

No. 1 Workshop, M-10, Middle section, Science & Technology Park, Shenzhen,

Guangdong, China 518057

Telephone: +86 (0) 755 2601 2053 Fax: +86 (0) 755 2671 0594

Email: ee.shenzhen@sgs.com

Report No.: ZR/2018/A001108

Page : 1 of 68

FCC SAR TEST REPORT

The following samples were submitted and identified on behalf of the client as:

EUT Description Mobile Phone

Company Name Sony Mobile Communications INC

Company Address 4-12-3 Higashi-shinagawa, Shinagawa-ku, Tokyo, 140-0002, Japan

Standards IEEE/ANSI C95.1-1992, IEEE 1528-2013,

KDB248227D01v02r02,KDB865664D01v01r04, KDB865664D02v01r02,KDB941225D01v03r01, KDB941225D06v02r01,KDB447498D01v06,

KDB941225D05v02r05, KDB 648474 D04 v01r03

FCC ID PY7-04605A **Date of Receipt:** 2018-10-25

Date of Test: 2018-11-04 to 2018-11-19

Date of Issue: 2019-01-09

In the configuration tested, the EUT complied with the standards specified above.

PASS *

Remarks:

Test Result:

This report details the results of the testing carried out on one sample, the results contained in this test report do not relate to other samples of the same product. The manufacturer should ensure that all products in series production are in conformity with the product sample detailed in this report.

Signed on behalf of SGS	
Sr. Engineer	Supervisor
Jackson Li	Simon Ling
Date: Jan. 09, 2019	Date: Jan. 09, 2019

The manufacturer should ensure that all products in series production are in conformity with the product sample detailed in this report. If the product in this report is used in any configuration other than that detailed in the report, the manufacturer must ensure the new system complies with all relevant standards. Any mention of SGS International Electrical Approvals or testing done by SGS International Electrical Approvals in connection with, distribution or use of the product described in this report must be approved by SGS International Electrical Approvals in writing.

This document is issued by the Company subject to its General Conditions of Service printed overleaf, available on request or accessible at <a href="http://www.sgs.com/en/Terms-and-Conditions/Terms-



Report No.: ZR/2018/A001108

Page: 2 of 68

REVISION HISTORY

11_1101011111011111									
Report Number	Revision	Description	Issue Date						
ZR/2018/A001108	00	Original	2018-12-05						
ZR/2018/A001108	01	Update the antenna picture for Appendix D Add the BT duty cycle Add the repeated SAR ratios	2019-01-09						



Report No.: ZR/2018/A001108

Page: 3 of 68

CONTENTS

1	GEN	IERAL INFORMATION	4
	1.1	TESTING LABORATORY	4
	1.2	DETAILS OF APPLICANT	
	1.3	TEST FACILITY	
	1.4	DESCRIPTION OF EUT	6
	1.5	TEST ENVIRONMENT	20
	1.6	OPERATION DESCRIPTION	20
	1.7	Positioning Procedure	28
	1.8	EVALUATION PROCEDURES	30
	1.9	PROBE CALIBRATION PROCEDURES	31
	1.9.	1 Transfer Calibration with Temperature Probes	31
	1.9.2	2 Calibration with Analytical Fields	32
	1.10	THE SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM	33
	1.11	SYSTEM COMPONENT	34
	1.12	SAR SYSTEM VERIFICATION	37
	1.13	TISSUE SIMULANT FLUID FOR THE FREQUENCY BAND	39
	1.14	TEST STANDARDS AND LIMITS	41
2	SUM	IMARY OF RESULTS	43
3	SIM	ULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION ANALYSIS	59
	3.1	SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION SCENARIOS:	59
	3.2	ESTIMATED SAR CALCULATION	60
	3.3	SPLSR EVALUATION AND ANALYSIS	61
	3.1	SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION COMBINATION SCENARIO	62
4	INST	FRUMENTS LIST	66
5	MEA	ASUREMENTS	68
6	SAR	SYSTEM PERFORMANCE VERIFICATION	68
7	PHO	TOGRAPHS	68
8	DAE	& PROBE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE	68
9	SAR	MEASUREMENT VARIABILITY AND UNCERTAINTY	68



Report No.: ZR/2018/A001108

Page: 4 of 68

1 General Information

1.1 Testing Laboratory

Company:	SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd. Shenzhen Branch E&E Lab
Address:	No. 1 Workshop, M-10, Middle section, Science & Technology Park, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China
Post code:	518057
Telephone:	+86 (0) 755 2601 2053
Fax:	+86 (0) 755 2671 0594
E-mail:	ee.shenzhen@sgs.com

1.2 Details of Applicant

Applicant:	Sony Mobile Communications INC
Address:	4-12-3 Higashi-shinagawa, Shinagawa-ku, Tokyo, 140-0002, Japan
Manufacturer:	Sony Mobile Communications INC
Address:	4-12-3 Higashi-shinagawa, Shinagawa-ku, Tokyo, 140-0002, Japan
Factory:	Dong Guan Huabel Electronic Technology Co., Ltd
Address:	No.9 Industrial Northern Road, National High-Tech Industrial Development Zone, SongShan Lake, Dong Guan City



Report No.: ZR/2018/A001108

Page: 5 of 68

1.3 Test Facility

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

• CNAS (No. CNAS L2929)

CNAS has accredited SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd. Shenzhen Branch EMC Lab to ISO/IEC 17025:2005 General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories (CNAS-CL01 Accreditation Criteria for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories) for the competence in the field of testing.

A2LA (Certificate No. 3816.01)

SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd., Shenzhen EMC Laboratory is accredited by the American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA). Certificate No. 3816.01.

VCCI

The 10m Semi-anechoic chamber and Shielded Room of SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd. have been registered in accordance with the Regulations for Voluntary Control Measures with Registration No.: G-823, R-4188, T-1153 and C-2383 respectively.

• FCC -Designation Number: CN1178

SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd., Shenzhen EMC Laboratory has been recognized as an accredited testing laboratory.

Designation Number: CN1178. Test Firm Registration Number: 406779.

• Industry Canada (IC)

Two 3m Semi-anechoic chambers and the 10m Semi-anechoic chamber of SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd. Shenzhen Branch EMC Lab have been registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for radio equipment testing with Registration No.: 4620C-1, 4620C-2, 4620C-3.



Report No.: ZR/2018/A001108

Page: 6 of 68

1.4 Description of EUT

1.4 Description of EU	<u> </u>					
EUT Description	Mobile Phone					
FCC ID	PY7-04605A					
Hardware Version:	А					
Software Version:	A.1.54					
	⊠GSM	⊠GPRS	⊠EGPR	S	⊠WCDMA	
Mode of Operation	⊠HSDPA	⊠HSUPA	⊠HSPA⊦	٠	⊠LTE FDD	
	⊠LTE TDD	⊠WLAN802.11	40M)	⊠Bluetooth		
	GSM				1/8.3	
Duty Cycle	GPRS (support multi cla	ass 12 max)		1/2.075 (1Dn4UP) 1/2.77 (1Dn3UP) 1/4.15 (1Dn2UP) 1/8.3 (1Dn1UP)		
	LTE FDD			1:1	·	
	LTE TDD		1:1.58			
	WCDMA		1:1			
	WLAN802.11 b			99.24%		
	WLAN802.11 a		96.17%			
	Bluetooth		76.60%			
	GSM850			824	_	849
	GSM1900		1850	· –	1910	
	WCDMA Band V	/		824	_	849
	WCDMA Band II			1850) –	1910
	LTE FDD Band 2	2		1850	· –	1910
TX Frequency Range	LTE FDD Band	5		824	_	849
(MHz)	LTE FDD Band	7		2500	_	2570
	LTE TDD Band	41		2535	_	2655
	WiFi 2.4GHz			2400		2462
	MITI FOLI-			5150	<u> </u>	5350
	WiFi 5GHz			5470) —	5850
	Bluetooth			2402	· –	2480

Note: 1) For WiFi 5G, the device does not support channel 144(20M) and channel 142(40M).

²⁾ For WiFi 5G, U-NII-2A and U-NII-2C does not support hotspot function.



Report No.: ZR/2018/A001108

Page: 7 of 68

TEST SUMMARY

	Maximum Reported SAR(W/kg)						
Frequency Band	Head	Body-worn	Hotspot	Product specific 10g SAR			
GSM850	0.28	0.35	0.58	/			
GSM1900	0.11	0.26	0.78	/			
WCDMA Band II	0.17	0.44	0.84	/			
WCDMA Band V	0.21	0.33	0.40	/			
LTE Band 2	0.19	0.43	1.07	/			
LTE Band 5	0.27	0.34	0.45	/			
LTE Band 7	0.44	0.64	1.19	/			
LTE Band 41	0.29	0.45	0.97	/			
WI-FI (2.4GHz)	1.16	0.21	0.38	/			
WI-FI (5GHz)	0.96	0.08	0.13	0.32			
SAR Limited(w/kg)		1.6		4			
	Maximum Simulta	aneous Transmission SAI	R (W/kg)				
Scenario	Head	Body-worn	Hotspot	Product specific 10g SAR			
Sum SAR	1.50	0.85	1.57	0.32			
SPLSR	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A			
SPLSR Limited		0.04		0.1			

DUT Antenna Locations:

Please see the Appendix D for antenna locations.

The test device is a mobile phone.

According to the distance between LTE/WCDMA/GSM&WIFI&BT antennas and the sides of the EUT we can draw the conclusion that:

EUT Sides for SAR Testing								
Mode Front Back Left Right Top Bottom								
Ant.1(Main Ant.)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes		
Ant.2(WIFI&BT Ant.)	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No		

Table 1: EUT Sides for SAR Testing

Note:

1) When the antenna-to-edge distance is greater than 2.5cm, such position does not need to be tested.



Report No.: ZR/2018/A001108

Page: 8 of 68

GSM - conducted power table:

GSM - conducted power table:											
					GSM	850					
Bu	Burst Output Power(dBm)				Tuna un C	Division	Frame-Aver	age Output l	Power(dBm))	
Channel		128	190	251	Tune up	Factors	128	190	251	i une up	
GSM(GMSK)	GSM	32.92	32.95	32.98	33.70	-9.19	23.73	23.76	23.79	24.51	
0000/	1 TX Slot	32.91	32.94	32.98	33.70	-9.19	23.72	23.75	23.79	24.51	
GPRS/ EGPRS	2 TX Slots	32.27	32.33	32.40	32.70	-6.18	26.09	26.15	26.22	26.52	
(GMSK)	3 TX Slots	30.67	30.65	30.68	30.70	-4.42	26.25	26.23	26.26	26.28	
(311.61.1)	4 TX Slots	29.65	29.68	29.69	29.70	-3.17	26.48	26.51	26.52	26.53	
	1 TX Slot	27.54	27.55	27.57	28.00	-9.19	18.35	18.36	18.38	18.81	
EGPRS (8PSK)	2 TX Slots	26.43	26.41	26.45	27.00	-6.18	20.25	20.23	20.27	20.82	
	3 TX Slots	24.24	24.27	24.31	25.00	-4.42	19.82	19.85	19.89	20.58	
	4 TX Slots	23.13	23.16	23.22	24.00	-3.17	19.96	19.99	20.05	20.83	
					GSM '	1900					
Bu	rst Output Po	ower(dl	Bm)		Tung un	Division	Frame-Average Output Power(dBm			Tungun	
Chan	nel	512	661	810	Tune up	Factors	512	661	810	Tune up	
GSM(GMSK)	GSM	28.26	28.35	28.37	28.70	-9.19	19.07	19.16	19.18	19.51	
0000/	1 TX Slot	28.24	28.27	28.21	28.70	-9.19	19.05	19.08	19.02	19.51	
GPRS/ EGPRS	2 TX Slots	27.06	27.08	27.04	27.70	-6.18	20.88	20.90	20.86	21.52	
(GMSK)	3 TX Slots	24.94	25.03	25.02	25.70	-4.42	20.52	20.61	20.60	21.28	
(Giviort)	4 TX Slots	23.90	23.94	23.96	24.70	-3.17	20.73	20.77	20.79	21.53	
	1 TX Slot	26.84	26.88	26.86	27.00	-9.19	17.65	17.69	17.67	17.81	
EGPRS	2 TX Slots	25.78	25.67	25.71	26.00	-6.18	19.60	19.49	19.53	19.82	
(8PSK)	3 TX Slots	23.68	23.71	23.83	24.00	-4.42	19.26	19.29	19.41	19.58	
	4 TX Slots	22.58	22.53	22.65	23.00	-3.17	19.41	19.36	19.48	19.83	

Note:

1) . CMU200 measures GSM peak and average output power for active timeslots. For SAR the time based average power is relevant. The difference in between depends on the duty cycle of the TDMA signal:

No. of timeslots	1	2	3	4
Duty Cycle	1:8.3	1:4.15	1:2.77	1:2.075
Time based avg. power compared to slotted avg. power	-9.19	-6.18	-4.42	-3.17

2) . The frame-averaged power is linearly proportion to the slot number configured and it is linearly scaled the maximum burst-averaged power based on time slots. The calculated method is shown as below:

Frame-averaged power = 10 x log (Burst-averaged power mW x Slot used / 8

3) . When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used



Report No.: ZR/2018/A001108

9 of 68 Page:

WCDMA - conducted p		WCDMA Band II			
		Conducted Pow	er(dBm)		
Cha	annel	9262	9400	9538	Tune up
MODAAA	12.2kbps RMC	20.41	20.49	20.54	21.00
WCDMA	12.2kbps AMR	20.40	20.46	20.51	21.00
	Subtest 1	19.63	19.62	19.68	20.00
LICDDA	Subtest 2	19.58	19.60	19.61	20.00
HSDPA	Subtest 3	19.09	19.15	19.14	19.50
	Subtest 4	19.09	19.13	19.15	19.50
	Subtest 1	17.43	17.46	17.49	18.00
	Subtest 2	17.47	17.44	17.52	18.00
HSUPA	Subtest 3	18.43	18.44	18.49	19.00
	Subtest 4	16.97	17.01	17.04	17.50
	Subtest 5	18.48	18.46	18.50	19.00
	Subtest 1	19.61	19.58	19.61	20.00
DC HCDDA	Subtest 2	19.52	19.55	19.60	20.00
DC-HSDPA	Subtest 3	19.02	19.11	19.10	19.50
	Subtest 4	19.04	19.10	19.12	19.50
HSPA+	16QAM	17.22	17.35	17.40	18.00
		WCDMA Band V			
		Conducted Pow	er(dBm)		
Cha	annel	4132	4182	4233	Tune up
WCDMA	12.2kbps RMC	23.85	23.78	23.79	24.00
VV OBIVIT	12.2kbps AMR	23.81	23.76	23.80	24.00
	Subtest 1	22.69	22.63	22.67	23.00
HSDPA	Subtest 2	22.57	22.56	22.54	23.00
TIOD! A	Subtest 3	22.12	22.13	22.15	22.50
	Subtest 4	22.08	22.03	22.14	22.50
	Subtest 1	20.59	20.63	20.62	21.00
	Subtest 2	20.51	20.64	20.63	21.00
HSUPA	Subtest 3	21.56	21.57	21.62	22.00
	Subtest 4	20.01	20.10	20.09	20.50
	Subtest 5	21.63	21.60	21.66	22.00
	Subtest 1	22.51	22.60	22.66	23.00
DC-HSDPA	Subtest 2	22.44	22.52	22.52	23.00
DO-HODE A	Subtest 3	22.10	22.11	22.10	22.50
	Subtest 4	22.01	22.00	22.11	22.50
HSPA+	16QAM	20.48	20.56	20.55	21.00



Report No.: ZR/2018/A001108

Page: 10 of 68

LTE - conducted power table:

	Conducted Power(dBm)						
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel 18607	Channel 18900	Channel 19193	Tune up
		1	0	21.36	21.34	21.30	21.70
		1	2	21.32	21.30	21.53	21.70
1.4 M Hz		1	5	21.42	21.30	21.44	21.70
	QPSK	3	0	21.42	21.36	21.41	21.70
		3	2	21.64	21.36	21.59	21.70
		3	3	21.37	21.32	21.37	21.70
		6	0	20.41	20.32	20.43	20.70
		1	0	20.66	20.11	20.54	20.70
		1	2	20.68	20.48	20.56	20.70
		1	5	20.51	20.70	20.68	20.70
	16QAM	3	0	20.32	20.38	20.39	20.70
		3	2	20.33	20.46	20.56	20.70
		3	3	20.40	20.19	20.57	20.70
		6	0	19.57	19.43	19.62	19.70
5 1 1 11	NA 110	DD :	55 " 1	Channel	Channel	Channel	Tune up
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	18615	18900	19185	
		1	0	21.40	21.28	21.44	21.70
		1	7	21.54	21.27	21.46	21.70
		1	14	21.38	21.33	21.36	21.70
	QPSK	8	0	20.42	20.34	20.51	20.70
		8	4	20.35	20.34	20.55	20.70
		8	7	20.42	20.41	20.36	20.70
2MU-		15	0	20.28	20.33	20.47	20.70
3MHz	16QAM	1	0	20.65	20.54	20.67	20.70
		1	7	20.68	20.66	20.69	20.70
		1	14	20.67	20.49	20.68	20.70
		8	0	19.56	19.48	19.64	19.70
		8	4	19.60	19.48	19.62	19.70
		8	7	19.50	19.50	19.49	19.70
		15	0	19.52	19.31	19.54	19.70
Don dwidth	Madulati	DD e'	DD -41	Channel	Channel	Channel	
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	18625	18900	19175	Tune up
		1	0	21.20	21.29	21.38	21.70
		1	13	21.36	21.42	21.42	21.70
		1	24	21.15	21.26	21.38	21.70
	QPSK	12	0	20.42	20.37	20.38	20.70
		12	6	20.50	20.36	20.55	20.70
ERAL!-		12	13	20.43	20.33	20.52	20.70
5MHz		25	0	20.40	20.41	20.33	20.70
F		1	0	20.57	20.56	20.69	20.70
		1	13	20.28	20.62	20.63	20.70
	16QAM	1	24	20.31	20.55	20.54	20.70
	16QAM	12	0	19.47	19.54	19.38	19.70



Report No.: ZR/2018/A001108

Page: 11 of 68

		12	13	19.56	19.36	19.45	19.70
		25	0	19.50	19.38	19.62	19.70
Dan duri déla	Madulatian	DD -:	DD effect	Channel	Channel	Channel	Т
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	18650	18900	19150	Tune up
		1	0	21.45	21.44	21.39	21.70
		1	25	21.44	21.40	21.46	21.70
		1	49	21.40	21.33	21.43	21.70
	QPSK	25	0	20.36	20.40	20.45	20.70
		25	13	20.41	20.45	20.44	20.70
		25	25	20.40	20.39	20.47	20.70
10MHz		50	0	20.39	20.39	20.46	20.70
1 OIVII 12		1	0	20.59	20.53	20.57	20.70
		1	25	20.12	20.23	20.24	20.70
		1	49	20.41	20.34	20.62	20.70
	16QAM	25	0	19.57	19.41	19.53	19.70
		25	13	19.44	19.56	19.62	19.70
		25	25	19.46	19.42	19.53	19.70
		50	0	19.47	19.33	19.53	19.70
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel	Tungun
Danuwidin	iviodulation	KD SIZE	KD OIISEL	18675	18900	19125	Tune up
		1	0	21.38	21.36	21.47	21.70
		1	38	21.54	21.34	21.41	21.70
		1	74	21.20	21.26	21.37	21.70
	QPSK	36	0	20.44	20.41	20.46	20.70
		36	18	20.39	20.42	20.55	20.70
		36	39	20.49	20.39	20.54	20.70
15MHz		75	0	20.42	20.34	20.54	20.70
ISWITZ		1	0	20.58	20.54	20.67	20.70
		1	38	20.66	20.48	20.69	20.70
		1	74	20.55	20.46	20.69	20.70
	16QAM	36	0	19.44	19.35	19.45	19.70
		36	18	19.46	19.45	19.40	19.70
		36	39	19.52	19.32	19.41	19.70
		75	0	19.39	19.47	19.55	19.70
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel	Tune up
Danawidin	Modulation	IVD SIZE	IND Offset	18700	18900	19100	Turie up
		1	0	21.33	21.28	21.30	21.70
		1	50	21.48	21.47	21.67	21.70
		1	99	21.24	21.12	21.33	21.70
	QPSK	50	0	20.46	20.41	20.41	20.70
		50	25	20.42	20.49	20.40	20.70
		50	50	20.34	20.28	20.42	20.70
20MHz		100	0	20.42	20.34	20.40	20.70
ZUIVII IZ		1	0	20.35	20.68	20.65	20.70
		1	50	20.52	20.53	20.57	20.70
		1	99	20.51	20.60	20.54	20.70
	16QAM	50	0	19.56	19.41	19.48	19.70
		50	25	19.49	19.52	19.46	19.70
		50	50	19.39	19.34	19.44	19.70
		100	0	19.50	19.46	19.50	19.70



Report No.: ZR/2018/A001108

Page: 12 of 68

	LTE B	and 5			Conducted	Power(dBm)
Danish data	NA - ded - C	DD -:	DD - (')	Channel	Channel	Channel	T
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	20407	20525	20643	Tune up
		1	0	23.85	23.94	23.80	24.70
		1	2	23.99	24.08	24.11	24.70
		1	5	23.98	23.89	23.88	24.70
	QPSK	3	0	23.96	23.98	24.06	24.70
		3	2	24.05	23.95	24.04	24.70
		3	3	23.95	24.02	23.90	24.70
1.4MHz		6	0	22.98	23.10	22.97	23.70
1.411172		1	0	23.13	23.22	23.16	23.70
		1	2	23.10	23.08	22.84	23.70
		1	5	22.96	22.99	22.87	23.70
	16QAM	3	0	22.89	23.02	22.83	23.70
		3	2	23.02	22.91	23.00	23.70
		3	3	22.89	23.06	22.91	23.70
		6	0	22.01	22.25	21.99	22.70
Bandwidth	Modulation	DD circ	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel	Tungun
Danawiath	Modulation	RB size	KD OIISEL	20415	20525	20635	Tune up
		1	0	23.95	23.91	23.97	24.70
		1	7	24.03	24.16	24.32	24.70
		1	14	24.04	23.98	23.82	24.70
	QPSK	8	0	23.06	22.95	22.91	23.70
		8	4	22.98	23.03	23.05	23.70
		8	7	22.95	22.95	22.93	23.70
3MHz		15	0	22.98	23.09	23.02	23.70
SIVITIZ		1	0	23.29	23.30	23.14	23.70
		1	7	23.41	23.04	23.41	23.70
		1	14	23.36	23.39	22.72	23.70
	16QAM	8	0	21.96	22.09	21.99	22.70
		8	4	21.96	22.07	22.07	22.70
		8	7	21.92	21.96	22.00	22.70
		15	0	22.08	22.15	21.98	22.70
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel	Tungun
Balluwidtii	Modulation	ND SIZE	ND Ollset	20425	20525	20625	Tune up
		1	0	23.85	23.87	23.84	24.70
		1	13	24.00	23.95	24.07	24.70
		1	24	23.88	23.83	23.73	24.70
	QPSK	12	0	22.94	23.01	23.01	23.70
		12	6	23.04	23.09	23.03	23.70
		12	13	23.08	23.03	23.01	23.70
5MHz	5MHz	25	0	23.05	23.07	23.00	23.70
		1	0	23.15	23.11	22.90	23.70
		1	13	23.06	23.02	23.27	23.70
	16QAM	1	24	23.41	23.04	22.81	23.70
	IUQAW	12	0	21.96	21.99	22.02	22.70
		12	6	22.10	22.13	22.01	22.70
		12	13	22.09	21.95	21.94	22.70



Report No.: ZR/2018/A001108

Page: 13 of 68

		25	0	22.11	22.14	21.94	22.70
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel	Tune up
Danuwiutii	Modulation	KD SIZE	KD 0115et	20450	20525	20600	rune up
		1	0	23.83	23.89	23.80	24.70
		1	25	23.96	24.22	24.23	24.70
		1	49	23.87	24.00	23.92	24.70
	QPSK	25	0	23.04	23.13	23.18	23.70
		25	13	22.96	23.07	23.08	23.70
			25	25	23.14	23.01	22.97
10MHz		50	0	22.96	23.05	23.03	23.70
TOWINZ		1	0	23.27	23.13	23.36	23.70
		1	25	23.23	22.97	23.19	23.70
		1	49	23.12	23.36	22.76	23.70
	16QAM	25	0	21.92	22.11	22.16	22.70
		25	13	21.99	22.08	22.14	22.70
		25	25	22.10	22.05	22.14	22.70
		50	0	22.07	22.09	22.01	22.70

	LTE B	and 7			Conducted P	ower(dBm)	
Danadusi déla	NA alvilation	DD -:	DD offeet	Channel	Channel	Channel	T
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	20775	21100	21425	Tune up
		1	0	23.08	23.10	23.38	23.70
		1	13	23.28	23.22	23.36	23.70
		1	24	23.23	23.10	23.26	23.70
	QPSK	12	0	22.30	22.29	22.47	22.70
		12	6	22.38	22.25	22.42	22.70
		12	13	22.27	22.21	22.27	22.70
5MHz		25	0	22.32	22.21	22.35	22.70
SIVIFIZ		1	0	22.48	22.35	22.42	22.70
		1	13	22.30	22.03	22.41	22.70
		1	24	22.35	22.28	22.40	22.70
	16QAM	12	0	21.30	21.30	21.53	21.70
		12	6	21.25	21.39	21.60	21.70
		12	13	21.37	21.31	21.34	21.70
		25	0	21.28	21.23	21.51	21.70
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel	Tune up
Baridwidth	Modulation	ND SIZE	ND onset	20800	21100	21400	Turie up
		1	0	23.21	23.01	23.27	23.70
		1	25	23.20	23.23	23.31	23.70
		1	49	23.13	23.16	23.26	23.70
	QPSK	25	0	22.34	22.13	22.43	22.70
		25	13	22.26	22.17	22.34	22.70
10MHz		25	25	22.24	22.26	22.37	22.70
10141112		50	0	22.32	22.28	22.41	22.70
		1	0	22.49	22.52	22.35	22.70
		1	25	22.67	22.43	22.66	22.70
	16QAM	1	49	21.99	22.31	22.51	22.70
		25	0	21.36	21.32	21.48	21.70
		25	13	21.39	21.26	21.43	21.70

This document is issued by the Company subject to its General Conditions of Service printed overleaf, available on request or accessible at http://www.sgs.com/en/Terms-and-Conditions.aspx and, for electronic format documents, subject to Terms and Conditions for Electronic Documents at http://www.sgs.com/en/Terms-and-Conditions/Terms-e-Document.aspx. Attention is drawn to the limitation of liability, indemnification and jurisdiction issues defined therein. Any holder of this document is advised that information contained hereon reflects the Company's findings at the time of its intervention only and within the limits of Client's instructions, if any. The Company's sole responsibility is to its Client and this document does not exonerate parties to a transaction from exercising all their rights and obligations under the transaction documents. This document cannot be reproduced except in full, without prior written approval of the Company. Any unauthorized alteration, forgery or falsification of the content or appearance of this document is unlawful and offenders may be prosecuted to the fullest extent of the law. Unless otherwise stated the results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested and such sample(s) are retained for 30 days only



Report No.: ZR/2018/A001108

Page: 14 of 68

		25	25	21.36	21.24	21.36	21.70
		50	0	21.26	21.24	21.44	21.70
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel	Tune up
				20825	21100	21375	·
		1	0	23.29	23.08	23.26	23.70
		1	38	23.26	23.10	23.28	23.70
		1	74	23.14	23.02	23.24	23.70
	QPSK	36	0	22.29	22.21	22.35	22.70
		36	18	22.32	22.26	22.44	22.70
		36	39	22.33	22.16	22.46	22.70
15MHz		75	0	22.19	22.17	22.36	22.70
ISWITZ		1	0	22.44	22.67	22.69	22.70
		1	38	22.62	22.32	22.68	22.70
		1	74	22.62	22.67	22.69	22.70
	16QAM	36	0	21.31	21.33	21.39	21.70
		36	18	21.28	21.25	21.46	21.70
		36	39	21.21	21.22	21.43	21.70
		75	0	21.18	21.27	21.41	21.70
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel	Tungun
Danawiath	Modulation	RB SIZE	RB onset	20850	21100	21350	Tune up
		1	0	23.08	23.28	23.22	23.70
		1	50	23.47	23.21	23.45	23.70
		1	99	22.97	23.11	23.25	23.70
	QPSK	50	0	22.28	22.24	22.46	22.70
		50	25	22.31	22.27	22.47	22.70
		50	50	22.39	22.18	22.34	22.70
201411-		100	0	22.34	22.24	22.43	22.70
20MHz		1	0	22.29	22.29	22.68	22.70
		1	50	22.46	22.63	22.69	22.70
		1	99	22.41	21.98	22.70	22.70
	16QAM	50	0	21.26	21.33	21.47	21.70
		50	25	21.38	21.39	21.51	21.70
		50	50	21.34	21.28	21.37	21.70

	LTE FDD	Band 41		Conducted Power(dBm)						
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	Tune up		
Danawidin	Modulation	ND SIZE	KB onset	40065	40448	40832	41215	Turie up		
		1	0	24.48	24.40	24.33	24.33	24.70		
		1	13	24.59	24.55	24.44	24.49	24.70		
	QPSK	1	24	24.39	24.38	24.31	24.32	24.70		
		12	0	23.62	23.60	23.50	23.51	23.70		
					12	6	23.66	23.62	23.49	23.64
5MHz		12	13	23.65	23.57	23.50	23.51	23.70		
		25	0	23.61	23.52	23.43	23.52	23.70		
		1	0	23.65	23.52	23.43	23.52	23.70		
	16QAM	1	13	23.64	23.61	23.46	23.60	23.70		
	IOQAW	1	24	23.56	23.47	23.40	23.51	23.70		
			0	22.52	22.47	22.40	22.42	22.70		



Report No.: ZR/2018/A001108

Page: 15 of 68

		12	6	22.58	22.58	22.41	22.49	22.70
		12	13	22.53	22.46	22.35	22.41	22.70
		25	0	22.62	22.51	22.36	22.52	22.70
				Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	22.70
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	40090	40457	40823	41190	Tune up
		1	0	24.56	24.59	24.48	24.52	24.70
		1	25	24.50	24.54	24.43	24.46	24.70
		. 1	49	24.57	24.44	24.40	24.42	24.70
	QPSK	25	0	23.67	23.68	23.58	23.68	23.70
	α. σ. τ	25	13	23.67	23.61	23.45	23.57	23.70
		25	25	23.68	23.50	23.45	23.53	23.70
		50	0	23.63	23.57	23.47	23.54	23.70
10MHz		1	0	23.64	23.67	23.51	23.67	23.70
		1	25	23.67	23.57	23.50	23.55	23.70
		1	49	23.64	23.53	23.45	23.60	23.70
	16QAM	25	0	22.64	22.58	22.47	22.60	22.70
	TOQAIVI	25	13	22.64	22.55	22.45	22.56	22.70
		25	25	22.65	22.53	22.43	22.53	22.70
		50	0	22.66	22.45	22.43	22.57	22.70
		30		Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	22.10
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	40115	40465	40815	41165	Tune up
		1	0	24.51	24.51	24.49	24.48	24.70
		1	38	24.63	+	24.49	24.49	24.70
		<u>'</u> 1	74		24.53			24.70
	QPSK	36	-	24.51	24.41	24.34	24.34	23.70
	QPSK		0	23.63	23.56	23.57	23.56	
		36	18	23.66	23.56	23.51	23.56	23.70
		36	39	23.66	23.48	23.52	23.44	23.70
15MHz		75	0	23.58	23.47	23.45	23.51	23.70
		1	0	23.65	23.54	23.47	23.55	23.70
		1	38	23.66	23.52	23.49	23.56	23.70
	460 AM	1	74	23.63	23.54	23.39	23.49	23.70
	16QAM	36	0	22.57	22.50	22.37	22.57	22.70
		36	18	22.59	22.46	22.38	22.51	22.70
		36	39	22.57	22.44	22.39	22.37	22.70
		75	0	22.58	22.44	22.39	22.48	22.70
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	Tune up
		4	0	40140	40473	40807	41140	04.70
		1	0	24.49	24.47	24.39	24.40	24.70
		1	50	24.61	24.60	24.46	24.49	24.70
	ODOK	<u> </u>	99	24.42	24.27	24.22	24.24	24.70
	QPSK	50	0	23.56	23.51	23.38	23.55	23.70
		50	25	23.67	23.48	23.36	23.39	23.70
		50	50	23.53	23.43	23.28	23.37	23.70
20MHz		100	0	23.67	23.57	23.42	23.47	23.70
		1	0	23.55	23.59	23.47	23.56	23.70
		1	50	23.66	23.62	23.51	23.61	23.70
	400 411	1	99	23.52	23.33	23.30	23.42	23.70
	16QAM	50	0	22.38	22.43	22.36	22.53	22.70
		50	25	22.49	22.45	22.34	22.45	22.70
		50	50	22.49	22.35	22.23	22.35	22.70
		100	0	22.60	22.52	22.44	22.48	22.70

This document is issued by the Company subject to its General Conditions of Service printed overleaf, available on request or accessible at http://www.sgs.com/en/Terms-and-Conditions.aspx and, for electronic format documents, subject to Terms and Conditions for Electronic Documents at http://www.sgs.com/en/Terms-and-Conditions/Terms



Report No.: ZR/2018/A001108

Page: 16 of 68

Downlink LTE CA - conducted power table:

	PCC							SCC			Power			
Configure	LTE Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	UL Freq. (MHz)	UL Channel	UL# RB	UL RB Offset	LTE Band	BW (MHz)	DL Freq. (MHz)	DL Channel	LTE Rel 10 Tx.Power(dBm)	LTE Rel 8 Tx.Power(dBm)	Tune-up
CA_7A-7A	Band 7	20M	QPSK	2510	20850	1	50	Band 7	20M	2680	3350	23.45	23.47	23.70

Note: The downlink LTE CA SAR test is not required since the maximum output power for downlink LTE CA was not more than 0.25dB higher than the maximum output power for without downlink LTE CA.

WiFi 2.4G - conducted power table:

Duty cycle: 2.4GHz Wi-Fi 802.11b

Mode	Channel	Frequency(MHz)	Data Rate(Mbps)	Tune up	Average Power (dBm)	SAR Test
	1	2412		19.00	18.26	Yes
802.11b	6	2437	1	19.00	18.66	Yes
	11	2462	·	19.00	18.24	Yes
	1	2412		16.00	15.32	No
802.11g	6	2437	6	16.00	15.71	No
	11	2462	Ů	16.00	15.67	No
802.11n	1	2412		15.00	14.44	No
HT20 SISO	6	2437	6.5	15.00	14.73	No
11120 3130	11	2462	0.0	15.00	14.61	No
902 11n	3	2422		15.00	14.34	No
802.11n HT40 SISO	6	2437	13.5	15.00	14.58	No
11140 3130	9	2452	13.0	15.00	14.89	No

Duty cycle= 8.362/8.426=99.24% \blacksquare Spectrum Reflevel -9.00 dBm Offset 1.00 dB RBW 1 MHz Att 10 dB • SWT 18.5 ms • VBW 3 MHz SGL ●1Rm Clrw D2[1] -0.86 dP 8.4260 ms -20 dBm M1[1] -26.41 dBm JAN41486 -30 dBm -40 d -50 d**8**m -60 d<mark>8</mark>m -70 d**6**m -80 dÅm -90 dBm -100 dBm-CF 2.412 GHz 1001 pts 1.85 ms/ Marker Type | Ref | Trc | X-value Y-value Function **Function Result** 9.435 ms -26.41 dBm D1 М1 8.362 ms -0.67 dB D2 М1 8.426 ms -0.86 dB

Date: 1 NOV 2018 12:03:27



Report No.: ZR/2018/A001108

Page: 17 of 68

WiFi 5G - conducted power table:

WiFi 5G - condu	l lea powe	i table.		5.		Average	
5GHz	mode	Channel	Frequency(MHz)	Data Rate(Mbps)	Tune up	Power (dBm)	SAR Test
		36	5180		12.00	11.41	Yes
		40	5200		12.00	11.55	Yes
	U-NII-1	44	5220		12.00	11.38	No
		48	5240		12.00	11.42	Yes
		52	5260		12.00	11.36	Yes
		56	5280		12.00	11.38	Yes
	U-NII-2A	60	5300		12.00	11.19	No
		64	5320		12.00	11.22	Yes
		100	5500		12.00	11.79	Yes
		104	5520		12.00	11.59	No
		104	5540		12.00	11.56	No
		112	5560		12.00	11.85	Yes
802.11a		116	5580	6	12.00	11.59	No
		120	5600		12.00	11.47	No
	U-NII-2C	124	5620		12.00	11.47	No
		124	5640		12.00	11.47	No
		132	5660		12.00	11.49	No
					12.00		No
		136 140	5680 5700		12.00	11.36 11.60	Yes
		149 153	5745	_	12.00	11.38	Yes No
	U-NII-3	153	5765 5785		12.00 12.00	11.16 11.42	Yes
		161	5805		12.00	11.37	No
		165	5825		12.00	11.40 Average	Yes
5GHz	mode	Channel	Frequency(MHz)	Data Rate(Mbps)	Tune up	Power (dBm)	SAR Test
		36	5180		11.00	10.53	No
		40	5200		11.00	10.48	No
	U-NII-1	44	5220		11.00	10.51	No
		48	5240		11.00	10.53	No
		52	5260		11.00	10.56	No
		56	5280		11.00	10.50	No
	U-NII-2A	60	5300		11.00	10.45	No
		64	5320		11.00	10.49	No
		100	5500		11.00	10.32	No
		104	5520		11.00	10.52	No
802.11n-HT20		108	5540	MCS0	11.00	10.59	No
		112	5560		11.00	10.72	No
		116	5580		11.00	10.72	No
	U-NII-2C	120	5600		11.00	10.65	No
		124	5620		11.00	10.34	No
		128	5640		11.00	10.42	No
		132	5660		11.00	10.42	No
		136	5680		11.00	10.25	No
		140	5700		11.00	10.13	No
	U-NII-3	149	5745		11.00	10.01	No
	0 1411-0	170	0,40	l	11.00	10.02	140

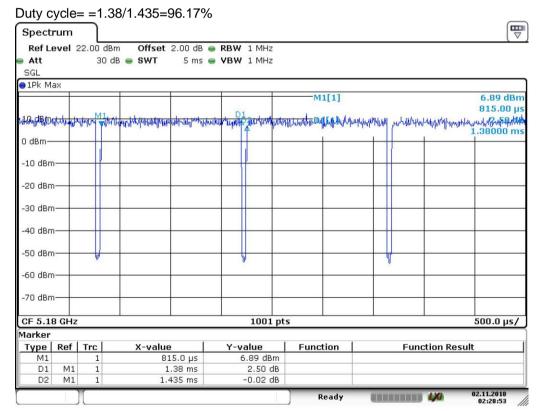


Report No.: ZR/2018/A001108

Page: 18 of 68

1		153	5765		11.00	10.14	No
		157	5785		11.00	10.03	No
		161	5805		11.00	10.28	No
		165	5825		11.00	10.39	No
5GHz	mode	Channel	Frequency(MHz)	Data Rate(Mbps)	Tune up	Average Power (dBm)	SAR Test
	U-NII-1	38	5190		11.00	10.40	No
	O-INII- I	46	5230		11.00	10.53	No
	U-NII-2A	54	5270		11.00	10.56	No
	U-MII-ZA	62	5310		11.00	10.43	No
		102	5510		11.00	10.30	No
802.11n-HT40		110	5550	MCS0	11.00	10.51	No
	U-NII-2C	118	5590		11.00	10.46	No
		126	5630		11.00	10.26	No
		134	5670		11.00	10.04	No
	U-NII-3	151	5755		11.00	10.01	No
	0-1111-3	159	5795		11.00	10.05	No

Duty cycle: 5GHz Wi-Fi 802.11a



Date: 2.NOV.2018 02:28:53



Report No.: ZR/2018/A001108

Page: 19 of 68

BT - conducted power table:

	BT		T	Accordance Considerate d
Modulation	Channel	Frequency(MHz)	Tune up (dBm)	Average Conducted Power(dBm)
	0	2402	9.50	8.36
GFSK	39	2441	9.50	7.19
	78	2480	9.50	6.46
	0	2402	9.50	6.75
π/4DQPSK	39	2441	9.50	6.62
	78	2480	9.50	4.48
	0	2402	9.50	6.70
8DPSK	39	2441	9.50	6.68
	78	2480	9.50	4.52

Duty cycle: GFSK

Duty cycle= 2.88/3.76=76.60% Spectrum Ref Level 21.00 dBm Offset 1.00 dB @ RBW 1 MHz Att 30 dB @ SWT 20 ms . VBW 1 MHz SGL ●1Pk Max D2[1] 0.00 dB M1 3.7600 ms D2 10 dBm-10.12 dBm MI[I] 3,3400 ms 0 dBm--10 dBm--20 dBm--30 dBm--40 dBm--50 dBm-Holiton whyles 4/4/ HW/WH MAN -60 dBm--70 dBm-1001 pts CF 2.402 GHz 2.0 ms/ Ref Trc Y-value Function **Function Result** Type 3.34 ms 10.12 dBm M1 D1 1 2.88 ms -0.03 dB D2 M1 1 3.76 ms 0.00 dB



Report No.: ZR/2018/A001108

Page: 20 of 68

1.5 Test Environment

Ambient Temperature: 22±2° C Tissue Simulating Liquid: 22±2° C

1.6 Operation Description

- 1. The EUT is controlled by using a Radio Communication Tester (MT8821C & CMU200), and the communication between the EUT and the tester is established by air link.
- 2. Measurements are performed respectively on the lowest, middle and highest channels of the operating band(s). The EUT is set to maximum power level during all tests, and at the beginning of each test the battery is fully charged.
- 3. During the SAR testing, the DASY 5 system checks power drift by comparing the e-field strength of one specific location measured at the beginning with that measured at the end of the SAR testing.
- 4. SAR test reduction for GPRS mode is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power. The data mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance.
- 5. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSDPA with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Since the maximum output power in a secondary mode (HSDPA) is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary mode (WCDMA), SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode (HSDPA).
- 6. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSPA (HSUPA/HSDPA with RMC) with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Since the maximum output power in a secondary mode (HSPA) is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary mode (WCDMA), SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode (HSPA).



Report No.: ZR/2018/A001108

Page: 21 of 68

7. LTE modes test according to KDB 941225D05v02r05.

- a. Per Section 5.2.1, the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation.
- Using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
- When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required for 1 RB allocation; otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels and only for the RB offset configuration with the highest output power for that channel.
- When the reported SAR of a required test channel is > 1.45 W/kg, SAR is required for all three RB offset configurations for that required test channel.
- b. Per Section 5.2.2, the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 50% RB allocation
- The procedures required for 1 RB allocation in 5.2.1 are applied to measure the SAR for QPSK with 50% RB allocation.
- c. Per Section 5.2.3, the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 100% RB allocation
- For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in 5.2.1 and 5.2.2 are ≤ 0.8 W/kg.
- Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
- d. Per Section 5.2.4, Higher order modulations
- For each modulation besides QPSK; e.g., 16-QAM, 64-QAM, apply the QPSK procedures in sections 5.2.1, 5.2.2 and 5.2.3 to determine the QAM configurations that may need SAR measurement. For each configuration identified as required for testing, SAR is required only when the highest maximum output power for the configuration in the higher order modulation is > ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK or when the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is > 1.45 W/kg.
- e. Per Section 5.3, other channel bandwidth standalone SAR test requirements
- For the other channel bandwidths used by the device in a frequency band, apply all the procedures required for the largest channel bandwidth in section 5.2 to determine the channels and RB configurations that need SAR testing and only measure SAR when the highest maximum output power of a configuration requiring testing in the smaller channel bandwidth is > ½ dB higher than the equivalent channel configurations in the largest channel bandwidth configuration or the reported SAR of a configuration for the largest channel bandwidth is > 1.45 W/kg. The equivalent channel configuration for the RB allocation, RB offset and modulation etc. is determined for the smaller channel bandwidth according to the same number of RB allocated in the largest channel bandwidth.
- Downlink LTE CA additional specification

The device supports downlink LTE Carrier Aggregation (CA) only. When carrier aggregation applies, implementation and measurement details for the following are necessary.

- a) Intra-band and inter-band carrier aggregation requirements for downlink.
- b) Support of contiguous and non-contiguous component carriers for intra-band aggregation.

The possible downlink LTE CA combinations supported by this device are as below tables per 3GPP TS 36.101 V13.2.1. The conducted power measurement results of downlink LTE CA are provided in Section 8.1 of this report per 3GPP TS 36.521-1 V13.0.1. The downlink LTE CA SAR test is not required since the maximum output power for downlink LTE CA was not more than 0.25dB higher than the maximum output power for without downlink LTE CA.

Intra-band contiguous CA operating bands:



Report No.: ZR/2018/A001108

Page: 22 of 68

E-UTRA CA	E-UTRA	Uplink (UL) operating band⊮	Downlink (DL) operating band⊮	Duplex
Band₽	Band₽	BS receive / UE transmitℯ	BS transmit / UE receive ℯ	Mode₽
		F _{UL low} F _{UL high}	F _{DL} low F _{DL high}	
 CA_7₽ 	7₽	2500 MHz₽ -₽ 2570 MHz₽	2620 MHz₄ –₄ 2690 MHz₄	FDD₽

■ 42	E-UTRA CA configuration / Bandwidth combination set ₽							
Uplini CA		Component						
■ E-UTRA CA configurati on	configura tions√ (NOTE 3)∂	Channel bandwidths for carrier [MHz].	Channel bandwidths bandwidths for carrier [MHz] for carrier [MHz] carrier		Channel bandwidth s for carrier [MHz]√	Maximum aggregated ↓ bandwidth [MHz] ₽	Bandwidth combinatio n set∂	
		5₽	15₽	¢	42			
		10₽	10, 15₽	¢	ę.	40↩	0.₽	
		15₽	15, 20₽	47	42			
■ CA_7A-7A	₽	20₽	20₽	47	٩			
_	5, 10, 15, 20¢ 5, 10, 15, 20¢	5, 10, 15, 20₽	5, 10, 15, 20₽	47	47	40₽	1.₽	
		5, 10₽	47	٩				
		10, 15, 20₽	10, 15, 20₽	ę.	۵	40₽	2.₽	

[■] NOTE 1: The CA configuration refers to an operating band and a CA bandwidth class specified in Table 5.6A-1 (the indexing letter). Absence of a CA bandwidth class for an operating band implies support of all classes. ✓
NOTE 2: For the supported CC bandwidth combinations, the CC downlink and uplink bandwidths are equal. ✓

Test frequencies for CA_7A-7A:

Test⊬ Frequency ID∉	CC-Combo /ℯ NRB_8gg [RB]ℯ	CC1√ Note1 <i>₽</i>				Wgap	CC2-√ Note1-₽					
		BW√ [RB]√	Ų N υL₃	f _{∪L} [MHz]⊹	√ N DL.	f _{DL} [MHz]∢	[MHz]⊹	BW√ [RB]∉	√ NυL₁	f _{UL} [MHz]√	 N _{DL} ,	f _{DL} [MHz]
	25+25₽	25₽	20775+	2502.5	2775₽	2622.5	60₽	25↩	21425∉	2567.5₽	3425∉	2687.5
	25+50₽	25₽	20775+	2502.5	2775₽	2622.5	55₽	50₽	21400∉	2565₽	3400∉	2685
		50₽	20800+	2505₽	2800₽	2625₽	55₽	25₽	21425∉	2567.5₽	3425∉	2687.5
	25+75₽	25₽	20775+	2502.5	2775₽	2622.5	50₽	75↩	21375∉	2562.5₽	3375∉	2682.5
		75₽	20825+	2507.5	2825₽	2627.5	50₽	25↩	21425∉	2567.5₽	3425∉	2687.5
	50+50₽	50₽	20800+	2505₽	2800₽	2625₽	50₽	50₽	21400∉	2565₽	3400∉	2685
	25+100₽	25₽	20775+	2502.5	2775₽	2622.5	45₽	100₽	21350∉	2560₽	3350∉	2680
		100₽	20850+	2510₽	2850₽	2630₽	45₽	25₽	21425∉	2567.5₽	3425∉	2687.5
Max WGap₽	50+75₽	50₽	20800+	2505₽	2800₽	2625₽	45₽	75₽	21375⊹	2562.5₽	3375∉	2682.5
		75₽	20825+	2507.5	2825₽	2627.5	45₽	50₽	21400⊹	2565₽	3400∉	2685
	50+100₽	50₽	20800+	2505₽	2800₽	2625₽	40₽	100₽	21350∉	2560₽	3350∉	2680
		100₽	20850+	2510₽	2850₽	2630₽	40₽	50₽	21400∉	2565₽	3400∉	2685
	75+75₽	75₽	20825+	2507.5	2825₽	2627.5	40₽	75₽	21375⊹	2562.5₽	3375∉	2682.5
	75+100₽	75₽	20825+	2507.5	2825₽	2627.5	35₽	100₽	21350∉	2560₽	3350∉	2680
		100₽	20850+	2510₽	2850₽	2630₽	35₽	75₽	21375∉	2562.5₽	3375∉	2682.5
	100+100₽	100₽	20850+	2510₽	2850₽	2630₽	30₽	100₽	21350∉	2560₽	3350∉	2680
Refsens2.	75+100₽	75₽	21025+	2527.5	3025₽	2647.5	15₽	100₽	21350∉	2560₽	3350∉	2680
	100+100₽	100₽	21000+	2525₽	3000₽	2645₽	15₽	100₽	21350∉	2560₽	3350∉	2680
	25+100₽	25₽	20975+	2522.5	2975₽	2642.5	25₽	100₽	21350∉	2560₽	3350∉	2680
	50+100₽	50₽	21000+	2525₽	3000₽	2645₽	20₽	100₽	21350∉	2560₽	3350∉	2680
Note 1: Carriers in increasing frequency order.₽												



Report No.: ZR/2018/A001108

Page: 23 of 68

8. WLAN

Initial Test Position SAR Test Reduction Procedure

DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures. SAR is measured in the initial test position using the 802.11 transmission mode configuration required by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s) according to the OFDM procedures. The initial test position procedure is described in the following:

- 1). When the reported SAR of the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other (remaining) test positions in that exposure configuration and 802.11 transmission mode combinations within the frequency band or aggregated band. SAR is also not required for that exposure configuration in the subsequent test configuration(s).
- 2). When the reported SAR of the initial test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position using subsequent highest extrapolated or estimated 1-g SAR conditions determined by area scans or next closest/smallest test separation distance and maximum RF coupling test positions based on manufacturer justification, on the highest maximum output power channel, until the reported SAR is \leq 0.8 W/kg or all required test positions (left, right, touch, tilt or subsequent surfaces and edges) are tested.
- 3) . For all positions/configurations tested using the initial test position and subsequent test positions, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is \leq 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested. a) Additional power measurements may be required for this step, which should be limited to those necessary for identifying the subsequent highest output power channels.

Initial Test Configuration Procedures

An initial test configuration is determined for OFDM transmission modes according to the channel bandwidth, modulation and data rate combination(s) with the highest maximum output power specified for production units in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR is measured using the highest measured maximum output power channel. For configurations with the same specified or measured maximum output power, additional transmission mode and test channel selection procedures are required. SAR test reduction for subsequent highest output test channels is determined according to reported SAR of the initial test configuration.

For next to the ear, hotspot mode and UMC mini-tablet exposure configurations where multiple test positions are required, the initial test position procedure is applied to minimize the number of test positions required for SAR measurement using the initial test configuration transmission mode. For fixed exposure conditions that do not have multiple SAR test positions, SAR is measured in the transmission mode determined by the initial test configuration.

When the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR measurement is required for subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.



Report No.: ZR/2018/A001108

Page: 24 of 68

Subsequent Test Configuration Procedure

SAR measurement requirements for the remaining 802.11 transmission mode configurations that have not been tested in the initial test configuration are determined separately for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, in each exposure condition, according to the maximum output power specified for production units. The initial test position procedure is applied to next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet and hotspot mode configurations. When the same maximum output power is specified for multiple transmission modes, additional power measurements may be required to determine if SAR measurements are required for subsequent highest output power channels in a subsequent test configuration. The subsequent test configuration and SAR measurement procedures are described in the following.

- 1). When SAR test exclusion provisions of KDB Publication 447498 are applicable and SAR measurement is not required for the initial test configuration, SAR is also not required for the next highest maximum output power transmission mode subsequent test configuration(s) in that frequency band or aggregated band and exposure configuration.
- 2). When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration (when applicable, include subsequent highest output channels), according to the initial test position or fixed exposure position requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration.
- 3). The number of channels in the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration can be different due to differences in channel bandwidth. When SAR measurement is required for a subsequent test configuration and the channel bandwidth is smaller than that in the initial test configuration, all channels in the subsequent test configuration that overlap with the larger bandwidth channel tested in the initial test configuration should be used to determine the highest maximum output power channel. This step requires additional power measurement to identify the highest maximum output power channel in the subsequent test configuration to determine SAR test reduction.
- a) SAR should first be measured for the channel with highest measured output power in the subsequent test configuration.
- b) SAR for subsequent highest measured maximum output power channels in the subsequent test configuration is required only when the reported SAR of the preceding higher maximum output power channel(s) in the subsequent test configuration is > 1.2 W/kg or until all required channels are tested. i) For channels with the same measured maximum output power, SAR should be measured using the channel closest to the center frequency of the larger channel bandwidth channel in the initial test configuration.
- 4). SAR measurements for the remaining highest specified maximum output power OFDM transmission mode configurations that have not been tested in the initial test configuration (highest maximum output) or subsequent test configuration(s) (subsequent next highest maximum output power) is determined by recursively applying the subsequent test configuration procedures in this section to the remaining configurations according to the following:



Report No.: ZR/2018/A001108

Page: 25 of 68

a) replace "subsequent test configuration" with "next subsequent test configuration" (i.e., subsequent next highest specified maximum output power configuration)

b) replace "initial test configuration" with "all tested higher output power configurations"

2.4 GHz WiFi SAR Procedures:

Separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations in the 2.4 GHz band to simplify DSSS test requirements. For 802.11b DSSS SAR measurements, DSSS SAR procedure applies to fixed exposure test position and initial test position procedure applies to multiple exposure test positions. When SAR measurement is required for an OFDM configuration, the initial test configuration, subsequent test configuration and initial test position procedures are applied. The SAR test exclusion requirements for 802.11g/n OFDM configurations are described in following.

802.11b DSSS SAR Test Requirements

SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS using either a fixed test position or, when applicable, the initial test position procedure. SAR test reduction is determined according to the following:

- 1). When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is \leq 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration.
- 2). When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for that exposure configuration using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel; i.e., all channels require testing.
- 2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM SAR Test Exclusion Requirements

When SAR measurement is required for 2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM configurations, the measurement and test reduction procedures for OFDM are applied (section 5.3, including sub-sections). SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions.

- 1). When KDB Publication 447498 SAR test exclusion applies to the OFDM configuration.
- 2) . When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.

SAR Test Requirements for OFDM configurations

When SAR measurement is required for 802.11 g/n OFDM configurations, each standalone and frequency aggregated band is considered separately for SAR test reduction. In applying the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration procedures, the 802.11 transmission configuration with the highest specified maximum output power and the channel within a test configuration with the highest measured maximum output power should be clearly distinguished to apply the procedures.



Report No.: ZR/2018/A001108

Page: 26 of 68

5 GHz WiFi SAR Procedures:

U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A Bands

For devices that operate in only one of the U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A bands, the normally required SAR procedures for OFDM configurations are applied. For devices that operate in both U-NII bands using the same transmitter and antenna(s), SAR test reduction is determined according to the following:

- 1) When the same maximum output power is specified for both bands, begin SAR measurement in U-NII-2A band by applying the OFDM SAR requirements. If the highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band for that configuration (802.11 mode and exposure condition); otherwise, both bands are tested independently for SAR.
- 2) When different maximum output power is specified for the bands, begin SAR measurement in the band with higher specified maximum output power. The highest reported SAR for the tested configuration is adjusted by the ratio of lower to higher specified maximum output power for the two bands. When the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for the band with lower maximum output power in that test configuration; otherwise, both bands are tested independently for SAR.
- 3) The two U-NII bands may be aggregated to support a 160 MHz channel on channel number 50. Without additional testing, the maximum output power for this is limited to the lower of the maximum output power certified for the two bands. When SAR measurement is required for at least one of the bands and the highest reported SAR adjusted by the ratio of specified maximum output power of aggregated to standalone band is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the 160 MHz channel. This procedure does not apply to an aggregated band with maximum output higher than the standalone band(s); the aggregated band must be tested independently for SAR. SAR is not required when the 160 MHz channel is operating at a reduced maximum power and also qualifies for SAR test exclusion.

U-NII-2C and U-NII-3 Bands

The frequency range covered by these bands is 380 MHz (5.47 - 5.85 GHz), which requires a minimum of at least two SAR probe calibration frequency points to support SAR measurements. when Terminal Doppler Weather Radar (TDWR) restriction applies, all channels that operate at 5.60 - 5.65 GHz must be included to apply the SAR test reduction and measurement procedures.

When the same transmitter and antenna(s) are used for U-NII-2C band and U-NII-3 band or 5.8 GHz band of §15.247, the bands may be aggregated to enable additional channels with 20, 40 or 80 MHz bandwidth to span across the band gap, as illustrated in Appendix B. The maximum output power for the additional band gap channels is limited to the lower of those certified for the bands. Unless band gap channels are permanently disabled, they must be considered for SAR testing. The frequency range covered by these bands is 380 MHz (5.47 – 5.85 GHz), which requires a minimum of at least two SAR probe calibration frequency points to support SAR measurements. To maintain SAR measurement accuracy and to facilitate test reduction, the channels in U-NII-2C band above 5.65 GHz may be grouped with the 5.8 GHz channels in U-NII-3 or §15.247 band to enable two SAR probe calibration frequency points to cover the bands, including



Report No.: ZR/2018/A001108

Page: 27 of 68

the band gap channels. When band gap channels are supported and the bands are not aggregated for SAR testing, band gap channels must be considered independently in each band according to the normally required OFDM SAR measurement and probe calibration frequency points requirements.

OFDM Transmission Mode SAR Test Configuration and Channel Selection Requirements

The initial test configuration for 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures. When multiple configurations in a frequency band have the same specified maximum output power, the initial test configuration is determined according to the following steps applied sequentially.

- 1) The largest channel bandwidth configuration is selected among the multiple configurations with the same specified maximum output power.
- 2) If multiple configurations have the same specified maximum output power and largest channel bandwidth, the lowest order modulation among the largest channel bandwidth configurations is selected.
- 3) If multiple configurations have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth and lowest order modulation, the lowest data rate configuration among these configurations is selected.
- 4) When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, the lowest order 802.11 mode is selected; i.e., 802.11a is chosen over 802.11n then 802.11ac or 802.11g is chosen over 802.11n. After an initial test configuration is determined, if multiple test channels have the same measured maximum output power, the channel chosen for SAR measurement is determined according to the following. These channel selection procedures apply to both the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s), with respect to the default power measurement procedures or additional power measurements required for further SAR test reduction. The same procedures also apply to subsequent highest output power channel(s) selection.
- a) The channel closest to mid-band frequency is selected for SAR measurement.
- b) For channels with equal separation from mid-band frequency; for example, high and low channels or two mid-band channels, the higher frequency (number) channel is selected for SAR measurement.

SAR Test Requirements for OFDM configurations:

When SAR measurement is required for 802.11 a/n/ac OFDM configurations, each standalone and frequency aggregated band is considered separately for SAR test reduction. When the same transmitter and antenna(s) are used for U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A bands, additional SAR test reduction applies. When band gap channels between U-NII-2C band and 5.8 GHz U-NII-3 or §15.247 band are supported, the highest maximum output power transmission mode configuration and maximum output power channel across the bands must be used to determine SAR test reduction, according to the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration requirements. In applying the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration procedures, the 802.11 transmission configuration with the highest specified maximum output power and the



Report No.: ZR/2018/A001108

Page: 28 of 68

channel within a test configuration with the highest measured maximum output power should be clearly distinguished to apply the procedures.

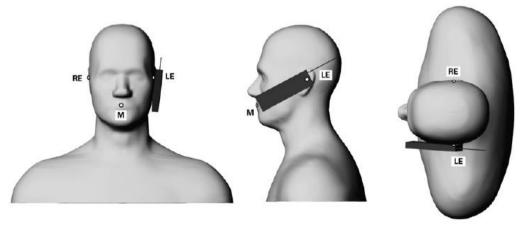
WiFi CDD/MIMO SAR Considerations

Per KDB 248227D01v02r02, simultaneous transmission provisions in KDB Publication 447498 should be used to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion for WiFi MIMO. If the sum of 1-g SAR single transmission SAR measurement is <1.6W/kg, no additional SAR measurements for MIMO are required. Alternatively, SAR for MIMO can be measured with all antennas transmitting simultaneously at the specified maximum output power of MIMO operation.

- 9. According to KDB447498D01v06, testing of other required channels is not required when the reported 1-g SAR for the highest output channel is \leq 0.8 W/kg, when the transmission band is \leq 100MHz.
- 10. According to KDB865664D01v01r04, SAR measurement variability must be assessed for each frequency band. When the original highest measured SAR is \geq 0.8 W/kg, repeated that measurement once. Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is \geq 1.45 W/kg (\sim 10% from the 1-g SAR limit)
- 11. According to KDB447498D01v06 The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances \leq 50 mm are determined by: [(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \leq 3.0$ for 1-g SAR, and \leq 7.5 for product specific 10-g SAR.

1.7 Positioning Procedure

Head SAR measurement statement

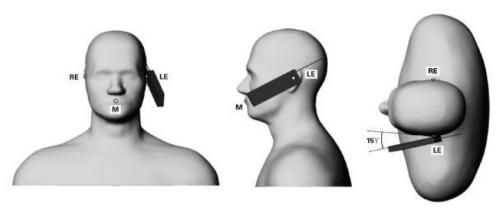


Phone position 1, "cheek" or "touch" position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE) and mouth (M), which define the reference plane for phone positioning.



Report No.: ZR/2018/A001108

Page: 29 of 68



Phone position 2, "tilted position." The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE) and mouth (M), which define the reference plane for phone positioning.

Cheek/Touch Position:

The handset was brought toward the mouth of the head phantom by pivoting against the ear reference point until any point of the mouthpiece or keypad touched the phantom.

Ear/Tilt Position:

With the phone aligned in the Cheek/Touch position, the handset was tilted away from the mouth with respect to the test device reference point by 15 degrees.

Body SAR measurement statement

Body-worn exposure: 15mm

Body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in KDB Publication 447498 D01 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. When the same wireless transmission configuration is used for testing body-worn accessory and hotspot mode SAR, respectively, in voice and data mode, SAR results for the most conservative test separation distance configuration may be used to support both SAR conditions. When the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for the body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.

2. Hotspot exposure: 10mm

A test separation distance of 10 mm is required between the phantom and all surfaces and edges with a transmitting antenna located within 25 mm from that surface or edge when the form factor of a handset is larger than $9 \text{ cm} \times 5 \text{ cm}$,

Test configurations of WWAN:

- (1) Front side
- (2) Back side
- (3) Bottom side
- (4) Right side
- (5) Left side

Test configurations of WLAN:

- (1) Front side
- (2) Back side
- (3) Top side
- (4) Right side



Report No.: ZR/2018/A001108

Page: 30 of 68

3. Phablet SAR test consideration

Per FCC KDB 648474D04, for smart phones with a display diagonal dimension > 15.0 cm or an overall diagonal dimension > 16.0 cm that provide similar mobile web access and multimedia support found in minitablets or UMPC mini-tablets that support voice calls next to the ear, the device is marketed as "Phablet".

The UMPC mini-tablet procedures must also be applied to test the SAR of all surfaces and edges with an antenna located at \leq 25 mm from that surface or edge, in direct contact with a flat phantom, for Product Specific 10-g SAR according to the body-equivalent tissue dielectric parameters in KDB 865664 to address interactive hand use exposure conditions. The UMPC mini-tablet 1-g SAR at 5 mm is not required. When hotspot mode applies, Product Specific 10-g SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR > 1.2 W/kg; however, when power reduction applies to hotspot mode the measured SAR must be scaled to the maximum output power, including tolerance, allowed for phablet modes to compare with the 1.2 W/kg SAR test reduction threshold.

Since the device is a phablet (overall diagonal dimension > 16.0 cm), phablet SAR procedure is required for this device.

Due to the SAR result, only the WiFi 5G U-NII-2A and U-NII-2C bands need to test with 0mm for the Product Specific 10-g SAR, the others bands are not required.

1.8 Evaluation Procedures

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the Post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1 g and 10 g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- 1. The extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan.
- 2.The calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters).
- 3. The generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume.
- 4. The interpolation of all measured values from the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid.
- 5. The extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface.
- 6. The calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g.

The probe is calibrated at the center of the dipole sensors that is located 1 to 2.7mm away from the probe tip. During measurements, the probe stops shortly above the phantom surface, depending on the probe and the surface detecting system. Both distances are included as parameters in the probe configuration file. The software always knows exactly how far away the measured point is from the surface. As the probe cannot directly measure at the surface, the values between the deepest measured point and the surface must be extrapolated. The angle between the probe axis and the surface normal line is less than 30 degree.

In the Area Scan, the gradient of the interpolation function is evaluated to find all the extreme of the SAR distribution. The uncertainty on the locations of the extreme is less than 1/20 of the grid size. Only local maximum within –2 dB of the global maximum are searched and passed for the Cube Scan measurement. In the Cube Scan, the interpolation function is used to extrapolate the Peak SAR from the lowest measurement points to the inner phantom surface (the extrapolation distance). The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1% for the 1 g and 10 g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5mm.

The maximum search is automatically performed after each area scan measurement. It is based on splines in two or three dimensions. The procedure can find the maximum for most SAR distributions even with relatively large grid spacing. After the area scanning measurement, the probe is automatically moved to a position at the interpolated maximum. The following scan can directly use this position for reference, e.g., for a finer resolution grid or the cube evaluations. The 1g and 10g peak evaluations are only available for the predefined cube 7x7x7 scans.

The routines are verified and optimized for the grid dimensions used in these cube measurements. The measured volume of 30x30x30mm contains about 30g of tissue. The first procedure is an extrapolation (incl. Boundary correction) to get the points between the lowest measured plane and the surface. The next step uses 3D interpolation to get all points within the measured volume. In the last step, a 1g cube is placed



Report No.: ZR/2018/A001108

Page: 31 of 68

numerically into the volume and its averaged SAR is calculated. This cube is the moved around until the highest averaged SAR is found.

If the highest SAR is found at the edge of the measured volume, the system will issue a warning: higher SAR values might be found outside of the measured volume. In that case the cube measurement can be repeated, using the new interpolated maximum as the center.

1.9 Probe Calibration Procedures

For the calibration of E-field probes in lossy liquids, an electric field with an accurately known field strength must be produced within the measured liquid. For standardization purposes it would be desirable if all measurements which are necessary to assess the correct field strength would be traceable to standardized measurement procedures. In the following two different calibration techniques are summarized:

1.9.1 Transfer Calibration with Temperature Probes

In lossy liquids the specific absorption rate (SAR) is related both to the electric field (E) and the temperature gradient ($\delta \mathcal{T}/\delta t$) in the liquid.

$$SAR = C \frac{\delta T}{\delta t}$$
,

Whereby σ is the conductivity, ρ the density and c the heat capacity of the liquid.

- 1. Hence, the electric field in lossy liquid can be measured indirectly by measuring the temperature gradient in the liquid. Non-disturbing temperature probes (optical probes or thermistor probes with resistive lines) with high spatial resolution (<1-2 mm) and fast reaction time (<1 s) are available and can be easily calibrated with high precision [1]. The setup and the exciting source have no influence on the calibration; only the relative positioning uncertainties of the standard temperature probe and the E-field probe to be calibrated must be considered. However, several problems limit the available accuracy of probe calibrations with temperature probes:
- 2. The temperature gradient is not directly measurable but must be evaluated from temperature measurements at different time steps. Special precaution is necessary to avoid measurement errors caused by temperature gradients due to energy equalizing effects or convection currents in the liquid. Such effects cannot be completely avoided, as the measured field itself destroys the thermal equilibrium in the liquid. With a careful setup these errors can be kept small.
- 3. The measured volume around the temperature probe is not well defined. It is difficult to calculate the energy transfer from a surrounding gradient temperature field into the probe. These effects must be considered, since temperature probes are calibrated in liquid with homogeneous temperatures. There is no traceable standard for temperature rise measurements.

The calibration depends on the assessment of the specific density, the heat capacity and the conductivity of the medium. While the specific density and heat capacity can be measured accurately with standardized procedures ($\sim 2\%$ for c; much better for ρ), there is no standard for the measurement of the conductivity. Depending on the method and liquid, the error can well exceed $\pm 5\%$.

4.Temperature rise measurements are not very sensitive and therefore are often performed at a higher power level than the E-field measurements. The nonlinearities in the system (e.g., power measurements, different components, etc.) must be considered.

Considering these problems, the possible accuracy of the calibration of E-field probes with temperature gradient measurements in a carefully designed setup is about $\pm 10\%$ (RSS) [2]. Recently, a setup which is a combination of the waveguide techniques and the thermal measurements was presented in [3]. The estimated uncertainty of the setup is $\pm 5\%$ (RSS) when the same liquid is used for the calibration and for actual measurements and $\pm 7-9\%$ (RSS) when not, which is in good agreement with the estimates given in [2].



Report No.: ZR/2018/A001108

Page: 32 of 68

1.9.2 Calibration with Analytical Fields

In this method a technical setup is used in which the field can be calculated analytically from measurements of other physical magnitudes (e.g., input power). This corresponds to the standard field method for probe calibration in air; however, there is no standard defined for fields in lossy liquids.

When using calculated fields in lossy liquids for probe calibration, several points must be considered in the assessment of the uncertainty:

- 1. The setup must enable accurate determination of the incident power.
- 2. The accuracy of the calculated field strength will depend on the assessment of the dielectric parameters of the liquid.
- 3. Due to the small wavelength in liquids with high permittivity, even small setups might be above the resonant cutoff frequencies. The field distribution in the setup must be carefully checked for conformity with the theoretical field distribution.

References

- 1) N. Kuster, Q. Balzano, and J.C. Lin, Eds., Mobile Communications Safety, Chapman & Hall, London, 1997.
- 2) K. Meier, M. Burkhardt, T. Schmid, and N. Kuster, \Broadband calibration of E-field probes in lossy media", IEEE Transactions on Microwave Theory and Techniques, vol. 44, no. 10, pp. 1954(1962, Oct. 1996.
- 3) K. Jokela, P. Hyysalo, and L. Puranen, \Calibration of specific absorption rate (SAR) probes in waveguide at 900 MHz", IEEE Transactions on Instrumentation and Measurements, vol. 47, no. 2, pp. 432{438, Apr. 1998.



Report No.: ZR/2018/A001108

Page: 33 of 68

1.10 The SAR Measurement System

This SAR Measurement System uses a Computer-controlled 3-D stepper motor system (SPEAG DASY5 professional system). A E-field probe is used to determine the internal electric fields. The SAR can be obtained from the equation SAR= σ (|Ei|2)/ ρ where σ and ρ are the conductivity and mass density of the tissue-Simulate.

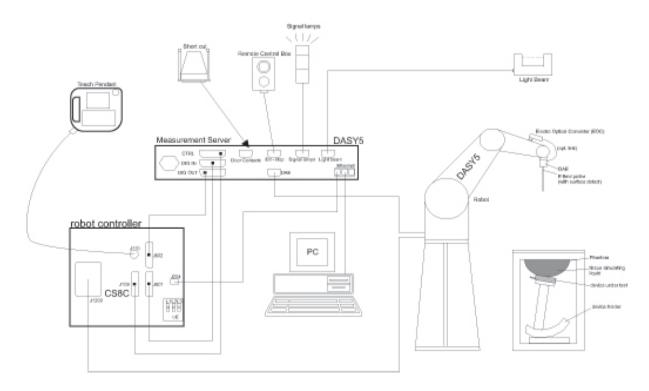
The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stabile RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software .An arm extension for accommodation the data acquisition electronics (DAE).

A dosimetric probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.

A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.

The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion between optical and electrical of the signals for the digital communication to DAE and for the analog signal from the optical surface detection. The EOC is connected to the measurement server.



F-1. SAR Measurement System Configuration



Report No.: ZR/2018/A001108

Page: 34 of 68

- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer operating Windows 7.
- DASY5 software.
- Remote control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The SAM twin phantom enabling testing left-hand, right-hand and Body Worn usage.
- The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- Validation dipole kits allowing to validating the proper functioning of the system.

1.11 System Component

EX3DV4 E-Field Probe

EX3DV4 E-FIEIG PIODE	
	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Calibration	ISO/IEC 17025 <u>calibration service</u> available.
Frequency	10 MHz to > 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity: \pm 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μ W/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields); the only probe that enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.
Compatibility	DASY3, DASY4, DASY52 SAR and higher, EASY4/MRI

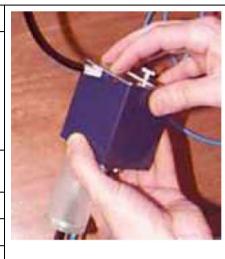


Report No.: ZR/2018/A001108

Page: 35 of 68

Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

Model	DAE4
Construction	Signal amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter and control logic. Serial optical link for communication with DASY4/5 embedded system (fully remote controlled). Two step probe touch detector for mechanical surface detection and emergency robot stop.
Measurement Range	-100 to +300 mV (16 bit resolution and two range settings: 4mV,400mV)
Input Offset Voltage	< 5μV (with auto zero)
Input Bias Current	< 50 f A
Dimensions	60 x 60 x 68 mm



SAM Twin Phantom

Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)
Liquid Compatibility	Compatible with all SPEAG tissue simulating liquids (incl. DGBE type)
Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (6 ± 0.2 mm at ear point)
Dimensions (incl. Wooden Support)	Length: 1000 mm Width: 500 mm Height: adjustable feet
Filling Volume	approx. 25 liters
Wooden Support	SPEAG standard phantom table



The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209-1. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by teaching three points with the robot.

Twin SAM V5.0 has the same shell geometry and is manufactured from the same material as Twin SAM V4.0, but has reinforced top structure.

ELI Phantom

Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)		
Liquid	Compatible with all SPEAG tissue		
Compatibility	simulating liquids (incl. DGBE type)		
Shell Thickness	2.0 ± 0.2 mm (bottom plate)		
Dimensions	Major axis: 600 mm		
Difficusions	Minor axis: 400 mm		



This document is issued by the Company subject to its General Conditions of Service printed overleaf, available on request or accessible necessible on the company subject to Terms and Conditions for Electronic Documents at http://www.sgs.com/en/Terms-and-Conditions/Terms-e-Document.asox. Attention is drawn to the limitation of liability, indemnification and jurisdiction issues defined therein. Any holder of this document is advised that information contained hereon reflects the Company's findings at the time of its intervention only and within the limits of Client's instructions, if any. The Company's sole responsibility is to its Client and this document does not exonerate parties to a transaction from exercising all their rights and obligations under the transaction documents. This document cannot be reproduced except in full, without prior written approval of the Company. Any unauthorized alteration, forgery or falsification of the content or appearance of this document is unlawful and offenders may be prosecuted to the fullest extent of the law. Unless otherwise stated the results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested and such sample(s) are retained for 30 days only



Report No.: ZR/2018/A001108

Page: 36 of 68

Filling Volume	approx. 30 liters	
Wooden Support	SPEAG standard phantom table	

Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the IEC 62209-2 standard and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles.

ELI V5.0 has the same shell geometry and is manufactured from the same material as ELI4, but has reinforced top structure.

Device Holder for Transmitters



F-2. Device Holder for Transmitters

- The DASY device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales
 for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line
 between the ear reference points). The rotation centres for both scales are the ear reference point (ERP).
 Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.
- The DASY device holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity ε =3 and loss tangent δ =0.02. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.

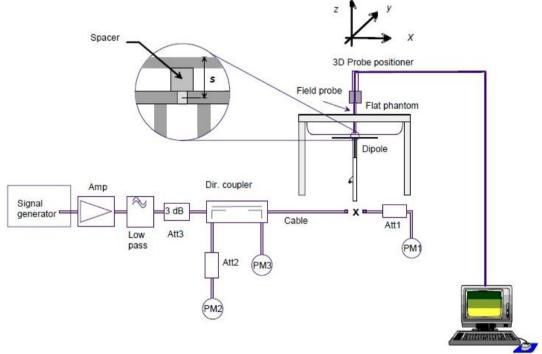


Report No.: ZR/2018/A001108

Page: 37 of 68

1.12 SAR System Verification

The microwave circuit arrangement for system Check is sketched in F-12. The daily system accuracy verification occurs within the flat section of the SAM phantom. A SAR measurement was performed to see if the measured SAR was within +/- 10% from the target SAR values. The tests were conducted on the same days as the measurement of the EUT. The obtained results from the system accuracy verification are displayed in the following table (A power level of 250mW (below 3GHz) or 100mW (3-6GHz) was input to the dipole antenna). During the tests, the ambient temperature of the laboratory was in the range 22±2°C, the relative humidity was in the range 60% and the liquid depth above the ear reference points was above 15±0.5 cm in all the cases. It is seen that the system is operating within its specification, as the results are within acceptable tolerance of the reference values.



F-12. The block diagram of system verification



Report No.: ZR/2018/A001108

Page: 38 of 68

Valida		Measured SAR	SAR	Measured SAR (normalized	Measured SAR (normalized	,	Target SAR (normalized to	Liquid Temp.	Measured
valida	HOIT IXIL	250mW	250mW	to 1W)	` to 1W)	1W) (±10%)	1W) (±10%)	(℃)	Date
		1g (W/kg)	10g (W/kg)	1g (W/kg)	10g (W/kg)	1-g(W/kg)	10-g(W/kg)		
D835V2	Head	2.51	1.66	10.04	6.64	9.59 (8.63~10.55)	6.29 (5.66~6.92)	22.1	2018/11/06
D00072	Body	2.48	1.63	9.92	6.52	9.65 (8.69~10.62)	6.46 (5.81~7.11)	22.1	2018/11/04
D1900V2	Head	10.60	5.47	42.40	21.88	40.7 (36.63~44.77)	21.1 (18.99~23.21)	22.3	2018/11/16
D1900V2	Body	10.30	5.45	41.20	21.80	41.6 (37.44~45.76)	21.4 (19.26~23.54)	22.3	2018/11/19
D2450V2	Head	13.20	6.08	52.80	24.32	53.1 (47.79~58.41)	24.9 (22.41~27.39)	22.0	2018/11/17
D2450V2	Body	12.10	5.69	48.40	22.76	51.0 (45.9~56.1)	23.5 (21.15~25.85)	22.0	2018/11/17
D0000\/0	Head	14.00	6.15	56.00	24.60	56.6 (50.94~62.26)	25.4 (22.86~27.94)	22.1	2018/11/16
D2600V2	Body	12.80	5.77	51.20	23.08	54.2 (48.78~59.62)	24.3 (21.87~26.73)	22.1	2018/11/16
Valida		Measured SAR 100mW	Measured SAR 100mW	Measured SAR (normalized to 1W)	Measured SAR (normalized to 1W)	Target SAR (normalized to 1W) (±10%)	Target SAR (normalized to 1W) (±10%)	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Measured Date
		1g (W/kg)	10g (W/kg)	1g (W/kg)	10g (W/kg)	1-g(W/kg)	10-g(W/kg)	` ,	
	Head (5.25GHz)	7.10	2.02	71.00	20.20	76.6 (68.94~84.26)	21.9 (19.71~24.09)	22.2	2018/11/15
	Body (5.25GHz)	7.38	2.02	73.80	20.20	75.6 (68.04~83.16)	21.3 (19.17~23.43)	22.2	2018/11/16
D5GHzV2	Head (5.6GHz)	7.67	2.16	76.70	21.60	80.4 (72.36~88.44)	22.8 (20.52~25.08)	22.2	2018/11/15
טטטרעעע	Body (5.6GHz)	8.51	2.31	85.10	23.10	81.1 (72.99~89.21)	22.9 (20.61~25.19)	22.2	2018/11/16
	Head (5.75GHz)	8.38	2.39	83.80	23.90	80 (72~88)	22.7 (20.43~24.97)	22.2	2018/11/15
	Body (5.75GHz)	8.10	2.21	81.00	22.10	74.8 (67.32~82.28)	21 (18.9~23.1)	22.2	2018/11/16

Table 1. Results of system validation



Report No.: ZR/2018/A001108

Page: 39 of 68

1.13 Tissue Simulant Fluid for the Frequency Band

The dielectric properties for this Tissue Simulate Liquids were measured by using the Agilent Model 85070E Dielectric Probe in conjunction with Agilent E5071C Network Analyzer (300 KHz-8500 MHz). The Conductivity (σ) and Permittivity (ρ) are listed in bellow table. For the SAR measurement given in this report. The temperature variation of the Tissue Simulate Liquids was $22\pm2^{\circ}$ C.

Tissue	Measured	Target Tiss	sue (±5%)	Measure	d Tissue	Liquid Temp.	Measured
Туре	Frequency (MHz)	εr	σ(S/m)	εr	σ(S/m)	(℃)	Date
835 Head	835	41.5 (39.43~43.58)	0.90 (0.86~0.95)	42.668	0.909	22.1	2018/11/06
835 Body	835	55.2 (52.44~57.96)	0.97 (0.92~1.02)	54.389	0.986	22.1	2018/11/04
1900 Head	1900	40.0 (38.00~42.00)	1.40 (1.33~1.47)	41.472	1.426	22.3	2018/11/16
1900 Body	1900	53.3 (50.64~55.97)	1.52 (1.44~1.60)	53.840	1.514	22.3	2018/11/19
2450 Head	2450	39.20 (37.24~41.16)	1.80 (1.71~1.89)	40.177	1.803	22.0	2018/11/17
2450 Body	2450	52.70 (50.07~55.34)	1.95 (1.85~2.05)	51.490	1.889	22.0	2018/11/17
2600 Head	2600	39.0 (37.05~40.95)	1.96 (1.86~2.06)	39.860	1.968	22.1	2018/11/16
2600 Body	2600	52.50 (49.88~55.13)	2.16 (2.05~2.27)	51.268	2.072	22.1	2018/11/16
5250Head	5250	35.9 (34.11~37.70)	4.71 (4.47~4.95)	36.011	4.721	22.2	2018/11/15
5250 Body	5250	48.9 (46.46~51.35)	5.36 (5.09~5.63)	48.122	5.426	22.2	2018/11/16
5600 Head	5600	35.5 (33.73~37.28)	5.07 (4.82~5.32)	35.059	5.107	22.2	2018/11/15
5600 Body	5600	48.5 (46.08~50.93)	5.77 (5.48~6.06)	47.190	5.850	22.2	2018/11/16
5750 Head	5750	35.4 (33.63~37.17)	5.22 (4.96~5.48)	34.695	5.279	22.2	2018/11/15
5750 Body	5750	48.3 (45.89~50.72)	5.94 (5.64~6.24)	46.850	6.017	22.2	2018/11/16

Table 2. Dielectric Parameters of Tissue Simulant Fluid



Report No.: ZR/2018/A001108

Page: 40 of 68

The composition of the tissue simulating liquid:

Ingredients			<u> </u>	Frequ	iency (MHz	2)		
(% by weight)	4	50	700	-950	1700	-2000	2300-	-2700
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	38.56	51.16	40.30	50.75	55.24	70.17	55.00	68.53
Salt (NaCl)	3.95	1.49	1.38	0.94	0.31	0.39	0.2	0.1
Sucrose	56.32	46.78	57.90	48.21	0	0	0	0
HEC	0.98	0.52	0.24	0	0	0	0	0
Bactericide	0.19	0.05	0.18	0.10	0	0	0	0
Tween	0	0	0	0	44.45	29.44	44.80	31.37

Salt: 99+% Pure Sodium Chloride Sucrose: 98+% Pure Sucrose Water: De-ionized, 16 $M\Omega^+$ resistivity HEC: Hydroxyethyl Cellulose

Tween: Polyoxyethylene (20) sorbitan monolaurate

HSL5GHz is composed of the following ingredients:

Water: 50-65% Mineral oil: 10-30% Emulsifiers: 8-25% Sodium salt: 0-1.5%

MSL5GHz is composed of the following ingredients:

Water: 64-78% Mineral oil: 11-18% Emulsifiers: 9-15% Sodium salt: 2-3%

Table 3. Recipes for tissue simulating liquid



Report No.: ZR/2018/A001108

Page: 41 of 68

1.14 Test Standards and Limits

According to FCC 47CFR §2.1093(d) The limits to be used for evaluation are based generally on criteria published by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) for localized specific absorption rate ("SAR") in Section 4.2 of "IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz," ANSI/IEEE C95.1, By the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc., New York, New York 10017.

These criteria for SAR evaluation are similar to those recommended by the National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements (NCRP) in "Biological Effects and Exposure Criteria for Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields," NCRP Report No. 86, Section 17.4.5. Copyright NCRP, 1986, Bethesda, Maryland 20814. SAR is a measure of the rate of energy absorption due to exposure to an RF transmitting source. SAR values have been related to threshold levels for potential biological hazards. The criteria to be used are specified in paragraphs (d)(1) and (d)(2) of this section and shall apply for portable devices transmitting in the frequency range from 100 kHz to 6 GHz. Portable devices that transmit at frequencies above 6 GHz are to be evaluated in terms of the MPE limits specified in § 1.1310 of this chapter.

Measurements and calculations to demonstrate compliance with MPE field strength or power density limits for devices operating above 6 GHz should be made at a minimum distance of 5 cm from the radiating source.

1. Limits for Occupational/Controlled exposure: 0.4 W/kg as averaged over the whole-body and spatial peak SAR not exceeding 8 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube). Exceptions are the hands, wrists, feet and ankles where the spatial peak SAR shall not exceed 20 W/kg, as averaged over a 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube).

Occupational/Controlled limits apply when persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment provided these persons are fully aware of and exercise control over their exposure. Awareness of exposure can be accomplished by use of warning labels or by specific training or education through appropriate means, such as an RF safety program in a work environment.

2. Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure: 0.08 W/kg as averaged over the whole-body and spatial peak SAR not exceeding 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube).



Report No.: ZR/2018/A001108

Page: 42 of 68

Exceptions are the hands, wrists, feet and ankles where the spatial peak SAR shall not exceed 4 W/kg, as averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube).

General Population/Uncontrolled limits apply when the general public may be exposed, or when persons that are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be fully aware of the potential for exposure or do not exercise control over their exposure.

Warning labels placed on consumer devices such as cellular telephones will not be sufficient reason to allow these devices to be evaluated subject to limits for occupational/controlled exposure in paragraph (d)(1) of this section(Table .4)

Human Exposure	Uncontrolled Environment General Population	Controlled Environment Occupational
Spatial Peak SAR (Brain)	1.60 W/kg	8.00 W/kg
Spatial Average SAR (Whole Body)	0.08 W/kg	0.40 W/kg
Spatial Peak SAR (Hands/Feet/Ankle/Wrist)	4.00 W/kg	20.00 W/kg

Table 4. RF exposure limits

Notes:

- 1. Uncontrolled environments are defined as locations where there is potential exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their potential exposure.
- 2. Controlled environments are defined as locations where there is potential exposure of individuals who have knowledge of their potential exposure and can exercise control over their exposure.



Report No.: ZR/2018/A001108

Page: 43 of 68

2 Summary of Results

GSM 850

			GSM	850 SA	R Test Re	ecord				
Test position	Test mode	Test Ch./Freq.	Duty Cycle	SAR (W/kg) 1-g	Power Drift(dB)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune up Limit (dBm)	Scaled factor	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Liquid Temp. (°C)
				Head 7	Test data					
Left cheek	GSM	190/836.6	1:8.3	0.205	-0.09	32.95	33.70	1.189	0.244	22.1
Left tilted	GSM	190/836.6	1:8.3	0.125	0.19	32.95	33.70	1.189	0.149	22.1
Right cheek	GSM	190/836.6	1:8.3	0.231	0.00	32.95	33.70	1.189	0.275	22.1
Right tilted	GSM	190/836.6	1:8.3	0.149	0.09	32.95	33.70	1.189	0.177	22.1
Right cheek	GSM	128/824.2	1:8.3	0.164	-0.03	32.92	1.00	0.001	0.000	22.1
Right cheek	GSM	251/848.8	1:8.3	0.168	0.01	32.98	1.00	0.001	0.000	22.1
		E	Body worr	Test da	ata(Separ	ate 15mm)				
Front side	GSM	190/836.6	1:8.3	0.199	0.00	32.95	33.70	1.189	0.237	22.1
Back side	GSM	190/836.6	1:8.3	0.273	0.02	32.95	33.70	1.189	0.324	22.1
Back side	GSM	128/824.2	1:8.3	0.294	-0.03	32.92	33.70	1.197	0.352	22.1
Back side	GSM	251/848.8	1:8.3	0.257	0.02	32.98	33.70	1.180	0.303	22.1
			Hotspot ⁻	Test dat	a(Separat	e 10mm)				
Front side	GPRS 4TS	190/836.6	1:2.075	0.377	0.08	29.68	29.70	1.005	0.379	22.1
Back side	GPRS 4TS	190/836.6	1:2.075	0.565	-0.06	29.68	29.70	1.005	0.568	22.1
Left side	GPRS 4TS	190/836.6	1:2.075	0.432	-0.02	29.68	29.70	1.005	0.434	22.1
Right side	GPRS 4TS	190/836.6	1:2.075	0.578	-0.02	29.68	29.70	1.005	0.581	22.1
Bottom side	GPRS 4TS	190/836.6	1:2.075	0.131	0.06	29.68	29.70	1.005	0.132	22.1
Right side	GPRS 4TS	128/824.2	1:2.075	0.556	-0.05	29.65	29.70	1.012	0.562	22.1
Right side	GPRS 4TS	251/848.8	1:2.075	0.526	-0.03	29.69	29.70	1.002	0.527	22.1



Report No.: ZR/2018/A001108

Page: 44 of 68

GSM 1900

GSM 1900	GSM1900 SAR Test Record													
Test position	Test mode	Test Ch./Freq.	Duty Cycle	SAR (W/kg) 1-g	Power Drift(dB)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune up Limit (dBm)	Scaled factor	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Liquid Temp. (°C)				
				Head T	est data									
Left cheek	GSM	661/1880	1:8.3	0.055	0.09	28.35	28.70	1.084	0.060	22.3				
Left tilted	GSM	661/1880	1:8.3	0.051	0.01	28.35	28.70	1.084	0.055	22.3				
Right cheek	GSM	661/1880	1:8.3	0.084	0.07	28.35	28.70	1.084	0.091	22.3				
Right tilted	GSM	661/1880	1:8.3	0.026	0.19	28.35	28.70	1.084	0.028	22.3				
Right cheek	GSM	512/1850.2	1:8.3	0.056	0.12	28.26	28.70	1.107	0.062	22.3				
Right cheek	GSM	810/1909.8	1:8.3	0.100	0.02	28.37	28.70	1.079	0.108	22.3				
		Е	Body wor	n Test da	ıta(Separa	ate 15mm)								
Front side	GSM	661/1880	1:8.3	0.165	0.08	28.35	28.70	1.084	0.179	22.3				
Back side	GSM	661/1880	1:8.3	0.223	-0.13	28.35	28.70	1.084	0.242	22.3				
Back side	GSM	512/1850.2	1:8.3	0.209	-0.04	28.26	28.70	1.107	0.231	22.3				
Back side	GSM	810/1909.8	1:8.3	0.239	0.03	28.37	28.70	1.079	0.258	22.3				
			Hotspot	Test data	a(Separat	e 10mm)								
Front side	GPRS 4TS	661/1880	1:2.075	0.296	0.05	23.94	24.70	1.191	0.353	22.3				
Back side	GPRS 4TS	661/1880	1:2.075	0.655	0.08	23.94	24.70	1.191	0.780	22.3				
Left side	GPRS 4TS	661/1880	1:2.075	0.035	0.01	23.94	24.70	1.191	0.042	22.3				
Right side	GPRS 4TS	661/1880	1:2.075	0.070	-0.03	23.94	24.70	1.191	0.083	22.3				
Bottom side	GPRS 4TS	661/1880	1:2.075	0.497	0.07	23.94	24.70	1.191	0.592	22.3				
Back side	GPRS 4TS	512/1850.2	1:8.3	0.558	-0.04	23.90	24.70	1.202	0.671	22.3				
Back side	GPRS 4TS	810/1909.8	1:8.3	0.644	0.03	23.96	24.70	1.186	0.764	22.3				



Report No.: ZR/2018/A001108

Page: 45 of 68

WCDMA Band II

			WCDI	/IA Band	II SAR T	est Record				
Test position	Test mode	Test Ch./Freq.	Duty Cycle	SAR (W/kg) 1-g	Power Drift(dB)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune up Limit (dBm)	Scaled factor	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Liquid Temp. (℃)
				Head	d Test data	а				
Left cheek	RMC	9400/1880	1:1	0.083	0.02	20.49	21.00	1.125	0.094	22.3
Left tilted	RMC	9400/1880	1:1	0.087	0.07	20.49	21.00	1.125	0.098	22.3
Right cheek	RMC	9400/1880	1:1	0.135	0.03	20.49	21.00	1.125	0.152	22.3
Right tilted	RMC	9400/1880	1:1	0.054	-0.03	20.49	21.00	1.125	0.061	22.3
Right cheek	RMC	9262/1852.4	1:1	0.097	0.07	20.41	21.00	1.146	0.111	22.3
Right cheek	RMC	9538/1907.6	1:1	0.150	0.16	20.54	21.00	1.112	0.167	22.3
		I	Body w	orn Test	data(Sepa	arate 15mm)				
Front side	RMC	9400/1880	1:1	0.153	-0.04	20.49	21.00	1.125	0.172	22.3
Back side	RMC	9400/1880	1:1	0.362	0.01	20.49	21.00	1.125	0.407	22.3
Back side	RMC	9262/1852.4	1:1	0.355	0.08	20.41	21.00	1.146	0.407	22.3
Back side	RMC	9538/1907.6	1:1	0.391	0.10	20.54	21.00	1.112	0.435	22.3
			Hotsp	ot Test d	ata(Separ	ate 10mm)				
Front side	RMC	9400/1880	1:1	0.430	-0.17	20.49	21.00	1.125	0.484	22.3
Back side	RMC	9400/1880	1:1	0.694	0.02	20.49	21.00	1.125	0.780	22.3
Left side	RMC	9400/1880	1:1	0.051	-0.03	20.49	21.00	1.125	0.057	22.3
Right side	RMC	9400/1880	1:1	0.097	0.10	20.49	21.00	1.125	0.109	22.3
Bottom side	RMC	9400/1880	1:1	0.644	0.15	20.49	21.00	1.125	0.724	22.3
Back side	RMC	9262/1852.4	1:1	0.687	0.02	20.41	21.00	1.146	0.787	22.3
Back side	RMC	9538/1907.6	1:1	0.753	-0.05	20.54	21.00	1.112	0.837	22.3



Report No.: ZR/2018/A001108

Page: 46 of 68

WCDMA Band V

		V	VCDMA	Band V S	SAR Test					
Test position	Test mode	Test Ch./Freq.	Duty Cycle	SAR (W/kg) 1-g	Power Drift(dB)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune up Limit (dBm)	footor	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Liquid Temp. (°C)
				Head Te	est data					
Left cheek	RMC	4182/836.4	1:1	0.180	0.01	23.78	24.00	1.052	0.189	22.1
Left tilted	RMC	4182/836.4	1:1	0.109	0.07	23.78	24.00	1.052	0.115	22.1
Right cheek	RMC	4182/836.4	1:1	0.195	0.14	23.78	24.00	1.052	0.205	22.1
Right tilted	RMC	4182/836.4	1:1	0.107	0.02	23.78	24.00	1.052	0.113	22.1
Right cheek	RMC	4132/826.4	1:1	0.178	0.09	23.85	24.00	1.035	0.184	22.1
Right cheek	RMC	4233/846.6	1:1	0.201	0.09	23.79	24.00	1.050	0.211	22.1
		Вс	dy worr	Test dat	a(Separat	e 15mm)			'	
Front side	RMC	4182/836.4	1:1	0.252	-0.01	23.78	24.00	1.052	0.265	22.1
Back side	RMC	4182/836.4	1:1	0.317	-0.04	23.78	24.00	1.052	0.333	22.1
Back side	RMC	4132/826.4	1:1	0.259	0.02	23.85	24.00	1.035	0.268	22.1
Back side	RMC	4233/846.6	1:1	0.248	-0.01	23.79	24.00	1.050	0.260	22.1
		ŀ	Hotspot	Test data	(Separate	10mm)				
Front side	RMC	4182/836.4	1:1	0.250	0.05	23.78	24.00	1.052	0.263	22.1
Back side	RMC	4182/836.4	1:1	0.365	-0.02	23.78	24.00	1.052	0.384	22.1
Left side	RMC	4182/836.4	1:1	0.253	0.02	23.78	24.00	1.052	0.266	22.1
Right side	RMC	4182/836.4	1:1	0.296	0.03	23.78	24.00	1.052	0.311	22.1
Bottom side	RMC	4182/836.4	1:1	0.095	0.06	23.78	24.00	1.052	0.100	22.1
Back side	RMC	4132/826.4	1:1	0.389	-0.01	23.85	24.00	1.035	0.403	22.1
Back side	RMC	4233/846.6	1:1	0.351	-0.02	23.79	24.00	1.050	0.368	22.1



Report No.: ZR/2018/A001108

Page: 47 of 68

LTE Band 2

LTE Band 2	LTE Band 2 SAR Test Record											
Test position	BW.	Test mode	Test Ch./Freq.	Duty Cycle	SAR (W/kg) 1-g	Power Drift(dB)	Conducted power (dBm)	up	Scaled factor	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Liquid Temp. (℃)	
			Hea	ad Tes	t data(1	RB)				_		
Left cheek	20	QPSK 1RB_50	19100/1900	1:1	0.112	-0.02	21.67	21.70	1.007	0.113	22.3	
Left tilted	20	QPSK 1RB_50	19100/1900	1:1	0.115	0.04	21.67	21.70	1.007	0.116	22.3	
Right cheek	20	QPSK 1RB_50	19100/1900	1:1	0.185	0.08	21.67	21.70	1.007	0.186	22.3	
Right tilted	20	QPSK 1RB_50	19100/1900	1:1	0.072	-0.11	21.67	21.70	1.007	0.073	22.3	
Right cheek	20	QPSK 1RB_50	18700/1860	1:1	0.131	0.03	21.48	21.70	1.052	0.138	22.3	
Right cheek	20	QPSK 1RB_50	18900/1880	1:1	0.160	0.02	21.47	21.70	1.054	0.169	22.3	
						Head Tes	t data(50%R	B)		_		
Left cheek	20	QPSK 50RB_25	18900/1880	1:1	0.091	-0.01	20.49	20.70	1.050	0.095	22.3	
Left tilted	20	QPSK 50RB_25	18900/1880	1:1	0.077	0.03	20.49	20.70	1.050	0.081	22.3	
Right cheek	20	QPSK 50RB_25	18900/1880	1:1	0.129	0.04	20.49	20.70	1.050	0.135	22.3	
Right tilted	20	QPSK 50RB_25	18900/1880	1:1	0.044	0.08	20.49	20.70	1.050	0.046	22.3	
			Body worn Te									
Front side	20	QPSK 1RB_50	19100/1900	1:1	0.280	-0.03	21.67	21.70	1.007	0.282	22.3	
Back side	20	QPSK 1RB_50	19100/1900	1:1	0.430	0.05	21.67	21.70	1.007	0.433	22.3	
Back side	20	QPSK 1RB_50	18700/1860	1:1	0.399	0.05	21.48	21.70	1.052	0.420	22.3	
Back side	20	QPSK 1RB_50	18900/1880	1:1	0.409	-0.16	21.47	21.70	1.054	0.431	22.3	
				Bo	dy wor	n Test dat	a (Separate	15mm		5)		
Front side	20	QPSK 50RB_25	18900/1880	1:1	0.189	0.11	20.49	20.70	1.050	0.198	22.3	
Back side	20	QPSK 50RB_25	18900/1880	1:1	0.307	-0.12	20.49	20.70	1.050	0.322	22.3	
			Hotspot Test	data(S	Separat	e 10mm 1						
Front side	20	QPSK 1RB_50	19100/1900	1:1	0.600	0.10	21.67	21.70	1.007	0.604	22.3	
Back side	20	QPSK 1RB_50	19100/1900	1:1	1.040	0.00	21.67	21.70	1.007	1.047	22.3	
Left side	20	QPSK 1RB_50	19100/1900	1:1	0.092	-0.04	21.67	21.70	1.007	0.092	22.3	
Right side	20	QPSK 1RB_50	19100/1900	1:1	0.138	0.02	21.67	21.70	1.007	0.139	22.3	
Bottom side	20	QPSK 1RB_50	19100/1900	1:1	0.854	0.13	21.67	21.70	1.007	0.860	22.3	
Back side	20	QPSK 1RB_50	18700/1860	1:1	0.870	0.05	21.48	21.70	1.052	0.915	22.3	
Back side	20	QPSK 1RB_50	18900/1880	1:1	1.010	0.09	21.47	21.70	1.054	1.065	22.3	
Bottom side	20	QPSK 1RB_50	18700/1860	1:1	0.794	0.01	21.48	21.70	1.052	0.835	22.3	
Bottom side	20	QPSK 1RB_50	18900/1880	1:1	0.793	0.03	21.47	21.70	1.054	0.836	22.3	
Back side -repeat	20	QPSK 1RB_50	19100/1900	1:1	1.020	0.08	21.67	21.70	1.007	1.027	22.3	
				H	lotspot	Test data	(Separate 1	0mm 5	0%RB)			
Front side	20	QPSK 50RB_25	18900/1880	1:1	0.422	0.08	20.49	20.70	1.050	0.443	22.3	
Back side	20	QPSK 50RB_25	18900/1880	1:1	0.797	0.08	20.49	20.70	1.050	0.836	22.3	
Left side	20	QPSK 50RB_25	18900/1880	1:1	0.050	-0.06	20.49	20.70	1.050	0.053	22.3	
Right side	20	QPSK 50RB_25	18900/1880	1:1	0.098	-0.03	20.49	20.70	1.050	0.103	22.3	
Bottom side	20	QPSK 50RB_25	18900/1880	1:1	0.616	0.02	20.49	20.70	1.050	0.647	22.3	
Back side	20	QPSK 50RB_0	18700/1860	1:1	0.824	0.05	20.46	20.70	1.057	0.871	22.3	
Back side	20	QPSK 50RB_50	19100/1900	1:1	0.855	0.03	20.42	20.70	1.067	0.912	22.3	
					lotspot	Test data	(Separate 1	0mm 10	00%RB)		
Back side		QPSK 100RB_0	18700/1860	1:1	0.808	0.09	20.42		1.067	0.862	22.3	
Bottom side	20	QPSK 100RB_0	18700/1860	1:1	0.606	0.08	20.42	20.70	1.067	0.646	22.3	



Report No.: ZR/2018/A001108

Page: 48 of 68

Test Position	Channel/ Frequency	Measured SAR	1 st Repeated	Ratio	2 nd Repeated	3 rd Repeated
	(MHz)	(1g)	SAR (1g)		SAR (1g)	SAR (1g)
Back side	19100/1900	1.040	1.020	1.020	N/A	N/A

Note: 1) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, the measurement was repeated once.

²⁾ A second repeated measurement was performed only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements was > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement was \geq 1.45 W/kg (\sim 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).

³⁾ A third repeated measurement was performed only if the original, first or second repeated measurement was ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

⁴⁾ Repeated measurements are not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg



Report No.: ZR/2018/A001108

Page: 49 of 68

LTE Band 5

LIE Band 5	LTE Band 5 SAR Test Record												
Test position	BW.	Test mode			(w/kg) 1-g	(dB)	Conducted power (dBm)	Tune up Limit (dBm)	f1	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Liquid Temp. (℃)		
		,		Head 7	est data	a(1RB)							
Left cheek	10	QPSK 1RB_25	20600/844	1:1	0.236	-0.09	24.23	24.70	1.114	0.263	22.1		
Left tilted	10	QPSK 1RB_25	20600/844	1:1	0.150	0.07	24.23	24.70	1.114	0.167	22.1		
Right cheek	10	QPSK 1RB_25	20600/844	1:1	0.231	0.07	24.23	24.70	1.114	0.257	22.1		
Right tilted	10	QPSK 1RB_25	20600/844	1:1	0.156	0.14	24.23	24.70	1.114	0.174	22.1		
Left cheek	10	QPSK 1RB_25	20450/829	1:1	0.225	0.08	23.96	24.70	1.186	0.267	22.1		
Left cheek	10	QPSK 1RB_25	20525/836.5	1:1	0.239	0.07	24.22	24.70	1.117	0.267	22.1		
						Head	Test data(50	%RB)					
Left cheek	10	QPSK 25RB_0	20600/844	1:1	0.187	-0.02	23.18	23.7	1.127	0.211	22.1		
Left tilted	10	QPSK 25RB_0	20600/844	1:1	0.109	0.12	23.18	23.7	1.127	0.123	22.1		
Right cheek	10	QPSK 25RB_0	20600/844	1:1	0.2	-0.08	23.18	23.7	1.127	0.225	22.1		
Right tilted	10	QPSK 25RB_0	20600/844	1:1	0.104	0.07	23.18	23.7	1.127	0.117	22.1		
			Body worn	Test d	ata(Sep	arate 15	5mm 1RB)						
Front side	10	QPSK 1RB_25	20600/844	1:1	0.234	-0.14	24.23	24.70	1.114	0.261	22.1		
Back side	10	QPSK 1RB_25	20600/844	1:1	0.297	-0.03	24.23	24.70	1.114	0.331	22.1		
Back side	10	QPSK 1RB_25	20450/829	1:1	0.295	-0.02	23.96	24.70	1.186	0.350	22.1		
Back side	10	QPSK 1RB_25	20525/836.5	1:1	0.300	-0.01	24.22	24.70	1.117	0.335	22.1		
					Body w	orn Tes	t data (Separ	ate 15mm	1 50%R	3)			
Front side	10	QPSK 25RB_0	20600/844	1:1	0.189	0.02	23.18	23.70	1.127	0.213	22.1		
Back side	10	QPSK 25RB_0	20600/844	1:1	0.239	-0.03	23.18	23.70	1.127	0.269	22.1		
			Hotspot T	est da	ta(Sepa	rate 10m	nm 1RB)						
Front side	10	QPSK 1RB_25	20600/844	1:1	0.247	-0.11	24.23	24.70	1.114	0.275	22.1		
Back side	10	QPSK 1RB_25	20600/844	1:1	0.375	-0.02	24.23	24.70	1.114	0.418	22.1		
Left side	10	QPSK 1RB_25	20600/844	1:1	0.268	0.04	24.23	24.70	1.114	0.299	22.1		
Right side	10	QPSK 1RB_25	20600/844	1:1	0.310	-0.01	24.23	24.70	1.114	0.345	22.1		
Bottom side	10	QPSK 1RB_25	20600/844	1:1	0.108	0.03	24.23	24.70	1.114	0.120	22.1		
Back side	10	QPSK 1RB_25	20450/829	1:1	0.375	0.00	23.96	24.70	1.186	0.445	22.1		
Back side	10	QPSK 1RB_25	20525/836.5	1:1	0.387	-0.01	24.22	24.70	1.117	0.432	22.1		
					Hotsp	ot Test o	data (Separat	e 10mm :	50%RB)				
Front side	10	QPSK 25RB_0	20600/844	1:1	0.197	-0.02	23.18	23.70	1.127	0.222	22.1		
Back side	10	QPSK 25RB_0	20600/844	1:1	0.299	0.00	23.18	23.70	1.127	0.337	22.1		
Left side	10	QPSK 25RB_0	20600/844	1:1	0.217	0.01	23.18	23.70	1.127	0.245	22.1		
Right side	10	QPSK 25RB_0	20600/844	1:1	0.251	0.03	23.18	23.70	1.127	0.283	22.1		
Bottom side	10	QPSK 25RB_0	20600/844	1:1	0.084	-0.06	23.18	23.70	1.127	0.095	22.1		



Report No.: ZR/2018/A001108

Page: 50 of 68

LTE Band 7

			LTE Baı	nd 7 S	AR Test	Record					
Test position	BW.	Test mode	Test Ch./Freq.	Duty Cycle	SAR (W/kg) 1-g	Power Drift(dB)	Conducted power (dBm)	Tune up Limit (dBm)	Scaled factor	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Liquid Temp. (℃)
			Hea	ad Tes	t data(1F	RB)					
Left cheek	20	QPSK 1RB_50	20850/2510	1:1	0.292	0.07	23.47	23.70	1.054	0.308	22.1
Left tilted	20	QPSK 1RB_50	20850/2510	1:1	0.169	0.08	23.47	23.70	1.054	0.178	22.1
Right cheek	20	QPSK 1RB_50	20850/2510	1:1	0.236	0.06	23.47	23.70	1.054	0.249	22.1
Right tilted	20	QPSK 1RB_50	20850/2510	1:1	0.229	0.05	23.47	23.70	1.054	0.241	22.1
Left cheek	20	QPSK 1RB_0	21100/2535.5	1:1	0.385	0.18	23.28	23.70	1.102	0.424	22.1
Left cheek	20	QPSK 1RB_50	21350/2560	1:1	0.419	0.09	23.45	23.70	1.059	0.444	22.1
					Н	ead Test	data(50%RE	5)			
Left cheek	20	QPSK 50RB_25	21350/2560	1:1	0.283	0.08	22.47	22.70	1.054	0.298	22.1
Left tilted	20	QPSK 50RB_25	21350/2560	1:1	0.087	-0.03	22.47	22.70	1.054	0.092	22.1
Right cheek	20	QPSK 50RB_25	21350/2560	1:1	0.177	0.05	22.47	22.70	1.054	0.187	22.1
Right tilted	20	QPSK 50RB_25	21350/2560	1:1	0.156	-0.07	22.47	22.70	1.054	0.164	22.1
			Body worn Te	st data	a(Separat	te 15mm	1RB)				
Front side	20	QPSK 1RB_50	20850/2510	1:1	0.333	0.08	23.47	23.70	1.054	0.351	22.1
Back side	20	QPSK 1RB_50	20850/2510	1:1	0.535	-0.19	23.47	23.70	1.054	0.564	22.1
Back side	20	QPSK 1RB_0	21100/2535.5	1:1	0.528	-0.10	23.28	23.70	1.102	0.582	22.1
Back side	20	QPSK 1RB_50	21350/2560	1:1	0.605	0.06	23.45	23.70	1.059	0.641	22.1
				Вс	dy worn	Test data	(Separate 1	5mm 5	50%RB)		
Front side	20	QPSK 50RB_25	21350/2560	1:1	0.301	0.05	22.47	22.70	1.054	0.317	22.1
Back side	20	QPSK 50RB_25	21350/2560	1:1	0.483	0.04	22.47	22.70	1.054	0.509	22.1
			Hotspot Test	data(S	Separate	10mm 1F	RB)				
Front side	20	QPSK 1RB_50	20850/2510	1:1	0.828	0.16	23.47	23.70		0.873	22.1
Back side	20	QPSK 1RB_50	20850/2510	1:1	1.040	0.04	23.47	23.70	1.054	1.097	22.1
Left side	20	QPSK 1RB_50	20850/2510	1:1	0.611	0.11	23.47	23.70	1.054	0.644	22.1
Right side	20	QPSK 1RB_50	20850/2510	1:1	0.157	0.04	23.47	23.70		0.166	22.1
Bottom side	20	QPSK 1RB_50	20850/2510	1:1	0.520	0.06	23.47	23.70		0.548	22.1
Front side	20	QPSK 1RB_0	21100/2535.5	1:1	0.801	-0.06	23.28	23.70	1.102	0.882	22.1
Front side	20	QPSK 1RB_50	21350/2560	1:1	0.887	0.08	23.45	23.70	1.059	0.940	22.1
Back side	20	QPSK 1RB_0	21100/2535.5	1:1	1.000	0.02	23.28	23.70	1.102	1.102	22.1
Back side	20	QPSK 1RB_50	21350/2560	1:1	1.120	-0.07	23.45	23.70	1.059	1.186	22.1
Back side -repeat	20	QPSK 1RB_50	21350/2560	1:1	1.120	0.04	23.45	23.70	1.059	1.186	22.1
1				H	Hotspot T	est data (Separate 10	mm 50	%RB)		
Front side	20	QPSK 50RB_25	21350/2560	1:1	0.708	-0.13	22.47		1.054		22.1
Back side	20	QPSK 50RB_25	21350/2560	1:1	0.900	-0.08	22.47	22.70	1.054	0.949	22.1
Left side	20	QPSK 50RB_25	21350/2560	1:1	0.558	0.07	22.47	22.70	1.054	0.588	22.1
Right side	20	QPSK 50RB_25	21350/2560	1:1	0.129	-0.04	22.47		1.054	0.136	22.1
Bottom side	20	QPSK 50RB_25	21350/2560	1:1	0.361	0.07	22.47		1.054	0.381	22.1
Back side	20	QPSK 50RB_50	20850/2510	1:1	0.832	0.08	22.39	22.70	1.074	0.894	22.1
Back side	20	QPSK 50RB_25	21100/2535.5	1:1	0.883	-0.15	22.27	22.70	1.104	0.975	22.1
					lotspot T	est data (Separate 10	mm 10	0%RB)		
Back side		QPSK 100RB_0		1:1	0.888	0.04	22.43		1.064		22.1
Front side	20	QPSK 100RB_0	21350/2560	1:1	0.661	-0.07	22.43	22.70	1.064	0.703	22.1



Report No.: ZR/2018/A001108

Page: 51 of 68

Test Position	Channel/ Frequency	Measured SAR	1 st Repeated	Ratio	2 nd Repeated	3 rd Repeated
	(MHz)	(1g)	SAR (1g)		SAR (1g)	SAR (1g)
Back side	21350/2560	1.120	1.120	1.000	N/A	N/A

Note: 1) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, the measurement was repeated once.

²⁾ A second repeated measurement was performed only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements was > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement was \geq 1.45 W/kg (\sim 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).

³⁾ A third repeated measurement was performed only if the original, first or second repeated measurement was ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

⁴⁾ Repeated measurements are not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg



Report No.: ZR/2018/A001108

Page: 52 of 68

LTE Band 41

LTE Band 4	<u> </u>		LTE Ba	and 41 SA	R Test	Record					
Test position	BW.	Test mode	Test Ch./Freq.	Duty Cycle	SAR (W/kg) 1-g	Power Drift(dB)	Conducted power (dBm)	Tune up Limit (dBm)	Scaled factor	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Liquid Temp. (℃)
			Н	lead Test	data(1F	RB)					
Left cheek	20	QPSK 1RB_50	40140/2545	1:1.58	0.280	0.04	24.61	24.70	1.021	0.286	22.1
Left tilted	20	QPSK 1RB_50	40140/2545	1:1.58	0.077	0.09	24.61	24.70	1.021	0.078	22.1
Right cheek	20	QPSK 1RB_50	40140/2545	1:1.58	0.152	0.02	24.61	24.70	1.021	0.155	22.1
Right tilted	20	QPSK 1RB_50	40140/2545	1:1.58	0.165	0.09	24.61	24.70	1.021	0.168	22.1
Left cheek	20	QPSK 1RB_50	40473/2578.3	1:1.58	0.257	0.09	24.60	24.70	1.023	0.263	22.1
Left cheek	20	QPSK 1RB_50	40807/2611.7	1:1.58	0.215	0.05	24.46	24.70	1.057	0.227	22.1
Left cheek	20	QPSK 1RB_50	41140/2645	1:1.58	0.185	0.02	24.49	24.70	1.050	0.194	22.1
						lead Test	data(50%RI	B)			
Left cheek	20	QPSK 50RB_25	40140/2545	1:1.58	0.204	0.04	23.67	23.70		0.205	22.1
Left tilted	20	QPSK 50RB_25	40140/2545	1:1.58	0.057	0.05	23.67	23.70	1.007	0.057	22.1
Right cheek	20	QPSK 50RB_25	40140/2545	1:1.58	0.115	0.06	23.67	23.70	1.007	0.116	22.1
Right tilted	20	QPSK 50RB_25		1:1.58	0.128	0.09	23.67	23.70	1.007	0.129	22.1
			Body worn 7	Test data(Separat	te 15mm	1RB)				
Front side	20	QPSK 1RB_50	40140/2545	1:1.58	0.325	-0.20	24.61	24.70	1.021	0.332	22.1
Back side	20	QPSK 1RB_50	40140/2545	1:1.58	0.437	-0.13	24.61	24.70	1.021	0.446	22.1
Back side	20	QPSK 1RB_50	40473/2578.3	1:1.58	0.420	-0.09	24.60	24.70	1.023	0.430	22.1
Back side	20	QPSK 1RB_50	40807/2611.7	1:1.58	0.374	-0.01	24.46	24.70	1.057	0.395	22.1
Back side	20	QPSK 1RB_50	41140/2645	1:1.58	0.364	0.08	24.49	24.70	1.050	0.382	22.1
				Boo	dy worn	Test data	a (Separate	15mm	50%RB)	
Front side	20	QPSK 50RB_25	40140/2545	1:1.58	0.261	-0.16	23.67	23.70	1.007	0.263	22.1
Back side	20	QPSK 50RB_25	40140/2545	1:1.58	0.349	-0.04	23.67	23.70	1.007	0.351	22.1
			Hotspot Te	st data(Se	eparate	10mm 1F	RB)				
Front side	20	QPSK 1RB_50	40140/2545	1:1.58	0.672	-0.09	24.61	24.70	1.021	0.686	22.1
Back side	20	QPSK 1RB_50	40140/2545	1:1.58	0.932	-0.13	24.61	24.70	1.021	0.952	22.1
Left side	20	QPSK 1RB_50	40140/2545	1:1.58	0.544	-0.15	24.61	24.70	1.021	0.555	22.1
Right side	20	QPSK 1RB_50	40140/2545	1:1.58	0.152	0.05	24.61	24.70	1.021	0.155	22.1
Bottom side	20	QPSK 1RB_50	40140/2545	1:1.58	0.398	0.01	24.61	24.70		0.406	22.1
Back side	20	QPSK 1RB_50	40473/2578.3	1:1.58	0.890	-0.07	24.60	24.70	1.023	0.911	22.1
Back side	20	QPSK 1RB_50	40807/2611.7	1:1.58	0.734	-0.12	24.46	24.70	1.057	0.776	22.1
Back side	20	QPSK 1RB_50	41140/2645	1:1.58	0.670	-0.17	24.49	24.70	1.050	0.703	22.1
Back side -repeat	20	QPSK 1RB_50	40140/2545	1:1.58	0.949	0.04	24.61	24.70	1.021	0.969	22.1
							(Separate 10				1
Front side		QPSK 50RB_25		1:1.58	0.535	-0.06	23.67		1.007	0.539	22.1
Back side	20	QPSK 50RB_25	40140/2545	1:1.58	0.743	-0.09	23.67	23.70	1.007	0.748	22.1
Left side		QPSK 50RB_25		1:1.58	0.418	-0.11	23.67	23.70	1.007	0.421	22.1
Right side	20	QPSK 50RB_25	40140/2545	1:1.58	0.120	0.09	23.67	23.70	1.007	0.121	22.1
Bottom side	20	QPSK 50RB_25	40140/2545	1:1.58	0.315	0.19	23.67	23.70	1.007	0.317	22.1
				Н	otspot T	est data	(Separate 10)	
Back side	20	QPSK 100RB_0	40140/2545	1:1.58	0.735	-0.06	24.61	24.70	1.021	0.750	22.1



Report No.: ZR/2018/A001108

Page: 53 of 68

Test F	Position	Channel/ Frequency	Measured SAR	1 st Repeated	Ratio	2 nd Repeated	3 rd Repeated
		(MHz)	(1g)	SAR (1g)		SAR (1g)	SAR (1g)
Bac	k side	40140/2545	0.934	0.949	1.018	N/A	N/A

Note: 1) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, the measurement was repeated once.

²⁾ A second repeated measurement was performed only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements was > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement was ≥ 1.45 W/kg ($\sim 10\%$ from the 1-g SAR limit).

³⁾ A third repeated measurement was performed only if the original, first or second repeated measurement was ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

⁴⁾ Repeated measurements are not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg



Report No.: ZR/2018/A001108

Page: 54 of 68

WiFi 2.4G

VVII 1 2.4G			,	Wi-Fi 2.4	G SAR T	est Recor	'd				
Test position	Test mode	Test Ch./Freq.	Duty Cycle	Duty Cycle Scaled factor	SAR (W/kg) 1-g	Power drift(dB)	Conducted power (dBm)	Tune up Limit (dBm)	Scaled factor	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Liquid Temp. (°C)
				H	ead Test o	data					
Left cheek	802.11b	6/2437	99.24%	1.008	0.953	0.18	18.66	19.00	1.081	1.039	22.0
Left tilted	802.11b	6/2437	99.24%	1.008	1.010	-0.19	18.66	19.00	1.081	1.101	22.0
Right cheek	802.11b	6/2437	99.24%	1.008	0.436	-0.04	18.66	19.00	1.081	0.475	22.0
Right tilted	802.11b	6/2437	99.24%	1.008	0.488	0.03	18.66	19.00	1.081	0.532	22.0
Left cheek	802.11b	1/2412	99.24%	1.008	0.762	-0.07	18.26	19.00	1.186	0.911	22.0
Left cheek	802.11b	11/2462	99.24%	1.008	0.878	0.14	18.24	19.00	1.191	1.054	22.0
Left tilted	802.11b	1/2412	99.24%	1.008	0.812	-0.16	18.26	19.00	1.186	0.971	22.0
Left tilted	802.11b	11/2462	99.24%	1.008	0.965	-0.07	18.24	19.00	1.191	1.159	22.0
Left tilted -Repeat	802.11b	6/2437	99.24%	1.008	0.929	0.08	18.24	19.00	1.191	1.116	22.0
			Bod	y worn Te	est data(S	eparate 1	5mm)				
Front side	802.11b	6/2437	99.24%	1.008	0.092	0.09	18.66	19.00	1.081	0.100	22.0
Back side	802.11b	6/2437	99.24%	1.008	0.172	-0.16	18.66	19.00	1.081	0.187	22.0
Back side	802.11b	1/2412	99.24%	1.008	0.177	0.09	18.26	19.00	1.186	0.212	22.0
Back side	802.11b	11/2462	99.24%	1.008	0.155	0.04	18.24	19.00	1.191	0.186	22.0
			Hot	spot Tes	t data (Se	parate 10	mm)				
Front side	802.11b	6/2437	99.24%	1.008	0.177	0.08	18.66	19.00	1.081	0.193	22.0
Back side	802.11b	6/2437	99.24%	1.008	0.335	0.12	18.66	19.00	1.081	0.365	22.0
Right side	802.11b	6/2437	99.24%	1.008	0.052	0.11	18.66	19.00	1.081	0.056	22.0
Top side	802.11b	6/2437	99.24%	1.008	0.257	-0.08	18.66	19.00	1.081	0.280	22.0
Back side	802.11b	1/2412	99.24%	1.008	0.318	-0.02	18.26	19.00	1.186	0.380	22.0
Back side	802.11b	11/2462	99.24%	1.008	0.277	-0.09	18.24	19.00	1.191	0.333	22.0



Report No.: ZR/2018/A001108

Page: 55 of 68

Test Position	Channel/ Frequency	Measured SAR	1 st Repeated	Ratio	2 nd Repeated	3 rd Repeated	
	(MHz)	(1g)	SAR (1g)		SAR (1g)	SAR (1g)	
Left tilted	11/2462	0.965	0.929	1.039	N/A	N/A	

Note: 1) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, the measurement was repeated once.

4) Repeated measurements are not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg

Mode	Tune-up (dBm)	Tune-up (mw)	Max Reported SAR1-g(W/kg)	Adjusted SAR1-g(W/kg)	SAR test
		F	lead		
802.11b	19.00	79.43	1.159	/	Yes
802.11g	16.00	39.81	/	0.581	No
802.11n 20M/40M	15.00	31.62	/	0.461	No
		Body worn(S	Separate 15mm)		
802.11b	19.00	79.43	0.212	/	Yes
802.11g	16.00	39.81	/	0.106	No
802.11n 20M/40M	15.00	31.62	/	0.084	No
		Hotspot(Se	parate 10mm)		
802.11b	19.00	79.43	0.38	/	Yes
802.11g	16.00	39.81	/	0.190	No
802.11n 20M/40M	15.00	31.62	/	0.151	No

When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is \leq 1.2 W/kg, 802.11g/n OFDM SAR Test is not required.

²⁾ A second repeated measurement was performed only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements was > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement was ≥ 1.45 W/kg ($\sim 10\%$ from the 1-g SAR limit).

A third repeated measurement was performed only if the original, first or second repeated measurement was
 ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.



Report No.: ZR/2018/A001108

Page: 56 of 68

WiFi 5G

WiFi 5G				Wi-F	i 5G SAR 1	Test Reco	ord				
Test position	Test mode	Test Ch./Freq.	Duty Cycle	Duty Cycle Scaled factor	SAR (W/kg) 1-g	Power drift (dB)	Conducted power (dBm)	Tune up Limit (dBm)	Scaled factor	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Liquid Temp. (°C)
				Hea	d Test data	of U-NII-	2A				
Left cheek	802.11a	56/5280	96.17%	1.040	0.305	0.07	11.38	12.00	1.153	0.366	22.2
Left tilted	802.11a	56/5280	96.17%	1.040	0.245	0.04	11.38	12.00	1.153	0.294	22.2
Right cheek	802.11a	56/5280	96.17%	1.040	0.115	0.06	11.38	12.00	1.153	0.138	22.2
Right tilted	802.11a	56/5280	96.17%	1.040	0.208	0.03	11.38	12.00	1.153	0.250	22.2
Left cheek	802.11a	52/5260	96.17%	1.040	0.447	0.01	11.36	12.00	1.159	0.539	22.2
Left cheek	802.11a	60/5300	96.17%	1.040	0.511	-0.02	11.22	12.00	1.197	0.636	22.2
				Hea	d Test data	of U-NII-2	2C		<u>I</u>		1
Left cheek	802.11a	112/5560	96.17%	1.040	0.609	0.06	11.85	12.00	1.035	0.656	22.2
Left tilted	802.11a	112/5560	96.17%	1.040	0.585	0.07	11.85	12.00	1.035	0.630	22.2
Right cheek	802.11a	112/5560	96.17%	1.040	0.508	0.03	11.85	12.00	1.035	0.547	22.2
Right tilted	802.11a	112/5560	96.17%	1.040	0.412	0.02	11.85	12.00	1.035	0.444	22.2
Left cheek	802.11a	100/5500	96.17%	1.040	0.690	-0.06	11.79	12.00	1.050	0.753	22.2
Left cheek	802.11a	140/5700	96.17%	1.040	0.802	0.02	11.60	12.00	1.096	0.915	22.2
				Hea	ad Test data	a of U-NII-	-3				
Left cheek	802.11a	157/5785	96.17%	1.040	0.624	0.07	11.42	12.00	1.143	0.742	22.2
Left tilted	802.11a	157/5785	96.17%	1.040	0.623	0.04	11.42	12.00	1.143	0.740	22.2
Right cheek	802.11a	157/5785	96.17%	1.040	0.492	0.07	11.42	12.00	1.143	0.585	22.2
Right tilted	802.11a	157/5785	96.17%	1.040	0.427	0.03	11.42	12.00	1.143	0.508	22.2
Left cheek				1.040	0.762	-0.06	11.38	12.00	1.153	0.914	22.2
Left cheek	802.11a	165/5825	96.17%	1.040	0.804	-0.07	11.40	12.00	1.148	0.960	22.2
Left cheek -repeat	802.11a	165/5825	96.17%	1.040	0.798	-0.02	11.40	12.00	1.148	0.953	22.2
•		l	Body v	vorn Test	data of U-N	VII-2A (Se	parate 15mn	n)			
Front side	802.11a	56/5280	96.17%	1.040	0.015	0.05	11.38	12.00	1.153	0.018	22.2
Back side	802.11a	56/5280	96.17%	1.040	0.011	0.03	11.38	12.00	1.153	0.013	22.2
Front side	802.11a	52/5260	96.17%	1.040	0.027	0.08	11.36	12.00	1.159	0.033	22.2
Front side	802.11a	60/5300	96.17%	1.040	0.065	0.03	11.22	12.00	1.197	0.081	22.2
	1	1		worn Test	data of U-I	VII-2C(Se	parate 15mm	1)	1		1
Front side				1.040	0.052	0.06	11.85	12.00	1.035	0.056	22.2
Back side					0.019	0.03	11.85	12.00	1.035	0.020	22.2
Front side				1.040	0.058	0.05	11.79	12.00	1.050	0.063	22.2
Front side	802.11a	140/5700			0.064	-0.04	11.60	12.00	1.096	0.073	22.2
		1 /				` .	parate 15mm			0.0==	05.5
Front side					0.045	0.01	11.42	12.00	1.143	0.053	22.2
Back side	802.11a	157/5785	96.17%	1.040	0.031	0.02	11.42	12.00	1.143	0.037	22.2



Report No.: ZR/2018/A001108

Page: 57 of 68

Front side	802.11a	149/5745	96.17%	1.040	0.067	0.03	11.38	12.00	1.153	0.080	22.2
Front side	802.11a	165/5825	96.17%	1.040	0.073	0.05	11.40	12.00	1.148	0.087	22.2
			Hots	spot Test	data of U-N	VII-1(Sepa	rate 10mm)				
Front side	802.11a	40/5200	96.17%	1.040	0.089	0.03	11.55	12.00	1.109	0.102	22.2
Back side	802.11a	40/5200	96.17%	1.040	0.041	0.05	11.55	12.00	1.109	0.047	22.2
Right side	802.11a	40/5200	96.17%	1.040	0.018	0.02	11.55	12.00	1.109	0.021	22.2
Top side	802.11a	40/5200	96.17%	1.040	0.025	0.06	11.55	12.00	1.109	0.029	22.2
Front side	802.11a	36/5180	96.17%	1.040	0.084	0.02	11.41	12.00	1.146	0.100	22.2
Front side	802.11a	48/5240	96.17%	1.040	0.089	0.08	11.42	12.00	1.143	0.105	22.2
			Hots	spot Test	data of U-N	VII-3(Sepa	rate 10mm)				I.
Front side	802.11a	157/5785	96.17%	1.040	0.111	0.03	11.42	12.00	1.143	0.132	22.2
Back side	802.11a	157/5785	96.17%	1.040	0.084	0.03	11.42	12.00	1.143	0.100	22.2
Right side	802.11a	157/5785	96.17%	1.040	0.018	0.06	11.42	12.00	1.143	0.021	22.2
Top side	802.11a	157/5785	96.17%	1.040	0.060	0.03	11.42	12.00	1.143	0.071	22.2
Front side	802.11a	149/5745	96.17%	1.040	0.104	0.03	11.38	12.00	1.153	0.125	22.2
Front side	802.11a	165/5825	96 17%	1.040	0.092	0.02	11.40	12.00	1.148	0.109	22.2
1			00.17 /0	1.0 10	0.00=	0.02	11.40	12.00	1.140	0.103	22.2
Test position	Test	Test Ch./Freq.	Duty	Duty Cycle Scaled factor	SAR (W/kg) 10-g		Conducted power (dBm)				Liquid Temp.
	Test	Test Ch./Freq.	Duty Cycle	Duty Cycle Scaled factor	SAR (W/kg) 10-g	Power drift(dB)	Conducted power	Tune up Limit (dBm)	Scaled	Scaled SAR	Liquid
	Test mode	Test Ch./Freq. Prod	Duty Cycle uct spec	Duty Cycle Scaled factor	SAR (W/kg) 10-g	Power drift(dB)	Conducted power (dBm)	Tune up Limit (dBm)	Scaled	Scaled SAR	Liquid
position	Test mode	Test Ch./Freq. Prod 56/5280	Duty Cycle uct spec	Duty Cycle Scaled factor ific 10g S	SAR (W/kg) 10-g	Power drift(dB)	Conducted power (dBm)	Tune up Limit (dBm) te 0mm)	Scaled factor	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Liquid Temp.
position Front side	Test mode 802.11a 802.11a	Test Ch./Freq. Prod 56/5280 56/5280	Duty Cycle uct spec 96.17%	Duty Cycle Scaled factor ific 10g S 1.040	SAR (W/kg) 10-g SAR Test da 0.173	Power drift(dB) ata of U-NI 0.05	Conducted power (dBm) I-2A(Separa 11.38	Tune up Limit (dBm) te 0mm)	Scaled factor	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Liquid Temp.
Front side Back side Right side	Test mode 802.11a 802.11a	Test Ch./Freq. Prod 56/5280 56/5280 56/5280 56/5280	Duty Cycle uct spec 96.17% 96.17% 96.17%	Duty Cycle Scaled factor ific 10g S 1.040	SAR (W/kg) 10-g SAR Test da 0.173 0.086	Power drift(dB) ata of U-NI 0.05 0.03	Conducted power (dBm) I-2A(Separa 11.38 11.38	Tune up Limit (dBm) te 0mm) 12.00	Scaled factor 1.153 1.153	Scaled SAR (W/kg) 0.208 0.103	Liquid Temp.
Front side Back side Right side Top side Front side	Test mode 802.11a 802.11a 802.11a 802.11a	Test Ch./Freq. Prod 56/5280 56/5280 56/5280 56/5280 52/5260	Duty Cycle uct spec 96.17% 96.17% 96.17% 96.17%	Duty Cycle Scaled factor ific 10g S 1.040 1.040 1.040 1.040	SAR (W/kg) 10-g SAR Test da 0.173 0.086 0.033 0.060 0.197	Power drift(dB) ata of U-NI 0.05 0.03 0.08 0.03 0.02	Conducted power (dBm) 1-2A(Separa 11.38 11.38 11.38 11.38 11.38	Tune up Limit (dBm) te 0mm) 12.00 12.00 12.00 12.00	1.153 1.153 1.153 1.153 1.153	Scaled SAR (W/kg) 0.208 0.103 0.039 0.072 0.237	22.2 22.2 22.2 22.2 22.2 22.2
Front side Back side Right side Top side	Test mode 802.11a 802.11a 802.11a 802.11a	Test Ch./Freq. Prod 56/5280 56/5280 56/5280 56/5280 52/5260 60/5300	Duty Cycle uct spec 96.17% 96.17% 96.17% 96.17% 96.17%	Duty Cycle Scaled factor ific 10g S 1.040 1.040 1.040 1.040 1.040	SAR (W/kg) 10-g 6AR Test da 0.173 0.086 0.033 0.060 0.197 0.190	Power drift(dB) ata of U-NI 0.05 0.03 0.08 0.03 0.02 -0.05	Conducted power (dBm) I-2A(Separa 11.38 11.38 11.38 11.38 11.36 11.22	Tune up Limit (dBm) te 0mm) 12.00 12.00 12.00 12.00 12.00	1.153 1.153 1.153 1.153	Scaled SAR (W/kg) 0.208 0.103 0.039 0.072	22.2 22.2 22.2 22.2 22.2
Front side Back side Right side Top side Front side Front side	Test mode 802.11a 802.11a 802.11a 802.11a 802.11a 802.11a	Test Ch./Freq. Prod 56/5280 56/5280 56/5280 56/5280 52/5260 60/5300 Prod	Duty Cycle uct spec 96.17% 96.17% 96.17% 96.17% uct spec	Duty Cycle Scaled factor ific 10g S 1.040 1.040 1.040 1.040 1.040 ific 10g S	SAR (W/kg) 10-g SAR Test da 0.173 0.086 0.033 0.060 0.197 0.190 SAR Test da	Power drift(dB) ata of U-NI 0.05 0.03 0.08 0.03 0.02 -0.05 ta of U-NI	Conducted power (dBm) 1-2A(Separa 11.38 11.38 11.38 11.36 11.22 1-2C(Separa	Tune up Limit (dBm) te 0mm) 12.00 12.00 12.00 12.00 12.00 12.00 te 0mm)	1.153 1.153 1.153 1.153 1.159 1.197	Scaled SAR (W/kg) 0.208 0.103 0.039 0.072 0.237 0.236	22.2 22.2 22.2 22.2 22.2 22.2 22.2
Front side Back side Right side Top side Front side Front side	Test mode 802.11a 802.11a 802.11a 802.11a 802.11a 802.11a	Test Ch./Freq. Prod 56/5280 56/5280 56/5280 56/5280 52/5260 60/5300 Prod 112/5560	Duty Cycle uct spec 96.17% 96.17% 96.17% 96.17% uct spec 96.17%	Duty Cycle Scaled factor ific 10g S 1.040 1.040 1.040 1.040 1.040 ific 10g S 1.040	SAR (W/kg) 10-g SAR Test da 0.173 0.086 0.033 0.060 0.197 0.190 SAR Test da 0.219	Power drift(dB) ata of U-NI 0.05 0.03 0.08 0.03 0.02 -0.05 ata of U-NI 0.05	Conducted power (dBm) I-2A(Separa 11.38 11.38 11.38 11.36 11.22 I-2C(Separa 11.85	Tune up Limit (dBm) 12.00 12.00 12.00 12.00 12.00 12.00 te 0mm) 12.00	1.153 1.153 1.153 1.153 1.159 1.197	0.208 0.103 0.039 0.072 0.237 0.236	22.2 22.2 22.2 22.2 22.2 22.2 22.2
Front side Back side Right side Top side Front side Front side Front side Back side	Test mode 802.11a 802.11a 802.11a 802.11a 802.11a 802.11a	Test Ch./Freq. Prod 56/5280 56/5280 56/5280 56/5280 52/5260 60/5300 Prod 112/5560 112/5560	Duty Cycle uct spec 96.17% 96.17% 96.17% 96.17% uct spec 96.17% 96.17%	Duty Cycle Scaled factor ific 10g S 1.040 1.040 1.040 1.040 1.040 ific 10g S 1.040 1.040	SAR (W/kg) 10-g SAR Test da 0.173 0.086 0.033 0.060 0.197 0.190 SAR Test da 0.219 0.171	Power drift(dB) ata of U-NI 0.05 0.03 0.08 0.03 0.02 -0.05 ata of U-NI 0.05 0.06	Conducted power (dBm) I-2A(Separa 11.38 11.38 11.38 11.36 11.22 I-2C(Separa 11.85 11.85	Tune up Limit (dBm) te 0mm) 12.00 12.00 12.00 12.00 12.00 te 0mm) 12.00 12.00	1.153 1.153 1.153 1.153 1.159 1.197 1.035 1.035	0.208 0.103 0.039 0.072 0.237 0.236 0.236 0.184	22.2 22.2 22.2 22.2 22.2 22.2 22.2 22.
Front side Back side Right side Top side Front side Front side Front side Back side Right side	Test mode 802.11a 802.11a 802.11a 802.11a 802.11a 802.11a 802.11a	Test Ch./Freq. Prod 56/5280 56/5280 56/5280 52/5260 60/5300 Prod 112/5560 112/5560	Duty Cycle 96.17% 96.17% 96.17% 96.17% 96.17% uct spec 96.17% 96.17% 96.17%	Duty Cycle Scaled factor ific 10g S 1.040 1.040 1.040 1.040 1.040 ific 10g S 1.040 1.040	SAR (W/kg) 10-g SAR Test da 0.173 0.086 0.033 0.060 0.197 0.190 SAR Test da 0.219 0.171 0.045	Power drift(dB) ata of U-NI 0.05 0.03 0.08 0.03 0.02 -0.05 ata of U-NI 0.05 0.06 0.06	Conducted power (dBm) I-2A(Separa 11.38 11.38 11.38 11.36 11.22 I-2C(Separa 11.85 11.85 11.85	Tune up Limit (dBm) 12.00 12.00 12.00 12.00 12.00 12.00 12.00 12.00 12.00 12.00	1.153 1.153 1.153 1.153 1.159 1.197 1.035 1.035 1.035	0.208 0.103 0.039 0.072 0.237 0.236 0.184 0.048	22.2 22.2 22.2 22.2 22.2 22.2 22.2 22.
Front side Back side Right side Top side Front side Front side Front side Back side Right side Top side	Test mode 802.11a 802.11a 802.11a 802.11a 802.11a 802.11a 802.11a 802.11a	Test Ch./Freq. Prod 56/5280 56/5280 56/5280 56/5280 52/5260 60/5300 Prod 112/5560 112/5560 112/5560	Duty Cycle 96.17% 96.17% 96.17% 96.17% 96.17% uct spec 96.17% 96.17% 96.17%	Duty Cycle Scaled factor ific 10g S 1.040 1.040 1.040 1.040 1.040 1.040 1.040 1.040 1.040	SAR (W/kg) 10-g 6AR Test da 0.173 0.086 0.033 0.060 0.197 0.190 6AR Test da 0.219 0.171 0.045 0.127	Power drift(dB) ata of U-NI 0.05 0.03 0.08 0.03 0.02 -0.05 ata of U-NI 0.05 0.06 0.06	Conducted power (dBm) I-2A(Separa 11.38 11.38 11.38 11.36 11.22 I-2C(Separa 11.85 11.85 11.85 11.85	Tune up Limit (dBm) 12.00 12.00 12.00 12.00 12.00 12.00 12.00 12.00 12.00 12.00	1.153 1.153 1.153 1.153 1.159 1.197 1.035 1.035 1.035	0.208 0.103 0.039 0.072 0.237 0.236 0.184 0.048 0.137	22.2 22.2 22.2 22.2 22.2 22.2 22.2 22.
Front side Back side Right side Top side Front side Front side Front side Back side Right side	Test mode 802.11a	Test Ch./Freq. Prod 56/5280 56/5280 56/5280 56/5280 60/5300 Prod 112/5560 112/5560 112/5560 112/5560	Duty Cycle 96.17% 96.17% 96.17% 96.17% 96.17% 96.17% 96.17% 96.17% 96.17%	Duty Cycle Scaled factor ific 10g S 1.040 1.040 1.040 1.040 1.040 ific 10g S 1.040 1.040	SAR (W/kg) 10-g SAR Test da 0.173 0.086 0.033 0.060 0.197 0.190 SAR Test da 0.219 0.171 0.045	Power drift(dB) ata of U-NI 0.05 0.03 0.08 0.03 0.02 -0.05 ata of U-NI 0.05 0.06 0.06	Conducted power (dBm) I-2A(Separa 11.38 11.38 11.38 11.36 11.22 I-2C(Separa 11.85 11.85 11.85	Tune up Limit (dBm) 12.00 12.00 12.00 12.00 12.00 12.00 12.00 12.00 12.00 12.00	1.153 1.153 1.153 1.153 1.159 1.197 1.035 1.035 1.035	0.208 0.103 0.039 0.072 0.237 0.236 0.184 0.048	22.2 22.2 22.2 22.2 22.2 22.2 22.2 22.

Test Position	Channel/ Frequency	Measured SAR	1 st Repeated	Ratio	2 nd Repeated	3 rd Repeated
	(MHz)	(1g)	SAR (1g)		SAR (1g)	SAR (1g)
Left cheek	165/5825	0.804	0.798	1.008	N/A	N/A

Note: 1) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, the measurement was repeated once.

²⁾ A second repeated measurement was performed only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements was > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement was ≥ 1.45 W/kg ($\sim 10\%$ from the 1-g SAR limit).

A third repeated measurement was performed only if the original, first or second repeated measurement was ≥
 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is >
 1.20.

⁴⁾ Repeated measurements are not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg



Report No.: ZR/2018/A001108

Page: 58 of 68

Mode	Tune-up (dBm)	Tune-up (mw)	Max Reported SAR1-g(W/kg)	Adjusted SAR(W/kg)	SAR test
		Н	lead		
802.11a	12.00	15.85	0.96	/	Yes
802.11n 20M/40M	11.00	12.59	/	0.763	No
		Body worn(S	eparate 15mm)		
802.11a	12.00	15.85	0.087	/	Yes
802.11n 20M/40M	11.00	12.59	/	0.069	No
		Hotspot(Se	parate 10mm)		
802.11a	12.00	15.85	0.132	/	Yes
802.11n 20M/40M	11.00	12.59	1	0.105	No
	Prod	duct specific 10	g SAR(Separate 0r	nm)	
802.11a	12.00	15.85	0.319	1	Yes
802.11n 20M/40M	11.00	12.59	/	0.253	No

When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR test for the other 802.11 modes are not required.

Mode	Tune-up (dBm)	Tune-up (mw)	Max Reported SAR1-g(W/kg)	Adjusted SAR(W/kg)	SAR test
		Head			
U-NII-2A	12.00	15.85	0.636	/	Yes
U-NII-1	12.00	15.85	/	0.636	No
		Body worn(Sepa	rate 15mm)		
U-NII-2A	12.00	15.85	0.081	/	Yes
U-NII-1	12.00	15.85	/	0.081	No
	Pro	oduct specific 10g SA	R(Separate 0mm)		
U-NII-2A	12.00	15.85	0.319	/	Yes
U-NII-1	12.00	15.85	/	0.319	No

When the same maximum output power is specified for both bands, begin SAR measurement in U-NII-2A band by applying the OFDM SAR requirements. As the highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band for that configuration.



Report No.: ZR/2018/A001108

Page: 59 of 68

3 Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

3.1 Simultaneous Transmission Scenarios:

NO.	Simultaneous Transmission Configuration	Head	Body worn	Hotspot	Product Specific 10-g (0mm)
1	GSM(Voice) + WiFi	Yes	Yes	No	Yes
2	GSM(Voice) + BT	Yes	Yes	No	Yes
3	WCDMA(Voice) + WiFi	Yes	Yes	No	Yes
4	WCDMA(Voice) + BT	Yes	Yes	No	Yes
5	GPRS / EDGE(Data) + WiFi	No	No	Yes	Yes
6	GPRS / EDGE(Data) + BT	No	No	Yes	Yes
7	WCDMA(Data) + WiFi	No	No	Yes	Yes
8	WCDMA(Data) + BT	No	No	Yes	Yes
9	LTE(Data) + WiFi	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
10	LTE(Data) + BT	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
11	BT+WIFI (They share the same antenna and cannot transmit at the same time by design.)	No	No	No	No

Note:

- 1) Wi-Fi and Bluetooth share the same Tx antenna and can't transmit simultaneously.
- 2) The device does not support DTM function.
- 3) * VoLTE or pre-installed VOIP applications are considered.
- 4) For Wi-Fi 5G, U-NII-2A (5250-5350 MHz) and U-NII-2C (5470-5725 MHz) bands does not support hotspot function.



Report No.: ZR/2018/A001108

Page: 60 of 68

3.2 Estimated SAR calculation

Unless specifically required by the published RF exposure KDB procedures, standalone 1-g head or body and Product specific 10g SAR evaluation for general population exposure conditions, by measurement or numerical simulation, is not required when the corresponding SAR Test Exclusion Threshold condition is satisfied. These test exclusion conditions are based on source-based time-averaged maximum conducted output power of the RF channel requiring evaluation, adjusted for tune-up tolerance, and the minimum test separation distance required

for the exposure conditions.

Freq. Band	Frequency (GHz)	Position	Average Power		Test Separation	Calculate Value	Exclusion Threshold	Exclusion (Y/N)
Band	(GHZ)	1 00111011	dBm	mW	(mm)	value	Tilleshold	(1/N)
		Head	9.5	9.33	5.0	2.8	3.0	Y
Bluetooth	2.48	Body-worn	9.5	9.33	15.0	0.9	3.0	Υ
		hotspot	9.5	9.33	10.0	1.4	3.0	Y

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

The test exclusions are applicable only when the minimum test separation distance is \leq 50 mm and for transmission frequencies between 100 MHz and 6 GHz. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

When the standalone SAR test exclusion is applied to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to the following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

• (max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]·[√f(GHz)/x] W/kg for test separation distances ≤ 50 mm;

Where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.



Report No.: ZR/2018/A001108

Page: 61 of 68

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

Estimated SAR Result

Frog Rand	Frequency	Test Position	max. power(dBm)	Test Separation	Estimated	
Freq. Band (GHz)		Test Fosition	max. power(ubm)	(mm)	1g SAR (W/kg)	
	2.48	Head	9.50	0	0.374	
		Body-worn	9.50	15	0.125	
Bluetooth		2.48 hotspot		9.50	10	0.187
		Product specific 10g SAR	9.50	0	0.150	

3.3 SPLSR evaluation and analysis

Per KDB447498D01, when the sum of SAR is larger than the limit, SAR test exclusion is determined by the SAR sum to peak location separation ratio(SPLSR).

The simultaneous transmitting antennas in each operating mode and exposure condition combination must be considered one pair at a time to determine the SAR to peak location separation ratio to qualify for test exclusion.

The ratio is determined by $(SAR1 + SAR2)^1.5/Ri$, rounded to two decimal digits, and must be ≤ 0.04 for all antenna pairs in the configuration to qualify for 1-g SAR test exclusion.

SAR1 and SAR2 are the highest reported or estimated SAR for each antenna in the pair, and Ri is the separation distance between the peak SAR locations for the antenna pair in mm.

When standalone test exclusion applies, SAR is estimated; the peak location is assumed to be at the feed-point or geometric center of the antenna.



Report No.: ZR/2018/A001108

Page: 62 of 68

3.1 Simultaneous Transmission Combination Scenario

1) Simulta	aneous Transmiss	ion SAR Sur	nmation Sco	enario for h	ead				
WWAN Band	Exposure position	① MAX.WWAN SAR(W/kg)	② MAX.WLAN 2.4G SAR(W/kg)	③ MAX.WLAN 5G SAR(W/kg)		SAR①+		Summed SAR①+ ④	Case NO.
	Left Touch	0.244	1.054	0.960	0.374	1.298	1.204	0.618	No
0014050	Left Tilt	0.149	1.159	0.740	0.374	1.308	0.889	0.523	No
GSM850	Right Touch	0.275	0.475	0.585	0.374	0.750	0.860	0.649	No
	Right Tilt	0.177	0.532	0.508	0.374	0.709	0.685	0.551	No
	Left Touch	0.060	1.054	0.960	0.374	1.114	1.020	0.434	No
00144000	Left Tilt	0.055	1.159	0.740	0.374	1.214	0.795	0.429	No
GSM1900	Right Touch	0.108	0.475	0.585	0.374	0.583	0.693	0.482	No
	Right Tilt	0.028	0.532	0.508	0.374	0.560	0.536	0.402	No
	Left Touch	0.094	1.054	0.960	0.374	1.148	1.054	0.468	No
WCDMA Band II	Left Tilt	0.098	1.159	0.740	0.374	1.257	0.838	0.472	No
	Right Touch	0.167	0.475	0.585	0.374	0.642	0.752	0.541	No
	Right Tilt	0.061	0.532	0.508	0.374	0.593	0.569	0.435	No
	Left Touch	0.189	1.054	0.960	0.374	1.243	1.149	0.563	No
WCDMA	Left Tilt	0.115	1.159	0.740	0.374	1.274	0.855	0.489	No
Band V	Right Touch	0.211	0.475	0.585	0.374	0.686	0.796	0.585	No
	Right Tilt	0.113	0.532	0.508	0.374	0.645	0.621	0.487	No
	Left Touch	0.113	1.054	0.960	0.374	1.167	1.073	0.487	No
LTE	Left Tilt	0.116	1.159	0.740	0.374	1.275	0.856	0.490	No
Band 2	Right Touch	0.186	0.475	0.585	0.374	0.661	0.771	0.560	No
	Right Tilt	0.073	0.532	0.508	0.374	0.605	0.581	0.447	No
	Left Touch	0.267	1.054	0.960	0.374	1.321	1.227	0.641	No
LTE	Left Tilt	0.167	1.159	0.740	0.374	1.326	0.907	0.541	No
Band 5	Right Touch	0.257	0.475	0.585	0.374	0.732	0.842	0.631	No
	Right Tilt	0.174	0.532	0.508	0.374	0.706	0.682	0.548	No
	Left Touch	0.444	1.054	0.960	0.374	1.498	1.404	0.818	No
LTE	Left Tilt	0.178	1.159	0.740	0.374	1.337	0.918	0.552	No
Band 7	Right Touch	0.249	0.475	0.585	0.374	0.724	0.834	0.623	No
	Right Tilt	0.241	0.532	0.508	0.374	0.773	0.749	0.615	No
	Left Touch	0.286	1.054	0.960	0.374	1.340	1.246	0.660	No
LTE	Left Tilt	0.078	1.159	0.740	0.374	1.237	0.818	0.452	No
Band 41	Right Touch	0.155	0.475	0.585	0.374	0.630	0.740	0.529	No
	Right Tilt	0.168	0.532	0.508	0.374	0.700	0.676	0.542	No



Report No.: ZR/2018/A001108

Page: 63 of 68

2) Simulta	2) Simultaneous Transmission SAR Summation Scenario for body worn										
WWAN Band	Exposure position	① MAX.WWAN SAR(W/kg)	② MAX.WLAN 2.4G SAR(W/kg)	EC.	④ MAX.BT SAR(W/kg)	SAR①+	Summed SAR①+ ③	Summed SAR①+ ④	Case NO.		
GSM850	Front	0.237	0.100	0.087	0.125	0.337	0.324	0.362	No		
GSIVIOSO	Back	0.352	0.212	0.037	0.125	0.564	0.389	0.477	No		
CSM4000	Front	0.179	0.100	0.087	0.125	0.279	0.266	0.304	No		
GSM1900	Back	0.258	0.212	0.037	0.125	0.470	0.295	0.383	No		
WCDMA	Front	0.172	0.100	0.087	0.125	0.272	0.259	0.297	No		
Band II	Back	0.435	0.212	0.037	0.125	0.647	0.472	0.560	No		
WCDMA	Front	0.265	0.100	0.087	0.125	0.365	0.352	0.390	No		
Band V	Back	0.333	0.212	0.037	0.125	0.545	0.370	0.458	No		
LTE	Front	0.282	0.100	0.087	0.125	0.382	0.369	0.407	No		
Band 2	Back	0.433	0.212	0.037	0.125	0.645	0.470	0.558	No		
LTE	Front	0.261	0.100	0.087	0.125	0.361	0.348	0.386	No		
Band 5	Back	0.335	0.212	0.037	0.125	0.547	0.372	0.460	No		
LTE	Front	0.351	0.100	0.087	0.125	0.451	0.438	0.476	No		
Band 7	Back	0.641	0.212	0.037	0.125	0.853	0.678	0.766	No		
LTE	Front	0.332	0.100	0.087	0.125	0.432	0.419	0.457	No		
Band 41	Back	0.446	0.212	0.037	0.125	0.658	0.483	0.571	No		

3) Simulta	3) Simultaneous Transmission SAR Summation Scenario for hotspot										
WWAN Band	Exposure position	① MAX.WWAN SAR(W/kg)	② MAX.WLAN 2.4G SAR(W/kg)	③ MAX.WLAN 5G SAR(W/kg)	④ MAX.BT SAR(W/kg)		Summed SAR①+ ③		Case NO.		
	Front	0.379	0.193	0.132	0.187	0.572	0.511	0.566	No		
	Back	0.568	0.380	0.100	0.187	0.948	0.668	0.755	No		
GSM850	Left	0.434	0.000	0.000	0.187	0.434	0.434	0.621	No		
GSIVIOSO	Right	0.581	0.056	0.021	0.187	0.637	0.602	0.768	No		
	Тор	0.000	0.280	0.071	0.187	0.280	0.071	0.187	No		
	Bottom	0.132	0.000	0.000	0.187	0.132	0.132	0.319	No		
	Front	0.353	0.193	0.132	0.187	0.546	0.485	0.540	No		
	Back	0.780	0.380	0.100	0.187	1.160	0.880	0.967	No		
CCM1000	Left	0.042	0.000	0.000	0.187	0.042	0.042	0.229	No		
GSM1900	Right	0.083	0.056	0.021	0.187	0.139	0.104	0.270	No		
	Тор	0.000	0.280	0.071	0.187	0.280	0.071	0.187	No		
	Bottom	0.592	0.000	0.000	0.187	0.592	0.592	0.779	No		
WCDMA	Front	0.484	0.193	0.132	0.187	0.677	0.616	0.671	No		



Report No.: ZR/2018/A001108

Page: 64 of 68

Band II	Back	0.837	0.380	0.100	0.187	1.217	0.937	1.024	No
	Left	0.057	0.000	0.000	0.187	0.057	0.057	0.244	No
	Right	0.109	0.056	0.021	0.187	0.165	0.130	0.296	No
	Тор	0.000	0.280	0.071	0.187	0.280	0.071	0.187	No
	Bottom	0.724	0.000	0.000	0.187	0.724	0.724	0.911	No
	Front	0.263	0.193	0.132	0.187	0.456	0.395	0.450	No
	Back	0.403	0.380	0.100	0.187	0.783	0.503	0.590	No
WCDMA	Left	0.266	0.000	0.000	0.187	0.266	0.266	0.453	No
Band V	Right	0.311	0.056	0.021	0.187	0.367	0.332	0.498	No
	Тор	0.000	0.280	0.071	0.187	0.280	0.071	0.187	No
	Bottom	0.100	0.000	0.000	0.187	0.100	0.100	0.287	No
	Front	0.604	0.193	0.132	0.187	0.797	0.736	0.791	No
	Back	1.065	0.380	0.100	0.187	1.445	1.165	1.252	No
LTE	Left	0.092	0.000	0.000	0.187	0.092	0.092	0.279	No
Band 2	Right	0.139	0.056	0.021	0.187	0.195	0.160	0.326	No
	Тор	0.000	0.280	0.071	0.187	0.280	0.071	0.187	No
	Bottom	0.860	0.000	0.000	0.187	0.860	0.860	1.047	No
	Front	0.275	0.193	0.132	0.187	0.468	0.407	0.462	No
	Back	0.445	0.380	0.100	0.187	0.825	0.545	0.632	No
LTE	Left	0.299	0.000	0.000	0.187	0.299	0.299	0.486	No
Band 5	Right	0.345	0.056	0.021	0.187	0.401	0.366	0.532	No
	Тор	0.000	0.280	0.071	0.187	0.280	0.071	0.187	No
	Bottom	0.120	0.000	0.000	0.187	0.120	0.120	0.307	No
	Front	0.940	0.193	0.132	0.187	1.133	1.072	1.127	No
	Back	1.186	0.380	0.100	0.187	1.566	1.286	1.373	No
LTE	Left	0.644	0.000	0.000	0.187	0.644	0.644	0.831	No
Band 7	Right	0.166	0.056	0.021	0.187	0.222	0.187	0.353	No
	Тор	0.000	0.280	0.071	0.187	0.280	0.071	0.187	No
	Bottom	0.548	0.000	0.000	0.187	0.548	0.548	0.735	No
	Front	0.686	0.193	0.132	0.187	0.879	0.818	0.873	No
	Back	0.969	0.380	0.100	0.187	1.349	1.069	1.156	No
LTE Band	Left	0.555	0.000	0.000	0.187	0.555	0.555	0.742	No
41	Right	0.155	0.056	0.021	0.187	0.211	0.176	0.342	No
	Тор	0.000	0.280	0.071	0.187	0.280	0.071	0.187	No
	Bottom	0.406	0.000	0.000	0.187	0.406	0.406	0.593	No



Report No.: ZR/2018/A001108

Page: 65 of 68

4) Simultane) Simultaneous Transmission SAR Summation Scenario for Product specific 10g SAR										
WWAN Band	Exposure position	① MAX.WWAN SAR(W/kg)	② MAX.WLAN 2.4G SAR(W/kg)	③ MAX.WLAN 5G SAR(W/kg)	④ MAX.BT SAR(W/kg)	Summed SAR①+②	Summed SAR①+③	Summed SAR①+④	Case NO.		
	Front	/	/	0.319	0.150	0	0.319	0.150	No		
	Back	/	/	0.184	0.150	0	0.184	0.150	No		
WWAN Band	Left	/	/	/	0.150	0	/	0.150	No		
WWAN Band	Right	/	/	0.048	0.150	0	0.048	0.150	No		
	Тор	/	/	0.137	0.150	0	0.137	0.150	No		
	Bottom	/	/	/	0.150	0	/	0.150	No		



Report No.: ZR/2018/A001108

Page: 66 of 68

4 Instruments List

	Test Platform	SPEAG DASY	5 Professional							
	Location	SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd. Shenzhen Branch								
	Description	SAR Test System (Frequency range 300MHz-6GHz)								
5	Software Reference	DASY52 52.8.8	8(1222); SEMCAI	O X 14.6.10(7331)						
		Ha	ardware Referen	ice						
	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Due date of calibration				
\boxtimes	Twin Phantom	SPEAG	SAM 1	1283	NCR	NCR				
	Twin Phantom	SPEAG	SAM 2	1913	NCR	NCR				
	Twin Phantom	SPEAG	SAM 1	1912	NCR	NCR				
\boxtimes	Twin Phantom	SPEAG	SAM 2	1640	NCR	NCR				
	DAE	SPEAG	DAE4	1267	2017-11-28	2018-11-27				
\boxtimes	DAE	SPEAG	DAE4	1428	2018-01-17	2019-01-16				
	E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3962	2018-01-11	2019-01-10				
\boxtimes	E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3789	2018-02-08	2019-02-07				
	Validation Kits	SPEAG	D835V2	4d105	2016-12-08	2019-12-07				
	Validation Kits	SPEAG	D1750V2	1149	2016-06-23	2019-06-22				
\boxtimes	Validation Kits	SPEAG	D1900V2	5d028	2016-12-07	2019-12-06				
	Validation Kits	SPEAG	D2450V2	733	2016-12-07	2019-12-06				
	Validation Kits	SPEAG	D2600V2	1125	2016-06-22	2019-06-21				
\boxtimes	Validation Kits	SPEAG	D5GHzV2	1165	2016-12-13	2019-12-12				
\boxtimes	Agilent Network Analyzer	Agilent	E5071C	MY46523590	2018-03-13	2019-03-12				
	Dielectric Probe Kit	Agilent	85070E	US01440210	NCR	NCR				
\boxtimes	Universal Radio Communication Tester	R&S	CMU200	123090	2018-06-21	2019-06-20				
\boxtimes	Radio Communication Analyzer	Anritsu Corporation	MT8821C	6201502984	2018-05-02	2019-05-01				
\boxtimes	RF Bi-Directional Coupler	Agilent	86205-60001	MY31400031	NCR	NCR				
\boxtimes	Signal Generator	Agilent	N5171B	MY53050736	2018-03-13	2019-03-12				
\boxtimes	Preamplifier	Mini-Circuits	ZHL-42W	15542	NCR	NCR				
\boxtimes	Preamplifier	Compliance Directions Systems Inc.	AMP28-3W	073501433	NCR	NCR				
\boxtimes	Power Meter	Agilent	E4416A	GB41292095	2018-03-13	2019-03-12				
\boxtimes	Power Sensor	Agilent	8481H	MY41091234	2018-03-13	2019-03-12				
\boxtimes	Power Sensor	R&S	NRP-Z92	100025	2018-03-13	2019-03-12				
\boxtimes	Attenuator	SHX	TS2-3dB	30704	NCR	NCR				
\boxtimes	Coaxial low pass filter	Mini-Circuits	VLF-2500(+)	NA	NCR	NCR				
\boxtimes	Coaxial low pass filter	Microlab Fxr	LA-F13	NA	NCR	NCR				



Report No.: ZR/2018/A001108

Page: 67 of 68

	50 Ω coaxial load	Mini-Circuits	KARN-50+	00850	NCR	NCR
\boxtimes	DC POWER SUPPLY	SAKO	SK1730SL5A	NA	NCR	NCR
	Speed reading thermometer	MingGao	T809	NA	2018-03-19	2019-03-18
	Humidity and Temperature Indicator	KIMTOKA	KIMTOKA	NA	2018-03-19	2019-03-18

Note: All the equipments are within the valid period when the tests are performed.



Report No.: ZR/2018/A001108

Page: 68 of 68

5 Measurements

Please see the Appendix B

6 SAR System Performance Verification

Please see the Appendix A

7 Photographs

Please see the Appendix D

8 DAE & Probe Calibration Certificate

Please see the Appendix C

9 SAR measurement variability and uncertainty

SAR measurement variability

Per KDB865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04, SAR measurement variability must be assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. The additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is remounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is \geq 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg ($\sim 10\%$ from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is \geq 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

The same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.

SAR measurement variability

Per KDB865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. The equivalent ratio (1.5/1.6) is applied to extremity and occupational exposure conditions.

---END---



Report No.: ZR/2018/A001108

Appendix A

Detailed System Check Results

Date: 2018-11-06

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

System Performance Check 835 MHz Head

DUT: D835V2; Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d105

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL835; Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.909$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 42.668$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3962; ConvF(9.96, 9.96, 9.96); Calibrated: 2018-01-11;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1428; Calibrated: 2018-01-17

• Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM; Serial: 1912

• DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Body/d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.12 W/kg

Body/d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,

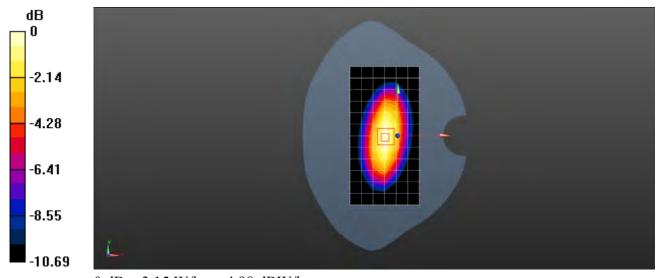
dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 55.90 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.64 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.51 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.66 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.15 W/kg



0 dB = 3.15 W/kg = 4.98 dBW/kg

Date: 2018-11-04

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

System Performance Check 835 MHz Body

DUT: D835V2; Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d105

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL835; Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.986$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 54.389$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(8.84, 8.84, 8.84); Calibrated: 2018-02-08;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1267; Calibrated: 2017-11-28

• Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1283

• DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Body/d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.11 W/kg

Body/d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

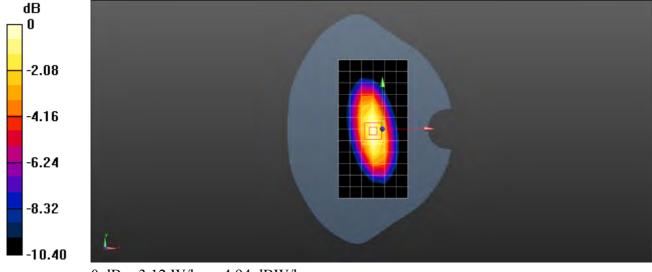
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 50.78 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.64 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.48 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.63 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.12 W/kg



0 dB = 3.12 W/kg = 4.94 dBW/kg

Date: 2018-11-16

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

System Performance Check 1900 MHz Head

DUT: D1900V2; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d028

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1900; Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.426$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 41.472$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(7.35, 7.35, 7.35); Calibrated: 2018-02-08;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1267; Calibrated: 2017-11-28

• Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: 1913

• DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Body/d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.8 W/kg

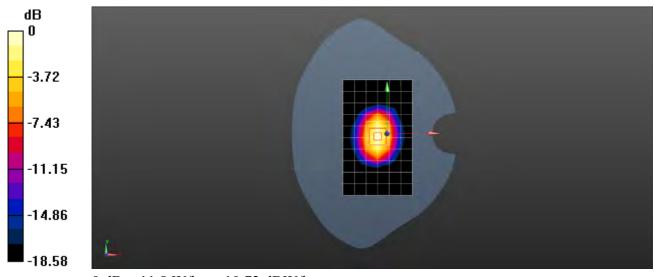
Body/d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 84.20 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 20.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.6 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.47 W/kg



0 dB = 11.8 W/kg = 10.72 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

System Performance Check 1900 MHz Body

DUT: D1900V2; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d028

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL1900; Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.514$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 53.84$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3962; ConvF(8.09, 8.09, 8.09); Calibrated: 2018-01-11;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1428; Calibrated: 2018-01-17

• Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM; Serial: 1912

• DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Body/d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.6 W/kg

Body/d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

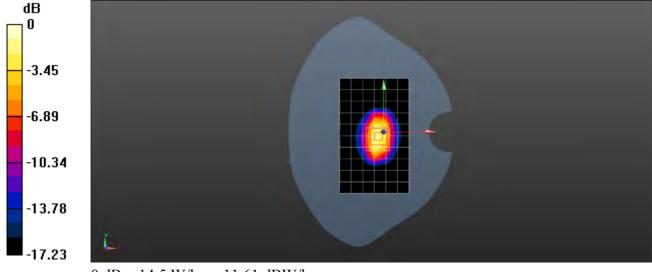
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 60.09 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.45 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.5 W/kg



0 dB = 14.5 W/kg = 11.61 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

System Performance Check 2450MHz Head

DUT: D2450V2; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 733

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2450; Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.803$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 40.177$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(7.01, 7.01, 7.01); Calibrated: 2018-02-08;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1267; Calibrated: 2017-11-28

• Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: 1913

• DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Body/d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (9x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.7 W/kg

Body/d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

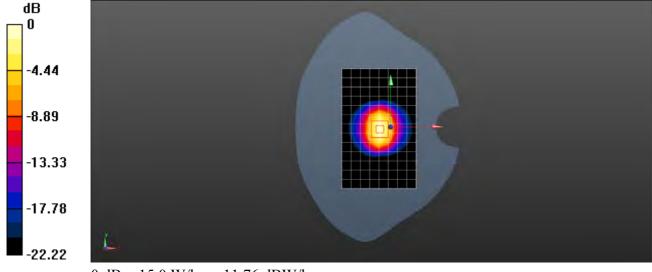
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 86.57 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.08 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.0 W/kg



0 dB = 15.0 W/kg = 11.76 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

System Performance Check 2450MHz Body

DUT: D2450V2; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 733

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL2450; Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.889$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 51.49$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(7.15, 7.15, 7.15); Calibrated: 2018-02-08;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1267; Calibrated: 2017-11-28

• Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1283

• DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Body/d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (10x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dv=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.9 W/kg

Body/d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

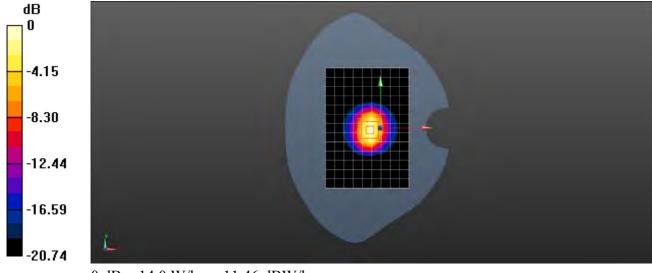
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 79.74 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 24.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.69 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.0 W/kg



0 dB = 14.0 W/kg = 11.46 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

System Performance Check 2600MHz Head

DUT: Dipole D2600V2; Type: D2600V2; Serial: 1125

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2600; Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz; $\sigma = 1.968$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 39.86$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(7.01, 7.01, 7.01); Calibrated: 2018-02-08;

- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1267; Calibrated: 2017-11-28
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1283
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Body/d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (10x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.3 W/kg

Body/d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

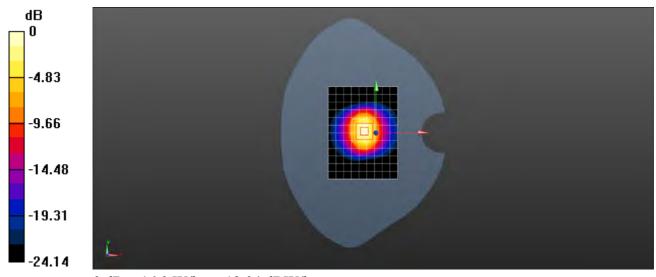
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 88.53 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 14 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.15 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.0 W/kg



0 dB = 16.0 W/kg = 12.04 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

System Performance Check 2600MHz Body

DUT: D2600V2; Type: D2600V2; Serial: 1125

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL2600; Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz; $\sigma = 2.072$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 51.268$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(6.96, 6.96, 6.96); Calibrated: 2018-02-08;

- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1267; Calibrated: 2017-11-28
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1283
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Body/d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (10x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.7 W/kg

Body/d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

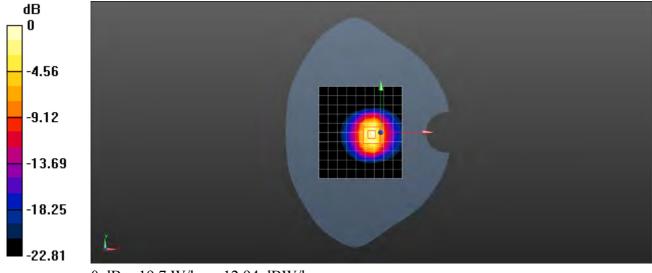
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 76.35 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.8 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.77 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.7 W/kg



0 dB = 19.7 W/kg = 12.94 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

System Performance Check 5.25GHz Head

DUT: D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1165

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5250 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL5G; Medium parameters used: f = 5250 MHz; $\sigma = 4.721$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 36.011$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3962; ConvF(5.68, 5.68, 5.68); Calibrated: 2018-01-11;

• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 23.0

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1428; Calibrated: 2018-01-17

• Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM; Serial: 1912

• DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Body/d=10mm, Pin=100mW, f=5250 MHz/Area Scan (10x10x1): Measurement grid:

dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.2 W/kg

Body/d=10mm, Pin=100mW, f=5250 MHz/Zoom Scan (4x4x1.4mm, graded),

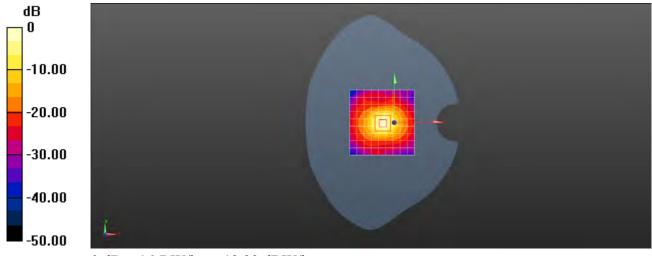
dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 66.58 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.02 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.7 W/kg



0 dB = 16.7 W/kg = 12.23 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

System Performance Check 5.25GHz Body

DUT: D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1165

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5250 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL5G;Medium parameters used: f = 5250 MHz; $\sigma = 5.426$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 48.122$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3962; ConvF(5.22, 5.22, 5.22); Calibrated: 2018-01-11;

• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 23.0

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1428; Calibrated: 2018-01-17

• Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: 1640

• DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Body/d=10mm, Pin=100mW, f=5250 MHz/Area Scan (10x10x1): Measurement grid:

dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.0 W/kg

Body/d=10mm, Pin=100mW, f=5250 MHz/Zoom Scan (4x4x1.4mm, graded),

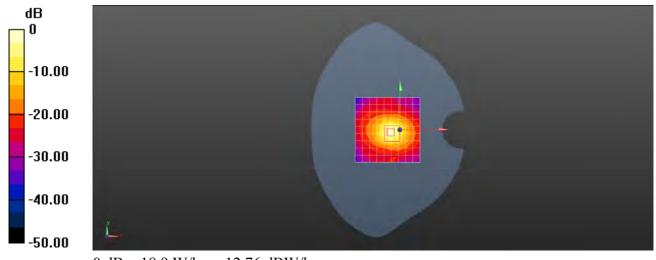
dist=1.4mm (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 56.22 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.38 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.02 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.9 W/kg



0 dB = 18.9 W/kg = 12.76 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

System Performance Check 5.6GHz Head

DUT: D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1165

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL5G; Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz; $\sigma = 5.107$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 35.059$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3962; ConvF(5.05, 5.05, 5.05); Calibrated: 2018-01-11;

- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 23.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1428; Calibrated: 2018-01-17
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM; Serial: 1912
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Body/d=10mm, Pin=100mW, f=5600 MHz/Area Scan (10x10x1): Measurement grid:

dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.4 W/kg

Body/d=10mm, Pin=100mW, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan (4x4x1.4mm, graded),

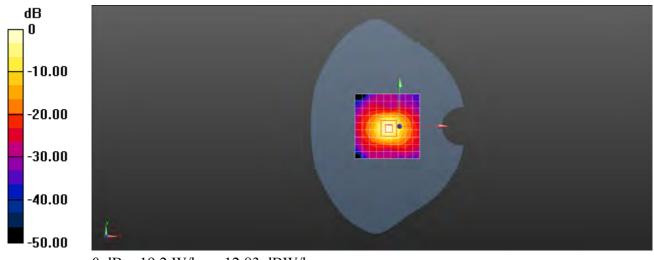
dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 63.24 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 34.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.67 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.16 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.2 W/kg



0 dB = 19.2 W/kg = 12.83 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

System Performance Check 5.6GHz Body

DUT: D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1165

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL5G;Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz; $\sigma = 5.85 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 47.19$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3962; ConvF(4.59, 4.59, 4.59); Calibrated: 2018-01-11;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 23.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1428; Calibrated: 2018-01-17
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: 1640
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Body/d=10mm, Pin=100mW, f=5600 MHz/Area Scan (10x10x1): Measurement grid:

dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.2 W/kg

Body/d=10mm, Pin=100mW, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan (4x4x1.4mm, graded),

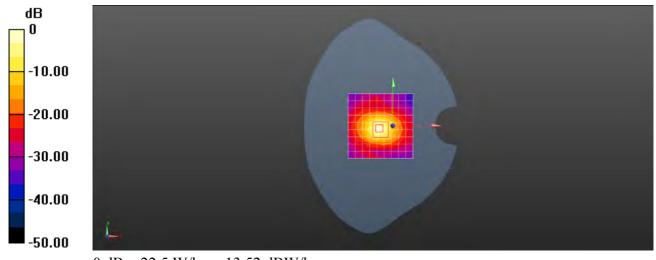
dist=1.4mm (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 62.96 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 40.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.51 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.31 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.5 W/kg



0 dB = 22.5 W/kg = 13.52 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

System Performance Check 5.75GHz Head

DUT: D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1165

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL5G; Medium parameters used: f = 5750 MHz; $\sigma = 5.279$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 34.695$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3962; ConvF(5.05, 5.05, 5.05); Calibrated: 2018-01-11;

• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 23.0

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1428; Calibrated: 2018-01-17

• Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM; Serial: 1912

• DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Body/d=10mm, Pin=100mW, f=5750 MHz/Area Scan (10x10x1): Measurement grid:

dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.2 W/kg

Body/d=10mm, Pin=100mW, f=5750 MHz/Zoom Scan (4x4x1.4mm, graded),

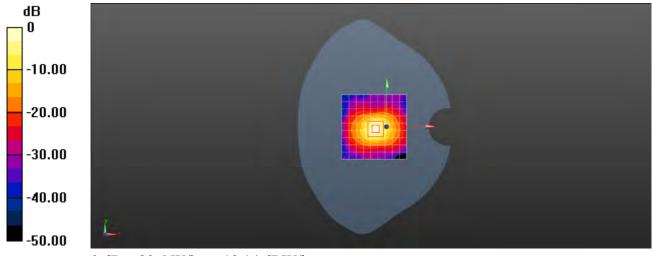
dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 64.31 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 38.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.38 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.39 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.6 W/kg



0 dB = 20.6 W/kg = 13.14 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

System Performance Check 5.75GHz Body

DUT: D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1165

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL5G;Medium parameters used: f = 5750 MHz; $\sigma = 6.017$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 46.85$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3962; ConvF(4.59, 4.59, 4.59); Calibrated: 2018-01-11;

- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 23.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1428; Calibrated: 2018-01-17
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: 1640
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Body/d=10mm, Pin=100mW, f=5750 MHz/Area Scan (10x10x1): Measurement grid:

dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.8 W/kg

Body/d=10mm, Pin=100mW, f=5750 MHz/Zoom Scan (4x4x1.4mm, graded),

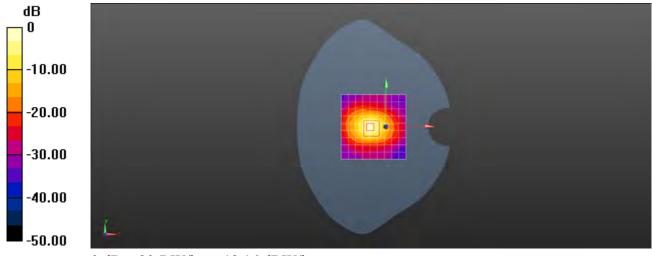
dist=1.4mm (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 60.28 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 38.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.21 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.7 W/kg



0 dB = 20.7 W/kg = 13.16 dBW/kg



Report No.: ZR/2018/A001108

Appendix B

Detailed Test Results

1. GSM
GSM850 for Head & Body
GSM1900 for Head & Body
2. WCDMA
WCDMA Band II for Head & Body
WCDMA Band V for Head & Body
3.LTE
LTE Band 2 for Head & Body
LTE Band 5 for Head & Body
LTE Band 7 for Head & Body
LTE Band 41 for Head & Body
4.WIFI
WIFI 2.4G for Head & Body
WIFI 5G for Head & Body

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

SONY I4332 GSM850 GSM 190CH Right cheek

DUT: I4332; Type: mobile phone; Serial: HQ689S0532

Communication System: UID 0, GSM Only Communication System (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium: HSL835;Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; σ = 0.912 S/m; ϵ_{r} = 42.599; ρ = 1000

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3962; ConvF(9.96, 9.96, 9.96); Calibrated: 2018-01-11;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1428; Calibrated: 2018-01-17

• Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM; Serial: 1912

• DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Head/Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.256 W/kg

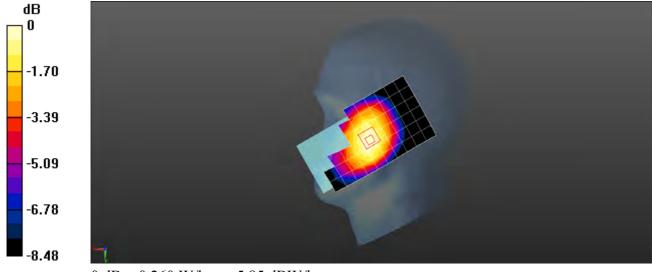
Configuration/Head/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.458 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.289 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.231 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.178 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.260 W/kg



0 dB = 0.260 W/kg = -5.85 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

SONY I4332 GSM850 GSM 128CH Back side 15mm

DUT: I4332; Type: mobile phone; Serial: HQ689S0532

Communication System: UID 0, GSM Only Communication System (0); Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium: MSL835;Medium parameters used: f = 824.2 MHz; σ = 0.976 S/m; ϵ_r = 54.422; ρ = 1000

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(8.84, 8.84, 8.84); Calibrated: 2018-02-08;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1267; Calibrated: 2017-11-28

• Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1283

• DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.337 W/kg

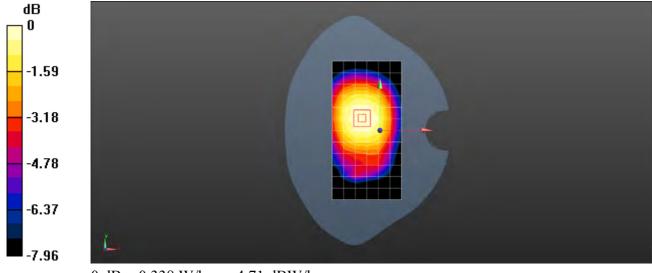
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 17.06 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.373 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.294 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.226 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.338 W/kg



0 dB = 0.338 W/kg = -4.71 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

SONY I4332 GSM850 GPRS 4TS 190CH Right side 10mm

DUT: I4332; Type: mobile phone; Serial: HQ689S0532

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EGPRS Mode(4up) Communication System (0); Frequency:

836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.0797

Medium: MSL835;Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; σ = 0.99 S/m; ϵ_{r} = 54.318; ρ = 1000

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(8.84, 8.84, 8.84); Calibrated: 2018-02-08;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1267; Calibrated: 2017-11-28

• Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1283

• DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (5x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.670 W/kg

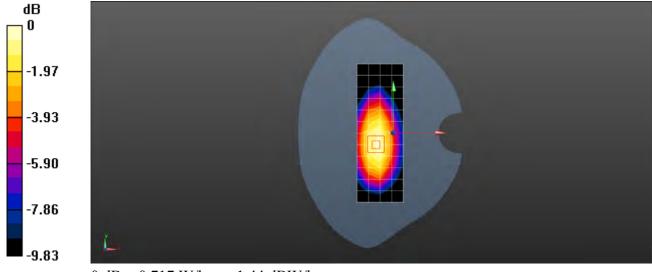
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 23.56 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.832 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.578 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.393 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.717 W/kg



0 dB = 0.717 W/kg = -1.44 dBW/kg