FCC ID: APV0697

2.983 (d)(6) ACTIVE DEVICES

Semiconductors and Active Devices

QP01 PLL Synthesizer QV02 Variable Capacitance Diode QV03 Variable Capacitance Diode QV04 TX/RX Switch QV05 Modulation Diode QV06 VCO Oscillator QV07 Buffer Amplifier	MB15A02 1SV232 1SV232 1SS314 1SV214 2SK210 2SC4726	Fujitsu Toshiba Toshiba Toshiba Toshiba Toshiba Rohm
Receiver QR01 RF Amplifier QR02 RF Amplifier QF01 1st IF Amplifier QF02 2nd IF/ Squelch/ FM-Detector IC QB01 Tone Detector QA01 AF Preamplifier QA02 AF Mute Switch QA03 AF Power Amplifier Switch QA04 AF Power Amplifier Switch QA05 AF Power Amplifier QA06 AF Limiter QA07 MIC Amplifier / Limiter	2SK882 2SK882 2SC4726 TA31136FN NJM567M NJM2904M TC4S66F 2SC2712 2SB798 NJM2070M DAP202U NJM2100M	Toshiba Toshiba Rohm Toshiba JRC Rohm Toshiba Toshiba NEC JRC Rohm JRC
Transmitter QT01 TX/RX Band Switch QT02 Driver QT04 RF Power Module QT05 RF Power Detector QT06 Antenna Switch QT07 Antenna Switch QT08 Auto Power Control QT10 Auto Power Control Switch	DAN235E 2SC5050 PF0314 MA742 RLS-135 RLS-135 TA75S01F UMC5N	Rohm Hitachi Hitachi Matsushita Rohm Rohm Toshiba Rohm
Controller QL01 Microprocessor QL02 EE-PROM QL03 Liquid Crystal Display QL04 Back Light Switch QL05 Reset Switch QL06 Beep Switch QL07 PTT Switch QL08 Lcd Back Light QL09 Lcd Back Light QL10 Key Back Light QL11 Key Back Light	HD404849TF BR93LC46F PNA6276 UN9114 PST575D 1SS314 UN911F L1650YG L1650YG CL-190YG CL-190YG	Hitachi Rohm Adamando Matsushita Mitsumi Toshiba Matsushita Nihon Denyo Nihon Denyo Citizen Densi Citizen Densi

FCC ID: APV0697 2. 983 (d)(9) ALIGNMENT

5.3 Adjustment and Confirmation

5.3.1 PLL Block

(Note) These adjustments are performed in the test mode. To activate the test mode, short JP01 to a ground and, while holding down the UP and DOWN keys simultaneously, switch on the power switch.

- -- VCO Control Voltage Adjustment --
- (a) Make connections as shown in Figure 5-1.
- (b) Connect an DC voltmeter with an internal resistance of 500 k $\,\Omega\,$ or more to test point TP01.
- (c) Put the transceiver into receive status and turn squelch on.
- (d) Set the transceiver to channel 16.
- (e) Adjust LV03 so that the voltage at TP01 (the VCO control voltage) is 1.2 V $\,=\,$ 0.1 V.
- (f) Set the transceiver to channel EXP05, and switch to the transmit mode.
- (g) Confirm that the voltage at TP01 (the VCO control voltage) is 3.5 V $_{\pm}$ 0.5 V.

5.3.2 Transmitter Block

(Note) These adjustments are performed in the adjustment mode. To activate the test mode, short JP01 to a ground and, while holding down the H/L and DOWN keys simultaneously, switch on the power switch.

- -- RF Power Confirmation and Adjustment --
- (a) Make connections as shown in Figure 5-1. Then use the transceiver's H/L key to switch transmission power to the high setting.
- (b) Put the transceiver into transmit status.
- (c) Adjust RT15 so that the RF power is 5.2 W...
- (d) At this point, confirm that current consumption is 1.8 A or less.
 - (e) Return the transceiver to receive status and set the transmission power to low.
 - (f) Put the transceiver into transmit status.
 - (g) Adjust RT11 so that the RF power is 0.8 W.
 - (h) At this point, confirm that current consumption is 0.8 A or less. After confirmation, return the transceiver to receive status.
 - -- Transmission Frequency Adjustment --
 - (a) Put the transceiver into transmit status.
 - (b) Adjust CP01 so that the transmission frequency is 156.800 MHz $\,=\,$ 100 Hz.
 - (c) After adjustment, return the transceiver to receive status.

- -- Deviation Adjustment --
- (a) Input a 1 kHz,160 mVrms sine wave from the AG (audio generator) to the transceiver.
- (b) Put the transceiver into transmit status.
- (c) Adjust RA29 so that the maximum deviation is \pm 4.5 kHz.
- (d) Adjust the output level of the AG so that deviation is ± 3.0 kHz.
- (e) Next, increase the output level of the AG by 20 dB.
- (f) Once again, adjust RA29 so that the maximum deviation is $\pm 4.5\,\mathrm{kHz}$.

5,3,3 Receiver Block

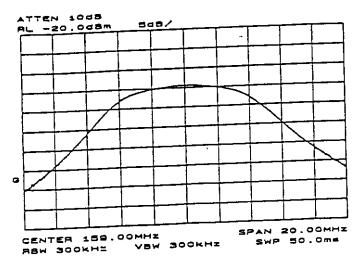
- -- Front End Adjustment --
- (a) Make connections as shown in Figure 5-3.
- (b) Make the following setting on the tracking generator and spectrum analyzer.

Tracking generator: Output level: -20 dBm or less

Spectrum analyzer: Center frequency: 159 MHz

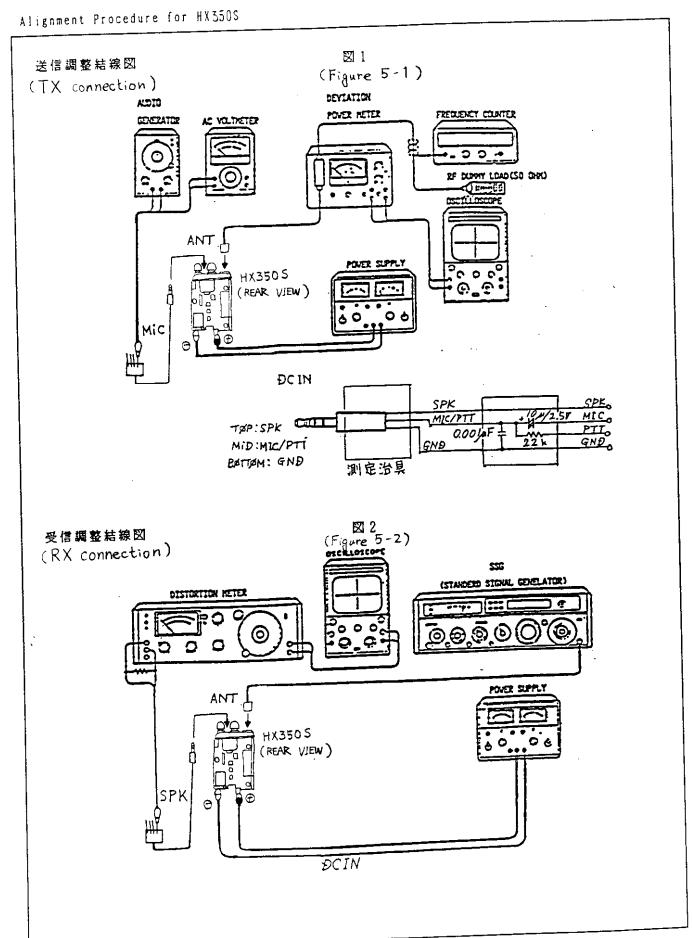
Reference level: 0 dBm Frequency span: 20 MHz

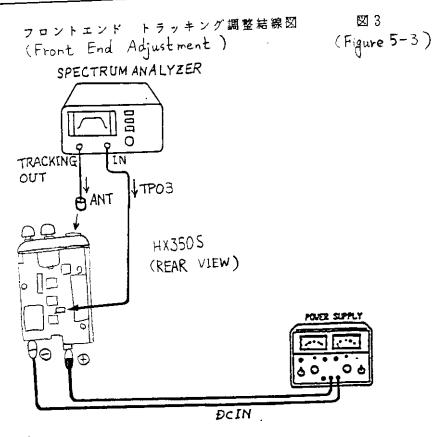
- (Note) Adjust the output level of the tracking generator to -20 dBm or less so that the RF amplifier and spectrum analyzer do not become saturated.
- (c) Adjust LR01, LR02, LR03, and LR04, in that order, so that the following waveform is produced.

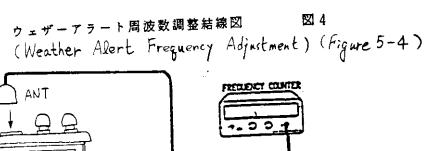


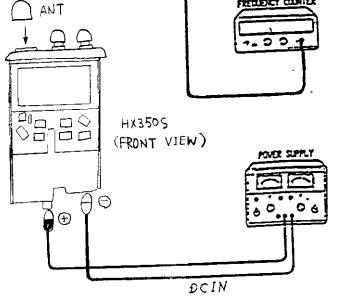
Center Frequency (センター周波数) 159MHz SPAN 20MH z

- -- Weather Alert Decode Frequency Adjustment --
- (Note) These adjustments are performed in the adjustment mode. To activate the adjustment mode, short JP01 to a ground and, while holding down the H/L and DOWN keys simultaneously, switch on the power switch.
- (a) Make connections as shown in Figure 5-4.
- (b) Connect a probe with an input impedance of 1 M Ω or more to test point TP04, and read the frequency on the frequency counter.
- (c) Adjust RB02 so that decode frequency is 1,045 Hz \pm 2 Hz.
- 5.3.4 Battery Remaining Indicator Confirmation
- (a) In the normal mode, switch on the transceiver's power switch.
- (b) Apply a power supply voltage of 5.7 V to the transceiver, and switch to the transmit mode.
- (c) At this point, confirm that the indication "LOW BATT" appears on the LCD.
- 5.4 Method of Factory Settings
- (a) Remove the solder from JP01 to make it open status.
- (b) While holding down the transceiver's SCAN and WX keys at the same time, switch on the power switch. This causes all data stored in memory to be cleared.









Adjustment point diagram for HX350S

