HEARING AID COMPATIBILITY RF EMISSIONS TEST REPORT

FCC ID : A4RGKV4X

Equipment : Phone Model Name : GKV4X

WD Emission

Result

: PASS

Google LLC

Applicant: 1600 Amphitheatre Parkway,

Mountain View, California, 94043 USA

Standard : FCC 47 CFR §20.19 ANSI C63.19-2019

The product was received on Aug. 18, 2023 and testing was started from Aug. 31, 2023 and completed on Oct. 02, 2023. We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., would like to declare that the tested sample provide by manufacturer and the test data has been evaluated in accordance with the test procedures given in ANSI 63.19-2019 / 47 CFR Part 20.19 and has been pass the FCC requirement.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC. Laboratory, the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Approved by: Cona Huang / Deputy Manager





Report No.: HA380307A

Sporton International Inc. Wensan Laboratory

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History of this test report

Report No.: HA380307A

Report No.	Version	Description	Issued Date
HA380307A	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	Nov. 14, 2023
HA380307A	Rev. 02	Update WLAN 6GHz tune-up	Dec. 04, 2023

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1. General Information

	Product Feature & Specification
Applicant Name	Google LLC
Equipment Name	Phone
Model Name	GKV4X
FCC ID	A4RGKV4X
S/N	38011JEKB00049
Frequency Band	38011JEKB00049 GSM850: 824.2 MHz ~ 1909.8 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz WCDMA Band IV: 3710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz WCDMA Band IV: 3710 MHz ~ 1875 MHz WCDMA Band IV: 3710 MHz ~ 1875 MHz WCDMA Band IV: 1710 MHz ~ 1875 MHz LTE Band 3: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz LTE Band 5: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 7: 2500 MHz ~ 2570 MHz LTE Band 1: 699 MHz ~ 716 MHz LTE Band 1: 699 MHz ~ 716 MHz LTE Band 1: 777 MHz ~ 787 MHz LTE Band 1: 770 MHz ~ 787 MHz LTE Band 25: 1850 MHz ~ 1915 MHz LTE Band 26: 814 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 26: 814 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 30: 2305 MHz ~ 2315 MHz LTE Band 38: 2570 MHz ~ 2620 MHz LTE Band 38: 2570 MHz ~ 2690 MHz LTE Band 48: 3550 MHz ~ 1910 MHz LTE Band 48: 3550 MHz ~ 1910 MHz LTE Band 68: 1710 MHz ~ 1780 MHz LTE Band 68: 1710 MHz ~ 1780 MHz LTE Band 68: 1710 MHz ~ 1780 MHz SG NR n2: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz SG NR n2: 1850 MHz ~ 2570 MHz SG NR n5: 2500 MHz ~ 2570 MHz SG NR n6: 814 MHz ~ 849 MHz SG NR n7: 2500 MHz ~ 2750 MHz SG NR n8: 12: 580 MHz ~ 1915 MHz SG NR n8: 12: 580 MHz ~ 2815 MHz SG NR n8: 2305 MHz ~ 2816 MHz SG NR n8: 2305 MHz ~ 2816 MHz SG NR n8: 2305 MHz ~ 2816 MHz SG NR n8: 2570 MHz ~ 2620 MHz SG NR n8: 2570 MHz ~ 2620 MHz SG NR n8: 2570 MHz ~ 2830 MHz SG NR n8: 2570 MHz ~ 2830 MHz SG NR n8: 2570 MHz ~ 2830 MHz SG NR n8: 2570 MHz ~ 2800 MHz SG NR n8: 2570 MHz ~ 2800 MHz SG NR n7: 663 MHz ~ 698 MHz SG NR n7: 663 MHz ~ 698 MHz SG NR n7: 663 MHz ~ 698 MHz SG NR n7: 663 MHz ~ 2800 MHz SG NR n6: 1710 MHz ~ 1780 MHz SG NR n7: 663 MHz ~ 5800 MHz SG NR n7: 663 MHz ~ 6898 MHz SG NR n7: 663 MHz ~ 6858 MHz ~ 5850 MHz WLAN 5. 6 GHz Band: 5250 MHz ~ 5250 MHz WLAN 5.
Mode	GSM/GPRS/EGPRS RMC/AMR 12.2Kbps HSDPA HSUPA LTE: QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM, 256QAM 5G NR: DFT-s-OFDM/CP-OFDM, Pi/2 BPSK/QPSK/16QAM/64QAM/256QAM WLAN: 802.11a/b/g/n/ac/ax HT20/HT40/VHT20/VHT40/VHT80/HE20/HE40/HE80 Bluetooth BR/EDR/LE/HR/Channel sounding NFC: ASK WPC Rx: ASK

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Reviewed by: <u>Jason Wang</u> Report Producer: <u>Carlie Tsai</u>

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2. Testing Location

Sporton Lab is accredited to ISO 17025 by Taiwan Accreditation Foundation (TAF code: 3786) and the FCC designation No. TW3786 under the FCC 2.948(e) by Mutual Recognition Agreement (MRA) in FCC test.

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Testing Laboratory					
Test Site	Test Site SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.				
Test Site Location	No.58, Aly. 75, Ln. 564, Wenhua 3rd, Rd., Guishan Dist., Taoyuan City 333010, Taiwan TEL:+886-3-327-0838 FAX: +886-3-327-0855				
Test Site No.	Sporton Site No.: SAR015-HY				

3. Applied Standards

- FCC CFR47 Part 20.19
- ANSI C63.19-2019
- FCC KDB 285076 D01 HAC Guidance v06r03
- FCC KDB 285076 D03 HAC FAQ v01r06

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4. Air Interfaces

Air Interface	Band MHz	Туре	C63.19 Tested	Simultaneous Transmitter	Name of Voice Service	Power Reduction
	GSM850	VO	Yes	WLAN, BT	CMRS Voice	No
GSM	GSM1900			WLAN, BT	Cimito voice	No
CON	EDGE850	VD	Yes	WLAN, BT	Google Meet	No
	EDGE1900			WLAN, BT		NIa
	Band II Band IV	VO	No ⁽¹⁾	WLAN, BT	CMDC Voice	No No
WCDMA	Band IV Band V	VO	INO(1)	WLAN, BT WLAN, BT	CMRS Voice	No
	HSPA	VD	No ⁽¹⁾	WLAN, BT	Google Meet	No
	Band 2	VD	INO	5G NR, WLAN, BT	Google Meet	No
	Band 4			5G NR, WLAN, BT	-	No
	Band 5			5G NR, WLAN, BT	-	No
	Band 7			5G NR, WLAN, BT	-	No
	Band 12			5G NR, WLAN, BT		No
	Band 13			5G NR, WLAN, BT	VoLTE	No
LTE FDD	Band 14	VD	No ⁽¹⁾	5G NR, WLAN, BT	VOLIE /	No
LILIDD	Band 17	٧٥	INO	5G NR, WLAN, BT	Google Meet	No
	Band 25			5G NR, WLAN, BT	- Google Weet	No
	Band 26			5G NR, WLAN, BT		No
	Band 30			5G NR, WLAN, BT		No
	Band 66			5G NR, WLAN, BT		No
	Band 71			5G NR, WLAN, BT		No
	Band 38			5G NR, WLAN, BT	VoLTE	No
LTE TDD	Band 41	VD	Yes	5G NR, WLAN, BT	- VOLIL	No
	Band 48	VD		5G NR, WLAN, BT	Google Meet	No
	n2			LTE, WLAN, BT	Google meet	No
	n5			LTE, WLAN, BT		No
	n7	LTE, WLAN, BT			No	
	n12			LTE, WLAN, BT		No
5G NR	n25		(4)	LTE, WLAN, BT	VoNR	No
FDD	n26	VD	No ⁽¹⁾	LTE, WLAN, BT	/	No
	n30			LTE, WLAN, BT	Google Meet	No
	n66			LTE, WLAN, BT		No
	n70			LTE, WLAN, BT		No
	n71			LTE, WLAN, BT		No
	n38			LTE, WLAN, BT		No
5G NR	n41	\/5	V	LTE, WLAN, BT	0	No
TDD	n48	VD	Yes	LTE, WLAN, BT	Google Meet	No
	n77			LTE, WLAN, BT		No
	2450			GSM, WCDMA, LTE, 5/6G NR		No
	5200			GSM, WCDMA, LTE, 5G NR, 2.4G WLAN, BT	VoWiFi	No
	5300	VD	No ⁽¹⁾	GSM, WCDMA, LTE, 5G NR, 2.4G WLAN, BT	/	No
	5500			GSM, WCDMA, LTE, 5G NR, 2.4G WLAN, BT	Google Meet	No
Wi-Fi	5800 / 5900			GSM, WCDMA, LTE, 5G NR, 2.4G WLAN, BT		No
	UNII-5				VoWiFi	No
	UNII-6	VD	No(1,2)	CCM MCDMA LTE 5C ND 2 4C MU AND DT	VOVVIFI	No
	UNII-7		GSM, WCDMA, LTE, 5G NR, 2.4G WLAN, BT	Google Meet	No	
	UNII-8				Joogle Meet	No
BT	2450	DT	No	GSM, WCDMA, LTE, 5/6G NR	NA	No

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Type Transport: VO= Voice only

DT= Digital Transport only (no voice)

VD= CMRS and IP Voice Service over Digital Transport

- The air interface max power plus MIF is complies with ANSI63.19-2019 Table 4.1 RF_{AIPL}
 The WiFi 6E above 6GHz portion is currently not within the scope of FCC Part 20.19, and therefore not evaluated.
 Because features of Google Meet allow the option of voice-only communications, Meet has been tested for HAC/T-Coil compatibility to ensure the best user experience.
- The device have similar frequency in some LTE and NR bands: LTE 38/41 and NR 38/41, since the supported frequency spans for the smaller LTE and NR bands are completely cover by the larger LTE and NR bands, therefore, only larger LTE and NR bands were required to be tested for hearing-aid compliance

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5. WD Emission Requirements

The WD's conducted power must be at or below either the stated RFAIPL (Table 4.1) or the stated peak power level (Table 4.2), or the average near-field emissions over the measurement area must be at or below the stated RFAIL (Table 4.3), or the stated peak field strength (Table 4.4). The WD may demonstrate compliance by meeting any of these four requirements, but it must do so in each of its operating bands at its established worst-case normal speech-mode operating condition.

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Table 4.1 - Wireless device RF audio interference power level					
Frequency range RF _{AIPL}					
(MHz)	(dBm)				
< 960	29				
960 - 2000	26				
> 2000	25				

Table 4.2 - Wireless device RF peak power level					
Frequency range RF _{Peak Power}					
(MHz)	(dBm)				
< 960	35				
960 - 2000	32				
> 2000	31				

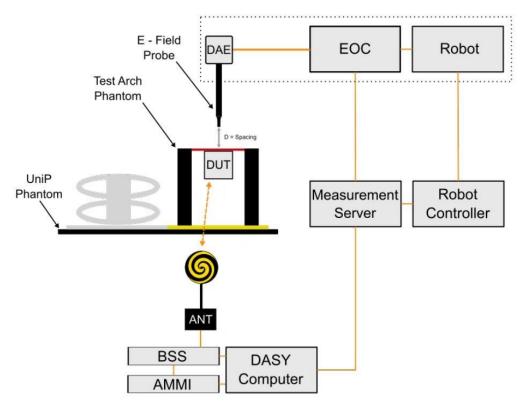
Table 4.3 - Wireless device RF audio interference level						
Frequency range	Frequency range RF _{AIL}					
(MHz) [dB(V/m)]						
< 960	39					
960 - 2000	36					
> 2000	35					

Table 4.4 - Wireless device RF peak near-field level					
Frequency range RF _{Peak}					
(MHz)	[dB(V/m)]				
< 960	45				
960 - 2000	42				
> 2000	41				

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6. System Description and Operation

<System Components>



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Remark:

A typical al DASY system for HAC measurements consists of

- 6-axis robotic arm (Staubli TX2-60L/ TX2-90XL) for positioning the probe
- Mounting Platform for keeping the phantoms at a field location relative to the robot
- Measurement Server for handling all time-critical tasks, such as measurement data acquisition and supervision of safety features
- EOC (Electrical to Optical Converter) for converting the optical signal from the Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE) to electrical before being transmitted to the measurement server
- · LB (Light Beam unit) for probe alignment (measurement of the exact probe length and eccentricity)
- · Test Arch for Device Under Test (DUT) testing
- DAE that reads the probe voltages and transmits them to the DASY PC. It is also used to detect probe touch and collision signals
- Device Holder for positioning the DUT beneath the phantom
- ANT (wideband Antenna) for broadcasting the downlink signals emitted by base station simulators (BSS) to the WD
- $\bullet\,$ Operator PC for running the DASY software to define/execute the measurements.

The following components are needed for RFail measurements only:

- · Modulation Interference Factor (MIF)
- Isotropic E-field, free-space probe (e.g., EF3DVx)
- · Radiofrequency (RF) emission calibration dipoles for system check / validation purposes.

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<EF3DV3 E-Field Probe Specification>

Construction	One dipole perallal two dipoles permal to probe axis				
Construction	One dipole parallel, two dipoles normal to probe axis				
	Interleaved sensors				
	Built-in shielding against static charges				
	PEEK enclosure material				
Calibration	In air from 30 MHz to 6.0 GHz				
	(absolute accuracy ±5.1%, k=2)				
Frequency	30 MHz – 6 GHz				
	Linearity: ±0.2 dB (100 MHz – 3 GHz)				
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in air (rotation around probe axis)				
	± 0.4 dB in air (rotation normal to probe axis)				
Dynamic Range	2 – >1000 V/m				
Linearity	± 0.2 dB				
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm)				
	Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (body: 12 mm)				
	Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1.5 mm				
	Sensor displacement to probe's calibration point: <0.7				
	mm				

Voltage to E-field Conversion

The measured voltage is first linearized to a quantity proportional to the square of the E-field using the (a, b, c, d) set of parameters specific to the communication system and sensor:

$$V_{compi} = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{10\frac{d}{10}}{dcp_i}$$

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where

 V_{compi} = compensated signal of channel i (μV) (i = x, y, z)

 U_i = input signal of channel i (μ V) (i = x, y, z)

d = PMR factor d (dB) (Probe parameter)

 $dcp_i = diode$ compression point of channel i (μV) (Probe parameter, i = x, y, z)

$$V_{compi}{}^{dB}\!\!\!\!\sqrt{_{\mu\nu}} = 10 + log_{10}\left(V_{compi}\right)$$

$$corr_i = a_i \cdot e - \left(\frac{V_{compi}{}^{dB}_{\sqrt{\mu V}}^{}^{-b_i}}{C_i}\right)^2$$

where

 $coor_i = correction factor of channel i (dB) (i = x, y, z)$

 $V_{compi\ dB}\sqrt{\mu V} = compensated\ voltage\ of\ channel\ i\ (dB\sqrt{\mu V})\ (i=x,y,z)$

 a_i = PMR factor a of channel i (dB) (Probe parameter, i = x,y,z)

 $b_i = PMR$ factor b of channel i (dB $\sqrt{\mu}V$) (Probe parameter, i = x,y,z)

 $c_i = PMR$ factor c of channel i (Probe parameter, i = x,y,z)

The voltage $V_{idB}\sqrt{\mu V}$ is the linearized voltage in $dB\sqrt{\mu V}$:

$$V_{i\,{}^{d}\!B_{\!\sqrt{\mu V}}}=V_{compi\,{}^{d}\!B_{\!\sqrt{\mu V}}}-corr_i$$

where

 $V_{i dB} \sqrt{\mu V} = \text{linearized voltage of channel i } (dB \sqrt{\mu V}) (i = x,y,z)$

 $V_{\text{compi dB}}\sqrt{\mu V} = \text{compensated voltage of channel i } (dB\sqrt{\mu V}) (i = x,y,z)$

 $Corr_i = correction factor of channel i (dB) (i = x,y,z)$

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Finally, the linearized voltage is converted in μV :

$$V_i = 10 rac{V_{i\,dB_{\sqrt{\mu V}}}}{10}$$

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where V_i = linearized voltage of channel i (μ V) (i = x,y,z)

 $V_{i dB}\sqrt{\mu V} = \text{linearized voltage of channel i } (dB\sqrt{\mu V} (i = x,y,z))$

The E-field data for each channel are calculated using the linearized voltage:

$$\text{E-field Probes}: E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$$

where V_i = compensated signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)

Norm_i = sensor sensitivity $(\mu V/(V/m)^2$ of channel i (i = x, y, z)

ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution E_i = electric field strength of channel i in V/m

The RMS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

Averaged E-field Calculation

The averaged E-field is defined by

$$E_{avg} = \frac{1}{n} \cdot \sum_{i=1}^{n} E_i$$

where n = the number of measurement grid point

E_i = the E-field measured at point i

RFail Calculation

The RFail is finally computed with

$$RFail[dB(V/m)] = 20 \cdot \log_{10}(E_{ava}) + MIF$$

where RFail = the Radio Frequency Audio Interference Level in dB(V/m)

E_{avg} = the averaged E-field in (V/m) calculated MIF = the Modulation Interference Factor in dB.

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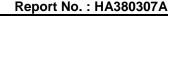
7. RF Emissions Test Procedure

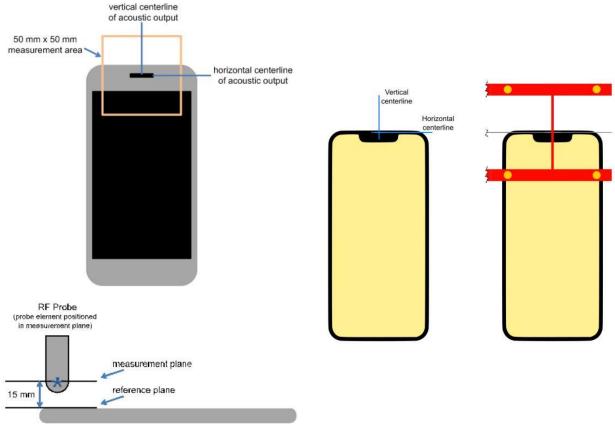
Test Instructions Confirm proper operation of probes and instrumentation Position WD Configure WD TX operation Per 4.5.3.2.2 steps a) to c) Initialize field probe Scan Area Per 4.5.3.2.2 steps d) to f) Calculate the average of the measured field strength quantity (R_{FAIL}, rms average, or peak) Direct method: Record the average RF Audio Interference Level over the scan grid, in dB(V/m) Indirect method: Add the MIF to the average rms field strength in dB(V/m) over scan grid and record the RF Audio Interference Level, in dB(V/m) > Peak method: Record the average peak field strength over the scan grid, in dB(V/m) Per 4.5.3.2.2 steps g) to i) 4.5.3.2.3 & 4.5.3.2.4 Determine compliance Per 4.7

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Figure of WD near-field emission scan flowchart according to ANSI 63.19:2019

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The references and reference plane that shall be used in the WD emissions measurement

Device Under Test Positioning under the Test Arch

Test procedure: Indirect measurement—preferred

- a. The measurement procedure using a probe and instrumentation chain with a response of <10 kHz (see ANSI63.19-2019 section4.5.1) is identical to the direct measurement method of ANSI63.19-2019 section4.5.3.2.2: however, because of the bandwidth limitations, it cannot include the direct use of the spectral and temporal weighting functions. The output of such measurement systems must be readings of steady state rms field strength in dB(V/m).
- b. The RF audio interference level in dB(V/m) is obtained by adding the Modulation Interference Factor (in decibels) to the average steady state rms field strength reading over the measurement area, in dB(V/m), from Step c). Use this result to determine the WD's compliance per ANSI 63.19-2019 section4.7.
- c. Scan the entire 50 mm by 50 mm measurement area in equally spaced step sizes and record the reading at each measurement point. The step size shall meet the specification for step size in ANSI 63.19:2019 section 4.5.3.
- d. Calculate the average of the measurements taken in Step c
- e. Convert the average value found in Step d) to RF audio interference level, in volts per meter, by taking the square root of the reading and then dividing it by the measurement system transfer function, as established in ANSI 63.19:2019 section4.5.3.2.1 pre-test procedure. Convert the result to dB(V/m) by taking the base-10 logarithm and multiplying it by 20. Expressed as a formula

RF audio interference level in db(V/M) 20 * log(Rave $^{1/2}$ / TF) where

Rave is the average reading

- f. Compare this RF audio interference level to the limits in ANSI 63.19:2019 section4.7 and record the result
- g. Per ANSI63.19-2019 section4.6, WDs capable of operating multiple transmitters shall be subject to emissions requirements for all such transmitters expected to be operated when the WD is in voice mode operation positioned at a user's ear. Each qualified transmitter is tested individually using the method of Clause 4. Other WD transmitters shall be temporarily disabled or reduced in power level such that their average antenna input power is at least 6 dB lower than the average antenna input power of the transmitter under test. The transmitter under test is set to the fixed and repeatable combination of power and modulation characteristic that is representative of the worst case (highest interference potential) likely to be encountered while the WD is experiencing normal voice mode operation. The limiting measurement for device qualification is the highest RF audio interference potential measured for any of the WD transmitters. If the highest interference measurement is from a transmitter that is not required for normal voice mode operation, a secondary rating may be given that applies when that transmitter is disabled

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8. Test Equipment List

Manufacture	Name of Equipment	Towns (Manual of	Carial Name has	Calibration		
Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Due Date	
SPEAG	835MHz Calibration Dipole(2)	CD835V3	1182	Apr. 20, 2022	Apr. 18, 2024	
SPEAG	1880MHz Calibration Dipole ⁽²⁾	CD1880V3	1168	Apr. 20, 2022	Apr. 18, 2024	
SPEAG	2450MHz Calibration Dipole ⁽²⁾	CD2450V3	1039	Apr. 20, 2022	Apr. 18, 2024	
SPEAG	2600Mhz Calibration Dipole ⁽²⁾	CD2600V3	1010	Apr. 20, 2022	Apr. 18, 2024	
SPEAG	3500Mhz Calibration Dipole	CD3500V3	1009	Mar. 22, 2023	Mar. 21, 2024	
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	699	Feb. 22, 2023	Feb. 21, 2024	
SPEAG	Isotropic E-Field Probe	EF3DV3	4088	Aug. 15, 2023	Aug. 14, 2024	
Testo	Hygro meter	608-H1	45196600	Nov. 02, 2022	Nov. 01, 2023	
R&S	Wideband Radio Communication Tester	CMW500	115793	Nov. 30, 2022	Nov. 29, 2023	
R&S	Wideband Radio Communication Tester	CMX500	101931	Sep. 12, 2023	Sep. 11, 2024	
SPEAG	Test Arch Phantom	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR	
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR	
Anritsu	Signal Generator	MG3710A	6201502524	Sep. 27, 2023	Sep. 26, 2024	
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1419002	Aug. 17, 2023	Aug. 16, 2024	
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	1911176	Aug. 18, 2023	Aug. 17, 2024	
ATM	Dual Directional Coupler	C122H-10	P610410z-02	NCR	NCR	
Woken	Attenuator	WK0602-XX	N/A	NCR	NCR	
Anritsu	Spectrum Analyzer	N9010A	MY53470118	Jan. 10, 2023	Jan. 09, 2024	
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZVE-8G+	479102029	Sep. 14, 2023	Sep. 13, 2024	
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZHL-42W+	715701915	May. 19, 2023	May. 18, 2024	

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Note:

- NCR: "No-Calibration Required"

 The dipole calibration interval can be extended to 3 years with justification according to KDB 865664 D01. The dipoles are also not physically damaged, or repaired during the interval. The justification data in appendix C can be found which the return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration, the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration for each dipole.

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9. System Validation

Obtaining accurate measurements and relevant quantities in Module HAC depends on the proper functioning of many components and the correct parameter settings. Faulty results due to drift, failures, or incorrect parameters might not be recognized, as the differences might not be obvious in the measurements.

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SPEAG DASY incorporates a system check, also called system verification procedure, to test for the proper functioning of the system based on the tests described in ANSI C63.19-2019: the RF interference potential test setup is verified with RF Emission Calibration Dipoles.

<Test Setup>

- Set the RF signal generator for either CW. Set its output power so the peak power applied to the antenna is equal to that recorded for the real or emulated signal using the WD modulation format
- 2. Average input power P = 100 mW (20 dBm) after adjustment for return loss. An input power that generates field levels similar to those from the WD or other suitable level may also be used
- 3. The test fixture should meet the two-wavelength separation criterion
- 4. The probe-to-dipole separation, which is measured from closest surface of the dipole to the center point of the probe sensor element, should be 15 mm

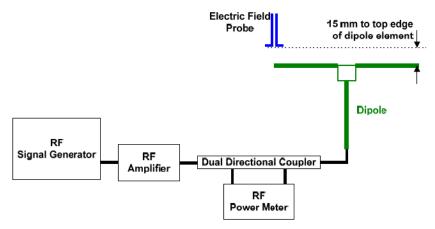


Figure of Setup Diagram

<Validation Procedure>

Place a dipole antenna meeting the requirements given in ANSI 63.19: 2019 D.11 in the position normally occupied by the WD. The dipole antenna serves as a known source for an electrical and magnetic output. Position the E-field probe so that:

- a. The probe and its cable are parallel to the coaxial feed of the dipole antenna
- b. The probe cable and the coaxial feed of the dipole antenna approach the measurement area from opposite directions; and
- c. The center point of the probe element(s) is 15 mm from the closest surface of the dipole elements

Scan the length of the dipole with the E-field probe and record the two maximum values found near the dipole ends. Average the two readings and compare the reading to expected value in the calibration certificate or expected value in this standard.

Frequency (MHz)	Input Power (dBm)	Target Value (V/m)	Emax (V/m)	Deviation (%)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Date
835	20	109.9	117	6.46	1182	4088	699	Oct. 10, 2023
1880	20	86.6	90.4	4.39	1168	4088	699	Oct. 10, 2023
2450	20	85.5	89.4	4.56	1039	4088	699	Oct. 10, 2023
2600	20	82.9	87.1	5.07	1010	4088	699	Oct. 10, 2023
3500	20	84	87.7	4.40	1009	4088	699	Oct. 10, 2023

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10. Modulation Interference Factor

For any specific fixed and repeatable modulated signal, a Modulation Interference Factor (MIF, expressed in decibels) may be developed that relates its interference potential to its steady state rms signal level or average power level. This factor is a function only of the audio frequency amplitude modulation characteristics of the signal and is the same for field strength or conducted power measurements. It is important to emphasize that the MIF is valid only for a specific repeatable audio frequency amplitude modulation characteristic. Any change in modulation characteristic requires determination and application of a new MIF.

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MIF may be determined using a radiated RF field, a conducted RF signal, or, in a preliminary stage, a mathematical analysis of a modeled RF signal.

- a. Verify the slope accuracy and dynamic range capability over the desired operating frequency band of a fast probe or sensor, square-law detector, as specified in ANSI 63.19: 2019 D.3, and weighting system as specified in ANSI 63.19: 2019 D.4 and ANSI 63.19: 2019 D.5. For the probe and instrumentation included in the measurement of MIF, additional calibration and application of calibration factors are not required.
- b. Using RF illumination, or conducted coupling, apply the specific modulated signal in question to the measurement system at a level within its confirmed operating dynamic range
- c. Measure the steady-state rms level at the output of the fast probe or sensor
- d. Measure the steady-state average level at the weighting output
- e. Without changing the square-law detector or weighting system, and using RF illumination, or conducted coupling, substitute for the specific modulated signal a 1 kHz, 80% amplitude modulated carrier at the same frequency and adjust its strength until the level at the weighting output equals the Step d) measurement
- f. Without changing the carrier level from Step e), remove the 1 kHz modulation and again measure the steadystate rms level indicated at the output of the fast probe or sensor.
- g. The MIF for the specific modulation characteristic is given by the ratio of the Step f) measurement to the Step c) measurement, expressed in decibels (20*log(step6/step3)

In practice, Step e) and Step f) need not be repeated for each MIF determination if the relationship between the two measurements has been pre-established for the measurement system over the operating frequency and dynamic ranges. In such cases, only the modulation characteristic being tested needs to be available during WD testing

Since indirect measurement procedure was using for RF audio interference power level evaluation, the MIF values applied in this test report were provided by the HAC equipment provider of SPEAG, and the worst values for all air interface are listed below to be determine the Wireless device RF audio interference power level.

UID	Communication System Name	MIF(dB)
10021	GSM-FDD(TDMA,GMSK)	3.63
10025	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0)	3.75
10460	UMTS-FDD(WCDMA, AMR)	-25.43
10225	UMTS-FDD (HSPA+)	-20.39
10170	LTE-FDD(SC-FDMA,1RB,20MHz,16-QAM)	-9.76
10173	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	-1.44
10769	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 1 RB, 15 MHz, QPSK, 15 kHz)	-12.08
10797	5G NR (CP-OFDM, 1 RB, 40 MHz, QPSK, 30 kHz)	-14.32
10900	5G NR (DFT-s-OFDM, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK, 30 kHz)	-16.68
10932	5G NR (DFT-s-OFDM, 1 RB, 25 MHz, QPSK, 15 kHz)	-15.06
10973	5G NR (DFT-s-OFDM, 1 RB, 100 MHz, QPSK, 30 kHz)	-1.64
10061	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 11 Mbps)	-2.02
10077	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 54 Mbps)	0.12
10427	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greeneld, 150 Mbps, 64-QAM)	-13.44
10069	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 54 Mbps)	-3.15
10616	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS0, 90pc duty cycle)	-5.57
10671	IEEE 802.11ax (20MHz, MCS0, 90pc duty cycle)	-5.58

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11. Evaluation of WD RF interference potential

General Note:

1. In this report, max conducted power from each air interface was first used to evaluate whether it complies with ANSI63.19-2019 Table 4.1 RF_{AIPL}, compliance with table 4.1 means compliance with WD emission requirements. the RF_{AIPL} evaluation refer to section 11.1 for detail.

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2. If there some air interface were not meet ANSI63.19-2019 table 4.1 requirement, these air interfaces were further evaluation ANSI63.19-2019 Table 4.3 RFAIL requirement. And the RFAIL evaluation result refer to section11.2

11.1 Evaluation RFAIPL

<WWAN Max Tune-up Limit>

- 1. Since the device support TAS feature for UMTS, LTE and FR1, thus HAC RF was evaluated at Pmax Power
- 2. The GSM Pmax Power was conservatively used to complies with ANSI63.19-2019 Table 4.1 RFAIPL.

D : T -	5 111 1		F	1)		
Radio Tech	Band Number	Ant 0	Ant 1	Ant 2	Ant 5	Ant 6
GSM/GPRS 1TX	850	33.50	33.00			
EGPRS 1TX	850	28.00	27.50			
GSM/GPRS 1TX	1900	30.00		30.50		
EGPRS 1TX	1900	26.00		26.00		
UMTS/HSPA	B2	25.20		25.70		
UMTS/HSPA	B4	25.20		25.70		
UMTS/HSPA	B5	25.70	25.20			
LTE	B2	25.20	25.70	25.70	25.20	
LTE	B4	25.20		25.70		
LTE	B5	25.70	25.20			
LTE	B7	25.20		25.70		
LTE	B12	25.70	25.30			
LTE	B13	25.70	25.20			
LTE	B14	25.70	25.20			
LTE	B17	25.70	25.20			
LTE	B25	25.20		25.70		
LTE	B26	25.70	25.20			
LTE	B30	25.20		24.00		
LTE	B38 PC3	25.20		25.70		
LTE	B38 PC2	27.00		27.50		
LTE	B41 PC3	25.20		25.70		
LTE	B41 PC2	27.00		27.50		
LTE	B48			25.70		25.20
LTE	B66	25.20	25.70	25.70	25.20	
LTE	B71	25.70	25.30			
5G FR1	n2	25.20		25.70		
5G FR1	n5	25.70	25.20			
5G FR1	n7	25.20		25.70		
5G FR1	n12	25.70	25.30			
5G FR1	n25	25.20		25.70		
5G FR1	n26	25.70	25.20			
5G FR1	n30	25.20		24.00		
5G FR1	n38	25.20		25.70		
5G FR1	n41 PC3	25.20		25.70		
5G FR1	n41 PC2	27.00		27.50		
5G FR1	n48			25.70		25.20
5G FR1	n66	25.20		25.70		
5G FR1	n70	25.20		25.70		
5G FR1	n71	25.70	25.30			
5G FR1	n77 PC3		25.00	24.70	25.00	25.20
5G FR1	n77 PC2			26.70		27.30

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<Evaluation RF audio interference power level>

General Note:

- 1. Use maximum power plus worst case MIF to determine whether it complies with RF_{AIPL}
- 2. If maximum power plus worst case MIF does not complies with RF_{AIPL}, then further evaluation RF_{AIL} include in section 11.2.

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- 3. EDGE data modes is not necessary due the GSM Voice mode is the worst case.
- 4. According to ANSI C63.19 2019, if maximum power plus worst case MIF is complies with RF_{AIPL}, means compliance with WD emission requirements.

	Ant 0								
Max Average Air Interface Antenna Input Power (dBm)		Worst Case MIF (dB)	Power + MIF(dB)	C63.19 Lowest RF _{AIPL} (dBm)	C63.19 RF _{AIL} Test Required				
GSM850	33.50	3.63	37.13	26.0	Yes				
EDGE850	28.00	3.75	31.75	26.0	Yes ⁽³⁾				
GSM1900	30.00	3.63	33.63	26.0	Yes				
EDGE1900 26.00		3.75	29.75	26.0	Yes ⁽³⁾				
WCDMA	25.70	-25.43	0.27	26.0	No				
WCDMA - HSPA	24.20	-20.39	3.81	26.0	No				
LTE - FDD	25.70	-9.76	15.94	25.0	No				
LTE - TDD_PC3	25.20	-1.44	23.76	25.0	No				
LTE – TDD_PC2	27.00	-1.44	25.56	25.0	Yes				
5G FR1 - FDD	25.70	-12.08	13.62	25.0	No				
5G NR - TDD_PC3	25.20	-12.08	13.12	25.0	No				
5G NR - TDD_PC2	27.00	-1.64	25.36	25.0	Yes				

	Ant 1									
Max Average Air Interface Antenna Input Power (dBm)		Worst Case MIF (dB)	Power + MIF(dB)	C63.19 Lowest RF _{AIPL} (dBm)	C63.19 RF _{AIL} Test Required					
GSM850	GSM850 33.00		36.63	26.0	Yes					
EDGE850	27.50	3.75	31.25	26.0	Yes ⁽³⁾					
WCDMA	25.20	-25.43	-0.23	26.0	No					
WCDMA - HSPA	24.20	-20.39 3	3.81	26.0	No					
LTE - FDD	LTE - FDD 25.70		15.94	25.0	No					
5G FR1 - FDD 25.30		-12.08	13.22	25.0	No					
5G NR - TDD_PC3	25.00	-12.08	12.92	25.0	No					

	Ant 2									
Max Average Air Interface Antenna Input Power (dBm)		Worst Case MIF (dB)	Power + MIF(dB)	C63.19 Lowest RF _{AIPL} (dBm)	C63.19 RF _{AIL} Test Required					
GSM1900	30.50	3.63	34.13	26.0	Yes					
EDGE1900 26.00		3.75	29.75	26.0	Yes ⁽³⁾					
WCDMA 25.70		-25.43	0.27	26.0	No					
WCDMA - HSPA	24.20	-20.39 -9.76	3.81	26.0	No					
LTE - FDD	25.70		15.94	25.0	No					
LTE - TDD_PC3	25.70	-1.44	24.26	25.0	No					
LTE - TDD_PC2	27.50	-1.44	26.06	25.0	Yes					
5G FR1 - FDD 25.70		-12.08	13.62	25.0	No					
5G NR - TDD_PC3	25.70	-12.08	13.62	25.0	No					
5G NR - TDD_PC2	27.50	-1.64	25.86	25.0	Yes					

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Ant 5									
Air Interface	Max Average Antenna Input Power (dBm)	Worst Case MIF (dB)	Power + MIF(dB)	C63.19 Lowest RF _{AIPL} (dBm)	C63.19 RF _{AIL} Test Required				
LTE - FDD	25.20	-9.76	15.44	25.0	No				
5G FR1 - FDD_PC3	25.00	-12.08	12.92	25.0	No				

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Ant 6									
Air Interface	Max Average Antenna Input Power (dBm)	Worst Case MIF (dB)	Power + MIF(dB)	C63.19 Lowest RF _{AIPL} (dBm)	C63.19 RF _{AIL} Test Required				
LTE - TDD	25.20	-1.44	23.76	25.0	No				
5G NR - TDD_PC3	25.20	-12.08	13.12	25.0	No				
5G NR - TDD_PC2	27.30	-1.64	25.66	25.0	Yes				

<Max Tune-up Limit>

Ante	enna	Ant 4	Ant 3	Ant 4+3
	802.11b	12.50	12.50	
	802.11g			15.50
2.4GHz WLAN	802.11n-HT20			15.50
	802.11ac-VHT20			15.50
	802.11ax-HE20			15.50
	802.11a	18.00		21.00
	802.11n-HT20	18.00		21.00
	802.11n-HT40	18.00		21.00
	802.11ac-VHT20	18.00		21.00
5GHz WLAN	802.11ac-VHT40	18.00		21.00
	802.11ac-VHT80	18.00		21.00
	802.11ax-HE20	18.00		21.00
	802.11ax-HE40	18.00		21.00
	802.11ax-HE80	18.00		21.00
	802.11a	14.00		17.00
6GHz WLAN	802.11ax-HE20	14.00		17.00
(UNII5)	802.11ax-HE40	14.00		17.00
	802.11ax-HE80	14.00		17.00

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<Evaluation RF audio interference power level>

General Note:

- Use maximum power plus worst case MIF to determine whether it complies with RF_{AIPL}
 According to ANSI C63.19 2019, if maximum power plus worst case MIF is complies with RF_{AIPL}, means compliance with WD emission requirements.

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Ant 4						
Air Interface		Max Average Antenna Input Power (dBm)	Worst Case MIF (dB)	Power + MIF(dB)	C63.19 Lowest RF _{AIPL} (dBm)	C63.19 RF _{AIL} Test Required
2.4GHz WLAN	802.11b	12.50	-2.02	10.48	25	No
	802.11a	18.00	-3.15	14.85	25	No
	802.11n-HT20	18.00	-13.44	4.56	25	No
	802.11n-HT40	18.00	-13.44	4.56	25	No
	802.11ac-VHT20	18.00	-5.57	12.43	25	No
5GHz WLAN	802.11ac-VHT40	18.00	-5.57	12.43	25	No
	802.11ac-VHT80	18.00	-5.57	12.43	25	No
	802.11ax-HE20	18.00	-5.58	12.42	25	No
	802.11ax-HE40	18.00	-5.58	12.42	25	No
	802.11ax-HE80	18.00	-5.58	12.42	25	No
	802.11a	14.00	-3.15	10.85	25	No
6GHz WLAN	802.11ax-HE20	14.00	-5.58	8.42	25	No
(U-NII 5)	802.11ax-HE40	14.00	-5.58	8.42	25	No
	802.11ax-HE80	14.00	-5.58	8.42	25	No

	Ant 3									
Max Average Air Interface Antenna Input Power (dBm)				Worst Case MIF (dB)	Power + MIF(dB)	C63.19 Lowest RF _{AIPL} (dBm)	C63.19 RF _{AIL} Test Required			
	2.4GHz WLAN	802.11b	12.50	-2.02	10.48	25.0	No			

Ant 4+3						
Air Interface		Max Average Antenna Input Power (dBm)	Worst Case MIF (dB)	Power + MIF(dB)	C63.19 Lowest RF _{AIPL} (dBm)	C63.19 RF _{AIL} Test Required
	802.11g	15.50	0.12	15.62	25.0	No
2.4GHz WLAN	802.11n-HT20	15.50	-13.44	2.06	25.0	No
2.4GHZ WLAIN	802.11ac-VHT20	15.50	-5.57	9.93	25.0	No
	802.11ax-HE20	15.50	-5.58	9.92	25.0	No
	802.11a	21.00	-3.15	17.85	25.0	No
	802.11n-HT20	21.00	-13.44	7.56	25.0	No
	802.11n-HT40	21.00	-13.44	7.56	25.0	No
	802.11ac-VHT20	21.00	-5.57	15.43	25.0	No
5GHz WLAN	802.11ac-VHT40	21.00	-5.57	15.43	25.0	No
	802.11ac-VHT80	21.00	-5.57	15.43	25.0	No
	802.11ax-HE20	21.00	-5.58	15.42	25.0	No
	802.11ax-HE40	21.00	-5.58	15.42	25.0	No
	802.11ax-HE80	21.00	-5.58	15.42	25.0	No
	802.11a	17.00	-3.15	13.85	25.0	No
6GHz WLAN	802.11ax-HE20	17.00	-5.58	11.42	25.0	No
(UNII5)	802.11ax-HE40	17.00	-5.58	11.42	25.0	No
	802.11ax-HE80	17.00	-5.58	11.42	25.0	No

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11.2 Evaluation RFAIL

General Note:

1. The HAC measurement system applies MIF value onto the measured RMS E-field, which is indirect method in ANSI C63.19-2019 version, and reports the RF audio interference level.

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- 2. Phone Condition: Mute on; Backlight off; Max Volume
- 3. Since the LTE B41 and NR n41/n77 power class 3 maximum power plus MIF is complies with ANSI63.19-2019 Table 4.1 RF_{AIPL}, therefore, only power class2 evaluated RF_{AIL}.
- 4. Since the FR1 n41/n77 that the maximum channel bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels in the frequency band, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels were selected for testing.

Plot No.	Air Interface	Modulation / Mode	Channel	Transmit Ant.	Average Antenna Input Power (dBm)	MIF	RF _{AIL} (dBV/m)
1	GSM850	Voice	128	Ant 0	32.17	3.63	34.17
2	GSM850	Voice	189	Ant 0	32.14	3.63	34.91
3	GSM850	Voice	251	Ant 0	32.22	3.63	35.40
4	GSM850	Voice	128	Ant 1	30.91	3.63	37.16
5	GSM850	Voice	189	Ant 1	30.8	3.63	38.06
6	GSM850	Voice	251	Ant 1	30.62	3.63	37.69
7	GSM1900	Voice	512	Ant 2	29.35	3.63	26.74
8	GSM1900	Voice	661	Ant 2	29.48	3.63	26.62
9	GSM1900	Voice	810	Ant 2	29.41	3.63	26.64
10	GSM1900	Voice	512	Ant 0	29.16	3.63	25.02
11	GSM1900	Voice	661	Ant 0	29.02	3.63	27.07
12	GSM1900	Voice	810	Ant 0	29.04	3.63	27.16
13	LTE Band 41_HPUE	20M_QPSK_1_0	39750	Ant 2	26.77	-1.44	21.53
14	LTE Band 41_HPUE	20M_QPSK_1_0	40620	Ant 2	26.65	-1.44	22.47
15	LTE Band 41_HPUE	20M_QPSK_1_0	41490	Ant 2	26.68	-1.44	23.94
16	LTE Band 41_HPUE	20M_QPSK_1_0	39750	Ant 0	25.86	-1.44	22.60
17	LTE Band 41_HPUE	20M_QPSK_1_0	40620	Ant 0	25.62	-1.44	20.48
18	LTE Band 41_HPUE	20M_QPSK_1_0	41490	Ant 0	25.66	-1.44	21.55
19	FR1_n41_HPUE	100M_BPSK_1_1	518598	Ant 2	27.08	-1.64	22.15
20	FR1_n41_HPUE	100M_BPSK_1_1	518598	Ant 0	26.38	-1.64	21.11
21	FR1_n77_HPUE	100M_BPSK_1_1	656000	Ant 6	26.33	-1.64	24.85
22	FR1_n77_HPUE	100M_BPSK_1_1	633332	Ant 6	26.05	-1.64	23.56
23	FR1_n77_HPUE	100M_BPSK_1_1	656000	Ant 2	25.54	-1.64	21.27
24	FR1_n77_HPUE	100M_BPSK_1_1	633332	Ant 2	25.51	-1.64	21.95

Test Engineer: White Huang and Willy Yu

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12. Uncertainty Assessment

The component of uncertainly may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainly by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type A evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

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The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances. Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is showed below Table..

The judgment of conformity in the report is based on the measurement results excluding the measurement uncertainty.

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (E)	Standard Uncertainty (E)
Measurement System					
Probe Calibration	5.1	Normal	1	1	± 5.1 %
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.7 %
Sensor Displacement	16.5	Rectangular	√3	1	± 9.5 %
Boundary Effects	2.4	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.4 %
Phantom Boundary Effects	7.2	Rectangular	√3	1	± 4.1 %
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.7 %
Scaling with PMR Calibration	10.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 5.77 %
System Detection Limit	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.6 %
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	± 0.3 %
Response Time	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.5 %
Integration Time	2.6	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.5 %
RF Ambient Conditions	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.7 %
RF Reflections	12.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 6.9 %
Probe Positioner	1.2	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.7 %
Probe Positioning	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.7 %
Extrap. and Interpolation	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.6 %
Test Sample Related					
Device Positioning Vertical	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.7 %
Device Positioning Lateral	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.6 %
Device Holder and Phantom	2.4	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.4 %
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.9 %
Phantom and Setup Related					
Phantom Thickness	2.4	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.4 %
Combined Standard Uncertainty					± 16.30 %
Coverage Factor for 95 %					K = 2
Combined Std. Uncertainty					± 16.30 %
Coverage Factor for 95 %					K = 2
Expanded STD Uncertainty					± 32.6 %

The test results with all measurement uncertainty excluded are presented in accordance with the regulation limits or requirements declared by manufacturers.

Comments and Explanations:

The declared of product specification for EUT presented in the report are provided by the manufacturer, and the manufacturer takes all the responsibilities for the accuracy of product specification.

Uncertainty Budget of HAC free field assessment

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13. References

[1] ANSI C63.19:2019, "American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids", Aug. 2019.

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- [2] FCC KDB 285076 D01v06r03, "Equipment Authorization Guidance for Hearing Aid Compatibility", Sep. 2023.
- [3] FCC KDB 285076 D03v01r06, "Hearing aid compatibility frequently asked questions", Jul. 2022
- [4] SPEAG DASY System Handbook

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