RF EXPOSURE

EXEMPT REPORT

APPLICANT : **Airplove (Xiamen) Electronic Co., Ltd**

PRODUCT NAME : **Air Purifier**

MODEL NAME : **CF-8126AS**

BRAND NAME : **Airplove**

FCC : **2AWVWCF8126AS**

STANDARD(S) : **FCC §15.247 (i), §2.1091**

RECEIPT DATE : **July 03, 2020**

TEST DATE : **July 03, 2020**

ISSUE DATE : **July 30, 2020**

Equipment Under Test (EUT) Description

EUT Type:	Air Purifier
Hardware Version:	N/A
Software Version:	1.0.2
Frequency Bands:	WLAN 2.4GHz: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz
Modulation Mode:	802.11b: DSSS 802.11g/n-HT20: OFDM
Antenna Type:	PCB Antenna
Antenna Gain:	WLAN 2.4GHz: 2.5 dBi

RF Exposure Measurement

The limit for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) specified in FCC 1.1310 is followed. The gain of the antennas used in the product is extracted from the Antenna data sheets provided and also the maximum total power input to the antenna is measured. Through the Friis transmission formula and the maximum gain of the antenna, we can calculate the distance, away from the product, where the limit of MPE is reached.

Although the Friis Transmission formula is far field assumption, the calculated result of that is an over-prediction for near field power density. It is taken as worst case to specify the safety range.

RF Exposure Limit

According to FCC 1.1310: The criteria listed in the following table shall be used to evaluate the environmental impact of the human exposure to radio-frequency (RF) radiation as specified in 1.1307 (b)

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (E) (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (H) (A/m)	Power Density (S) (mW/ cm$_2$)	Averaging Time $|E|_2,|H|_2$ or S (minutes)
0.3-1.34	614	1.63	(100)*	30
1.34-30	824/f	2.19/f	(180/f)*	30
30-300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300-1500			F/1500	30
1500-100000			1.0	30

Note: f = frequency in MHz
      *= Plane-wave equivalent power density

Predication of MPE limit at a given distance, Equation from OET Bulletin 65, Edition 97-01

$$S = PG/4\pi R^2$$

Where: S = power density
P = power input to antenna
G = power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator
R = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna, R=0.2m

Tune up produce power

Mode	802.11b/g/n20:2412-2462MHz
Detector	Peak
802.11b	10 ±1dBm
802.11g	6 ±1dBm
802.11n20	6 ±1dBm

Protocol	ANT Gain(gain of antenna in linear scale)	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Max Output Power to Antenna (dBm)	Output Power to Antenna (mW)	Power Density (mW/cm²)	Limit (mW/cm²)
802.11b	1.78	2462	9.54	8.99	0.0319	1
802.11g	1.78	2462	6.19	4.16	0.0147	1
802.11n20	1.78	2462	6.07	4.05	0.0143	1

Antenna gain: 2.5 dBi (gain of antenna in linear scale=1.78)