

**4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted**

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	15840	15900
Channel Y	16134	12789
Channel Z	15911	16644

**5. Input Offset Measurement**

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Input: 10MΩ	Average (μV)	min. Offset (μV)	max. Offset (μV)	Std. Deviation (μV)
Channel X	1.16	0.11	3.01	0.45
Channel Y	0.12	-0.83	1.50	0.46
Channel Z	-0.42	-1.81	0.51	0.42

**6. Input Offset Current**

Nominal input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25A

**7. Input Resistance** (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kΩhm)	Measuring (MΩhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

**8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage** (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6

**9. Power Consumption** (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	-0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9

ES3DV3 Sn:3127

Calibration Laboratory of  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG  
Zugstrasse 45, 8044 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
C Service suisse d'étalonnage  
S Servizio svizzero di taratura  
Swiss Calibration Service  
Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client: SRTC (Auden) Certificate No: ES3-3127\_Aug19

**CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object: ES3DV3 - SN:3127  
Calibration procedure(s): QA CAL-01-v8, QA CAL-23-v5, QA CAL-25-v7  
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date: August 27, 2019  
The calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the close laboratory facility, environment temperature (22 ± 1)°C and humidity < 70%.  
Calibration Equipment used (MATE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibrator
Power meter N991	SN: 101718	03-Apr-19 (No. 211-03980-03980)	Apr-20
Power sensor N991-291	SN: 103245	03-Apr-19 (No. 211-03980)	Apr-20
Power sensor N991-291	SN: 103245	03-Apr-19 (No. 211-03980)	Apr-20
Reference 70-99 Attenuator	SN: 052017 (2702)	04-Apr-19 (No. 211-03980)	Apr-20
LM4	SN: 860	15-Dec-18 (No. LM4-4-860_3ec19)	Dec-19
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3013	31-Dec-18 (No. ES3-3213_04c19)	Dec-19

Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E411-98	SN: 0841203874	08-Apr-19 (in house check, Jun-19)	in house check, Jun-20
Power sensor E4111A	SN: 0814180087	08-Apr-19 (in house check, Jun-19)	in house check, Jun-20
Power sensor E4111A	SN: 00111210	08-Apr-19 (in house check, Jun-19)	in house check, Jun-20
RF generator HP 8440G	SN: U03642001795	04-Aug-19 (in house check, Jun-19)	in house check, Jun-20
Network Analyser E8308A	SN: U031086477	31-Mar-14 (in house check, Oct-19)	in house check, Oct-19

Calibrated by: Name: Menu/Isatz, Function: Laboratory Technician, Signature: [Signature]  
Approved by: Name: Kjetil Polovic, Function: Technical Manager, Signature: [Signature]

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.  
Issued: August 29, 2019

Calibration Laboratory of  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG  
Zugstrasse 45, 8044 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
C Service suisse d'étalonnage  
S Servizio svizzero di taratura  
Swiss Calibration Service  
Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client: SRTC (Auden) Certificate No: ES3-3127\_Aug19

**Glossary:**

TSI: Issue simulating liquid  
NORM<sub>m,y,z</sub>: sensitivity in free space  
ConF: sensitivity in TSL / NORM<sub>m,y,z</sub>  
DCP: diode compression point  
CF: crest factor (1/cresty, cycle)  
A, B, C, D: modulation dependent linearization parameters  
Polarization φ: rotation around probe axis  
Polarization θ: rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., θ = 0 is normal to probe axis  
Connector Angle: information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

**Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:**

- a) IEC61010-1:2010 "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1-1: "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear" (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2: "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 685664: "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

**Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- NORM<sub>m,y,z</sub>: Assessed for E-field polarization θ = 0 (f > 800 MHz in TEM-cell, f > 1800 MHz R22 waveguide). NORM<sub>m,y,z</sub> are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM<sub>m,y,z</sub> does not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConF).
- NORM<sub>m,y,z</sub> + NORM<sub>m,y,z</sub> + frequency response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConF.
- DCP<sub>m,y,z</sub>: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics.
- A<sub>k,y,z</sub>, B<sub>k,y,z</sub>, C<sub>k,y,z</sub>, D<sub>k,y,z</sub>, V<sub>R,y,z</sub>, A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. V<sub>R</sub> is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConF and boundary E-field Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard) for f < 800 MHz and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM<sub>m,y,z</sub> + ConF, whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConF. A frequency dependent ConF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical Isotropy (SD deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORM<sub>m</sub> (no uncertainty required).

ES3DV3 - SN:3127 August 27, 2019

**DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3127**

**Basic Calibration Parameters**

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc. (k=2)
Norm (μV/V/m) <sup>2</sup>	1.26	1.23	1.19	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV)	103.2	103.9	103.8	

**Calibration Results for Modulation Response**

UD	Communication System Name	A dB	B dB	C dB	D dB	V <sub>R</sub> mV	Max dev. (k=2)	Unc. (k=2)
0	CW	X 0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	216.9	+3.5 %	± 6.7 %
		Y 0.0	0.0	1.0		214.8		
		Z 0.0	0.0	1.0		213.3		

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

\* The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 5).  
\* Numerical linearization parameter uncertainty not reported.  
\* Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

ES3DV3 - SN:3127 August 27, 2019

**DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3127**

**Other Probe Parameters**

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	-10
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	10 mm
Tip Diameter	4 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	3 mm

ES3DV3-SN:3127

August 27, 2019

**DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3127**

**Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media**

f (MHz)	Relative Permittivity <sup>1</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>2</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>3</sup>	Depth <sup>4</sup> (mm)	Unc. (k=2)
750	41.0	0.89	6.34	6.34	6.34	0.80	1.25	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	6.20	6.20	6.20	0.42	1.61	± 12.0 %
1810	40.0	1.40	5.10	5.10	5.10	0.70	1.20	± 12.0 %
2000	40.0	1.40	5.02	5.02	5.02	0.69	1.27	± 12.0 %
2300	39.5	1.67	4.68	4.68	4.68	0.63	1.38	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	4.50	4.50	4.50	0.67	1.37	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.86	4.32	4.32	4.32	0.70	1.35	± 12.0 %

<sup>1</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), when it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 20, 40, 60 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 10, 14, 13, 150 and 230 MHz respectively. Validity of ConvF assessed at 6 MHz to 4.9 MHz and ConvF assessed at 13 MHz to 9.19 MHz. Above 0 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 10 MHz. At frequencies below 3 GHz, the value of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be reduced by ± 10% if equal compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.  
<sup>2</sup> AlphaDepth are determined during calibration. SPECAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3.0 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

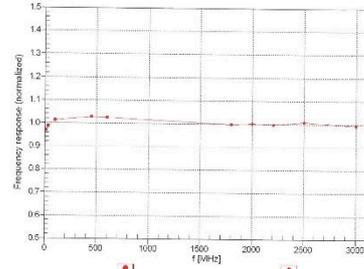
Certificate No: ES3-3127\_Aug19

Page 5 of 9

ES3DV3-SN:3127

August 27, 2019

**Frequency Response of E-Field  
(TEM-Cell:ff1110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)**



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

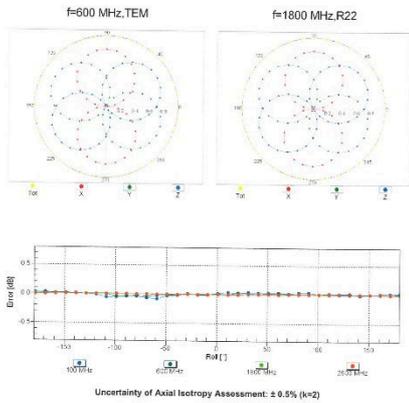
Certificate No: ES3-3127\_Aug19

Page 6 of 9

ES3DV3-SN:3127

August 27, 2019

**Receiving Pattern (φ), θ = 0°**



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

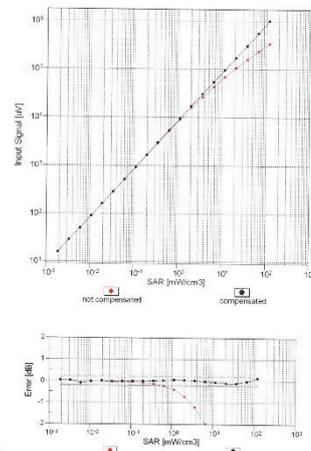
Certificate No: ES3-3127\_Aug19

Page 7 of 9

ES3DV3-SN:3127

August 27, 2019

**Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>)  
(TEM cell, f<sub>eval</sub>= 1900 MHz)**



Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

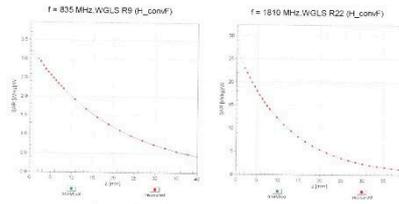
Certificate No: ES3-3127\_Aug19

Page 8 of 9

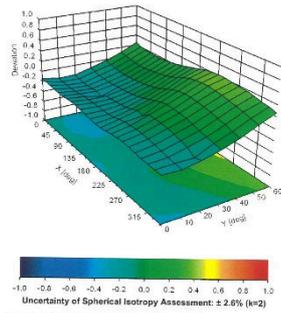
ES30V3-SN-3127

August 27, 2019

**Conversion Factor Assessment**



**Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid**  
 Error (ϕ, θ), f = 900 MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

Certificate No: ES3-3127\_Aug19

Page 9 of 9

**EX3DV4 3708**

**Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG**  
Zuglhofstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



Schweizerischer Kantonalemet  
Service suisse d'etalonnage  
Servizio svizzero di taratura  
Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates  
Client: **SRTC (Alden)** Certificate No.: **EX3-3708\_Sep19**

**CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object: **EX3DV4 - SN:3708**  
Calibration procedure(s): **QA CAL-01-v9, QA CAL-12-v8, QA CAL-14-v5, QA CAL-23-v5, QA CAL-25-v7**  
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes  
Calibration date: **September 26, 2019**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, when raising the physical units of measurement (SI). The measurement and the uncertainty are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.  
All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility, environment temperature 22 ± 0.2°C and humidity < 75%.

Calibration Equipment used (NISTe certified calibration):

Primary Standard	ID	(of Date Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP 2P	SN: 101778	05-Apr-18 (in house check Jun-18)	Apr-20
Power meter NRP 2P	SN: 103944	05-Apr-18 (in house check Jun-18)	Apr-20
Power meter NRP-2A	SN: 103545	05-Apr-18 (in house check Jun-18)	Apr-20
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: 3127/1 (DIN)	06-Apr-18 (in house check Jun-18)	Apr-20
DAQ2	SN: 169	16-Apr-18 (in house check Jun-18)	Apr-20
Reference Probe EX3DV2	SN: 3915	31-Dec-18 (in house check Oct-19)	Oct-19

Secondary Standard	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4411B	SN: 654-283374	05-Apr-18 (in house check Jun-18)	Jun-20
Power meter E4473A	SN: M741484267	08-Apr-18 (in house check Jun-18)	Jun-20
Temp sensor E4C-99A	SN: 100111070	16-Apr-18 (in house check Jun-18)	Jun-20
Temp sensor HT 899C	SN: US356530700	04-Apr-18 (in house check Jun-18)	Jun-20
Ncertus Analyzer 2858A	SN: US11081477	31-Mar-18 (in house check Oct-19)	Oct-19

Calibrated by: **Michael Weber** (Name), **Michael Weber** (Function: Laboratory Technician), **[Signature]** (Signature)  
Approved by: **Ralph Pokor** (Name), **Ralph Pokor** (Function: Technical Manager), **[Signature]** (Signature)

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

**Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG**  
Zuglhofstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



Schweizerischer Kantonalemet  
Service suisse d'etalonnage  
Servizio svizzero di taratura  
Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates  
Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

**Glossary:**  
TSL: tissue simulating liquid  
NORM(x,y,z): sensitivity in Free space  
ConVF: diode compression point  
CF: crest factor (1 duty cycle) of the RF signal  
A, B, C, D: modulation dependent linearization parameters  
e: rotation on around probe axis  
Polarization: 5: 8° rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), 10: 0° or 90° normal to probe axis  
Connector Angle: information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

**Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:**  
a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013  
b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used near to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016  
c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010  
d) KDB 885661, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

**Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**  
• NORM(x,y,z): Assessed for E-field polarization  $\theta = 0$  ( $f < 500$  MHz) in TEM-cell;  $f > 500$  MHz: R22 wgy-wgide. NORM(x,y,z) are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainty of NORM(x,y,z) does not affect the E-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConVF).  
• NORM(x,y,z) - NORM(x,y,z) frequency response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConVF.  
• DCP(x,y,z): DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the fits of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.  
• PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristic.  
• A(x,y,z), B(x,y,z), C(x,y,z), D(x,y,z), VR(x,y,z), A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.  
• ConVF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for  $f < 500$  MHz) and inside waxyphantom using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for  $f > 500$  MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to  $NORM(x,y,z) \cdot ConVF$  whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConVF. A frequency dependent ConVF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from  $\pm 50$  MHz to  $\pm 100$  MHz.  
• Spherical Isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): In a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.  
• Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe lip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.  
• Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORM (no uncertainty required).

Certificate No: EX3-3708\_Sep19 Page 2 of 22

EX3DV4 - SN:3708 September 26, 2019

**DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3708**

Basic Calibration Parameters	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm (µV/Vm) <sup>2</sup>	0.29	0.34	0.40	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV)	63.8	104.0	101.0	

UID	Communication System Name	A	B	C	D	VR	Max dev.	Max Unc (k=2)
0	CW	X: 0.00, Y: 0.00, Z: 0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	115.9	± 5.3 %	± 4.7 %
10302-AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 10%)	X: 8.00, Y: 78.10, Z: 16.36	10.00	10.00	10.00	20.0	± 2.9 %	± 0.6 %
10303-AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 20%)	X: 4.00, Y: 40.04, Z: 8.18	5.00	5.00	5.00	10.0	± 1.6 %	± 0.6 %
10304-AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 40%)	X: 15.00, Y: 56.19, Z: 16.08	3.96	3.96	3.96	85.0	± 1.4 %	± 0.6 %
10305-AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 50%)	X: 15.00, Y: 89.22, Z: 29.29	2.22	2.22	2.22	170.0	± 1.4 %	± 0.6 %
10306-AAA	Pulse Waveform (100 Hz)	X: 0.75, Y: 03.37, Z: 0.63	0.00	0.00	0.00	150.0	± 3.2 %	± 0.6 %
10307-AAA	GP3K Waveform, 1 MHz	X: 0.00, Y: 69.00, Z: 0.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	150.0	± 1.3 %	± 0.6 %
10308-AAA	GP3K Waveform, 10 MHz	X: 2.00, Y: 71.86, Z: 17.74	0.00	0.00	0.00	150.0	± 1.3 %	± 0.6 %
10309-AAA	64-QAM Waveform, 100 kHz	X: 2.83, Y: 76.16, Z: 18.74	3.01	3.01	3.01	150.0	± 1.2 %	± 0.6 %
10309-AAA	64-QAM Waveform, 40 MHz	X: 3.63, Y: 86.18, Z: 18.09	0.00	0.00	0.00	150.0	± 2.5 %	± 0.6 %
10414-AAA	WLAN CCDF, 64-QAM, 80MHz	X: 3.03, Y: 65.86, Z: 18.26	0.00	0.00	0.00	150.0	± 4.5 %	± 0.6 %

Note: For details on UID parameters see Appendix  
The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

\* The uncertainties of Norm X, Y, Z do not affect the E-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 5)  
\* Numerical linearization parameters uncertainty required.  
\* Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular extraction and is expressed for the center of the flat value

EX3DV4 - SN:3708 September 26, 2019

**DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3708**

Sensor Model Parameters	C1	C2	a	T1	T2	T3	T4	T5	T6
CF	44.6	339.24	37.00	0.24	1.08	5.00	0.00	0.50	1.90
V	36.2	275.04	38.77	10.87	1.00	5.00	0.00	0.45	1.01
Z	41.8	304.10	34.22	14.01	0.71	5.05	1.88	0.21	1.01

Other Probe Parameters	Value
Sensor Arrangement	Tisangular
Connector Angle (°)	-4.2
Mechanics: Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	14 mm

EX3DV4 - SN:3708

September 26, 2019

**DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3708**

Calibration Parameter Determined In Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz)	Relative Permittivity	Conductivity (S/m)	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>o</sup>	Depth (mm)	Unc (k=2)
450	43.5	0.87	10.04	10.04	10.04	0.15	1.20	±13.3%
750	41.9	0.89	9.83	9.83	9.83	0.67	0.80	±12.0%
835	41.5	0.90	9.48	9.48	9.48	0.60	0.90	±12.0%
1450	40.5	1.20	8.59	8.59	8.59	0.41	0.90	±12.0%
1750	40.1	1.37	8.41	8.41	8.41	0.36	0.87	±12.0%
1900	40.0	1.40	8.10	8.10	8.10	0.36	0.87	±12.0%
2000	40.0	1.43	8.09	8.09	8.09	0.35	0.87	±12.0%
2300	39.5	1.67	7.69	7.69	7.69	0.30	0.90	±12.0%
2450	39.2	1.80	7.50	7.50	7.50	0.28	0.90	±12.0%
2600	39.0	1.86	7.37	7.37	7.37	0.32	0.90	±12.0%
3300	38.2	2.71	6.91	6.91	6.91	0.40	1.35	±13.1%
3500	37.9	2.91	6.78	6.78	6.78	0.40	1.35	±13.1%
3700	37.7	3.12	6.50	6.50	6.50	0.40	1.35	±13.1%
3900	37.5	3.32	6.34	6.34	6.34	0.40	1.60	±13.1%
4100	37.2	3.53	6.23	6.23	6.23	0.35	1.60	±13.1%
4200	37.1	3.63	6.22	6.22	6.22	0.40	1.60	±13.1%
4400	36.9	3.84	5.82	5.82	5.82	0.40	1.70	±13.1%
4600	36.7	4.04	5.81	5.81	5.81	0.40	1.70	±13.1%
4800	36.4	4.25	5.80	5.80	5.80	0.40	1.80	±13.1%
4950	36.3	4.40	5.70	5.70	5.70	0.40	1.80	±13.1%
5200	36.0	4.66	5.63	5.63	5.63	0.40	1.80	±13.1%
5300	35.9	4.78	5.46	5.46	5.46	0.40	1.80	±13.1%
5500	35.8	4.86	5.20	5.20	5.20	0.40	1.80	±13.1%
5800	35.6	5.07	5.05	5.05	5.05	0.40	1.80	±13.1%
5800	35.3	5.27	5.17	5.17	5.17	0.40	1.80	±13.1%

\* Frequency values above 300 MHz or <math>\epsilon'</math> <math>\le 10</math> are only suitable for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to <math>\pm 50</math> MHz. The uncertainty in the RSS of the <math>\epsilon'</math> values is approximately 2% for calibration frequencies and the uncertainty for the proposed frequency based frequency validity below 300 MHz is <math>\pm 10, 20, 40, 80</math> and <math>\pm 100</math> kHz for ConvF assessments at 750, 1450, 1900 and 2200 MHz respectively. Validity of ConvF assessed at <math>f</math> MHz is <math>f \pm 0.8</math> MHz, and ConvF assessment is <math>\pm 1.0</math> Hz in 19 MHz. Above 3 GHz frequency validity can be extended to <math>\pm 1.1</math> Hz.  
 † At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (<math>\epsilon'</math> and <math>\sigma'</math>) can be extended to <math>\pm 10\%</math> if equal compensation formula is applied to propagate SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (<math>\epsilon'</math> and <math>\sigma'</math>) is restricted to <math>\pm 5\%</math>. The uncertainty in the RSS of the ConvF Uncertainty for individual target tissue parameters.  
 ‡ Alpha values are selected from the calibration. SREAC estimates that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than <math>\pm 1\%</math> for frequencies below 3 GHz and below <math>\pm 2\%</math> for frequencies between 3-5 GHz or any distance larger than half the probe diameter from the boundary.

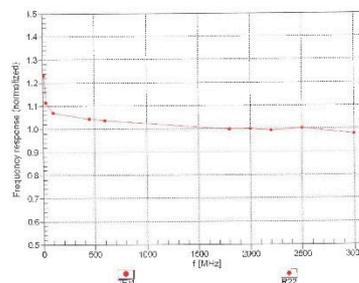
Certificate No: EX3-3708\_Sep19

Page 6 of 22

EX3DV4 - SN:3708

September 26, 2019

**Frequency Response of E-Field**  
(TEM-Cell: J1110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-Field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

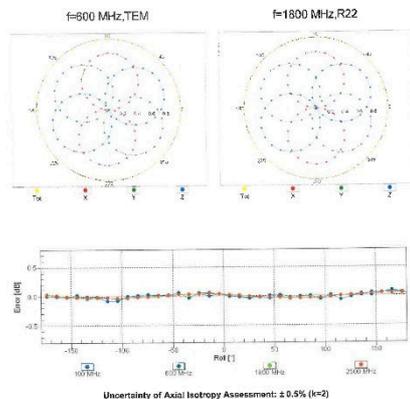
Certificate No: EX3-3708\_Sep19

Page 10 of 22

EX3DV4 - SN:3708

September 26, 2019

**Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ),  $\theta = 0^\circ$**



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

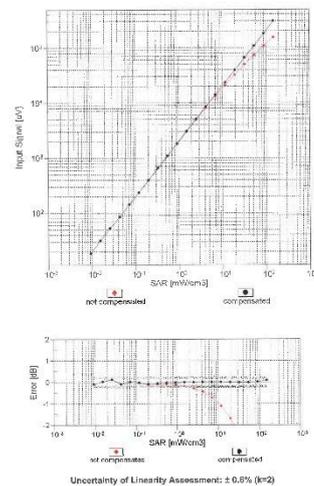
Certificate No: EX3-3708\_Sep19

Page 7 of 22

EX3DV4 - SN:3708

September 26, 2019

**Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>)**  
(TEM cell,  $f_{cell}$ =1900 MHz)



Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

Certificate No: EX3-3708\_Sep19

Page 8 of 22







September 26, 2019

Model	Modulation	Bandwidth	Power	Modulation Error Rate (MER)	Constellation
10826	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 100% RB, 50 MHz, QPSK, 30 MHz)	50 MHz	3.41	± 0.6 %	5G NR FR1 TDD
10827	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 100% RB, 80 MHz, QPSK, 30 MHz)	80 MHz	8.42	± 0.6 %	5G NR FR1 TDD
10828	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 100% RB, 80 MHz, QPSK, 30 MHz)	80 MHz	8.43	± 0.6 %	5G NR FR1 TDD
10829	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 100% RB, 100 MHz, QPSK, 30 MHz)	100 MHz	8.40	± 0.6 %	5G NR FR1 TDD
10830	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK, 60 MHz)	10 MHz	7.63	± 0.6 %	5G NR FR1 TDD
10831	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 1 RB, 15 MHz, QPSK, 60 MHz)	15 MHz	7.73	± 0.6 %	5G NR FR1 TDD
10832	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK, 60 MHz)	20 MHz	7.74	± 0.6 %	5G NR FR1 TDD
10833	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 1 RB, 25 MHz, QPSK, 60 MHz)	25 MHz	7.70	± 0.6 %	5G NR FR1 TDD
10834	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 1 RB, 30 MHz, QPSK, 60 MHz)	30 MHz	7.75	± 0.6 %	5G NR FR1 TDD
10835	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 1 RB, 40 MHz, QPSK, 60 MHz)	40 MHz	7.70	± 0.6 %	5G NR FR1 TDD
10836	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 1 RB, 50 MHz, QPSK, 60 MHz)	50 MHz	7.66	± 0.6 %	5G NR FR1 TDD
10837	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 1 RB, 60 MHz, QPSK, 60 MHz)	60 MHz	7.69	± 0.6 %	5G NR FR1 TDD
10838	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 1 RB, 80 MHz, QPSK, 60 MHz)	80 MHz	7.70	± 0.6 %	5G NR FR1 TDD
10840	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 1 RB, 90 MHz, QPSK, 60 MHz)	90 MHz	7.87	± 0.6 %	5G NR FR1 TDD
10841	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 1 RB, 100 MHz, QPSK, 60 MHz)	100 MHz	7.77	± 0.6 %	5G NR FR1 TDD
10843	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK, 60 MHz)	10 MHz	8.10	± 0.6 %	5G NR FR1 TDD
10844	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 50% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK, 60 MHz)	20 MHz	8.34	± 0.6 %	5G NR FR1 TDD
10846	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 50% RB, 30 MHz, QPSK, 60 MHz)	30 MHz	8.41	± 0.6 %	5G NR FR1 TDD
10854	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK, 60 MHz)	10 MHz	8.34	± 0.6 %	5G NR FR1 TDD
10855	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 100% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK, 60 MHz)	15 MHz	8.26	± 0.6 %	5G NR FR1 TDD
10856	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 100% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK, 60 MHz)	20 MHz	8.37	± 0.6 %	5G NR FR1 TDD
10857	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 100% RB, 25 MHz, QPSK, 60 MHz)	25 MHz	8.35	± 0.6 %	5G NR FR1 TDD
10858	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 100% RB, 30 MHz, QPSK, 60 MHz)	30 MHz	8.38	± 0.6 %	5G NR FR1 TDD
10859	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 100% RB, 40 MHz, QPSK, 60 MHz)	40 MHz	8.31	± 0.6 %	5G NR FR1 TDD
10860	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 100% RB, 50 MHz, QPSK, 60 MHz)	50 MHz	8.41	± 0.6 %	5G NR FR1 TDD
10861	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 100% RB, 60 MHz, QPSK, 60 MHz)	60 MHz	8.40	± 0.6 %	5G NR FR1 TDD
10863	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 100% RB, 80 MHz, QPSK, 60 MHz)	80 MHz	8.41	± 0.6 %	5G NR FR1 TDD
10864	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 100% RB, 90 MHz, QPSK, 60 MHz)	90 MHz	8.37	± 0.6 %	5G NR FR1 TDD
10866	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 100% RB, 100 MHz, QPSK, 60 MHz)	100 MHz	8.41	± 0.6 %	5G NR FR1 TDD
10865	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 1 RB, 100 MHz, QPSK, 30 MHz)	100 MHz	5.08	± 0.6 %	5G NR FR1 TDD
10868	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 100% RB, 100 MHz, QPSK, 30 MHz)	100 MHz	5.08	± 0.6 %	5G NR FR1 TDD
10869	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 1 RB, 100 MHz, QPSK, 120 MHz)	100 MHz	5.76	± 0.6 %	5G NR FR2 TDD
10870	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 100% RB, 100 MHz, QPSK, 120 MHz)	100 MHz	5.88	± 0.6 %	5G NR FR2 TDD

Certificate No: EX3-3708\_Sep19 Page 21 of 22

September 26, 2019

Model	Modulation	Bandwidth	Power	Modulation Error Rate (MER)	Constellation
10871	5G NR (DFT-s-OFDM, 1 RB, 100 MHz, 16QAM, 120 MHz)	100 MHz	5.75	± 0.6 %	5G NR FR2 TDD
10872	5G NR (DFT-s-OFDM, 100% RB, 100 MHz, 16QAM, 120 MHz)	100 MHz	6.02	± 0.6 %	5G NR FR2 TDD
10873	5G NR (DFT-s-OFDM, 1 RB, 100 MHz, 64QAM, 120 MHz)	100 MHz	6.61	± 0.6 %	5G NR FR2 TDD
10874	5G NR (DFT-s-OFDM, 100% RB, 100 MHz, 64QAM, 120 MHz)	100 MHz	6.65	± 0.6 %	5G NR FR2 TDD
10875	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 1 RB, 100 MHz, QPSK, 120 MHz)	100 MHz	7.78	± 0.6 %	5G NR FR2 TDD
10876	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 100% RB, 100 MHz, QPSK, 120 MHz)	100 MHz	8.39	± 0.6 %	5G NR FR2 TDD
10877	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 1 RB, 100 MHz, 16QAM, 120 MHz)	100 MHz	7.90	± 0.6 %	5G NR FR2 TDD
10878	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 100% RB, 100 MHz, 16QAM, 120 MHz)	100 MHz	8.12	± 0.6 %	5G NR FR2 TDD
10879	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 1 RB, 100 MHz, 64QAM, 120 MHz)	100 MHz	8.41	± 0.6 %	5G NR FR2 TDD
10880	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 100% RB, 100 MHz, 64QAM, 120 MHz)	100 MHz	8.38	± 0.6 %	5G NR FR2 TDD
10881	5G NR (DFT-s-OFDM, 1 RB, 50 MHz, QPSK, 120 MHz)	50 MHz	5.76	± 0.6 %	5G NR FR2 TDD
10882	5G NR (DFT-s-OFDM, 100% RB, 50 MHz, QPSK, 120 MHz)	50 MHz	5.98	± 0.6 %	5G NR FR2 TDD
10883	5G NR (DFT-s-OFDM, 1 RB, 50 MHz, 16QAM, 120 MHz)	50 MHz	6.57	± 0.6 %	5G NR FR2 TDD
10884	5G NR (DFT-s-OFDM, 100% RB, 50 MHz, 16QAM, 120 MHz)	50 MHz	6.63	± 0.6 %	5G NR FR2 TDD
10885	5G NR (DFT-s-OFDM, 1 RB, 50 MHz, 64QAM, 120 MHz)	50 MHz	6.91	± 0.6 %	5G NR FR2 TDD
10886	5G NR (DFT-s-OFDM, 100% RB, 50 MHz, 64QAM, 120 MHz)	50 MHz	6.65	± 0.6 %	5G NR FR2 TDD
10887	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 1 RB, 50 MHz, QPSK, 120 MHz)	50 MHz	7.78	± 0.6 %	5G NR FR2 TDD
10888	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 100% RB, 50 MHz, QPSK, 120 MHz)	50 MHz	8.38	± 0.6 %	5G NR FR2 TDD
10889	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 1 RB, 50 MHz, 16QAM, 120 MHz)	50 MHz	6.02	± 0.6 %	5G NR FR2 TDD
10890	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 100% RB, 50 MHz, 16QAM, 120 MHz)	50 MHz	6.40	± 0.6 %	5G NR FR2 TDD
10891	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 1 RB, 50 MHz, 64QAM, 120 MHz)	50 MHz	8.13	± 0.6 %	5G NR FR2 TDD
10892	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 100% RB, 50 MHz, 64QAM, 120 MHz)	50 MHz	8.41	± 0.6 %	5G NR FR2 TDD

\* Modulation Error Rate (MER) is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

Certificate No: EX3-3708\_Sep19 Page 22 of 22

750V3 Sn:1101 (1/2)



Client: SRTC Certificate No: Z17-97134

### CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object: D750V3 - SN: 1101

Calibration Procedure(s): FF-211-003-01  
Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date: September 13, 2017

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurement(s). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility, environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (MTE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRV-D	102196	02-Mar-17 (CTTL No.J17X01254)	Mar-18
Power sensor NRV-Z5	100596	02-Mar-17 (CTTL No.J17X01254)	Mar-18
Reference Probe EX3D/V4	SN 7433	26-Sep-16(SPEAG, No EX3-7433_Sep16)	Sep-17
DAE4	SN 1331	19-Jan-17(CTTL-SPEAG, No Z17-97015)	Jan-18
Secondary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Signal Generator E4439C	MY49071430	13-Jan-17 (CTTL No.J17X00286)	Jan-18
Network Analyzer E5071C	MY46111013	13-Jan-17 (CTTL No.J17X00285)	Jan-18

Calibrated by:	Name	Function	Signature
	Zhao Jing	SAR Test Engineer	
Reviewed by:	Yu Zongying	SAR Test Engineer	
Approved by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	

Issued: September 16, 2017

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory



Address: No. 51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China  
Tel: +86-10-62104633-2079 Fax: +86-10-62104633-2304  
E-mail: cti@ctitest.com http://www.ctitest.com

Glossary:  
TSL: Issue simulating liquid  
ConvF: sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z  
N/A: not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:  
a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013  
b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016  
c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010  
d) KDB655664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

Additional Documentation:  
e) DAS4/S System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:  
• Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.  
• Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.  
• Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.  
• Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.  
• SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.  
• SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.  
• SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.



Address: No. 51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China  
Tel: +86-10-62104633-2079 Fax: +86-10-62104633-2304  
E-mail: cti@ctitest.com http://www.ctitest.com

### Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1

DASY Version	DASY92	52.10.0.144b
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Tripole Flat Phantom S 1C	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	750 MHz ± 1 MHz	

### Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity	
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.9	0.89 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	41.5 ± 6 %	0.89 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	---	---

### SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.95 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	8.26 mW / g ± 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.34 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	8.39 mW / g ± 18.7 % (k=2)

### Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity	
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.5	0.96 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	55.4 ± 6 %	0.95 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	---	---

### SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.15 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	8.69 mW / g ± 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.42 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	8.73 mW / g ± 18.7 % (k=2)



Address: No. 51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China  
Tel: +86-10-62104633-2079 Fax: +86-10-62104633-2304  
E-mail: cti@ctitest.com http://www.ctitest.com

### Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L5070)

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	53.90 ± 0.24jΩ
Return Loss	-28.4dB

#### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.0Ω ± 2.22jΩ
Return Loss	-30.8dB

#### General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.136 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard. No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

#### Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
-----------------	-------

D750V3 Sn:1101 (2/2)

**TTL** In Collaboration with **S P O E A Q** CALIBRATION LABORATORY

Add: No.31 Xuyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China  
Tel: +86-10-42304633-2079 Fax: +86-10-42304633-2304  
E-mail: csl@chinafl.com http://www.chinafl.com

**DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL** Date: 09.13.2017  
Test Laboratory: C.T.T.L., Beijing, China  
DUT: Dipole 750 MHz; Type: D750V3; Serial: D750V3 - SN: 1101  
Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium parameters used:  $f = 750$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.879$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 41.54$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Phantom section: Left Section  
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)  
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7433; ConvF(10.01, 10.01, 10.01); Calibrated: 9/26/2016;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.8mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 SN1331; Calibrated: 1/19/2017
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: 1161/1
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

**Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm  
Reference Value = 53.10 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.17 W/kg  
SAR(1 g) = 2.05 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.34 W/kg  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.77 W/kg

Certificate No: Z17-97134 Page 5 of 8

**TTL** In Collaboration with **S P O E A Q** CALIBRATION LABORATORY

Add: No.31 Xuyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China  
Tel: +86-10-42304633-2079 Fax: +86-10-42304633-2304  
E-mail: csl@chinafl.com http://www.chinafl.com

**Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL**

Certificate No: Z17-97134 Page 6 of 8

**TTL** In Collaboration with **S P O E A Q** CALIBRATION LABORATORY

Add: No.31 Xuyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China  
Tel: +86-10-42304633-2079 Fax: +86-10-42304633-2304  
E-mail: csl@chinafl.com http://www.chinafl.com

**DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL** Date: 09.13.2017  
Test Laboratory: C.T.T.L., Beijing, China  
DUT: Dipole 750 MHz; Type: D750V3; Serial: D750V3 - SN: 1101  
Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium parameters used:  $f = 750$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.946$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 55.41$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Phantom section: Center Section  
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)  
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7433; ConvF(9.83, 9.83, 9.83); Calibrated: 9/26/2016;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 SN1331; Calibrated: 1/19/2017
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: 1161/1
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

**Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm  
Reference Value = 53.35 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.27 W/kg  
SAR(1 g) = 2.15 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.42 W/kg  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.88 W/kg

Certificate No: Z17-97134 Page 7 of 8

**TTL** In Collaboration with **S P O E A Q** CALIBRATION LABORATORY

Add: No.31 Xuyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China  
Tel: +86-10-42304633-2079 Fax: +86-10-42304633-2304  
E-mail: csl@chinafl.com http://www.chinafl.com

**Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL**

Certificate No: Z17-97134 Page 8 of 8

D835V2 Sn:4d023

In Collaboration with  
**SPEAG**  
CALIBRATION LABORATORY

中国认可  
国际互认  
校准  
CNAS  
CNAS L6570

Client: **SRTC** Certificate No: **Z17-97135**

**CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object: D835V2 - SN: 4d023

Calibration Procedure(s): FF-Z11-003-01  
Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date: September 13, 2017

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(23±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date/Calibrated by, Certificate No.	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRV-D	102196	02-Mar-17 (CTTL, No.J17X01254)	Mar-18
Power sensor NRV-Z5	100596	02-Mar-17 (CTTL, No.J17X01254)	Mar-18
Reference Probe EX3D/V4	SN 7433	26-Sep-16(SPEAG, No EX3-7433_Sep16)	Sep-17
DAE4	SN 1331	19-Jan-17(CTTL-SPEAG, No Z17-97015)	Jan-18
Secondary Standards	ID #	Cal Date/Calibrated by, Certificate No.	Scheduled Calibration
Signal Generator E4438C	MY49071430	13-Jan-17 (CTTL, No.J17X00286)	Jan-18
Network Analyzer E5071C	MY46110673	13-Jan-17 (CTTL, No.J17X00286)	Jan-18

Calibrated by: Zhao Jing, SAR Test Engineer

Reviewed by: Yu Zongying, SAR Test Engineer

Approved by: Qi Dianyuan, SAR Project Leader

Issued: September 16, 2017

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: Z17-97135 Page 1 of 8

In Collaboration with  
**SPEAG**  
CALIBRATION LABORATORY

中国认可  
国际互认  
校准  
CNAS  
CNAS L6570

Client: **SRTC** Certificate No: **Z17-97135**

**Glossary:**

TSL: tissue simulating liquid  
ConvF: sensitivity in TSL / NORMk,y,z  
N/A: not applicable or not measured

**Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:**

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016
- IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- KDB85664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

**Additional Documentation:**

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

**Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is positioned with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: Z17-97135 Page 2 of 8

In Collaboration with  
**SPEAG**  
CALIBRATION LABORATORY

中国认可  
国际互认  
校准  
CNAS  
CNAS L6570

Client: **SRTC** Certificate No: **Z17-97135**

**Measurement Conditions**  
DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY92	52.10.0.1446
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	

**Head TSL parameters**  
The following parameters and calculations were applied:

Nominal Head TSL parameters	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	41.3 ± 6 %	0.90 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	---	---

**SAR result with Head TSL**

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.35 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.37 mW / g ± 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.52 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.06 mW / g ± 18.7 % (k=2)

**Body TSL parameters**  
The following parameters and calculations were applied:

Nominal Body TSL parameters	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
	22.0 °C	55.2	0.97 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	55.7 ± 6 %	0.96 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	---	---

**SAR result with Body TSL**

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.34 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.47 mW / g ± 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.53 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.17 mW / g ± 18.7 % (k=2)

Certificate No: Z17-97135 Page 3 of 8

In Collaboration with  
**SPEAG**  
CALIBRATION LABORATORY

中国认可  
国际互认  
校准  
CNAS  
CNAS L6570

Client: **SRTC** Certificate No: **Z17-97135**

**Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L6570)**

**Antenna Parameters with Head TSL**

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.0Ω - 2.79jΩ
Return Loss	- 30.7dB

**Antenna Parameters with Body TSL**

Impedance, transformed to feed point	46.6Ω - 3.61jΩ
Return Loss	- 25.8dB

**General Antenna Parameters and Design**

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.495 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard. No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

**Additional EUT Data**

Manufactured by	SPEAG
-----------------	-------

Certificate No: Z17-97135 Page 4 of 8