

#### **FCC - TEST REPORT**

Report Number	<b>709502279703-00A</b> Date of Issue: March 17, 2023			
Model	: Aoralscan 3 Wireless			
Product Type	: Intraoral Scanner			
FCC ID	: 2AMG4-AOS3W			
Applicant	: SHINING 3D Tech Co., Ltd.			
Address	: No.1398, Xiangbin Road, Wenyan, Xiaoshan, Hangzhou, Zhejiang, China			
Manufacturer	: SHINING 3D Tech Co., Ltd.			
Address	: No.1398, Xiangbin Road, Wenyan, Xiaoshan, Hangzhou, Zhejiang, China			
Test Result	■ Positive □ Negative			
Total pages including Appendices	1420			
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# 2 Details about the Test Laboratory

## **Details about the Test Laboratory**

Test Site 1 TÜV SÜD Certification and Testing (China) Co., Ltd. Shanghai

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FCC Registration No.: 820234

FCC Designation

CN1183

Number:

IC Registration No.: 25988

CAB identifier: CN0101



# **Description of the Equipment under Test**

NA

Product: Intraoral Scanner

Model no.: Aoralscan 3 Wireless

FCC ID: 2AMG4-AOS3W

Options and

accessories:

Rating:

DC 3.6V

**RF** Transmission For 5G Wi-Fi

Frequency: For 802.11a/n/ac/ax:

> 5180~5240 MHz (U-NII-1) 5260~5320 MHz (U-NII-2A) 5500~5720 MHz (U-NII-2C) 5745~5825 MHz (U-NII-3)

No. of Operated

Channel:

5180~5240 MHz (U-NII-1) 5260~5320 MHz (U-NII-2A) 5500~5720 MHz (U-NII-2C)

5745~5825 MHz (U-NII-3)

Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing (OFDM) for 802.11a/n/ac/ax Modulation:

Hardware Version: V1.0

Software Version: V1.0

Wi-Fi: Data speed:

SISO: 11a 6 ~ 54Mbps,

11n HT20 6.5 ~ 72.2Mbps, 11n HT 40 13.5 ~ 150Mbps, 11ac VHT20 6.5 ~ 86.7Mbps, 11ac VHT40 13.5 ~ 200Mbps,

11ac VHT80 29.3 ~ 433.3Mbps

11ax HE20 7.313 ~ 143.382Mbps,11ax HE40 14.625 ~ 286.765Mbps,

11ax HE80 30.625 ~ 600.490Mbps

MIMO: 11a 6 ~ 54Mbps,

11n HT20 13 ~ 144.4Mbps, 11n HT 40 27 ~ 300Mbps, 11ac VHT20 13 ~ 173.3Mbps, 11ac VHT40 27 ~ 400Mbps,

11ac VHT80 58.5 ~ 866.7Mbps

11ax HE20 14.625 ~ 286.765Mbps,11ax HE40 29.250 ~ 573.529Mbps,

11ax HE80 61.250 ~ 1200.980Mbps

Antenna Type: **FPC** 

Antenna1: 1.54 dBi, Antenna2: 1.46 dBi Antenna Gain:

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Directional gain: For output power: 1.54 dBi

Max. gain +array gain

Array Gain = 0 dB (i.e., no array gain) for  $N_{ANT} \le 4$ For power spectral density: 4.55 dBi

G<sub>ANT</sub>+ Array Gain

Array Gain= 10 log(Nant/Nss) dB.

Description of the The Equipment Under Test (EUT) is an Intraoral Scanner with Wi-Fi Module.

EUT: The EUT support Wi-Fi operated at 5GHz.

Test sample no.: SHA-687657-2

The sample's mentioned in this report is/are submitted/ supplied/ manufactured by client. The laboratory therefore assumes no responsibility for accuracy of information on the brand name, model number, origin of manufacture, consignment, antenna gain or any information supplied.



# 4 Summary of Test Standards

Test Standards			
FCC Part 15 Subpart	PART 15 - RADIO FREQUENCY DEVICES		
E, 2021 Edition	Subpart E - Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure Devices		

#### Test Method:

FCC KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02 KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01 KDB 662911 D01 Emissions Testing of Transmitters with Multiple Outputs in the Same Band ANSI C63.10-2013, American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices



# 5 Summary of Test Results

Technical Requirements						
FCC Part 15 Subpart C				_		
Test Condition		Pages	Test	Test Result		
Test Condition		i ages	Site	Pass	Fail	N/A
§15.207	Conducted emission AC power port	14-16	Site 1	$\boxtimes$		
§15.407(e)	Emission bandwidth	17-18	Site 1			
15.407(a)(i)	Maximum Conducted Output Power	19	Site 1	$\boxtimes$		
15.407(a)(i)	Maximum Power Spectral Density	20-21	Site 1			
§15.407(g)	Frequencies Stability	22	Site 1			
§15.407(b)(1), 15.407(b)(2), 15.407(b)(3), 15.407(b)(4), 15.407(b)(5), 15.407(b)(6), 15.407(b)(7), 15.209	Unwanted Emissions	23-31	Site 1			
§15.203	Antenna requirement	See note	e 1			

Remark 1: The EUT only operation at 5G Wi-Fi UNII Band (5180MHz-5240MHz, 5260MHz-5320MHz, 5500MHz-5720MHz, 5745MHz-5825MHz). The EUT operate as Clients Device without Radar Detection.

Note 1: The EUT uses a FPC antenna, which gain is Antenna1: 1.54 dBi, Antenna2: 1.46 dBi. In accordance to §15.203, It is considered sufficiently to comply with the provisions of this section.

15.203 requirement: An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator, the manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. 15.247(c) (1)(i) requirement: (i) Systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band that is used exclusively for fixed. Point-to-point operations may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6dBi provided the maximum conducted output power of the intentional radiator is reduced by 1 dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi.



## 6 General Remarks

#### **Remarks**

This submittal(s) (test report) is intended for FCC ID: 2AMG4-AOS3W complies with Section 15.207, 15.209, 15.407 of the FCC Part 15, Subpart E Rules.

This report in only for 5GHz Wi-Fi. The TX and RX range is 5180MHz-5240MHz, 5260MHz-5320MHz, 5500MHz-5720MHz, 5745MHz-5825MHz.

SUMMARY:			
All tests according to the regulati	ons cited on page 6 were	,	
■ - Performed			
□ - <b>Not</b> Performed			
The Equipment under Test			
■ - Fulfills the general approval	requirements.		
□ - <b>Does not</b> fulfill the general a	pproval requirements.		
Sample Received Date:	November 1, 2022		
Testing Start Date: November 1, 2022			
Testing End Date:	March 13, 2023		

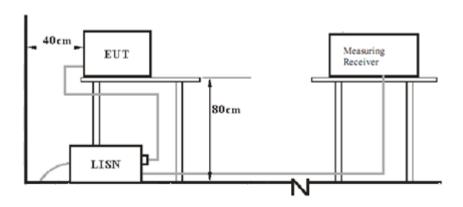
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Hui TONG Review Engineer	Wenqiang LU Project Engineer	Huali CHENG Test Engineer



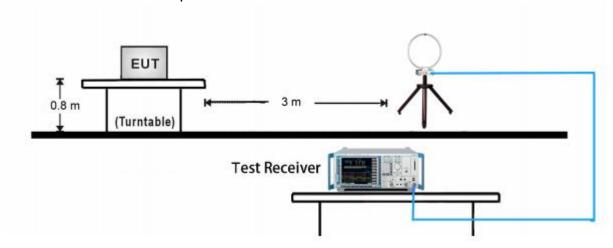
# 7 Test Setups

# 7.1 AC Power Line Conducted Emission test setups



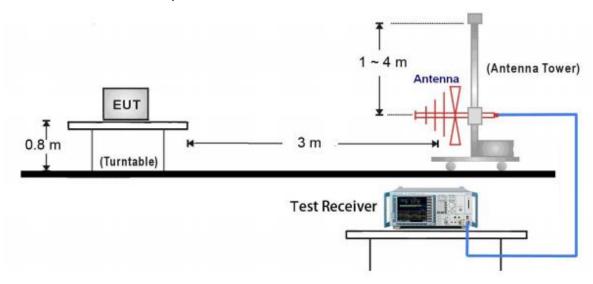
# 7.2 Radiated test setups

## 9kHz ~ 30MHz Test Setup:

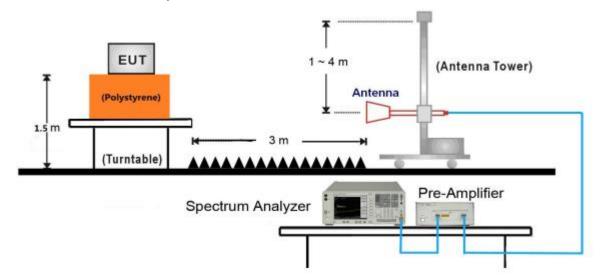




# 30MHz ~ 1GHz Test Setup:

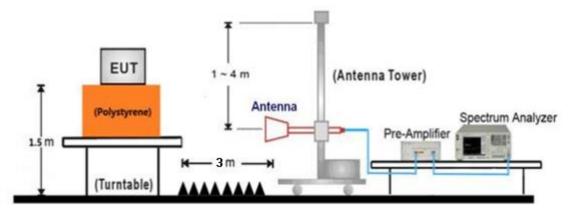


# 1GHz ~ 18GHz Test Setup:





# 18GHz ~ 40GHz Test Setup:



# 7.3 Conducted RF test setups





# 8 Systems test configuration

Auxiliary Equipment Used during Test:

DESCRIPTION	MANUFACTURER	MODEL NO.(SHIELD)	S/N(LENGTH)
Notebook	MSI	Crossnair 15 R6E	
		B12UEZ	

Test software: cmd.exe, which used to control the EUT in continues transmitting mode. The system was configured to channel:

Test Mode		Channel (MHz)	
802.11a,		5G WIFI-Band 1	
802.11n HT20 802.11ac VHT20	CH36 (5180MHz)	CH40 (5200MHz)	CH48 (5240MHz)
802.11ac HE20		5G WIFI-Band 2	
	CH52 (5260MHz)	CH56 (5280MHz)	CH64 (5320MHz)
		5G WIFI-Band 3	
	CH100 (5500MHz)	CH116 (5580MHz)	CH140 (5700MHz)
	CH144 (5720MHz)		
		5G WIFI-Band 4	
	CH149 (5745MHz),	CH157 (5785MHz)	CH165 (5825MHz)

Test Mode	Channel (MHz)		
802.11n HT40		5G WIFI-Band 1	
802.11ac VHT40	CH38 (5190MHz)	8 (5190MHz) CH46 (5230MHz)	
		5G WIFI-Band 2	
	CH54 (5270MHz)	CH62 (5310MHz)	
5G WIF		5G WIFI-Band 3	
	CH102 (5510MHz)	CH110 (5550MHz)	CH134 (5670MHz)
	CH142 (5710MHz)		
		5G WIFI-Band 4	
	CH151 (5755MHz)	CH159 (5	5795MHz)

Test Mode		Channel (MHz)	
802.11ac VHT80	5G WIFI-Band 1		
	CH42 (5210MHz)		
	5G WIFI-Band 2		
	CH58 (5290MHz)		
	5G WIFI-Band 3		
	CH106 (5530MHz)	CH123 (5610MHz)	CH138 (5690MHz)
		5G WIFI-Band 4	
		CH155 (5775MHz)	



The pre-test has been conducted to determine the worst-case mode from all possible combinations between available modulations, data rates.

SISO	Modulation Type 802.11a OFDM 802.11n (HT20): OFDM 802.11n (HT40): OFDM 802.11ac (VHT20): OFDM 802.11ac (VHT40): OFDM 802.11ac (VHT80): OFDM 802.11ax (HE20): OFDM 802.11ax (HE40): OFDM 802.11ax (HE40): OFDM Modulation Type	Data Rate 6Mbps MCS0 (6.5Mbps) MCS0 (13.5Mbps) 11ac 6.5Mbps 11ac 13.5Mbps 11ac 29.3Mbps 11ax 7.313Mbps 11ax 14.625Mbps 11ax 30.625Mbps Data Rate
MIMO	802.11a OFDM 802.11n (HT20): OFDM 802.11n (HT40): OFDM 802.11ac (VHT20): OFDM 802.11ac (VHT40): OFDM 802.11ac (VHT80): OFDM 802.11ax (HE20): OFDM 802.11ax (HE40): OFDM 802.11ax (HE80): OFDM	6Mbps MCS0 (13Mbps) MCS0 (27Mbps) 11ac 13Mbps 11ac 27Mbps 11ac 58.5Mbps 11ax 14.625Mbps 11ax 29.250Mbps 11ax 61.250Mbps



# 9 Technical Requirement

#### 9.1 Conducted Emission

#### **Test Method**

- 1. The EUT was placed on a table, which is 0.8m above ground plane
- 2. The power line of the EUT is connected to the AC mains through an Artificial Mains Network (A.M.N.).
- 3. Maximum procedure was performed to ensure EUT compliance
- 4. A EMI test receiver is used to test the emissions from both sides of AC line

#### Limit

Frequency	QP Limit	AV Limit
MHz	dΒμV	dΒμV
0.150-0.500	66-56*	56-46*
0.500-5	56	46
5-30	60	50

Decreasing linearly with logarithm of the frequency



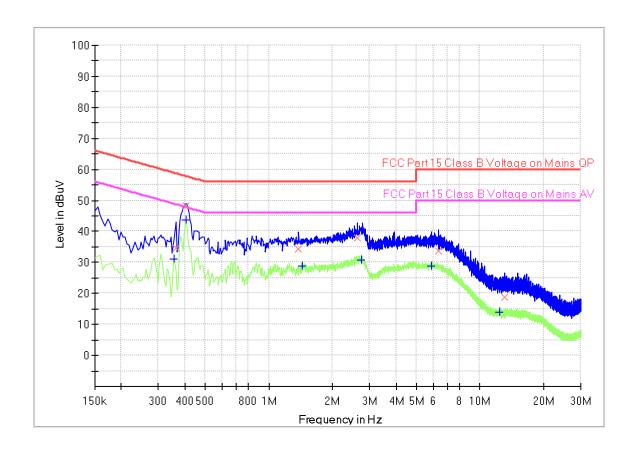
#### **Conducted Emission**

Product Type : Intraoral Scanner M/N : Aoralscan 3 Wireless

Operating Condition : Mode 1: Tx\_802.11a, 5500MHz MIMO

Test Specification : L-Line

Comment : AC 120V/60Hz for Cradle



# **Final Result**

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBuV)	CAverage (dBuV)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Line	Corr. (dB)
0.357000	-	30.93	48.80	17.87	1000.0	9.000	L1	19.6
0.361500	34.68		58.69	24.01	1000.0	9.000	L1	19.6
0.406500		43.75	47.72	3.97	1000.0	9.000	L1	19.6
0.406500	48.15		57.72	9.57	1000.0	9.000	L1	19.6
1.383000	34.37	-	56.00	21.63	1000.0	9.000	L1	19.6
1.446000		28.68	46.00	17.32	1000.0	9.000	L1	19.6
2.616000	37.87	-	56.00	18.13	1000.0	9.000	L1	19.6
2.755500	-	30.71	46.00	15.29	1000.0	9.000	L1	19.6
5.869500		28.97	50.00	21.03	1000.0	9.000	L1	19.6
6.387000	33.66	I	60.00	26.34	1000.0	9.000	L1	19.6
12.417000		13.92	50.00	36.08	1000.0	9.000	L1	19.8
13.083000	18.93		60.00	41.07	1000.0	9.000	L1	19.8

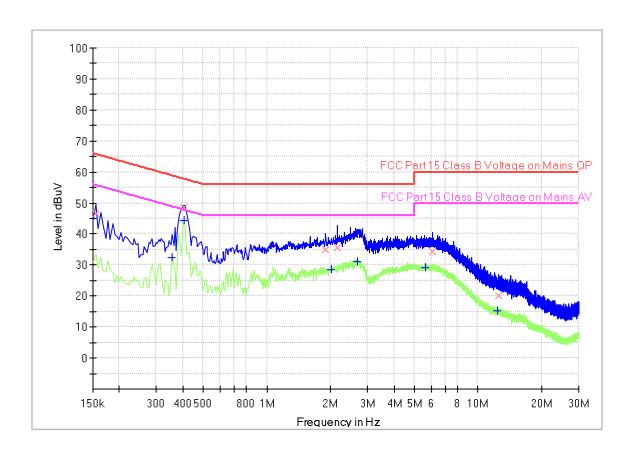


Product Type : Intraoral Scanner M/N : Aoralscan 3 Wireless

Operating Condition : Mode 1: Tx\_802.11a, 5500MHz MIMO

Test Specification : N-Line

Comment : AC 120V/60Hz for Cradle



#### **Final Result**

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBuV)	CAverage (dBuV)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time	Bandwidth (kHz)	Line	Corr. (dB)
					(ms)			
0.154500	46.57		65.75	19.18	1000.0	9.000	N	19.6
0.357000		32.39	48.80	16.41	1000.0	9.000	N	19.6
0.406500		44.21	47.72	3.51	1000.0	9.000	N	19.6
0.406500	48.48	-	57.72	9.24	1000.0	9.000	N	19.6
1.900500	35.10	-	56.00	20.90	1000.0	9.000	N	19.6
2.026500		28.50	46.00	17.50	1000.0	9.000	N	19.6
2.152500	35.47		56.00	20.53	1000.0	9.000	N	19.6
2.683500		30.93	46.00	15.07	1000.0	9.000	N	19.6
5.653500		29.23	50.00	20.77	1000.0	9.000	N	19.7
6.099000	34.45		60.00	25.55	1000.0	9.000	N	19.7
12.430500		15.12	50.00	34.88	1000.0	9.000	N	19.9
12.480000	20.07		60.00	39.93	1000.0	9.000	N	19.9

Note 1: Measure Level (dBuV/m) = Reading Level (dBuV) + Factor (dB) Factor (dB) = Cable Loss (dB) + LISN Factor (dB) + 10dB Attenuator



#### 9.2 Emission bandwidth

#### 1. Test Method of 26dB Bandwidth

According to KDB789033 D02

- a) Set RBW = approximately 1% of the emission bandwidth.
- b) Set the VBW > RBW.
- c) Detector = Peak.
- d) Trace mode = max hold.
- e) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is 26 dB down from the maximum of the emission. Compare this with the RBW setting of the analyzer. Readjust RBW and repeat measurement as needed until the RBW/EBW ratio is approximately 1%.

Limit: No limit

#### 2. Test Method of 6dB Bandwidth

According to KDB789033 D02

- a) Set RBW = 100KHz
- b) Set the video bandwidth (VBW) ≥ 3 × RBW
- c) Detector = Peak.
- d) Trace mode = max hold.
- e) Sweep = auto couple.
- f) Allow the trace to stabilize.
- g) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

**Limit:** ≥500KHz

#### 3. Test Method of 99% Bandwidth

According to KDB789033 D02

- a) Set center frequency to the nominal EUT channel center frequency
- b) Set span = 1.5 times to 5.0 times the OBW.
- c) Set RBW = 1 % to 5 % of the OBW
- d) Set VBW ≥ 3 · RBW
- e) Video averaging is not permitted. Where practical, a sample detection and single sweep mode shall be used. Otherwise, peak detection and max hold mode (until the trace stabilizes) shall be used.
- f) Use the 99 % power bandwidth function of the instrument (if available).
- g) If the instrument does not have a 99 % power bandwidth function, the trace data points are recovered and directly summed in power units. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5 % of the total is reached; that frequency is recorded as the lower frequency. The process is repeated until 99.5 % of the total is reached; that frequency is recorded as the upper frequency. The 99% occupied bandwidth is the difference between these two frequencies.

Limit: No limit



#### 26dB Bandwidth Test Result:

Test data should be referred to Appendix A for 709502279703-00A.

## 99% Bandwidth Test Result

Test data should be referred to Appendix A for 709502279703-00A.



# 9.3 Maximum conducted output power

#### **Test Method**

According to C63.10, the EUT was places on 0.8m height table, the RF output of EUT was connected to the Spectrum Analyzer by RF cable. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.

- Measure the duty cycle
- 2. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings: RBW=1MHz, VBW≥3MHz, Span≥ the 99% Bandwidth of the emission being measured Sweep = auto, Detector function = power averaging.
- 3. Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging (rms) mode
- 4. Add 10 log (1/x), where x is the duty cycle, to the measured power in order to compute the average power during the actual transmission times

#### Limits:

For client devices in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 250 mW provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi.

For the 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz bands, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency bands of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250 mW or 11 dBm + 10 log B, where B is the 26dB emission bandwidth in megahertz.

For the band 5.725-5.850 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W.

#### Maximum conducted output power Test Result:

Test data should be referred to Appendix A for 709502279703-00A.



# 9.4 Maximum power spectral density

#### **Test Method**

According to C63.10, the EUT was places on 0.8m height table, the RF output of EUT was connected to the test power meter by RF cable. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.

- 1. Create an average power spectrum for the EUT operating mode being tested by following the instructions in II.E.2. for measuring maximum conducted output power using a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver: select the appropriate test method (SA-1, SA-2, SA-3, or alternatives to each) and apply it up to, but not including, the step labeled, "Compute power...." (This procedure is required even if the maximum conducted output power measurement was performed using a power meter, method PM.)
- 2. Use the peak search function on the instrument to find the peak of the spectrum and record its value.
- 3. Make the following adjustments to the peak value of the spectrum, if applicable:
- a) If Method SA-2 or SA-2 Alternative was used, add 10 log (1/x), where x is the duty cycle, to the peak of the spectrum.
- b) If Method SA-3 Alternative was used and the linear mode was used in II.E.2.g)(viii), add 1 dB to the final result to compensate for the difference between linear averaging and power averaging.
- 4. The result is the Maximum PSD over 1 MHz reference bandwidth.
- 5. For devices operating in the bands 5.15–5.25 GHz, 5.25–5.35 GHz, and 5.47–5.725 GHz, the preceding procedures make use of 1 MHz RBW to satisfy directly the 1 MHz reference bandwidth specified in Section 15.407(a)(5). For devices operating in the band 5.725–5.85 GHz, the rules specify a measurement bandwidth of 500 kHz. Many spectrum analyzers do not have 500 kHz RBW, thus a narrower RBW may need to be used. The rules permit the use of RBWs less than 1 MHz, or 500 kHz, "provided that the measured power is integrated over the full reference bandwidth" to show the total power over the specified measurement bandwidth (i.e., 1 MHz, or 500 kHz). If measurements are performed using a reduced resolution bandwidth (< 1 MHz, or < 500 kHz) and integrated over 1 MHz, or 500 kHz bandwidth, the following adjustments to the procedures apply:
- a) Set RBW  $\geq 1/T$ , where T is defined in II.B.l.a).
- b) Set VBW ≥ 3 RBW.
- c) If measurement bandwidth of Maximum PSD is specified in 500 kHz, add 10 log (500 kHz/RBW) to the measured result, whereas RBW (<500 kHz) is the reduced resolution bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer set during measurement.
- d) If measurement bandwidth of Maximum PSD is specified in 1 MHz, add 10 log (1MHz/RBW) to the measured result, whereas RBW (< 1 MHz) is the reduced resolution bandwidth of spectrum analyzer set during measurement.
- e) Care must be taken to ensure that the measurements are performed during a period of continuous transmission or are corrected upward for duty cycle.
- Note: As a practical matter, it is recommended to use reduced RBW of 100 kHz for the II.F.5.c) and II.F.5.d), since RBW=100 kHz is available on nearly all spectrum analyzers.



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**Limit:** The maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11dBm for the 5.15-5.25GHz, 5.25-5.35GHz, 5.47-5.725 GHz Band in any 1 megahertz band.

For the band 5.725-5.85 GHz, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 30dBm in any 1 500kHz band.

#### **Test Result:**

Test data should be referred to Appendix A for 709502279703-00A.



## 9.5 Frequencies Stability

#### **Test Method**

- 1. Connect the UUT to the spectrum analyzer
- 2. Set Centre Frequency of the channel under test.
- 3. Set Detector PEAK
- 4. Set RBW: 10KHz, VBW: 3RBW
- 5. Set Span: Encompass the entire emissions bandwidth (EBW) of the signal.
- 6. Allow the trace to stabilize, find the peak value of the power envelope and record the frequency, then calculated the frequency drift.

The test extreme voltage is to change the primary supply voltage from 85 to 115 percent of the nominal value.

User manual temperature is 10 to 40 °C.

Manufacturers of U-NII devices are responsible for ensuring frequency stability such that an emission is maintained within the band of operation under all conditions of normal operation as specified in the user's manual.

Limit: 20ppm

Test Results (All conditions and all modes were performed, only list Worst-Case in the report) Remark: NV is normal Voltage: 3.6Vdc, HV is High Voltage: 4.2Vdc, LV is Low Voltage: 3.3Vdc, NT is normal Temperature: +20 °C.

#### **Test Result:**

Test data should be referred to Appendix A for 709502279703-00A.



#### 9.6 Unwanted emissions

#### Transmitting spurious emission test result as below:

#### **Test Method**

Radiated Mode:

- 1. The EUT was place on a turn table which is 1.5m above ground plane for above 1GHz and 0.8m above ground for below 1GHz at 3meter chamber room for test. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- 2. The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable height antenna tower.
- 3. The height of antenna is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
- For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters and the rotatable table was turned
- 5. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings According to C63.10: For Above 1GHz

Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the in-band emission and all spurious RBW = 1MHz, VBW≥RBW for peak measurement and VBW = 10Hz for average measurement, Sweep = auto, Detector function = peak, Trace = max hold. For Below 1GHz

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the in-band emission and all spurious RBW = 100 KHz, VBW≥RBW for peak measurement, Sweep = auto, Detector function = peak, Trace = max hold.

#### Note:

- 1. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 120 KHz for Quasi-peak detection (QP) at frequency below 1GHz.
- 2. The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1MHz and the video bandwidth is 3MHz for peak detection (PK) at frequency above 1GHz.
- 3. The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1MHz and the video bandwidth is 3MHz for RMS Average ((duty cycle < 98%) for Average detection (AV) at frequency above 1GHz, then the measurement results was added to a correction factor (20log(1/duty cycle)).
- 4. The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1MHz and the video bandwidth is 10Hz (duty cycle > 98%) for Average detection (AV) at frequency above 1GHz.

#### Limit

(1) For transmitters operating in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz.



- (2) For transmitters operating in the 5.25-5.35 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz.
- (3) For transmitters operating in the 5.47-5.725 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.47-5.725 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz.
  - (4) For transmitters operating in the 5.725-5.85 GHz band:
- (i) All emissions shall be limited to a level of −27 dBm/MHz at 75 MHz or more above or below the band edge increasing linearly to 10 dBm/MHz at 25 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 25 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 15.6 dBm/MHz at 5 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 5 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 27 dBm/MHz at the band edge.

According to part 15.407(b), the radio emission outside the operating frequency band shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power. Radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in section15.205, must comply with the radiated emission limits specified in section 15.209.

Frequency	Field Strength	Field Strength	Detector
MHz	uV/m	dBμV/m	
30-88	100	40	QP
88-216	150	43.5	QP
216-960	200	46	QP
960-1000	500	54	QP
Above 1000	500	54	AV
Above 1000	5000	74	PK

According to C63.10, if the peak (or quasi-peak) measured value complies with the average limit, it is unnecessary to perform an average measurement, so AV emission value did not show in below table if the peak value complies with average limit.

The only worse case (which is subject to the maximum EIRP, 802.11a MIMO mode) listed in the report.

#### Transmitting spurious emission worse case test result:

Transmitting spurious emission test result as below:



	802.11a Modulation 5180MHz MIMO										
Frequency Range MHz	Frequency MHz	Antenna Polarization	Emission Level(dBm)	Detector	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Result				
1000-7000		Horizontal		PK	74		Pass				
1000-7000		Vertical		PK	74		Pass				
7000-40000	10360	Horizontal	48.69	PK	68.2	19.51	Pass				
7000-40000	10360	Vertical	48.83	PK	68.2	19.37	Pass				

	802.11a Modulation 5200MHz MIMO										
Frequency Range MHz	Frequency MHz	Antenna Polarization	Emission Level(dBm)	Detector	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Result				
1000-7000		Horizontal		PK	74		Pass				
1000-7000		Vertical		PK	74		Pass				
7000-40000	10440	Horizontal	49.87	PK	68.2	18.33	Pass				
7000-40000	10440	Vertical	48.61	PK	68.2	19.59	Pass				

	802.11a Modulation 5240MHz MIMO										
Frequency Range MHz	Frequency MHz	Antenna Polarization	Emission Level(dBm)	Detector	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Result				
1000-7000		Horizontal		PK	74	-	Pass				
1000-7000		Vertical		PK	74	1	Pass				
7000-40000	10480	Horizontal	48.79	PK	68.2	19.41	Pass				
7000-40000	10480	Vertical	49.29	PK	68.2	18.91	Pass				

	802.11a Modulation 5260MHz MIMO										
Frequency Range MHz	Frequency MHz	Antenna Polarization	Emission Level(dBm)	Detector	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Result				
1000-7000		Horizontal		PK	74		Pass				
1000-7000		Vertical		PK	74		Pass				
7000-40000	10520	Horizontal	48.46	PK	68.2	19.74	Pass				
7000-40000	10520	Vertical	49	PK	68.2	19.2	Pass				



	802.11a Modulation 5280MHz MIMO										
Frequency Range MHz	Frequency MHz	Antenna Polarization	Emission Level(dBm)	Detector	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Result				
1000-7000		Horizontal		PK	74		Pass				
1000-7000		Vertical		PK	74		Pass				
7000-40000	10560	Horizontal	48.66	PK	68.2	19.54	Pass				
7000-40000	10560	Vertical	48.4	PK	68.2	19.8	Pass				

	802.11a Modulation 5320MHz MIMO										
Frequency Range MHz	Frequency MHz	Antenna Polarization	Emission Level(dBm)	Detector	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Result				
1000-7000		Horizontal		PK	74	-	Pass				
1000-7000		Vertical		PK	74	-	Pass				
7000-40000	10640	Horizontal	48.67	PK	74	25.33	Pass				
7000-40000	10640	Vertical	48.71	PK	74	25.29	Pass				

	802.11a Modulation 5500MHz MIMO										
Frequency Range MHz	Frequency MHz	Antenna Polarization	Emission Level(dBm)	Detector	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Result				
1000-7000		Horizontal		PK	74		Pass				
1000-7000		Vertical		PK	74		Pass				
7000-40000	11000	Horizontal	48.84	PK	74	25.16	Pass				
7000-40000	11000	Vertical	49.33	PK	74	24.67	Pass				

	802.11a Modulation 5600MHz MIMO										
Frequency Range MHz	Frequency MHz	Antenna Polarization	Emission Level(dBm)	Detector	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Result				
1000-7000		Horizontal		PK	74		Pass				
1000-7000		Vertical		PK	74	-	Pass				
7000-40000	11200	Horizontal	49.01	PK	74	24.99	Pass				
7000-40000	11200	Vertical	48.38	PK	74	25.62	Pass				



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	802.11a Modulation 5700MHz MIMO											
Frequency Range MHz	Frequency MHz	Antenna Polarization	Emission Level(dBm)	Detector	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Result					
1000-7000		Horizontal		PK	74		Pass					
1000-7000		Vertical		PK	74	-	Pass					
7000-40000	11400	Horizontal	50.02	PK	74	23.98	Pass					
7000-40000	11400	Vertical	48.18	PK	74	25.82	Pass					

802.11a Modulation 5720MHz MIMO								
Frequency Range MHz	Frequency MHz	Antenna Polarization	Emission Level(dBm)	Detector	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Result	
1000-7000		Horizontal		PK	74		Pass	
1000-7000		Vertical		PK	74		Pass	
7000-40000	11440	Horizontal	49.54	PK	74	24.46	Pass	
7000-40000	11440	Vertical	50.14	PK	74	23.86	Pass	

802.11a Modulation 5745MHz MIMO								
Frequency Range MHz	Frequency MHz	Antenna Polarization	Emission Level(dBm)	Detector	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Result	
1000-7000		Horizontal		PK	74		Pass	
1000-7000		Vertical		PK	74		Pass	
7000-40000	11490	Horizontal	49.22	PK	74	24.78	Pass	
7000-40000	11490	Vertical	49.73	PK	74	24.27	Pass	

802.11a Modulation 5785MHz MIMO								
Frequency Range MHz	Frequency MHz	Antenna Polarization	Emission Level(dBm)	Detector	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Result	
1000-7000		Horizontal		PK	74		Pass	
1000-7000		Vertical		PK	74	-	Pass	
7000-40000	11570	Horizontal	49.21	PK	74	24.79	Pass	
7000-40000	11570	Vertical	49.62	PK	74	24.38	Pass	



802.11a Modulation 5825MHz MIMO								
Frequency Range MHz	Frequency MHz	Antenna Polarization	Emission Level(dBm)	Detector	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Result	
1000-7000		Horizontal		PK	74		Pass	
1000-7000		Vertical		PK	74		Pass	
7000-40000	11650	Horizontal	49.57	PK	74	24.43	Pass	
7000-40000	11650	Vertical	49.95	PK	74	24.05	Pass	

#### Remark:

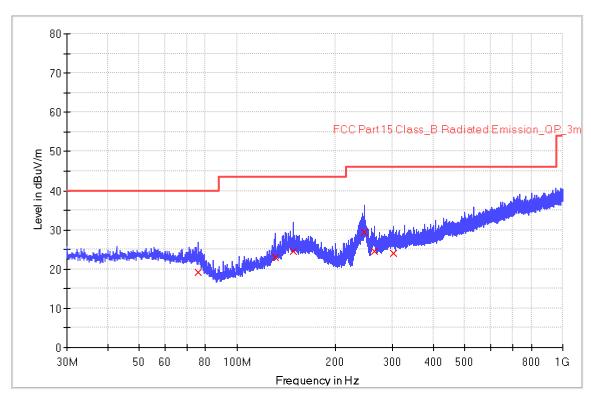
- (1) Above 1GHz Corrector factor= Antenna Factor +Cable Loss Amp. Factor.
- (2) Below 1GHz Corrector factor= Antenna Factor +Cable Loss.
- (3) "\*" is not in restricted band, its limit is -27dBm/MHz. At a distance of 3 meters, the field strength limit in dBμV/m can be determined by adding a "conversion" factor of 95.2dB to the EIRP limit of -27dBm/MHz to obtain the limit for out of band spurious emissions.
- (4) We test all modes and only the worst case for each bandwidth recorded in the report.
- (5) Testing is carried out with frequency rang 30MHz to 40GHz, which data of measurement within this frequency range shown "---" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
- (6) The Low frequency, which start from 9KHz to 30MHz, was pre-scanned and the result which was 20dB lower than the limit line per 15.31(o) was not reported.



# Transmitting spurious emission test result as below: The worst case of Radiated Emission below 1GHz:

Site: 3 meter chamber	Time: 2023/01/07 - 10:08				
Limit: FCC_Part15.209_RE(3m)_ClassB	Engineer: Wenqiang LU				
Probe: VULB9168	Polarity: Horizontal				
EUT: Intraoral Scanner, Model no: Aoralscan 3 Wireless Power: 120VAC, 60Hz for Cradle					
Note: Transmit by at 802.11a channel 5500MHz MIMO.					
Note: Pre-scan with three orthogonal axis and the worst case	se as X axis				

RE\_VULB9168\_pre\_Cont\_30-1000



**Limit and Margin** 

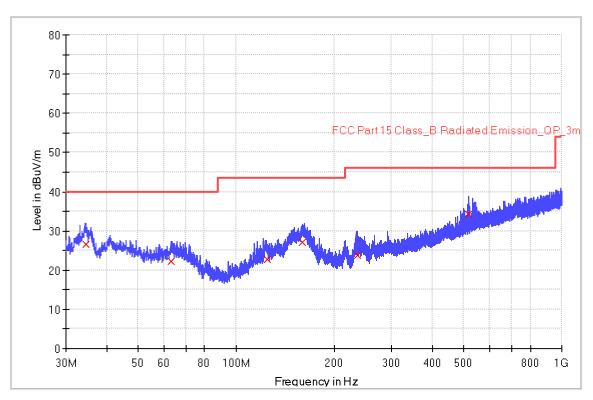
•	-IIIIII alia	wai giii								
	Frequency	QuasiPeak	Meas.	Bandwidth	Height	Pol	Azimuth	Corr.	Margin -	Limit -
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	Time	(kHz)	(cm)		(deg)	(dB)	QPK	QPK
			(ms)						(dB)	(dBuV/m)
	75.960000	19.1	1000.0	120.000	200.0	Н	224.0	17.3	20.9	40.0
	130.920000	22.9	1000.0	120.000	148.0	Н	54.0	19.3	20.6	43.5
	148.840000	24.5	1000.0	120.000	152.0	Н	177.0	21.0	19.0	43.5
	246.600000	29.4	1000.0	120.000	100.0	Н	99.0	19.9	16.7	46.0
	263.280000	24.4	1000.0	120.000	100.0	Н	292.0	20.1	21.6	46.0
	301.400000	24.0	1000.0	120.000	100.0	Н	103.0	21.5	22.0	46.0



#### The worst case of Radiated Emission below 1GHz:

Site: 3 meter chamber	Time: 2023/01/07 - 09:23				
Limit: FCC_Part15.209_RE(3m)_ClassB	Engineer: Wenqiang LU				
Probe: VULB9168	Polarity: Vertical				
EUT: Intraoral Scanner, Model no: Aoralscan 3 Wireless Power: 120VAC, 60Hz for Cradle					
Note: Transmit by at 802.11a channel 5500MHz MIMO.					
Note: Pre-scan with three orthogonal axis and the worst case as X axis.					

#### RE\_VULB9168\_pre\_Cont\_30-1000



**Limit and Margin** 

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBuV/m)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)	Margin - QPK (dB)	Limit - QPK (dBuV/m)
34.520000	26.5	1000.0	120.000	100.0	٧	238.0	19.4	13.5	40.0
62.920000	22.2	1000.0	120.000	149.0	٧	54.0	19.7	17.8	40.0
124.800000	22.6	1000.0	120.000	102.0	٧	89.0	18.5	20.9	43.5
160.160000	27.1	1000.0	120.000	115.0	٧	294.0	20.9	16.4	43.5
235.200000	23.7	1000.0	120.000	100.0	٧	106.0	18.9	22.3	46.0
516.400000	34.3	1000.0	120.000	100.0	V	186.0	26.9	11.7	46.0

Note 1: Measure Level (dBuV/m) = Reading Level (dBuV) + Factor (dB)

Factor (dB) = Cable Loss (dB) + Antenna Factor (dB/m)

Note 2: The test trace is same as the ambient noise and the amplitude of the emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible (the test frequency range:  $9kHz \sim 30MHz$ ,  $18GHz \sim 25GHz$ ), therefore no data appear in the report.



#### **Conducted Spurious Emission Test Method:**

According to KDB789033 D02

- 1. The EUT was placed on 0.8m height table, the RF output of EUT was connected to the test receiver by RF cable. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
- 2. For transmitters with operation frequencies in the band 5150-5250 MHz, all emissions outside the band 5150-5350 MHz shall not exceed -27 dBm/MHz e.i.r.p.

Any unwanted emissions that fall into the band 5250-5350 MHz shall be attenuated below the channel power by at least 26 dB, when measured using a resolution bandwidth between 1 and 5% of the occupied bandwidth (i.e. 99% bandwidth), above 5250 MHz. The 26dB bandwidth may fall into the 5250-5350 MHz band; however, if the occupied bandwidth also falls within the 5250-5350 MHz band; however, if the occupied bandwidth also falls within the 5250-5350 MHz band, the transmission is considered as intentional and the devices shall comply with all requirements in the band 5250-5359 MHz including implementing dynamic frequency selection (DFS) and TPC, on the portion of the emission that resides in the 5250-5350 MHz band.

- a) Set RBW ≥ between 1 and 5% of the occupied bandwidth (i.e. 99% bandwidth)
- b) Set VBW ≥ 3 RBW.

#### Limits:

- (1) For transmitters operating in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of −27 dBm/MHz.
- (2) For transmitters operating in the 5.25-5.35 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of −27 dBm/MHz.
- (3) For transmitters operating in the 5.47-5.725 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.47-5.725 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of −27 dBm/MHz.
- (4) For transmitters operating in the 5.725-5.85 GHz band: All emissions shall be limited to a level of −27 dBm/MHz at 75 MHz or more above or below the band edge increasing linearly to 10 dBm/MHz at 25 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 25 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 15.6 dBm/MHz at 5 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 5 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 27 dBm/MHz at the band edge.

#### **Conducted Spurious Emission**

Test data should be referred to Appendix A for 709502279703-00A.

#### Band edge measurements

Test data should be referred to Appendix A for 709502279703-00A.



# 10 Test Equipment List

#### List of Test Instruments Test Site1

	1 001 01101						
	DESCRIPTION	MANUFACTURER	MODEL NO.	SERIAL NO.	CAL. DATE	CAL. DUE DATE	
	Wideband Radio Communication Tester	R&S	CMW500	S2110416b- YQ-EMC	2022-11-24	2023-11-23	
	Vector signal generator	Agilent	N5182A	S2110417b- YQ-EMC	2022-11-24	2023-11-23	
С	RF automatic control unit	MWRFtest	MW100- RFCB	S2110418b- YQ-EMC	2022-9-30	2023-9-29	
	Temperature Chamber	Shanghai HUCAN	HTT-100AP	S2201430b- YQ-EMC	2022-3-8	2023-3-7	
	Signal Analyzer	R&S	FSV40	S1503003- YQ-EMC	2022-8-1	2023-7-31	
	EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESR3	101906	2022-8-1	2023-7-31	
	Signal Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSV40	101091	2022-8-1	2023-7-31	
	Trilog Super Broadband Test Antenna	Schwarzbeck	VULB 9168	961	2021-9-23	2024-9-22	
	Horn Antenna	Rohde & Schwarz	HF907	102393	2021-4-13	2024-4-12	
	Pre-amplifier	Rohde & Schwarz	SCU-18D	19006451	2022-8-1	2023-7-31	
RE	Loop antenna	Rohde & Schwarz	HFH2-Z2	100443	2022-6-13	2023-6-12	
IVE.	DOUBLE-RIDGED WAVEGUIDE HORN WITH PRE-AMPLIFIER (18 GHZ - 40 GHZ)	ETS-Lindgren	3116C-PA	002222727	2020-9-23	2023-9-22	
	3m Semi-anechoic chamber	TDK	9X6X6		2021-5-8	2024-5-7	
	EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESR3	101907	2022-8-1	2023-7-31	
CE	LISN	Rohde & Schwarz	ENV216	101924	2022-8-1	2023-7-31	

Measurement Software Information							
Test Item	Test Item Software Manufacturer Ve		Version				
С	MTS 8310	MWRFtest	2.0.0.0				
RE	EMC 32	Rohde & Schwarz V10.5					
CE	EMC 32	Rohde & Schwarz	V10.50.40				

#### C - Conducted RF tests

- Conducted peak output power
- 6dB Occupied Bandwidth
- Power spectral density\*
- Conducted Band Edge and Out-of-Band Emissions



# 11 System Measurement Uncertainty

For a 95% confidence level, the measurement expanded uncertainties for defined systems, in accordance with the recommendations of ISO 17025 were:

Items	Extended Uncertainty
Conducted Disturbance at Mains Terminals	150kHz to 30MHz, LISN, ±3.16dB
Radiated Disturbance	30MHz to 1GHz, ±5.03dB (Horizontal) ±5.12dB (Vertical) 1GHz to 18GHz, ±5.15dB (Horizontal) ±5.12dB (Vertical) 18GHz to 25GHz, ±4.76dB

Measurement Uncertainty Decision Rule:

Determination of conformity with the specification limits is based on the decision rule according to IEC Guide 115: 2021, clause 4.4.3 and 4.5.1.



# 12 Photographs of Test Set-ups

Refer to the < Test Setup photos >.



# 13 Photographs of EUT

Refer to the < External Photos > & < Internal Photos >.

THE END