RADIO TEST REPORT

Report No:STS1808137W01

Issued for

Zini Mobiles Limited

1310, Block B, Zhongshen Garden Building, Caitian Road, Futian District, Shenzhen, China.

Product Name:	World smallest phone
Brand Name:	ZANCO
Model Name:	tiny t1
Series Model:	tiny t2, tiny t3, tiny t4, tiny t5, tiny t6
FCC ID:	2AL8R-TINY
Test Standard:	FCC Part 22H and 24E

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TEL: +86-755 3688 6288 FAX: +86-755 3688 6277 E-mail:sts@stsapp.com

TEST RESULT CERTIFICATION

Applicant's name ..... :	Zini Mobiles Limited
Address ..... :	1310, Block B, Zhongshen Garden Building, Caitian Road, Futian District, Shenzhen, China.
Manufacture's Name ..... :	Zini Mobiles Limited
Address ..... :	1310, Block B, Zhongshen Garden Building, Caitian Road, Futian District, Shenzhen, China.

Product discription

Product Name ..... :	World smallest phone
Brand Name ..... :	ZANCO
Model Name ..... :	tiny t1
Series Model ..... :	tiny t2, tiny t3, tiny t4, tiny t5, tiny t6
Test Standards ..... :	FCC Part 22H and 24E
Test procedure	KDB 971168 D01 v03r01,ANSI C63.26(2015)

This device described above has been tested by STS and the test results show that the equipment under test (EUT) is in compliance with the FCC requirements. And it is applicable only to the tested sample identified in the report.
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Date of Test .....

Date of performance of tests	15 Aug. 2018~30 Aug. 2018
Date of Issue	31 Aug. 2018
Test Result	**Pass**

Testing Engineer : Chris chen
(Chris chen)

Technical Manager : Sean She
(Sean she)

Authorized Signatory : Vita Li
(Vita Li)

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Revision History

Rev.	Issue Date	Report NO.	Effect Page	Contents
00	31 Aug. 2018	STS1808137W01	ALL	Initial Issue

SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

Test procedures according to the technical standards:

The radiated emission testing was performed according to the procedures of KDB 971168 D01 v03r01 and ANSI C63.26(2015)

FCC Rules	Test Description	Test Limit	Test Result	Reference
2.1049	Conducted OutputPower	Reporting Only	PASS	
2.0146 24.232	Peak-to-AverageRatio	< 13 dB	PASS	
2.1046 22.913 24.232	Effective Radiated Power/Equivalent Isotropic Radiated Power	< 7 Watts max. ERP(Part 22) < 2 Watts max. EIRP(Part 24)	PASS	
2.1049 22.917 24.238	Occupied Bandwidth	Reporting Only	PASS	
2.1055 22.355 24.235	Frequency Stability	< 2.5 ppm (Part 22) Emission must remain in band (Part 24)	PASS	
2.1051 22.917 24.238	Spurious Emission at Antenna Terminals	< 43+10log10(P[Watts])	PASS	
2.1053 22.917 24.238	Field Strength of Spurious Radiation	< 43+10log10(P[Watts])	PASS	
2.1051 22.917 24.238	Band Edge	< 43+10log10(P[Watts])	PASS	

1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 TEST FACTORY

Shenzhen STS Test Services Co., Ltd.
Add. : 1/F., Building B, Zhuoke Science Park, No.190, Chongqing Road,
Fuyong Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China
CNAS Registration No.: L7649; FCC Registration No.: 625569
IC Registration No.: 12108A; A2LA Certificate No.: 4338.01;

1.2 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The measurement uncertainties shown below were calculated in accordance with the requirements ofANSI C63.4-2014. All measurement uncertainty values are shown with a coverage factor of k = 2 toindicate a 95% level of confidence. The measurement data shown herein meets or exceeds the UCISPRmeasurement uncertainty values specified in CISPR 16-4-2 and, thus, can be compared directly tospecified limits to determine compliance. ◦

No.	Item	Uncertainty
1	RF power,conducted	±0.70dB
2	Spurious emissions,conducted	±1.19dB
5	All emissions,radiated(<1G) 30MHz-200MHz	±2.83dB
6	All emissions,radiated(<1G) 200MHz-1000MHz	±2.94dB
7	All emissions,radiated(>1G)	±3.03dB
8	Temperature	±0.5°C
9	Humidity	±2%

2 PRODUCT INFORMATION

Product Name	World smallest phone
Trade Name	ZANCO
Model Name	tiny t1
Series Model	tiny t2, tiny t3, tiny t4, tiny t5, tiny t6
Model Difference	Only different in model name and color
Tx Frequency:	GSM: 850: 824 MHz ~ 849MHz 1900: 1850 MHz ~ 1910MHz
Rx Frequency:	GSM: 850: 869 MHz ~ 894 MHz 1900: 1930 MHz ~ 1990MHz
Max RF Output Power:	GSM850:31.89dBm, PCS1900:28.8dBm
Type of Emission:	GSM(850): 323KGXW; GSM(1900): 318KGXW
SIM Card:	Only support single SIM Card.
Antenna:	PIFA Antenna
Antenna gain:	GSM 850: 0dBi ,PCS 1900:0dBi
Power Supply:	DC 3.7V by battery
Battery parameter:	Capacity: 190mAh, Rated Voltage: 3.7V
Extreme Vol. Limits:	DC 3.4 V to 4.2V (Nominal DC3.7V)
Extreme Temp. Tolerance:	-30℃ to +50℃
Hardware version number:	T78_v2.0
Software version number:	T78_OVERSEA_ZANCO_20170911
*** Note: The High Voltage 4.2V and Low Voltage 3.4V was declared by manufacturer, The EUT couldn't be operate normally with higher or lower voltage.*	

3 TEST CONFIGURATION OF EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST

Antenna port conducted and radiated test items were performed according to KDB 971168 D01 and ANSI C63.26 2015 Power Meas. License Digital Systems with maximum output power.

Radiated measurements were performed with rotating EUT in different three orthogonal test planes to find the maximum emission.

Radiated emissions were investigated as following frequency range:

1. 30 MHz to 10th harmonic for GSM850.

2. 30 MHz to 10th harmonic for GSM1900.

All modes and data rates and positions were investigated.

Test modes are chosen to be reported as the worst case configuration below:

	TEST MODES	
BAND	RADIATED TCS	CONDUCTED TCS
GSM 850	GSM LINK	GSM LINK
GSM 1900	GSM LINK	GSM LINK

4 MEASUREMENT INSTRUMENTS

Kind of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type No.	Serial No.	Last Calibra-tion	Calibrated Until
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESCI	102086	2017.10.15	2018.10.14
Signal Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	MY49100060	2017.10.15	2018.10.14
Test Receiver	R&S	ESCI	101427	2017.10.15	2018.10.14
Universal Radio Communication Tester	R&S	CMW500	131428	2018.03.11	2019.03.10
Bilog Antenna	TESEQ	CBL6111D	34678	2017.11.02	2018.11.01
Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA 9120D	9120D-1343	2017.10.27	2018.10.26
SHF-EHF Horn Antenna (18G-40GHz)	A-INFO	LB-180400-KF	N/A	2018.03.11	2019.03.10
Low frequency cable	EM	R01	N/A	2018.03.11	2019.03.10
Low frequency cable	EM	R06	N/A	2018.03.11	2019.03.10
High frequency cable	SCHWARZBECK	R04	N/A	2018.03.11	2019.03.10
High frequency cable	SCHWARZBECK	R02	N/A	2018.03.11	2019.03.10
Pre-mplifier (0.1M-3GHz)	EM	EM330	60538	2018.03.11	2019.03.10
PreAmplifier (1G-26.5GHz)	Agilent	8449B	60538	2017.10.15	2018.10.14
Band Reject fil-ter(1920-1980MHz)	COM-MW	ZBSF-1920-1980	0092	2017.10.15	2018.10.14
Band Reject fil-ter(880-915MHz)	COM-MW	ZBSF-C897.5-35	707	2017.10.15	2018.10.14
Band Reject fil-ter(1710-1785MHz)	COM-MW	ZBSF-C1747.5-75	708	2017.10.15	2018.10.14
Band Reject fil-ter(1850-1910MHz)	COM-MW	ZBSF-C1880-60	709	2017.10.15	2018.10.14
Band Reject fil-ter(2500-2570MHz)	COM-MW	ZBSF-C2535-70	710	2017.10.15	2018.10.14
Highpass Filter	WHKX7.0/18G-8SS	Wainwright	18	2017.10.15	2018.10.14
trun table	EM	SC100_1	60531	N/A	N/A
Antnna mast	EM	SC100	N/A	N/A	N/A

Equipment with a calibration date of “NCR” shown in this list was not used to make direct calibrated measurements.

5 TEST ITEMS

5.1 CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER

Test overview

A system simulator was used to establish communication with the EUT. Its parameters were set to enforce EUT transmitting at the maximum power. The measured power in the radio frequency on the transmitter output terminals shall be reported.

Test procedures

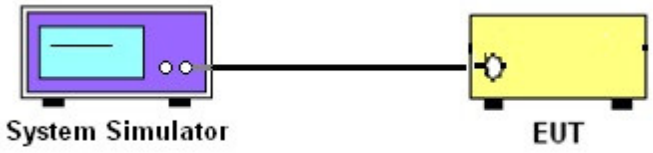
1. The transmitter output port was connected to the system simulator.

2. Set eut at maximum power through the system simulator.

3. Select lowest, middle, and highest channels for each band and different modulation.

4. Measure and record the power level from the system simulator.

Test setup



5.2 PEAK TO AVERAGE RATIO

TEST OVERVIEW

According to §24.232(d), power measurements for transmissions by stations authorized under this section may be made either in accordance with a commission-approved average power technique or in compliance with paragraph (e) of this section. In both instances, equipment employed must be authorized in accordance with the provisions of §24.51. In measuring transmissions in this band using an average power technique, the peak-to-average ratio (PAR) of the transmission may not exceed 13 db.

TEST PROCEDURES

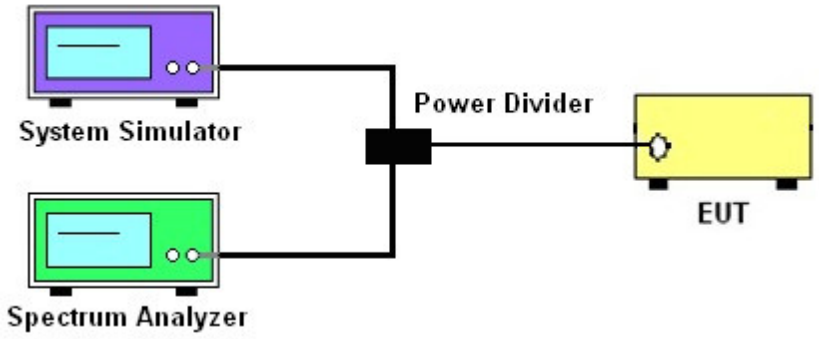
1. The testing follows fcckdb 971168 v03r01 section

2. The eut was connected to the and peak and av system simulator& spectrum analysis reads

3. Select lowest, middle, and highest channels for each band and different modulation.

4. Set the test probe and measure average power of the spectrum analysis

TEST SETUP



5.3 TRANSMITTER RADIATED POWER (EIRP/ERP)

TEST OVERVIEW

Effective Radiated Power (ERP) and Equivalent Isotropic Radiated Power (EIRP) measurements are performed using the substitution method described in ANSI C63.26 2015 with the EUT transmitting into an integral antenna. Measurements on signals operating below 1GHz are performed using vertically polarized tuned dipole antennas. Measurements on signals operating above 1GHz are performed using vertically polarized broadband horn antennas. All measurements are performed as RMS average measurements while the EUT is operating at maximum power, and at the appropriate frequencies.

TEST PROCEDURE

1. The testing follows FCC KDB 971168 D01 Section 5.2.2 (for GSM) and ANSI C63.26-2015 Section 5.2.
2. The transmitter was placed on a wooden turntable, and it was transmitting into a non-radiating load which was also placed on the turntable.
3. The measurement antenna was placed at a distance of 3 meters from the EUT. During the tests, the antenna height and polarization as well as EUT azimuth were varied in order to identify the maximum level of emissions from the EUT. The test was performed by placing the EUT on 3-orthogonal axis.
4. The frequency range up to tenth harmonic of the fundamental frequency was investigated.
5. Remove the EUT and replace it with substitution antenna. A signal generator was connected to the substitution antenna by a nonradiating cable. The absolute levels of the spurious emissions were measured by the substitution.
6. Effective Isotropic Radiated Power (EIRP) was measured by substitution method according to ANSI C63.26-2015. The EUT was replaced by the substitution antenna at same location, and then a known power from S.G. was applied into the dipole antenna through a Tx cable, and then recorded the maximum Analyzer reading through raised and lowered the test antenna. The correction factor (in dB) = S.G. - Tx Cable loss + Substitution antenna gain - Analyzer reading. Then the EUT's EIRP/ERP was calculated with the correction factor,

ERP/EIRP = P.SG + GT – LC

ERP/EIRP = effective or equivalent radiated power, respectively (expressed in the same units as PMeas, typically dBW or dBm);

PMeas(PK) = measured transmitter output power or PSD, in dBm or dBW;

GT = gain of the transmitting antenna, in dBd (ERP) or dBi (EIRP);

LC = signal attenuation in the connecting cable between the transmitter and antenna, in dB.

5.4 OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH

TEST OVERVIEW

The occupied bandwidth, that is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers radiated are each equal to 0.5 percent of the total mean power radiated by a given emission shall be measured.

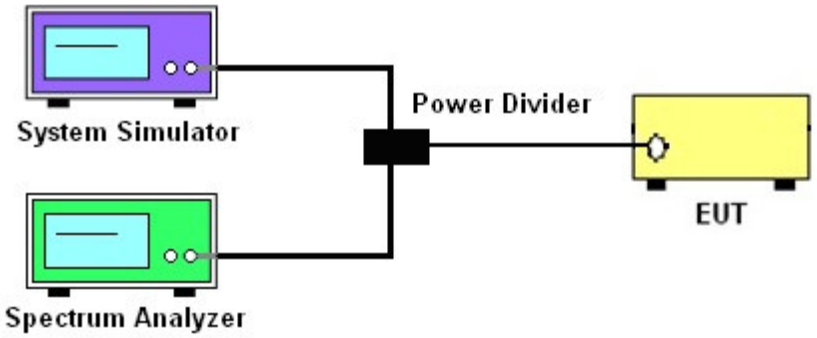
The 26 dB emission bandwidth is defined as the frequency range between two points, one above and one below the carrier frequency, at which the spectral density of the emission is attenuated 26 dB below the maximum in-band spectral density of the modulated signal. Spectral density (power per unit bandwidth) is to be measured with a detector of resolution bandwidth equal to approximately 1.0% of the emission bandwidth.

All modes of operation were investigated and the worst case configuration results are reported in this section.

TEST PROCEDURE

1. The signal analyzer's automatic bandwidth measurement capability was used to perform the 99% occupied bandwidth and the 26dB bandwidth. The bandwidth measurement was not influenced by any intermediate power nulls in the fundamental emission.
2. RBW = 1 – 5% of the expected OBW
3. VBW ≥ 3 x RBW
4. Detector = Peak
5. Trace mode = max hold
6. Sweep = auto couple
7.The trace was allowed to stabilize
8. If necessary, steps 2 – 7 were repeated after changing the RBW such that it would be within 1 – 5% of the 99% occupied bandwidth observed in Step 7

TEST SETUP



5.5 FREQUENCY STABILITY

Test Overview

Frequency stability testing is performed in accordance with the guidelines of ANSI C63.26 2015. The frequency stability of the transmitter is measured by:

a.) Temperature: The temperature is varied from -30°C to +50°C in 10°C increments using an environmental chamber.

b.) Primary Supply Voltage: The primary supply voltage is varied from 85% to 115% of the nominal value for non hand-carried battery and AC powered equipment. For hand-carried, battery-powered equipment, primary supply voltage is reduced to the battery operating end point which shall be specified by the manufacturer.

For Part 22, the frequency stability of the transmitter shall be maintained within ±0.00025% (±2.5 ppm) of the center frequency. For Part 24 the frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the fundamental emission stays within the authorized frequency block.

Test Procedure

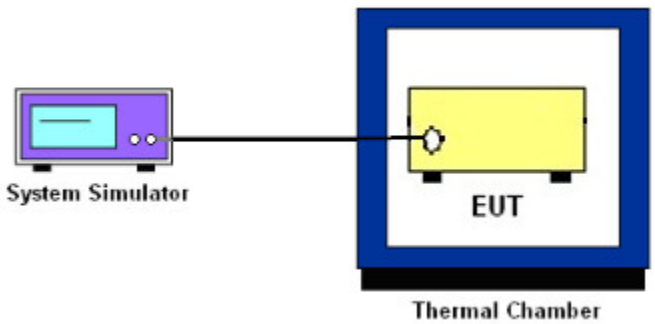
Temperature Variation

1. The testing follows fcckdb 971168 D01 section 9.0
2. The EUT was set up in the thermal chamber and connected with the system simulator.
3. With power OFF, the temperature was decreased to -30°C and the EUT was stabilized before testing. Power was applied and the maximum change in frequency was recorded within one minute.
4. With power OFF, the temperature was raised in 10°C steps up to 50°C. The EUT was stabilized at each step for at least half an hour. Power was applied and the maximum frequency change was recorded within one minute.

Voltage Variation

1. The testing follows FCC KDB 971168 D01 Section 9.0.
2. The EUT was placed in a temperature chamber at 25±5° C and connected with the system simulator.
3. The power supply voltage to the EUT was varied from 85% to 115% of the nominal value measured at the input to the EUT.
4. The variation in frequency was measured for the worst case.

TEST SETUP



5.6 SPURIOUS EMISSIONS AT ANTENNA TERMINALS

Test Overview

The power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be lower than the transmitter power (P) by a factor of at least 43 + 10 log (P) dB.

It is measured by means of a calibrated spectrum analyzer and scanned from 30 MHz up to a frequency including its 10th harmonic.

Test procedure

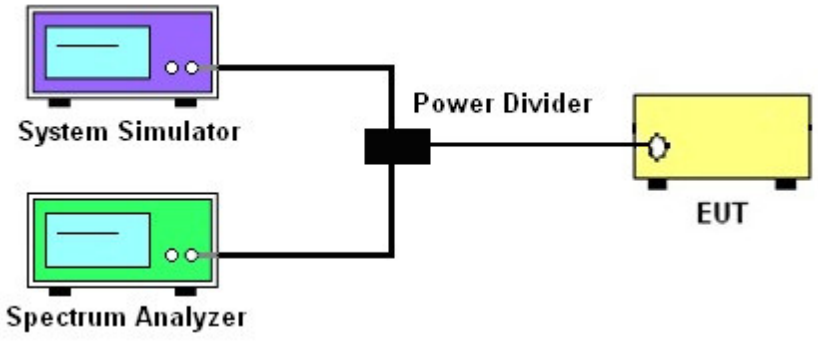
1. The testing FCC KDB 971168 D01 v03r01 Section 6.0. and ANSI C63.26-2015-Section 5.5
2. The EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer and system simulator via a power divider.
3. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by an RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
4. The middle channel for the highest RF power within the transmitting frequency was measured.
5. The conducted spurious emission for the whole frequency range was taken.
6. The RF fundamental frequency should be excluded against the limit line in the operating frequency band.
7. The limit line is derived from 43 + 10log(P) dB below the transmitter power P(Watts)

= P(W) - [43 + 10log(P)] (dB)

= [30 + 10log(P)] (dBm) - [43 + 10log(P)] (dB)

= -13dBm.

Test Setup



5.7 BAND EDGE

OVERVIEW

All out of band emissions are measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the antenna terminal of the EUT while the EUT is operating at maximum power, and at the appropriate frequencies. All data rates were investigated to determine the worst case configuration. All modes of operation were investigated and the worst case configuration results are reported in this section.

The minimum permissible attenuation level of any spurious emission is 43 + log10(P[Watts]), where P is the transmitter power in Watts.

TEST PROCEDURE

1.The testing FCC KDB 971168 D01 v03r01 Section 6.0. and ANSI C63.26-2015-Section 5.7

2. Start and stop frequency were set such that the band edge would be placed in the center of the Plot.

3. The EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer and system simulator via a power divider.

4. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by an RF cable and attenuator.

The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.

5. The band edges of low and high channels for the highest RF powers were measured.

6.The RF fundamental frequency should be excluded against the limit line in the operating frequency band.

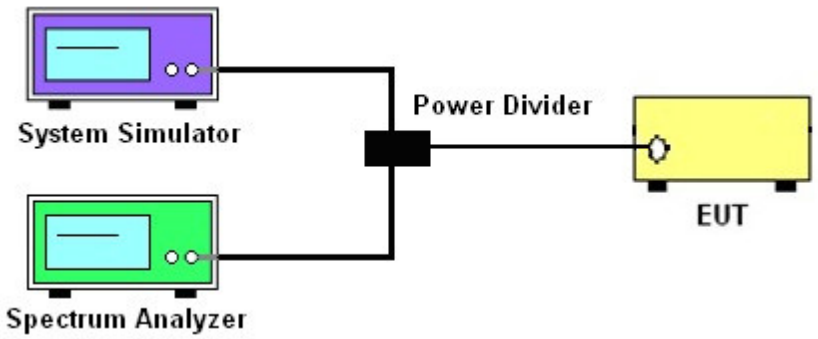
7.The limit line is derived from 43 + 10log(P) dB below the transmitter power P(Watts)

= P(W) - [43 + 10log(P)] (dB)

= [30 + 10log(P)] (dBm) - [43 + 10log(P)] (dB)

= -13dBm.

TEST SETUP



5.8 FIELD STRENGTH OF SPURIOUS RADIATION MEASUREMENT

Test overview

Radiated spurious emissions measurements are performed using the substitution method described in ANSI C63.26-2015 with the EUT transmitting into an integral antenna. Measurements on signal-soperating below 1GHz are performed using horizontally and vertically polarized tuned dipole antennas.Measurements on signals operating above 1GHz are performed using vertically and horizontally polarizedhorn antennas. All measurements are performed as peak measurements while the EUT isoperating at maximum power and at the appropriate frequencies.

It is measured by means of a calibrated spectrum analyzer and scanned from 30 MHz up to a frequency including its 10th harmonic.

Test procedure

1. The testing FCC KDB 971168 D01 Section 5.8 and ANSI C63.26-2015-Section 5.5.
2. RBW = 100kHz for emissions below 1GHz and 1MHz for emissions above 1GHz
3. VBW ≥ 3 x RBW
4. Span = 1.5 times the OBW
5.No. of sweep points > 2 x span/RBW
6. Detector = Peak
7. Trace mode = max hold
8. The trace was allowed to stabilize
9. Effective Isotropic Spurious Radiation was measured by substitution method according to TIA/EIA-603-D. The EUT was replaced by the substitution antenna at same location, and then a known power from S.G. was applied into the dipole antenna through a Tx cable, and then recorded the maximum Analyzer reading through raised and lowered the test antenna. The correction factor (in dB) = S.G. - Tx Cable loss + Substitution antenna gain - Analyzer reading. Then the EUT's EIRP/ERP was calculated with the correction factor,

ERP/EIRP = P.SG + GT – LC

ERP/EIRP = effective or equivalent radiated power, respectively (expressed in the same units as PMeas, t ypically dBW or dBm);

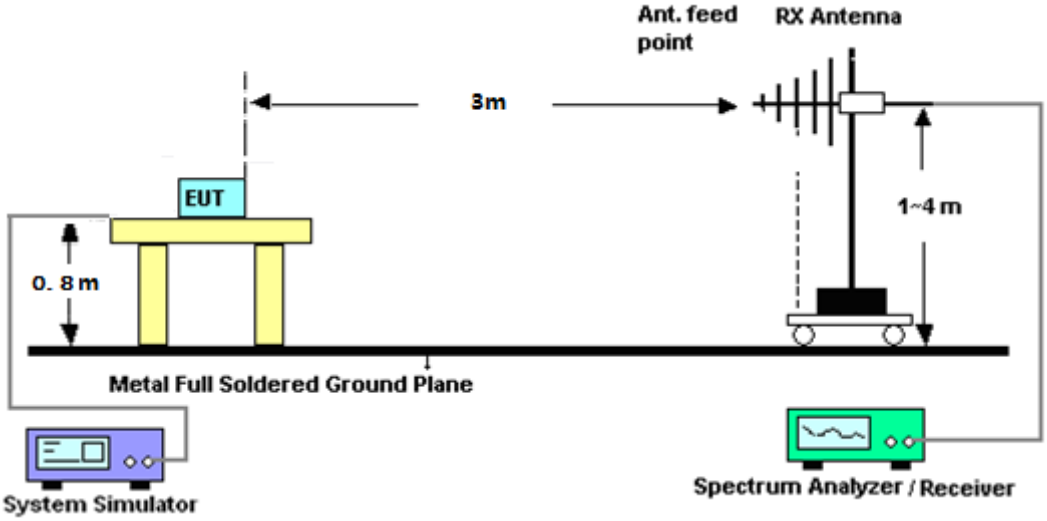
P.SG = measured transmitter output power or PSD, in dBm or dBW;

GT = gain of the transmitting antenna, in dBd (ERP) or dBi (EIRP);

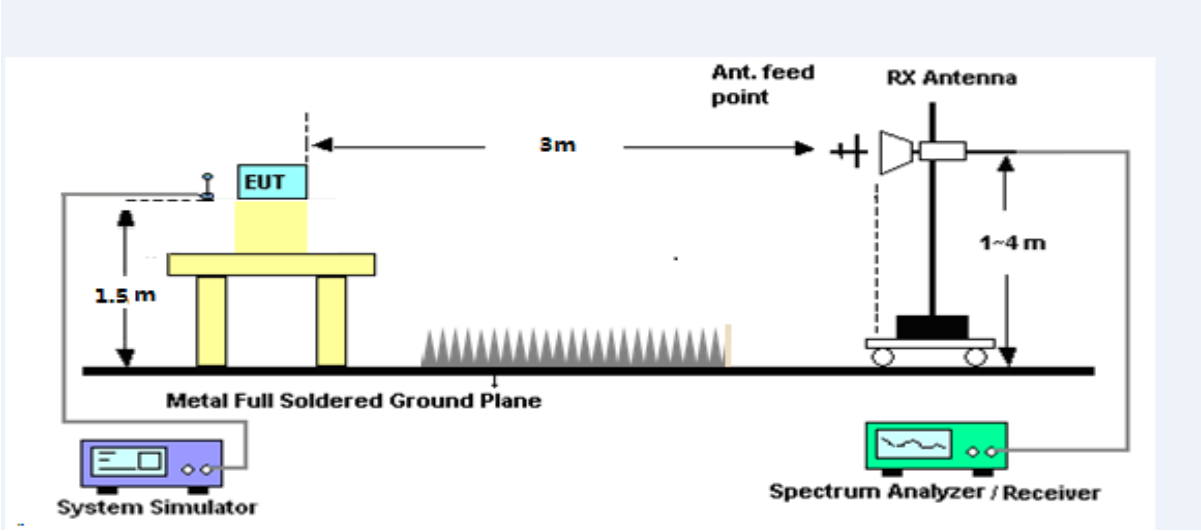
LC = signal attenuation in the connecting cable between the transmitter and antenna, in dB.

TEST SETUP

For radiated test from 30MHz to 1GHz



For radiated test from above 1GHz



APPENDIX A.TESTRESULT

A1.CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER

GSM 850:

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	AVG Power(dBm)
GSM	824.2	30.95
	836.6	**31.89**
	848.8	31.44

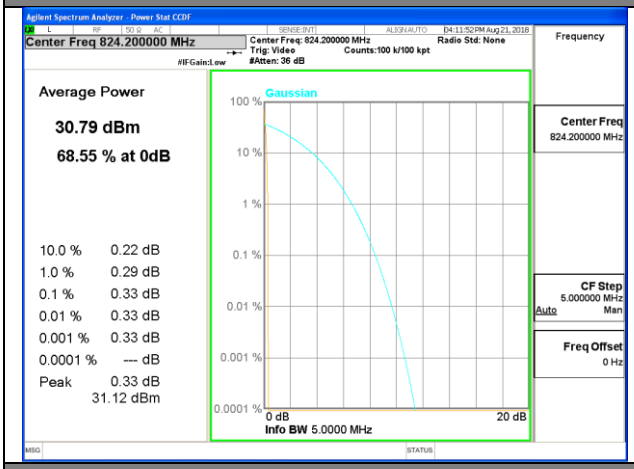
PCS 1900:

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	AVG Power(dBm)
GSM	1850.2	28.75
	1880.0	**28.8**
	1909.8	28.41

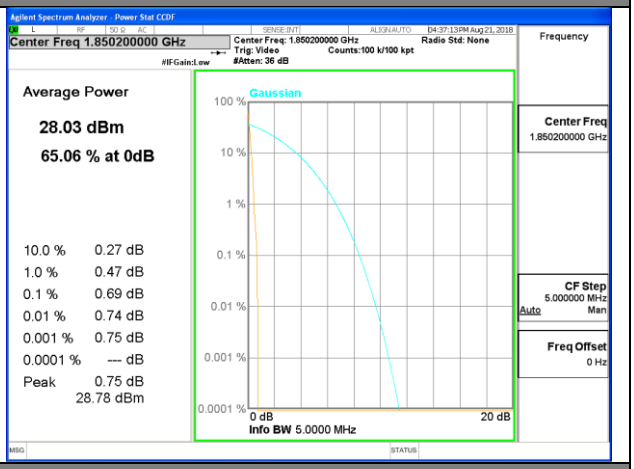
A2. PEAK-TO-AVERAGE RADIO

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	PAR (dB)
GSM850	824.2	0.33
	836.6	0.36
	848.8	0.35
PCS1900	1850.2	0.69
	1880	0.53
	1909.8	0.55

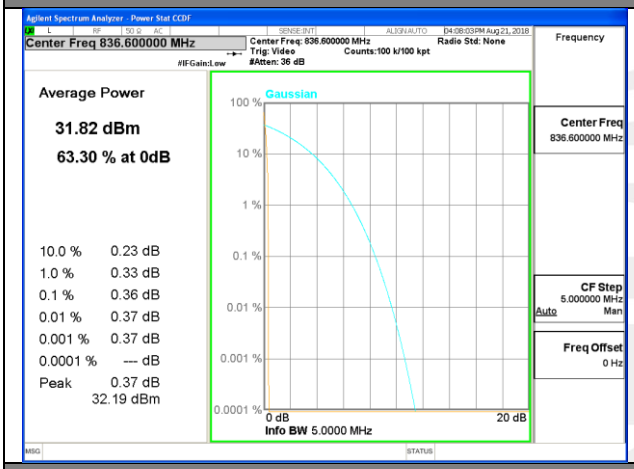
GSM 850/ Lowest Channel



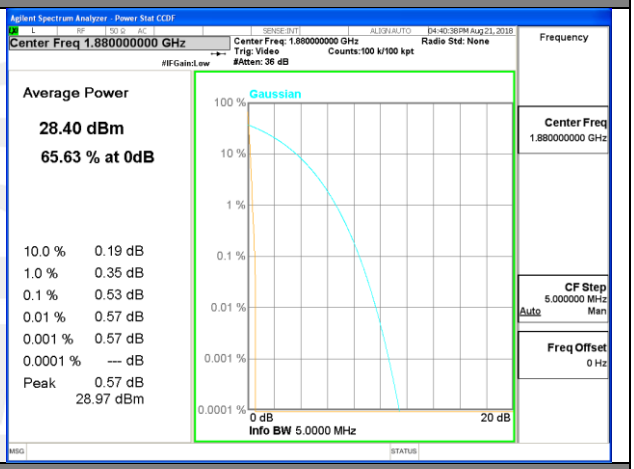
PCS 1900/ Lowest Channel



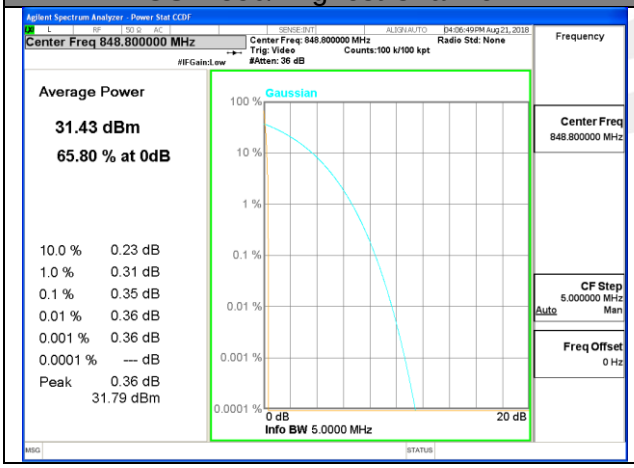
GSM 850/ Middle Channel



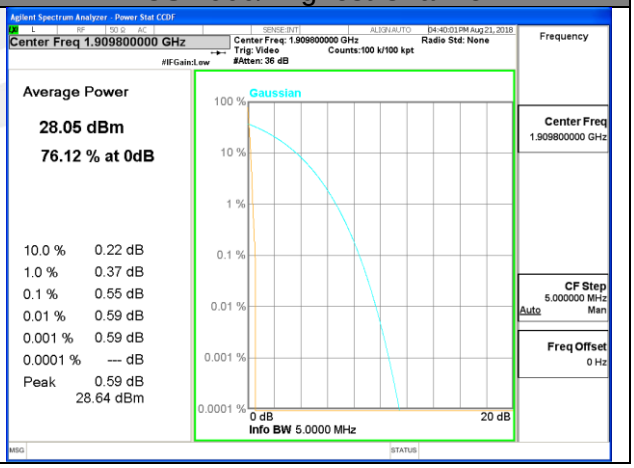
PCS 1900/ Middle Channel



GSM 850/ Highest Channel



PCS 1900/ Highest Channel



A3. TRANSMITTER RADIATED POWER (EIRP/ERP)

Radiated Power (ERP) for GSM 850 MHZ							
Mode	Frequency	Result					Conclusion
		S G.Level (dBm)	Cable loss	Gain (dBi)	PMeas E.R.P(dBm)	Polarization Of Max. ERP	
GSM850	824.2	22.19	0.44	6.5	28.25	Horizontal	Pass
	824.2	24.18	0.44	6.5	30.24	Vertical	Pass
	836.6	23.26	0.45	6.5	29.31	Horizontal	Pass
	836.6	25.23	0.45	6.5	**31.28**	Vertical	Pass
	848.8	23.07	0.46	6.5	29.11	Horizontal	Pass
	848.8	24.78	0.46	6.5	30.82	Vertical	Pass
Limit	E.R.P＜7W=38.45dBm						

Radiated Power (EIRP) for PCS 1900 MHZ							
Mode	Frequency	Result					Conclusion
		S G. Level (dBm)	Cable loss	Gain (dBi)	PMeas E.I.R.P.(dBm)	Polarization Of Max. EIRP.	
PCS1900	1850.2	18.34	2.41	10.35	26.28	Horizontal	Pass
	1850.2	20.1	2.41	10.35	28.04	Vertical	Pass
	1880	18.55	2.42	10.35	26.48	Horizontal	Pass
	1880	20.36	2.42	10.35	**28.29**	Vertical	Pass
	1909.8	18.24	2.43	10.35	26.16	Horizontal	Pass
	1909.8	20	2.43	10.35	27.92	Vertical	Pass
Limit	E.I.R.P＜2W=33dBm						

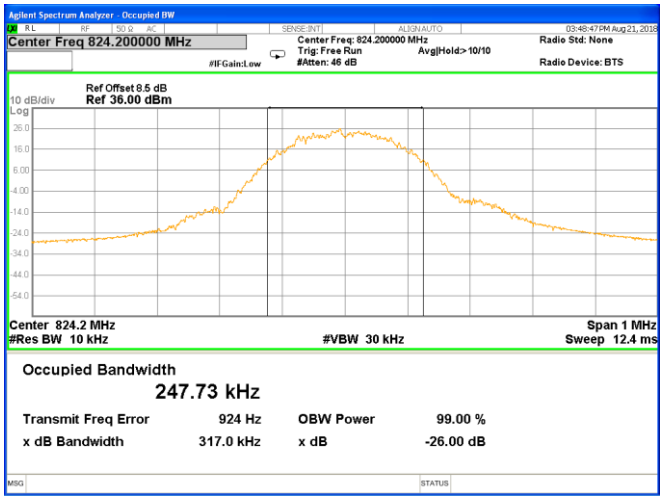
Note:Test is divided into three directions, X/Y/Z. X pattern for the worst.

A4. OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH (99% OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH/26dB BANDWIDTH)

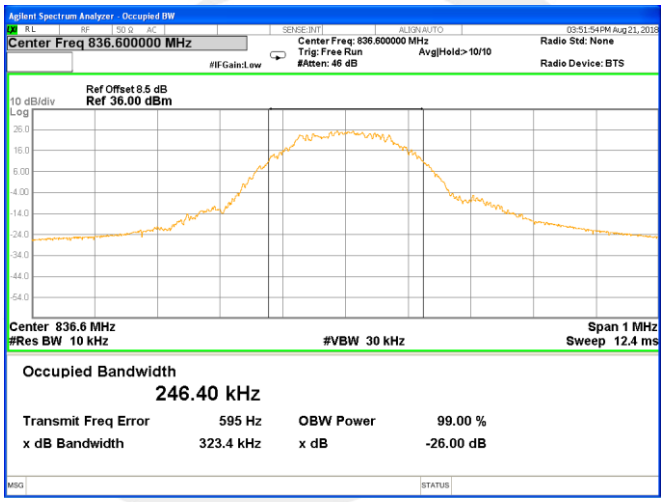
Occupied Bandwidth for GSM 850 band			
Mode	Frequency(MHz)	Occupied Bandwidth (99%)(kHz)	Emission Bandwidth (-26dBc)(kHz)
Low Channel	824.2	247.73	317.0
Middle Channel	836.6	246.40	323.4
High Channel	848.8	247.28	318.1

Occupied Bandwidth for GSM1900 band			
Mode	Frequency(MHz)	Occupied Bandwidth (99%)(kHz)	Emission Bandwidth (-26dBc)(kHz)
Low Channel	1850.2	251.08	318.2
Middle Channel	1880.0	250.02	312.7
High Channel	1909.8	243.76	314.8

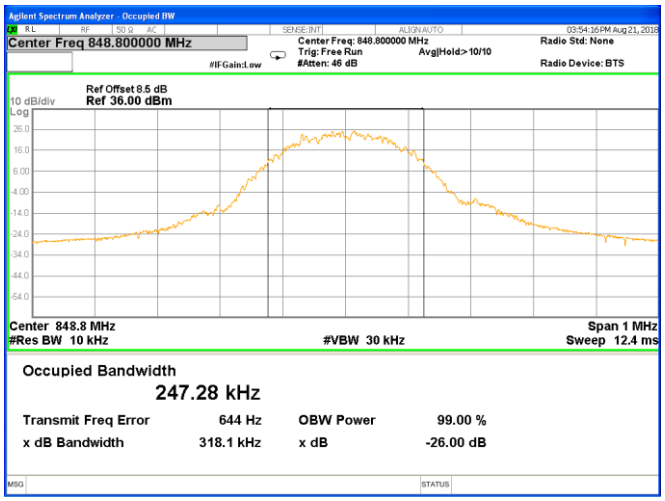
GSM 850 CH 128



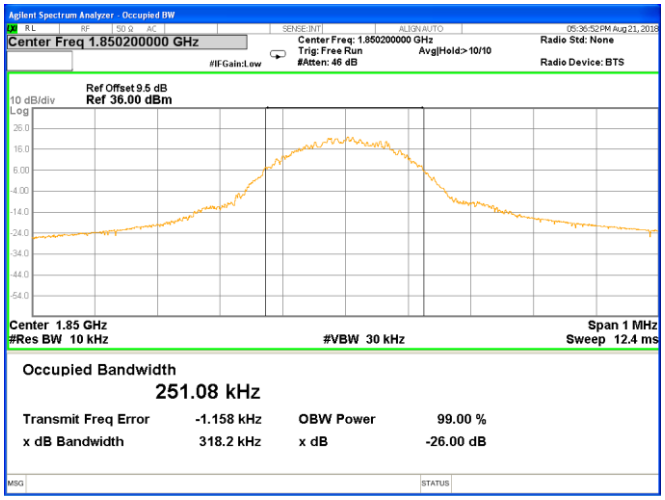
GSM 850 CH 190



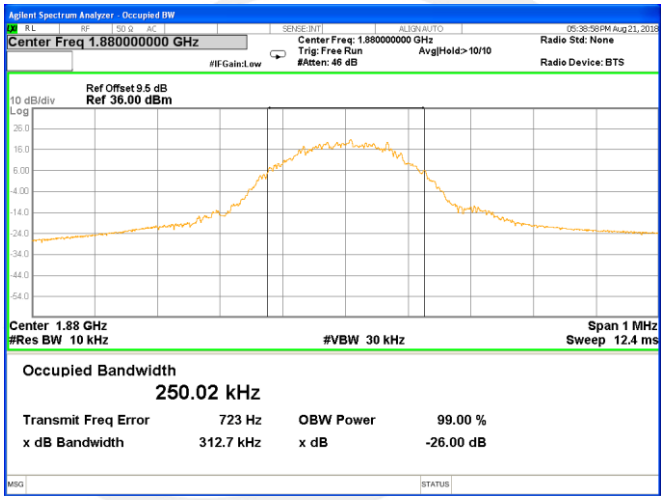
GSM 850 CH 251



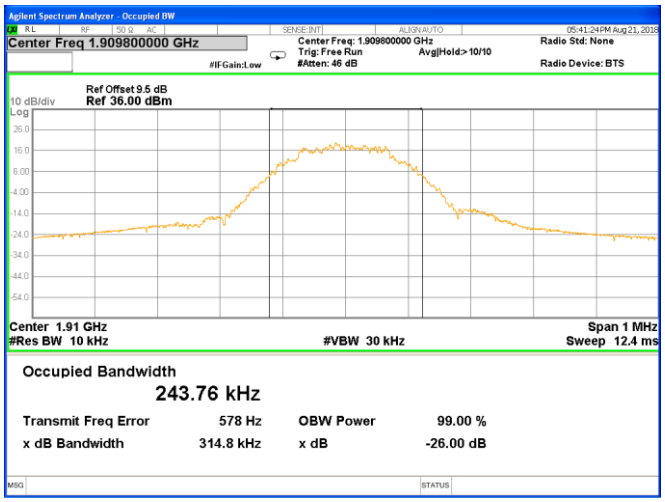
PCS 1900 CH 512



PCS 1900 CH 661



PCS 1900 CH 810



A5.FREQUENCY STABILITY

Normal Voltage = 3.7V. ； Battery End Point (BEP) = 3.4V.； Maximum Voltage =4.2V

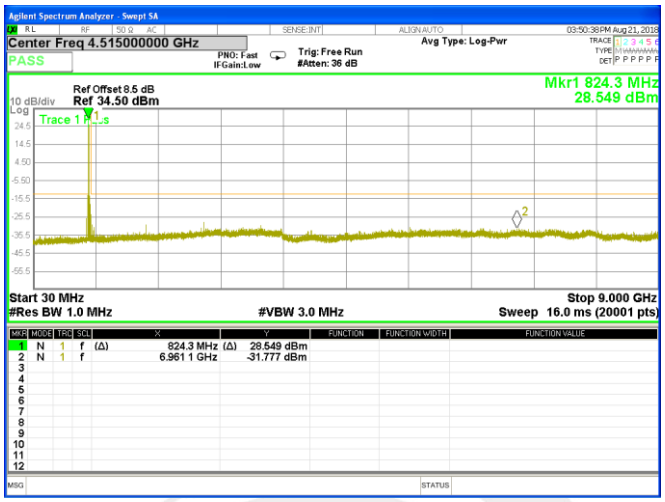
GSM 850 Middle Channel/836.6MHz					
Temperature (°C)	**Voltage (Volt)**	**Freq. Dev. (Hz)**	**Freq. Dev. (ppm)**	**Limit**	**Result**
50	Normal Voltage	18.70	0.022	2.5ppm	PASS
40		18.89	0.023		
30		15.74	0.019		
20		31.88	0.038		
10		16.11	0.019		
0		23.93	0.029		
-10		19.17	0.023		
-20		26.01	0.031		
-30		19.87	0.024		
25	Maximum Voltage	16.49	0.020		
25	BEP	17.25	0.021		

GSM 1900 Middle Channel/1880MHz					
Temperature (°C)	**Voltage (Volt)**	**Freq. Dev. (Hz)**	**Freq. Dev. (ppm)**	**Limit**	**Result**
50	Normal Voltage	19.79	0.011	Within Authorized Band	PASS
40		15.53	0.008		
30		24.85	0.013		
20		15.07	0.008		
10		14.48	0.008		
0		23.56	0.013		
-10		25.08	0.013		
-20		26.06	0.014		
-30		20.44	0.011		
25	Maximum Voltage	22.93	0.012		
25	BEP	20.83	0.011		

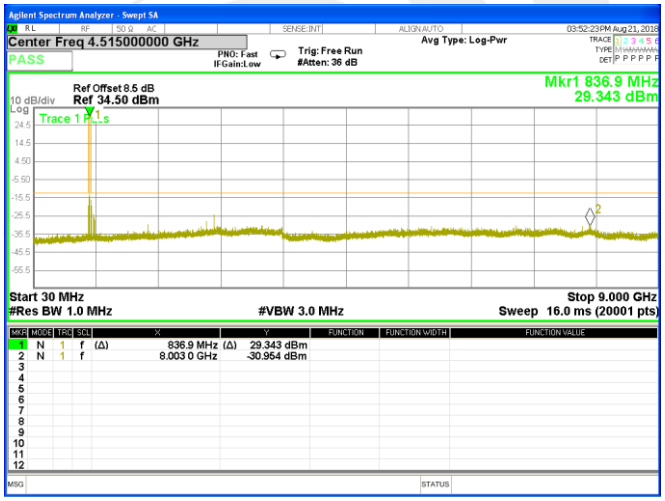
A6. SPURIOUS EMISSIONS AT ANTENNA TERMINALS

GSM 850 BAND

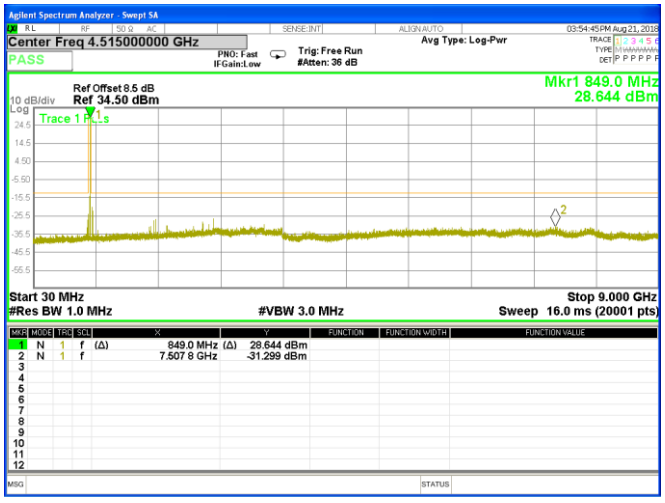
Lowest Channel



Middle Channel

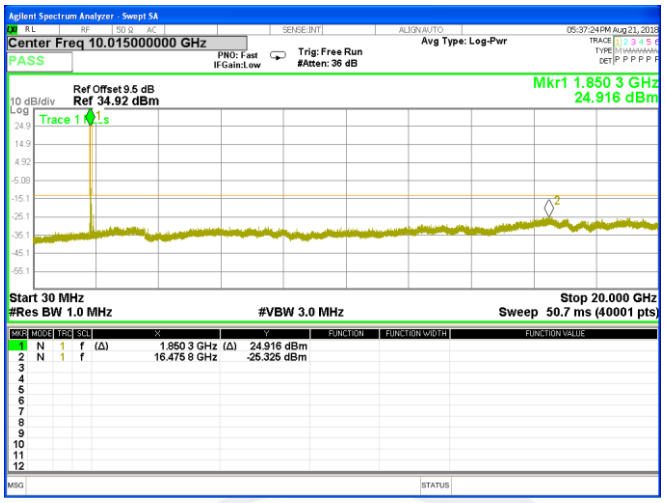


Highest Channel

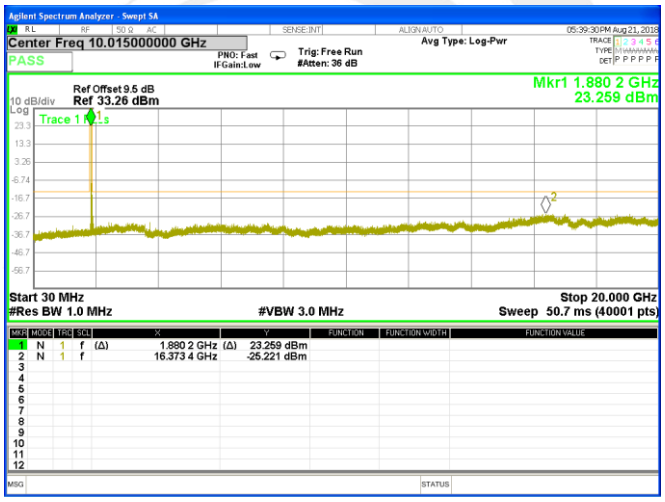


GSM1900 BAND(30M-20G)

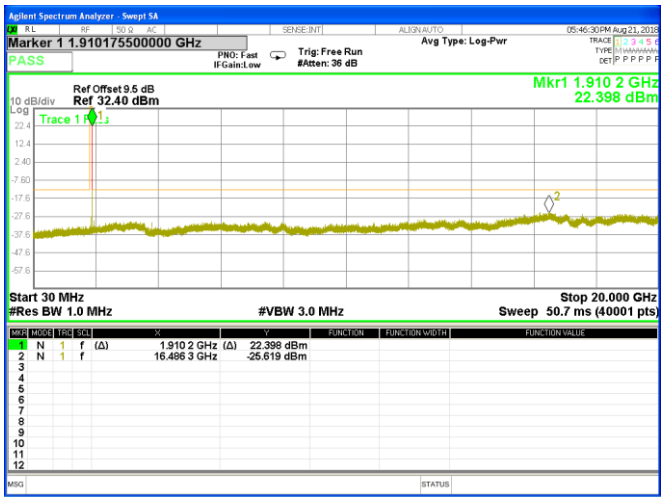
Lowest Channel



Middle Channel



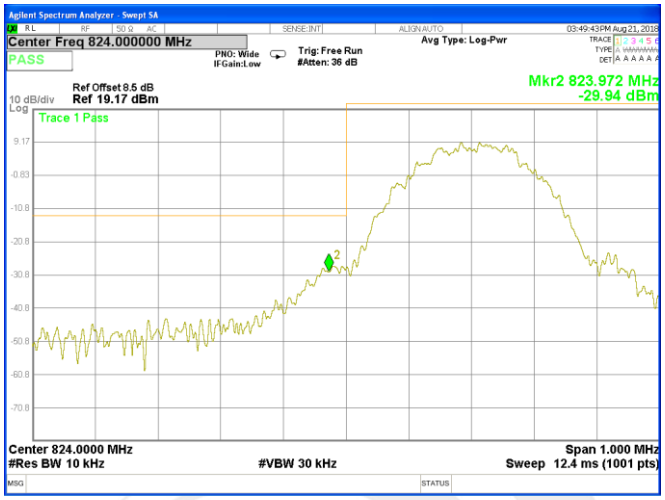
Highest Channel



A7. BAND EDGE

GSM 850

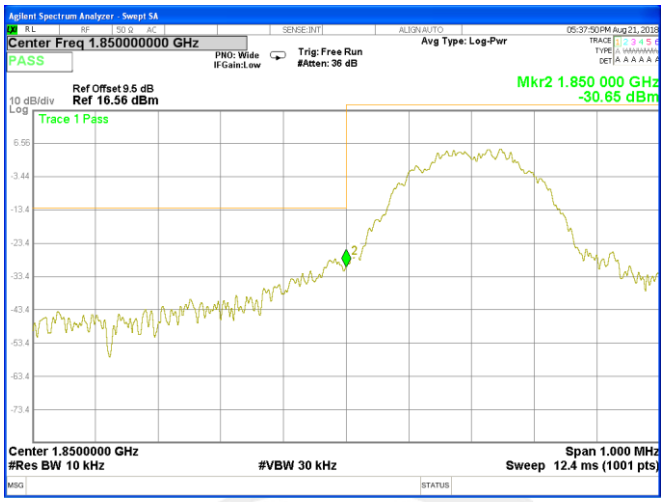
Lowest Band Edge



Highest Band Edge

GSM 1900

Lowest Band Edge



Highest Band Edge

A8. FIELD STRENGTH OF SPURIOUS RADIATION MEASUREMENT

GSM 850: (30-9000)MHz

GSM 850: (30-9000)MHz							
The Worst Test Results Channel 128/824.2 MHz							
Frequency(MHz)	S G.Lev (dBm)	Ant(dBi)	Loss	PMea (dBm)	Limit （dBm）	Margin (dB)	Polarity
1648.47	-41.21	9.40	4.75	-36.56	-13.00	-23.56	H
2472.43	-39.39	10.60	8.39	-37.18	-13.00	-24.18	H
3296.90	-31.33	12.00	11.79	**-31.12**	-13.00	-18.12	H
1648.13	-44.04	9.40	4.75	-39.39	-13.00	-26.39	V
2472.44	-44.99	10.60	8.39	-42.78	-13.00	-29.78	V
3296.74	-43.76	12.00	11.79	-43.55	-13.00	-30.55	V
The Worst Test Results Channel 190/836.6 MHz							
Frequency(MHz)	S G.Lev (dBm)	Ant(dBi)	Loss	PMea (dBm)	Limit （dBm）	Margin (dB)	Polarity
1672.91	-41.38	9.50	4.76	-36.64	-13.00	-23.64	H
2509.81	-39.85	10.70	8.40	-37.55	-13.00	-24.55	H
3346.39	-31.57	12.20	11.80	**-31.17**	-13.00	-18.17	H
1673.07	-43.75	9.40	4.75	-39.10	-13.00	-26.10	V
2509.87	-44.06	10.60	8.39	-41.85	-13.00	-28.85	V
3346.24	-43.69	12.20	11.82	-43.31	-13.00	-30.31	V
The Worst Test Results Channel 251/848.8 MHz							
Frequency(MHz)	S G.Lev (dBm)	Ant(dBi)	Loss	PMea (dBm)	Limit （dBm）	Margin (dB)	Polarity
1697.38	-40.40	9.60	4.77	-35.57	-13.00	-22.57	H
2546.15	-40.50	10.80	8.50	-38.20	-13.00	-25.20	H
3395.20	-32.22	12.50	11.90	**-31.62**	-13.00	-18.62	H
1697.55	-43.92	9.60	4.77	-39.09	-13.00	-26.09	V
2546.12	-44.35	10.80	8.50	-42.05	-13.00	-29.05	V
3394.89	-43.62	12.50	11.90	-43.02	-13.00	-30.02	V

Note: (1) Below 30MHz no Spurious found is the worst condition.

(2) Above 3.5GHz amplitude of spurious emissions which are attenuated by more than 20dB below the permissible value

(3)Test is divided into three directions, X/Y/Z. X pattern for the worst.

PCS 1900: (30-20000)MHz

DCS 1900: (30-20000)MHz							
The Worst Test Results for Channel 512/1850.2MHz							
Frequency(MHz)	S G.Lev (dBm)	Ant(dBi)	Loss	PMea (dBm)	Limit （dBm）	Margin (dB)	Polarity
3700.34	-34.79	12.60	12.93	-35.12	-13.00	-22.12	H
5550.38	-35.06	13.10	17.11	-39.07	-13.00	-26.07	H
7400.69	-33.61	11.50	22.20	-44.31	-13.00	-31.31	H
3700.51	-34.70	12.60	12.93	**-35.03**	-13.00	-22.03	V
5550.31	-34.71	13.10	17.11	-38.72	-13.00	-25.72	V
7400.55	-32.27	11.50	22.20	-42.97	-13.00	-29.97	V
The Worst Test Results for Channel 661/1880.0MHz							
Frequency(MHz)	S G.Lev (dBm)	Ant(dBi)	Loss	PMea (dBm)	Limit （dBm）	Margin (dB)	Polarity
3760.00	-34.58	12.60	12.93	**-34.91**	-13.00	-21.91	H
5640.18	-35.26	13.10	17.11	-39.27	-13.00	-26.27	H
7520.06	-32.95	11.50	22.20	-43.65	-13.00	-30.65	H
3760.06	-36.00	12.60	12.93	-36.33	-13.00	-23.33	V
5640.33	-33.91	13.10	17.11	-37.92	-13.00	-24.92	V
7519.90	-32.37	11.50	22.20	-43.07	-13.00	-30.07	V
The Worst Test Results for Channel 810/1909.8MHz							
Frequency(MHz)	S G.Lev (dBm)	Ant(dBi)	Loss	PMea (dBm)	Limit （dBm）	Margin (dB)	Polarity
3819.57	-34.27	12.60	12.93	**-34.60**	-13.00	-21.60	H
5729.35	-35.11	13.10	17.11	-39.12	-13.00	-26.12	H
7638.87	-33.65	11.50	22.20	-44.35	-13.00	-31.35	H
3819.44	-35.28	12.60	12.93	-35.61	-13.00	-22.61	V
5729.32	-33.98	13.10	17.11	-37.99	-13.00	-24.99	V
7639.06	-32.69	11.50	22.20	-43.39	-13.00	-30.39	V

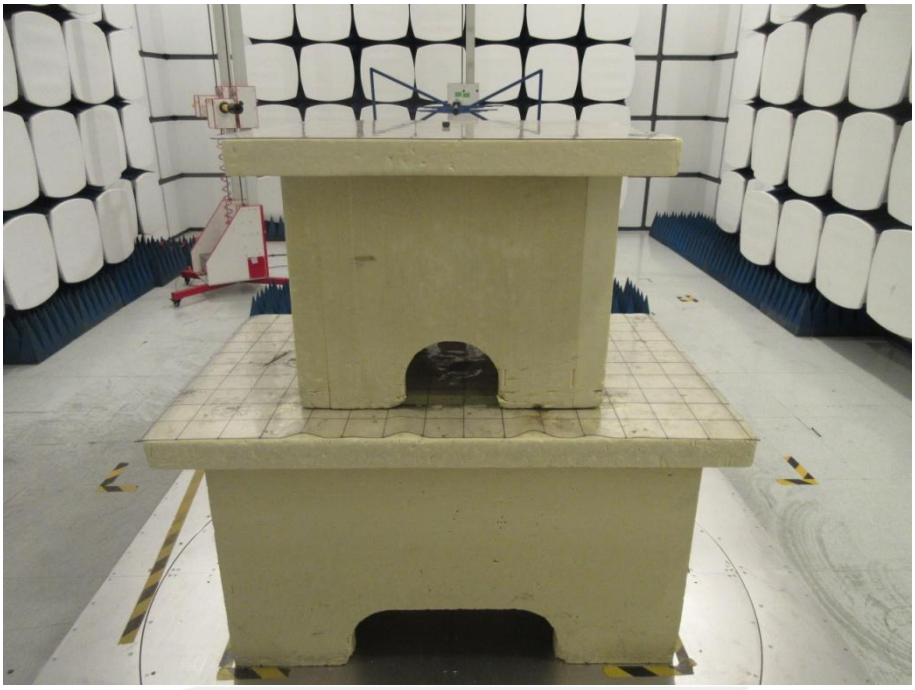
Note: (1) Below 30MHz no Spurious found is the worst condition.

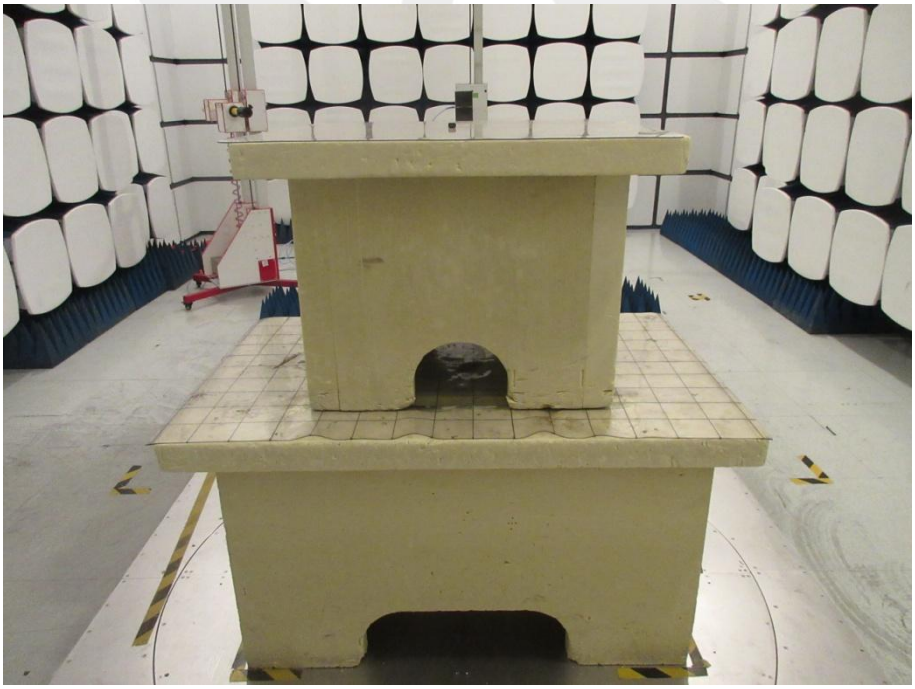
(2) Above 8GHz amplitude of spurious emissions which are attenuated by more than 20dB below the permissible value

(3)Test is divided into three directions, X/Y/Z. X pattern for the worst.

APPENDIX BPHOTOS OF TEST SETUP

RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSION





※※※※※END OF THE REPORT※※※※※