



TEST REPORT

EUT Description WLAN and BT, 2x2 PCle M.2 2230 adapter card

Brand Name Intel® Wi-Fi 6 AX204

Model Name AX204NGW

FCC ID PD9AX204NG

Date of Test Start/End 2022-03-23 / 2022-03-28

Features 802.11ax R2, Dual Band, 2x2 Wi-Fi 6 + Bluetooth® 5.2

(see section 5)

Description Engineering sample + Skycross antenna

Applicant Intel Mobile Communications

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Reference Standards FCC 47 CFR Part §2.1093

(see section 1)

RF Exposure Environment Portable devices - General population/uncontrolled exposure

Exposure Conditions Body worn

SAR Result SAR Limit

Maximum SAR Result & Limit 0.79 W/kg (1g) 1.6 W/kg (1g)

Min. test separation distance 14mm to phantom

Test Report identification 220225-01.TR12

Rev. 00

Revision Control This test report revision replaces any previous test report revision

(see section 8)

The test results relate only to the samples tested.

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FCC



1. Standards, reference documents and applicable test methods

 FCC Title 47 CFR Part §2.1093 – Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: portable devices. 2019-10-01 Edition

2. FCC OET KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 – SAR guidance for IEEE 802.11 (Wi-Fi) transmitters.

- 3. FCC OET KDB 447498 D01 v06 –RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies for Mobile and Portable Devices.
- 4. FCC OET KDB 616217 D04 v01r02 SAR Evaluation Considerations for Laptop, Notebook, Netbook and Tablet Computers.
- 5. FCC OET KDB 865664 D01 v01r04 SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz.
- 6. FCC OET KDB 865664 D02 v01r02 RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations.
- 7. IEEE Std 1528-2013 IEEE Recommended Practice Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communication Devices: Measurement Techniques...

2. General conditions, competences and guarantees

- ✓ Intel Corporation SAS Wireless RF Lab (Intel WRF Lab) is an ISO/IEC 17025:2017 laboratory accredited by the American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA) with the certificate number 3478.01.
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3. Environmental Conditions

✓ At the site where the measurements were performed the following limits were not exceeded during the tests:

Temperature	21.5°C ± 2°C	
Humidity	35% ± 10%	
Liquid Temperature	22°C ± 2°C	

4. Test samples

Sample	Control #	Description	Model	Serial #	Date of receipt	Note
	220225-01.S10	WLAN and BT, 2x2 PCIe M.2 2230 adapter card	AX204NGW	C8CB9E88A9C8	2022-03-04	-
	210611-02.S32	NGFF Extender	PCB00651_01	6515219-224 / AS000651-1-502	2021-08-06	-
#01	170000-01.S12	Laptop	Latitude 7490	9KWMRQ2	2020-10-22	-
	200611-03.S36	Reference Antenna	Sky-Cross	-	2020-12-07	-
	200611-03.S37	Reference Antenna	Sky-Cross	-	2022-03-22	-



5. EUT Features

The herein information is provided by the customer

Brand Name	Intel® Wi-Fi 6 AX204				
Model Name AX204NGW					
Software Version	DRTU.01188.99.0.69				
		10.71077.00111			
Driver Version	WLAN 99.0.70.4, BT 22.1	40.51677.22111			
Prototype / Production	Production				
Host Identification	Engineering sample				
	802.11b/g/n/ax	2.4GHz (2400.0 -	2483.5 MHz)		
	802.11a/n/ac/ax	5.2GHz (5150.0 -	5250.0 MHz)		
Supported Radios		5.3GHz (5250.0 –			
Capported reading	5.6GHz (5470.0 – 5725.0 MHz)				
	Divista offi	5.8GHz (5725.0 – 5850.0 MHz)			
	Bluetooth 2.4GHz (2400.0 – 2483.5 MHz)				
	Transmitter	Chain A	Chain B		
	Manufacturer	SkyCross	SkyCross		
Antenna Information	Antenna type	PIFA	PIFA		
	Part number	n/a	n/a		
	See Annex F for more details on antennas location.				
	WLAN 2.4GHz Chain B + BT Chain A				
Simultaneous Transmission	WLAN 2.4GHz Chain B + WLAN 2.4GHz Chain A				
Configurations	WLAN 5GHz Chain B + BT Chain A				
garanerie	WLAN 5GHz Chain B + WLAN 5GHz Chain A				
WLAN 5GHz Chain B + WLAN 5GHz Chain A + BT			nain A		
	No WWAN transmitter is	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Additional Information	5.60-5.65 GHz band (TDWR) is supported by the device				
	Band gap is supported by	the device			

Supported Radios

Mode	Duty Cycle	Modulation	Band	UL Freq Range (MHz)	Measured Max. Conducted Power (dBm)
802.11b/g/n/ax	100%	BPSK QPSK 16QAM 64QAM	2.4GHz	2400-2483.5	20.67
	100%	BPSK QPSK 16QAM 64QAM 256QAM	5.2GHz	5150-5250	NM
000 44 a /a /a a /a /			5.3GHz	5250-5350	20.67
802.11a/n/ac/ax			5.6GHz	5475-5725	20.65
			5.8GHz	5725-5850	19.93
BDR/EDR v5.2	77%	GFSK π/4 DQPSK 8DPSK	2.4GHz	2400-2483.5	14.91
Bluetooth LE v5.2	33%	GFSK	2.4GHz	2400-2483.5	NM

NM: Not Measured



Maximum Output power specification + Tune up tolerance limit			SISO mode		
Equipment Class	Mode	BW (MHz)	Chain A (dBm)	Chain B (dBm)	
	802.11b	20	21.00	21.00	
	802.11g	20	21.00	21.00	
DTS	802.11n20	20	21.00	21.00	
סוט	802.11ax20	20	21.00	21.00	
	802.11n40	40	21.00	21.00	
	802.11ax40	40	21.00	21.00	
	802.11a	20	21.00	21.00	
	802.11n20	20	21.00	21.00	
	802.11ax20	20	21.00	21.00	
U-NII-1	802.11n40	40	21.00	21.00	
	802.11ax40	40	21.00	21.00	
	802.11ac80	80	19.00	18.75	
	802.11ax80	80	19.00	18.75	
	802.11a	20	21.00	21.00	
	802.11n20	20	21.00	21.00	
	802.11ax20	20	21.00	21.00	
	802.11n40	40	21.00	21.00	
U-NII-2A	802.11ax40	40	21.00	21.00	
	802.11ac80	80	18.50	17.75	
	802.11ax80	80	18.50	17.75	
	802.11ac160	160	16.00	15.25	
	802.11ax160	160	16.00	15.25	
	802.11a	20	21.00	21.00	
	802.11n20	20	21.00	21.00	
	802.11ax20	20	21.00	21.00	
	802.11n40	40	21.00	21.00	
U-NII-2C	802.11ax40	40	21.00	21.00	
	802.11ac80	80	21.00	21.00	
	802.11ax80	80	21.00	21.00	
	802.11ac160	160	16.25	15.50	
	802.11ax160	160	16.25	15.50	
	802.11a	20	21.00	21.00	
	802.11n20	20	21.00	21.00	
	802.11ax20	20	21.00	21.00	
U-NII-3	802.11n40	40	21.00	21.00	
	802.11ax40	40	21.00	21.00	
	802.11ac80	80	21.00	21.00	
	802.11ax80	80	21.00	21.00	
	Bluetooth v5.2 BDR	1	15.00		
	Bluetooth v5.2 EDR2	1	15.00		
ВТ	Bluetooth v5.2 EDR3	1	15.00		
	BLE	2	15.00		



6. Remarks and comments

1. Only the plots for the test positions with the highest measured SAR per band/mode are included in Annex C as required per FCC OET KDB 865664 D02, paragraph 2.3.h

7. Test Verdicts summary

The statement of conformity to applicable standards in the table below are based on the measured values, without taking into account the measurement uncertainties.

Standard	Band	Highest Reported SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Verdict
802.11b/g/n/ax	2.4GHz	0.46	Р
	5.2GHz	NM	NA
000 110/2/2020	5.3GHz	0.79	Р
802.11a/n/ac/ax	5.6GHz	0.50	Р
	5.8GHz	NM	Р
Bluetooth	2.4GHz	0.10	Р

P: Pass F: Fail

NM: Not Measured NA: Not Applicable

According to the FCC OET KDB 690783 D01, this is the summary of the values for the Grant Listing:

Highest Reported SAR (1g) (W/kg)					
Exposure Condition	Equipment Class				
Exposure Condition	DTS	DSS	U-NII		
Body Worn	0.46	0.10	0.79		
Simultaneous Tx	Sum-SAR: 0.72	Sum-SAR: 1.52	Sum-SAR: 1.52		

Considering the results of the performed test according to FCC 47CFR Part 2.1093 the item under test is IN COMPLIANCE with the requested specifications specified in Section1. Standards, reference documents and applicable test methods

8. Document Revision History

Revision #	Modified by	Revision Details
Rev. 00	R. LUCIANI	First Issue



Annex A. Test & System Description

A.1 SAR Definition

Specific Absorption rate is defined as the time derivative of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) and incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density (p).

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \cdot \left(\frac{dW}{dm}\right) = \frac{d}{dt} \cdot \left(\frac{dW}{\rho \cdot dV}\right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of watts per kilogram (W/kg). SAR can be related to the electric field at a point by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: $\sigma = \text{Conductivity of the tissue (S/m)}$

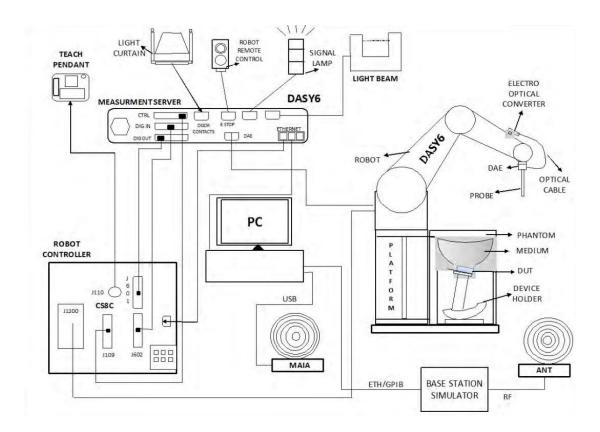
 ρ = Mass density of the tissue (kg/m3) E = RMS electric field strength (V/m)



A.2 SPEAG SAR Measurement System

A.2.1 SAR Measurement Setup

The DASY6 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- ✓ A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Staübli TX/RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. It includes an arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE)
- ✓ An isotropic field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurements.
- ✓ A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical Converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- ✓ The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movements interrupts.
- ✓ The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- ✓ A computer running Win7 professional operating system and the DASY6 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- ✓ The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.
- ✓ MAIA is a hardware interface (Antenna) used to evaluate the modulation and audio interference characteristics of RF signals.
- ANT is an ultra-wideband antenna for use with the base station simulators over 698 MHz to 6GHz.
- ✓ The base station simulator is an equipment used for SAR cellular tests in order to emulate the cellular signals characteristics and behavior between a regular base station and the equipment under test.
- ✓ Tissue simulating liquid.
- ✓ System Validation dipoles.
- ✓ Network emulator or RF test tool



A.2.2 E-Field Measurement Probe

The probe is constructed using three orthogonal dipole sensors arranged on an interlocking, triangular prism core. The probe has built-in shielding against static charges and is contained within a PEEK cylindrical enclosure material at the tip.



The probe's characteristics are:

Frequency Range	30MHz – 6GHz
Length	337 mm
Probe tip external diameter	2.5 mm
Typical distance between dipoles and the probe tip	1 mm
Axial Isotropy (in human-equivalent liquids)	±0.3 dB
Hemispherical Isotropy (in human-equivalent liquids)	±0.5 dB
Linearity	±0.2 dB
Maximum operating SAR	100 W/kg
Lower SAR detection threshold	0.001 W/kg

A.2.3 SAM Phantom

The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209-1. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by teaching three points with the robot.

The phantom's characteristics are:

Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)
Shell thickness	2 mm ± 0.2 mm
Shell thickness at ERP	6 ± 0.2 mm
Filling volume	25 Liters
Dimensions	Length: 1000mm / Width: 500mm





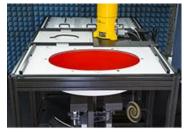


A.2.4 Flat Phantom

Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the IEC 62209-2 standard and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles.

The phantom's characteristics are:

Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)
Shell thickness	2 mm ± 0.2 mm
Filling volume	30 Liters approx.
Dimensions	Major axis: 600mm / Minor axis: 400mm

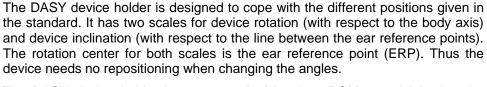




A.2.5 Device Positioner

The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5 mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of 0.5 mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of 20%. Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards.





The DASY device holder is constructed of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity ϵ =3 and loss tangent δ =0.02. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.

A simple but effective and easy-to-use extension for the Mounting Device; facilitates testing of larger devices according to IEC 62209-2 (e.g., laptops, cameras, etc.); lightweight and fits easily on the upper part of the Mounting Device in place of the phone positioner. The extension is fully compatible with the Twin SAM, ELI and other Flat Phantoms.





A.3 Data Evaluation

Power Reference measurement

The robot measures the E field in a specified reference position that can be either the selected section's grid reference point or a user point in this section at 4mm of the inner surface of the phantom, 2mm for frequencies above 3GHz.

Area Scan

Measurement procedures for evaluating SAR from wireless handsets typically start with a coarse measurement grid to determine the approximate location of the local peak SAR values. This is known as the area-scan procedure. The SAR distribution is scanned along the inside surface of one side of the phantom head, at least for an area larger than the projection of the handset and antenna. The distance between the measured points and phantom surface should be less than 8 mm, and should remain constant (with variation less than ± 1 mm) during the entire scan in order to determine the locations of the local peak SAR with sufficient accuracy. The angle between the probe axis and the surface normal line is recommended but not required to be less than 30°. If this angle is larger than 30° and the closest point on the probe-tip housing to the phantom surface is closer than a probe diameter, the boundary effect may become larger and polarization dependent. This additional uncertainty needs to be analyzed and accounted for. To achieve this, modified test procedures and additional uncertainty analyses not described in this recommended practice may be required. The measurement and interpolation point spacing should be chosen such as to allow identification of the local peak locations to within one-half of the linear dimension of a side of the zoom-scan volume. Because a local peak having specific amplitude and steep gradients may produce a lower peak spatial-average SAR compared to peaks with slightly lower amplitude and less steep gradients, it is necessary to evaluate these other peaks as well. However, since the spatial gradients of local SAR peaks are a function of the wavelength inside the tissue-equivalent liquid and the incident magnetic field strength, it is not necessary to evaluate local peaks that are less than 2 dB or more below the global maximum peak. Two-dimensional spline algorithms (Brishoual et al. 2001; Press et al., 1996) are typically used to determine the peaks and gradients within the scanned area. If a peak is found at a distance from the scan border of less than one-half the edge dimension of the desired 1 g or 10 g cube, the measurement area should be enlarged if possible.

Zoom Scan

To evaluate the peak spatial-average SAR values for 1 g or 10 g cubes, fine resolution volume scans, called zoom scans, are performed at the peak SAR locations identified during the area scan. The minimum zoom scan volume size should extend at least 1.5 times the edge dimension of a 1 g cube in all directions from the center of the scan volume, for both 1 g and 10 g peak spatial-average SAR evaluations. Along the phantom curved surfaces, the front face of the volume facing the tissue/liquid interface conforms to the curved boundary, to ensure that all SAR peaks are captured. The back face should be equally distorted to maintain the correct averaging mass. The flatness and orientation of the four side faces are unchanged from that of a cube whose orientation is within \pm 30° of the line normal to the phantom at the center of the cube face next to the phantom surface. The peak local SAR locations that were determined in the area scan (interpolated values) should be used for the centers of the zoom scans. If a scan volume cannot be centered due to proximity of a phantom shape feature, the probe should be tilted to allow scan volume enlargement. If probe tilt is not feasible, the zoom-scan origin may be shifted, but not by more than half of the 1 g or 10 g cube edge dimension.

After the zoom-scan measurement, extrapolations from the closest measured points to the surface, for example along lines parallel to the zoom-scan centerline, and interpolations to a finer resolution between all measured and extrapolated points are performed. Extrapolation algorithm considerations are described in 6.5.3, and 3-D spline methods (Brishoual et al., 2001; Kreyszig, 1983; Press et al., 1996) can be used for interpolation. The peak spatial-average SAR is finally determined by a numerical averaging of the local SAR values in the interpolation grid, using for example a trapezoidal algorithm for the integration (averaging).

In some areas of the phantom, such as the jaw and upper head regions, the angle of the probe with respect to the line normal to the surface may be relatively large, e.g., greater than \pm 30°, which could increase the boundary effect error to a larger level. In these cases, during the zoom scan a change in the orientation of the probe, the phantom, or both is recommended but not required for the duration of the zoom scan, so that the angle between the probe axis and the line normal to the surface is within 30° for all measurement points.

Rev. 00

• Power Drift measurement

The robot re-measures the E-Field in the same reference location measured at the Power Reference. The drift measurement gives the field difference in dB from the first to the last reference reading. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test that must remain within a maximum variation of ±5%.

Post-processing

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the IEEE1528 and IEC 62209-1/2 standards. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g.

The software allows evaluations that combine measured data and robot positions, such as:

- ✓ Maximum search
- ✓ Extrapolation
- ✓ Boundary correction
- ✓ Peak search for averaged SAR

Interpolation between the measured points is performed when the resolution of the grid is not fine enough to compute the average SAR over a given mass.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. Several measurements at different distances are necessary for the extrapolation.



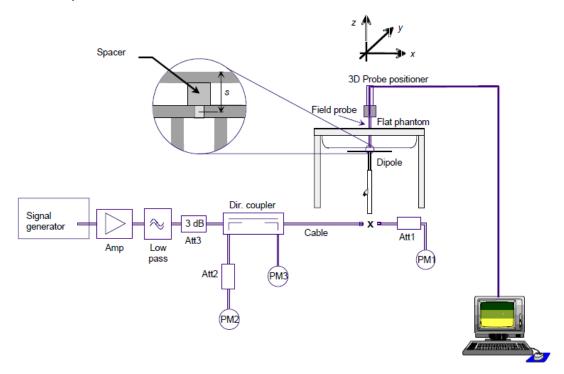
A.4 System and Liquid Check

A.4.1 System Check

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results.

The system performance check uses normal SAR measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

In the simplified setup for system check, the EUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a controlled continuous wave generated by a signal generator. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the phantom at the correct distance.



The equipment setup is shown below:

- ✓ Signal Generator
- ✓ Amplifier
- ✓ Directional coupler
- ✓ Power meter
- ✓ Calibrated dipole

First, the power meter PM1 (including attenuator Att1) is connected to the cable to measure the forward power at the location of the connector (x) to the system check source. The signal generator is adjusted for the desired forward power at the connector as read by power meter PM1 after attenuation Att1 and also as coupled through Att2 to PM2. After connecting the cable to the source, the signal generator is readjusted for the same reading at power meter PM2.

SAR results are normalized to a forward power of 1W to compare the values with the calibration reports results as described at IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209 standards.



A.4.2 Liquid Check

The dielectric parameters check is done prior to the use of the tissue simulating liquid. The verification is made by comparing the relative permittivity and conductivity to the values recommended by the applicable standards.

The liquid verification was performed using the following test setup:

- ✓ VNA (Vector Network Analyzer)
- ✓ Open-Short-Load calibration kit
- ✓ RF Cable
- ✓ Open-Ended Coaxial probe
- ✓ DAK software tool
- ✓ SAR Liquid
- ✓ De-ionized water
- √ Thermometer

These are the target dielectric properties of the tissue-equivalent liquid material as defined in FCC OET KDB 865664 D01.

Frequency	SAR	
(MHz)	ε _r (F/m)	σ (S/m)
150	61.9	0.80
300	58.2	0.92
450	56.7	0.94
835	55.2	0.97
900	55.0	1.05
1450	54.0	1.30
1800-2000	53.3	1.52
2450	52.7	1.95
3000	52.0	2.73
5800	48.2	6.00

(ϵ_r = relative permittivity, σ = conductivity and ρ = 1000 kg/m3)

The measurement system implement a SAR error compensation algorithm as documented in IEEE Std 1528-2013 (equivalent to draft standard IEEE P1528-2011) to automatically compensate the measured SAR results for deviations between the measured and required tissue dielectric parameters (applied to only scale up the measured SAR, and not downward) so, according to FCC OET KDB 865664 D01, the tolerance for ϵ_{Γ} and σ may be relaxed to \pm 10%.



A.5 Test Equipment List

SAR system #4

ID#	Device	Type/Model	Serial Number	Manufacturer	Cal. Date	Cal. Due Date
004-006	Dosimetric E-field Probe	EX3DV4 7604 S		SPEAG	2021-08-16	2022-08-16
004-007	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1628	SPEAG	2021-08-06	2022-08-06
004-000	6-axis Robot	TX90 XL	F11/5JL2A1/A/01	STAÜBLI	n/a	n/a
004-001	Robot Controller	CS8C	F11/5JL2A1/C/01	1/5JL2A1/C/01 STAÜBLI		n/a
004-005	Measurement Server	DASY6 P/N: SE UMS 028 BB	-	SPEAG	n/a	n/a
004-004	Light Beam Unit	SE UKS 030 AA	1030	Di-soric	n/a	n/a
004-002	Oval Flat Phantom	ELI v8.0	2124	SPEAG	n/a	n/a
004-005	Measurement SW	DASY6 16.0	9-658E90FA	SPEAG	n/a	n/a
004-010	Laptop Holder	P/N SM LH1 001 CD	-	SPEAG	n/a	n/a

Shared equipment

ID#	Device	Type/Model	Serial Number	Manufacturer	Cal. Date	Cal. Due Date
123-000	USB Power Sensor	NRP-Z81	102278	R&S	2021-04-13	2023-04-13
124-000	USB Power Sensor	NRP-Z81	102279	R&S	2021-04-13	2023-04-13
126-000	Vector Signal Generator	ESG E4438C	MY45092885	Agilent	2021-05-27	2023-05-27
099-000	Liquid measurement SW	DAK-3.5 V3.0.2.3	9-2687B491	SPEAG	NA	NA
069-000	Dielectric Probe Kit	DAK-3.5	1309	SPEAG	2021-03-10	2023-03-10
078-000	RF Cable	ST- 18/SMAm/SMAm/48	1158830	Huber & Suhner	2022-02-01	2022-08-01
079-000	RF Cable	ST- 18/SMAm/SMAm/48	1158831	1158831 Huber & Suhner 20		2022-08-01
077-000	Coupler	CD0.5-8-20-30	1251-002	Amd-group	2022-02-01	2022-08-01
198-000	0.8-21GHz RF amplifier	TVA-82-213A+	2004003	Mini-Circuits	2022-02-01	2022-08-01
141-000	USB Power Sensor	NRP-Z81	104381	R&S	2020-06-03	2022-06-03
070-000	2.45GHz System Validation Dipole	D2450V2	937	SPEAG	2020-05-12	2022-05-12
068-000	5GHz System Validation Dipole	D5GHzv2	1164	SPEAG	2021-05-18	2023-05-18
398-000	Thermometer	TESTO 922	33622932/208	TESTO	2021-11-09	2023-11-09
327-000	Temp & Humidity Logger	RA32E-TH1-RAS	RA32-F0DEF9	AVTECH	2021-03-09	2023-03-09
451-000	Reflectometer	R140	21190006	Copper Mountain	2021-11-09	2023-11-09

A.5.1 Tissue Simulant Liquid

TSL	Manufacturer / Model	Freq Range (MHz)	Main Ingredients
Body WideBand	SPEAG MBBL600-6000V6 Batch 160630-1	600-6000	Ethanediol, Sodium petroleum sulfonate, Hexylene Glycol / 2-Methyl-pentane-2.4- diol, Alkoxylated alcohol



A.6 Measurement Uncertainty Evaluation

The system uncertainty evaluation is shown in the table below with a coverage factor of k = 2 to indicate a 95% level of confidence:

	SPEAG DASY6 Uncertainty Budget							
	According to IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 (4 MHz - 6 GHz) including IEEE 1528-2013 and IEC 62209-1/2016, IEC 62209-2/2010							
Symbol	Error Description	Uncert. Value	Prob Dist.	Div.	(ci) 1g	(ci) 10g	Std Unc. (1g)	Std Unc. (10g)
Measurement System Errors								
CF	Probe Calibration	±14.0 %	N	2	1	1	±7.0 %	±7.0 %
CF _{drif} t	Probe Calibration Drift	±1.0 %	N	1	1	1	±1.0 %	±1.0 %
LIN	Probe Linearity	±4.7 %	R	√3	1	1	±2.7 %	±2.7 %
BBS	Broadband Signal	±3.0 %	N	2	1	1	±1.5 %	±1.5 %
ISO	Axial Isotropy	±4.7 %	R	√3	0.5	0.5	±1.4 %	±1.4 %
ISO	Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6 %	R	√3	0.5	0.5	±2.8 %	±2.8 %
DAE	Data Acquisition	±0.3 %	N	1	1	1	±0.3 %	±0.3 %
AMB	RF Ambient	±1.8 %	N	1	1	1	±1.8 %	±1.8 %
Δsys	Probe Positioning	±0.2 %	N	1	0.33	0.33	±0.1 %	±0.1 %
DAT	Data Processing	±2.3 %	N	1	1	1	±2.3 %	±2.3 %
Phantom	and Device Errors							
LIQ(σ)	Conductivity (meas.)DAK	±2.5 %	N	1	0.78	0.71	±2.0 %	±1.8 %
LIQ(Tσ)	Conductivity (temp.)BB	±3.4 %	R	√3	0.78	0.71	±1.5 %	±1.4 %
EPS	Phantom Permittivity	±14.0 %	R	√3	0.25	0.25	±2.0 %	±2.0 %
DAS	Distance DUT - TSL	±2.0 %	N	1	2	2	±4.0 %	±4.0 %
Н	Device Holder	±3.6 %	N	1	1	1	±3.6 %	±3.6 %
MOD	DUT Modulation _m	±2.4 %	R	√3	1	1	±1.4 %	±1.4 %
TAS	Time-average SAR	±2.6 %	R	√3	1	1	±1.5 %	±1.5 %
RF drif t	DUT drift	±5.0 %	N	1	1	1	±2.9 %	±2.9 %
Correctio	n to the SAR results							
C(ε, σ)	Deviation to Target	±1.9 %	N	1	1	0.84	±1.9 %	±1.6 %
Combi	ned Std. Uncertainty						±11.5 %	±11.4 %
Expand	ed STD Uncertainty						±23.1 %	±22.9 %



A.7 RF Exposure Limits

SAR assessments have been made in line with the requirements of FCC 47CFR Part 2.1093 and ISED RSS 102 issue 5 on the limitation of exposure of the general population / uncontrolled exposure for portable devices.

Exposure Type	General Population / Uncontrolled Environment
Peak spatial-average SAR (averaged over any 1 gram of tissue)	1.6 W/kg
Whole body average SAR	0.08 W/kg
Peak spatial-average SAR (extremities) (averaged over any 10 grams of tissue)	4.0 W/kg

Rev. 00

Annex B. Test Results

The herein test results were performed by:

Test case measurement	Test Engineer
Conducted measurement	F. Heurtematte
SAR measurement	R. LUCIANI

Test Conditions B.1

B.1.1 Test SAR Test positions relative to the phantom

The device under test was an Intel® Wi-Fi 6 AX204 card (Engineering sample) using a set of Sky-Cross antennas. The card was operated utilizing proprietary software (DRTU version DRTU.01188.99.0.69) and each channel was measured using a broadband power meter to determine the maximum average power.

The SAR Test Exclusion Threshold in FCC OET KDB 447498 D01 can be applied to determine SAR test exclusion for adjacent edge configurations. All six sides of the antenna were tested for SAR compliance with the antenna placed at 14mm beneath the phantom. The adjacent edges of the antenna were positioned perpendicular to the phantom.

Considering the antenna location diagrams in Annex F and the test exclusions described before, the surfaces/edges to be measured for each antenna are:

Antenna	Chain A	Chain B
Position	 Front face Back Face Top edge Bottom edge Left edge Right edge 	 Front face Back Face Top edge Bottom edge Left edge Right edge

See B.1.3.1 for a more detailed list of the applied reductions.

See F.2 Test positions section for more information on the tested positions

B.1.2 Test signal, Output power and Test Frequencies

For 802.11 transmission modes the device was put into operation by using an own control software to program the test mode required to select the continuous transmission with 100% duty cycle.

The output power of the device was set to transmit at maximum power for all tests.



B.1.3 Evaluation Exclusion and Test Reductions

B.1.3.1 SAR evaluation exclusion

The SAR Test Exclusion Threshold in FCC OET KDB 447498 D01 v06 can be applied to determine SAR test exclusion for adjacent edge configurations. For 100MHz to 6GHz and test separation distances ≤50mm, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds are determined by the following formula:

[(max. power of channel, including tune – up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]
$$\cdot \left[\sqrt{f_{(GHz)}} \right]$$
 (1) $\leq 3.0 \ for \ 1g \ SAR, \ and \ \leq 7.5 \ for \ 10g \ extremity \ SAR$

Where:

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
- The values 3.0 and 7.5 are referred to as numeric thresholds

The test exclusions are applicable only when the minimum test separation distance is \leq 50 mm, and for transmission frequencies between 100 MHz and 6 GHz. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

For test separation distances > 50 mm, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds are determined using the following formulas:

$$\langle (Power allowed at numeric threshold for 50 mm in (1)) + (test separation distance - 50 mm) \cdot (f_{MHz}/150) \rangle mW,$$
 (2)
$$for 100MHz \text{ to } 1500MHz$$
 (2)
$$\langle (Power allowed at numeric threshold for 50 mm in (1)) + (test separation distance - 50 mm) \cdot 10) \rangle mW,$$
 for $1500MHz$ and $\leq 6GHz$ (3)

LAN	Band	Output	power	Fror	Back	Тор	Right	Left	Bottom	Front	Back	Тор	Right	Left	Bottom
Antenna	Name	dBm	Mw	Front Face	k Face	Edge	ıt Edge	Edge	m Edge	nt Face	k Face	Edge	ıt Edge	Edge	m Edge
	DTS	21.0	125.9	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т
\A/I A \ I	U-NII-1	21.0	125.9	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	R	R	R	R	R	R
WLAN Chain B	U-NII-2A	21.0	125.9	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т
Onamb	U-NII-2C	21.0	125.9	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т
	U-NII-3	21.0	125.9	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т
	DTS	21.0	125.9	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	Т	Т	Т	Τ	Т	Т
	U-NII-1	21.0	125.9	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	R	R	R	R	R	R
WLAN	U-NII-2A	21.0	125.9	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т
Chain A	U-NII-2C	21.0	125.9	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т
	U-NII-3	21.0	125.9	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т
	BT	15.0	31.6	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	T	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т

T: Tested position R: Reduced

ix. ixeduced

See Annex F for a more detailed explanation of the separation distance related to the platform.



B.1.3.2 General SAR test reduction

According to FCC OET KDB 447498 D01, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:

- ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
- \bullet ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
- ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz

WLAN SAR Test reduction

Transmission Mode	SAR test exclusion/reduction
DSSS	 According to FCC OET KDB 248227 D01, SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b, SAR test reduction is determined according to the following: When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration. When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for that exposure configuration using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel. According to FCC OET KDB 248227 D01, SAR is not required for 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
OFDM	According to FCC OET KDB 248227 D01, 802.11a/g/n/ac modes have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, the lowest order 802.11 mode is selected; i.e., 802.11a is chosen over 802.11n then 802.11ac or 802.11g is chosen over 802.11n. According to FCC OET KDB 248227 D01, an <i>initial test configuration</i> is determined for OFDM and DSSS transmission modes according to the channel bandwidth, modulation and data rate combination(s) with the highest maximum output power specified for production units in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR is measured using the highest measured maximum output power channel. SAR test reduction for subsequent highest output test channels is determined according to reported SAR of the initial test configuration. The <i>initial test configuration</i> for 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures. According to FCC OET KDB 248227 D01, when the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR measurement is required for subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.



B.2 Conducted Power Measurements

B.2.1 WLAN 2.4GHz

					Cha	in A	Cha	ain B	SAR							
Band	Mode	Data Rate	Ch#	Freq (MHz)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Test?							
			1	2412	20.27	21.00	20.67	21.00	No ³							
	802.11b	1Mbps	6	2437	20.44	21.00	20.52	21.00	Yes							
			11	2462	20.27	21.00	20.60	21.00	No ³							
			1	2412		19.50		18.75								
	802.11g	6Mbps	6	2437		21.00		21.00								
			11	2462		18.75		18.75								
		HT0	1	2412		19.50		18.75								
2.4GHz (DTS)	802.11n20		0 HT0 6 2437		21.00		21.00									
1 꽃			11	2462		18.75		18.75								
(D)			1 2412		19.50		18.75									
(ST	802.11ax20	HE0	6	2437	NR^1	21.00	NR^1	21.00	No ²							
			11	2462		18.75		18.75								
			3	2422		16.25		16.50								
	802.11n40	НТ0	НТ0	НТ0	НТ0	НТО	НТ0	НТ0	НТ0		2437		21.00		21.00	
			9	2452		16.00		17.00	- -							
			3	2422		16.25		16.50								
	802.11ax40	HE0	6	2437		21.00		21.00								
Initial toot or			9	2452		16.00		17.00								

NR: Not Required As per FCC OET KDB 248227 D01, conducted output power and SAR testing are not required for 802.11g/n/ax channels when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is \leq 1.2W/kg. When the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR measurement is required for subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until reported SAR is \leq 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.



B.2.2 WLAN 5GHz (U-NII)

B.2.2.1 5.2GHz and 5.3GHz (U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A)

					Cha	in A	Chain B		SAR																											
Band	Mode	Data Rate	Ch#	Freq (MHz)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Test?																											
			36	5180		20.00		19.25																												
	802.11a	CMbaa	40	5200		21.00		21.00																												
	002.11a 0	6Mbps	44	5220		21.00		21.00																												
			48	5240		21.00		21.00																												
		НТ0	НТ0					36	5180		20.00		19.25																							
	802.11n20			40	5200		21.00		21.00																											
(7)	602.111120			1110	ни	HIU	ни	піо	1110	піо	HIU	H10 44	5220		21.00		21.00																			
5.2G			48	5240		21.00		21.00																												
HZ Z		LIEO		36	5180	ND12	20.00	ND12	19.25	2																										
Ç	802.11ax20			ЦΕО	ΠEU	LEO	HEO	HEO	HEO	HEO	HEO	HEO	HEO	HEO	HE0	40	5200	NR ^{1,3}	21.00	NR ^{1,3}	21.00	No ²														
5.2GHz (U-NII-1)	002.11ax20	ПЕО	44	5220		21.00		21.00																												
ے			48	5240		21.00		21.00																												
	802.11n40	LITO	LITO	LITO	LITO	LITO	LITO	LITO	LITO	LITO	LITO	LITO	LITO	LITO	ЦТО	⊔то	ЦΤΩ	што	што	што	HT0	што	што	што	што Ц	што	ЦТО	LITO	LITO	38	5190		19.50		17.75	
	602.111140	піо	46 5230	21.00		19.50	1																													
	000 44 0 40	што	38	5190		19.50		17.75																												
	802.11ax40	VHT0	46	5230		21.00		19.50																												
	802.11ac80		42	5210		19.00		18.75																												
Initial tost o	802.11ax80	HE0	42	5210		19.00		18.75																												

- 1. NR: Not Required
- When the same maximum output power is specified for both bands, begin SAR measurement in U-NII-2A band by applying the OFDM SAR requirements. If the highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band (see §B.5.2 in this document).
- Additional conducted power measurement is required when reported SAR is > 1.2W/kg. In case the subsequent test configuration and the
 channel bandwidth is smaller than the initial test configuration, all channels that overlap with the larger channel bandwidth in the initial
 configuration should be tested.
- 4. The initial test configuration for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures. When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac/ax) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, lowest order 802.11 mode is selected (i.e. a, g, n, ac then ax)
- 5. When the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8W/kg, SAR measurement is required for the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until reported SAR is =1.2W/kg or all required channels are tested.
- 6. When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration (when applicable, include subsequent highest output channels), according to the initial test position or fixed exposure requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to the initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤1.2 W/Kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration
- SAR for subsequent highest measured maximum output power channels in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is required only when the reported SAR of the preceding higher maximum output power channel(s) in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is >1.2 W/Kg or until all required channels are tested.



					Cha	ain A	CI	SAR																			
Band	Mode	Data Rate	Ch#	Freq (MHz)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Test?																		
			52	5260		21.00	20.67	21.00	Yes																		
	802.11a	6Mbna	56	5280		21.00	20.60	21.00	No ^{2,5}																		
	002.11a	6Mbps	60	5300		21.00	20.38	21.00																			
			64	5320		21.00	18.57	19.00																			
			52	5260		21.00		21.00																			
	802.11n20	НТО	НТ0	56	5280	NR ^{1,3}	21.00		21.00																		
	802.111120			піо	1110	60	5300	INIX.''	21.00		21.00																
را ن				64	5320		21.00		19.00																		
5.3GHz (U-NII-2A)		HE0 52 56 60 64	52	5260		21.00		21.00																			
Hz (802.11ax20		HEO	HEO	HEO	HEO	HEO	HF0	56	5280		21.00		21.00													
Ċ	602.11ax20		60	5300		21.00		21.00																			
Ⅲ- 2			64	5320		21.00	ND12	19.00																			
≥	802.11n40	HT0	54	5270	20.57	21.00	NR ^{1,3}	20.50	Yes																		
	802.111140	піо	62	5310	17.89	18.25		17.00	No ⁴																		
	802.11ax40	UEO	UE0 L	UE0 L	HEO	HEO	HEO	HEO	HEO	ЦЕО	ΠΕV	LIEO	HEO	HEO	HEO	HE0	HEO	HEO	HEO	HEO	54	5270		21.00		20.50	
	002.11ax40	TILO	62	5310		18.25		17.00																			
	802.11ac80	VHT0	58	5290	ND12	18.50		17.75	25																		
	802.11ax80	BO HEO	58	5290	NR ^{1,3}	18.50		17.75	No ^{2,5}																		
	802.11ac160 VH	VHT0	50	5250		16.00		15.25																			
	802.11ax160	HE0	50	5250		16.00		15.25																			

- 1. NR: Not Required
- 2. The initial test configuration for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures. When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac/ax) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, lowest order 802.11 mode is selected (i.e. a, g, n, ac then ax)
- Additional conducted power measurement is required when reported SAR is > 1.2W/kg. In case the subsequent test configuration and the
 channel bandwidth is smaller than the initial test configuration, all channels that overlap with the larger channel bandwidth in the initial
 configuration should be tested.
- 4. When the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8W/kg, SAR measurement is required for the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until reported SAR is ≤1.2W/kg or all required channels are tested.
- 5. When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration (when applicable, include subsequent highest output channels), according to the initial test position or fixed exposure requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to the initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤1.2 W/Kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration.
- SAR for subsequent highest measured maximum output power channels in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is required only when the reported SAR of the preceding higher maximum output power channel(s) in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is >1.2 W/Kg or until all required channels are tested.



B.2.2.2 5.6 (U-NII-2C)

					Cha	ain A	С	hain B	
Band	Mode	Data Rate	Ch#	Freq (MHz)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	SAR Test?
			100	5500		21.00		20.00	
			104	5520		21.00		21.00	
			108	5540		21.00		21.00	
	802.11a	6Mbps	112	5560		21.00		21.00	
	002.11a	Olvibps	116	5580		21.00		21.00	
			120	5600		21.00		21.00	
			124	5620		21.00		21.00	
			128	5640		21.00		21.00	
			100	5500		21.00		20.00	
			104	5520		21.00		21.00	
			108	5540		21.00		21.00	
	802.11n20	HT0	112	5560		21.00		21.00	
	002.111120	піо	116	5580		21.00		21.00	
			120	5600		21.00		21.00	
			124	5620		21.00		21.00	
	5.6GHz (U-NII-2C)		128	5640	NID1.3	21.00	NR ^{1,3}	21.00	No ^{4,6}
5.6			100	5500	- NR ^{1,3}	21.00		20.00	
Ğ		11ax20 HE0	104	5520		21.00		21.00	
) zł			108	5540		21.00		21.00	-
 -	802.11ax20		112	5560		21.00		21.00	
■ -2	002.11ax20	HEU	116	5580		21.00		21.00	
C)			120	5600		21.00		21.00	
			124	5620		21.00		21.00	
			128	5640		21.00		21.00	
			102	5510		20.00		18.00	
	802.11n40	HT0	110	5550		21.00		20.25	
	602.111140	піо	118	5590		21.00		21.00	
			126	5630		21.00		21.00	
			102	5510		20.00		18.00	
	902 11ov 10	ЦΕΛ	110	5550		21.00		20.25	
	802.11ax40 HE0	ПЕО	118	5590		21.00		21.00	
			126	5630		21.00		21.00	
	802.11ac80	VHT0	106	5530	17.38	18.00	17.56	18.00	No ⁵
	002.11d000	VHIU	122	5610	20.39	21.00	20.51	21.00	Yes
	000 44 0 000	106	5530		18.00		18.00		
	002.118X0U		122	5610	NR ^{1,3}	21.00	NR ^{1,3}	21.00	No ^{4,6}
	802.11ac160		114	5570	INIT.	16.25	INEX '-	15.50	
	802.11ax160	HE0	114	5570		16.25		15.50	

- 1. NR: Not Required
- When band gap channels between U-NII-2C and U-NII-3 band are supported channels in U-NII-2C band below 5.65 GHz are considered as one band and channels above 5.65 GHz, together with channels in 5.8 GHz U-NII-3 or §15.247 band, are considered as a separate band
- Additional conducted power measurement is required when reported SAR is > 1.2W/kg. In case the subsequent test configuration and the
 channel bandwidth is smaller than the initial test configuration, all channels that overlap with the larger channel bandwidth in the initial
 configuration should be tested



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- 4. The initial test configuration for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures. When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac/ax) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, lowest order 802.11 mode is selected (i.e. a, g, n, ac then ax)
- 5. When the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8W/kg, SAR measurement is required for the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until reported SAR is ≤1.2W/kg or all required channels are tested.
- 6. When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration (when applicable, include subsequent highest output channels), according to the initial test position or fixed exposure requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to the initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is≤1.2 W/Kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration.
- SAR for subsequent highest measured maximum output power channels in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is required only when the reported SAR of the preceding higher maximum output power channel(s) in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is >1.2 W/Kg or until all required channels are tested.



B.2.2.3 5.8GHz (U-NII-3)

					Cha	in A	Cha	ain B	SAR										
Band	Mode	Data Rate	Ch#	Freq (MHz)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Test?										
			132	5660		21.00		21.00											
			136	5680		21.00		21.00											
			140	5700		21.00		21.00											
	000.44	014	149	5745		21.00		21.00											
	802.11a	6Mbps	153	5765		21.00		21.00											
			157 5785	5785		21.00		21.00											
			161	5805		21.00		21.00											
			165	5825		21.00		21.00											
			132	5660		21.00		21.00											
			136	5680		21.00		21.00											
			140	5700		21.00		21.00											
		LITO		LITO	149	5745	1	21.00	– 1	21.00	No46								
	802.11n20	HT0	153	5765	NR ¹	21.00	NR ¹	21.00	No ^{4,6}										
													157	5785		21.00		21.00	
. ~	5.6-5.8GHz (U-NII-3)		161	5805		21.00		21.00											
			165	5825		21.00		21.00											
			132	5660		21.00		21.00											
ဓို			136	5680		21.00		21.00											
z (140	5700		21.00		21.00											
_ _			149	5745		21.00		21.00											
	802.11ax20	HE0	153	5765		21.00		21.00											
ω			157	5785		21.00		21.00											
			161	5805		21.00		21.00											
			165	5825		21.00		21.00											
			134	5670		21.00		21.00											
			142	5710		21.00		21.00											
	802.11n40	HT0	151	5755		21.00		21.00											
			159	5795	1	21.00	– 1	21.00	46										
			134	5670	NR ¹	21.00	NR ¹	21.00	No ^{4,6}										
			142	5710		21.00		21.00											
	802.11ax40 HE0 802.11ac80 VHT0	HE0	151	5755		21.00		21.00	1										
			159	5795		21.00		21.00											
		\ // /— -	138	5690	20.64	21.00	20.41	21.00	Yes										
		VHIO	155	5775	19.81	20.00	19.93	20.00	No ^{4,5}										
	000.44	ш	138	5690		21.00	NID1	21.00	N1 46										
	802.11ax80	HE0	155	5775	— NR' ⊢	20.00	NR ¹	20.00	No ^{4,6}										

- 1 NR: Not Required
- When band gap channels between U-NII-2C and U-NII-3 band are supported channels in U-NII-2C band below 5.65 GHz are considered
 as one band and channels above 5.65 GHz, together with channels in 5.8 GHz U-NII-3 or §15.247 band, are considered as a separate
 band
- 3. Additional conducted power measurement is required when reported SAR is > 1.2W/kg. In case the subsequent test configuration and the channel bandwidth is smaller than the initial test configuration, all channels that overlap with the larger channel bandwidth in the initial configuration should be tested
- 4. The initial test configuration for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures. When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, lowest order 802.11 mode is selected (i.e. a, g, n, ac then ax)
- When the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8W/kg, SAR measurement is required for the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until reported SAR is ≤1.2W/kg or all required channels are tested.



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- When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration (when applicable, include subsequent highest output channels), according to the initial test position or fixed exposure requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to the initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤1.2 W/Kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration.
 SAR for subsequent highest measured maximum output power channels in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is required only when the
- SAR for subsequent highest measured maximum output power channels in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is required only when the reported SAR of the preceding higher maximum output power channel(s) in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is >1.2 W/Kg or until all required channels are tested.



B.2.3 Bluetooth

Band	Mode	Data Rate	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	
	5		0	2402		14.54	15.00	
	Bluetooth v5.2	Basic rate GFSK	Basic rate	39	2441		14.80	15.00
	VO.2	01	78	2480		14.91	15.00	
	Distant	Designate	0	2402		NR ¹	15.00	
	Bluetooth v5.2	Basic rate π/4 DQPSK	39	2441	Chain A		15.00	
2.4GHz	V5.2	II/4 DQI OIX	78	2480			15.00	
3Hz	5, , ,,	.	0	2402			15.00	
17	Bluetooth v5.2	Basic rate 8-DPSK	39	2441			15.00	
	VO.2	0 21 010	78	2480			15.00	
	District	1	0	2412			15.00	
	Bluetooth v5.2	Low energy GFSK	20	2442			15.00	
	VO.2	31 310	39	2480			15.00	

Initial test configuration

1. NR: Not Required



B.3 Tissue Parameters Measurement

Body TSL

Freq.(MHz)	Target Pa	arameters		red TSL neters	Deviat	ion (%)	Date
	ε'(F/m)	σ(S/m)	ε'(F/m)	σ(S/m)	Deviation ε'	Deviation σ	
2450	52.70	1.95	51.74	1.95	-1.82	0.00	
5200	49.01	5.30	47.46	5.13	-3.16	-3.21	
5300	48.88	5.42	47.29	5.28	-3.25	-2.58	2022-03-23
5600	48.47	5.77	46.74	5.68	-3.57	-1.56	
5800	48.20	6.00	46.31	5.97	-3.92	-0.50	
2450	52.70	1.95	50.17	1.99	-4.80	2.05	
5200	49.01	5.30	45.42	5.17	-7.33	-2.45	
5300	48.88	5.42	45.26	5.33	-7.41	-1.66	2022-03-28
5600	48.47	5.77	44.93	5.72	-7.30	-0.87	
5800	48.20	6.00	44.47	6.01	-7.74	0.17	

See Annex D for more details

B.4 System Check Measurements

Body Measurements

Frequency (MHz)	Average	Target SAR (W/Kg)	Measured SAR (W/Kg)	Deviation to target (%)	Limit (%)	Date	
2450	1g	48.60	48.20	-0.82			
2450	10g	23.00	22.40	-2.61		2022-03-24	
5300	1g	71.70	74.40	3.77	.10		
5500	10g	20.00	20.80	4.00	±10	2022-03-24	
5600	1g	76.50	79.60	4.05			
5600	10g	21.20	22.20	4.72		1	

See Annex C for more details.

B.5 SAR Test Results

B.5.1 Bluetooth & 802.11b/g/n/ax - 2.4GHz - DTS - BT (DSS)

Ant.	Mode Data rate	BW (MHz)	Ch #	Freq (MHz)	Position	Correct. Factor (dB)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Reported SAR 1g (W/kg)	Plot #
					Back Face		0.10	0.10	
					Bottom Edge		0.02	0.02	
Chain	802.15	1	78	2480	Front Face	0.09	0.08	0.08	
Α	DH5	'	10		Left Edge	0.09	0.05	0.05	
					Right Edge		0.02	0.02	
					Top Edge		0.02	0.02	
			1	2412	Back Face		0.10	0.11	
					Bottom Edge		0.10	0.11	
Chain					Front Face	0.33	0.31	0.33	
В					Left Edge	0.55	0.29	0.31	
					Right Edge		0.02	0.02	
	802.11b	20			Top Edge		0.05	0.06	
	1Mbps	20			Back Face		0.41	0.46	1
					Bottom Edge		0.12	0.14	
Chain			6	2437	Front Face	0.56	0.34	0.39	
Α			O	2431	Left Edge	0.56	0.24	0.27	
					Right Edge		0.10	0.12	
					Top Edge		0.10	0.12	

B.5.2 802.11a/n/ac/ax - 5.3 GHz - U-NII-2A

Ant.	Mode Data rate	BW (MHz)	Ch #	Freq (MHz)	Position	Correct. Factor (dB)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Reported SAR 1g (W/kg)	Plot #
					Back Face		0.13	0.13	
			50		Bottom Edge		0.11	0.12	
Chain	802.11a	20		F260	Front Face	0.22	0.34	0.36	
B 6Mbps	20	52	5260	Left Edge	0.33	0.63	0.68		
					Right Edge		0.01	0.01	
					Top Edge		0.10	0.11	
					Back Face	_	0.48	0.53	
					Bottom Edge		0.27	0.30	
Chain	802.11n	40	EA	F070	Front Face	0.42	0.33	0.37	
Α	HT0	40	54	5270	Left Edge	0.43	0.72	0.79	2
					Right Edge		0.02	0.02	
					Top Edge		0.48	0.53	



B.5.3 802.11a/n/ac/ax - 5.6 GHz - U-NII-2C

Ant.	Mode Data rate	BW (MHz)	Ch #	Freq (MHz)	Position	Correct. Factor (dB)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Reported SAR 1g (W/kg)	Plot #
				5610	Back Face		0.17	0.19	
					Bottom Edge		0.03	0.03	
Chain B	802.11ac	80	122		Front Face	0.49	0.10	0.11	
Chair	VHT0	00	122	0010	Left Edge	0.10	0.41	0.46	
					Right Edge		0.01	0.01	
					Top Edge		0.04	0.04	
				1	Back Face	-	0.29	0.33	
					Bottom Edge		0.14	0.16	
Chain A	802.11ac	80	122	5610	Front Face	0.61	0.28	0.32	
ChalliA	VHT0	00	122	3010	Left Edge	0.61	0.43	0.50	3
					Right Edge		0.02	0.03	
					Top Edge		0.27	0.31	

B.5.4 802.11a/n/ax - 5.8 GHz - U-NII-3

Ant.	Mode Data rate	BW (MHz)	Ch #	Freq (MHz)	Position	Correct. Factor (dB)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Reported SAR 1g (W/kg)	Plot #
					Back Face		0.19	0.22	
		80	138		Bottom Edge		0.04	0.04	
Chain D	802.11ac			FC00	Front Face	0.50	0.11	0.12	
Chain B	VHT0			5690	Left Edge	0.59	0.32	0.37	4
					Right Edge		0.01	0.01	
					Top Edge		0.03	0.04	
					Back Face	_	0.23	0.25	
					Bottom Edge		0.10	0.11	
Chain A	802.11ac	80	138	5690	Front Face	0.36	0.25	0.28	
Chain A	VHT0	00	138	0000	Left Edge		0.32	0.35	
					Right Edge		0.02	0.02	
					Top Edge		0.23	0.25	

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B.5.5 SAR Measurement Variability

According to FCC OET KDB 865664, SAR Measurement variability is assessed when the maximum initial measured SAR is >=0.8 W/kg for a certain band/mode.

As all measured SAR results are below 0.8W/kg, therefore SAR variability is not required



B.5.6 Simultaneous Transmission SAR Evaluation

According to FCC OET KDB 447498 D01, when the sum of 1g SAR for all simultaneously transmitting antennas in an operating mode and exposure condition combination is within the SAR limit, SAR test exclusion applies to that simultaneous transmission configuration.

All the values stated in the table below are the worst case found for standalone measurement with disregard of the transmission mode or channel where the worst case was found

Antonno	Position	Highest Reported SAR (1g) (W/Kg)			
Antenna	Position	WLAN 2.4GHz	WLAN 5GHz	Bluetooth	
	Front face	0.39	0.37	0.08	
	Back Face	0.46	0.53	0.10	
Chain A	Top edge	0.12	0.53	0.02	
Chain A	Bottom edge	0.14	0.30	0.02	
	Left edge	0.27	0.79	0.05	
	Right edge	0.12	0.03	0.02	
	Front face	0.33	0.36		
	Back Face	0.11	0.22		
Chain B	Top edge	0.06	0.11		
Chain B	Bottom edge	0.11	0.12		
	Left edge	0.31	0.68		
	Right edge	0.02	0.01		





Position	Simultaneous Tx Antenna Combination		Σ SAR 1g (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)
	Chain A	Chain B		
	WLAN 5GHz	WLAN 5GHz	0.73	
	WLAN 5GHz + BT	WLAN 5GHz	0.81	
Front Face	BT	WLAN 5GHz	0.44	
	WLAN 2.4GHz	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.72	
	BT	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.41	
	WLAN 5GHz	WLAN 5GHz	0.75	
	WLAN 5GHz + BT	WLAN 5GHz	0.85	
Back Face	BT	WLAN 5GHz	0.32	
	WLAN 2.4GHz	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.57	
	BT	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.21	
	WLAN 5GHz	WLAN 5GHz	0.64	
	WLAN 5GHz + BT	WLAN 5GHz	0.66	
Top Edge	BT	WLAN 5GHz	0.13	
	WLAN 2.4GHz	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.18	
	BT	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.08	1.6
	WLAN 5GHz	WLAN 5GHz	0.42	1.6
	WLAN 5GHz + BT	WLAN 5GHz	0.44	
Bottom Edge	BT	WLAN 5GHz	0.14	
	WLAN 2.4GHz	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.25	
	BT	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.13	
	WLAN 5GHz	WLAN 5GHz	1.47	
	WLAN 5GHz + BT	WLAN 5GHz	1.52	
Left Edge	BT	WLAN 5GHz	0.73	
	WLAN 2.4GHz	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.58	
	BT	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.36	
	WLAN 5GHz	WLAN 5GHz	0.03	
	WLAN 5GHz + BT	WLAN 5GHz	0.05	
Right Edge	BT	WLAN 5GHz	0.02	
-	WLAN 2.4GHz	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.14	
	BT	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.04	

Considering the results described above and according to the simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion considerations described in FCC OET KDB 447498 D01, no SAR to Peak Location Separation Ratio is required.



Annex C. Test System Plots

38
39
40
41
42
43
44



1. DTS - 802.11b20, CH6, Aux Antenna - Back Face - Skycross

Device under Test Properties

Name, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	WLAN / BT MAC	DUT Type
AX204NGW, INTEL	74.0 x 40.0 x 1.0	C8CB9E88A9C8	Modular

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat	BACK	WLAN	WLAN10415AAA	2437.0	8.26	1.93	51.8
MSI	14.00	2.4GHz		6			

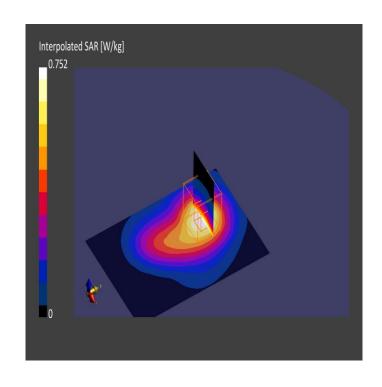
Hardware Setup

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt) -	MBBL-600-6000 , 2022-Mar-23	EX3DV4 - SN7604, 2021-08-16	DAE4 Sn1628, 2021-08-06
2124			

Scan Setup

Area Scan	Zoom Scan
80.0 x 120.0	30.0 x 30.0 x 30.0
10.0 x 10.0	5.0 x 5.0 x 1.5
3.0	1.4
Yes	Yes
1.5	1.5
Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA
Yes	Yes
Measured	Measured
	80.0 x 120.0 10.0 x 10.0 3.0 Yes 1.5 Confirmed by MAIA Yes

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Date	2022-03-24,	2022-03-24, 19:08
	18:58	
SAR1g [W/Kg]	0.397	0.405
SAR10g [W/Kg]	0.219	0.228
Power Drift [dB]	-0.01	0.01
Power Scaling Scaling Factor [dB]	Disabled	Disabled
TSL Correction	Positive Only	Positive Only





2. UNII-2A - 802.11n40, CH54, Aux Antenna - Left Edge - Skycross

Device under Test Properties

Name, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	WLAN / BT MAC	DUT Type	
AX204NGW, INTEL	74.0 x 40.0 x 1.0	C8CB9E88A9C8	Modular	

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat MSI	EDGE LEFT	WLAN 5GHz	WLAN10427AAC	5270.0 54	4.7	5.24	47.3

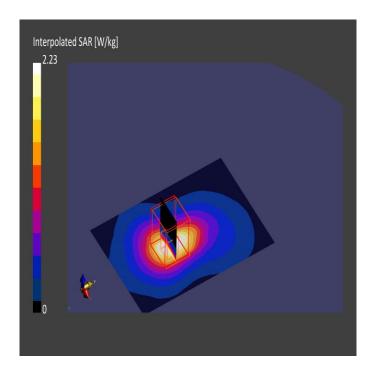
Hardware Setup

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
() ,	MBBL-600-6000 , 2022-Mar-23	EX3DV4 - SN7604, 2021-08-16	DAE4 Sn1628, 2021-08-06
2424			

Scan Setup

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	80.0 x 120.0	22.0 x 22.0 x 22.0
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	4.0 x 4.0 x 1.4
Sensor Surface	3.0	1.4
[mm]		
Graded Grid	Yes	Yes
Grading Ratio	1.5	1.4
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA
Surface Detection	Yes	Yes
Scan Method	Measured	Measured

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Date	2022-03-24,	2022-03-24, 15:35
	15:25	
SAR1g [W/Kg]	0.651	0.719
SAR10g [W/Kg]	0.279	0.306
Power Drift [dB]	0.06	0.10
Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled
Scaling Factor [dB]		
TSL Correction	Positive Only	Positive Only





3. UNII-2C - 802.11ac80, CH122, Aux Antenna - Left Edge - Skycross

Device under Test Properties

Name, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	WLAN / BT MAC	DUT Type	
AX204NGW, INTEL	74.0 x 40.0 x 1.0	C8CB9E88A9C8	Modular	

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat	EDGE LEFT	WLAN	WLAN10402AAE	5610.0	4.3	5.70	46.7
MSL	0.00	5GHz		122			

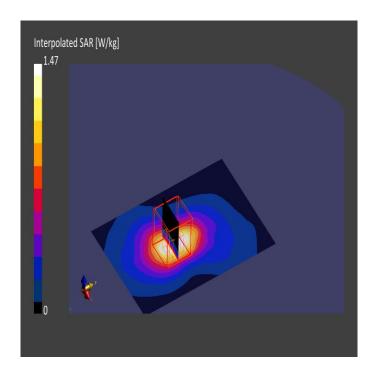
Hardware Setup

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt) -	MBBL-600-6000 , 2022-Mar-23	EX3DV4 - SN7604, 2021-08-16	DAE4 Sn1628, 2021-08-06
2121			

Scan Setup

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	80.0 x 120.0	22.0 x 22.0 x 22.0
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	4.0 x 4.0 x 1.4
Sensor Surface	3.0	1.4
[mm]		
Graded Grid	Yes	Yes
Grading Ratio	1.5	1.4
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA
Surface Detection	Yes	Yes
Scan Method	Measured	Measured

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Date	2022-03-24,	2022-03-24, 14:19
	14:09	
SAR1g [W/Kg]	0.429	0.431
SAR10g [W/Kg]	0.180	0.178
Power Drift [dB]	-0.11	0.10
Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled
Scaling Factor [dB]		
TSL Correction	Positive Only	Positive Only
SAR10g [W/Kg] Power Drift [dB] Power Scaling Scaling Factor [dB]	0.429 0.180 -0.11 Disabled	0.178 0.10 Disabled





4. UNII-3 - 802.11ac80, CH138, Main Antenna - Left Edge - Skycross

Device under Test Properties

Name, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	WLAN / BT MAC	DUT Type	
AX204NGW, INTEL	74.0 x 40.0 x 1.0	C8CB9E88A9C8	Modular	

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat MSI	EDGE LEFT	WLAN 5GHz	WLAN10402AAE	5690.0 138	4.3	5.81	46.5

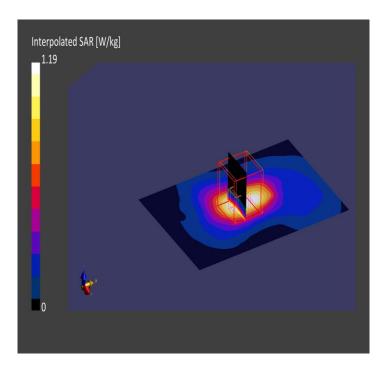
Hardware Setup

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt) -	MBBL-600-6000 , 2022-Mar-23	EX3DV4 - SN7604, 2021-08-16	DAE4 Sn1628, 2021-08-06

Scan Setup

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	80.0 x 120.0	22.0 x 22.0 x 22.0
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	4.0 x 4.0 x 1.4
Sensor Surface	3.0	1.4
[mm]		
Graded Grid	Yes	Yes
Grading Ratio	1.5	1.4
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA
Surface Detection	Yes	Yes
Scan Method	Measured	Measured

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Date	2022-03-24,	2022-03-24, 15:15
	15:05	
SAR1g [W/Kg]	0.325	0.324
SAR10g [W/Kg]	0.137	0.131
Power Drift [dB]	0.20	0.21
Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled
Scaling Factor [dB]		
TSL Correction	Positive Only	Positive Only





5. System Check Body Liquid 2450.0MHz

Device under Test Properties

Name, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	Serial Number	DUT Type
D2.45GHzV2, SPEAG	50.0 x 10.0 x 8.0	937	Validation Dipole

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat MSL			,	2450.0	8.26	1.95	51.7

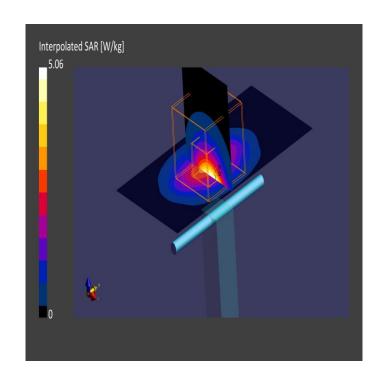
Hardware Setup

Phantom TSL, Measure	d Date Probe, Calibrat	ion Date DAE, Calibration Date	
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt) - MBBL-600-600	0 , 2022-Mar-23 EX3DV4 - SN76	04, 2021-08-16 DAE4 Sn1628, 2021-08-06	

Scan Setup

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	40.0 x 80.0	30.0 x 30.0 x 30.0
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	5.0 x 5.0 x 1.5
Sensor Surface	3.0	1.4
[mm]		
Graded Grid	Yes	Yes
Grading Ratio	1.5	1.5
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA
Surface Detection	Yes	Yes
Scan Method	Measured	Measured

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Date	2022-03-24,	2022-03-24, 16:38
	16:30	
psSAR1g [W/Kg]	2.39	2.41
psSAR10g [W/Kg]	1.09	1.12
Power Drift [dB]	-0.01	0.01
Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled
Scaling Factor [dB] TSL Correction	Positive Only	Positive Only





6. System Check Body Liquid 5300.0MHz

Device under Test Properties

Name, ManufacturerDimensions [mm]Serial NumberDUT TypeD5.0GHzV2, SPEAG50.0 x 10.0 x 8.01164Validation Dipole

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat MSL			,	5300.0	4.7	5.28	47.3

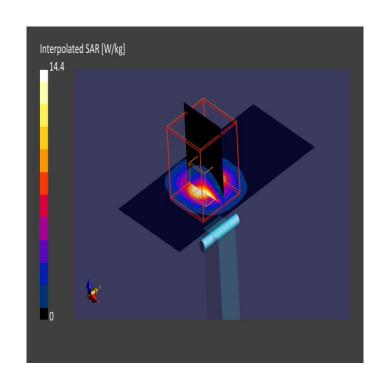
Hardware Setup

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt) - 2124	MBBL-600-6000 , 2022-Mar-23	EX3DV4 - SN7604, 2021-08-16	DAE4 Sn1628, 2021-08-06

Scan Setup

Area Scan	Zoom Scan
40.0 x 80.0	22.0 x 22.0 x 22.0
10.0 x 10.0	4.0 x 4.0 x 1.4
3.0	1.4
Yes	Yes
1.5	1.4
Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA
Yes	Yes
Measured	Measured
	40.0 x 80.0 10.0 x 10.0 3.0 Yes 1.5 Confirmed by MAIA Yes

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Date	2022-03-24,	2022-03-24, 16:19
	16:12	
psSAR1g [W/Kg]	3.37	3.72
psSAR10g [W/Kg]	1.00	1.04
Power Drift [dB]	-0.03	0.01
Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled
Scaling Factor [dB] TSL Correction	Positive Only	Positive Only





7. System Check Body Liquid 5600.0MHz

Device under Test Properties

Name, ManufacturerDimensions [mm]Serial NumberDUT TypeD5.0GHzV2, SPEAG50.0 x 10.0 x 8.01164Validation Dipole

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat			,	5600.0	4.3	5.68	46.7
MSL							

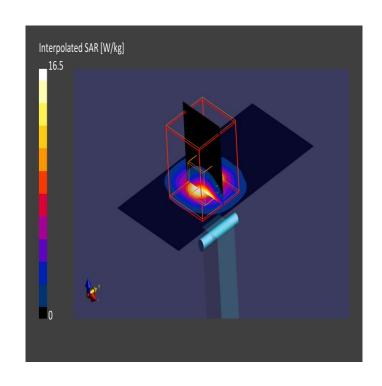
Hardware Setup

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt) - 2124	MBBL-600-6000 , 2022-Mar-23	EX3DV4 - SN7604, 2021-08-16	DAE4 Sn1628, 2021-08-06

Scan Setup

Area Scan	Zoom Scan
40.0 x 80.0	22.0 x 22.0 x 22.0
10.0 x 10.0	4.0 x 4.0 x 1.4
3.0	1.4
Yes	Yes
1.5	1.4
Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA
Yes	Yes
Measured	Measured
	40.0 x 80.0 10.0 x 10.0 3.0 Yes 1.5 Confirmed by MAIA Yes

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Date	2022-03-24,	2022-03-24, 15:55
	15:48	
psSAR1g [W/Kg]	3.61	3.98
psSAR10g [W/Kg]	1.07	1.11
Power Drift [dB]	-0.06	-0.08
Power Scaling Scaling Factor [dB]	Disabled	Disabled
TSL Correction	Positive Only	Positive Only

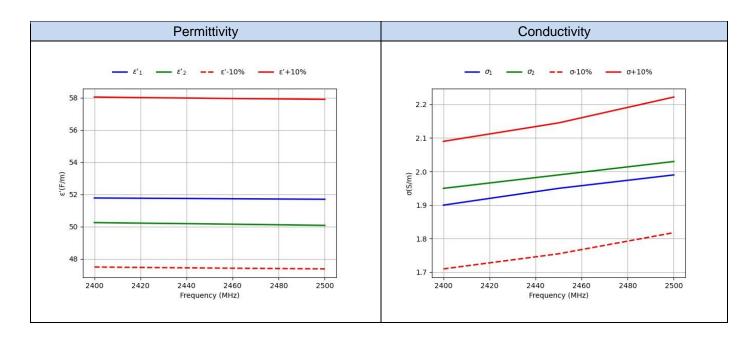




Annex D. TSL Dielectric Parameters

D.1 Body DTS 2450MHz

Freq.(MHz)	Target		Measured 2022-03-23		Measured 2022-03-28	
	ε'(F/m)	σ(S/m)	ε'1(F/m)	σ1(S/m)	ε'2(F/m)	σ2(S/m)
2400	52.77	1.90	51.78	1.90	50.25	1.95
2450	52.70	1.95	51.74	1.95	50.17	1.99
2500	52.64	2.02	51.70	1.99	50.08	2.03





D.2 Body 5180MHz-5900MHz

Freq.(MHz)	Target		Measured 2022-03-23		Measured 2022-03-28	
	ε'(F/m)	σ(S/m)	ε'1(F/m)	σ1(S/m)	ε'2(F/m)	σ2(S/m)
5100	49.15	5.18	47.63	4.98	45.61	5.02
5150	49.08	5.24	47.55	5.05	45.51	5.09
5200	49.01	5.30	47.46	5.13	45.42	5.17
5250	48.95	5.36	47.37	5.20	45.33	5.25
5300	48.88	5.42	47.29	5.28	45.26	5.33
5350	48.81	5.47	47.19	5.36	45.19	5.40
5400	48.74	5.53	47.11	5.43	45.13	5.47
5450	48.67	5.59	47.03	5.49	45.07	5.53
5500	48.61	5.65	46.93	5.56	45.02	5.59
5550	48.54	5.71	46.84	5.62	44.97	5.65
5600	48.47	5.77	46.74	5.68	44.93	5.72
5650	48.40	5.82	46.64	5.76	44.85	5.79
5700	48.34	5.88	46.53	5.83	44.74	5.87
5750	48.27	5.94	46.42	5.90	44.61	5.94
5800	48.20	6.00	46.31	5.97	44.47	6.01
5850	48.13	6.06	46.20	6.03	44.33	6.08
5900	48.06	6.12	46.09	6.10	44.16	6.15



