

Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) & Exposure evaluation

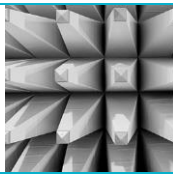
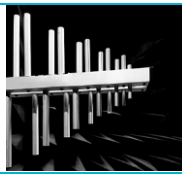
Report identification number: 1-5161/17-02-03

Certification numbers and labeling requirements	
FCC ID	PAXPMVE101
IC number	3729A-PMVE101
HVIN (Hardware Version Identification Number)	PMV-E101
PMN (Product Marketing Name)	PMV-E101
FVIN (Firmware Version Identification Number)	-/-
HMN (Host Marketing Name)	-/-

This test report is electronically signed and valid without handwriting signature. For verification of the electronic signatures, the public keys can be requested at the testing laboratory.

Document authorized:

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EUT technologies:

Technologies:	Max. output:	Max. antenna gain:	Min. pathloss:
Tire Pressure Monitoring @433.92 MHz	77.7 dBμV/m @3 m = -17.8 dBm EIRP	n/a	-- (if applicable)

Prediction of MPE limit at given distance - FCC

Equation from page 18 of OET Bulletin 65, Edition 97-01

$$S = PG / 4\pi R^2$$

where: S = Power density
P = Power input to the antenna
G = Antenna gain
R = Distance to the center of radiation of the antenna

The table below is excerpted from Table 1B of 47 CFR 1.1310 titled "Limits for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE), Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure"

Frequency Range (MHz)	Power Density (mW/cm ²)	Averaging Time (minutes)
300 -1500	f/1500	30
1500 - 100000	1.0	30

where f = Frequency (MHz)

Prediction: worst case

		< 1500 MHz
	Technology	433 MHz application
PG	Max EIRP	-17.8 dBm
R	Distance	20 cm
S	MPE limit for uncontrolled exposure	0.289 mW/cm ²
	Calculated Power density:	0.0000033 mW/cm ²

This prediction demonstrates the following:

The power density levels for FCC at a distance of 20 cm are below the maximum levels allowed by regulations.

Prediction of MPE limit at given distance - IC

RSS-102, Issue 5, 2.5.2

RF exposure evaluation is required if the separation distance between the user and/or bystander and the device's radiating element is greater than 20 cm, except when the device operates as follows:

- below 20 MHz and the source-based, time-averaged maximum e.i.r.p. of the device is equal to or less than 1 W (adjusted for tune-up tolerance);
- at or above 20 MHz and below 48 MHz and the source-based, time-averaged maximum e.i.r.p. of the device is equal to or less than $4.49/f^{0.5} \text{ W}$ (adjusted for tune-up tolerance), where f is in MHz;
- at or above 48 MHz and below 300 MHz and the source-based, time-averaged maximum e.i.r.p. of the device is equal to or less than 0.6 W (adjusted for tune-up tolerance);
- at or above 300 MHz and below 6 GHz and the source-based, time-averaged maximum e.i.r.p. of the device is equal to or less than $1.31 \times 10^{-2} f^{0.6834} \text{ W}$ (adjusted for tune-up tolerance), where f is in MHz;
- at or above 6 GHz and the source-based, time-averaged maximum e.i.r.p. of the device is equal to or less than 5 W (adjusted for tune-up tolerance).

Prediction: worst case

	Technology	433 MHz application
PG	Max EIRP	-17.8 dBm
	Max EIRP	0.017 mW
	Exclusion Limit from above	831 mW

Conclusion: RF exposure evaluation is not required.

For applications where minimum distance to radiating element is 20cm Annex C of RSS-102 should be filled out.