FCC PART 15.247
RSS-GEN ISSUE 5, FEBRUARY 2021 AMENDMENT 2
RSS-247, ISSUE 2, FEBRUARY 2017

TEST REPORT

For

YEALINK(XIAMEN) NETWORK TECHNOLOGY CO.,LTD.

FCC: 309, 3rd Floor, No.16, Yun Ding North Road, Huli District, Xiamen City, Fujian, China
ISEDC: 309, 3rd Floor, No.16, Yun Ding North Road, Huli District Xiamen City Fujian 361008 China (Peoples Republic Of)

FCC ID: T2C-SENSOR503
IC: 10741A-SENSOR503

Report Type:	**Product Type:**
Original Report	Room Sensor

Report Number: SZ1210713-52792E-RF

Report Date: 2021-10-29

Candy Li

Reviewed By: RF Engineer

Prepared By: Shenzhen Accurate Technology Co., Ltd.
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Note: This report may contain data that are not covered by the A2LA accreditation and are marked with an asterisk "★".

Shenzhen Accurate Technology Co., Ltd. is not responsible for the authenticity of any test data provided by the applicant. Data included from the applicant that may affect test results are marked with an asterisk '*'. Customer model name, addresses, names, trademarks etc. are not considered data.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

GENERAL INFORMATION

Product Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

Product	Room Sensor
Tested Model	RoomSensor
HVIN	RoomSensor
Frequency Range	BLE: 2402-2480MHz
Maximum Conducted Peak Output Power	3.24dBm
Modulation Technique	BLE: GFSK
Antenna Specification*	FPC Antenna: 3dBi(provided by the applicant)
Voltage Range	DC 3V from battery
Date of Test	2021-09-12 to 2021-10-26
Sample serial number	SZ1210713-52792E-RF-S1(Assigned by ATC)
Received date	2021-07-13
Sample/EUT Status	Good condition

Objective

This report is in accordance with FCC Part 15, Subpart C, and section 15.203, 15.205, 15.209, 15.247 rules and RSS-GEN Issue 5, February 2021 Amendment 2 and RSS-247, Issue 2, February 2017 of the Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada rules.

Test Methodology

All tests and measurements indicated in this document were performed in accordance ANSI C63.10-2013, RSS-GEN Issue 5, February 2021 Amendment 2 and RSS-247, Issue 2, February 2017.

And KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02.

All emissions measurement was performed at Shenzhen Accurate Technology Co., Ltd. The radiated testing was performed at an antenna-to-EUT distance of 3 meters.

Measurement Uncertainty

Parameter		Uncertainty
Occupied Channel Bandwidth		5%
RF output power, conducted		0.73dB
Unwanted Emission, conducted		1.6dB
Emissions, Radiated	30MHz - 1GHz	4.28dB
	1GHz- 18GHz	4.98dB
	18GHz- 26.5GHz	5.06dB
Temperature		1℃
Humidity		6%
Supply voltages		0.4%

Note: The extended uncertainty given in this report is obtained by combining the standard uncertainty times the coverage factor K with the 95% confidence interval.Otherwise required by the applicant or Product Regulations, Decision Rule in this report did not consider the uncertainty.

Test Facility

The test site used by Shenzhen Accurate Technology Co., Ltd. to collect test data is located on the 1/F., Building A, Changyuan New Material Port, Science & Industry Park, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, P.R. China.

The test site has been approved by the FCC under the KDB 974614 D01 and is listed in the FCC Public Access Link (PAL) database, FCC Registration No.: 708358, the FCC Designation No.: CN1189.

The lab has been recognized by Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada to test to Canadian radio equipment requirements, the CAB identifier: CN0016.

SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

Description of Test Configuration

For BLE mode, 40 channels are provided to testing:

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
0	2402	20	2442
1	2404	21	2444
2	2406	22	2446
3	2408	23	2448
4	2410	24	2450
5	2412	25	2452
6	2414	26	2454
7	2416	27	2456
8	2418	28	2458
9	2420	29	2460
10	2422	30	2462
11	2424	31	2464
12	2426	32	2466
13	2428	33	2468
14	2430	34	2470
15	2432	35	2472
16	2434	36	2474
17	2436	37	2476
18	2438	38	2478
19	2440	39	2480

EUT was tested with Channel 0, 19 and 39.

EUT Exercise Software

“sscom” software was used during test and power level is 0A.

Equipment Modifications

No modification was made to the EUT tested.

Duty cycle

Test Result: Compliant. Please refer to the Appendix.

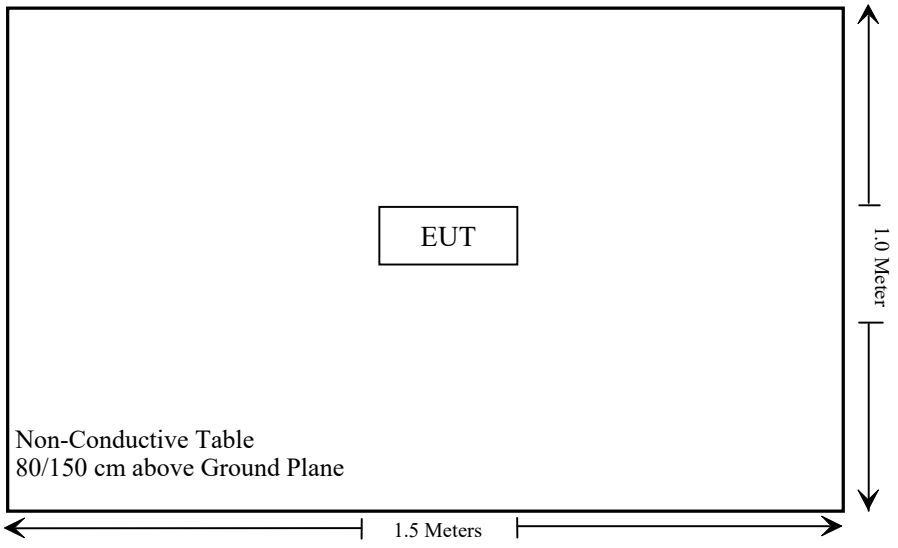
Support Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number
/	/	/	/

External I/O Cable

Cable Description	Length (m)	From Port	To
/	/	/	/

Block Diagram of Test Setup



SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

Rules	Description of Test	Result
FCC §15.247 (i) & §2.1091 RSS-102 § 2.5.2	MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)& EXEMPTION LIMITS FOR ROUTINE EVALUATION-RF EXPOSURE EVALUATION	Compliant
FCC §15.203, RSS-GEN Clause 6.8	Antenna Requirement	Compliant
FCC §15.207 (a); RSS-Gen Clause 8.8	AC Line Conducted Emissions	Not Applicable
FCC §15.205, §15.209, §15.247(d); RSS-247 Clause 5.5 RSS-Gen Clause 8.10	Spurious Emissions	Compliant
FCC §15.247 (a)(2); RSS-247 Clause 5.2 a) RSS-Gen Clause 6.7	6 dB Bandwidth and 99% Occupied Bandwidth	Compliant
FCC §15.247(b)(3); RSS-247 Clause 5.4 d)	Maximum Conducted Output Power	Compliant
FCC §15.247(d); RSS-247 Clause 5.5	100 kHz Bandwidth of Frequency Band Edge	Compliant
FCC §15.247(e) RSS-247 Clause 5.2 b)	Power Spectral Density	Compliant

Not Applicable: EUT only powered by battery.

TEST EQUIPMENT LIST

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
Radiated Emissions Test					
Rohde& Schwarz	Test Receiver	ESR	101817	2020/12/24	2021/12/23
Rohde&Schwarz	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV40	101495	2020/12/24	2021/12/23
SONOMA INSTRUMENT	Amplifier	310 N	186131	2020/12/25	2021/12/24
A.H. Systems, inc.	Preamplifier	PAM-0118P	531	2021/07/08	2022/07/07
Anritsu Corp	50 Coaxial Switch	MP59B	6100237248	2020/12/25	2021/12/24
Schwarzbeck	Bilog Antenna	VULB9163	9163-323	2020/01/05	2023/01/04
Schwarzbeck	Horn Antenna	BBHA9120D	9120D-1067	2020/01/05	2023/01/04
OREGON SCIENTIFIC	Temperature & Humidity Meter	JB913R	GZ-WS004	2020/01/02	2023/01/01
Schwarzbeck	HORN ANTENNA	BBHA9170	9170-359	2020/01/05	2023/01/04
Quinstar	Amplifier	QLW-18405536-J0	15964001002	2020/11/28	2021/11/27
Wainwright	High Pass Filter	WHKX3.6/18G-10SS	5	2020/12/25	2021/12/24
Radiated Test Software: EZ_EMC V 1.1.4.2					
RF Conducted Test					
Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSV-40	101495	2020/12/24	2021/12/23
Tonscend	RF Control Unit	JS0806-2	19G8060182	2021/07/06	2022/07/05

*** Statement of Traceability:** Shenzhen Accurate Technology Co., Ltd. attests that all calibrations have been performed in accordance to requirements that traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

FCC §15.247 (i) & §2.1091- MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)

Applicable Standard

According to subpart 15.247 (i) and subpart 2.1091 systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures the public is not exposed to RF energy level in excess of the communication guidelines.

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure				
Frequency Range (MHz)	**Electric Field Strength (V/m)**	**Magnetic Field Strength (A/m)**	**Power Density (mW/cm^2)**	**Averaging Time (Minutes)**
0.3-1.34	614	1.63	*(100)	30
1.34-30	824/f	2.19/f	*($180/f^2$)	30
30-300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300-1500	/	/	f/1500	30
1500-100,000	/	/	1.0	30

f = frequency in MHz
* = Plane-wave equivalent power density

Result

Calculated Formulary:

Predication of MPE limit at a given distance

$$S = \frac{PG}{4\pi R^2}$$

S = power density (in appropriate units, e.g. mW/cm^2)
P = power input to the antenna (in appropriate units, e.g., mW).
G = power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator, the power gain factor, is normally numeric gain.
R = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna (appropriate units, e.g., cm)

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna Gain		Tune up conducted power		Evaluation Distance (cm)	Power Density (mW/cm^2)	MPE Limit (mW/cm^2)
		(dBi)	(numeric)	(dBm)	(mW)			
BLE	2402-2480	3.0	2.00	3.5	2.24	20	0.0009	1

Note: the tune up conducted power was declared by the applicant

To maintain compliance with the FCC's RF exposure guidelines, place the equipment at least 20cm from nearby persons.

Result: Compliance

RSS-102 § 2.5.2 –EXEMPTION LIMITS FOR ROUTINE EVALUATION-RF EXPOSURE EVALUATION

Applicable Standard

According to RSS-102 § (2.5.2):

RF exposure evaluation is required if the separation distance between the user and/or bystander and the device's radiating element is greater than 20 cm, except when the device operates as follows:
• below 20 MHz and the source-based, time-averaged maximum e.i.r.p. of the device is equal to or less than 1 W (adjusted for tune-up tolerance);
• at or above 20 MHz and below 48 MHz and the source-based, time-averaged maximum e.i.r.p. of the device is equal to or less than 4.49/f0.5 W (adjusted for tune-up tolerance), where f is in MHz;
• at or above 48 MHz and below 300 MHz and the source-based, time-averaged maximum e.i.r.p. of the device is equal to or less than 0.6 W (adjusted for tune-up tolerance);
• at or above 300 MHz and below 6 GHz and the source-based, time-averaged maximum e.i.r.p. of the device is equal to or less than 1.31 x 10^{-2} $f^{0.6834}$ W (adjusted for tune-up tolerance), where f is in MHz;
• at or above 6 GHz and the source-based, time-averaged maximum e.i.r.p. of the device is equal to or less than 5 W (adjusted for tune-up tolerance). In these cases, the information contained in the RF exposure technical brief may be limited to information that demonstrates how the e.i.r.p. was derived.

Calculated Data:

For BLE mode:
The max tune-up conducted output power is 3.5dBm, antenna gain is 3.0dBi.
Time-averaged maximum e.i.r.p. of the device is 6.5dBm =0.0045W

The worst case is f = 2402 MHz:
The limit is 1.31 x 10^{-2} $f^{0.6834}$ W=2.68W

0.0045W<2.68W

So EUT meets RF Exposure evaluation.

FCC §15.203, RSS-GEN CLAUSE 6.8 - ANTENNA REQUIREMENT

Applicable Standard

According to § 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the user of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. The structure and application of the EUT were analyzed to determine compliance with section §15.203 of the rules. §15.203 state that the subject device must meet the following criteria:

a. Antenna must be permanently attached to the unit.
b. Antenna must use a unique type of connector to attach to the EUT.

Unit must be professionally installed, and installer shall be responsible for verifying that the correct antenna is employed with the unit.
And according to FCC 47 CFR section 15.247 (b), if the transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6dBi are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

According to RSS-Gen §6.8, The applicant for equipment certification shall provide a list of all antenna types that may be used with the transmitter, where applicable (i.e. for transmitters with detachable antenna), indicating the maximum permissible antenna gain (in dBi) and the required impedance for each antenna. The test report shall demonstrate the compliance of the transmitter with the limit for maximum equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) specified in the applicable RSS, when the transmitter is equipped with any antenna type, selected from this list.
For expediting the testing, measurements may be performed using only the antenna with highest gain of each combination of transmitter and antenna type, with the transmitter output power set at the maximum level. However, the transmitter shall comply with the applicable requirements under all operational conditions and when in combination with any type of antenna from the list provided in the test report (and in the notice to be included in the user manual, provided below).
When measurements at the antenna port are used to determine the RF output power, the effective gain of the device's antenna shall be stated, based on a measurement or on data from the antenna's manufacturer.
The test report shall state the RF power, output power setting and spurious emission measurements with each antenna type that is used with the transmitter being tested.
For licence-exempt equipment with detachable antennas, the user manual shall also contain the following notice in a conspicuous location:

This radio transmitter [enter the device's ISED certification number] has been approved by Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada to operate with the antenna types listed below, with the maximum permissible gain indicated. Antenna types not included in this list that have a gain greater than the maximum gain indicated for any type listed are strictly prohibited for use with this device.

Immediately following the above notice, the manufacturer shall provide a list of all antenna types which can be used with the transmitter, indicating the maximum permissible antenna gain (in dBi) and the required impedance for each antenna type.

Antenna Connector Construction

The EUT has one internal FPC antenna which was permanently attached, fulfill the requirement of this section. The antenna gain is 3.0 dBi. Please refer to the EUT photos.

Antenna	Type	Antenna Gain	Impedance
	FPC	3dBi	50 Ω

Result: Compliant.

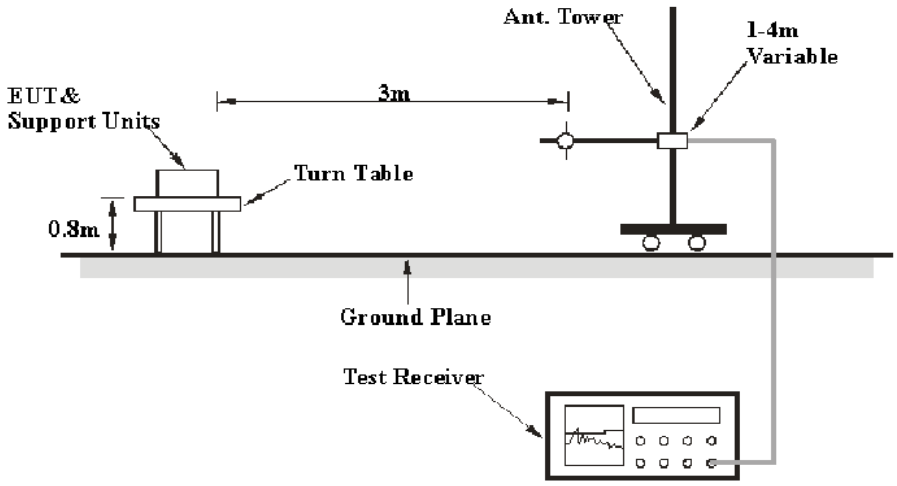
FCC §15.209, §15.205 & §15.247(D), RSS-GEN § 8.10 & RSS-247 § 5.5 – UNWANTED EMISSION FREQUENCIES AND RESTRICTED BANDS

Applicable Standard

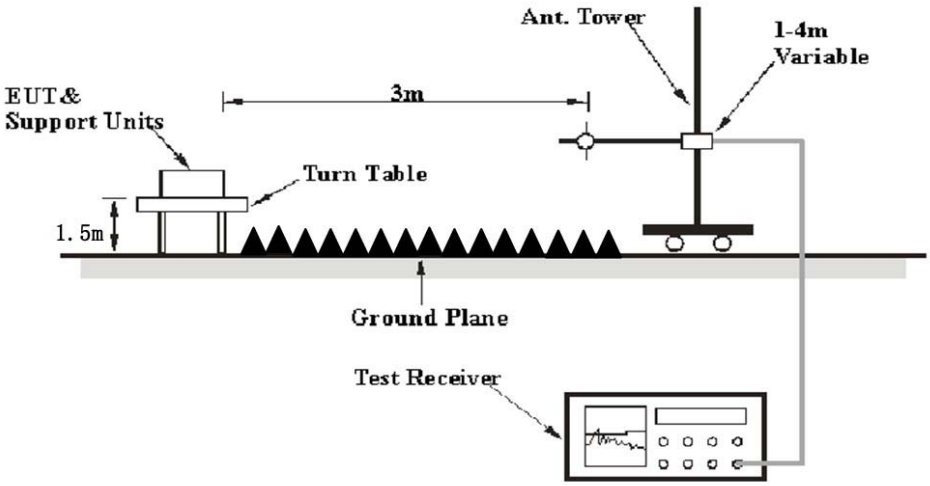
FCC §15.247 (d); §15.209; §15.205; RSS-247 §5.5, RSS-GEN §8.10.

EUT Setup

Below 1 GHz:



Above 1GHz:



The radiated emission tests were performed in the 3meters test site, using the setup accordance with the ANSI C63.10-2013. The specification used was the FCC 15.205, FCC 15.209, FCC 15.247, RSS-Gen and RSS-247 limits.

The external I/O cables were draped along the test table and formed a bundle 30 to 40 cm long in the middle.

EMI Test Receiver & Spectrum Analyzer Setup

The system was investigated from 30 MHz to 25 GHz.

During the radiated emission test, the EMI test receiver & Spectrum Analyzer Setup were set with the following configurations:

Frequency Range	RBW	Video B/W	IF B/W	Measurement
30MHz – 1000 MHz	100 kHz	300 kHz	120kHz	QP
Above 1 GHz	1MHz	3 MHz	/	PK
	1MHz	10 Hz Note 1	/	Average
	1MHz	＞1/T Note 2	/	Average

Note 1: when duty cycle is no less than 98%
Note 2: when duty cycle is less than 98%

Test Procedure

Maximizing procedure was performed on the highest emissions to ensure that the EUT complied with all installation combinations.

Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.

Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level. Plot the graph with marking the highest point and edge frequency.

Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.

Corrected Amplitude & Margin Calculation

The Factor is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor and Cable Loss, and subtracting the Amplifier Gain from the Meter Reading. The basic equation is as follows:

Factor = Meter Reading + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amplifier Gain

The "**Margin**" column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance with the applicable limit. For example, a margin of -7dB means the emission is 7dB below the limit. The equation for margin calculation is as follows:

Margin = Result-Limit
Result = Reading + Factor

Test Data

Environmental Conditions

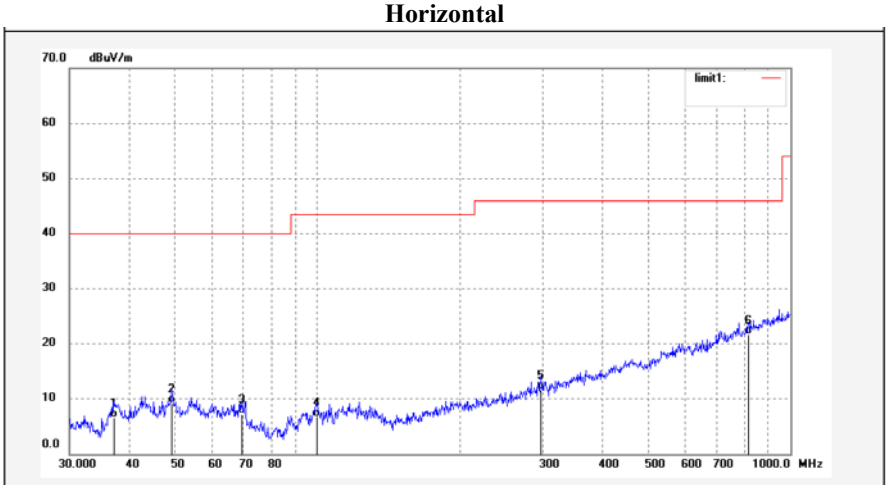
Temperature:	23~26.8 ℃
Relative Humidity:	45~51 %
ATM Pressure:	101.0 kPa

The testing was performed by Caro Hu on 2021-10-11 and 2021-10-26.

EUT operation mode: Transmitting

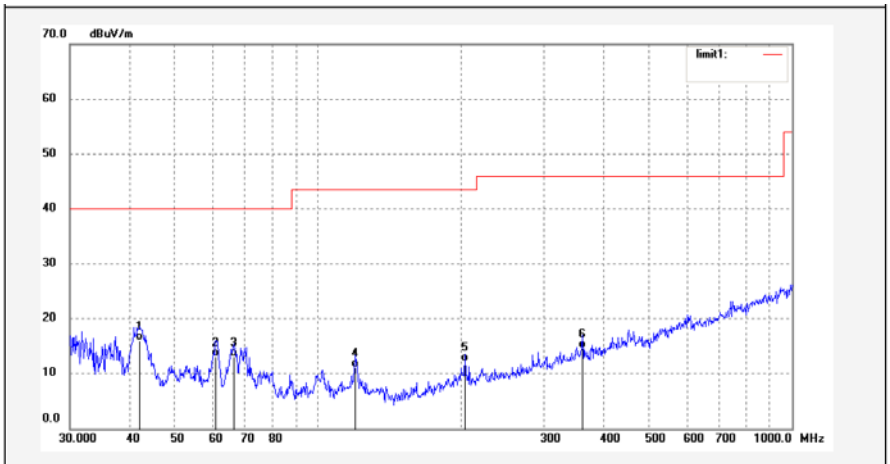
30 MHz~1 GHz: (worst case is middle channel)

Horizontal



No.	Freq. (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Height (cm)	Degree (deg.)	Remark
1	37.2855	25.69	-19.13	6.56	40.00	-33.44	QP			
2	49.3594	26.21	-17.10	9.11	40.00	-30.89	QP			
3	69.3568	28.13	-20.89	7.24	40.00	-32.76	QP			
4	99.8777	24.96	-18.14	6.82	43.50	-36.68	QP			
5	297.2241	26.31	-14.61	11.70	46.00	-34.30	QP			
6	815.9678	26.82	-5.15	21.67	46.00	-24.33	QP			

Vertical



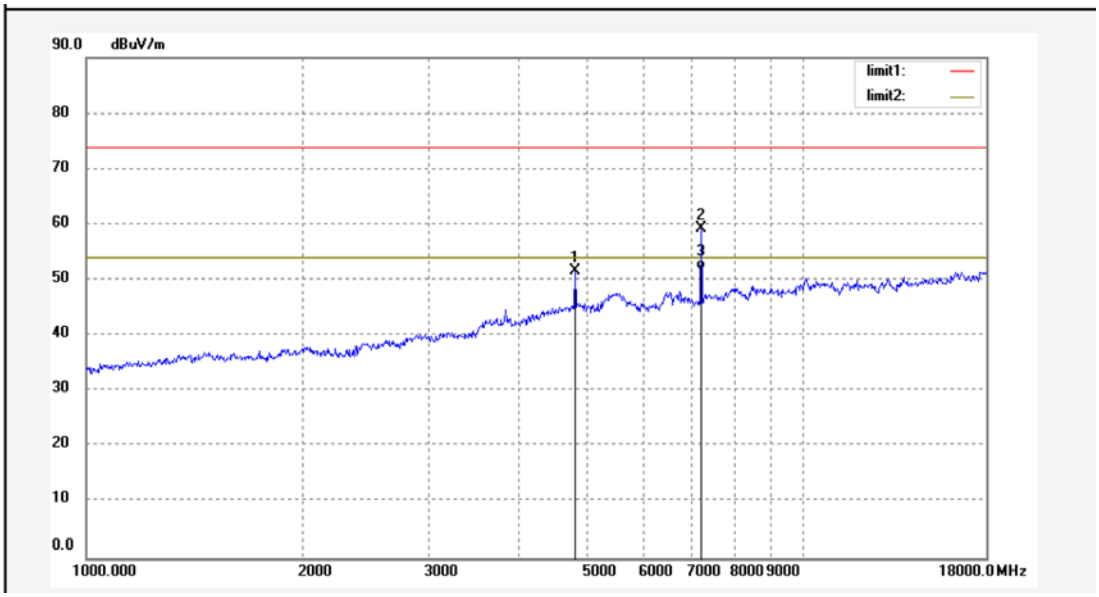
No.	Freq. (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Height (cm)	Degree (deg.)	Remark
1	42.1542	32.69	-16.67	16.02	40.00	-23.98	QP			
2	60.9176	32.11	-19.01	13.10	40.00	-26.90	QP			
3	66.4989	33.68	-20.63	13.05	40.00	-26.95	QP			
4	119.8556	29.12	-18.09	11.03	43.50	-32.47	QP			
5	204.2377	29.66	-17.54	12.12	43.50	-31.38	QP			
6	361.7139	27.69	-13.16	14.53	46.00	-31.47	QP			

Above 1 GHz:

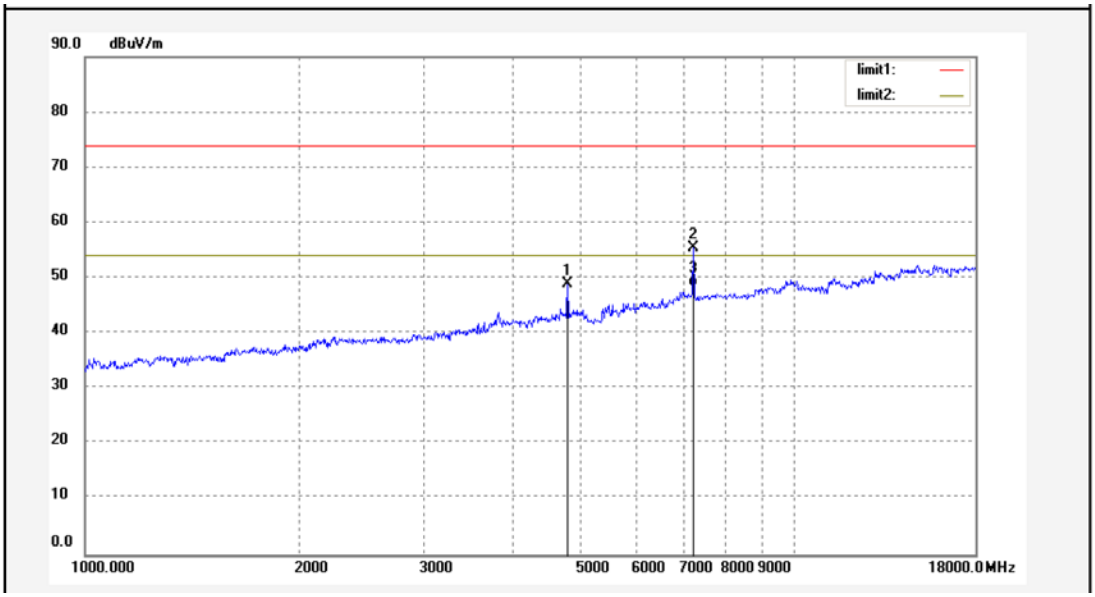
Frequency (MHz)	Receiver		Turntable Degree	Rx Antenna		Corrected Factor (dB/m)	Corrected Amplitude (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
	Reading (dBμV)	PK/QP/Ave.		Height (m)	Polar (H/V)				
Low Channel(2402MHz)									
2310	66.64	PK	18	1.5	H	-6.84	59.8	74	-14.2
2310	54.04	Ave.	18	1.5	H	-6.84	47.2	54	-6.8
2310	62.3	PK	149	1.7	V	-6.84	55.46	74	-18.54
2310	50.45	Ave.	149	1.7	V	-6.84	43.61	54	-10.39
2390	62.81	PK	276	2.1	H	-6.44	56.37	74	-17.63
2390	50.8	Ave.	276	2.1	H	-6.44	44.36	54	-9.64
2390	58.8	PK	91	1.4	V	-6.44	52.36	74	-21.64
2390	45.76	Ave.	91	1.4	V	-6.44	39.32	54	-14.68
4804	49.19	PK	86	1	H	2.81	52	74	-22
4804	46.03	Ave.	86	1	V	2.81	48.84	74	-25.16
7206	52.37	PK	74	2.5	H	7.46	59.83	74	-14.17
7206	44.44	Ave.	74	2.5	H	7.46	51.9	54	-2.1
7206	49.21	PK	58	1.5	V	7.46	56.67	74	-17.33
7206	41.07	Ave.	58	1.5	V	7.46	48.53	54	-5.47
Middle Channel(2440MHz)									
4880	49.5	PK	49	1	H	3.04	52.54	74	-21.46
4880	44.78	Ave.	49	1	V	3.04	47.82	74	-26.18
7320	50.08	PK	162	1.1	H	8.15	58.23	74	-15.77
7320	41.65	Ave.	162	1.1	H	8.15	49.8	54	-4.2
7320	45.21	PK	237	1.5	V	8.15	53.36	74	-20.64
7320	36.41	Ave.	237	1.5	V	8.15	44.56	54	-9.44
High Channel(2480MHz)									
2483.5	75.62	PK	117	2.3	H	-5.96	69.66	74	-4.34
2483.5	54.54	Ave.	117	2.3	H	-5.96	48.58	54	-5.42
2483.5	69.27	PK	340	2	V	-5.96	63.31	74	-10.69
2483.5	49.48	Ave.	340	2	V	-5.96	43.52	54	-10.48
2500	70.23	PK	155	1.5	H	-5.88	64.35	74	-9.65
2500	48.4	Ave.	155	1.5	H	-5.88	42.52	54	-11.48
2500	64.24	PK	52	1	V	-5.88	58.36	74	-15.64
2500	41.94	Ave.	52	1	V	-5.88	36.06	54	-17.94
4960	48.6	PK	149	2.2	H	3.29	51.89	74	-22.11
4960	44.55	Ave.	149	2.2	V	3.29	47.84	74	-26.16
7440	50.8	PK	47	1.7	H	9.2	60	74	-14
7440	41.88	Ave.	47	1.7	H	9.2	51.08	54	-2.92
7440	45.06	PK	74	2.4	V	9.2	54.26	74	-19.74
7440	37.64	Ave.	74	2.4	V	9.2	46.84	54	-7.16

Note:
Corrected Factor = Antenna factor (RX) + Cable Loss – Amplifier Factor
Corrected Amplitude = Corrected Factor + Reading
Margin = Corrected. Amplitude - Limit
The other spurious emission which is 20dB to the limit was not recorded.
The test result of peak was less than the limit of average, so just peak value were recorded.

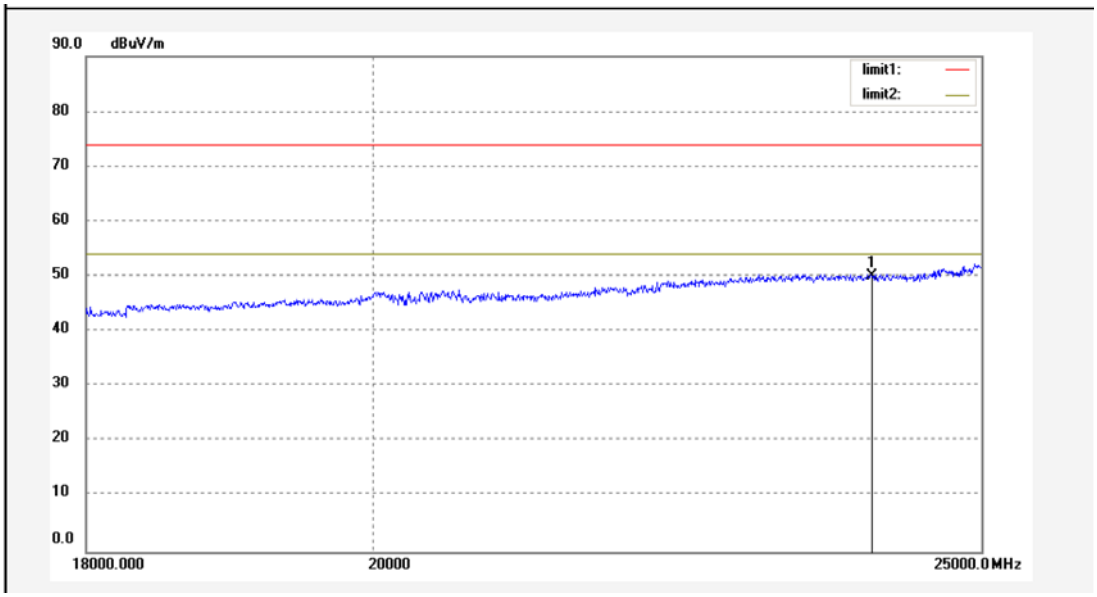
Pre-scan for Low channel
1-18GHz
Horizontal



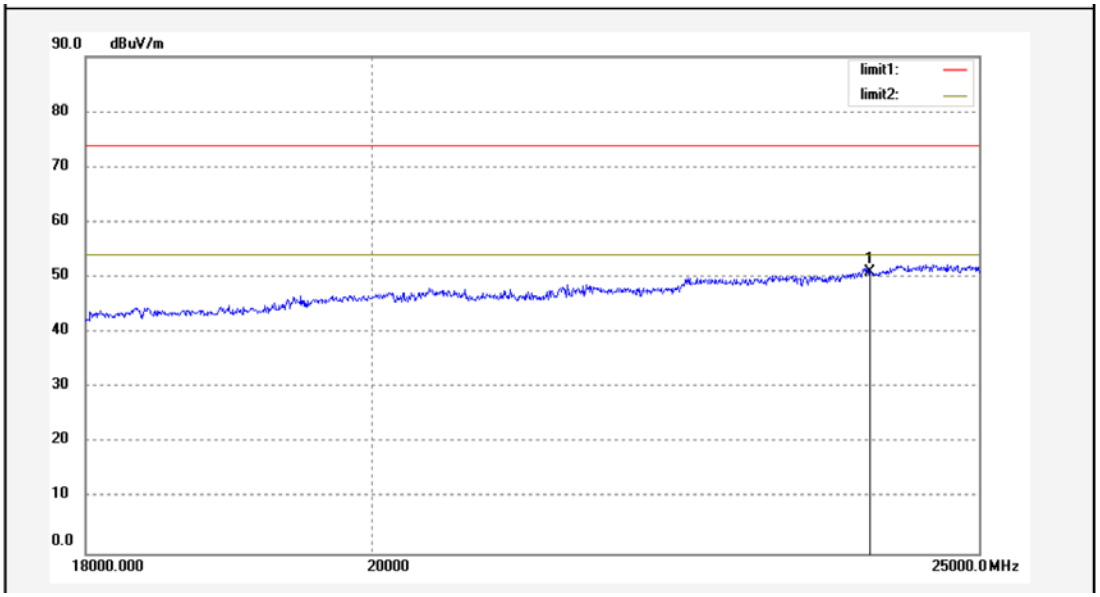
Vertical



18-25GHz
Horizontal



Vertical



FCC §15.247(a) (2), RSS-GEN § 6.7 & RSS-247 § 5.2 (a) – 99% OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH & 6 dB EMISSON BANDWIDTH

Standard Applicable

According to FCC §15.247(a) (2)
Systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902–928 MHz, 2400–2483.5 MHz, and 5725–5850 MHz bands. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

According to RSS-247 §5.2 a)
The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be 500 kHz.

According to RSS-Gen §6.7
The occupied bandwidth or the "99% emission bandwidth" is defined as the frequency range between two points, one above and the other below the carrier frequency, within which 99% of the total transmitted power of the fundamental transmitted emission is contained. The occupied bandwidth shall be reported for all equipment in addition to the specified bandwidth required in the applicable RSSs.
In some cases, the "x dB bandwidth" is required, which is defined as the frequency range between two points, one at the lowest frequency below and one at the highest frequency above the carrier frequency, at which the maximum power level of the transmitted emission is attenuated x dB below the maximum in-band power level of the modulated signal, where the two points are on the outskirts of the in-band emission.
The following conditions shall be observed for measuring the occupied bandwidth and x dB bandwidth:

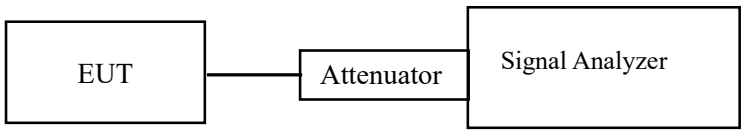
- The transmitter shall be operated at its maximum carrier power measured under normal test conditions.
- The span of the spectrum analyzer shall be set large enough to capture all products of the modulation process, including the emission skirts, around the carrier frequency, but small enough to avoid having other emissions (e.g. on adjacent channels) within the span.
- The detector of the spectrum analyzer shall be set to "Sample". However, a peak, or peak hold, may be used in place of the sampling detector since this usually produces a wider bandwidth than the actual bandwidth (worst-case measurement). Use of a peak hold (or "Max Hold") may be necessary to determine the occupied / x dB bandwidth if the device is not transmitting continuously.
- The resolution bandwidth (RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the actual occupied / x dB bandwidth and the video bandwidth (VBW) shall not be smaller than three times the RBW value. Video averaging is not permitted.

Note: It may be necessary to repeat the measurement a few times until the RBW and VBW are in compliance with the above requirement.
For the 99% emission bandwidth, the trace data points are recovered and directly summed in linear power level terms. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5% of the total is reached, and that frequency recorded. The process is repeated for the highest frequency data points (starting at the highest frequency, at the right side of the span, and going down in frequency). This frequency is then recorded. The difference between the two recorded frequencies is the occupied bandwidth (or the 99% emission bandwidth).

Test Procedure

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Position the EUT without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect it to measurement instrument. Then set it to any one convenient frequency within its operating range. Set a reference level on the measuring instrument equal to the highest peak value.
3. Measure the frequency difference of two frequencies that were attenuated 6 dB from the reference level. Record the frequency difference as the emission bandwidth.
4. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

99% Occupied bandwidth test:
Use Occupied bandwidth test function, measure the 99% Occupied bandwidth.
Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.



Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	25 ℃
Relative Humidity:	59 %
ATM Pressure:	101.0 kPa

The testing was performed by Ting Lv on 2021-09-12.

Test Mode: Transmitting

Test Result: Pass

Please refer to the Appendix.

FCC §15.247(e), RSS-247 §5.2 (b) – POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

Applicable Standard

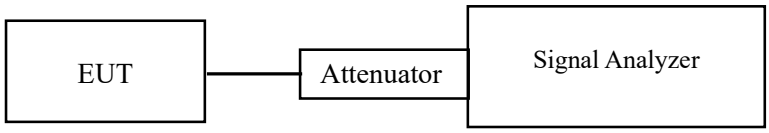
According to FCC §15.247(e):
For digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (b) of this section. The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density.

According to RSS-247 §5.2 b):

b) The transmitter power spectral density conducted from the transmitter to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of section 5.4(d), (i.e. the power spectral density shall be determined using the same method as is used to determine the conducted output power).

Test Procedure

1. Use this procedure when the maximum peak conducted output power in the fundamental emission is used to demonstrate compliance.
2. Set the RBW to: 3kHz≤ RBW≤100 kHz.
3. Set the VBW ≥ 3×RBW.
4. Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.
5. Detector = peak.
6. Sweep time = auto couple.
7. Trace mode = max hold.
8. Allow trace to fully stabilize.
9. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.
10. If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.



Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	25 ℃
Relative Humidity:	59 %
ATM Pressure:	101.0 kPa

The testing was performed by Ting Lv on 2021-09-12.

Test Mode: Transmitting

Test Result: Pass

Please refer to the Appendix.

FCC §15.247(b) (3), RSS-247 §5.4 (d) - PEAK OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

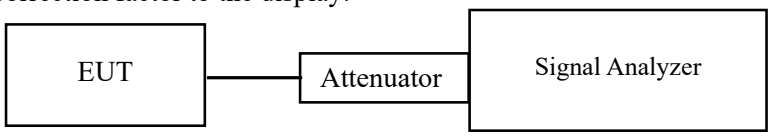
Applicable Standard

According to FCC §15.247(b) (3), for systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 Watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. Maximum Conducted Output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements. The average must not include any time intervals during which the transmitter is off or is transmitting at a reduced power level. If multiple modes of operation are possible (e.g., alternative modulation methods), the maximum conducted output power is the highest total transmit power occurring in any mode.

According to RSS-247§5.4 d) For DTSs employing digital modulation techniques operating in the bands 902-928 MHz and 2400-2483.5 MHz, the maximum peak conducted output power shall not exceed 1W. Except as provided in Section 5.4(e), the e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 4 W.
As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. The maximum conducted output power is the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements, averaged across all symbols in the signalling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements. The average must not include any time intervals during which the transmitter is off or transmitting at a reduced power level. If multiple modes of operation are implemented, the maximum conducted output power is the highest total transmit power occurring in any mode.

Test Procedure

1. Place the EUT on a bench and set it in transmitting mode.
2. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to one test equipment.
3. Add a correction factor to the display.



Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	25 ℃
Relative Humidity:	59 %
ATM Pressure:	101.0 kPa

The testing was performed by Ting Lv on 2021-09-12.

Test Mode: Transmitting

Test Result: Pass

Please refer to the Appendix.

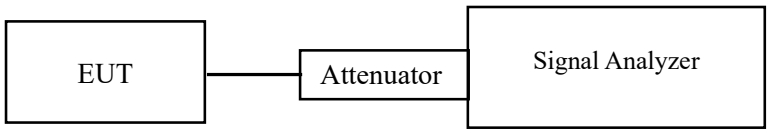
§ 15.247(D) & RSS-247 § 5.5 100 KHZ BANDWIDTH OF FREQUENCY BAND EDGE

Applicable Standard

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

Test Procedure

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Position the EUT without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable. Then set it to any one measured frequency within its operating range, and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
3. Set RBW to 100 kHz and VBW of spectrum analyzer to 300 kHz with a convenient frequency span including 100 kHz bandwidth from band edge.
4. Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level. Plot the graph with marking the highest point and edge frequency.
5. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.



Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	25 ℃
Relative Humidity:	59 %
ATM Pressure:	101.0 kPa

The testing was performed by Ting Lv on 2021-09-12.

Test Mode: Transmitting

Test Result: Pass

Please refer to the Appendix.

APPENDIX

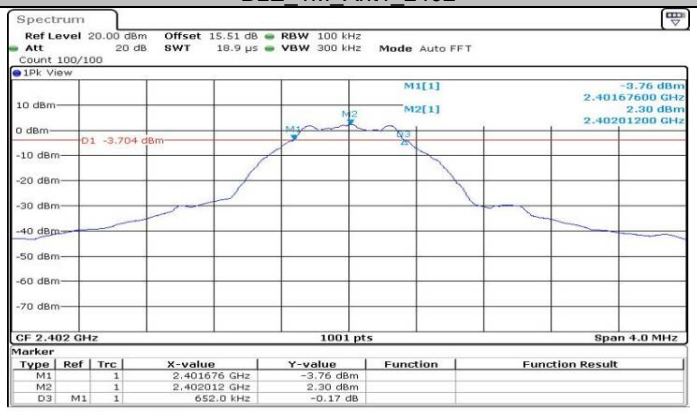
Appendix A: DTS Bandwidth

Test Result

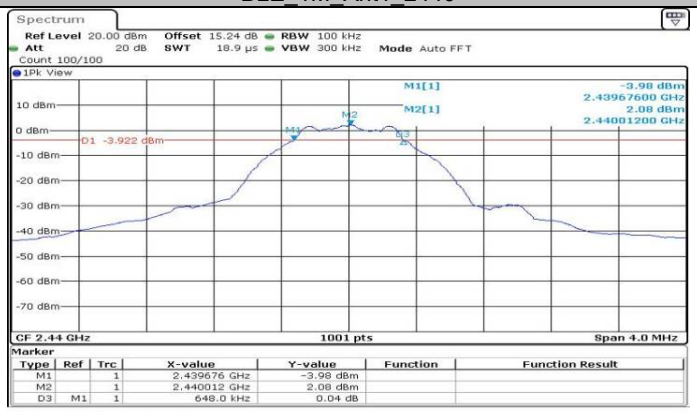
TestMode	Antenna	Channel	DTS BW [MHz]	Limit[MHz]	Verdict
BLE_1M	Ant1	2402	0.652	0.5	PASS
		2440	0.648	0.5	PASS
		2480	0.648	0.5	PASS

Test Graphs

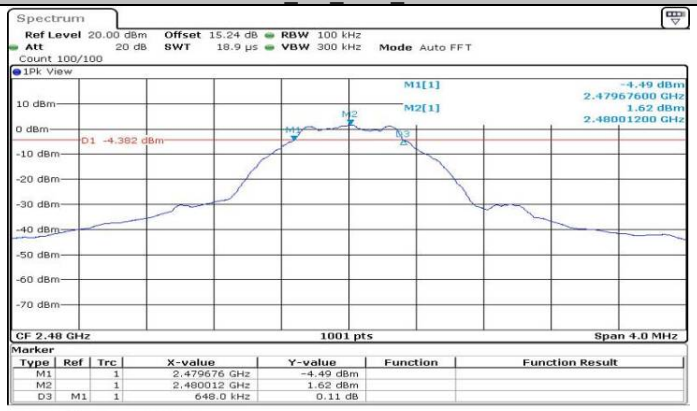
BLE_1M_Ant1_2402



BLE_1M_Ant1_2440



BLE_1M_Ant1_2480



Appendix B: Occupied Channel Bandwidth

Test Result

TestMode	Antenna	Channel	OCB [MHz]	Limit[MHz]	Verdict
BLE_1M	Ant1	2402	1.011	---	PASS
		2440	1.019	---	PASS
		2480	1.019	---	PASS

Test Graphs

BLE_1M_Ant1_2402

BLE_1M_Ant1_2440

BLE_1M_Ant1_2480

Appendix C: Maximum conducted Peak output power

Test Result

TestMode	Antenna	Channel	Result[dBm]	Limit[dBm]	Verdict
BLE_1M	Ant1	2402	3.18	≤30	PASS
		2440	3.24	≤30	PASS
		2480	2.74	≤30	PASS

Note: the antenna gain is 3dBi, the maximum EIRP=3.24dBm+3dBi=6.24dBm<36dBm, so it's meet EIRP limit of ISEDC.

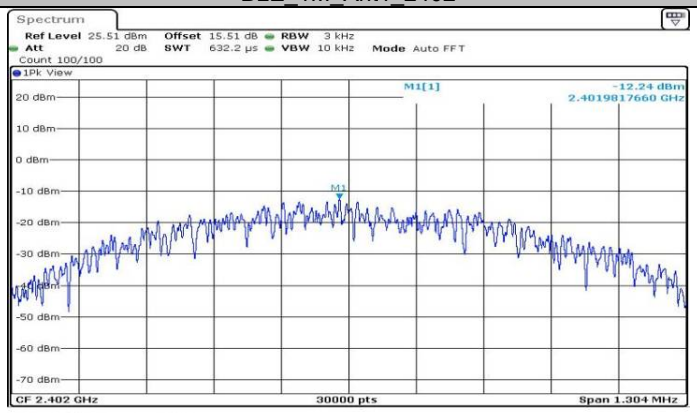
Appendix D: Maximum power spectral density

Test Result

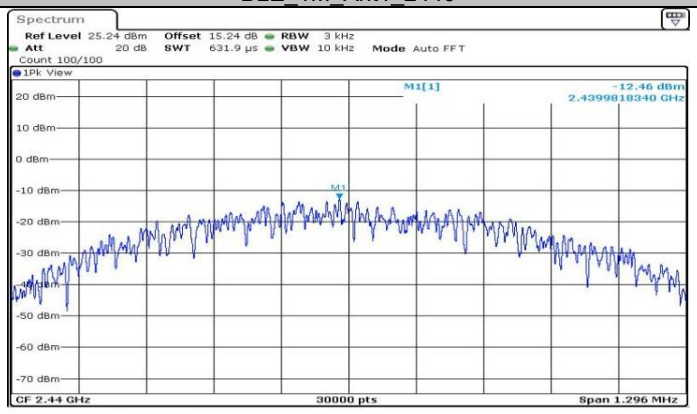
TestMode	Antenna	Channel	Result[dBm/3kHz]	Limit[dBm/3kHz]	Verdict
BLE_1M	Ant1	2402	-12.24	≤8	PASS
		2440	-12.46	≤8	PASS
		2480	-14.45	≤8	PASS

Test Graphs

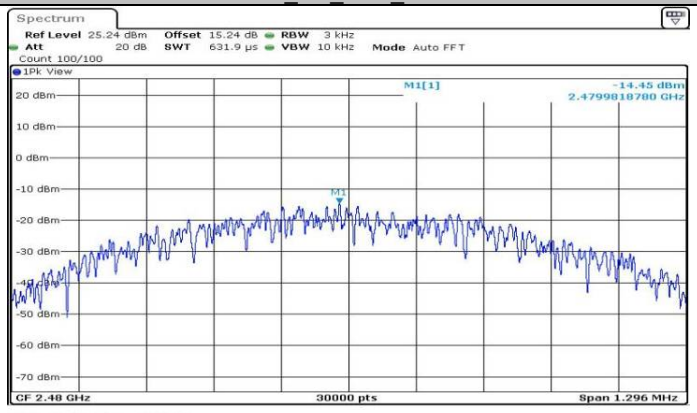
BLE_1M_Ant1_2402



BLE_1M_Ant1_2440



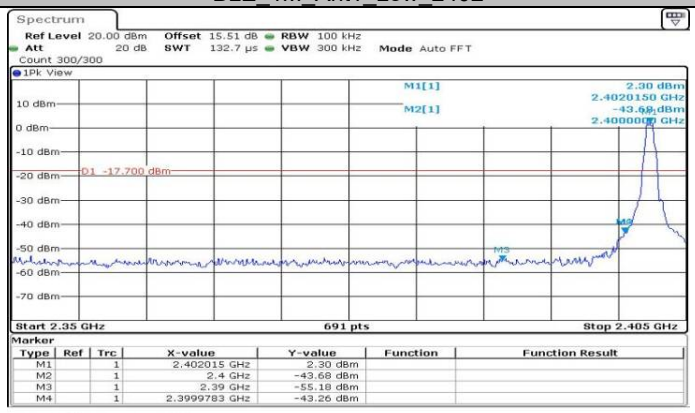
BLE_1M_Ant1_2480



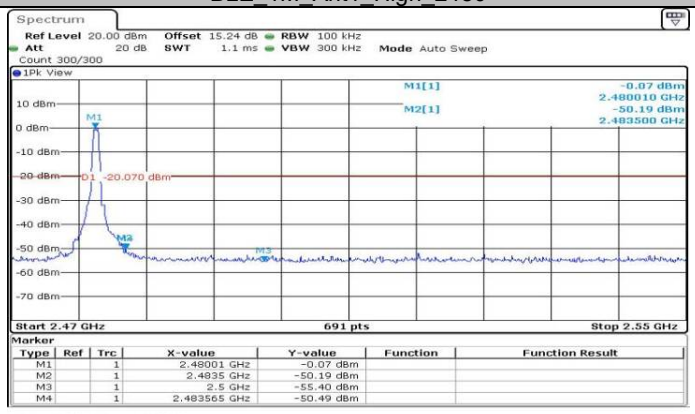
Appendix E: Band edge measurements

Test Graphs

BLE_1M_Ant1_Low_2402



BLE_1M_Ant1_High_2480



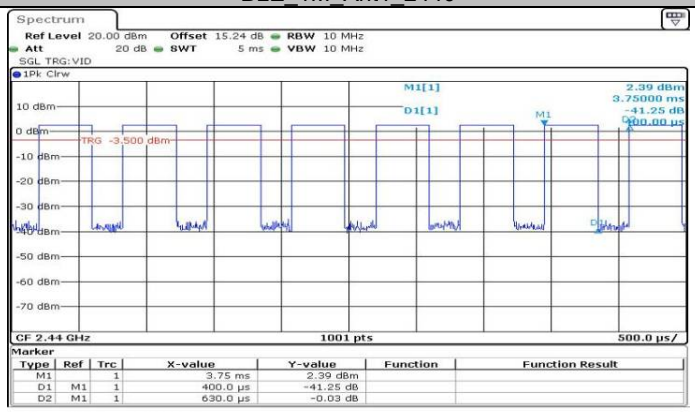
Appendix F: Duty Cycle

Test Result

TestMode	Antenna	Channel	Transmission Duration [ms]	Transmission Period [ms]	Duty Cycle [%]
BLE_1M	Ant1	2440	0.40	0.63	63.49

Test Graphs

BLE_1M_Ant1_2440



******* END OF REPORT *******