# **FCC SAR Test Report**

**APPLICANT**: Zebra Technologies Corporation

**EQUIPMENT**: Touch computer

BRAND NAME : Zebra

MODEL NAME : TC700J

FCC ID : UZ7TC700J

**STANDARD** : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

**ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992** 

IEEE 1528-2013

We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the procedures and had been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Reviewed by: Eric Huang / Deputy Manager

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Approved by: Jones Tsai / Manager

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**Report No. : FA661812** 

## SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

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# **Revision History**

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REPORT NO.	VERSION	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE
FA661812	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	Aug. 04, 2016
FA661812	Rev. 02	Update equipment list on page 15	Aug. 08, 2016

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## 1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for Zebra Technologies Corporation, Touch computer, TC700J are as follows.

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	Highest SA	Links at Cinnultan and	
Equipment Class	Head (Separation 0mm)	Body-worn (Separation 10mm)	Highest Simultaneous Transmission 1g SAR (W/kg)
	1g SAF	R (W/kg)	ig SAIT (W/kg)
DTS	0.37	0.35	0.54
NII	0.20	1.02	1.55
Date of Testing:	2016/7/16 ~ 2016/7/26		

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and FCC KDB publications

# 2. Administration Data

Testing Laboratory		
Test Site	SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.	
Test Site Location	No.52, Hwa Ya 1st Rd., Hwa Ya Technology Park, Kwei-Shan District, Taoyuan City, Taiwan (R.O.C.) TEL: +886-3-327-3456 FAX: +886-3-328-4978	

ApplicAnt ApplicAnt			
Company Name Zebra Technologies Corporation			
Address 1 Zebra Plaza Holtsville, NY 11742			

Manufacturer		
Company Name	Wistron Corporation	
Address	21F, No. 88, Sec. 1, Hsin Tai Wu Rd., Hsichih Dist, New Taipei City 221, Taiwan R.O.C.	

# 3. Guidance Standard

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- IEEE 1528-2013
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r02
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- FCC KDB 648474 D04 SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets v01r03
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02

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# 4. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information

# 4.1 General Information

Product Feature & Specification		
<b>Equipment Name</b>	Touch computer	
Brand Name	Zebra	
Model Name	TC700J	
FCC ID	UZ7TC700J	
S/N	161565225d0001	
Wireless Technology and Frequency Range	WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz WLAN 5.2GHz Band: 5180 MHz ~ 5240 MHz WLAN 5.3GHz Band: 5260 MHz ~ 5320 MHz WLAN 5.5GHz Band: 5500 MHz ~ 5720 MHz WLAN 5.5GHz Band: 5745 MHz ~ 5825 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz NFC: 13.56 MHz	
Mode	802.11a/b/g/n/ac HT20/HT40/VHT20/VHT40/VHT80     Bluetooth EDR/LE     NFC:ASK	
HW Version	DV1	
SW Version	10.0.10586.242	
FW Version	01078.00161.09001.07002	
MFD	04JUN16	
EUT Stage	Engineering sample	

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Specification of Accessories				
Battery	Brand Name	Symbol	Part Number	82-171249-02
Headset 1	Brand Name	Zebra	Part Number	RCH51
Headset 2 (3.5mm Headset for PTT + VoIP)	Brand Name	Zebra	Part Number	HDST-35MM-PTVP-01
Soft Holster	Brand Name	Zebra	Part Number	SG-TC7X-HLSTR1-01
Rigid Holster	Brand Name	Zebra	Part Number	SG-TC7X-RHLSTR1-01

# 5. RF Exposure Limits

## 5.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

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#### 5.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

#### Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

#### Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles	
0.08	1.6	4.0	

1. Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

# 6. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

## 6.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

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#### 6.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (p). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

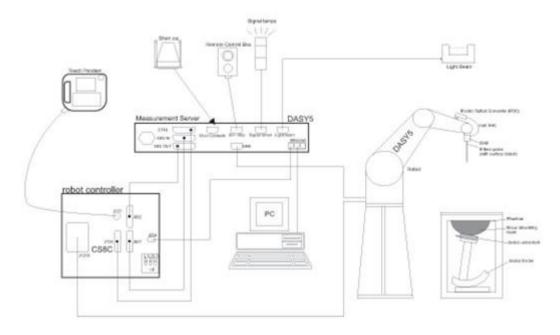
SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where:  $\sigma$  is the conductivity of the tissue,  $\rho$  is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

7. System Description and Setup

The DASY system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



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- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendAnt and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing,
   AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendAnt as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps,
   etc.
- The phAntom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

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#### 7.1 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phAntom.

#### <ES3DV3 Probe>

Construction	Symmetric design with triangular core	
	Interleaved sensors	П
	Built-in shielding against static charges	ш
	PEEK enclosure material (resistAnt to organic	ш
	solvents, e.g., DGBE)	Ш
Frequency	10 MHz – 4 GHz;	Ш
	Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30 MHz – 4 GHz)	Ш
Directivity	±0.2 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis)	Ш
	±0.3 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)	П
Dynamic Range	$5 \mu W/g - >100 \text{ mW/g}$ ;	Ш
	Linearity: ±0.2 dB	Ш
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm)	Ш
	Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (body: 12 mm)	Ш
	Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 3.0 mm	



#### <EX3DV4 Probe>

Construction	Symmetric design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistAnt to organic
	solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Frequency	10 MHz – >6 GHz
	Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30 MHz – 6 GHz)
Directivity	$\pm 0.3$ dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis)
	±0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g – >100 mW/g
	Linearity: ±0.2 dB (noise: typically <1 μW/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm)
	Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (body: 12 mm)
	Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1
	mm



### 7.2 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



Fig 5.1 Photo of DAE

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## 7.3 PhAntom

#### <SAM Twin PhAntom>

Shell Thickness	$2 \pm 0.2$ mm; Center ear point: $6 \pm 0.2$ mm	
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters	
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm; Height: adjustable feet	7 5
Measurement Areas	Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat PhAntom	

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The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phAntom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phAntom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phAntom position with respect to the robot.

#### <ELI PhAntom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)	
Filling Volume	Approx. 30 liters	
Dimensions	Major ellipse axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	

The ELI phAntom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.

### 7.4 Device Holder

#### <Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitter>

In combination with the Twin SAM V5.0/V5.0c or ELI phAntoms, the Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters enables rotation of the mounted transmitter device to specified spherical coordinates. At the heads, the rotation axis is at the ear opening. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC 62209-1, IEEE 1528, FCC, or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phAntom sections (left head, right head, flat). And upgrade kit to Mounting Device to enable easy mounting of wider devices like big smart-phones, e-books, small tablets, etc. It holds devices with width up to 140 mm.





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Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters

Mounting Device Adaptor for Wide-Phones

#### <Mounting Device for Laptops and other Body-Worn Transmitters>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the mounting device in place of the phone positioned. The extension is fully compatible with the SAM Twin and ELI phAntoms.



Mounting Device for Laptops

## 8. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

#### <Conducted power measurement>

(a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.

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- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- (c) For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power

#### <SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

#### 8.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phAntom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

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#### 8.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phAntom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

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#### 8.3 Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0 is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
	$\leq$ 2 GHz: $\leq$ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: $\leq$ 12 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 12 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 10 \text{ mm}$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Area}$ , $\Delta y_{Area}$	When the x or y dimension of measurement plane orientation the measurement resolution in x or y dimension of the test of measurement point on the test	on, is smaller than the above, must be ≤ the corresponding levice with at least one

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#### 8.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube shoes base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

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Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Zoom}$ , $\Delta y_{Zoom}$			$\leq$ 2 GHz: $\leq$ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: $\leq$ 5 mm <sup>*</sup>	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform	grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$	≤ 5 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz: } \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 2 \text{ mm}$
	graded	Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (1): between 1 <sup>st</sup> two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz: } \le 2.5 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 2 \text{ mm}$
	grid $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$ : between subsequent points		≤ 1.5·Δz	Z <sub>Oom</sub> (n-1)
Minimum zoom scan volume	X V 7		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

#### 8.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for Antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting Antennas. For Antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

#### 8.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

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When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is  $\leq 1.4 \text{ W/kg}$ ,  $\leq 8 \text{ mm}$ ,  $\leq 7 \text{ mm}$  and  $\leq 5 \text{ mm}$  zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

# 9. Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Environment	True o (Billio el ol	Carriel Number	Calib	ration	
Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Due Date	
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	736	Aug. 20, 2015	Aug. 19, 2016	
SPEAG	5GHz System Validation Kit	D5GHzV2	1006	Oct. 06, 2015	Oct. 05, 2016	
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE3	495	May. 27, 2016	May. 26, 2017	
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	778	May. 12, 2016	May. 11, 2017	
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3925	May. 26, 2016	May. 25, 2017	
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3955	Nov. 24, 2015	Nov. 23, 2016	
WonDer	Thermometer	WD-5015	TM642	Oct. 16, 2015	Oct. 15, 2016	
WonDer	Thermometer	WD-5015	TM281	Oct. 16, 2015	Oct. 15, 2016	
SPEAG	Device Holder	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
R&S	Signal Generator	MG3710A	6201502524	Dec. 18, 2015	Dec. 17, 2016	
Agilent	ENA Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46316648	Jan. 12, 2016	Jan. 11, 2017	
SPEAG	Dielectric Probe Kit	DAKS-3.5	0004	Mar. 23, 2016	Mar. 22, 2017	
LINE SEIKI	Digital Thermometer	LKMelectronic	DTM3000SPEZIAL/90900	Aug. 26, 2015	Aug. 25, 2016	
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1419002	May. 10, 2016	May. 09, 2017	
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	1339124	May. 10, 2016	May. 09, 2017	
Anritsu	Spectrum Analyzer	MS2830A	6201396378	Jun. 21, 2016	Jun. 20, 2017	
ATM	Dual Directional Coupler	C122H-10	P610410z-02	No	te 1	
Woken	Attenuator 1	WK0602-XX	N/A	No	te 1	
PE	Attenuator 2	PE7005-10	N/A	Note 1		
PE	Attenuator 3	PE7005- 3	N/A	No	Note 1	
AR	Power Amplifier	5S1G4M2	0328767	No	te 1	
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZVE-3W	162601250	No	te 1	

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#### **General Note:**

Prior to system verification and validation, the path loss from the signal generator to the system check source and the power meter, which includes the amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured by the network analyzer. The reading of the power meter was offset by the path loss difference between the path to the power meter and the path to the system check source to monitor the actual power level fed to the system check source.

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# 10. System Verification

# 10.1 Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target

tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (εr)			
	For Head For Head										
750	41.1	57.0	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.89	41.9			
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5			
900	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.97	41.5			
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0			
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2			
2600	54.8	0	0	0.1	0	45.1	1.96	39.0			
				For Body							
750	51.7	47.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.96	55.5			
835	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.97	55.2			
900	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	1.05	55.0			
1800, 1900, 2000	70.2	0	0	0.4	0	29.4	1.52	53.3			
2450	68.6	0	0	0	0	31.4	1.95	52.7			
2600	68.1	0	0	0.1	0	31.8	2.16	52.5			

Simulating Liquid for 5GHz, Manufactured by SPEAG

Ingredients	(% by weight)			
Water	64~78%			
Mineral oil	11~18%			
Emulsifiers	9~15%			
Additives and Salt	2~3%			

#### <Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results>

Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ε <sub>r</sub> )	Conductivity Target (σ)	Permittivity Target (ε <sub>r</sub> )	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (ε <sub>r</sub> ) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
2450	HSL	22.6	1.761	40.504	1.80	39.20	-2.17	3.33	±5	2016/7/17
2450	MSL	22.6	1.986	52.136	1.95	52.70	1.85	-1.07	±5	2016/7/17
5300	HSL	22.5	4.555	36.094	4.76	35.90	-4.31	0.54	±5	2016/7/26
5300	MSL	22.5	5.549	46.676	5.42	48.90	2.38	-4.55	±5	2016/7/25
5600	HSL	22.5	4.846	35.713	5.07	35.50	-4.42	0.60	±5	2016/7/26
5600	MSL	22.5	5.931	46.159	5.77	48.50	2.79	-4.83	±5	2016/7/25
5800	HSL	22.4	5.046	35.804	5.27	35.30	-4.25	1.43	±5	2016/7/16
5800	MSL	22.6	6.138	46.297	6.00	48.20	2.30	-3.95	±5	2016/7/17

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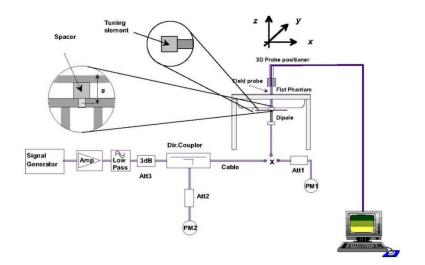
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## 10.2 System Performance Check Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 1g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 1g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2016/7/17	2450	HSL	250	D2450V2-736	EX3DV4 - SN3925	DAE3 Sn495	12.50	53.40	50.00	-6.37
2016/7/17	2450	MSL	250	D2450V2-736	EX3DV4 - SN3925	DAE3 Sn495	12.30	51.90	49.20	-5.20
2016/7/26	5300	HSL	100	D5GHzV2-1006-5300	EX3DV4 - SN3955	DAE4 Sn778	7.79	84.50	77.90	-7.81
2016/7/25	5300	MSL	100	D5GHzV2-1006-5300	EX3DV4 - SN3955	DAE4 Sn778	8.01	79.50	80.10	0.75
2016/7/26	5600	HSL	100	D5GHzV2-1006-5600	EX3DV4 - SN3955	DAE4 Sn778	7.99	84.80	79.90	-5.78
2016/7/25	5600	MSL	100	D5GHzV2-1006-5600	EX3DV4 - SN3955	DAE4 Sn778	8.44	82.30	84.40	2.55
2016/7/16	5800	HSL	100	D5GHzV2-1006-5800	EX3DV4 - SN3925	DAE3 Sn495	8.45	82.00	84.50	3.05
2016/7/17	5800	MSL	100	D5GHzV2-1006-5800	EX3DV4 - SN3925	DAE3 Sn495	7.38	79.00	73.80	-6.58





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Fig 8.3.1 System Performance Check Setup

Fig 8.3.2 Setup Photo

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# 11. RF Exposure Positions

## 11.1 Ear and handset reference point

Figure 9.1.1 shows the front, back, and side views of the SAM phAntom. The center-of-mouth reference point is labeled "M," the left ear reference point (ERP) is marked "LE," and the right ERP is marked "RE." Each ERP is 15 mm along the B-M (back-mouth) line behind the entrance-to-ear-canal (EEC) point, as shown in Figure 9.1.2 The Reference Plane is defined as passing through the two ear reference points and point M. The line N-F (neck-front), also called the reference pivoting line, is normal to the Reference Plane and perpendicular to both a line passing through RE and LE and the B-M line (see Figure 9.1.3). Both N-F and B-M lines should be marked on the exterior of the phAntom shell to facilitate handset positioning. Posterior to the N-F line the ear shape is a flat surface with 6 mm thickness at each ERP, and forward of the N-F line the ear is truncated, as illustrated in Figure 9.1.2. The ear truncation is introduced to preclude the ear lobe from interfering with handset tilt, which could lead to unstable positioning at the cheek.



Fig 9.1.1 Front, back, and side views of SAM twin phAntom

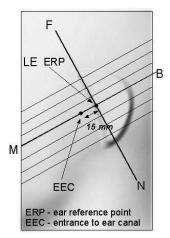
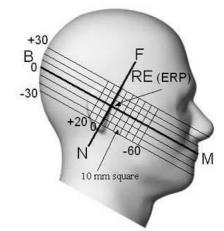


Fig 9.1.2 Close-up side view of phAntom showing the ear region.



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Fig 9.1.3 Side view of the phAntom showing relevAnt markings and seven cross-sectional plane locations

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### 11.2 Definition of the cheek position

- Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
- Define two imaginary lines on the handset—the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset—the midpoint of the width wt of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A in Figure 9.2.1 and Figure 9.2.2), and the midpoint of the width wb of the bottom of the handset (point B). The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output (see Figure 9.2.1). The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output: however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 9.2.2), especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly-shaped handsets.
- Position the handset close to the surface of the phAntom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phAntom (see Figure 9.2.3), such that the plane defined by the vertical centerline and the horizontal line of the handset is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phAntom.
- Translate the handset towards the phAntom along the line passing through RE and LE until handset point A touches the pinna at the ERP.
- 5. While maintaining the handset in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is in the plane normal to the plane containing B-M and N-F lines, i.e., the Reference Plane.
- Rotate the handset around the vertical centerline until the handset (horizontal line) is parallel to the N-F line. 6.
- While maintaining the vertical centerline in the Reference Plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the handset contact with the pinna, rotate the handset about the N-F line until any point on the handset is in contact with a phAntom point below the pinna on the cheek. See Figure 9.2.3. The actual rotation angles should be documented in the test report.

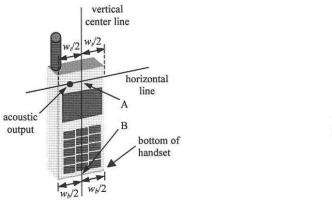
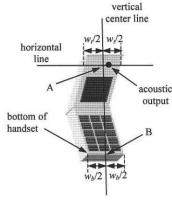
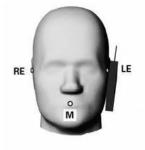


Fig 9.2.1 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—"fixed case



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Fig 9.2.2 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines-"clam-shell case"





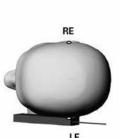


Fig 9.2.3 cheek or touch position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which establish the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

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### 11.3 Definition of the tilt position

- 1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
- 2. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset away from the pinna along the line passing through RE and LE far enough to allow a rotation of the handset away from the cheek by 15°.
- 3. Rotate the handset around the horizontal line by 15°.
- 4. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset towards the phAntom on the line passing through RE and LE until any part of the handset touches the ear. The tilt position is obtained when the contact point is on the pinna. See Figure 9.3.1. If contact occurs at any location other than the pinna, e.g., the Antenna at the back of the phAntom head, the angle of the handset should be reduced. In this case, the tilt position is obtained if any point on the handset is in contact with the pinna and a second point

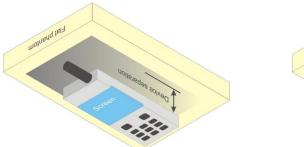


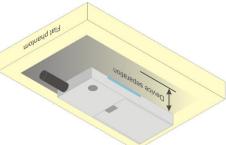
Fig 9.3.1 Tilt position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which define the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

### 11.4 Body Worn Accessory

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phAntom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 9.4). Per KDB648474 D04v01r03, body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB 447498 D01v06 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset is < 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a handset attached to the handset.

Accessories for body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are test with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-chip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.





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Fig 9.4 Body Worn Position

# 12. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

#### <WLAN Conducted Power>

#### **General Note:**

For WLAN SAR testing was performed on single Antenna RF power in SISO mode is larger or equal to the single
Antenna RF power in MIMO mode, and for RF exposure assessment of MIMO mode simultaneous transmission
exclusion analysis was performed with SAR test results of each Antenna in SISO mode.

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- Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, the simultaneous SAR provisions in KDB publication 447498 should be applied to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion for WiFi MIMO. If the sum of 1g single transmission chain SAR measurements is < 1.6W/kg and SAR peak to location ratio < 0.04, no additional SAR measurements for MIMO.
- 3. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, SAR test reduction is determined according to 802.11 transmission mode configurations and certain exposure conditions with multiple test positions. In the 2.4 GHz band, separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations to simplify DSSS test requirements. For OFDM, in both 2.4 and 5 GHz bands, an initial test configuration must be determined for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, according to the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units to perform SAR measurements. If the same highest maximum output power applies to different combinations of channel bandwidths, modulations and data rates, additional procedures are applied to determine which test configurations require SAR measurement. When applicable, an initial test position may be applied to reduce the number of SAR measurements required for next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet or hotspot mode configurations with multiple test positions.
- 4. For 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS, either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test positions or the DSSS procedure for fixed exposure position is applied; these are mutually exclusive. For 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM configurations, the initial test configuration is applied to measure SAR using either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test position configurations or the initial test configuration procedures for fixed exposure test conditions. Based on the reported SAR of the measured configurations and maximum output power of the transmission mode configurations that are not included in the initial test configuration, the subsequent test configuration and initial test position procedures are applied to determine if SAR measurements are required for the remaining OFDM transmission configurations. In general, the number of test channels that require SAR measurement is minimized based on maximum output power measured for the test sample(s).
- 5. For OFDM transmission configurations in the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, When the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel for each frequency band.
- 6. DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures. SAR is measured in the initial test position using the 802.11 transmission mode configuration required by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s) according to the OFDM procedures.18 The initial test position procedure is described in the following:
  - a. When the reported SAR of the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other test positions in that exposure configuration and 802.11 transmission mode combinations within the frequency band or aggregated band.
  - b. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
  - c. For all positions/configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg or all required channels are tested.

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#### <2.4GHz WLAN ANT 1>

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
		CH 1	2412		20.07	20.50	
	802.11b	CH 6	2437	1Mbps	20.26	20.50	98.57
		CH 11	2462		19.61	20.50	
		CH 1	2412		15.94	16.00	94.05 94.09 90.50
2.4GHz WLAN ANT 1	802.11g	CH 6	2437	6Mbps	19.04	19.50	
7		CH 11	2462		15.40	16.00	
		CH 1	2412		15.32	15.50	
	802.11n-HT20	CH 6	2437	MCS0	19.38	19.50	
		CH 11	2462		14.29	14.50	
		CH 3	2422		14.76	15.00	
	802.11n-HT40	CH 6	2437	MCS0	16.44	16.50	
		CH 9	2452		14.34	14.50	

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#### <2.4GHz WLAN ANT 2>

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
		CH 1	2412		19.07	20.00	
	802.11b	CH 6	2437	1Mbps	19.41	20.00	99.04
		CH 11	2462		19.95	20.00	
		CH 1	2412		15.45	16.00	95.37 94.12 90.57
2.4GHz WLAN ANT 2	802.11g	CH 6	2437	6Mbps	17.96	18.00	
7001 2		CH 11	2462		15.62	16.00	
		CH 1	2412		14.77	15.00	
	802.11n-HT20	CH 6	2437	MCS0	18.34	19.00	
		CH 11	2462		14.72	15.00	
		CH 3	2422		14.01	14.50	
	802.11n-HT40	CH 6	2437	MCS0	15.39	16.00	
		CH 9	2452		13.67	14.00	

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## <2.4GHz WLAN ANT 1+2>

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
		CH 1	2412		22.71	23.20	
	802.11b	CH 6	2437	1Mbps	22.97	23.20	99.04
		CH 11	2462		22.90	23.20	
		CH 1	2412		18.90	19.00	94.50 94.12 89.62
2.4GHz WLAN ANT 1+2	802.11g	CH 6	2437	6Mbps	21.73	21.80	
7		CH 11	2462		18.71	19.00	
		CH 1	2412		18.19	18.20	
	802.11n-HT20	CH 6	2437	MCS0	22.08	22.20	
		CH 11	2462		17.69	17.70	
		CH 3	2422		17.56	17.70	
	802.11n-HT40	CH 6	2437	MCS0	19.14	19.20	
		CH 9	2452		17.19	17.20	

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## <5GHz WLAN ANT 1>

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
		CH 36	5180		18.37	18.50	
	802.11a	CH 40	5200	6Mbps	18.36	18.50	94.95
	002.11d	CH 44	5220	Olvibps	18.23	18.50	94.95
		CH 48	5240		18.09	18.50	
		CH 36	5180		18.24	18.50	
	802.11n-HT20	CH 40	5200	MCS0	18.33	18.50	95.01
5.2GHz WLAN		CH 44	5220		18.41	18.50	95.01
ANT 1		CH 48	5240		18.32	18.50	
	802.11n-HT40	CH 38	5190	MCCO	15.33	15.50	00.20
	002.1111-H140	CH 46	5230	MCS0	18.54	19.00	90.39
		CH 36	5180		18.35	18.50	
	000 11 \/\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	CH 40	5200	MOCO	18.40	18.50	05.10
	802.11ac-VHT20	CH 44	5220	MCS0	18.32	18.50	95.10
8		CH 48	5240		18.21	18.50	
	900 11co VIIIT40	CH 38	5190	MCCO	15.38	15.50	00.57
	802.11ac-VHT40	CH 46	5230	MCS0	18.50	19.00	90.57
	802.11ac-VHT80	CH 42	5210	MCS0	12.71	13.00	86.71

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	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %					
		CH 52	5260		18.29	18.50						
	802.11a	CH 56	5280	CN Albana	18.36	18.50	04.05					
		CH 60	5300	- 6Mbps	18.42	18.50	94.95					
		CH 64	5320		18.49	18.50						
		CH 52	5260		18.34	18.50						
	802.11n-HT20	CH 56	5280	MCS0	18.15	18.50	95.01					
5.3GHz WLAN		CH 60	5300		18.23	18.50	95.01					
ANT 1		CH 64	5320		17.74	18.00						
	802.11n-HT40	CH 54	5270	MOOO	18.29	18.50	90.39					
	602.1111 <del>-</del> 11140	CH 62	5310	MCS0	15.78	16.00	90.39					
		CH 52	5260		18.12	18.50						
	802.11ac-VHT20	CH 56	5280	MCS0	18.00	18.50	95.10					
	002.11dC-VH120	CH 60	5300	IVICSU	18.09	18.50	95.10					
		CH 64	5320		17.60	18.00						
8	802.11ac-VHT40	CH 54	5270	MCCO	18.18	18.50	00.57					
	002.11ac-vn140	CH 62	5310	MCS0	15.82	16.00	90.57					
	802.11ac-VHT80	CH 58	5290	MCS0	14.91	15.00	86.71					

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
		CH 100	5500		17.13	18.00	
		CH 116	5580		17.02	18.00	
	802.11a	CH 132	5660	6Mbps	17.20	18.00	94.95
		CH 140	5700		17.12	18.00	
		CH 144	5720		17.44	18.00	
		CH 100	5500		17.37	18.00	
		CH 116	5580		17.31	18.00	
	802.11n-HT20	CH 132	5660	MCS0	17.50	18.00	95.01
		CH 140	5700		17.57	18.00	
		CH 144	5720		17.38	18.00	
5.5GHz WLAN	802.11n-HT40	CH 102	5510	MCS0	16.88	17.00	
ANT 1		CH 110	5550		19.43	20.00	90.39
		CH 134	5670		19.67	20.00	90.39
		CH 142	5710		18.12	18.50	
		CH 100	5500		17.49	18.00	95.10
		CH 116	5580		17.29	18.00	
	802.11ac-VHT20	CH 132	5660	MCS0	17.36	18.00	
		CH 140	5700		17.47	18.00	
		CH 144	5720		17.30	18.00	
		CH 102	5510		16.88	17.00	
	902 1100 VUT40	CH 110	5550	MCS0	19.44	20.00	05.57
	802.11ac-VHT40	CH 134	5670	IVICSU	19.53	20.00	95.57
		CH 142	5710		18.02	18.50	
	900 11cc \/UT00	CH 106	5530	MCCO	13.59	14.00	06.71
	802.11ac-VHT80	CH 138	5690	MCS0	18.47	18.50	86.71

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	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
		CH 149	5745		19.43	19.50	
	802.11a	CH 157	5785	MCS0	19.27	19.50	94.95
		CH 165	5825		19.11	19.50	
		CH 149	5745		18.97	19.50	95.01
	802.11n-HT20	CH 157	5785	MCS0	18.98	19.50	
5.8GHz WLAN ANT 1		CH 165	5825		19.01	19.50	
7	000 11 = LIT40	CH 151	5755	MCS0	18.57	19.00	90.39
	802.11n-HT40	CH 159	5795	IVICSU	18.45	19.00	
		CH 149	5745		19.07	19.50	
	802.11ac-VHT20	CH 157	5785	MCS0	18.99	19.50	95.10
		CH 165	5825		18.87	19.50	
	902 1100 V/UT40	CH 151	5755	MCS0	18.58	19.00	05.57
8	802.11ac-VHT40	CH 159	5795	IVICSU	18.38	19.00	95.57
	802.11ac-VHT80	CH 155	5775	MCS0	19.02	19.50	86.71

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## <5GHz WLAN ANT 2>

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
		CH 36	5180	- GMbpa	17.10	17.50	
	802.11a	CH 40	5200		16.99	17.50	94.95
	602.11a	CH 44	5220	6Mbps	16.85	17.50	94.95
		CH 48	5240		16.48	17.50	
		CH 36	5180		17.33	17.50	
	000 11 = LIT00	CH 40	5200	MCS0	17.44	17.50	94.61
5.2GHz WLAN	802.11n-HT20	CH 44	5220		17.06	17.50	94.61
ANT 2		CH 48	5240		16.85	17.50	
	000 44 = 11740	CH 38	5190	MOCO	14.24	14.50	00.40
	802.11n-HT40	CH 46	5230	MCS0	17.47	17.50	90.48
		CH 36	5180		17.29	17.50	
	802.11ac-VHT20	CH 40	5200	MOCO	17.36	17.50	04.60
	802.11ac-VH120	CH 44	5220	MCS0	17.16	17.50	94.63
8		CH 48	5240		16.86	17.50	
	900 11co VIIIT40	CH 38	5190	MCCO	14.21	14.50	00.57
	802.11ac-VHT40	CH 46	5230	MCS0	17.44	17.50	90.57
	802.11ac-VHT80	CH 42	5210	MCS0	11.69	12.00	86.71

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	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %					
		CH 52	5260		17.33	17.50						
	802.11a	CH 56	5280	CN Albana	17.32	17.50	04.05					
		CH 60	5300	- 6Mbps	17.17	17.50	94.95					
		CH 64	5320		17.34	17.50						
		CH 52	5260		16.93	17.50						
	802.11n-HT20	CH 56	5280	MCS0	16.82	17.50	94.61					
5.3GHz WLAN		CH 60	5300		16.85	17.50	94.01					
ANT 2		CH 64	5320		16.56	17.00						
	802.11n-HT40	CH 54	5270	14000	17.10	17.50	90.48					
	602.1111 <del>-</del> 11140	CH 62	5310	MCS0	14.55	15.00	90.46					
		CH 52	5260		16.89	17.50						
	802.11ac-VHT20	CH 56	5280	MCS0	16.66	17.50	94.63					
	602.11ac-vn120	CH 60	5300	IVICSU	16.80	17.50	94.03					
		CH 64	5320		16.62	17.00						
8	802.11ac-VHT40	CH 54	5270	MCSO	17.07	17.50	00.57					
	002.11ac-vn140	CH 62	5310	MCS0	14.52	15.00	90.57					
	802.11ac-VHT80	CH 58	5290	MCS0	13.89	14.00	86.71					

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
		CH 100	5500		15.82	16.50	
		CH 116	5580		15.51	16.50	
	802.11a	CH 132	5660	6Mbps	15.25	16.50	94.95
		CH 140	5700		15.51	16.50	
		CH 144	5720		16.25	16.50	
		CH 100	5500		16.19	16.50	
		CH 116	5580		15.91	16.50	
	802.11n-HT20	CH 132	5660	MCS0	15.78	16.50	94.61
		CH 140	5700		15.92	16.50	
		CH 144	5720		16.08	16.50	
5.5GHz WLAN	802.11n-HT40	CH 102	5510	MCS0	15.39	16.00	
ANT 2		CH 110	5550		17.78	18.00	90.48
		CH 134	5670		17.81	18.00	90.46
		CH 142	5710		16.66	17.00	
		CH 100	5500		16.15	16.50	
		CH 116	5580		15.78	16.50	
	802.11ac-VHT20	CH 132	5660	MCS0	15.76	16.50	94.63
		CH 140	5700		15.79	16.50	
		CH 144	5720		16.17	16.50	
		CH 102	5510		15.37	16.00	
_	802.11ac-VHT40	CH 110	5550	MCSO	17.83	18.00	90.57
	002.11au-vn140	CH 134	5670	MCS0	17.84	18.00	90.57
		CH 142	5710		16.72	17.00	
	802.11ac-VHT80	CH 106	5530	MCS0	12.03	12.50	86.71
	002.11au-v11100	CH 138	5690	IVICOU	16.71	17.00	00.71

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	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
		CH 149	5745		17.98	18.00	
	802.11a	CH 157	5785	MCS0	17.87	18.00	94.95
		CH 165	5825	1	17.81	18.00	
		CH 149	5745		17.73	18.00	94.61
	802.11n-HT20	CH 157	5785	MCS0	17.63	18.00	
5.8GHz WLAN ANT 2		CH 165	5825		17.66	18.00	
7001 2	000 44 × UT40	CH 151	5755	MCS0	17.21	17.50	00.40
	802.11n-HT40	CH 159	5795		17.10	17.50	90.48
		CH 149	5745		17.64	18.00	
	802.11ac-VHT20	CH 157	5785	MCS0	17.62	18.00	94.63
8		CH 165	5825		17.54	18.00	
	802.11ac-VHT40	CH 151	5755	MCS0	17.22	17.50	00 F7
	002.11ac-vn140	CH 159	5795		17.12	17.50	90.57
	802.11ac-VHT80	CH 155	5775	MCS0	17.68	18.00	86.71

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## <5GHz WLAN ANT 1+2>

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
		CH 36	5180	CMbna	20.90	21.00	
	802.11a	CH 40	5200		20.94	21.00	95.39
	602.11a	CH 44	5220	6Mbps	20.71	21.00	95.39
		CH 48	5240		20.49	21.00	
		CH 36	5180		20.92	21.00	
	000 11 = LIT00	CH 40	5200	MCS0	20.93	21.00	95.07
5.2GHz WLAN	802.11n-HT20	CH 44	5220		20.90	21.00	95.07
ANT 1+2		CH 48	5240		20.75	21.00	
	000 44 × UT40	CH 38	5190	MOCO	17.99	18.00	00.40
	802.11n-HT40	CH 46	5230	MCS0	21.18	21.30	90.48
		CH 36	5180		20.90	21.00	
	802.11ac-VHT20	CH 40	5200	MOCO	20.98	21.00	05.10
	802.11ac-VH120	CH 44	5220	MCS0	20.89	21.00	95.10
8		CH 48	5240		20.72	21.00	
	900 11co VIIIT40	CH 38	5190	MCCO	17.93	18.00	01.40
	802.11ac-VHT40	CH 46	5230	MCS0	21.12	21.30	91.43
	802.11ac-VHT80	CH 42	5210	MCS0	15.38	15.50	86.21

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802.11ac-VHT40

802.11ac-VHT80

CH 64

CH 54

CH 62

CH 58

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
		CH 52	5260		20.96	21.00	
	802.11a	CH 56	5280	GMbss	20.92	21.00	95.39
	602.11a	CH 60	5300	6Mbps	20.99	21.00	95.39
		CH 64	5320		21.04	21.00	
	000 44 - 11700	CH 52	5260	MCS0	20.82	21.00	95.07
		CH 56	5280		20.78	21.00	
5.3GHz WLAN	802.11n-HT20	CH 60	5300	IVICSU	20.72	21.00	
ANT 1+2		CH 64	5320		20.31	20.50	
	802.11n-HT40	CH 54	5270	MCS0	20.91	21.00	90.48
	002.1111-H140	CH 62	5310	IVICSU	18.40	18.50	90.46
		CH 52	5260		20.67	21.00	
	802.11ac-VHT20	CH 56	5280	Mooo	20.66	21.00	95.10
	002.11aC-VH120	CH 60	5300	MCS0	20.62	21.00	95.10

MCS0

MCS0

20.26

20.78

18.38

17.49

20.50

21.00

18.50

17.50

5320

5270

5310

5290

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91.43

86.21

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
		CH 100	5500		19.64	20.30	
		CH 116	5580		19.44	20.30	
	802.11a	CH 132	5660	6Mbps	19.33	20.30	95.39
		CH 140	5700		19.56	20.30	
		CH 144	5720		20.07	20.30	
		CH 100	5500		19.96	20.30	
		CH 116	5580		19.79	20.30	
	802.11n-HT20	CH 132	5660	MCS0	19.52	20.30	95.07
		CH 140	5700		19.95	20.30	
		CH 144	5720		19.84	20.30	
5.5GHz WLAN	802.11n-HT40	CH 102	5510	MCS0	19.33	19.50	
ANT 1+2		CH 110	5550		21.84	22.10	90.48
		CH 134	5670		21.92	22.10	90.46
		CH 142	5710		20.54	20.80	
		CH 100	5500		19.94	20.30	95.10
		CH 116	5580		19.71	20.30	
	802.11ac-VHT20	CH 132	5660	MCS0	19.52	20.30	
		CH 140	5700		19.82	20.30	
		CH 144	5720		19.83	20.30	
		CH 102	5510		19.32	19.50	
	902 1100 VUT40	CH 110	5550	MCSO	21.83	22.10	01.42
	802.11ac-VHT40	CH 134	5670	MCS0	21.85	22.10	91.43
		CH 142	5710		20.45	20.80	
	900 11cc \/UT00	CH 106	5530	MCCO	16.03	16.30	00.01
	802.11ac-VHT80	CH 138	5690	MCS0	20.66	20.80	86.21

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	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
		CH 149	5745		21.78	21.80	
	802.11a	CH 157	5785	MCS0	21.76	21.80	95.39
		CH 165	5825		21.64	21.80	
		CH 149	5745		21.55	21.80	
	802.11n-HT20	CH 157	5785	MCS0	21.51	21.80	95.07
5.8GHz WLAN ANT 1+2		CH 165	5825		21.52	21.80	
7	802.11n-HT40	CH 151	5755	MCS0	21.10	21.30	90.48
		CH 159	5795		20.96	21.30	90.40
		CH 149	5745		21.53	21.80	95.10
	802.11ac-VHT20	CH 157	5785	MCS0	21.48	21.80	
		CH 165	5825		21.40	21.80	
8	802.11ac-VHT40	CH 151	5755	MCCO	21.03	21.30	01.40
	002.11aC-VH140	CH 159	5795	MCS0	20.94	21.30	91.43
	802.11ac-VHT80	CH 155	5775	MCS0	21.57	21.80	86.21

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# 13. Bluetooth Exclusions Applied

Mode Band	Average power(dBm)						
Wode Dalid	Bluetooth-EDR	Bluetooth-LE					
2.4GHz Bluetooth	0.5	0.5					

#### Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at *test separation distances* ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]  $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$  for 1-g SAR and  $\le 7.5$  for 10-g extremity SAR

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- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- · The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

#### <For Head and Body worn (with holster)>

Bluetooth Max Power (dBm)	Separation Distance (mm)	Frequency (GHz)	exclusion thresholds
0.5	< 5	2.48	0.31

#### Note:

Per KDB 447498 D01v06, when the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion. The test exclusion threshold is 0.31 which is <= 3, SAR testing is not required.

#### <For Body worn (without holster)>

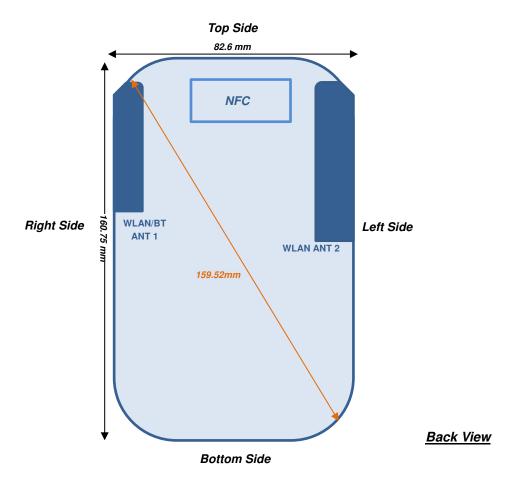
Bluetooth Max Power (dBm)	Separation Distance (mm)	Frequency (GHz)	exclusion thresholds
0.5	10	2.48	0.16

#### Note:

Per KDB 447498 D01v06, when the minimum test separation distance is 10 mm, The test exclusion threshold is 0.16 which is <= 3, SAR testing is not required.

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# 14. Antenna Location



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## 15. SAR Test Results

#### **General Note:**

- 1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
  - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.

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- b. For SAR testing of WLAN signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle)"
- c. For WLAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)\* Duty Cycle scaling factor \* Tune-up scaling factor
- 2. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the *reported* 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
  - · ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
  - $\cdot$   $\leq$  0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
  - ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
- 3. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/kg.
- 4. Per KDB 648474 D04v01r03, when the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory measured without a headset connected to the handset is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR testing with a headset connected to the handset is not required.
- 5. When EUT is placed into the holster, only front face of EUT will toward to the human body.

#### **WLAN Note:**

- 1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, for 2.4GHz 802.11g/n SAR testing is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
- 2. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, for U-NII-1 SAR testing is not required when the U-NII-2A band highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band.
- 3. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
- 4. For all positions / configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions / configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.
- 5. For WLAN SAR testing was performed on single Antenna RF power in SISO mode is larger or equal to the single Antenna RF power in MIMO mode, and for RF exposure assessment of MIMO mode simultaneous transmission exclusion analysis was performed with SAR test results of each Antenna in SISO mode.
- 6. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, the simultaneous SAR provisions in KDB publication 447498 should be applied to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion for WiFi MIMO. If the sum of 1g single transmission chain SAR measurements is < 1.6W/kg and SAR peak to location ratio < 0.04, no additional SAR measurements for MIMO.
- 7. During SAR testing the WLAN transmission was verified using a spectrum analyzer.

# 15.1 Head SAR

## <WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Antenna	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	6	2437	20.26	20.50	1.056	98.57	1.015	0.04	0.207	0.222
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	6	2437	20.26	20.50	1.056	98.57	1.015	-0.04	0.222	0.238
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	6	2437	20.26	20.50	1.056	98.57	1.015	-0.16	0.319	0.342
01	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	6	2437	20.26	20.50	1.056	98.57	1.015	0.02	0.347	0.372
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 2	11	2462	19.95	20.00	1.011	99.04	1.010	0.12	0.150	0.153
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 2	11	2462	19.95	20.00	1.011	99.04	1.010	0.15	0.127	0.130
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 2	11	2462	19.95	20.00	1.011	99.04	1.010	0.03	0.077	0.079
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 2	11	2462	19.95	20.00	1.011	99.04	1.010	0.1	0.079	0.081
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	54	5270	18.29	18.50	1.050	90.39	1.106	0.11	0.080	0.093
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	54	5270	18.29	18.50	1.050	90.39	1.106	0.14	0.057	0.066
02	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	54	5270	18.29	18.50	1.050	90.39	1.106	0.14	0.175	0.203
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	54	5270	18.29	18.50	1.050	90.39	1.106	0.19	0.078	0.091
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 2	54	5270	17.10	17.50	1.096	90.48	1.105	0.12	0.058	0.070
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 2	54	5270	17.10	17.50	1.096	90.48	1.105	0.18	0.076	0.092
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 2	54	5270	17.10	17.50	1.096	90.48	1.105	0.19	0.052	0.063
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 2	54	5270	17.10	17.50	1.096	90.48	1.105	0.15	0.061	0.074
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	134	5670	19.67	20.00	1.079	90.39	1.106	-0.08	0.095	0.113
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	134	5670	19.67	20.00	1.079	90.39	1.106	0.12	0.058	0.069
03	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	134	5670	19.67	20.00	1.079	90.39	1.106	0.06	0.149	0.178
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	134	5670	19.67	20.00	1.079	90.39	1.106	0.04	0.088	0.105
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 2	134	5670	17.81	18.00	1.045	90.48	1.105	0.16	0.101	0.117
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 2	134	5670	17.81	18.00	1.045	90.48	1.105	0.13	0.118	0.136
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 2	134	5670	17.81	18.00	1.045	90.48	1.105	0.11	0.093	0.107
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 2	134	5670	17.81	18.00	1.045	90.48	1.105	0.13	0.106	0.122
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	155	5745	19.02	19.50	1.117	86.71	1.153	-0.12	0.001	0.001
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	155	5745	19.02	19.50	1.117	86.71	1.153	-0.06	0.003	0.004
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	155	5775	19.02	19.50	1.117	86.71	1.153	0.04	0.067	0.086
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	155	5775	19.02	19.50	1.117	86.71	1.153	0.14	0.045	0.058
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 2	155	5775	17.68	18.00	1.077	86.71	1.153	0.12	0.106	0.132
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 2	155	5775	17.68	18.00	1.077	86.71	1.153	0.11	0.122	0.151
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 2	155	5775	17.68	18.00	1.077	86.71	1.153	0.14	0.108	0.134
04	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 2	155	5775	17.68	18.00	1.077	86.71	1.153	0.13	0.126	0.156

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# 15.2 Body Worn Accessory SAR

## <WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Antenna	Holster	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Front	10mm	Ant 1	-	6	2437	20.26	20.50	1.056	98.57	1.015	-0.17	0.132	0.142
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	10mm	Ant 1	-	6	2437	20.26	20.50	1.056	98.57	1.015	0.09	0.183	0.196
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Front	0mm	Ant 1	Rigid Holster	6	2437	20.26	20.50	1.056	98.57	1.015	-0.04	0.146	0.157
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Front	0mm	Ant 1	Soft Holster	6	2437	20.26	20.50	1.056	98.57	1.015	-0.07	0.209	0.224
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Front	10mm	Ant 2	-	11	2462	19.95	20.00	1.011	99.04	1.010	-0.05	0.052	0.053
05	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	10mm	Ant 2	-	11	2462	19.95	20.00	1.011	99.04	1.010	-0.03	0.340	0.347
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Front	0mm	Ant 2	Rigid Holster	11	2462	19.95	20.00	1.011	99.04	1.010	-0.06	0.054	0.055
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Front	0mm	Ant 2	Soft Holster	11	2462	19.95	20.00	1.011	99.04	1.010	-0.08	0.074	0.076
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Front	10mm	Ant 1	-	54	5270	18.29	18.50	1.050	90.39	1.106	-0.19	0.089	0.103
06	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Back	10mm	Ant 1	-	54	5270	18.29	18.50	1.050	90.39	1.106	-0.11	0.615	0.714
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Front	0mm	Ant 1	Rigid Holster	54	5270	18.29	18.50	1.050	90.39	1.106	0.13	0.095	0.110
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Front	0mm	Ant 1	Soft Holster	54	5270	18.29	18.50	1.050	90.39	1.106	-0.07	0.083	0.096
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Front	10mm	Ant 2	-	54	5270	17.10	17.50	1.096	90.48	1.105	0.13	0.028	0.034
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Back	10mm	Ant 2	-	54	5270	17.10	17.50	1.096	90.48	1.105	-0.05	0.510	0.618
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Front	0mm	Ant 2	Rigid Holster	54	5270	17.10	17.50	1.096	90.48	1.105	0.19	0.027	0.033
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Front	0mm	Ant 2	Soft Holster	54	5270	17.10	17.50	1.096	90.48	1.105	0.14	0.053	0.064
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Front	10mm	Ant 1	-	134	5670	19.67	20.00	1.079	90.39	1.106	0.17	0.101	0.121
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Back	10mm	Ant 1	-	134	5670	19.67	20.00	1.079	90.39	1.106	-0.1	0.730	0.871
07	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Back	10mm	Ant 1	-	110	5550	19.43	20.00	1.140	90.39	1.106	-0.14	0.807	1.018
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Front	0mm	Ant 1	Rigid Holster	134	5670	19.67	20.00	1.079	90.39	1.106	0.11	0.097	0.116
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Front	0mm	Ant 1	Soft Holster	134	5670	19.67	20.00	1.079	90.39	1.106	0.11	0.128	0.153
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Front	10mm	Ant 2	-	134	5670	17.81	17.81	1.000	90.48	1.105	0.03	0.059	0.065
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Back	10mm	Ant 2	-	134	5670	17.81	17.81	1.000	90.48	1.105	-0.04	0.484	0.535
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Front	0mm	Ant 2	Rigid Holster	134	5670	17.81	17.81	1.000	90.48	1.105	0.02	0.062	0.069
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Front	0mm	Ant 2	Soft Holster	134	5670	17.81	17.81	1.000	90.48	1.105	0.12	0.115	0.127
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Front	10mm	Ant 1	-	155	5775	19.02	19.50	1.117	86.71	1.153	0.01	0.041	0.053
80	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	10mm	Ant 1	-	155	5775	19.02	19.50	1.117	86.71	1.153	-0.01	0.448	0.577
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Front	0mm	Ant 1	Rigid Holster	155	5775	19.02	19.50	1.117	86.71	1.153	0.05	0.044	0.057
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Front	0mm	Ant 1	Soft Holster	155	5775	19.02	19.50	1.117	86.71	1.153	-0.02	0.058	0.075
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Front	10mm	Ant 2	-	155	5775	17.68	18.00	1.077	86.71	1.153	0.17	0.048	0.060
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	10mm	Ant 2	-	155	5775	17.68	18.00	1.077	86.71	1.153	0.16	0.461	0.572
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Front	0mm	Ant 2	Rigid Holster	155	5775	17.68	18.00	1.077	86.71	1.153	-0.13	0.049	0.061
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Front	0mm	Ant 2	Soft Holster	155	5775	17.68	18.00	1.077	86.71	1.153	0.02	0.092	0.114

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#### 15.3 Repeated SAR Measurement

No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Antenna				Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Ratio	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
1st	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Back	10mm	Ant 1	110	5550	19.43	20.00	1.140	90.39	1.106	-0.14	0.807	-	1.018
2nd	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Back	10mm	Ant 1	110	5550	19.43	20.00	1.140	90.39	1.106	-0.1	0.775	1.04	0.977

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#### **General Note:**

- 1. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/kg.
- 2. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, if the ratio among the repeated measurement is ≤ 1.2 and the measured SAR <1.45W/kg, only one repeated measurement is required.
- 3. The ratio is the difference in percentage between original and repeated measured SAR.
- 4. All measurement SAR result is scaled-up to account for tune-up tolerance and is compliant.

## 16. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

NO.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Head	Body-worn
1.	WLAN ANT 1 + WLAN ANT 2	Yes	Yes
2.	Bluetooth ANT 1 + WLAN ANT 2	Yes	Yes

#### **General Note:**

- WLAN RF exposure assessment of MIMO mode simultaneous transmission exclusion analysis was performed with SAR test results of each Antenna in SISO mode. Therefore SPLSR calculation was choose worst case with SAR test results of each Antenna in SISO mode perform evaluation.
- 2. For SAR testing was performed on single Antenna RF power in SISO mode is larger or equal to the single Antenna RF power in MIMO mode, and for RF exposure assessment of MIMO mode simultaneous transmission exclusion analysis was performed with SAR test results of each Antenna in SISO mode.
- 3. WLAN and Bluetooth share the same Antenna1, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
- 4. EUT will choose either WLAN 2.4GHz or WLAN 5GHz according to the network signal condition; therefore, 2.4GHz WLAN and 5GHz WLAN will not operate simultaneously at any moment.
- 5. The Scaled SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
- 6. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
  - i) Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg.
  - ii) SPLSR = (SAR1 + SAR2)^1.5 / (min. separation distance, mm), and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of [(x1-x2)2 + (y1-y2)2 + (z1-z2)2], where (x1, y1, z1) and (x2, y2, z2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.
  - iii) If SPLSR ≤ 0.04, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
  - iv) Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band SAR < 1.6W/kg.
- For simultaneous transmission analysis, Bluetooth SAR is estimated per KDB 447498 D01v06 based on the formula below.
  - i) (max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]·[ $\sqrt{f(GHz)/x}$ ] W/kg for test separation distances  $\leq$  50 mm; where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.
  - ii) When the minimum separation distance is < 5 mm, the distance is used 5 mm to determine SAR test exclusion.
  - iii) 0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0 W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distances is > 50 mm.

Bluetooth	Exposure Position	Head	Body worn (with holster)	Body worn (without holster)
Max Power	Test separation	5 mm	5 mm	10 mm
0.5 dBm	Estimated SAR (W/kg)	0.042 W/kg	0.042 W/kg	0.021 W/kg

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# 16.1 Head Exposure Conditions

		1	2	3		
Band	Exposure Position	WLAN Ant 1	WLAN Ant 2	Bluetooth Ant 1	1+2 Summed	2+3 Summed
		1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	Estimated 1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)
	Right Cheek	0.222	0.153	0.042	0.375	0.195
2.4GHz WLAN	Right Tilted	0.238	0.130	0.042	0.368	0.172
2.4GHZ WLAN	Left Cheek	0.342	0.079	0.042	0.421	0.121
	Left Tilted	0.372	0.081	0.042	0.453	0.123
	Right Cheek	0.093	0.070	0.042	0.163	0.112
5.3GHz WLAN	Right Tilted	0.066	0.092	0.042	0.158	0.134
5.3GHZ WLAN	Left Cheek	0.203	0.063	0.042	0.266	0.105
	Left Tilted	0.091	0.074	0.042	0.165	0.116
	Right Cheek	0.113	0.117	0.042	0.230	0.159
5.5GHz WLAN	Right Tilted	0.069	0.136	0.042	0.205	0.178
5.5GHZ WLAN	Left Cheek	0.178	0.107	0.042	0.285	0.149
	Left Tilted	0.105	0.122	0.042	0.227	0.164
	Right Cheek	0.001	0.132	0.042	0.133	0.174
5.8GHz WLAN	Right Tilted	0.004	0.151	0.042	0.155	0.193
J.OGHZ WLAN	Left Cheek	0.086	0.134	0.042	0.220	0.176
	Left Tilted	0.058	0.156	0.042	0.214	0.198

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# 16.2 Body-Worn Accessory Exposure Conditions

		1	2	3		
Band	Exposure Position	WLAN Ant 1	WLAN Ant 2	Bluetooth Ant 1	1+2 Summed	1+3 Summed
		1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	Estimated 1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)
	Front	0.142	0.053	0.021	0.195	0.074
2.4GHz WLAN	Back	0.196	0.347	0.021	0.543	0.368
2.4GHZ WLAN	Front with Rigid Holster	0.157	0.055	0.042	0.212	0.097
	Front with Soft Holster	0.224	0.076	0.042	0.300	0.118
	Front	0.103	0.034	0.021	0.137	0.055
5.3GHz WLAN	Back	0.714	0.618	0.021	1.332	0.639
5.3GHZ WLAN	Front with Rigid Holster	0.110	0.033	0.042	0.143	0.075
	Front with Soft Holster	0.096	0.064	0.042	0.160	0.106
	Front	0.121	0.065	0.021	0.186	0.086
5.5GHz WLAN	Back	1.018	0.535	0.021	1.553	0.556
5.5GHZ WLAIN	Front with Rigid Holster	0.116	0.069	0.042	0.185	0.111
	Front with Soft Holster	0.153	0.127	0.042	0.280	0.169
	Front	0.053	0.060	0.021	0.113	0.081
E OCULA MU ANI	Back	0.577	0.572	0.021	1.149	0.593
5.8GHz WLAN	Front with Rigid Holster	0.057	0.061	0.042	0.118	0.103
	Front with Soft Holster	0.075	0.114	0.042	0.189	0.156

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# 17. Uncertainty Assessment

The component of uncertainly may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainly by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type An evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

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A Type A evaluation of standard uncertainty may be based on any valid statistical method for treating data. This includes calculating the standard deviation of the mean of a series of independent observations; using the method of least squares to fit a curve to the data in order to estimate the parameter of the curve and their standard deviations; or carrying out an analysis of variance in order to identify and quAntify random effects in certain kinds of measurement.

A type B evaluation of standard uncertainty is typically based on scientific judgment using all of the relevAnt information available. These may include previous measurement data, experience, and knowledge of the behavior and properties of relevAnt materials and instruments, manufacture's specification, data provided in calibration reports and uncertainties assigned to reference data taken from handbooks. Broadly speaking, the uncertainty is either obtained from an outdoor source or obtained from an assumed distribution, such as the normal distribution, rectangular or triangular distributions indicated in table below.

<b>Uncertainty Distributions</b>	Normal	Rectangular	Triangular	U-Shape
Multi-plying Factor <sup>(a)</sup>	1/k <sup>(b)</sup>	1/√3	1/√6	1/√2

- (a) standard uncertainty is determined as the product of the multiplying factor and the estimated range of variations in the measured quAntity
- (b)  $\kappa$  is the coverage factor

#### Table 17.1. Standard Uncertainty for Assumed Distribution

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances.

Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. Typically, the coverage factor ranges from 2 to 3. Using a coverage factor allows the true value of a measured quAntity to be specified with a defined probability within the specified uncertainty range. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is shown in the following tables.

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Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability	Divisor	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Standard Uncertainty (1g) (±%)	Standard Uncertainty (10g) (±%)
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	6.0	N	1	1	1	6.0	6.0
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	1.732	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	1.732	0.7	0.7	3.9	3.9
Boundary Effects	1.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.6	0.6
Linearity	4.7	R	1.732	1	1	2.7	2.7
System Detection Limits	1.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.6	0.6
Modulation Response	3.2	R	1.732	1	1	1.8	1.8
Readout Electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
Response Time	0.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.0	0.0
Integration Time	2.6	R	1.732	1	1	1.5	1.5
RF Ambient Noise	3.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7
RF Ambient Reflections	3.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7
Probe Positioner	0.4	R	1.732	1	1	0.2	0.2
Probe Positioning	2.9	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7
Max. SAR Eval.	2.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.2	1.2
Test Sample Related							
Device Positioning	3.0	N	1	1	1	3.0	3.0
Device Holder	3.6	N	1	1	1	3.6	3.6
Power Drift	5.0	R	1.732	1	1	2.9	2.9
Power Scaling	0.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.0	0.0
PhAntom and Setup							
PhAntom Uncertainty	6.1	R	1.732	1	1	3.5	3.5
SAR correction	0.0	R	1.732	1	0.84	0.0	0.0
Liquid Conductivity Repeatability	0.2	N	1	0.78	0.71	0.1	0.1
Liquid Conductivity (target)	5.0	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	2.3	2.0
Liquid Conductivity (mea.)	2.5	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	1.1	1.0
Temp. unc Conductivity	3.4	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	1.5	1.4
Liquid Permittivity Repeatability	0.15	N	1	0.23	0.26	0.0	0.0
Liquid Permittivity (target)	5.0	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.7	0.8
Liquid Permittivity (mea.)	2.5	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.3	0.4
Temp. unc Permittivity	0.83	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.1	0.1
Combined Std. Uncertainty							11.4%
Coverage Factor for 95 %							K=2
Exp	22.9%	22.7%					

Table 17.2. Uncertainty Budget for frequency range 300 MHz to 3 GHz

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Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability	Divisor	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Standard Uncertainty (1g) (±%)	Standard Uncertainty (10g) (±%)
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	7.0	N	1	1	1	7.0	7.0
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	1.732	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	1.732	0.7	0.7	3.9	3.9
Boundary Effects	2.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.2	1.2
Linearity	4.7	R	1.732	1	1	2.7	2.7
System Detection Limits	1.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.6	0.6
Modulation Response	3.2	R	1.732	1	1	1.8	1.8
Readout Electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
Response Time	0.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.0	0.0
Integration Time	2.6	R	1.732	1	1	1.5	1.5
RF Ambient Noise	3.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7
RF Ambient Reflections	3.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7
Probe Positioner	0.4	R	1.732	1	1	0.2	0.2
Probe Positioning	6.7	R	1.732	1	1	3.9	3.9
Max. SAR Eval.	4.0	R	1.732	1	1	2.3	2.3
Test Sample Related							
Device Positioning	3.0	N	1	1	1	3.0	3.0
Device Holder	3.6	N	1	1	1	3.6	3.6
Power Drift	5.0	R	1.732	1	1	2.9	2.9
Power Scaling	0.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.0	0.0
PhAntom and Setup							
PhAntom Uncertainty	6.6	R	1.732	1	1	3.8	3.8
SAR correction	0.0	R	1.732	1	0.84	0.0	0.0
Liquid Conductivity Repeatability	0.2	N	1	0.78	0.71	0.1	0.1
Liquid Conductivity (target)	5.0	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	2.3	2.0
Liquid Conductivity (mea.)	2.5	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	1.1	1.0
Temp. unc Conductivity	3.4	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	1.5	1.4

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Table 17.3. Uncertainty Budget for frequency range 3 GHz to 6 GHz

1

1.732

1.732

1.732

0.23

0.23

0.23

0.23

0.26

0.26

0.26

0.26

0.0

0.7

0.3

0.1

12.8%

K=2

25.5%

0.0

8.0

0.4

0.1

12.7%

K=2

25.4%

Ν

R

R

0.15

5.0

2.5

0.83

**Combined Std. Uncertainty** 

Coverage Factor for 95 %

**Expanded STD Uncertainty** 

Liquid Permittivity Repeatability

Liquid Permittivity (target)

Liquid Permittivity (mea.)

Temp. unc. - Permittivity

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## 18. References

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- [4] SPEAG DASY System Handbook
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