



# **TEST REPORT**

# Applicant: Changsha Microbrain Intelligent Technology Co., Ltd. Address: 3th Floor, Building A, Chentai Science Park, Wanglong Road No.56, Yuelu District, Changsha, China

Product Name: Intelligent Radar & Tail light

FCC ID: 2AV2O-RIDE-XX

47 CFR Part 95, Subpart M Standard(s): KDB 653005 D01 76-81 GHz Radars v01r02 ANSI C63.26-2015 Report Number: 2502P07401E-RF-00C Report Date: 2025/3/21

The above device has been tested and found compliant with the requirement of the relative standards by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan).

Peopo Yun

Reviewed By: Pedro Yun Title: Project Engineer

GoninXn

Approved By: Gavin Xu Title: RF Supervisor

**Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan)** No.12, Pulong East 1<sup>st</sup> Road, Tangxia Town, Dongguan, Guangdong, China

> Tel: +86-769-86858888 Fax: +86-769-86858891 www.baclcorp.com.cn

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# **DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY**

Revision Number Report Number		Description of Revision	Date of Revision	
1.0	2502P07401E-RF-00C	Original Report	2025/3/21	

# **1. GENERAL INFORMATION**

EUT Name:	Intelligent Radar & Tail light
EUT Model:	Ride-X9
Multiple Models:	Ride-XX
Operation Frequency Range▲:	77-77.15 GHz
Maximum Peak Output Power (EIRP):	20.15dBm
Radar Type:	Non-pulsed Radar (FMCW)
Modulation Type:	Sawtooth Wave
Emission Designator:	N0N
Chirp Time▲:	36 µs
Sweep Rate:	6.1M/us
Rated Input Voltage:	DC 3.7V from battery or DC 5V from USB port
Serial Number:	2XUB-1
EUT Received Date:	2025/1/22
EUT Received Status:	Good

# 1.1 Product Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

Note:

The Multiple models are electrically identical with the test model. Please refer to the declaration letter for more detail, which was provided by manufacturer.

# **1.2 Accessory Information**

Accessory Description	Manufacturer	Model	Parameters
/	/	/	/

## **1.3 Antenna Information Detail**

Antenna Type	Antenna Connector	Antenna Gain /Frequency Range
Microstrip patch Array	Integrated	76-81GHz/13.0dBi

## **1.4 Equipment Modifications**

No modifications are made to the EUT during all test items.

# 2. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

Standard(s) Section	Test Items	Result
FCC§2.1046, §95.3367 KDB 653005 D01 76-81 GHz Radars v01r02	Equivalent Isotropically Radiated Power (EIRP)	Compliant
FCC§2.1053, §95.3379	Unwanted Emissions	Compliant
FCC§2.1055(d), §95.3379	Frequency Stability	Compliant
FCC§2.1049	Occupied Bandwidth	Compliant
FCC§1.1307, §95.3385	RF exposure evaluation	Compliant

# **3 DESCRIPTION OF TEST CONFIGURATION**

# **3.1 EUT Operation Condition**

The system was configured for testing in production version, which was provided by the manufacturer. According to KDB 653005 D01 76-81 GHz Radars v01r02, the device tested at Swept mode for FMCW modulation.

# **3.2 EUT Exercise Software**

No software was used during test. The maximum power was configured default setting.

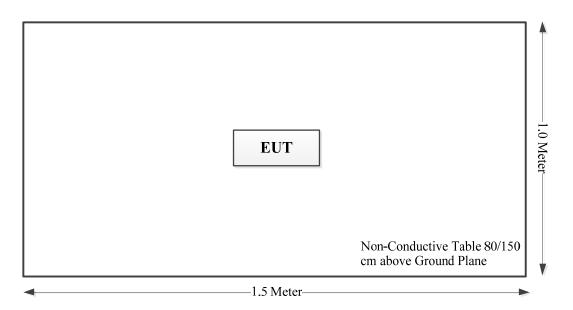
# 3.3 Support Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number
/	/	/	/

# **3.4 Support Cable List and Details**

Cable Description	Shielding Type	Ferrite Core	Length(m)	From Port	То
/	/	/	/	/	/

# 3.5 Block Diagram of Test Setup



# **3.6 Test Facility**

The Test site used by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan) to collect test data is located on the No.12, Pulong East 1st Road, Tangxia Town, Dongguan, Guangdong, China.

The lab has been recognized as the FCC accredited lab under the KDB 974614 D01 and is listed in the FCC Public Access Link (PAL) database, FCC Registration No. : 829273, the FCC Designation No. : CN5044.

The lab has been recognized by Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada to test to Canadian radio equipment requirements, the CAB identifier: CN0022.

# **3.7 Measurement Uncertainty**

Otherwise required by the applicant or Product Regulations, Decision Rule in this report did not consider the uncertainty. The extended uncertainty given in this report is obtained by combining the standard uncertainty times the coverage factor K with the 95% confidence interval.

Parameter	Measurement Uncertainty
Occupied Channel Bandwidth	±5 %
Unwanted Emissions, radiated	9kHz~30MHz: 3.3dB, 30MHz~200MHz: 4.55 dB, 200MHz~1GHz: 5.92 dB, 1GHz~6GHz: 4.98 dB, 6GHz~18GHz: 5.89 dB, 18GHz~26.5GHz:5.47 dB, 26.5GHz~40GHz:5.63 dB 40~60G: 4.83dB, 60G~90G: 4.94dB, 90G-140G: 5.46dB, 140G-220G: 6.00dB, 220G-325G: 7.35dB
EIRP	4.94dB
Temperature	±1℃
Humidity	$\pm 5\%$
DC and low frequency voltages	$\pm 0.4\%$
Duty Cycle	1%
AC Power Lines Conducted Emission	3.11 dB (150 kHz to 30 MHz)

# 4. REQUIREMENTS AND TEST RESULTS

# 4.1 Equivalent Isotropically Radiated Power (EIRP)

#### 4.1.1 Applicable Standard

FCC §2.1046, §95.3367;

The fundamental radiated emission limits within the 76-81 GHz band are expressed in terms of Equivalent Isotropically Radiated Power (EIRP) and are as follows:

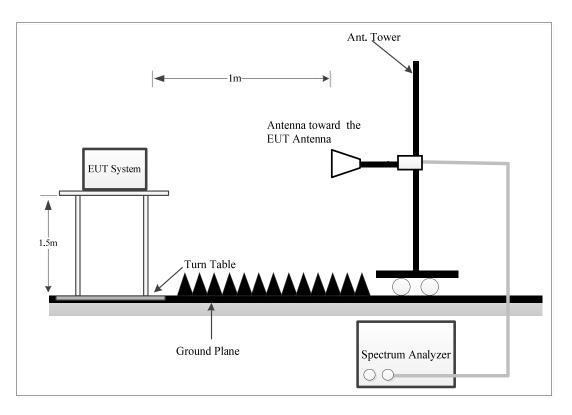
(a) The maximum power (EIRP) within the 76-81 GHz band shall not exceed 50 dBm based on measurements employing a power averaging detector with a 1 MHz Resolution Bandwidth (RBW).

(b) The maximum peak power (EIRP) within the 76-81 GHz band shall not exceed 55 dBm based on measurements employing a peak detector with a 1 MHz RBW.

KDB 653005 D01 76-81 GHz Radars v01r02, Clause 4 b):

The maximum fundamental emission power (EIRP) shall be measured using a power averaging (rms) detector with a 1 MHz resolution bandwidth (RBW) and integrated over the full 99% occupied bandwidth (OBW) to obtain the data necessary to demonstrate compliance to the 50 dBm limit.

## 4.1.2 EUT Setup



Place the measurement antenna at a measurement distance that is in the far-field of the measurement antenna, in the far-field of the EUT antenna. The EIRP test was performed at 1m distance, which was larger than the minimum test distance, please refer to section 4.2.4 for more detail.

Place the measurement antenna in the main beam of the EUT then maximize the fundamental emission, noting that multiple peaks can be found at different beam orientations and/or polarizations.

Correct the power reading from the spectrum analyzer for any external gain and/or attenuation between the measurement antenna and the spectrum analyzer.

## 4.1.3 Test Procedure

Refer to ANSI C63.26-2015 Clause 5.2.7, KDB 653005 D01 76-81 GHz Radars v01r02

Connect the test antenna for the fundamental frequency band to a spectrum analyzer via an external mixer.

Set spectrum analyzer RBW, VBW, detector, span, and so on, to the proper values.

Maximize the fundamental emission, noting that multiple peaks may be found at different beam orientations and/or polarizations

A pulse desensitization factor must be applied to the measured peak pulse power amplitude.

Consult the relevant instrumentation manufacturers' Application Note(s) for more detailed information, including how to determine the magnitude of the FMCW- and pulse-desensitization factors.

Calculate the EIRP from the measured field strength using equation as follows:

EIRP (dBm) = E (dB $\mu$ V/m) + 20log(D) - 104.8

EIRP is the equivalent isotropically radiated power E is the field strength of the emission at the measurement distance D is the measurement distance

For Peak Measurement: E  $(dB\mu V/m) = Reading(dB\mu V) + Factor(dB/m) + Chirps Correction Factor$ 

For Average Measurement: E  $(dB\mu V/m) = Reading(dB\mu V) + Factor(dB/m)$ 

Note: Factor includes the antenna and mixer factor, which was calibrated together.

#### 4.1.4 Test Data and Result

Serial Number:	2XUB-1	Test Date:	2025/3/16
Test Site:	Chamber B	Test Mode:	Transmitting
Tester:	Bill Yang	Test Result:	Pass

#### **Environmental Conditions:**

Temperature:	23.2	Relative Humidity: (%)	49	ATM Pressure: (kPa)	101.7
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## **Test Equipment List and Details:**

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial	Calibration	Calibration
Wanulactulei	Description	WIUUCI	Number	Date	Due Date
OML	Waveguide Mixer	WR12/M12HWD	E60120-1	2023/2/16	2026/2/15
OML	Horn Antenna	M12RH	E60120-2	2023/2/27	2026/2/26
Resenberger	Coaxial Cable	LU7-022-1000	0031	2025/2/28	2026/2/27
Resenberger	Coaxial Cable	LU7-022-1000	0032	2025/2/28	2026/2/27
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV40	101944	2024/9/6	2025/9/5

\* Statement of Traceability: Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan) attests that all calibrations have been performed, traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

#### Test Data: Peak EIRP:

Frequency (GHz)	Reading (dBµV)	Detector	Polar (H/V)	Factor (dB/m)	Chirps Correction Factor (dB)	E-Field@1m (dBµV/m)	EIRP (dBm)	Limit (dBm)
77.06	78.23	РК	Н	43.50	3.22	124.95	20.15	55.00

#### Average EIRP:

Frequency (GHz)	Reading (dBµV)	Detector	Polar (H/V)	Factor (dB/m)	E-Field@1m (dBµV/m)	EIRP (dBm)	Limit (dBm)
77.13	55.99	AV	Н	43.51	99.50	-5.30	50.00

The maximum fundamental emission power (EIRP) was measured using a power averaging (rms) detector with a 1 MHz resolution bandwidth (RBW) and integrated over the full 99% occupied bandwidth (OBW).

## **Chirps Correction Factor Calculation:**

Chirp Time▲	Span	RBW	$\begin{array}{c} \mathrm{CF}_{\mathrm{chirp}} \\ \mathrm{(dB)} \end{array}$
(µs)	(MHz)	(MHz)	
36	150.43	1	3.22

*Refer to Application Note 1EF107-1E Rohde & Schwarz Peak and Mean Power measurements on wideband FMCW radar signals. The chirps correction factor was calculated using the formula:* 

$$CF_{chirp} = 5 * \log (1 + K * \left(\frac{Span}{t * RBW^2}\right)^2$$

K = a correction factor for the settling process of the gaussian shaped filter (0.1947) t = the length of the chirp,

# Power duty cycle:

Test Frequency	Ton	Ton+off	Duty cycle
(GHz)	(ms)	(ms)	(%)
77.07	9.90	60.00	16.50

Spectrur	n ]					
Ref Leve	112.00	dBµV	🔵 RBW 10 MHz			
		👄 SWT 300 ms	👄 VBW 10 MHz			
SGL ExtMi	хE					
●1Pk Clrw				D2[1]		0.10 dB
				D2[1]		60.000 ms
100 dBµV-				M1[1]		74.62 dBµV
						97.500 ms
90 dBµV—	m	- I with			(mary)	<u></u>
80 dBµV—						
witherstern	mana he	in the ship to when the	1 Hours and maker ward ward	P www.whatadaw	remained when the	benopenious mandon
70 dBµV—						
co do vi						
60 dBµV—						
50 dBµV—						
40 dBµV—						
30 dBµV—						
20 dBµV—						
05 33 03						
CF 77.07 Marker	GHZ		1001 pt	5		30.0 ms/
	ef   Trc	X-value	Y-value	Function	Function	Result
M1	1	97.5 ms	74.62 dBµV	Tunotion	T unocion	Roburt
	/1 1	9.9 ms	0.19 dB			
D2 M	11 1	60.0 ms	0.10 dB			
	$\square$			Ready		16.03.2025

## 4.2 Unwanted Emissions

#### 4.2.1 Applicable Standard

FCC §2.1053 and §95.3379;

(a) The power density of any emissions outside the 76-81 GHz band shall consist solely of spurious emissions and shall not exceed the following:

(1) Radiated emissions below 40 GHz shall not exceed the field strength as shown in the following emissions table.

Frequency (MHz)	Field strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement distance (meters)
0.009-0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490-1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705-30.0	30	30
30-88	100	3
88-216	150	3
216-960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

(i) In the emissions table in paragraph (a)(1) of this section, the tighter limit applies at the band edges.

(ii) The limits in the table in paragraph (a)(1) of this section are based on the frequency of the unwanted emissions and not the fundamental frequency. However, the level of any unwanted emissions shall not exceed the level of the fundamental frequency.

(iii) The emissions limits shown in the table in paragraph (a)(1) of this section are based on measurements employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector except for the frequency bands 9.0-90.0 kHz, 110.0-490.0 kHz, and above 1000 MHz. Radiated emissions limits in these three bands are based on measurements employing an average detector with a 1 MHz RBW.

(2) The power density of radiated emissions outside the 76-81 GHz band above 40.0 GHz shall not exceed the following, based on measurements employing an average detector with a 1 MHz RBW:

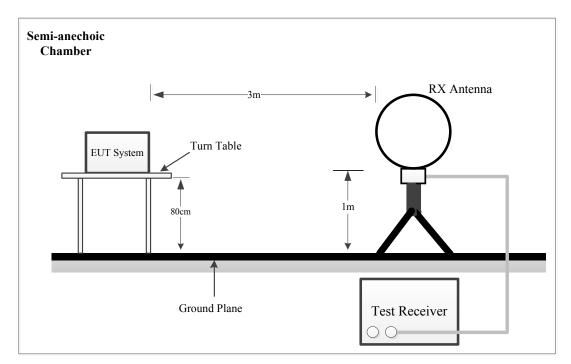
(i) For radiated emissions outside the 76-81 GHz band between 40 GHz and 200 GHz from field disturbance sensors and radar systems operating in the 76-81 GHz band:  $600 \text{ pW/cm}^2$  at a distance of 3 meters from the exterior surface of the radiating structure.

(ii) For radiated emissions above 200 GHz from field disturbance sensors and radar systems operating in the 76-81 GHz band:  $1000 \text{ pW/cm}^2$  at a distance of 3 meters from the exterior surface of the radiating structure.

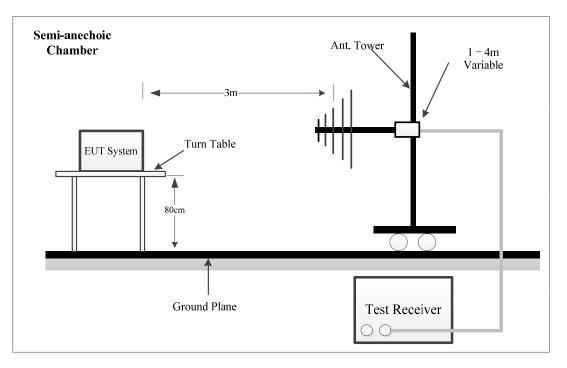
(3) For field disturbance sensors and radar systems operating in the 76-81 GHz band, the spectrum shall be investigated up to 231.0 GHz.

# 4.2.2 EUT Setup

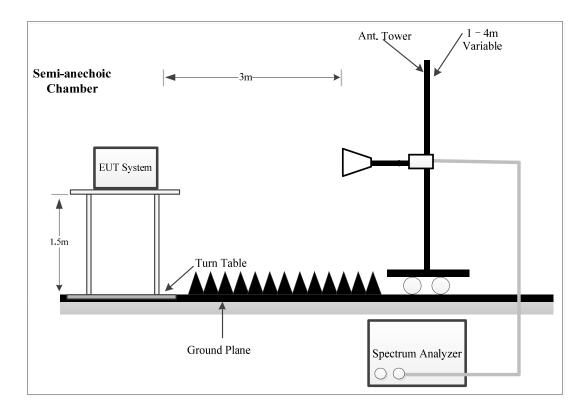
#### 9kHz~30MHz:



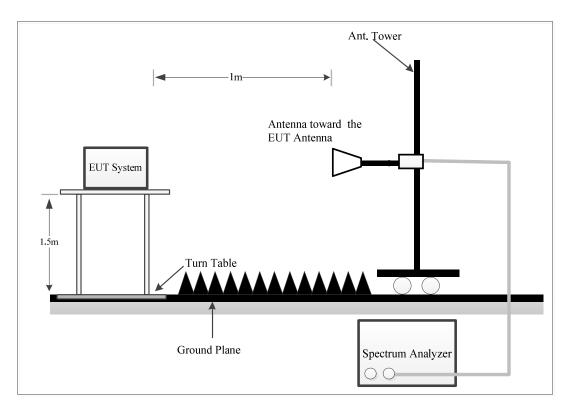
# 30MHz-1GHz:



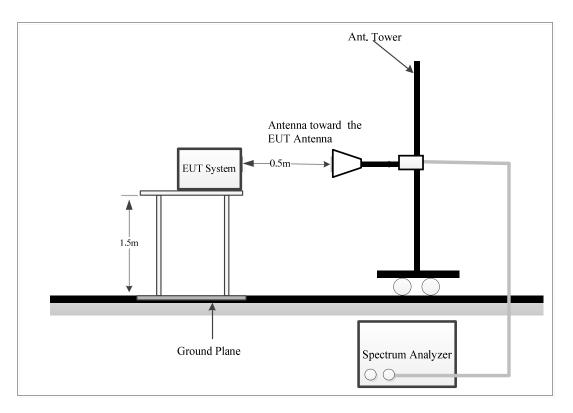
# 1-40 GHz:



# 40-90 GHz:



## 90-231 GHz:



The radiated emission tests were performed in the 3 meters chamber test site, using the setup accordance with the ANSI C63.26-2015. The specification used was the FCC 95.3379 limits.

For 9kHz-30MHz test, the lowest height of the magnetic antenna shall be 1 m above the ground and three antenna orientations (parallel, perpendicular, and ground-parallel) shall be measured.

#### For 40-231 GHz:

Place the measurement antenna in the main beam of the EUT then maximize the fundamental emission, noting that multiple peaks can be found at different beam orientations and/or polarizations.

#### 4.2.3 EMI Test Receiver & Spectrum Analyzer Setup

The system was investigated from 9kHz to 231 GHz.

During the radiated emission test, the EMI test receiver & Spectrum Analyzer Setup were set with the following configurations:

9kHz-1000MHz:

<b>Frequency Range</b>	Measurement	RBW	Video B/W	IF B/W	Detector
9 kHz-150 kHz	QP/AV	300 Hz	1 kHz	200 Hz	QP/AV
150 kHz-30 MHz	QP/AV	10 kHz	30 kHz	9 kHz	QP/AV
30 MHz-1000 MHz	Peak	100 kHz	300 kHz	/	РК
	QP	/	/	120 kHz	QP

Above 1GHz: Pre-scan:

-30	d11.				
	Frequency Range	Measurement	RBW	Video B/W	Detector
	Above 1 GHz	Peak	1MHz	3 MHz	РК
		AV	1MHz	5kHz	РК

Final measurement for emission identified during the pre-scan:

Frequency Range	Measurement	RBW	Video B/W	Detector
Above 1 GHz	Peak	1MHz	3 MHz	PK
	AV	1MHz	10 Hz	РК

If the maximized peak measured value complies with under the QP/Average limit more than 6dB, then it is unnecessary to perform an QP/Average measurement.

#### 4.2.4 Test Procedure

Maximizing procedure was performed on the highest emissions to ensure that the EUT complied with all installation combinations.

Data was recorded in Quasi-peak detection mode for frequency range of 9 kHz-1 GHz except 9 - 90 kHz, 110 - 490 kHz, employing an average detector, peak and Average detection modes for frequencies above 1 GHz.

#### For above 40GHz:

External harmonic mixers are utilized. The antenna is scanned around the entire perimeter surface of the EUT, in both horizontal and vertical polarizations. The Mixers and it's RF cables is compose a system for calibration, the conversion factor was added into the test Spectrum Analyzer in testing.

The far-field boundary is given in ANSI C63.26-2015:

$$R_{\rm m} = 2D^2 / \lambda$$

Where:

- D is the largest dimension of the antenna aperture in m and
- $\lambda$  is the free-space wavelength in m at the frequency of measurement.

The minimum test distance for the frequency range 40GHz-231GHz determine as below:

Model	Frequency Range (GHz)	Largest Dimension of the Horn Antenna (mm)	Minimum Test Distance R <sub>m</sub> (m)
M19RH	40-60	46.3	0.86
M12RH	60-90	30.02	0.54
M08RH	90-140	19.7	0.36
M05RH	140-220	12.5	0.23
M03RH	220-325	8.36	0.10

Note: the test distances used were 1.0 m from 40 GHz to 90 GHz, and 0.5 m from 90 GHz to 231GHz, it can be seen that the EUT was always in the Far-field of the Receive Antenna during all Radiated Emissions Tests.

#### 4.2.5 Corrected Amplitude & Margin Calculation

The basic equation is as follows:

For 9kHz-26.5GHz: Result = Reading + Factor

For 26.5GHz-40GHz Result = Reading + Factor-Distance extrapolation Factor

Note: the antenna JB3 was calibrated with 6dB Attenuator, the antenna factor includes the insertion loss of the Attenuator.

For Above 40GHz:

Field Strength = Reading + Factor EIRP (dBm) = Field Strength (dB $\mu$ V/m) + 20log(D) - 104.8

D is the measurement distance

$$\operatorname{EIRP}_{\operatorname{Linear}} = 10^{\left[\left(\operatorname{EIRP}_{\operatorname{Log}}-30\right)/10\right]}$$

where

$$PD = \frac{EIRP_{Linear}}{4\pi d^2}$$

where

PD	is the power density at the distance specified by the limit, in W/m <sup>2</sup>
EIRP <sub>Linear</sub>	is the equivalent isotropically radiated power, in watts
d	is the distance at which the power density limit is specified, in m

The Specified distance is 3m.

Note: Factor includes the antenna and mixer factor, which was calibrated together.

The "Margin" column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance within the applicable limit. The equation for margin calculation is as follows:

Margin = Limit – Result

# 4.2.6 Test Data and Result

Serial Number: 2XUB-1	Test Date	: Below 1GHz: 2025/2/20 Above 1GHz: 2025/3/12
Test Site: Chamber10m, Cha	imber B Test Mode	: Transmitting
Tester: Zoo Zou, Colin Ya	ang, Bill Yang Test Resul	: Pass

Environmental Conditions:							
Temperature: (°C) 22.5~23.9	Relative Humidity: (%)52~57	ATM Pressure: (kPa)100.9~101.5					

#### Test Equipment List and Details:

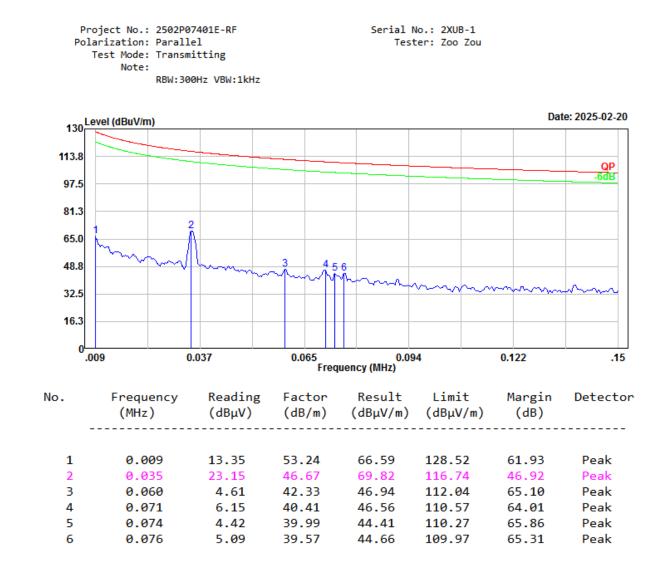
Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
		9kHz~1	000MHz		
EMCO	Passive Loop Antenna	6512	9706-1206	2023/10/25	2026/10/24
Sunol Sciences	Hybrid Antenna	JB3	A060611-1	2023/9/6	2026/9/5
Narda	Coaxial Attenuator	779-6dB	04269	2023/9/6	2026/9/5
Unknown	Coaxial Cable	C-NJNJ-50	C-1000-01	2024/7/1	2025/6/30
Unknown	Coaxial Cable	C-NJNJ-50	C-0400-04	2024/7/1	2025/6/30
Unknown	Coaxial Cable	C-NJNJ-50	C-0530-01	2024/7/1	2025/6/30
Sonoma	Amplifier	310N	185914	2024/8/26	2025/8/25
R&S	EMI Test Receiver	ESCI	100224	2024/8/26	2025/8/25
Audix	Test Software	E3	191218 V9	N/A	N/A
	·	Above	1GHz		
ETS-Lindgren	Horn Antenna	3115	000 527 35	2023/9/7	2026/9/6
Ducommun Technologies	Horn Antenna	ARH-4223-02	1007726-02 1304	2023/2/22	2026/2/21
Ducommun Technologies	Horn Antenna	ARH-2823-02	1007726-01 1302	2023/2/22	2026/2/21
Xinhang Macrowave	Coaxial Cable	XH750A-N/J- SMA/J-10M	20231117004 #0001	2024/11/17	2025/11/16
Xinhang Macrowave	Coaxial Cable	XH360A-2.92/J- 2.92/J-6M-A	20231208001 #0001	2024/12/9	2025/12/8
AH	Preamplifier	PAM-0118P	469	2024/4/15	2025/4/14
AH	Preamplifier	PAM-1840VH	191	2024/9/5	2025/9/4
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV40	101944	2024/9/6	2025/9/5
Audix	Test Software	E3	191218 (V9)	N/A	N/A
OML	Waveguide Mixer	WR19/M19HWD	U60313-1	2023/2/16	2026/2/15
OML	Horn Antenna	M19RH	11648-01	2023/2/27	2026/2/26
OML	Waveguide Mixer	WR12/M12HWD	E60120-1	2023/2/16	2026/2/15
OML	Horn Antenna	M12RH	E60120-2	2023/2/27	2026/2/26
OML	Waveguide Mixer	WR08/M08HWD	F60313-1	2023/2/16	2026/2/15
OML	Horn Antenna	M08RH	F60313-2	2023/2/27	2026/2/26
OML	Waveguide Mixer	WR05/M05HWD	G60106-1	2023/2/16	2026/2/15
OML	Horn Antenna	M05RH	G60106-2	2023/2/10	2026/2/15
OML	Waveguide Mixer	WR03/M03HWD	H60120-1	2023/2/16	2026/2/15
OML	Horn Antenna	M03RH	H60120-2	2023/2/16	2026/2/15
Resenberger	Coaxial Cable	LU7-022-1000	0031	2025/2/10	2026/2/13
* Statement of Tracea					_ • _ •

\* Statement of Traceability: Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan) attests that all calibrations have been performed, traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

Report Template Version: FCC-Part 95 M-V2.0

# Test Data:

Please refer to the below table and plots. After pre-scan in the X, Y and Z axes of orientation, the worst case is below:



#### 1) 9kHz-30MHz(pretest parallel, perpendicular, and ground-parallel, the worst is below):

25.45

27.32

Peak

Peak



40.33

37.62

65.78

64.94

5

6

1.210

1.331

24.70

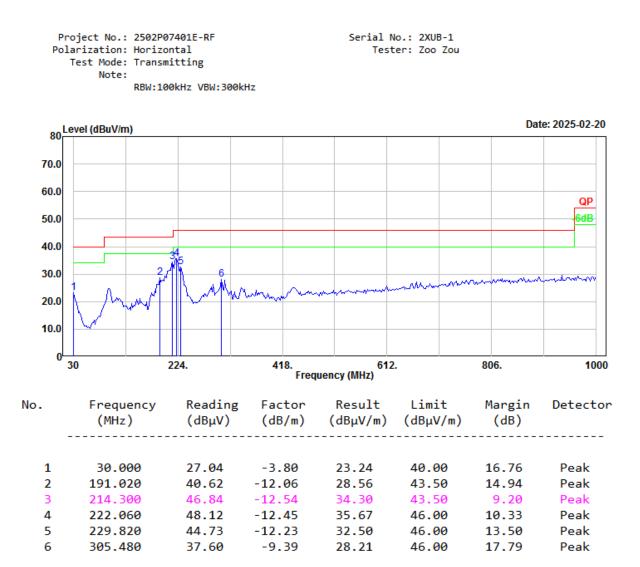
22.53

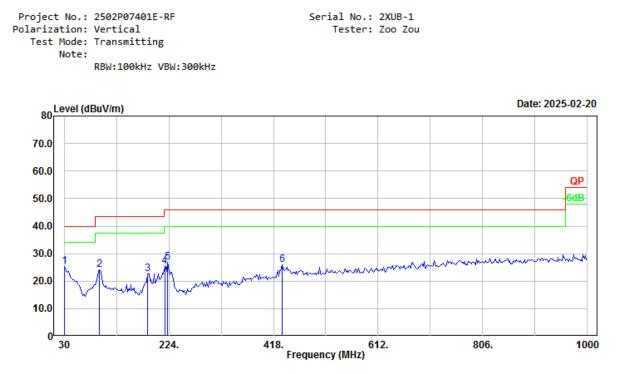
15.63

15.09

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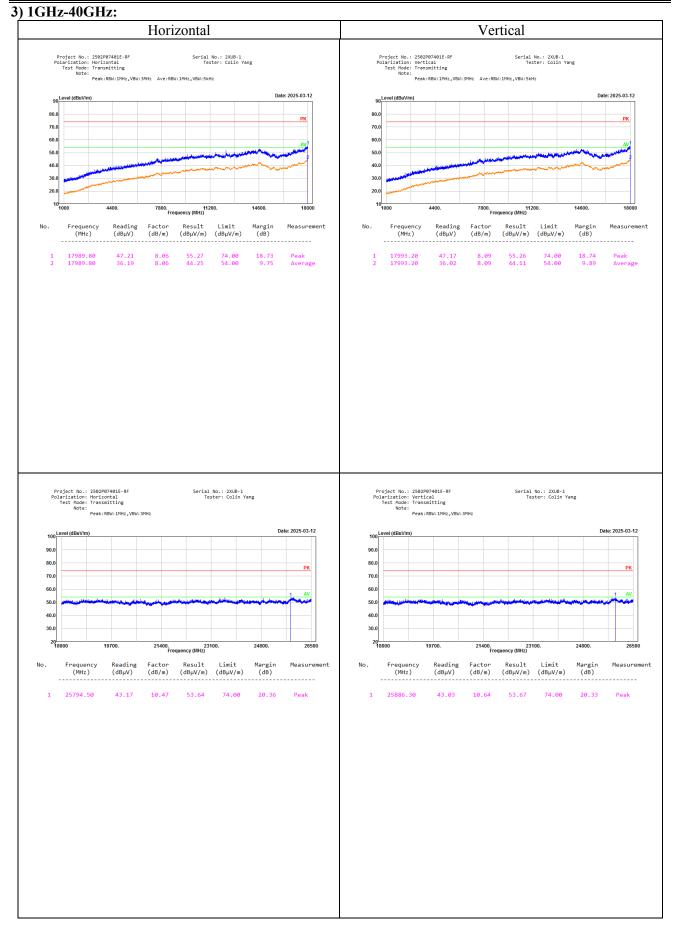
#### 2)30MHz-1GHz





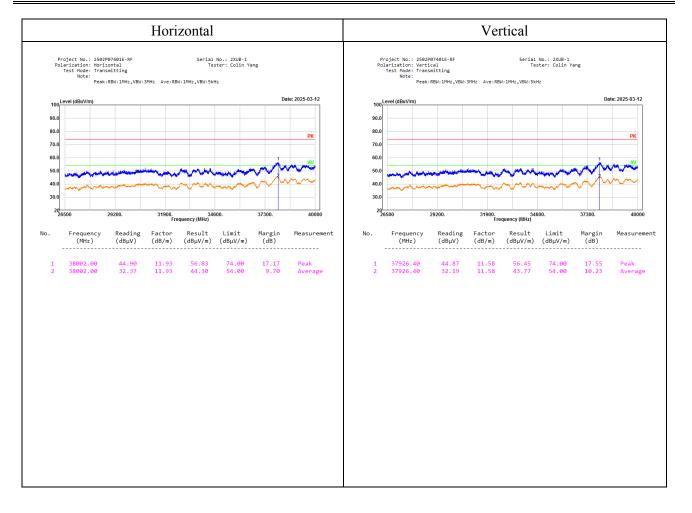
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBµV)	Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector
1	30,000	29.23	-3.80	25.43	40.00	14.57	Peak
2	95.960	39.49	-15.22	24.27	43.50	19.23	Peak
3	185.200	34.87	-12.24	22.63	43.50	20.87	Peak
4	216.240	37.95	-12.52	25.43	46.00	20.57	Peak
5	222.060	39.25	-12.45	26.80	46.00	19.20	Peak
6	433.520	31.86	-6.04	25.82	46.00	20.18	Peak

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# 4) 40GHz-231GHz:

Frequency (GHz)	Receiver Reading (dBµV)	Polar (H/V)	Factor (dB/m)	Field Strength (dBµV/m)	Power Density (pW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Limit (pW/cm <sup>2</sup> )
40.360	54.22	Н	38.85	93.07	59.37	600.00
40.556	55.61	V	38.88	94.49	82.33	600.00
90.570	56.22	Н	45.18	101.40	101.04	600.00
90.440	56.37	V	45.16	101.53	104.11	600.00

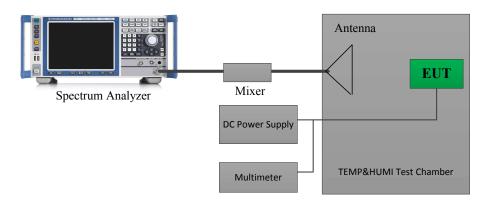
#### 4.3 Frequency Stability:

#### 4.3.1 Applicable Standard

#### FCC §95.3379 (b)

(b) Fundamental emissions must be contained within the frequency bands specified in this section during all conditions of operation. Equipment is presumed to operate over the temperature range -20 to +50 degrees Celsius with an input voltage variation of 85% to 115% of rated input voltage, unless justification is presented to demonstrate otherwise.

#### 4.3.2 EUT Setup Block Diagram



#### 4.3.3 Test Procedure

C63.26-2015, Clause 5.6

Frequency stability is a measure of the frequency drift due to temperature and supply voltage variations, with reference to the frequency measured at +20 °C and rated supply voltage. The operating carrier frequency shall be set up in accordance with the manufacturer's published operation and instruction manual prior to the commencement of these tests. No adjustment of any frequency determining circuit element shall be made subsequent to this initial set-up. Frequency stability is tested:

a) At 10 °C intervals of temperatures between -30 °C and +50 °C at the manufacturer's rated supply voltage, and

b) At +20 °C temperature and  $\pm 15\%$  supply voltage variations. If a product is specified to operate over a range of input voltage then the -15% variation is applied to the lowermost voltage and the +15% is applied to the uppermost voltage. During the test all necessary settings, adjustments and control of the EUT have to be performed without disturbing the test environment, i.e., without opening the environmental chamber. The frequency stabilities can be maintained to a lesser temperature range provided that the transmitter is automatically inhibited from operating outside the lesser temperature range. For handheld equipment that is only capable of operating from internal batteries and the supply voltage cannot be varied, the frequency stability tests shall be performed at the nominal battery voltage and the battery end point voltage specified by the manufacturer. An external supply voltage can be used and set at the internal battery nominal voltage, and again at the battery operating end point voltage which shall be specified by the equipment manufacturer. If an unmodulated carrier is not available, the mean frequency of a modulated carrier can be obtained by using a frequency counter with gating time set to an appropriately large multiple of bit periods (gating time depending on the required accuracy). Full details on the choice of values shall be included in the test report.

# 4.3.4 Test Result

Serial Number:	2XUB-1	Test Date:	2025/3/12
Test Site:	RF	Test Mode:	Transmitting
Tester:	Bill Yang	Test Result:	Pass

Environmental Conditions:							
Temperature: (°C)	24.3	Relative Humidity: (%)	57	ATM Pressure: (kPa)	100.9		

#### **Test Equipment List and Details:**

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
OML	Waveguide Mixer	WR12/M12HWD	E60120-1	2023/2/16	2026/2/15
OML	Horn Antenna	M12RH	E60120-2	2023/2/27	2026/2/26
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV40	101944	2024/9/6	2025/9/5
Resenberger	Coaxial Cable	LU7-022-1000	0031	2025/2/28	2026/2/27
Resenberger	Coaxial Cable	LU7-022-1000	0032	2025/2/28	2026/2/27
BACL	TEMP&HUMI Test Chamber	BTH-150-40	30173	2024/9/6	2025/9/5
All-sun	Clamp Meter	EM305A	8348897	2024/8/16	2025/8/15
TDK-Lambda	DC Power Supply	Z+60-14	F-08-EM038-1	N/A	N/A

\* Statement of Traceability: Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan) attests that all calibrations have been performed, traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

#### **Test Data:**

Temperature	Voltage	Frequency (GHz)			
°C	V <sub>DC</sub>	f <sub>L</sub>	f <sub>H</sub>	f <sub>L</sub> Limit	f <sub>H</sub> Limit
-20	3.7	76.99625	77.14718	76	81
-10	3.7	76.99625	77.14718	76	81
0	3.7	76.99650	77.14722	76	81
10	3.7	76.99690	77.14740	76	81
20	3.7	76.99699	77.14743	76	81
30	3.7	76.99695	77.14745	76	81
40	3.7	76.99658	77.14737	76	81
50	3.7	76.99626	77.14757	76	81
20	3.15	76.99610	77.14723	76	81
20	4.26	76.99632	77.14711	76	81

Note: the operation voltage range was declared by manufacturer.

#### 4.4 Occupied Bandwidth:

#### 4.4.1 Applicable Standard

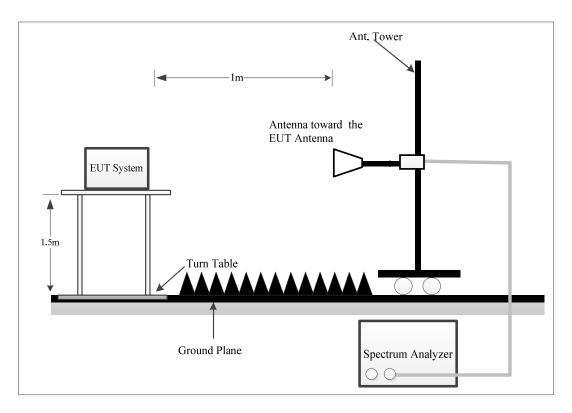
#### FCC §2.1049

The occupied bandwidth, that is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers radiated are each equal to 0.5 percent of the total mean power radiated by a given emission shall be measured.

653005 D01 76-81 GHz Radars v01r02 clause 4 d)

The occupied bandwidth of the radar device shall be measured, reported, and shown to be fully contained within the designated 76-81 GHz frequency band under normal operating conditions as well as under those extreme ambient temperature and input voltage conditions as described in Section 2.1057.

## 4.4.2 EUT Setup



Place the measurement antenna in the main beam of the EUT then maximize the fundamental emission, noting that multiple peaks can be found at different beam orientations and/or polarizations.

#### 4.4.3 Test Procedure

C63.26-2015, Clause 5.4.4

The OBW is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers are each equal to 0.5% of the total mean power of the given emission.

The following procedure shall be used for measuring (99%) power bandwidth:

a) The spectrum analyzer center frequency is set to the nominal EUT channel center frequency. The frequency span for the spectrum analyzer shall be set wide enough to capture all modulation products including the emission skirts (typically a span of  $1.5 \times OBW$  is sufficient).

b) The nominal IF filter 3 dB bandwidth (RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the anticipated OBW, and the VBW shall be set  $\ge$  3 × RBW.

c) Set the reference level of the instrument as required to prevent the signal amplitude from exceeding the maximum spectrum analyzer input mixer level for linear operation. See guidance provided in 4.2.3. NOTE—Step a), step b), and step c) may require iteration to adjust within the specified tolerances.

d) Set the detection mode to peak, and the trace mode to max-hold.

e) If the instrument does not have a 99% OBW function, recover the trace data points and sum directly in linear power terms. Place the recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, in a running sum until 0.5% of the total is reached. Record that frequency as the lower OBW frequency. Repeat the process until 99.5% of the total is reached and record that frequency as the upper OBW frequency. The 99% power OBW can be determined by computing the difference these two frequencies.

f) The OBW shall be reported and plot(s) of the measuring instrument display shall be provided with the test report. The frequency and amplitude axis and scale shall be clearly labeled. Tabular data can be reported in addition to the plot(s).

#### 4.4.4 Test Result

Serial Number:	2XUB-1	Test Date:	2025/3/12
Test Site:	Chamber B	Test Mode:	Transmitting
Tester:	Bill Yang	Test Result:	Pass

Environmental Conditions:						
Temperature: (°C)	23.9	Relative Humidity: (%)	57	ATM Pressure: (kPa)	100.9	

## **Test Equipment List and Details:**

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
OML	Waveguide Mixer	WR12/M12HWD	E60120-1	2023/2/16	2026/2/15
OML	Horn Antenna	M12RH	E60120-2	2023/2/27	2026/2/26
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV40	101944	2024/9/6	2025/9/5
Resenberger	Coaxial Cable	LU7-022-1000	0031	2025/2/28	2026/2/27
Resenberger	Coaxial Cable	LU7-022-1000	0032	2025/2/28	2026/2/27

\* Statement of Traceability: Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan) attests that all calibrations have been performed, traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

#### **Test Data:**

99% Occupied Bandwidth (GHz)	F <sub>L</sub> (GHz)	F <sub>L</sub> Limit (GHz)	F <sub>H</sub> (GHz)	F <sub>H</sub> Limit (GHz)
0.15	76.997	76	77.147	81

Note:

 $F_L$  is the Low frequency of the 99% Occupied bandwidth.  $F_H$  is the Upper frequency of the 99% Occupied bandwidth.

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Spectrum						E C
Ref Level	112.00 dB		RBW 1 MHz			· · ·
ExtMix E		👄 SWT 300 ms 👄	VBW 3 MHz M	ode Auto Sweep	)	
		2Pk Max SiqID LSB				
un kindin e	910 0000			M1[1]		91.90 dBµ
				77.144900		77.144900 GH
100 dBµV—				Occ Bw	M1	150.434153401 MH
90 dBµV		T1			- 2	
se app.					Y	
80 dBµV						
70 dp. 4/						
70 dBµV	and a second and a second a s	and the contract of the section of t			Valskow	nation and the second second second second
60 dBµV						
50 dBµV						
50 авµv—						
40 dBµV						
30 dBµV						
20 dBµV						
Start 76.9	GHz		691 pts			Stop 77.25 GHz
Marker Type   Ref	Tro	X-value	Y-value	Function		unction Result
M1	1	77.1449 GHz	91.90 dBµV	ranction	r	unction Result
Τ1	1	76.996997 GHz	87.81 dBµV	Occ Bw		150.434153401 MHz
T2	1	77.147431 GHz	86.40 dBµV			
	1			Measuring		12.03.2025

# **EXHIBIT A - EUT PHOTOGRAPHS**

Please refer to the attachment 2502P07401E-RF-EXP EUT EXTERNAL PHOTOGRAPHS and 2502P07401E-RF-INP EUT INTERNAL PHOTOGRAPHS

# **EXHIBIT B - TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS**

Please refer to the attachment 2502P07401E-RF-00C-TSP TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS.

# **EXHIBIT C - RF EXPOSURE EVALUATION**

#### Applicable Standard

#### FCC §15.247 (i)

Systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess of the Commission's guidelines. See \$1.1307(b)(1) of this chapter.

#### FCC §95.3385

Regardless of the power density levels permitted under this subpart, devices operating under the provisions of this subpart are subject to the radiofrequency radiation exposure requirements specified in §§ 1.1307(b), 2.1091, and 2.1093 of this chapter, as appropriate. Applications for equipment authorization of devices operating under this section must contain a statement confirming compliance with these requirements for both fundamental emissions and unwanted emissions. Technical information showing the basis for this statement must be submitted to the Commission upon request.

#### Procedure

According to 447498 D04 Interim General RF Exposure Guidance v01, clause 2.1.2 1-mW Test Exemption:

Per § 1.1307(b)(3)(i)(A), a single RF source is *exempt RF device* (from the requirement to show data demonstrating compliance to RF exposure limits, as previously mentioned) if the available maximum time-averaged power is no more than 1 mW, regardless of separation distance.

This exemption applies to all operating configurations and exposure conditions, for the frequency range 100 kHz to 100 GHz, regardless of fixed, mobile, or portable device exposure conditions. This is a standalone exemption, and it cannot be applied in conjunction with any other test exemption.

## **Measurement Result**

For BLE:

Frequency	-	ut power including Tolerance	1-mW
(MHz)	(dBm)	(mW)	Exemption
2402-2480	-1.3	0.74	Compliant

Note: The Conducted output power including Tune-up Tolerance provided by manufacturer.

For Radar:

Frequency (GHz)	EIRP Average Output power (dBm)	Conducted	1-mW	
		(dBm)	(mW)	Exemption
77-77.15	-5.30	-18.30	0.0148	Compliant

#### Simultaneous transmission:

The Total transmit power of BLE and Radar =0.74+0.0148=0.7548 mW

Note: According to the TCB Council courseware: FCC RF Exposure Rules Interim procedure KDB 447498 D04, Rev March 2, 2022.

**Result:** Compliant.

#### \*\*\*\*\* END OF REPORT \*\*\*\*\*

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