

FCC

RF

TEST REPORT

ISSUED BY  
Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.



FOR  
**PIXI 4-7 4G android**

ISSUED TO  
TCL Communication Ltd

5F, C-Tower, No. 232, Liang Jing Road, ZhangJiang High-Tech Park,  
Pudong Area, Shanghai, 201203, P. R. China



Tested by:

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Date

Aug. 24, 2016

Approved by:

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(Technical Director)

Date

Aug. 24, 2016

Report No.: BL-SZ1660207-603

EUT Type: PIXI 4-7 4G android

Model Name: 9015J

Brand Name: alcatel

Test Standard: 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C

FCC ID: 2ACCJB067

Test conclusion: Pass

Test Date: Jul. 20, 2016 ~ Jul. 27, 2016

Date of Issue: Aug. 24, 2016

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**Revision History**

Version	Issue Date	Revisions Content
<u>Rev. 01</u>	<u>Aug. 24, 2016</u>	<u>Initial Issue</u>

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## 1 ADMINISTRATIVE DATA (GENERAL INFORMATION)

### 1.1 Identification of the Testing Laboratory

Company Name	Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.
Address	Block B, 1st FL, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China
Phone Number	+86 755 6685 0100
Fax Number	+86 755 6182 4271

### 1.2 Identification of the Responsible Testing Location

Test Location	Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.
Address	Block B, 1st FL, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China
Accreditation Certificate	<p>The laboratory has been listed by Industry Canada to perform electromagnetic emission measurements. The recognition numbers of test site are 11524A-1.</p> <p>The laboratory has been listed by US Federal Communications Commission to perform electromagnetic emission measurements. The recognition numbers of test site are 832625.</p> <p>The laboratory is a testing organization accredited by China National Accreditation Service for Conformity Assessment (CNAS) according to ISO/IEC 17025. The accreditation certificate number is L6791.</p>
Description	All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at Block B, FL 1, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China 518055

### 1.3 Laboratory Condition

Ambient Temperature	20 to 25°C
Ambient Relative Humidity	45% - 55%
Ambient Pressure	100 kPa - 102 kPa

### 1.4 Announce

- (1) The test report reference to the report template version v5.2.
- (2) The test report is invalid if not marked with the signatures of the persons responsible for preparing and approving the test report.
- (3) The test report is invalid if there is any evidence and/or falsification.
- (4) The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein.
- (5) This document may not be altered or revised in any way unless done so by BALUN and all revisions are duly noted in the revisions section.
- (6) Content of the test report, in part or in full, cannot be used for publicity and/or promotional purposes without prior written approval from the laboratory.

## 2 PRODUCT INFORMATION

### 2.1 Applicant Information

Applicant	TCL Communication Ltd
Address	5F, C-Tower, No. 232, Liang Jing Road, ZhangJiang High-Tech Park, Pudong Area, Shanghai, 201203, P. R. China

### 2.2 Manufacturer Information

Manufacturer	TCL Communication Ltd
Address	5F, C-Tower, No. 232, Liang Jing Road, ZhangJiang High-Tech Park, Pudong Area, Shanghai, 201203, P. R. China

### 2.3 Factory Information

Factory	TCL Communication Ltd
Address	5F, C-Tower, No. 232, Liang Jing Road, ZhangJiang High-Tech Park, Pudong Area, Shanghai, 201203, P. R. China

### 2.4 General Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

EUT Type	PIXI 4-7 4G android
Model Name Under Test	9015J
Series Model Name	N/A
Description of Model name differentiation	N/A
Hardware Version	V3.0B
Software Version	N/A
Dimensions (Approx.)	190.2x106x9.1mm
Weight (Approx.)	267g
Network and Wireless connectivity	2G Network GSM/ GPRS/ EDGE 850/900/1800/1900 MHz 3G Network WCDMA/HSDPA/HUSUPA Band 1/2/5/8 4G Network FDD LTE Band 2/3/4/7/17/28 TDD LTE Band 40 Bluetooth 3.0, Bluetooth 4.0 Low Energy (BLE) WIFI 802.11b, 802.11g and 802.11n(HT20/40) FM, GPS, GLONASS



## 2.5 Ancillary Equipment

Ancillary Equipment 1	Battery	
	Brand Name	TLp040HC
	Model No.	N/A
	Serial No.	N/A
	Capacitance	4000 mAh
	Rated Voltage	3.8 V
	Limit Charge Voltage	4.35 V
Ancillary Equipment 2	Charger 1	
	Brand Name	ALCATEL ONETOUCH or alcatel
	Model No.	UC13US
	Serial No.	N/A
	Rated Input	100-240 V~, 0.35 A, 50/60 Hz
	Rated Output	5 V=, 2 A
Ancillary Equipment 3	Charger 2	
	Brand Name	ALCATEL ONETOUCH or alcatel
	Model No.	UC13US
	Serial No.	N/A
	Rated Input	100-240 V~, 0.35 A, 50/60 Hz
	Rated Output	5 V=, 2 A
Ancillary Equipment 4	USB Cable 1	
	Length (Approx.)	0.8 m
Ancillary Equipment 5	USB Cable 2	
	Length (Approx.)	0.8 m
Ancillary Equipment 6	Earphone 1	
	Length (Approx.)	1.5 m
Ancillary Equipment 7	Earphone 2	
	Length (Approx.)	1.5 m

Note: The Charger 1 and Charger 2 are same with electrical parameters and internal circuit structure, but only differ in Manufacturer. Only the Charger 1 was be test in this report.

## 2.6 Technical Information

The requirement for the following technical information of the EUT was tested in this report:

TX/ RX Operating Range	<p>802.11b/g/n(20 MHz): 2.412 GHz - 2.462 GHz  <math>f_c = 2412 \text{ MHz} + (N-1)*5 \text{ MHz}</math>, where  - <math>f_c</math> = "Operating Frequency" in MHz,  - <math>N</math> = "Channel Number" with the range from 1 to 11.</p> <p>802.11n(40 MHz): 2.422 GHz - 2.452 GHz  <math>f_c = 2412 \text{ MHz} + (N-1)*5 \text{ MHz}</math>, where  - <math>f_c</math> = "Operating Frequency" in MHz,  - <math>N</math> = "Channel Number" with the range from 3 to 9.</p>
Modulation Type	DSSS, OFDM
Product Type	Mobile and portable
Antenna Type	PIFA Antenna
Antenna Gain	1.62 dBi
Antenna System(MIMO Smart Antenna)	N/A
About the Product	The equipment is PIXI 4-7 4G android, it contains WIFI and Bluetooth Modules operating at 2.4 GHz ISM band.

Modulation technology	Modulation Type	Transfer Rate (Mbps)	The Frequency Equal to the Transmission Rate of Modulation Signal
DSSS (802.11b)	DBPSK	1	1 MHz
	DQPSK	2	
	CCK	5.5/ 11	1.375 MHz
OFDM (802.11g)	BPSK	6 / 9	1 MHz
	QPSK	12 / 18	
	16QAM	24 / 36	
	64QAM	48 / 54	
OFDM (802.11n-20MHz)	BPSK	6.5	1 MHz
	QPSK	13/19.5	
	16QAM	26/39	
	64QAM	52/58.5/65	
OFDM (802.11n-40MHz)	BPSK	13.5	1 MHz
	QPSK	27/40.5	
	16QAM	54/81/108	
	64QAM	121.5/135	

Note: Preliminary tests were performed in different data rate in above table to find the worst radiated emission. The data rate shown in the table below is the worst-case rate with respect to the specific test item. Investigation has been done on all the possible configurations for searching the worst cases. The following table is a list of the test modes shown in this test report.



Test Items	Mode	Data Rate	Channel	
Output Power	11b/11g/11n20/11n40	1/6/6.5/13.5 Mbps	1/6/11	3/6/9
6dB Bandwidth	11b/11g/11n20/11n40	1/6/6.5/13.5 Mbps	1/6/11	3/6/9
Conducted Spurious Emission	11b/11g/11n20/11n40	1/6/6.5/13.5 Mbps	1/6/11	3/6/9
Conducted Emission	11b/11g/11n20/11n40	1/6/6.5/13.5 Mbps	1/6/11	3/6/9
Radiated Spurious Emission	11b/11g/11n20/11n40	1/6/6.5/13.5 Mbps	1/6/11	3/6/9
Band Edge	11b/11g/11n20/11n40	1/6/6.5/13.5 Mbps	1/6/11	3/6/9
Power spectral density (PSD)	11b/11g/11n20/11n40	1/6/6.5/13.5 Mbps	1/6/11	3/6/9

Note: The above EUT information in section 2.4 and 2.6 was declared by manufacturer and for more detailed features description, please refer to the manufacturer's specifications or user's manual.

## 2.7 Additional Instructions

EUT Software Settings:

Mode	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Special software is used. The software provided by client to enable the EUT under transmission condition continuously at specific channel frequencies individually.
------	--

During testing. Channel and Power Controlling Software provided by the customer was used to control the operating channel as well as the output power level. The RF output power selection is for the setting of RF output power expected by the customer and is going to be fixed on the firmware of the final end product.

EUT Software Settings:

Power level setup in software		
Test Software Version	The project password is ***#3646633#***	
Mode	Channel	Soft Set
802.11 b	All	19
802.11 g	All	19
802.11 n20	All	19
802.11 n40	All	19

Run software:



### 3 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

#### 3.1 Test Standards

No.	Identity	Document Title
1	47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C (10-1-15 Edition)	Miscellaneous Wireless Communications Services
2	KDB Publication 558074 D01v03r03	Guidance for Performing Compliance Measurements on Digital Transmission Systems (DTS) Operating Under §15.247
3	ANSI C63.10-2013	American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices

#### 3.2 Verdict

No.	Description	FCC PART No.	Test Result	Verdict
1	Antenna Requirement	15.203; 15.247(b)	N/A	Pass <sup>Note 1</sup>
2	Output Power	15.247(b)	ANNEX A.1	Pass
3	6dB Bandwidth	15.247(a)	ANNEX A.2	Pass
4	Conducted Spurious Emission	15.247(d)	ANNEX A.3	Pass
5	Band Edge(Authorized-band band-edge)	5.209; 15.247(d)	ANNEX A.4	Pass
6	Conducted Emission	15.207	ANNEX A.5	Pass
7	Radiated Spurious Emission	15.209; 15.247(d)	ANNEX A.6	Pass
8	Band Edge(Restricted-band band-edge)	15.209; 15.247(d)	ANNEX A.7	Pass
9	Power spectral density (PSD)	15.247(e)	ANNEX A.8	Pass

Note 1: Please refer to section 5.1

## 4 GENERAL TEST CONFIGURATIONS

### 4.1 Test Environments

During the measurement, the normal environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Relative Humidity	45% - 55%	
Atmospheric Pressure	100 kPa - 102 kPa	
Temperature	NT (Normal Temperature)	+22°C to +25°C
Working Voltage of the EUT	NV (Normal Voltage)	3.8 V

### 4.2 Test Equipment List

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
Spectrum Analyzer	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	FSV-30	103118	2016.07.13	2017.07.12
Vector Signal Generator	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	SMBV100A	177746	2016.07.13	2017.07.12
Signal Generator	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	SMB100A	260592	2016.07.13	2017.07.12
Switch Unit with OSP-B157	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	OSP120	101270	2016.07.13	2017.07.12
Spectrum Analyzer	AGILENT	E4440A	MY45304434	2015.10.15	2016.10.14
EMI Receiver	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	ESRP	101036	2016.07.05	2017.07.04
LISN	SCHWARZBECK	NSLK 8127	8127-687	2016.07.05	2017.07.04
Bluetooth Tester	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	CBT	101005	2016.07.13	2017.07.12
Power Splitter	KMW	DCPD-LDC	1305003215	2016.07.13	2017.07.12
Power Sensor	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	NRP-Z21	103971	2016.07.13	2017.07.12
Attenuator (20 dB)	KMW	ZA-S1-201	110617091	--	--
Attenuator (6 dB)	KMW	ZA-S1-61	1305003189	--	--
DC Power Supply	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	HMP2020	018141664	2016.07.13	2017.07.12
Temperature Chamber	ANGELANTIONI SCIENCE	NTH64-40A	1310	2015.08.07	2016.08.06
Test Antenna-Loop(9 kHz-30 MHz)	SCHWARZBECK	FMZB 1519	1519-037	2015.07.22	2017.07.21
Test Antenna-Bi-Log(30 MHz-3 GHz)	SCHWARZBECK	VULB 9163	9163-624	2015.07.22	2017.07.21
Test Antenna-Horn(1-18 GHz)	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9120D	9120D-1148	2015.07.22	2017.07.21
Test Antenna-Horn(15-26.5 GHz)	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9170	9170-305	2015.07.22	2017.07.21
Anechoic Chamber	RAINFORD	9m*6m*6m	N/A	2015.02.28	2017.02.27
Shielded Enclosure	ChangNing	CN-130701	130703	--	--

### 4.3 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

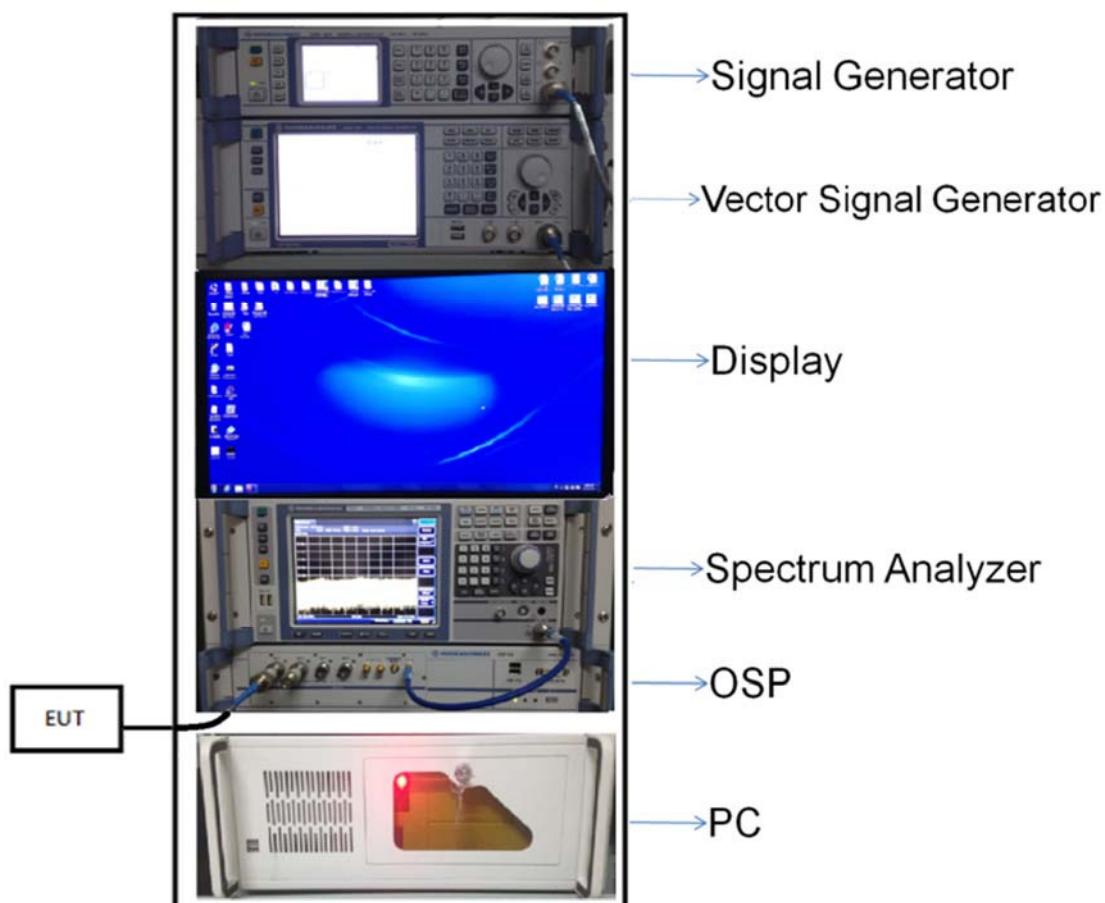
The following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the EUT as specified in CISPR 16-4-2.

This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of  $k=2$ .

Measurement	Value
Occupied Channel Bandwidth	$\pm 4\%$
RF output power, conducted	$\pm 1.4$ dB
Power Spectral Density, conducted	$\pm 2.5$ dB
Unwanted Emissions, conducted	$\pm 2.8$ dB
All emissions, radiated	$\pm 5.4$ dB
Temperature	$\pm 1^{\circ}\text{C}$
Humidity	$\pm 4\%$

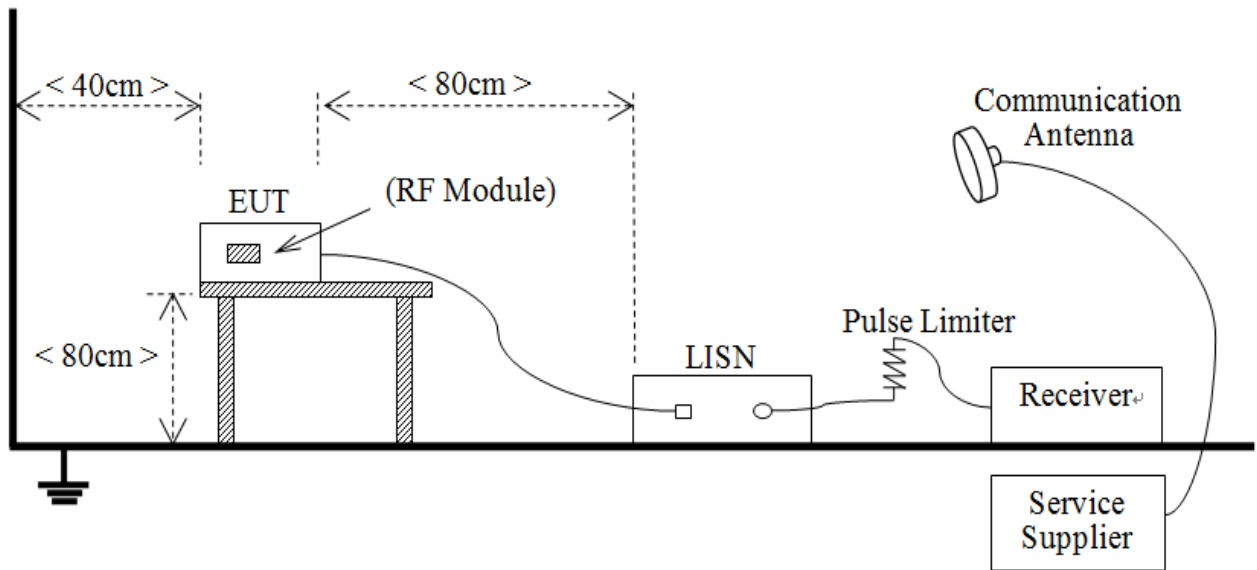
### 4.4 Description of Test Setup

#### 4.4.1 For Antenna Port Test



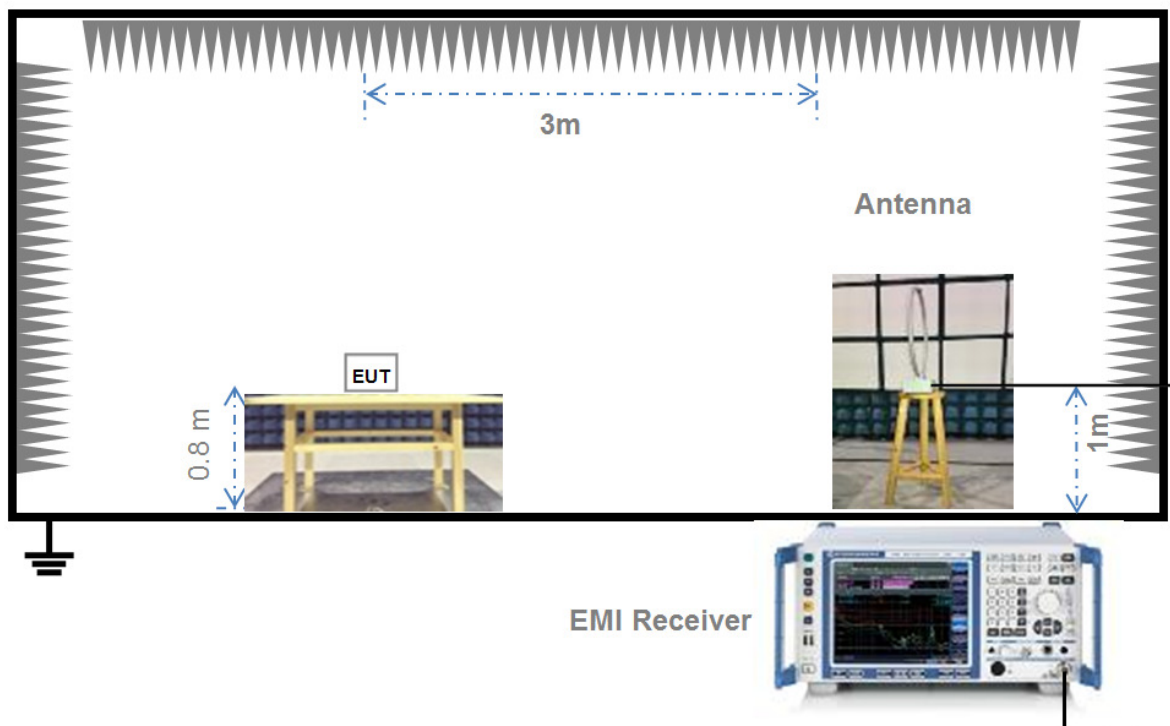
(Diagram 1)

#### 4.4.2 For AC Power Supply Port Test



(Diagram 2)

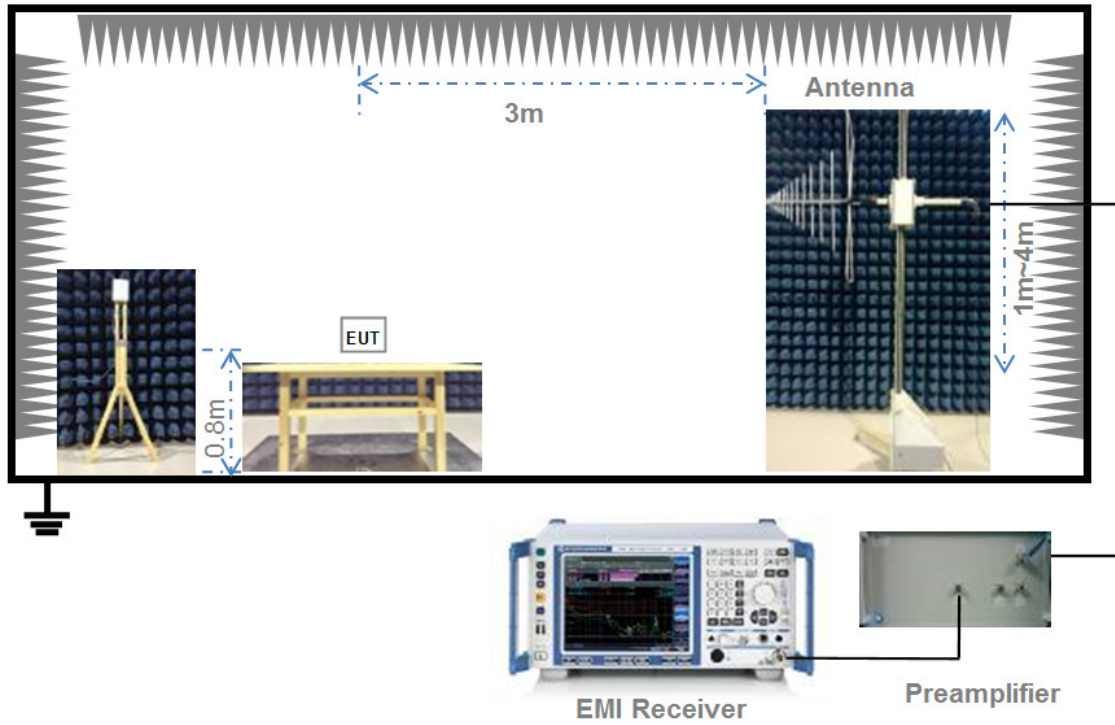
#### 4.4.3 For Radiated Test (Below 30 MHz)



(Diagram 3)

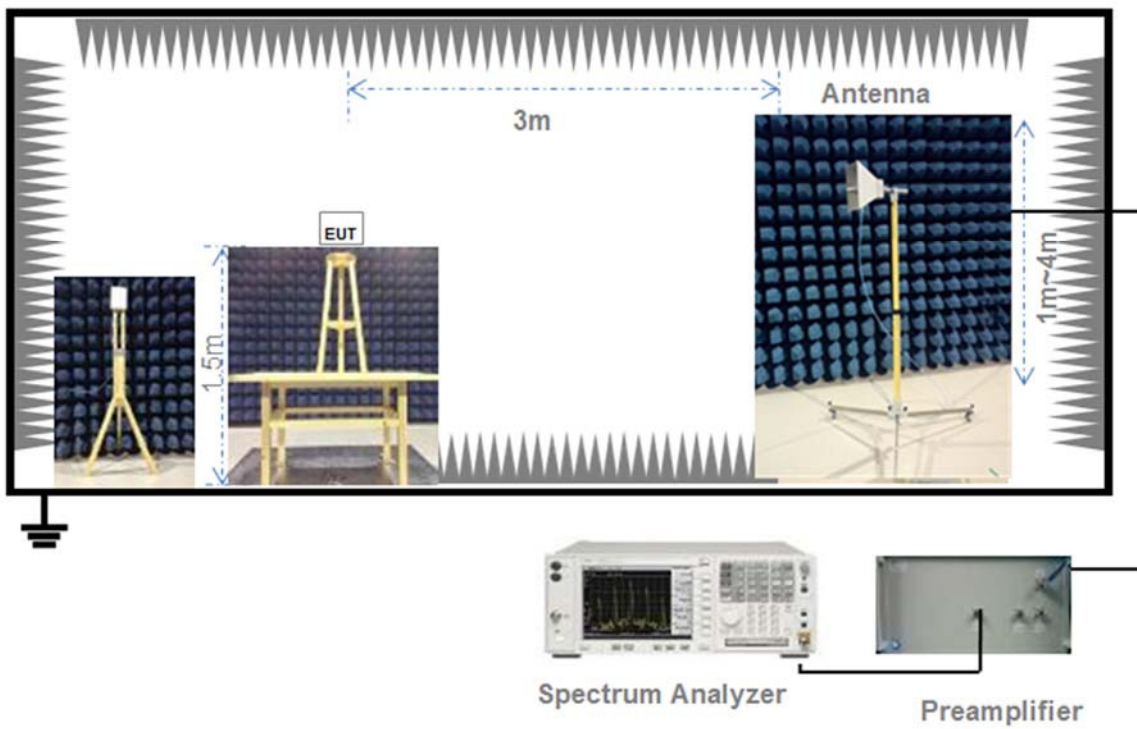


#### 4.4.4 For Radiated Test (30 MHz-1 GHz)



(Diagram 4)

#### 4.4.5 For Radiated Test (Above 1 GHz)



(Diagram 5)

## 5 TEST ITEMS

### 5.1 Antenna Requirements

#### 5.1.1 Standard Applicable

FCC §15.203 & 15.247(b); RSS-247, 5.4 (6)

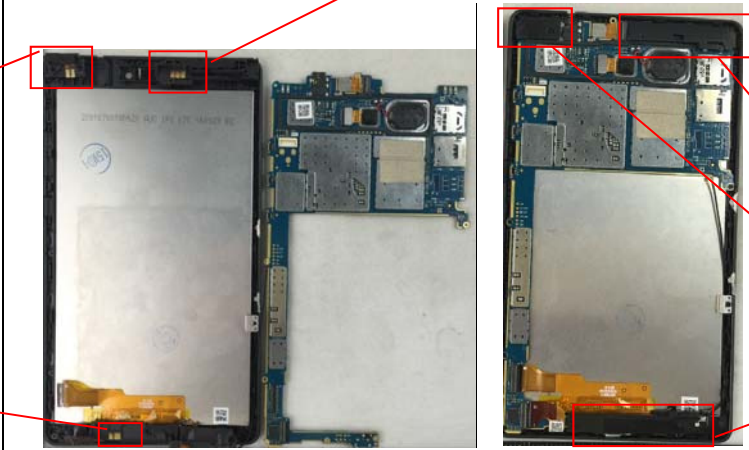
An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. This requirement does not apply to carrier current devices or to devices operated under the provisions of § 15.211, § 15.213, § 15.217, § 15.219, or § 15.221. Further, this requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed, such as perimeter protection systems and some field disturbance sensors, or to other intentional radiators which, in accordance with § 15.31(d), must be measured at the installation site. However, the installer shall be responsible for ensuring that the proper antenna is employed so that the limits in this part are not exceeded.

If directional gain of transmitting antennas is greater than 6 dBi, the power shall be reduced by the same level in dB comparing to gain minus 6 dBi. For the fixed point-to-point operation, the power shall be reduced by one dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the FCC rule.

#### 5.1.2 Antenna Anti-Replacement Construction

The Antenna Anti-Replacement as following method:

Protected Method	Description
The antenna is An embedded-in	An embedded-in antenna design is used.

Reference Documents	Item
Photo	

#### 5.1.3 Antenna Gain

The antenna peak gain of EUT is less than 6 dBi. Therefore, it is not necessary to reduce maximum peak output power limit.

## 5.2 Output Power

### 5.2.1 Test Limit

FCC § 15.247(b); RSS-247, 5.4 (4)

For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 Watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. Maximum Conducted Output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements.

### 5.2.2 Test Setup

See section 4.4.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

### 5.2.3 Test Procedure

#### Maximum peak conducted output power

The maximum peak conducted output power may be measured using a broadband peak RF power meter. The power meter shall have a video bandwidth that is greater than or equal to the DTS bandwidth and shall utilize a fast-responding diode detector.

#### Maximum conducted (average) output power (Reporting Only)

a) As an alternative to spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver measurements, measurements may be performed using a wideband RF power meter with a thermocouple detector or equivalent if all of the conditions listed below are satisfied.

- 1) The EUT is configured to transmit continuously, or to transmit with a constant duty factor.
  - 2) At all times when the EUT is transmitting, it shall be transmitting at its maximum power control level.
  - 3) The integration period of the power meter exceeds the repetition period of the transmitted signal by at least a factor of five.
- b) If the transmitter does not transmit continuously, measure the duty cycle (x) of the transmitter output signal as described in Section 6.0.
- c) Measure the average power of the transmitter. This measurement is an average over both the on and off periods of the transmitter.
- d) Adjust the measurement in dBm by adding  $10\log(1/x)$ , where x is the duty cycle to the measurement result.

#### Measurements of duty cycle

The zero-span mode on a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver if the response time and spacing between bins on the sweep are sufficient to permit accurate measurements of the on and off times of the transmitted signal.

Set the center frequency of the instrument to the center frequency of the transmission.

Set  $RBW \geq OBW$  if possible; otherwise, set RBW to the largest available value.

Set  $VBW \geq RBW$ . Set detector = peak or average.

The zero-span measurement method shall not be used unless both RBW and VBW are  $> 50/T$  and the number of sweep points across duration T exceeds 100. (For example, if VBW and/or RBW are limited to 3 MHz, then the zero-span method of measuring duty cycle shall not be used if  $T \leq 16.7$  microseconds.)

#### 5.2.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.1.

## 5.36dB Bandwidth

### 5.3.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(a); RSS-GEN, 6.6

Make the measurement with the spectrum analyzer's resolution bandwidth (RBW) = 100 kHz. In order to make an accurate measurement, set the span greater than RBW. The 6 dB bandwidth must be greater than 500 kHz.

### 5.3.2 Test Setup

See section 4.4.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

### 5.3.3 Test Procedure

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Set RBW = 100 kHz.

Set the video bandwidth (VBW)  $\geq 3$  RBW.

Detector = Peak.

Trace mode = max hold.

Sweep = auto couple.

Allow the trace to stabilize.

Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

### 5.3.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.2.

## 5.4 Conducted Spurious Emission

### 5.4.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(d); RSS-247, 5.5

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement.

### 5.4.2 Test Setup

See section 4.4.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

### 5.4.3 Test Procedure

The DTS rules specify that in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band, the power shall be attenuated according to the following conditions:

- a) If the maximum peak conducted output power procedure was used to demonstrate compliance as described in 9.1, then the peak output power measured in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band shall be attenuated by at least 20 dB relative to the maximum in-band peak PSD level in 100 kHz (i.e., 20 dBc).
- b) If maximum conducted (average) output power was used to demonstrate compliance as described in 9.2, then the peak power in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band shall be attenuated by at least 30 dB relative to the maximum in-band peak PSD level in 100 kHz (i.e., 30 dBc).
- c) In either case, attenuation to levels below the 15.209 general radiated emissions limits is not required.

The following procedures shall be used to demonstrate compliance to these limits. Note that these procedures can be used in either an antenna-port conducted or radiated test set-up. Radiated tests must conform to the test site requirements and utilize maximization procedures defined herein.

#### Reference level measurement

Establish a reference level by using the following procedure:

Set instrument center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.

Set the span to  $\geq 1.5$  times the DTS bandwidth.

Set the RBW = 100 kHz.

Set the VBW  $\geq 3 \times$  RBW.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto couple.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum PSD level.



### Emission level measurement

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the in-band emission and all spurious emissions (e.g., harmonics) from the lowest frequency generated in the EUT up through the 10th harmonic. Typically, several plots are required to cover this entire span.

Set the RBW = 100 kHz.

Set the VBW  $\geq 3 \times$  RBW.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto couple.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.

Ensure that the amplitude of all unwanted emissions outside of the authorized frequency band (excluding restricted frequency bands) are attenuated by at least the minimum requirements specified in 11.1 a) or 11.1 b). Report the three highest emissions relative to the limit.

#### 5.4.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.3.

## 5.5 Band Edge (Authorized-band band-edge)

### 5.5.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(d); RSS-GEN, 8.9, RSS-247, 5.5

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement.

### 5.5.2 Test Setup

See section 4.4.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

### 5.5.3 Test Procedure

The following procedures may be used to determine the peak or average field strength or power of an unwanted emission that is within 2 MHz of the authorized band edge. If a peak detector is utilized, use the procedure described in 13.2.1. Use the procedure described in 13.2.2 when using an average detector and the EUT can be configured to transmit continuously (i.e., duty cycle  $\geq 98\%$ ). Use the procedure described in 13.2.3 when using an average detector and the EUT cannot be configured to transmit continuously but the duty cycle is constant (i.e., duty cycle variations are less than  $\pm 2$  percent). Use the procedure described in 13.2.4 when using an average detector for those cases where the EUT cannot be configured to transmit continuously and the duty cycle is not constant (duty cycle variations equal or exceed 2 percent).

When using a peak detector to measure unwanted emissions at or near the band edge (within 2 MHz of the authorized band), the following integration procedure can be used.

Set instrument center frequency to the frequency of the emission to be measured (must be within 2 MHz of the authorized band edge).

Set span to 2 MHz

RBW = 100 kHz.

VBW  $\geq 3 \times$  RBW.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow sweep to continue until the trace stabilizes (required measurement time may increase for low duty cycle applications)

Compute the power by integrating the spectrum over 1 MHz using the analyzer's band power measurement function with band limits set equal to the emission frequency (femission)  $\pm 0.5$  MHz. If the instrument does not have a band power function, then sum the amplitude levels (in power units) at 100 kHz intervals extending across the 1 MHz spectrum defined by femission  $\pm 0.5$  MHz.

### 5.5.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.4.

## 5.6 Conducted Emission

### 5.6.1 Limit

FCC §15.207; RSS-GEN, 8.8

For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 $\mu$ H/50 $\Omega$  line impedance stabilization network (LISN).

Frequency range (MHz)	Conducted Limit (dB $\mu$ V)	
	Quai-peak	Average
0.15 - 0.50	66 to 56	56 to 46
0.50 - 5	56	46
0.50 - 30	60	50

### 5.6.2 Test Setup

See section 4.4.2 for test setup description for the AC power supply port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

### 5.6.3 Test Procedure

The maximum conducted interference is searched using Peak (PK), if the emission levels more than the AV and QP limits, and that have narrow margins from the AV and QP limits will be re-measured with AV and QP detectors. Tests for both L phase and N phase lines of the power mains connected to the EUT are performed. Refer to recorded points and plots below.

Devices subject to Part 15 must be tested for all available U.S. voltages and frequencies (such as a nominal 120 VAC, 50/60 Hz and 240 VAC, 50/60 Hz) for which the device is capable of operation. A device rated for 50/60 Hz operation need not be tested at both frequencies provided the radiated and line conducted emissions are the same at both frequencies.

### 5.6.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.5.

## 5.7 Radiated Spurious Emission

### 5.7.1 Limit

FCC §15.209&15.247(c); RSS-247, 5.5

Radiated emission outside the frequency band attenuation below the general limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in FCC section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a).

According to FCC section 15.209 (a), except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength ( $\mu\text{V}/\text{m}$ )	Measurement Distance (m)
0.009 - 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 - 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 - 30.0	30	30
30 - 88	100	3
88 - 216	150	3
216 - 960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

Note:

1. For Above 1000 MHz, the emission limit in this paragraph is based on measurement instrumentation employing an average detector, measurement using instrumentation with a peak detector function, corresponding to 20dB above the maximum permitted average limit.
2. For above 1000 MHz, limit field strength of harmonics: 54dBuV/m@3m (AV) and 74dBuV/m@3m (PK).

### 5.7.2 Test Setup

See section 4.4.3 to 4.4.5 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

### 5.7.3 Test Procedure

Since the emission limits are specified in terms of radiated field strength levels, measurements performed to demonstrate compliance have traditionally relied on a radiated test configuration. Radiated measurements remain the principal method for demonstrating compliance to the specified limits; however antenna-port conducted measurements are also now acceptable to demonstrate compliance (see below for details). When radiated measurements are utilized, test site requirements and procedures for maximizing and measuring radiated emissions that are described in ANSI C63.10 shall be followed.

Antenna-port conducted measurements may also be used as an alternative to radiated measurements for demonstrating compliance in the restricted frequency bands. If conducted measurements are performed, then proper impedance matching must be ensured and an additional radiated test for cabinet/case spurious emissions is required.

#### General Procedure for conducted measurements in restricted bands

- a) Measure the conducted output power (in dBm) using the detector specified (see guidance regarding measurement procedures for determining quasi-peak, peak, and average conducted output power, respectively).

- b) Add the maximum transmit antenna gain (in dBi) to the measured output power level to determine the EIRP level (see guidance on determining the applicable antenna gain)
- c) Add the appropriate maximum ground reflection factor to the EIRP level (6 dB for frequencies  $\leq 30$  MHz, 4.7 dB for frequencies between 30 MHz and 1000 MHz, inclusive and 0 dB for frequencies  $> 1000$  MHz).
- d) For devices with multiple antenna-ports, measure the power of each individual chain and sum the EIRP of all chains in linear terms (e.g., Watts, mW).
- e) Convert the resultant EIRP level to an equivalent electric field strength using the following relationship:

$$E = \text{EIRP} - 20 \log D + 104.8$$

where:

E = electric field strength in dB $\mu$ V/m,

EIRP = equivalent isotropic radiated power in dBm

D = specified measurement distance in meters.

- f) Compare the resultant electric field strength level to the applicable limit.
- g) Perform radiated spurious emission test.

#### Quasi-Peak measurement procedure

The specifications for measurements using the CISPR quasi-peak detector can be found in Publication 16 of the International Special Committee on Radio Frequency Interference (CISPR) of the International Electrotechnical Commission.

As an alternative to CISPR quasi-peak measurement, compliance can be demonstrated to the applicable emission limits using a peak detector.

#### Peak power measurement procedure

Peak emission levels are measured by setting the instrument as follows:

- a) RBW = as specified in Table 1.
- b) VBW  $\geq 3 \times$  RBW.
- c) Detector = Peak.
- d) Sweep time = auto.
- e) Trace mode = max hold.
- f) Allow sweeps to continue until the trace stabilizes. (Note that the required measurement time may be longer for low duty cycle applications).

Table 1—RBW as a function of frequency

Frequency	RBW
9-150 kHz	200-300 Hz
0.15-30 MHz	9-10 kHz
30-1000 MHz	100-120 kHz

&gt; 1000 MHz

1 MHz

If the peak-detected amplitude can be shown to comply with the average limit, then it is not necessary to perform a separate average measurement.

Trace averaging across on and off times of the EUT transmissions followed by duty cycle correction

If continuous transmission of the EUT (i.e., duty cycle  $\geq 98$  percent) cannot be achieved and the duty cycle is constant (i.e., duty cycle variations are less than  $\pm 2$  percent), then the following procedure shall be used:

- a) The EUT shall be configured to operate at the maximum achievable duty cycle.
- b) Measure the duty cycle,  $x$ , of the transmitter output signal as described in section 6.0.
- c) RBW = 1 MHz (unless otherwise specified).
- d) VBW  $\geq 3 \times$  RBW.
- e) Detector = RMS, if  $\text{span}/(\# \text{ of points in sweep}) \leq (\text{RBW}/2)$ . Satisfying this condition may require increasing the number of points in the sweep or reducing the span. If this condition cannot be satisfied, then the detector mode shall be set to peak.
- f) Averaging type = power (i.e., RMS).
  - 1) As an alternative, the detector and averaging type may be set for linear voltage averaging.
  - 2) Some instruments require linear display mode in order to use linear voltage averaging. Log or dB averaging shall not be used.
- g) Sweep time = auto.
- h) Perform a trace average of at least 100 traces.
- i) A correction factor shall be added to the measurement results prior to comparing to the emission limit in order to compute the emission level that would have been measured had the test been performed at 100 percent duty cycle. The correction factor is computed as follows:
  - 1) If power averaging (RMS) mode was used in step f), then the applicable correction factor is  $10 \log(1/x)$ , where  $x$  is the duty cycle.
  - 2) If linear voltage averaging mode was used in step f), then the applicable correction factor is  $20 \log(1/x)$ , where  $x$  is the duty cycle.
  - 3) If a specific emission is demonstrated to be continuous ( $\geq 98$  percent duty cycle) rather than turning on and off with the transmit cycle, then no duty cycle correction is required for that emission.

NOTE: Reduction of the measured emission amplitude levels to account for operational duty factor is not permitted. Compliance is based on emission levels occurring during transmission - not on an average across on and off times of the transmitter.

Determining the applicable transmit antenna gain

A conducted power measurement will determine the maximum output power associated with a restricted band emission; however, in order to determine the associated EIRP level, the gain of the transmitting antenna (in dBi) must be added to the measured output power (in dBm).



Since the out-of-band characteristics of the EUT transmit antenna will often be unknown, the use of a conservative antenna gain value is necessary. Thus, when determining the EIRP based on the measured conducted power, the upper bound on antenna gain for a device with a single RF output shall be selected as the maximum in-band gain of the antenna across all operating bands, or 2 dBi, whichever is greater. However, for devices that operate in multiple frequency bands while using the same transmit antenna, the highest gain of the antenna within the operating band nearest in frequency to the restricted band emission being measured may be used in lieu of the overall highest gain when the emission is at a frequency that is within 20 percent of the nearest band edge frequency, but in no case shall a value less than 2 dBi be used.

See KDB 662911 for guidance on calculating the additional array gain term when determining the effective antenna gain for a EUT with multiple outputs occupying the same or overlapping frequency ranges in the same band.

#### Radiated spurious emission test

An additional consideration when performing conducted measurements of restricted band emissions is that unwanted emissions radiating from the EUT cabinet, control circuits, power leads, or intermediate circuit elements will likely go undetected in a conducted measurement configuration. To address this concern, a radiated test shall be performed to ensure that emissions emanating from the EUT cabinet (rather than the antenna port) also comply with the applicable limits.

For these cabinet radiated spurious emission measurements the EUT transmit antenna may be replaced with a termination matching the nominal impedance of the antenna. Procedures for performing radiated measurements are specified in ANSI C63.10. All detected emissions shall comply with the applicable limits.

The measurement frequency range is from 30 MHz to the 10th harmonic of the fundamental frequency. The Turn Table is actuated to turn from 0° to 360°, and both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the Test Antenna are used to find the maximum radiated power. Mid channels on all channel bandwidth verified. Only the worst RB size/offset presented.

The power of the EUT transmitting frequency should be ignored.

All Spurious Emission tests were performed in X, Y, Z axis direction. And only the worst axis test condition was recorded in this test report.

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured

RBW = 1 MHz for  $f \geq 1$  GHz, 100 kHz for  $f < 1$  GHz

VBW  $\geq$  RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

#### 5.7.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.6.

## 5.8 Band Edge (Restricted-band band-edge)

### 5.8.1 Limit

FCC §15.209&15.247(c); RSS-247, 5.5

Radiated emission outside the frequency band attenuation below the general limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in FCC section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a).

### 5.8.2 Test Setup

See section 4.4.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

### 5.8.3 Test Procedure

The measurement frequency range is from 9 kHz to the 10th harmonic of the fundamental frequency. The Turn Table is actuated to turn from 0° to 360°, and both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the Test Antenna are used to find the maximum radiated power. Mid channels on all channel bandwidth verified. Only the worst RB size/offset presented.

The power of the EUT transmitting frequency should be ignored.

All Spurious Emission tests were performed in X, Y, Z axis direction. And only the worst axis test condition was recorded in this test report.

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured

RBW = 1 MHz for  $f \geq 1$  GHz, 100 kHz for  $f < 1$  GHz

VBW  $\geq$  RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

For measurement below 1GHz, If the emission level of the EUT measured by the peak detector is 3 dB lower than the applicable limit, the peak emission level will be reported, Otherwise, the emission measurement will be repeated using the quasi-peak detector and reported.

### 5.8.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.7.

## 5.9 Power Spectral density (PSD)

### 5.9.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(d); RSS-247, 5.2 (2)

The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density. If a peak output power is measured, then a peak power spectral density measurement is required. If an average output power is measured, then an average power spectral density measurement should be used.

### 5.9.2 Test Setup

See section 4.4.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

### 5.9.3 Test Procedure

Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.

Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.

Set the RBW to:  $3 \text{ kHz} \leq \text{RBW} \leq 100 \text{ kHz}$ .

Set the VBW  $\geq 3 \text{ RBW}$ .

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto couple.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.

If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.

### 5.9.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.8.

## ANNEX A TEST RESULT

### A.1 Output Power

#### Duty Cycle

Test Mode	Duty Cycle	T (ms)	1/T(kHz)
802.11b	1.000	65.670	0.015
802.11g	0.960	1.383	0.723
802.11n-20 MHz	0.960	1.280	0.781
802.11n-40 MHz	0.930	0.630	1.579

#### Peak Power Test Data

802.11b Mode:

Channel	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		Verdict
	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	
Low	9.39	8.69	30	1000	Pass
Middle	9.96	9.91			Pass
High	9.83	9.62			Pass

802.11g Mode:

Channel	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		Verdict
	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	
Low	9.11	8.15	30	1000	Pass
Middle	9.80	9.55			Pass
High	9.72	9.38			Pass

802.11n-20 MHz Mode:

Channel	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		Verdict
	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	
Low	9.40	8.71	30	1000	Pass
Middle	9.46	8.83			Pass
High	9.40	8.71			Pass

802.11n-40 MHz Mode:

Channel	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		Verdict
	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	
Low	8.02	6.34	30	1000	Pass
Middle	9.89	9.75			Pass
High	8.53	7.13			Pass

## A.2 Bandwidth

### Test Data

802.11b Mode:

Channel	6 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)	6 dB Bandwidth Limits (kHz)
Low	9.12	12.41	$\geq 500$
Middle	9.04	12.29	$\geq 500$
High	8.66	12.53	$\geq 500$

802.11g Mode:

Channel	6 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)	6 dB Bandwidth Limits (kHz)
Low	15.15	16.22	$\geq 500$
Middle	15.19	16.31	$\geq 500$
High	15.69	16.37	$\geq 500$

802.11n-20MHz Mode:

Channel	6 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)	6 dB Bandwidth Limits (kHz)
Low	15.09	17.37	$\geq 500$
Middle	15.16	17.43	$\geq 500$
High	16.07	17.50	$\geq 500$

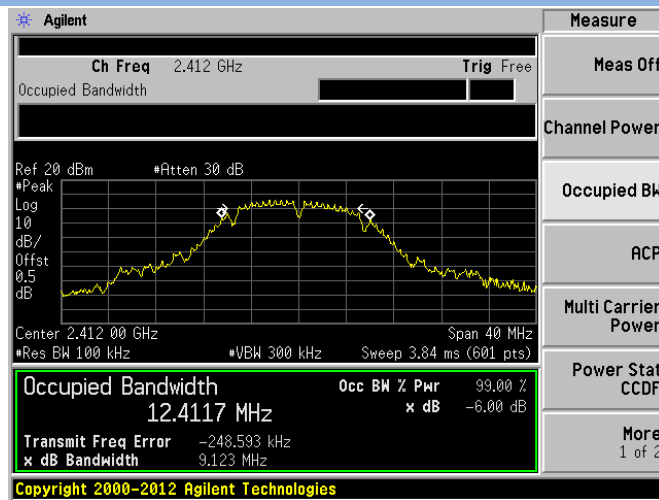
802.11n-40MHz Mode:

Channel	6 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)	6 dB Bandwidth Limits (kHz)
Low	36.12	36.16	$\geq 500$
Middle	28.95	35.64	$\geq 500$
High	35.85	35.97	$\geq 500$

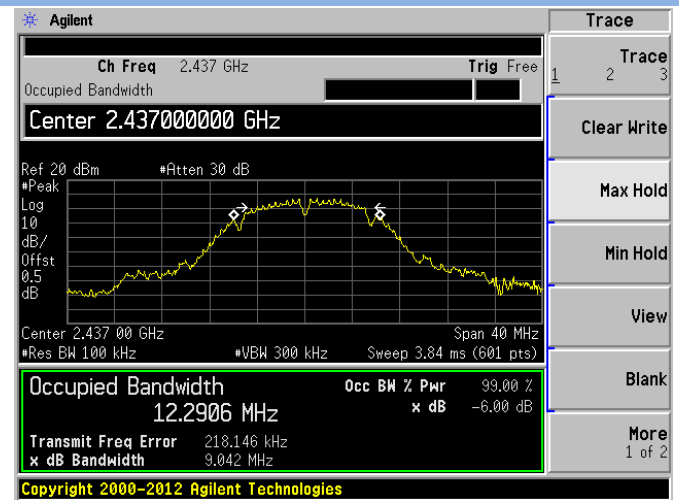


## Test plots

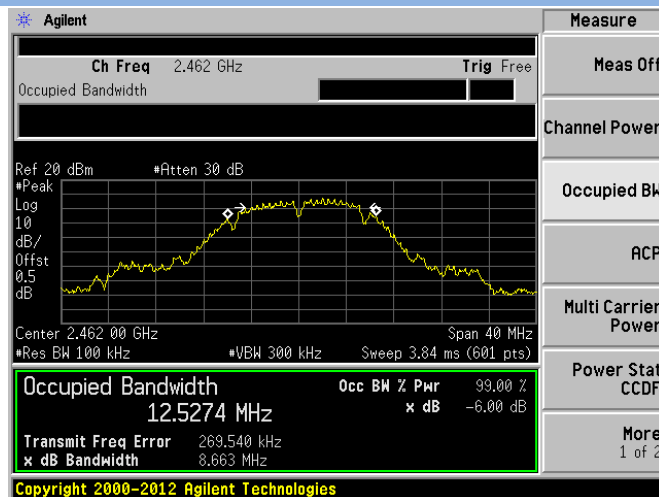
### 802.11b LOW CHANNEL



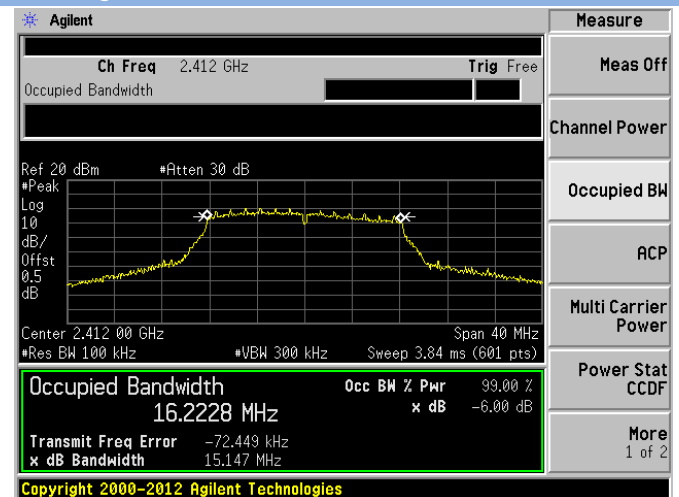
### 802.11b MIDDLE CHANNEL



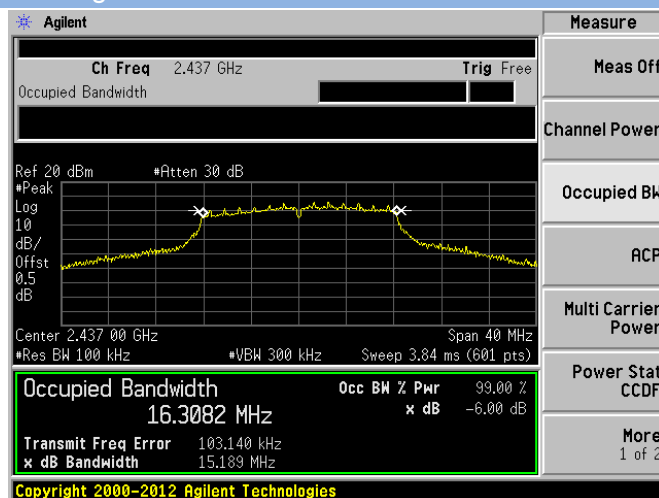
### 802.11b HIGH CHANNEL



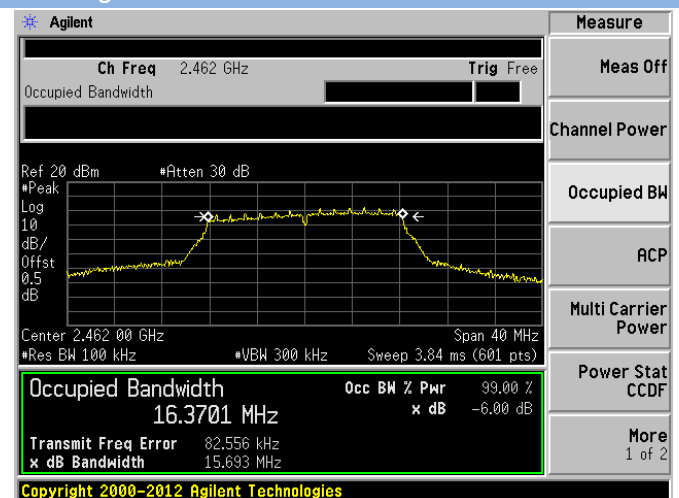
### 802.11g LOW CHANNEL



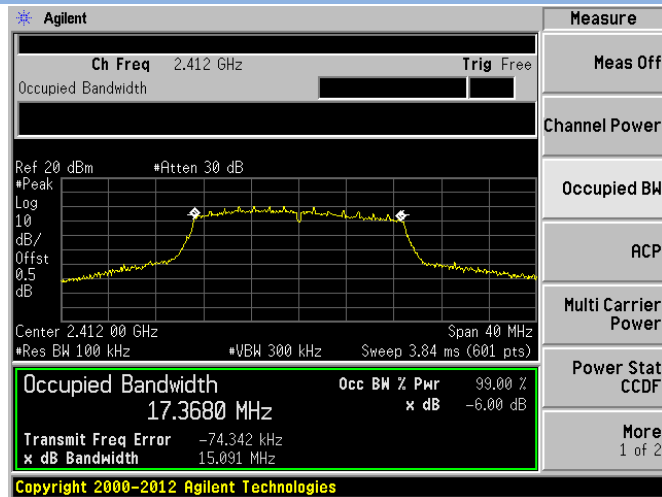
### 802.11g MIDDLE CHANNEL



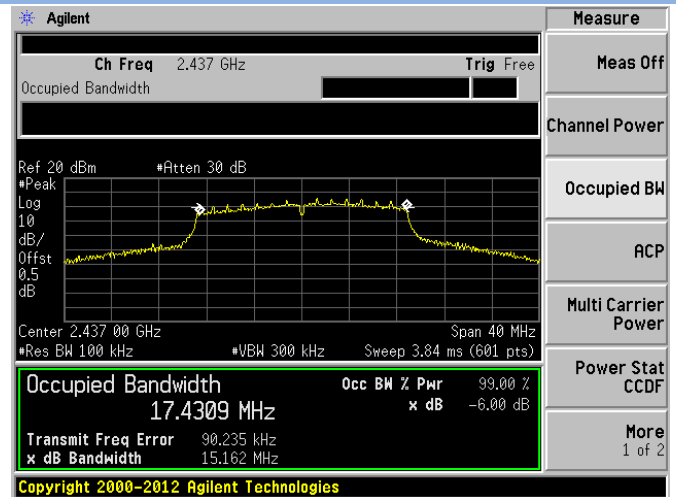
### 802.11g HIGH CHANNEL



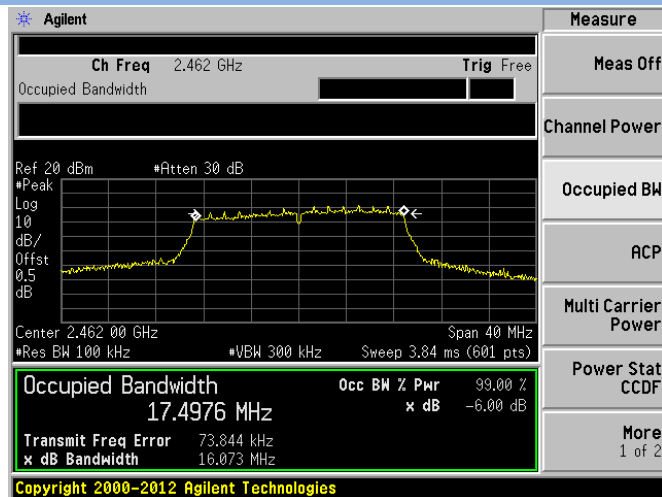
## 802.11n-20 MHz LOW CHANNEL



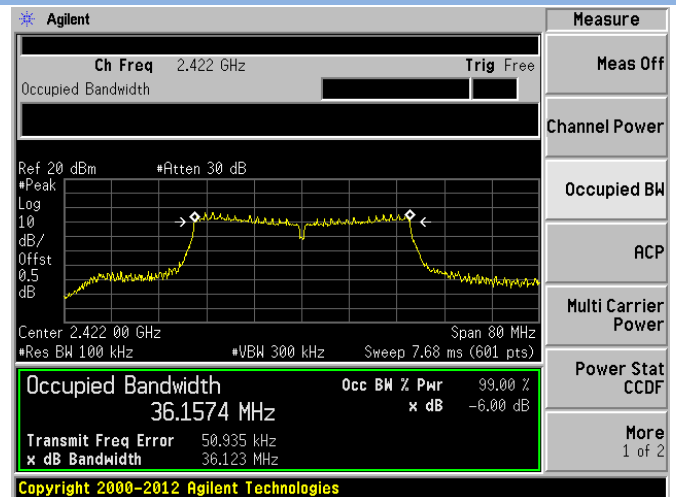
## 802.11 n-20 MHz MIDDLE CHANNEL



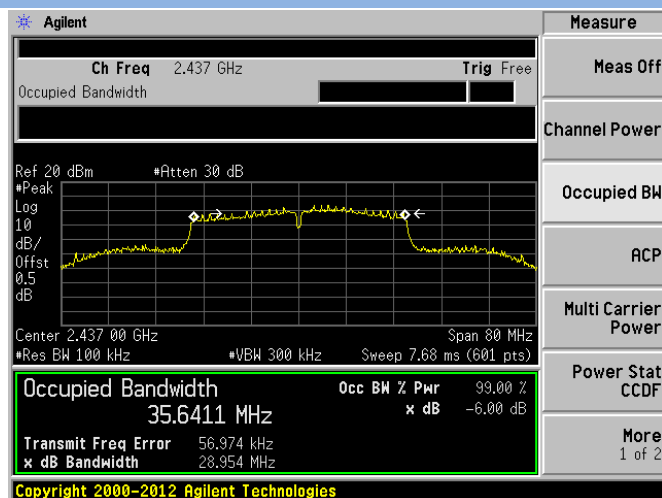
## 802.11n-20 MHz HIGH CHANNEL



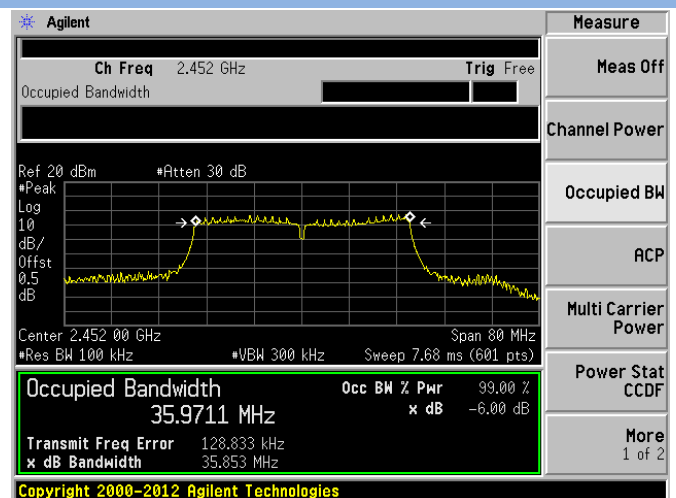
## 802.11n-40 MHz LOW CHANNEL



## 802.11n-40 MHz MIDDLE CHANNEL



## 802.11n-40 MHz HIGH CHANNEL



### A.3 Conducted Spurious Emissions

#### Test Data

802.11b Mode:

Channel	Measured Max. Out of Band Emission (dBm)	Limit (dBm)		Verdict
		Carrier Level	Calculated 20 dBc Limit	
Low	-49.94	5.80	-14.2	Pass
Middle	-47.68	6.86	-13.14	Pass
High	-47.53	6.67	-13.33	Pass

802.11g Mode:

Channel	Measured Max. Out of Band Emission (dBm)	Limit (dBm)		Verdict
		Carrier Level	Calculated 20 dBc Limit	
Low	-55.57	0.20	-19.80	Pass
Middle	-54.41	5.73	-14.27	Pass
High	-57.54	1.88	-18.12	Pass

802.11n-20MHz Mode:

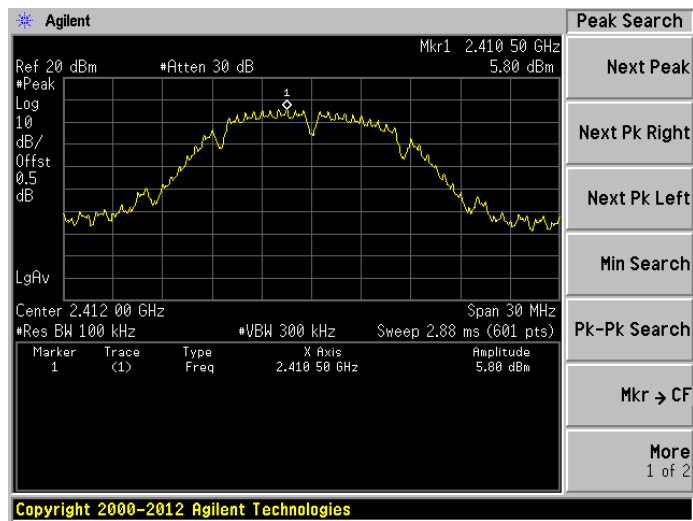
Channel	Measured Max. Out of Band Emission (dBm)	Limit (dBm)		Verdict
		Carrier Level	Calculated 20 dBc Limit	
Low	-55.09	0.38	-19.62	Pass
Middle	-56.28	5.61	-14.39	Pass
High	-54.87	1.70	-18.30	Pass

802.11n-40MHz Mode:

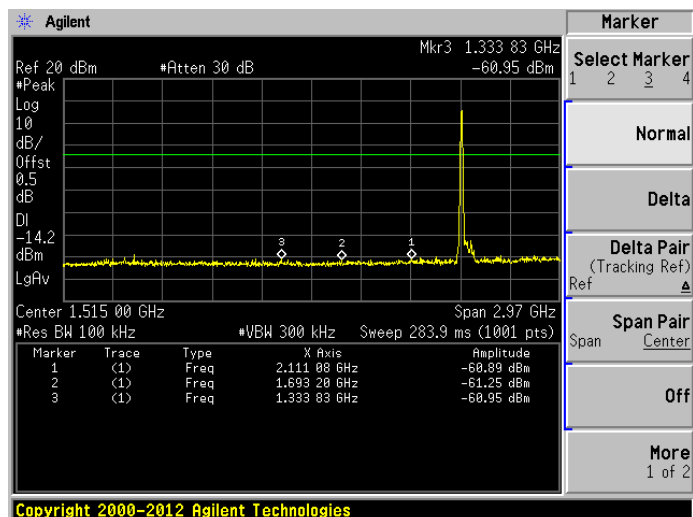
Channel	Measured Max. Out of Band Emission (dBm)	Limit (dBm)		Verdict
		Carrier Level	Calculated 20 dBc Limit	
Low	-53.29	-3.88	-23.88	Pass
Middle	-53.27	3.59	-16.41	Pass
High	-55.22	-2.63	-22.63	Pass

## Test Plots

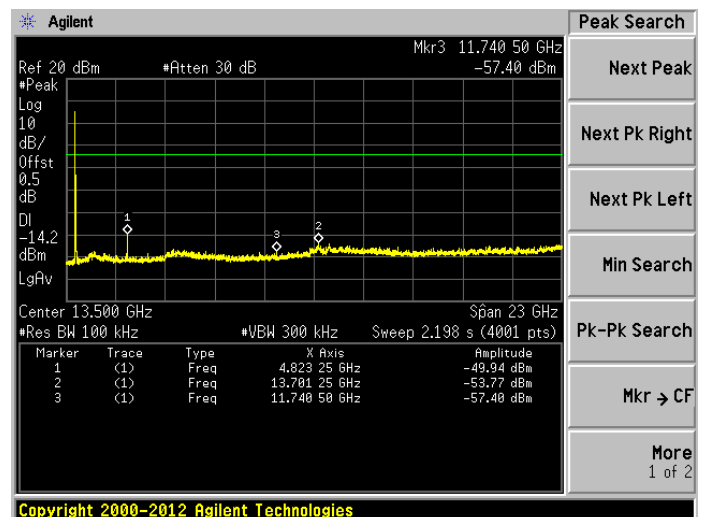
### 802.11b LOW CHANNEL CARRIER LEVEL



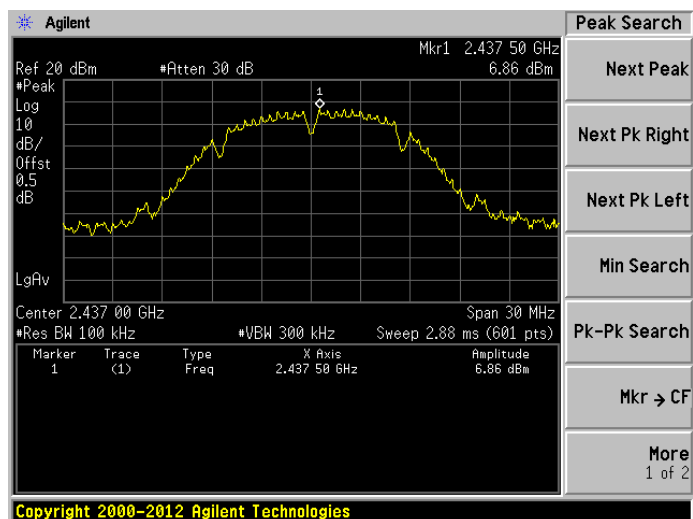
### 802.11b LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz

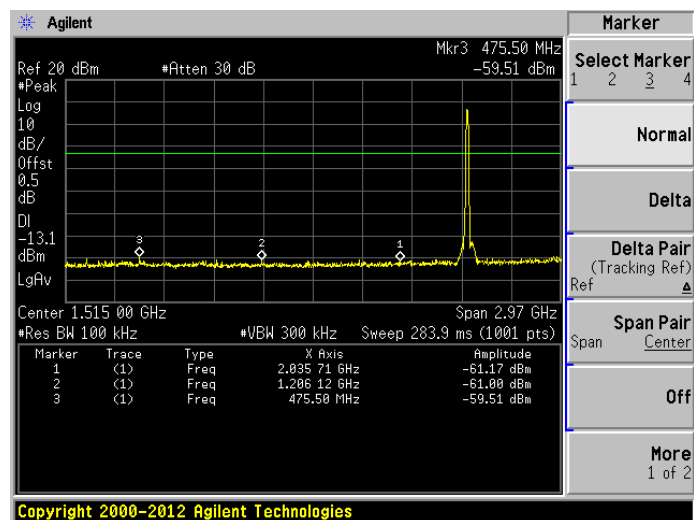
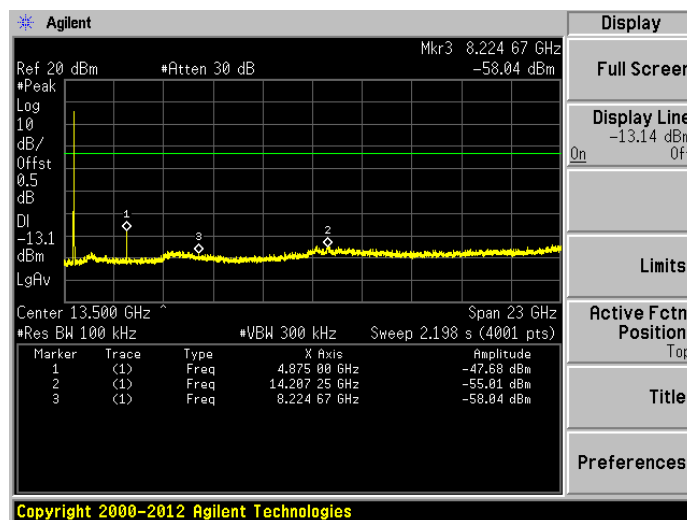


### 802.11b LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

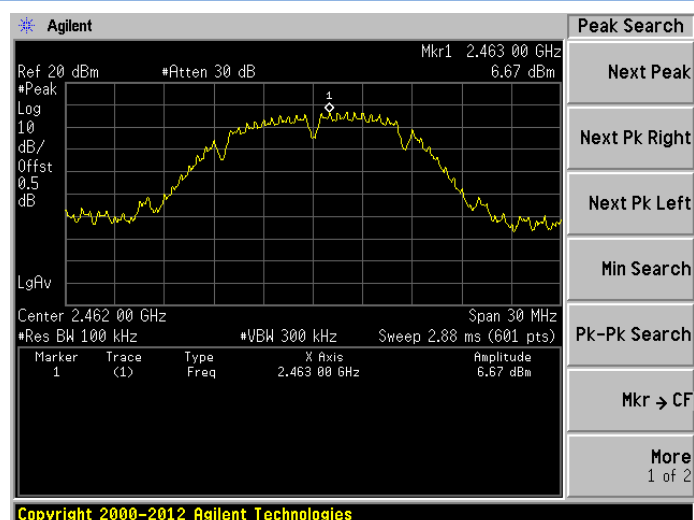
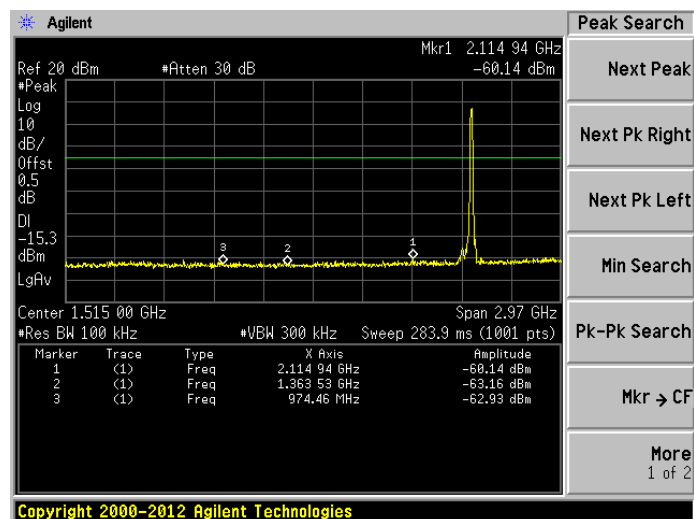
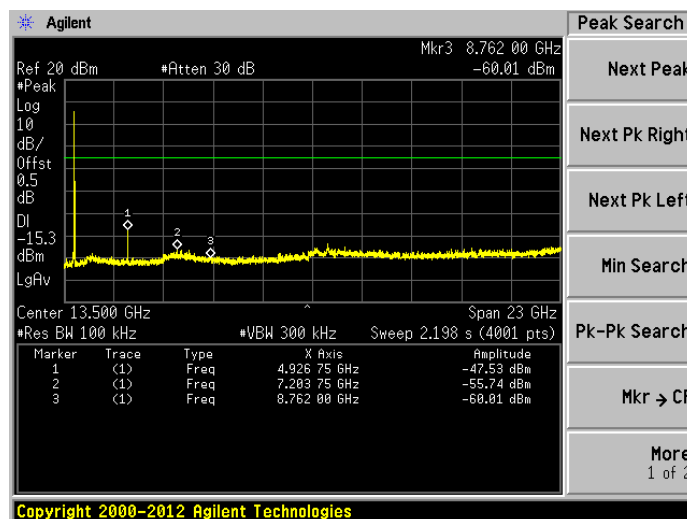


### 802.11b MIDDLE CHANNEL CARRIER LEVEL

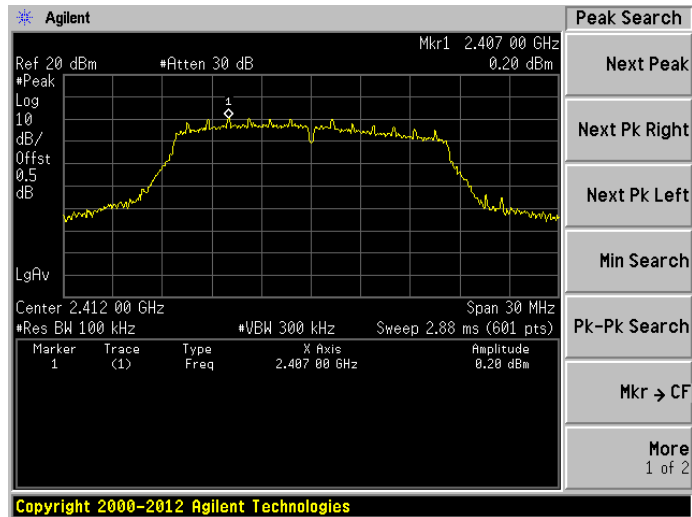


802.11b MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS  
30 MHz ~ 3 GHz

802.11b MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS  
2 GHz ~ 25 GHz


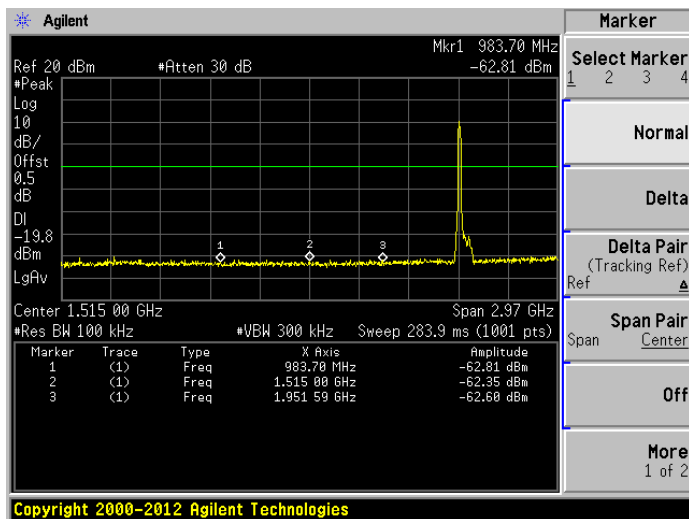
## 802.11b HIGH CHANNEL CARRIER LEVEL


802.11b HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS  
30 MHz ~ 3 GHz

802.11b HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS  
2 GHz ~ 25 GHz


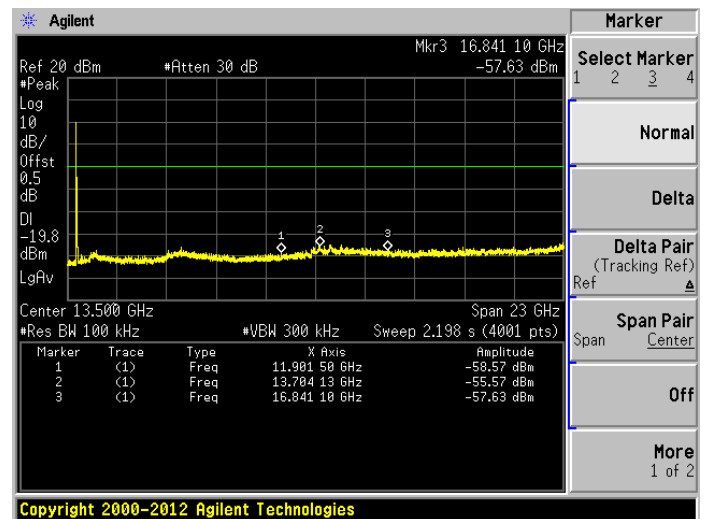
## 802.11g LOW CHANNEL CARRIER LEVEL



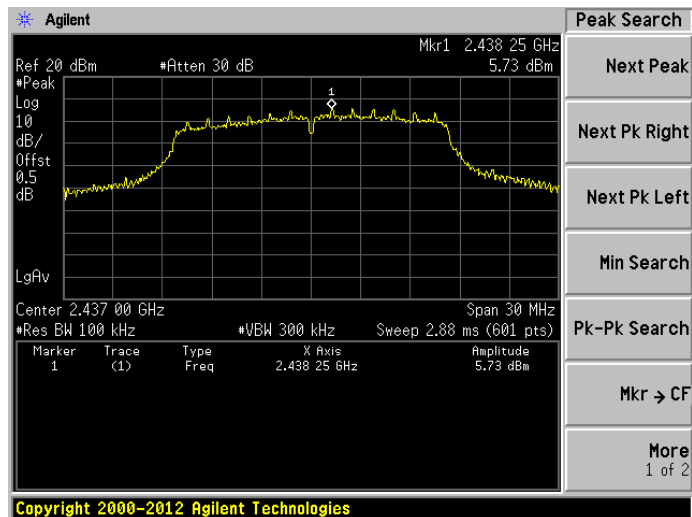
## 802.11g LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz



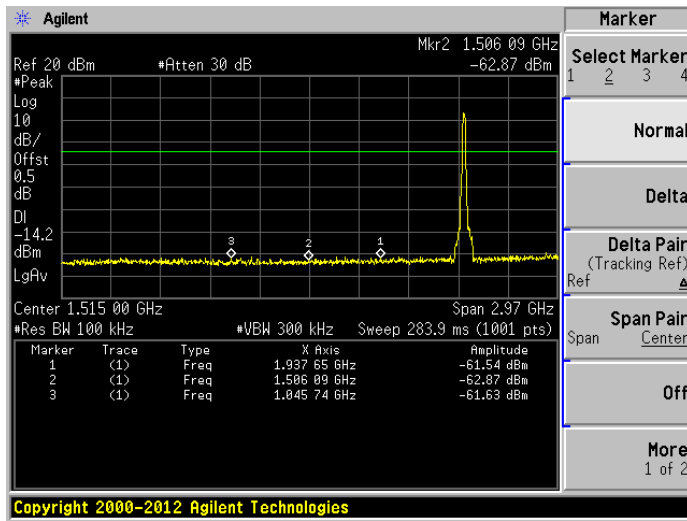
## 802.11g LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



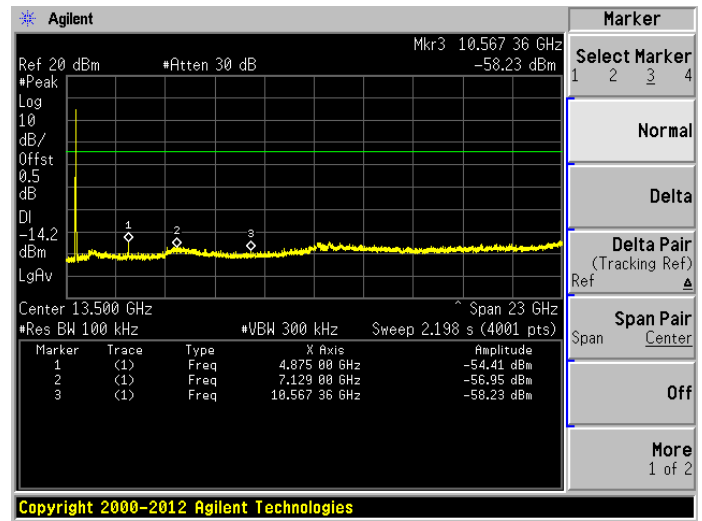
## 802.11g MIDDLE CHANNEL CARRIER LEVEL



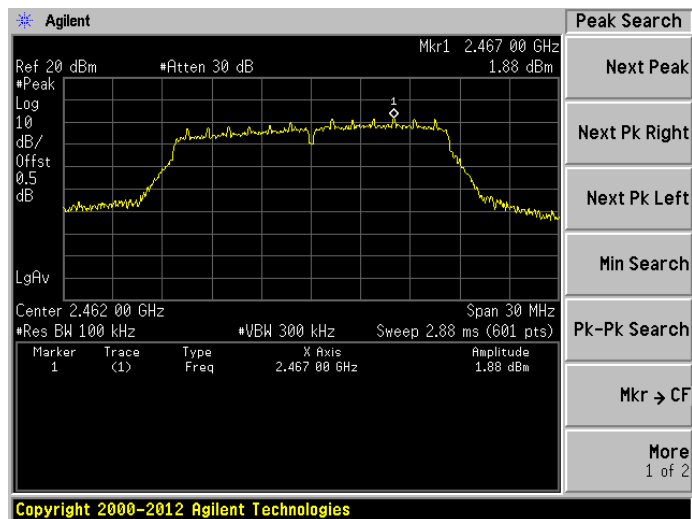
### 802.11g MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz



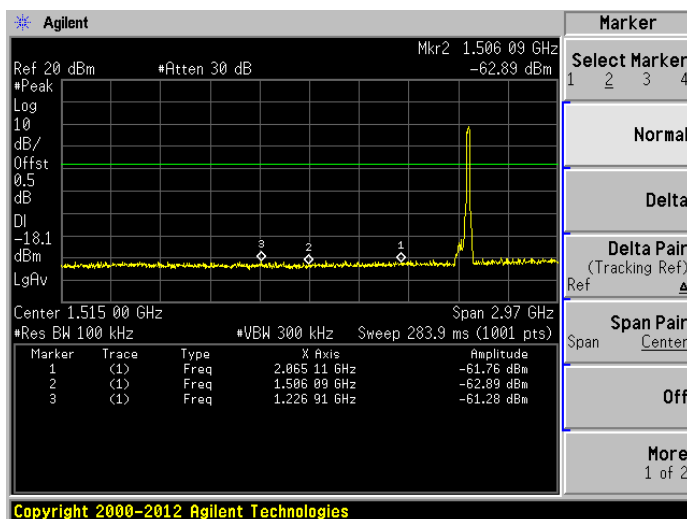
### 802.11g MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



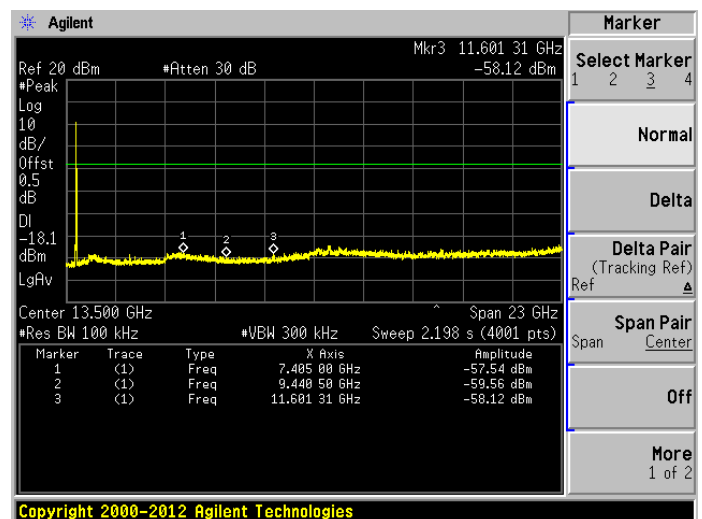
### 802.11g HIGH CHANNEL CARRIER LEVEL



### 802.11g HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz

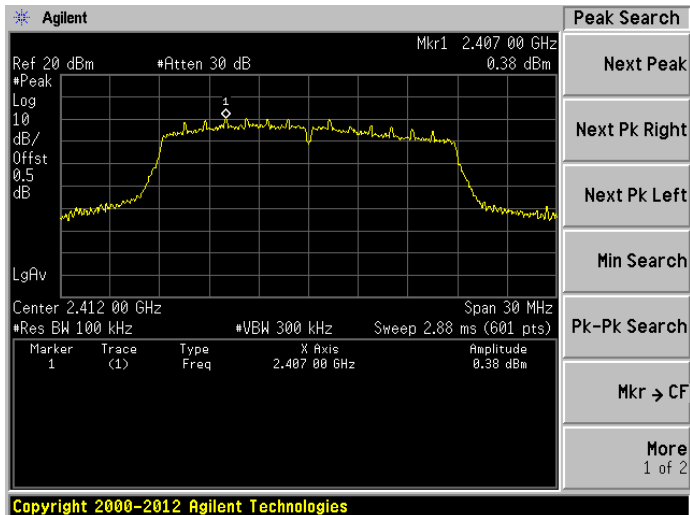


### 802.11g HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

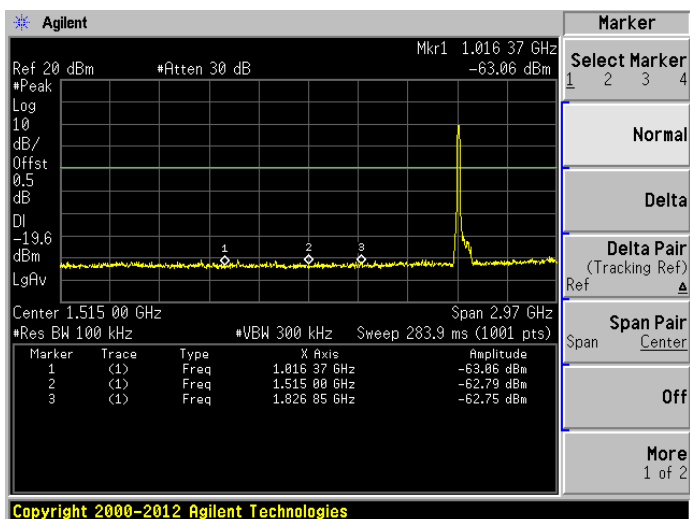




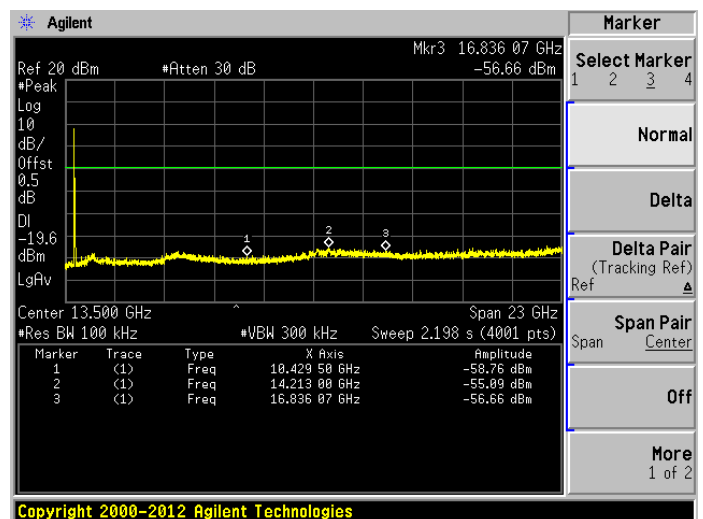
## 802.11n-20 MHz LOW CHANNEL CARRIER LEVEL



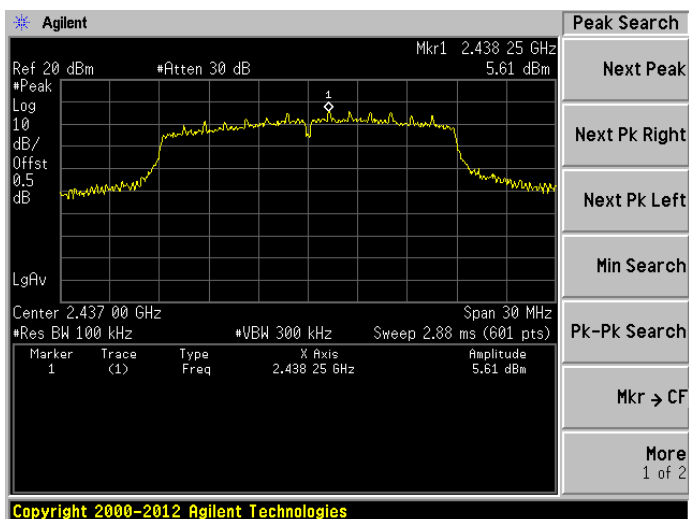
## 802.11n-20 MHz LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz

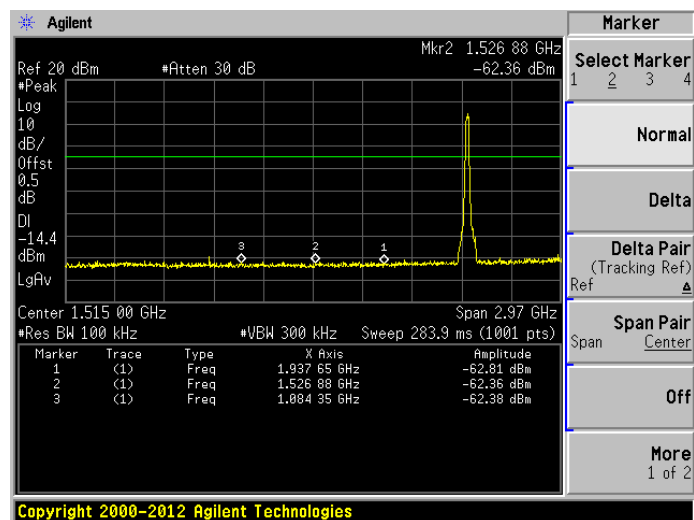
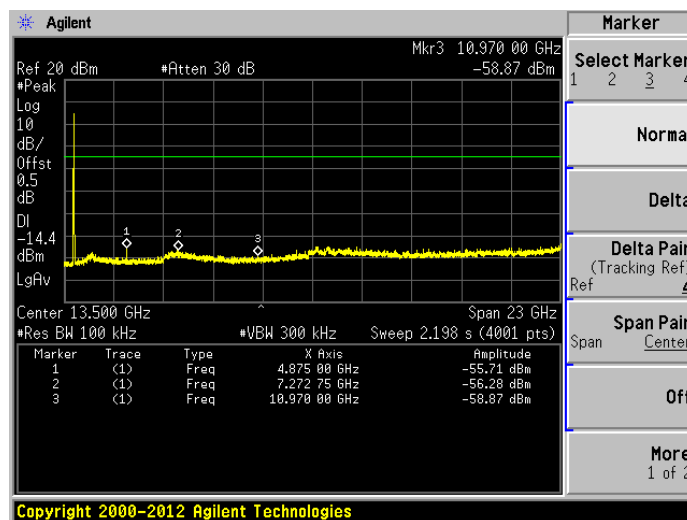


## 802.11n-20 MHz LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

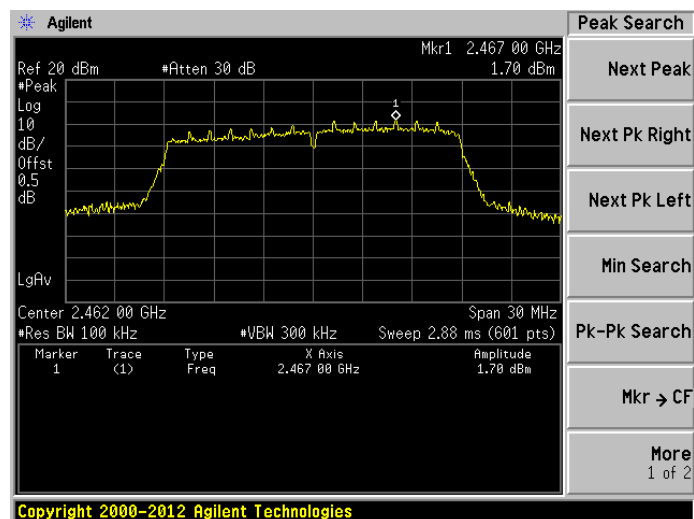
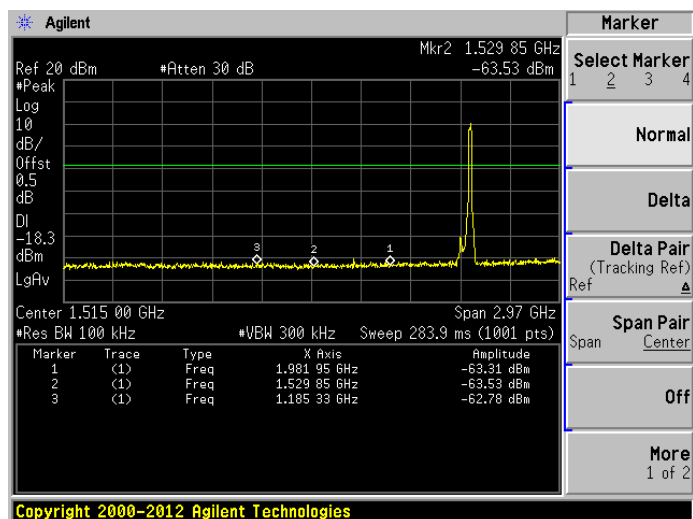
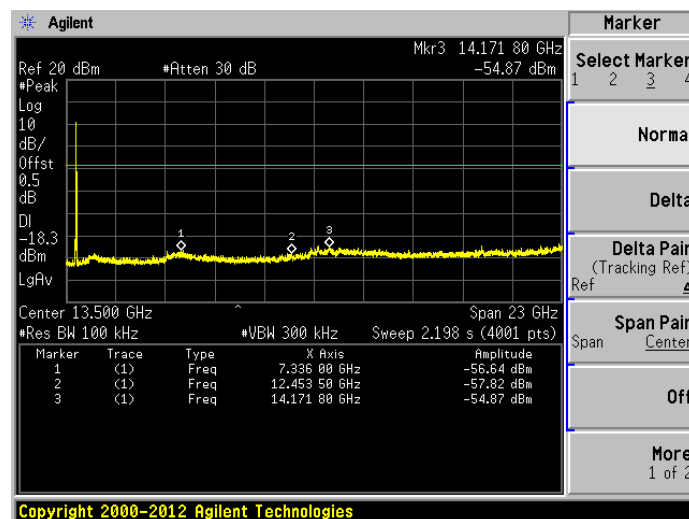


## 802.11n-20 MHz MIDDLE CHANNEL CARRIER LEVEL

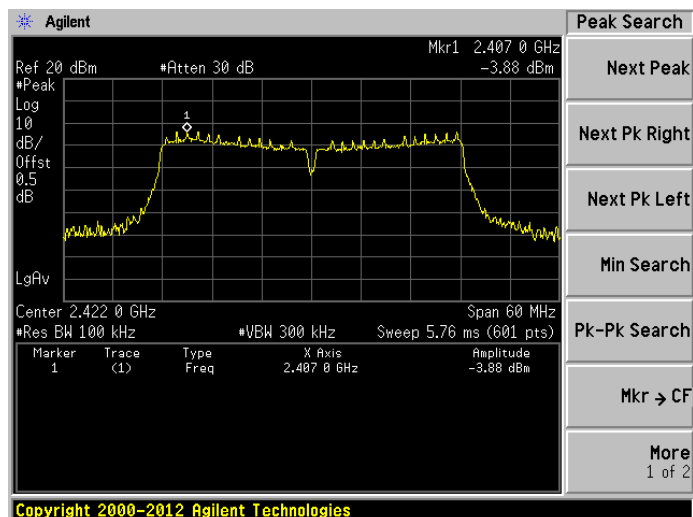


802.11n-20 MHz MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS  
30 MHz ~ 3 GHz

802.11n-20 MHz MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS  
2 GHz ~ 25 GHz


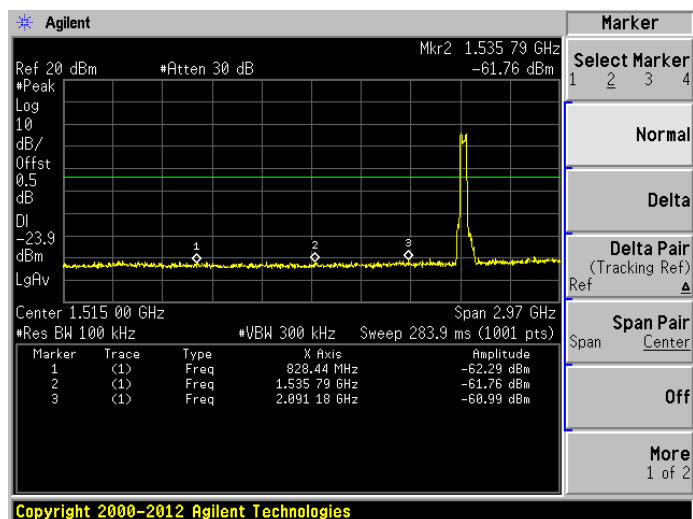
## 802.11n-20 MHz HIGH CHANNEL CARRIER LEVEL


802.11n-20 MHz HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS  
30 MHz ~ 3 GHz

802.11n-20 MHz HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS  
2 GHz ~ 25 GHz


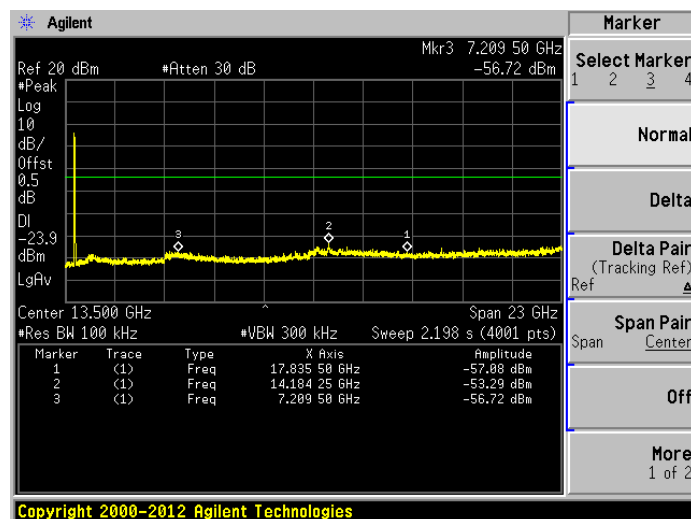
## 802.11n-40 MHz LOW CHANNEL CARRIER LEVEL



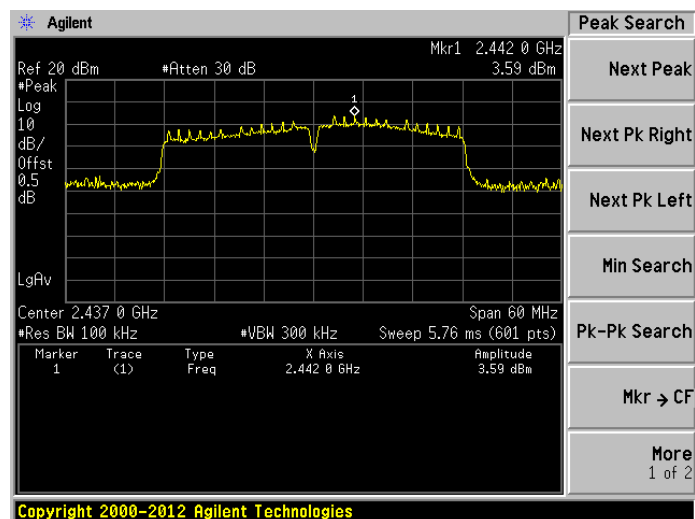
## 802.11n-40 MHz LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz



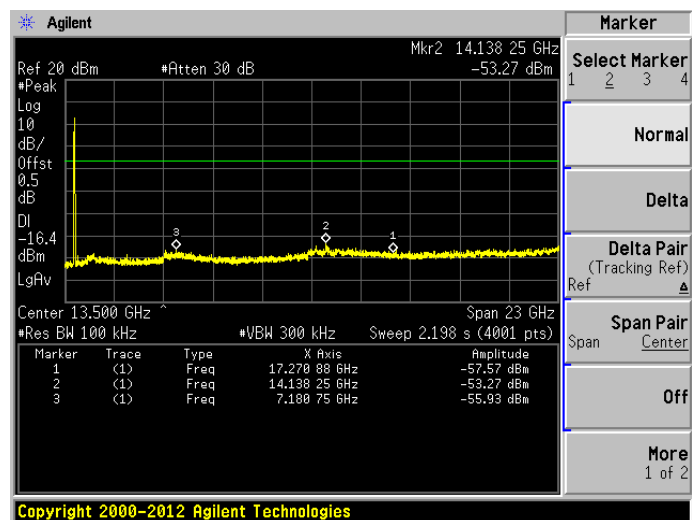
## 802.11n-40 MHz LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



## 802.11n-40 MHz MIDDLE CHANNEL CARRIER LEVEL



802.11n-40 MHz MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS  
2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



Agilent

Ref 20 dBm    •Atten 30 dB    Mkr1 2.469 5 GHz    -2.63 dBm

•Peak

Log

10

dB/

Offst

0.5

dB

LgAv

Center 2.452 0 GHz    Span 60 MHz

•Res BW 100 kHz    •VBW 300 kHz    Sweep 5.76 ms (601 pts)

Marker	Trace	Type	X Axis	Amplitude
1	(1)	Freq	2.469 5 GHz	-2.63 dBm

Peak Search

Next Peak

Next Pk Right

Next Pk Left

Min Search

Pk-Pk Search

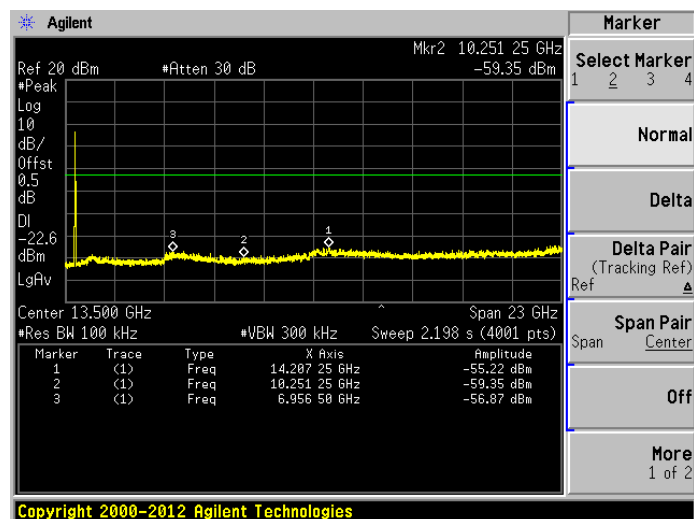
Mkr → CF

More

1 of 2

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802.11n-40 MHz HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS  
2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



## A.4 Band Edge (Authorized-band band-edge)

### Test Data

The lowest and highest channels are tested to verify the band edge emissions. Please refer to the following the plots for emissions values.

#### 802.11b Mode:

Channel	Measured Max. Band Edge Emission (dBm)	Limit (dBm)		Verdict
		Carrier Level	Calculated 20 dBc Limit	
Low Channel	-32.13	5.80	-14.20	Pass
High Channel	-44.04	6.67	-13.33	Pass

#### 802.11g Mode:

Channel	Measured Max. Band Edge Emission (dBm)	Limit (dBm)		Verdict
		Carrier Level	Calculated 20 dBc Limit	
Low Channel	29.90	0.20	-19.80	Pass
High Channel	-41.11	1.88	-18.12	Pass

#### 802.11n-20 MHz Mode:

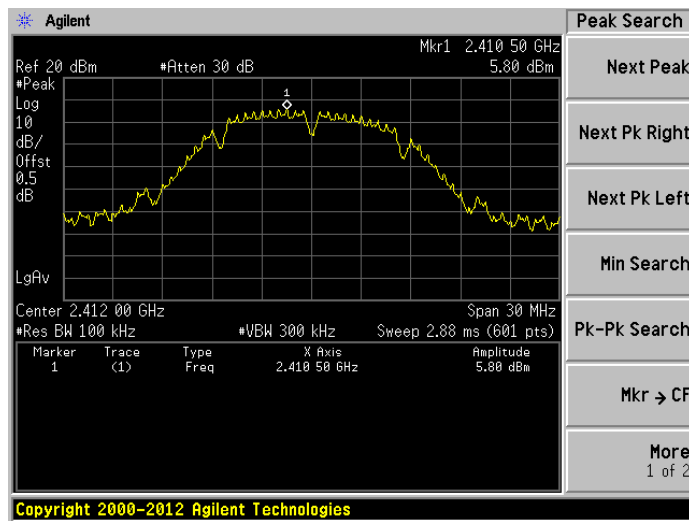
Channel	Measured Max. Band Edge Emission (dBm)	Limit (dBm)		Verdict
		Carrier Level	Calculated 20 dBc Limit	
Low Channel	-30.51	0.38	-19.62	Pass
High Channel	-40.70	1.70	-18.30	Pass

#### 802.11n-40 MHz Mode:

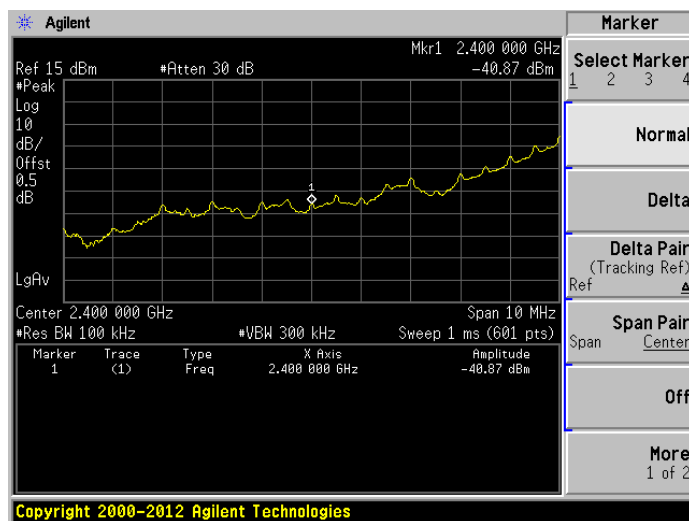
Channel	Measured Max. Band Edge Emission (dBm)	Limit (dBm)		Verdict
		Carrier Level	Calculated 20 dBc Limit	
Low Channel	-35.61	-3.88	-23.88	Pass
High Channel	-38.40	-2.63	-22.63	Pass

## Test Plots

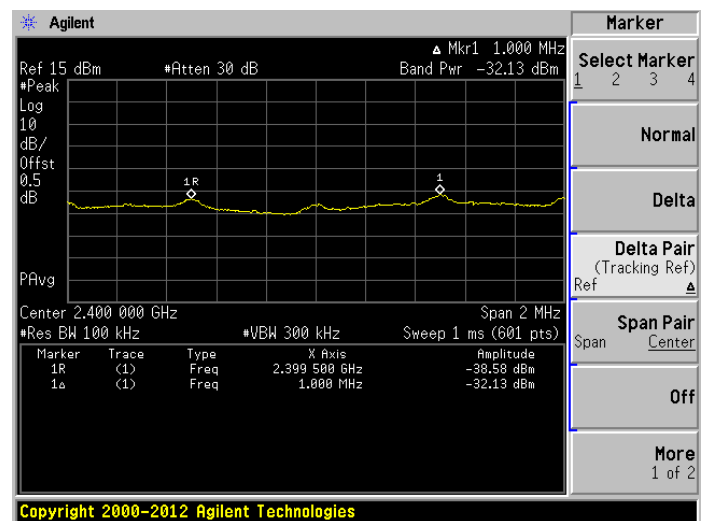
### 802.11b LOW CHANNEL, Carrier level



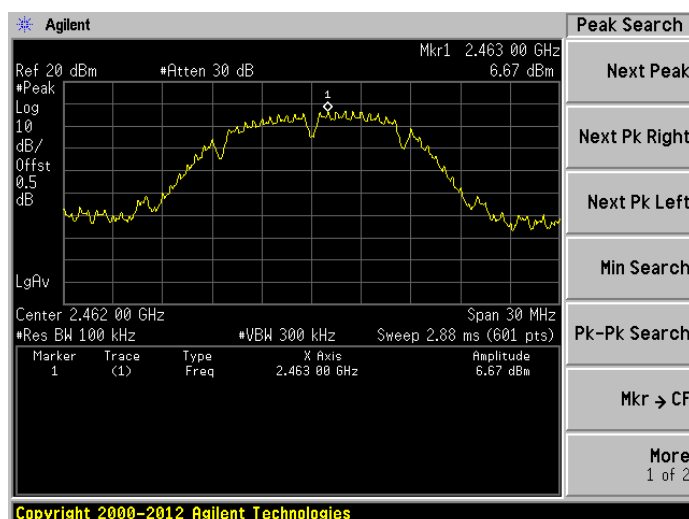
### 802.11b LOW CHANNEL, Reference level



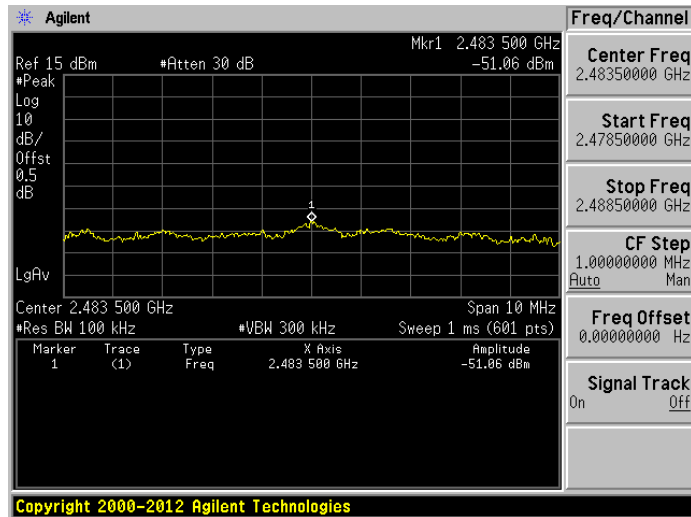
### 802.11b LOW CHANNEL, Band Edge



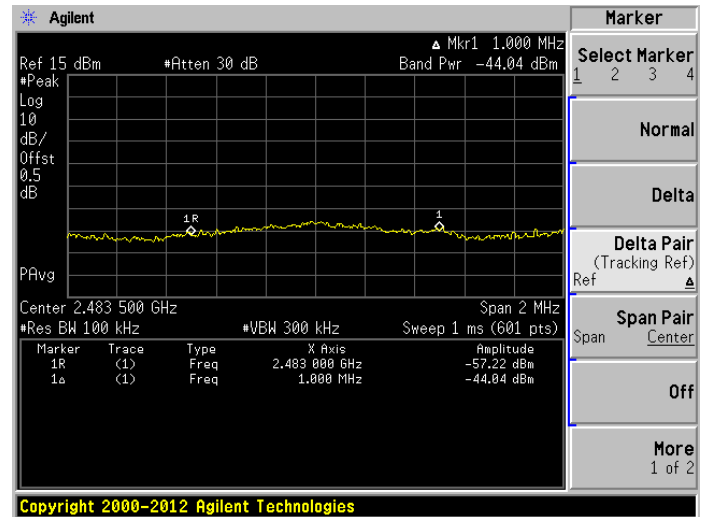
### 802.11b HIGH CHANNEL, Carrier level



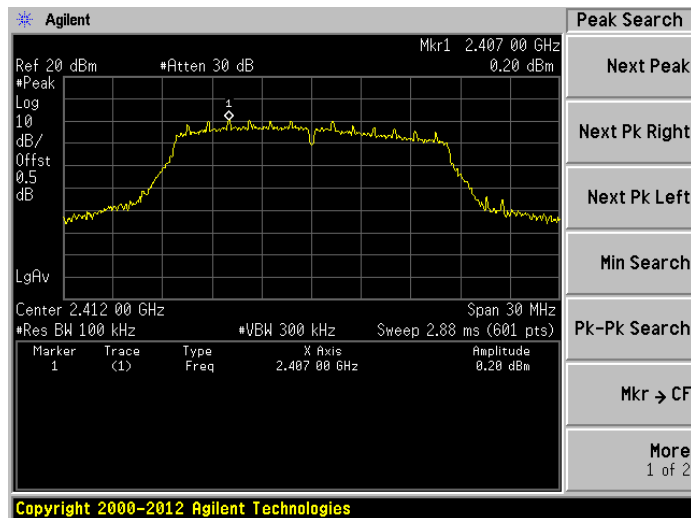
## 802.11b HIGH CHANNEL, Reference level



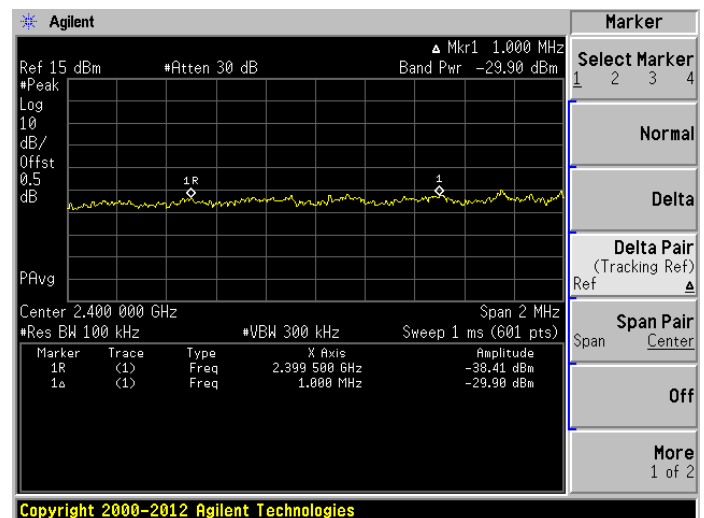
## 802.11b HIGH CHANNEL, Band Edge



## 802.11g LOW CHANNEL, Carrier level

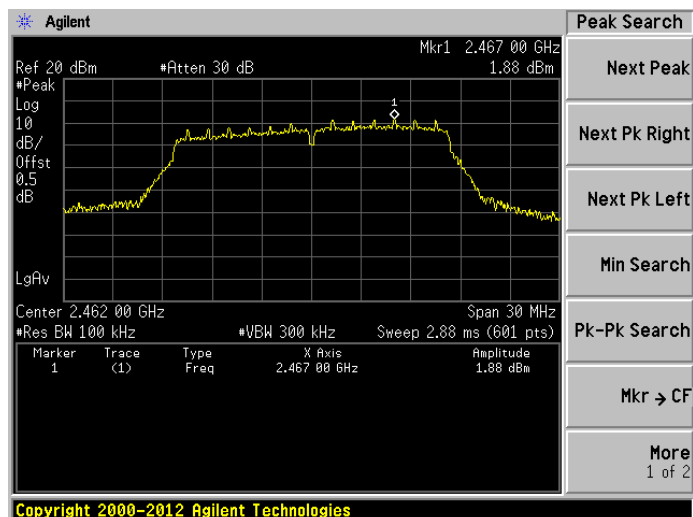


## 802.11g LOW CHANNEL, Band Edge

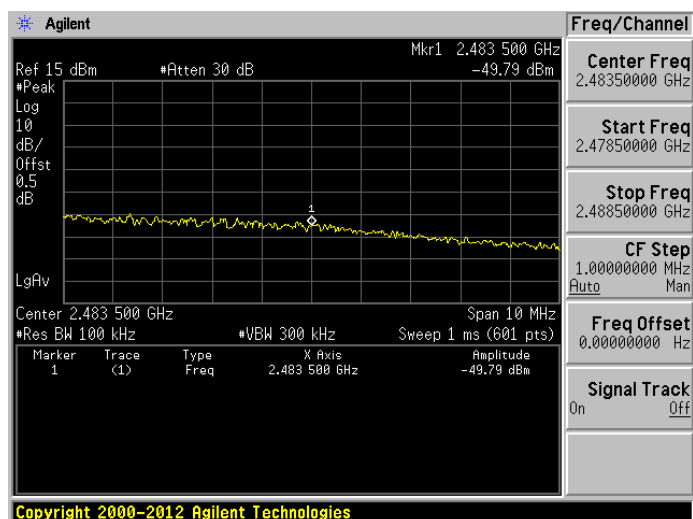




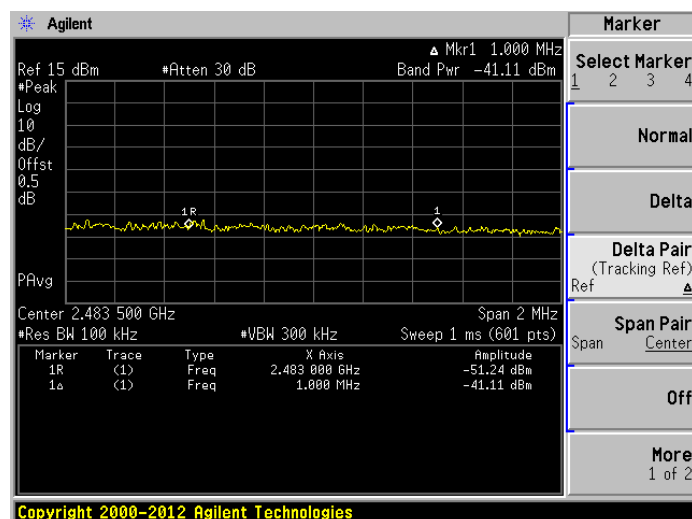
## 802.11g HIGH CHANNEL, Carrier level



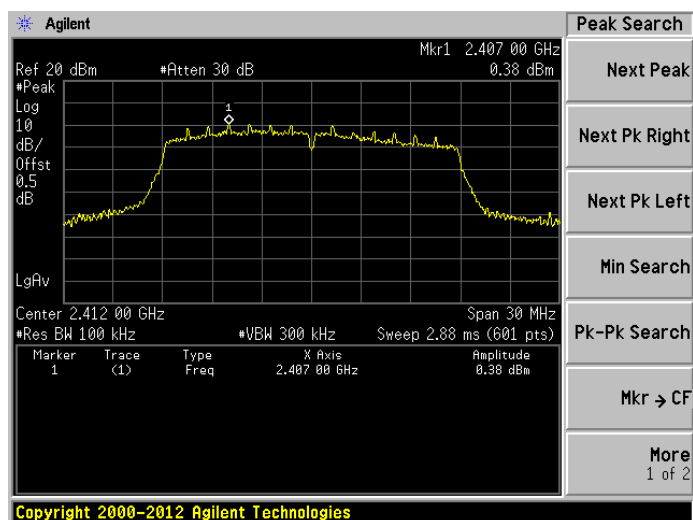
## 802.11g HIGH CHANNEL, Reference level



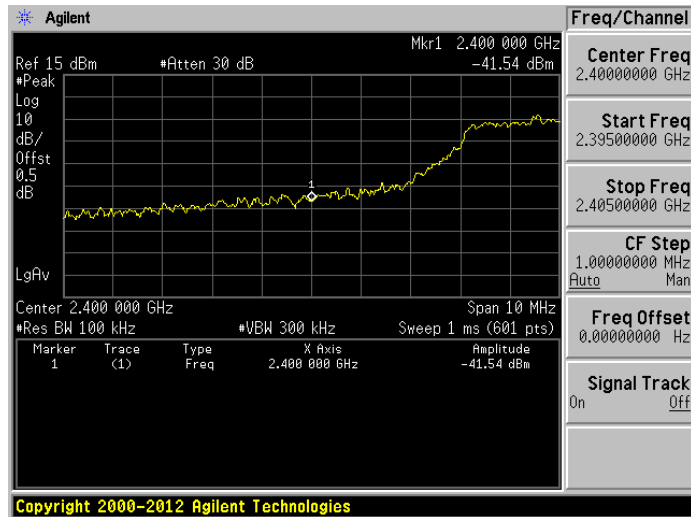
## 802.11g HIGH CHANNEL, Band Edge



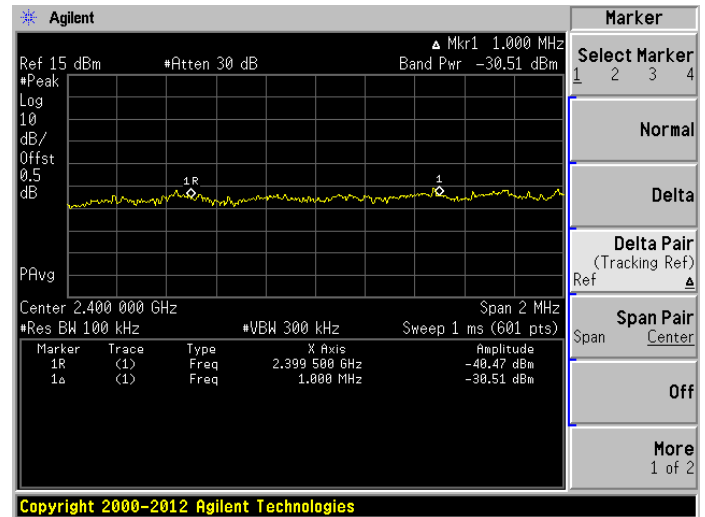
## 802.11n-20 MHz LOW CHANNEL, Carrier level



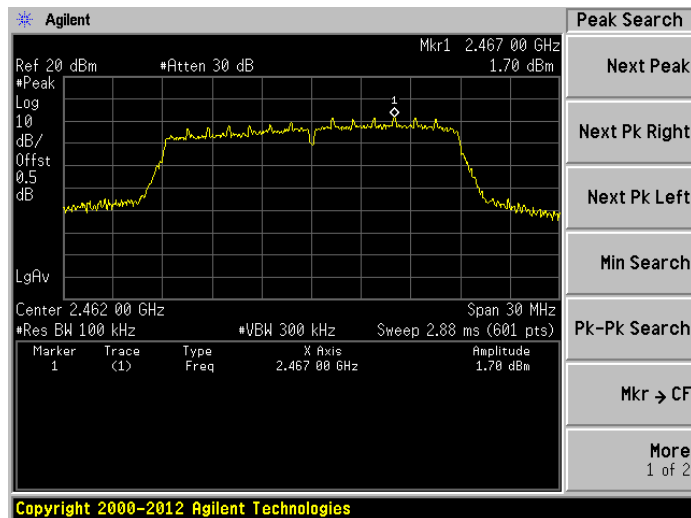
## 802.11n-20 MHz LOW CHANNEL, Reference level



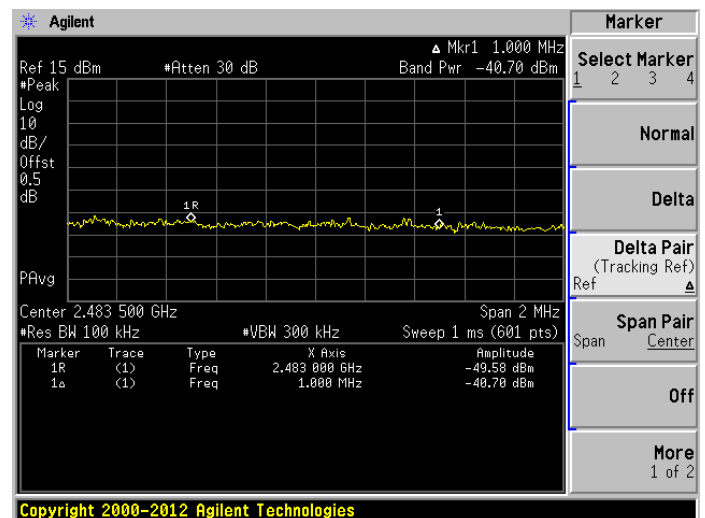
## 802.11n-20 MHz LOW CHANNEL, Band Edge



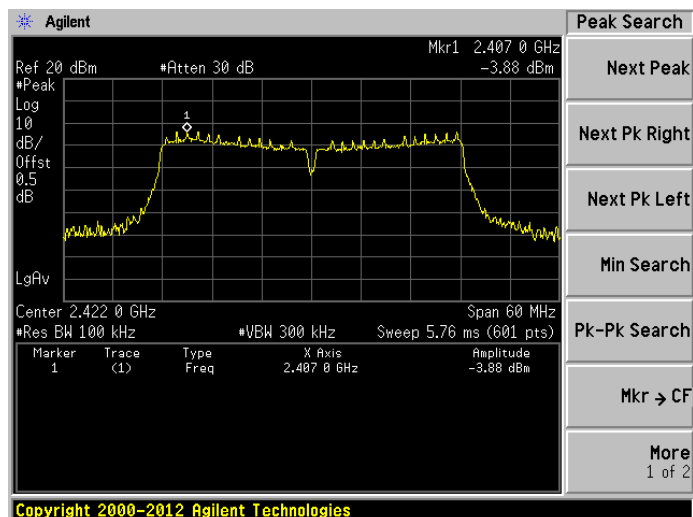
## 802.11n-20 MHz HIGH CHANNEL, Carrier level



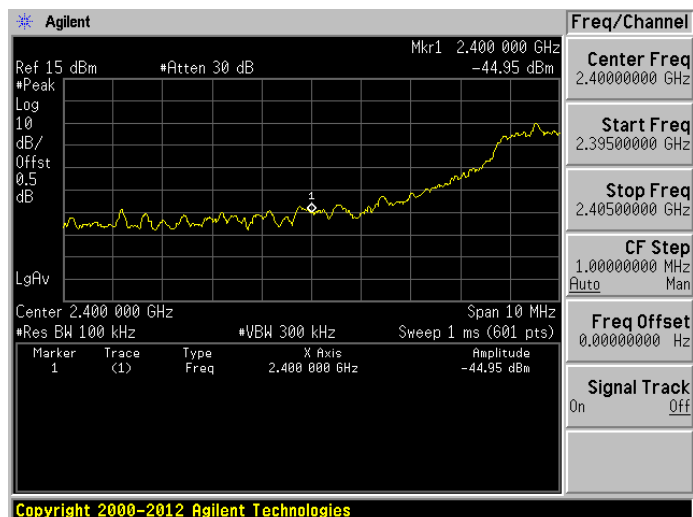
## 802.11n-20 MHz HIGH CHANNEL, Band Edge



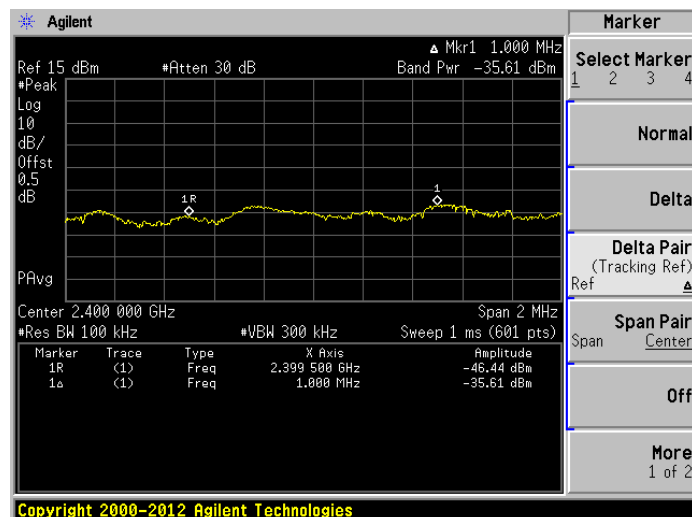
## 802.11n-40 MHz LOW CHANNEL, Carrier level



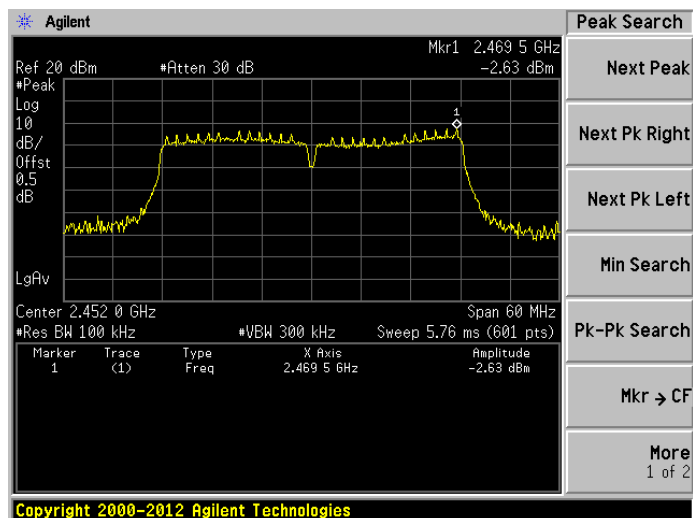
## 802.11n-40 MHz LOW CHANNEL, Reference level



## 802.11n-40 MHz LOW CHANNEL, Band Edge

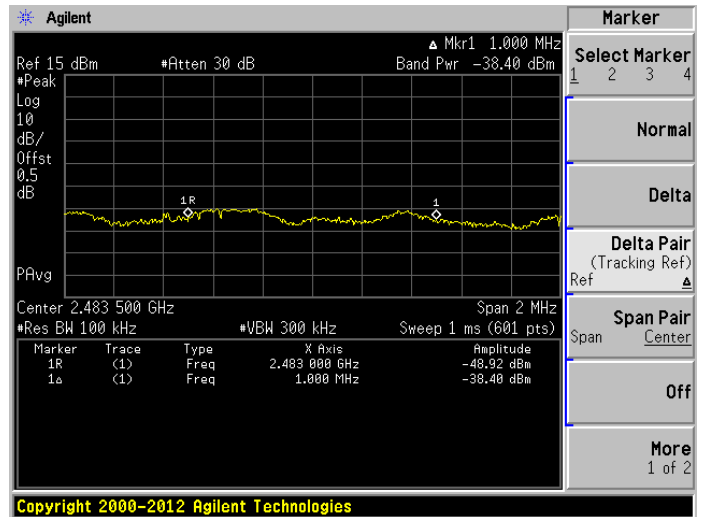
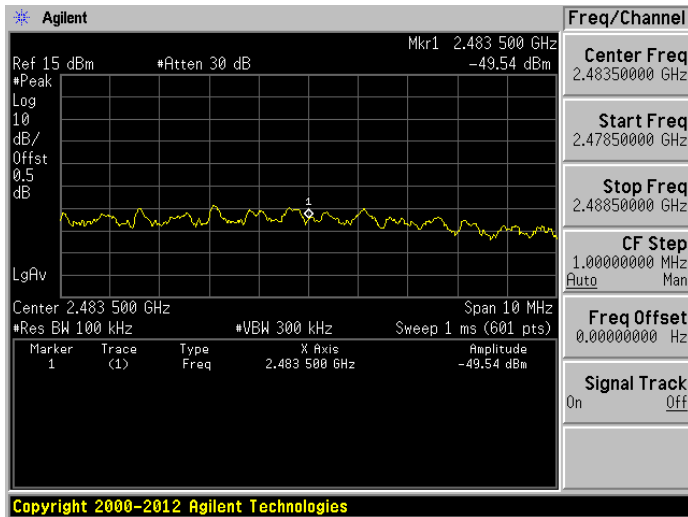


## 802.11n-40 MHz HIGH CHANNEL, Carrier level



## 802.11n-40 MHz HIGH CHANNEL, Reference level

## 802.11n-40 MHz HIGH CHANNEL, Band Edge



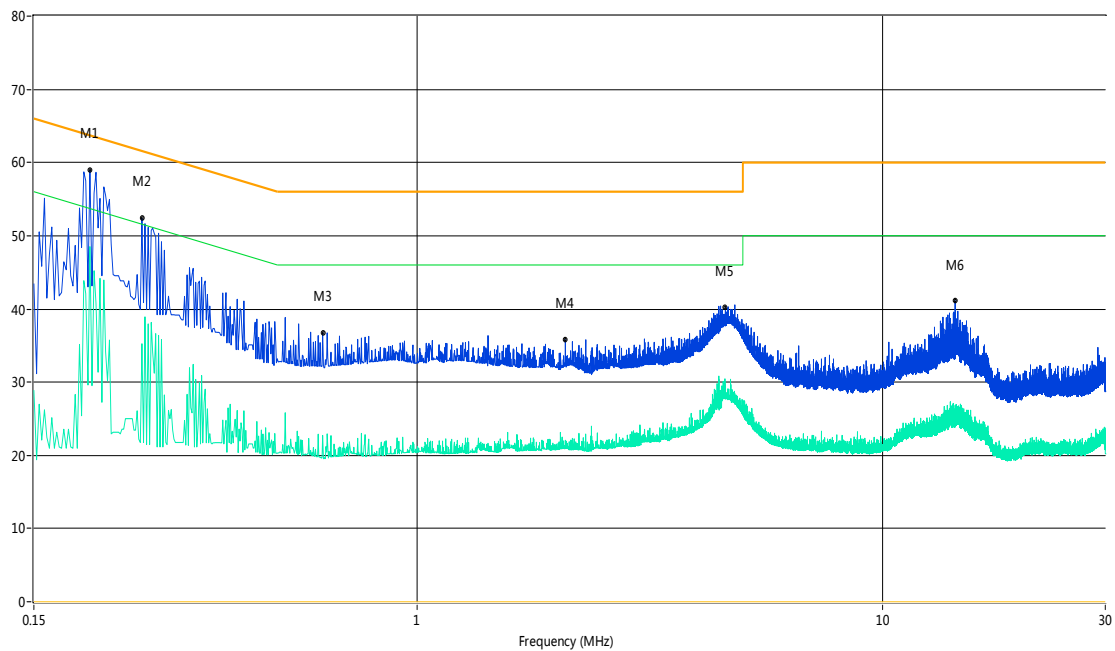
## A.5 Conducted Emissions

Note: All configurations have been tested, only the worst configuration (802.11b High Channel) shown here.

Note 2: Devices subject to Part 15 must be tested for all available U.S. voltages and frequencies (such as a nominal 120 VAC, 60 Hz and 240 VAC, 50 Hz) for which the device is capable of operation. So, The configuration 120 VAC, 60 Hz and 240 VAC, 50 Hz were tested respectively, but only the worst configuration (120 VAC, 60 Hz ) shown here.

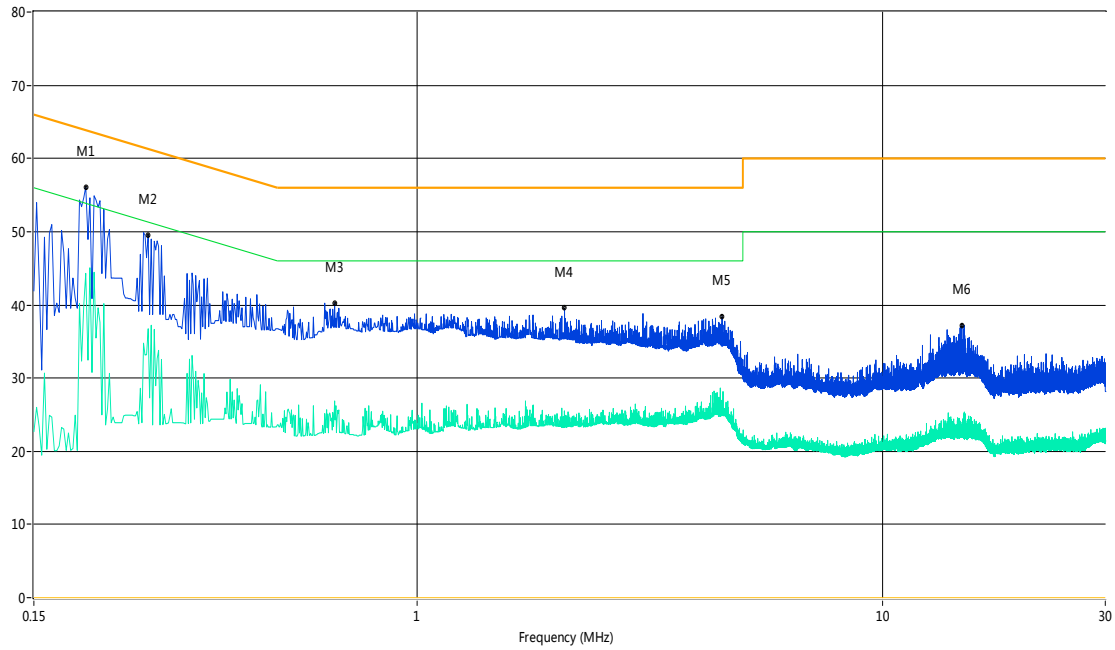
### Test Data and Plots

#### PHASE L



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Line	Verdict
1	0.20	59.0	11.00	64.6	5.60	Peak	L Line	Pass
1**	0.20	48.5	11.00	54.6	6.10	AV	L Line	Pass
2	0.26	52.4	11.00	63.0	10.60	Peak	L Line	Pass
2**	0.26	35.2	11.00	53.0	17.80	AV	L Line	Pass
3	0.63	36.7	11.00	56.0	19.30	Peak	L Line	Pass
3**	0.63	22.7	11.00	46.0	23.30	AV	L Line	Pass
4	2.08	35.8	11.00	56.0	20.20	Peak	L Line	Pass
4**	2.08	22.1	11.00	46.0	23.90	AV	L Line	Pass
5	4.58	40.3	11.00	56.0	15.70	Peak	L Line	Pass
5**	4.58	28.4	11.00	46.0	17.60	AV	L Line	Pass
6	14.29	41.1	11.00	60.0	18.90	Peak	L Line	Pass
6**	14.29	26.8	11.00	50.0	23.20	AV	L Line	Pass

# PHASE N



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Line	Verdict
1	0.19	56.1	11.00	64.7	8.60	Peak	N Line	Pass
1**	0.19	44.3	11.00	54.7	10.40	AV	N Line	Pass
2	0.26	49.6	11.00	62.7	13.10	Peak	N Line	Pass
2**	0.26	36.7	11.00	52.7	16.00	AV	N Line	Pass
3	0.66	40.2	11.00	56.0	15.80	Peak	N Line	Pass
3**	0.66	26.9	11.00	46.0	19.10	AV	N Line	Pass
4	2.07	39.5	11.00	56.0	16.50	Peak	N Line	Pass
4**	2.07	22.9	11.00	46.0	23.10	AV	N Line	Pass
5	4.51	38.4	11.00	56.0	17.60	Peak	N Line	Pass
5**	4.51	26.5	11.00	46.0	19.50	AV	N Line	Pass
6	14.76	37.1	11.00	60.0	22.90	Peak	N Line	Pass
6**	14.76	22.4	11.00	50.0	27.60	AV	N Line	Pass

## A.6 Radiated Emission

Note: Below the 1 GHz, all configurations have been tested, only the worst configuration (802.11b: Low channel) shown here.

### Antenna-port Conducted test data

$$E = \text{EIRP} - 20\log D + 104.8$$

where:

E = electric field strength in dB $\mu$ V/m,

EIRP = equivalent isotropic radiated power in dBm

D = specified measurement distance in meters.

EIRP= Measure Conducted output power Value (dBm) + Maximum transmit antenna gain (dBi) + The appropriate maximum ground reflection factor (dB)

Note: All configure were tested but only the worst data (802.11b Low Channel) was reported in this report.

The EIRP based on the measured conducted power, the upper bound on antenna gain for a device with a single RF output shall be selected as the maximum in-band gain of the antenna across all operating bands, or 2dBi, whichever is greater.

And the maximum in-band gain of the antenna is 1.62 dBi.

Note 1: The frequency is fundamental signal which can be ignored.

Note 2: Which frequency is not within a restricted band, and its limit line is 20dB below the highest emission level.

Note 3: Average measurement was not performed if peak level went lower than the average limit.

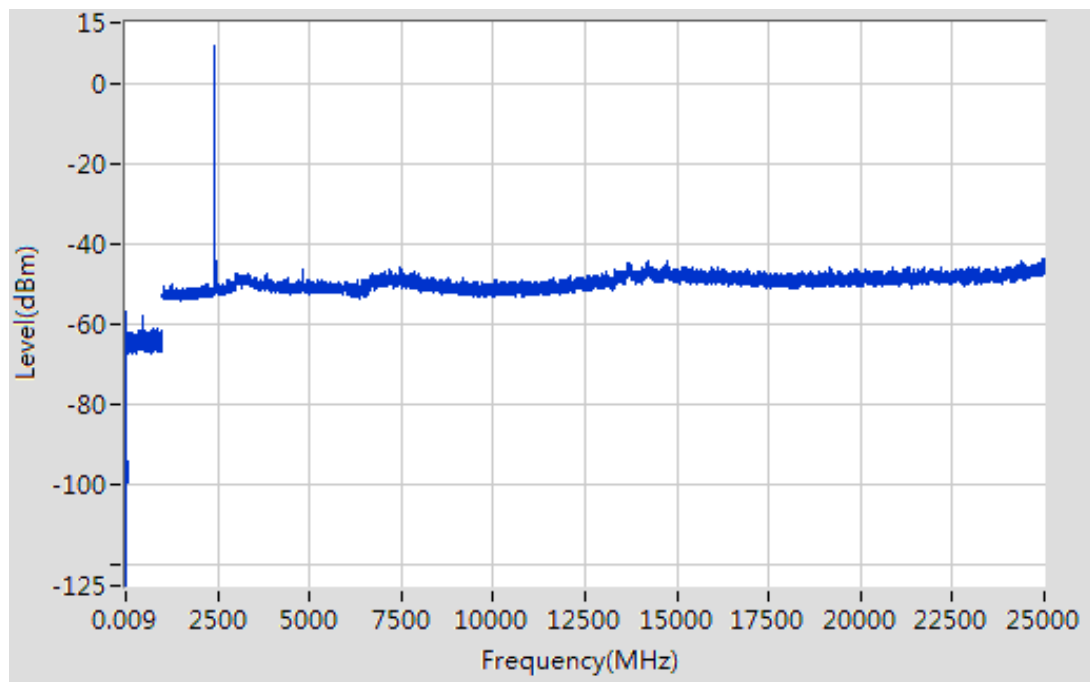
Note 4: The harmonic (3th ,4th , 5th,...etc.) and other spurious are not reported, because those levels are lower than average limit line and background noise

### 802.11b: LOW CHANNEL

Frequency (MHz)	Value (dBm)	Ground Reflection Factor (dB)	D (m)	Max gain (dBi)	Detector	E (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Verdict
0.021	-94.24	6	3	2	QP	9.018	86.278	77.260	Note 2	Pass
3.001	-56.79	6	3	2	QP	46.468	86.278	39.810	Note 2	Pass
451.290	-57.85	4.7	3	2	QP	44.108	86.278	42.170	Note 2	Pass
848.070	-60.99	4.7	3	2	QP	40.968	86.278	45.310	Note 2	Pass
2410.705	9.02	0	3	2	PK	106.278	N/A	N/A	Note 1	N/A
	9.02		3	2	AV	106.278	N/A	N/A		N/A
4823.608	-46.38	0	3	2	PK	50.878	74.000	23.122		Pass
	N/A		3	2	AV	N/A	54.000	N/A		Pass
24968.988	-43.64	0	3	2	PK	53.618	86.278	32.660	Note 2	Pass
	N/A		3	2	AV	N/A	66.278	N/A	Note 3	Pass

Test Plots

## LOW CHANNEL





The EIRP based on the measured conducted power, the upper bound on antenna gain for a device with a single RF output shall be selected as the maximum in-band gain of the antenna across all operating bands, or 2dBi, whichever is greater.

And the maximum in-band gain of the antenna is 1.62 dBi.

Note 1: The frequency is fundamental signal which can be ignored.

Note 2: Which frequency is not within a restricted band, and its limit line is 20dB below the highest emission level.

Note 3: Average measurement was not performed if peak level went lower than the average limit.

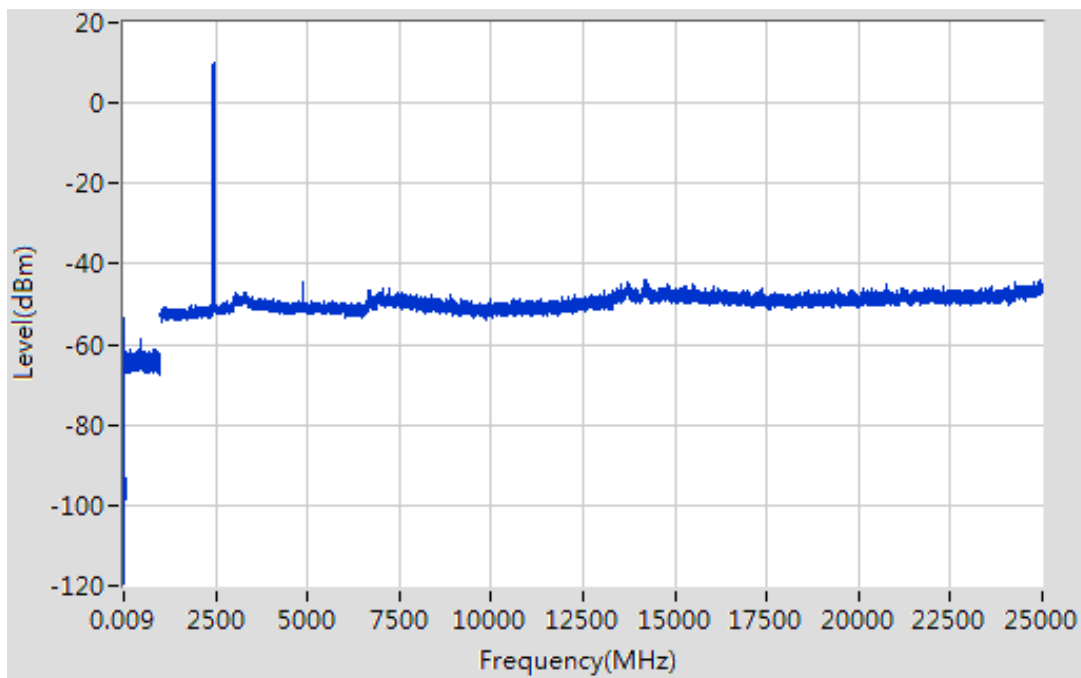
Note 4: The harmonic (3th ,4th , 5th,...etc.) and other spurious are not reported, because those levels are lower than average limit line and background noise

#### 802.11b: MIDDLE CHANNEL

Frequency (MHz)	Value (dBm)	Ground Reflection Factor (dB)	D (m)	Max gain (dBi)	Detector	E (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Verdict
0.012	-83.94	6	3	2	QP	19.318	87.368	68.050	Note 2	Pass
3.001	-53.57	6	3	2	QP	49.688	87.368	37.680	Note 2	Pass
476.295	-58.78	4.7	3	2	QP	43.178	87.368	44.190	Note 2	Pass
848.870	-61.01	4.7	3	2	QP	40.948	87.368	46.420	Note 2	Pass
2437.719	10.11	0	3	2	PK	107.368	N/A	N/A	Note 1	N/A
	10.11		3	2	AV	107.368	N/A	N/A		N/A
4873.625	-44.36	0	3	2	PK	52.898	74.000	21.102	--	Pass
	-50.67		3	2	AV	46.588	54.000	7.412		Pass
14197.001	-43.83	0	3	2	PK	53.428	87.368	33.940	Note 2	Pass
	N/A		3	2	AV	N/A	67.368	N/A	Note 3	Pass

#### Test Plots

##### MIDDLE CHANNEL



The EIRP based on the measured conducted power, the upper bound on antenna gain for a device with a single RF output shall be selected as the maximum in-band gain of the antenna across all operating bands, or 2dBi, whichever is greater.

And the maximum in-band gain of the antenna is 1.62 dBi.

Note 1: The frequency is fundamental signal which can be ignored.

Note 2: Which frequency is not within a restricted band, and its limit line is 20dB below the highest emission level.

Note 3: Average measurement was not performed if peak level went lower than the average limit.

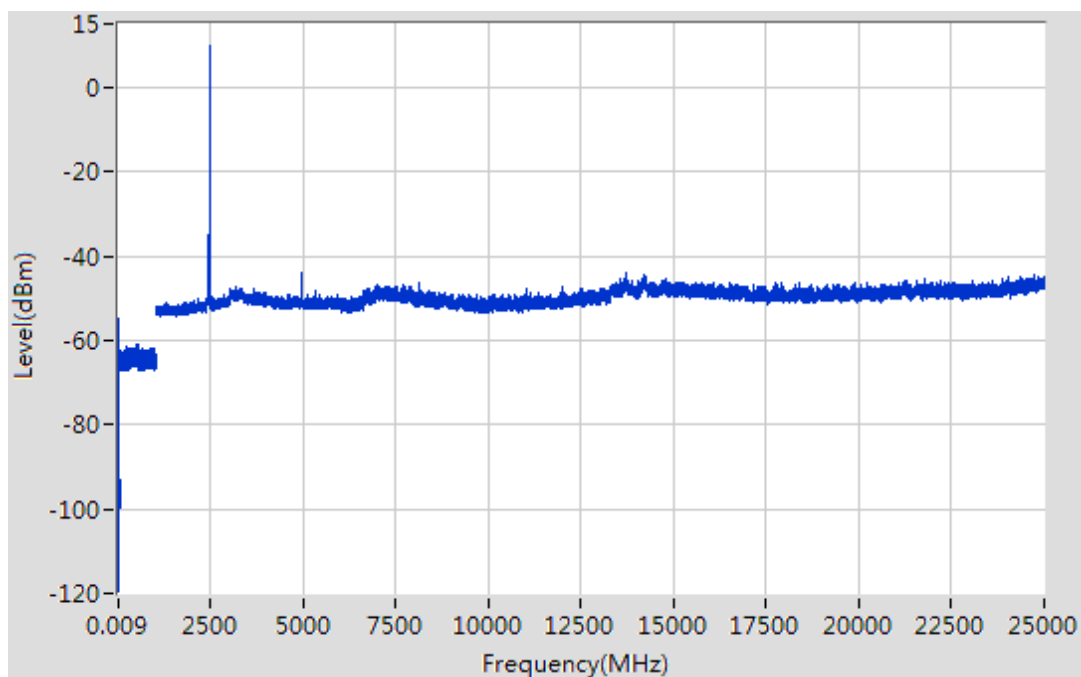
Note 4: The harmonic (3th ,4th , 5th,...etc.) and other spurious are not reported, because those levels are lower than average limit line and background noise

#### 802.11b: HIGH CHANNEL

Frequency (MHz)	Value (dBm)	Ground Reflection Factor (dB)	D (m)	Max gain (dBi)	Detector	E (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Verdict
0.009	-84.19	6	3	2	QP	19.068	87.198	68.130	Note 2	Pass
3.001	-54.91	6	3	2	QP	48.348	87.198	38.850	Note 2	Pass
494.499	-61.22	4.7	3	2	QP	40.738	87.198	46.460	Note 2	Pass
532.507	-61.10	4.7	3	2	QP	40.858	87.198	46.340	Note 2	Pass
2463.732	9.94	0	3	2	PK	107.198	N/A	N/A	Note 1	N/A
	9.94		3	2	AV	107.198	N/A	N/A		N/A
4923.641	-44.13	0	3	2	PK	53.128	74.000	20.872	--	Pass
	-50.76		3	2	AV	46.498	54.000	7.502		Pass
13683.938	-44.02	0	3	2	PK	53.238	87.198	33.960	Note 2	Pass
	N/A		3	2	AV	N/A	67.198	N/A	Note 3	Pass

#### Test Plots

##### HIGH CHANNEL



The EIRP based on the measured conducted power, the upper bound on antenna gain for a device with a single RF output shall be selected as the maximum in-band gain of the antenna across all operating bands, or 2dBi, whichever is greater.

And the maximum in-band gain of the antenna is 1.62 dBi.

Note 1: The frequency is fundamental signal which can be ignored.

Note 2: Which frequency is not within a restricted band, and its limit line is 20dB below the highest emission level.

Note 3: Average measurement was not performed if peak level went lower than the average limit.

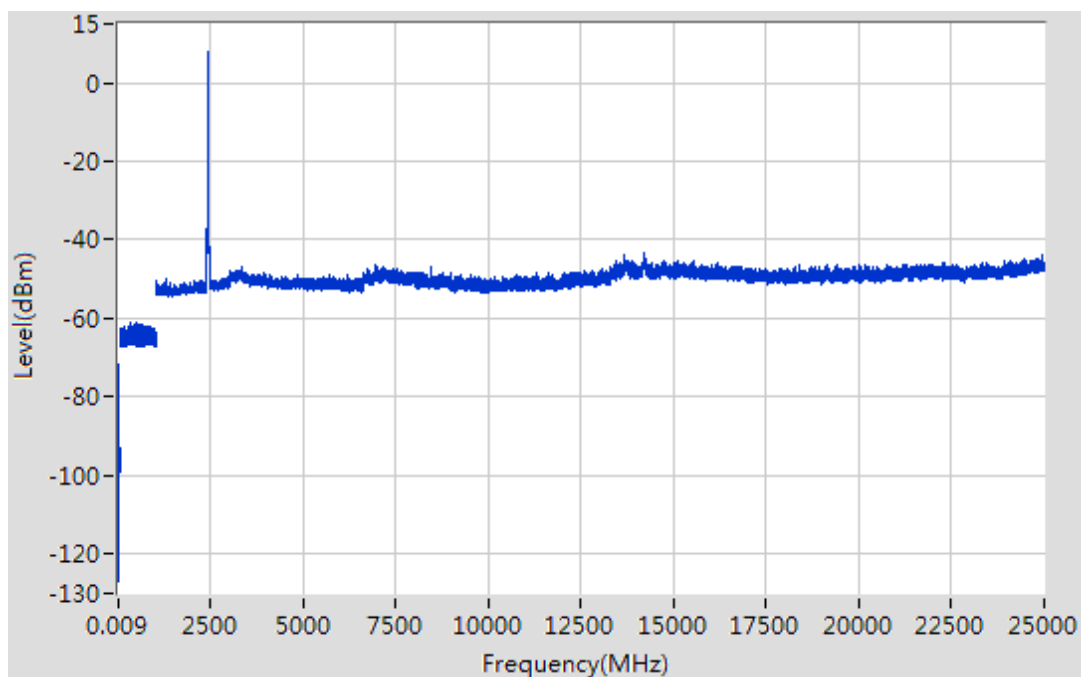
Note 4: The harmonic (3th ,4th , 5th,...etc.) and other spurious are not reported, because those levels are lower than average limit line and background noise

#### 802.11g: LOW CHANNEL

Frequency (MHz)	Value (dBm)	Ground Reflection Factor (dB)	D (m)	Max gain (dBi)	Detector	E (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Verdict
0.009	-85.86	6	3	2	QP	17.398	85.378	67.980	Note 2	Pass
9.743	-71.58	6	3	2	QP	31.678	85.378	53.700	Note 2	Pass
489.498	-60.82	4.7	3	2	QP	41.138	85.378	44.240	Note 2	Pass
623.525	-61.52	4.7	3	2	QP	40.438	85.378	44.940	Note 2	Pass
2411.706	8.12	0	3	2	PK	105.378	N/A	N/A	Note 1	N/A
	7.94		3	2	AV	105.196	N/A	N/A		N/A
3315.105	-46.78	0	3	2	PK	50.478	85.378	34.900	Note 2	Pass
	N/A		3	2	AV	N/A	65.378	N/A	Note 3	Pass
14172.998	-43.14	0	3	2	PK	54.118	85.378	31.260	Note 2	Pass
	N/A		3	2	AV	N/A	65.378	N/A	Note 3	Pass

#### Test Plots

##### LOW CHANNEL



The EIRP based on the measured conducted power, the upper bound on antenna gain for a device with a single RF output shall be selected as the maximum in-band gain of the antenna across all operating bands, or 2dBi, whichever is greater.

And the maximum in-band gain of the antenna is 1.62 dBi.

Note 1: The frequency is fundamental signal which can be ignored.

Note 2: Which frequency is not within a restricted band, and its limit line is 20dB below the highest emission level.

Note 3: Average measurement was not performed if peak level went lower than the average limit.

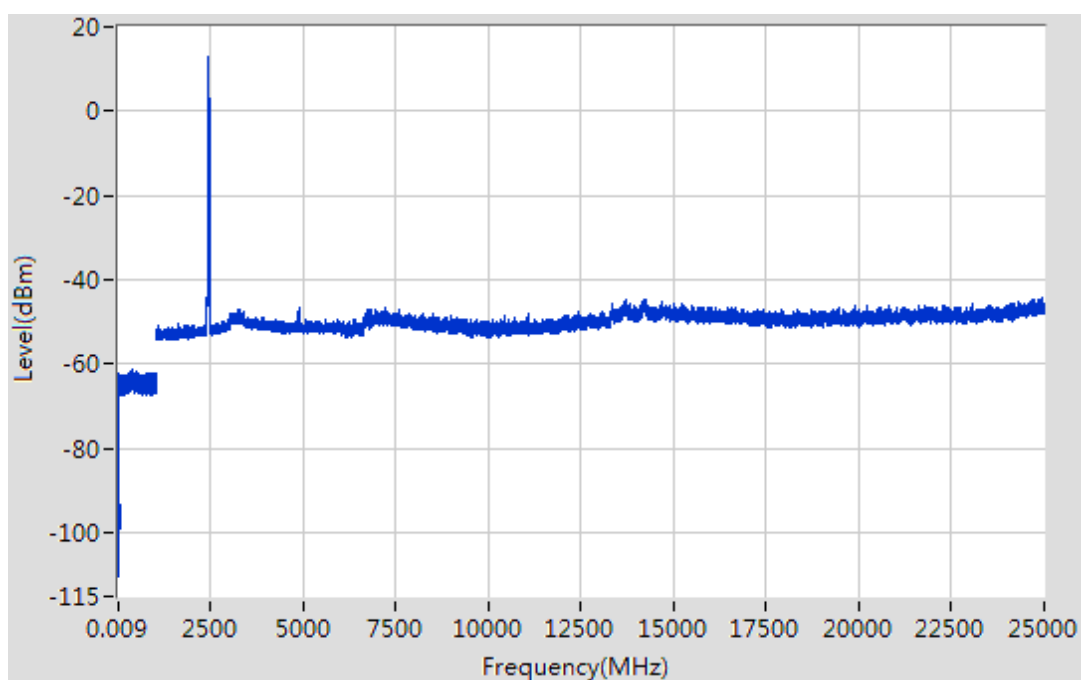
Note 4: The harmonic (3th ,4th , 5th,...etc.) and other spurious are not reported, because those levels are lower than average limit line and background noise

#### 802.11g: MIDDLE CHANNEL

Frequency (MHz)	Value (dBm)	Ground Reflection Factor (dB)	D (m)	Max gain (dBi)	Detector	E (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Verdict
0.009	-76.43	6	3	2	QP	26.828	90.348	63.520	Note 2	Pass
9.753	-61.93	6	3	2	QP	41.328	90.348	49.020	Note 2	Pass
363.671	-61.27	4.7	3	2	QP	40.688	90.348	49.660	Note 2	Pass
919.784	-61.93	4.7	3	2	QP	40.028	90.348	50.320	Note 2	Pass
2438.719	13.09	0	3	2	PK	110.348	N/A	N/A	Note 1	N/A
	12.90		3	2	AV	110.166	N/A	N/A		N/A
4876.624	-46.32	0	3	2	PK	50.938	74.000	23.062	--	Pass
	N/A		3	2	AV	N/A	54.000	N/A	Note 3	Pass
24940.977	-44.26	0	3	2	PK	52.998	90.348	37.350	Note 2	Pass
	N/A		3	2	AV	N/A	70.348	N/A	Note 2	Pass

#### Test Plots

##### MIDDLE CHANNEL



The EIRP based on the measured conducted power, the upper bound on antenna gain for a device with a single RF output shall be selected as the maximum in-band gain of the antenna across all operating bands, or 2dBi, whichever is greater.

And the maximum in-band gain of the antenna is 3 dBi.

Note 1: The frequency is fundamental signal which can be ignored.

Note 2: Which frequency is not within a restricted band, and its limit line is 20dB below the highest emission level.

Note 3: Average measurement was not performed if peak level went lower than the average limit.

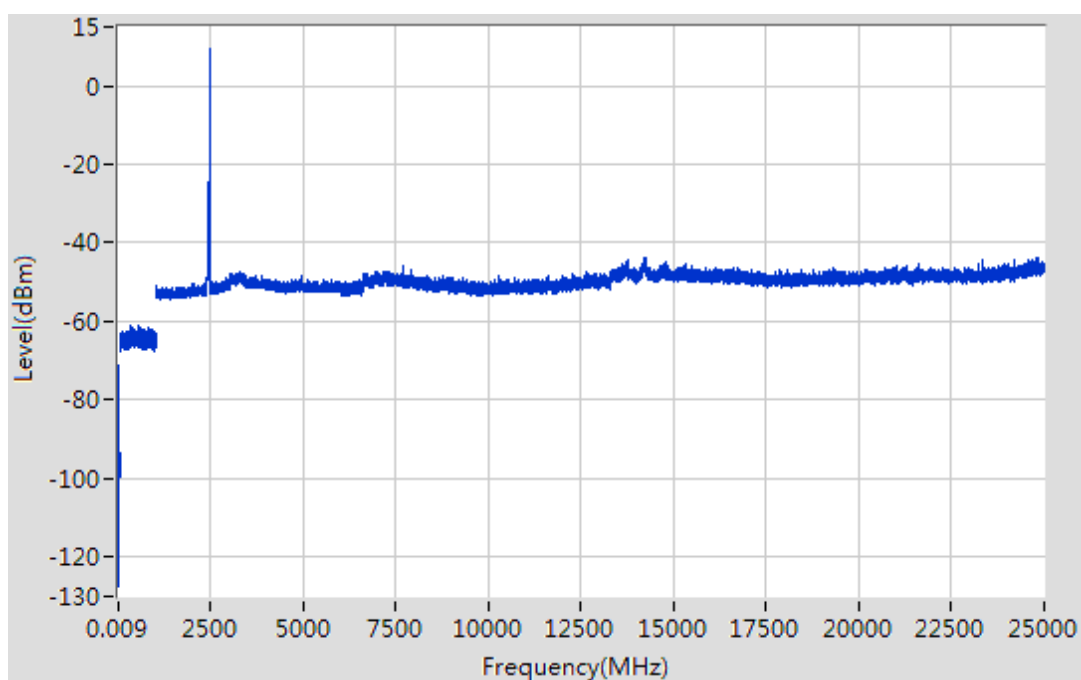
Note 4: The harmonic (3th ,4th , 5th,...etc.) and other spurious are not reported, because those levels are lower than average limit line and background noise

#### 802.11g: HIGH CHANNEL

Frequency (MHz)	Value (dBm)	Ground Reflection Factor (dB)	D (m)	Max gain (dBi)	Detector	E (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Verdict
0.01	-82.18	6	3	2	QP	21.08	86.45	65.37	Note 2	Pass
2.501	-71.21	6	3	2	QP	32.05	86.45	54.40	Note 2	Pass
326.363	-61.22	4.7	3	2	QP	40.74	46.00	5.26	Note 2	Pass
511.702	-61.13	4.7	3	2	QP	40.83	86.45	45.62	Note 2	Pass
2468.734	9.19	0	3	2	PK	106.45	N/A	N/A	Note 1	N/A
	9.01		3	2	AV	106.27	N/A	N/A		N/A
3297.099	-47.39	0	3	2	PK	49.87	86.45	36.58	Note 2	Pass
	N/A		3	2	AV	N/A	66.45	N/A	Note 3	Pass
14185.999	-43.71	0	3	2	PK	53.55	86.45	32.90	Note 2	Pass
	N/A		3	2	AV	N/A	66.45	N/A	Note 3	Pass

#### Test Plots

##### HIGH CHANNEL



The EIRP based on the measured conducted power, the upper bound on antenna gain for a device with a single RF output shall be selected as the maximum in-band gain of the antenna across all operating bands, or 2dBi, whichever is greater.

And the maximum in-band gain of the antenna is 1.62 dBi.

Note 1: The frequency is fundamental signal which can be ignored.

Note 2: Which frequency is not within a restricted band, and its limit line is 20dB below the highest emission level.

Note 3: Average measurement was not performed if peak level went lower than the average limit.

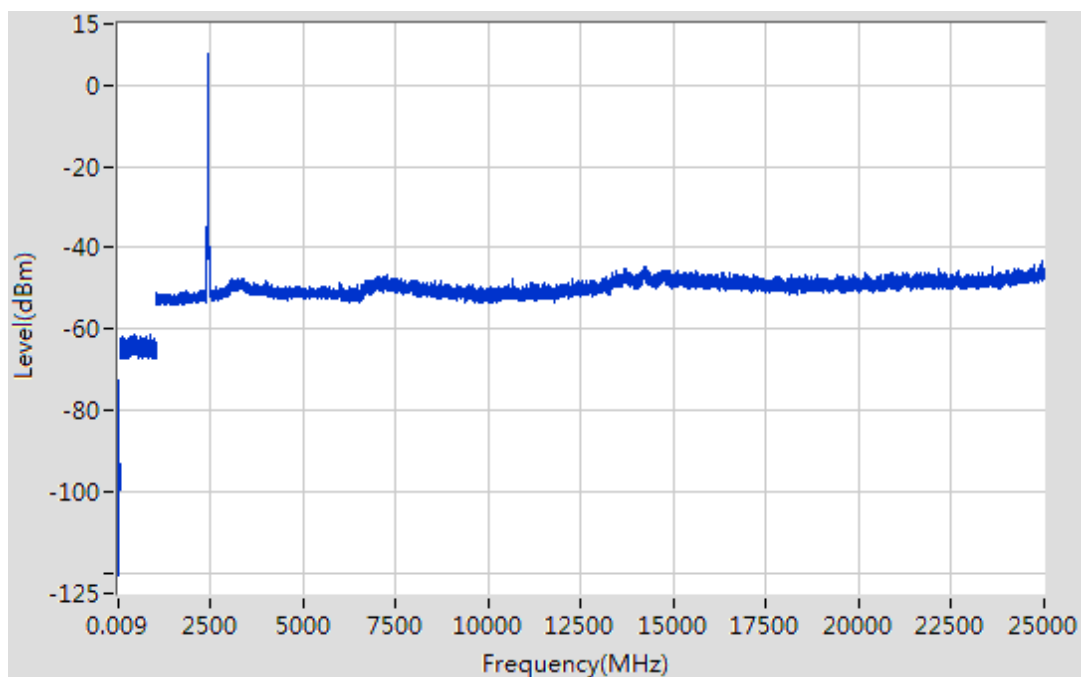
Note 4: The harmonic (3th ,4th , 5th,...etc.) and other spurious are not reported, because those levels are lower than average limit line and background noise

#### 802.11n20: LOW CHANNEL

Frequency (MHz)	Value (dBm)	Ground Reflection Factor (dB)	D (m)	Max gain (dBi)	Detector	E (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Verdict
0.009	-85.69	6	3	2	QP	17.568	84.938	67.370	Note 2	Pass
2.501	-72.66	6	3	2	QP	30.598	84.938	54.340	Note 2	Pass
416.082	-61.28	4.7	3	2	QP	40.678	84.938	44.260	Note 2	Pass
861.072	-61.34	4.7	3	2	QP	40.618	84.938	44.320	Note 2	Pass
2408.704	7.68	0	3	2	PK	104.938	N/A	N/A	Note 1	N/A
	7.50		3	2	AV	104.761	N/A	N/A		N/A
3319.106	-47.59	0	3	2	PK	49.668	84.938	35.270	Note 2	Pass
	N/A		3	2	AV	N/A	64.938	N/A	Note 3	Pass
24963.986	-43.10	0	3	2	PK	54.158	84.938	30.780	Note 2	Pass
	N/A		3	2	AV	N/A	64.938	N/A	Note 3	Pass

#### Test Plots

##### LOW CHANNEL



The EIRP based on the measured conducted power, the upper bound on antenna gain for a device with a single RF output shall be selected as the maximum in-band gain of the antenna across all operating bands, or 2dBi, whichever is greater.

And the maximum in-band gain of the antenna is 1.62 dBi.

Note 1: The frequency is fundamental signal which can be ignored.

Note 2: Which frequency is not within a restricted band, and its limit line is 20dB below the highest emission level.

Note 3: Average measurement was not performed if peak level went lower than the average limit.

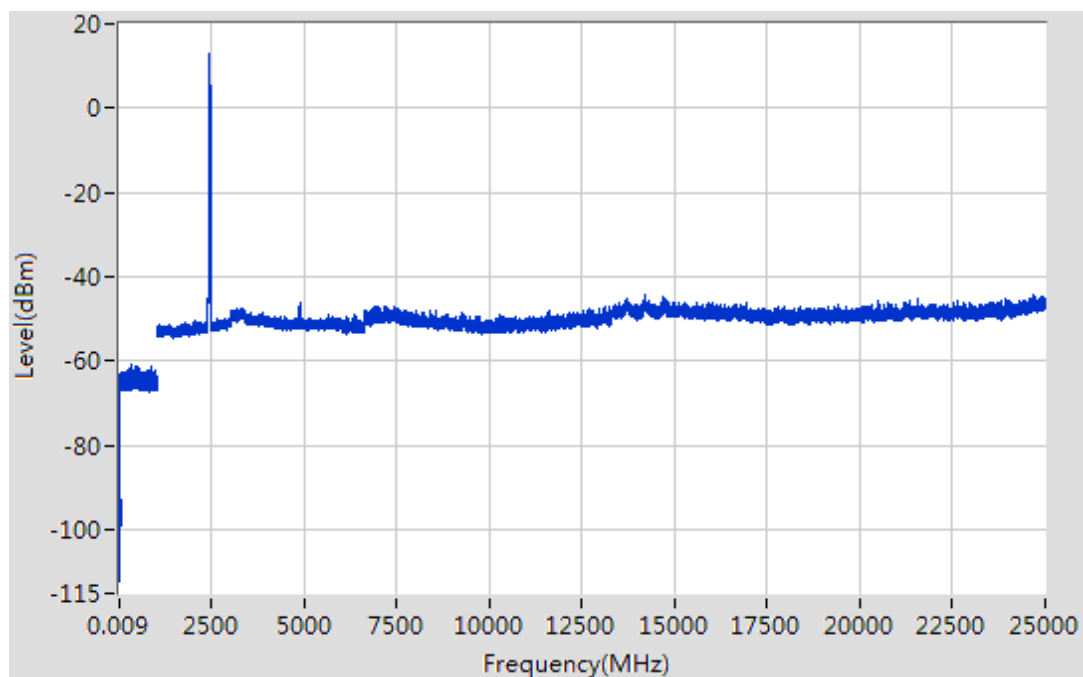
Note 4: The harmonic (3th ,4th , 5th,...etc.) and other spurious are not reported, because those levels are lower than average limit line and background noise

#### 802.11n20: MIDDLE CHANNEL

Frequency (MHz)	Value (dBm)	Ground Reflection Factor (dB)	D (m)	Max gain (dBi)	Detector	E (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Verdict
0.01	-75.76	6	3	2	QP	27.498	90.038	62.540	Note 2	Pass
1.000	-63.30	6	3	2	QP	39.958	90.038	50.080	Note 2	Pass
337.565	-60.93	4.7	3	2	QP	41.028	90.038	49.010	Note 2	Pass
871.274	-61.01	4.7	3	2	QP	40.948	90.038	49.090	Note 2	Pass
2438.719	12.78	0	3	2	PK	110.038	N/A	N/A	Note 1	N/A
	12.60		3	2	AV	109.861	N/A	N/A		N/A
4879.627	-46.00	0	3	2	PK	51.258	74.000	22.742	--	Pass
	-52.28		3	2	AV	44.978	54.000	9.022		Pass
24661.871	-43.98	0	3	2	PK	53.278	90.038	36.760	Note 2	Pass
	N/A		3	2	AV	N/A	70.038	N/A	Note 3	Pass

#### Test Plots

##### MIDDLE CHANNEL



The EIRP based on the measured conducted power, the upper bound on antenna gain for a device with a single RF output shall be selected as the maximum in-band gain of the antenna across all operating bands, or 2dBi, whichever is greater.

And the maximum in-band gain of the antenna is 1.62 dBi.

Note 1: The frequency is fundamental signal which can be ignored.

Note 2: Which frequency is not within a restricted band, and its limit line is 20dB below the highest emission level.

Note 3: Average measurement was not performed if peak level went lower than the average limit.

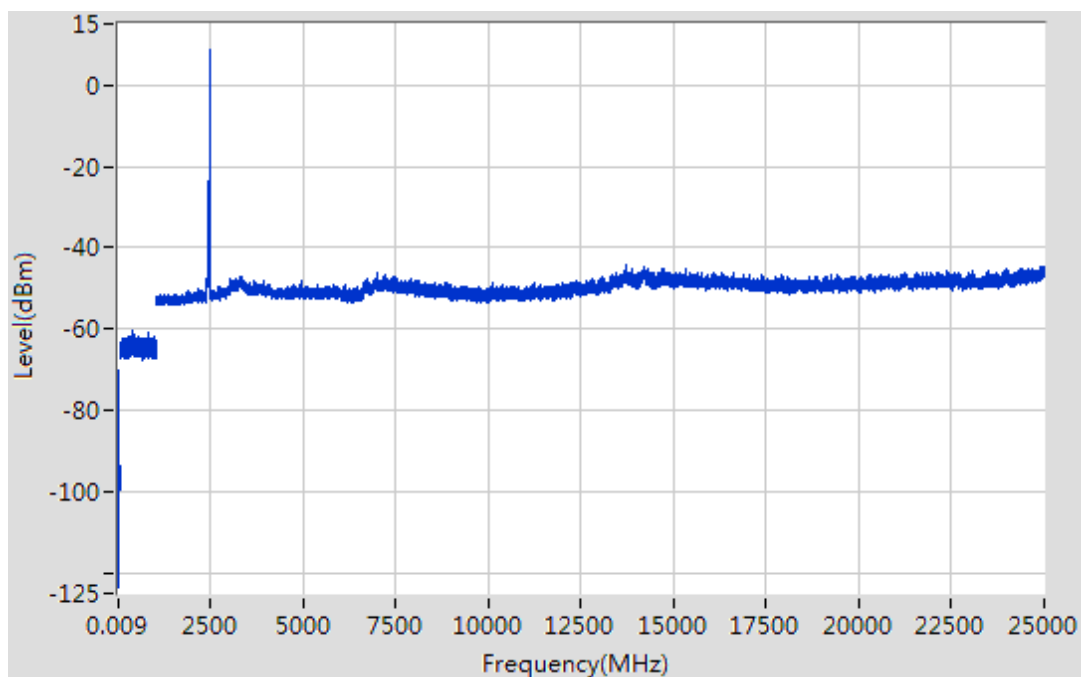
Note 4: The harmonic (3th ,4th , 5th,...etc.) and other spurious are not reported, because those levels are lower than average limit line and background noise

#### 802.11n20: HIGH CHANNEL

Frequency (MHz)	Value (dBm)	Ground Reflection Factor (dB)	D (m)	Max gain (dBi)	Detector	E (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Verdict
0.010	-83.18	6	3	2	QP	20.078	85.788	65.710	Note 2	Pass
1.000	-70.06	6	3	2	QP	33.198	85.788	52.590	Note 2	Pass
384.275	-60.17	4.7	3	2	QP	41.788	85.788	44.000	Note 2	Pass
812.663	-60.65	4.7	3	2	QP	41.308	85.788	44.480	Note 2	Pass
2467.734	8.53	0	3	2	PK	105.788	N/A	N/A	Note 1	N/A
	8.35		3	2	AV	105.611	N/A	N/A		N/A
3324.108	-47.02	0	3	2	PK	50.238	85.788	35.550	Note 2	Pass
	N/A		3	2	AV	N/A	65.788	N/A	Note 3	Pass
13701.940	-44.37	0	3	2	PK	52.888	85.788	32.900	Note 2	Pass
	N/A		3	2	AV	N/A	65.788	N/A	Note 3	Pass

#### Test Plots

##### HIGH CHANNEL





The EIRP based on the measured conducted power, the upper bound on antenna gain for a device with a single RF output shall be selected as the maximum in-band gain of the antenna across all operating bands, or 2dBi, whichever is greater.

And the maximum in-band gain of the antenna is 1.62 dBi.

Note 1: The frequency is fundamental signal which can be ignored.

Note 2: Which frequency is not within a restricted band, and its limit line is 20dB below the highest emission level.

Note 3: Average measurement was not performed if peak level went lower than the average limit.

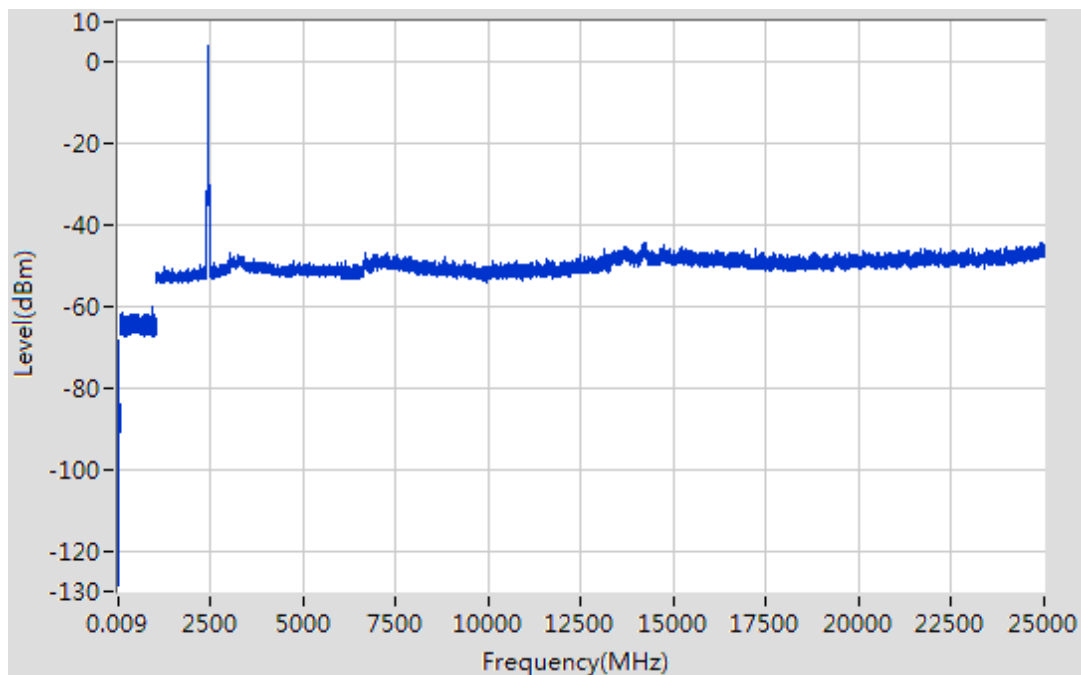
Note 4: The harmonic (3th ,4th , 5th,...etc.) and other spurious are not reported, because those levels are lower than average limit line and background noise

#### 802.11n40: LOW CHANNEL

Frequency (MHz)	Value (dBm)	Ground Reflection Factor (dB)	D (m)	Max gain (dBi)	Detector	E (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Verdict
0.010	-83.04	6	3	2	QP	20.218	81.468	61.250	Note 2	Pass
19.997	-68.36	6	3	2	QP	34.898	81.468	46.570	Note 2	Pass
115.718	-61.62	4.7	3	2	QP	40.338	43.500	3.162	Note 2	Pass
892.378	-59.85	4.7	3	2	QP	42.108	81.468	39.360	Note 2	Pass
2407.704	4.21	0	3	2	PK	101.468	N/A	N/A	Note 1	N/A
	3.88		3	2	AV	101.138	N/A	N/A		N/A
3014.005	-46.97	0	3	2	PK	50.288	81.468	31.180	Note 2	Pass
	N/A		3	2	AV	N/A	61.468	N/A	Note 3	Pass
14183.999	-44.12	0	3	2	PK	53.138	81.468	28.330	Note 2	Pass
	N/A		3	2	AV	N/A	61.468	N/A	Note 3	Pass

#### Test Plots

##### LOW CHANNEL



The EIRP based on the measured conducted power, the upper bound on antenna gain for a device with a single RF output shall be selected as the maximum in-band gain of the antenna across all operating bands, or 2dBi, whichever is greater.

And the maximum in-band gain of the antenna is 3 dBi.

Note 1: The frequency is fundamental signal which can be ignored.

Note 2: Which frequency is not within a restricted band, and its limit line is 20dB below the highest emission level.

Note 3: Average measurement was not performed if peak level went lower than the average limit.

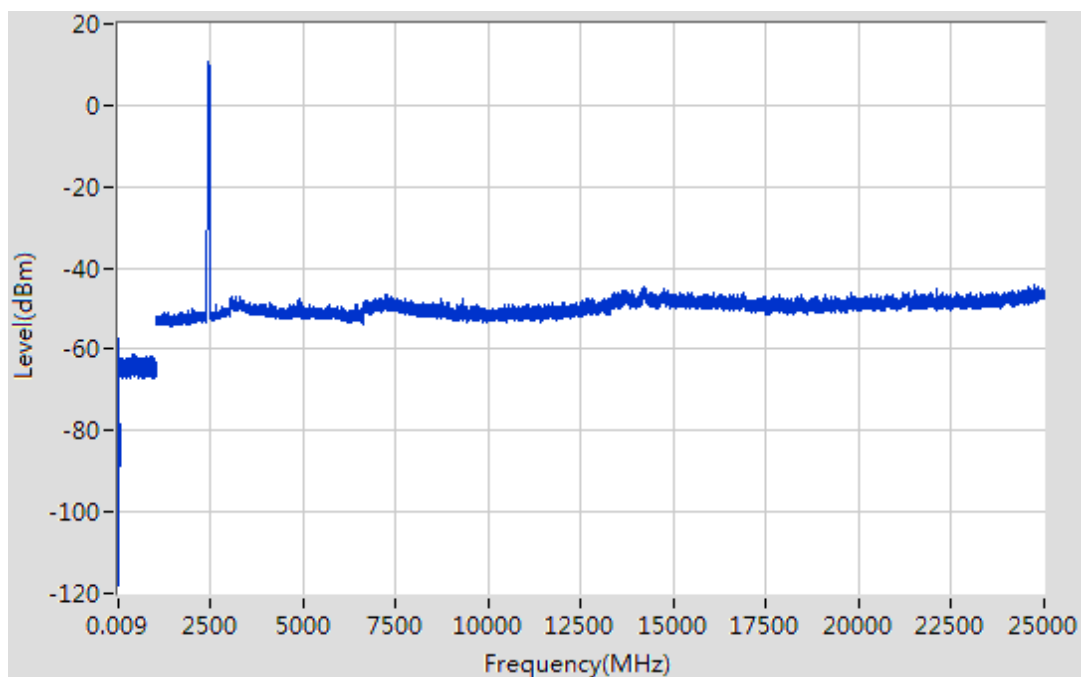
Note 4: The harmonic (3th ,4th , 5th,...etc.) and other spurious are not reported, because those levels are lower than average limit line and background noise

#### 802.11n40: MIDDLE CHANNEL

Frequency (MHz)	Value (dBm)	Ground Reflection Factor (dB)	D (m)	Max gain (dBi)	Detector	E (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Verdict
0.010	-70.59	6	3	2	QP	32.668	88.198	55.530	Note 2	Pass
20.007	-57.40	6	3	2	QP	45.858	88.198	42.340	Note 2	Pass
350.068	-61.13	4.7	3	2	QP	40.828	88.198	47.370	Note 2	Pass
838.568	-61.56	4.7	3	2	QP	40.398	88.198	47.800	Note 2	Pass
2439.720	10.94	0	3	2	PK	108.198	N/A	N/A	Note 1	N/A
	10.61		3	2	AV	107.868	N/A	N/A		N/A
3189.063	-46.92	0	3	2	PK	50.338	88.198	37.860	Note 2	Pass
	N/A		3	2	AV	N/A	68.198	N/A	Note 3	Pass
24723.894	-44.37	0	3	2	PK	52.888	88.198	35.310	Note 2	Pass
	N/A		3	2	AV	N/A	68.198	N/A	Note 3	Pass

#### Test Plots

##### MIDDLE CHANNEL



The EIRP based on the measured conducted power, the upper bound on antenna gain for a device with a single RF output shall be selected as the maximum in-band gain of the antenna across all operating bands, or 2dBi, whichever is greater.

And the maximum in-band gain of the antenna is 1.62 dBi.

Note 1: The frequency is fundamental signal which can be ignored.

Note 2: Which frequency is not within a restricted band, and its limit line is 20dB below the highest emission level.

Note 3: Average measurement was not performed if peak level went lower than the average limit.

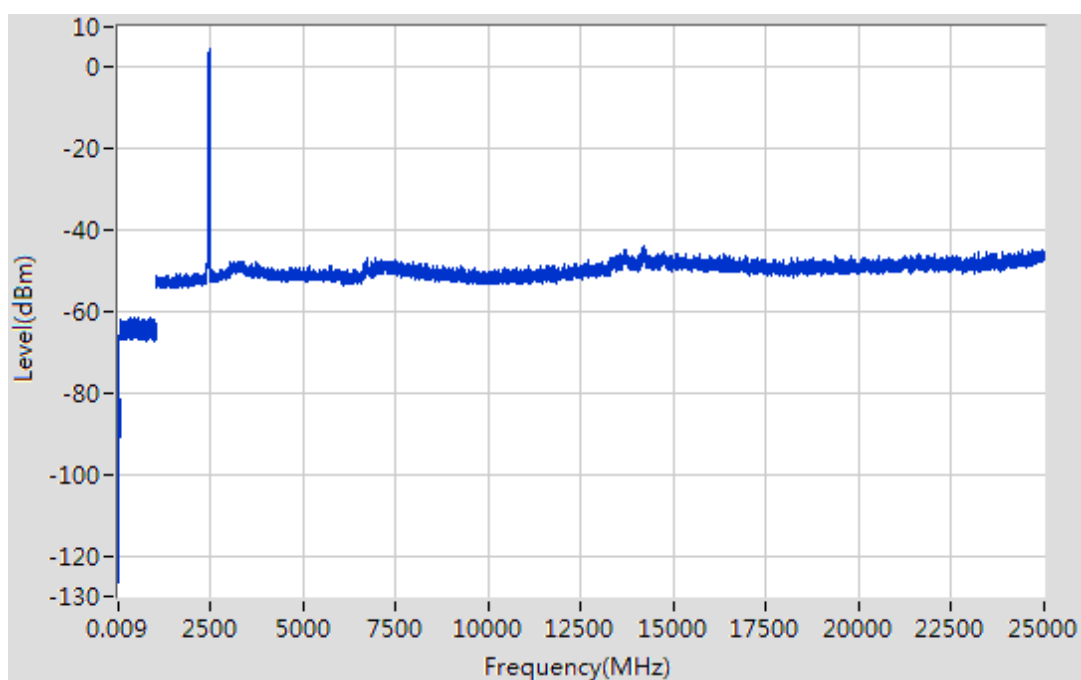
Note 4: The harmonic (3th ,4th , 5th,...etc.) and other spurious are not reported, because those levels are lower than average limit line and background noise

#### 802.11n40: HIGH CHANNEL

Frequency (MHz)	Value (dBm)	Ground Reflection Factor (dB)	D (m)	Max gain (dBi)	Detector	E (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Verdict
0.010	-80.90	6	3	2	QP	22.358	81.758	59.400	Note 2	Pass
19.997	-65.81	6	3	2	QP	37.448	81.758	44.310	Note 2	Pass
414.182	-61.33	4.7	3	2	QP	40.628	81.758	41.130	Note 2	Pass
838.568	-61.38	4.7	3	2	QP	40.578	81.758	41.180	Note 2	Pass
2468.734	4.50	0	3	2	PK	101.758	N/A	N/A	Note 1	N/A
	4.17		3	2	AV	101.428	N/A	N/A		N/A
3313.104	-47.74	0	3	2	PK	49.518	81.758	32.240	Note 2	Pass
	N/A		3	2	AV	N/A	61.758	N/A	Note 3	Pass
14214.003	-43.84	0	3	2	PK	53.418	81.758	28.340	Note 2	Pass
	N/A		3	2	AV	N/A	61.758	N/A	Note 3	Pass

#### Test Plots

##### HIGH CHANNEL



## Cabinet Radiated spurious emission test

Note 1: The symbol of “--” in the table which means not application.

Note 2: For the test data above 1 GHz, According the ANSI C63.10-2013, where limits are specified for both average and peak (or quasi-peak) detector functions, if the peak (or quasi-peak) measured value complies with the average limit, it is unnecessary to perform an average measurement.

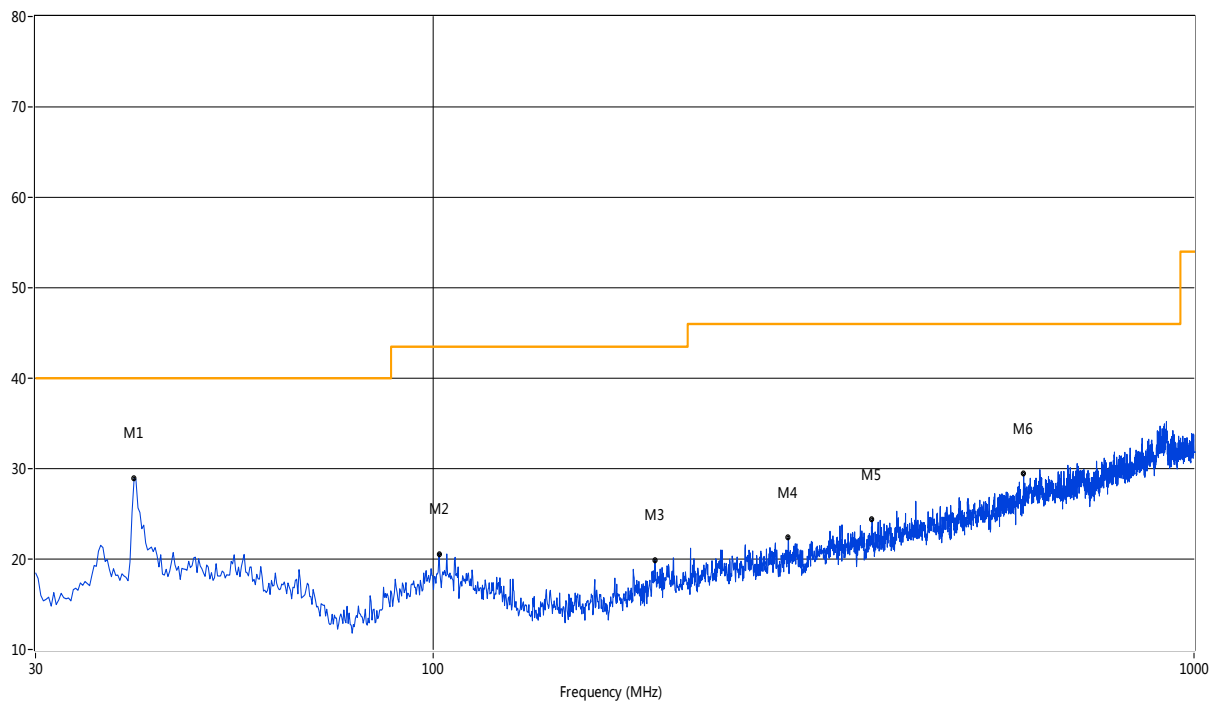
Note 3: The low frequency, which started from 9 kHz to 30 MHz, was pre-scanned and the result which was 20 dB lower than the limit line per 15.31(o) was not reported.

Note 4: The EUT is working in the Normal link mode below 1 GHz.

## Test Data and Plots

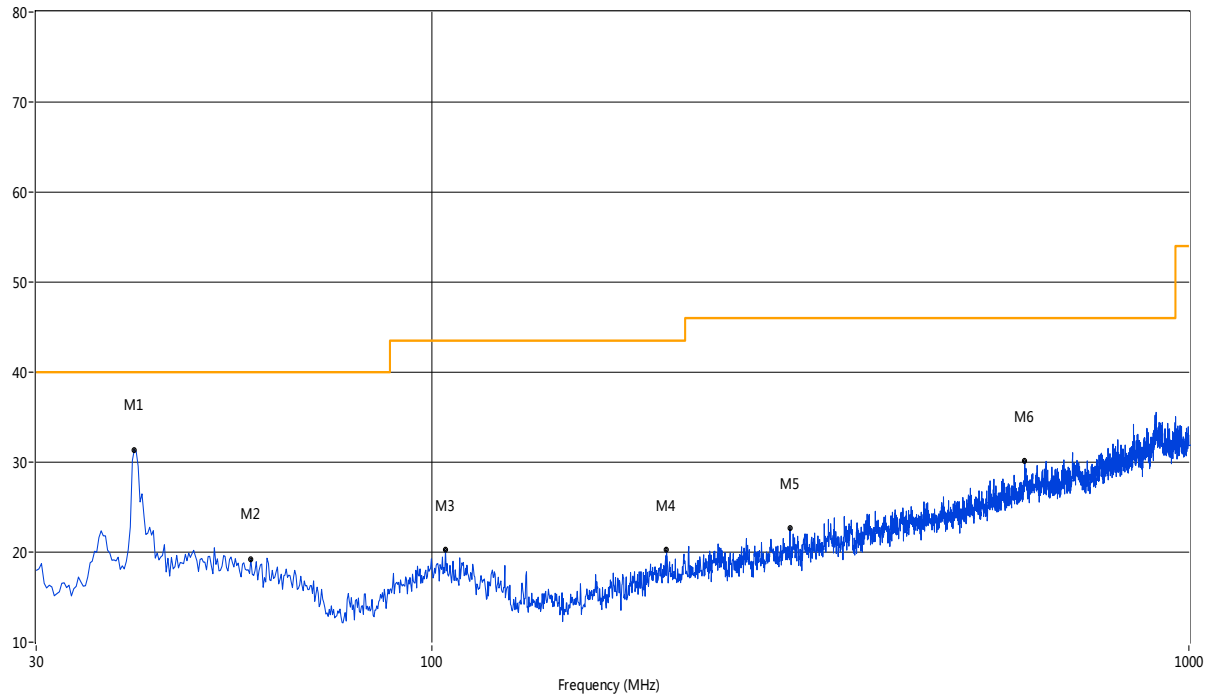
### Charger 1

30 MHz to 1 GHz, ANT H



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict
1	40.42	28.95	-19.59	40.0	11.05	Peak	122.26	100	Horizontal	Pass
2	101.76	20.60	-20.11	43.5	22.90	Peak	222.57	100	Horizontal	Pass
3	195.59	19.92	-20.43	43.5	23.58	Peak	354.63	100	Horizontal	Pass
4	292.80	22.35	-17.72	46.0	23.65	Peak	-6.99	100	Horizontal	Pass
5	377.42	24.35	-15.54	46.0	21.65	Peak	286.06	100	Horizontal	Pass
6	597.31	29.40	-10.58	46.0	16.60	Peak	51.19	100	Horizontal	Pass

30 MHz to 1 GHz, ANT V



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict
1	40.42	31.39	-19.59	40.0	8.61	Peak	53.85	100	Vertical	N/A
2	57.64	19.17	-19.66	40.0	20.83	Peak	353.72	100	Vertical	Pass
3	104.19	20.24	-20.18	43.5	23.26	Peak	270.48	100	Vertical	N/A
4	204.07	20.21	-20.08	43.5	23.29	Peak	112.98	100	Vertical	Pass
5	297.17	22.62	-17.62	46.0	23.38	Peak	355.32	100	Vertical	Pass
6	606.76	30.12	-10.26	46.0	15.88	Peak	63.51	100	Vertical	Pass

## 1 GHz to 25 GHz, ANT H 802.11b Low Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict
1	2266.73	44.04	-6.29	74	29.96	Peak	226.5	150	Horizontal	Pass
2	2806.19	45.94	1.13	74	28.06	Peak	137	150	Horizontal	Pass
3	4723.28	52.19	10.92	74	21.81	Peak	281.3	150	Horizontal	Pass
4	11975.04	46.54	20.21	74	27.46	Peak	90	150	Horizontal	Pass
5	15183.44	47.05	11.21	74	26.95	Peak	169.7	150	Horizontal	Pass
6	20567.39	47.03	10.28	74	26.97	Peak	334.2	150	Horizontal	Pass

## 1 GHz to 25 GHz, ANT V 802.11b Middle Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict
1	1048.49	42.01	-6.25	74	31.99	Peak	143.9	150	Vertical	Pass
2	1456.89	41.49	-4.62	74	32.51	Peak	128.4	150	Vertical	Pass
3	1812.80	45.07	-3.80	74	28.94	Peak	293.1	150	Vertical	Pass
4	6202.16	41.26	14.47	74	32.74	Peak	47.5	150	Vertical	Pass
5	13883.53	44.59	11.76	74	29.41	Peak	148.1	150	Vertical	Pass
6	19988.35	44.23	9.35	74	29.77	Peak	170.5	150	Vertical	Pass

## 1 GHz to 25 GHz, ANT H 802.11b Middle Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict
1	1019.98	39.10	-4.26	74	34.90	Peak	279.7	150	Horizontal	Pass
2	2908.09	44.50	1.67	74	29.50	Peak	44.7	150	Horizontal	Pass
3	5679.32	47.12	10.83	74	26.88	Peak	88.8	150	Horizontal	Pass
4	7886.86	47.24	15.10	74	26.77	Peak	223.9	150	Horizontal	Pass
5	15058.65	46.07	20.05	74	27.93	Peak	248	150	Horizontal	Pass
6	23821.96	48.81	12.19	74	25.19	Peak	258.1	150	Horizontal	Pass

## 1 GHz to 25 GHz, ANT V 802.11b High Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict
1	1338.42	42.26	-4.71	74	31.75	Peak	134.4	150	Vertical	Pass
2	1533.37	41.62	-4.65	74	32.38	Peak	38.8	150	Vertical	Pass
3	1639.84	41.59	-3.69	74	32.41	Peak	358.5	150	Vertical	Pass
4	10391.43	44.67	20.40	74	29.33	Peak	228.9	150	Vertical	Pass
5	12822.80	45.43	20.77	74	28.57	Peak	226.5	150	Vertical	Pass
6	21675.54	44.97	12.09	74	29.04	Peak	118.4	150	Vertical	Pass

## 1 GHz to 25 GHz, ANT H 802.11b High Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict
1	2292.71	45.09	-4.50	74	28.91	Peak	25.8	150	Horizontal	Pass
2	3452.55	46.04	8.89	74	27.96	Peak	30.7	150	Horizontal	Pass
3	5112.89	48.14	11.61	74	25.86	Peak	8	150	Horizontal	Pass
4	8998.75	46.13	14.25	74	27.87	Peak	16.9	150	Horizontal	Pass
5	17086.52	43.00	8.72	74	31.00	Peak	40.4	150	Horizontal	Pass
6	21485.86	48.91	8.60	74	25.09	Peak	11	150	Horizontal	Pass

## 1 GHz to 25 GHz, ANT V 802.11g Low Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict
1	1269.93	40.88	-5.91	74	33.12	Peak	280.8	150	Vertical	Pass
2	1461.39	40.51	-4.61	74	33.49	Peak	9.4	150	Vertical	Pass
3	1882.78	42.51	-2.99	74	31.49	Peak	216.7	150	Vertical	Pass
4	7943.01	46.76	13.80	74	27.24	Peak	224.6	150	Vertical	Pass
5	14497.09	43.68	9.74	74	30.32	Peak	201.9	150	Vertical	Pass
6	23372.71	44.77	13.79	74	29.23	Peak	294.2	150	Vertical	Pass

## 1 GHz to 25 GHz, ANT H 802.11g Low Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict
1	2222.78	45.54	-3.76	74	28.46	Peak	256.7	150	Horizontal	Pass
2	2608.39	44.49	8.99	74	29.51	Peak	326	150	Horizontal	Pass
3	4585.42	52.46	12.67	74	21.54	Peak	194.6	150	Horizontal	Pass
4	7022.05	49.73	18.49	74	24.27	Peak	167.4	150	Horizontal	Pass
5	16608.15	44.22	11.90	74	29.78	Peak	79.6	150	Horizontal	Pass
6	23632.28	46.95	12.15	74	27.05	Peak	247.2	150	Horizontal	Pass

## 1 GHz to 25 GHz, ANT V 802.11g Middle Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict
1	1362.41	43.60	-5.71	74	30.40	Peak	264.6	150	Vertical	Pass
2	1528.37	41.79	-4.33	74	32.21	Peak	289	150	Vertical	Pass
3	1992.75	41.80	-4.30	74	32.20	Peak	216.1	150	Vertical	Pass
4	10795.76	45.60	14.80	74	28.40	Peak	75.7	150	Vertical	Pass
5	17949.67	48.70	19.81	74	25.30	Peak	353.5	150	Vertical	Pass
6	22953.41	45.25	11.32	74	28.75	Peak	40.7	150	Vertical	Pass

## 1 GHz to 25 GHz, ANT H 802.11g Middle Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict
1	1735.27	43.28	-4.58	74	30.72	Peak	28.3	150	Horizontal	Pass
2	3182.82	44.69	1.70	74	29.32	Peak	277.8	150	Horizontal	Pass
3	3560.44	51.12	14.91	74	22.88	Peak	80.3	150	Horizontal	Pass
4	10739.60	49.95	14.31	74	24.05	Peak	293.1	150	Horizontal	Pass
5	16670.55	42.65	9.03	74	31.35	Peak	42.6	150	Horizontal	Pass
6	21246.26	46.94	9.91	74	27.06	Peak	50	150	Horizontal	Pass

## 1 GHz to 25 GHz, ANT V 802.11g High Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict
1	1252.44	41.44	-6.06	74	32.56	Peak	337	150	Vertical	Pass
2	1416.90	43.26	-4.33	74	30.74	Peak	236.1	150	Vertical	Pass
3	1843.79	44.87	-3.62	74	29.13	Peak	247.8	150	Vertical	Pass
4	9234.61	51.23	15.59	74	22.77	Peak	66.9	150	Vertical	Pass
5	12905.99	43.68	8.83	74	30.32	Peak	156.9	150	Vertical	Pass
6	18251.25	46.98	11.29	74	27.02	Peak	318.8	150	Vertical	Pass

## 1 GHz to 25 GHz, ANT H 802.11g High Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict
1	2306.69	41.80	-5.34	74	32.20	Peak	170.2	150	Horizontal	Pass
2	3266.73	49.14	9.76	74	24.86	Peak	347.2	150	Horizontal	Pass
3	4261.74	47.68	11.04	74	26.32	Peak	111.2	150	Horizontal	Pass
4	9582.78	42.10	17.49	74	31.90	Peak	87.5	150	Horizontal	Pass
5	15266.64	50.04	9.74	74	23.97	Peak	57.6	150	Horizontal	Pass
6	23063.23	43.89	12.70	74	30.11	Peak	357.2	150	Horizontal	Pass



## 1 GHz to 25 GHz, ANT V 802.11n20 Low Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict
1	1331.92	43.07	-6.30	74	30.93	Peak	129.1	150	Vertical	Pass
2	1541.87	43.64	-4.61	74	30.36	Peak	65.4	150	Vertical	Pass
3	1723.32	43.06	-3.82	74	30.94	Peak	298.6	150	Vertical	Pass
4	11907.65	44.50	19.33	74	29.50	Peak	259.5	150	Vertical	Pass
5	16472.96	44.73	11.30	74	29.27	Peak	337.9	150	Vertical	Pass
6	21565.72	43.37	12.76	74	30.63	Peak	176.8	150	Vertical	Pass

## 1 GHz to 25 GHz, ANT H 802.11n20 Low Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict
1	2104.90	40.48	-6.33	74	33.52	Peak	27.4	150	Horizontal	Pass
2	2976.02	42.90	1.80	74	31.10	Peak	206.5	150	Horizontal	Pass
3	5688.31	47.98	14.12	74	26.02	Peak	160.1	150	Horizontal	Pass
4	7684.69	45.74	15.08	74	28.26	Peak	113.2	150	Horizontal	Pass
5	15620.22	44.15	11.61	74	29.85	Peak	278.6	150	Horizontal	Pass
6	20317.80	47.56	12.49	74	26.44	Peak	310.1	150	Horizontal	Pass

## 1 GHz to 25 GHz, ANT V 802.11n20 Middle Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict
1	1241.94	39.53	-5.55	74	34.47	Peak	308.7	150	Vertical	Pass
2	1473.38	41.43	-4.52	74	32.58	Peak	52.5	150	Vertical	Pass
3	1838.29	41.98	-3.75	74	32.03	Peak	157.4	150	Vertical	Pass
4	6089.85	45.57	19.73	74	28.44	Peak	226.1	150	Vertical	Pass
5	16649.75	44.30	20.15	74	29.70	Peak	15.1	150	Vertical	Pass
6	18136.86	45.43	10.19	74	28.58	Peak	136.4	150	Vertical	Pass

## 1 GHz to 25 GHz, ANT H 802.11n20 Middle Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict
1	1977.02	44.91	-5.73	74	29.09	Peak	225.2	150	Horizontal	Pass
2	2530.47	47.61	9.02	74	26.39	Peak	11.9	150	Horizontal	Pass
3	4282.72	47.28	14.91	74	26.73	Peak	184.1	150	Horizontal	Pass
4	8639.35	41.45	18.21	74	32.55	Peak	139.6	150	Horizontal	Pass
5	13914.73	44.50	9.62	74	29.50	Peak	268.8	150	Horizontal	Pass
6	24371.05	45.45	11.25	74	28.55	Peak	263.4	150	Horizontal	Pass

## 1 GHz to 25 GHz, ANT V 802.11n20 High Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict
1	1289.93	40.41	-6.20	74	33.59	Peak	267.7	150	Vertical	Pass
2	1477.88	41.53	-4.48	74	32.47	Peak	54.4	150	Vertical	Pass
3	1880.78	42.09	-2.36	74	31.91	Peak	229.1	150	Vertical	Pass
4	7898.09	42.74	19.67	74	31.27	Peak	71.1	150	Vertical	Pass
5	17897.67	46.18	9.56	74	27.82	Peak	294.1	150	Vertical	Pass
6	24391.02	45.87	10.19	74	28.13	Peak	306.8	150	Vertical	Pass

## 1 GHz to 25 GHz, ANT H 802.11n20 High Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict
1	1637.36	41.82	-3.04	74	32.18	Peak	25.7	150	Horizontal	Pass
2	2762.24	45.02	-0.14	74	28.98	Peak	152.2	150	Horizontal	Pass
3	5739.26	44.44	14.77	74	29.56	Peak	96.3	150	Horizontal	Pass
4	7482.53	40.76	14.31	74	33.24	Peak	14.7	150	Horizontal	Pass
5	15131.45	48.90	12.23	74	25.10	Peak	136.6	150	Horizontal	Pass
6	24341.10	43.59	14.06	74	30.41	Peak	124.4	150	Horizontal	Pass

## 1 GHz to 25 GHz, ANT V 802.11n40 Low Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict
1	1253.94	40.07	-6.11	74	33.93	Peak	85.1	150	Vertical	Pass
2	1482.88	41.00	-4.11	74	33.00	Peak	302.7	150	Vertical	Pass
3	1700.83	41.93	-3.26	74	32.07	Peak	7.8	150	Vertical	Pass
4	6280.78	44.89	20.71	74	29.11	Peak	219.9	150	Vertical	Pass
5	12592.76	43.23	9.07	74	30.78	Peak	86.3	150	Vertical	Pass
6	22104.83	50.30	11.24	74	23.70	Peak	244.2	150	Vertical	Pass

## 1 GHz to 25 GHz, ANT H 802.11n40 Low Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict
1	2184.82	39.73	-4.65	74	34.27	Peak	8.8	150	Horizontal	Pass
2	2882.12	44.83	9.08	74	29.18	Peak	34.9	150	Horizontal	Pass
3	5934.07	45.87	11.38	74	28.13	Peak	137.9	150	Horizontal	Pass
4	9829.87	47.60	16.96	74	26.40	Peak	185	150	Horizontal	Pass
5	15287.44	45.36	11.35	74	28.64	Peak	187.1	150	Horizontal	Pass
6	23931.78	45.02	12.18	74	28.98	Peak	65.1	150	Horizontal	Pass

## 1 GHz to 25 GHz, ANT V 802.11n40 Middle Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict
1	1137.97	42.32	-5.81	74	31.68	Peak	179.5	150	Vertical	Pass
2	1476.88	40.96	-4.39	74	33.04	Peak	193.9	150	Vertical	Pass
3	1669.33	41.51	-2.34	74	32.49	Peak	180	150	Vertical	Pass
4	8628.12	44.46	13.81	74	29.54	Peak	157.9	150	Vertical	Pass
5	12165.97	50.72	9.04	74	23.28	Peak	198.4	150	Vertical	Pass
6	22044.93	44.66	9.25	74	29.35	Peak	230.9	150	Vertical	Pass

## 1 GHz to 25 GHz, ANT H 802.11n40 Middle Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict
1	1045.95	43.18	-0.49	74	30.82	Peak	133.1	150	Horizontal	Pass
2	3452.55	46.58	2.07	74	27.42	Peak	141.2	150	Horizontal	Pass
3	5184.82	46.35	15.82	74	27.65	Peak	92.8	150	Horizontal	Pass
4	10683.44	49.56	14.05	74	24.45	Peak	63.4	150	Horizontal	Pass
5	12019.97	45.42	9.78	74	28.58	Peak	307.8	150	Horizontal	Pass
6	24041.60	47.47	10.08	74	26.53	Peak	346.1	150	Horizontal	Pass

## 1 GHz to 25 GHz, ANT V 802.11n40 High Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict
1	1034.49	43.91	-6.27	74	30.09	Peak	293.7	150	Vertical	Pass
2	1399.40	40.73	-4.31	74	33.27	Peak	67	150	Vertical	Pass
3	1737.82	41.45	-3.82	74	32.55	Peak	280	150	Vertical	Pass
4	9672.63	41.58	14.19	74	32.42	Peak	343.7	150	Vertical	Pass
5	16108.99	43.86	9.25	74	30.15	Peak	154.2	150	Vertical	Pass
6	18937.60	45.80	12.33	74	28.20	Peak	97.5	150	Vertical	Pass

## 1 GHz to 25 GHz, ANT H 802.11n40 High Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict
1	1657.34	44.51	-4.18	74	29.49	Peak	66.8	150	Horizontal	Pass
2	2816.18	44.32	1.67	74	29.68	Peak	118.6	150	Horizontal	Pass
3	4489.51	51.02	14.89	74	22.98	Peak	46.8	150	Horizontal	Pass
4	10548.67	47.65	16.96	74	26.35	Peak	220.5	150	Horizontal	Pass
5	17804.08	44.18	8.74	74	29.82	Peak	245.5	150	Horizontal	Pass
6	21326.12	44.68	10.43	74	29.33	Peak	86.2	150	Horizontal	Pass

## A.7 Band Edge (Restricted-band band-edge)

### Test Data

Note 1: The lowest and highest channels are tested to verify the band edge emissions. Please refer to the following the plots for emissions values.

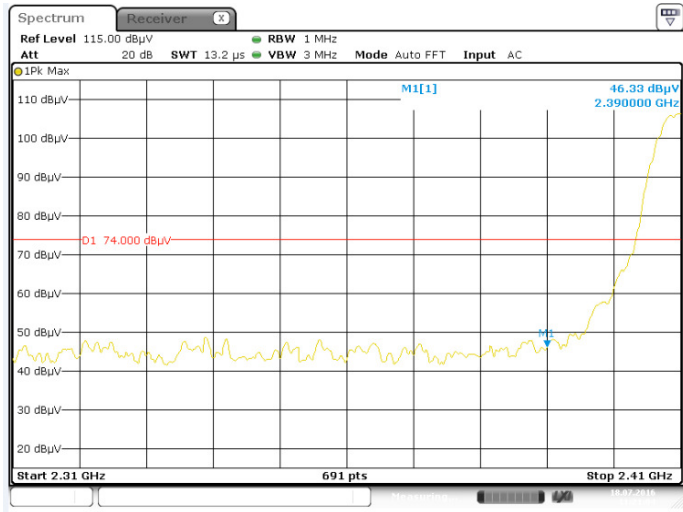
Note 2: The test data all are tested in the vertical and horizontal antenna which the trace is max hold. So these plots have shown the worst case.

Note 3: According the ANSI C63.10-2013, where limits are specified for both average and peak (or quasi-peak) detector functions, if the peak (or quasi-peak) measured value complies with the average limit, it is unnecessary to perform an average measurement.

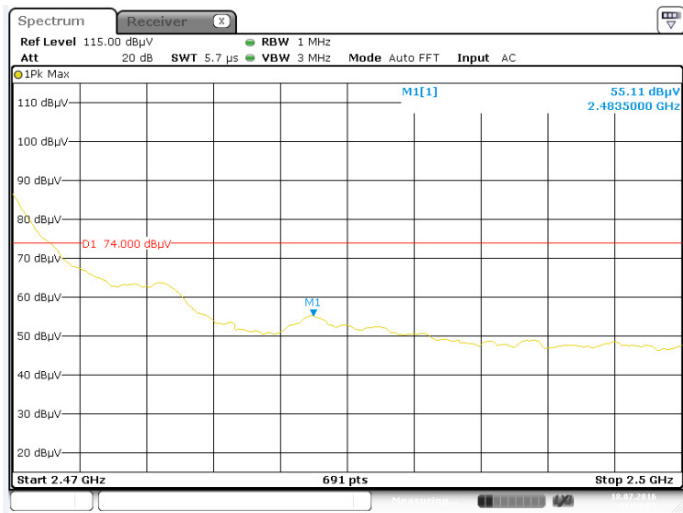
Test Mode	Test Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit Line (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Verdict
802.11b	Low	2390	46.33	74	27.67	PEAK	Pass
		2390	--	54	--	AVERAGE	Pass
	HIGH	2483.5	55.11	74	18.89	PEAK	Pass
		2483.5	44.25	54	9.75	AVERAGE	Pass
802.11g	Low	2390	52.15	74	21.85	PEAK	Pass
		2390	--	54	--	AVERAGE	Pass
	HIGH	2483.5	58.29	74	15.71	PEAK	Pass
		2483.5	45.08	54	8.92	AVERAGE	Pass
802.11n20	Low	2390	52.92	74	21.08	PEAK	Pass
		2390	--	54	--	AVERAGE	Pass
	HIGH	2483.5	52.56	74	21.44	PEAK	Pass
		2483.5	--	54	--	AVERAGE	Pass
802.11n40	Low	2390	65.49	74	8.51	PEAK	Pass
		2390	43.82	54	10.18	AVERAGE	Pass
	HIGH	2483.5	59.84	74	14.16	PEAK	Pass
		2483.5	42.77	54	11.23	AVERAGE	Pass

## 802.11b Mode:

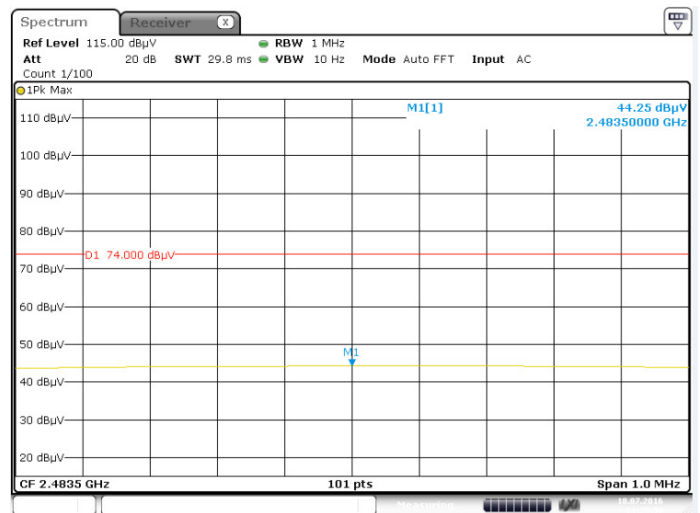
### LOW CHANNEL, PEAK



### HIGH CHANNEL, PEAK

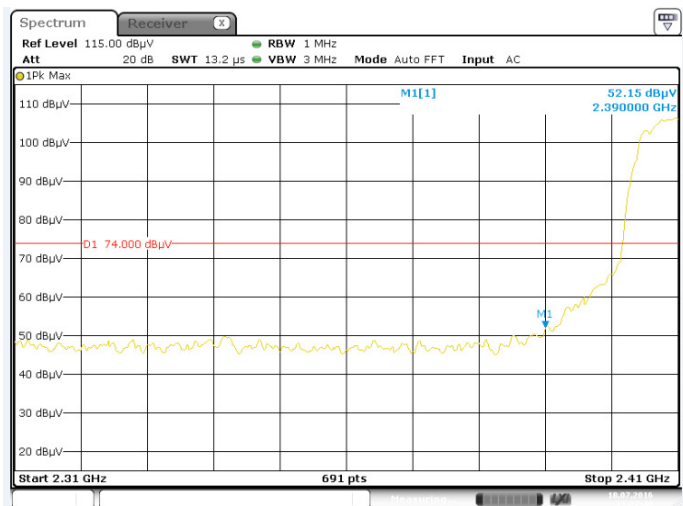


### HIGH CHANNEL, AV

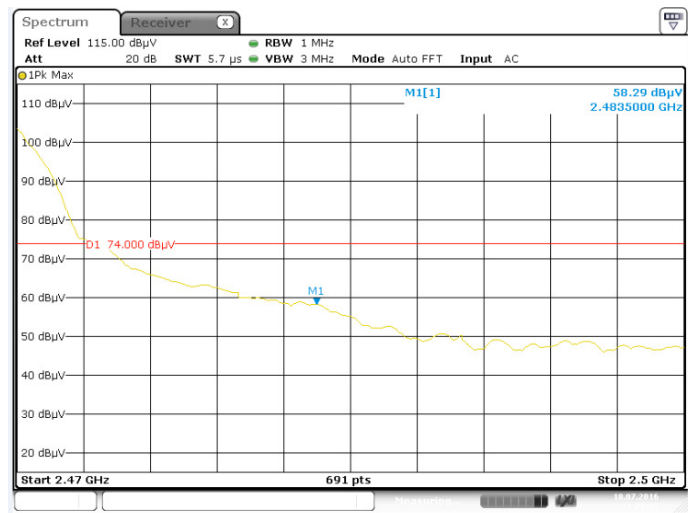


## 802.11g Mode:

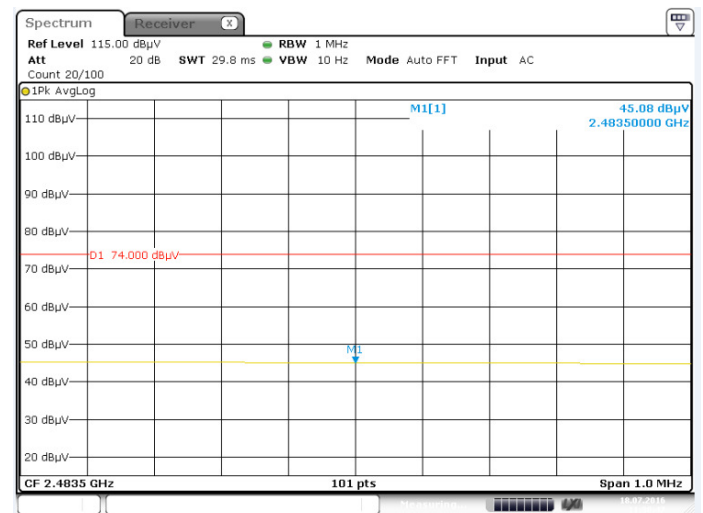
### LOW CHANNEL, PEAK



## HIGH CHANNEL, PEAK

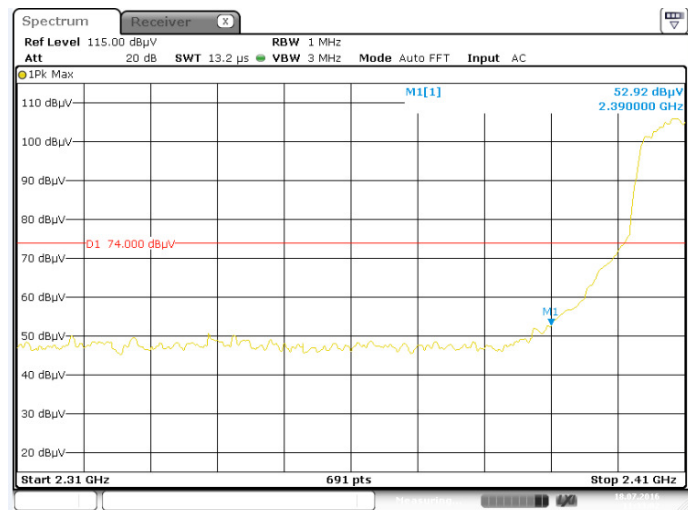


## HIGH CHANNEL, AV

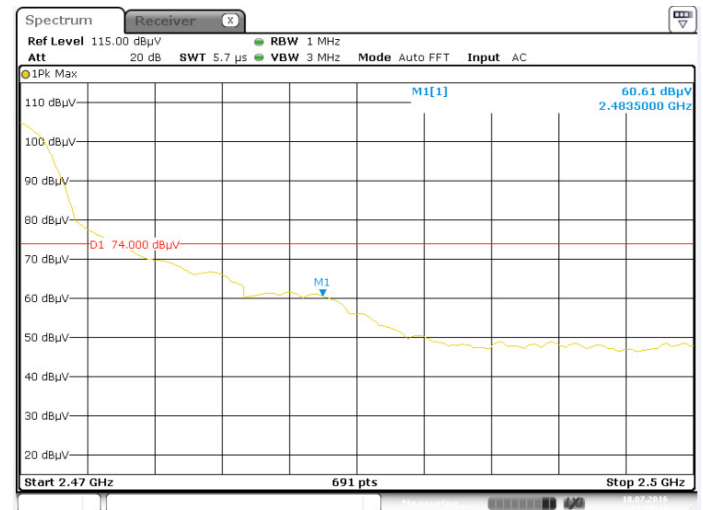


802.11n-20 MHz Mode:

## LOW CHANNEL, PEAK

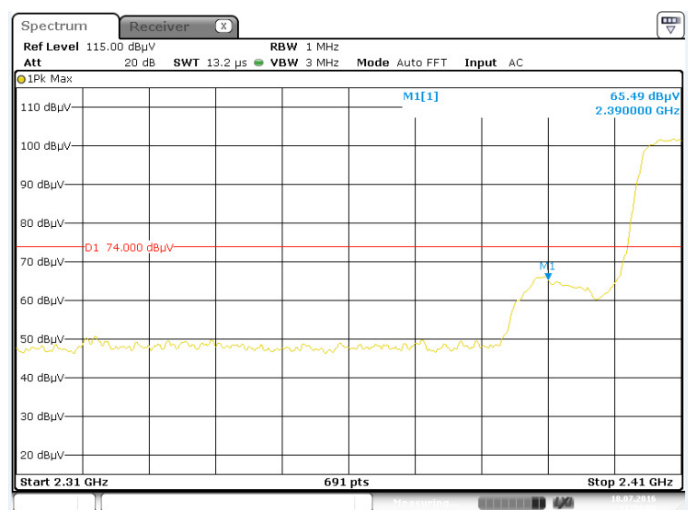


## HIGH CHANNEL, PEAK

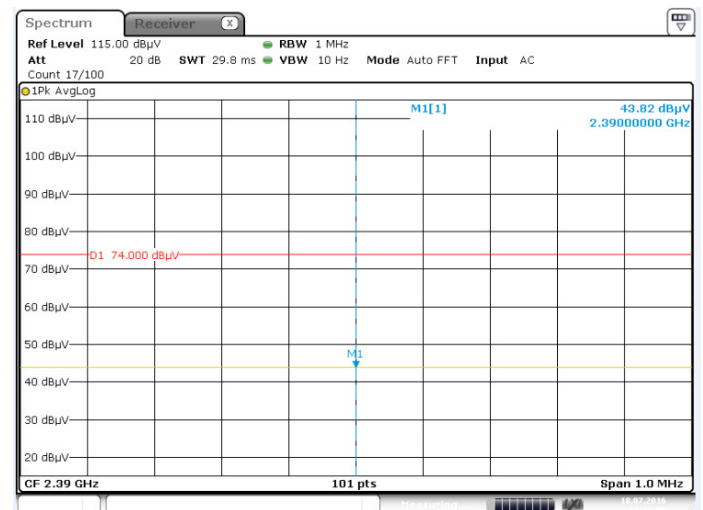


802.11n-40 MHz Mode:

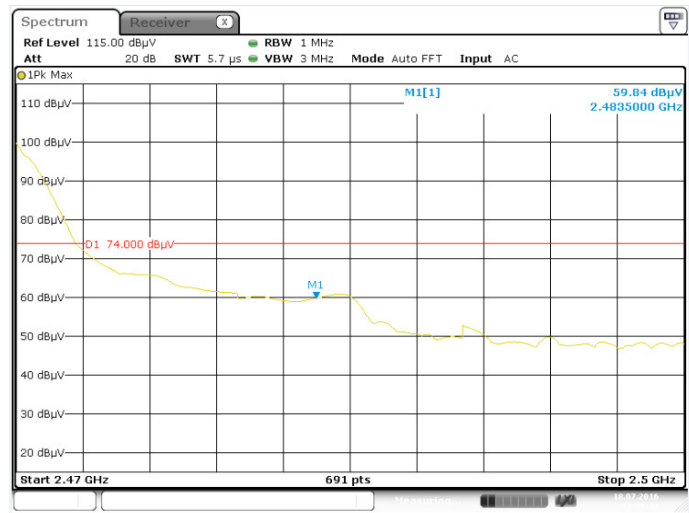
## LOW CHANNEL, PEAK



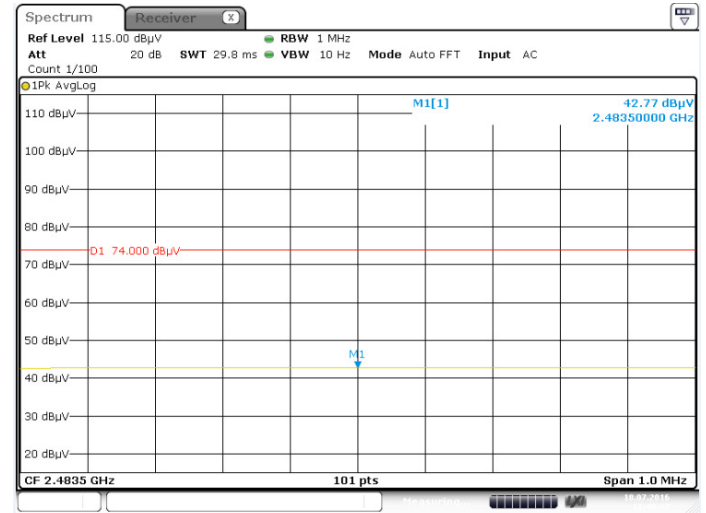
## LOW CHANNEL, AV



## HIGH CHANNEL, PEAK



## HIGH CHANNEL, AV



## A.8 Power Spectral Density (PSD)

### Test Data

802.11b Mode:

Channel	Spectral power density (dBm/3kHz)	Limit (dBm/3kHz)
Low	-14.40	8
Middle	-13.42	8
High	-12.81	8

802.11g Mode:

Channel	Spectral power density (dBm/3kHz)	Limit (dBm/3kHz)
Low	-15.35	8
Middle	-13.15	8
High	-14.05	8

802.11n-20 MHz Mode:

Channel	Spectral power density (dBm/3kHz)	Limit (dBm/3kHz)
Low	-14.75	8
Middle	-13.75	8
High	-13.48	8

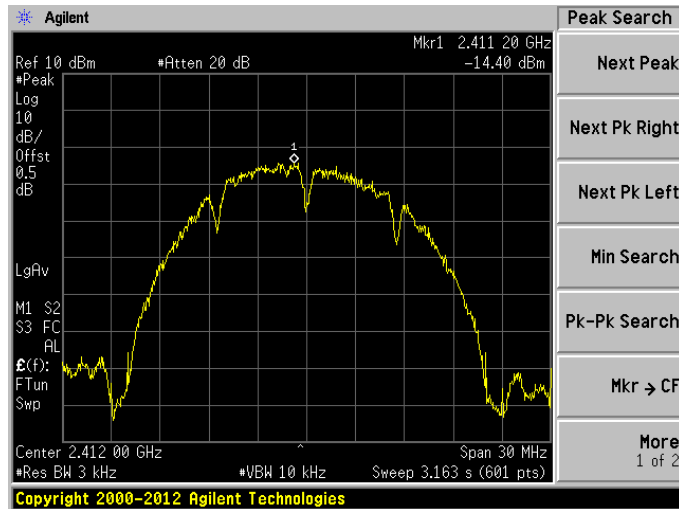
802.11n-40 MHz Mode:

Channel	Spectral power density (dBm/3kHz)	Limit (dBm/3kHz)
Low	-13.04	8
Middle	-18.87	8
High	-15.19	8

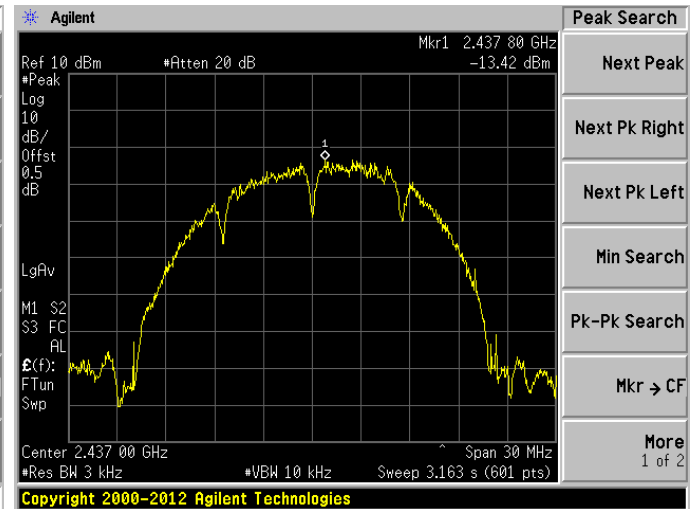


# Test plots

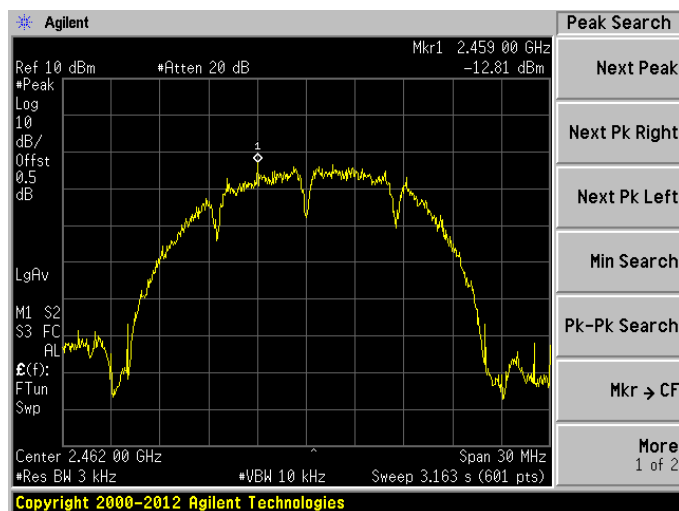
802.11b LOW CHANNEL



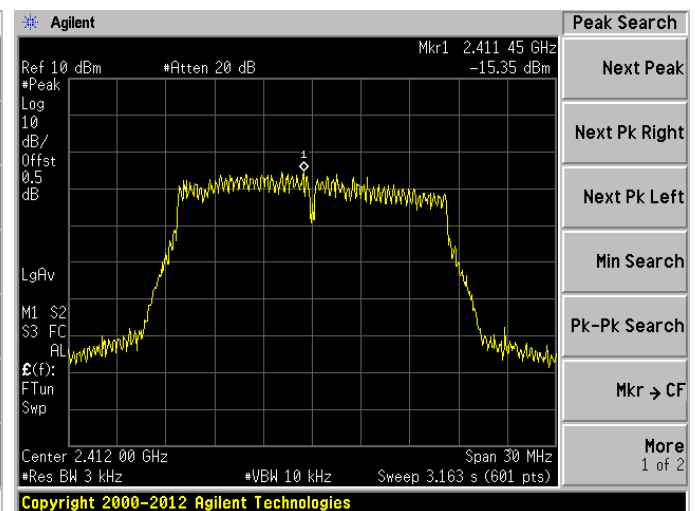
802.11b MIDDLE CHANNEL



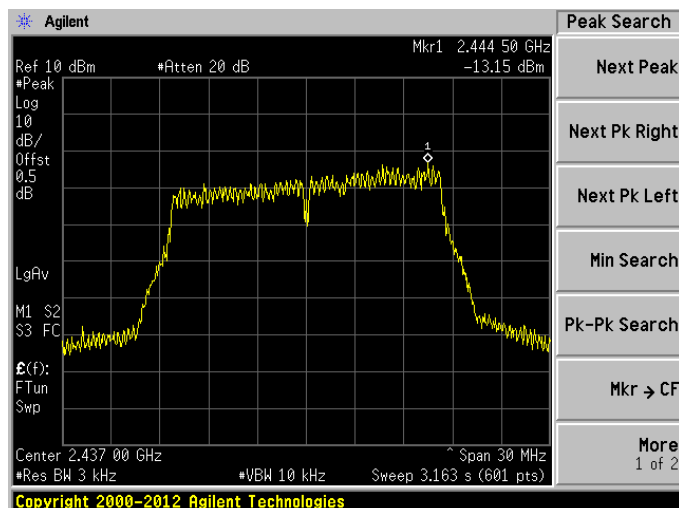
802.11b HIGH CHANNEL



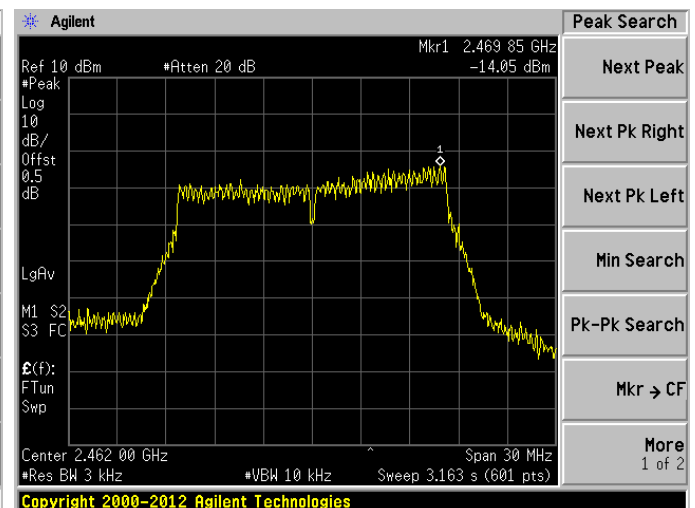
802.11g LOW CHANNEL



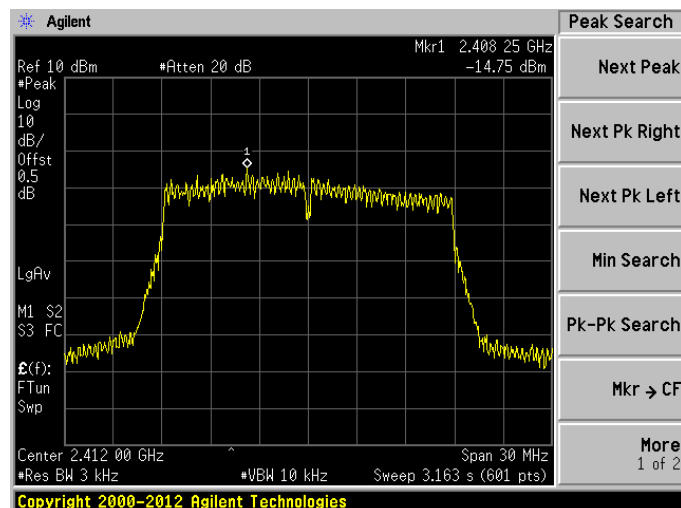
802.11g MIDDLE CHANNEL



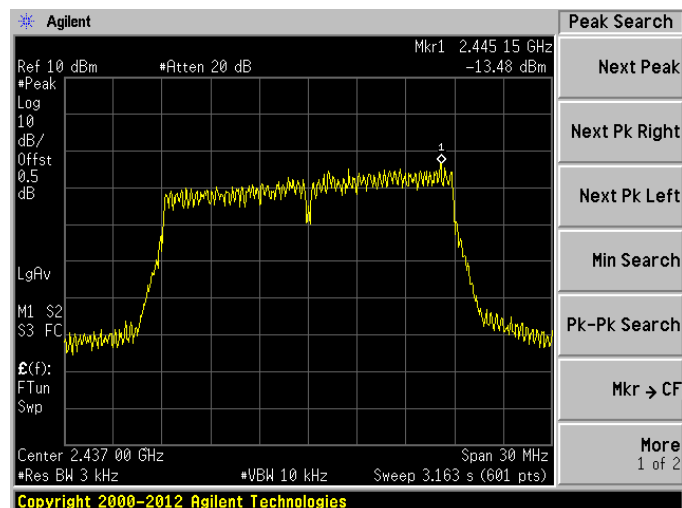
802.11g HIGH CHANNEL



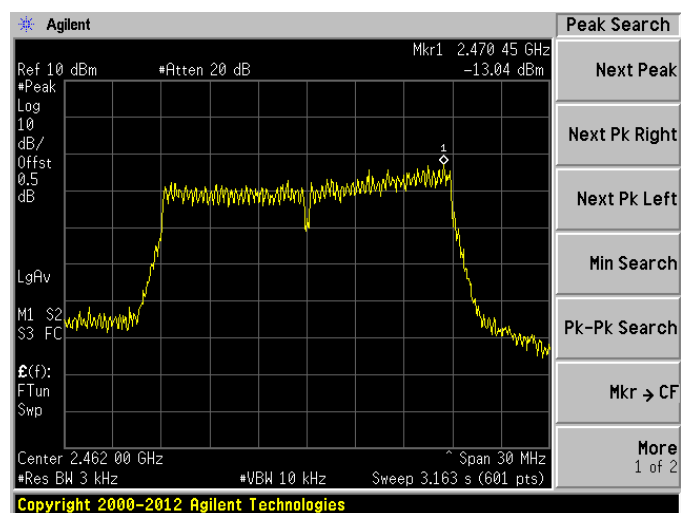
## 802.11n-20 MHz LOW CHANNEL



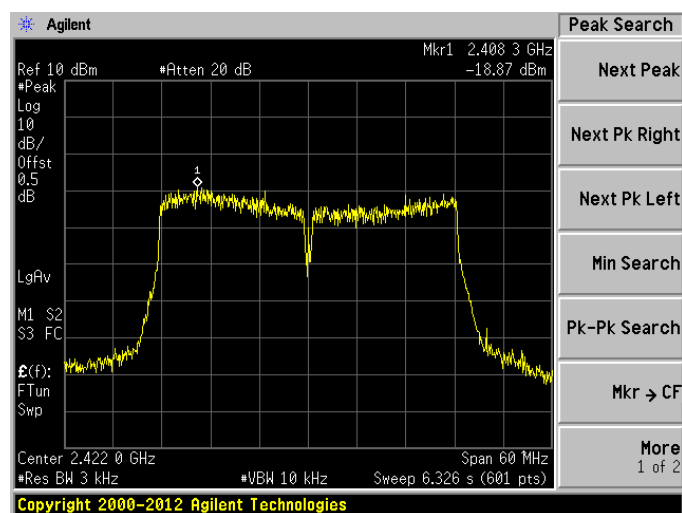
## 802.11 n-20 MHz MIDDLE CHANNEL



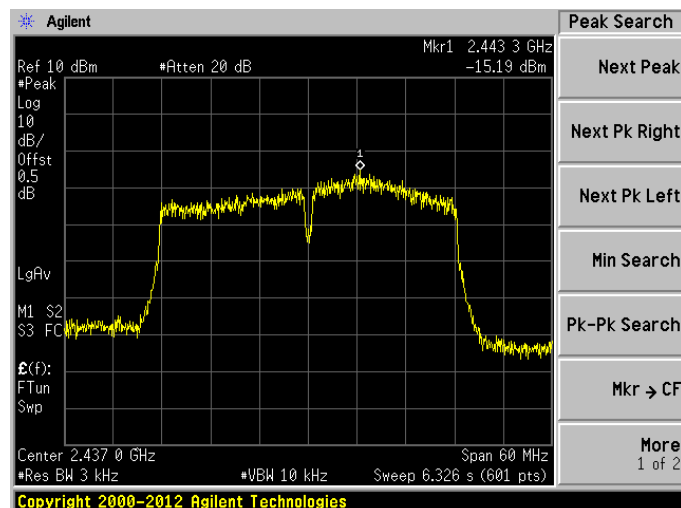
## 802.11n-20 MHz HIGH CHANNEL



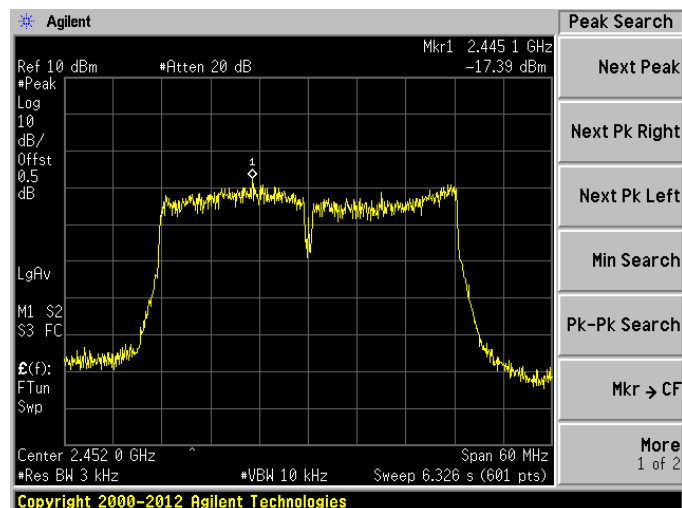
## 802.11n-40 MHz LOW CHANNEL



## 802.11n-40 MHz MIDDLE CHANNEL



## 802.11n-40 MHz HIGH CHANNEL



## **ANNEX B TEST SETUP PHOTOS**

Please refer the document “BL-SZ1660207-AR.pdf”.

## **ANNEX C EUT EXTERNAL PHOTOS**

Please refer the document “BL-SZ1660207-AW.pdf”.

## **ANNEX D EUT INTERNAL PHOTOS**

Please refer the document “BL-SZ1660207-AI.pdf”.

--END OF REPORT--