

RF Exposure evaluation

FCC ID: **2ARN3-BY-WFM12**

According to 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06

4.3. General SAR test exclusion guidance

4.3.1. Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations

- a) For 100 MHz to 6 GHz and test separation distances ≤ 50 mm, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds are determined by the following: $[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$ for 1-g SAR, and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR,³⁰ where

- $f(\text{GHz})$ is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation³¹
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
- The values 3.0 and 7.5 are referred to as numeric thresholds in step b) below

The test exclusions are applicable only when the minimum test separation distance is ≤ 50 mm, and for transmission frequencies between 100 MHz and 6 GHz. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm according to 4.1 f) is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

³⁰ This is equivalent to the formula written as: $[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (60 / \sqrt{f(\text{GHz})} \text{ mW})] \cdot [20 \text{ mm} / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \leq 1.0$ for 1-g SAR; also see Appendix A for approximate exclusion threshold numerical values at selected frequencies and distances.

$$\text{eirp} = \text{pt} \times \text{gt} = (\text{EXd})^2 / 30$$

where:

pt = transmitter output power in watts,

gt = numeric gain of the transmitting antenna (unitless),

E = electric field strength in V/m, --- $10((\text{dBuV/m})/20)/10^6$

d = measurement distance in meters (m)---3m

So $\text{pt} = (\text{EXd})^2 / 30 \times \text{gt}$

RF Exposure evaluation

Copied from the FCC test report: clause 5.4 Maximum Peak Output Power

Test Result:

Frequency MHz	Peak Output Power dBm
204	7.06
210	7.43
215	7.21

Note: the antenna gain of 0dB less than 6dBi maximum permission antenna gain value based on 1 watt peak output power limit.

Then we choose Normal mode channel as the worst case of Maximum Peak Output Power:

Transmit A

Frequency MHz	Peak Output Power dBm
204	7.06
210	7.43
215	7.21

EIRP/ dBm= Conducted Max Output Power/ dBm+ Antenna gain /dBi.

Since the distance from the External antenna to the outer is more than 10mm, we choose the min. test separation distance = 5mm

General RF Exposure:

$(7.06\text{mW}) / (5.0\text{mm}) \times \sqrt{0.204 \text{ GHz}} = 0.64$

$(7.43\text{mW}) / (5.0\text{mm}) \times \sqrt{0.210 \text{ GHz}} = 0.68$

$(7.21\text{mW}) / (5.0\text{mm}) \times \sqrt{0.215 \text{ GHz}} = 0.67$

SAR requirement: S=3.0

General RF Exposure<3

Then SAR evaluation is not required