	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	5.39	66.81	16.34		150.0	
		Z	5.04	66.38	15.81		150.0	
10552- AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, MCS8, 99pc duty cycle)	X	5.18	66.41	16.08	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	5.36	66.79	16.33		150.0	
		Z	5.05	66.52	15.87		150.0	
10553- AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, MCS9, 99pc duty cycle)	Х	5.23	66.33	16.07	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	5.41	66.74	16.34		150.0	<u></u>
		Z	5.09	66.42	15.85		150.0	
10554- AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (160MHz, MCS0, 99pc duty cycle)	Х	5.62	66.62	16.16	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.77	67.01	16.40		150.0	
		Z	5.48	66.65	15.91		150.0	
10555- AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (160MHz, MCS1, 99pc duty cycle)	Х	5.71	66.86	16.26	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.88	67.28	16.52	ļ	150.0	
		Z	5.54	66.80	15.97		150.0	
10556- AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (160MHz, MCS2, 99pc duty cycle)	×	5.78	67.06	16.35	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.92	67.39	16.56		150.0	
		Z	5.59	66.96	16.04	<u> </u>	150.0	1
10557- AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (160MHz, MCS3, 99pc duty cycle)	Х	5.70	66.81	16.25	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.87	67.22	16.50		150.0	
		Z	5.54	66.82	15.99		150.0	

40550	IEEE 000 44 MEE (400MH MODA	T		T	1	1		
10558- AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (160MHz, MCS4, 99pc duty cycle)	X	5.68	66.79	16.25	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	5.89	67.32	16.56		150.0	
		Z	5.51	66.77	15.98		150.0	
10560- AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (160MHz, MCS6, 99pc duty cycle)	X	5.71	66.77	16.28	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	5.89	67.21	16.54		150.0	
		Z	5.55	66.76	16.02		150.0	
10561- AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (160MHz, MCS7, 99pc duty cycle)	X	5.66	66.78	16.32	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.83	67.22	16.58		150.0	
		Z	5.49	66.74	16.03		150.0	
10562- AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (160MHz, MCS8, 99pc duty cycle)	Х	5.69	66.89	16.37	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.89	67.40	16.67		150.0	
		Z	5.52	66.86	16.09		150.0	
10563- AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (160MHz, MCS9, 99pc duty cycle)	X	5.83	67.00	16.39	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	5.99	67.36	16.62		150.0	
		Z	5.66	66.99	16.13		150.0	
10564- AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS- OFDM, 9 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	X	4.52	66.80	16.34	0.46	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.71	67.11	16.64		150.0	
		Z	4.37	66.94	16.08		150.0	
10565- AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS- OFDM, 12 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	Х	4.71	67.24	16.68	0.46	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	4.92	67.55	16.97		150.0	
		Z	4.55	67.39	16.44		150.0	
10566- AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS- OFDM, 18 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	Х	4.55	67.03	16.47	0.46	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	4.75	67.36	16.77		150.0	
		Z	4.39	67.14	16.20		150.0	
10567- AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS- OFDM, 24 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	Х	4.59	67.50	16.90	0.46	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	4.80	67.84	17.20		150.0	
		Z	4.45	67.67	16.67		150.0	
10568- AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS- OFDM, 36 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	X	4.43	66.68	16.15	0.46	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	4.65	67.08	16.49		150.0	
		Z	4.24	66.65	15.80		150.0	
10569- AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS- OFDM, 48 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	X	4.60	67.82	17.09	0.46	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	4.78	68.07	17.33		150.0	
		Z	4.46	68.04	16.90		150.0	
10570- _AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS- OFDM, 54 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	X	4.58	67.53	16.94	0.46	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.79	67.84	17.22		150.0	
		Z	4.42	67.66	16.69		150.0	
10571- AAA	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)	Х	1.05	64.80	15.67	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	1.17	65.98	16.71		130.0	,,,,
		Z	1.00	63.98	14.85		130.0	
10572- AAA	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 2 Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)	X	1.07	65.55	16.13	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	1.19	66.83	17.22		130.0	
40570	IEEE OOO 441 MEELO 1 COLORES	Z	1.01	64.59	15.26		130.0	
10573- AAA	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 5.5 Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)	Х	45.90	133.30	34.49	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	100.00	153.39	40.97		130.0	
40574	IEEE 000 441 MEET 0 1 01 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Z	1.58	84.66	22.16		130.0	
10574- AAA	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 11 Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)	Х	1.35	74.48	20.46	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	1.66	77.75	22.43		130.0	
		Z	1.11	71.01	18.64		130.0	

10575-	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-	Х	4.32	66.63	16.40	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
AAA	OFDM, 6 Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)							
	145,000	Υ	4.48	66.85	16.63		130.0	
		Ζ	4.16	66.71	16.08		130.0	
10576- AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS- OFDM, 9 Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)	×	4.35	66.88	16.51	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
	C. I in, a suspe, capacity of any	Υ	4.52	67.08	16.73		130.0	
		Z	4.19	66.99	16.21		130.0	**
10577-	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-	$\frac{z}{x}$	4.50	67.10	16.65	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
AAA	OFDM, 12 Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)					0.10		2 0.0 70
		Y	4.69	67.32	16.88		130.0	
		Ζ	4.33	67.20	16.35		130.0	
10578- AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS- OFDM, 18 Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)	Х	4.42	67.29	16.79	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	4.60	67.52	17.02		130.0	
1		Ζ	4.26	67.40	16.51		130.0	
10579- AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS- OFDM, 24 Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)	Х	4.15	66.32	15.93	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
7001	Or Divi, 24 Mispo, cope daty cycle)	Y	4.34	66.61	16.20		130.0	
		Z	3.97	66.27	15.55		130.0	
10580-	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-	X	4.18	66.36	15.93	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
AAA	OFDM, 36 Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)					0.70		2 0.0 /0
		Y	4.38	66.67	16.22		130.0	
		Z	3.97	66.21	15.49	0.40	130.0	1000
10581- AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS- OFDM, 48 Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)	X	4.34	67.41	16.79	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.51	67.61	16.99		130.0	
		Z	4.18	67.53	16.51		130.0	
10582- AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS- OFDM, 54 Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)	Х	4.07	66.06	15.68	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
7001	Of Bitt, of Hispo, copo daty cycle)	Y	4.26	66.35	15.96		130.0	
	***	Ż	3.88	65.96	15.27		130.0	
10583-	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 6	X	4.32	66.63	16.40	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
AAB	Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)	 	4.40	00.05	40.00		130.0	
		Υ	4.48	66.85	16.63			
10501	IEEE OOO 44 # MUE: F OUL (OEDM O	Z	4.16	66.71	16.08	0.40	130.0	106%
10584- AAB	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 9 Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)	X	4.35	66.88	16.51	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	4.52	67.08	16.73		130.0	
		Z	4.19	66.99	16.21		130.0	
10585- AAB	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 12 Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)	Х	4.50	67.10	16.65	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
7010	mbpo, copo daty cycle)	Y	4.69	67.32	16.88		130.0	
		Z	4.33	67.20	16.35		130.0	
10586-	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 18	X	4.42	67.29	16.79	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
AAB	Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)	Y	4.60	67.52	17.02	 	130.0	
<u> </u>		Z	4.60	67.40	16.51	 	130.0	-
10587-	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 24	X	4.26	66.32	15.93	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
AAB	Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)	+	404	60.04	16.00	ļ . 	130.0	
		Y	4.34	66.61	16.20			
		Z	3.97	66.27	15.55	0.40	130.0	1000
10588- AAB	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 36 Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)	Х	4.18	66.36	15.93	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	4.38	66.67	16.22		130.0	
		Z	3.97	66.21	15.49		130.0	
10589- AAB	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 48 Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)	Х	4.34	67.41	16.79	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
, , , ,	inspo, cope daty cyclo)	Y	4.51	67.61	16.99		130.0	
		Z	4.18	67.53	16.51	-	130.0	
10590-	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 54	X	4.07	66.06	15.68	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
AAB	Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)					0.40		2 0.0 76
		Y	4.26	66.35	15.96		130.0	
	i e	Z	3.88	65.96	15.27		130.0	1

10591- AAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 20MHz, MCS0, 90pc duty cycle)	Х	4.48	66.74	16.55	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
7/10	Wicso, Sope duty cycle)		4.04		10.75		100	
		Y	4.64	66.92	16.75		130.0	
10592-	IEEE 902 11p (HT Mixed, 20MH)	Z	4.33	66.86	16.26	 	130.0	
AAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 20MHz, MCS1, 90pc duty cycle)		4.58	67.02	16.67	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.77	67.23	16.87		130.0	
		Z	4.41	67.10	16.37		130.0	
10593- AAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 20MHz, MCS2, 90pc duty cycle)	X	4.50	66.88	16.51	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.68	67.11	16.73		130.0	
		Z	4.33	66.96	16.20		130.0	
10594- AAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 20MHz, MCS3, 90pc duty cycle)	X	4.56	67.08	16.70	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.74	67.30	16.91		130.0	
		Z	4.39	67.16	16.40		130.0	
10595- AAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 20MHz, MCS4, 90pc duty cycle)	X	4.53	67.07	16.60	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.71	67.27	16.81		130.0	<u> </u>
		Z	4.35	67.13	16.30		130.0	
10596- AAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 20MHz, MCS5, 90pc duty cycle)	Х	4.45	67.00	16.58	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.64	67.24	16.80		130.0	
		Z	4.27	67.01	16.25		130.0	
10597- AAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 20MHz, MCS6, 90pc duty cycle)	Х	4.40	66.85	16.41	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
_		Y	4.59	67.11	16.65		130.0	
		Z	4.23	66.87	16.08	 	130.0	
10598- AAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 20MHz, MCS7, 90pc duty cycle)	Х	4.41	67.15	16.73	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	4.59	67.39	16.96		130.0	<u> </u>
		Z	4.26	67.25	16.45		130.0	
10599- AAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 40MHz, MCS0, 90pc duty cycle)	X	5.20	67.26	16.87	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.33	67.39	16.98	<u> </u>	130.0	
		Z	5.07	67.39	16.64		130.0	
10600- AAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 40MHz, MCS1, 90pc duty cycle)	X	5.34	67.77	17.10	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.47	67.86	17.18		130.0	
		Z	5.05	67.37	16.59	T	130.0	
10601- AAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 40MHz, MCS2, 90pc duty cycle)	X	5.22	67.48	16.98	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.34	67.55	17.05		130.0	
		Z	5.03	67.40	16.63		130.0	-
10602- AAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 40MHz, MCS3, 90pc duty cycle)	Х	5.31	67.47	16.88	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	5.47	67.70	17.03		130.0	
		Z	5.04	67.16	16.42		130.0	
10603- AAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 40MHz, MCS4, 90pc duty cycle)	X	5.34	67.68	17.13	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.55	68.04	17.35		130.0	
		Z	5.07	67.36	16.68		130.0	
10604- AAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 40MHz, MCS5, 90pc duty cycle)	Х	5.19	67.13	16.83	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.43	67.67	17.14		130.0	
		Z	4.98	67.00	16.46		130.0	
10605- AAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 40MHz, MCS6, 90pc duty cycle)	X	5.28	67.45	16.99	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	5.44	67.68	17.14		130.0	
		Z	5.02	67.15	16.54		130.0	
10606- AAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 40MHz, MCS7, 90pc duty cycle)	Х	5.09	66.96	16.59	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.20	67.02	16.66		130.0	

40007			4.00	00.44	10.01	0.40	400.0	
10607- AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, MCS0, 90pc duty cycle)	X	4.33	66.11	16.21	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
770	90pc duty cycle)	Y	4.50	66.32	16.42		130.0	
		Ż	4.18	66.24	15.93		130.0	
10608-	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, MCS1,	 	4.46	66.41	16.34	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
AAB	90pc duty cycle)			44				,,
		Y	4.65	66.67	16.57		130.0	
		Z	4.28	66.49	16.05		130.0	
10609-	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, MCS2,	Х	4.35	66.23	16.15	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
AAB	90pc duty cycle)			ļ				
		Y	4.54	66.50	16.39		130.0	
		Z	4.18	66.29	15.84		130.0	
10610-	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, MCS3,	Х	4.41	66.44	16.34	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
AAB	90pc duty cycle)		4.50	00.00	40.57		400.0	
		Y	4.59 4.24	66.68 66.51	16.57 16.05		130.0 130.0	
10611-	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, MCS4,	Z	4.24	66.20	16.03	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
AAB	90pc duty cycle)	^	4.32	00.20	10.17	0.40	130.0	1 9.0 /0
7010	Sope daty cycles	Y	4.51	66.47	16.40		130.0	
		Z	4.14	66.25	15.86		130.0	
10612-	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, MCS5,	X	4.30	66.31	16.19	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
AAB	90pc duty cycle)							
		Υ	4.50	66.61	16.44		130.0	
		Z	4.10	66.27	15.84		130.0	
10613-	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, MCS6,	X	4.29	66.09	16.01	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
AAB	90pc duty cycle)							
		Y	4.49	66.41	16.28		130.0	
		Z	4.10	66.08	15.67		130.0	2 2 2/
10614- AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, MCS7, 90pc duty cycle)	X	4.28	66.40	16.32	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.47	66.69	16.57		130.0	
		Z	4.11	66.46	16.02		130.0	
10615- AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, MCS8, 90pc duty cycle)	X	4.30	66.00	15.89	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	4.49	66.26	16.14		130.0	
		Z	4.11	66.01	15.56		130.0	
10616- AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS0, 90pc duty cycle)	X	4.98	66.35	16.40	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	5.14	66.59	16.56		130.0	
		Z	4.81	66.34	16.11		130.0	
10617- AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS1, 90pc duty cycle)	X	5.02	66.47	16.44	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.20	66.77	16.63		130.0	
		Z	4.82	66.38	16.11		130.0	
10618- AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS2, 90pc duty cycle)	X	4.92	66.49	16.47	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	5.11	66.84	16.68		130.0	
		Z	4.75	66.49	16.18		130.0	
10619- AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS3, 90pc duty cycle)	X	4.99	66.47	16.38	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.12	66.62	16.50		130.0	
		Z	4.78	66.37	16.04		130.0	
10620- AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS4, 90pc duty cycle)	X	5.02	66.35	16.37	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.19	66.61	16.54		130.0	
		Z	4.81	66.23	16.02		130.0	
10621- AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS5, 90pc duty cycle)	X	5.02	66.45	16.56	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.19	66.74	16.74		130.0	
		Z	4.86	66.48	16.29		130.0	
10622- AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS6, 90pc duty cycle)	X	5.02	66.56	16.61	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	5.19	66.85	16.79		130.0	
		Z	4.84	66.54	16.31		130.0	

10623-	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS7,	X	4.91	66.09	16.22	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
AAB	90pc duty cycle)	 , 						
		Y	5.06	66.33	16.38		130.0	
10624-	IEEE 902 44 co M/IEI /40MI I= MCCO	Z	4.74	66.10	15.92	0.40	130.0	. 0.00/
AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS8, 90pc duty cycle)	X	5.10	66.37	16.43	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.27	66.61	16.59		130.0	
		Z	4.91	66.33	16.12		130.0	
10625- AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS9, 90pc duty cycle)	X	5.22	66.63	16.63	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.38	66.84	16.77		130.0	
		Z	5.00	66.51	16.28		130.0	
10626- AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, MCS0, 90pc duty cycle)	Х	5.32	66.29	16.33	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.46	66.57	16.48		130.0	
		Z	5.17	66.30	16.05		130.0	
10627- AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, MCS1, 90pc duty cycle)	X	5.60	67.10	16.71	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.73	67.29	16.81		130.0	
		Ż	5.36	66.86	16.31		130.0	
10628- AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, MCS2, 90pc duty cycle)	X	5.31	66.25	16.20	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.46	66.55	16.37		130.0	
		Z	5.14	66.21	15.90		130.0	
10629- AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, MCS3, 90pc duty cycle)	X	5.49	66.72	16.44	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.57	66.76	16.47		130.0	
		Z	5.29	66.59	16.09		130.0	
10630- AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, MCS4, 90pc duty cycle)	X	5.68	67.51	16.83	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.90	67.96	17.07		130.0	
		Z	5.34	66.93	16.27		130.0	
10631- AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, MCS5, 90pc duty cycle)	X	5.63	67.48	17.02	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.82	67.86	17.23		130.0	
		Z	5.40	67.29	16.67		130.0	
10632- AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, MCS6, 90pc duty cycle)	X	5.65	67.46	17.04	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.72	67.47	17.05		130.0	
		Z	5.44	67.32	16.69		130.0	-
10633- AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, MCS7, 90pc duty cycle)	X	5.32	66.30	16.27	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.51	66.72	16.50		130.0	
		Z	5.15	66.30	15.99		130.0	
10634- AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, MCS8, 90pc duty cycle)	X	5.36	66.54	16.45	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.51	66.83	16.61		130.0	
		Z	5.20	66.59	16.19		130.0	
10635- AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, MCS9, 90pc duty cycle)	X	5.20	65.70	15.73	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.36	66.01	15.90		130.0	**
		Z	5.03	65.65	15.41		130.0	
10636- AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (160MHz, MCS0, 90pc duty cycle)	Х	5.78	66.65	16.42	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	5.90	66.91	16.56		130.0	
,		Z	5.61	66.61	16.12	_	130.0	
10637- AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (160MHz, MCS1, 90pc duty cycle)	X	5.90	67.00	16.58	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
-		Y	6.04	67.28	16.73		130.0	
		Z	5.69	66.82	16.22		130.0	
10638- AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (160MHz, MCS2, 90pc duty cycle)	X	5.94	67.10	16.61	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	6.05	67.30	16.71		130.0	
				1 01.00		1	1 1,31111	

10639-	IEEE 902 44cc W/E: (460MH= MCC2	1 🗸 1	E 0.7	00.00	40.54	0.40	400.0	1000
AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (160MHz, MCS3, 90pc duty cycle)	X	5.87	66.88	16.54	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
7010	oope daty cycle)	Y	6.00	67.17	16.69		130.0	
		Z	5.69	66.82	16.24		130.0	
10640-	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (160MHz, MCS4,	$\frac{1}{x}$	5.79	66.67	16.37	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
AAC	90pc duty cycle)							
		Y	5.97	67.09	16.59		130.0	
		Z	5.60	66.55	16.04		130.0	
10641-	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (160MHz, MCS5,	X	5.95	66.94	16.53	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
AAC	90pc duty cycle)							
		Υ	6.07	67.17	16.65		130.0	
	77-7-1010-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-1	Z	5.72	66.71	16.14		130.0	
10642-	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (160MHz, MCS6,	X	5.93	67.02	16.75	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
AAC	90pc duty cycle)	+ -	6.00	07.00	40.00		420.0	
		Y Z	6.09 5.75	67.36 66.97	16.93 16.45		130.0 130.0	<u></u>
10643-	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (160MHz, MCS7,	X	5.79	66.72	16.48	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
AAC	90pc duty cycle)	^	3.79	00.72	10.40	0.40	130.0	1 9.0 %
70.0	Copo dally cycle)	Y	5.94	67.06	16.66		130.0	
		Ż	5.59	66.57	16.12		130.0	
10644-	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (160MHz, MCS8,	X	5.83	66.84	16.56	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
AAC	90pc duty cycle)							
		Υ	6.00	67.25	16.78		130.0	
		Z	5.64	66.74	16.23		130.0	
10645-	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (160MHz, MCS9,	X	6.00	67.07	16.64	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
AAC	90pc duty cycle)	—	0.04	07.54	40.00		400.0	
		Y	6.21	67.54	16.89		130.0 130.0	
10646-	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz,	Z	5.77 10.86	66.86 99.58	16.26 34.54	9.30	60.0	± 9.6 %
AAE	QPSK, UL Subframe=2,7)	^	10.00	33.30	34.34	9.50	00.0	1 9.0 %
/V\L	Qi Oit, OL Gabilanic-2,7)	Y	12.75	100.34	33.52		60.0	
		Z	5.31	84.82	28.77		60.0	
10647-	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz,	X	9.54	97.33	33.94	9.30	60.0	± 9.6 %
AAE	QPSK, UL Subframe=2,7)							
		Υ	11.34	98.50	33.07	·	60.0	
		Z	4.72	82.70	28.08		60.0	
10648- AAA	CDMA2000 (1x Advanced)	X	0.33	60.00	5.33	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
7001		Y	0.54	62.99	9.08		150.0	
		Ż	0.29	60.00	4.72		150.0	
10652-	LTE-TDD (OFDMA, 5 MHz, E-TM 3.1,	 	3.41	67.48	16.36	2.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
AAC	Clipping 44%)			-				
		Y	3.57	67.58	16.63		80.0	
		Z	3.03	66.68	15.51		80.0	
10653- AAC	LTE-TDD (OFDMA, 10 MHz, E-TM 3.1, Clipping 44%)	X	3.91	66.47	16.67	2.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.05	66.58	16.80		80.0	
		Z	3.59	65.97	16.06		80.0	
10654- AAC	LTE-TDD (OFDMA, 15 MHz, E-TM 3.1, Clipping 44%)	X	3.92	66.00	16.72	2.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	4.05	66.15	16.82		80.0	
		Z	3.64	65.53	16.15		80.0	
10655- AAD	LTE-TDD (OFDMA, 20 MHz, E-TM 3.1, Clipping 44%)	X	4.00	65.85	16.74	2.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	4.12	66.05	16.84		80.0	
		Z	3.73	65.37	16.19	1.5.5.	80.0	
10658- AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 10%)	Х	8.11	79.21	17.64	10.00	50.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	5.18	73.01	14.95		50.0	
		Z	4.63	71.52	13.37		50.0	
10659- AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 20%)	X	100.00	107.57	23.76	6.99	60.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.94	76.36	14.90		60.0	
		Z	5.07	74.93	13.37		60.0	

10660- AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 40%)	X	100.00	102.40	19.98	3.98	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	100.00	101.57	19.73		80.0	
		Z	9.47	80.34	13.09		80.0	
10661- AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 60%)	X	0.90	65.14	7.58	2.22	100.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	100.00	98.16	17.19		100.0	
		Z	0.28	60.00	4.46		100.0	
10662- AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 80%)	X	42.12	60.80	1.47	0.97	120.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	0.19	60.00	4.14		120.0	
		Z	1.43	244.46	28.28		120.0	

^E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

RF Exposure Lab

Certificate No: EX3-7530_Jan20

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object EX3DV4 - SN:7530

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-01 vs. QA CAL-14.v5. QA CAL-23.v5. QA CA¹-25.v7

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date: January 21, 2020

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892/02893)	Apr-20
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892)	Apr-20
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02893)	Apr-20
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02894)	Apr-20
DAE4	SN: 660	27-Dec-19 (No. DAE4-660_Dec19)	Dec-20
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	31-Dec-19 (No. ES3-3013_Dec19)	Dec-20
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20
Network Analyzer E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-19)	In house check: Oct-20

Name Function Signature

Leif Klysner Laboratory Technician

Approved by: Katja Pokovic Technical Manager

Issued: January 21, 2020

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst

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Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization φ φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9 9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, ", "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide).
 NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

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EX3DV4 - \$N:7530 January 21, 2020

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7530

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)^A$	0.42	0.47	0.43	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ^B	100.4	98.8	99.4	

Calibration Results for Modulation Response

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	С	D dB	VR mV	Max dev.	Unc [±] (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	143.0	±3.5 %	± 4.7 %
		Υ	0.0	0.0	1.0		140.8		
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		146.9		

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 5).

Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

EX3DV4- SN:7530 January 21, 2020

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7530

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	36.6
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

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EX3DV4- SN:7530 January 21, 2020

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7530

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unc (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	10.56	10.56	10.56	0.53	0.97	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	10.14	10.14	10.14	0.61	0.80	± 12.0 %
1300	40.8	1.14	9.57	9.57	9.57	0.60	0.80	± 12.0 %
1450	40.5	1.20	9.37	9.37	9.37	0.55	0.80	± 12.0 %
1640	40.2	1.31	8.73	8.73	8.73	0.24	0.80	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	8.61	8.61	8.61	0.29	0.80	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	8.31	8.31	8.31	0.34	0.80	± 12.0 %
2300	39.5	1.67	7.97	7.97	7.97	0.39	0.80	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	7.76	7.76	7.76	0.29	0.80	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	7.40	7.40	7.40	0.39	0.84	± 12.0 %
3500	37.9	2.91	7.20	7.20	7.20	0.30	1.35	± 13.1 %
3700	37.7	3.12	6.96	6.96	6.96	0.30	1.35	± 13.1 %
5250	35.9	4.71	5.45	5.45	5.45	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.80	4.80	4.80	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5750	35.4	5.22	4.95	4.95	4.95	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %

^c Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Validity of ConvF assessed at 6 MHz is 4-9 MHz, and ConvF assessed at 13 MHz is 9-19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

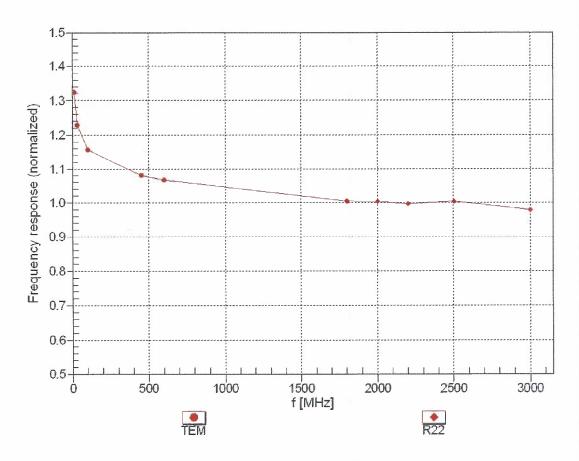
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F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to \pm 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to \pm 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is

⁴ Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



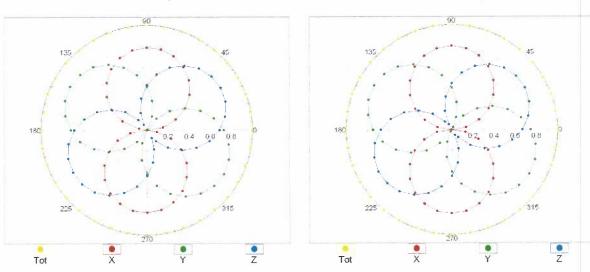
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

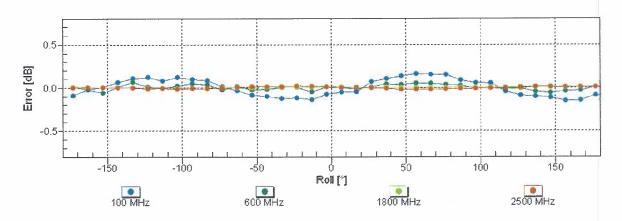
January 21, 2020

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $9 = 0^{\circ}$



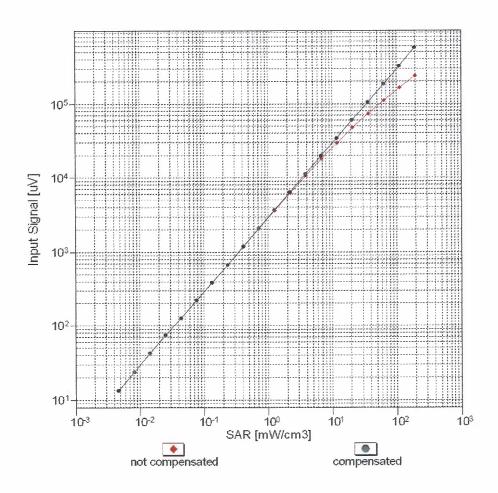
f=1800 MHz,R22

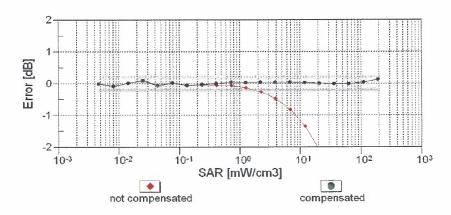




Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell , f_{eval}= 1900 MHz)

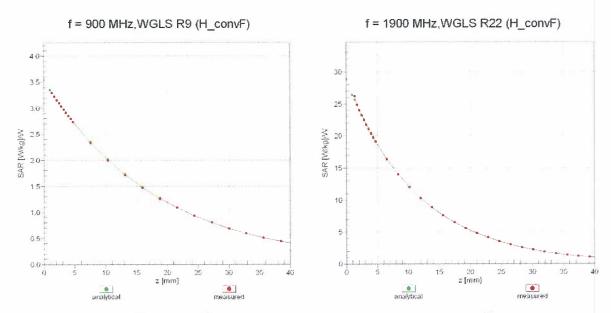




Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

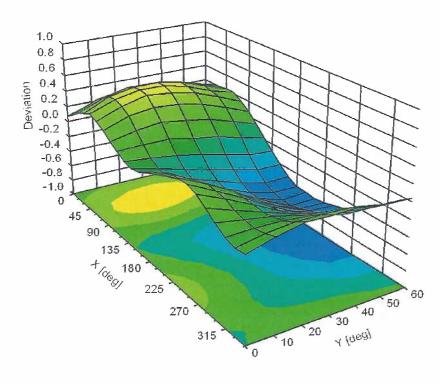
January 21, 2020

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid

Error (ϕ, ϑ) , f = 900 MHz





Report Number: SAR.20180708

Appendix E – Dipole Calibration Data Sheets



Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner **Engineering AG** Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage C Servizio svizzero di taratura **Swiss Calibration Service**

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Client

RF Exposure Lab

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Certificate No: D750V3-1053_Aug15

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

D750V3 - SN: 1053

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-05.v9

Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz

Calibration date:

August 10, 2015

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020)	Oct-15
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020)	Oct-15
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02021)	Oct-15
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02131)	Mar-16
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02134)	Mar-16
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	30-Dec-14 (No. ES3-3205_Dec14)	Dec-15
DAE4	SN: 601	18-Aug-14 (No. DAE4-601_Aug14)	Aug-15
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14)	In house check: Oct-15

Calibrated by:

Name

Function

Laboratory Technician

Approved by:

Katja Pokovic

Michael Weber

Technical Manager

Issued: August 12, 2015

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Certificate No: D750V3-1053_Aug15

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Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

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Glossary:

TSL

N/A

tissue simulating liquid

ConvF

sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
 positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
 measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
 reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
 No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: D750V3-1053_Aug15

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy , $dz = 5$ mm	W
Frequency	750 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.9	0.89 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	42.1 ± 6 %	0.91 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.04 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	8.03 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.33 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	5.25 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.5	0.96 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	56.3 ± 6 %	1.00 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.18 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	8.48 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.43 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	5.59 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	54.4 Ω - 0.4 jΩ
Return Loss	- 27.5 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.5 Ω - 2.5 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 32.0 dB	

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.035 ns
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After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	November 08, 2011

Extended Calibration

Usage of SAR dipoles calibrated less than 3 years ago but more than 1 year ago were confirmed in maintaining return loss (< -20 dB, within 20% of prior calibration) and impedance (within 5 ohm from prior calibration) requirements per extended calibrations in KDB Publication 865664 D01 v01r04.

D750V3 SN: 1053 - Head						
Date of Measurement	Return Loss (dB)	Δ%	Impedance Real (Ω)	ΔΩ	Impedance Imaginary (jΩ)	ΔΩ
8/10/2015	-27.5		54.4		-0.4	
8/9/2016	-25.9	-5.8	54.3	-0.1	-0.5	-0.1
8/10/2017	-26.9	-2.2	54.1	-0.3	-0.3	0.1

		D750V	3 SN: 1053 -	Body		
Date of Measurement	Return Loss (dB)	Δ%	Impedance Real (Ω)	ΔΩ	Impedance Imaginary (jΩ)	ΔΩ
8/10/2015	-32.0		49.5		-2.5	
8/9/2016	-31.5	-1.6	51.0	1.5	-2.9	-0.4
8/10/2017	-31.2	-2.5	50.3	0.8	-2.8	-0.3

emicate No. 172073-1023, 91012

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 10.08.2015

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 750 MHz; Type: D750V3; Serial: D750V3 - SN: 1053

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 750 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz; $\sigma = 0.91$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

• Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.44, 6.44, 6.44); Calibrated: 30.12.2014;

• Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 18.08.2014

Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001

• DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

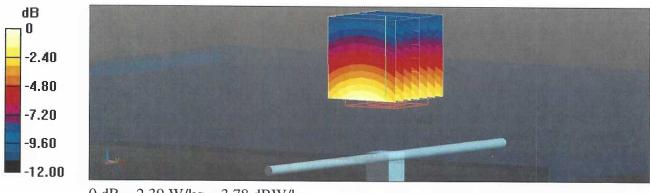
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 53.03 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.06 W/kg

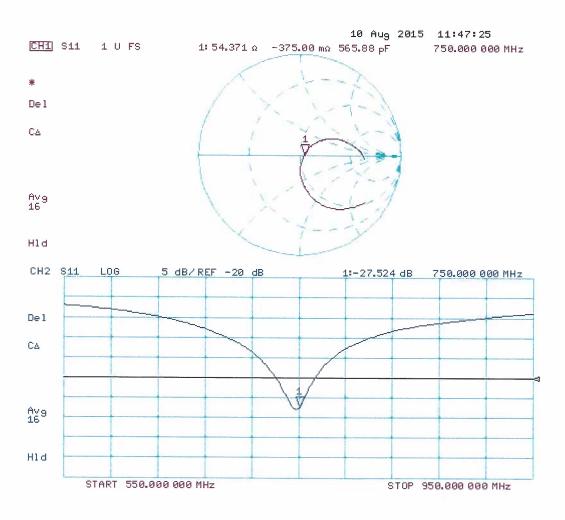
SAR(1 g) = 2.04 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.33 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.39 W/kg



0 dB = 2.39 W/kg = 3.78 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 10.08.2015

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 750 MHz; Type: D750V3; Serial: D750V3 - SN: 1053

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 750 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz; $\sigma = 1$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 56.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

• Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.21, 6.21, 6.21); Calibrated: 30.12.2014;

• Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 18.08.2014

Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001

• DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

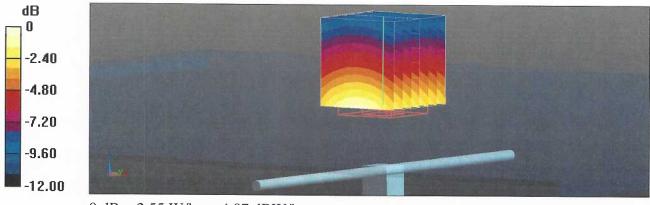
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 52.22 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.19 W/kg

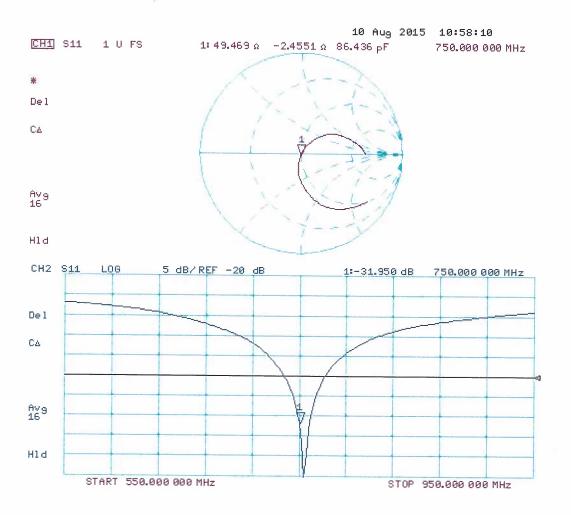
SAR(1 g) = 2.18 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.43 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.55 W/kg



0 dB = 2.55 W/kg = 4.07 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client

RF Exposure Lab

Certificate No: D835V2-4d131_Aug15

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

D835V2 - SN: 4d131

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-05.v9

Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz

Calibration date:

August 10, 2015

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}$ C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020)	Oct-15
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020)	Oct-15
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02021)	Oct-15
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02131)	Mar-16
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02134)	Mar-16
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	30-Dec-14 (No. ES3-3205_Dec14)	Dec-15
DAE4	SN: 601	18-Aug-14 (No. DAE4-601_Aug14)	Aug-15
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14)	In house check: Oct-15

Calibrated by:

Name Michael Weber

Function

Laboratory Technician

1-Ид

Approved by:

Katja Pokovic

Technical Manager

Issued: August 12, 2015

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Certificate No: D835V2-4d131_Aug15

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Glossary:

TSL

tissue simulating liquid

ConvF N/A

sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z

not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
 positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
 measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
 reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
 No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: D835V2-4d131_Aug15

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy , $dz = 5 mm$	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	41.9 ± 6 %	0.93 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.36 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.23 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.53 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.01 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.2	0.97 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	56.1 ± 6 %	1.02 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.40 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.28 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.57 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.11 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Certificate No: D835V2-4d131_Aug15

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.3 Ω - 1.6 jΩ
Return Loss	- 31.2 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	47.7 Ω - 3.8 jΩ
Return Loss	- 26.8 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.394 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	July 22, 2011

Extended Calibration

Usage of SAR dipoles calibrated less than 3 years ago but more than 1 year ago were confirmed in maintaining return loss (< -20 dB, within 20% of prior calibration) and impedance (within 5 ohm from prior calibration) requirements per extended calibrations in KDB Publication 865664 D01 v01r04.

D835V2 SN: 4d131 - Head						
Date of Measurement	Return Loss (dB)	Δ%	Impedance Real (Ω)	ΔΩ	Impedance Imaginary (jΩ)	ΔΩ
8/10/2015	-31.2		52.3		-1.6	
8/9/2016	-29.2	-6.4	51.3	-1.0	-1.8	-0.2
8/10/2017	-30.4	-2.6	50.6	-1.7	-1.5	0.1

D835V2 SN: 4d131 - Body						
Date of Measurement	Return Loss (dB)	Δ%	Impedance Real (Ω)	ΔΩ	Impedance Imaginary (jΩ)	ΔΩ
8/10/2015	-26.8		47.7		-3.8	
8/9/2016	-28.5	6.3	51.2	3.5	-3.8	0.0
8/10/2017	-27.6	3.0	48.4	0.7	-3.6	0.2

Certificate No: D835V2-4d131 Aug15 Page 4 of 8

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 10.08.2015

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d131

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 835 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.93$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 41.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.2, 6.2, 6.2); Calibrated: 30.12.2014;

• Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 18.08.2014

Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001

• DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

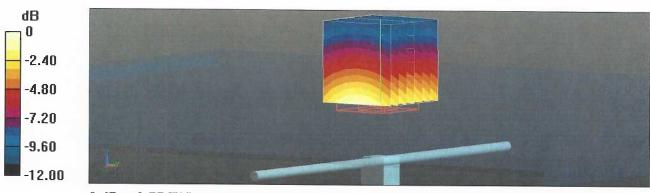
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 56.25 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.53 W/kg

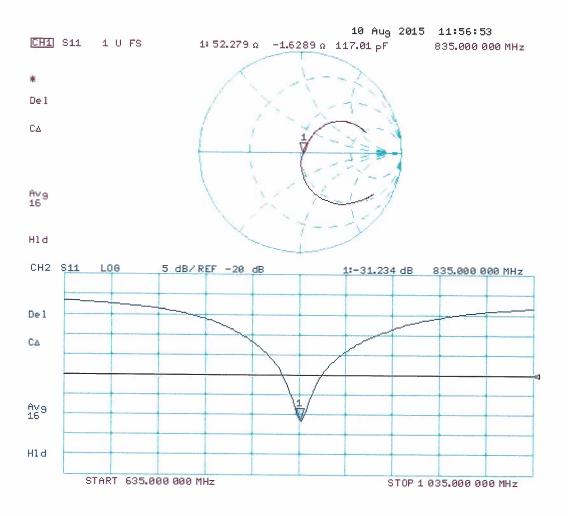
SAR(1 g) = 2.36 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.53 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.77 W/kg



0 dB = 2.77 W/kg = 4.42 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 10.08.2015

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d131

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 835 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 1.02$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 56.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.17, 6.17, 6.17); Calibrated: 30.12.2014;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 18.08.2014

Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001

DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

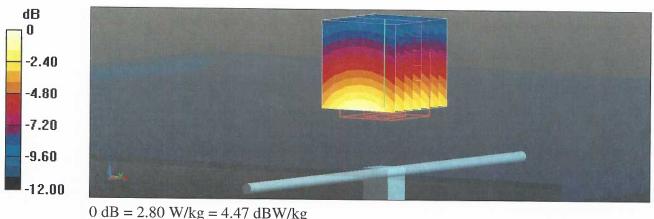
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 54.25 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.51 W/kg

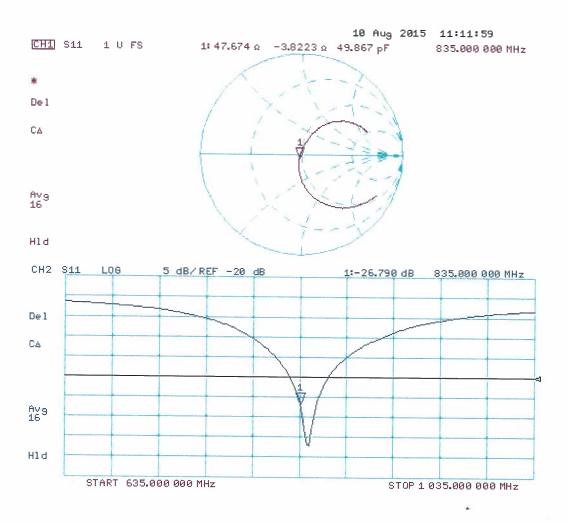
SAR(1 g) = 2.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.57 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.80 W/kg



0 dB = 2.80 W/kg = 4.47 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kallbrierdienst
Service suisse d'étalonnage
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S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

RF Exposure Lab

Certificate No: D900V2-1d044_Jul18

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

D900V2 - SN:1d044

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-05.v10

Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz

Calibration date:

July 13, 2018

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}$ C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672/02673)	Apr-19
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672)	Apr-19
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02673)	Apr-19
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02682)	Apr-19
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02683)	Apr-19
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 7349	30-Dec-17 (No. EX3-7349_Dec17)	Dec-18
DAE4	SN: 601	26-Oct-17 (No. DAE4-601_Oct17)	Oct-18
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter EPM-442A	SN: GB37480704	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-18
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: US37292783	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-18
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: MY41092317	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-18
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 100972	15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-18
Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-18
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Manu Seltz	Laboratory Technician	All .
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	All-

Issued: July 16, 2018

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Certificate No: D900V2-1d044_Jul18

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL

tissue simulating liquid

ConvF N/A sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
 positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
 measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
 reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: D900V2-1d044_Jul18 Page 2 of 8

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.1
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	900 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.97 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	40.6 ± 6 %	0.95 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.69 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	10.9 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.72 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.94 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.0	1.05 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	55.0 ± 6 %	1.01 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.68 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	11.0 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.74 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	7.12 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Certificate No: D900V2-1d044_Jul18

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.7 Ω - 7.0 jΩ
Return Loss	- 23.1 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	45.0 Ω - 8.1 jΩ
Return Loss	- 20.0 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction) 1.410 ns		
	Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.410 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	September 26, 2006

Extended Calibration

Usage of SAR dipoles calibrated less than 3 years ago but more than 1 year ago were confirmed in maintaining return loss (<-20 dB, within 20% of prior calibration) and impedance (within 5 ohm from prior calibration) requirements per extended calibrations in KDB Publication 865664 D01 v01r04.

D900V2 SN: 1d044 - Head						
Date of Measurement	Return Loss (dB)	Δ%	Impedance Real (Ω)	ΔΩ	Impedance Imaginary (jΩ)	ΔΩ
7/13/2018	-23.1		49.7		-7.0	
7/13/2019	-22.9	-0.9	50.2	0.5	-6.8	0.2
			l l		1	
		D900V2	SN: 1d044 -	Body	<u> </u>	
Date of Measurement	Return Loss (dB)	D900V2 Δ%	SN: 1d044 -	- Body ΔΩ	Impedance Imaginary (jΩ)	ΔΩ
	Return Loss		Impedance		· .	ΔΩ
Measurement	Return Loss (dB)		Impedance Real (Ω)		Imaginary (jΩ)	ΔΩ

Page 4 of 8

Certificate No: D900V2-1d044 Jul18

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 13.07.2018

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 900 MHz; Type: D900V2; Serial: D900V2 - SN:1d044

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 900 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 900 MHz; $\sigma = 0.95 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 40.6$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(9.71, 9.71, 9.71) @ 900 MHz; Calibrated: 30.12.2017

• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 26.10.2017

Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9 (front); Type: QD 00L P49 AA; Serial: 1001

• DASY52 52.10.1(1476); SEMCAD X 14.6.11(7439)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

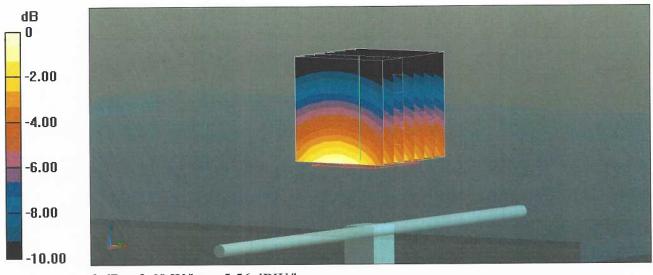
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 65.57 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.07 W/kg

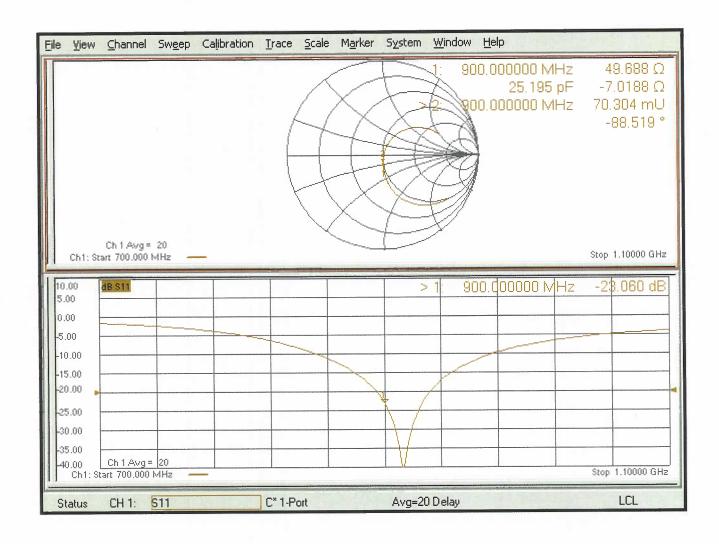
SAR(1 g) = 2.69 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.72 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.60 W/kg



0 dB = 3.60 W/kg = 5.56 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 13.07.2018

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 900 MHz; Type: D900V2; Serial: D900V2 - SN:1d044

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 900 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.01 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 55$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(9.83, 9.83, 9.83) @ 900 MHz; Calibrated: 30.12.2017

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 26.10.2017

Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9 (Back); Type: QD 00R P49 AA; Serial: 1005

• DASY52 52.10.1(1476); SEMCAD X 14.6.11(7439)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

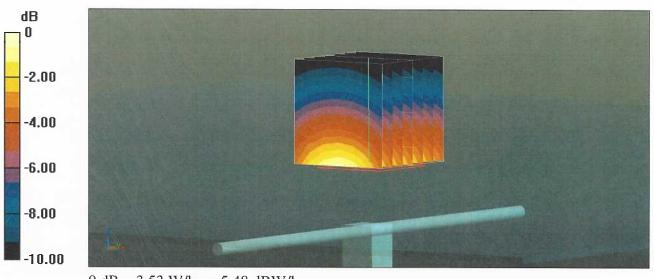
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 63.34 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.89 W/kg

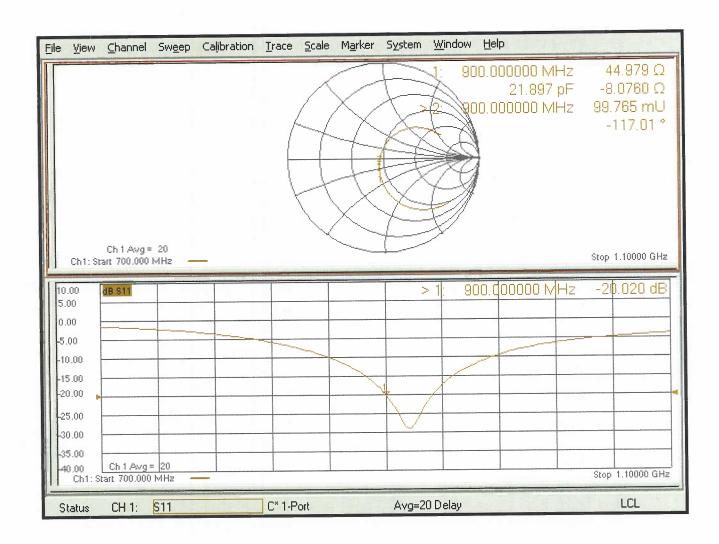
SAR(1 g) = 2.68 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.74 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.53 W/kg



0 dB = 3.53 W/kg = 5.48 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





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Client RF Exposure Lab

Certificate No: D1750V2-1061 Aug15

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object D1750V2 - SN:1061

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-05.v9

Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz

Calibration date: August 13, 2015

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020)	Oct-15
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020)	Oct-15
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02021)	Oct-15
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02131)	Mar-16
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02134)	Mar-16
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	30-Dec-14 (No. ES3-3205_Dec14)	Dec-15
DAE4	SN: 601	18-Aug-14 (No. DAE4-601_Aug14)	Aug-15
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14)	In house check: Oct-15

Name

Function

Signature

Calibrated by:

Jeton Kastrati

Laboratory Technician

Approved by: Katja Pokovic

Technical Manager

Issued: August 13, 2015

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Certificate No: D1750V2-1061 Aug15

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Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
 positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
 measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
 reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: D1750V2-1061 Aug15 Page 2 of 8

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1750 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.1	1.37 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.8 ± 6 %	1.36 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.18 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	36.8 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	4.90 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	19.6 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.4	1.49 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	52.1 ± 6 %	1.48 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.43 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	37.7 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.09 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	20.3 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.5 Ω + 1.2 jΩ
Return Loss	- 37.8 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$47.3 \Omega + 0.8 j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 30.7 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.220 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	June 15, 2010

Extended Calibration

Usage of SAR dipoles calibrated less than 3 years ago but more than 1 year ago were confirmed in maintaining return loss (< -20 dB, within 20% of prior calibration) and impedance (within 5 ohm from prior calibration) requirements per extended calibrations in KDB Publication 865664 D01 v01r04.

D1750V2 SN: 1061 - Head						
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$						
8/13/2015	-37.8		50.5		1.2	
8/12/2016	-39.4	4.2	49.2	-1.3	0.7	-0.5
8/13/2017	-38.2	1.1	48.2	-2.3	1.1	-0.1

D1750V2 SN: 1061 - Body							
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$							
8/13/2015	8/13/2015 -30.7 47.3 0.8						
8/12/2016	-29.4	-4.2	46.1	-1.2	0.6	-0.2	
8/13/2017	-30.1	-2.0	45.8	-1.5	0.7	-0.1	

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 13.08.2015

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1750V2; Serial: D1750V2 - SN:1061

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; $\sigma = 1.36 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 39.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

• Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(5.2, 5.2, 5.2); Calibrated: 30.12.2014;

• Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 18.08.2014

• Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001

• DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

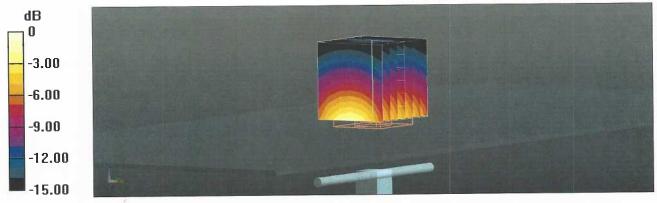
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 95.55 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.4 W/kg

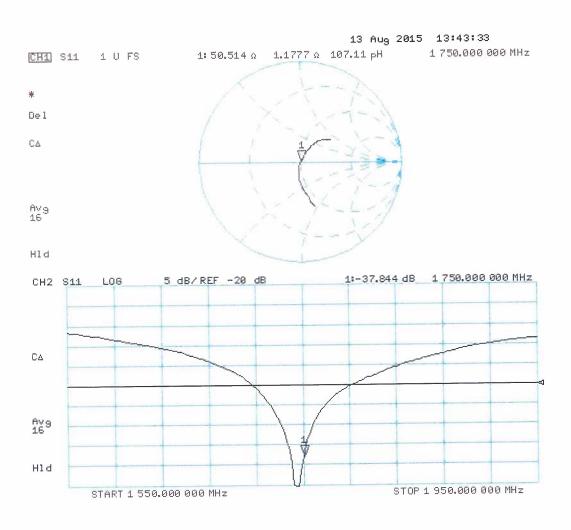
SAR(1 g) = 9.18 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.9 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.6 W/kg



0 dB = 11.6 W/kg = 10.64 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 13.08.2015

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1750V2; Serial: D1750V2 - SN:1061

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; $\sigma = 1.48 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 52.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

• Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.88, 4.88, 4.88); Calibrated: 30.12.2014;

• Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 18.08.2014

Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002

DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

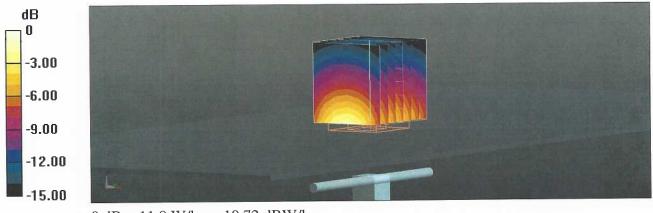
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 93.33 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.1 W/kg

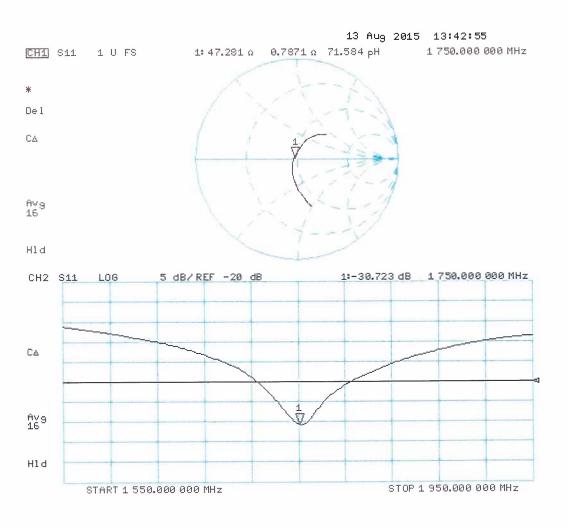
SAR(1 g) = 9.43 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.09 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.8 W/kg



0 dB = 11.8 W/kg = 10.72 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





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Client

RF Exposure Lab

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d147 Aug15

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object D1900V2 - SN:5d147

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-05.v9

Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz

Calibration date:

August 13, 2015

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}$ C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #_	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020)	Oct-15
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020)	Oct-15
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02021)	Oct-15
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02131)	Mar-16
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02134)	Mar-16
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	30-Dec-14 (No. ES3-3205_Dec14)	Dec-15
DAE4	SN: 601	18-Aug-14 (No. DAE4-601_Aug14)	Aug-15
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14)	In house check: Oct-15

Name

Function

Signature

Calibrated by:

Jeton Kastrati

Laboratory Technician

Approved by:

Katja Pokovic

Technical Manager

Issued: August 13, 2015

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d147_Aug15

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
S wiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL

tissue simulating liquid

ConvF N/A sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
 positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
 measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
 reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
 No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d147_Aug15

Page 2 of 8

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy , $dz = 5 mm$	
Frequency	1900 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	38.9 ± 6 %	1.39 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.4 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	41.5 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.47 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.8 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.3	1.52 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	52.5 ± 6 %	1.51 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.1 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	40.4 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.37 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.5 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	53.1 Ω + 6.2 jΩ		
Return Loss	- 23.5 dB		

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.9 Ω + 6.5 jΩ
Return Loss	- 23.5 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.193 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	.arch 11, 2011

Extended Calibration

Usage of SAR dipoles calibrated less than 3 years ago but more than 1 year ago were confirmed in maintaining return loss (< -20 dB, within 20% of prior calibration) and impedance (within 5 ohm from prior calibration) requirements per extended calibrations in KDB Publication 865664 D01 v01r04.

D1900V2 SN: 5d147 - Head						
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$						
8/13/2015	-23.5		53.1		6.2	
8/12/2016	-24.9	6.0	53.9	0.8	5.4	-0.8
8/13/2017	-23.8	1.3	52.7	-0.4	5.9	-0.3

D1900V2 SN: 5d147 - Body						
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$						
8/13/2015	-23.5		48.9		6.5	
8/12/2016	-22.8	-3.0	46.3	-2.6	6.9	0.4
8/13/2017	-22.4	-4.7	47.5	-1.4	6.7	0.2

Certificate 860 1 (1900 V2-50147 Aug 15 Page 4 of 8

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 13.08.2015

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d147

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.39$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(5, 5, 5); Calibrated: 30.12.2014;

• Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 18.08.2014

• Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001

• DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

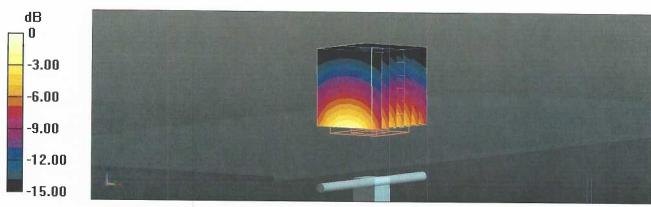
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 100.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.0 W/kg

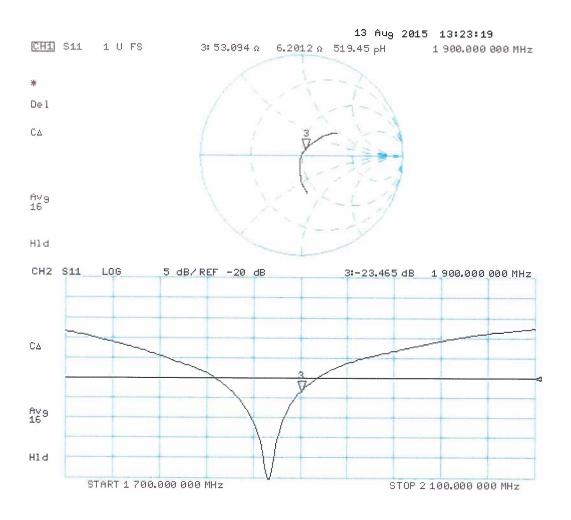
SAR(1 g) = 10.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.47 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.2 W/kg



0 dB = 13.2 W/kg = 11.21 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 13.08.2015

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d147

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.51$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.65, 4.65, 4.65); Calibrated: 30.12.2014;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 18.08.2014

Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002

DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

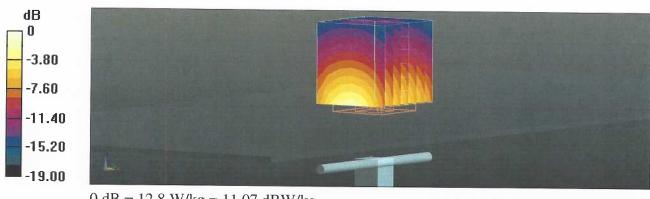
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 96.00 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.2 W/kg

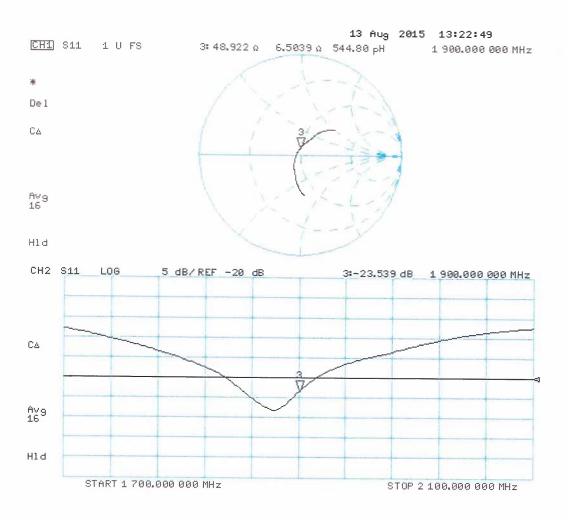
SAR(1 g) = 10.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.37 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.8 W/kg



0 dB = 12.8 W/kg = 11.07 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner **Engineering AG** Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

RF Exposure Lab

Certificate No: D2450V2-829 Jul 18

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

D2450V2 - SN:829 Object

QA CAL-05.v10 Calibration procedure(s)

Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz

July 12, 2018 Calibration date:

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

SN: 104778	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672/02673)	Apr-19
SN: 103244	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672)	Apr-19
SN: 103245	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02673)	Apr-19
SN: 5058 (20k)	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02682)	Apr-19
SN: 5047.2 / 06327	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02683)	Apr-19
SN: 7349	30-Dec-17 (No. EX3-7349_Dec17)	Dec-18
SN: 601	26-Oct-17 (No. DAE4-601_Oct17)	Oct-18
ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
SN: GB37480704	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-18
SN: US37292783	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-18
SN: MY41092317	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-18
SN: 100972	15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-18
SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-18
Name	Function	Signature
Manu Seitz	Laboratory Technician	21
		5
Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	EXUS-
	SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 7349 SN: 601 ID # SN: GB37480704 SN: US37292783 SN: MY41092317 SN: 100972 SN: US41080477 Name Manu Seitz	SN: 103244 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672) SN: 103245 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02673) SN: 5058 (20k) 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02682) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02683) SN: 7349 30-Dec-17 (No. EX3-7349_Dec17) SN: 601 26-Oct-17 (No. DAE4-601_Oct17) ID # Check Date (in house) SN: GB37480704 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16) SN: US37292783 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16) SN: MY41092317 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16) SN: 100972 15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-16) SN: US41080477 31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-17) Name Function Manu Seitz Laboratory Technician

Issued: July 16, 2018

Schoduled Calibration

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: D2450V2-829_Jul18

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner **Engineering AG** Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S

Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage C Servizio svizzero di taratura **Swiss Calibration Service**

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL

tissue simulating liquid

ConvF N/A

sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Page 2 of 8

Certificate No: D2450V2-829_Jul18

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.1
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

The following parameters and sales and the sales and sal	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity	
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m	
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	37.8 ± 6 %	1.85 mho/m ± 6 %	
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C			

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.2 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	51.7 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.15 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.3 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity	
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m	
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	51.9 ± 6 %	2.02 mho/m ± 6 %	
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C			

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.0 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	51.0 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.06 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.0 W/kg \pm 16.5 % (k=2)

Certificate No: D2450V2-829_Jul18 Page 3 of 8

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$52.9~\Omega + 3.3~\mathrm{j}\Omega$
Return Loss	- 27.4 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.9 Ω + 5.9 jΩ
Return Loss	- 24.5 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.156 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	December 11, 2008

Certificate No: D2450V2-829_Jul18 F

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 12.07.2018

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:829

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.85 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 37.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(7.88, 7.88, 7.88) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 30.12.2017

• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 26.10.2017

• Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1001

DASY52 52.10.1(1476); SEMCAD X 14.6.11(7439)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

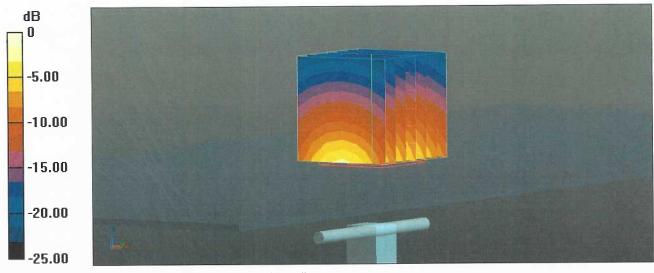
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 116.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.15 W/kg

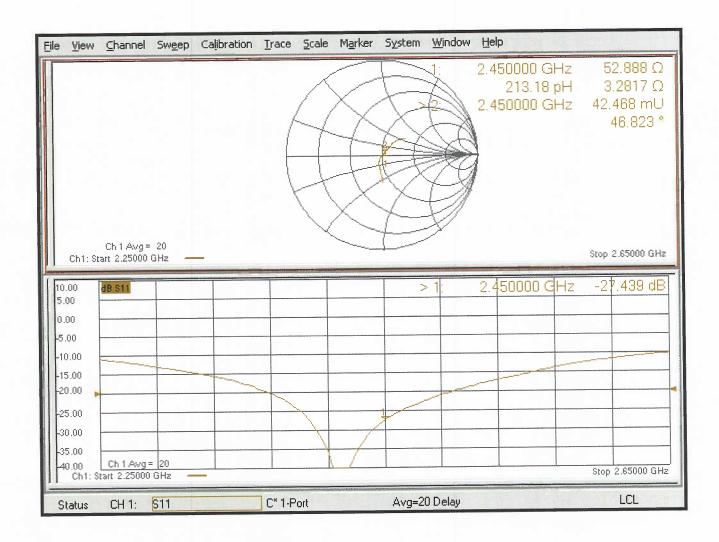
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.9 W/kg



0 dB = 21.9 W/kg = 13.40 dBW/kg

Certificate No: D2450V2-829 Jul18

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 12.07.2018

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:829

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 2.02 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 51.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(8.01, 8.01, 8.01) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 30.12.2017

• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 26.10.2017

• Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1002

DASY52 52.10.1(1476); SEMCAD X 14.6.11(7439)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

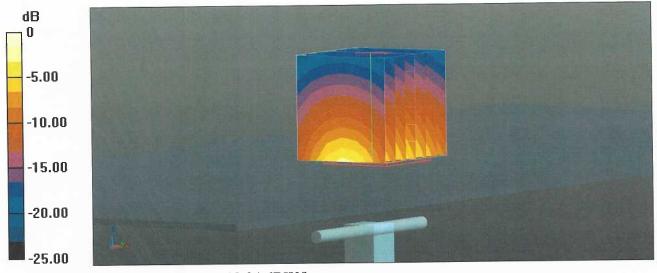
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 107.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 25.6 W/kg

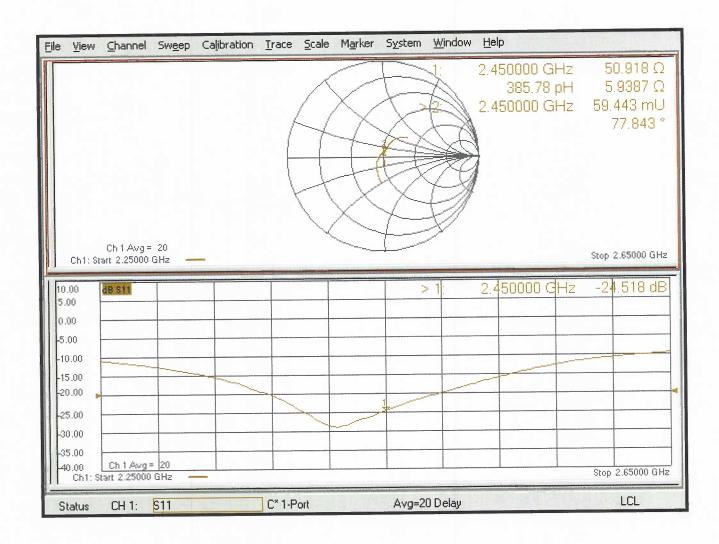
SAR(1 g) = 13 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.06 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.1 W/kg



0 dB = 21.1 W/kg = 13.24 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





Report Number: SAR.20180708

Appendix F – Phantom Calibration Data Sheets

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland Phone +41 44 245 9700, Fax +41 44 245 9779 info@speag.com, http://www.speag.com

Certificate of Conformity / First Article Inspection

Item	Oval Flat Phantom ELI 4.0
Type No	QD OVA 001 B
Series No	1003 and higher
Manufacturer	Untersee Composites
	Knebelstrasse 8
	CH-8268 Mannenbach, Switzerland

Tests

Complete tests were made on the prototype units QD OVA 001 AA 1001, QD OVA 001 AB 1002, pre-series units QD OVA 001 BA 1003-1005 as well as on the series units QD OVA 001 BB, 1006 ff.

Test	Requirement	Details	Units tested
Material thickness	Compliant with the standard requirements	Bottom plate: 2.0mm +/- 0.2mm	ali
Material parameters	Dielectric parameters for required frequencies	< 6 GHz: Rel. permittivity = 4 +/-1, Loss tangent ≤ 0.05	Material sample
Material resistivity	The material has been tested to be compatible with the liquids defined in the standards if handled and cleaned according to the instructions.	DGBE based simulating liquids. Observe Technical Note for material compatibility.	Equivalent phantoms, Material sample
Shape	Thickness of bottom material, Internal dimensions, Sagging compatible with standards from minimum frequency	Bottom elliptical 600 x 400 mm Depth 190 mm, Shape is within tolerance for filling height up to 155 mm, Eventual sagging is reduced or eliminated by support via DUT	Prototypes, Sample testing

Standards

- [2] IEEE 1528-2003, "Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques, December 2003
- [3] IEC 62209 1, "Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz Measurement Procedure, Part 1: Hand-held mobile wireless communication devices", February 2005
- [4] IEC 62209 2, Draft, "Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Fields from Handheld and Body-Mounted Wireless Communication Devices Human models, Instrumentation and Procedures Part 2: Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the head and body for 30 MHz to 6 GHz Handheld and Body-Mounted Devices used in close proximity to the Body.", February 2005
- [5] OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C, "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields", Edition January 2001

Based on the tests above, we certify that this item is in compliance with the standards [1] to [5] if operated according to the specific requirements and considering the thickness. The dimensions are fully compliant with [4] from 30 MHz to 6 GHz. For the other standards, the minimum lower frequency limit is limited due to the dimensional requirements ([1]: 450 MHz, [2]: 300 MHz, [3]: 800 MHz, [5]: 375 MHz) and possibly further by the dimensions of the DUT.

Date

28.4.2008

Signature / Stamp

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Appendix G – Validation Summary

Per FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r02, SAR system validation status should be documented to confirm measurement accuracy. The SAR systems (including SAR probes, system components and software versions) used for this device were validated against its performance specifications prior to the SAR measurements. Reference dipoles were used with the required tissue equivalent media for system validation according to the procedures outlined in FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04 and IEEE 1528-2013. Since SAR probe calibrations are frequency dependent, each probe calibration point was validated at a frequency within the valid frequency range of the probe calibration point using the system that normally operates with the probe for routine SAR measurements and according to the required tissue equivalent media.

A tabulated summary of the system validation status including the validation date(s), measurement frequencies, SAR probes and tissue dielectric parameters has been included.

Table G-1
SAR System Validation Summary

SAR	F====		Dualaa	Dunha	Dunh	- C-I		Davis		CW Validati	on	Modulatio	n Validati	ion
System #	Freq. (MHz)	Date	Probe S/N	Probe Type		e Cal. int		Perm. (ε _r)	Sens- itivity	Probe Linearity	Probe Isotropy	Modulation Type	Duty Factor	PAR
2	750	5/10/2018	3662	EX3DV4	750	Body	0.97	55.29	Pass	Pass	Pass	QPSK	Pass	Pass
2	835	5/10/2018	3662	EX3DV4	900	Body	0.99	55.91	Pass	Pass	Pass	QPSK	Pass	Pass
2	835	5/10/2018	3662	EX3DV4	900	Body	0.99	55.91	Pass	Pass	Pass	WCDMA	Pass	Pass
2	1750	5/11/2018	3662	EX3DV4	1750	Body	1.51	53.05	Pass	Pass	Pass	QPSK	Pass	Pass
2	1750	5/11/2018	3662	EX3DV4	1750	Body	1.51	53.05	Pass	Pass	Pass	WCDMA	Pass	Pass
2	1900	5/9/2018	3662	EX3DV4	1900	Body	1.47	52.07	Pass	Pass	Pass	QPSK	Pass	Pass
2	1900	5/9/2018	3662	EX3DV4	1900	Body	1.47	52.07	Pass	Pass	Pass	WCDMA	Pass	Pass
1	2450	9/4/2018	3693	EX3DV4	2450	Body	1.97	52.28	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM/TDD	Pass	Pass
2	900	2/6/2020	7530	EX3DV4	900	Head	0.98	41.26	Pass	Pass	Pass	FM	Pass	Pass