



FCC SAR Test Report

FCC ID: FKGR1102

Report No. : BTL-FCC SAR-1-1906T054D

Equipment: 802.11a/b/g/n/ac/ax+ BT M.2 form factor

Model Name : AX211NGW

Applicant: Twinhead International Corporation

Address : 11F, 550 Rueiguang Rd, Neihu, Taipei, Taiwan 11492

Radio Function : WLAN 2.4G, WLAN 5G, Bluetooth, WLAN 6E

Standard(s) : KDB447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06

KDB248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02

KDB865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04

KDB865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r02

KDB616217 D04 SAR for laptop and Tablets v01r02

RSS-102 Issue 5: Radio Frequency (RF) Exposure Compliance of

Radiocommunication Apparatus (All Frequency Bands)

ANSI Std C95.1:2019 Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to

Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz - 300 GHz.

Notice 2016-DRS001

IEC/IEEE 62209-1528:2020 Measurement procedure for the assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices - Part 1528: Human models, instrumentation, and procedures(Frequency range of 4 MHz to

10 GHz)

Date of Receipt : Jul. 25, 2022

Date of Test : Aug. 1, 2022 ~ Aug 9, 2022

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The above equipment has been tested and found in compliance with the requirement of the above standards by BTL Inc.

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Declaration

BTL represents to the client that testing is done in accordance with standard procedures as applicable and that test instruments used has been calibrated with standards traceable to international standard(s) and/or national standard(s).

BTL's reports apply only to the specific samples tested under conditions. It is manufacture's responsibility to ensure that additional production units of this model are manufactured with the identical electrical and mechanical components. **BTL** shall have no liability for any declarations, inferences or generalizations drawn by the client or others from **BTL** issued reports.

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BTL's laboratory quality assurance procedures are in compliance with the ISO/IEC 17025 requirements, and accredited by the conformity assessment authorities listed in this test report.

BTL is not responsible for the sampling stage, so the results only apply to the sample as received.

The information, data and test plan are provided by manufacturer which may affect the validity of results, so it is manufacturer's responsibility to ensure that the apparatus meets the essential requirements of applied standards and in all the possible configurations as representative of its intended use.

Limitation

For the use of the authority's logo is limited unless the Test Standard(s)/Scope(s)/Item(s) mentioned in this test report is (are) included in the conformity assessment authorities acceptance respective.

Please note that the measurement uncertainty is provided for informational purpose only and are not use in determining the Pass/Fail results.

Project No.: 1906T054D Page 2 of 60 Report Version: R00





Table of Contents	Page
1. GENERAL INFORMATION	6
1.1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF EUT	6
2. RF EMISSIONS MEASUREMENT	7
2.1. TEST FACILITY	7
2.2. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY	7
2.3. WLAN ANTENNA INFORMATION:	12
2.4. THE MAXIMUM SAR-1G VALUES	13
2.5. LABORATORY ENVIRONMENT	13
2.6. MAIN TEST INSTRUMENTS	14
3. SAR MEASUREMENTS SYSTEM CONFIGURATION	15
3.1. SAR MEASUREMENT SETUP	15
3.1.1. TEST SETUP LAYOUT	15
3.2. DASY5 E-FIELD PROBE SYSTEM	16
3.2.1. EX3DV4 PROBE SPECIFICATION	16
3.2.2. E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION	17
3.2.3. OTHER TEST EQUIPMENT	18
3.2.4. SCANNING PROCEDURE	19
3.2.5. DATA STORAGE AND EVALUATION	20
3.2.6. DATA EVALUATION BY SEMCAD	21
4. TISSUE-EQUIVALENT LIQUID	23
4.1. TISSUE-EQUIVALENT LIQUID INGREDIENTS	23
4.2. TISSUE-EQUIVALENT LIQUID PROPERTIES	24
5. SYSTEM CHECK	26
5.1. DESCRIPTION OF SYSTEM CHECK	26
5.2. DESCRIPTION OF SYSTEM CHECK	27
5.3. POWER DENSITY SYSTEM CHECK	27
5.4. GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF TEST PROCEDURES	28
5.5. TEST POSITION ANTENNA LOCATION	28
5.6. TEST POSITION OF PORTABLE DEVICES	29
5.7. TEST POSITION	30
5.7.1. BODY TEST CONFIGURATION	30
6. SAR MEASUREMENT VARIABILITY AND UNCERTAINTY	36
6.1. SAR MEASUREMENT VARIABILITY	36
6.2. TEST CONFIGURATION	37
6.2.1. WIFI TEST CONFIGURATION	37
6.2.2 WLAN 2.4G SAR TEST REQUIREMENTS	39
6.2.3 WLAN 5G SAR TEST REQUIREMENTS	40
6.2.4 OFDM TRANSMISSION MODE AND SAR TEST CHANNEL SELECTION	40
6.2.5 INITIAL TEST CONFIGURATION PROCEDURE	40
7. CONDUCTED POWER RESULTS	41
7.1. CONDUCTED POWER MEASUREMENT RESULTS OF BLUETOOTH	41
7.2. CONDUCTED POWER MEASUREMENTS OF WI-FI 2.4GHZ BAND	42





7.3. CONDUCTED POWER MEASUREMENTS OF 5G UNII_1	43
7.4. CONDUCTED POWER MEASUREMENTS OF 5G UNII_2A	44
7.5. CONDUCTED POWER MEASUREMENTS OF 5G UNII_2C	45
7.6. CONDUCTED POWER MEASUREMENTS OF 5G UNII_3	46
7.7. CONDUCTED POWER MEASUREMENTS OF 6E UNII_5	47
7.8. CONDUCTED POWER MEASUREMENTS OF 6E UNII_6	48
7.9. CONDUCTED POWER MEASUREMENTS OF 6E UNII_7	49
7.10. CONDUCTED POWER MEASUREMENTS OF 6E UNII_8	50
7.11. SARTEST RESULTS	51
8. SAR TEST RESULTS	52
8.1. BODY SAR TEST RESULTS	52
9. SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION CONDITIONS	55
9.1. STAND-ALONE SAR TEST EXCLUSION	55
9.2. SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION CONDITIONS	56
9.3. ESTIMATED SAR FOR SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION SAR ANALYSIS	57
9.3.1 ESTIMATED SAR FOR BLUETOOTH	57
9.4. SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION CONDITIONS	58
10. TEST LAYOUT	59



	REPORT ISSUED HISTORY	
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R00	Original Issue.	2022/8/11
Project No. : 1006T0F	AD Page 5 of 60	Depart Varsian, D00

Project No.: 1906T054D Page 5 of 60 Report Version: R00



1. GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF EUT

Equipment	802.11a/b/g/n/ac/ax+	- BT M.2 form factor					
Model Name	AX211NGW	AX211NGW					
Host device information							
Equipment	Tablet						
Model Name	R11XXXXXX (X=0-9	, A-Z,a-z, Blank), Pad-Ex 01 F	P8 DZ2, Pad-Ex 01 P8 D2				
Brand Name	Trade Name: DURA	BOOK, Ecom Instruments Gm	nbH				
Model Difference	Different model distri	bute to different area.					
Power Rating	Barnd: FSP TECHNO M/N :FSP065-RBBN I/P :100~240V ~ 1.5/ O/P :DC19.0V 3.42	3 A 50-60Hz					
Battery Information	Rating :11.1V DC : 2. Model Name : R11 Rating :11.1V DC	1. Model Name: R11AH Rating: 11.1V DC 3.95Ah 43Wh 2. Model Name: R11AH2 Rating: 11.1V DC 7.8Ah 86Wh					
WIFI+BT Module	Intel/ AX211NGW						
	Function	Band	Frequency (MHz)				
		2.4G	TX : 2412 - 2472 MHz				
		5G_UNII 1	TX : 5180 - 5250 MHz				
		5G_UNII 2a	TX : 5250 - 5350 MHz				
	\A/!=:	5G_UNII 2c	TX : 5500 - 5700 MHz				
	WiFi	5G_UNII 3	TX : 5745 - 5825 MHz				
Operation Frequency		6E_UNII 5	TX : 5925 – 6425 MHz				
		6E_UNII 6	TX : 6425 – 6525 MHz				
		6E_UNII 7	TX : 6525 – 6875 MHz				
		6E_UNII 8	TX : 6875 – 7125 MHz				
	DI ataath	Basic Rate (BR)	TX : 2402 - 2480 MHz				
	Bluetooth	Bluetooth Enhance Data Rate TX : 2402 - 2480 MHz					
Test Model	R11AH	Bluetooth Low Energy	TX : 2402 - 2480 MHz				
Sample Status	Engineering Sample						
EUT Modification(s)	N/A						

The above equipment has been tested and found compliance with the requirement of the relative standards by BTL Inc. The test data, data evaluation, and equipment configuration contained in our test report were obtained utilizing the test procedures, test instruments, test sites that has been accredited by the Authority of TAF according to the ISO/IEC 17025 quality assessment standard and technical standard(s).

Project No.: 1906T054D Page 6 of 60 Report Version: R00



2. RF EMISSIONS MEASUREMENT

2.1. TEST FACILITY

The test facilities used to collect the test data in this report is **SAR Test room** at the location of No. 68-1, Ln. 169, Sec.2, Datong Rd., Xizhi Dist., New Taipei City 221, Taiwan.

2.2. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Uncertainty Budget for Frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz

Error Description	Unce Va	rtainty lue %)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	Standard Uncertainty (1g)	Standard Uncertainty (10g)	Vi V _{eff}
	T		Measureme	ent Syster	n		l	T	
Probe Calibration	6.	05	Normal	1	1	1	± 6.05 %	± 6.05 %	∞
Axial Isotropy	4	.7	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	± 1.9 %	± 1.9 %	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	9	.6	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	± 3.9 %	± 3.9 %	8
Boundary Effects		1	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %	∞
Linearity	4	.7	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 2.7 %	± 2.7 %	8
Detection Limits	,	1	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %	8
Modulation response	2	.4	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.4 %	±1.4 %	8
Readout Electronics	0	.3	Normal	1	1	1	± 0.3 %	± 0.3 %	8
Response Time	0	.8	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 0.5%	± 0.5 %	8
Integration Time	2	.6	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 1.5 %	± 1.5 %	8
RF Ambient – Noise	;	3	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %	8
RF Ambient– Reflections	;	3	Rectangula	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %	8
Probe Positioner	0	.4	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 0.2 %	± 0.2 %	∞
Probe Positioning	2	.9	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 1.7 %	±1.7 %	∞
Post-processing		4	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 2.3 %	± 2.3 %	∞
Max.SAR Evaluation	2	2	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 1.15 %	± 1.15 %	∞
			Test Samp	le Related					
Device Positioning	1.6	1.8	Normal	1	1	1	± 1.6 %	± 1.8 %	145
Device Holder	1.5	1.7	Normal	1	1	1	± 1.5 %	± 1.7 %	5
Power Drift	5	.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 2.9 %	± 2.9 %	∞
Dhontom Dradustian			Phantom a	and Setup				l l	
Phantom Production Tolerances		.1	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	3.52	3.52	∞
SAR correction	1	.9	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.84	1.10	1.10	
Liquid Conductivity (mea.)	2.4		Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	1.08	1.08	∞
Liquid Permittivity (mea.)	2.4		Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.26	0.26	0.36	0.36	∞
Temp. unc Conductivity	3.4		Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	1.53	1.53	∞
Temp. unc Permittivity	0	.4	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.26	0.05	0.05	∞
			ertainty (K = 1)				± 10.42 %	± 10.48 %	361
Expanded Uncertainty (K = 2)							± 20.84 %	± 20.97 %	



Uncertainty Budget for Frequency range of 3 GHz to 6 GHz									
Error Description	Va	ertainty alue : %)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	Standard Uncertainty (1g)	Standard Uncertainty (10g)	Vi V _{eff}
			Measu	rement Sy	stem				
Probe Calibration	6	.65	Normal	1	1	1	± 6.65 %	± 6.65 %	8
Axial Isotropy	4	1.7	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	± 1.9 %	± 1.9 %	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	ę	9.6	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	± 3.9 %	± 3.9 %	∞
Boundary Effects		2	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 1.2 %	± 1.2 %	∞
Linearity	4	1.7	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 2.7 %	± 2.7 %	∞
Detection Limits		1	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %	8
Modulation response	2	2.4	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.4 %	±1.4 %	∞
Readout Electronics	(0.3	Normal	1	1	1	± 0.3 %	± 0.3 %	∞
Response Time	(0.8	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 0.5%	± 0.5 %	∞
Integration Time	2	2.6	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 1.5 %	± 1.5 %	∞
RF Ambient – Noise		3	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %	∞
RF Ambient– Reflections		3	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %	∞
Probe Positioner	().4	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 0.2 %	± 0.2 %	8
Probe Positioning	(6.7	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 3.9 %	±3.9 %	∞
Post-processing		4	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 2.3 %	± 2.3 %	∞
Max.SAR Evaluation		4	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 2.3 %	± 2.3 %	∞
			Test S	ample Rel	ated				
Device Positioning	1.6	1.8	Normal	1	1	1	±1.6 %	± 1.8 %	145
Device Holder	1.5	1.7	Normal	1	1	1	± 1.5 %	± 1.7 %	5
Power Drift	Ę	5.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 2.9 %	± 2.9 %	∞
			Phant	tom and Se	etup	•			
Phantom Production Tolerances	(6.6	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	3.81	3.81	∞
SAR correction	•	1.9	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.84	1.10	0.92	
Liquid Conductivity (mea.)	2.4		Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	1.08	0.98	∞
Liquid Permittivity (mea.)	2.4		Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.26	0.26	0.36	0.36	∞
Temp. unc Conductivity	3.4		Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	1.53	1.39	∞
Temp. unc Permittivity	0.4		Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.26	0.05	0.06	∞
Combi	ined St	tandard	Uncertainty (K :	= 1)			± 11.65 %	± 11.66 %	361
Expanded Uncertainty (K = 2)						± 23.29 %	± 23.33 %		



Uncertainty Budget	Uncertainty Budget for Frequency range of 6 GHz to 10 GHz								
Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	Standard Uncertainty (1g)	Standard Uncertainty (10g)	Vi V _{eff}	
		Measur	ement Sys	stem					
Probe Calibration	18.6	Normal	2	1	1	±9.3 %	±9.3 %	∞	
Probe Calibration Drift	1.7	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.0 %	±1.0 %	∞	
Probe Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.7 %	±2.7 %	∞	
Broadband Signal	2.8	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.6 %	±1.6 %	∞	
Probelsotropy	7.6	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±4.4 %	±4.4 %	8	
Data Acquisition	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	± 0.3%	± 0.3%	8	
RF Ambient	1.8	Normal	1	1	1	±1.8 %	±1.8 %	8	
Probe Positioning	0.2	Normal	1	0.5	0.5	±0.25 %	±0.25 %	8	
Data Processing	3.5	Normal	1	1	1	±3.5 %	±3.5 %	∞	
		Phantom a	nd Device	Errors					
Conductivity(meas.)	2.5	Normal	1	0.78	0.71	±2.0 %	±1.8 %	8	
Conductivity(temp.)	2.4	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	±1.1 %	±1.0 %	8	
PhantomPermittivity	14.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.5	0.5	±4.0 %	±4.0 %	8	
Distance DUT - TSL	2.0	Normal	1	2	2	±4.0 %	±4.0 %	8	
Device Positioning	1.0	Normal	1	1	1	±1.0 %	±1.0 %	145	
Device Holder	3.6	Normal	1	1	1	±3.6 %	±3.6 %	5	
DUT Modulation	2.4	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.4 %	±1.4 %	∞	
Time-average SAR	1.7	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.0 %	±1.0 %	∞	
DUT drift	2.5	Normal	1	1	1	±2.5 %	±2.5 %	∞	
Val Antenna Unc.	0	Normal	1	1	1	±0 %	±0 %	∞	
Unc. Input Power	0	Normal	1	1	1	±0 %	±0 %	∞	
	Correction to the SAR results								
Deviation to Target	1.9	Normal	1	1	0.84	±1.9 %	±1.6 %	∞	
SAR scaling	0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0 %	±0 %	∞	
	ed Standard U		1)			± 14.00%	± 13.90%	361	
E	xpanded Unce		± 28.00 %	± 27.90 %					





Uncertainty Budget for mmWave

certainty Budget for mmWave Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±dB)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci	Standard Uncertainty	Vi V _{eff}			
Uncertainty terms dependent on the measurement system									
Calibration Repeatability	0.21	Normal	1	1	±0.21dB	∞			
Probe correction	0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	±0dB	∞			
Frequency response(BW≤1GHz)	0.20	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0	±0 dB	∞			
Sensor cross coupling	0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	±0 dB	∞			
Isotropy	0.30	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	±0.17 dB	∞			
Linearity	0.20	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	±0.12 dB	∞			
Probe scattering	0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	±0 dB	~			
Probe Positioning offset	0.11	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	±0.06 dB	∞			
Probe Positioning repeatability	0.04	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	±0.02 dB	∞			
Sensor mechanical offset	0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 0 dB	∞			
Probe spatial resolution	0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 0 dB	∞			
Field impedance dependance	0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 0 dB	∞			
Amplitude and phase drift	0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 0 dB	∞			
Amplitude and phase noise	0.04	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0	± 0 dB	∞			
Measurement area truncation	0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	±0 dB	∞			
Data acquisition	0.03	Normal	1	1	±0.03 dB	∞			
Sampling	0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	±0 dB	∞			
Field reconstruction	0.60	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.3	±0.3 dB	∞			
Forward transformation	0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	±0 dB	∞			
Power density scaling	-	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	±0 dB	∞			
Spatial averaging	0.10	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0	±0 dB	∞			
System detection limit	0.04	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	±0.02 dB	∞			
Uncertainty ter	ms dependent	on the DUT and	d environn	nental f	actors	•			
Probe coupling with DUT	0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 0 dB	∞			
Modulation response	0.40	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0	± 0 dB	∞			
Integration time	0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 0 dB	∞			
Response time	0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 0 dB	∞			
Device holder influence	0.10	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0	± 0 dB	∞			
DUT alignment	0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 0 dB	∞			
RF ambient conditions	0.04	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	±0.02 dB	∞			
Ambient Reflections	0.04	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	±0.02 dB	∞			
Immunity / secondary reception	0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0	±0 dB	∞			
Drift of the DUT	0.10	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	±0.06 dB	∞			
	Combined Standard Uncertainty (K = 1)								
Combined Standard Uncertainty (K = 1) ± 0.33 dB ± 0.66 dB ± 0.66 dB									



Uncertainty Budget for psSAR / psAPD System Check

UncertaintyBudgetforpsSAR/psAPDSystemCheck

(Frequency band: 6 – 10 GHz range)

Symbol	Error Description	Uncert.	Prob.	Div.	ci	ci	Std. Unc. (1	Std. Unc.
			Dist.		(1g) /	(8 g/10 g) /	g) /	(8 g/10 g) /
					(1 cm2)	(4 cm2)	(1 cm2)	(4 cm2)
psSAR	Module SAR V16.0 (Table 6.2.3)	±13.1%	N	1	1	1	±13.1%	±13.0%
PDC	Power Density Conversion	±13.5%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.8 ^D	0.8 ^D	±6.2%	±6.2%
u(∆ SAR)	Combined Uncertainty						±14.5%	±14.4 %
U	Expanded Uncertainty						±29.0%	±28.8%

Uncertainty Budget for psSAR / psAPD Assessments

UncertaintyBudgetforpsSAR/psAPDAssessments

(Frequency band: 6 – 10 GHz range)

Symbol	Error Description	Uncert.	Prob.	Div.	ci	ci	Std. Unc. (1	Std. Unc.
			Dist.		(1g) /	(8 g/10 g) /	g) /	(8 g/10 g) /
					(1 cm2)	(4 cm2)	(1 cm2)	(4 cm2)
psSAR	Module SAR V16.0 (Table 6.3.3)	±14.2/13.9%	N	1	1	1	±14.2%	±13.9%
PDC	Power Density Conversion	±13.5%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±7.8%	±7.8%
u(∆ SAR)	Combined Uncertainty						±16.2%	±15.9 %
U	Expanded Uncertainty						±32.4%	±31.9%
	in dB						±1.2 dB	±1.2 dB

Project No.: 1906T054D Page 11 of 60 Report Version: R00



2.3. WLAN ANTENNA INFORMATION:

Ant.	Brand	Model	Туре	Frequency Range (MHz)	Gain (dBi)	
				2400-2500	1.12	
				5150-5350	1.61	
	WELL ODEEN			5470-5725	1.47	
 Main	WELL GREEN TECHNOLGY	TWAH7WIPB01+A	PIFA	5725-5850	0.38	
IVIAIII	CO.,LTD	TVVAH/VVIPDUT+A	PIFA	5925-6425	0.43	
	00.,210			6425-6525	0.43	
				6525-6875	2.07	
				6875-7125	2.20	
					2400-2500	2.25
				5150-5350	2.93	
	WELL ODEEN			5470-5725	2.39	
Aux	WELL GREEN TECHNOLGY	TWAH7WIPB02+A	PIFA	5725-5850	2.64	
Aux	CO.,LTD	TVVAH7VVIPDUZ+A	PIFA	5925-6425	2.51	
	CO.,LID			6425-6525	2.51	
				6525-6875	2.52	
				6875-7125	2.12	



2.4. THE MAXIMUM SAR-1G VALUES

Band	Mode	Highest Body Reported SAR-1g(W/kg)
FHSS	Bluetooth_DH5	0.147
DTS	Wi-Fi 2.4G	1.089
	Wi-Fi 5.2 & 5.3G	0.493
	Wi-Fi 5.6G	1.026
	Wi-Fi 5.8G	1.147
UNII	Wi-Fi 6.2G	1.087
	Wi-Fi 6.5G	0.916
	Wi-Fi 6.7G	0.795
	Wi-Fi 7.0G	0.751

Band	Mode	Highest Averaged Power Density(W/m^2)
6E	Wi-Fi 6.5	4.884

Note:

1) The device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate(SAR)for general population uncontrolled exposure limits according to the FCC rule §2.1093, the ANSI C95.1:2019/IEEE C95.1:2019, the NCRP Report Number 86 for uncontrolled environment and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE Std 1528-2013.

2.5. LABORATORY ENVIRONMENT

Temperature	Min. = 18°C, Max. = 25°C							
Relative humidity	Min. = 30%, Max. = 70%							
Ground system resistance	< 0.5 Ω							
	Ambient noise is checked and found very low and in compliance with requirement of standards. Reflection of surrounding objects is minimized and in compliance with requirement of standards.							

Project No.: 1906T054D Page 13 of 60 Report Version: R00



2.6. MAIN TEST INSTRUMENTS

Item	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Cal. Interval
1	Data Acquisition Electronics	Speag	DAE4	1486	May. 31, 2022	1 Year
2	E-field Probe	Speag	EX3DV4	7369	May. 28, 2022	1 Year
3	System Validation Dipole	Speag	D2450V2	973	Feb. 08, 2021	3 Year
4	System Validation Dipole	Speag	D5GHzV2	1221	Feb. 09, 2021	3 Year
5	System Validation Dipole	Speag	D6.5GHzV2	1041	Sep 02, 2021	1 Year
6	E-Field probe	Speag	EUmmWV4	9583	Sep 03, 2021	1 Year
7	5G Verification Source	Speag	5G Verification Source 10GHz	2011	Sep 03, 2021	1 Year
8	ELI4 Phantom	Speag	ELI4 Phantom V5.0	1240	N/A	N/A
9	mmWave Phantom	Speag	QD 015 025 CA	1085	N/A	N/A
10	ENA Network Analyzer	Agilent	E5071C	MY46524658	Mar. 21, 2022	1 Year
11	Signal Generator	R&S	SMR40	100502	Jan. 10, 2022	1 Year
12	Spectrum Analyzer	Keysight	N9020A	MY57120120	Mar. 7, 2022	1 Year
13	Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2487A	6K00004714	Aug. 15, 2021	1 Year
14	Power Sensor	Anritsu	MA2491A	034138	Aug. 15, 2021	1 Year
15	Dielectric Probe Kit	Agilent	85070E	2593	N/A	N/A
16	Low pass filter	Mini-Circuits	SLP-2950+	M108294	N/A	N/A
17	Power Amplifier	Mini-Circuits	ZVE-2W-272+	N650001538	N/A	N/A
18	Power Amplifier	Mini-Circuits	ZVE-8G+	N628801631	N/A	N/A
19	Power Amplifier	EMCI	EMC053035	980869	N/A	N/A
20	Thermometer	PA	O-230PK	N/A	Mar. 10, 2022	1 Year

Remark: "N/A" denotes no model name, serial No. or calibration specified.



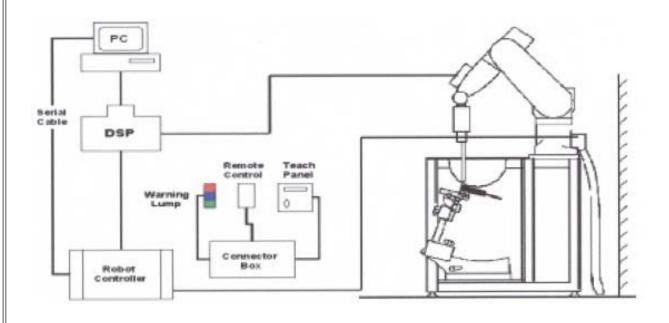
3. SAR MEASUREMENTS SYSTEM CONFIGURATION

3.1. SAR MEASUREMENT SETUP

The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- 1. A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- 2. A dosimetric probe, i.e. an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- 3. A data acquisition electronic (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- 4. A unit to operate the optical surface detector which is connected to the EOC.
- 5. The Electro-Optical Coupler (EOC) performs the conversion from the optical into a digital electric signal of the DAE. The EOC is connected to the DASY5 measurement server.
- The DASY5 measurement server, which performs all real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. A computer operating Windows.
- 7. DASY5 software and SEMCAD data evaluation software.
- 8. Remote control with teach panel and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- 9. The generic twin phantom enabling the testing of left-hand and right-hand usage.
- 10. The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- 11. Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- 12. System validation dipoles allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.

3.1.1. TEST SETUP LAYOUT



Project No.: 1906T054D Page 15 of 60 Report Version: R00



3.2. DASY5 E-FIELD PROBE SYSTEM

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EX3DV4 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

3.2.1. EX3DV4 PROBE SPECIFICATION

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Interleaved sensors Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Calibration	ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available
Frequency	10 MHz to 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1.0 mm





EX3DV4 E-field Probe

Project No.: 1906T054D Page 16 of 60 Report Version: R00

3.2.2. E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION

Each probe is calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than $\pm 10\%$. The spherical isotropy was evaluated and found to be better than ± 0.25 dB. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe are tested.

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This is performed in a TEM cell for frequencies bellow 1 GHz, and in a wave guide above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees.

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The measured free space E-field in the medium correlates to temperature rise in a dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

$$SAR = C \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

Where: $\Delta t = \text{Exposure time (30 seconds)}$,

C = Heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle), ΔT = Temperature increase due to RF exposure.

Or
$$SAR = \frac{|E|^2 \sigma}{\rho}$$

Where: σ = Simulated tissue conductivity, ρ = Tissue density (kg/m3).

Project No.: 1906T054D Page 17 of 60 Report Version: R00



3.2.3. OTHER TEST EQUIPMENT

3.2.3.1. DEVICE HOLDER FOR TRANSMITTERS

Construction: Simple but effective and easy-to-use extension for Mounting Device that facilitates the testing of larger devices according to IEC 62209-2 (e.g., laptops, cameras, etc.) It is lightweight and fits easily on the upper part of the Mounting Device in place of the phone positioner. The extension is fully compatible with the Twin SAM, ELI4 and SAM v6.0 Phantoms.

Material: POM, Acrylic glass, Foam

3.2.3.2 PHANTOM

Model	ELI4 Phantom
Construction	Phantom for compliance testing of
	handheld and body-mounted wireless
	devices in the frequency range of 30
	MHz to 6 GHz. ELI is fully compatible
	with the IEC 62209-2 standard and all
	known tissue simulating liquids. ELI
	has been optimized regarding its
	performance and can be integrated
	into our standard phantom tables. A
	cover prevents evaporation of the
	•
	liquid. Reference markings on the
	phantom allow installation of the
	complete setup, including all
	predefined phantom positions and
	measurement grids, by teaching three
	points. The phantom is compatible
	with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and
	dipoles.
Shell Thickness	2±0.1 mm
Filling Volume	Approx. 30 liters
Dimensions	Length: 600 mm; Width: 190mm
Difficusions	Height: adjustable feet
Aailable	Special



Model	Twin SAM
Construction	The shell corresponds to the
	specifications of the Specific
	Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM)
	phantom defined in IEEE 1528 and IEC
	62209-1. It enables the dosimetric
	evaluation of left and right hand phone
	usage as well as body mounted usage
	at the flat phantom region. A cover
	prevents evaporation of the liquid.
	Reference markings on the phantom
	allow the complete setup of all
	predefined phantom positions and
	measurement grids by teaching three
	points with the robot.
Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters
Dimensions	Length:1000mm; Width: 500mm
סוווופווסוטווס	Height: adjustable feet
Aailable	Special

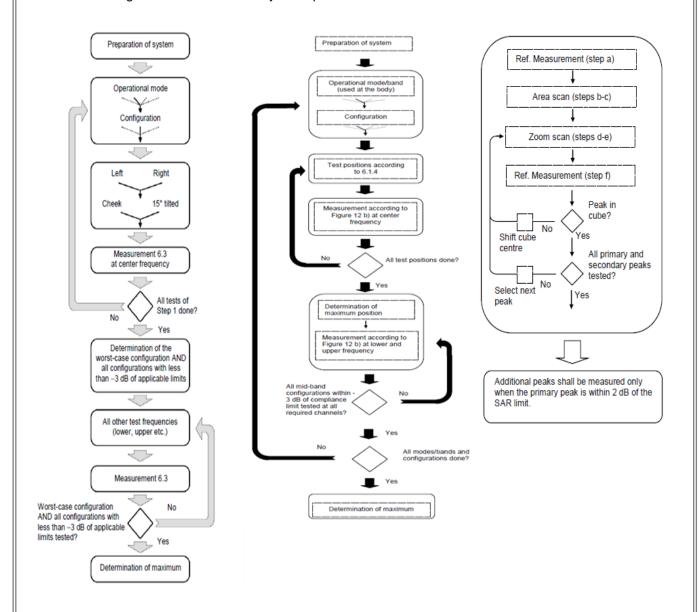


Project No.: 1906T054D Page 18 of 60 Report Version: R00



3.2.4. SCANNING PROCEDURE

The SAR test against the head and body-worn phantom was carried out as follow:



After an area scan has been done at a fixed distance of 1.4mm from the surface of the phantom on the source side, a 3D scan is set up around the location of the maximum spot SAR. First, a point within the scan area is visited by the probe and a SAR reading taken at the start of testing. At the end of testing, the probe is returned to the same point and a second reading is taken. Comparison between these start and end readings enables the power drift during measurement to be assessed.

Above is the scanning procedure flow chart and table from the IEEE1528 standard.

This is the procedure for which all compliant testing should be carried out to ensure that all variations of the device position and transmission behavior are tested.



3.2.5. DATA STORAGE AND EVALUATION

3.2.5.1 DATA STORAGE

The DASY5 software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvoli readings from the probe sensors), together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension "DAE4". The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [mW/g], [mW/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

Project No.: 1906T054D Page 20 of 60 Report Version: R00



3.2.6. DATA EVALUATION BY SEMCAD

The SEMCAD software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters: Sensitivity Normi, a_{i0} , a_{i1} , a_{i2}

Conversion factor ConvF_i

Diode compression point Dcpi

Device parameters: Frequency f

Crest factor cf

Media parameters: Conductivity

Density

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY5 components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics.

If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot cf/dcp_i$$

With V_i = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

 U_i = input signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)

dcpi = diode compression point (DASY parameter)





From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field probes: $Ei = (Vi / Normi \cdot ConvF)^{1/2}$

H-field probes: Hi = $(Vi)^{1/2} \cdot (ai0 + ai1 f + a_i 2f^2) / f$

With Vi = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

Norm_i = sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x, y, z)

[mV/(V/m)²] for E-field Probes

ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution

aij = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

f = carrier frequency [GHz]

Ei = electric field strength of channel i in V/m

Hi = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

Etot =
$$(EX^2 + EY^2 + EZ^2)^{1/2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

SAR = (Etot)
$$^2 \cdot \sigma / (\rho \cdot 1000)$$

With SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

E_{tot} = total field strength in V/m

= conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

= equivalent tissue density in g/cm³

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid. The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field to be a free space field.

$$P_{pwe} = E_{tot}^{2} / 3770 \text{ or } P_{pwe} = H_{tot}^{2} \cdot 37.7$$

With P_{pwe} = equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm²

E_{tot} = total field strength in V/m

H_{tot} = total magnetic field strength in A/m

Project No.: 1906T054D Page 22 of 60 Report Version: R00



4. TISSUE-EQUIVALENT LIQUID

4.1. TISSUE-EQUIVALENT LIQUID INGREDIENTS

The liquid is consisted of water, salt and Glycol, Sugar, Preventol and Cellulose. The liquid has previously been proven to be suited for worst-case. The measured conductivity and relative permittivity should be within $\pm 5\%$ of the target values. The below table shows the detail solution. It's satisfying the latest tissue dielectric parameters requirements proposed by the IEC 62209.

Composition of the Tissue Equivalent Matter

Tissue Type	Bactericide	DGBE	HEC	NaCl	Sucrose	Triton X-100	Water	Diethylene Glycol Mono- hexylether
Head 2450	-	45.0	-	0.1	-	-	54.9	-
Head 5G	_	-	-	-	-	17.2	65.5	17.3

Project No.: 1906T054D Page 23 of 60 Report Version: R00



4.2. TISSUE-EQUIVALENT LIQUID PROPERTIES

Dielectric Performance of Tissue Simulating Liquid

				Tissue \	/erificatio	n			
Date	Tissue Type	Frequency (MHz)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (εr)	Targeted Conductivity (σ)	Targeted Permittivity (εr)	Deviation Conductivity (σ) (%)	Deviation Permittivity (εr) (%)	Limit (%) ±5
2022/8/4	Head	2402	1.83	39.85	1.76	39.29	4.11	1.43	±5
2022/8/4	Head	2412	1.84	39.84	1.77	39.27	3.98	1.46	±5
2022/8/4	Head	2422	1.84	39.83	1.78	39.25	3.91	1.49	±5
2022/8/4	Head	2437	1.86	39.82	1.79	39.22	3.75	1.53	±5
2022/8/4	Head	2441	1.86	39.82	1.79	39.21	3.67	1.54	±5
2022/8/4	Head	2450	1.86	39.81	1.80	39.20	3.57	1.55	±5
2022/8/4	Head	2452	1.87	39.80	1.80	39.19	3.53	1.56	±5
2022/8/4	Head	2457	1.87	39.79	1.81	39.19	3.43	1.53	±5
2022/8/4	Head	2462	1.87	39.78	1.81	39.18	3.33	1.52	±5
2022/8/4	Head	2467	1.88	39.76	1.82	39.17	3.18	1.52	±5
2022/8/4	Head	2472	1.88	39.75	1.82	39.17	3.09	1.49	±5
2022/8/4	Head	2480	1.88	39.73	1.83	39.16	2.88	1.46	±5
2022/8/1	Head	5180	4.45	36.13	4.64	36.02	-4.14	0.29	±5
2022/8/1	Head	5200	4.47	36.14	4.66	36.00	-4.00	0.40	±5
2022/8/1	Head	5220	4.49	36.06	4.68	35.98	-4.04	0.22	±5
2022/8/1	Head	5240	4.51	35.97	4.70	35.96	-4.08	0.03	±5
2022/8/1	Head	5260	4.53	35.93	4.72	35.94	-4.00	-0.02	±5
2022/8/1	Head	5280	4.56	35.94	4.74	35.92	-3.81	0.06	±5
2022/8/1	Head	5300	4.59	35.95	4.76	35.90	-3.61	0.14	±5
2022/8/1	Head	5320	4.60	35.88	4.78	35.88	-3.75	0.00	±5
2022/8/1	Head	5500	4.81	35.54	4.96	35.60	-3.10	-0.16	±5
2022/8/1	Head	5520	4.82	35.51	4.98	35.58	-3.24	-0.19	±5
2022/8/1	Head	5540	4.83	35.48	5.00	35.56	-3.38	-0.23	±5
2022/8/1	Head	5560	4.86	35.44	5.03	35.54	-3.34	-0.29	±5
2022/8/1	Head	5580	4.89	35.38	5.05	35.52	-3.13	-0.38	±5
2022/8/1	Head	5600	4.92	35.33	5.07	35.50	-2.91	-0.47	±5
2022/8/1	Head	5620	4.94	35.33	5.09	35.48	-2.95	-0.43	±5
2022/8/1	Head	5640	4.96	35.32	5.11	35.46	-2.98	-0.39	±5
2022/8/1	Head	5660	4.98	35.29	5.13	35.44	-2.94	-0.43	±5
2022/8/1	Head	5680	5.00	35.23	5.15	35.42	-2.84	-0.53	±5
2022/8/1	Head	5700	5.03	35.17	5.17	35.40	-2.74	-0.64	±5
2022/8/1	Head	5720	5.05	35.16	5.19	35.38	-2.70	-0.63	±5
2022/8/1	Head	5745	5.08	35.14	5.22	35.35	-2.64	-0.60	±5
2022/8/1	Head	5765	5.10	35.09	5.24	35.33	-2.57	-0.67	±5
2022/8/1	Head	5785	5.12	35.04	5.26	35.31	-2.48	-0.77	±5
2022/8/1	Head	5800	5.14	35.00	5.27	35.30	-2.42	-0.86	±5
2022/8/1	Head	5805	5.15	35.00	5.28	35.29	-2.41	-0.83	±5
2022/8/1	Head	5825	5.17	34.99	5.30	35.27	-2.37	-0.79	±5

Project No.: 1906T054D Page 24 of 60 Report Version: R00



Dielectric Performance of Tissue Simulating Liquid

	Tissue Verification										
Date	Tissue Type	Frequency (MHz)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (εr)	Targeted Conductivity (σ)	Targeted Permittivity (εr)	Deviation Conductivity (σ) (%)	Deviation Permittivity (εr) (%)	Limit (%) ±5		
2022/8/5	Head	6000	5.36	34.65	5.48	35.07	-2.14	-1.19	±5		
2022/8/5	Head	6050	5.42	34.59	5.54	35.01	-2.17	-1.19	±5		
2022/8/5	Head	6100	5.49	34.44	5.59	34.95	-1.84	-1.45	±5		
2022/8/5	Head	6150	5.55	34.41	5.65	34.89	-1.69	-1.38	±5		
2022/8/5	Head	6200	5.61	34.30	5.71	34.83	-1.79	-1.51	±5		
2022/8/5	Head	6250	5.67	34.25	5.77	34.77	-1.69	-1.48	±5		
2022/8/5	Head	6300	5.72	34.11	5.83	34.70	-1.96	-1.71	±5		
2022/8/5	Head	6350	5.81	34.07	5.89	34.64	-1.40	-1.63	±5		
2022/8/5	Head	6400	5.82	34.00	5.95	34.58	-2.15	-1.68	±5		
2022/8/5	Head	6450	5.91	33.88	6.01	34.52	-1.64	-1.87	±5		
2022/8/5	Head	6500	5.94	33.86	6.07	34.46	-2.15	-1.74	±5		
2022/8/5	Head	6550	6.02	33.69	6.13	34.40	-1.74	-2.05	±5		
2022/8/5	Head	6600	6.06	33.70	6.19	34.34	-2.05	-1.86	±5		
2022/8/5	Head	6650	6.13	33.50	6.25	34.29	-1.96	-2.30	±5		
2022/8/5	Head	6700	6.19	33.52	6.30	34.23	-1.68	-2.07	±5		
2022/8/5	Head	6750	6.24	33.35	6.36	34.17	-1.89	-2.39	±5		
2022/8/5	Head	6800	6.31	33.34	6.42	34.11	-1.78	-2.27	±5		
2022/8/5	Head	6850	6.34	33.19	6.48	34.05	-2.09	-2.54	±5		
2022/8/5	Head	6900	6.42	33.16	6.53	33.99	-1.67	-2.44	±5		
2022/8/5	Head	6950	6.45	33.04	6.59	33.94	-2.09	-2.64	±5		
2022/8/5	Head	7000	6.53	33.02	6.65	33.88	-1.86	-2.55	±5		

Note:

- 1)The dielectric parameters of the tissue-equivalent liquid should be measured under similar ambient conditions and within 2 °C of the conditions expected during the SAR evaluation to satisfy protocol requirements.
- 2)KDB 865664 was ensured to be applied for probe calibration frequencies greater than or equal to 50MHz of the EUT frequencies.
- 3)The above measured tissue parameters were used in the DASY software to perform interpolation via the DASY software to determine actual dielectric parameters at the test frequencies. The SAR test plots may slightly differ from the table above since the DASY rounds to three significant digits.
- 4) According to FCC TCB workshop April, 2019 RF Exposure Procedures Update(Effective February 19,2019, FCC has permitted the use of single head-tissue simulating liquid specified in IEEE 62209-1- for all SAR tests.

Project No.: 1906T054D Page 25 of 60 Report Version: R00



5. SYSTEM CHECK

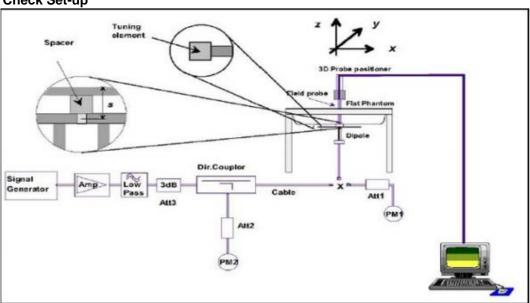
5.1. DESCRIPTION OF SYSTEM CHECK

The manufacturer calibrates the probes annually. Dielectric parameters of the tissue simulants were measured every day using the dielectric probe kit and the network analyzer. A system check measurement was made following the determination of the dielectric parameters of the simulant, using the dipole validation kit. A power level of 250 mW(below 3GHz) or 100mW(3-6GHz), which was placed under the flat section of the twin SAM phantom. The system check results (dielectric parameters and SAR values) are given in the 6.2.

System check results have to be equal or near the values determined during dipole calibration with the relevant liquids and test system (±10 %).

System check is performed regularly on all frequency bands where tests are performed with the DASY5 system.

System Check Set-up



Project No.: 1906T054D Page 26 of 60 Report Version: R00



5.2. DESCRIPTION OF SYSTEM CHECK

System Check in Tissue Simulating Liquid

The system check is performed for verifying the accuracy of the complete measurement system and performance of the software. The system check is performed with tissue equivalent material according to IEEE P1528 (described above). The following table shows system check results for all frequency bands and tissue liquids used during the tests.

Date	System Dipole		•	Parameters	Target	Measured	Deviation	Limited
Date	Туре	Serial No.	Liquid	rarameters	[W/kg]	[W/kg]	[%]	[%]
2022/8/4	D2450V2	973	Head	1g SAR	52.5	49.6	-5.52	± 10
2022/8/1	D5GHzV2 (5.2GHz)	1221	Head	1g SAR	79.8	76.6	-4.01	± 10
2022/8/1	D5GHzV2 (5.3GHz)	1221	Head	1g SAR	81.9	79.5	-2.93	± 10
2022/8/1	D5GHzV2 (5.6GHz)	1221	Head	1g SAR	84.5	81.5	-3.55	± 10
2022/8/1	D5GHzV2 (5.8GHz)	1221	Head	1g SAR	81.7	78.2	-4.28	± 10
2022/8/5	D6.5GHzV2 (6.5GHz)	1041	Head	1g SAR	289.0	301.0	4.15	± 10

5.3.POWER DENSITY SYSTEM CHECK

System check provides a fast and reliable method to routinely verify that the measurementsystem is operational with no system component failures, including probe defects, drifts ordeviation from target performance requirements. A system check also verifies the repeatability of the measurement system before compliance testing.

The measurement of a verification source is started from 5G probe installed and the phantom taught. The verification source is placed on the 5G phantom. Due to the internal distance from thehorn to the outer surface of the verification source, the measurement distance set in the software should be offsetby -4.45 mm; e.g., for measurement of the verification source at 10 mm, the measurement distance set in the software should be 5.55mm (10mm -4.45 mm).

The system check is a complete measurement using simple well-defined reference sources. According to the DASY6 specification in the user's manual and SPEAG's recommendation, the deviation threshold of ± 0.66 dB represents the expanded standard uncertainty for system performance check. The system check is successful if the measured results are within ± 0.66 dB tolerances to the target value shown in the calibration certificate of the verification source. The instrumentation and procedures used for system checkshould ensure the system is ready for performing compliance tests.

Date	5G Ve	rification So	use	Parameters	Target	Measured	Deviation	Limited
Date	Type	Serial No.	Liquid	rarameters	[W/m^2]	[W/m^2]	[%]	[%]
2022/8/9	10G	2011	Head	Avg Power Densuty 4cm^2	150.0	141.0	-6.00	± 10

Project No.: 1906T054D Page 27 of 60 Report Version: R00

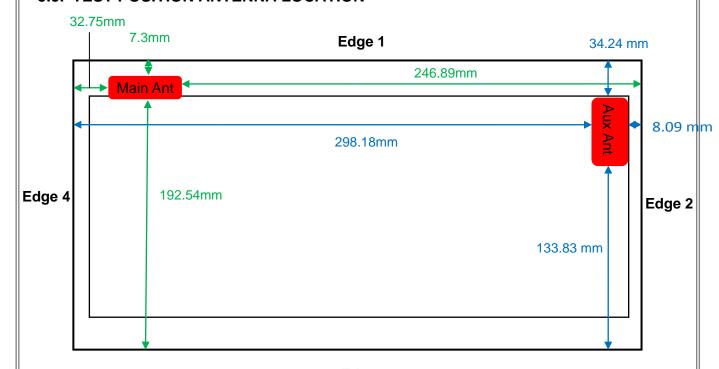


5.3.1. Operational Conditions during Test

5.4. GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF TEST PROCEDURES

Connection to the EUT is established via air interface with base station An, and the EUT is Set to maximum output power by base station. The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power output. The antenna connected to the output of the base station simulator shall be placed at least 50cm away from the EUT. The signal transmitted by the simulator to the antenna feeding point shall be lower than the output power level of the EUT by at least 30dB.

5.5. TEST POSITION ANTENNA LOCATION



Edge 3



Project No.: 1906T054D Page 28 of 60 Report Version: R00



5.6. TEST POSITION OF PORTABLE DEVICES

	Minimum Separation Distance										
Mode	Antenna Position Distance (mm) Evaluation										
		Edge1	7.03	Yes							
		Edge2	246.89	No							
	Main	Edge3	192.54	No							
		Edge4	32.75	No							
WiFi		Rear	7.00	Yes							
VVIFI		Edge1	34.24	No							
		Edge2	8.09	Yes							
	Aux	Edge3	133.83	No							
		Edge4	298.18	No							
		Rear	6.00	Yes							

5.7. TEST POSITION

5.7.1.BODY TEST CONFIGURATION

The SAR Exclusion Threshold in KDB 447498 D01 can be applied to determine SAR test exclusion for adjacent edge configurations. The closest distance from the antenna to an EUT edge is used to determine if SAR testing is required for the adjacent edges, with the adjacent edge positioned adjacent the phantom and the edge containing the antenna positioned perpendicular to the phantom.

SAR test reduction and exclusion guidance

(1) The SAR exclusion threshold for is defined by the following equation:

$$P_{\text{th}} \text{ (mW)} = \begin{cases} ERP_{20 \text{ cm}} (d/20 \text{ cm})^x & d \le 20 \text{ cm} \\ ERP_{20 \text{ cm}} & 20 \text{ cm} < d \le 40 \text{ cm} \end{cases}$$
(B. 2)

where

$$x = -\log_{10}\left(\frac{60}{ERP_{20 \text{ cm}}\sqrt{f}}\right)$$

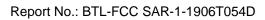
and f is in GHz, d is the separation distance (cm), and ERP_{20cm} is per Formula (B.1).

Example values shown in Table B.2 are for illustration only.

Table B.2—Example Power Thresholds (mW)

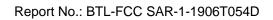
		Distance (mm)												
		5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50			
\mathbf{z}	300	39	65	88	110	129	148	166	184	201	217			
(MHz)	450	22	44	67	89	112	135	158	180	203	226			
	835	9	25	44	66	90	116	145	175	207	240			
Frequency	1900	3	12	26	44	66	92	122	157	195	236			
edn	2450	3	10	22	38	59	83	111	143	179	219			
Fr	3600	2	8	18	32	49	71	96	125	158	195			
	5800	1	6	14	25	40	58	80	106	136	169			

Project No.: 1906T054D Page 30 of 60 Report Version: R00





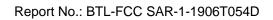
Mode	Ant	Position	Distance (mm)	f (MHz)	Max Power(dBm)	Max Power(mW)	SAR Exclusion threshold(mW)	Test required
Bluetooth	Aux	Edge1	34.24	2480	10.50	11.22	106	No
Bluetooth	Aux	Edge2	8.09	2480	10.50	11.22	7	Yes
Bluetooth	Aux	Edge3	133.83	2480	10.50	11.22	219	No
Bluetooth	Aux	Edge4	298.18	2480	10.50	11.22	219	No
Bluetooth	Aux	Rear	6.00	2480	10.50	11.22	4	Yes
Mode	Ant	Position	Distance (mm)	f (MHz)	Max Power(dBm)	Max Power(mW)	SAR Exclusion threshold(mW)	Test required
2.4GHz	Main	Edge1	7.03	2462	16.00	39.81	5	Yes
2.4GHz	Main	Edge2	246.89	2462	16.00	39.81	219	No
2.4GHz	Main	Edge3	192.54	2462	16.00	39.81	219	No
2.4GHz	Main	Edge4	32.75	2462	16.00	39.81	98	No
2.4GHz	Main	Rear	7.00	2462	16.00	39.81	5	Yes
2.4GHz	Aux	Edge1	34.24	2462	17.00	50.12	106	No
2.4GHz	Aux	Edge2	8.09	2462	17.00	50.12	7	Yes
2.4GHz	Aux	Edge3	133.83	2462	17.00	50.12	219	No
2.4GHz	Aux	Edge4	298.18	2462	17.00	50.12	219	No
2.4GHz	Aux	Rear	6.00	2462	17.00	50.12	4	Yes





Mode	Ant	Position	Distance (mm)	f (MHz)	Max Power(dBm)	Max Power(mW)	SAR Exclusion threshold(mW)	Test required
5.2GHz	Main	Edge1	7.03	5210	14.00	25.12	3	Yes
5.2GHz	Main	Edge2	246.89	5210	14.00	25.12	169	No
5.2GHz	Main	Edge3	192.54	5210	14.00	25.12	169	No
5.2GHz	Main	Edge4	32.75	5210	14.00	25.12	73	No
5.2GHz	Main	Rear	7.00	5210	14.00	25.12	3	Yes
5.2GHz	Aux	Edge1	34.24	5210	14.00	25.12	80	No
5.2GHz	Aux	Edge2	8.09	5210	14.00	25.12	4	Yes
5.2GHz	Aux	Edge3	133.83	5210	14.00	25.12	169	No
5.2GHz	Aux	Edge4	298.18	5210	14.00	25.12	169	No
5.2GHz	Aux	Rear	6.00	5210	14.00	25.12	2	Yes

Mode	Ant	Position	Distance (mm)	f (MHz)	Max Power(dBm)	Max Power(mW)	SAR Exclusion threshold(mW)	Test required
5.3GHz	Main	Edge1	7.03	5290	14.00	25.12	3	Yes
5.3GHz	Main	Edge2	246.89	5290	14.00	25.12	169	No
5.3GHz	Main	Edge3	192.54	5290	14.00	25.12	169	No
5.3GHz	Main	Edge4	32.75	5290	14.00	25.12	72	No
5.3GHz	Main	Rear	7.00	5290	14.00	25.12	3	Yes
5.3GHz	Aux	Edge1	34.24	5290	14.00	25.12	79	No
5.3GHz	Aux	Edge2	8.09	5290	14.00	25.12	4	Yes
5.3GHz	Aux	Edge3	133.83	5290	14.00	25.12	169	No
5.3GHz	Aux	Edge4	298.18	5290	14.00	25.12	169	No
5.3GHz	Aux	Rear	6.00	5290	14.00	25.12	2	Yes

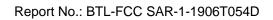




Mode	Ant	Position	Distance (mm)	f (MHz)	Max Power(dBm)	Max Power(mW)	SAR Exclusion threshold(mW)	Test required
5.6GHz	Main	Edge1	7.03	5530	14.00	25.12	3	Yes
5.6GHz	Main	Edge2	246.89	5530	14.00	25.12	169	No
5.6GHz	Main	Edge3	192.54	5530	14.00	25.12	169	No
5.6GHz	Main	Edge4	32.75	5530	14.00	25.12	71	No
5.6GHz	Main	Rear	7.00	5530	14.00	25.12	3	Yes
5.6GHz	Aux	Edge1	34.24	5530	12.50	17.78	78	No
5.6GHz	Aux	Edge2	8.09	5530	12.50	17.78	4	Yes
5.6GHz	Aux	Edge3	133.83	5530	12.50	17.78	169	No
5.6GHz	Aux	Edge4	298.18	5530	12.50	17.78	169	No
5.6GHz	Aux	Rear	6.00	5530	12.50	17.78	2	Yes

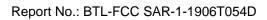
Mode	Ant	Position	Distance (mm)	f (MHz)	Max Power(dBm)	Max Power(mW)	SAR Exclusion threshold(mW)	Test required
5.8GHz	Main	Edge1	7.03	5775	13.00	19.95	3	Yes
5.8GHz	Main	Edge2	246.89	5775	13.00	19.95	169	No
5.8GHz	Main	Edge3	192.54	5775	13.00	19.95	169	No
5.8GHz	Main	Edge4	32.75	5775	13.00	19.95	70	No
5.8GHz	Main	Rear	7.00	5775	13.00	19.95	3	Yes
5.8GHz	Aux	Edge1	34.24	5775	13.00	19.95	77	No
5.8GHz	Aux	Edge2	8.09	5775	13.00	19.95	4	Yes
5.8GHz	Aux	Edge3	133.83	5775	13.00	19.95	169	No
5.8GHz	Aux	Edge4	298.18	5775	13.00	19.95	169	No
5.8GHz	Aux	Rear	6.00	5775	13.00	19.95	2	Yes

Mode	Ant	Position	Distance (mm)	f (MHz)	Max Power(dBm)	Max Power(mW)	SAR Exclusion threshold(mW)	Test required
6.2GHz	Main	Edge1	7.03	6025	13.00	19.95	3	Yes
6.2GHz	Main	Edge2	246.89	6025	13.00	19.95	169	No
6.2GHz	Main	Edge3	192.54	6025	13.00	19.95	169	No
6.2GHz	Main	Edge4	32.75	6025	13.00	19.95	69	No
6.2GHz	Main	Rear	7.00	6025	13.00	19.95	3	Yes
6.2GHz	Aux	Edge1	34.24	6025	13.00	19.95	76	No
6.2GHz	Aux	Edge2	8.09	6025	13.00	19.95	4	Yes
6.2GHz	Aux	Edge3	133.83	6025	13.00	19.95	169	No
6.2GHz	Aux	Edge4	298.18	6025	13.00	19.95	169	No
6.2GHz	Aux	Rear	6.00	6025	13.00	19.95	2	Yes





Mode	Ant	Position	Distance (mm)	f (MHz)	Max Power(dBm)	Max Power(mW)	SAR Exclusion threshold(mW)	Test required
6.5GHz	Main	Edge1	7.03	6505	13.00	19.95	3	Yes
6.5GHz	Main	Edge2	246.89	6505	13.00	19.95	169	No
6.5GHz	Main	Edge3	192.54	6505	13.00	19.95	169	No
6.5GHz	Main	Edge4	32.75	6505	13.00	19.95	67	No
6.5GHz	Main	Rear	7.00	6505	13.00	19.95	3	Yes
6.5GHz	Aux	Edge1	34.24	6505	13.00	19.95	73	No
6.5GHz	Aux	Edge2	8.09	6505	13.00	19.95	3	Yes
6.5GHz	Aux	Edge3	133.83	6505	13.00	19.95	169	No
6.5GHz	Aux	Edge4	298.18	6505	13.00	19.95	169	No
6.5GHz	Aux	Rear	6.00	6505	13.00	19.95	2	Yes





Mode	Ant	Position	Distance (mm)	f (MHz)	Max Power(dBm)	Max Power(mW)	SAR Exclusion threshold(mW)	Test required
6.7GHz	Main	Edge1	7.03	6665	13.00	19.95	3	Yes
6.7GHz	Main	Edge2	246.89	6665	13.00	19.95	169	No
6.7GHz	Main	Edge3	192.54	6665	13.00	19.95	169	No
6.7GHz	Main	Edge4	32.75	6665	13.00	19.95	66	No
6.7GHz	Main	Rear	7.00	6665	13.00	19.95	3	Yes
6.7GHz	Aux	Edge1	34.24	6665	13.00	19.95	73	No
6.7GHz	Aux	Edge2	8.09	6665	13.00	19.95	3	Yes
6.7GHz	Aux	Edge3	133.83	6665	13.00	19.95	169	No
6.7GHz	Aux	Edge4	298.18	6665	13.00	19.95	169	No
6.7GHz	Aux	Rear	6.00	6665	13.00	19.95	2	Yes

Mode	Ant	Position	Distance (mm)	f (MHz)	Max Power(dBm)	Max Power(mW)	SAR Exclusion threshold(mW)	Test required
7.0GHz	Main	Edge1	7.03	6985	13.00	19.95	2	Yes
7.0GHz	Main	Edge2	246.89	6985	13.00	19.95	169	No
7.0GHz	Main	Edge3	192.54	6985	13.00	19.95	169	No
7.0GHz	Main	Edge4	32.75	6985	13.00	19.95	65	No
7.0GHz	Main	Rear	7.00	6985	13.00	19.95	2	Yes
7.0GHz	Aux	Edge1	34.24	6985	13.00	19.95	71	No
7.0GHz	Aux	Edge2	8.09	6985	13.00	19.95	3	Yes
7.0GHz	Aux	Edge3	133.83	6985	13.00	19.95	169	No
7.0GHz	Aux	Edge4	298.18	6985	13.00	19.95	169	No
7.0GHz	Aux	Rear	6.00	6985	13.00	19.95	2	Yes



6. SAR MEASUREMENT VARIABILITY AND UNCERTAINTY

6.1. SAR MEASUREMENT VARIABILITY

Per KDB865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, SAR measurement variability must be assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. The additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is≥ 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

The same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.

The detailed repeated measurement results are shown in Section 8.2.

Project No.: 1906T054D Page 36 of 60 Report Version: R00



6.2. TEST CONFIGURATION

6.2.1. WIFI Test Configuration

For WLAN SAR testing, WLAN engineering testing software installed on the DUT can provide continuous transmitting RF signal.

Wi-Fi 2.4GHz Band

Mode	802.11b	802.11g	802.11n	802.11n	802.11	802.11			
			HT20	HT40	ax20	ax40			
Duty cycle		100%							
Crest factor	1								

Wi-Fi 5GHz Band

	JOHE BUILD										
	802.11a	802.11n HT20	802.11n HT40	802.11 ac20	802.11 ac40	802.11 ac80	802.11 ac160				
Mode	802.11	802.11	802.11	802.11							
	ax20	ax40	ax80	ax160							
Duty cycle		100%									
Crest factor				1							

Wi-Fi 6GHz Band

	TIZ DUTO										
Mode	802.11a	802.11n HT20	802.11n HT40	802.11 ac20	802.11 ac40	802.11 ac80	802.11 ac160				
	802.11	802.11	802.11	802.11							
	ax20	ax40	ax80	ax160							
Duty cycle		100%									
Crest factor				1							

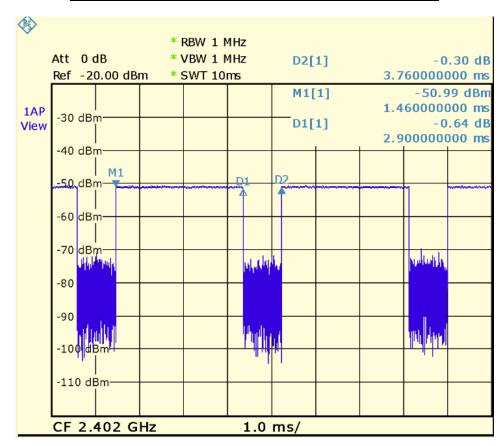
For WiFi SAR testing, a communication link is set up with the test mode software for WiFi mode test. During the test, at the each test frequency channel, the EUT is operated at the RF continuous emission mode. The RF signal utilized in SAR measurement has 100% duty cycle and its crest factor is 1. The test procedures in KDB 248227 D01 are applied.

Project No.: 1906T054D Page 37 of 60 Report Version: R00



Bluetooth

Mode	Bluetooth DH5	Bluetooth EDR	BLE 2M
Duty cycle	77.13%	77.12%	57.44%
Crest factor	1.30	1.30	1.74





6.2.2 WLAN 2.4G SAR Test Requirements

802.11b DSSS SAR Test Requirements

SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS using either a fixed test position or, when applicable, the initial test position procedure. SAR test reduction is determined according to the following:

- 1) When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is \leq 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration.
- 2) When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for that exposure configuration using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel; i.e., all channels require testing.

2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM SAR Test Exclusion Requirements

When SAR measurement is required for 2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM configurations, the measurement and test reduction procedures for OFDM are applied. SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions.

- 1) When KDB Publication 447498 SAR test exclusion applies to the OFDM configuration.
- 2) When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is \leq 1.2 W/kg.

Project No.: 1906T054D Page 39 of 60 Report Version: R00



SAR Test Requirements for OFDM configurations

When SAR measurement is required for 2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM configurations, each standalone and frequency aggregated band is considered separately for SAR test reduction. In applying the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration procedures, the 802.11 transmission configuration with the highest specified maximum output power and the channel within a test configuration with the highest measured maximum output power should be clearly distinguished to apply the procedures.

6.2.3 WLAN 5G SAR TEST REQUIREMENTS

U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A Band

For devices that operate in both U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A bands, when the same maximum output power is specified for both bands, begin SAR measurement in U-NII-2A band by applying the OFDM SAR requirements. If the highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band for that configuration (802.11 mode and exposure condition); otherwise, both bands are tested independently for SAR. When different maximum output power is specified for the bands, begin SAR measurement in the band with higher specified maximum output power. The highest reported SAR for the tested configuration is adjusted by the ratio of lower to higher specified maximum output power for the two bands. When the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for the band with lower maximum output power in that test configuration; otherwise, both bands are tested independently for SAR.

U-NII-2C. U-NII-3 Bands

The frequency range covered by these bands is 380 MHz (5.47 – 5.85 GHz), which requires a minimum of at least two SAR probe calibration frequency points to support SAR measurements. When Terminal Doppler Weather Radar (TDWR) restriction applies, the channels at 5.60 – 5.65 GHz in U-NII-2C band must be disabled with acceptable mechanisms and documented in the equipment certification. Unless band gap channels are permanently disabled, they must be considered for SAR testing. To maintain SAR measurement accuracy and to facilitate test reduction, the channels in U-NII-2C band above 5.65 GHz may be grouped with the 5.8 GHz channels in U-NII-3 or §15.247 band to enable two SAR probe calibration frequency points to cover the bands, including the band gap channels.11 When band gap channels are supported and the bands are not aggregated for SAR testing, band gap channels must be considered independently in each band according to the normally required OFDM SAR measurement and probe calibration frequency points requirements.

6.2.4 OFDM TRANSMISSION MODE AND SAR TEST CHANNEL SELECTION

For the 2.4GHz and 5GHz bands, when the same maximum output power was specified for multiple OFDM transmission mode configurations in a frequency band or aggregated band, SAR is measured using the configuration with the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate. When the maximum output power of a channel is the same for equivalent OFDM configurations(for example 802.11a,802.11n and 802.11ac,or 802.11g and 802.11n,with the same channel bandwidth, modulation, and data rate, etc.), the lower order 802.11 mode(i.e.802.11a then 802.11n and 802.11ac,or 802.11g then 802.11n) is used for SAR measurement. When the maximum output power are the same for multiple test channels, either according to the default or additional power measurement requirements, SAR is measured using the channel closest to the middle of the frequency band or aggregated band. When there are multiple channels with the same maximum output power, SAR is measured using the higher number channel.

6.2.5 INITIAL TEST CONFIGURATION PROCEDURE

For OFDM, in both 2.4G and 5GHz bands, an initial test configuration is determined for each frequency band and aggregated band, according to the transmission mode with the highest maximum output power specified for SAR measurements. When the same maximum output power is specified for multiple OFDM transmission mode configurations in a frequency band or aggregated band, SAR is measured using the configuration(s) with the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, and lowest data rate. If the average RF output powers of the highest identical transmission modes are within 0.25 dB of each other, mid channel of the transmission mode with highest average RF output powers is the initial test channel. Otherwise, the channel of the transmission mode with the highest average RF output power will be the initial test configuration. When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no additional measurements on other test channels are required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated using the subsequent highest average RF output channel until the reported SAR result is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all channels are measured. When there are multiple untested channels having the same subsequent highest average RF output power, the channel with higher frequency from the lowest 802.11 mode is considered for SAR measurement.

Project No.: 1906T054D Page 40 of 60 Report Version: R00



7. CONDUCTED POWER RESULTS

7.1. CONDUCTED POWER MEASUREMENT RESULTS OF BLUETOOTH

Band	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Max Power (dBm)	AVG Power (dBm)
		0	2402	10.50	8.95
DH5	DH5	39	2441	10.50	8.75
		78	2480	10.50	8.88
		0	2402	9.50	
	2DH5	39	2441	9.50	
EDR		78	2480	9.50	
EDK		0	2402	9.50	
	3DH5	39	2441	9.50	Not Require
		78	2480	9.50	
		0	2402	9.00	
BLE	2M	19	2440	9.00	
		39	2480	9.00	



7.2. CONDUCTED POWER MEASUREMENTS OF WI-FI 2.4GHZ BAND

			Fraguera.	Data	May Tuna IIn	AVG Pow	ver (dBm)		
Band	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Max Tune-Up Power (dBm)	Main	Aux		
		3	2422	HT0	16.00	15.81			
	802.11 n40	6	2437	HT0	16.00	15.86			
		11	2462	HT0	16.00	15.84			
	802.11b	1-13	2412-2472	6	16.00				
	802.11g	1-13	2412-2472	HT0	16.00				
	802.11n20	3-11	2412-2472	HT0	16.00	Not Bo	auirad		
	802.11n40	3-11	2422-2462	HT0	16.00	NOT KE	equired		
	802.11ax20	1-13	2412-2472	HE0	16.00				
2.4G	802.11ax40	3-11	2422-2462	HE0	16.00				
2.40		3	2422	HT0	17.00		16.68		
	802.11n40	6	2437	HT0	17.00		16.72		
		11	2467	HT0	17.00		16.69		
	802.11b	1-13	2412-2472	6	17.00				
	802.11g	1-13	2412-2472	HT0	17.00				
	802.11n20	3-11	2422-2462	HT0	17.00	Not Required			
	802.11n40	3-11	2422-2462	HT0	17.00				
	802.11ax20	1-13	2412-2472	HE0	17.00				
	802.11ax40	3-11	2422-2462	HE0	17.00				

Note:

1. As per FCC OET KDB 248227 D01, conducted output power and SAR testing are not required for 802.11g/n20 channels when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2W/kg.

Project No.: 1906T054D Page 42 of 60 Report Version: R00



7.3. CONDUCTED POWER MEASUREMENTS OF 5G UNII_1

			Fraguancy	Data	May Tuno IIn	AVG Pow	ver (dBm)	
Band	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Max Tune-Up Power (dBm)	Main	Aux	
	802.11a	36-48	5180-5240	6	14.00			
	802.11 n20	36-48	5180-5240	HT0	14.00			
UNII 1	802.11 n40	38-46	5190-5230	HT0	14.00			
OIVII_1	802.11 ax20	36-48	5180-5240	HE0	14.00			
	802.11 ax40	38-46	5190-5230	HE0	14.00	Not Required		
	802.11 ax80	42	5210	HE0	14.00			
	802.11a	36	5180	6	14.00			
	802.11 n20	36-48	5180-5240	HT0	14.00			
LINIII 1	802.11 n40	38-46	5190-5230	HT0	14.00			
UNII_1	802.11 ax20	36-48	5180-5240	HE0	14.00			
	802.11 ax40	38-46	5190-5230	HE0	14.00			
	802.11 ax80	42	5210	HE0	14.00			

Note:

- 1. When the same maximum output power is specified for both bands, begin SAR measurement in U-NII-2A band by applying the OFDM SAR requirements. If the highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band (see §B.5.2 in this document).
- 2. The initial test configuration for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures. When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, lowest order 802.11 mode is selected (i.e. a, g, n, ac).

Project No.: 1906T054D Page 43 of 60 Report Version: R00



7.4. CONDUCTED POWER MEASUREMENTS OF 5G UNII_2A

			F	Data	Mary Trees alle	AVG Pow	ver (dBm)	
Band	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Max Tune-Up Power (dBm)	Main	Aux	
	802.11a	52-64	5260-5320	6	14.00			
	802.11 n20	52-64	5260-5320	HT0	14.00	Not Re	equired	
	802.11 n40	54-62	5270-5310	HT0	14.00			
	802.11 ac80	58	5290	VHT0	14.00	13.92		
UNII_2a	802.11 ac160	50	5250	VHT0	14.00			
	802.11 ax20	52-64	5260-5320	HE0	14.00	Not Required		
	802.11 ax40	54-62	5270-5310	HE0	14.00			
	802.11 ax80	58	5290	HE0	14.00			
	802.11 ax160	50	5250	HE0	14.00			
	802.11a	52-64	5260-5320	6	14.00			
	802.11 n20	52-64	5260-5320	HT0	14.00			
	802.11 n40	54-62	5270-5310	HT0	14.00			
	802.11 ac80	58	5290	VHT0	14.00		13.97	
UNII_2a	802.11 ax20	52-64	5260-5320	HE0	14.00		•	
	802.11 ax40	54-62	5270-5310	HE0	14.00	Not Required		
	802.11 ax80	58	5290	HE0	14.00			
	802.11 ax160	50	5250	HE0	14.00			

Note:

- 1. When the same maximum output power is specified for both bands, begin SAR measurement in U-NII-2A band by applying the OFDM SAR requirements. If the highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band (see §B.5.2 in this document).
- 2. The initial test configuration for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures. When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, lowest order 802.11 mode is selected (i.e. a, g, n, ac).
- 3. Largest channel bandwidth is worse than lowest order modulation.

Project No.: 1906T054D Page 44 of 60 Report Version: R00



7.5. CONDUCTED POWER MEASUREMENTS OF 5G UNII_2C

			F	Data	May Tura IIIa	AVG Pow	er (dBm)
Band	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Max Tune-Up Power (dBm)	Main	Aux
	802.11a	100-140	5500-5700	6	14.00		
	802.11 n20	100-140	5500-5700	HT0	14.00	Not Re	quired
	802.11 n40	102-134	5510-5670	HT0	14.00		-
	802.11 ac80	106	5530	VHT0	14.00	13.97	
LINII 2c	802.11 ac80	122	5610	VHT0	14.00	13.80	
UNII_2c	802.11 ac80	138	5690	VHT0	14.00	13.85	
	802.11 ax20	100-140	5500-5700	HE0	14.00	Not Required	
	802.11 ax40	100-140	5500-5700	HE0	14.00		
	802.11 ax80	102-134	5510-5670	HE0	14.00		
	802.11 ax160	114	5570	HE0	14.00		
	802.11a	100-140	5500-5700	6	12.50		
	802.11 n20	100-140	5500-5700	HT0	12.50		
	802.11 n40	102-134	5510-5670	HT0	12.50	1	
	802.11 ac80	106	5530	VHT0	12.50		12.41
	802.11 ac80	122	5610	VHT0	12.50		12.31
UNII_2c	802.11 ac80	138	5690	VHT0	12.50		12.38
	802.11 ax20	100-140	5500-5700	HE0	12.50		
	802.11 ax40	100-140	5500-5700	HE0	12.50	1	
	802.11 ax80	102-134	5510-5670	HE0	12.50	Not Re	quired
	802.11 ax160	114	5570	HE0	12.50		

Note:

Project No.: 1906T054D Page 45 of 60 Report Version: R00

^{1.} The initial test configuration for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance.

in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures. When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, lowest order 802.11 mode is selected (i.e. a, g, n, ac).

^{2.} Largest channel bandwidth is worse than lowest order modulation.



7.6. CONDUCTED POWER MEASUREMENTS OF 5G UNII_3

			Frequency	Data	Max Tune-Up	AVG Pow	ver (dBm)
	Mode	Channel	(MHz)	Rate	Power (dBm)	Main	Aux
	802.11a	149-165	5745-5825	6	13.00	Not Required	
	802.11 n20	149-165	5745-5825	HT0	13.00	NOT KE	equirea
	802.11 n40	151	5755	HT0	13.00	12.74	
5.8	802.11 n40	159	5795	HT0	13.00	12.78	
	802.11 ac80	155	5775	VHT0	13.00	12.85	
UNII_3	802.11 ax20	149-165	5745-5825	HE0	13.00	Not Required	
	802.11 ax40	151-159	5755-5795	HE0	13.00		
	802.11 ax80	155	5775	HE0	13.00		
	802.11 ax160	114	5570	HE0	13.00		
	802.11a	149-165	5745-5825	6	13.00		
	802.11 n20	149-165	5745-5825	HT0	13.00		
	802.11 n40	151	5755	HT0	13.00		12.67
5.8	802.11 n40	159	5795	HT0	13.00		12.69
	802.11 ac80	155	5775	VHT0	13.00		12.71
UNII_3	802.11 ax20	149-165	5745-5825	HE0	13.00		
	802.11 ax40	151-159	5755-5795	HE0	13.00	Not Required	
	802.11 ax80	155	5775	HE0	13.00] NOT KE	quirea
	802.11 ax160	114	5570	HE0	13.00		

Note:

in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures. When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, lowest order 802.11 mode is selected (i.e. a, g, n, ac).

2. Largest channel bandwidth is worse than lowest order modulation.

Project No.: 1906T054D Page 46 of 60 Report Version: R00

^{1.} The initial test configuration for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance



7.7. CONDUCTED POWER MEASUREMENTS OF 6E UNII_5

			Fraguancy	Data	May Tuno Un	AVG Pow	ver (dBm)	
Band M	Mode	Channel Frequency (MHz)		Data Rate	Max Tune-Up Power (dBm)	Main	Aux	
	802.11a	1 - 93	5955 -6415	6	13.00			
	802.11 ax20	1 - 93	5955 -6415	HE0	13.00	Not Do	auirad	
6.2	802.11 ax40	3 - 43	5965 - 6165	HE0	13.00	NOU KE	equired	
UNII_5	802.11 ax80	7 - 87	5985 - 6385	HE0	13.00			
	802.11 ax160	15	6025	HE0	13.00	12.94		
	802.11 ax160	47	6185	HE0	13.00	12.97		
	802.11 ax160	79	6345	HE0	13.00	12.87		
	802.11a	1 - 93	5955 -6415	6	13.00			
	802.11 ax20	1 - 93	5955 -6415	HE0	13.00	Not Do	equired	
6.2	802.11 ax40	3 - 43	5965 - 6165	HE0	13.00	NOT KE	equireu	
	802.11 ax80	7 - 87	5985 - 6385	HE0	13.00			
UNII_5	802.11 ax160	15	6025	HE0	13.00		12.86	
	802.11 ax160	47	6185	HE0	13.00		12.95	
	802.11 ax160	79	6345	HE0	13.00		12.88	



7.8. CONDUCTED POWER MEASUREMENTS OF 6E UNII_6

			Fraguancy	Data	May Tuno Un	AVG Pow	ver (dBm)	
Band	Mode	Channel	el Frequency (MHz)	Rate	Max Tune-Up Power (dBm)	Main	Aux	
	802.11a	97 - 113	6435 - 6515	6	13.00			
	802.11 ax20	97 - 113	6435 - 6515	HE0	13.00	Not Required		
6.5	802.11 ax40	99 -107	6445- 6485	HE0	13.00			
	802.11 ax80	103 - 119	6465 - 6545	HE0	13.00			
UNII_6	802.11 ax80	103	6465	HE0	13.00	12.88		
	802.11 ax80	119	6545	HE0	13.00	12.84		
	802.11 ax160	111	6505	HE0	13.00	12.96		
	802.11a	97 - 113	6435 - 6515	6	13.00			
	802.11 ax20	97 - 113	6435 - 6515	HE0	13.00	Not Da	equired	
6.5	802.11 ax40	99 -107	6445- 6485	HE0	13.00	NOT NO	equired	
	802.11 ax80	103 - 119	6465 - 6545	HE0	13.00			
UNII_6	802.11 ax80	103	6465	HE0	13.00		12.79	
	802.11 ax80	119	6545	HE0	13.00		12.81	
	802.11 ax160	111	6505	HE0	13.00		12.84	

Note

1. The initial test configuration for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance.

in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures. When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, lowest order 802.11 mode is selected (i.e. a, g, n, ac).

2. Largest channel bandwidth is worse than lowest order modulation.

Project No.: 1906T054D Page 48 of 60 Report Version: R00



7.9. CONDUCTED POWER MEASUREMENTS OF 6E UNII_7

			F	D-t-	Mary Trope I I a	AVG Pow	ver (dBm)	
Band	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Max Tune-Up Power (dBm)	Main	Aux	
	802.11a	117 - 181	6535 - 6855	6	13.00			
6.7	802.11 ax20 117 - 1		6535 - 6855	HE0	13.00	Not Do		
_	802.11 ax40	115 - 179	6525 - 6845	HE0	13.00	NOL KE	equired	
UNII_7	802.11 ax80	135 - 167	6625 -6785	HE0	13.00			
	802.11 ax160	143	6665	HE0	13.00	12.94		
	802.11a	117 - 181	6535 - 6855	6	13.00		3	
6.7	802.11 ax20	117 - 181	6535 - 6855	HE0	13.00	Not Do	auirad	
_	802.11 ax40	115 - 179	6525 - 6845	HE0	13.00	NOL KE	equired	
UNII_7	802.11 ax80	135 - 167	6625 -6785	HE0	13.00			
	802.11 ax160	143	6665	HE0	13.00		12.93	

Note:

1. The initial test configuration for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance.

in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures. When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, lowest order 802.11 mode is selected (i.e. a, q, n, ac).

2. Largest channel bandwidth is worse than lowest order modulation.

Project No.: 1906T054D Page 49 of 60 Report Version: R00



7.10. CONDUCTED POWER MEASUREMENTS OF 6E UNII_8

			Fragueno.	Data	May Tuna Un	AVG Pow	ver (dBm)	
Band	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Max Tune-Up Power (dBm)	Main	Aux	
	802.11a	185-233	6875-7115	6	13.00			
7.0	802.11 ax20	185-233	6875-7115	HE0	13.00	Not Required		
	802.11 ax40	187-227	6885-7085	HE0	13.00	NOL KE	equired	
UNII_8	802.11 ax80	183-215	6865-7025	HE0	13.00			
	802.11 ax160	207	6985	HE0	13.00	12.87		
	802.11a	185-233	6875-7115	6	13.00			
7.0	802.11 ax20	185-233	6875-7115	HE0	13.00			
_	802.11 ax40	187-227	6885-7085	HE0	13.00			
UNII_8	802.11 ax80	183-215	6865-7025	HE0	13.00			
	802.11 ax160	207	6985	HE0	13.00		12.96	

Note:

1. The initial test configuration for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures. When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, lowest order 802.11 mode is selected (i.e.

2. Largest channel bandwidth is worse than lowest order modulation.

Project No.: 1906T054D Page 50 of 60 Report Version: R00



7.11. SARTEST RESULTS

General Notes:

- 1. Per KDB447498 D01, all measurement SAR results are scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit to demonstrate compliant.
- 2. Per KDB447498 D01, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:≤0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is≤100 MHz. When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is > ½ dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.
- 3. Per KDB865664 D01,for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/kg; if the deviation among the repeated measurement is ≤20%,and the measured SAR <1.45W/kg, only one repeated measurement is required.

WLAN Notes:

- 1. For exposure conditions with multiple test positions, such as handset operating next to the ear, devices with hotspot mode, procedures for initial test position can be applied. Using the transmission mode determined by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration, area scans are measured for all positions in an exposure condition. The test position with the highest extrapolated(peak) SAR is used as the initial test position. When the reported SAR of the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other (remaining) test positions. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the subsequent highest peak SAR position until the reported SAR result is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all test positions are measured.
- 2. Justification for test configurations for WLAN per KDB Publication 248227 for 2.4GHz WIFI single transmission chain operations, the highest measured maximum output power Channel for DSSS was selected for SAR measurement. SAR for OFDM modes(2.4GHz 802.11g/n) was not required due to the maximum allowed powers and the highest reported DSSS SAR. See Section7.1.4 for more information.
- 3. Justification for test configurations for WLAN per KDB Publication 248227 for 5GHz WIFI single transmission chain operations, the initial test configuration was selected according to the transmission mode with the highest maximum allowed power. Other transmission mode was not investigated since the highest reported SAR for initial test configuration adjusted by the ratio of maximum output powers is less than 1.2W/kg. See Section 7.1.4 for more information.

Project No.: 1906T054D Page 51 of 60 Report Version: R00



8. SAR TEST RESULTS

8.1. BODY SAR TEST RESULTS

SAR test results of Bluetooth

Mode	ode Channel Test A		Ant	Max Tune-up (dBm)	AVG Power (dBm)	Area Scan SAR 1g	SAR 1g	Duty Cycel %	Duty Factor	Reported SAR 1g	Note
	0	Edge2	Aux	10.50	8.95	0.087	0.079	77.13%	1.30	0.147	`
	0	Edge2	Aux	10.50	8.95	0.056	0.050	77.13%	1.30	0.093	1
Bluetooth_DH5	39	Edge2	Aux	10.50	8.75	0.057	0.052	77.13%	1.30	0.100	
	78	Edge2	Aux	10.50	8.88	0.030	0.038	77.13%	1.30	0.071	
	0	Rear	Aux	10.50	8.95	0.033	0.032	77.13%	1.30	0.058	

Note:

1. The result used an other battery to spot check for worst channel of the original battery that the SAR result can be meet and compliant.

SAR test results of 2.4G WiFi

Mode	Channel	Channel Test Position		Distance	Max Tune-up (dBm)	AVG Power (dBm)	Area Scan SAR 1g	SAR 1g	Reported SAR 1g	Note
	6	Rear	Main	0	16.00	15.97	0.540	0.513	0.517	
	6	Edge1	Main	0	16.00	15.97	0.969	1.040	1.047	
802.11 n40	3	Edge1	Main	0	16.00	15.86	1.120	1.000	1.033	1
	11	Edge1	Main	0	16.00	15.84	0.983	1.050	1.089	1
	11	Edge1	Main	0	16.00	15.84	0.824	0.821	0.852	3
	6	Rear	Aux	0	17.00	16.72	0.206	0.196	0.209	
802.11 n40	6	Edge2	Aux	0	17.00	16.72	0.496	0.459	0.490	
	6	Edge2	Aux	0	17.00	16.72	0.436	0.428	0.457	3

Note:

- 1. Highest reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg. Added second highest power channel for this test position
- 2.Repeated measurements are required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.80 W/kg. If the measured SAR values are < 1.45 W/kg with ≤20% variation, only one repeated measurement is required to reaffirm that the results are not expected to have substantial variations, which may introduce significant compliance concerns. (Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04)

Original SAR = 1.050 W/kg, therefore second times repeat SAR is required.

Repeat SAR = 1.030W/kg < 1.45W/kg

SAR variation= -1.90% < 20%

3. The result used an other battery to spot check for worst channel of the original battery that the SAR result can be meet and compliant.

Project No.: 1906T054D Page 52 of 60 Report Version: R00



SAR test results of 5G WiFi

Band	Mode	Channel	Test Position	Ant	Max Tune-up (dBm)	AVG Power (dBm)	Area Scan	SAR 1g	Reported SAR 1g	Note
	802.11	58	Rear	Main	14.00	13.92	0.344	0.374	0.381	
5G	ac80	58	Edge1	Main	14.00	13.92	0.470	0.451	0.459	
UNII 1&2a	802.11	58	Rear	Aux	14.00	13.97	0.471	0.490	0.493	
	ac80	58	Edge2	Aux	14.00	13.97	0.287	0.271	0.273	
		106	Rear	Main	14.00	13.97	0.435	0.614	0.618	
	802.11	106	Edge1	Main	14.00	13.97	1.000	1.010	1.017	
5G	ac80	122	Edge1	Main	14.00	13.80	0.936	0.980	1.026	1
UNII 2c		138	Edge1	Main	14.00	13.85	0.959	1.030	1.066	1
OIVII 20	802.11	106	Rear	Aux	12.50	12.41	0.535	0.585	0.597	
	ac80	106	Rear	Aux	12.50	12.41	0.344	0.391	0.399	3
	acoo	106	Edge 2	Aux	12.50	12.41	0.417	0.414	0.423	
	802.11	155	Rear	Main	13.00	12.85	0.386	0.435	0.450	
	ac80	155	Edge1	Main	13.00	12.85	0.872	1.060	1.097	
5G	802.11	151	Edge1	Main	13.00	12.74	0.907	1.080	1.147	1
UNII 3	n40	151	Edge1	Main	13.00	12.74	0.786	0.885	0.940	3
UNII 3	1140	159	Edge1	Main	13.00	12.78	0.878	1.030	1.084	1
	802.11	155	Rear	Aux	13.00	12.71	0.465	0.508	0.543	
	ac80	155	Edge 2	Aux	13.00	12.71	0.439	0.464	0.496	
5G UNII 3	802.11 n40	151	Edge1	Main	13.00	12.74	0.864	1.050	1.115	2

Note:

- 1. Highest reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg. Added second highest power channel for this test position
- 2.Repeated measurements are required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.80 W/kg. If the measured SAR values are < 1.45 W/kg with ≤20% variation, only one repeated measurement is required to reaffirm that the results are not expected to have substantial variations, which may introduce significant compliance concerns. (Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04)

Original SAR = 1.080 W/kg, therefore second times repeat SAR is required.

Repeat SAR = 1.050W/kg < 1.45W/kg

SAR variation= -2.78% < 20%

3. The result used an other battery to spot check for worst channel of the original battery that the SAR result can be meet and compliant.

Project No.: 1906T054D Page 53 of 60 Report Version: R00



SAR test results of 6E WiFi

Band	Mode	Channel	Test Position	Ant	Max une-up (dBm)	AVG Power (dBm)	Area Scan	SAR 1g	Reported SAR 1g	Note
		47	Rear		13.00	12.97	0.410	0.469	0.472	
	002.11	47	Edge 1		13.00	12.97	0.969	1.080	1.087	
	802.11 ax160	47	Edge 1	Main	13.00	12.97	0.739	0.855	0.861	3
6E	axiou	15	Edge 1	1	13.00	12.94	0.894	0.986	1.000	1
UNII 5		79	Edge 1	1	13.00	12.87	0.778	1.000	1.030	1
UNII 5		47	Rear		13.00	12.95	0.305	0.324	0.328	
	802.11	47	Edge 2	1	13.00	12.95	0.253	0.282	0.285	
	ax160	15	Rear	Aux 13.00 13.00	13.00	12.86	0.422	0.472	0.487	1
		79	Rear		12.88	0.361	0.370	0.380	1	
	802.11	111	Rear		13.00	12.96	0.451	0.496	0.501	
	ax160	111	Edge 1) NA=:	13.00	12.96	0.714	0.908	0.916	
6E	802.11	103	Edge 1	Main	13.00	12.88	0.627	0.827	0.850	1
UNII 6	ax80	119	Edge 1		13.00	12.84	0.736	0.845	0.877	1
	802.11	111	Rear	۸	13.00	12.84	0.421	0.453	0.470	
	ax160	111	Edge 2	Aux	13.00	12.84	0.396	0.418	0.434	
	802.11	143	Rear	Main	13.00	12.94	0.641	0.736	0.746	
6E	ax160	143	Edge 1	iviairi	13.00	12.94	0.689	0.784	0.795	
UNII 7	802.11	143	Rear	A	13.00	12.93	0.501	0.528	0.537	
	ax160	143	Edge 2	Aux	13.00	12.93	0.459	0.502	0.510	
	802.11	207	Rear	Main	13.00	12.87	0.585	0.617	0.636	
6E	ax160	207	Edge 1	Main	13.00	12.87	0.805	0.729	0.751	
UNII 8	802.11	207	Rear		13.00	12.96	0.656	0.743	0.750	
UIVII O	ax160	207	Rear	Aux	13.00	12.96	0.448	0.454	0.458	3
	ax100	207	Edge 2		13.00	12.96	0.642	0.715	0.722	
6E UNII 5	802.11 ax160	47	Edge 1	Main	13.00	12.97	0.742	0.969	0.976	2

Note:

- 1. Highest reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg. Added second highest power channel for this test position
- 2. Repeated measurements are required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.80 W/kg. If the measured SAR values are < 1.45 W/kg with ≤20% variation, only one repeated measurement is required to reaffirm that the results are not expected to have substantial variations, which may introduce significant compliance concerns. (Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04)

Original SAR =1.080 W/kg, therefore second times repeat SAR is required.

Repeat SAR = 0.969W/kg < 1.45W/kg

SAR variation= -10.28% < 20%

3. The result used an other battery to spot check for worst channel of the original battery that the SAR result can be meet and compliant.

Power Density results of 6E WiFi

Band	Mode	Channel	Test Position	Ant	Max une-up (dBm)	AVG Power (dBm)	Averaging Area cm^2	Avg-Total Power Density W/m^2	Reported Avg Total Power Density
6E UNII5	802.11 ax160	47	Edge 1	Main	13.00	12.97	4.000	4.850	4.884
OL OIVIIS	802.11 ax100	79	Edge 1	Main	13.00	12.87	4.000	3.400	3.503
6E UNII6	802.11 ax160	111	Edge 1	Main	13.00	12.96	4.000	4.830	4.875
6E UNII7	802.11 ax160	143	Edge 1	Main	13.00	12.94	4.000	4.230	4.289
6E UNII8	802.11 ax160	207	Edge 1	Main	13.00	12.87	4.000	4.380	4.513

Project No.: 1906T054D Page 54 of 60 Report Version: R00



9. SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION CONDITIONS

9.1. STAND-ALONE SAR TEST EXCLUSION

SAR compliance for simultaneous transmission must be considered when the maximum duration of overlapping transmissions, including network hand-offs, is greater than 30 seconds. This device contains multiple transmitters that may operate simultaneously, and therefore requires a simultaneous transmission analysis.

The Simultaneous Transmission Possibilities of this device are as below:

No.	Configuration
1	WLAN 2.4G(Main)+BT
2	RLAN 5G(Main)+BT
3	WLAN 6G(Maim)+BT
4	WLAN 2.4G(Main)+ WLAN 2.4G(Aux)
5	RLAN 5G(Main)+ RLAN 5G(Aux)
6	WLAN 6G(Maim)+ WLAN 6G(Aux)

Project No.: 1906T054D Page 55 of 60 Report Version: R00



9.2. SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION CONDITIONS

KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06, introduces a new formula for calculating the SAR to Peak Location Ratio (SPLSR) between pairs of simultaneously transmitting antennas:

 $SPLSR = (SAR_1 + SAR_2)^{1.5} / R_i$ Where:

SAR₁ is the highest Reported or estimated SAR for the first of a pair of simultaneous transmitting antennas, in a specific test operating mode and exposure condition

SAR₂ is the highest Reported or estimated SAR for the second of a pair of simultaneous transmitting antennas, in the same test operating mode and exposure condition as the first

 R_i is the separation distance between the pair of simultaneous transmitting antennas. When the SAR is measured, for both antennas in the pair, it is determined by the actual x, y and z coordinates in the 1-g SAR for each SAR peak location, based on the extrapolated and interpolated result in the zoom scan measurement, using the formula of $[(x_1-x_2)^2+(y_1-y_2)^2+(z_1-z_2)^2]$

A new threshold of 0.04 is also introduced in the KDB. Thus, in order for a pair of simultaneous transmitting antennas with the sum of 1-g SAR > 1.6 W/kg to qualify for exemption from Simultaneous Transmission SAR measurements, it has to satisfy the condition of: $(SAR_1 + SAR_2)^{1.5}/R_i \le 0.04$

Project No.: 1906T054D Page 56 of 60 Report Version: R00



9.3. ESTIMATED SAR FOR SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION SAR ANALYSIS

Considerations for SAR estimation

- 1. When standalone SAR test exclusion applies, standalone SAR must also be estimated to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion.
- 2. Dedicated Host Approach criteria for SAR test exclusion is likewise applied to SAR estimation, with certain distinctions between test exclusion and SAR estimation:
- When the separation distance from the antenna to an adjacent edge is ≤ 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied for SAR estimation; this is the same between test exclusion and SAR estimation calculations.
- When the separation distance from the antenna to an adjacent edge is > 5 mm but ≤ 50 mm, the actual antenna-to-edge separation distance is applied for SAR estimation.
- When the minimum test separation distance is > 50 mm, the estimated SAR value is 0.4 W/kg

9.3.1 ESTIMATED SAR FOR BLUETOOTH

According to section 8.1, the Bluetooth must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

- (max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)]·[√f_(GHz)/x] W/kg for test separation distances ≤ 50 mm; where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.
- 0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0 W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distances is > 50 mm.

Tablet Mode

	148101111	Tablet meas													
Mode	Band	Frequency	Output Power		Separation Distances(mm)				Estimated 1-g SAR (W/Kg)						
	ivioue Ba	Dallu	(MHz)	dBm	mW	Edge1	Edge2	Edge3	Edge4	Rear	Edge1	Edge2	Edge3	Edge4	Rear
	Bluetooth	2.4GHz	2480	10.50	11.22	34.240	8.09	133.83	298.18	6.00	0.069	0.291	0.018	>200mm	0.393

Project No.: 1906T054D Page 57 of 60 Report Version: R00



9.4. SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION CONDITIONS

Test Position SAR1g(W/kg)	Edge1	Edge 2	Rear
WLAN 2.4G WiFi_Main	1.089		0.517
WLAN 2.4G WiFi_Aux		0.490	0.209
UNII_1 & 2a WiFi_Main	0.459		0.381
UNII_1 & 2a WiFi_Aux		0.273	0.493
UNII_2c WiFi_Main	1.066		0.618
UNII_2c WiFi_Aux		0.423	0.597
UNII_3 WiFi_Main	1.147		0.450
UNII_3 WiFi_Aux		0.496	0.543
UNII_5 WiFi_Main	1.087		0.472
UNII_5 WiFi_Aux		0.285	0.487
UNII_6 WiFi_Main	0.916		0.501
UNII_6 WiFi_Aux		0.434	0.470
UNII_7 WiFi_Main	0.795		0.746
UNII_7 WiFi_Aux		0.510	0.537
UNII_8 WiFi_Main	0.751		0.636
UNII_8 WiFi_Aux		0.722	0.750
Bluetooth_DH5		0.147	0.058
WLAN 2.4G_Main+WLAN 2.4G_Aux MAX∑SAR1g	1.089	0.490	0.726
WLAN_Main+BT_Aux MAX∑SAR1g	1.089	0.637	0.575
RLAN 5G_Main+ RLAN 5G_Aux MAX∑SAR1g	1.147	0.496	1.215
Wi-Fi 6E_Main+ Wi-Fi6E_Aux MAX∑SAR1g	1.087	0.722	1.496

Note:

Page 58 of 60 Project No.: 1906T054D Report Version: R00

^{1.}MAX. ∑SAR_{1g}= 1.496W/Kg<1.6 W/Kg, so Peak location SAR are not required.
2.Test tool can't support mimo with different mode, so we select worse case to evaluation simultaneous transmission.



10. TEST LAYOUT

Specific Absorption Rate Test Layout

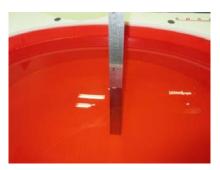


Liquid depth in the flat Phantom (≥15cm depth) HSL(5GHz)



HSL(2450MHz)









Appendix A. SAR Plots of System Verification

(PIs See BTL-FCC SAR-1-1906T054D_Appendix A.)

Appendix B. SAR Plots of SAR Measurement

(PIs See BTL-FCC SAR-1-1906T054D_Appendix B.)

Appendix C. Calibration Certificate

(PIs See BTL-FCC SAR-1-1906T054D_Appendix C.)

Appendix D. Photographs of the Test Set-Up

(PIs See BTL-FCC SAR-1-1906T054D_Appendix D.)

End of Test Report