

TEST REPORT

Reference No...... : WTX21X12142768W-1
FCC ID : 2ACGT-TB05
Applicant : Guangzhou Shangke Information Technology Co., LTD.
Address..... : Room 1205-1212, R&F To-Win Building, No.30 Huaxia Road, Tianhe District, Guangzhou, Guangdong Province, China
Product Name : Laptop
Test Model. : TB05
Standards : FCC Part 15.407
Date of Receipt sample : Dec. 17, 2021
Date of Test..... : Dec. 17, 2021 to Jan. 22, 2022
Date of Issue : Jan. 22, 2022
Test Result..... : **Pass**

Remarks:

The results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested, this test report cannot be reproduced, except in full, without prior written permission of the company. The report would be invalid without specific stamp of test institute and the signatures of compiler and approver.

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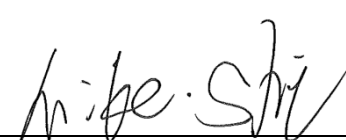
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TABLE OF CONTENTS

1. GENERAL INFORMATION	5
1.1 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION FOR EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT).....	5
1.2 TEST STANDARDS.....	7
1.3 TEST METHODOLOGY	7
1.4 TABLE FOR PARAMETERS OF TEST SOFTWARE SETTING	7
1.5 EUT OPERATING DURING TEST	8
1.6 TEST FACILITY	8
1.7 EUT SETUP AND TEST MODE.....	9
1.8 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY	10
1.9 TEST EQUIPMENT LIST AND DETAILS	11
2. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS	13
3. ANTENNA REQUIREMENT	14
3.1 STANDARD APPLICABLE.....	14
3.2 EVALUATION INFORMATION.....	14
4. AUTOMATICALLY DISCONTINUE TRANSMISSION	15
4.1 STANDARD APPLICABLE.....	15
4.2 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS	15
5. POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY	16
5.1 STANDARD APPLICABLE.....	16
5.2 TEST PROCEDURE.....	16
5.3 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS/PLOTS	17
6. EMISSION BANDWIDTH AND OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH.....	18
6.1 STANDARD APPLICABLE.....	18
6.2 TEST PROCEDURE.....	18
6.3 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS/PLOTS	20
7. MAXIMUM CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER.....	21
7.1 STANDARD APPLICABLE.....	21
7.2 TEST PROCEDURE.....	21
7.3 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS/PLOTS	22
8. RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS.....	23
8.1 STANDARD APPLICABLE.....	23
8.2 TEST PROCEDURE.....	23
8.3 TEST RECEIVER SETUP	25
8.4 CORRECTED AMPLITUDE & MARGIN CALCULATION.....	25
8.5 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS/PLOTS	25
9. FREQUENCY STABILITY	38
9.1 STANDARD APPLICABLE.....	38
9.2 TEST PROCEDURE.....	38
9.3 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS/PLOTS	38
10. CONDUCTED EMISSIONS	39
10.1 TEST PROCEDURE.....	39
10.2 BASIC TEST SETUP BLOCK DIAGRAM.....	39
10.3 TEST RECEIVER SETUP	39
10.4 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS/PLOTS	39
APPENDIXSUMMARY	42
APPENDIX A.....	43
APPENDIX B.....	47
APPENDIX C.....	54
APPENDIX D.....	58

APPENDIXPHOTOGRAPHS.....59

Report version

Version No.	Date of issue	Description
Rev.00	Jan. 22, 2022	Original
/	/	/

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 Product Description for Equipment Under Test (EUT)

Client Information

Applicant: Guangzhou Shangke Information Technology Co., LTD.
Address of applicant: Room 1205-1212, R&F To-Win Building, No.30 Huaxia Road,
Tianhe District, Guangzhou, Guangdong Province, China

Manufacturer: Guangzhou Shangke Information Technology Co., LTD.
Address of manufacturer: Room 1205-1212, R&F To-Win Building, No.30 Huaxia Road,
Tianhe District, Guangzhou, Guangdong Province, China

General Description of EUT	
Product Name:	Laptop
Trade Name:	/
Model No.:	TB05
Adding Model(s):	F15, F5, F6 Plus, F7, F7 Plus, F9, X4, X6 Plus, X6 Pro, TB01, TB02, TB03, TB04, TB06, TB10, TE10, TE11, TE12, TE13, TG01, TG02, TG03, TG05, TG06, TG07, TG08, TG09, TG10, TG11, TG12, TG13, TG15, TG16, TG17, TG18, TG19, TG20, TG21, TG22, TG23
Rated Voltage:	Charging port:DC12V Battery:DC7.6V
Battery Capacity:	6000mAh
Power Adapter:	Model:A241-1202000D Input: AC100-240V, 50/60Hz, 0.8A Output: DC12V, 2.0A, 24.0W
<i>Note: The test data is gathered from a production sample, provided by the manufacturer. The appearance of others models listed in the report is different from main-test model TB05, but the circuit and the electronic construction do not change, declared by the manufacturer.</i>	

Technical Characteristics of EUT	
Support Standards:	802.11a, 802.11n(HT20) , 802.11n-HT40,802.11ac-VHT80
Frequency Range:	5150-5250MHz
RF Output Power:	9.19dBm (Conducted)
Type of Modulation:	BPSK, QPSK,16QAM,64QAM, 256QAM
Quantity of Channels:	15
Type of Antenna:	FPC Antenna
Antenna Gain:	3dBi
<i>Note: The Antenna Gain is provided by the customer.</i>	

1.2 Test Standards

The tests were performed according to following standards:

FCC Rules Part 15.407: General technical requirements.

ANSI C63.10-2013: American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices.

KDB789033 D02 v02r01: Guidelines for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (U-Nii) Devices Part 15, Subparte.

Maintenance of compliance is the responsibility of the manufacturer. Any modification of the product, which result in lowering the emission, should be checked to ensure compliance has been maintained.

1.3 Test Methodology

All measurements contained in this report were conducted with ANSI C63.10-2013, KDB789033 D02 v02r01. The equipment under test (EUT) was configured to measure its highest possible emission level. The test modes were adapted accordingly in reference to the Operating Instructions.

1.4 Table for parameters of Test Software setting

Enter “3646631+=” into the calculator to enter the engineer mode, you can start to test. During testing, Channel and Power Controlling Software provided by the customer was used to control the operating channel as well as the output power level. The RF output power selection is for the setting of RF output power expected by the customer and is going to be fixed on the firmware of the final end product.

Mode	Test Frequency (MHz)												
	NCB: 20MHz												
	5180	5200	5240	5260	5300	5320	5500	5580	5700	5720	5745	5785	5825
802.11a 6Mbps	47	49	47	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
802.11n-HT20 MCS0	47	49	47	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Mode	NCB: 40MHz												
	5190	5230	5270	5310	5510	5550	5670	5710	5755	5795			
802.11n-HT40 MCS0	42	49	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/			
Mode	NCB: 80MHz												
	5210		5290		5530		5610		5690		5775		
802.11ac-VH80 MCS0/Nss2	39		/		/		/		/		/		

1.5 EUT Operating during test

EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode. During the test, EUT operation to normal function and programs under Android were executed.

1.6 Test Facility

Address of the test laboratory

Laboratory: Waltek Testing Group (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.

Address: 1/F., Room 101, Building 1, Hongwei Industrial Park, Liuxian 2nd Road, Block 70 Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

FCC – Registration No.: 125990

Waltek Testing Group (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been registered and fully described in a report filed with the FCC (Federal Communications Commission). The acceptance letter from the FCC is maintained in our files. The Designation Number is CN5010, and Test Firm Registration Number is 125990.

Industry Canada (IC) Registration No.: 11464A

The 3m Semi-anechoic chamber of Waltek Testing Group (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. has been registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for radio equipment testing with Registration No.: 11464A.

1.7 EUT Setup and Test Mode

The EUT was operated in the engineering mode to fix the Tx frequency that was for the purpose of the measurements. All testing shall be performed under maximum output power condition, with a duty cycle equal to 100%, and to measure its highest possible emissions level, more detailed description as follows:

Test Mode List		
Test Mode	Description	Remark
TM1	802.11a	5180MHz,5200MHz,5240MHz
TM2	802.11n-HT20	5180MHz,5200MHz,5240MHz
TM3	802.11n-HT40	5190MHz,5230MH
TM4	802.11ac-VH80	5210MHz
Note: 802.11ac-VHT20, 802.11ac-VHT40 covered by 802.11n-HT20 an802.11n-HT40.		

Test Conditions	
Temperature:	22~25 °C
Relative Humidity:	45~55 %.
ATM Pressure:	1019 mbar

EUT Cable List and Details			
Cable Description	Length (m)	Shielded/Unshielded	With / Without Ferrite
DC Cable	1.2	Shielded	With Ferrite
AC Cable	1.0	Shielded	With Ferrite

Special Cable List and Details			
Cable Description	Length (m)	Shielded/Unshielded	With / Without Ferrite
HDMI Cable	1.5	Shielded	Without Ferrite

Auxiliary Equipment List and Details			
Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number
/	/	/	/

1.8 Measurement Uncertainty

Measurement uncertainty		
Parameter	Conditions	Uncertainty
RF Output Power	Conducted	$\pm 0.42\text{dB}$
Occupied Bandwidth	Conducted	$\pm 1.5\%$
Power Spectral Density	Conducted	$\pm 1.8\text{dB}$
Conducted Spurious Emission	Conducted	$\pm 2.17\text{dB}$
Conducted Emissions	Conducted	9-150kHz $\pm 3.74\text{dB}$
		0.15-30MHz $\pm 3.34\text{dB}$
Transmitter Spurious Emissions	Radiated	30-200MHz $\pm 4.52\text{dB}$
		0.2-1GHz $\pm 5.56\text{dB}$
		1-6GHz $\pm 3.84\text{dB}$
		6-18GHz $\pm 3.92\text{dB}$

1.9 Test Equipment List and Details

No.	Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Cal Date	Due. Date
SEMT-1075	Communication Tester	Rohde & Schwarz	CMW500	148650	2021-03-27	2022-03-26
SEMT-1063	GSM Tester	Rohde & Schwarz	CMU200	114403	2021-03-27	2022-03-26
SEMT-1072	Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4407B	MY41440400	2021-03-27	2022-03-26
SEMT-1079	Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	US47140102	2021-03-27	2022-03-26
SEMT-1080	Signal Generator	Agilent	83752A	3610A01453	2021-03-27	2022-03-26
SEMT-1081	Vector Signal Generator	Agilent	N5182A	MY47070202	2021-03-27	2022-03-26
SEMT-1028	Power Divider	Weinschel	1506A	PM204	2021-03-27	2022-03-26
SEMT-1082	Power Divider	RF-Lambda	RFLT4W5M18G	14110400027	2021-03-27	2022-03-26
SEMT-C001	Cable	Zheng DI	LL142-07-07-10M(A)	/	/	/
SEMT-C002	Cable	Zheng DI	ZT40-2.92J-2.92J-6M	/	/	/
SEMT-C003	Cable	Zheng DI	ZT40-2.92J-2.92J-2.5M	/	/	/
SEMT-C004	Cable	Zheng DI	2M0RFC	/	/	/
SEMT-C005	Cable	Zheng DI	1M0RFC	/	/	/
SEMT-C006	Cable	Zheng DI	1M0RFC	/	/	/
☒ Chamber A: Below 1GHz						
SEMT-1031	Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSP30	836079/035	2021-03-27	2022-03-26
SEMT-1007	EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESVB	825471/005	2021-03-27	2022-03-26
SEMT-1008	Amplifier	Agilent	8447F	3113A06717	2021-04-12	2022-04-11
SEMT-1069	Loop Antenna	Schwarz beck	FMZB 1516	9773	2021-03-19	2023-03-18
SEMT-1068	Broadband Antenna	Schwarz beck	VULB9163	9163-333	2021-03-19	2023-03-18
☒ Chamber A: Above 1GHz						
SEMT-1031	Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSP30	836079/035	2021-03-27	2022-03-26
SEMT-1007	EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESVB	825471/005	2021-03-27	2022-03-26
SEMT-1043	Amplifier	C&D	PAP-1G18	2002	2021-04-12	2022-04-11
SEMT-1042	Horn Antenna	ETS	3117	00086197	2021-03-19	2023-03-18
SEMT-1121	Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA 9170	BBHA91705	2021-04-27	2023-04-26

				82		
SEMT-1169	Pre-amplifier	Direction Systems Inc.	PAP-2640	14145-14153	2021-04-27	2022-04-26
SEMT-1163	Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSP40	100612	2021-03-27	2022-03-26
SEMT-1166	Power Limiter	Agilent	N9356B	MY45450376	2021-03-27	2022-03-26
☐ Chamber B:Below 1GHz						
SEMT-1068	Trilog Broadband Antenna	Schwarz beck	VULB9163(B)	9163-635	2021-04-09	2023-04-08
SEMT-1067	Amplifier	Agilent	8447D	2944A10179	2021-04-12	2022-04-11
SEMT-1066	EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESPI	101391	2021-05-06	2022-05-05
☐ Chamber C:Below 1GHz						
SEMT-1319	EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESIB 26	100401	2021-12-03	2022-12-02
SEMT-1343	Trilog Broadband Antenna	Schwarz beck	VULB 9168	1194	2021-05-28	2023-05-27
SEMT-1333	Amplifier	HP	8447F	2944A03869	2021-04-15	2022-04-14
☒ Conducted Room 1#						
SEMT-1001	EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESPI	101611	2021-04-12	2022-04-11
SEMT-1002	Pulse Limiter	Rohde & Schwarz	ESH3-Z2	100911	2021-04-15	2022-04-14
SEMT-1003	AC LISN	Schwarz beck	NSLK8126	8126-224	2021-04-12	2022-04-11
☐ Conducted Room 2#						
SEMT-1334	EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESPI	101259	2021-04-12	2022-04-11
SEMT-1336	LISN	Rohde & Schwarz	ENV 216	100097	2021-04-12	2022-04-11

Software List			
Description	Manufacturer	Model	Version
EMI Test Software (Radiated Emission)*	Farad	EZ-EMC	RA-03A1
EMI Test Software (Conducted Emission)*	Farad	EZ-EMC	RA-03A1

*Remark: indicates software version used in the compliance certification testing.

Waltek Testing Group (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.

[Http://www.waltek.com.cn](http://www.waltek.com.cn)

2. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

FCC Rules	Description of Test Item	Result
§15.203; §15.405	Antenna Requirement	Compliant
15.407 (c)	Automatically Discontinue Transmission	Compliant
§15.207; §15.407(b)(6)	Conducted Emission	Compliant
§15.407(a)(1),(2)	Power Spectral Density	Compliant
§15.407(e)	Emission Bandwidth and Occupied Bandwidth	Compliant
§15.407(a)(1),(2)	Maximum Conducted Output Power	Compliant
§15.407(b)(1),(2),(3),(4)	Undesirable emission	Compliant
§15.205; §15.407(b)(1),(2),(3)	Radiated Emission	Compliant
§15.407(g)	Frequency Stability	Compliant
§15.407(h)	Dynamic Frequency Selection (DFS)	Compliant

N/A: Not applicable.

3. Antenna Requirement

3.1 Standard Applicable

According to FCC Part 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section.

3.2 Evaluation Information

This product has a FPC antenna, fulfill the requirement of this section.

4. Automatically Discontinue Transmission

4.1 Standard Applicable

According to FCC Part 15.407(c), the device shall automatically discontinue transmission in case of either absence of information to transmit or operational failure. These provisions are not intended to preclude the transmission of control or signaling information or the use of repetitive codes used by certain digital technologies to complete frame or burst intervals. Applicants shall include in their application for equipment authorization to describe how this requirement is met.

4.2 Summary of Test Results

While the EUT is not transmitting any information, the EUT can automatically discontinue transmission and become standby mode for power saving. The EUT can detect the controlling signal of ACK message transmitting from remote device and verify whether it shall resend or discontinue transmission.

5. Power Spectral Density

5.1 Standard Applicable

Section 15.407(a) Power limits:

(1) For the band 5.15-5.25GHz.

(iv) For mobile and portable client devices in the 5.15-5.25GHz band, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 250mW provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi.

(2) For the 5.25-5.35GHz and 5.47-5.725GHz bands, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency bands of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250mW or $11 \text{ dBm} + 10 \log B$, where B is the 26dB emission bandwidth in megahertz. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi.

(3) For the band 5.725-5.85GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 30dBm in any 500kHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi. However, fixed point-to-point U-NII devices operating in this band may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter conducted power. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.

5.2 Test Procedure

According to 789033 D02 v02r01 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v02, the following is the measurement procedure.

For devices operating in the bands 5.15-5.25GHz, 5.25-5.35GHz, and 5.47-5.725GHz, the above procedures make use of 1 MHz RBW to satisfy directly the 1 MHz reference bandwidth specified in § 15.407(a)(5). For devices operating in the band 5.725-5.85GHz, the rules specify a measurement bandwidth of 500kHz. Many spectrum analyzers do not have 500kHz RBW, thus a narrower RBW may need to be used. The rules permit the use of RBWs less than 1 MHz, or 500kHz, “provided that the measured power is integrated over the full reference bandwidth” to show the total power over the specified measurement bandwidth (i.e., 1MHz, or 500kHz). If

measurements are performed using a reduced resolution bandwidth ($< 1\text{MHz}$, or $< 500\text{kHz}$) and integrated over 1 MHz, or 500kHz bandwidth, the following adjustments to the procedures apply:

- a) Set $\text{RBW} \geq 1/T$, where T is defined in section II.B.1.a).
- b) Set $\text{VBW} \geq 3 \text{ RBW}$.
- c) If measurement bandwidth of Maximum PSD is specified in 500kHz, add $10\log(500\text{kHz}/\text{RBW})$ to the measured result, whereas RBW ($< 500\text{kHz}$) is the reduced resolution bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer set during measurement.
- d) If measurement bandwidth of Maximum PSD is specified in 1 MHz, add $10\log(1\text{MHz}/\text{RBW})$ to the measured result, whereas RBW ($< 1\text{MHz}$) is the reduced resolution bandwidth of spectrum analyzer set during measurement.
- e) Care must be taken to ensure that the measurements are performed during a period of continuous transmission or are corrected upward for duty cycle.

Note: As a practical matter, it is recommended to use reduced RBW of 100kHz for the sections 5.c) and 5.d) above, since RBW=100kHz is available on nearly all spectrum analyzers.

5.3 Summary of Test Results/Plots

Please refer to Appendix A

6. Emission Bandwidth and Occupied Bandwidth

6.1 Standard Applicable

According to 15.407(a) and (e):

(1) For the band 5.15-5.25GHz.

(iv) For mobile and portable client devices in the 5.15-5.25GHz band, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 250mW provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi.

(2) For the 5.25-5.35GHz and 5.47-5.725GHz bands, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency bands of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250mW or $11\text{dBm} + 10 \log B$, where B is the 26dB emission bandwidth in megahertz. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi.

(3) For the band 5.725-5.85GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 30dBm in any 500kHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi. However, fixed point-to-point U-NII devices operating in this band may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter conducted power. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.

(e) Within the 5.725-5.85GHz band, the minimum 6dB bandwidth of U-NII devices shall be at least 500kHz.

6.2 Test Procedure

According to 789033 D02 v02r0r section C&D, the following is the measurement procedure.

1. Emission Bandwidth (EBW)

- a) Set RBW = approximately 1% of the emission bandwidth.
- b) Set the VBW > RBW.
- c) Detector = Peak.

- d) Trace mode = max hold.
- e) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is 26dB down from the maximum of the emission. Compare this with the RBW setting of the analyzer. Readjust RBW and repeat measurement as needed until the RBW/EBW ratio is approximately 1%.

2. Minimum Emission Bandwidth for the band 5.725-5.85GHz

Section 15.407(e) specifies the minimum 6 dB emission bandwidth of at least 500KHz for the band 5.715-5.85 GHz. The following procedure shall be used for measuring this bandwidth:

- a) Set RBW = 100kHz.
- b) Set the video bandwidth (VBW) $\geq 3 \times \text{RBW}$.
- c) Detector = Peak.
- d) Trace mode = max hold.
- e) Sweep = auto couple.
- f) Allow the trace to stabilize.
- g) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

Note: The automatic bandwidth measurement capability of a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver may be employed if it implements the functionality described above.

D. 99 Percent Occupied Bandwidth

The 99-percent occupied bandwidth is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers are each equal to 0.5 % of the total mean power of the given emission. Measurement of the 99-percent occupied bandwidth is required only as a condition for using the optional band-edge measurement techniques described in section II.G.3.d). Measurements of 99-percent occupied bandwidth may also optionally be used in lieu of the EBW to 789033 D02 v02r01 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v01 define the minimum frequency range over which the spectrum is integrated when measuring maximum conducted output power as described in section II.E. However, the EBW must be measured to determine bandwidth dependent limits on maximum conducted output power in accordance with 15.407(a).

The following procedure shall be used for measuring (99 %) power bandwidth:

- 1. Set center frequency to the nominal EUT channel center frequency.
- 2. Set span = 1.5 times to 5.0 times the OBW.
- 3. Set RBW = 1 % to 5 % of the OBW
- 4. Set VBW $\geq 3 * \text{RBW}$
- 5. Video averaging is not permitted. Where practical, a sample detection and single sweep mode shall be used. Otherwise, peak detection and max hold mode (until the trace stabilizes) shall be used.
- 6. Use the 99 % power bandwidth function of the instrument (if available).
- 7. If the instrument does not have a 99 % power bandwidth function, the trace data points are recovered and directly summed in power units. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5 % of the total is reached; that frequency is recorded as the lower frequency. The process is repeated until 99.5 % of the total is reached; that frequency is recorded as the upper frequency. The 99% occupied bandwidth is the difference between these two frequencies.

6.3 Summary of Test Results/Plots

Please refer to Appendix B

7. Maximum Conducted Output Power

7.1 Standard Applicable

Section 15.407(a) Power limits:

(1) For the band 5.15-5.25GHz.

(iv) For mobile and portable client devices in the 5.15-5.25GHz band, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 250mW provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi.

(2) For the 5.25-5.35GHz and 5.47-5.725GHz bands, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency bands of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250mW or $11\text{dBm} + 10 \log B$, where B is the 26dB emission bandwidth in megahertz. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi.

(3) For the band 5.725-5.85GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 30dBm in any 500kHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi. However, fixed point-to-point U-NII devices operating in this band may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter conducted power. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.

7.2 Test Procedure

According to KDB789033 D02 v02r01 section E, the following is the measurement procedure.

- (i) Set span to encompass the entire emission bandwidth (EBW) (or, alternatively, the entire 99% occupied bandwidth) of the signal.
- (ii) Set RBW = 1MHz.
- (iii) Set VBW $\geq$ 3MHz.
- (iv) Number of points in sweep $\geq$ 2 Span / RBW. (This ensures that bin-to-bin spacing is $\leq$ RBW/2, so that narrowband signals are not lost between frequency bins.)

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- (v) Sweep time = auto.
- (vi) Detector = RMS (i.e., power averaging), if available. Otherwise, use sample detector mode.
- (vii) If transmit duty cycle < 98 percent, use a video trigger with the trigger level set to enable triggering only on full power pulses. Transmitter must operate at maximum power control level for the entire duration of every sweep. If the EUT transmits continuously (i.e., with no off intervals) or at duty cycle $\geq$ 98 percent, and if each transmission is entirely at the maximum power control level, then the trigger shall be set to “free run”.
- (viii) Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging (i.e., RMS) mode.
- (ix) Compute power by integrating the spectrum across the EBW (or, alternatively, the entire 99% occupied bandwidth) of the signal using the instrument’s band power measurement function with band limits set equal to the EBW (or occupied bandwidth) band edges. If the instrument does not have a band power function, sum the spectrum levels (in power units) at 1MHz intervals extending across the EBW (or, alternatively, the entire 99% occupied bandwidth) of the spectrum.

7.3 Summary of Test Results/Plots

Please refer to Appendix C

8. Radiated Spurious Emissions

8.1 Standard Applicable

According to §15.407(b), undesirable emission limits. Except as shown in paragraph (b)(7) of this section, the maximum emissions outside of the frequency bands of operation shall be attenuated in accordance with the following limits:

- (1) For transmitters operating in the 5.15-5.25GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27dBm/MHz.
- (2) For transmitters operating in the 5.25-5.35GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27dBm/MHz.
- (3) For transmitters operating in the 5.47-5.725GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.47-5.725GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27dBm/MHz.
- (4) For transmitters operating in the 5.725-5.85GHz band:
 - (i) All emissions shall be limited to a level of -27dBm/MHz at 75MHz or more above or below the band edge increasing linearly to 10dBm/MHz at 25MHz above or below the band edge, and from 25MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 15.6dBm/MHz at 5MHz above or below the band edge, and from 5MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 27dBm/MHz at the band edge.

According to §15.407(b)(6), Unwanted emissions below 1GHz must comply with the general field strength limits set forth in §15.209. Further, any U-NII devices using an AC power line are required to comply also with the conducted limits set forth in §15.207.

According to §15.407(b)(7), The provisions of §15.205 apply to intentional radiators operating under this section.
789033 D02 v02r01 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v01

If radiated measurements are performed, field strength is then converted to EIRP as follows:

$$\text{EIRP} = ((E \cdot d)^2) / 30$$

where:

- E is the field strength in V/m;
- d is the measurement distance in meters;
- EIRP is the equivalent isotropically radiated power in watts.

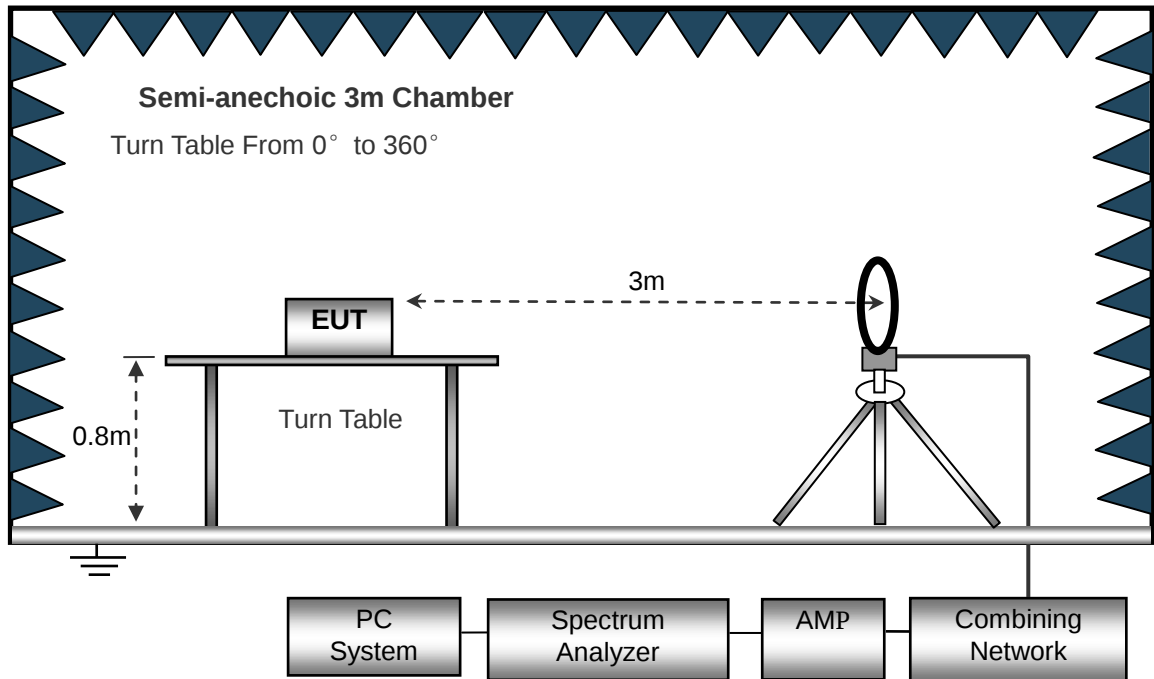
8.2 Test Procedure

The setup of EUT is according with per ANSI C63.10-2013 measurement procedure. The specification used was with the FCC Part 15.205 15.407(b)(6) and FCC Part 15.209 Limit..

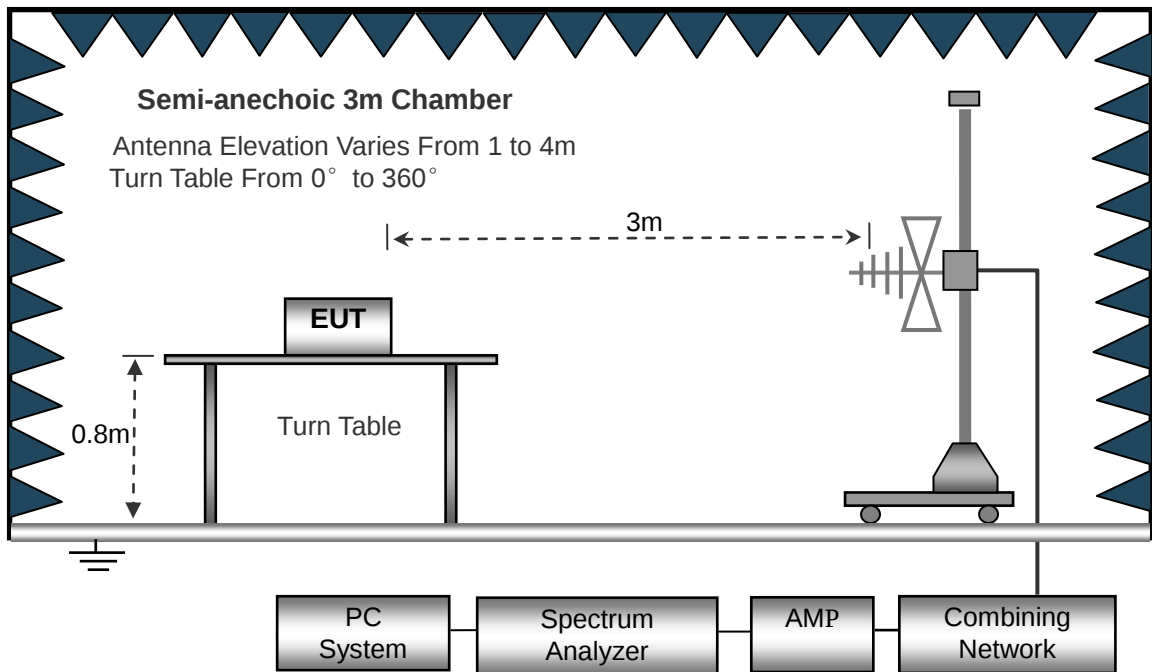
The external I/O cables were draped along the test table and formed a bundle 30 to 40cm long in the middle.

The spacing between the peripherals was 10cm.

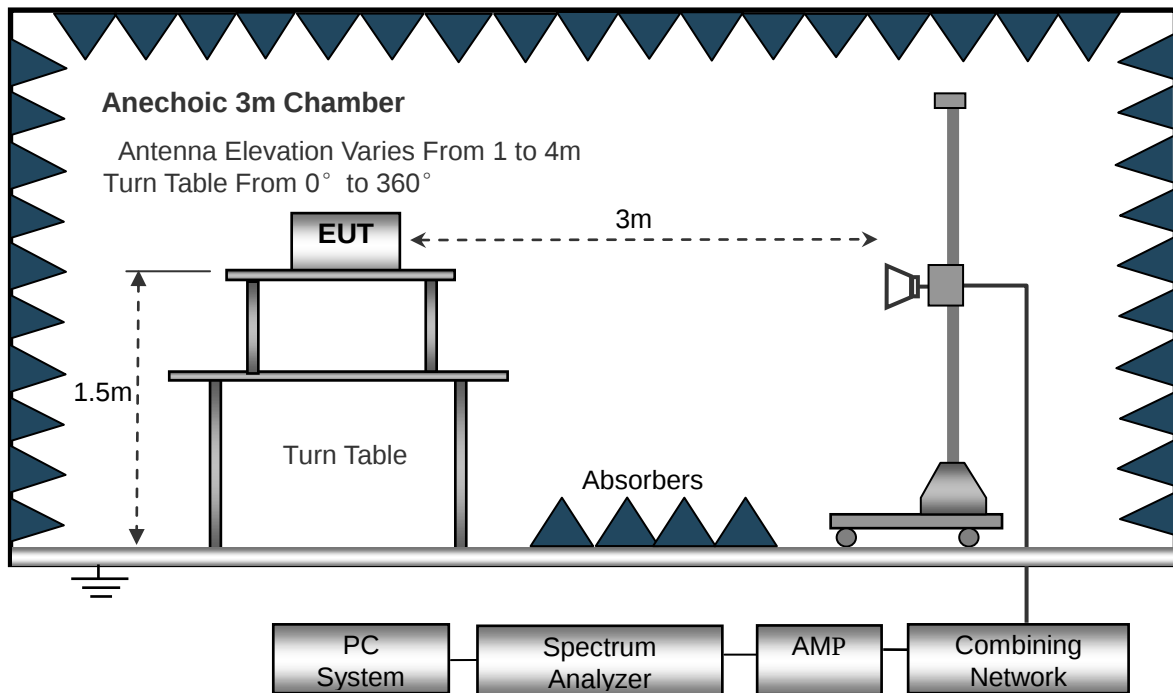
The test setup for emission measurement below 30MHz.



The test setup for emission measurement from 30MHz to 1GHz.



The test setup for emission measurement above 1GHz.



8.3 Test Receiver Setup

During the radiated emission test for above 1GHz, the test receiver was set with the following configurations:

For peak detector:

RBW = 1000kHz, VBW = 3000kHz, Sweep Time = Auto

For average detector:

RBW = 1000kHz, VBW = 10Hz, Sweep Time = Auto

8.4 Corrected Amplitude & Margin Calculation

The Corrected Amplitude is calculated adding the Antenna Factor and the Cable Factor, and subtracting the Amplifier Gain from the Amplitude reading. The basic equation is as follows:

$$\text{Corr. Ampl.} = \text{Indicated Reading} + \text{Ant. Factor} + \text{Cable Loss} - \text{Ampl. Gain}$$

The “**Margin**” column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance with the applicable limit. For example, a margin of -6dBμV means the emission is 6dBμV below the maximum limit for Class B. The equation for margin calculation is as follows:

$$\text{Margin} = \text{Corr. Ampl.} - \text{FCC Part 15 Limit}$$

8.5 Summary of Test Results/Plots

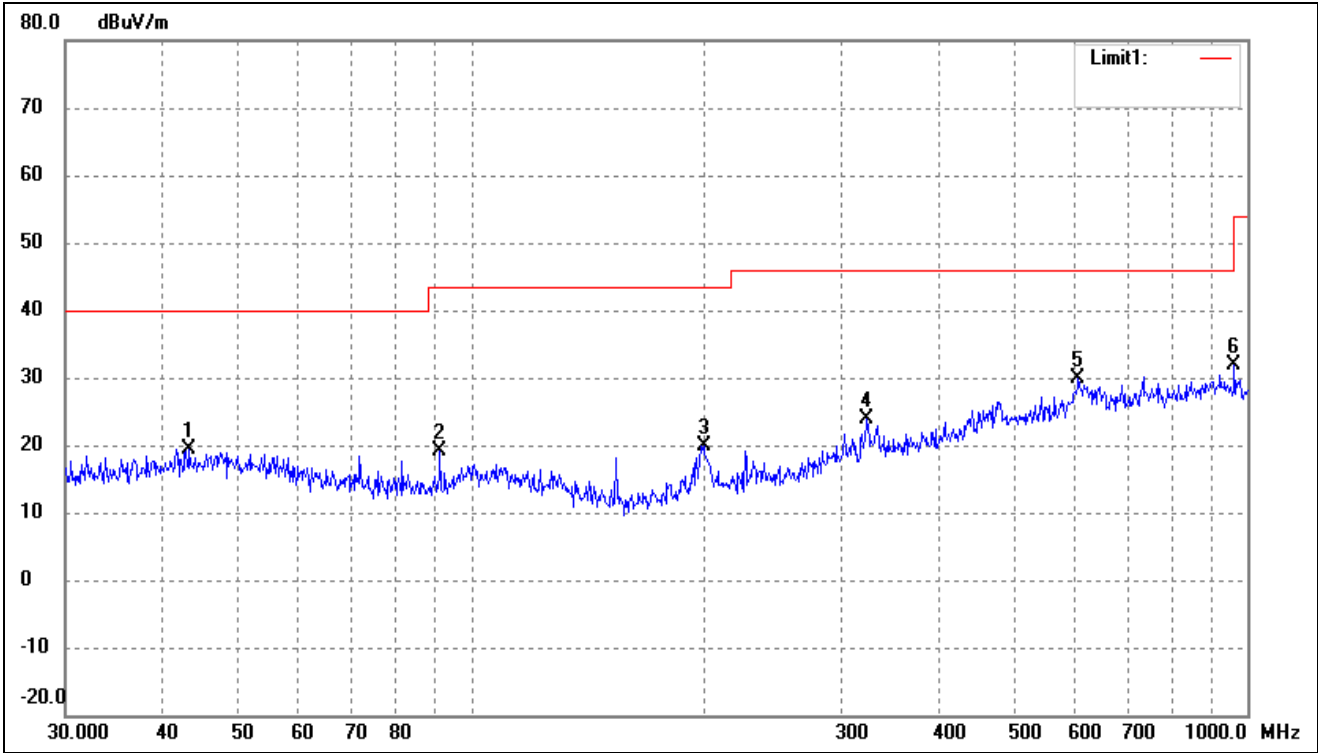
Note: this EUT was tested in 3 orthogonal positions and the worst case position data was reported.

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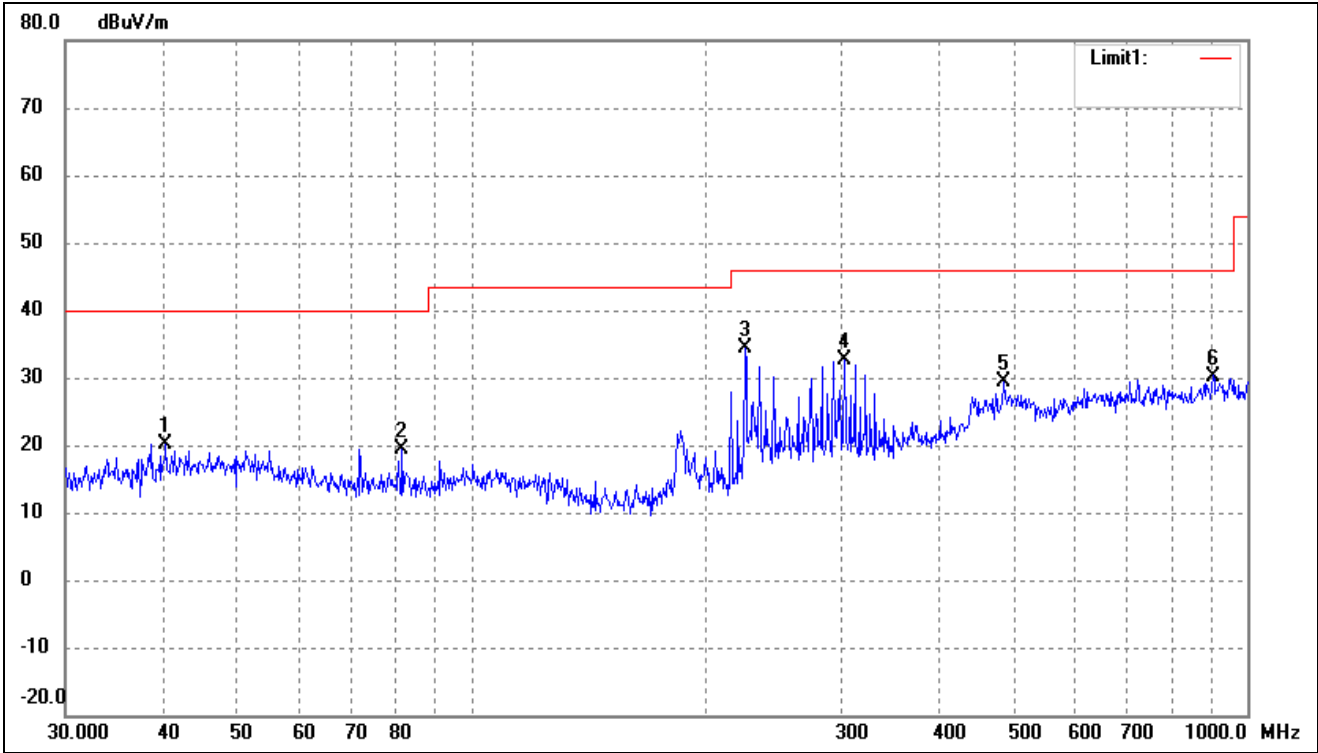
- Spurious Emission From 30MHz to 1GHz
- 5150-5250MHz

802.11a(Worst case)			
Test Channel	5180MHz	Polarity:	Horizontal



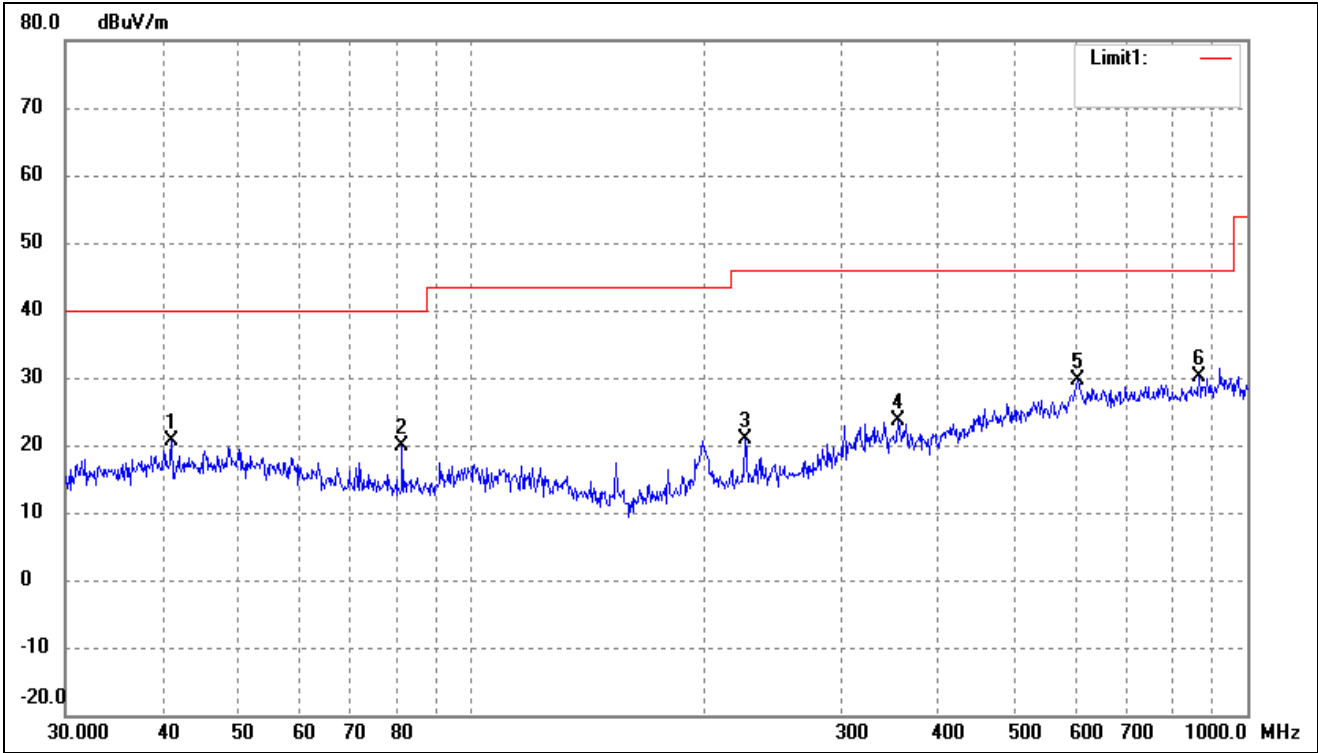
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct dB/m	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Degree ()	Height (cm)	Remark
1	43.3534	26.44	-6.98	19.46	40.00	-20.54	-	-	peak
2	91.1746	29.49	-10.36	19.13	43.50	-24.37	-	-	peak
3	199.2855	29.58	-9.72	19.86	43.50	-23.64	-	-	peak
4	323.3204	30.13	-6.23	23.90	46.00	-22.10	-	-	peak
5	605.6592	29.34	0.43	29.77	46.00	-16.23	-	-	peak
6	962.1623	29.46	2.54	32.00	54.00	-22.00	-	-	peak

802.11a(Worst case)			
Test Channel	5180MHz	Polarity:	Vertical



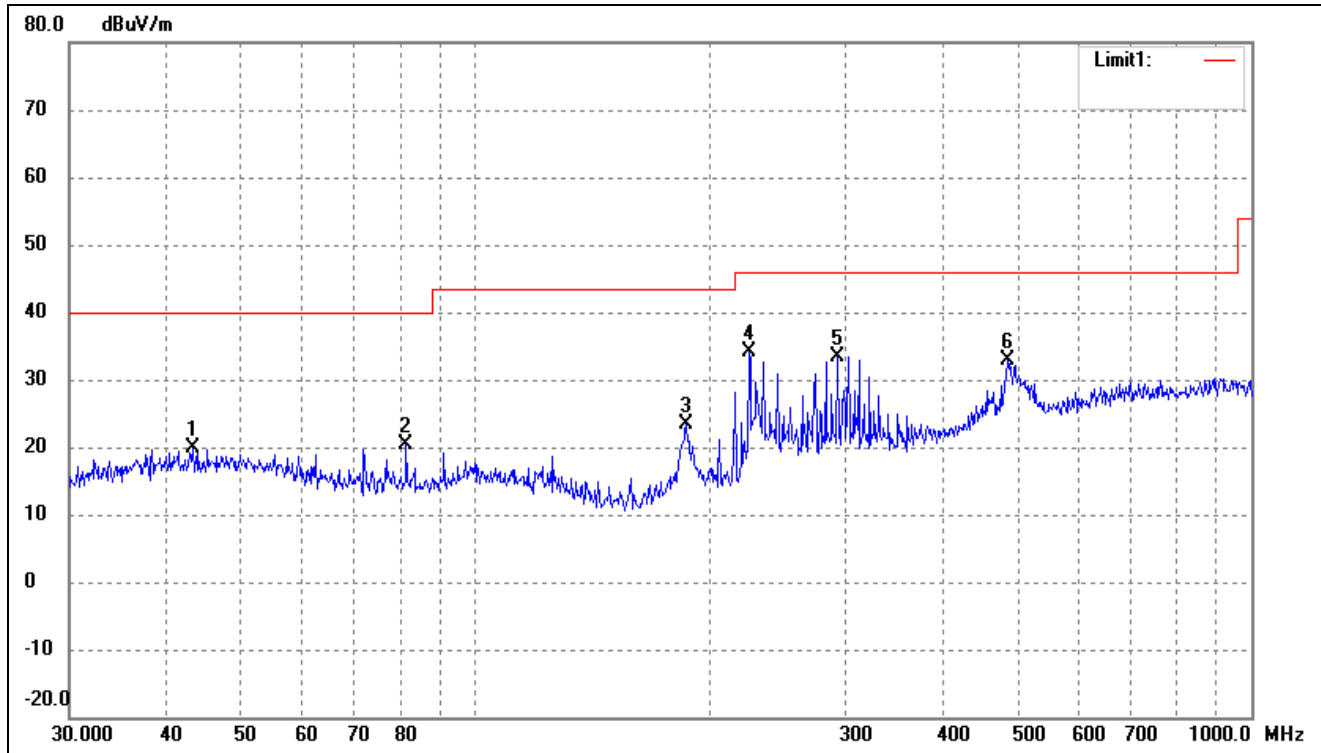
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct dB/m	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Degree ()	Height (cm)	Remark
1	40.4172	27.19	-6.99	20.20	40.00	-19.80	-	-	peak
2	81.4970	30.20	-10.72	19.48	40.00	-20.52	-	-	peak
3	225.3080	43.29	-9.00	34.29	46.00	-11.71	-	-	peak
4	302.4812	39.55	-6.89	32.66	46.00	-13.34	-	-	peak
5	485.6093	31.04	-1.67	29.37	46.00	-16.63	-	-	peak
6	903.3094	27.51	2.74	30.25	46.00	-15.75	-	-	peak

802.11a(Worst case)			
Test Channel	5200MHz	Polarity:	Horizontal



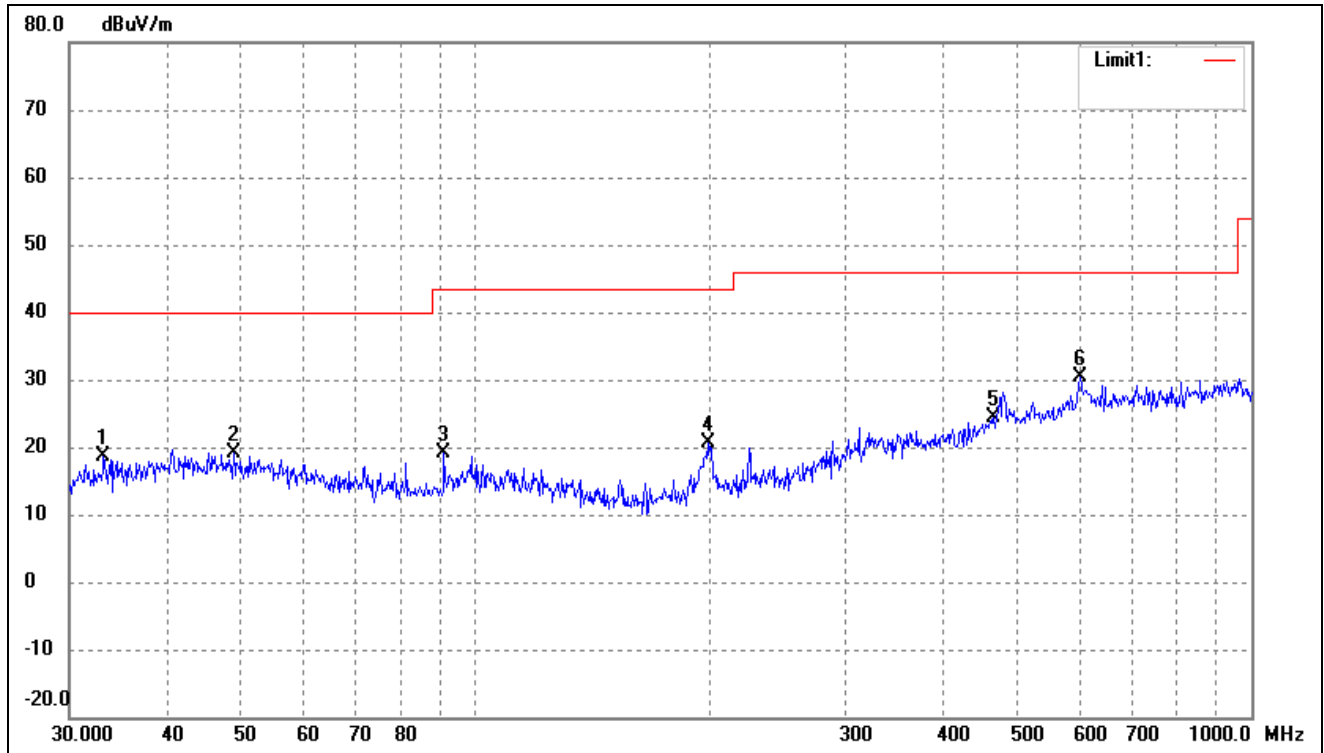
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Degree ()	Height (cm)	Remark
1	41.1320	27.61	-6.99	20.62	40.00	-19.38	-	-	peak
2	81.4970	30.65	-10.72	19.93	40.00	-20.07	-	-	peak
3	225.3080	29.93	-9.00	20.93	46.00	-25.07	-	-	peak
4	354.1831	28.78	-5.27	23.51	46.00	-22.49	-	-	peak
5	603.5392	29.19	0.41	29.60	46.00	-16.40	-	-	peak
6	866.0879	27.62	2.50	30.12	46.00	-15.88	-	-	peak

802.11a(Worst case)			
Test Channel	5200MHz	Polarity:	Vertical



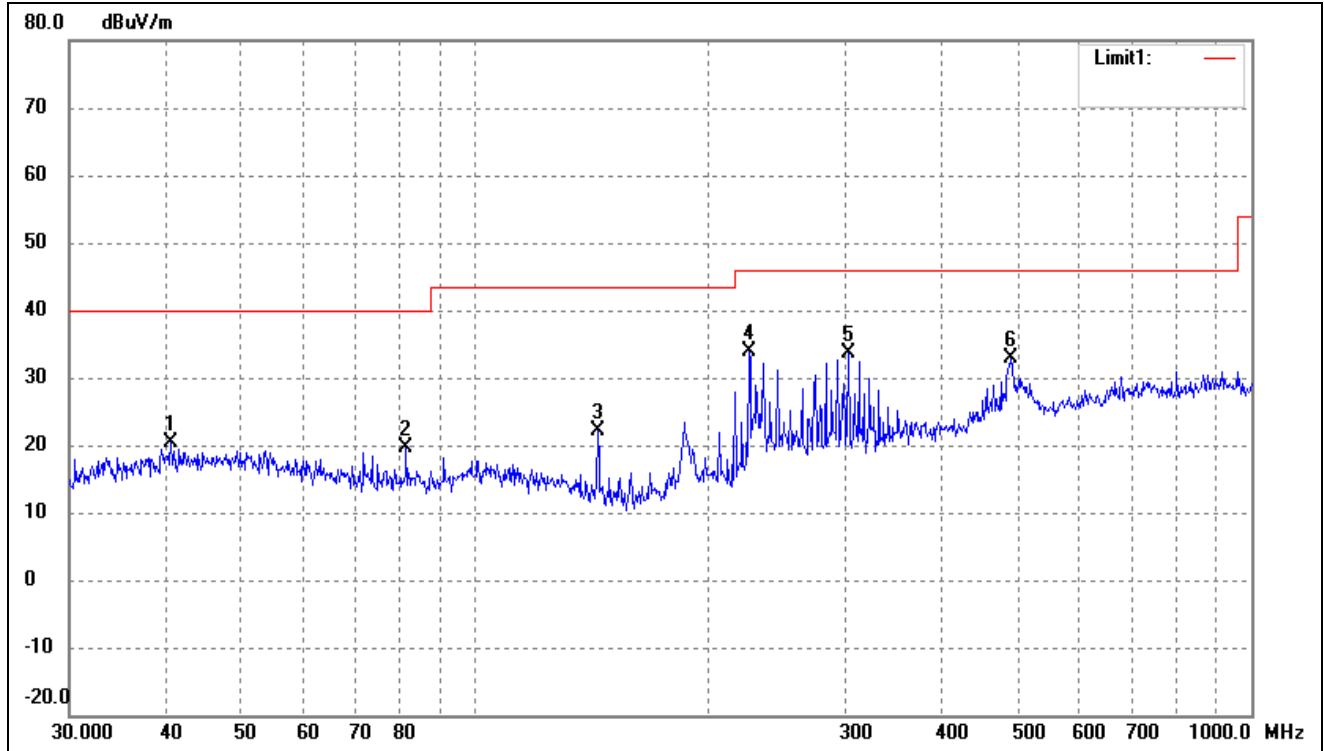
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct dB/m	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Degree ()	Height (cm)	Remark
1	43.2017	26.95	-7.00	19.95	40.00	-20.05	-	-	peak
2	81.4970	31.11	-10.72	20.39	40.00	-19.61	-	-	peak
3	187.0958	33.72	-10.40	23.32	43.50	-20.18	-	-	peak
4	225.3080	43.24	-9.00	34.24	46.00	-11.76	-	-	peak
5	293.0842	40.56	-7.14	33.42	46.00	-12.58	-	-	peak
6	485.6093	34.47	-1.67	32.80	46.00	-13.20	-	-	peak

802.11a(Worst case)			
Test Channel	5240MHz	Polarity:	Horizontal



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct dB/m	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Degree ()	Height (cm)	Remark
1	33.2112	27.29	-8.67	18.62	40.00	-21.38	-	-	peak
2	48.8429	26.08	-6.97	19.11	40.00	-20.89	-	-	peak
3	91.1746	29.46	-10.36	19.10	43.50	-24.40	-	-	peak
4	199.2855	30.23	-9.72	20.51	43.50	-22.99	-	-	peak
5	465.5994	26.54	-2.17	24.37	46.00	-21.63	-	-	peak
6	601.4265	29.97	0.39	30.36	46.00	-15.64	-	-	peak

802.11a(Worst case)			
Test Channel	5240MHz	Polarity:	Vertical

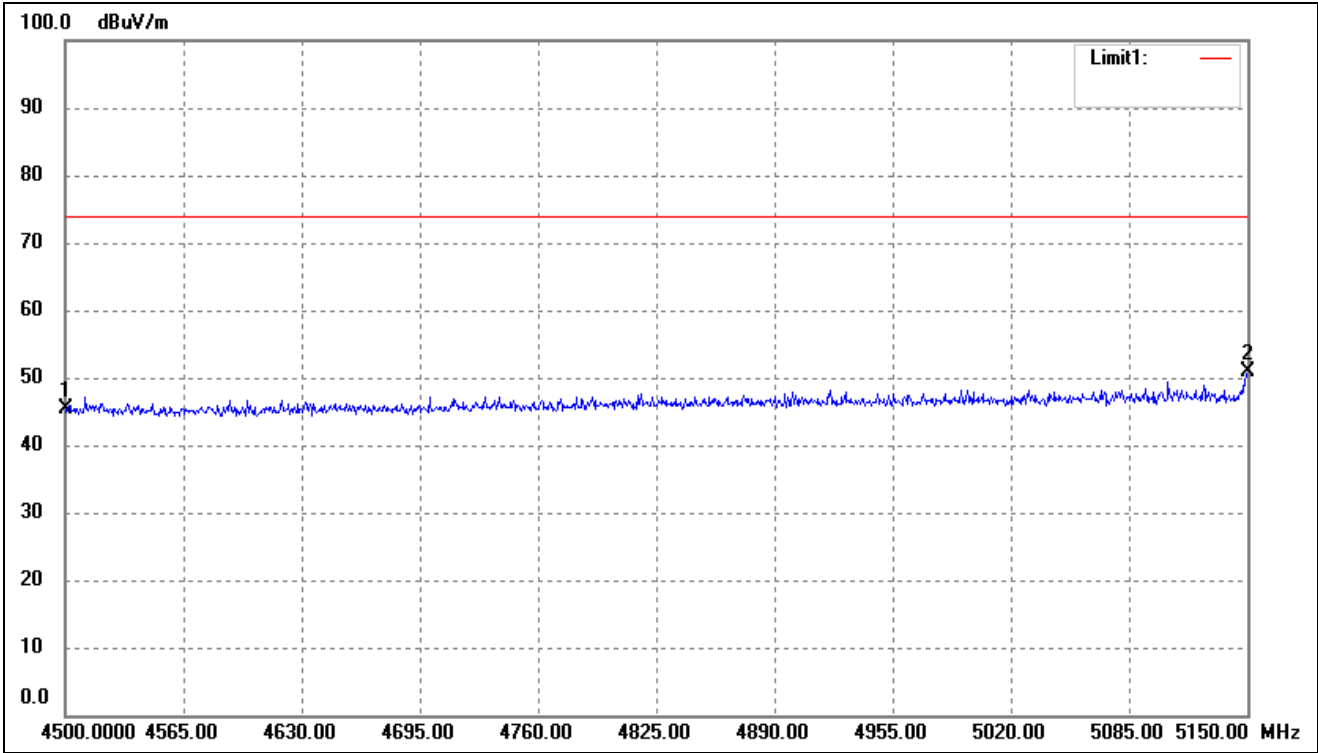


No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct dB/m	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Degree ()	Height (cm)	Remark
1	40.5591	27.38	-7.00	20.38	40.00	-19.62	-	-	peak
2	81.4970	30.28	-10.72	19.56	40.00	-20.44	-	-	peak
3	143.8295	34.47	-12.40	22.07	43.50	-21.43	-	-	peak
4	225.3080	43.00	-9.00	34.00	46.00	-12.00	-	-	peak
5	302.4812	40.59	-6.89	33.70	46.00	-12.30	-	-	peak
6	489.0269	34.35	-1.58	32.77	46.00	-13.23	-	-	peak

Remark: '-'Means' the test Degree and Height are not recorded by the test software and only show the worst case in the test report.

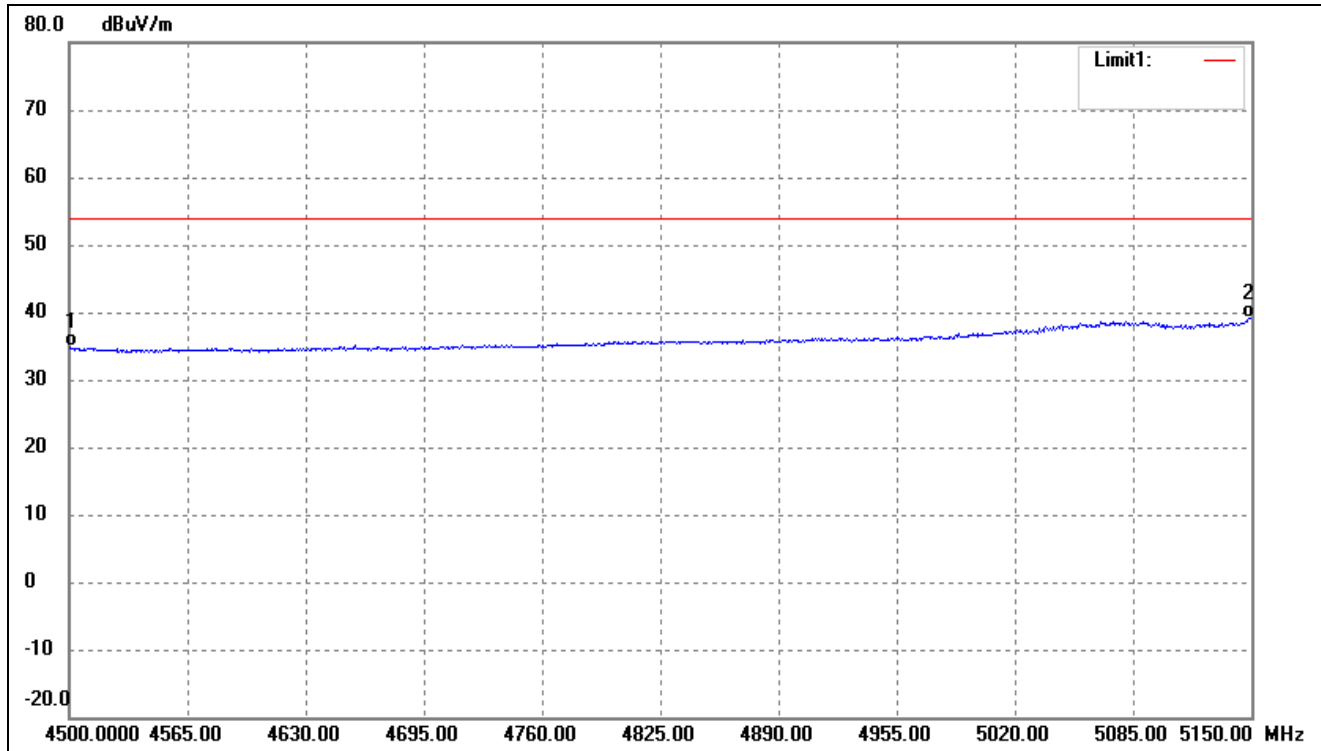
➤ Spurious Emission above 1GHz

802.11a- Restricted Bandedge (worst case)			
Test Channel	band 4.50-5.15GHz	Polarity:	Horizontal (worst case)



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct dB/m	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Degree ()	Height (cm)	Remark
1	4500.000	52.20	-6.92	45.28	74.00	-28.72	-	-	peak
2	5150.000	56.12	-5.33	50.79	74.00	-23.21	-	-	peak

802.11a- Restricted Bandedge (worst case)			
Test Channel	band 4.50-5.15GHz	Polarity:	Horizontal (worst case)



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct dB/m	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Degree ()	Height (cm)	Remark
1	4500.000	41.83	-6.92	34.91	54.00	-19.09	-	-	AVG
2	5150.000	44.42	-5.33	39.09	54.00	-14.91	-	-	AVG

Note: The Restricted Bandedge was tested in Horizontal /Vertical and the worst case position data was reported.

Remark: ' - 'Means' the test Degree and Height is not recorded by the test software and only show the worst case in the test report.

- For the frequency band 5.15-5.25GHz, 5.250-5.350GHz, 5.470-5.725GHz, 5.725-5.850GHz (802.11a)
- Harmonics And Spurious Emissions

Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Polar	Detector
(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	dB	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	H/V	
Low Channel (5180MHz)							
10360	58.96	7.11	66.07	74	-7.93	58.96	PK
15540	37.21	8.22	45.43	54	-8.57	37.21	AV
10360	57.62	7.11	64.73	74	-9.27	57.62	PK
15540	35.05	8.22	43.27	54	-10.73	35.05	AV
Middle Channel (5200MHz)							
10400	57.51	7.22	64.73	74	-9.27	57.51	PK
15600	36.37	8.67	45.04	54	-8.96	36.37	AV
10400	58.16	7.22	65.38	74	-8.62	58.16	PK
15600	34.55	8.67	43.22	54	-10.78	34.55	AV
High Channel (5240MHz)							
10480	57.38	7.69	65.07	74	-8.93	57.38	PK
15720	37.26	8.93	46.19	54	-7.81	37.26	AV
10480	57.03	7.22	64.25	74	-9.75	57.03	PK
15720	35.33	8.67	44.00	54	-10.00	35.33	AV

- Out of Band edge for 5150-5250MHz

Test CH.	Test Segment	Result	Limit
	MHz	dBm/MHz	dBm/MHz
Lowest	Below 5150	-33.05	-27
Highest	Above 5350	-44.22	-27
Note: the data just list the worst cases			

- For the frequency band 5.15-5.25GHz, 5.250-5.350GHz, 5.470-5.725GHz, 5.725-5.850GHz (802.11n HT20)
- Harmonics And Spurious Emissions

Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Polar	Detector
(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	dB	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	H/V	
Low Channel (5180MHz)							
10360	57.17	7.11	64.28	74	-9.72	H	PK
15540	36.06	8.22	44.28	54	-9.72	H	AV
10360	58.37	7.11	65.48	74	-8.52	V	PK
15540	33.75	8.22	41.97	54	-12.03	V	AV
Middle Channel (5200MHz)							
10400	57.17	7.22	64.39	74	-9.61	H	PK
15600	34.79	8.67	43.46	54	-10.54	H	AV
10400	57.55	7.22	64.77	74	-9.23	V	PK
15600	35.30	8.67	43.97	54	-10.03	V	AV
High Channel (5240MHz)							
10480	57.39	7.69	65.08	74	-8.92	H	PK
15720	35.94	8.93	44.87	54	-9.13	H	AV
10480	57.63	7.69	65.32	74	-8.68	V	PK
15720	34.93	8.93	43.86	54	-10.14	V	AV

- Out of Band edge 5150-5250MHz

Test CH.	Test Segment	Result	Limit
	MHz	dBm/MHz	dBm/MHz
Lowest	Below 5150	-31.20	-27
Highest	Above 5350	-40.10	-27
Note: the data just list the worst cases			

Note: this EUT was tested in the low, high channel and the worst case position data was reported.

- For the frequency band 5.15-5.25GHz, 5.250-5.350GHz, 5.470-5.725GHz, 5.725-5.850GHz (802.11n HT40)
- Harmonics And Spurious Emissions

Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Polar	Detector
(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	dB	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	H/V	
Low Channel (5190MHz)							
10380	56.23	7.25	63.48	74	-10.52	H	PK
15570	36.38	8.33	44.71	54	-9.29	H	AV
10380	58.54	7.25	65.79	74	-8.21	V	PK
15570	35.49	8.33	43.82	54	-10.18	V	AV
High Channel (5230MHz)							
10460	57.52	7.54	65.06	74	-8.94	H	PK
15690	37.42	8.86	46.28	54	-7.72	H	AV
10460	56.81	7.54	64.35	74	-9.65	V	PK
15690	36.67	8.86	45.53	54	-8.47	V	AV

- Out of Band edge for 5150-5250MHz

Test CH.	Test Segment	Result	Limit
	MHz	dBm/MHz	dBm/MHz
Lowest	Below 5150	-35.85	-27
Highest	Above 5350	-40.74	-27
Note: the data just list the worst cases			

- For the frequency band 5.15-5.25GHz, 5.250-5.350GHz, 5.470-5.725GHz, 5.725-5.850GHz (802.11ac VH80)
- Harmonics And Spurious Emissions

Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Polar	Detector
(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	dB	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	H/V	
5210MHz							
10420	57.70	7.33	65.03	74	-8.97	H	PK
15630	36.28	8.75	45.03	54	-8.97	H	AV
10420	54.45	7.33	61.78	74	-12.22	H	PK
15630	33.96	8.75	42.71	54	-11.29	H	AV

- Out of Band edge for 5150-5250MHz

Test CH.	Test Segment	Result	Limit
	MHz	dBm/MHz	dBm/MHz
Lowest	Below 5150	-32.11	-27
Highest	Above 5350	-36.73	-27
Note: the data just list the worst cases			

Note: Testing is carried out with frequency rang 9kHz to the tenth harmonics, other than listed in the table above are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.

9. Frequency Stability

9.1 Standard Applicable

According to §15.407(g), manufacturers of U-NII devices are responsible for ensuring frequency stability such that an emission is maintained within the band of operation under all conditions of normal operation as specified in the users manual.

9.2 Test Procedure

According to §2.1055, the following test procedure was performed.

The Frequency Stability is measured directly with a Frequency Domain Analyzer. Frequency Deviation in ppm is calculated from the measured peak to peak value.

The Carrier Frequency Stability over Power Supply Voltage and over Temperature is measured with a Frequency Domain Analyzer in histogram mode.

9.3 Summary of Test Results/Plots

Please refer to Appendix D

10. Conducted Emissions

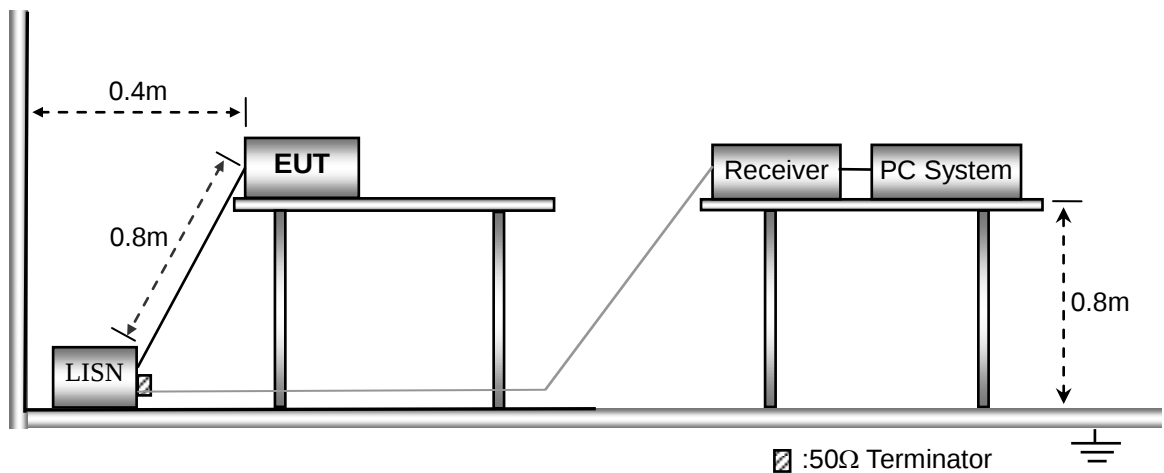
10.1 Test Procedure

The setup of EUT is according with per ANSI C63.10-2013 measurement procedure. The specification used was with the FCC Part 15.207 Limit.

The external I/O cables were draped along the test table and formed a bundle 30 to 40cm long in the middle.

The spacing between the peripherals was 10cm.

10.2 Basic Test Setup Block Diagram



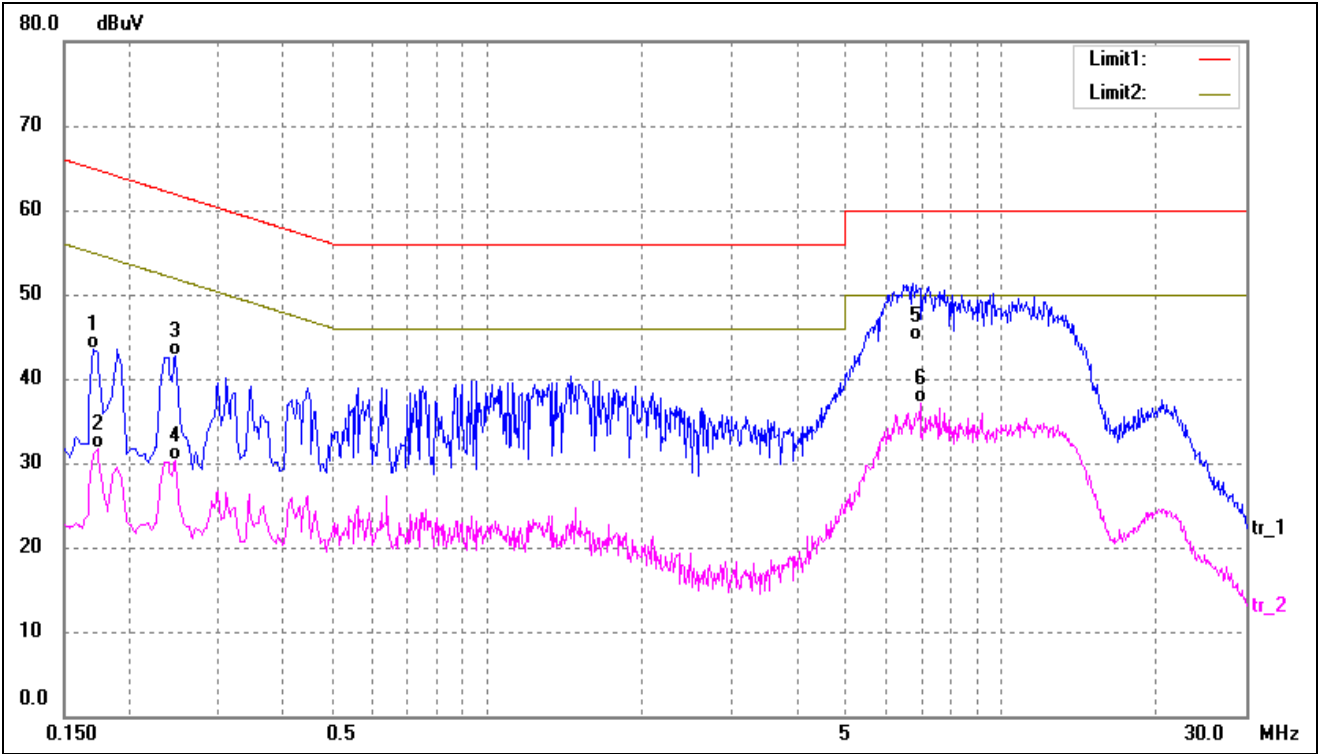
10.3 Test Receiver Setup

During the conducted emission test, the test receiver was set with the following configurations:

Start Frequency	150kHz
Stop Frequency	30MHz
Sweep Speed	Auto
IF Bandwidth.....	10kHz
Quasi-Peak Adapter Bandwidth	9kHz
Quasi-Peak Adapter Mode	Normal

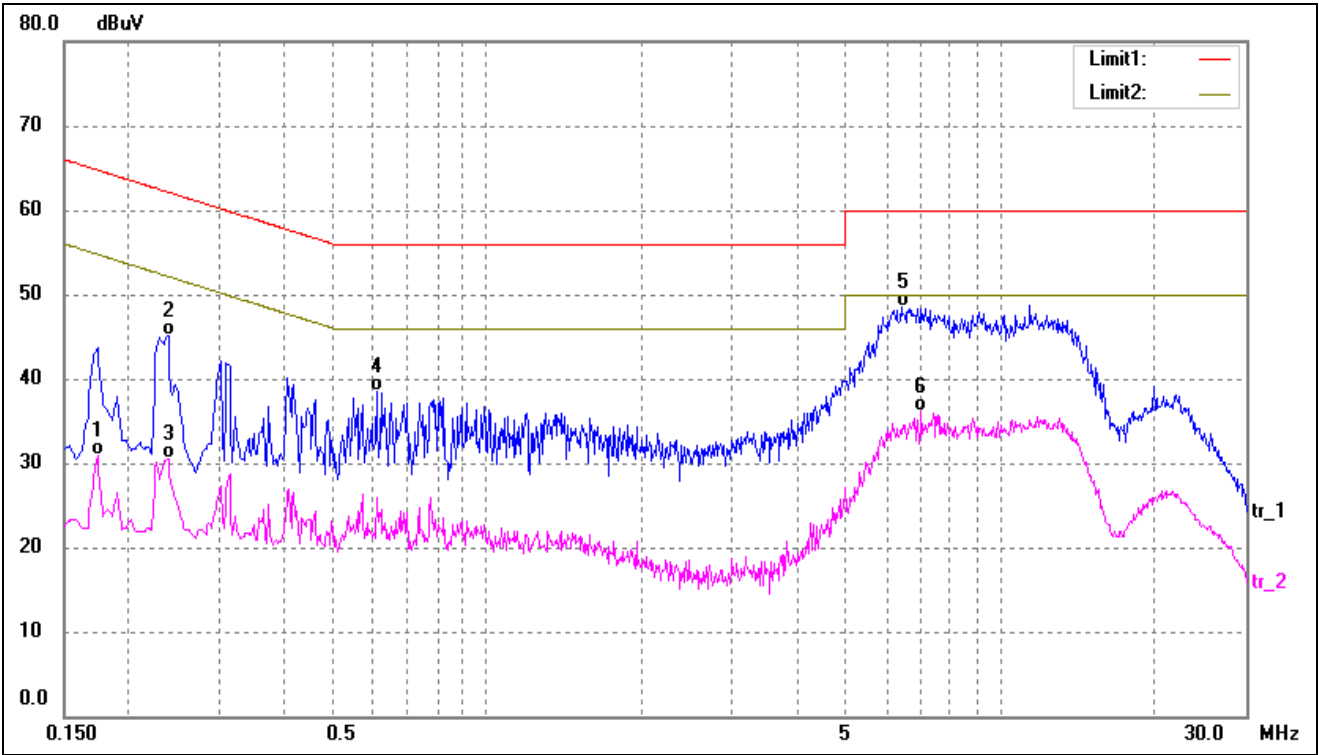
10.4 Summary of Test Results/Plots

Test Mode	Communication	AC120V 60Hz	Polarity:	Neutral
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No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correct (dB)	Result (dBuV)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Detector
1	0.1700	33.15	10.37	43.52	64.96	-21.44	QP
2	0.1740	21.26	10.37	31.63	54.77	-23.14	AVG
3	0.2460	32.27	10.35	42.62	61.89	-19.27	QP
4	0.2460	19.92	10.35	30.27	51.89	-21.62	AVG
5	6.7540	34.62	9.95	44.57	60.00	-15.43	QP
6*	6.9700	27.20	9.95	37.15	50.00	-12.85	AVG

Test Mode	Communication	AC120V 60Hz	Polarity:	Line
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No.	Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Detector
	(MHz)	(dBuV)	(dB)	(dBuV)	(dBuV)	(dB)	
1	0.1740	20.63	10.37	31.00	54.77	-23.77	AVG
2	0.2380	34.77	10.36	45.13	62.17	-17.04	QP
3	0.2380	20.14	10.36	30.50	52.17	-21.67	AVG
4	0.6100	28.22	10.33	38.55	56.00	-17.45	QP
5*	6.3940	38.58	9.96	48.54	60.00	-11.46	QP
6	7.0180	26.13	9.95	36.08	50.00	-13.92	AVG

APPENDIX SUMMARY

Project No.	WTX21X12142768W	Test Engineer	BAIdi
Start date	2021/12/31	Finish date	2021/12/31
Temperature	23℃	Humidity	45%
RF specifications	U-NII		

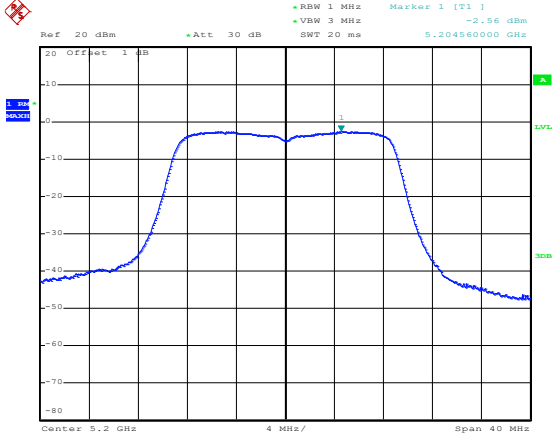
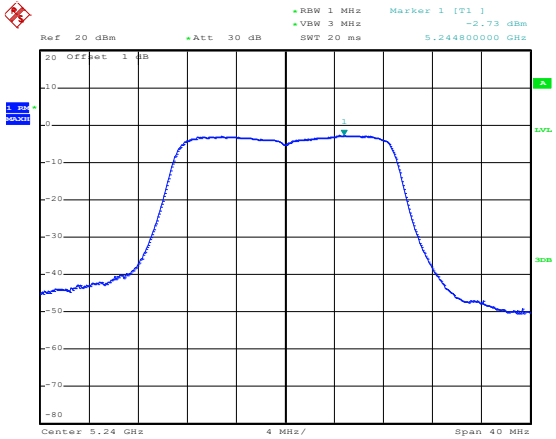
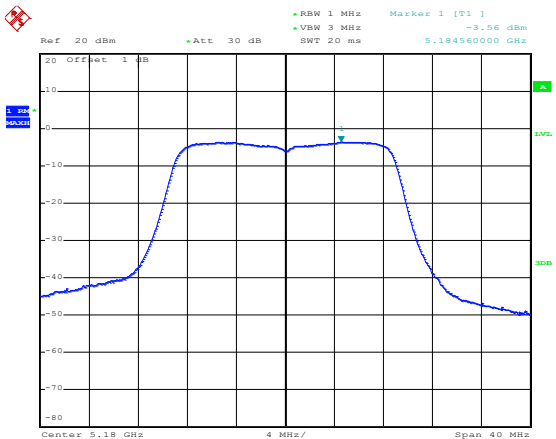
APPENDIX	Description of Test Item	Result
A	Power Spectral Density	Compliant
B	Emission Bandwidth and Occupied Bandwidth	Compliant
C	Maximum Conducted Output Power	Compliant
D	Frequency Stability	Compliant

APPENDIX A

Power Spectral Density			
U-NII-1:5150-5250MHz			
Operating mode	Test Channel	Power Spectral Density dBm/MHz	Limit (dBm/MHz)
802.11a	5180	-3.85	11
	5200	-2.56	11
	5240	-2.73	11
802.11n-HT20	5180	-3.56	11
	5200	-2.53	11
	5240	-2.85	11
802.11n-HT40	5190	-8.75	11
	5230	-4.84	11
802.11ac-HT80	5210	-11.46	11

5150-5250MHz

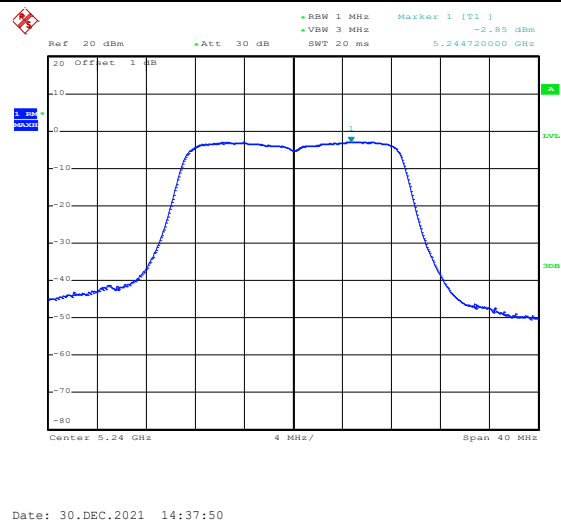


802.11a-Middle	 Date: 30.DEC.2021 14:35:26
802.11a-High	 Date: 30.DEC.2021 14:35:59
802.11n-HT20-Low	 Date: 30.DEC.2021 14:36:54

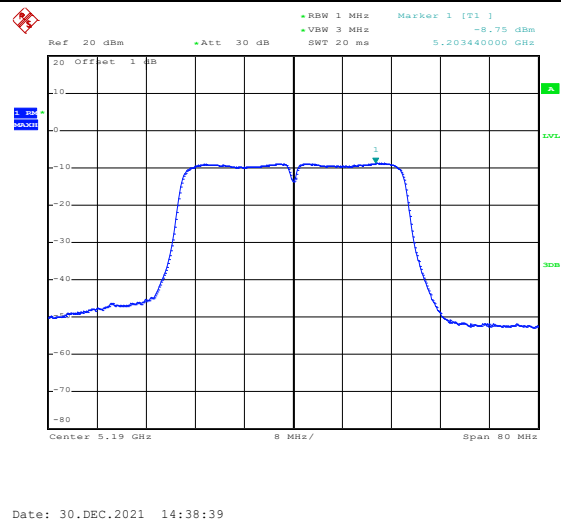
802.11n-HT20-Middle

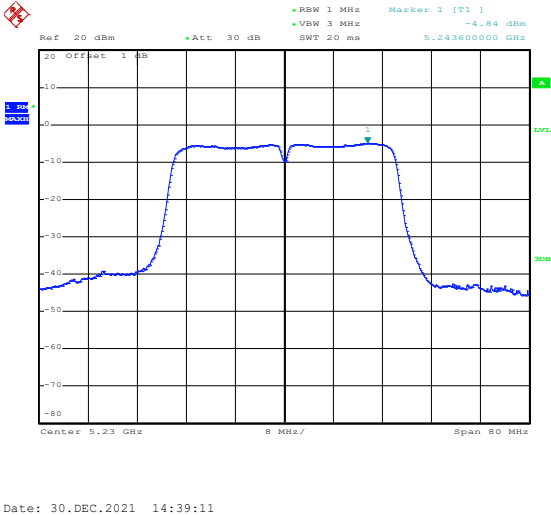
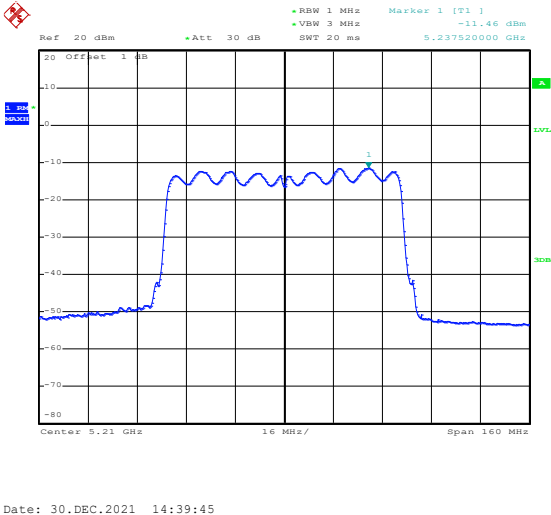


802.11n-HT20-High



802.11n-HT40-Low



802.11n-HT40-High	 Ref: 20 dBm Att: 30 dB RBW: 1 MHz VBW: 3 MHz SWT: 20 ms Marker 1 [T1]: -4.84 dBm 5.24360000 GHz Center: 5.23 GHz 8 MHz/ Span: 80 MHz Date: 30.DEC.2021 14:39:11
802.11ac-HT80-Low	 Ref: 20 dBm Att: 30 dB RBW: 1 MHz VBW: 3 MHz SWT: 20 ms Marker 1 [T1]: -11.46 dBm 5.237520000 GHz Center: 5.21 GHz 16 MHz/ Span: 160 MHz Date: 30.DEC.2021 14:39:45

APPENDIX B

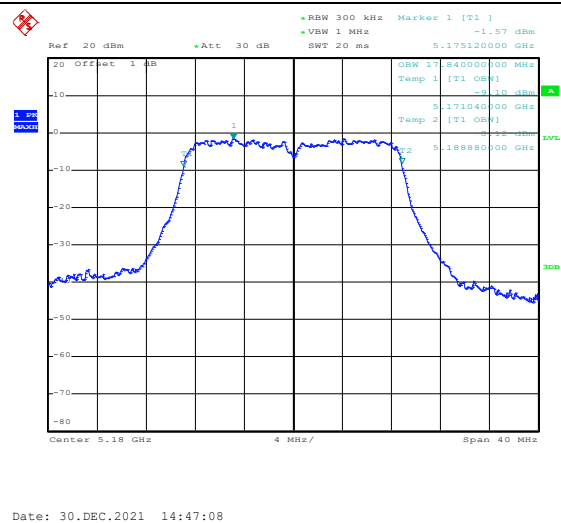
Emission Bandwidth and Occupied Bandwidth

U-NII-1:5150-5250MHz				
Test Mode	Test Channel MHz	26 dB Bandwidth MHz	99% Bandwidth MHz	Limit MHz
802.11a	5180	20.08	17.84	Pass
	5200	20.08	17.84	Pass
	5240	20.08	17.76	Pass
802.11n-HT20	5180	20.56	17.84	Pass
	5200	20.56	17.84	Pass
	5240	20.40	17.84	Pass
802.11n-HT40	5190	40.00	36.16	Pass
	5230	40.16	36.16	Pass
802.11ac-HT80	5210	79.36	75.84	Pass

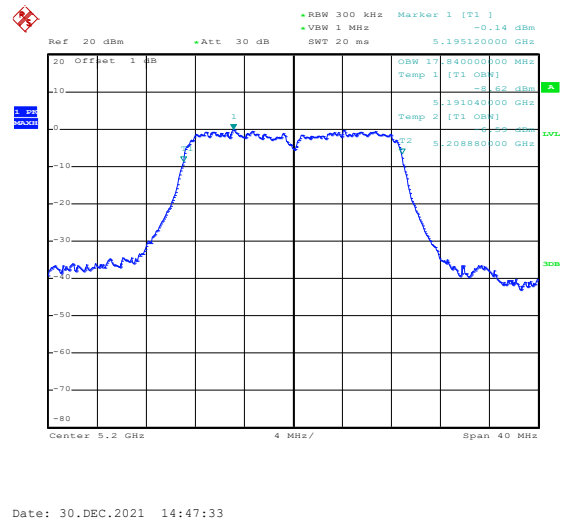
5150-5250MHz 99% Bandwidth

802.11a-Low	Date: 30.DEC.2021 14:45:21
802.11a-Middle	Date: 30.DEC.2021 14:46:09
802.11a-High	Date: 30.DEC.2021 14:46:29

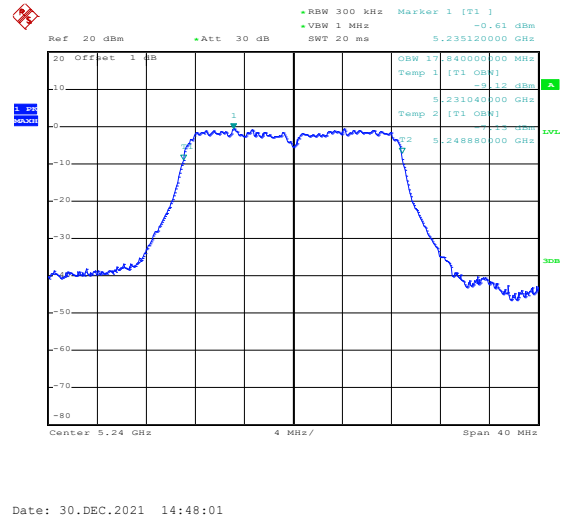
802.11n-HT20-Low

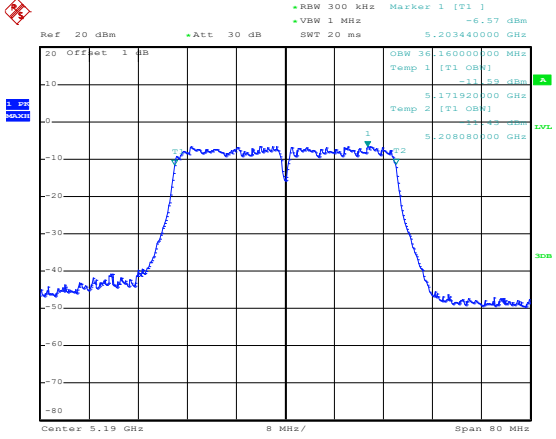
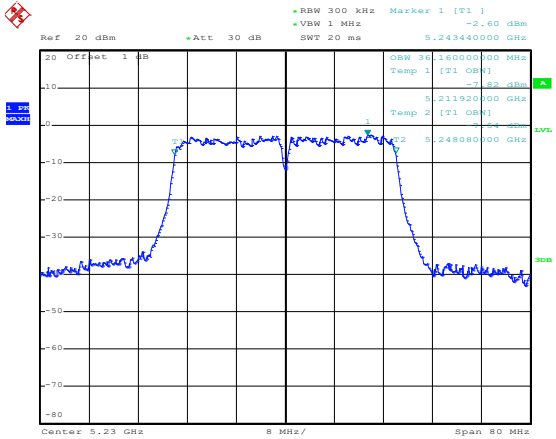
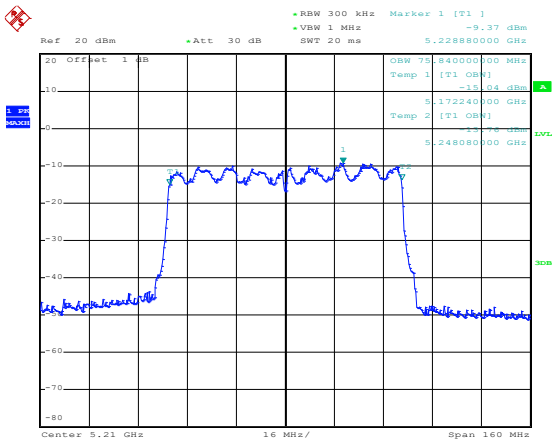


802.11n-HT20-Middle

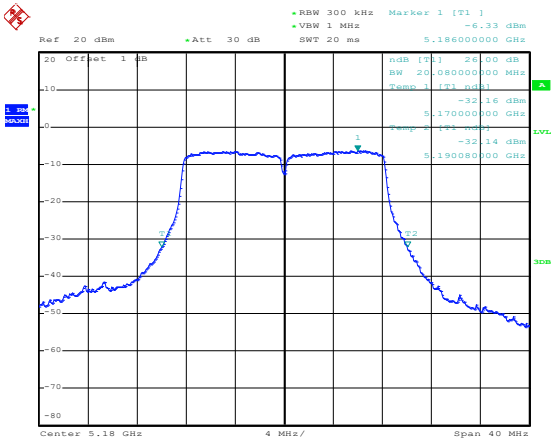
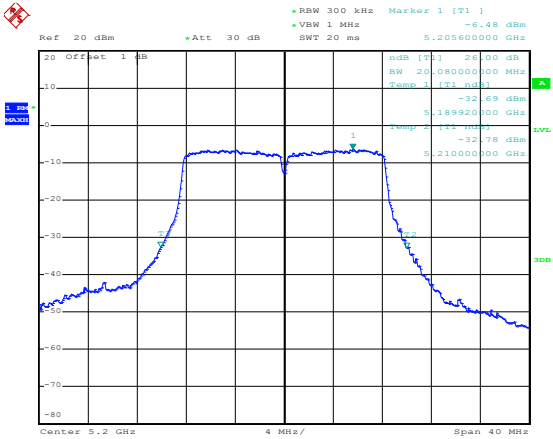
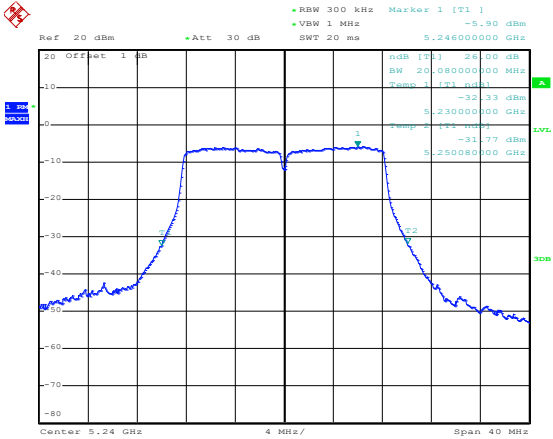


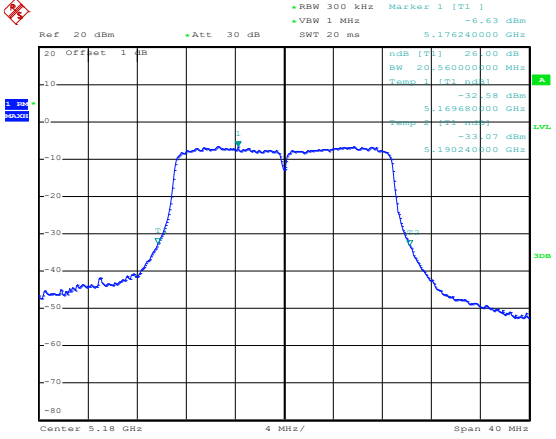
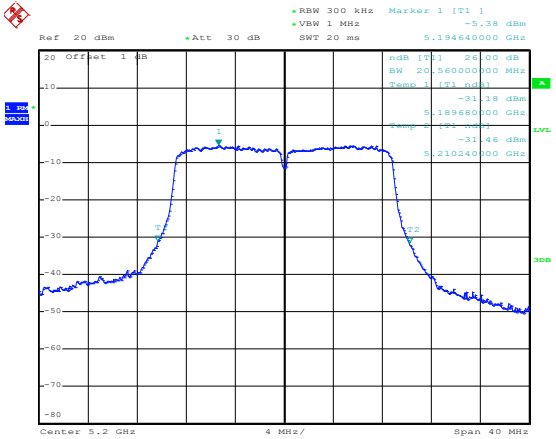
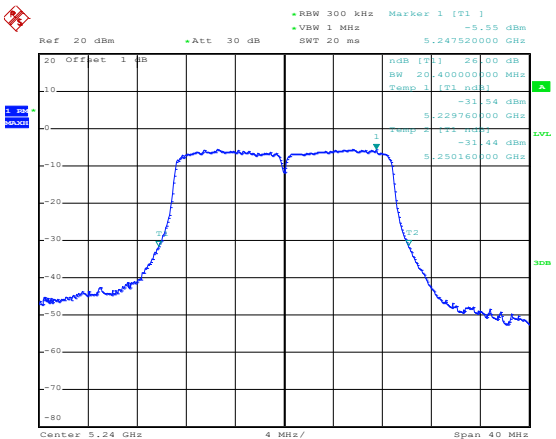
802.11n-HT20-High

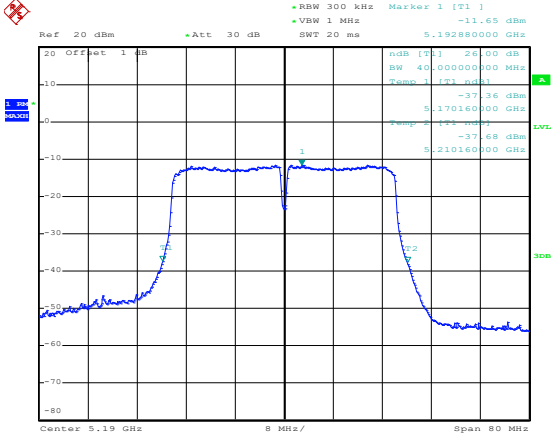
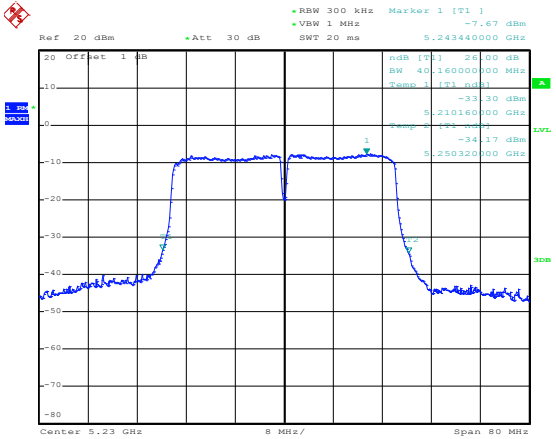
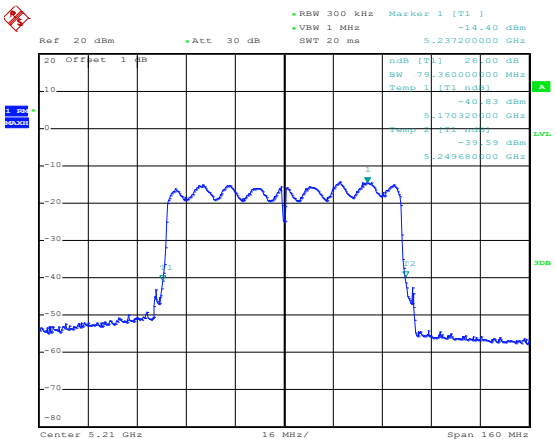


802.11n-HT40-Low	 Date: 30.DEC.2021 14:48:34
802.11n-HT40-High	 Date: 30.DEC.2021 14:48:55
802.11ac-HT80-Low	 Date: 30.DEC.2021 14:49:28

5150-5250MHz 26 dB Bandwidth

802.11a-Low	 Ref 20 dBm Att 30 dB RBW 300 kHz VBW 1 MHz SWT 20 ms Marker 1 [T1] -26.00 dBm ndB [T1] -26.00 dBm BW 20.08000000 MHz Temp 1 [T1] -32.16 dBm Temp 2 [T2] -32.14 dBm 5.170000000 GHz 5.180000000 GHz Center 5.18 GHz 4 MHz/ Span 40 MHz Date: 31.DEC.2021 11:44:11
802.11a-Middle	 Ref 20 dBm Att 30 dB RBW 300 kHz VBW 1 MHz SWT 20 ms Marker 1 [T1] -26.00 dBm ndB [T1] -26.00 dBm BW 20.08000000 MHz Temp 1 [T1] -32.69 dBm Temp 2 [T2] -32.78 dBm 5.189920000 GHz 5.210000000 GHz Center 5.2 GHz 4 MHz/ Span 40 MHz Date: 31.DEC.2021 11:44:49
802.11a-High	 Ref 20 dBm Att 30 dB RBW 300 kHz VBW 1 MHz SWT 20 ms Marker 1 [T1] -26.00 dBm ndB [T1] -26.00 dBm BW 20.08000000 MHz Temp 1 [T1] -32.33 dBm Temp 2 [T2] -31.77 dBm 5.230000000 GHz 5.250000000 GHz Center 5.24 GHz 4 MHz/ Span 40 MHz Date: 31.DEC.2021 11:45:23

802.11n-HT20-Low	 Ref 20 dBm •Att 30 dB •RBW 300 kHz Marker 1 [T1] -6.63 dBm •VBW 1 MHz SWT 20 ms 5.176240000 GHz 20 Offset 1 dB n dB [T1] -32.58 dBm BW 20.560000000 MHz Temp 1 [T1] n dBm 5.169680000 GHz Temp 2 [T2] n dBm -33.07 dBm 5.190240000 GHz Center 5.18 GHz 4 MHz/ Span 40 MHz Date: 31.DEC.2021 11:40:00
802.11n-HT20-Middle	 Ref 20 dBm •Att 30 dB •RBW 300 kHz Marker 1 [T1] -5.38 dBm •VBW 1 MHz SWT 20 ms 5.194640000 GHz 20 Offset 1 dB n dB [T1] -31.18 dBm BW 20.560000000 MHz Temp 1 [T1] n dBm 5.189680000 GHz Temp 2 [T2] n dBm -31.46 dBm 5.210240000 GHz Center 5.2 GHz 4 MHz/ Span 40 MHz Date: 31.DEC.2021 11:40:23
802.11n-HT20-High	 Ref 20 dBm •Att 30 dB •RBW 300 kHz Marker 1 [T1] -5.55 dBm •VBW 1 MHz SWT 20 ms 5.247520000 GHz 20 Offset 1 dB n dB [T1] -31.54 dBm BW 20.400000000 MHz Temp 1 [T1] n dBm 5.229760000 GHz Temp 2 [T2] n dBm -31.44 dBm 5.250160000 GHz Center 5.24 GHz 4 MHz/ Span 40 MHz Date: 31.DEC.2021 11:41:09

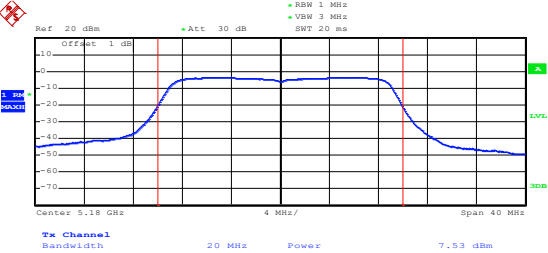
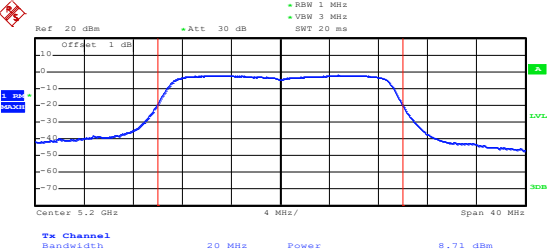
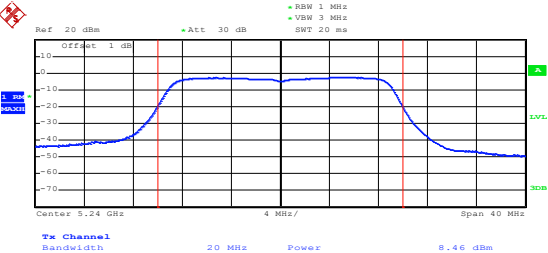
802.11n-HT40-Low	 Ref 20 dBm Att 30 dB RBW 300 kHz Marker 1 [T1] -11.65 dBm VBW 1 MHz SWT 20 ms 5.192880000 GHz Center 5.19 GHz 8 MHz/ Span 80 MHz Date: 31.DEC.2021 11:42:11
802.11n-HT40-High	 Ref 20 dBm Att 30 dB RBW 300 kHz Marker 1 [T1] -7.67 dBm VBW 1 MHz SWT 20 ms 5.243440000 GHz Center 5.23 GHz 8 MHz/ Span 80 MHz Date: 31.DEC.2021 11:42:48
802.11ac-HT80-Low	 Ref 20 dBm Att 30 dB RBW 300 kHz Marker 1 [T1] -14.40 dBm VBW 1 MHz SWT 20 ms 5.237200000 GHz Center 5.21 GHz 16 MHz/ Span 160 MHz Date: 31.DEC.2021 11:43:25

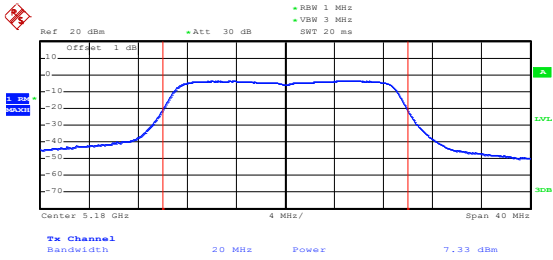
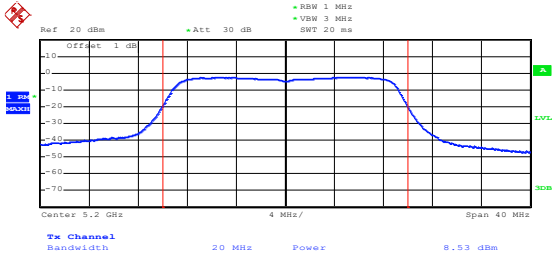
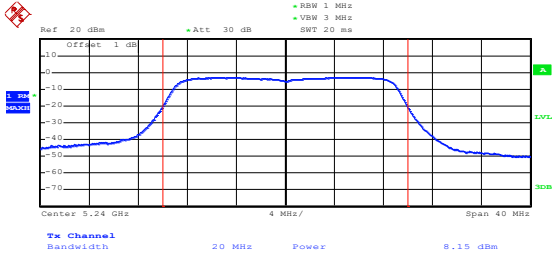
APPENDIX C

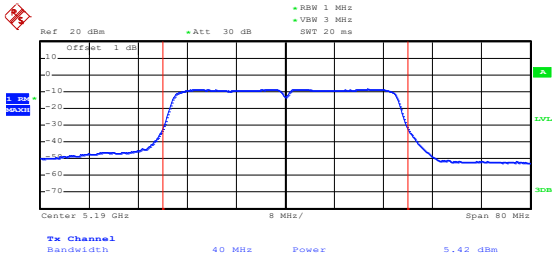
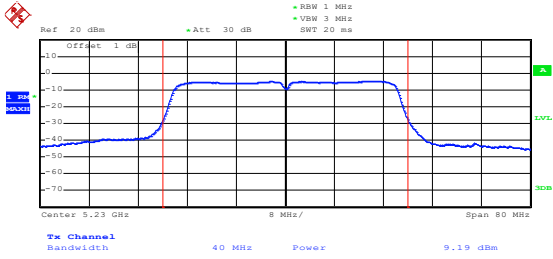
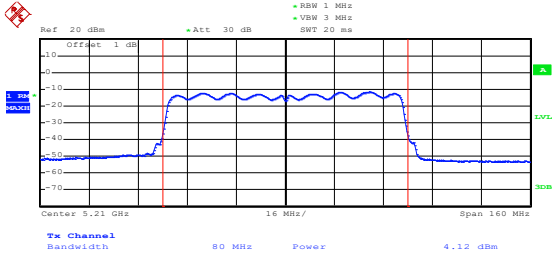
Maximum Conducted Output Power

U-NII-1:5150-5250MHz			
Test mode	Frequency MHz	Output Power dBm	Limit dBm
802.11a	5180	7.53	23.98
	5200	8.71	23.98
	5240	8.46	23.98
802.11n-HT20	5180	7.33	23.98
	5200	8.53	23.98
	5240	8.15	23.98
802.11n-HT40	5190	5.42	23.98
	5230	9.19	23.98
802.11ac VH80	5210	4.12	23.98

5150-5250MHz

802.11a-Low	 Date: 30.DEC.2021 14:24:02
802.11a-Middle	 Date: 30.DEC.2021 14:24:29
802.11a-High	 Date: 30.DEC.2021 14:25:49

802.11n-HT20-Low	 Date: 30.DEC.2021 14:27:44
802.11n-HT20-Middle	 Date: 30.DEC.2021 14:28:16
802.11n-HT20-High	 Date: 30.DEC.2021 14:28:44

802.11n-HT40-Low	 Date: 30.DEC.2021 14:29:51
802.11n-HT40-High	 Date: 30.DEC.2021 14:30:20
802.11ac-HT80-Low	 Date: 30.DEC.2021 14:32:15

APPENDIX D

Frequency Stability

U-NII-1:5150-5250MHz worst case at 802.11a middle channel				
Voltage(%)	Power(VDC)	TEMP(°C)	Freq.Dev(Hz)	Deviation
100%	7.6	-30	1592	0.3049
100%		-20	1586	0.3039
100%		-10	1593	0.3051
100%		0	1591	0.3047
100%		+10	1596	0.3058
100%		+20	1589	0.3045
100%		+30	1585	0.3036
100%		+40	1585	0.3036
100%		+50	1589	0.3044
Low Battery power	8.36	+20	1592	0.3049
High Battery power	6.84	+20	1586	0.3039

APPENDIXPHOTOGRAPHS

Please refer to “ANNEX”

******* END OF REPORT *******