SAR TEST REPORT

Reference No.	:	WTS17S1194670E
FCC ID.....	:	2AC7IEKOOQ60
Applicant	:	Interglobe Connection Corp
Address	:	8228 NW 30th Terrace, Doral, Florida, United States
Manufacturer	:	The same as above
Address	:	The same as above
Product.....	:	Smart phone
Model(s).....	:	Omega LTE Q60
Brand Name.	:	EKO
Standards.....	:	FCC 47 CFR Part2(2.1093) ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2006 IEEE 1528-2013 & Published RF Exposure KDB Procedures
Date of Receipt sample....	:	2017-11-13
Date of Test.....	:	2017-11-20 to 2017-11-22
Date of Issue	:	2017-12-05
Test Result	**:**	**Pass**

Remarks:
The results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested, this test report cannot be reproduced, except in full, without prior written permission of the company. The report would be invalid without specific stamp of test institute and the signatures of compiler and approver.

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2 Laboratories Introduction

Waltek Services Test Group Ltd. is one of the largest and the most comprehensive third party testing organizations in China, our headquarter located in Shenzhen (CNAS Registration No. L3110, A2LA Certificate Number: 4243.01) and have branches in Foshan (CNAS Registration No. L6478), Dongguan (CNAS Registration No. L9950), Zhongshan, Suzhou (CNAS Registration No. L7754), Ningbo and Hong Kong, Our test capability covered four large fields: safety test. Electronic Magnetic Compatibility(EMC), reliability and energy performance, Chemical test. Meanwhile, Waltek has got recognition as registration and accreditation laboratory from EMSD (Electrical and Mechanical Services Department), and American Energy star, FCC(The Federal Communications Commission), CPSC(Consumer Product Safety Commission), CEC(California energy efficiency), IC(Industry Canada) and ELI(Efficient Lighting Initiative). It's the strategic partner and data recognition laboratory of international authoritative organizations, such as UL, Intertek(ETL-SEMKO), CSA, TÜV Rheinland, TÜV SÜD, etc. As a professional, comprehensive, justice international test organization, we still keep the scientific and rigorous work attitude to help each client satisfy the international standards and assist their product enter into globe market smoothly.

Waltek Services (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.

A. Accreditations for Conformity Assessment (International)

Country/Region	Accreditation Body	Scope	Note
USA	**CNAS (Registration No.: L3110) A2LA (Certificate No.: 4243.01)**	FCC ID \ DOC \ VOC	1
Canada		IC ID \ VOC	2
Japan		MIC-T \ MIC-R	-
Europe		EMCD \ RED	-
Taiwan		NCC	-
Hong Kong		OFCA	-
Australia		RCM	-
India	**International Services**	WPC	-
Thailand		NTC	-
Singapore		IDA	-
Note: 1. FCC Designation No.: CN1201. Test Firm Registration No.: 523476. 2. IC Canada Registration No.: 7760A			

B. TCBs and Notify Bodies Recognized Testing Laboratory.

Recognized Testing Laboratory of …	Notify body number
TUV Rheinland	Optional.
Intertek	
TUV SUD	

SGS	
Phoenix Testlab GmbH	0700
Element Materials Technology Warwick Ltd	0891
Timco Engineering, Inc.	1177
Eurofins Product Service GmbH	0681

3 Contents

Page

1 COVER PAGE 1

2 LABORATORIES INTRODUCTION 2

3 CONTENTS 4

4 REVISION HISTORY 5

5 GENERAL INFORMATION 6

5.1 GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF E.U.T. 6
5.2 DETAILS OF E.U.T. 6

6 EQUIPMENT USED DURING TEST 8

6.1 EQUIPMENT LIST 8
6.2 TEST EQUIPMENT CALIBRATION 8

7 SAR INTRODUCTION 9

7.1 INTRODUCTION 9
7.2 SAR DEFINITION 9

8 SAR MEASUREMENT SETUP 10

9 EXPOSURE LIMIT 20

10 SYSTEM AND LIQUID VALIDATION 21

10.1 SYSTEM VALIDATION 21
10.2 LIQUID VALIDATION 23

11 TYPE A MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY 34

12 OUTPUT POWER VERIFICATION 37

13 EXPOSURE CONDITIONS CONSIDERATION 54

14 SAR TEST RESULTS 56

15 SAR MEASUREMENT REFERENCE 69

MAXIMUM SAR MEASUREMENT PLOTS 70

16 CALIBRATION REPORTS-PROBE AND DIPOLE 86

17 RE-CALIBRATION FOR DIPOLE 142

18 SAR SYSTEM PHOTOS 150

19 SETUP PHOTOS 151

20 EUT PHOTOS 153

4 Revision History

Test report No.	Date of Receipt sample	Date of Test	Date of Issue	Purpose	Comment	Approved
WTS17S1194670E	2017-11-13	2017-11-20 to 2017-11-22	2017-12-05	original	-	Valid

5 General Information

5.1 General Description of E.U.T.

Product:	Smart Phone
Model(s):	Omega LTE Q60
Model Description:	N/A
GSM Band(s):	GSM 850/900/1800/1900MHz
GPRS/EGPRS Class:	12
WCDMA Band(s):	FDD Band II/IV/V
LTE Band(s):	FDD Band 4/7
Wi-Fi Specification:	2.4G-802.11b/g/n HT20/n HT40
Bluetooth Version:	Bluetooth v4.0 with BLE
GPS:	Support
NFC:	N/A
Hardware Version:	D6S_03_C00SEA
Software Version:	EKO OMEGA LTE Q60_CA_V1.0
Note:	This EUT has two SIM card slots, and use same one RF module. We found that RF parameters are the same, when we insert the card 1 and card 2. So we usually performed the test under main card slot 1.

5.2 Details of E.U.T.

Operation Frequency:	GSM/GPRS/EDGE 850: 824~849MHz PCS/GPRS/EDGE 1900: 1850~1910MHz WCDMA Band II: 1850~1910MHz WCDMA Band V: 824~849MHz WCDMA Band IV:1710~1755MHz LTE Band 4: 1710~1755MHz LTE Band 7: 2500-2570MHz WiFi: 802.11b/g/n HT20: 2412~2462MHz 802.11n HT40: 2422~2452MHz Bluetooth: 2402~2480MHz
Max. RF output power:	GSM 850: 32.71dBm PCS1900: 29.82dBm WCDMA Band II: 22.88dBm WCDMA Band V: 22.55dBm WCDMA Band IV: 22.68dBm LTE Band 4: 21.87dBm

	LTE Band 7: 21.92dBm
	WiFi(2.4G): 9.43dBm
	Bluetooth: 3.06dBm
Max.SAR:	0.73 W/Kg 1g Head SAR Tissue
	0.84 W/Kg 1g Body SAR Tissue
Max Simultaneous SAR	0.99 W/Kg（hotspot）
Type of Modulation:	GSM,GPRS: GMSK
	EDGE: GMSK, 8PSK
	WCDMA: BPSK
	LTE: QPSK, 16QAM
	WiFi: CCK, OFDM
	Bluetooth: GFSK, Pi/4 DQPSK,8DPSK
Antenna installation	GSM/WCDMA/LTE: internal permanent antenna
	WiFi/Bluetooth: internal permanent antenna
Antenna Gain:	GSM 850: -3.5dBi
	PCS1900: -1.0dBi
	WCDMA Band II: -1.0dBi
	WCDMA Band V: -3.5dBi
	CDMA Band IV: -1.2dBi
	LTE Band 4: -1.2dBi
	LTE Band 7: 1.5dBi
	WiFi(2.4G): 2.0dBi
	Bluetooth: 2.0dBi
Ratings:	Battery DC 3.8V, 2900mAh
Adapter:	DC 5V, 1.0A, charging from adapter (Adapter Input: 100-240V~50/60Hz 0.15A)
	Manufacture: Shenzhen GuangYuanSheng Technology Co.,Ltd.
	Model No.: 853-5010

6 Equipment Used during Test

6.1 Equipment List

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due
6 AXIS ROBOT	KUKA	KR6 R900 SIXX	502635	N/A	N/A
SATIMO Test Software	MVG	OPENSAR	OPENSAR V_4_02_27	N/A	N/A
PHANTOM TABLE	MVG	N/A	SAR_1215_01	N/A	N/A
SAM PHANTOM	MVG	SAM118	SN 11/15 SAM118	N/A	N/A
MultiMeter	Keithley	MiltiMeter 2000	4073942	2017-03-16	2018-03-15
Data Acquisition Electronics	MVG	DAE4	915	2017-03-16	2018-03-15
S-Parameter Network Analyzer	Agilent	8753E	JP38160684	2017-09-11	2018-09-10
Universal Radio Communication Tester	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	CMU200	114798	2017-09-11	2018-09-10
Wideband Radio Communication Tester	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	CMW500	/	2017-09-11	2018-09-10
E-Field Probe	MVG	SSE5	SN 07/15 EP249	2017-09-10	2018-09-09
DIPOLE 835	MVG	SID835	SN 09/15 DIP 0G835-358	2015-03-16	2018-03-15
DIPOLE 1800	MVG	SID1800	SN 09/15 DIP 1G800-360	2015-03-16	2018-03-15
DIPOLE 1900	MVG	SID1900	SN 09/15 DIP 1G900-361	2015-03-16	2018-03-15
DIPOLE 2600	MVG	SID2600	SN 16/15 DIP 2G600-376	2015-05-16	2018-05-15
Limesar Dielectric Probe	MVG	SCLMP	SN 11/15 OCPG 69	2017-03-16	2018-03-15
Power Amplifier	BONN	BLWA 0830 -160/100/40D	128740	2017-09-11	2018-09-10
Signal Generator	R&S	SMB100A	105942	2017-09-11	2018-09-10
Power Meter	R&S	NRP2	102031	2017-09-11	2018-09-10
Power Meter	R&S	NRVD	102284	2017-09-11	2018-09-10
USB Wideband Power Sensor	Malaysia Keysight	U2021XA	MY54340009	2017-04-29	2018-04-28
USB Wideband Power Sensor	Malaysia Keysight	U2021XA	MY54340010	2017-04-29	2018-04-28

6.2 Test Equipment Calibration

All the test equipments used are valid and calibrated by CEPREI Certification Body that address is No.110 Dongguan Zhuang RD. Guangzhou, P.R.China.

7 SAR Introduction

7.1 Introduction

This measurement report shows compliance of the EUT with ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2006 and FCC 47 CFR Part2 (2.1093)

.

The test procedures, as described in IEEE 1528-2013 Standard for IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques(300MHz~6GHz) and Published RF Exposure KDB Procedures

7.2 SAR Definition

- SAR : Specific Absorption Rate
- The SAR characterize the absorption of energy by a quantity of tissue
- This is related to a increase of the temperature of these tissues during a time period.

$$DAS = \frac{d}{dt}\left(\frac{dW}{dm}\right) = \frac{d}{dt}\left(\frac{dW}{\rho dV}\right)$$

$$DAS = \frac{\sigma E^2}{\rho}$$

$$DAS = c_h \left.\frac{dT}{dt}\right|_{t=0}$$

SAR definition

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma E^2}{\rho}$$

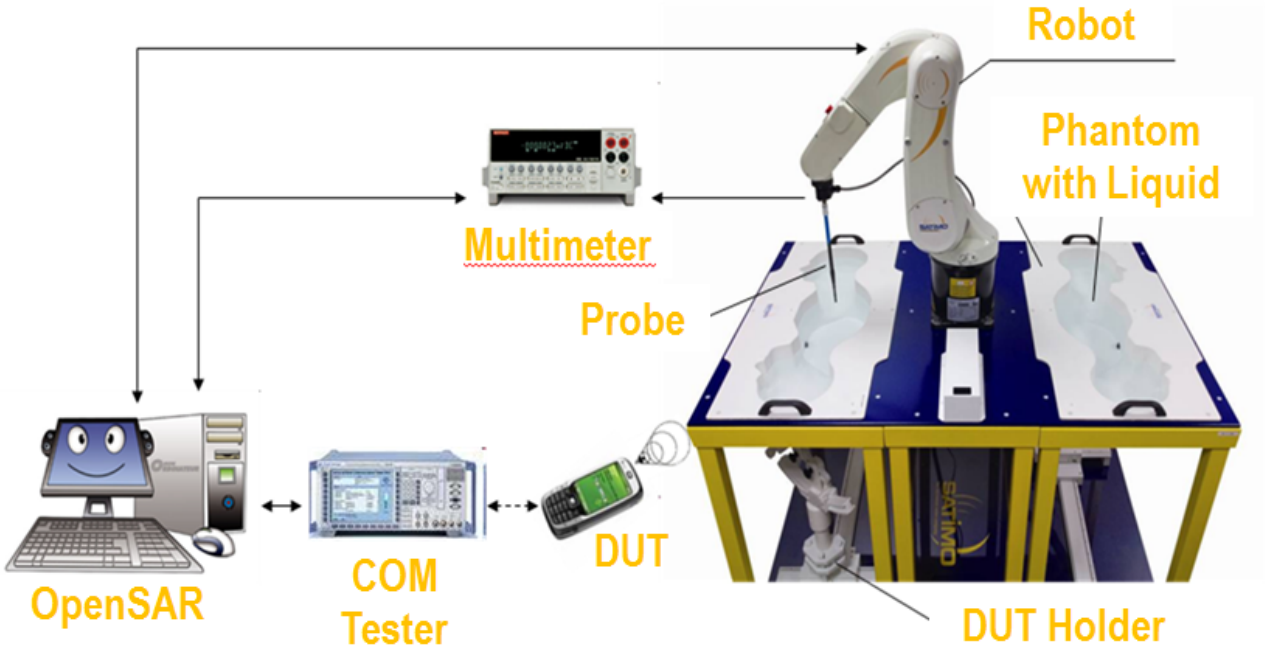
- SAR : Specific Absorption Rate
  - σ : Liquid conductivity
    - $\varepsilon_r = \varepsilon' - j\varepsilon''$ (complex permittivity of liquid)
    - $\sigma = \frac{\varepsilon'' \omega}{\varepsilon_0}$
  - ρ: Liquid density
    - ρ = 1000 g/L = 1000Kg/m³

where:

σ = conductivity of the tissue (S/m)
ρ = mass density of the tissue (kg/m3)
E = rms electric field strength (V/m)

8 SAR Measurement Setup

SAR bench sub-systems



Scanning System (robot)

- It must be able to scan all the volume of the phantom to evaluate the tridimensional distribution of SAR.
- Must be able to set the probe orthogonal of the surface of the phantom (±30°).
- Detects stresses on the probe and stop itself if necessary to keep the integrity of the probe.

SAM Phantom (Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin)

- The probe scanning of the E-Field is done in the 2 half of the normalized head.
- The normalized shape of the phantom corresponds to the dimensions of 90% of an adult head size.
- The materials for the phantom should not affect the radiation of the device under test (DUT)
  - Permittivity < 5
- The head is filled with tissue simulating liquid.
- The hand holding the DUT does not have to be modeled.

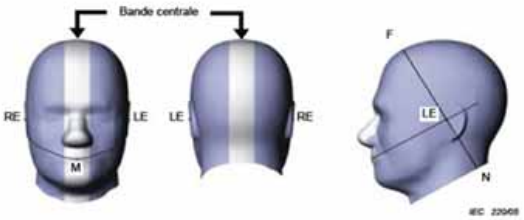
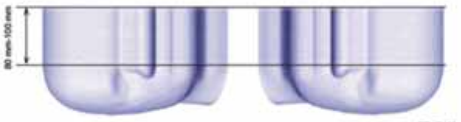
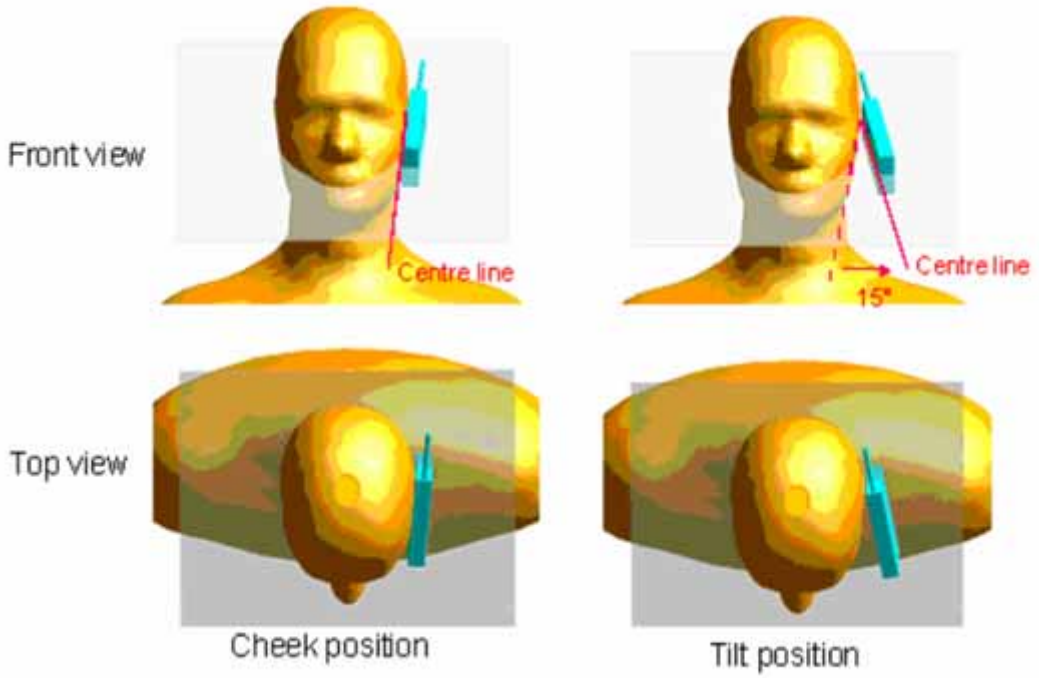


Illustration du fantôme donnant les points de référence des oreilles, RE et LE, le point de référence de la bouche, M, la ligne de référence N-F et la bande centrale



Bi-section sagittale du fantôme avec périmètre étendu (montrée sur le côté comme lors des essais de DAS de l'appareil)



The OPENSAR system for performing compliance tests consist of the following items:

1. A standard high precision 6-axis robot (KUKA) with controller and software.
2. KUKA Control Panel (KCP).
3. A dosimetric probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
4. The functions of the PC plug-in card are to perform the time critical task such as signal filtering, surveillance of the robot operation fast movement interrupts.
5. A computer operating Windows 7.
6. OPENSAR software.
7. Remote control with teaches pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
8. The SAM phantom enabling testing left-hand right-hand and body usage.
9. The Position device for handheld EUT.
10. Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes (see Application Note).
11. System validation dipoles to validate the proper functioning of the system.

Data Evaluation

The OPENSAR software automatically executes the following procedure to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the valuation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe Parameters	- Sensitivity	$Norm_i$
	- Conversion factor	ConvFi
	- Diode compression point Dcpi	
Device Parameter	- Frequency	f
	- Crest factor	cf
Media Parametrs	- Conductivity	σ
	- Density	ρ

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can either be found in the component documents or be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the OPENSAR components.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

Where V_i = *Compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)*
U_i = *Input signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)*
cf = *Crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)*
dcp_i = *Diode compression point (DASY parameter)*

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field probes: $E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$

H-field probes: $H_i = \sqrt{Vi} \cdot \frac{a_{i10} + a_{i11} f + a_{i12} f^2}{f}$

Where V_i = Compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)
$Norm_i$ = Sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x, y, z)
$\mu V/(V/m)2$ for E0field Probes
ConvF= Sensitivity enhancement in solution
a_{ij} = Sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

f = Carrier frequency (GHz)
E_i = Electric field strength of channel i in V/m
H_i = Magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1000}$$

where SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g
E_{tot} = total field strength in V/m
σ = conductivity in [mho/m] or [siemens/m]
ρ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm3

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid.

The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field as a free space field.

$$P_{pwe} = \frac{E_{tot}^2}{3770} \quad or \quad P_{pwe} = H_{tot}^2 \cdot 37.7$$

where P_{pwe} = Equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm2
E_{tot} = total electric field strength in V/m
H_{tot} = total magnetic field strength in A/m

SAR Evaluation – Peak Spatial - Average

The procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps

- **Power Reference Measurement**

  The reference and drift jobs are useful jobs for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. Both jobs measure the field at a specified reference position, at a selectable distance from the phantom surface. The reference position can be either the selected section's grid reference point or a user point in this section. The reference job projects the selected point onto the phantom surface, orients the probe perpendicularly to the surface, and approaches the surface
  using the selected detection method.

- **Area Scan**

  The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a finer measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in OPENSAR software can find the maximum locations even in relatively coarse grids. The scan area is defined by an editable grid. This grid is anchored at the grid reference point of the selected section in the phantom. When the area scan's property sheet is brought-up, grid was at to 15 mm by 15 mm and can be edited by a user.

- **Zoom Scan**

  Zoom scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The default zoom scan measures 5 x 5 x 7 points within a cube whose base faces are centered around the maximum found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. If the preceding Area Scan job indicates more then one maximum, the number of Zoom Scans has to be enlarged accordingly (The default number inserted is 1).

- **Power Drift measurement**

  The drift job measures the field at the same location as the most recent reference job within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The drift measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last reference measurement. Several drift measurements are possible for one reference measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. In the properties of the Drift job, the user can specify a limit for the drift and have OPENSAR software stop the measurements if this limit is exceeded.

SAR Evaluation – Peak SAR

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the IEEE1528 standard. It can be conducted for 1 g and 10 g. The OPENSAR system allows evaluations that combine measured data and robot positions, such as:

- maximum search
- extrapolation
- boundary correction
- peak search for averaged SAR

During a maximum search, global and local maximum searches are automatically performed in 2-D after each Area Scan measurement with at least 6 measurement points. It is based on the evaluation of the local SAR gradient calculated by the Quadratic Shepard's method. The algorithm will find the global maximum and all local maxima within -2 dB of the global maxima for all SAR distributions.

Extrapolation

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. Several measurements at different distances are necessary for the extrapolation.
They are used in the Cube Scan to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The routine uses the fourth order least square polynomial method for extrapolation. For a grid using 5x5x7 measurement points with 5mm resolution amounting to 343 measurement points, the uncertainty of the extrapolation routines is less than 1% for 1 g and 10 g cubes.

Definition of Reference Points

Ear Reference Point

Figure 6.2 shows the front, back and side views of the SAM Phantom. The point "M" is the reference point for the center of the mouth, "LE" is the left ear reference point (ERP), and "RE" is the right ERP. The ERPs are 15mm posterior to the entrance to the ear canal (EEC) along the B-M line (Back-Mouth), as shown in Figure 6.1. The plane passing through the two ear canals and M is defined as the Reference Plane. The line N-F (Neck-Front) is perpendicular to the reference plane and passing through the RE (or LE) is called the Reference Pivoting Line (see Figure 6.1). Line B-M is perpendicular to the N-F line. Both N-F and B-M lines are marked on the external phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning [5].

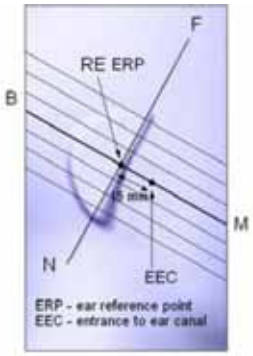


Figure 6.1 Close-up side view of ERP's

Figure 6.2 Front, back and side view of SAM

Device Reference Points

Two imaginary lines on the device need to be established: the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The test device is placed in a normal operating position with the "test device reference point" located along the "vertical centerline" on the front of the device aligned to the "ear reference point" (See Fig. 6.3). The "test device reference point" is than located at the same level as the center of the ear reference point. The test device is positioned so that the "vertical centerline" is bisecting the front surface of the device at it's top and bottom edges, positioning the "ear reference point" on the outer surface of both the left and right head phantoms on the ear reference point [5].

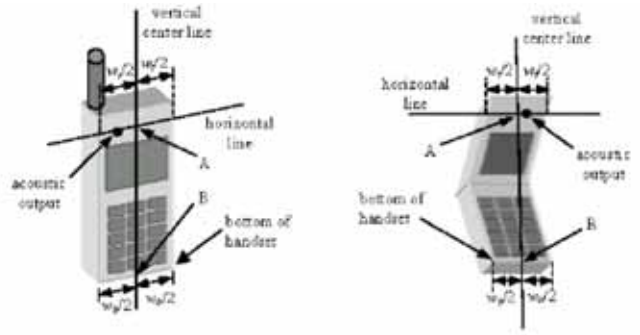


Figure 6.3 Handset Vertical Center & Horizontal Line Reference Points

Test Configuration – Positioning for Cheek / Touch

1. Position the device close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure below), such that the plane defined by the vertical center line and the horizontal line of the device is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom

Figure 7.1 Front, Side and Top View of Cheek/Touch Position

2. Translate the device towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until the device touches the ear.

3. While maintaining the device in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is in the plane normal to MB-NF including the line MB (called the reference plane).
4. Rotate the device around the vertical centerline until the device (horizontal line) is symmetrical with respect to the line NF.

5. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the reference plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE and maintaining the device contact with the ear, rotate the device about the line NF until any point on the device is in contact with a phantom point below the ear (cheek). See Figure below.

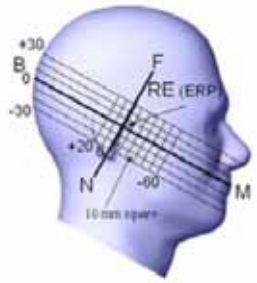


Figure 7.2 Side view w/ relevant markings

Test Configuration – Positioning for Ear / 15° Tilt

With the test device aligned in the Cheek/Touch Position":

1. While maintaining the orientation of the device, retracted the device parallel to the reference plane far enough to enable a rotation of the device by 15 degrees.

2. Rotate the device around the horizontal line by 15 degrees.

3. While maintaining the orientation of the device, move the device parallel to the reference plane until any part of the device touches the head. (In this position, point A is located on the line RE-LE). The tilted position is obtained when the contact is on the pinna. If the contact is at any location other than the pinna, the angle of the device shall be reduced. The tilted position is obtained when any part of the device is in contact with the ear as well as a second part of the device is in contact with the head (see Figure below).

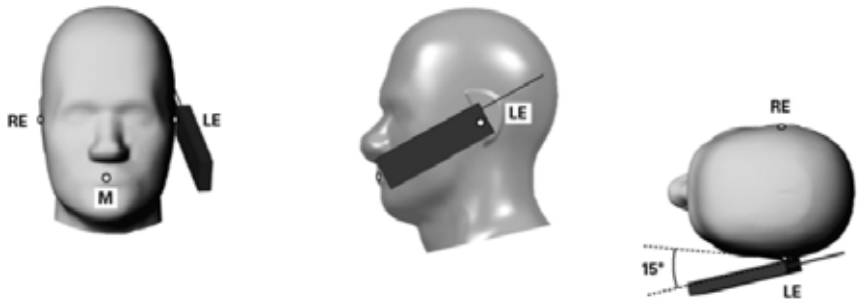
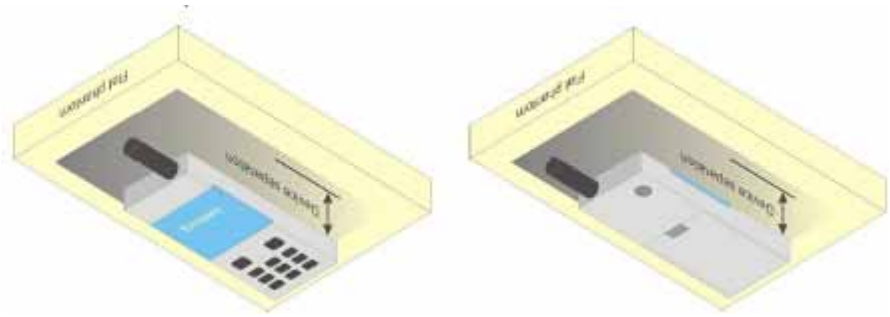


Figure 7.3 Front, Side and Top View of Ear/15° Tilt Position

Test Position – Body Configurations

Body Worn Position

(a) To position the device parallel to the phantom surface with either keypad up or down.
(b) To adjust the device parallel to the flat phantom.
(c) To adjust the distance between the device surface and the flat phantom to 1.0 cm or holster surface and the flat phantom to 0 cm.



9 Exposure limit

In order for users to be aware of the body-worn operating requirements for meeting RF exposure compliance, operating instructions and cautions statements are included in the user's manual.

Uncontrolled Environment
Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

Controlled Environment
Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Table 8.1 Human Exposure Limits

	UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT General Population (W/kg) or (mW/g)	CONTROLLED ENVIROMENT Professional Population (W/kg) or (mW/g)
SPATIAL PEAK SAR[1] Brain	1.60	8.00
SPATIAL AVERAGE SAR[2] Whole Body	0.08	0.40
SPATIAL PEAK SAR[3] Hands, Feet, Ankles, Wrists	4.00	20.00

[1] The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.
[2] The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.
[3] The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

10 System and liquid validation

10.1 System validation

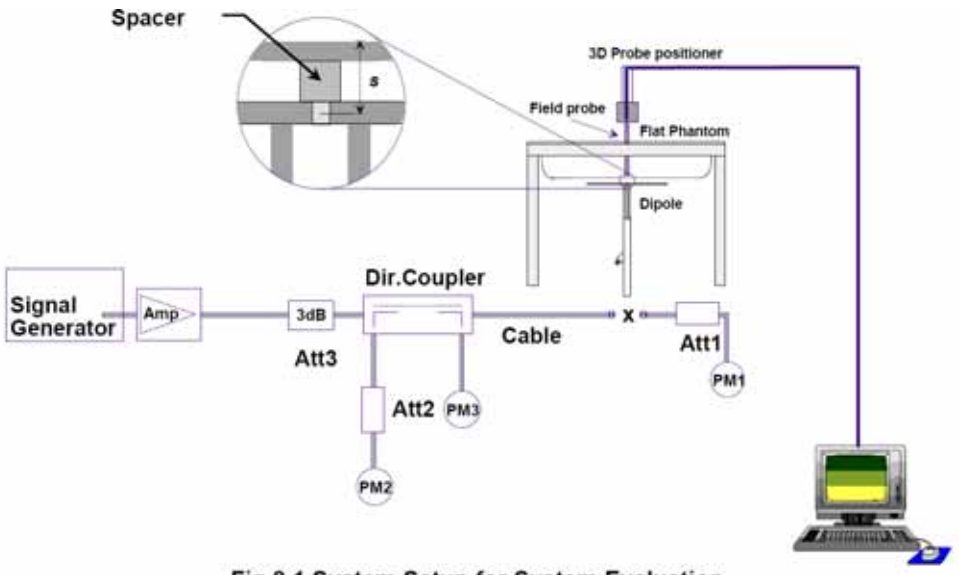


Fig 8.1 System Setup for System Evaluation

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check uses normal SAR measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the DUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave that comes from a signal generator. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The equipment setup is shown below:

1. Signal Generator
2. Amplifier
3. Directional Coupler
4. Power Meter
5. Calibrated Dipole

The output power on dipole port must be calibrated to 30 dBm (1000 mW) before dipole is connected.

Numerical reference SAR values (W/kg) for reference dipole and flat phantom

Frequency (MHz)	1g SAR	10g SAR	Local SAR at surface(above feed-point)	Local SAR at surface(y = 2 cm offset from feedpoint)
300	3.02	2.04	4.40	2.10
450	4.92	3.28	7.20	3.20
750	8.49	5.55	12.6	4.59
835	9.56	6.22	14.1	4.90
900	10.9	6.99	16.4	5.40
1450	29.0	16.0	50.2	6.50
1800	38.4	20.1	69.5	6.80
1900	39.7	20.5	72.1	6.60
2000	41.1	21.1	74.6	6.50
2450	52.4	24.0	104	7.70
2600	55.3	24.6	113	8.29
3000	63.8	25.7	140	9.50

Table 1: system validation (1g)

Measurement Date	Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type (head/body)	1W Target SAR1g (W/kg)	Measured SAR1g (W/kg)	1W Normalized SAR1g (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2017-11-20	835	head	9.53	0.0963	9.63	1.0
2017-11-20	835	body	9.44	0.0925	9.25	-2.0
2017-11-21	1800	head	37.56	0.3741	37.41	-0.4
2017-11-21	1800	body	37.91	0.3960	39.60	4.5
2017-11-21	1900	head	39.37	0.3927	39.27	-0.3
2017-11-21	1900	body	38.58	0.3685	36.85	-4.5
2017-11-22	2600	head	55.02	0.5315	53.15	-3.4
2017-11-22	2600	body	53.02	0.5153	51.53	-2.8

10.2 liquid validation

The dielectric parameters were checked prior to assessment using the HP85070C dielectric probe kit. The dielectric parameters measured are reported in each correspondent section.

KDB 865664 recommended Tissue Dielectric Parameters

The head and body tissue parameters given in this below table should be used to measure the SAR of transmitters operating in 100 MHz to 6 GHz frequency range. The tissue dielectric parameters of the tissue medium at the test frequency should be within the tolerance required in this document. The dielectric parameters should be linearly interpolated between the closest pair of target frequencies to determine the applicable dielectric parameters corresponding to the device test frequency.

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by IEEE Std 1528-2013 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in 1528 are derived from tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described above and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in 1528.

Target Frequency	Head Tissue		Body Tissue	
MHz	εr	O' (S/m)	εr	O' (S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
2600	39.0	1.96	52.5	2.16
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness Power drifts in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528.

Table 2: Recommended Dielectric Performance of Tissue

Recommended Dielectric Performance of Tissue												
Ingredients (% by weight)	Frequency (MHz)											
	750		835		1800		1900		2450		2600	
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	40.52	51.83	41.46	52.4	55.2	70.2	54.9	40.4	62.7	73.2	54.8	68.1
Salt (Nacl)	1.61	1.52	1.45	1.4	0.3	0.4	0.18	0.5	0.5	0.04	0.1	0.01
Sugar	57.67	46.45	56.0	45.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	58.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	0.1	0.1	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Triton x-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	36.8	0.0	0.0	0.0
DGBE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	44.5	29.4	44.92	0.0	0.0	26.4	45.1	31.8
Dielectric	40.93	54.32	42.54	56.1	40.0	53.3	39.9	54.0	39.8	52.5	39.0	52.5
Conductivity	0.87	0.95	0.91	0.95	1.40	1.52	1.42	1.45	1.88	1.78	1.96	2.15

Table 3: Dielectric Performance of Head Tissue Simulating Liquid

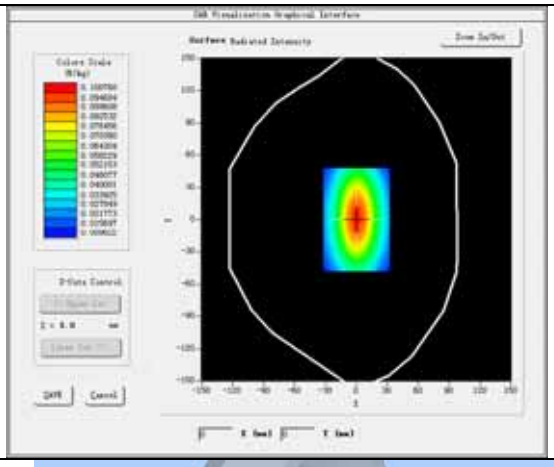
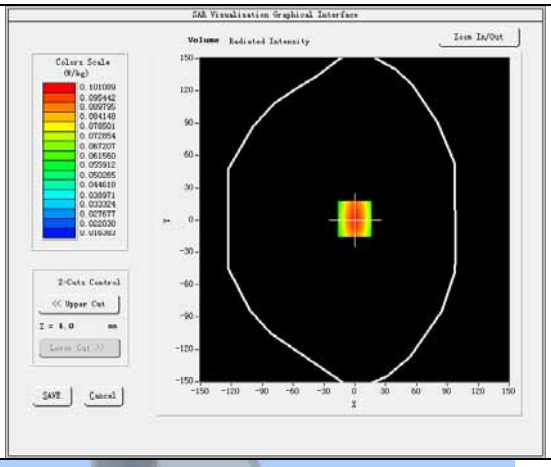
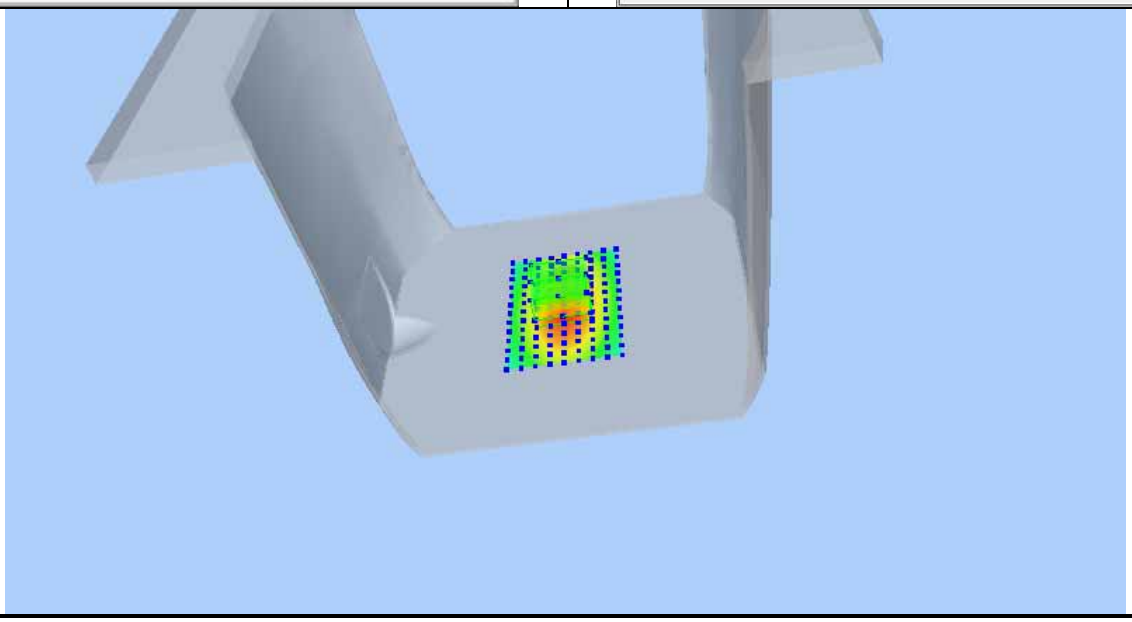
Temperature: 21°C , Relative humidity: 57%				
Frequency(MHz)	Measured Date	Description	Dielectric Parameters	
			εr	σ(s/m)
835	2017-11-20	Target Value ±5% window	41.50 39.43 — 43.58	0.90 0.855 — 0.945
		Measurement Value	41.51	0.93
1700	2017-11-21	Target Value ±5% window	40.00 38.00 — 42.00	1.40 1.33 — 1.47
		Measurement Value	41.49	1.37
1800	2017-11-21	Target Value ±5% window	40.00 38.00 — 42.00	1.40 1.33 — 1.47
		Measurement Value	40.80	1.37
1900	2017-11-21	Target Value ±5% window	40.00 38.00 — 42.00	1.40 1.33 — 1.47
		Measurement Value	40.79	1.41
2600	2017-11-22	Target Value ±5% window	39.0 37.05 — 40.95	1.96 1.87 — 2.05
		Measurement Value	39.43	1.92

Table 4: Dielectric Performance of Body Tissue Simulating Liquid

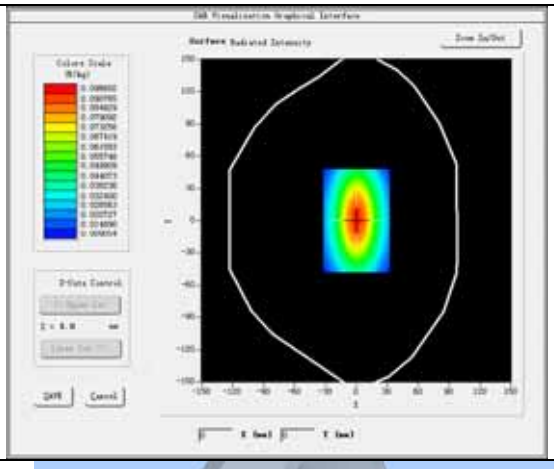
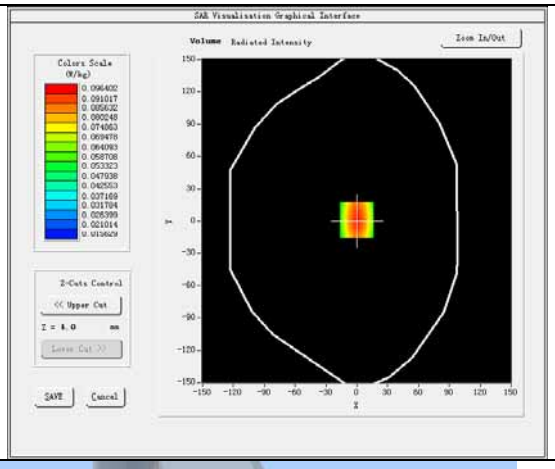
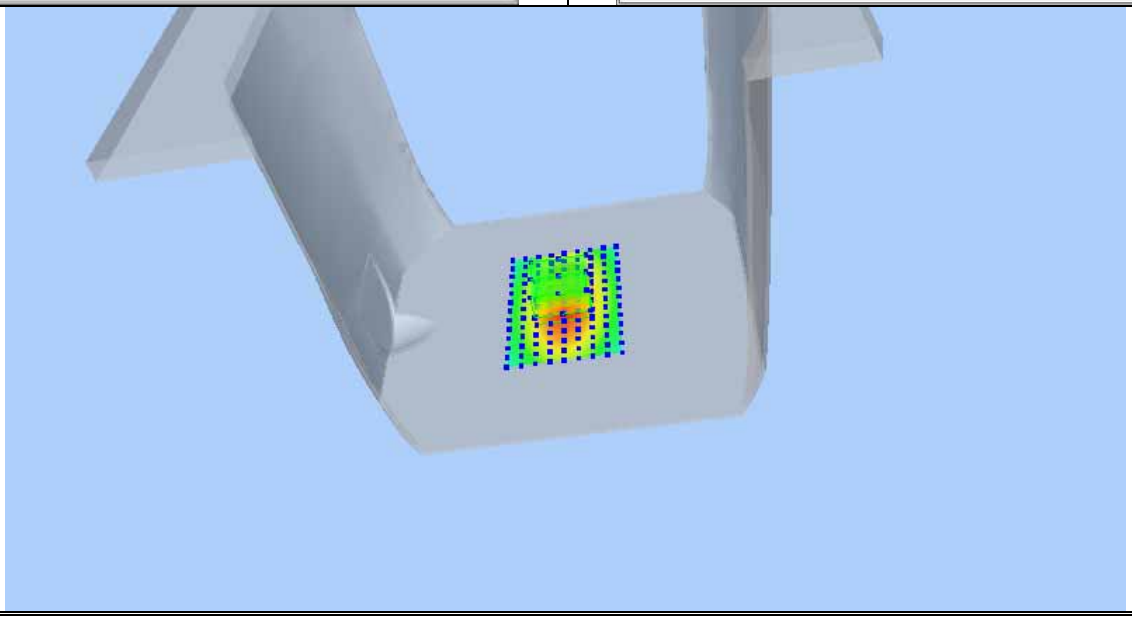
Temperature: 21°C , Relative humidity: 57% , Measured Date: Aug 14,2017				
Frequency(MHz)	Measured Date	Description	Dielectric Parameters	
			εr	σ(s/m)
835	2017-11-20	Target Value ±5% window	55.2 52.63 — 57.75	0.97 0.922 — 1.018
		Measurement Value	55.77	0.98
1700	2017-11-21	Target Value ±5% window	53.30 50.64 — 55.97	1.52 1.44 — 1.60
		Measurement Value	53.63	1.51
1800	2017-11-21	Target Value ±5% window	53.30 50.64 — 55.97	1.52 1.44 — 1.60
		Measurement Value	53.37	1.51
1900	2017-11-21	Target Value ±5% window	53.30 50.64 — 55.97	1.52 1.44 — 1.60
		Measurement Value	53.37	1.51
2600	2017-11-22	Target Value ±5% window	52.50 49.88 — 55.12	2.16 2.06 — 2.26
		Measurement Value	52.84	2.15

System Verification Plots

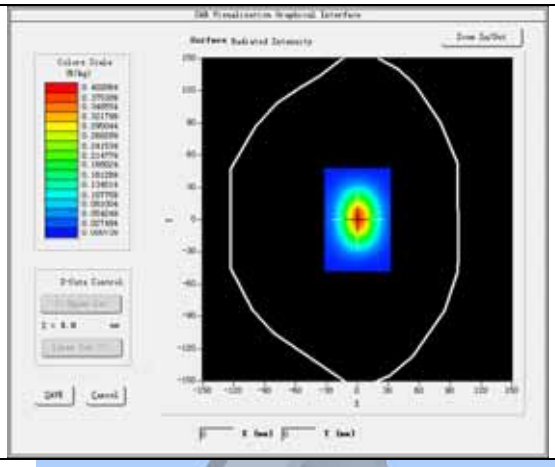
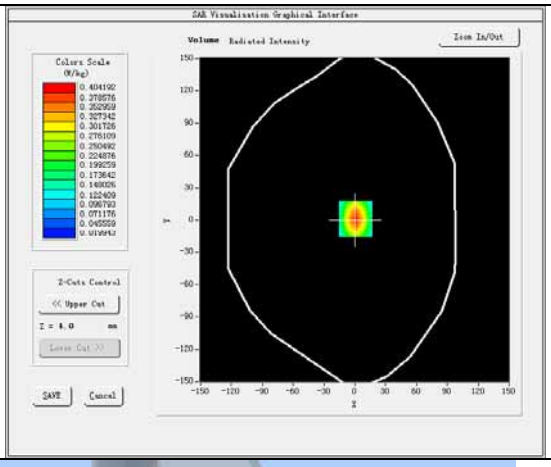
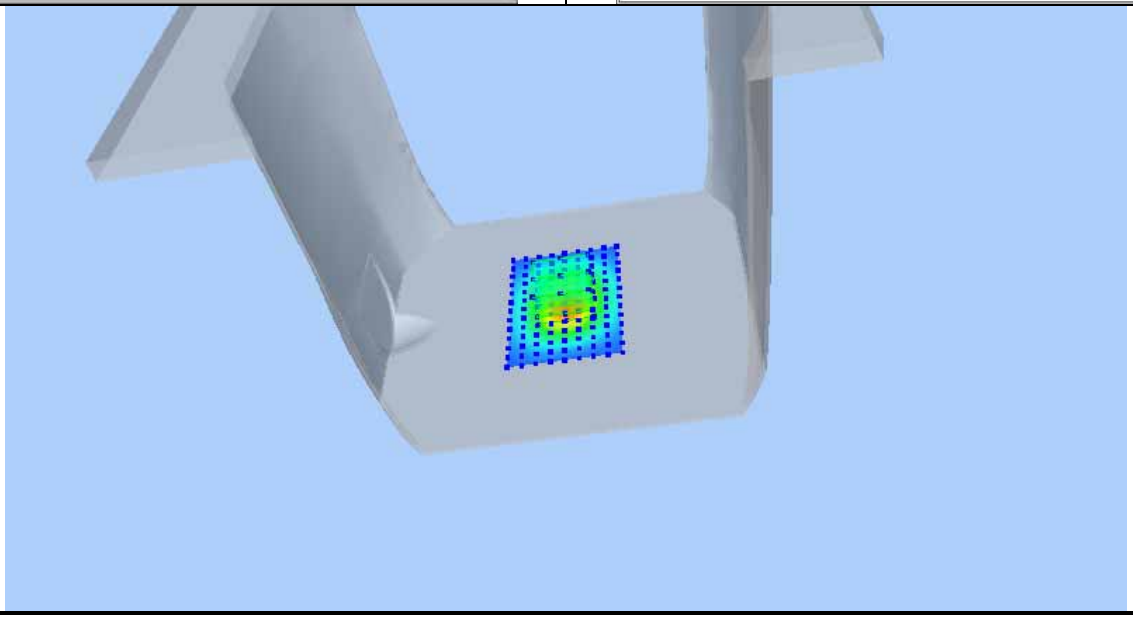
Product Description: Dipole
Model: SID835
Test Date: 2017-11-20

Medium(liquid type)	HSL_835
Frequency (MHz)	835.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.51
Conductivity (S/m)	0.93
Input power	10mW
E-Field Probe	SN 07/15 EP249
Duty cycle	1:1
Conversion Factor	5.03
Sensor-surface	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-0.28
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.062214
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.096317
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**
	
	

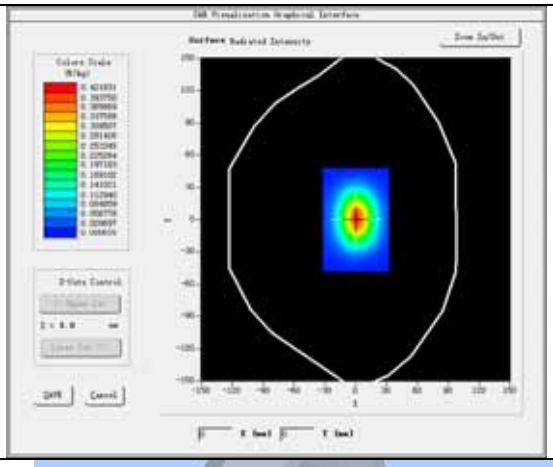
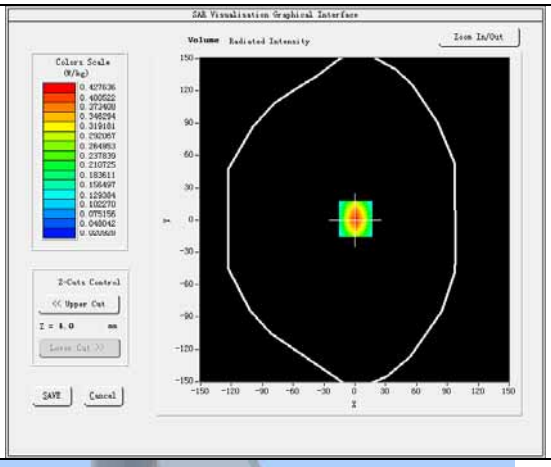
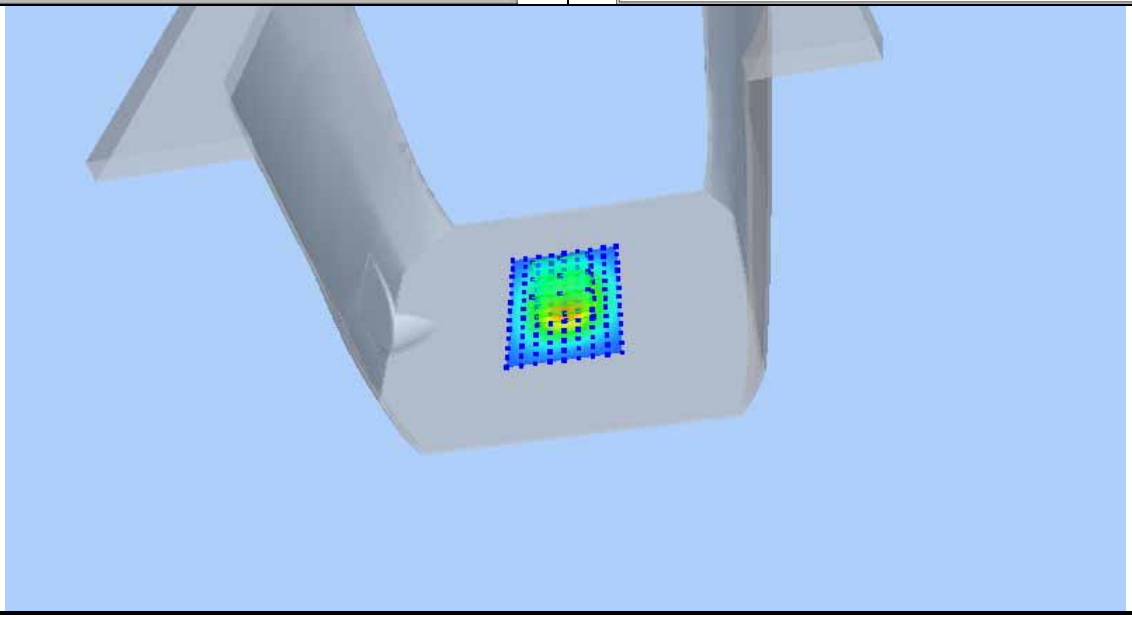
Product Description: Dipole
Model: SID835
Test Date: 2017-11-20

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_835
Frequency (MHz)	835.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.77
Conductivity (S/m)	0.98
Input power	10mW
E-Field Probe	SN 07/15 EP249
Duty cycle	1:1
Conversion Factor	5.24
Sensor-surface	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-0.37
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.059475
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.092517
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**
	
	

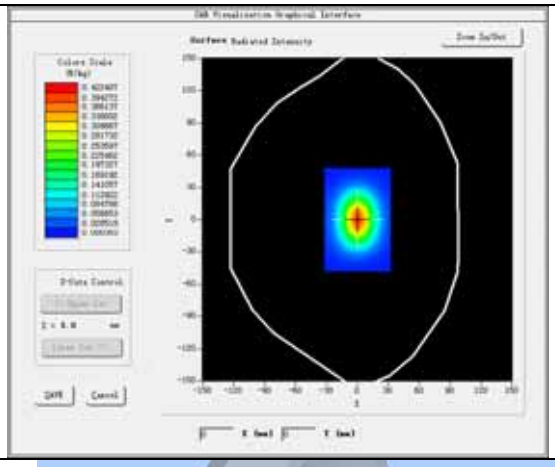
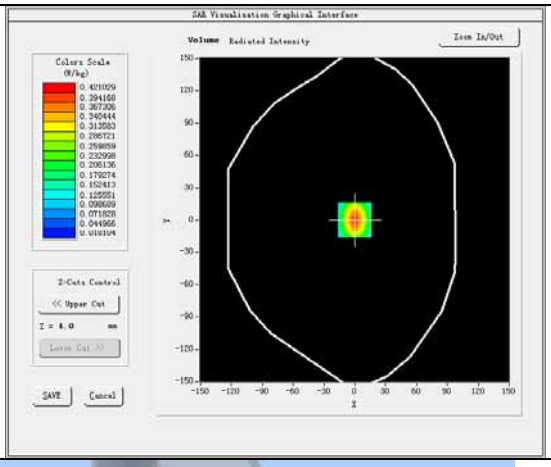
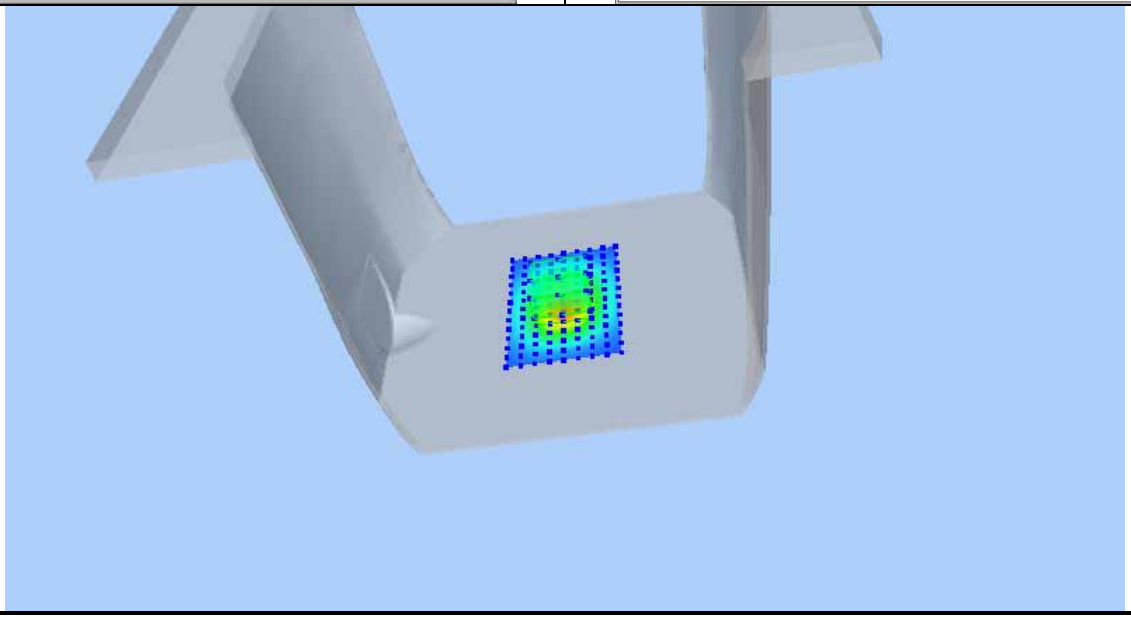
Product Description: Dipole
Model: SID1800
Test Date: 2017-11-21

Medium(liquid type)	HSL_1800
Frequency (MHz)	1800.000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.80
Conductivity (S/m)	1.37
Input power	10mW
E-Field Probe	SN 07/15 EP249
Duty cycle	1:1
Conversion Factor	4.23
Sensor-Surface	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-0.60
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.198514
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.374059
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**
	
	

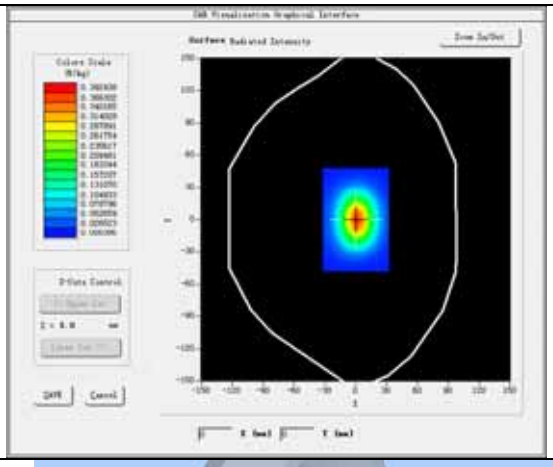
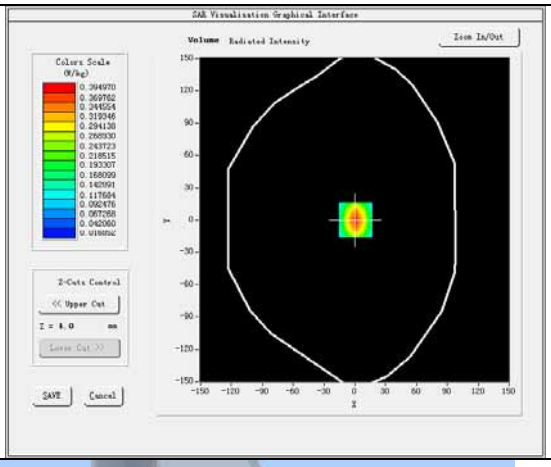
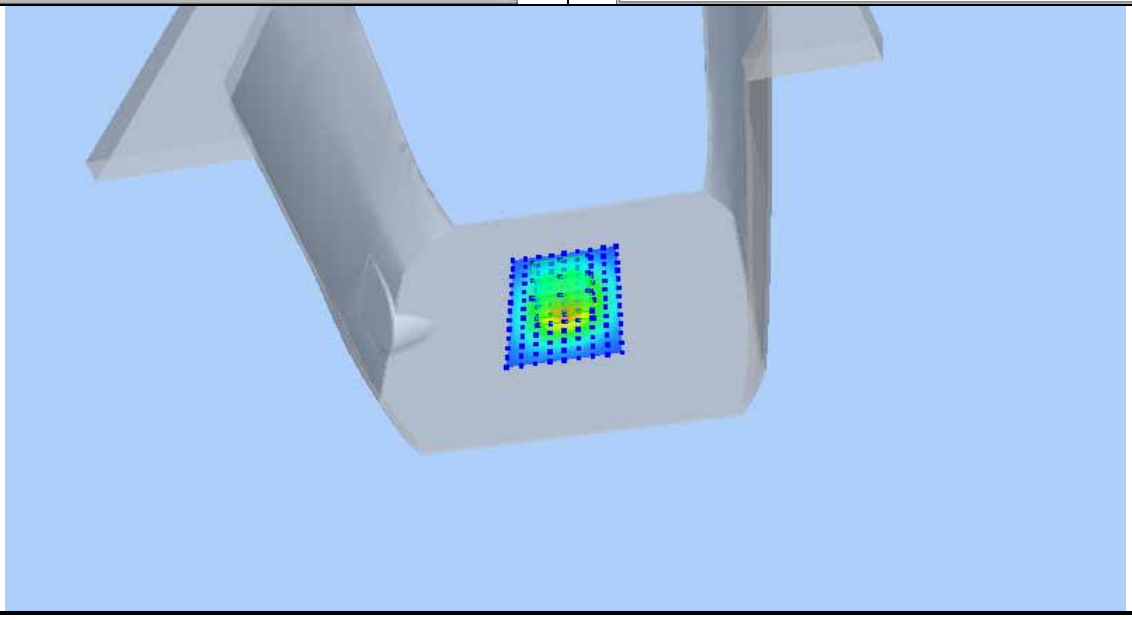
Product Description: Dipole
Model: SID1800
Test Date: 2017-11-21

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_1800
Frequency (MHz)	1800.000
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.37
Conductivity (S/m)	1.51
Input power	10mW
E-Field Probe	SN 07/15 EP249
Duty cycle	1:1
Conversion Factor	4.34
Sensor-Surface	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	0.18
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.209634
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.395987
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**
	
	

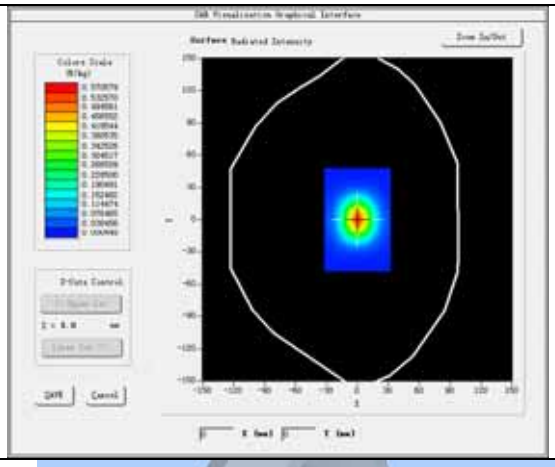
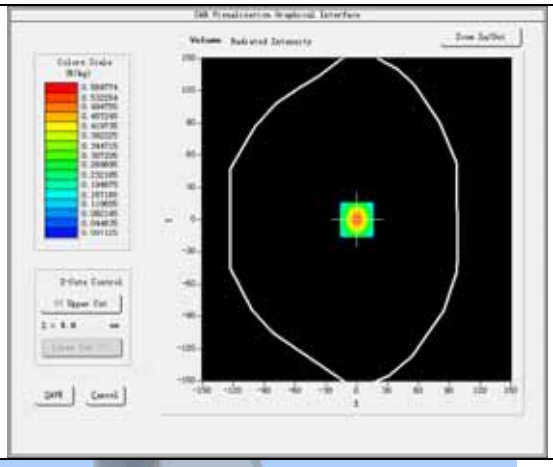
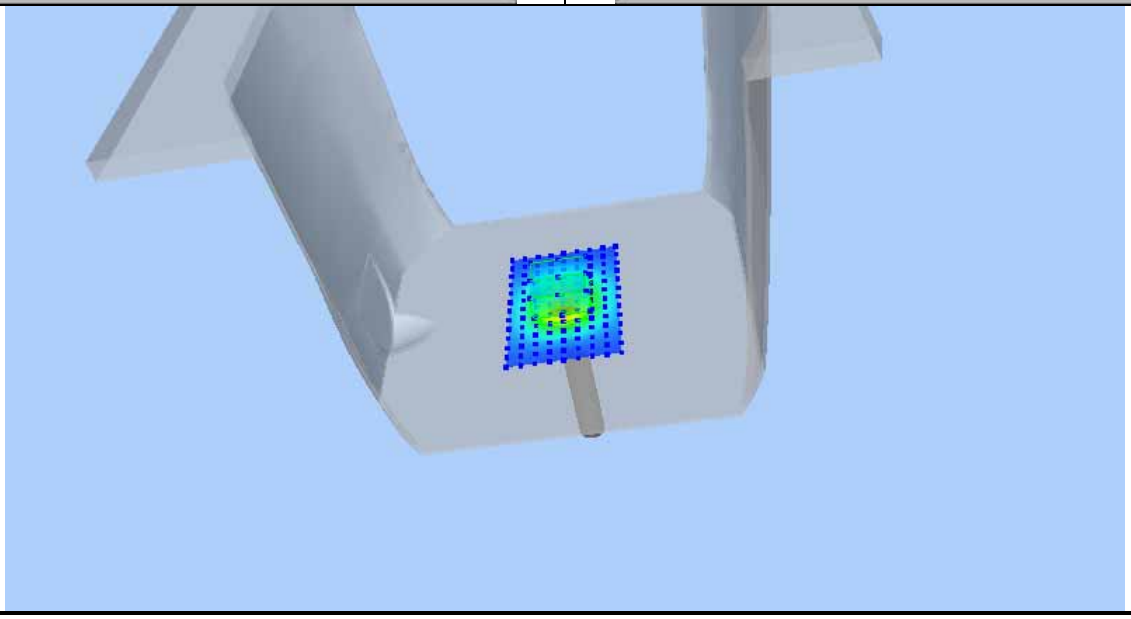
Product Description: Dipole
Model: SID1900
Test Date: 2017-11-21

Medium(liquid type)	HSL_1900
Frequency (MHz)	1900.000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.79
Conductivity (S/m)	1.41
Input power	10mW
E-Field Probe	SN 07/15 EP249
Duty cycle	1:1
Conversion Factor	4.87
Sensor-Surface	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-0.21
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.204517
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.392698
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**
	
	

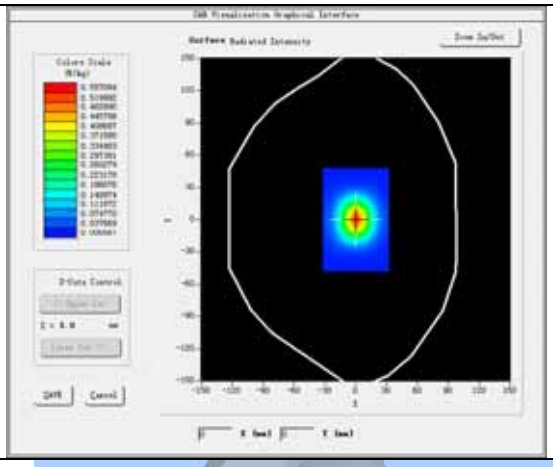
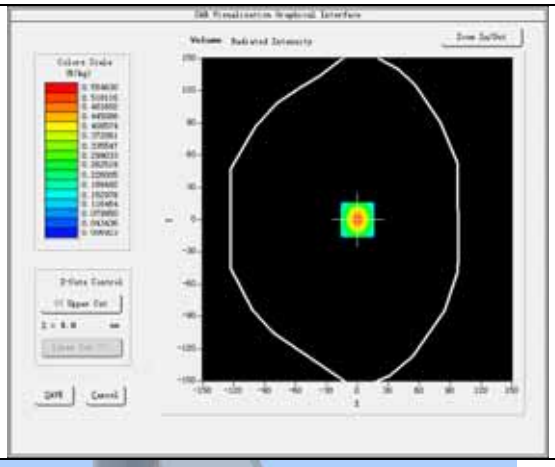
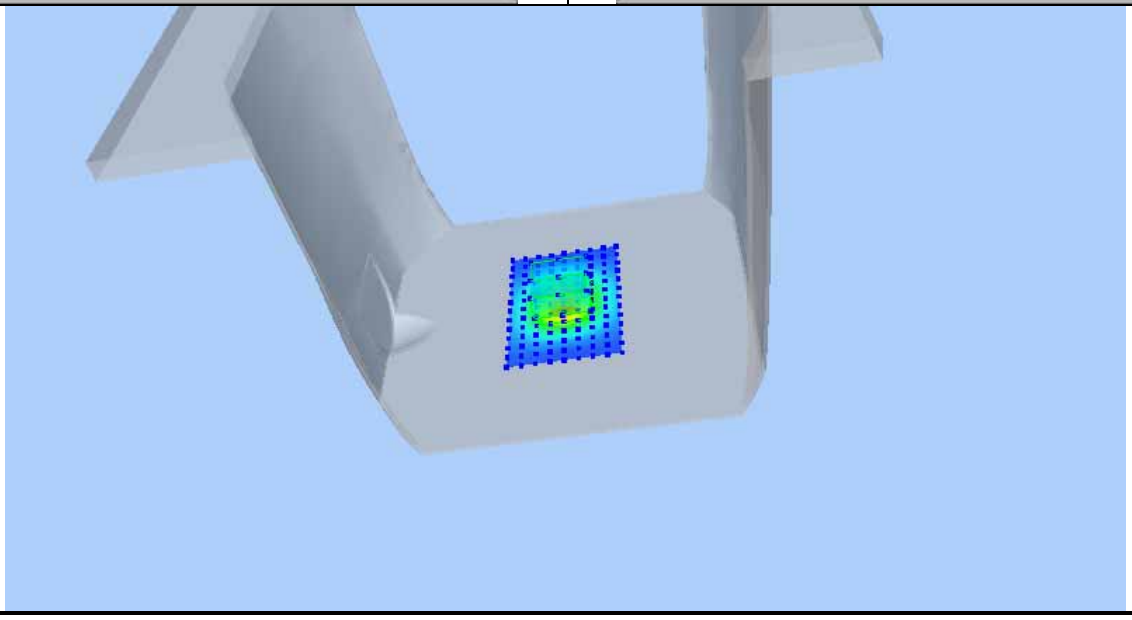
Product Description: Dipole
Model: SID1900
Test Date: 2017-11-21

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_1900
Frequency (MHz)	1900.000
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.37
Conductivity (S/m)	1.51
Input power	10mW
E-Field Probe	SN 07/15 EP249
Duty cycle	1:1
Conversion Factor	5.04
Sensor-Surface	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-0.43
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.198419
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.368578
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**
	
	

Product Description: Dipole
Model: SID2600
Test Date: 2017-11-22

Medium(liquid type)	HSL_2600
Frequency (MHz)	2600.000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.43
Conductivity (S/m)	1.92
Input power	10mW
E-Field Probe	SN 07/15 EP249
Duty cycle	1:1
Conversion Factor	4.18
Sensor-Surface	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	0.23
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.240540
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.531501
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**
	
	

Product Description: Dipole
Model: SID2600
Test Date: 2017-11-22

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_2600
Frequency (MHz)	2600.000
Relative permittivity (real part)	52.84
Conductivity (S/m)	2.15
Input power	10mW
E-Field Probe	SN 07/15 EP249
Duty cycle	1:1
Conversion Factor	4.31
Sensor-Surface	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	0.25
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.233289
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.515317
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**
	
	

11 Type a Measurement Uncertainty

The component of uncertainly may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainly by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type An evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance

A Type A evaluation of standard uncertainty may be based on any valid statistical method for treating data. This includes calculating the standard deviation of the mean of a series of independent observations; using the method of least squares to fit a curve to the data in order to estimate the parameter of the curve and their standard deviations; or carrying out an analysis of variance in order to identify and quantify random effects in certain kinds of measurement.

A type B evaluation of standard uncertainty is typically based on scientific judgment using all of the relevant information available. These may include previous measurement data, experience and specification, data provided in calibration reports and uncertainties assigned to reference data taken from handbooks. Broadly speaking, the uncertainty is either obtained from an outdoor source or obtained from an assumed distribution, such as the normal distribution, rectangular or triangular distributions indicated in Table below :

Uncertainty Distribution	*Normal*	*Rectangle*	*Triangular*	*U Shape*
Multi-plying Factor[a]	*1/k[b]*	*1 / √3*	*1 / √6*	*1 / √2*

(a) standard uncertainty is determined as the product of the multiplying factor and the estimated range of variations in the measured quantity
(b) κ is the coverage factor

Standard Uncertainty for Assumed Distribution

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type -sum- by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances.

Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. Typically, the coverage factor ranges from 2 to 3. Using a coverage factor allows the true value of a measured quantity to be specified with a defined probability within the specified uncertainty range. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %.

The COMOSAR Uncertainty Budget is show in below table:

UNCERTAINTY FOR SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK								
Uncertainty Component	Tol. (± %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	ci (1 g)	ci (10 g)	1 g ui (± %)	10 g ui (± %)	vi
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	5,8	N	1	1	1	5,8	5,8	∞
Axial Isotropy	3,5	R	√3	(1-cp)1/2	(1-cp)1/2	1,42887	1,42887	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	5,9	R	√3	√Cp	√Cp	2,40866	2,40866	∞
Boundary Effect	1	R	√3	1	1	0,57735	0,57735	∞
Linearity	4,7	R	√3	1	1	2,71355	2,71355	∞
System Detection Limits	1	R	√3	1	1	0,57735	0,57735	∞
Readout Electronics	0,5	N	1	1	1	0,5	0,5	∞
Response Time	0	R	√3	1	1	0	0	∞
Integration Time	1,4	R	√3	1	1	0,80829	0,80829	∞
RF Ambient Conditions	3	R	√3	1	1	1,73205	1,73205	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	1,4	R	√3	1	1	0,80829	0,80829	∞
Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	1,4	R	√3	1	1	0,80829	0,80829	∞
Extrapolation, interpolation and Integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	2,3	R	√3	1	1	1,32791	1,32791	∞
Dipole								
Dipole Axis to Liquid Distance	2	N	√3	1	1	1,1547	1,1547	N-1
Input Power and SAR drift measurement	5	R	√3	1	1	2,88675	2,88675	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters								
Phantom Uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4	R	√3	1	1	2,3094	2,3094	∞
Liquid Conductivity - deviation from target values	5	R	√3	0,64	0,43	1,84752	1,2413	∞
Liquid Conductivity - measurement uncertainty	4	N	1	0,64	0,43	2,56	1,72	M
Liquid Permittivity - deviation from target values	5	R	√3	0,6	0,49	1,73205	1,41451	∞
Liquid Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	5	N	1	0,6	0,49	3	2,45	M
Combined Standard Uncertainty		RSS				9.6671	9.1646	
Expanded Uncertainty (95% CONFIDENCE INTERVAL)		k				19.3342	18.3292	

UNCERTAINTY EVALUATION FOR HANDSET SAR TEST								
Uncertainty Component	Tol. (± %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	c_i (1 g)	c_i (10 g)	1 g u_i (± %)	10 g u_i (± %)	v_i
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	5,8	N	1	1	1	5,8	5,8	∞
Axial Isotropy	3,5	R	√3	$(1\text{-}c_p)^{1/2}$	$(1\text{-}c_p)^{1/2}$	1,43	1,43	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	5,9	R	√3	$\sqrt{C_p}$	$\sqrt{C_p}$	2,41	2,41	∞
Boundary Effect	1	R	√3	1	1	0,58	0,58	∞
Linearity	4,7	R	√3	1	1	2,71	2,71	∞
System Detection Limits	1	R	√3	1	1	0,58	0,58	∞
Readout Electronics	0,5	N	1	1	1	0,50	0,50	∞
Response Time	0	R	√3	1	1	0,00	0,00	∞
Integration Time	1,4	R	√3	1	1	0,81	0,81	∞
RF Ambient Conditions	3	R	√3	1	1	1,73	1,73	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	1,4	R	√3	1	1	0,81	0,81	∞
Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	1,4	R	√3	1	1	0,81	0,81	∞
Extrapolation, interpolation and Integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	2,3	R	√3	1	1	1,33	1,33	∞
Test sample Related								
Test Sample Positioning	2,6	N	1	1	1	2,60	2,60	N-1
Device Holder Uncertainty	3	N	1	1	1	3,00	3,00	N-1
Output Power Variation - SAR drift measurement	5	R	√3	1	1	2,89	2,89	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters								
Phantom Uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4	R	√3	1	1	2,31	2,31	∞
Liquid Conductivity - deviation from target values	5	R	√3	0,64	0,43	1,85	1,24	∞
Liquid Conductivity - measurement uncertainty	4	N	1	0,64	0,43	2,56	1,72	M
Liquid Permittivity - deviation from target values	5	R	√3	0,6	0,49	1,73	1,41	∞
Liquid Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	5	N	1	0,6	0,49	3,00	2,45	M
Combined Standard Uncertainty		RSS				10.39	9.92	
Expanded Uncertainty (95% CONFIDENCE INTERVAL)		k				20.78	19.84	

12 Output Power Verification

Test Condition:

1. Conducted Measurement
   EUT was set for low, mid, high channel with modulated mode and highest RF output power.
   The base station simulator was connected to the antenna terminal.
2. Conducted Emissions Measurement Uncertainty
   All test measurements carried out are traceable to national standards. The uncertainty of the measurement at a confidence level of approximately 95% (in the case where distributions are normal), with a coverage factor of 2, in the range 30MHz – 40GHz is ±1.5dB.
3. Environmental Conditions

Temperature	23°C
Relative Humidity	53%
Atmospheric Pressure	1019mbar

4. Test Date : 2017-11-20
   Tested By : Andy Feng

Test Procedures:

Smart phone radio output power measurement

1. The transmitter output port was connected to base station emulator.
2. Establish communication link between emulator and EUT and set EUT to operate at maximum output power all the time.
3. Select lowest, middle, and highest channels for each band and different possible test mode.
4. Measure the conducted peak burst power and conducted average burst power from EUT antenna port.

Other radio output power measurement:

The output power was measured using power meter at low, mid, and hi channels.

Source-based Time Averaged Burst Power Calculation:

For TDMA, the following duty cycle factor was used to calculate the source-based time average power

Number of Time slot	1	2	3	4
Duty Cycle	1:8	1:4	1:2.66	1:2
Duty cycle factor	-9.03 dB	-6.02 dB	-4.26 dB	-3.01 dB
Crest Factor	8	4	2.66	2

Remark: *Time slot duty cycle factor = 10 * log (Time Slot Duty Cycle)*

Source based time averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (1 Uplink) – 9.03 dB
Source based time averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (2 Uplink) – 6.02 dB
Source based time averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (3 Uplink) – 4.26 dB
Source based time averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (4 Uplink) – 3.01 dB

Test Result:

Burst Average Power (dBm);								
Band	**GSM850**				**PCS1900**			
Channel	128	190	251	Tune up Power tolerant	512	661	810	Tune up Power tolerant
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.6	848.8	/	1850.2	1880	1909.8	/
GSM Voice	32.69	32.55	32.43	32±1	29.81	29.79	29.43	29±1
GPRS 1 slots	32.71	32.58	32.48	32±1	29.82	29.80	29.43	29±1
GPRS 2 slots	31.28	31.48	31.33	31±1	28.69	28.78	28.45	28±1
GPRS 3 slots	30.55	30.56	30.45	30±1	27.68	27.69	27.51	27±1
GPRS 4 slots	29.65	29.49	29.66	29±1	26.59	26.77	26.64	26±1
EGPRS 1 slots	26.80	26.89	26.83	26±1	25.44	25.03	24.96	25±1
EGPRS 2 slots	26.23	26.21	26.22	26±1	24.56	24.11	24.21	24±1
EGPRS 3 slots	25.32	25.31	25.35	25±1	23.65	23.29	23.69	23±1
EGPRS 4 slots	24.68	24.77	24.68	24±1	22.89	22.87	22.89	22±1

Remark :
GPRS, CS1 coding scheme.
EGPRS, MCS5 coding scheme.
Multi 1 Slot , Support Max 4 downlink, 1 uplink , 5 working link
Multi 2 Slots , Support Max 4 downlink, 2 uplink , 5 working link
Multi 3 Slots , Support Max 4 downlink, 3 uplink , 5 working link
Multi 4 Slots , Support Max 4 downlink, 4 uplink , 5 working link

Source Based time Average Power (dBm)								
Band	**GSM850**				**PCS1900**			
Channel	128	190	251	Time Average factor	512	661	810	Time Average factor
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.6	848.8	/	1850.2	1880	1909.8	/
GSM Voice	23.66	23.52	23.40	-9.03	20.78	20.76	20.40	-9.03
GPRS 1 slots	23.68	23.55	23.45	-9.03	20.79	20.77	20.40	-9.03
GPRS 2 slots	25.26	25.46	25.31	-6.02	22.67	22.76	22.43	-6.02
GPRS 3 slots	26.29	26.30	26.19	-4.26	23.42	23.43	23.25	-4.26
GPRS 4 slots	26.64	26.48	26.65	-3.01	23.58	23.76	23.63	-3.01
EGPRS 1 slots	17.77	17.86	17.80	-9.03	16.41	16.00	15.93	-9.03
EGPRS 2 slots	20.21	20.19	20.20	-6.02	18.54	18.09	18.19	-6.02
EGPRS 3 slots	21.06	21.05	21.09	-4.26	19.39	19.03	19.43	-4.26
EGPRS 4 slots	21.67	21.76	21.67	-3.01	19.88	19.86	19.88	-3.01
Remark : Time average factor = 1 uplink , 10*log(1/8)=-9.03dB , 2 uplink , 10*log(2/8)=-6.02dB , 3 uplink , 10*log(3/8)=-4.26dB ,4 uplink , 10*log(4/8)=-3.01dB Source based time average power = Burst Average power + Time Average factor								

Note: DUT was set in GPRS(4Tx slots) due to the Maximum source-base time average output power for body SAR.

WCDMA - Average Power (dBm)								
Band	**WCDMA Band II**				**WCDMA Band V**			
Channel	**9262**	**9400**	**9538**	**Tune up Power tolerant**	**4132**	**4183**	**4233**	**Tune up Power tolerant**
Frequency (MHz)	**1852.4**	**1880**	**1907.6**	**/**	**826.4**	**836.6**	**846.6**	**/**
RMC 12.2k	22.88	22.72	22.68	22±1	22.54	22.37	22.55	22±1
HSDPA Subtest-1	21.53	21.44	21.60	21±1	21.42	21.20	21.57	21±1
HSDPA Subtest-2	21.44	21.35	21.22	21±1	21.40	21.12	21.38	21±1
HSDPA Subtest-3	21.22	21.33	21.39	21±1	21.38	21.11	21.33	21±1
HSDPA Subtest-4	21.18	21.30	21.45	21±1	21.35	21.17	21.28	21±1
HSUPA Subtest-1	21.56	21.68	21.60	21±1	21.39	21.21	21.57	21±1
HSUPA Subtest-2	21.38	21.58	21.53	21±1	21.29	21.11	21.39	21±1
HSUPA Subtest-3	21.39	21.59	21.55	21±1	21.38	21.18	21.50	21±1
HSUPA Subtest-4	21.44	21.30	21.47	21±1	21.36	21.21	21.38	21±1
HSUPA Subtest-5	21.36	21.65	21.46	21±1	21.30	21.18	21.39	21±1

WCDMA - Average Power (dBm)				
Band	**WCDMA BandⅣ**			
Channel	**1312**	**1413**	**1513**	**Tune up Power tolerant**
Frequency (MHz)	**1712.4**	**1732.6**	**1752.6**	/
RMC 12.2k	22.41	22.68	22.61	22±1
HSDPA Subtest-1	21.23	21.46	21.46	21±1
HSDPA Subtest-2	21.11	21.35	21.40	21±1
HSDPA Subtest-3	21.19	21.28	21.28	21±1
HSDPA Subtest-4	21.15	21.39	21.20	21±1
HSUPA Subtest-1	21.17	21.20	21.38	21±1
HSUPA Subtest-2	21.13	21.11	21.30	21±1
HSUPA Subtest-3	21.12	21.19	21.23	21±1
HSUPA Subtest-4	21.15	21.20	21.32	21±1
HSUPA Subtest-5	21.10	21.14	21.28	21±1

LTE Power Reduction

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlined in section 6.2 of the 3GPP TS36.101 specification.

The allowed Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for the maximum output power due to higher order modulation and transmit bandwidth configuration (resource blocks) is specified in Table 6.2.3-1 of the 3GPP TS36.101.

Table 6.2.3-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 3

Modulation	Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (RB)						MPR (dB)
	1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	
QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1
16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1
16 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2

The allowed A-MPR values specified below in Table 6.2.4.-1 of 3GPP TS36.101 are in addition to the allowed MPR requirements. All the measurements below were performed with A-MPR disabled, by using Network Signalling Value of “NS_01”.

Table 6.2.4-1: Additional Maximum Power Reduction (A-MPR)

Network Signalling value	Requirements (sub-clause)	E-UTRA Band	Channel bandwidth (MHz)	Resources Blocks (N_{RB})	A-MPR (dB)
NS_01	6.6.2.1.1	Table 5.5-1	1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20	Table 5.6-1	NA
NS_03	6.6.2.2.1	2, 4,10, 23, 25, 35, 36	3	>5	≤ 1
			5	>6	≤ 1
			10	>6	≤ 1
			15	>8	≤ 1
			20	>10	≤ 1
NS_04	6.6.2.2.2	41	5	>6	≤ 1
			10, 15, 20	See Table 6.2.4-4	
NS_05	6.6.3.3.1	1	10,15,20	≥ 50	≤ 1
NS_06	6.6.2.2.3	12, 13, 14, 17	1.4, 3, 5, 10	Table 5.6-1	n/a
NS_07	6.6.2.2.3 6.6.3.3.2	13	10	Table 6.2.4-2	Table 6.2.4-2
NS_08	6.6.3.3.3	19	10, 15	> 44	≤ 3
NS_09	6.6.3.3.4	21	10, 15	> 40	≤ 1
				> 55	≤ 2
NS_10		20	15, 20	Table 6.2.4-3	Table 6.2.4-3
NS_11	6.6.2.2.1	23[1]	1.4, 3, 5, 10	Table 6.2.4-5	Table 6.2.4-5
..					
NS_32	-	-	-	-	-
Note 1: Applies to the lower block of Band 23, i.e. a carrier placed in the 2000-2010 MHz region.					

LTE Band 4：

BW(MHz)	Ch	Freq(MHz)	Mode	UL RB Allocation	UL RB Offset	Average Power (dbm)	Tune up limited(dBm)	MPR (dB)
1.4MHz	19957	1710.7	QPSK	1	0	21.55	21.0±1	/
				1	2	21.38	21.0±1	/
				1	5	21.31	21.0±1	/
				3	0	21.28	21.0±1	/
				3	1	21.16	21.0±1	/
				3	2	21.12	21.0±1	/
				6	0	20.4	20.0±1	1.0
			16QAM	1	0	20.51	20.0±1	1.0
				1	2	20.53	20.0±1	1.0
				1	5	20.51	20.0±1	1.0
				3	0	20.51	20.0±1	1.0
				3	1	20.5	20.0±1	1.0
				3	2	20.53	20.0±1	1.0
				6	0	19.58	20.0±1	1.0
	20175	1732.5	QPSK	1	0	21.25	21.0±1	/
				1	2	21.06	21.0±1	/
				1	5	21.13	21.0±1	/
				3	0	21.05	21.0±1	/
				3	1	21	21.0±1	/
				3	2	20.96	21.0±1	/
				6	0	20.38	20.0±1	1.0
			16QAM	1	0	20.82	20.0±1	1.0
				1	2	20.8	20.0±1	1.0
				1	5	20.8	20.0±1	1.0
				3	0	20.72	20.0±1	1.0
				3	1	20.65	20.0±1	1.0
				3	2	20.7	20.0±1	1.0
				6	0	19.31	20.0±1	1.0
	20393	1754.3	QPSK	1	0	21.1	21.0±1	/
				1	2	20.89	21.0±1	/
				1	5	20.91	21.0±1	/
				3	0	20.94	21.0±1	/
				3	1	20.82	21.0±1	/
				3	2	20.83	21.0±1	/
				6	0	20.28	20.0±1	1.0
			16QAM	1	0	20.28	20.0±1	1.0
				1	2	20.32	20.0±1	1.0
				1	5	20.32	20.0±1	1.0
				3	0	20.55	20.0±1	1.0
				3	1	20.52	20.0±1	1.0
				3	2	20.54	20.0±1	1.0
				6	0	19.49	20.0±1	1.0

BW(MHz)	Ch	Freq(MHz)	Mode	UL RB Allocation	UL RB Offset	Average Power (dbm)	Tune up limited(dBm)	MPR (dB)
3MHz	19965	1711.5	QPSK	1	0	21.06	21.0±1	/
				1	8	21.7	21.0±1	/
				1	14	21.74	21.0±1	/
				6	0	20.5	20.0±1	1.0
				6	4	20.5	20.0±1	1.0
				6	9	20.5	20.0±1	1.0
				15	0	20.46	20.0±1	1.0
			16QAM	1	0	20.26	20.0±1	1.0
				1	8	20.31	20.0±1	1.0
				1	14	20.25	20.0±1	1.0
				8	0	19.62	20.0±1	1.0
				8	4	19.62	20.0±1	1.0
				8	9	19.63	20.0±1	1.0
				15	0	19.53	20.0±1	1.0
	20175	1732.5	QPSK	1	0	21.15	21.0±1	/
				1	8	20.93	21.0±1	/
				1	14	21.01	21.0±1	/
				6	0	20.52	20.0±1	1.0
				6	4	20.53	20.0±1	1.0
				6	9	20.53	20.0±1	1.0
				15	0	20.48	20.0±1	1.0
			16QAM	1	0	20.76	20.0±1	1.0
				1	8	20.83	20.0±1	1.0
				1	14	20.79	20.0±1	1.0
				6	0	19.62	20.0±1	1.0
				6	4	19.63	20.0±1	1.0
				6	9	19.62	20.0±1	1.0
				15	0	19.54	20.0±1	1.0
	20385	1753.5	QPSK	1	0	21.13	21.0±1	/
				1	8	21.76	21.0±1	/
				1	14	21.78	21.0±1	/
				6	0	20.37	20.0±1	1.0
				6	4	20.41	20.0±1	1.0
				6	9	20.36	20.0±1	1.0
				15	0	20.36	20.0±1	1.0
			16QAM	1	0	20.29	20.0±1	1.0
				1	8	20.31	20.0±1	1.0
				1	14	20.3	20.0±1	1.0
				8	0	19.42	20.0±1	1.0
				8	4	19.46	20.0±1	1.0
				8	9	19.44	20.0±1	1.0
				15	0	19.34	20.0±1	1.0

BW(MHz)	Ch	Freq(MHz)	Mode	UL RB Allocation	UL RB Offset	Average Power (dbm)	Tune up limited(dBm)	MPR (dB)
5MHz	19975	1712.5	QPSK	1	0	21.34	21.0±1	/
				1	49	20.75	21.0±1	/
				1	99	21.05	21.0±1	/
				12	0	20.53	20.0±1	1.0
				12	24	20.52	20.0±1	1.0
				12	49	20.53	20.0±1	1.0
				25	0	20.48	20.0±1	1.0
			16QAM	1	0	20.64	20.0±1	1.0
				1	49	20.64	20.0±1	1.0
				1	99	20.62	20.0±1	1.0
				12	0	19.65	20.0±1	1.0
				12	24	19.64	20.0±1	1.0
				12	49	19.67	20.0±1	1.0
				25	0	19.55	20.0±1	1.0
	20175	1732.5	QPSK	1	0	21.41	21.0±1	/
				1	49	20.95	21.0±1	/
				1	99	21.47	21.0±1	/
				12	0	20.54	20.0±1	1.0
				12	24	20.53	20.0±1	1.0
				12	49	20.53	20.0±1	1.0
				25	0	20.48	20.0±1	1.0
			16QAM	1	0	20.04	20.0±1	1.0
				1	49	20.02	20.0±1	1.0
				1	99	20	20.0±1	1.0
				12	0	19.73	20.0±1	1.0
				12	24	19.72	20.0±1	1.0
				12	49	19.73	20.0±1	1.0
				25	0	19.57	20.0±1	1.0
	20375	1752.5	QPSK	1	0	21.07	21.0±1	/
				1	49	20.58	21.0±1	/
				1	99	20.78	21.0±1	/
				12	0	20.38	20.0±1	1.0
				12	24	20.39	20.0±1	1.0
				12	49	20.41	20.0±1	1.0
				25	0	20.32	20.0±1	1.0
			16QAM	1	0	20.44	20.0±1	1.0
				1	49	20.46	20.0±1	1.0
				1	99	20.43	20.0±1	1.0
				12	0	19.47	20.0±1	1.0
				12	24	19.49	20.0±1	1.0
				12	49	19.5	20.0±1	1.0
				25	0	19.31	20.0±1	1.0

BW(MHz)	Ch	Freq(MHz)	Mode	UL RB Allocation	UL RB Offset	Average Power (dbm)	Tune up limited(dBm)	MPR (dB)
10MHz	20000	1715	QPSK	1	0	21.36	21.0±1	/
				1	49	21.14	21.0±1	/
				1	99	20.55	21.0±1	/
				25	0	20.54	20.0±1	1.0
				25	24	20.53	20.0±1	1.0
				25	49	20.57	20.0±1	1.0
				50	0	20.57	20.0±1	1.0
			16QAM	1	0	20.46	20.0±1	1.0
				1	49	20.46	20.0±1	1.0
				1	99	20.41	20.0±1	1.0
				25	0	19.6	20.0±1	1.0
				25	24	19.59	20.0±1	1.0
				25	49	19.62	20.0±1	1.0
				50	0	19.59	20.0±1	1.0
	20175	1732.5	QPSK	1	0	21.39	21.0±1	/
				1	49	21.55	21.0±1	/
				1	99	21.43	21.0±1	/
				25	0	20.52	20.0±1	1.0
				25	24	20.52	20.0±1	1.0
				25	49	20.52	20.0±1	1.0
				50	0	20.51	20.0±1	1.0
			16QAM	1	0	20.86	20.0±1	1.0
				1	49	20.92	20.0±1	1.0
				1	99	20.86	20.0±1	1.0
				25	0	19.6	20.0±1	1.0
				25	24	19.58	20.0±1	1.0
				25	49	19.58	20.0±1	1.0
				50	0	19.56	20.0±1	1.0
	20350	1750	QPSK	1	0	21.24	21.0±1	/
				1	49	20.94	21.0±1	/
				1	99	20.38	21.0±1	/
				25	0	20.34	20.0±1	1.0
				25	24	20.32	20.0±1	1.0
				25	49	20.34	20.0±1	1.0
				50	0	20.35	20.0±1	1.0
			16QAM	1	0	20.38	20.0±1	1.0
				1	49	20.34	20.0±1	1.0
				1	99	20.36	20.0±1	1.0
				25	0	19.47	20.0±1	1.0
				25	24	19.43	20.0±1	1.0
				25	49	19.48	20.0±1	1.0
				50	0	19.42	20.0±1	1.0

BW(MHz)	Ch	Freq(MHz)	Mode	UL RB Allocation	UL RB Offset	Average Power (dbm)	Tune up limited(dBm)	MPR (dB)
15MHz	20025	1717.5	QPSK	1	0	21.41	21.0±1	/
				1	49	20.83	21.0±1	/
				1	99	20.52	21.0±1	/
				36	0	20.64	20.0±1	1.0
				36	24	20.66	20.0±1	1.0
				36	49	20.68	20.0±1	1.0
				75	0	20.72	20.0±1	1.0
			16QAM	1	0	20.47	20.0±1	1.0
				1	49	20.45	20.0±1	1.0
				1	99	20.45	20.0±1	1.0
				36	0	19.63	20.0±1	1.0
				36	24	19.64	20.0±1	1.0
				36	49	19.66	20.0±1	1.0
				75	0	19.68	20.0±1	1.0
	20175	1732.5	QPSK	1	0	21.41	21.0±1	/
				1	49	21.32	21.0±1	/
				1	99	21.5	21.0±1	/
				36	0	20.66	20.0±1	1.0
				36	24	20.63	20.0±1	1.0
				36	49	20.62	20.0±1	1.0
				75	0	20.65	20.0±1	1.0
			16QAM	1	0	20.92	20.0±1	1.0
				1	49	20.92	20.0±1	1.0
				1	99	20.93	20.0±1	1.0
				36	0	19.69	20.0±1	1.0
				36	24	19.67	20.0±1	1.0
				36	49	19.66	20.0±1	1.0
				75	0	19.63	20.0±1	1.0
	20325	1747.5	QPSK	1	0	21.32	21.0±1	/
				1	49	20.87	21.0±1	/
				1	99	20.42	21.0±1	/
				36	0	20.49	20.0±1	1.0
				36	24	20.46	20.0±1	1.0
				36	49	20.46	20.0±1	1.0
				75	0	20.48	20.0±1	1.0
			16QAM	1	0	20.87	20.0±1	1.0
				1	49	20.74	20.0±1	1.0
				1	99	20.75	20.0±1	1.0
				36	0	19.46	20.0±1	1.0
				36	24	19.43	20.0±1	1.0
				36	49	19.4	20.0±1	1.0
				75	0	19.46	20.0±1	1.0

BW(MHz)	Ch	Freq(MHz)	Mode	UL RB Allocation	UL RB Offset	Average Power (dbm)	Tune up limited(dBm)	MPR (dB)
20MHz	20050	1720	QPSK	1	0	21.44	21.0±1	/
				1	49	21.74	21.0±1	/
				1	99	21.47	21.0±1	/
				50	0	20.63	20.0±1	1.0
				50	24	20.58	20.0±1	1.0
				50	49	20.62	20.0±1	1.0
				100	0	20.61	20.0±1	1.0
			16QAM	1	0	20.15	20.0±1	1.0
				1	49	20.09	20.0±1	1.0
				1	99	20.15	20.0±1	1.0
				50	0	19.67	20.0±1	1.0
				50	24	19.65	20.0±1	1.0
				50	49	19.67	20.0±1	1.0
				100	0	19.68	20.0±1	1.0
	20175	1732.5	QPSK	1	0	21.76	21.0±1	/
				1	49	21.87	21.0±1	/
				1	99	21.62	21.0±1	/
				50	0	20.6	20.0±1	1.0
				50	24	20.86	20.0±1	1.0
				50	49	20.58	20.0±1	1.0
				100	0	20.58	20.0±1	1.0
			16QAM	1	0	20.98	20.0±1	1.0
				1	49	20	20.0±1	1.0
				1	99	20.01	20.0±1	1.0
				50	0	19.65	20.0±1	1.0
				50	24	19.6	20.0±1	1.0
				50	49	19.62	20.0±1	1.0
				100	0	19.61	20.0±1	1.0
	20300	1745	QPSK	1	0	21.33	21.0±1	/
				1	49	21.06	21.0±1	/
				1	99	20.49	21.0±1	/
				50	0	20.45	20.0±1	1.0
				50	24	20.4	20.0±1	1.0
				50	49	20.4	20.0±1	1.0
				100	0	20.42	20.0±1	1.0
			16QAM	1	0	20.9	20.0±1	1.0
				1	49	20.76	20.0±1	1.0
				1	99	20.78	20.0±1	1.0
				50	0	19.46	20.0±1	1.0
				50	24	19.41	20.0±1	1.0
				50	49	19.41	20.0±1	1.0
				100	0	19.44	20.0±1	1.0

LTE Band 7：

BW(MHz)	Ch	Freq(MHz)	Mode	UL RB Allocation	UL RB Offset	Average Power (dbm)	Tune up limited(dBm)	MPR (dB)
5MHz	20775	2502.5	QPSK	1	0	21.03	21.0±1	/
				1	49	21.55	21.0±1	/
				1	99	21.82	21.0±1	/
				12	0	20.01	20.0±1	1.0
				12	24	20.92	20.0±1	1.0
				12	49	20.01	20.0±1	1.0
				25	0	20.88	20.0±1	1.0
			16QAM	1	0	20.04	20.0±1	1.0
				1	49	20.65	20.0±1	1.0
				1	99	20.95	20.0±1	1.0
				12	0	19.83	20.0±1	1.0
				12	24	19.82	20.0±1	1.0
				12	49	20	20.0±1	1.0
				25	0	19.81	20.0±1	1.0
	21100	2535	QPSK	1	0	21.29	21.0±1	/
				1	49	21.24	21.0±1	/
				1	99	21.64	21.0±1	/
				12	0	20.64	20.0±1	1.0
				12	24	20.48	20.0±1	1.0
				12	49	20.51	20.0±1	1.0
				25	0	20.54	20.0±1	1.0
			16QAM	1	0	20.24	20.0±1	1.0
				1	49	20.67	20.0±1	1.0
				1	99	20.05	20.0±1	1.0
				12	0	19.62	20.0±1	1.0
				12	24	19.49	20.0±1	1.0
				12	49	19.64	20.0±1	1.0
				25	0	19.52	20.0±1	1.0
	21425	2567.5	QPSK	1	0	21.15	21.0±1	/
				1	49	21.14	21.0±1	/
				1	99	21.32	21.0±1	/
				12	0	20.56	20.0±1	1.0
				12	24	20.24	20.0±1	1.0
				12	49	20.17	20.0±1	1.0
				25	0	20.3	20.0±1	1.0
			16QAM	1	0	20.02	20.0±1	1.0
				1	49	20.13	20.0±1	1.0
				1	99	20.28	20.0±1	1.0
				12	0	19.68	20.0±1	1.0
				12	24	19.35	20.0±1	1.0
				12	49	19.31	20.0±1	1.0
				25	0	19.36	20.0±1	1.0

BW(MHz)	Ch	Freq(MHz)	Mode	UL RB Allocation	UL RB Offset	Average Power (dbm)	Tune up limited(dBm)	MPR (dB)
10MHz	20800	2505	QPSK	1	0	21.66	21.0±1	/
				1	49	21.81	21.0±1	/
				1	99	21.01	21.0±1	/
				25	0	20.08	20.0±1	1.0
				25	24	20.29	20.0±1	1.0
				25	49	20.48	20.0±1	1.0
				50	0	20.26	20.0±1	1.0
			16QAM	1	0	20.34	20.0±1	1.0
				1	49	20.69	20.0±1	1.0
				1	99	20.94	20.0±1	1.0
				25	0	20.22	20.0±1	1.0
				25	24	20.45	20.0±1	1.0
				25	49	20.6	20.0±1	1.0
				50	0	20.43	20.0±1	1.0
	21100	2535	QPSK	1	0	21.01	21.0±1	/
				1	49	21.64	21.0±1	/
				1	99	21.68	21.0±1	/
				25	0	20.95	20.0±1	1.0
				25	24	20.94	20.0±1	1.0
				25	49	20.01	20.0±1	1.0
				50	0	20.97	20.0±1	1.0
			16QAM	1	0	20.15	20.0±1	1.0
				1	49	20.9	20.0±1	1.0
				1	99	20.94	20.0±1	1.0
				25	0	20.07	20.0±1	1.0
				25	24	19.95	20.0±1	1.0
				25	49	20.06	20.0±1	1.0
				50	0	20.01	20.0±1	1.0
	21400	2565	QPSK	1	0	21.13	21.0±1	/
				1	49	21.51	21.0±1	/
				1	99	20.78	21.0±1	/
				25	0	20.04	20.0±1	1.0
				25	24	20.65	20.0±1	1.0
				25	49	20.3	20.0±1	1.0
				50	0	20.67	20.0±1	1.0
			16QAM	1	0	20.02	20.0±1	1.0
				1	49	20.46	20.0±1	1.0
				1	99	19.66	20.0±1	1.0
				25	0	20.27	20.0±1	1.0
				25	24	19.88	20.0±1	1.0
				25	49	19.54	20.0±1	1.0
				50	0	19.88	20.0±1	1.0

BW(MHz)	Ch	Freq(MHz)	Mode	UL RB Allocation	UL RB Offset	Average Power (dbm)	Tune up limited(dBm)	MPR (dB)
15MHz	20825	2507.5	QPSK	1	0	21.67	21.0±1	/
				1	49	21.88	21.0±1	/
				1	99	21.51	21.0±1	/
				36	0	20.19	20.0±1	1.0
				36	24	20.5	20.0±1	1.0
				36	49	20.87	20.0±1	1.0
				75	0	20.49	20.0±1	1.0
			16QAM	1	0	20.4	20.0±1	1.0
				1	49	20.86	20.0±1	1.0
				1	99	20.56	20.0±1	1.0
				36	0	20.25	20.0±1	1.0
				36	24	20.6	20.0±1	1.0
				36	49	20	20.0±1	1.0
				75	0	20.65	20.0±1	1.0
	21100	2535	QPSK	1	0	21.86	21.0±1	/
				1	49	21.82	21.0±1	/
				1	99	21.66	21.0±1	/
				36	0	20.8	20.0±1	1.0
				36	24	20.81	20.0±1	1.0
				36	49	20.9	20.0±1	1.0
				75	0	20.79	20.0±1	1.0
			16QAM	1	0	20.18	20.0±1	1.0
				1	49	20.71	20.0±1	1.0
				1	99	20	20.0±1	1.0
				36	0	19.93	20.0±1	1.0
				36	24	19.88	20.0±1	1.0
				36	49	19.99	20.0±1	1.0
				75	0	19.89	20.0±1	1.0
	21375	2562.5	QPSK	1	0	21.62	21.0±1	/
				1	49	21.29	21.0±1	/
				1	99	21.36	21.0±1	/
				36	0	20.99	20.0±1	1.0
				36	24	20.46	20.0±1	1.0
				36	49	19.91	20.0±1	1.0
				75	0	20.45	20.0±1	1.0
			16QAM	1	0	20.07	20.0±1	1.0
				1	49	20.72	20.0±1	1.0
				1	99	19.73	20.0±1	1.0
				36	0	20.09	20.0±1	1.0
				36	24	19.57	20.0±1	1.0
				36	49	19.06	20.0±1	1.0
				75	0	19.62	20.0±1	1.0

BW(MHz)	Ch	Freq(MHz)	Mode	UL RB Allocation	UL RB Offset	Average Power (dbm)	Tune up limited(dBm)	MPR (dB)
20MHz	20850	2510	QPSK	1	0	21.68	21.0±1	/
				1	49	21.83	21.0±1	/
				1	99	21.02	21.0±1	/
				50	0	20.4	20.0±1	1.0
				50	24	20.85	20.0±1	1.0
				50	49	20.3	20.0±1	1.0
				100	0	20.82	20.0±1	1.0
			16QAM	1	0	20.09	20.0±1	1.0
				1	49	20.6	20.0±1	1.0
				1	99	20.52	20.0±1	1.0
				50	0	20.5	20.0±1	1.0
				50	24	20.99	20.0±1	1.0
				50	49	20.42	20.0±1	1.0
				100	0	20	20.0±1	1.0
	21100	2535	QPSK	1	0	21.87	21.0±1	/
				1	49	21.92	21.0±1	/
				1	99	21.44	21.0±1	/
				50	0	20.54	20.0±1	1.0
				50	24	20.91	20.0±1	1.0
				50	49	20.66	20.0±1	1.0
				100	0	20.56	20.0±1	1.0
			16QAM	1	0	20.37	20.0±1	1.0
				1	49	20.46	20.0±1	1.0
				1	99	20.83	20.0±1	1.0
				50	0	19.66	20.0±1	1.0
				50	24	19.55	20.0±1	1.0
				50	49	19.73	20.0±1	1.0
				100	0	19.75	20.0±1	1.0
	21350	2560	QPSK	1	0	21.52	21.0±1	/
				1	49	21.56	21.0±1	/
				1	99	20.39	21.0±1	/
				50	0	20.1	20.0±1	1.0
				50	24	20.81	20.0±1	1.0
				50	49	20.2	20.0±1	1.0
				100	0	20.7	20.0±1	1.0
			16QAM	1	0	20.77	20.0±1	1.0
				1	49	20.91	20.0±1	1.0
				1	99	19.77	20.0±1	1.0
				50	0	20.27	20.0±1	1.0
				50	24	19.98	20.0±1	1.0
				50	49	19.33	20.0±1	1.0
				100	0	19.89	20.0±1	1.0

WIFI Mode (2.4G)

Mode	Channel number	Frequency (MHz)	Data rate(Mbps)	Average Output Power(dBm)	Average Tune up limited(dBm)
802.11b	1	2412	1	7.35	7.0±1
	6	2437	1	7.83	7.0±1
	11	2462	1	7.68	7.0±1
802.11g	1	2412	6	7.07	7.0±1
	6	2437	6	7.14	7.0±1
	11	2462	6	7.36	7.0±1
802.11n(HT20)	1	2412	MCS0	7.01	7.0±1
	6	2437	MCS0	7.04	7.0±1
	11	2462	MCS0	7.18	7.0±1
802.11n(HT40)	3	2422	MCS0	7.19	7.0±1
	6	2437	MCS0	7.23	7.0±1
	9	2452	MCS0	7.27	7.0±1

Remark:11n(HT40) channel:3/4/5/6/7/8/9

Bluetooth Measurement Result

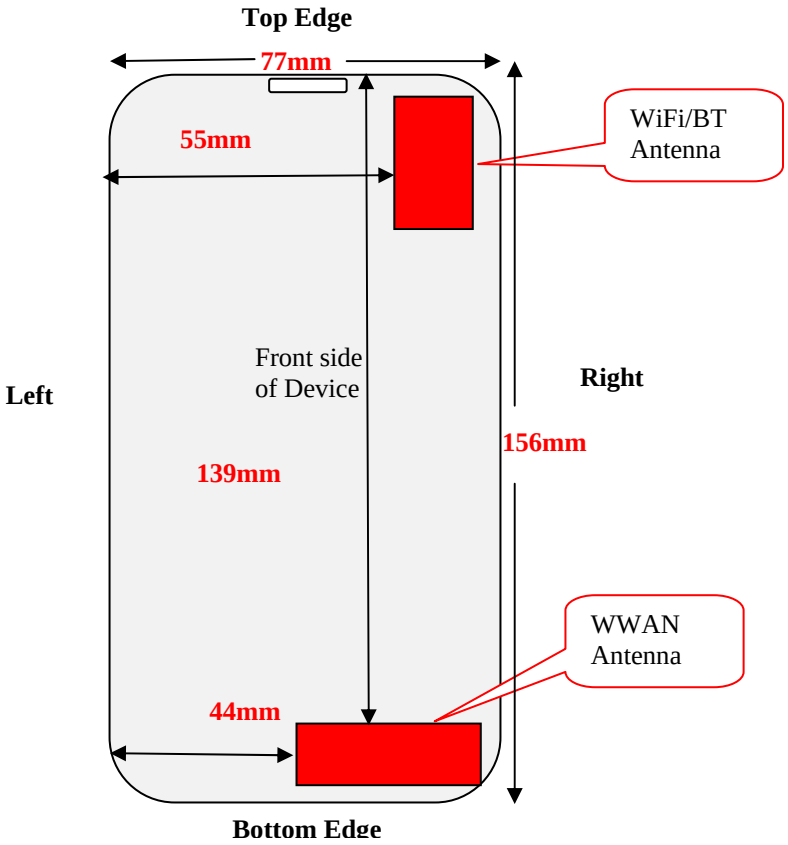
Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power(dBm)	Tune up limited(dBm)
GFSK	2402	2.37	3.0±1
	2441	3.01	3.0±1
	2480	3.05	3.0±1
π/4DQPSK	2402	2.33	3.0±1
	2441	2.48	3.0±1
	2480	2.94	3.0±1
8DPSK	2402	2.49	3.0±1
	2441	3.06	3.0±1
	2480	2.70	3.0±1

BLE Measurement Result

Channel number	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power(dBm)	Tune up limited(dBm)
0	2402	-3.91	-4.0±1
19	2440	-3.68	-4.0±1
39	2480	-3.41	-4.0±1

13 Exposure Conditions Consideration

EUT antenna location:



Test position consideration:

Distance of EUT antenna-to-edge/surface(mm), Test distance:10mm						
Antennas	Back side	Front side	Left Edge	Right Edge	Top Edge	Bottom Edge
WWAN	3	5	44	3	139	2
WLAN	3	5	55	3	5	130
Bluetooth	3	5	55	3	5	130

Test distance:10mm						
Antennas	Back side	Front side	Left Edge	Right Edge	Top Edge	Bottom Edge
WWAN	YES	YES	NO	YES	NO	YES
WLAN	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO
Bluetooth	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO

Note:
1. Head/Body SAR/Hotspot mode assessments are required.
2. Referring to KDB 941225 D06v02r01, when the overall device length and width are ≥ 9cm * 5cm, the test distance is 10mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge.
3. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for handsets the test separation distance is determined by the smallest distance between the outer surface of the device and the user, which is 0 mm for head SAR, 10 mm for body SAR.

RF Exposure

Smart phone-Omega LTE Q60, FCC ID: 2AC7IEKOOQ60
Standard Requirement:
According to §15.247 (i) and §1.1307(b)(1), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission's guidelines.

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at *test separation distances* ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(*max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW*)/(*min. test separation distance, mm*)] · [$\sqrt{f_{(GHz)}}$] ≤ 3.0 for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR,[16] where

- $f_{(GHz)}$ is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation[17]
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

The test exclusions are applicable only when the minimum *test separation distance* is ≤ 50 mm and for transmission frequencies between 100 MHz and 6 GHz. When the minimum *test separation distance* is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

Routine SAR evaluation refers to that specifically required by § 2.1093, using measurements or computer simulation. When routine SAR evaluation is not required, portable transmitters with output power greater than the applicable low threshold require SAR evaluation to qualify for TCB approval.

Exclusion Thresholds = $P\sqrt{F}/D$
P= Maximum turn-up power in mW
F= Channel frequency in GHz
D= Minimum test separation distance in mm

Test Distance (5mm)

Mode	MAX Power (dBm)	Tune Up Power (dBm)	Max Tune Up Power (dBm)	Max Tune Up Power (mW)	Exclusion Thresholds	Limit
WIFI	7.83	7.0±1	8.0	6.31	1.970	3
Bluetooth	3.06	3.0±1	4.0	2.51	0.784	3
BLE	-3.41	-4.0±1	-3.0	0.50	0.157	3

Test Distance (10mm)

Mode	MAX Power (dBm)	Tune Up Power (dBm)	Max Tune Up Power (dBm)	Max Tune Up Power (mW)	Exclusion Thresholds	Limit
WIFI	7.83	7.0±1	8.0	6.31	0.985	3
Bluetooth	3.06	3.0±1	4.0	2.51	0.392	3
BLE	-3.41	-4.0±1	-3.0	0.50	0.079	3

Result: Compliance
No SAR measurement is required.

14 SAR Test Results

Test Condition:

1. SAR Measurement
   The distance between the EUT and the antenna of the emulator is more than 50 cm and the output power radiated from the emulator antenna is at least 30 dB less than the output power of EUT.

2	Environmental Conditions	Temperature	23°C
		Relative Humidity	57%
		Atmospheric Pressure	1019mbar

3 Test Date : 2017-11-20~ 2017-11-22
Tested By : Andy Feng

Generally Test Procedures:

1. Establish communication link between EUT and base station emulation by air link.
2. Place the EUT in the selected test position. (Cheek, tilt or flat)
3. Perform SAR testing at middle or highest output power channel under the selected test mode. If the measured 1-g SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, then testing for the other channel will not be performed.
4. When SAR is<0.8W/kg, no repeated SAR measurement is required

For WCDMA test:

1. KDB941225 D01-Body SAR is not required for HSDPA when the average output of each RF channel with HSDPA active is less than 0.25dB higher than measured without HSDPA using 12.2kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC<75% of the SAR limit.
2. KDB941225 D01-Body SAR is not required for handset with HSPA capabilities when the maximum average output of each RF channel with HSUPA/HSDPA active is less than 0.25dB higher than that measure without HSUPA/HSDPA using 12.2kbps RMC AND THE maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC is<75% of the SAR limit

For LTE test:

1. According to FCC KDB 941225 D05v02r05:
   a. Per Section 5.2.1, SAR is required for QPSK 1 RB Allocation for the largest bandwidth
      i. The required channel and offset combination with the highest maximum output power is required for SAR.
      ii. When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required. Otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels using the RB offset configuration with highest output power for that channel.
      iii. When the reported SAR for a required test channel is > 1.45 W/kg, SAR is required for all RB offset configurations for that channel.
   b. Per Section 5.2.2, SAR is required for 50% RB allocation using the largest bandwidth following the same procedures outlined in Section 5.2.1.
   c. Per Section 5.2.3, QPSK SAR is not required for the 100% allocation when the highest maximum output power for the 100% allocation is less than the highest maximum output power of the 1 RB and 50% RB allocations and the reported SAR for the 1 RB and 50% RB allocations is < 0.8 W/kg.
   d. Per Section 5.2.4 and 5.3, SAR tests for higher order modulations and lower bandwidths configurations are not required when the conducted power of the required test configurations determined by Sections 5.2.1 through 5.2.3 is less than or equal to ½ dB higher than the equivalent configuration using QPSK modulation and when the QPSK SAR for those configurations is <1.45 W/kg.
   e. A-MPR was disabled for all SAR tests by setting NS=01 on the base station simulator. SAR tests were performed with the same number of RB and RB offsets transmitting on all TTI frames (maximum TTI).

SAR Summary Test Result:

Table 5: SAR Values of GSM 850MHz Band

Test Positions		Channel		Test Mode	Power(dBm)		SAR 1g(W/Kg), Limit(1.6W/kg)		Plot No.
		CH.	MHz		Maximum Turn-up Power(dBm)	Measured output power(dBm)	Measured SAR 1g(W/kg)	Scaled SAR 1g(W/kg)	
Right Head	Cheek	128	824.2	Voice call	33	32.69	0.254	0.27	--
	Tilt	128	824.2	Voice call	33	32.69	0.213	0.23	--
Left Head	Cheek	128	824.2	Voice call	33	32.69	**0.437**	**0.47**	**1**
	Tilt	128	824.2	Voice call	33	32.69	0.410	0.44	--
Body-worn (10mm Separation)	Front side	128	824.2	Voice call	33	32.69	0.364	0.39	--
	Back side	128	824.2	Voice call	33	32.69	**0.404**	**0.43**	**2**
Data mode (10mm Separation)	Front side	251	848.8	GPRS 4 slots	30	29.66	0.397	0.43	--
	Back side	251	848.8	GPRS 4 slots	30	29.66	**0.469**	**0.51**	**3**
	Right EDGE	251	848.8	GPRS 4 slots	30	29.66	0.207	0.22	--
	Bottom EDGE	251	848.8	GPRS 4 slots	30	29.66	0.159	0.17	--

Table 6: SAR Values of GSM 1900MHz Band

Test Positions		Channel		Test Mode	Power(dBm)		SAR 1g(W/Kg), Limit(1.6W/kg)		Plot No.
		CH.	MHz		Maximum Turn-up Power(dBm)	Measured output power(dBm)	Measured SAR 1g(W/kg)	Scaled SAR 1g(W/kg)	
Right Head	Cheek	512	1850.2	Voice call	30	29.81	0.251	0.26	--
	Tilt	512	1850.2	Voice call	30	29.81	0.240	0.25	--
Left Head	Cheek	512	1850.2	Voice call	30	29.81	**0.698**	**0.73**	**4**
	Tilt	512	1850.2	Voice call	30	29.81	0.641	0.67	--
Body-worn (10mm Separation)	Front side	512	1850.2	Voice call	30	29.81	0.623	0.65	--
	Back side	512	1850.2	Voice call	30	29.81	**0.774**	**0.81**	**5**
Data mode (10mm Separation)	Front side	661	1880	GPRS 4 slots	27	26.77	0.623	0.66	--
	Back side	661	1880	GPRS 4 slots	27	26.77	**0.606**	**0.64**	**6**
	Right EDGE	661	1880	GPRS 4 slots	27	26.77	0.412	0.43	--
	Bottom EDGE	661	1880	GPRS 4 slots	27	26.77	0.308	0.32	--

Table 7: SAR Values of WCDMA BAND V

Test Positions		Channel		Test Mode	Power(dBm)		SAR 1g(W/Kg), Limit(1.6W/kg)		Plot No.
		CH.	MHz		Maximum Turn-up Power(dBm)	Measured output power(dBm)	Measured SAR 1g(W/kg)	Scaled SAR 1g(W/kg)	
Right Head	Cheek	4233	846.6	RMC 12.2kbps	23	22.55	0.243	0.27	--
	Tilt	4233	846.6	RMC 12.2kbps	23	22.55	0.225	0.25	--
Left Head	Cheek	4233	846.6	RMC 12.2kbps	23	22.55	**0.380**	**0.42**	**7**
	Tilt	4233	846.6	RMC 12.2kbps	23	22.55	0.327	0.36	--
Body-worn (10mm Separation)	Front side	4233	846.6	HSDPA Subtest-1	22	21.57	0.360	0.40	--
	Back side	4233	846.6	HSDPA Subtest-1	22	21.57	**0.424**	**0.47**	**8**
Data mode (10mm Separation)	Front side	4233	846.6	HSDPA Subtest-1	22	21.57	0.360	0.40	--
	Back side	4233	846.6	HSDPA Subtest-1	22	21.57	**0.424**	**0.47**	**8**
	Right EDGE	4233	846.6	HSDPA Subtest-1	22	21.57	0.208	0.23	--
	Bottom EDGE	4233	846.6	HSDPA Subtest-1	22	21.57	0.198	0.22	--

Table 8: SAR Values of WCDMA BAND Ⅱ

Test Positions		Channel		Test Mode	Power(dBm)		SAR 1g(W/Kg), Limit(1.6W/kg)		Plot No.
		CH.	MHz		Maximum Turn-up Power(dBm)	Measured output power(dBm)	Measured SAR 1g(W/kg)	Scaled SAR 1g(W/kg)	
Right Head	Cheek	9262	1852.4	RMC 12.2kbps	23	22.88	**0.637**	**0.65**	**9**
	Tilt	9262	1852.4	RMC 12.2kbps	23	22.88	0.622	0.64	--
Left Head	Cheek	9262	1852.4	RMC 12.2kbps	23	22.88	0.413	0.42	--
	Tilt	9262	1852.4	RMC 12.2kbps	23	22.88	0.364	0.37	--
Body-worn (10mm Separation)	Front side	9400	1880	HSUPA Subtest-1	22	21.68	0.521	0.56	--
	Back side	9400	1880	HSUPA Subtest-1	22	21.68	**0.707**	**0.76**	**10**
Data mode (10mm Separation)	Front side	9400	1880	HSUPA Subtest-1	22	21.68	0.521	0.56	--
	Back side	9400	1880	HSUPA Subtest-1	22	21.68	**0.707**	**0.76**	**10**
	Right EDGE	9400	1880	HSUPA Subtest-1	22	21.68	0.228	0.25	--
	Bottom EDGE	9400	1880	HSUPA Subtest-1	22	21.68	0.209	0.22	--

Table 9: SAR Values of WCDMA BAND IV

Test Positions		Channel		Test Mode	Power(dBm)		SAR 1g(W/Kg), Limit(1.6W/kg)		Plot No.
		CH.	MHz		Maximum Turn-up Power(dBm)	Measured output power(dBm)	Measured SAR 1g(W/kg)	Scaled SAR 1g(W/kg)	
Right Head	Cheek	1413	1732.6	RMC 12.2kbps	23	22.68	**0.658**	**0.71**	**11**
	Tilt	1413	1732.6	RMC 12.2kbps	23	22.68	0.417	0.45	--
Left Head	Cheek	1413	1732.6	RMC 12.2kbps	23	22.68	0.442	0.48	--
	Tilt	1413	1732.6	RMC 12.2kbps	23	22.68	0.421	0.45	--
Body-worn (10mm Separation)	Front side	1413	1732.6	HSDPA Subtest-1	22	21.46	0.566	0.64	--
	Back side	1413	1732.6	HSDPA Subtest-1	22	21.46	**0.741**	**0.84**	**12**
Data mode (10mm Separation)	Front side	1413	1732.6	HSDPA Subtest-1	22	21.46	0.566	0.64	--
	Back side	1413	1732.6	HSDPA Subtest-1	22	21.46	**0.741**	**0.84**	**12**
	Right EDGE	1413	1732.6	HSDPA Subtest-1	22	21.46	0.287	0.32	--
	Bottom EDGE	1413	1732.6	HSDPA Subtest-1	22	21.46	0.234	0.26	--

Table 10: SAR Values of LTE BAND 4, 20MHz ,QPSK

Test Mode	Test Positions		Channel		Power(dBm)		MPR (dB)	SAR 1g(W/Kg), Limit(1.6W/kg)		Plot No.
			CH.	MHz	Maximum Turn-up Power(dBm)	Measured output power(dBm)		Measured SAR 1g(W/kg)	Scaled SAR 1g(W/kg)	
1RB #49	Right Head	Cheek	20175	1732.5	22	21.87	0	0.297	0.31	--
		Tilt	20175	1732.5	22	21.87	0	0.264	0.27	--
	Left Head	Cheek	20175	1732.5	22	21.87	0	**0.340**	**0.35**	**13**
		Tilt	20175	1732.5	22	21.87	0	0.302	0.31	--
	Body-worn (10mm Separation)	Front side	20175	1732.5	22	21.87	0	0.527	0.54	--
		Back side	20175	1732.5	22	21.87	0	**0.657**	**0.68**	**14**
	Data mode (10mm Separation)	Front side	20175	1732.5	22	21.87	0	0.527	0.54	--
		Back side	20175	1732.5	22	21.87	0	**0.657**	**0.68**	**14**
		Right EDGE	20175	1732.5	22	21.87	0	0.309	0.32	--
		Bottom EDGE	20175	1732.5	22	21.87	0	0.141	0.15	--
50%RB #24	Right Head	Cheek	20175	1732.5	21	20.86	1	0.234	0.24	--
		Tilt	20175	1732.5	21	20.86	1	0.257	0.27	--
	Left Head	Cheek	20175	1732.5	21	20.86	1	0.321	0.33	--
		Tilt	20175	1732.5	21	20.86	1	0.287	0.30	--
	Body-worn (10mm Separation)	Front side	20175	1732.5	21	20.86	1	0.417	0.43	--
		Back side	20175	1732.5	21	20.86	1	0.526	0.54	--
	Data mode (10mm Separation)	Front side	20175	1732.5	21	20.86	1	0.417	0.43	--
		Back side	20175	1732.5	21	20.86	1	0.526	0.54	--
		Right EDGE	20175	1732.5	21	20.86	1	0.264	0.27	--
		Bottom EDGE	20175	1732.5	21	20.86	1	0.178	0.18	--

Table 11: SAR Values of LTE BAND 7 , 20MHz ,QPSK

Test Mode	Test Positions		Channel		Power(dBm)		MPR (dB)	SAR 1g(W/Kg), Limit(1.6W/kg)		Plot No.
			CH.	MHz	Maximum Turn-up Power(dBm)	Measured output power(dBm)		Measured SAR 1g(W/kg)	Scaled SAR 1g(W/kg)	
1RB #0	Right Head	Cheek	21100	2535	22	21.92	0	**0.198**	**0.20**	**15**
		Tilt	21100	2535	22	21.92	0	0.145	0.15	--
	Left Head	Cheek	21100	2535	22	21.92	0	0.156	0.16	--
		Tilt	21100	2535	22	21.92	0	0.133	0.14	--
	Body-worn (10mm Separation)	Front side	21100	2535	22	21.92	0	0.528	0.53	--
		Back side	21100	2535	22	21.92	0	**0.632**	**0.64**	**16**
	Data mode (10mm Separation)	Front side	21100	2535	22	21.92	0	0.528	0.53	--
		Back side	21100	2535	22	21.92	0	**0.632**	**0.64**	**16**
		Right EDGE	21100	2535	22	21.92	0	0.236	0.24	--
		Bottom EDGE	21100	2535	22	21.92	0	0.245	0.25	--
50%RB #0	Right Head	Cheek	21100	2535	21	20.91	1	0.124	0.13	--
		Tilt	21100	2535	21	20.91	1	0.117	0.12	--
	Left Head	Cheek	21100	2535	21	20.91	1	0.108	0.11	--
		Tilt	21100	2535	21	20.91	1	0.106	0.11	--
	Body-worn (10mm Separation)	Front side	21100	2535	21	20.91	1	0.429	0.43	--
		Back side	21100	2535	21	20.91	1	0.564	0.57	--
	Data mode (10mm Separation)	Front side	21100	2535	21	20.91	1	0.429	0.43	--
		Back side	21100	2535	21	20.91	1	0.564	0.57	--
		Right EDGE	21100	2535	21	20.91	1	0.164	0.17	--
		Bottom EDGE	21100	2535	21	20.91	1	0.129	0.13	--

Note:1. KDB941225 D01-Body SAR is not required for HSDPA when the average output of each RF channel with HSDPA active is less than 0.25dB higher than measured without HSDPA using 12.2kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC<75% of the SAR limit.

2. KDB941225 D01-Body SAR is not required for handset with HSUPA/HSDPA capabilities when the maximum average output of each RF channel with HSUPA/HSDPA active is less than 0.25dB higher than that measure without HSUPA/HSDPA using 12.2kbps RMC and The maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC is<75% of the SAR limit

Measurement variability consideration

According to KDB 865664 D01v01r04 section 2.8.1, repeated measurements are required following the procedures as below:

1. Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
2. When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
3. Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
4. Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

No Repeated SAR:

Simultaneous Transmission SAR Analysis.

List of Mode for Simultaneous Multi-band Transmission:

No.	Configurations	Head SAR	Body-worn SAR	Data mode SAR
1	GSM(Voice) + WLAN 2.4GHz(Data)	Yes	Yes	-
2	GPRS (Data) + WLAN 2.4GHz(Data)	-	-	Yes
3	GSM(Voice) + Bluetooth(Data)	Yes	Yes	-
4	GPRS (Data) + Bluetooth(Data)	-	-	Yes
5	WCDMA (Voice) + WLAN 2.4GHz(Data)	Yes	Yes	-
6	WCDMA (Data) + WLAN 2.4GHz(Data)	-	-	Yes
7	WCDMA (Voice) + Bluetooth(Data)	Yes	Yes	-
8	WCDMA (Data) + Bluetooth(Data)	-	-	Yes
9	LTE (Date) + WLAN 2.4GHz(Data)	Yes	Yes	Yes
10	LTE (Date) + Bluetooth(Data)	Yes	Yes	Yes

Remark:

1. GSM/ WCDMA/LTE share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
2. VOIP is not supported at 2G/ 3G data mode.
3. WLAN and Bluetooth share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
4. According to the KDB 447498 D01 v06, when standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:
(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]·[√f(GHz)/x] W/kg for test separation distances ≤50 mm;
where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.
For simultaneous transmission analysis, Bluetooth SAR is estimated per KDB 447498 D01 v06 as below:

WIFI:

Tune-Up Power (dBm)	Max. Power (mW)	Distance (mm)	Frequency (GHz)	X	SAR(1g) 5mm	SAR(1g) 10mm
8.0	6.31	5/10	2.437	7.5	0.26	0.13

Bluetooth:

Tune-Up Power (dBm)	Max. Power (mW)	Distance (mm)	Frequency (GHz)	X	SAR(1g) 5mm	SAR(1g) 10mm
3.0	2.51	5/10	2.441	7.5	0.10	0.05

5. The maximum SAR summation is calculated based onthe same configuration and test position

Head SAR Simultaneous

WWAN and WIFI

	WWAN（maximum）		WIFI(5mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)
Position	Band	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	
Left Cheek	GSM850	0.47	0.26	0.73
Left Cheek	GSM1900	**0.73**	0.26	**0.99**
Left Cheek	WCDMA Band V	0.42	0.26	0.68
Right Cheek	WCDMA Band II	0.65	0.26	0.91
Right Cheek	WCDMA Band IV	0.71	0.26	0.97
Left Cheek	LTE BAND 4(1RB)	0.35	0.26	0.61
Right Cheek	LTE BAND 7(1RB)	0.20	0.26	0.46

WWAN and BT

	WWAN（maximum）		BT(5mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)
Position	Band	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	
Left Cheek	GSM850	0.47	0.10	0.57
Left Cheek	GSM1900	**0.73**	0.10	**0.83**
Left Cheek	WCDMA Band V	0.42	0.10	0.52
Right Cheek	WCDMA Band II	0.65	0.10	0.75
Right Cheek	WCDMA Band IV	0.71	0.10	0.81
Left Cheek	LTE BAND 4(1RB)	0.35	0.10	0.45
Right Cheek	LTE BAND 7(1RB)	0.20	0.10	0.30

Remark: WIFI/BT the 1g SAR value is not being captured by the measurement system, the 1g-SAR value is conservatively used for simultaneous transmission analysis.

Body-worn SAR Simultaneous

WWAN and WIFI

	WWAN（maximum）		WIFI(10mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)
Position	Band	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	
Back	GSM850(voice)	0.43	0.13	0.56
Back	GSM1900(voice)	0.81	0.13	0.94
Back	GSM850(data)	0.51	0.13	0.64
Back	GSM1900(data)	0.64	0.13	0.77
Back	WCDMA Band V	0.47	0.13	0.60
Back	WCDMA Band II	0.76	0.13	0.89
Back	WCDMA Band IV	**0.84**	0.13	**0.97**
Back	LTE BAND 4(1RB)	0.68	0.13	0.81
Back	LTE BAND 7(1RB)	0.64	0.13	0.77

WWAN and BT

	WWAN（maximum）		BT(10mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)
Position	Band	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	
Back	GSM850(voice)	0.43	0.05	0.48
Back	GSM1900(voice)	0.81	0.05	0.86
Back	GSM850(data)	0.51	0.05	0.56
Back	GSM1900(data)	0.64	0.05	0.69
Back	WCDMA Band V	0.47	0.05	0.52
Back	WCDMA Band II	0.76	0.05	0.81
Back	WCDMA Band IV	**0.84**	0.05	**0.89**
Back	LTE BAND 4(1RB)	0.68	0.05	0.73
Back	LTE BAND 7(1RB)	0.64	0.05	0.69

Remark: WIFI/BT the 1g SAR value is not being captured by the measurement system, the 1g-SAR value is conservatively used for simultaneous transmission analysis.

Data mode SAR Simultaneous

WWAN and WIFI(Hotspot SAR)

	WWAN（maximum）		WIFI(10mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)
Position	Band	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	
Back	GSM850	0.51	0.13	0.64
Back	GSM1900	0.64	0.13	0.77
Back	WCDMA Band V	0.47	0.13	0.60
Back	WCDMA Band II	0.76	0.13	0.89
Back	WCDMA Band IV	**0.84**	0.13	**0.97**
Back	LTE BAND 4(1RB)	0.68	0.13	0.81
Back	LTE BAND 7(1RB)	0.64	0.13	0.77

WWAN and BT

	WWAN（maximum）		BT(10mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)
Position	Band	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	
Back	GSM850	0.51	0.05	0.56
Back	GSM1900	0.64	0.05	0.69
Back	WCDMA Band V	0.47	0.05	0.52
Back	WCDMA Band II	0.76	0.05	0.81
Back	WCDMA Band IV	**0.84**	0.05	**0.89**
Back	LTE BAND 4(1RB)	0.68	0.05	0.73
Back	LTE BAND 7(1RB)	0.64	0.05	0.69

Remark: WIFI/BT the 1g SAR value is not being captured by the measurement system, the 1g-SAR value is conservatively used for simultaneous transmission analysis.

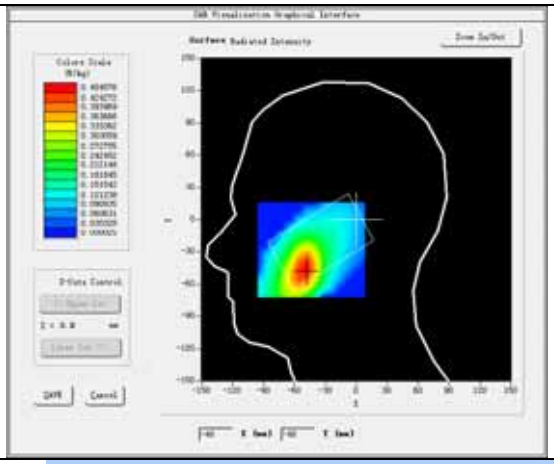
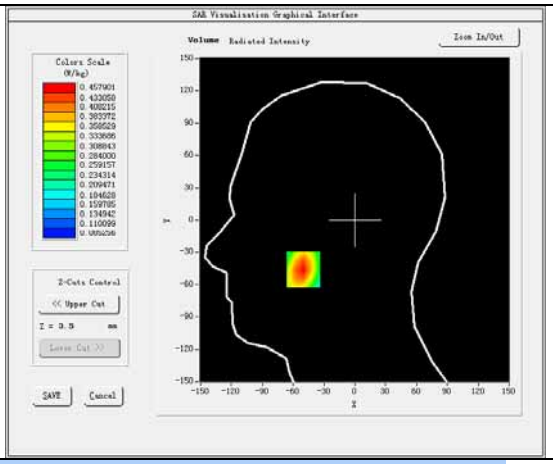
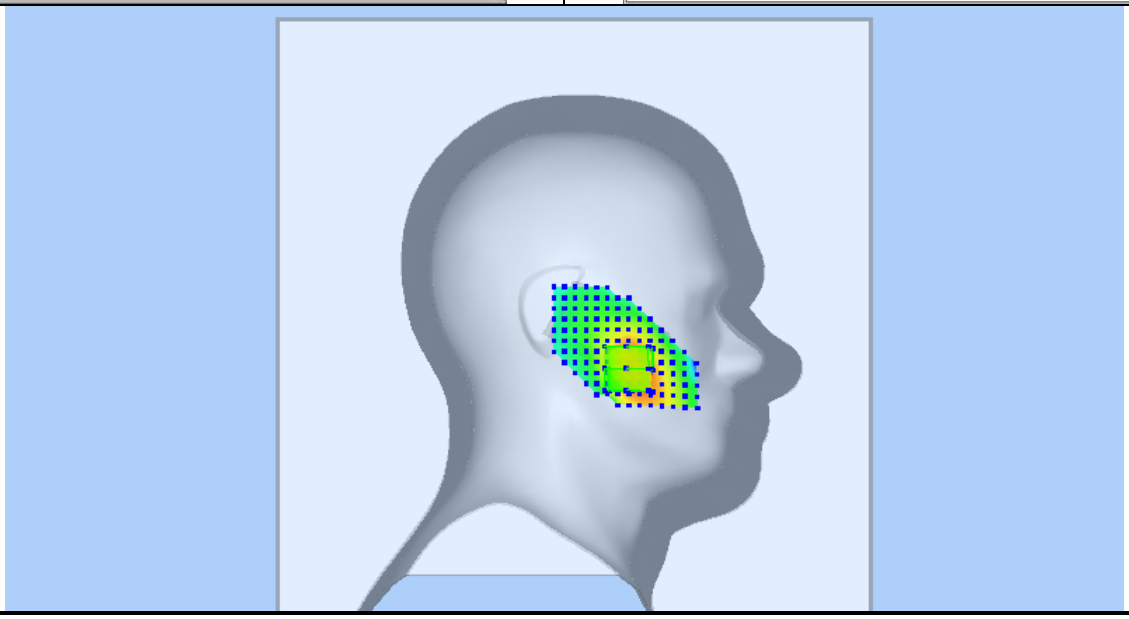
15 SAR Measurement Reference

References

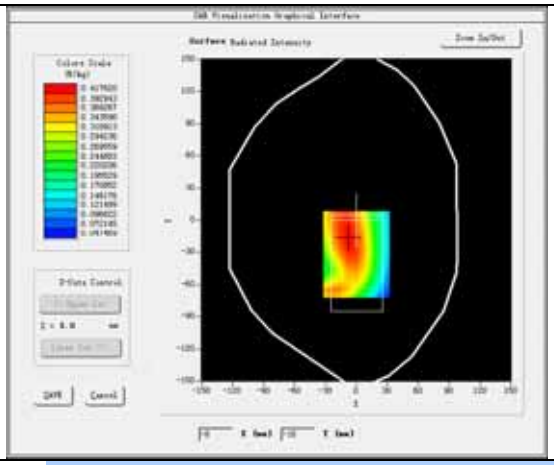
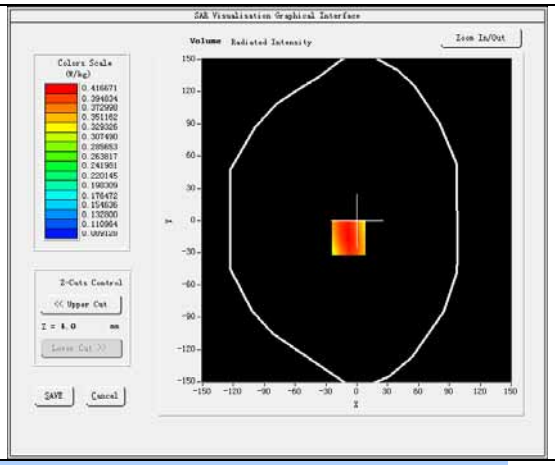
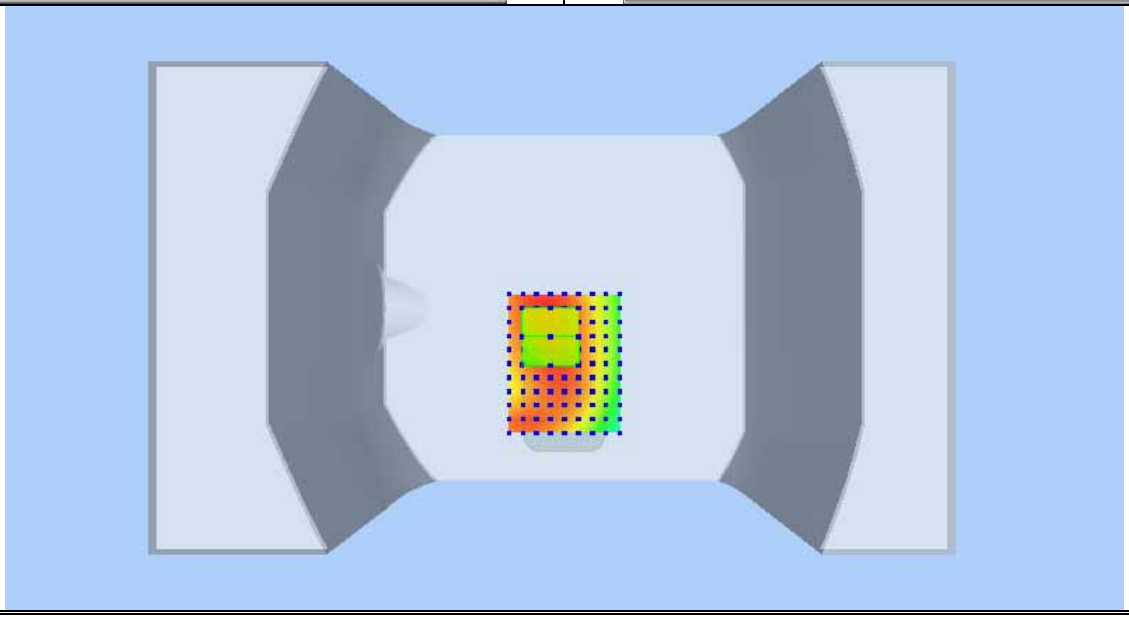
1. **FCC 47 CFR Part 2 "Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations"**
2. **IEEE Std. C95.1-2005, "IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3kHz to 300GHz", 2005**
3. **IEEE Std. 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices:Measurement Techniques", June 2013**
4. **IEC 62209-2, "Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices—Human models, instrumentation, and procedures – Part 2: Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate(SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body(frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", April 2010**
5. **FCC KDB 447498 D01 v06, "Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies", Oct 23th, 2015**
6. **FCC KDB 941225 D01 v03r01, "3G SAR Measurement Procedures", Oct 23th, 2015**
7. **FCC KDB 941225 D05 v02r05, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices", Dec 16th, 2015**
8. **FCC KDB 941225 D06 v02r01, "SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router Capabilities", Oct 23th, 2015**
9. **FCC KDB865664 D01 v01r04, "SAR Measurement Requirements 100MHz to 6GHz", Aug 7th, 2015**
10. **FCC KDB865664 D02 v01r02, "RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations ", Oct 23th", 2015**
11. **FCC KDB648474 D04 v01r03, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets", Oct 23th", 2015**
12. **FCC KDB 248227 D01 v01r02, SAR Guidance for IEEE 802.11 (Wi-Fi) Transmitters, Oct 23th, 2015.**

Maximum SAR measurement Plots

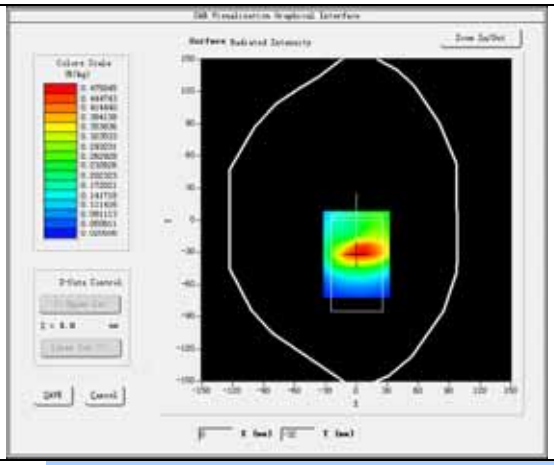
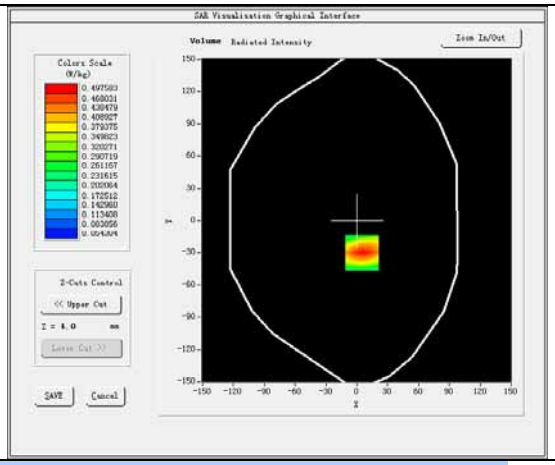
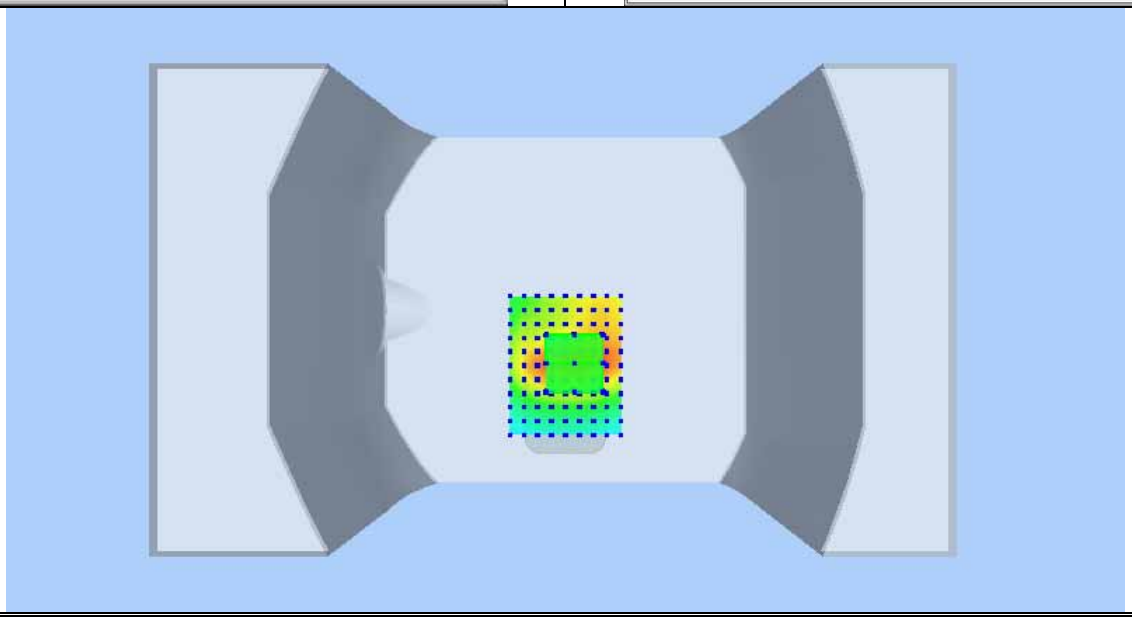
Plot 1: GSM850MHz, Low channel (Left Head , Cheek)
Product Description:Smart Phone
Test Date:2017-11-20

Medium(liquid type)	HSL_850
Frequency (MHz)	824.20000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.51
Conductivity (S/m)	0.93
Signal	GSM (Duty cycle: 1:8)
E-Field Probe	SN 07/15 EP249
Conversion Factor	5.03
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-0.98
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.305367
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.437086
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**
	
	

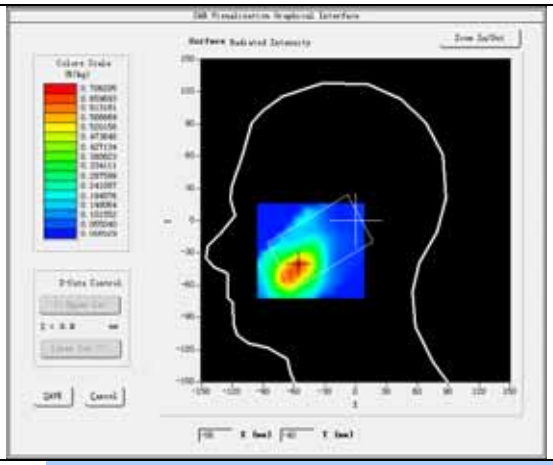
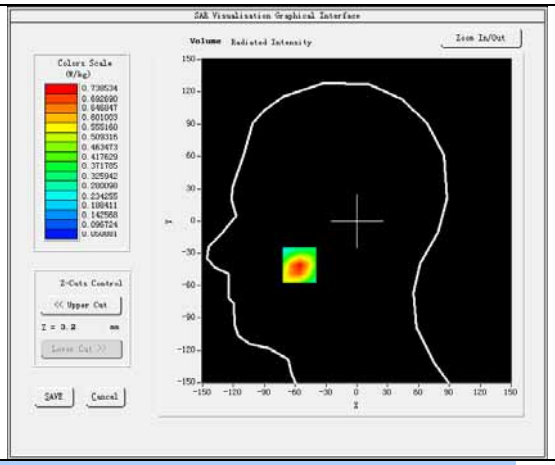
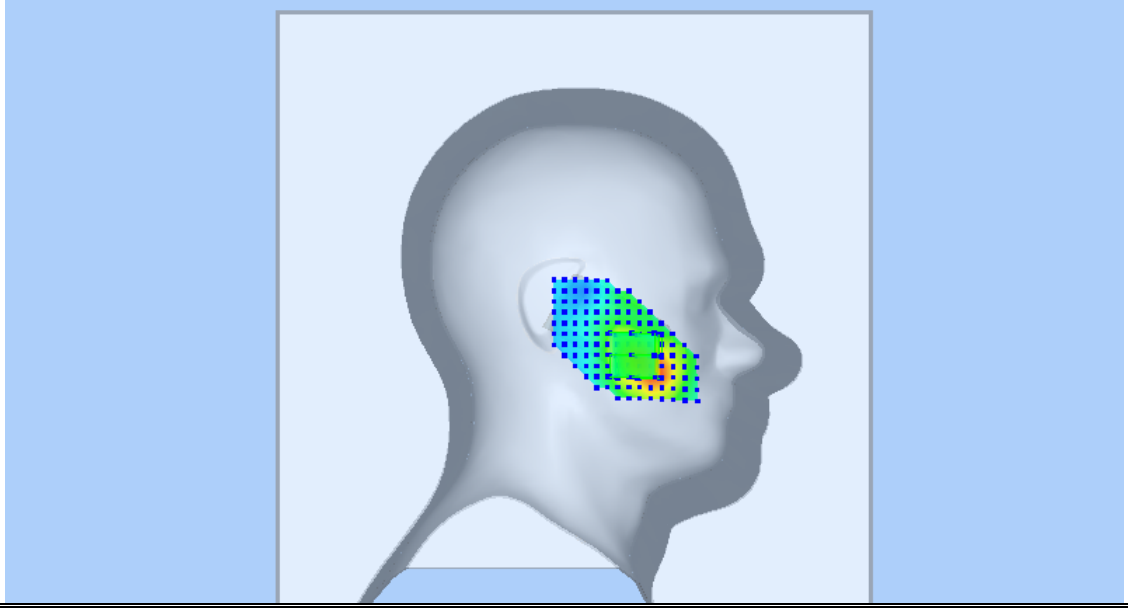
Plot 2: GSM850MHz, Low channel (Body-worn, Back Surface)
Product Description:Smart Phone
Test Date: 2017-11-20

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_850
Frequency (MHz)	824.20000
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.77
Conductivity (S/m)	0.98
Signal	GSM (Duty cycle: 1:8)
E-Field Probe	SN 07/15 EP249
Conversion Factor	5.24
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-0.20
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.312816
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.403937
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**
	
	

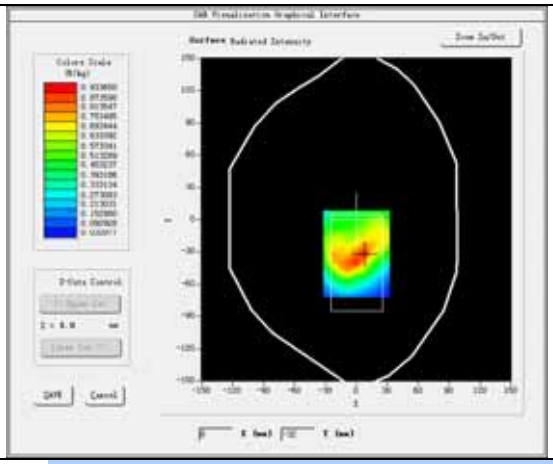
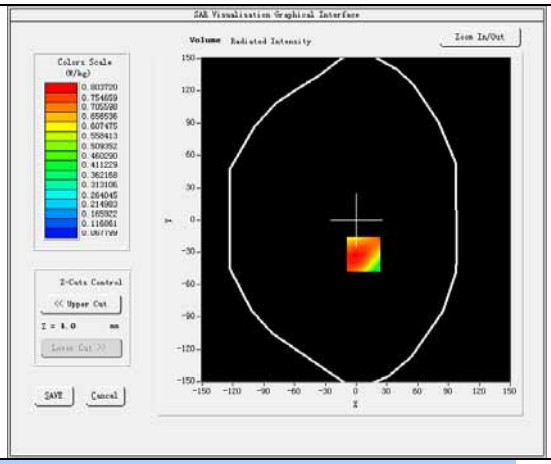
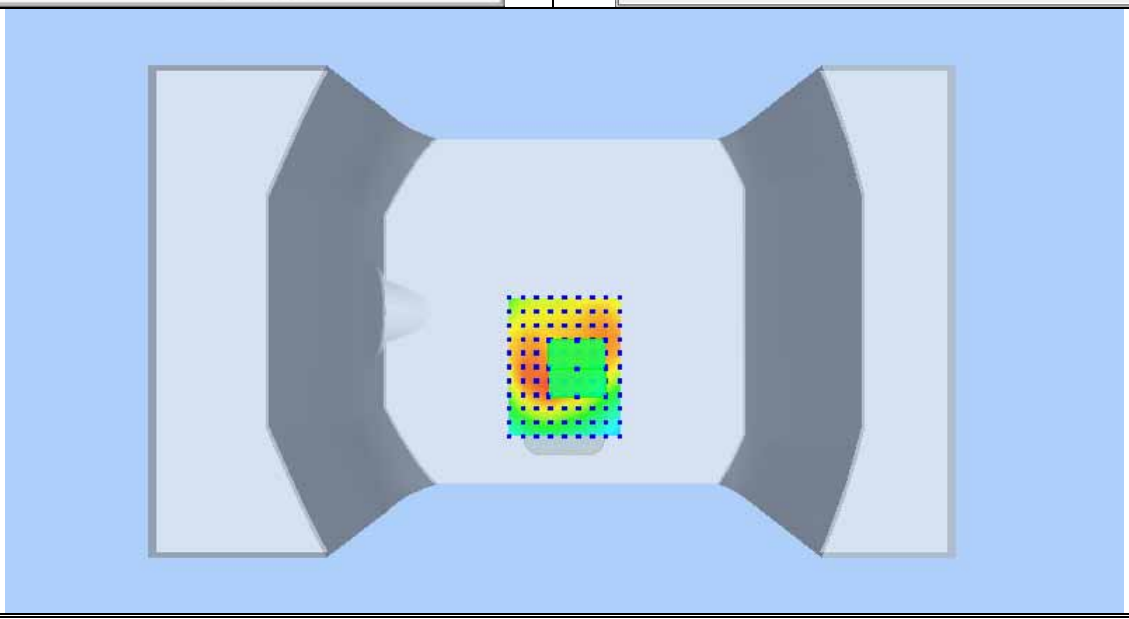
Plot 3: GPRS850MHz, High channel (Body-worn, Back Surface)
Product Description:Smart Phone
Test Date: 2017-11-20

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_850
Frequency (MHz)	848.80000
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.77
Conductivity (S/m)	0.98
Signal	GPRS (Duty cycle: 1:2)
E-Field Probe	SN 07/15 EP249
Conversion Factor	5.24
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-0.52
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.282256
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.468822
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**
	
	

Plot 4: GSM1900, Low channel (Left Head Cheek)
Product Description: Smart Phone
Test Date: 2017-11-21

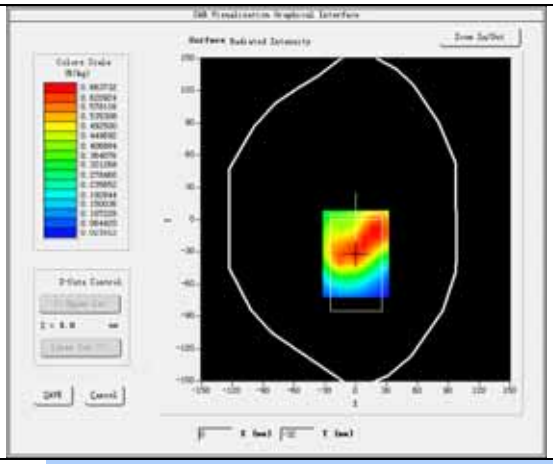
Medium(liquid type)	HSL_1900
Frequency (MHz)	1850.2000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.79
Conductivity (S/m)	1.41
Signal	GSM (Duty cycle: 1:8)
E-Field Probe	SN 07/15 EP249
Conversion Factor	4.87
Sensor-Surface	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-2.14
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.408307
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.698028
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**
	
	

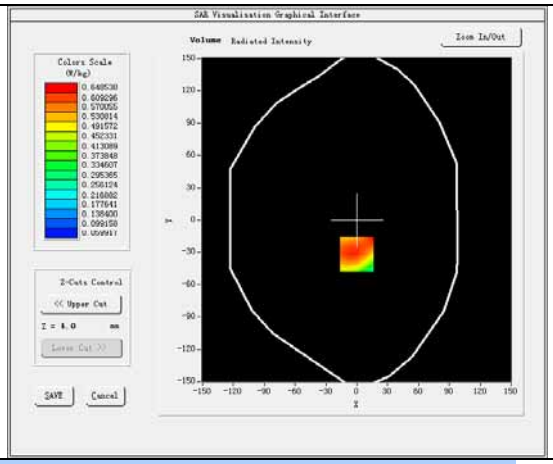
Plot 5: GSM1900, Low channel (Body-worn, Back Surface)
Product Description: Smart Phone
Test Date: 2017-11-21

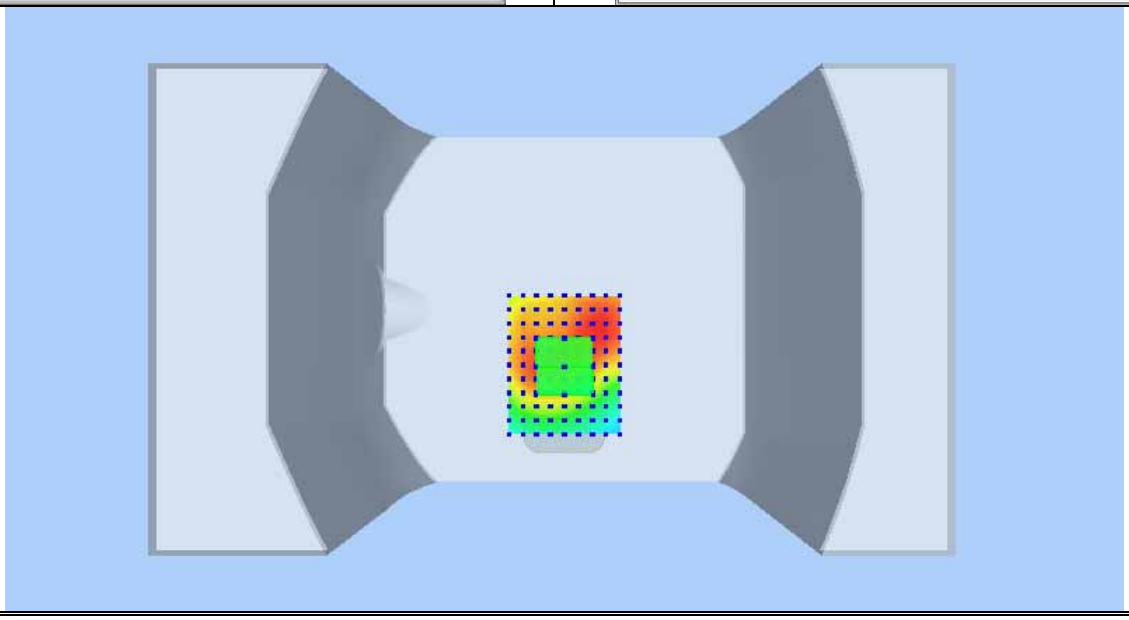
Medium(liquid type)	MSL_1900
Frequency (MHz)	1850.2000
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.37
Conductivity (S/m)	1.51
Signal	GSM (Duty cycle: 1:8)
E-Field Probe	SN 07/15 EP249
Conversion Factor	5.04
Sensor-Surface	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	2.04
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.480473
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.773580
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**
	
	

Plot 6: GPRS1900, Middle channel (Data mode, Back Surface)
Product Description: Smart Phone
Test Date: 2017-11-21

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_1900
Frequency (MHz)	1880.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.37
Conductivity (S/m)	1.51
Signal	GPRS (Duty cycle: 1:2)
E-Field Probe	SN 07/15 EP249
Conversion Factor	5.04
Sensor-Surface	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-2.71
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.391014
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.606043
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**

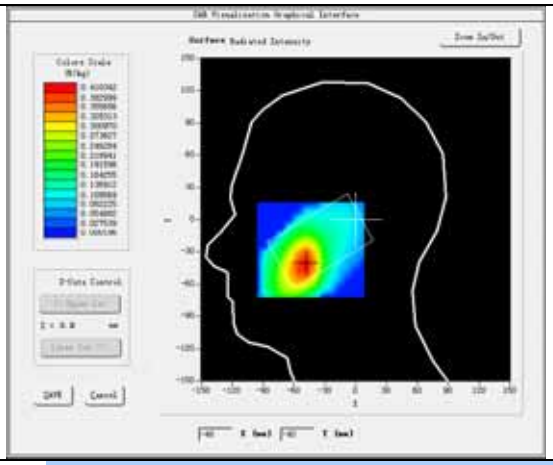


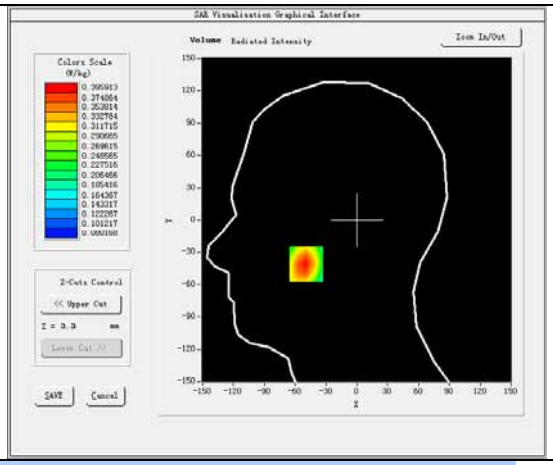


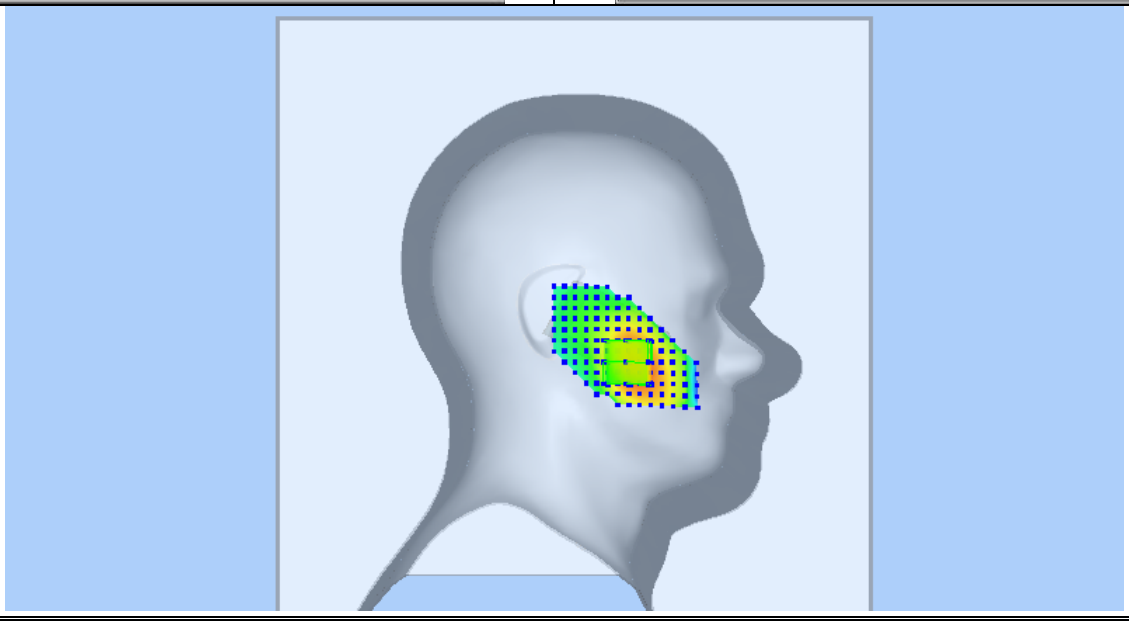


Plot 7: WCDMA BAND V, High channel (Left Head Cheek)
Product Description: Smart Phone
Test Date: 2017-11-20

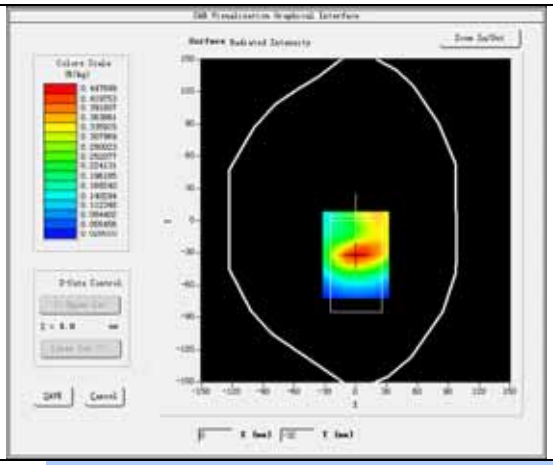
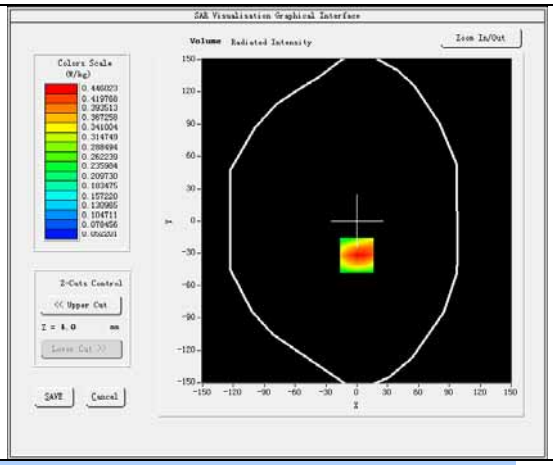
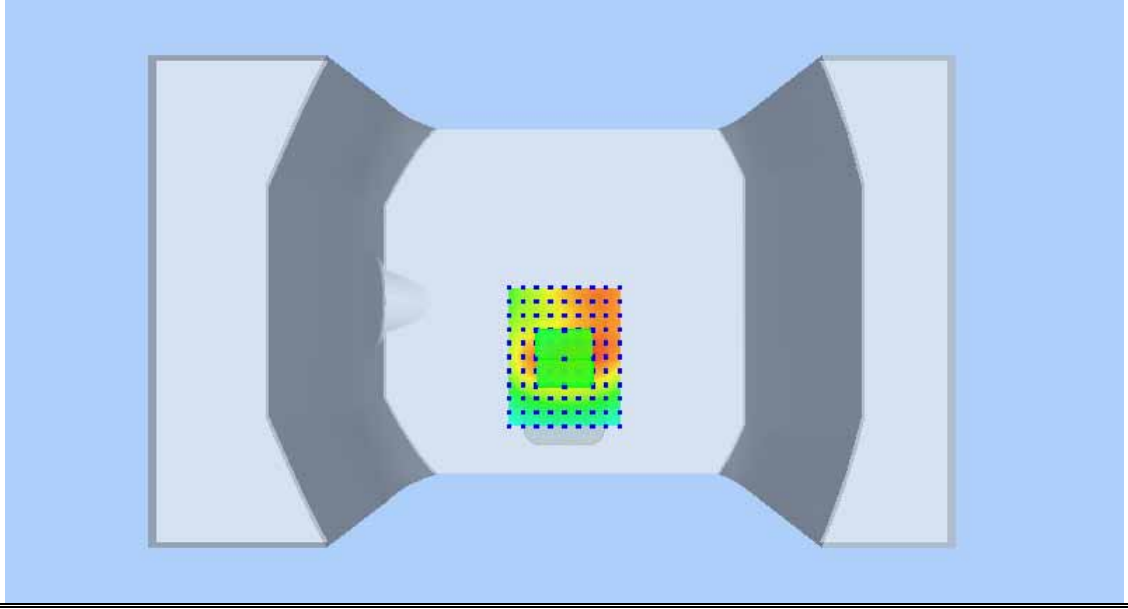
Medium(liquid type)	HSL_850
Frequency (MHz)	846.6000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.51
Conductivity (S/m)	0.93
Signal	WCDMA (Duty cycle: 1:1)
E-Field Probe	SN 07/15 EP249
Conversion Factor	5.03
Sensor-Surface	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	0.59
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.271713
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.379803
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**





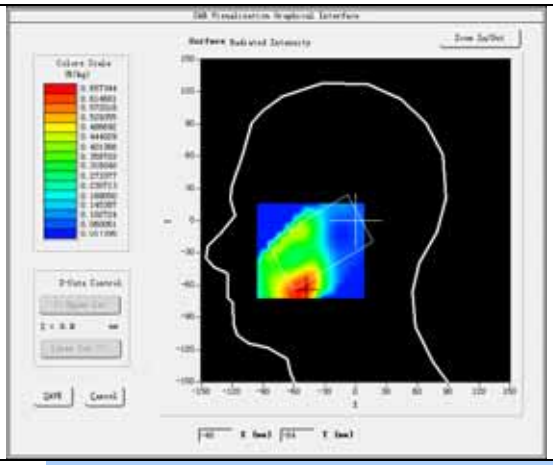


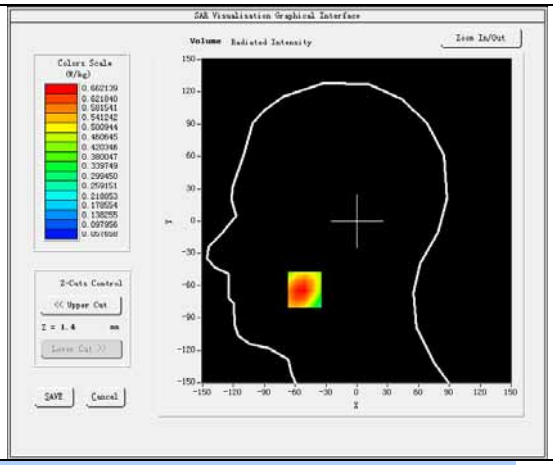
Plot 8: WCDMA BAND V, High channel (Body-worn/Data mode, Back Surface)
Product Description: Smart Phone
Test Date: 2017-11-20

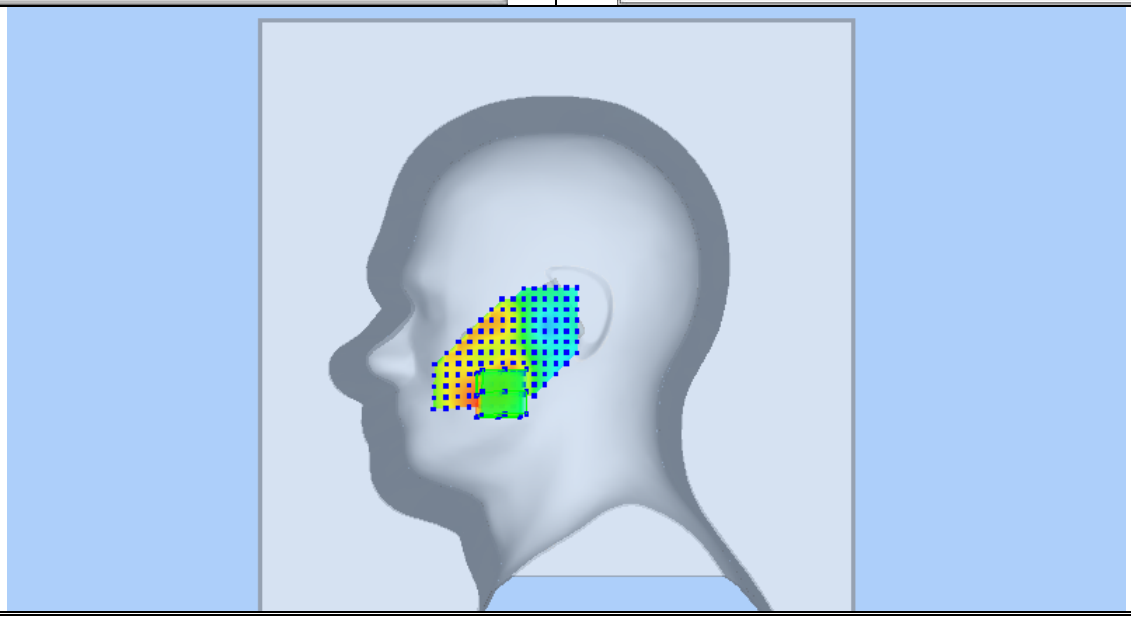
Medium(liquid type)	MSL_850
Frequency (MHz)	846.6000
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.77
Conductivity (S/m)	0.98
Signal	WCDMA (Duty cycle: 1:1)
E-Field Probe	SN 07/15 EP249
Conversion Factor	5.24
Sensor-Surface	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-1.87
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.269181
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.423767
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**
	
	

Plot 9: WCDMA BANDⅡ, Middle channel (Right Head Cheek)
Product Description: Smart Phone
Test Date: 2017-11-21

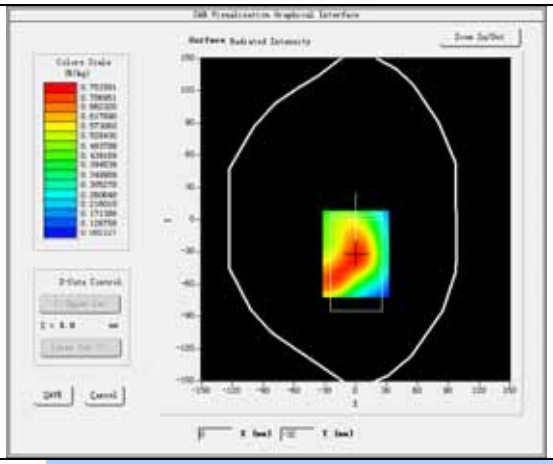
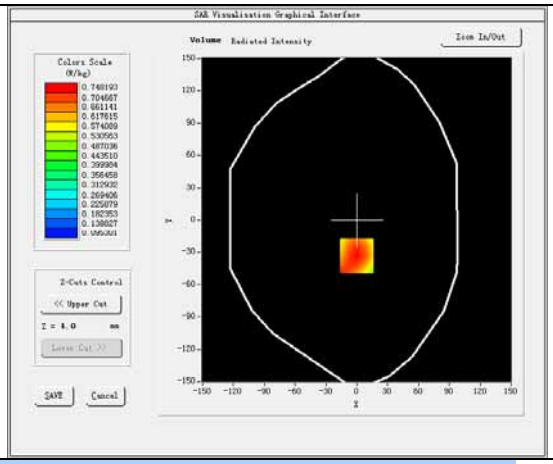
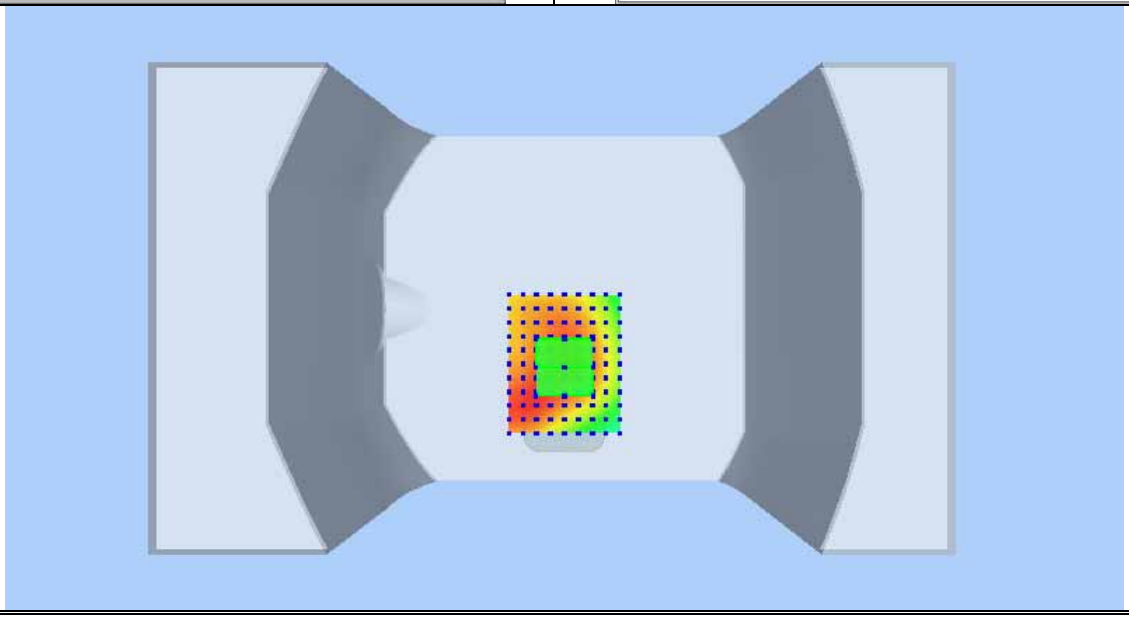
Medium(liquid type)	HSL_1900
Frequency (MHz)	1852.4000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.79
Conductivity (S/m)	1.41
Signal	WCDMA(Duty cycle: 1:1)
E-Field Probe	SN 07/15 EP249
Conversion Factor	4.87
Sensor-Surface	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-1.27
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.399224
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.636738
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**





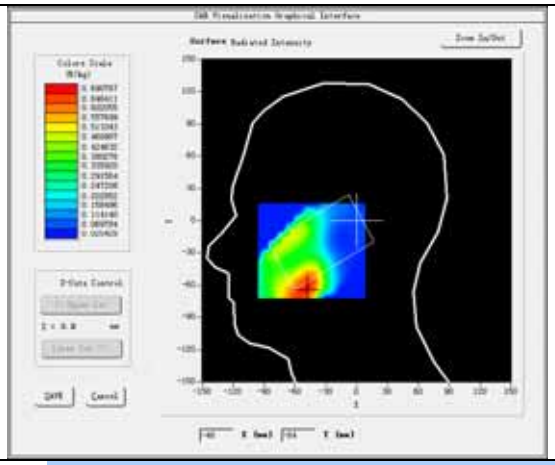


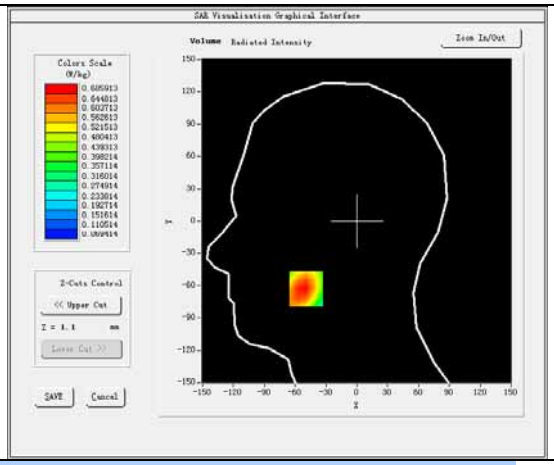
Plot 10: WCDMA BANDⅡ, Middle channel (Body-worn/Data mode, Back Surface)
Product Description: Smart Phone
Test Date: 2017-11-21

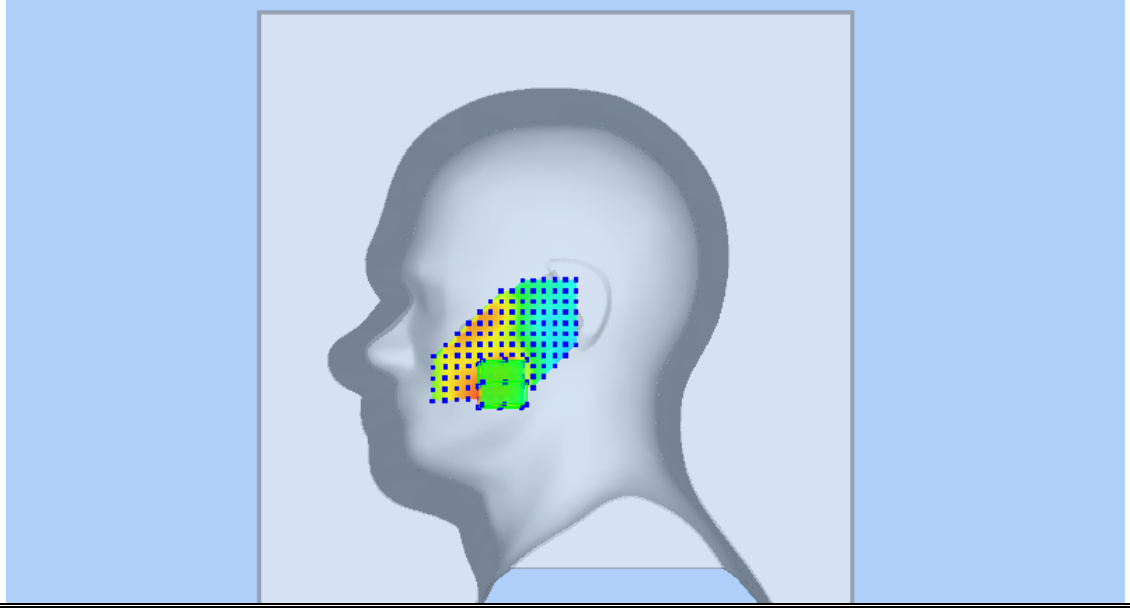
Medium(liquid type)	MSL_1900
Frequency (MHz)	1880.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.37
Conductivity (S/m)	1.51
Signal	WCDMA(Duty cycle: 1:1)
E-Field Probe	SN 07/15 EP249
Conversion Factor	5.04
Sensor-Surface	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-0.80
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.461705
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.707162
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**
	
	

Plot 11: WCDMA BAND IV, Mid channel (Right Head Cheek)
Product Description: Smart Phone
Test Date: 2017-11-21

Medium(liquid type)	HSL_1700
Frequency (MHz)	1732.6000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.49
Conductivity (S/m)	1.37
Signal	WCDMA(Duty cycle: 1:1)
E-Field Probe	SN 07/15 EP249
Conversion Factor	4.23
Sensor-Surface	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-3.22
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.425092
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.658266
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**

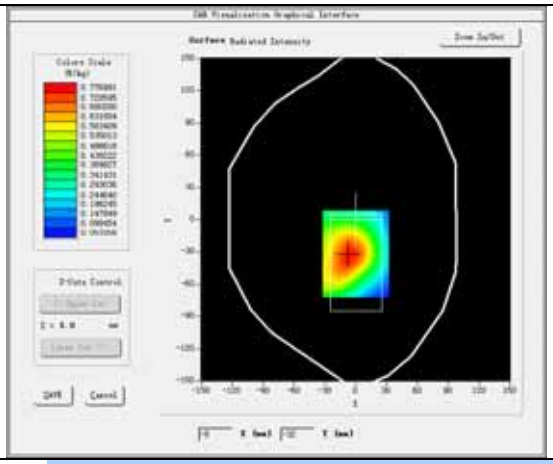


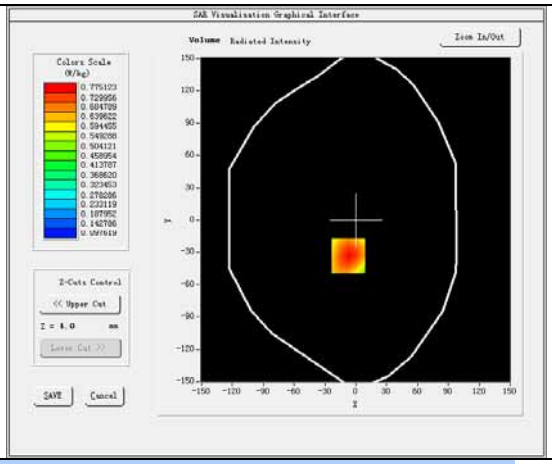


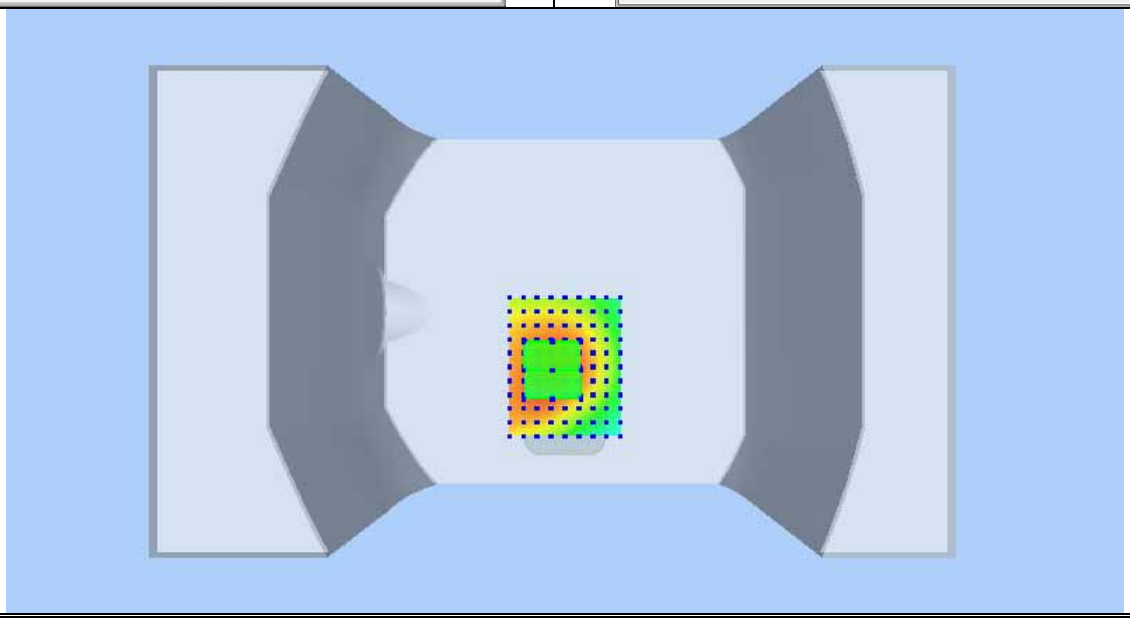


Plot 12: WCDMA BAND IV, Mid channel (Body-worn/Data mode, Back Surface)
Product Description: Smart Phone
Test Date: 2017-11-21

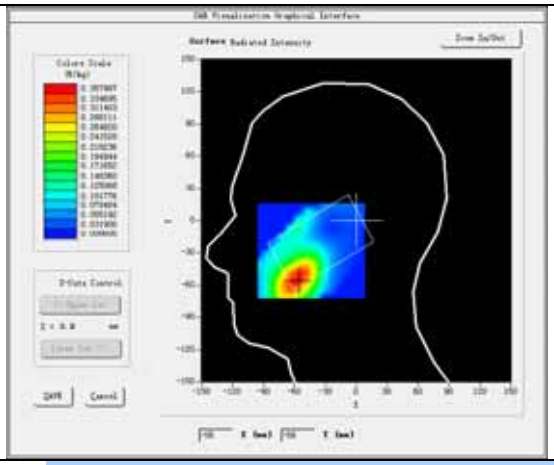
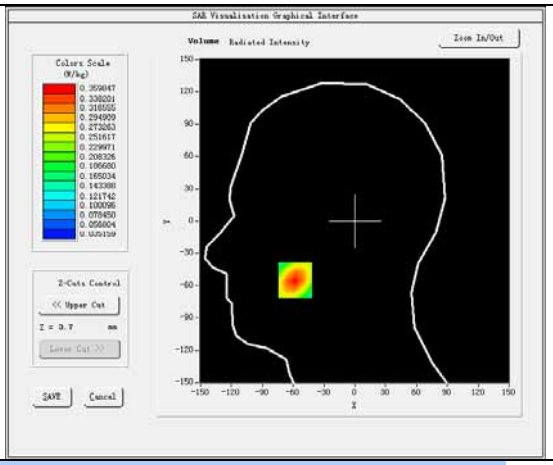
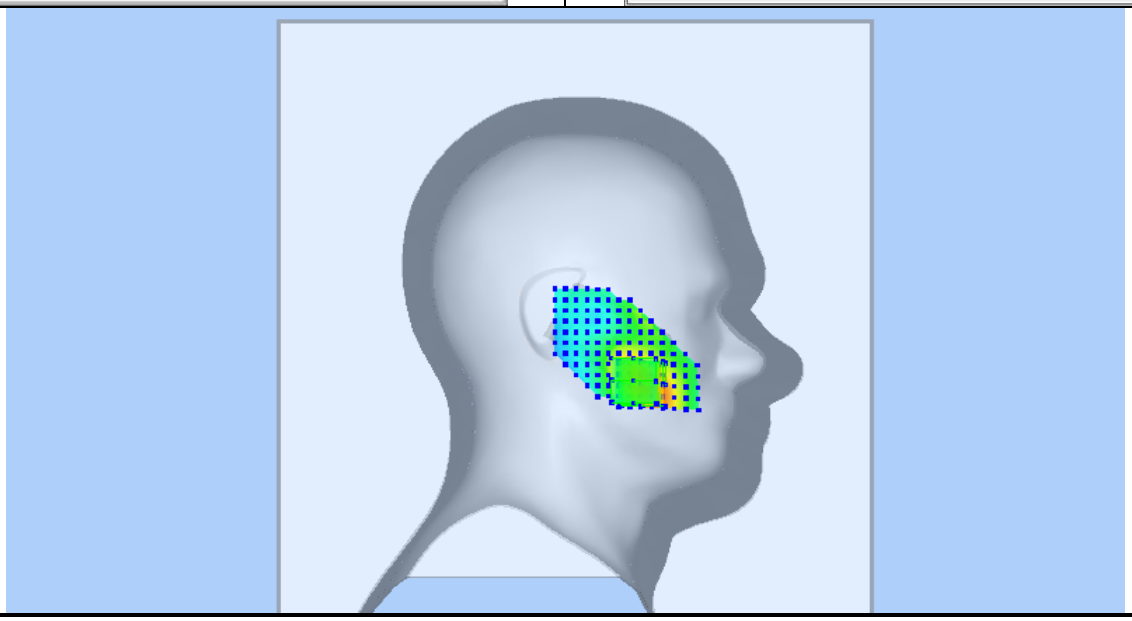
Medium(liquid type)	HSL_1700
Frequency (MHz)	1732.6000
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.63
Conductivity (S/m)	1.51
Signal	WCDMA(Duty cycle: 1:1)
E-Field Probe	SN 07/15 EP249
Conversion Factor	4.34
Sensor-Surface	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-1.07
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.484454
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.740577
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**



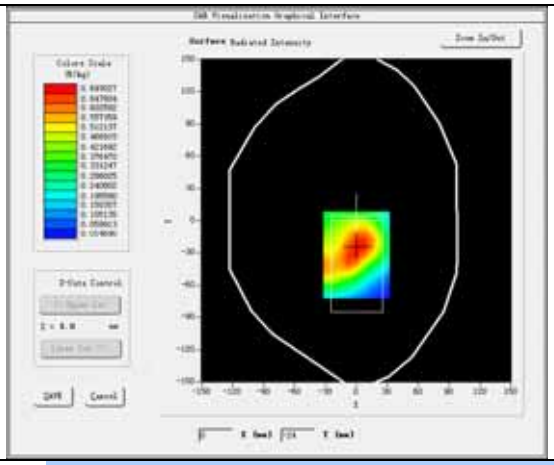
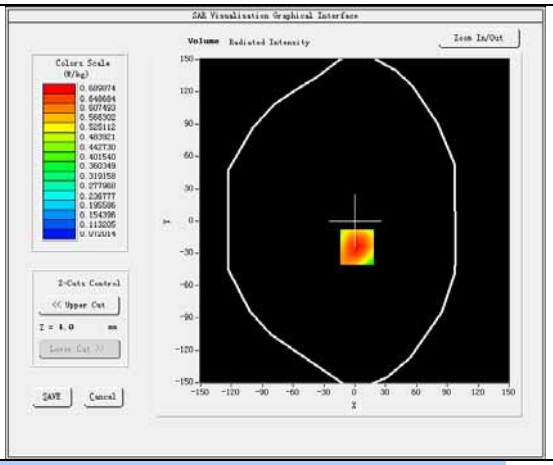
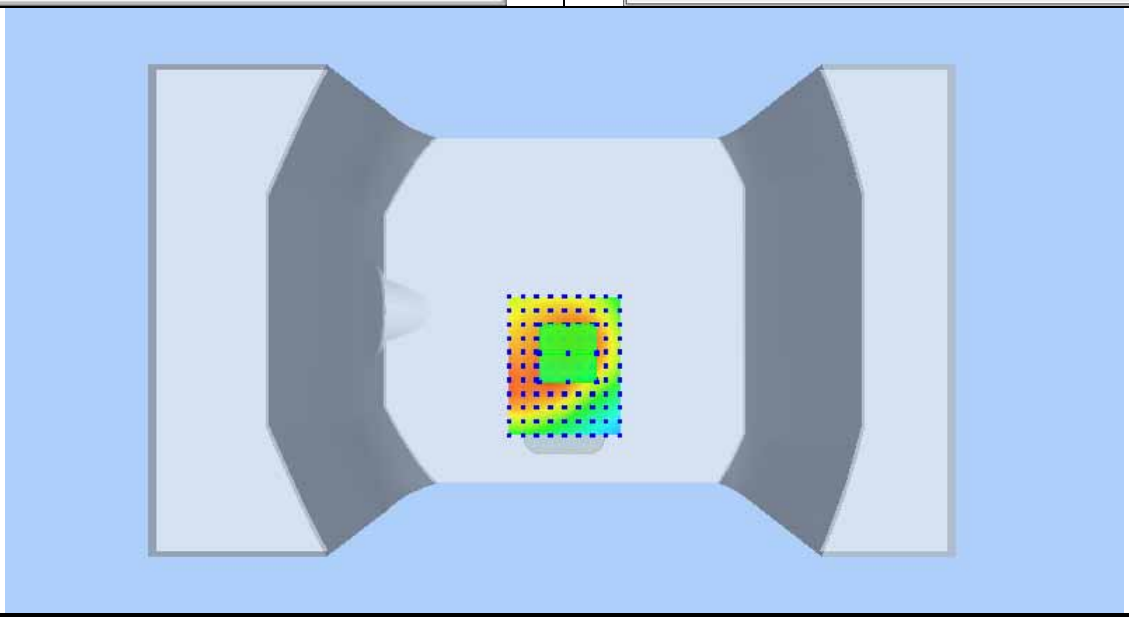




Plot 13:LTE BAND4, Middle channel (Left Head Cheek)
Product Description:Smart phone
Test Date: 2017-11-21

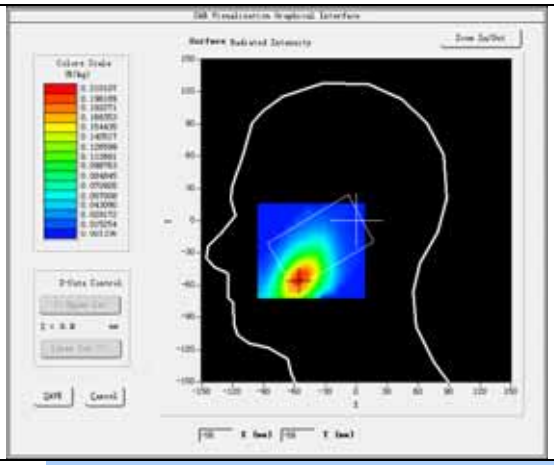
Medium(liquid type)	HSL_1800
Frequency (MHz)	1720.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.49
Conductivity (S/m)	1.37
Signal	Duty cycle: 1:1
E-Field Probe	SN 07/15 EP249
Conversion Factor	4.23
Bandwidth(MHz)	20
RB Allocation	1
RB Offset	49
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-1.11
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.216634
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.339737
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**
	
	

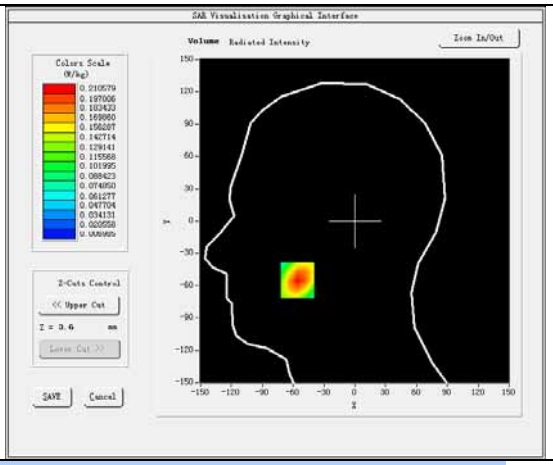
Plot 14:LTE BAND4, Middle channel (Body-worn/Data mode, Back Surface)
Product Description:Smart phone
Test Date: 2017-11-21

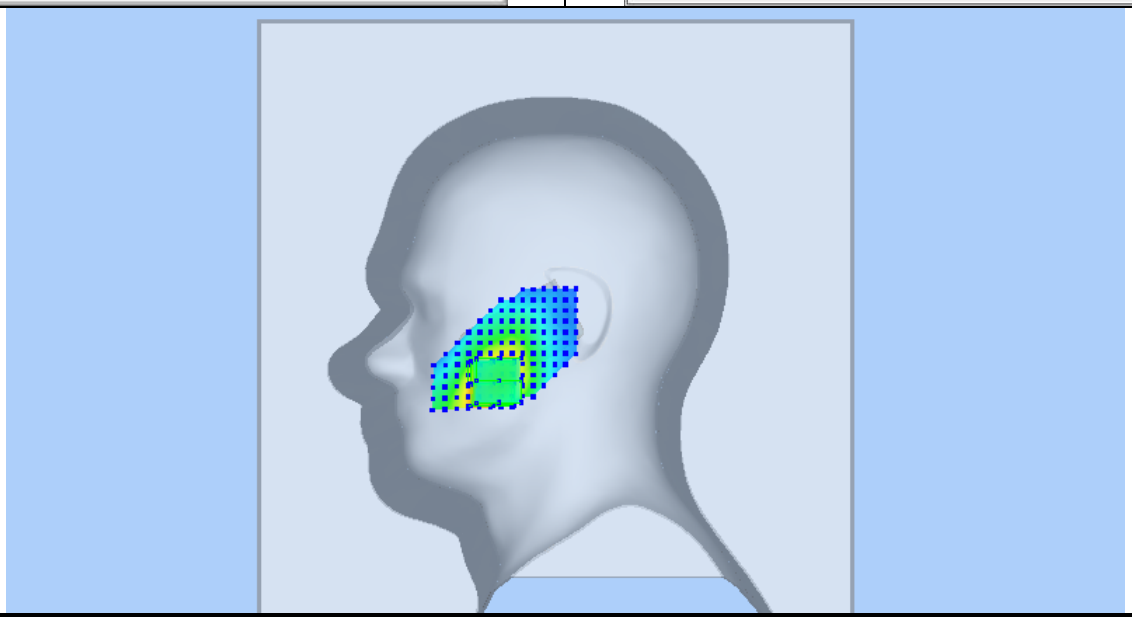
Medium(liquid type)	MSL_1800
Frequency (MHz)	1720.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.63
Conductivity (S/m)	1.51
Signal	Duty cycle: 1:1
E-Field Probe	SN 07/15 EP249
Conversion Factor	4.34
Bandwidth(MHz)	20
RB Allocation	1
RB Offset	49
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-1.62
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.420651
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.657068
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**
	
	

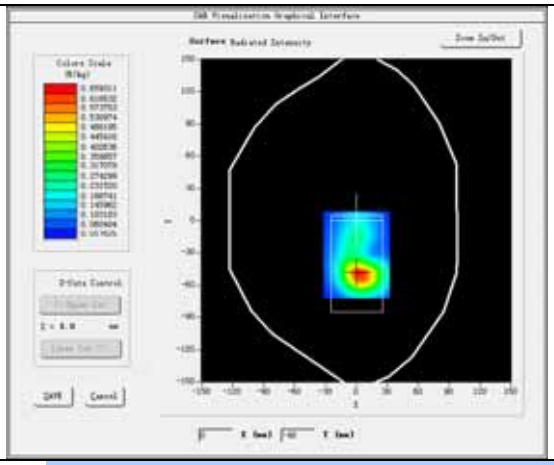
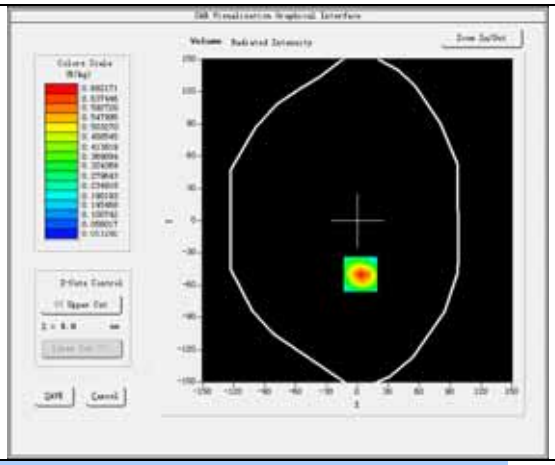
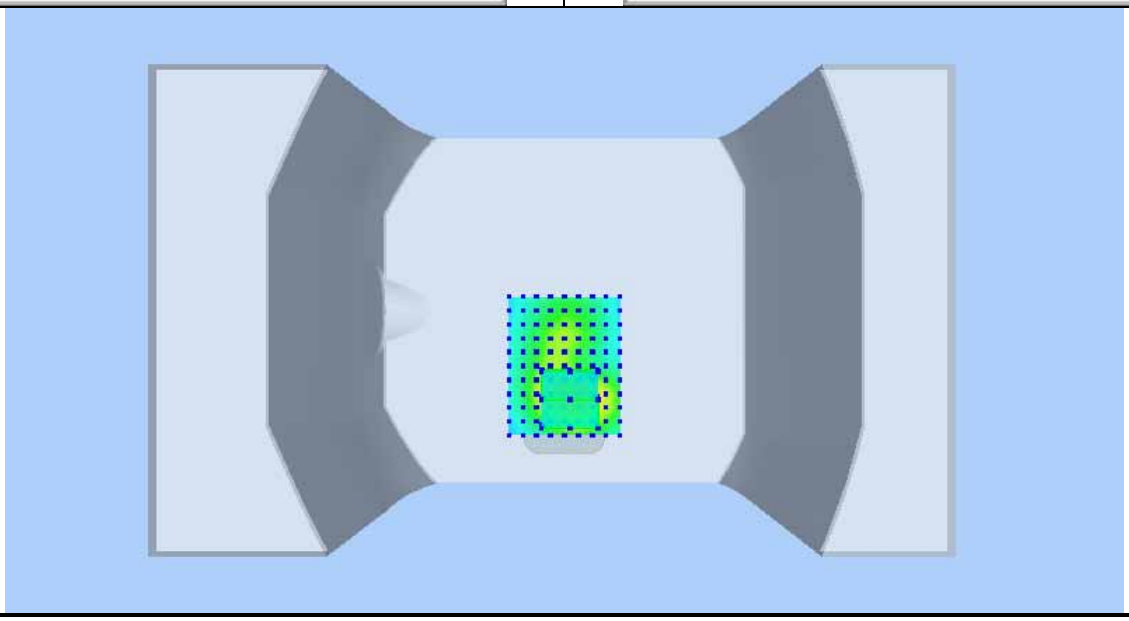
Plot 15:LTE BAND7, Middle channel (Right Head Cheek)
Product Description:4G Smart Phone
Test Date: 2017-11-22

Medium(liquid type)	HSL_2600
Frequency (MHz)	2535.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.43
Conductivity (S/m)	1.92
Signal	Duty cycle: 1:1
E-Field Probe	SN 07/15 EP249
Conversion Factor	4.19
Bandwidth(MHz)	20
RB Allocation	1
RB Offset	49
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	1.75
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.109239
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.198197
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**







Plot 16:LTE BAND7, Middle channel (Body-worn/Data mode, Back Surface)
Product Description:4G Smart Phone
Test Date: 2017-11-22

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_2600
Frequency (MHz)	2535.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	52.84
Conductivity (S/m)	2.15
Signal	Duty cycle: 1:1
E-Field Probe	SN 07/15 EP249
Conversion Factor	4.33
Bandwidth(MHz)	20
RB Allocation	1
RB Offset	49
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-1.53
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.311615
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.632488
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**