

Radio Test Report No: EDCS –12197810
FCC ID: LDKSPKSH1576 **ISED ID:** 2461L-SPKSH1576

UNII-3 (5725-5850 MHz) Wi-Fi Radio Test Report
For
SPK-SHARE
supports

2.4 GHz/5.0 GHz Wi-Fi Radio 802.11a/ac/b/g/n+ Bluetooth v2.1+EDR, BTLE v4.0

FCC ID: LDKSPKSH1576

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Against the following Specifications:

47 CFR 15.407

47 CFR 15.209

47 CFR 15.205

RSS-Gen issue 4

RSS-247 Issue 2



Cisco Systems
170 West Tasman Drive
San Jose, CA 95134

Author: Danh Le Tested By: Danh Le, Zain Ali	Approved By: Diana Canafoglia Title: Compliance Manager Revision: See EDCS
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This report replaces any previously entered test report under EDCS – . This test report has been electronically authorized and archived using the CISCO Engineering Document Control system. Test Report Template EDCS# 1526152 and EDCS# 1527730.

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Section 1: Overview

1.1 Test Summary

The samples were assessed against the tests detailed in section 3 under the requirements of the following specifications:

Specifications
47 CFR Part 15.407 47 CFR Part 15.209 47 CFR Part 15.205 RSS-Gen Issue 4 RSS-247 Issue 2

Measurements were made in accordance with

- ANSI C63.10:2013 Procedure for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices
- KDB Publication No. 789033 - D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v1r4
- KDB 644545 D03 Guidance for IEEE 802.11ac v1
- KDB 662911 D01 MIMO v02

Section 2: Assessment Information

2.1 General

This report contains an assessment of an apparatus against Radio Standards based upon tests carried out on the samples submitted. The testing was performed by and for the use of Cisco systems Inc.:

With regard to this assessment, the following points should be noted:

- a) The results contained in this report relate only to the items tested and were obtained in the period between the date of the initial assessment and the date of issue of the report. Manufactured products will not necessarily give identical results due to production and measurement tolerances.
- b) The apparatus was set up and exercised using the configuration and modes of operation defined in this report only.
- c) Where relevant, the apparatus was only assessed using the susceptibility criteria defined in this report and the Test Assessment Plan (TAP).
- d) All testing was performed under the following environmental conditions:

Temperature	15°C to 35°C (54°F to 95°F)
Atmospheric Pressure	860mbar to 1060mbar (25.4" to 31.3")
Humidity	10% to 75*%
- e) All AC testing was performed at one or more of the following supply voltages:

110V 60 Hz (+/-20%)

2.2 Units of Measurement

The units of measurements defined in the appendices are reported in specific terms, which are test dependent. Where radiated measurements are concerned these are defined at a particular distance. Basic voltage measurements are defined in units of [dBuV]

As an example, the basic calculation for all measurements is as follows:

Emission level [dBuV] = Indicated voltage level [dBuV] + Cable Loss [dB] + Other correction factors [dB]

The combinations of correction factors are dependent upon the exact test configurations [see test equipment lists for further details] and may include:-

Antenna Factors, Pre Amplifier Gain, LISN Loss, Pulse Limiter Loss and Filter Insertion Loss..

Note: to convert the results from dBuV/m to uV/m use the following formula:-

Level in uV/m = Common Antilogarithm [(X dBuV/m)/20] = Y uV/m

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Measurement Uncertainty Values

voltage and power measurements	± 2 dB
conducted emissions measurements	± 1.4 dB
radiated emissions measurements	± 3.2 dB
frequency measurements	± 2.4 10 ⁻⁷
temperature measurements	$\pm 0.54^\circ$.
humidity measurements	$\pm 2.3\%$
DC and low frequency measurements	$\pm 2.5\%$.

Where relevant measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the apparatus. This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

Radiated emissions (expanded uncertainty, confidence interval 95%)

30 MHz - 300 MHz	+/- 3.8 dB
300 MHz - 1000 MHz	+/- 4.3 dB
1 GHz - 10 GHz	+/- 4.0 dB
10 GHz - 18GHz	+/- 8.2 dB
18GHz - 26.5GHz	+/- 4.1 dB
26.5GHz - 40GHz	+/- 3.9 dB

Conducted emissions (expanded uncertainty, confidence interval 95%)

30 MHz – 40GHz	+/- 0.38 dB
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A product is considered to comply with a requirement if the nominal measured value is below the limit line. The product is considered to not be in compliance in case the nominal measured value is above the limit line.

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2.3 Date of testing

29 Sep, 2017 to 02 Dec, 2017

2.4 Report Issue Date

Cisco uses an electronic system to issue, store and control the revision of test reports. This system is called the Engineering Document Control System (EDCS). The actual report issue date is embedded into the original file on EDCS. Any copies of this report, either electronic or paper, that are not on EDCS must be considered uncontrolled

2.5 Testing facilities

This assessment was performed by:

Testing Laboratory

Cisco Systems, Inc.
125 West Tasman Drive (Building P)
San Jose, CA 95134
USA

Headquarters

Cisco Systems, Inc.,
170 West Tasman Drive
San Jose, CA 95134,
USA

Registration Numbers for Industry Canada

Cisco System Site	Address	Site Identifier
Building P, 10m Chamber	125 West Tasman Dr San Jose, CA 95134	Company #: 2461N-2
Building P, 5m Chamber	125 West Tasman Dr San Jose, CA 95134	Company #: 2461N-1
Building I, 5m Chamber	285 W. Tasman Drive San Jose, California 95134	Company #: 2461M-1
Building 7, 5m Chamber	425 E. Tasman Drive San Jose, California 95134 United States	Company #: 2461N-3

Test Engineer

Danh Le
Zain Ali

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2.6 Equipment Assessed (EUT)

SPK_SHARE Dongle

2.7 EUT Description

Cisco SPK-SHARE dongle is the next generation cloud collaboration platform that unifies messaging, meeting and calling and content-sharing. Cisco SPK-Share provides HDMI support for connection to a display and USB Type-C interface to receive 5V power. Cisco SPK-Share offers both wired and wireless solution with Ethernet via USB 2.0 external adapter and 802.11a/b/g/n/ac, Bluetooth classic and Bluetooth LE radios.

Below are brief summary of the SPK-SHARE hardware specifications:

Wired Protocol support

- USB C main interface (Power, Ethernet via USB2)
- External POE Ethernet adapter (Ethernet Injector accessory connected via USB type C)
 - Ethernet: 10/100/1000BASE-T Ethernet network (IEEE 802.3i/802.3u/802.3ab/802.3az)
- External 18W power supply (Direct connected via USB)

Wireless Protocols support

- Wi-Fi: IEEE 802.11a, 802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11n, 802.11ac
- Bluetooth: IEEE 802.15 Basic Rate v2.1+ EDR, Low Energy v4.0

2.4GHz FHSS Radio Supported Modes:

- 802.15 BlueTooth ver 2.1+EDR (1Mbps – 3Mbps, Single stream)

2.4GHz BTLE Radio Supported Modes:

- 802.15 BlueTooth ver 4.0 (1Mbps, Single stream)

- **2.4GHz WLAN Radio Supported Modes:**

- 802.11b (1Mbps – 11Mbps)
- 802.11g (6Mbps - 54Mbps)
- 802.11n (HT20, M0 – M15)
- 802.11n (HT40, M0 – M15)

5GHz WLAN Radio Supported Modes:

- 802.11a (6Mbps – 54Mbps,)
- 802.11n (HT20, M0 – M15)
- 802.11n (HT40, M0 – M15)
- 802.11ac (VHT20, M0 – M8)
- 802.11ac (VHT40, M0 – M9)
- 802.11ac (VHT80, M0 – M9)

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Model Differences

SPK-SHARE

SPK-SHARE-K9

Both have identical components, PCB layout, electronics circuitries and enclosure. The only difference is the encryption software being offered for SPK_SHARE-K9

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Section 3: Result Summary

3.1 Results Summary Table

RF Conducted Emissions		
Basic Standard	Technical Requirements / Details	Result
FCC 15.407 (e) RSS-247 6.2.4.1	<p>99% Occupied Bandwidth & 6 dB Bandwidth: FCC/RSS: The 99% occupied bandwidth is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers are each equal to 0.5% of the total mean power of the given emission.</p> <p>The 6 dB emission is the width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.</p> <p>Within the 5.725-5.850 GHz band, the minimum 6 dB bandwidth of UNII devices shall be at least 500kHz.</p>	Pass
FCC 15.407(a)(3) RSS-247 6.2.4.1	<p>Maximum Conducted Output Power: FCC: For the band 5.725-5.85 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W (30dBm). If the transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6dBi are used, The maximum conducted output power shall be reduced by amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.</p> <p>RSS: For equipment operating in the band 5725-5850 MHz, the maximum conducted output power shall not exceed 1 W.</p>	Pass
FCC 15.407(a)(3) RSS-247 6.2.4.1	<p>Power Spectral Density FCC/RSS: The maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 30 dBm in any 500-kHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.</p>	Pass
FCC 15.407 (b)(4)(i) RSS-247 6.2.4.2	<p>Band Edge / Out-of-Band Emissions: FCC/RSS: For transmitters operating in the 5.725-5.85 GHz band, all emissions shall be limited to a level (e.i.r.p) of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) -27 dBm/MHz at 75 MHz or more above or below the band edge; b) increasing linearly to 10 dBm/MHz at 25 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 25 MHz above or below the band edge; c) increasing linearly to a level of 15.6 dBm/MHz at 5 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 5 MHz above or below the band edge d) increasing linearly to a level of 27 dBm/MHz at the band edge. 	Pass

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Radiated Emissions & AC Conducted Emissions		
Basic Standard	Technical Requirements / Details	Result
FCC15.407(b)(7)(i) RSS-247 6.2.4.2 (d) FCC15.407(b)(7) FCC 15.205 RSS-Gen 8.10	TX Spurious Emissions & Restricted Bands: Non-Restricted bands FCC: Undesirable emission limits. Except as shown in paragraph (b) (7) of this section, the maximum emissions outside of the frequency bands of operation shall be attenuated in accordance with the following limits: (4) For transmitters operating in the 5.725-5.850 GHz band: (i) All emissions shall be limited to a level of –27 dBm/MHz at 75 MHz or more above or below the band edge. RSS: Devices operating in the band 5.725-5.850 GHz shall have e.i.r.p of unwanted emissions comply with the following: (d) –27 dBm/MHz at 75 MHz or more above or below the band edges. Restricted bands FCC: The provisions of §15.205 apply to intentional radiators operating under this section. FCC: (b) Except as provided in paragraphs (d) and (e) of this section, the field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in §15.209. RSS: Unwanted emissions falling into restricted bands of Table 6 shall comply with the limits of Table 4 specified in RSS-Gen 8.9.	Pass
Conducted Emissions		
FCC 15.207 RSS-Gen 8.8	AC conducted Emissions: FCC: (a) Except as shown in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 µH/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN). RSS: A radio apparatus that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line shall ensure that the radio frequency voltage, which is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 0.15 MHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in Table 3 shown in this section.	Pass

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Section 4: Sample Details

Note: Each sample was evaluated to ensure that its condition was suitable to be used as a test sample prior to the commencement of testing. Please also refer to the “Justification for Worst Case Test Configuration” section of this report for further details on the selection of EUT samples.

4.1 Sample Details

Sample Number	Equipment Description	Manufacturer / Model#	Hardware Rev.	Firmware Rev.	Serial Number
S01	Wireless dongle (radiated sample)	Cisco / SPK-SHARE	P3	novum1.1.0 PreAlpha1 2017-10-03	FCH2138EAMB
S02	Wireless dongle (conducted sample)	Cisco / SPK-SHARE	P3	novum1.1.0 PreAlpha1 2017-10-03	FCH2135DG58
S03	Switching Power Supply	Cisco / AQ18A-59CFA	Production	-----	PH1212400BC

4.2 System Details

System #	Description	Samples
1	Radiated Radio Test Sample and Power Supply	S01 & S03
2	RF Conducted Radio Test Sample and Power Supply	S02 & S03

4.3 Mode of Operation Details

Mode#	Description	Comments
1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6	802.11a,n20,n40,ac20, ac40,ac80 Test Mode	The radio shall be set in a continuous Transmitter Mode at various data rate and channel combinations per all Transmitter Test Requirements. If 99% duty cycle or more cannot be achieved, measurements of duty cycle, x, are required for each tested mode of operation.

4.3 Mode of Operation Details

Setting#	Wi-Fi Mode	Modulation	Data Rate
1 *	802.11a	BPSK	6 Mbps
2	802.11n (HT20)	BPSK	6.5 Mbps (MCS0)
	802.11n (HT40)		13.5 Mbps (MCS0)
3	802.11ac (VHT20)	BPSK	6.5 Mbps (MCS0)
	802.11ac (VHT40)		13.5 Mbps (MCS0)
	802.11ac (VHT80)		29.3 Mbps (MCS0)
Note1: Table above represents the worst case scenarios in all modulation and data rate combination for each mode.			
*: Setting#1 was determined to be the worst case emissions of all modes and selected for RSE testing.			

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4.5 Software Used for Testing

Tool#	Description	Comments
1	EMIsoft Vasona, version 6.0	Vasona is Windows based automated software PC controlled tool kit designed to run radiated emissions.
2	QRCT Radio Control Software version 3.0.242.0	QRCT is the Windows based software tool kit designed to control radio setting for RF conducted

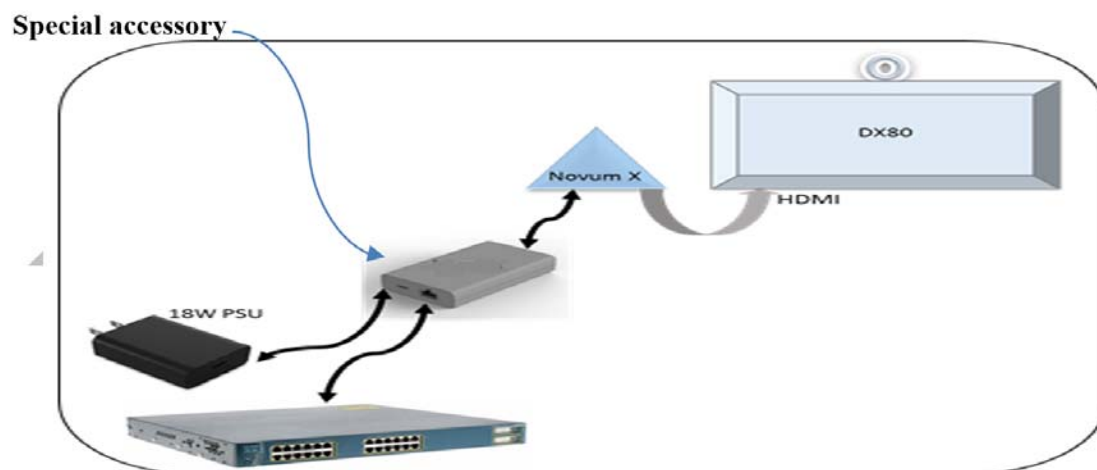
4.6 Antenna Information

The following antennas are supported by this product series.
The data included in this report represent the worst case data for all antennas.

Frequency (MHz)	Part Number	Antenna Type	Antenna Gain Peak (dBi)
2400 – 2500	CI8847-11-000-R-FA	PIFA	1.24
5150 – 5250	CI8847-11-000-R-FA	PIFA	4.26
5250 – 5350	CI8847-11-000-R-FA	PIFA	4.26
5470 – 5725	CI8847-11-000-R-FA	PIFA	3.77
5725 – 5850	CI8847-11-000-R-FA	PIFA	2.85

4.7 Special Accessory included in the test setup

Due to hardware design limitation, an **external Ethernet adapter** was used as a special accessory to access into the EUT in order to execute all required radio test command scripts.



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Appendix A: Conducted Test Results

Target Maximum Channel Power

The following table details the maximum supported Total Channel Power for all operating modes.

Operating Mode	Maximum Channel Power (dBm)		
	Frequency (MHz)		
	5745	5785	5825
802.11a	----	16	----

Operating Mode	Maximum Channel Power (dBm)	
	Frequency (MHz)	
	5755	5795
802.11n HT40	14	----

Operating Mode	Maximum Channel Power (dBm)	
	Frequency (MHz)	
	5775	
802.11ac VHT80	13	

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A.1 Duty Cycle

Duty Cycle Test Requirement

From KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v01

B. Duty Cycle (x), Transmission Duration (T), and Maximum Power Control Level

1. All measurements are to be performed with the EUT transmitting at 100 percent duty cycle at its maximum power control level; however, if 100 percent duty cycle cannot be achieved, measurements of duty cycle, x, and maximum-power transmission duration, T, are required for each tested mode of operation.

A.1.1 Duty Cycle Test Method

From KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v01:

B. Duty Cycle (x), Transmission Duration (T), and Maximum Power Control Level

The zero-span mode on a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver, if the response time and spacing between bins on the sweep are sufficient to permit accurate measurements of the on and off times of the transmitted signal. Set the center frequency of the instrument to the center frequency of the transmission. Set $RBW \geq EBW$ if possible; otherwise, set RBW to the largest available value. Set $VBW \geq RBW$. Set detector = peak or average. The zero-span measurement method shall not be used unless both RBW and VBW are $> 50/T$, where T is defined in section II.B.1.a), and the number of sweep points across duration T exceeds 100. (For example, if VBW and/or RBW are limited to 3 MHz, then the zero-span method of measuring duty cycle shall not be used if $T \leq 16.7$ microseconds.)

Duty Cycle Correction Factor and Duty Cycle Percentage can be derived by using the following formulas:

$$DCCF = 10 \log (1 / (TXon / TXon + TXoff))$$

$$DC \% = (TXon / TXon + TXoff) * 100$$

Tested By: Danh Le	Date of testing: 22-Nov-2017
Test Result : For References Only	

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A.1.2 Duty Cycle Data Table

Mode	Data Rate (Mbps)	On-time (ms)	Total on+off Time (ms)	Duty Cycle (%)	Correction Factor (dB)
802.11a	6	2.065	2.220	93.0	0.31
802.11n20	MCS0	1.725	1.850	93.2	0.32
802.11n40	MCS0	0.950	1.065	88.3	0.54
802.11ac40	MCS0	0.955	1.075	88.8	0.51
802.11ac20	MCS0	1.925	2.080	92.5	0.34
802.11ac80	MCS0	0.462	0.580	79.6	1.0

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A.1.3 Duty Cycle Graphical Test results



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A.2 Frequency Stability

A.2.1 Limits.

FCC 15.407(g): Manufacturers of U-NII devices are responsible for ensuring frequency stability such that an emission is maintained within the band of operation under all conditions of normal operation as specified in the user's manual.

A.2.2 Test Procedure

ANSI C63.10-2013 section 6.8.2

Test Procedure
Unless otherwise specified, these tests shall be made at ambient room temperature An antenna shall be connected to the antenna output terminals of the EUT if possible. If the EUT is equipped with or uses an adjustable-length antenna, then it shall be fully extended. i) Supply the EUT with nominal voltage or install a new or fully charged battery in the EUT. Turn ON the EUT and couple its output to a frequency counter or other frequency-measuring instrument. ii) Tune the EUT to one of the number of frequencies required in 5.6. Adjust the location of the measurement antenna and the controls on the measurement instrument to obtain a suitable signal level (i.e., a level that will not overload the measurement instrument but is strong enough to allow measurement of the operating or fundamental frequency of the EUT). iii) Measure the frequency at each of the Centre frequencies. iv) Repeat the above procedure at 85% and 115% of the nominal supply voltage as described in 5.13 v) Change the temperature from

Tested By: Danh Le	Date of testing: 29-Nov-2017 – 02-Dec-2017
Test Result : PASS	

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A.2.3 Frequency Stability Test Data

Temperature (°C)	Voltage Level	Declared Frequency (MHz)	Measured Frequency Ant. Port 0 (MHz)	Deviation Ant. Port 0 (ppm)	Limit (ppm)	Results
	Mode: 802.11a					
0	Low	5745	5744.9810	-3.307224	Note1	Pass
	High		5744.9800	-3.481288		
Normal Temperature	Nominal	5745	5745.0940	16.362054		
50	Low	5745	5745.2200	38.294169		
	High		5745.2560	44.560487		
	Mode: 802.11a					
0	Low	5785	5784.9810	-3.284356	Note1	Pass
	High		5784.9800	-3.457217		
Normal Temperature	Nominal	5785	5785.103	17.804667		
50	Low	5785	5785.2500	43.215212		
	High		5785.2460	42.523768		
	Mode: 802.11a					
0 degree	Low	5825	5824.9810	-3.261803	Note1	Pass
	High		5824.9800	-3.433476		
Normal Temperature	Nominal	5825	5825.1060	18.197425		
50 degree	Low	5825	5825.2700	46.351931		
	High		5825.2470	42.403433		

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Frequency Stability Test Data (continue)

Temperature (°C)	Voltage Level	Declared Frequency (MHz)	Measured Frequency Ant. Port 0 (MHz)	Deviation Ant. Port 0 (ppm)	Limit (ppm)	Results
	Mode: 802.11n40					
0	Low	5755	5754.9950	-0.868810	Note1	Pass
	High		5754.9880	-3.475239		
Normal Temperature	Nominal	5755	5755.2550	44.309296		
50	Low	5755	5754.9950	-0.868810		
	High		5754.9880	-3.475239		
	Mode: 802.11n40					
0	Low	5795	5794.9890	-1.898188	Note1	Pass
	High		5794.9800	-3.451251		
Normal Temperature	Nominal	5795	5795.2250	38.826574		
50	Low	5795	5795.2270	39.171699		
	High		5795.2510	43.313201		
	Mode: 802.11ac80					
0 degree	Low	5775	5774.9830	-2.953723	Note1	Pass
	High		5774.9880	-2.077922		
Normal Temperature	Nominal	5775	5775.2650	45.887445		
50 degree	Low	5775	5775.2850	49.350649		
	High		5775.2650	45.887446		

Radio Test Report No: EDCS – 875271
FCC ID: LDKSPKSH1576 **ISED ID:** 2461L-SPKSH1576

A.3 99% and 6dB Bandwidth

The 99% occupied bandwidth is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers are each equal to 0.5% of the total mean power of the given emission. There is no limit for 99% OBW.

The 6 dB emission is the width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

A.3.1 Limits.

FCC 15.407 (e)
 RSS-247 6.2.4.1

Within the 5.725-5.850 GHz band, the minimum 6 dB bandwidth of UNII devices shall be at least 500kHz.

A.3.2 Test Procedure

Ref. KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedure New Rules v01r4 section C (2) & D

99% BW and EBW (-6dB)
Test Procedure
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Set the radio in the continuous transmitting mode. 2. Allow the trace to stabilize. 3. Setting the x-dB bandwidth mode to -6B and OBW power function to 99% within the measurement set up function. 4. Select the automatic OBW measurement function of an instrument to perform bandwidth measurement. 5. Capture graphs and record pertinent measurement data.

99% BW and EBW (-6dB)
Test parameters
Span = 1.5 x to 5.0 times OBW RBW = approx. 1% to 5% of the OBW VBW \geq 3 x RBW Detector = Peak or where practical sample shall be used Trace = Max. Hold

Tested By: Danh Le	Date of testing: 12-Jul-2017 – 21-Nov-2017
Test Result : PASS	

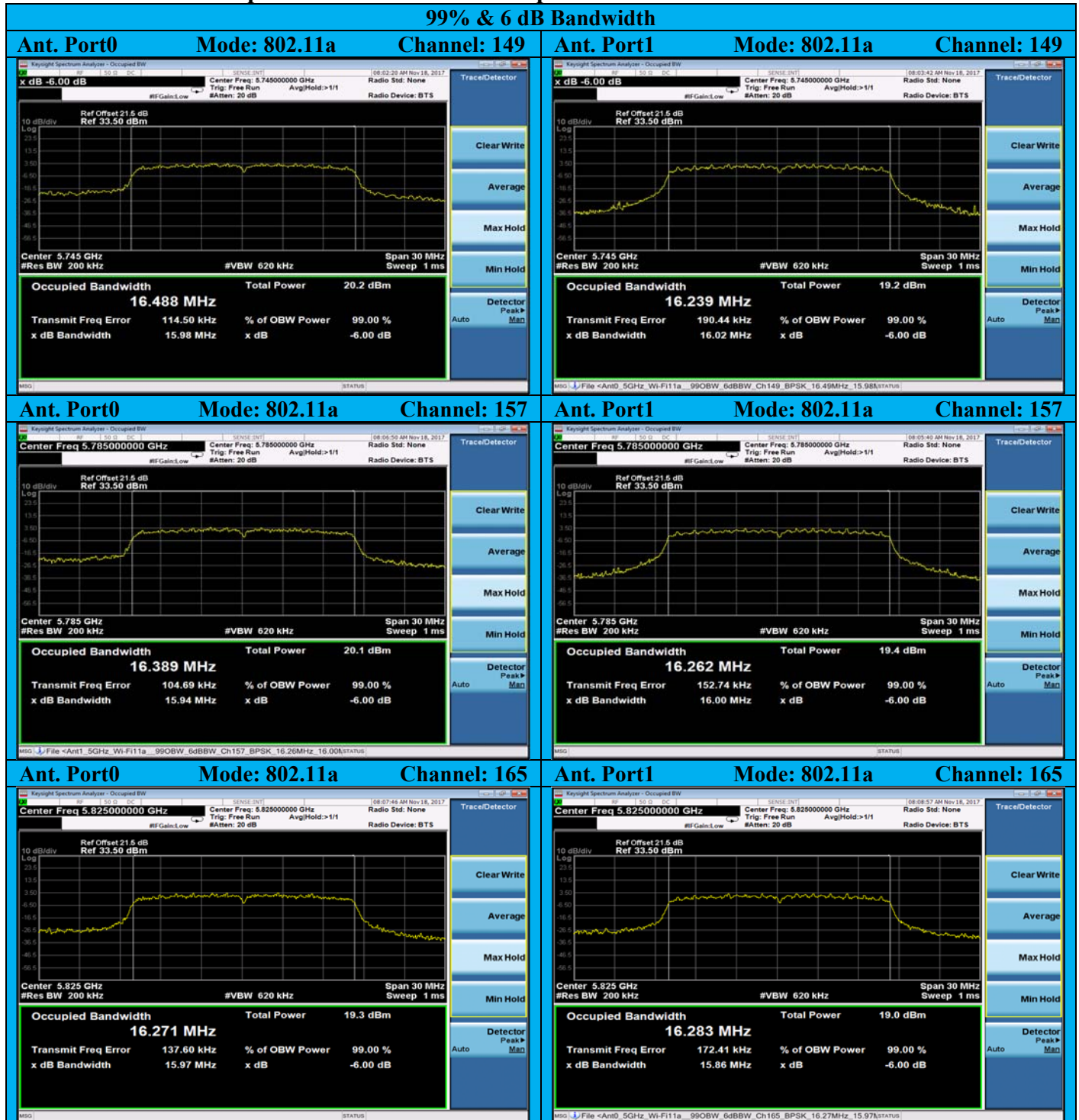
Radio Test Report No: EDCS – 875271
FCC ID: LDKSPKSH1576 **ISED ID:** 2461L-SPKSH1576

A.3.3 99% and 6dB Bandwidth Data Table

Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Data Rate (Mbps)	99% BW (MHz) Ant. Port0	6dB BW (MHz) Ant. Port0	99% BW (MHz) Ant. Port1	6dB BW (MHz) Ant. Port1
Mode: 802.11a							
149	5745	802.11a	6	16.49	15.98	16.24	16.02
157	5785	802.11a	6	16.39	15.94	16.26	16.00
165	5825	802.11a	6	16.27	15.97	16.28	15.86
Mode: 802.11n40							
151	5755	802.11n40	MCS0	35.71	35.49	35.71	35.57
159	5795	802.11n40	MCS0	35.83	35.57	35.86	35.66
Mode: 802.11ac80							
155	5775	802.11ac80	MCS0	74.68	65.46	74.54	63.21

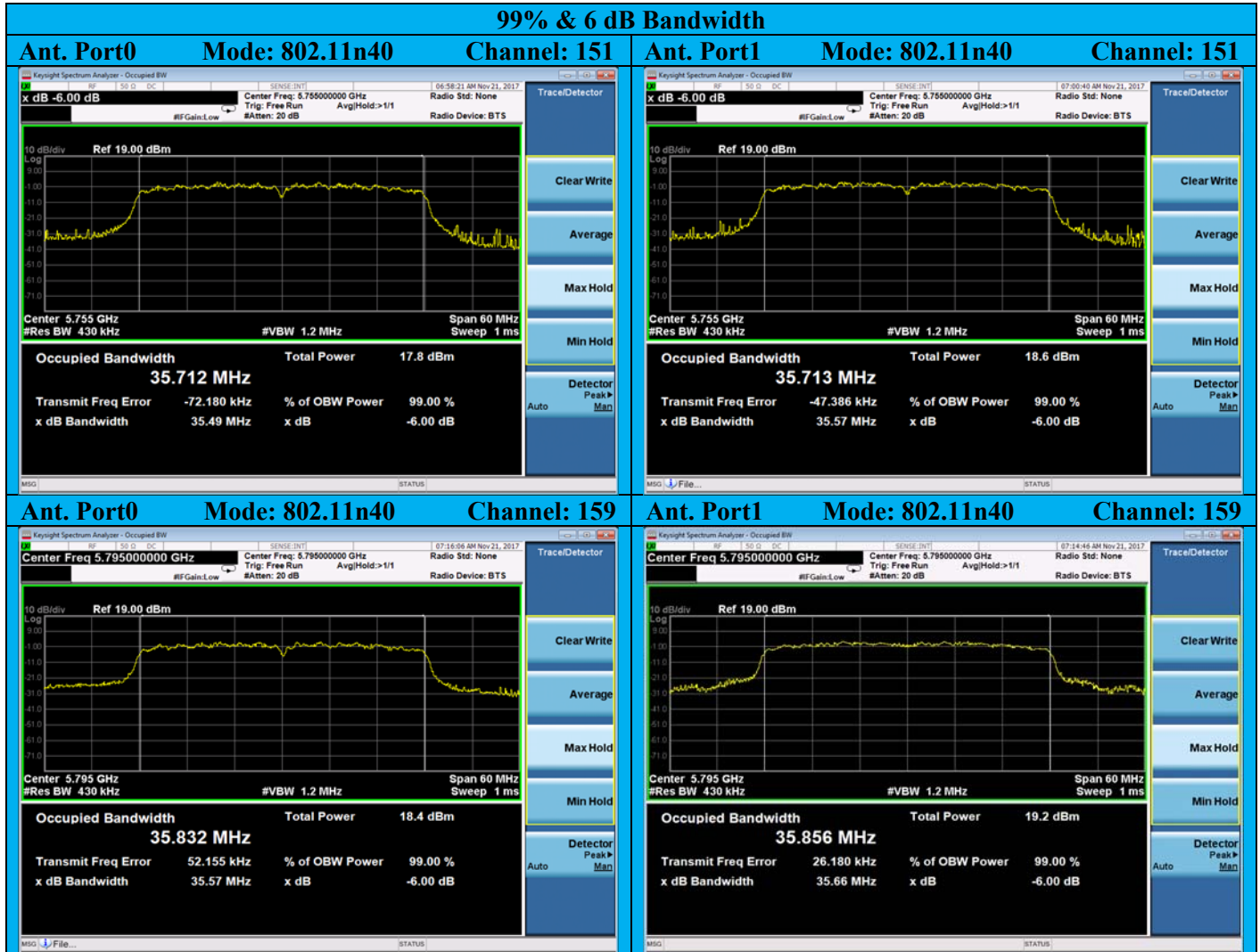
Radio Test Report No: EDCS – 875271
FCC ID: LDKSPKSH1576 ISED ID: 2461L-SPKSH1576

A.3.4 99% Occupied & 6dB Bandwidth Graphical Test Results



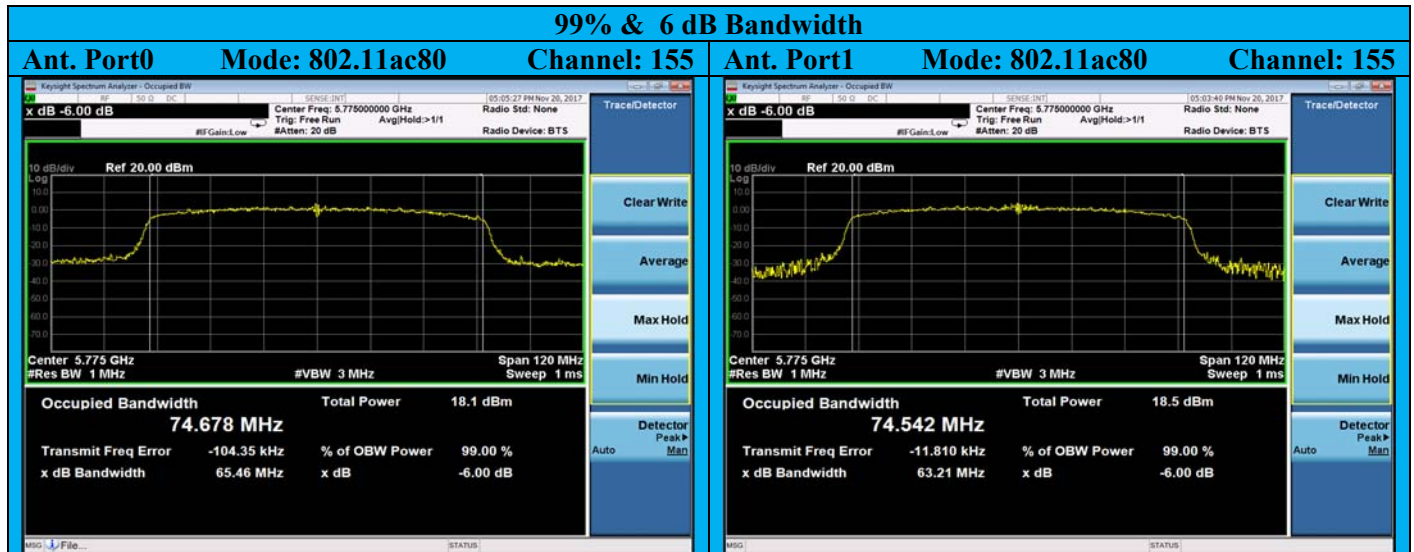


Radio Test Report No: EDCS – 875271
FCC ID: LDKSPKSH1576 ISED ID: 2461L-SPKSH1576





Radio Test Report No: EDCS – 875271
FCC ID: LDKSPKSH1576 ISED ID: 2461L-SPKSH1576



Radio Test Report No: EDCS – 875271

FCC ID: LDKSPKSH1576 **ISED ID:** 2461L-SPKSH1576

A.4 Maximum Conducted Output Power

Maximum Conducted Output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antenna when the transmitter is operating at its maximum control level.

A.4.1 Limits.

FCC 15.407(a) (3)

RSS-247 6.2.4.1

FCC:

For the band 5.725-5.85 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W (30dBm). If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the maximum conducted output power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

RSS:

For equipment operating in the band 5.725-5.85 GHz, the maximum conducted power shall not exceed 1 W (30dBm). If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the maximum conducted output power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

Radio Test Report No: EDCS – 875271

FCC ID: LDKSPKSH1576 **ISED ID:** 2461L-SPKSH1576

A.4.2 Test Procedure

Ref. KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v01r4

Test Procedure
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Set the radio in the transmitting mode 2. Compute power by integrating the spectrum across the EBW (or alternatively entire 99% OBW) of the signal using the instrument's band power measurement function. The integration shall be performed using the spectrum analyzer band-power measurement function with band limits set equal to the EBW or the OBW band edges. 3. Capture graphs and record pertinent measurement data. 4. Make the following adjustments to the peak value of the spectrum, by adding duty cycle correction factor to the measured value.

Measurement using a Spectrum Analyzer or EMI Receiver (SA), (d) Method SA-2

Test parameters
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> (i) Set span to encompass the EBW (or, alternatively, the entire 99% occupied bandwidth) of the signal. (ii) Set RBW = 1 MHz (iii) Set VBW \geq 3 MHz (iv) Number of points in sweep \geq 2 Span / RBW. (This ensures that bin-to-bin spacing is \leq RBW/2, so that narrowband signals are not lost between frequency bins.) (v) Sweep time = auto. (vi) Detector = RMS (i.e., power averaging), if available. Otherwise, use sample detector mode. (vii) Do not use sweep triggering. Allow the sweep to "free run". (viii) Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging (i.e., RMS) mode; however, the number of traces to be averaged shall be increased above 100 as needed to ensure that the average accurately represents the true average over the on and off periods of the transmitter.

Tested By: Danh Le	Date of testing: 20-Nov-2017
Test Result : PASS	

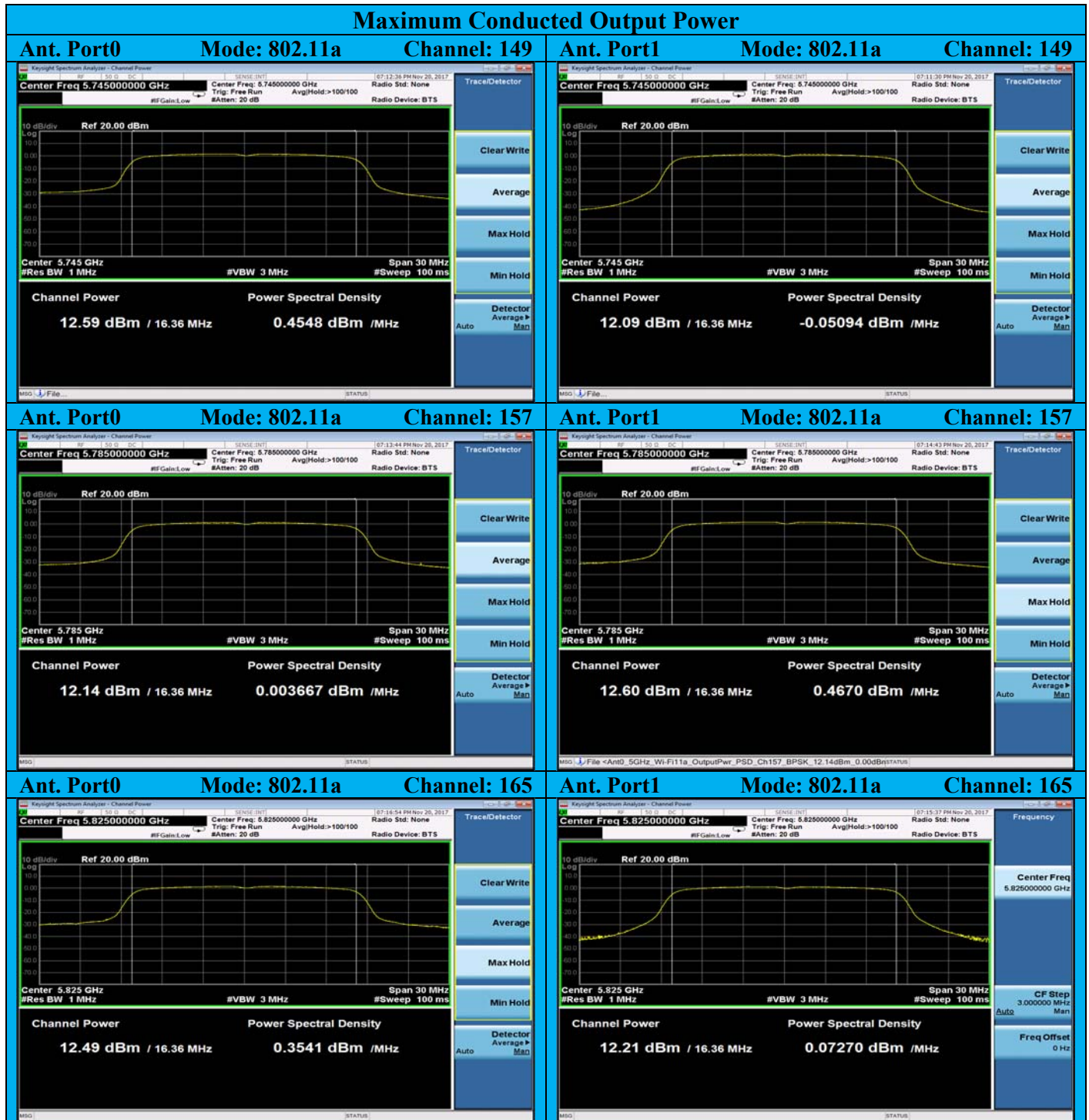
Radio Test Report No: EDCS – 875271
FCC ID: LDKSPKSH1576 **ISED ID:** 2461L-SPKSH1576

A.4.3 Maximum Conducted Output Power Data Table

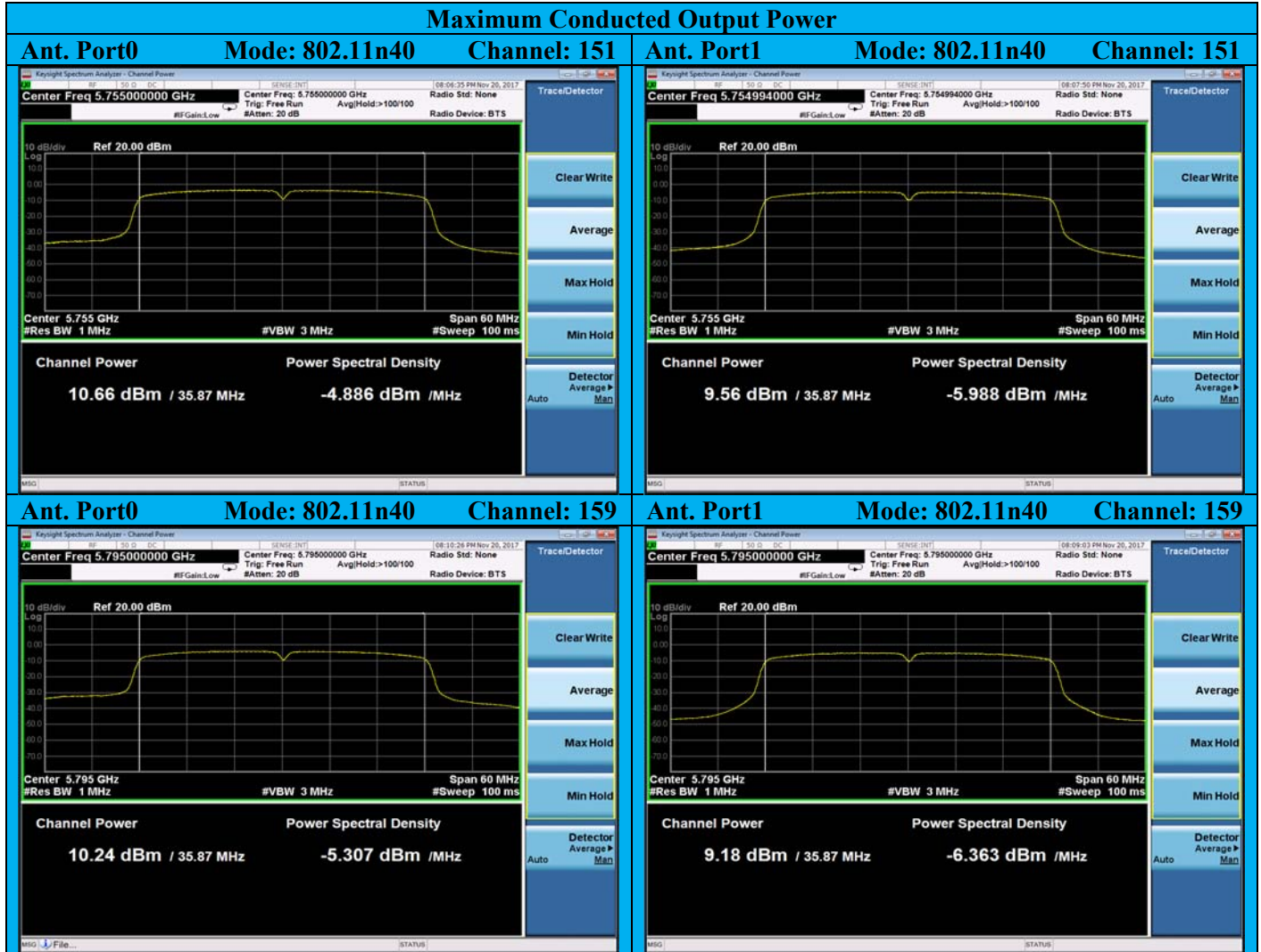
Maximum Conducted Output Power & EIRP								
Antenna Gain = 2.85 dBi								
Channel/ Frequency	Data Rate	Ant. Port0 Output Power	Ant. Port1 Output Power	Total Output Power Ant.P0+Ant.P1		Duty Cycle Correction Factor	Corrected Total Output Power (add DCCF) (dBm)	Total e.i.r.p
(MHz)	(Mbps)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(mW) / (dBm)		(dB)		(dBm)
FCC / ISED Limits: 30 dBm (conducted) / 36 dBm (e.i.r.p)								
Mode : 802.11a								
149 / 5745	6	12.59	12.09	34.33	15.36	0.3	15.66	18.51
157 / 5785	6	12.14	12.60	34.56	15.39	0.3	15.69	18.54
165 / 5825	6	12.49	12.21	34.38	15.36	0.3	15.66	18.51
Result: Pass								
Mode : 802.11n40								
151 / 5755	MCS0	10.66	9.56	20.68	13.16	0.5	13.66	16.50
157 / 5795	MCS0	10.24	9.18	18.85	12.75	0.5	13.25	16.10
Result: Pass								
Mode : 802.11ac80								
155 / 5775	MCS0	8.90	8.35	14.60	11.64	1.1	12.74	15.59
Result: Pass								

Radio Test Report No: EDCS – 875271
FCC ID: LDKSPKSH1576 ISED ID: 2461L-SPKSH1576

A.4.4 Maximum Conducted Output Power Graphical Test Results

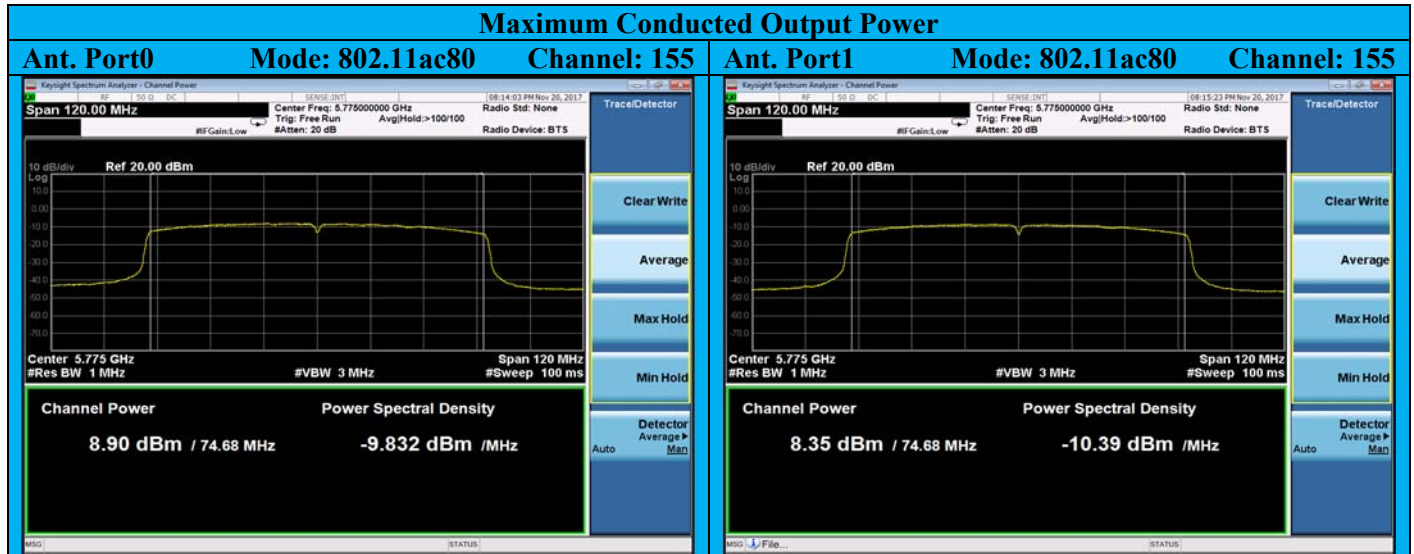


Radio Test Report No: EDCS – 875271
FCC ID: LDKSPKSH1576 ISED ID: 2461L-SPKSH1576





Radio Test Report No: EDCS – 875271
FCC ID: LDKSPKSH1576 ISED ID: 2461L-SPKSH1576



Radio Test Report No: EDCS – 875271

FCC ID: LDKSPKSH1576 **ISED ID:** 2461L-SPKSH1576

A.5 Power Spectral Density

The Power Spectral Density is the total energy output per unit bandwidth from a pulse or sequence of pulses for which the transmit power is at its maximum level, divided by the total duration of the pulses, This total time does not include the time between pulses during which the transmit power is off or below its maximum level.

A.5.1 Limits.

FCC 15.407 (3)

RSS-247 6.2.4.1

FCC:

For the band 5.725-5.850 GHz, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 30 dBm in any 500kHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

RSS:

The output power spectral density shall not exceed 30 dBm in any 500kHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

Radio Test Report No: EDCS – 875271

FCC ID: LDKSPKSH1576 **ISED ID:** 2461L-SPKSH1576

A.5.2 Test Procedure

Ref. KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v01r4

Test Procedure
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Set the radio in the transmitting mode 2. Use the peak search function on the instrument to find the peak of the spectrum and record its value. 3. Make the following adjustments to the peak value of the spectrum, by adding duty cycle correction factor to the measured value. 4. Capture graphs and record pertinent measurement data. 5. The result is the Maximum PSD over 500 kHz reference bandwidth.

Measurement using a Spectrum Analyzer (SA) or EMI Receiver, (d) Method SA-2

Test parameters
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) Set span to encompass the EBW (or, alternatively, the entire 99% occupied bandwidth) of the signal. (ii) Set RBW = 500 kHz (iii) Set VBW \geq 1.5 MHz (iv) Number of points in sweep \geq 2 Span / RBW. (This ensures that bin-to-bin spacing is \leq RBW/2, so that narrowband signals are not lost between frequency bins.) (v) Sweep time = auto. (vi) Detector = RMS (i.e., power averaging), if available. Otherwise, use sample detector mode. (vii) Do not use sweep triggering. Allow the sweep to “free run”. (viii) Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging (i.e., RMS) mode; however, the number of traces to be averaged shall be increased above 100 as needed to ensure that the average accurately represents the true average over the on and off periods of the transmitter.

Tested By: Danh Le	Date of testing: 26-Jan-2018
Test Result : PASS	

Radio Test Report No: EDCS – 875271

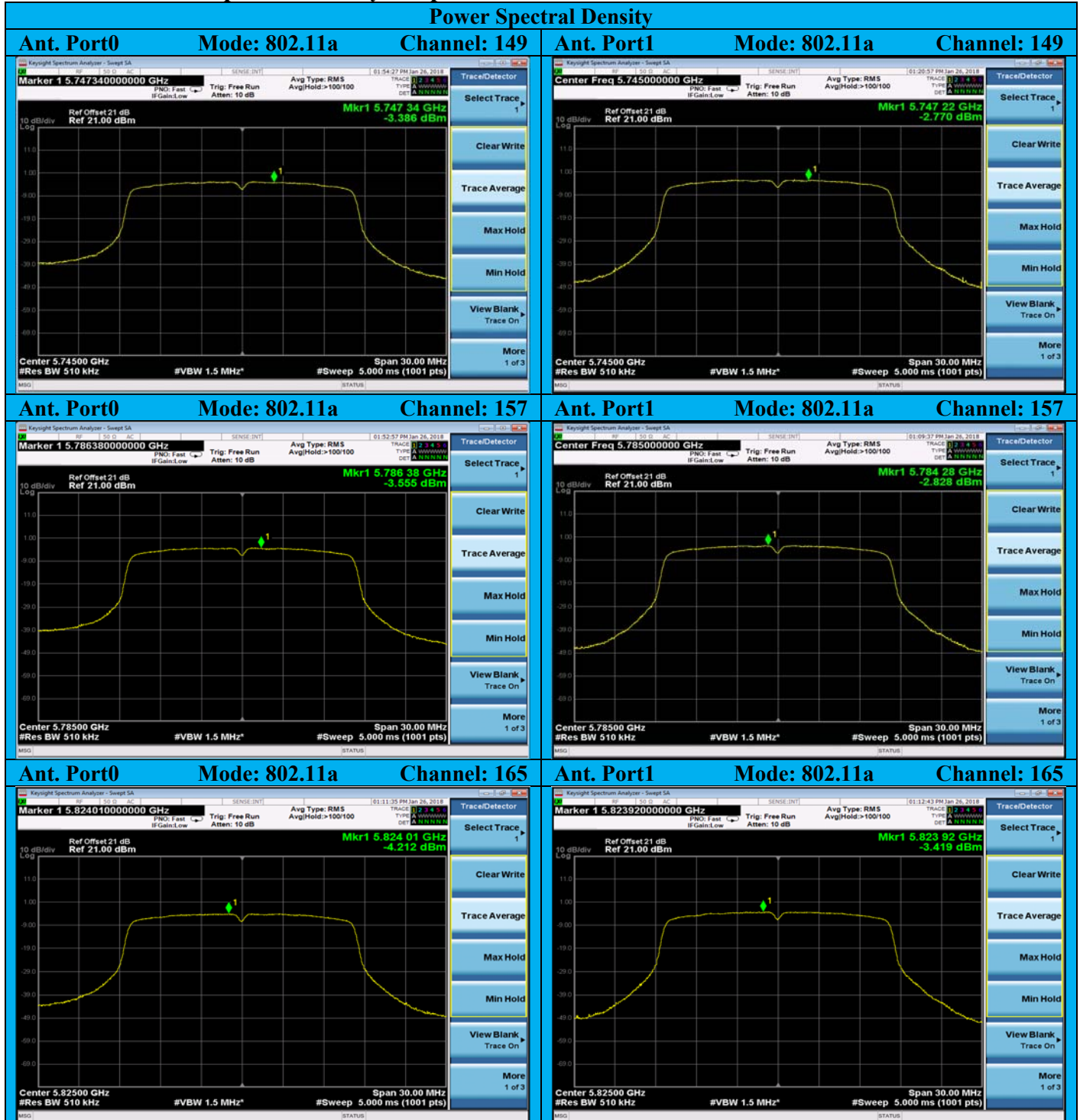
FCC ID: LDKSPKSH1576 **ISED ID:** 2461L-SPKSH1576

A.5.3 Power Spectral Density Data Table

Power Spectral Density & EIRP Spectral Density								
FCC / ISEDC Limits: 30 dBm / 500KHz (conducted)								
Mode : 802.11a / Antenna Gain = 2.85 dBi / DCCF = 0.3								
Channel/ Frequency	Data Rate	Ant. Port0 Output Power	Ant. Port1 Output Power	Total Output Power Ant.P0+Ant.P1		Corrected Total Output Power (add DCCF)	Total e.i.r.p Spectral Density	Results
(MHz)	(Mbps)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(mW) / (dBm)		(dBm)	(dBm)	
149 / 5745	6	-3.386	-2.770	0.9870	-0.0568	0.243	3.093	Pass
157 / 5785	6	-3.555	-2.828	0.9625	-0.1660	0.134	2.984	Pass
165 / 5825	6	-4.212	-3.419	0.8342	-0.7871	-0.487	2.363	Pass

Radio Test Report No: EDCS – 875271
FCC ID: LDKSPKSH1576 ISED ID: 2461L-SPKSH1576

A.5.4 Power Spectral Density Graphical Test Results



Radio Test Report No: EDCS – 875271

FCC ID: LDKSPKSH1576 **ISED ID:** 2461L-SPKSH1576

A.6 Conducted Band Edge & Undesirable/Unwanted Out-of-Band emissions in non-restricted bands

Comprised of out-of-band emissions (emissions on a frequency or frequencies immediately outside the necessary bandwidth), harmonic emissions and spurious emissions.

A.6.1 Limits

FCC 15.407 (b) (4) (i)

RSS-247 6.2.4.2 (a) (b) (c) (d)

FCC:

15.407(b) Undesirable emission limits. Except as shown in paragraph (b) (7) of this section, the maximum emissions outside of the frequency bands of operation shall be attenuated in accordance with the following limits:

15.407(b) (4) (i) For transmitter operating in the 5.725 MHz – 5.850 Mhz band: All emissions shall be limited to a level of -27 dBm/MHz at 75 MHz or more above or below the band edge increasing linearly to 10 dBm/MHz at 25 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 25 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 15.6 dBm/MHz at 5 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 5 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 27 dBm/MHz at the band edge.

RSS:

Section 6.2.4.2

Devices operating in the band 5.725-5.85 GHz shall have e.i.r.p of unwanted emissions comply with the following:

- a) 27 dBm/MHz at the frequencies from the band edges decreasing linearly to 15.6 dBm/MHz at 5 MHz above or below the band edges;
- b) 15.6 dBm/MHz at 5 MHz above or below the band edges decreasing linearly to 10 dBm/MHz at 25 MHz above or below the band edges;
- c) 10 dBm/MHz at 25 MHz above or below the band edges decreasing linearly to -27 dBm/MHz at 75 MHz above or below the band edges; and
- d) -27 dBm/MHz at 75 MHz or more above or below the band edges

Radio Test Report No: EDCS – 875271

FCC ID: LDKSPKSH1576 **ISED ID:** 2461L-SPKSH1576

A.6.2 Test Procedure

Ref. 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v01 or ANSI C63.10: 2013

Conducted Band Edge and Unwanted Out-of-band Emissions Test Procedure
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Connect the antenna port(s) to the spectrum analyzer input. 2. Place the radio in continuous transmit mode. Use the procedures in 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v01 to substitute conducted measurements in place of radiated measurements. 3. Configure Spectrum analyzer as per test parameters below (be sure to enter all losses between the transmitter output and the spectrum analyzer). 4. Place a marker at the band edge and also measure highest emissions in the out-of end band to show compliance. 5. Capture graphs and record pertinent measurement data.

Ref. 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v01, II G (5) or ANSI C63.10: 2013 section 12.7.6

Conducted Band Edge and Unwanted Out-of-band Emissions Test parameters
RBW = 1 MHz VBW \geq 3MHz Sweep = Auto couple Detector = Peak Trace = Max Hold.

Tested By: Danh Le	Date of testing: 21-Nov-2017
Test Result : PASS	

Radio Test Report No: EDCS – 875271

FCC ID: LDKSPKSH1576 ISED ID: 2461L-SPKSH1576

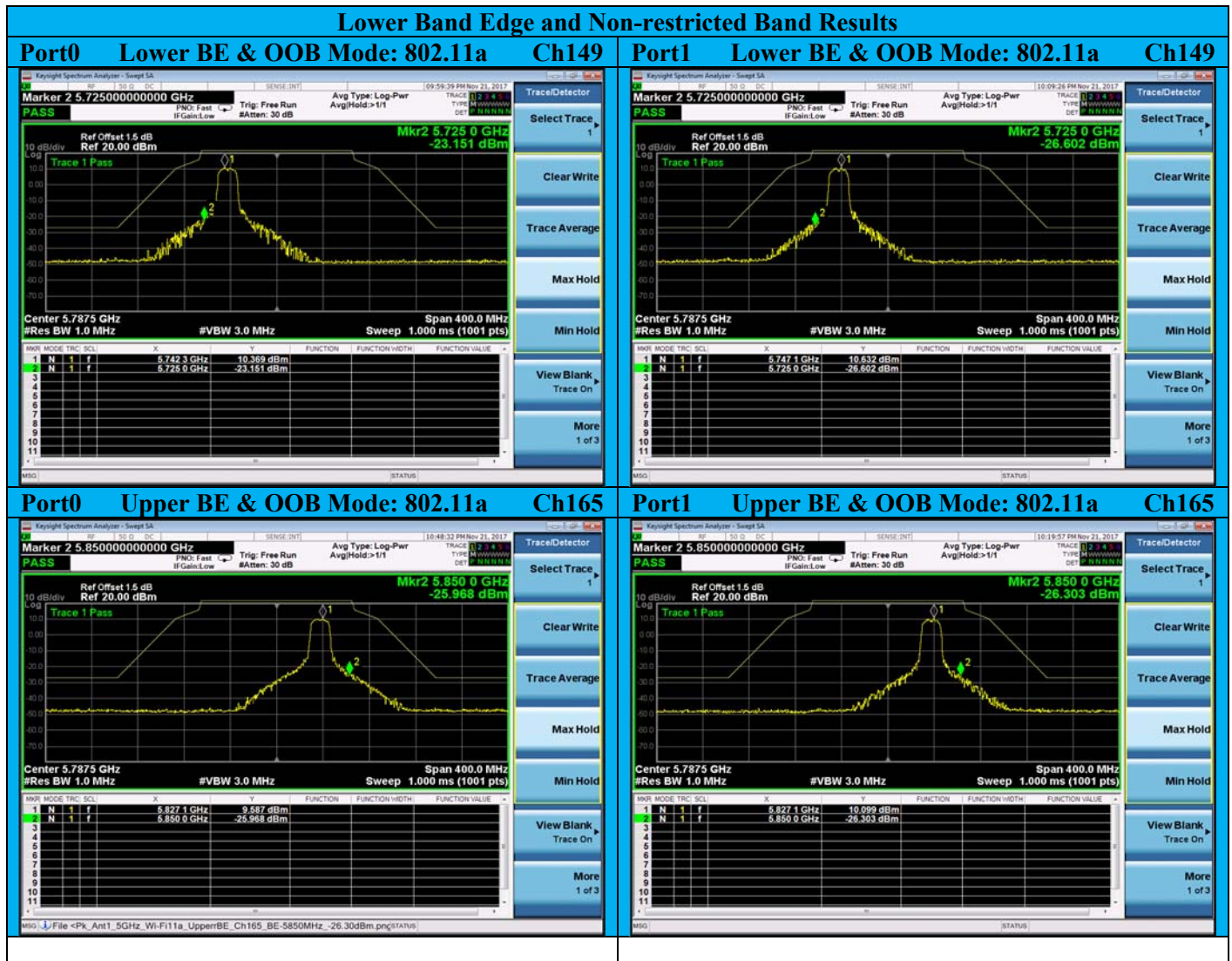
A.6.3 Conducted Band Edge & Non-restricted band Recorded Test Data

Band Edge and Out-of-Band into Non-restricted band								
Operating Frequency	Data Rate	Measured Frequency	Measured Emission Level	Measured Frequency	Measured Emission Level	Antenna Gain	Total E.I.R.P	Limit
		Ant. Port0	Ant.Port0	Ant.Port1	Ant. Port1			
(MHz)	(Mbps)	(MHz)	(dBm/MHz)	(MHz)	(dBm/MHz)	(dBi)	(dBm)	(dBm)
Lower Band Edge								
Mode: 802.11a								
5745	6	5735	-23.15	5725	-26.60	2.85	-18.68	27
5745	6	---	---	---	---	2.85	---	27
Result: Pass								
Lower Band Edge								
Mode: 802.11a								
5825	6	5850	-25.97	5850	-26.30	2.85	-20.27	27
5825	6	---	---	---	---	2.85	---	---
Result: Pass								

Note: --- means no measurable emissions found within 10 dB to the limits.

Radio Test Report No: EDCS – 875271
FCC ID: LDKSPKSH1576 ISED ID: 2461L-SPKSH1576

A.6.4 Conducted Band Edge and Non-restricted Band Graphical Test Results



Appendix B: Radiated Test Results

B.1 Radiated Spurious Emissions & Restricted Bands

Emissions on frequency or frequencies which are outside the necessary bandwidth and level of which may be reduced without effecting the corresponding transmission of information. Spurious emissions include harmonic emissions, parasitic emissions, intermodulation products and frequency conversion products, but exclude out-of-band emissions.

B.1.1 Limits

Unwanted Emissions Outside of the Restricted Bands

Frequency range: Below 1GHz

FCC 15.407 (b) (6)

Unwanted emissions below 1GHz must comply with general field strength limits set forth in §15.209.

Further any U-NII devices using an AC power line are required to comply also with conducted emissions limits set forth in §15.207. Refer to limit section for detailed limits

RSS-Gen 8.9

Except when the requirements applicable to a given device state otherwise, emissions from licence-exempt transmitters shall comply with the field strength limits shown in Table 3 below. Additionally, the level of any transmitter emission shall not exceed the level of the transmitter's fundamental emission.

Frequency range: Above 1GHz

FCC 15.407 (b) (4) (i)

(b) Undesirable emission limits. Except as shown in paragraph (b) (7) of this section, the maximum emissions outside of the frequency bands of operation shall be attenuated in accordance with the following limits:

(4) For transmitters operating in the 5.725-5.850 GHz band: (i) All emissions shall be limited to a level of -27 dBm/MHz at 75 MHz or more above or below the band edge.

RSS-247 6.2.4.2 (d)

Devices operating in the band 5.725-5.850 GHz shall have e.i.r.p of unwanted emissions comply with the following:

(d) -27 dBm/MHz at 75 MHz or more above or below the band edges.

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Restricted Bands

FCC 15.407 (b) (7)

The provision of §15.205 apply to intentional radiators operating under FCC 15.407(b).

FCC 15.205 / FCC 15.209

(b) Except as provided in paragraphs (d) and (e) of this section, the field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in §15.209. Refer to limit section for detailed limits.

Restricted Bands for FCC			
MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090-0.110	16.42-16.423	608-614	7.25-7.75
¹ 0.495-0.505	16.69475-16.69525	960-1240	8.025-8.5
2.1735-2.1905	16.80425-16.80475	1300-1427	9.0-9.2
4.125-4.128	25.5-25.67	1435-1626.5	9.3-9.5
4.17725-4.17775	37.5-38.25	1645.5-1646.5	10.6-12.7
4.20725-4.20775	73-74.6	1660-1710	13.25-13.4
6.215-6.218	74.8-75.2	1718.8-1722.2	14.47-14.5
6.26775-6.26825	108-121.94	2200-2300	15.35-16.2
6.31175-6.31225	123-138	2310-2390	17.7-21.4
8.291-8.294	149.9-150.05	2483.5-2500	22.01-23.12
8.362-8.366	156.52475-156.52525	2690-2900	23.6-24.0
8.37625-8.38675	156.7-156.9	3260-3267	31.2-31.8
8.41425-8.41475	162.0125-167.17	3332-3339	36.43-36.5
12.29-12.293	167.72-173.2	3345.8-3358	Above 38.6
12.51975-12.52025	240-285	3600-4400	
12.57675-12.57725	322-335.4	3500-5150	
13.36-13.41	399.9-410	5350-5460	

**Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72 MHz, 76-88 MHz, 174-216 MHz or 470-806 MHz

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RSS-Gen 8.10

(b) Unwanted emissions that fall into restricted bands of the table below or restricted bands of [Table 6](#) in the RSS-Gen standard, shall comply with the limits specified in RSS-Gen; and

(c) Unwanted emissions that do not fall within the restricted frequency bands in the table below shall comply either with the limits specified in the applicable RSS or with those specified in this RSS-Gen.

Table 6

Restricted Bands for ISEDC			
MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090-0.110	12.51975-12.52025	608-614	7.25-7.75
2.1735-2.1905	12.57675-12.57725	960-1240	8.025-8.5
3.020-30.26	13.36-13.41	1435-1626.5	9.0-9.2
¹ 0.495-0.505	16.42-16.423	1645.5-1646.5	9.3-9.5
4.125-4.128	16.69475-16.69525	1660-1710	10.6-12.7
4.17725-4.17775	16.80425-16.80475	1718.8-1722.2	13.25-13.4
4.20725-4.20775	25.5-25.67	2200-2300	14.47-14.5
5.677-5.683	37.5-38.25	2310-2390	15.35-16.2
6.215-6.218	73-74.6	2690-2900	17.7-21.4
6.26775-6.26825	74.8-75.2	3260-3267	22.01-23.12
6.31175-6.31225	108-121.94	3332-3339	23.6-24.0
8.291-8.294	156.52475-156.525	3345.8-3358	31.2-31.8
8.362-8.366	156.7-156.9	3500-4400	36.43-36.5
8.37625-8.38675	240-285	4500-5150	Above 38.6
8.41425-8.41475	322-335.4	5350-5460	
12.29-12.293	399.9-410	7250-7750	

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FCC ID: LDKSPKSH1576 **ISED ID:** 2461L-SPKSH1576

Restricted Band and General Field Strength Limits

FCC 15.209

The level of any unwanted emissions from an intentional radiator operating under these general provisions shall not exceed the level of the fundamental emission. Except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the table specified in the table in FCC§15.209(a).

FCC15.407 (b) (6)

Unwanted emissions below 1GHz must comply with general field strength limits set forth in §15.209.

RSS-Gen 8.9

Except when the requirements applicable to a given device state otherwise, emissions from licence-exempt transmitters shall comply with the field strength limits shown in [Table 4](#) and [Table 5](#) below. Additionally, the level of any transmitter emission shall not exceed the level of the transmitter's fundamental emission.

Table 3

General Field Strength Limits Table			
Frequency (MHz)	Field strength (uV/meter)	Field strength (dBuV/meter)	Measurement distance (meters)
30-88	100**	40 Qp	3
88-216	150**	43.5 Qp	3
216-960	200**	46 Qp	3
Above 960	500	54 Av / 74 Pk	3

The emission limits shown in the above table are based on measurements employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector except for the frequency bands 9-90 kHz, 110-490 kHz and above 1000 MHz. Radiated emission limits in these three bands are based on measurements employing an average detector.

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FCC ID: LDKSPKSH1576 **ISED ID:** 2461L-SPKSH1576

Limit Conversion

When the DUT power is measured using a radiated test configuration, the EIRP can be directly determined using the field strength (linear) approach as follows:

$$\text{eirp} = \text{pt} \times \text{gt} = (\text{E} \times \text{d})^2 / 30$$

where: **pt** = transmitter output power in watts,

gt = numeric gain of the transmitting antenna (unit less),

E = electric field strength in V/m,

d = measurement distance in meters (m).

Based on the equation above, unit conversion from log => linear with a known limit of – 27 dBm

(1) Conversion from dBm to Watt

$$W = 10 \text{ EXP } (-27\text{dBm} - 30 / 10)$$

$$W = 10 \text{ EXP } (-5.7) = 2 \text{ E-6}$$

(2) E Field Strength can be derived by inverse calculation.

$$\text{E} = 9 (\text{pt} \times \text{gt} \times 30) / \text{d}$$

$$\text{E} = \text{SQRT} (2\text{E-6} \times 1.0 \times 30) / 3 = 0.0026 \text{ V/m}$$

(3) Conversion from Linear to Log, using the following formula

$$\text{Volts to dBuV} = 20 \log (\text{Volts}) + 120$$

$$\text{E (in dBuV) /m@3m} = 20 \text{ Log } (0.0026) + 120 = \mathbf{68.23}$$

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FCC ID: LDKSPKSH1576 **ISED ID:** 2461L-SPKSH1576

B.1.2 Test Procedure

In measuring unwanted emissions, the spectrum shall be investigated from 30 MHz or the lowest radio frequency signal generated in the equipment, whichever is lower, without going below 9 kHz, up to at least the frequency given below:

- (a) If the equipment operates below 10 GHz: to the tenth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 40 GHz, whichever is lower.
- (b) If the equipment operates at or above 10 GHz: to the fifth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 100 GHz, whichever is lower.

Particular attention should be paid to harmonics and sub-harmonics of the carrier frequency, as well as to those frequencies removed from the carrier by multiples of the oscillator frequency. Radiation at the frequencies of multiplier stages should also be checked.

The amplitude of spurious emissions attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible value need not be reported.

For emissions below 1000 MHz, measurements shall be performed using a CISPR quasi-peak detector and the related measurement bandwidth. Above 1000 MHz, measurements shall be performed using an average detector with a minimum resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz.

As an alternative to CISPR quasi-peak measurement, compliance with the emission limit can be demonstrated using measuring equipment employing a peak detector function properly adjusted for factors such as pulse desensitization as required, with an equal or greater than the applicable CISPR quasi-peak bandwidth or 1 MHz bandwidth, respectively.

Radio Test Report No: EDCS – 875271
FCC ID: LDKSPKSH1576 **ISED ID:** 2461L-SPKSH1576

Ref. ANSI C63.10-2013 section 6.5 & 6.6

Test Procedure

1. Using Vasona software, configure the spectrum analyzer as shown below (be sure to enter all losses between the transmitter output and the spectrum analyzer).
2. Place the radio in continuous transmit mode. Maximize Turntable (find worst case table angle) and maximize Antenna (find worst case height).
3. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.
4. Center marker frequency and perform final measurement in Quasi-peak ($\leq 1\text{GHz}$) and Average (above 1 GHz)
5. Record at least 6 highest readings for the worst case operating mode.

ANSI C63.10: 2013 section 4.1.4 / section 12.7.5 (Quasi-Peak), section 12.7.6 (peak), section 12.7.7.3 (average)

Test parameters

- (i) Span = Entire frequency range or segment if necessary.
- (ii) Reference Level = 80 dBuV
- (iii) RBW = 100 kHz (less than or equal to 1 GHz); 1 MHz (above 1 GHz)
- (iv) VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW
- (v) Detector = Peak & Quasi-Peak (frequency range 30 MHz to 1 GHz);
Peak & Average (frequency range above 1 GHz); Change VBW to 10 Hz for average measurement
- (vi) Sweep Time = Couple

- . The system was evaluated up to 40 GHz but there were no measurable emissions above 18 GHz.
- . These data represent the worst case mode data for all supported operating modes and antennas.

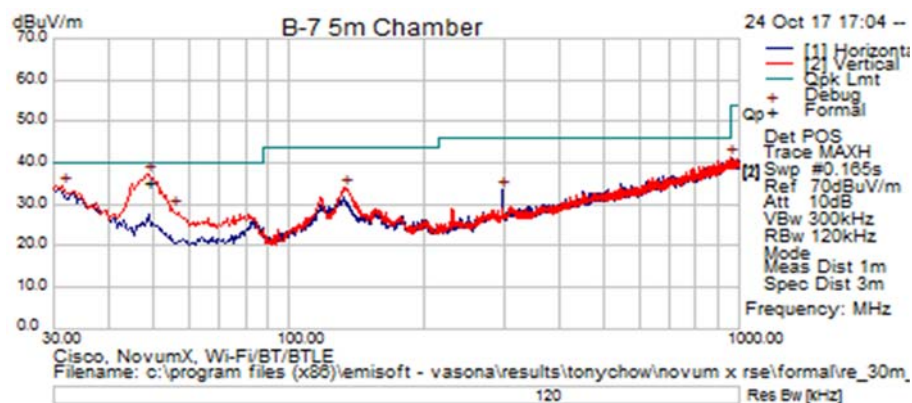
Note1: A Notch Filter was used during formal testing from 1 – 18GHz to help prevent the front end of the analyzer from over loading. The Notch filters used are designed to suppress TX fundamental frequency but do not effect harmonics of the fundamental frequency from being measured

Note2: The data displayed on the plots detailed in the graphical test results section were measured using a 'Peak Detector'. Please refer to the results table for the detectors used during formal measurements.

Radio Test Report No: EDCS – 875271
FCC ID: LDKSPKSH1576 **ISED ID:** 2461L-SPKSH1576

B.1.3 Transmitter Radiated Spurious Emissions Graphical Data Results

Subtest Date:	24-Oct-2017
Engineer	Danh Le, Zain Ali
Lab Information	Building 7, 5m Anechoic
Subtest Title	Transmitter Spurious Emissions
Frequency Range	30MHz - 1GHz
Comments on the above Test Results	802.11a ,Tx Channel 149 (5745 MHz)

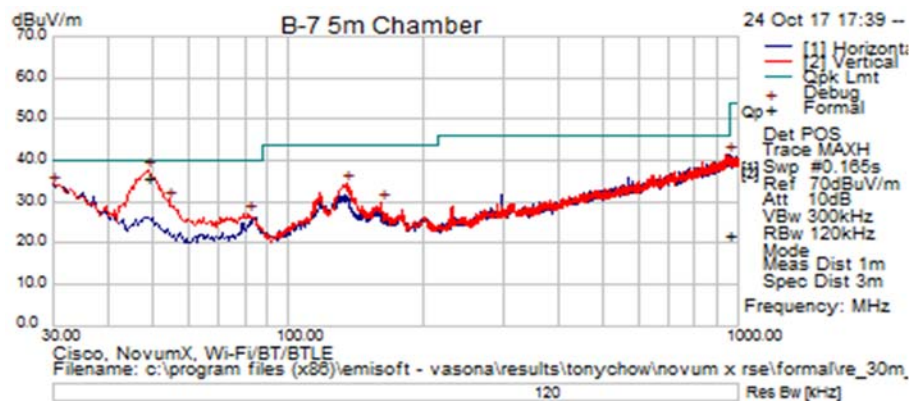


Title: TX Spurious Emissions from 30MHz-1GHz – Ch149 (5745 MHz)

Frequency (MHz)	Raw (dBuV)	Cab Loss (dB)	AF (dB)	Level (dBuV)	Detector	Polarity	Height (cm)	Azt (Deg)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Results Pass / Fail	Comments
48.915	37.8	0.77	-1.21	37.37	Peak	V	100	0	40	-2.63	Pass	Tx/Ch149
956.35	24.33	3.53	13.56	41.42	Peak	V	300	0	46	-4.58	Pass	Tx/Ch149
31.455	23.17	0.62	10.89	34.68	Peak	V	100	0	40	-5.32	Pass	Tx/Ch149
132.82	28.65	1.29	4.26	34.2	Peak	V	100	0	43.5	-9.3	Pass	Tx/Ch149
55.22	30.61	0.85	-2.34	29.12	Peak	V	100	0	40	-10.88	Pass	Tx/Ch149
297.235	27.89	1.94	3.78	33.62	Peak	H	100	0	46	-12.38	Pass	Tx/Ch149

Radio Test Report No: EDCS – 875271
FCC ID: LDKSPKSH1576 **ISED ID:** 2461L-SPKSH1576

Subtest Date:	24-Oct-2017
Engineer	Danh Le, Zain Ali
Lab Information	Building 7, 5m Anechoic
Subtest Title	Transmitter Spurious Emissions
Frequency Range	30MHz - 1GHz
Comments on the above Test Results	802.11a, Tx Channel 157 (5785 MHz)

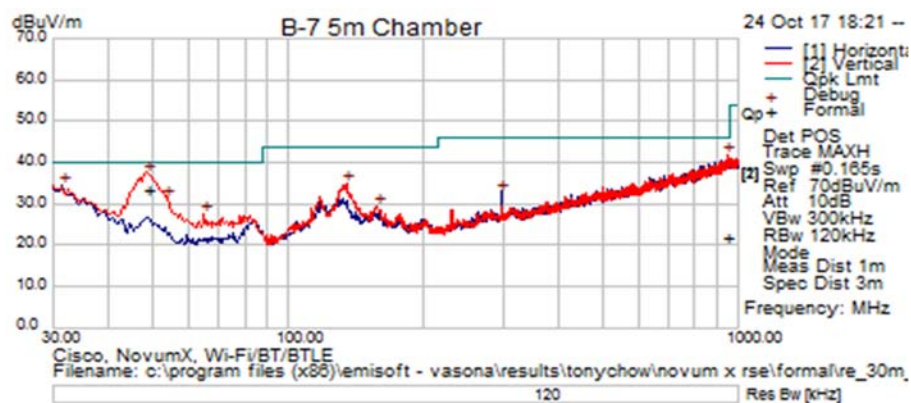


Title: TX Spurious Emissions from 30MHz-1GHz – Ch157 (5785 MHz)

Frequency (MHz)	Raw (dBuV)	Cab Loss (dB)	AF (dB)	Level (dBuV)	Detector	Polarity	Height (cm)	Azt (Deg)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Results Pass / Fail	Comments
9887.5	39.83	14.46	-2.83	51.47	Peak	H	225	206	54	-2.53	Pass	Tx/Ch157
5500	44.72	10.27	-7.86	47.12	Peak	V	300	250	54	-6.88	Pass	Tx/Ch157
48.915	38.31	0.77	-1.21	37.88	Peak	V	100	0	40	-2.12	Pass	Tx/Ch157
956.35	24.52	3.53	13.56	41.61	Peak	H	200	0	46	-4.39	Pass	Tx/Ch157
30	21.69	0.6	11.96	34.25	Peak	V	100	0	40	-5.75	Pass	Tx/Ch157
135.245	29.11	1.3	4.03	34.44	Peak	V	100	0	43.5	-9.06	Pass	Tx/Ch157
54.25	32.18	0.84	-2.34	30.68	Peak	V	100	0	40	-9.32	Pass	Tx/Ch157

Radio Test Report No: EDCS – 875271
FCC ID: LDKSPKSH1576 **ISED ID:** 2461L-SPKSH1576

Subtest Date:	24-Oct-2017
Engineer	Danh Le, Zain Ali
Lab Information	Building 7, 5m Anechoic
Subtest Title	Transmitter Spurious Emissions
Frequency Range	30MHz - 1GHz
Comments on the above Test Results	802.11a, Tx Channel 165 (5825 MHz)

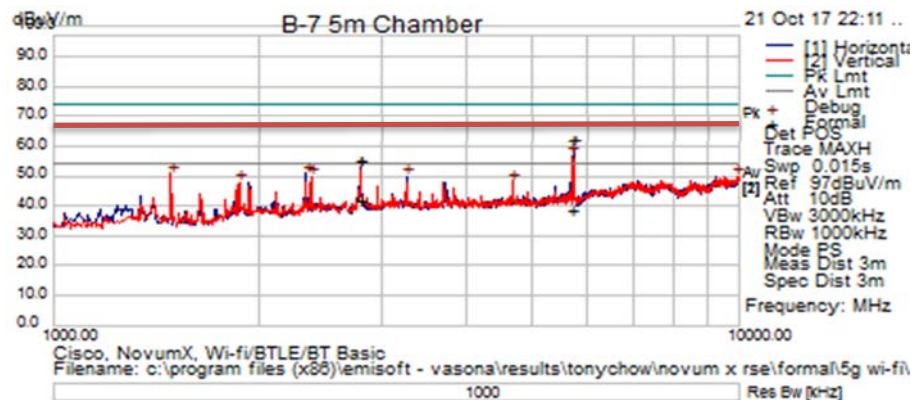


Title: TX Spurious Emissions from 30MHz-1GHz – Ch157 (5785 MHz)

Frequency (MHz)	Raw (dBuV)	Cab Loss (dB)	AF (dB)	Level (dBuV)	Detector	Polarity	Height (cm)	Azt (Deg)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Results Pass / Fail	Comments
48.43	37.91	0.77	-1.02	37.67	Peak	V	100	0	40	-2.33	Pass	Tx/Ch165
943.74	24.93	3.52	13.46	41.9	Peak	V	300	0	46	-4.1	Pass	Tx/Ch165
31.455	23.17	0.62	10.89	34.67	Peak	H	400	0	40	-5.33	Pass	Tx/Ch165
53.765	33.1	0.84	-2.32	31.62	Peak	V	100	0	40	-8.38	Pass	Tx/Ch165
134.76	29.57	1.3	4.08	34.95	Peak	V	100	0	43.5	-8.55	Pass	Tx/Ch165
64.92	28.28	0.92	-1.65	27.55	Peak	V	100	0	40	-12.45	Pass	Tx/Ch165
297.235	27.15	1.94	3.78	32.88	Peak	H	100	0	46	-13.12	Pass	Tx/Ch165
158.04	25.37	1.4	2.66	29.42	Peak	V	100	0	43.5	-14.08	Pass	Tx/Ch165

Radio Test Report No: EDCS – 875271
FCC ID: LDKSPKSH1576 **ISED ID:** 2461L-SPKSH1576

Subtest Date:	21-Oct-2017
Engineer	Danh Le, Zain Ali
Lab Information	Building 7, 5m Anechoic
Subtest Title	Transmitter Spurious Emissions
Frequency Range	1GHz - 10GHz
Comments on the above Test Results	802.11a, Tx Channel 149 (5745 MHz)



Title: TX Spurious Emissions from 1-10GHz – Ch149 (5745 MHz) – Peak Trace

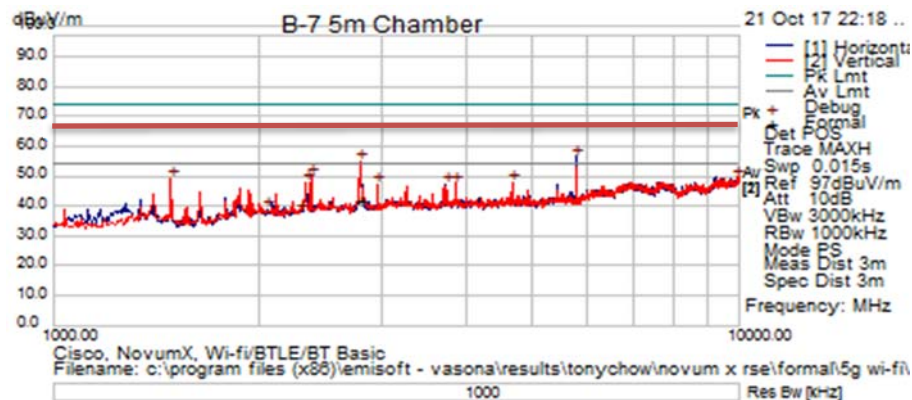
Legend: — 74dBμV/m (Peak); — 54 dBμV/m (Average); — 68dBμV/m (Peak) ~ -27dbm

Frequency (MHz)	Raw (dBuV)	Cab Loss (dB)	AF (dB)	Level (dBuV)	Detector	Polarity	Height (cm)	Azt (Deg)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Results Pass / Fail	Comments
5741.875	57.19	9.91	-7.66	59.44	Peak	H	150	204	N/A	N/A	Ignored	Fundamental
5705.266	59.98	9.82	-7.65	62.15	Peak	H	193	224	74	-11.85	Pass	Tx/Ch149
5705.266	36.41	9.82	-7.65	38.58	Average	H	193	224	54	-15.42	Pass	Tx/Ch149
2800.88	58.54	6.65	-9.84	55.36	Peak	V	253	176	74	-18.64	Pass	Tx/Ch149
2800.88	45.14	6.65	-9.84	41.96	Average	V	253	176	54	-12.04	Pass	Tx/Ch149
2333.125	55.25	5.99	-10.39	50.85	Peak	H	200	170	74	-23.15	Pass	Tx/Ch149
1483.75	59.82	4.69	-13.76	50.75	Peak	V	150	224	74	-23.25	Pass	Tx/Ch149
9932.5	40.08	13.66	-3.78	49.95	Peak	V	150	105	74	-24.05	Pass	Tx/Ch149
2378.125	53.86	6.07	-10.07	49.86	Peak	V	200	240	74	-24.14	Pass	Tx/Ch149
3266.875	50.94	7.23	-8.46	49.7	Peak	H	100	156	74	-24.3	Pass	Tx/Ch149
4667.5	48.04	8.82	-8.68	48.17	Peak	V	300	142	74	-25.83	Pass	Tx/Ch149
1866.25	53.9	5.32	-11.17	48.04	Peak	V	150	192	74	-25.96	Pass	Tx/Ch149

Note: Where limits are specified by regulations for both average and peak detection, if the maximized peak measured value complies with the average limit, then it is unnecessary to perform an average measurement.

Radio Test Report No: EDCS – 875271
FCC ID: LDKSPKSH1576 **ISED ID:** 2461L-SPKSH1576

Subtest Date:	21-Oct-2017
Engineer	Danh Le, Zain Ali
Lab Information	Building 7, 5m Anechoic
Subtest Title	Transmitter Spurious Emissions
Frequency Range	1GHz - 10GHz
Comments on the above Test Results	802.11a, Tx Channel 157 (5785 MHz)



Title: TX Spurious Emissions from 1-10GHz – Ch157 (5785 MHz) – Peak Trace

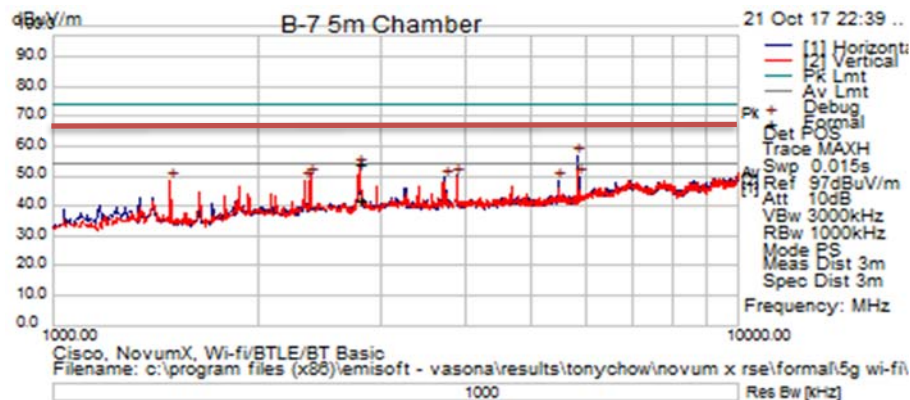
Legend: — 74dBμV/m (Peak); — 54 dBμV/m (Average); — 68dBμV/m (Peak) ~ -27dbm

Frequency (MHz)	Raw (dBuV)	Cab Loss (dB)	AF (dB)	Level (dBuV)	Detector	Polarity	Height (cm)	Azt (Deg)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Results Pass / Fail	Comments
5781.25	53.94	9.91	-7.23	56.62	Peak	H	100	203	N/A	N/A	Ignored	Fundamental
2800	58.22	6.65	-9.83	55.04	Peak	V	250	176	54	-18.96	Pass	Tx/Ch157
2800.70	44.94	6.65	-9.84	41.75	Average	V	199	180	54	-12.25	Pass	Tx/Ch157
2378.125	53.93	6.07	-10.07	49.93	Peak	V	300	217	54	-24.07	Pass	Tx/Ch157
9915.625	39.64	13.65	-3.71	49.57	Peak	H	300	230	54	-24.43	Pass	Tx/Ch157
1483.75	58.08	4.69	-13.76	49.01	Peak	V	150	224	54	-24.99	Pass	Tx/Ch157
4661.875	47.82	8.81	-8.7	47.93	Peak	V	300	127	54	-26.07	Pass	Tx/Ch157
2333.125	52.22	5.99	-10.39	47.82	Peak	V	100	189	54	-26.18	Pass	Tx/Ch157
3857.5	47.71	7.93	-8.18	47.46	Peak	V	200	210	54	-26.54	Pass	Tx/Ch157
2968.75	49.47	6.86	-9.06	47.27	Peak	V	200	143	54	-26.73	Pass	Tx/Ch157
3733.75	47.95	7.79	-8.49	47.25	Peak	H	100	142	54	-26.75	Pass	Tx/Ch157

Note: Where limits are specified by regulations for both average and peak detection, if the maximized peak measured value complies with the average limit, then it is unnecessary to perform an average measurement.

Radio Test Report No: EDCS – 875271
FCC ID: LDKSPKSH1576 **ISED ID:** 2461L-SPKSH1576

Subtest Date:	21-Oct-2017
Engineer	Danh Le, Zain Ali
Lab Information	Building 7, 5m Anechoic
Subtest Title	Transmitter Spurious Emissions
Frequency Range	1GHz - 10GHz
Comments on the above Test Results	802.11a, Tx Channel 165 (5825 MHz)



Title: TX Spurious Emissions from 1-10GHz – Ch165 (5825 MHz) – Peak Trace

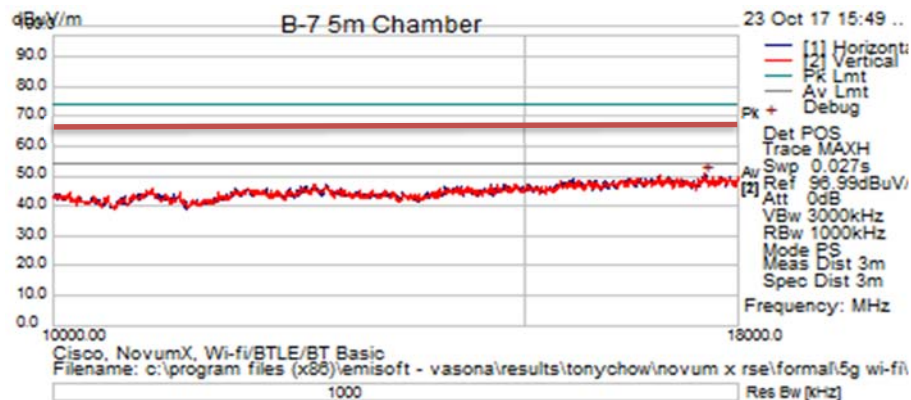
Legend: — 74dBμV/m (Peak); — 54 dBμV/m (Average); — 68dBμV/m (Peak) ~ -27dbm

Frequency (MHz)	Raw (dBuV)	Cab Loss (dB)	AF (dB)	Level (dBuV)	Detector	Polarity	Height (cm)	Azt (Deg)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Results Pass / Fail	Comments
5820.625	54.57	9.96	-7.58	56.96	Peak	H	150	207	N/A	N/A	Fail	Fundamental
2799.698	57.57	6.65	-9.83	54.38	Peak	V	187	182	74	-19.62	Pass	Tx/Ch165
2799.698	44.87	6.65	-9.83	41.69	Average	V	187	182	54	-12.31	Pass	Tx/Ch165
10000	41.27	13.74	-3.67	51.34	Peak	V	100	58	54	-2.66	Pass	Tx/Ch165
2378.125	54.24	6.07	-10.07	50.24	Peak	V	200	188	54	-3.76	Pass	Tx/Ch165
3885.625	50.16	7.96	-8.05	50.07	Peak	H	200	215	54	-3.93	Pass	Tx/Ch165
5871.25	47.09	10.02	-7.35	49.76	Peak	H	200	242	54	-4.24	Pass	Tx/Ch165
3733.75	50.11	7.79	-8.49	49.42	Peak	H	150	156	54	-4.58	Pass	Tx/Ch165
2333.125	53.08	5.99	-10.39	48.67	Peak	V	250	192	54	-5.33	Pass	Tx/Ch165
1483.75	57.7	4.69	-13.76	48.63	Peak	V	150	238	54	-5.37	Pass	Tx/Ch165
5471.875	46.99	9.64	-8.1	48.52	Peak	H	150	212	54	-5.48	Pass	Tx/Ch165
5820.625	54.57	9.96	-7.58	56.96	Peak	H	150	207	54	2.96	Fail	Tx/Ch165

Note: Where limits are specified by regulations for both average and peak detection, if the maximized peak measured value complies with the average limit, then it is unnecessary to perform an average measurement.

Radio Test Report No: EDCS – 875271
FCC ID: LDKSPKSH1576 **ISED ID:** 2461L-SPKSH1576

Subtest Date:	23-Oct-2017
Engineer	Danh Le, Zain Ali
Lab Information	Building 7, 5m Anechoic
Subtest Title	Transmitter Spurious Emissions
Frequency Range	10-18GHz
Comments on the above Test Results	802.11a, Tx Channel 149 (5745 MHz)



Title: TX Spurious Emissions from 10-18GHz – Ch149 (5745 MHz) – Peak Trace

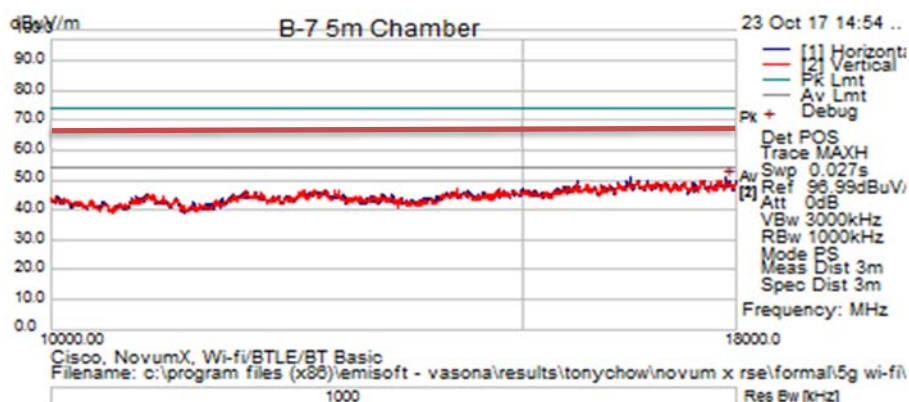
Legend: — 74dB μ V/m (Peak); — 54 dB μ V/m (Average); — 68dB μ V/m (Peak) ~ -27dbm

Frequency (MHz)	Raw (dBuV)	Cab Loss (dB)	AF (dB)	Level (dBuV)	Detector	Polarity	Height (cm)	Azt (Deg)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Results Pass / Fail	Comments
17495	40.9	19.44	-9.58	50.76	Peak	V	300	195	54	-3.25	Pass	Tx/Ch149

Note: Where limits are specified by regulations for both average and peak detection, if the maximized peak measured value complies with the average limit, then it is unnecessary to perform an average measurement

Radio Test Report No: EDCS – 875271
FCC ID: LDKSPKSH1576 **ISED ID:** 2461L-SPKSH1576

Subtest Date:	23-Oct-2017
Engineer	Danh Le, Zain Ali
Lab Information	Building 7, 5m Anechoic
Subtest Title	Transmitter Spurious Emissions
Frequency Range	10-18GHz
Comments on the above Test Results	802.11a, Tx Channel 157 (5785 MHz)



Title: TX Spurious Emissions from 10-18GHz – Ch157 (5785 MHz) – Peak Trace

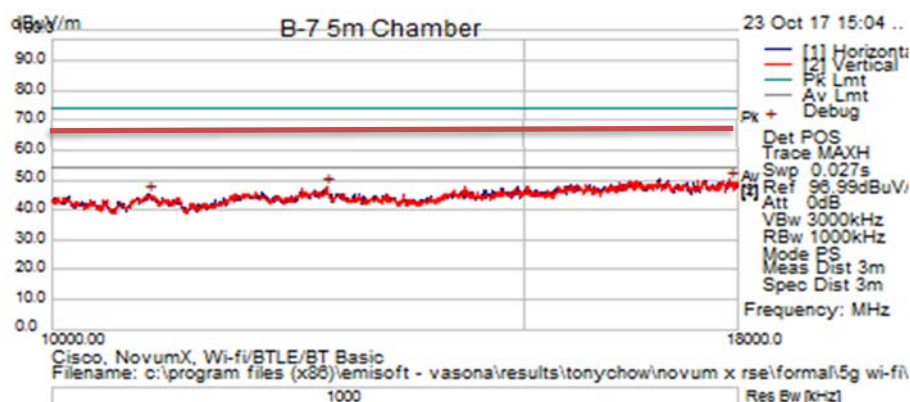
Legend: — 74dBμV/m (Peak); — 54 dBμV/m (Average); — 68dBμV/m (Peak) ~ -27dbm

Frequency (MHz)	Raw (dBuV)	Cab Loss (dB)	AF (dB)	Level (dBuV)	Detector	Polarity	Height (cm)	Azt (Deg)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Results Pass / Fail	Comments
17850	40.46	19.8	-9.42	50.84	Peak	H	350	58	54	-3.16	Pass	Tx/Ch157

Note: Where limits are specified by regulations for both average and peak detection, if the maximized peak measured value complies with the average limit, then it is unnecessary to perform an average measurement

Radio Test Report No: EDCS – 875271
FCC ID: LDKSPKSH1576 **ISED ID:** 2461L-SPKSH1576

Subtest Date:	23-Oct-2017
Engineer	Danh Le, Zain Ali
Lab Information	Building 7, 5m Anechoic
Subtest Title	Transmitter Spurious Emissions
Frequency Range	10-18GHz
Comments on the above Test Results	802.11a, Tx Channel 165 (5825 MHz)



Title: TX Spurious Emissions from 10-18GHz – Ch165 (5825 MHz) – Peak Trace

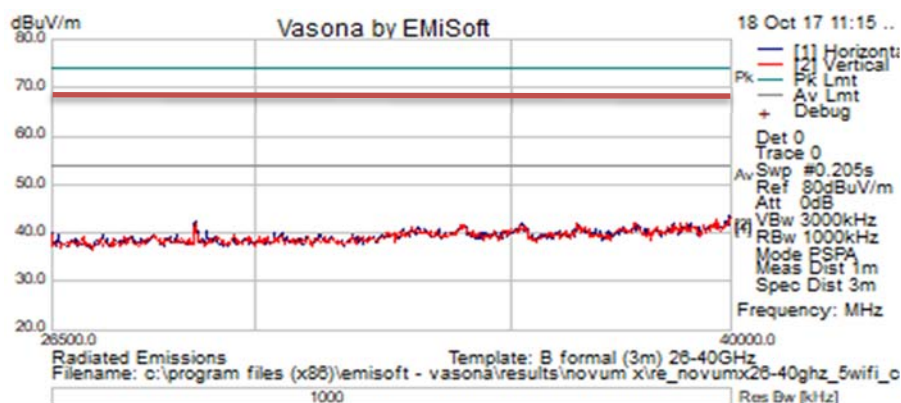
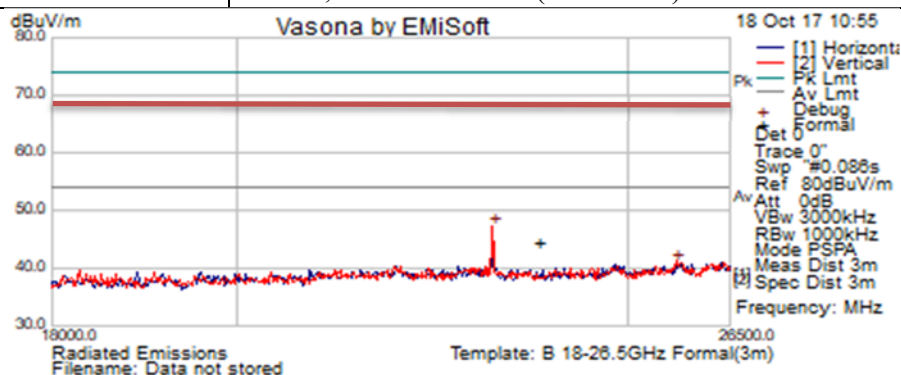
Legend: — 74dB μ V/m (Peak); — 54 dB μ V/m (Average); — 68dB μ V/m (Peak) ~ -27dbm

Frequency (MHz)	Raw (dBuV)	Cab Loss (dB)	AF (dB)	Level (dBuV)	Detector	Polarity	Height (cm)	Azt (Deg)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Results Pass / Fail	Comments
17875	39.64	19.83	-9.29	50.18	Peak	V	350	74	54	-3.82	Pass	Tx/Ch165

Note: Where limits are specified by regulations for both average and peak detection, if the maximized peak measured value complies with the average limit, then it is unnecessary to perform an average measurement

Radio Test Report No: EDCS – 875271
FCC ID: LDKSPKSH1576 **ISED ID:** 2461L-SPKSH1576

Subtest Date:	21-Oct-2015
Engineer	Danh Le, Zain Ali
Lab Information	Building 7, 5m Anechoic
Subtest Title	Transmitter Spurious Emissions
Frequency Range	18-40GHz
Comments on the above Test Results	802.11a, Tx Channel 157 (5785 MHz)



Title: TX Spurious Emissions from 18-40GHz – Ch157 (5785 MHz) – Peak Trace

Legend: — 74dBuV/m (Peak); — 54 dBuV/m (Average); — 68dBuV/m (Peak) ~ -27dbm

Frequency (MHz)	Raw (dBuV)	Cab Loss (dB)	AF (dB)	Level (dBuV)	Detector	Polarity	Height (cm)	Azt (Deg)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Results Pass / Fail	Comment
23144.4	31.1	0	7.26	38.37	Peak	V	170	0	54	-15.63	Pass	Tx/Ch157
28928.99	56.81	0	-14.35	42.46	Peak	H	170	0	54	-11.54	Pass	Tx/Ch157

Note: Where limits are specified by regulations for both average and peak detection, if the maximized peak measured value complies with the average limit, then it is unnecessary to perform an average measurement

Radio Test Report No: EDCS – 875271

FCC ID: LDKSPKSH1576 **ISED ID:** 2461L-SPKSH1576

B.2 AC Conducted Emissions

B.2.1 Limits.

FCC 15.207

Except when the requirements applicable to a given device state otherwise, for any radio apparatus equipped to operate from the public utility AC power supply, either directly or indirectly (such as with a battery charger), the radio frequency voltage of emissions conducted back onto the AC power lines in the frequency range of 0.15 MHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits shown in the table in these sections. The more stringent limit applies at the frequency range boundaries.

Radio Test Report No: EDCS – 875271

FCC ID: LDKSPKSH1576 **ISED ID:** 2461L-SPKSH1576

B.2.2 Test Procedure

Measurement requirements

Ref: C63.10:2013, section 6.2.2

Measured levels of ac power-line conducted emission shall be the emission voltages from the voltage probe or across the 50 Ω LISN port (to which the EUT is connected), where permitted, terminated into a 50 Ω measuring instrument, or where permitted or required, the emission currents on the power line sensed by a current probe. All emission voltage and current measurements shall be made on each current-carrying conductor at the plug end of the EUT power cord by the use of mating plugs and receptacles on the LISN, if used. Equipment shall be tested with power cords that are normally supplied or recommended by the manufacturer, and that have electrical and shielding characteristics that are the same as those cords normally supplied or recommended by the manufacturer. For those measurements, using a LISN, the 50 Ω measuring port is terminated by a measuring instrument having a 50 Ω input impedance. All other ports are terminated in 50 Ω loads. Figure 5, Figure 6, and Figure 7 show typical test setups for ac power-line conducted emissions testing (see 6.13). For information about the use of a RF-shielded (screen) room, vertical conducting plane and voltage probe, see ANSI C63.4.

Tabletop devices shall be placed on a platform of nominal size, 1 m by 1.5 m, raised 80 cm above the reference ground plane. The vertical conducting plane or wall of an RF-shielded (screen) room shall be located 40 cm to the rear of the EUT. Floor-standing devices shall be placed either directly on the reference ground-plane or on insulating material as described in ANSI C63.4. All other surfaces of tabletop or floor standing EUTs shall be at least 80 cm from any other grounded conducting surface, including the case or cases of one or more LISNs.

Final ac power-line conducted emission measurements

Ref: C63.10:2013, section 6.2.5

Based on the exploratory tests of the EUT performed in 6.2.4, the one EUT cable configuration and arrangement and mode of operation that produced the emission with the highest amplitude relative to the limit is selected for the final measurement, while applying the appropriate modulating signal to the EUT. If the EUT is relocated from an exploratory test site to a final test site, the highest emissions shall be remaximized at the final test location before final ac power-line conducted emission measurements are performed. The final test on all current-carrying conductors of all of the power cords to the equipment that comprises the EUT (but not the cords associated with other non-EUT equipment in the system) is then performed for the full frequency range for which the EUT is being tested for compliance without further variation of the EUT arrangement, cable positions, or EUT mode of operation. If the EUT is comprised of equipment units that have their own separate ac power connections, e.g., floor-standing equipment with independent power cords for each shelf that are able to connect directly to the ac power network, each current-carrying conductor of one unit is measured while the other units are connected to a second (or more) LISN(s). All units shall be separately measured. If a power strip is provided by the manufacturer, to supply all of the units making up the EUT, only the conductors in the power cord of the power strip shall be measured.



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Record the six highest EUT emissions relative to the limit of each of the current-carrying conductors of the power cords of the equipment that comprises the EUT over the frequency range specified by the procuring or regulatory agency. Diagram or photograph the test setup that was used. See Clause 8 for full reporting requirements.

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Ref. C63.10:2013, section 6.2

Test Procedure
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Using Vasona software, configure the spectrum analyzer as shown above (be sure to enter all losses between the transmitter output and the spectrum analyzer). 2. Set the radio in continuous transmit mode. 3. Connect cable end to LISN Hot port and other cable end to the spectrum Analyzer/EMC receiver RF input port. Terminate the LISN neutral port with a 50 Ω impedance terminator. 4. Sweep the frequency range from 150 kHz to 30 MHz (segment if necessary) 5. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level. 6. Center marker frequency and perform final measurement using applicable detector (Quasi-Pk/Average). 7. Record at least 6 highest reading for the worst case operating modes in Quasi-peak/Average. 8. Repeat the test on Neutral lead. 9. Repeat step 3 – 7 with the radio sets in the Receiver mode. 10. Record at least 6 highest reading in Quasi-peak/Average

Ref. C63.10:2013, section 4 / CISPR16-1-1

Test Parameters
<p>Span = Entire frequency range or segment if necessary.</p> <p>Reference Level = 70 dBuV</p> <p>RBW = 9 kHz</p> <p>VBW \geq 3 x RBW</p> <p>Sweep Time = Couple</p> <p>Detector = Quasi-Peak & Average</p>

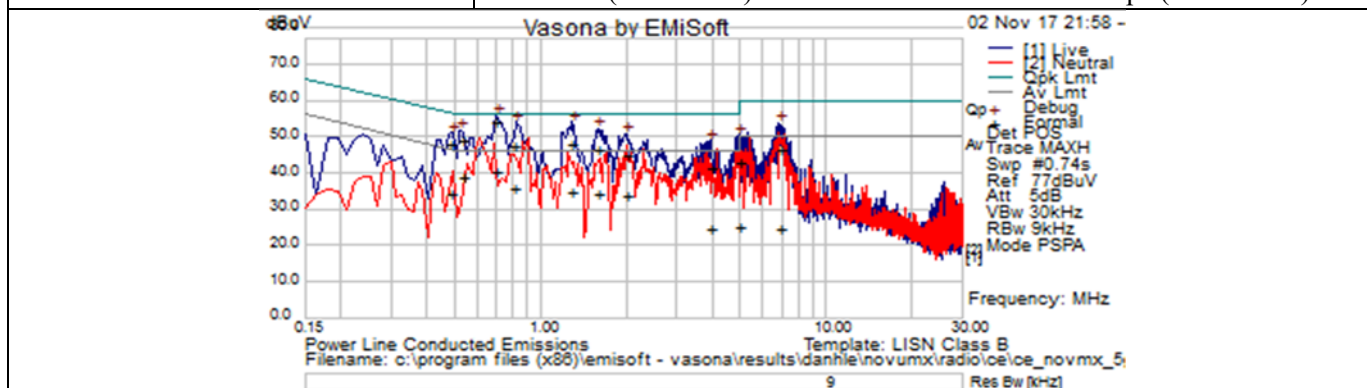
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B.2.3 Recorded Test Data and Graphical Test results

AC Conducted Emissions Test Result Tables for 802.11a / Mid Channel

Subtest Date:	02-Nov-2017
Engineer	Danh Le
Lab Information	Building 7, formal room
Subtest Title	Conducted Emissions
Frequency Range	150 kHz - 30 MHz
Comments on the above Test Results	TX Ch157 (5785 MHz) with BPSK modulation – 6 Mbps (Peak Trace)



Frequency (MHz)	Raw (dBuV)	Cab Loss (dB)	Factors (dB)	Level (dBuV)	Detector	Lines (Live/Neutral)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Results Pass / Fail	Comments
0.682887	32.13	19.99	0.06	52.18	Quasi Peak	Live	56	-3.82	Pass	TX / Ch157
4.953168	22.83	20.07	0.07	42.98	Quasi Peak	Live	56	-13.02	Pass	TX / Ch157
6.946509	26.07	20.12	0.12	46.31	Quasi Peak	Live	60	-13.69	Pass	TX / Ch157
3.851313	21.09	20.05	0.1	41.24	Quasi Peak	Live	56	-14.76	Pass	TX / Ch157
3.501537	19.33	20.04	0.08	39.44	Quasi Peak	Live	56	-16.56	Pass	TX / Ch157
5.210706	23.29	20.08	0.08	43.46	Quasi Peak	Live	60	-16.54	Pass	TX / Ch157
1.01412	21.84	19.98	0.05	41.87	Quasi Peak	Live	56	-14.13	Pass	TX / Ch157
0.538341	25.26	20	0.06	45.32	Quasi Peak	Live	56	-10.68	Pass	TX / Ch157
0.806877	23.15	19.99	0.06	43.2	Quasi Peak	Live	56	-12.8	Pass	TX / Ch157
4.19343	19.33	20.06	0.08	39.46	Quasi Peak	Live	56	-16.54	Pass	TX / Ch157
0.682887	21.76	19.99	0.06	41.81	Average	Live	46	-4.19	Pass	TX / Ch157
4.953168	4.38	20.07	0.07	24.52	Average	Live	46	-21.48	Pass	TX / Ch157
6.946509	3.38	20.12	0.12	23.62	Average	Live	50	-26.38	Pass	TX / Ch157
3.851313	5.77	20.05	0.1	25.92	Average	Live	46	-20.08	Pass	TX / Ch157
3.501537	6.08	20.04	0.08	26.2	Average	Live	46	-19.8	Pass	TX / Ch157
5.210706	9.82	20.08	0.08	29.98	Average	Live	50	-20.02	Pass	TX / Ch157
1.01412	11.14	19.98	0.05	31.17	Average	Live	46	-14.83	Pass	TX / Ch157
0.538341	15.34	20	0.06	35.4	Average	Live	46	-10.6	Pass	TX / Ch157
0.806877	12.55	19.99	0.06	32.6	Average	Live	46	-13.4	Pass	TX / Ch157
4.19343	5.06	20.06	0.08	25.2	Average	Live	46	-20.8	Pass	TX / Ch157

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Appendix C: List of Test Equipment Used to perform the test

Equip#	Manufacturer/ Model	Description	Last Cal	Next Due	Test Item
Radiated Emissions					
CIS008113	Cisco/NSA 5m Chamber	NSA 5m Chamber	06-Sep-17	06-Sep-18	B1
CIS034741	ETS Lindgren / 3117	Double Ridged Guide Horn Antenna	09-Aug-17	09-Aug-18	B1
CIS045723	Cisco / TH0118	Mast Mount Preamplifier Array, 1-18GHz	27-Feb-17	27-Feb-17	B1
CIS033670	Sunol Sciences / JB1	Combination Bi-Log Antenna, 30MHz-2GHz	09-Mar-17	09-Mar-18	B1
CIS036710	Cisco/1840	18-40GHz EMI Test Head/Verification Fixture	14-Dec-17	14-Dec-18	BI
CIS018231	Rohde & Schwarz /ESI 40(ESIB 40)	EMI RECEIVER TEST 20Hz-40GHz	03-Feb-17	03-Feb-18	BI
CIS041955	Rohde & Schwarz / ESCI	EMI Test Receiver	07-Mar-17	07-Mar-18	B1
CIS040604	Agilent / E4440A	Precision Spectrum Analyzer	20-Oct-17	20-Oct-18	B1
CIS055178	Huber+Suhner /Sucoflex 106PA	RF Coaxial Cable, to 18GHz, 8.5 m	30-Nov-17	30-Nov-18	B1
CIS025660	Huber+Suhner /Sucoflex 106PA	RF Coaxial Cable, to 18GHz, 8.5 m	30-Nov-17	30-Nov-18	B1
CIS025640	Micro-Coax / UFB311A-0-2720-520520	Coaxial Cable, 272.0 in. to 18GHz	30-Nov-17	30-Nov-18	B1
CIS056058	Wainwright Instruments/ WRCJV12-5695-5725-5850-5880-40SS	SMA Band Reject Filter 2.36GHz to 2.5235 GHz	30-Mar-17	30-Mar-18	B1
AC Conducted Emissions					
CIS42014	Rohde & Schwarz / ESCI	EMI Test Receiver	21-Apr-17	21-Apr-18	B2
CIS019210	TTE / H785-150K-50-21378	High Pass Filter 150KHz	28-Feb-17	28-Feb-18	B2
CIS05039	Fisher Custom Com / 50/250-50-2-02	LISN (9kHz-30MHz)	21-Feb-17	21-Feb-18	B2
CIS034158	Fisher Custom Com / 50-2-RA-NEMA-5-20R	LISN Receptacle Adaptor	21-Feb-17	21-Feb-18	B2
CIS040532	Huber + Suhner / RG-223	25 ft RG-223 Cable	04-Dec-16	04-Dec-17	B2
Frequency Stability					
CIS006697	Lufft / 5063-33W	Temperature/Humidity Gauge	09-Mar-17	09-Mar-18	A2
CIS035619	TestEquity/ HalfCube105A	Temperature Chamber	27-Mar-17	27-Mar-18	A2
CIS054393	Huber + Suhner/ Sucoflex 106PA	Sucoflex N Type Blue 3ft cable	27-APR-17	27-APR-18	A2
CIS54415	Huber + Suhner/ Sucoflex 106PA	Sucoflex N Type Blue 3ft cable	27-APR-17	27-APR-18	A2
CIS55980	Agilent/ MXA N9020A	Signal Analyzer 10Hz - 8.4GHz	12-OCT-17	12-OCT-18	A2



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RF Conducted Emissions					
Equip#	Manufacturer/ Model	Description	Last Cal	Next Due	Test Item
CIS042660	Gore/ EJR01R01036.0	SMA RF Cable 26.5GHz	18-Oct-17	18-Oct-18	A1,A3,A4, A5,A6
CIS056098	Keysight (Agilent/HP) / N9020A-526	MXA Spectrum Analyzer, 10Hz-26.5GHz	20-Sep-17	20-Sep-18	A1,A3,A4, A5,A6
CIS055609	Mini-Circuits/BW-S20W2	20dB Attenuator	31-Aug-17	31-Aug-18	A1,A2,A3, A4,A5

Appendix D: Abbreviation Key and Definitions

The following table defines abbreviations used within this test report.

Abbreviation	Description	Abbreviation	Description
EMC	Electro Magnetic Compatibility	°F	Degrees Fahrenheit
EMI	Electro Magnetic Interference	°C	Degrees Celsius
EUT	Equipment Under Test	Temp	Temperature
ITE	Information Technology Equipment	S/N	Serial Number
TAP	Test Assessment Schedule	Qty	Quantity
ESD	Electro Static Discharge	Emf	Electromotive force
EFT	Electric Fast Transient	RMS	Root mean square
EDCS	Engineering Document Control System	Qp	Quasi Peak
Config	Configuration	Av	Average
CIS#	Cisco Number (unique identification number for Cisco test equipment)	Pk	Peak
Cal	Calibration	kHz	Kilohertz (1x10 ³)
EN	European Norm	MHz	MegaHertz (1x10 ⁶)
IEC	International Electro technical Commission	GHz	Gigahertz (1x10 ⁹)
CISPR	International Special Committee on Radio Interference	H	Horizontal
CDN	Coupling/Decoupling Network	V	Vertical
LISN	Line Impedance Stabilization Network	dB	decibel
PE	Protective Earth	V	Volt
GND	Ground	kV	Kilovolt (1x10 ³)
L1	Line 1	μV	Microvolt (1x10 ⁻⁶)
L2	Line2	A	Amp
L3	Line 3	μA	Micro Amp (1x10 ⁻⁶)
DC	Direct Current	mS	Milli Second (1x10 ⁻³)
RAW	Uncorrected measurement value, as indicated by the measuring device	μS	Micro Second (1x10 ⁻⁶)
RF	Radio Frequency	μS	Micro Second (1x10 ⁻⁶)
SLCE	Signal Line Conducted Emissions	M	Meter
Meas dist	Measurement distance	Spec dist	Specification distance
N/A or NA	Not Applicable	SL	Signal Line (or Telecom Line)
P	Power Line	L	Live Line
N	Neutral Line	R	Return
S	Supply	AC	Alternating Current



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Appendix E: Software Used to Perform Testing

EMIssoft Vasona, version 6.024

QRCT Radio Control Software version 3.0.242.0

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Appendix F: Test Procedures

Measurements were made in accordance with

- ANSI C63.10:2013, Procedure for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices
- KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v01
- KDB 644545 D03 Guidance for IEEE 802.11ac v01
- KDB 662911 D01 MIMO v02



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Appendix G: Scope of Accreditation

(A2LA certificate number 1178-01)

The scope of accreditation of Cisco Systems, Inc. can be found on the A2LA web page at:

<http://www.a2la.org/scopepdf/1178-01.pdf>

Note: FCC 15.205, FCC 15.207 and FCC 15.209 are additional requirement not covered under the scope of accreditation

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Appendix H: Test Assessment Plan

Compliance Test Plan (Excel) EDCS- 11790857
Target Power Tables EDCS-12164400

Appendix I: Worst Case Justification

Worst case modes were selected by ANSI C63.10 2013 Section **5.6.2.2**

For devices with multiple operating modes, measurements on the middle channel can be used to determine the worst-case mode(s). The worst-case modes are as follows:

- a) Band edge requirements—Measurements on the mode with the widest bandwidth can be used to cover the same channel (center frequency) on modes with narrower bandwidth that have the same or lower output power for each modulation family (e.g., OFDM and direct sequence spread spectrum).
- b) Spurious emissions—Measure the mode with the highest output power and the mode with the highest output power spectral density for each modulation family (e.g., OFDM and direct sequence spread spectrum).
- c) In-band PSD—Measurements on the mode with the narrowest bandwidth can be used to cover all modes within the same modulation family of an equal or lower output power provided the result is less than 50% of the limit.