

SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services (Suzhou) Co., Ltd.

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Rev.: 01

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FCC SAR TEST REPORT

Application No.:

SUCR2502000129AT

Applicant:

Vanstone Electronic (Beijing) Co., Ltd.

Manufacturer:

3F No.2 Building, Aisino Corporation Park 18A, Xingshikou Road, Haidian District, Beijing, China 100195

Product Name:

Vanstone Electronic (Beijing) Co., Ltd.

Model No.(EUT):

3F No.2 Building, Aisino Corporation Park 18A, Xingshikou Road, Haidian District, Beijing, China 100195

Product Name:

QR Code Terminal

Model No.(EUT):

Q161 Pro

Trade Mark:**FCC ID:**

OWLQ161-PRO

Standards:

FCC 47CFR §2.1093

Date of Receipt:

2025-02-26

Date of Test:

2025-03-21 to 2025-03-26

Date of Issue:

2025-04-01

Test conclusion:**PASS ***

* In the configuration tested, the EUT detailed in this report complied with the standards specified above.

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Revision Record			
Version	Description	Date	Remark
01	Original	2025/04/02	/

Authorized for issue by:	
Prepared By	 Leon Liu
	Leon Liu/ Project Manager
Approved By	 Nick Hu
	Nick Hu/ Technical Manager

TEST SUMMARY

Frequency Band	Maximum Reported SAR(W/kg)
	Extremity
GSM850	0.09
GSM1900	0.26
LTE Band 2	0.38
LTE Band 5	0.12
LTE Band 7	1.68
LTE Band 66 (4)	0.25
WI-FI (2.4GHz)	0.74
SAR Limited(W/kg)	4.0
Maximum Simultaneous Transmission SAR (W/kg)	
Scenario	Extremity
Sum SAR	1.77
SPLSR	/
SPLSR Limited	0.04

Note:
According to TCB workshop October, 2014 RF Exposure Procedures Update (Overlapping Bands): SAR for LTE Band4(Frequency range:1710-1755 MHz) is respectively covered by LTE Band 66 (Frequency range:1710~1770 MHz) due to similar frequency range, same maximum tune up limit and same channel bandwidth.

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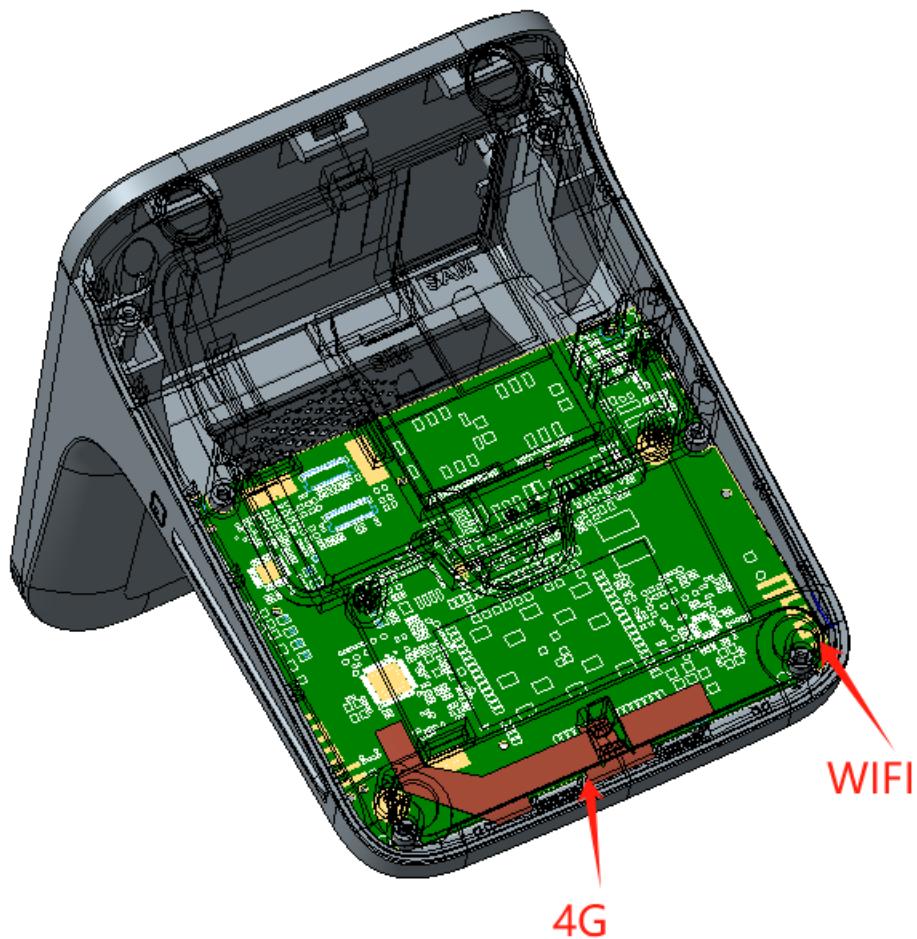
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1 DUT Antenna Locations (Back View)

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2 General Information

2.1 Details of Client

Applicant:	Vanstone Electronic (Beijing) Co., Ltd.
Address:	3F No.2 Building, Aisino Corporation Park 18A, Xingshikou Road, Haidian District, Beijing, China 100195
Manufacturer:	Vanstone Electronic (Beijing) Co., Ltd.
Address:	3F No.2 Building, Aisino Corporation Park 18A, Xingshikou Road, Haidian District, Beijing, China 100195

2.2 Test Location

Company:	SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services (Suzhou) Co., Ltd.
Address:	South of No. 6 Plant, No. 1, Runsheng Road, Suzhou Industrial Park, Suzhou Area, China (Jiangsu) Pilot Free Trade Zone
Post code:	215000
Test Engineer:	Koller Chen; Leon-I Liu

2.3 Test Facility

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

- **A2LA (Certificate No. 6336.01)**

SGS-CSTC STANDARDS TECHNICAL SERVICES (SUZHOU) CO., LTD. is accredited by the American Association for Laboratory Accreditation(A2LA). Certificate No. 6336.01.

- **Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada**

SGS-CSTC STANDARDS TECHNICAL SERVICES (SUZHOU) CO., LTD. has been recognized by ISED as an accredited testing laboratory.

CAB identifier: CN0120.

IC#: 27594.

- **FCC –Designation Number: CN1312**

SGS-CSTC STANDARDS TECHNICAL SERVICES (SUZHOU) CO., LTD. has been recognized as an accredited testing laboratory.

Designation Number: CN1312.

Test Firm Registration Number: 717327

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2.4 General Description of EUT

Product Name:	QR Code Terminal		
Model No.(EUT):	Q161 Pro		
Trade Mark:			
Product Phase:	Production Unit		
Device Type :	portable device		
Exposure Category:	uncontrolled environment / general population		
Hardware Version:	V1.00		
Software Version:	V1.00		
IMEI:	867567053398220		
Antenna Type:	PIFA antenna for LTE, PCB antenna for WIFI		
Device Operating Configurations:			
Modulation Mode:	GSM: GPRS/EGPRS(GMSK) LTE: QPSK, 16QAM; (Cat 1bis) WIFI: DSSS, OFDM;		
Device Class:	B		
Power Class	3, tested with power control Max Power(LTE Band)		
Frequency Bands:	Band	Tx (MHz)	Rx (MHz)
	LTE Band 2	1850 - 1910	1930 - 1990
	LTE Band 4	1710 - 1755	2110 - 2155
	LTE Band 5	824 - 849	869 - 894
	LTE Band 7	2500 - 2570	2620 - 2690
	LTE Band 66	1710 - 1780	2110 - 2200
	Wi-Fi 2.4G	2402 - 2462	2402 - 2462
	NFC	13.56	/
RF Cable:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Provided by the applicant <input type="checkbox"/> Provided by the laboratory		
Battery Information:	Model:	BT-161P	
	Normal Voltage:	DC3.7V	
	Rated capacity:	2000mAh	
	Battery Type:	Rechargeable Li-ion Battery	
	Manufacturer	MEI ZHOU BO FU NENG TECHNOLOGY CO.,LTD	

Note: *Since the above data and/or information is provided by the client relevant results or conclusions of this report are only made for these data and/or information, SGS is not responsible for the authenticity, integrity and results of the data and information and/or the validity of the conclusion.

As above information is provided and confirmed by the applicant. SGS is not liable to the accuracy, suitability, reliability or/and integrity of the information.



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2.5 Test Specification

Identity	Document Title
FCC 47CFR §2.1093	Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation: Portable Devices
ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992	IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz – 300 GHz.
IEEE 1528-2013	Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques
KDB 941225 D05	SAR for LTE Devices v02r05
KDB 941225 D05A	LTE Rel.10 KDB Inquiry Sheet v01r02
KDB 248227 D01	SAR Guidance for IEEE 802 11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02
KDB 447498 D04	General RF Exposure Guidance v01
KDB 865664 D01	SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
KDB 865664 D02	RF Exposure Reporting v01r02
KDB 690783 D01	SAR Listings on Grants v01r03

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2.6 RF exposure limits

Human Exposure	Uncontrolled Environment General Population	Controlled Environment Occupational
Spatial Peak SAR* (Brain*Trunk)	1.60 mW/g	8.00 mW/g
Spatial Average SAR** (Whole Body)	0.08 mW/g	0.40 mW/g
Spatial Peak SAR*** (Hands/Feet/Ankle/Wrist)	4.00 mW/g	20.00 mW/g

Notes:

* The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time

** The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.

*** The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation.)

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3 Laboratory Environment

Temperature	Min. = 18°C, Max. = 25 °C
Relative humidity	Min. = 30%, Max. = 70%
Ambient noise is checked and found very low and in compliance with requirement of standards. Reflection of surrounding objects is minimized and in compliance with requirement of standards.	

Table 1: The Ambient Conditions

4 SAR Measurements System Configuration

4.1 The SAR Measurement System

This SAR Measurement System uses a Computer-controlled 3-D stepper motor system (SPEAG DASY professional system). A E-field probe is used to determine the internal electric fields. The SAR can be obtained from the equation $SAR = \sigma (|E_i|^2) / \rho$ where σ and ρ are the conductivity and mass density of the tissue-Simulate.

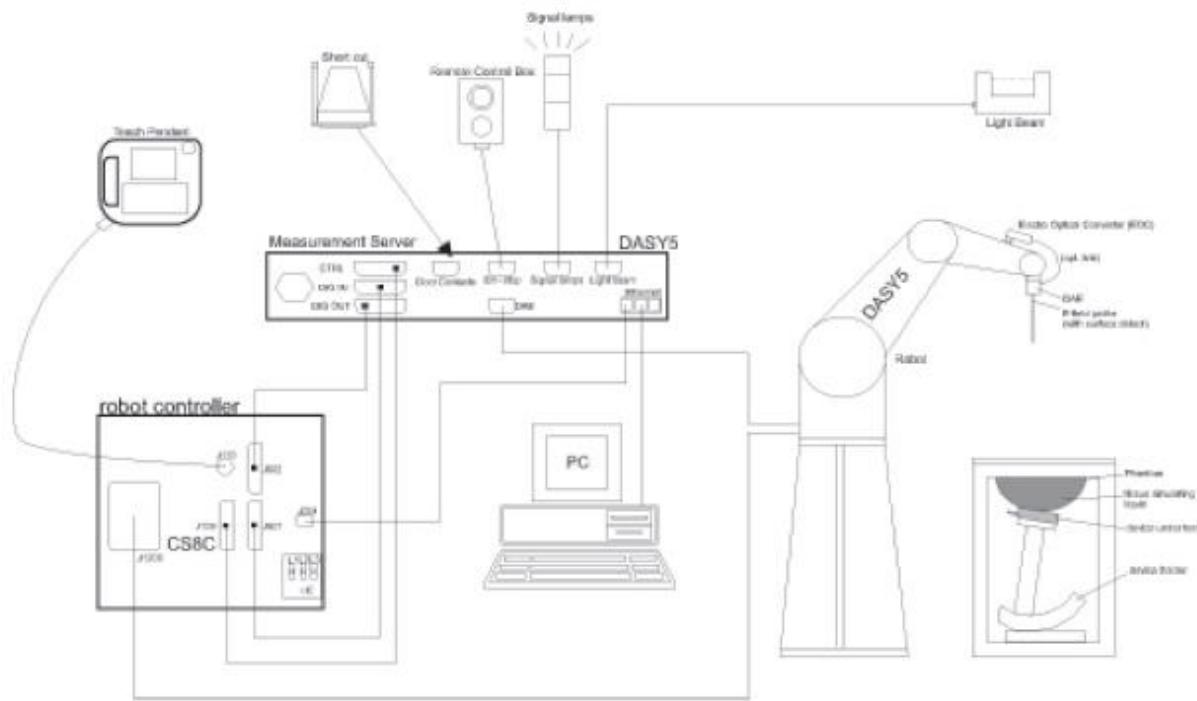
The DASY system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stabile RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodation the data acquisition electronics (DAE).

A dosimetric probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.

A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.

The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion between optical and electrical of the signals for the digital communication to DAE and for the analog signal from the optical surface detection. The EOC is connected to the measurement server.\



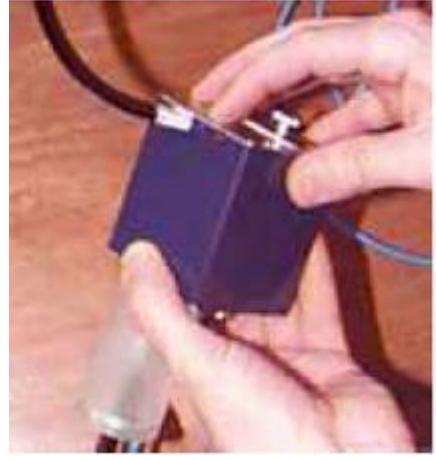
F-1. SAR Measurement System Configuration

- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer operating Windows 7.
- DASY5 software.
- Remote control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The SAM twin phantom enabling testing left-hand, right-hand and Body Worn usage.
- The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- Validation dipole kits allowing to validating the proper functioning of the system.

4.2 Isotropic E-field Probe EX3DV4

	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Calibration	ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available.
Frequency	10 MHz to > 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 µW/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 µW/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields); the only probe that enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.
Compatibility	DASY52 SAR and higher, EASY4/MRI

4.3 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

Model	DAE	
Construction	Signal amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter and control logic. Serial optical link for communication with DASY4/5 embedded system (fully remote controlled). Two step probe touch detector for mechanical surface detection and emergency robot stop.	
Measurement Range	-100 to +300 mV (16 bit resolution and two range settings: 4mV,400mV)	
Input Offset Voltage	< 5µV (with auto zero)	
Input Bias Current	< 50 f A	
Dimensions	60 x 60 x 68 mm	

4.4 SAM Twin Phantom

Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)		
Liquid Compatibility	Compatible with all SPEAG tissue simulating liquids (incl. DGBE type)		
Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (6 ± 0.2 mm at ear point)		
Dimensions (incl. Wooden Support)	Length: 1000 mm Width: 500 mm Height: adjustable feet		
Filling Volume	approx. 25 liters		
Wooden Support	SPEAG standard phantom table		
The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209-1. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by teaching three points with the robot.			
Twin SAM V5.0 has the same shell geometry and is manufactured from the same material as Twin SAM V4.0, but has reinforced top structure.			

4.5 ELI Phantom

Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)		
Liquid Compatibility	Compatible with all SPEAG tissue simulating liquids (incl. DGBE type)		
Shell Thickness	2.0 ± 0.2 mm (bottom plate)		
Dimensions	Major axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm		
Filling Volume	approx. 30 liters		
Wooden Support	SPEAG standard phantom table		
Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the IEC 62209-2 standard and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles.			
ELI V5.0 has the same shell geometry and is manufactured from the same material as ELI4, but has reinforced top structure.			

4.6 Device Holder for Transmitters



F-2. Device Holder for Transmitters

- The DASY device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centres for both scales are the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.
- The DASY device holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity $\epsilon=3$ and loss tangent $\delta=0.02$. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.

4.7 Measurement procedure

4.7.1 Scanning procedure

Step 1: Power reference measurement

The “reference” and “drift” measurements are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure.

Step 2: Area scan

The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 4mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head and the horizontal grid spacing was 15mm*15mm or 12mm*12mm or 10mm*10mm. Based on the area scan data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation.

Step 3: Zoom scan

Around this point, a volume of 32mm*32mm*30mm ($f \leq 2\text{GHz}$), 30mm*30mm*30mm (f for 2-3GHz) and 24mm*24mm*22mm (f for 5-6GHz) was assessed by measuring 5x5x7 points ($f \leq 2\text{GHz}$), 7x7x7 points (f for 2-3GHz) and 7x7x12 points (f for 5-6GHz). On this basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated with the following procedure:

The data at the surface was extrapolated, since the centre of the dipoles is 2.0mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.2mm. (This can be variable. Refer to the probe specification). The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip. The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1g or 10g) were computed using the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. One thousand points were interpolated to calculate the average. All neighbouring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

The area and zoom scan resolutions specified in the table below must be applied to the SAR measurements. Probe boundary effect error compensation is required for measurements with the probe tip closer than half a probe tip diameter to the phantom surface. Both the probe tip diameter and sensor offset distance must satisfy measurement protocols; to ensure probe boundary effect errors are minimized and the higher fields closest to the phantom surface can be correctly measured and extrapolated to the phantom surface for computing 1-g SAR. Tolerances of the post-processing algorithms must be verified by the test laboratory for the scan resolutions used in the SAR measurements, according to the reference distribution functions specified in IEEE Std. 1528-2013.

	$\leq 3 \text{ GHz}$	$> 3 \text{ GHz}$	
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	$5 \pm 1 \text{ mm}$	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$	
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	$30^\circ \pm 1^\circ$	$20^\circ \pm 1^\circ$	
	$\leq 2 \text{ GHz}: \leq 15 \text{ mm}$ $2 - 3 \text{ GHz}: \leq 12 \text{ mm}$	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz}: \leq 12 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz}: \leq 10 \text{ mm}$	
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{\text{Area}}, \Delta y_{\text{Area}}$	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be \leq the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.		
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{\text{Zoom}}, \Delta y_{\text{Zoom}}$	$\leq 2 \text{ GHz}: \leq 8 \text{ mm}$ $2 - 3 \text{ GHz}: \leq 5 \text{ mm}^*$	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz}: \leq 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz}: \leq 4 \text{ mm}^*$	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n)$		
	$\leq 5 \text{ mm}$	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz}: \leq 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz}: \leq 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz}: \leq 2 \text{ mm}$	
	graded grid $\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(1): \text{between } 1^{\text{st}} \text{ two points closest to phantom surface}$ $\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n>1): \text{between subsequent points}$	$\leq 4 \text{ mm}$ $\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n-1)$	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z	$\geq 30 \text{ mm}$	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz}: \geq 28 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz}: \geq 25 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz}: \geq 22 \text{ mm}$

Step 4: Power reference measurement (drift)

The Power Drift Measurement job measures the field at the same location as the most recent power reference measurement job within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the DUT's output power and should vary max. $\pm 5\%$

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4.7.2 Data Storage

The DASY software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension ".DAE4". The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated. The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [m W/g], [m W/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

4.7.3 Data Evaluation by SEMCAD

The SEMCAD software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters:	- Sensitivity	Normi, ai0, ai1, ai2
- Conversion factor	ConvFi	
- Diode compression point	Dcp <i>i</i>	
Device parameters:	- Frequency	f
- Crest factor	cf	
Media parameters:	- Conductivity	ε
- Density	ρ	

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics.

If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot c_f / d_c p_i$$

With V_i = compensated signal of channel i ($i = x, y, z$)

U_i = input signal of channel i ($i = x, y, z$)

c_f = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)

d_c = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

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From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field probes:

$$E_i = (V_i / Norm_i \cdot ConvF)^{1/2}$$

H-field probes:

$$H_i = (V_i)^{1/2} \cdot (a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2)/f$$

With V_i = compensated signal of channel i $(i = x, y, z)$

$Norm_i$ = sensor sensitivity of channel i $(i = x, y, z)$

[mV/(V/m)²] for E-field Probes

$ConvF$ = sensitivity enhancement in solution

a_{ij} = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

f = carrier frequency [GHz]

E_i = electric field strength of channel i in V/m

H_i = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = (E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2)^{1/2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = (E_{tot}^2 \cdot \sigma) / (\epsilon \cdot 1000)$$

with SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

E_{tot} = total field strength in V/m

σ = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

ϵ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm³

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid. The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field to be a free space field.

$$P_{pwe} = E_{tot}^2 / 3770 \quad \text{or} \quad P_{pwe} = H_{tot}^2 \cdot 37.7$$

with P_{pwe} = equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm²

E_{tot} = total electric field strength in V/m

H_{tot} = total magnetic field strength in A/m

5 SAR measurement variability and uncertainty

5.1 SAR measurement variability

Per KDB865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04, SAR measurement variability must be assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. The additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg ($\sim 10\%$ from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20 .

The same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.

5.2 SAR measurement uncertainty

Measurements and results are all in compliance with the standards listed. All measurements and results are recorded and maintained at the laboratory performing the tests and measurement uncertainties are taken into account when comparing measurements to pass/ fail criteria. The Expanded uncertainty (95% CONFIDENCE INTERVAL) is **23.34%**.

a	b	c	d	e = f(d,k)	g	i = C*g/e	K
Uncertainty Component	Section in P1528	Tol (%)	Prob.Dist.	Div.	Ci (1g)	1g ui (%)	Vi(Veff)
Measurement system							
Probe calibration	7.2.2.1	7.4	N	1	1	7.40	∞
Axial isotropy	7.2.2.2	1.2	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.69	∞
hemispherical isotropy	7.2.2.2	3.2	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.85	∞
Linearity	7.2.2.3	0.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.52	∞
Probe modulation response	7.2.2.4	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.00	∞
Detection limits	7.2.2.5	0.25	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.14	∞
Boundary effect	7.2.2.6	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.58	∞
Readout electronics	7.2.2.7	0.3	N	1	1	0.30	∞
Response time	7.2.2.8	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.00	∞
Integration time	7.2.2.9	2.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.50	∞
RF ambient conditions – noise	7.2.4.5	3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.73	∞

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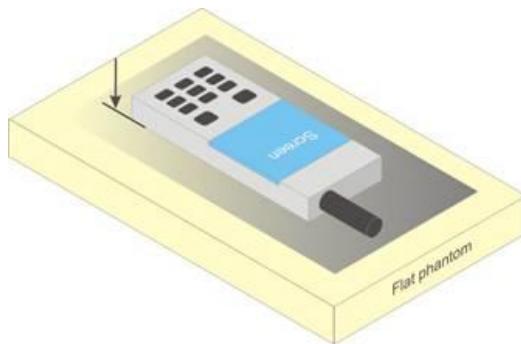
RF ambient conditions – reflections	7.2.4.5	3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.73	∞
Probe positioner mech. restrictions	7.2.3.1	1.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.87	∞
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	7.2.3.3	2.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.67	∞
Post-processing	7.2.5	1	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.58	∞
<i>Test sample related</i>							
Device holder uncertainty	7.2.3.4.2	3.6	N	1	1	3.60	∞
Test sample positioning	7.2.3.4.3	3.7	N	1	1	3.70	9
Power scaling	L.3	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.89	∞
Drift of output power (measured SAR drift)	7.2.2.10	5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.89	∞
<i>Phantom and set-up</i>							
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	7.2.3.2	4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.31	∞
Algorithm for correcting SAR for deviations in permittivity and conductivity	7.2.4.3	1.9	N	1	1	1.90	∞
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	7.2.4.3	5.78	N	1	0.78	4.51	4
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	7.2.4.3	0.62	N	1	0.23	0.14	5
Liquid permittivity –temperature uncertainty	7.2.4.4	0.2	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.09	∞
Liquid conductivity – temperature uncertainty	7.2.4.4	5.37	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.71	∞
Combined standard uncertainty	RSS					11.67	417
Expanded uncertainty (95% CONFIDENCE INTERVAL)	K=2					23.34	

6 Description of Test Position

6.1 Body Exposure Condition

6.1.1 Body accessory exposure conditions

When SAR measurement is necessary for hand-held devices that do not transmit while at the head or torso, a flat phantom may be used. To assess this type of device, the device shall be placed directly against the flat phantom as shown in Figure 11, for the sides of the device that are in contact with the hand for the intended use.



F-3. Test position for hand-held devices.

7 SAR System Verification Procedure

7.1 Tissue Simulate Liquid

7.1.1 Recipes for Tissue Simulate Liquid

The bellowing tables give the recipes for tissue simulating liquids to be used in different frequency bands:

Ingredients (% by weight)	Frequency (MHz)				
	450	700-900	1750-2000	2300-2500	2500-2700
Water	38.56	40.30	55.24	55.00	54.92
Salt (NaCl)	3.95	1.38	0.31	0.2	0.23
Sucrose	56.32	57.90	0	0	0
HEC	0.98	0.24	0	0	0
Bactericide	0.19	0.18	0	0	0
Tween	0	0	44.45	44.80	44.85

Salt: 99+% Pure Sodium Chloride Sucrose: 98+% Pure Sucrose
Water: De-ionized, 16 MΩ⁺ resistivity HEC: Hydroxyethyl Cellulose
Tween: Polyoxyethylene (20) sorbitan monolaurate

HSL5GHz is composed of the following ingredients:
Water: 50-65%
Mineral oil: 10-30%
Emulsifiers: 8-25%
Sodium salt: 0-1.5%

Table 2: Recipe of Tissue Simulate Liquid

7.1.2 Measurement for Tissue Simulate Liquid

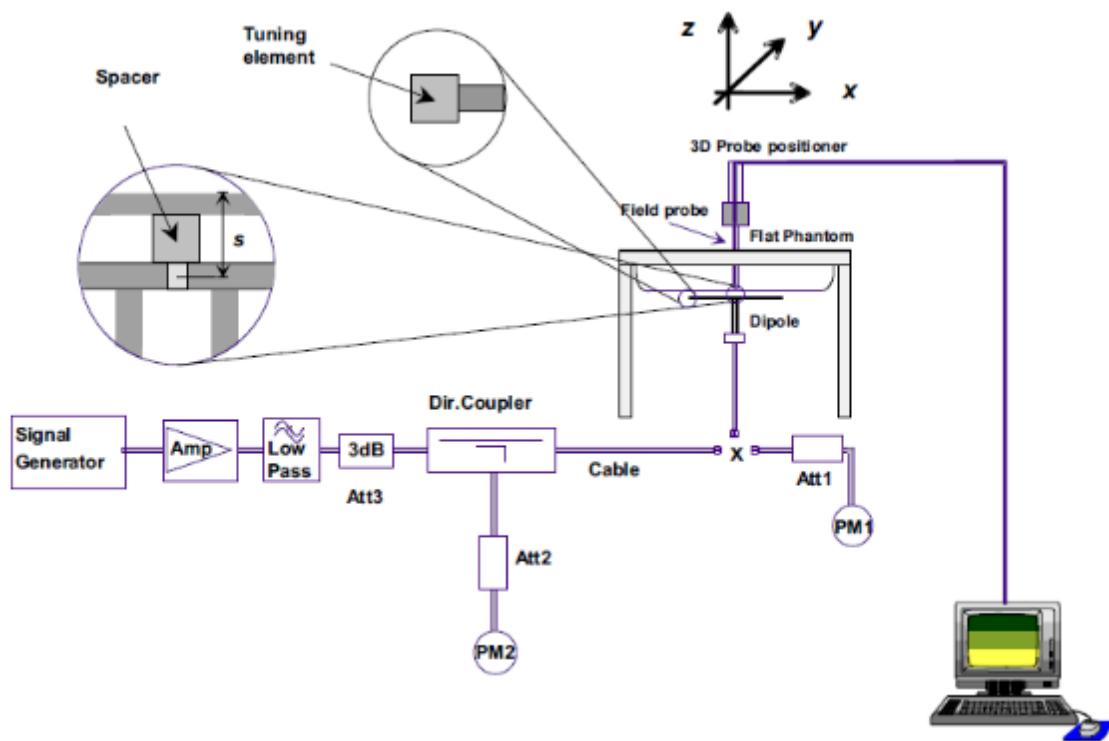
The Conductivity (σ) and Permittivity (ρ) are listed in bellow table. For the SAR measurement given in this report. The temperature variation of the Tissue Simulate Liquids was $22\pm2^\circ\text{C}$.

Tissue Type	Measured Frequency (MHz)	Measurement for Tissue Simulate Liquid				Test Date
		Target Tissue ($\pm 5\%$)	Measured Tissue	Liquid Temp.		
		ϵ_r	$\sigma(\text{S/m})$	(°C)		
835 Head	835	41.5	0.9	41.062	0.901	22.1
1750 Head	1750	40.1	1.37	40.213	1.312	21.9
1950 Head	1950	40.0	1.4	39.000	1.400	22.2
2450 Head	2450	39.2	1.8	38.802	1.822	22.4
2600 Head	2600	39.0	1.96	38.481	1.990	22.3

Table 3: Measurement result of Tissue electric parameters.

7.2 SAR System Check

The microwave circuit arrangement for system Check is sketched in F-12. The daily system accuracy verification occurs within the flat section of the SAM phantom. A SAR measurement was performed to see if the measured SAR was within +/- 10% from the target SAR values. The tests were conducted on the same days as the measurement of the EUT. The obtained results from the system accuracy verification are displayed in the following table (A power level of 250mW (below 3GHz) or 100mW (3-6GHz) was input to the dipole antenna). During the tests, the ambient temperature of the laboratory was in the range $22\pm2^{\circ}\text{C}$, the relative humidity was in the range 60% and the liquid depth above the ear reference points was above 15 ± 0.5 cm in all the cases. It is seen that the system is operating within its specification, as the results are within acceptable tolerance of the reference values.



F-1. the microwave circuit arrangement used for SAR system check

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7.2.1 Justification for Extended SAR Dipole Calibrations

- 1) Referring to KDB865664 D01 requirements for dipole calibration, instead of the typical annual calibration recommended by measurement standards, longer calibration intervals of up to three years may be considered when it is demonstrated that the SAR target, impedance and return loss of a dipole have remain stable according to the following requirements. Each measured dipole is expected to evaluate with the following criteria at least on annual interval in Appendix C.
 - a) There is no physical damage on the dipole;
 - b) System check with specific dipole is within 10% of calibrated value;
 - c) Return-loss is within 10% of calibrated measurement;
 - d) Impedance is within 5Ω from the previous measurement.
- 2) Network analyzer probe calibration against air, distilled water and a shorting block performed before measuring liquid parameters.

7.2.2 Summary System Check Result(s)

SAR System Validation Result(s)											
Validation Kit		Measured SAR 250mW	Measured SAR 250mW	Measured SAR (normalized to 1W)	Measured SAR (normalized to 1W)	Target SAR (normalized to 1W)	Target SAR (normalized to 1W)	Deviation (Within ±10%)		Liquid Temp. (°C)	Test Date
		1g (W/kg)	10g (W/kg)	1g (W/kg)	10g (W/kg)	1-g(W/kg)	10-g(W/kg)	1-g(W/kg)	10-g(W/kg)		
D835V2	Head	2.47	1.56	9.88	6.24	9.60	6.16	2.92%	1.30%	22.1	2025/3/21
D1750V2	Head	9.04	4.81	36.16	19.24	36.30	19.30	-0.39%	-0.31%	21.9	2025/3/22
D1950V3	Head	10.15	5.24	40.60	20.96	40.40	20.80	0.50%	0.77%	22.2	2025/3/23
D2450V2	Head	13.43	6.28	53.72	25.12	52.70	24.60	1.94%	2.11%	22.4	2025/3/25
D2600V2	Head	13.90	6.32	55.60	25.28	54.80	24.50	1.46%	3.18%	22.3	2025/3/26

Table 4: SAR System Check Result.

7.2.3 Detailed System Check Results

Please see the Appendix A

8 Test Configuration

8.1 Operation Configurations

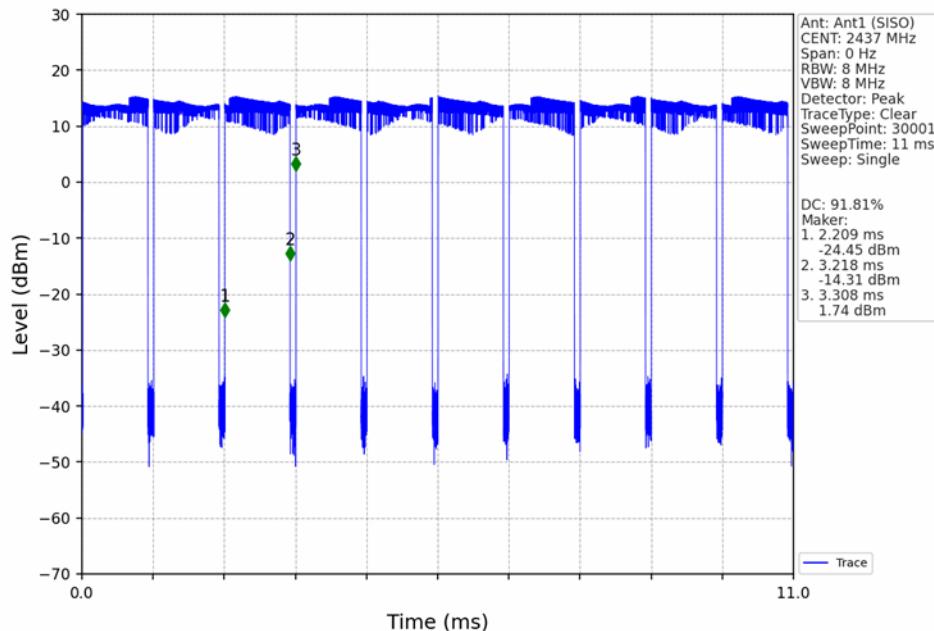
8.1.1 WiFi Test Configuration

A Wi-Fi device must be configured to transmit continuously at the required data rate, channel bandwidth and signal modulation, using the highest transmission duty factor supported by the test mode tools for SAR measurement.

8.1.2 Duty cycle

Wi-Fi 2.4GHz 802.11b:

Duty cycle= 91.81%



8.1.2.1 Initial Test Position SAR Test Reduction Procedure

DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures. SAR is measured in the initial test position using the 802.11 transmission mode configuration required by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s) according to the OFDM procedures. The initial test position procedure is described in the following:

- 1) . When the reported SAR of the initial test position is $\leq 0.4 \text{ W/kg}$, further SAR measurement is not required for the other (remaining) test positions in that exposure configuration and 802.11 transmission mode combinations within the frequency band or aggregated band. SAR is also not required for that exposure configuration in the subsequent test configuration(s).
- 2) . When the reported SAR of the initial test position is $> 0.4 \text{ W/kg}$, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position using subsequent highest extrapolated or estimated 1-g SAR conditions determined by area scans or next closest/smallest test separation distance and maximum RF coupling test positions based on manufacturer justification, on the highest maximum output power channel, until the reported SAR is $\leq 0.8 \text{ W/kg}$ or all required test positions (left, right, touch, tilt or subsequent surfaces and edges) are tested.
- 3) . For all positions/configurations tested using the initial test position and subsequent test positions, when the reported SAR is $> 0.8 \text{ W/kg}$, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is $\leq 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$ or all required channels are tested. a) Additional power measurements may be required for this step, which should be limited to those necessary for identifying the subsequent highest output power channels.

8.1.2.2 Initial Test Configuration Procedures

An initial test configuration is determined for OFDM transmission modes according to the channel bandwidth, modulation and data rate combination(s) with the highest maximum output power specified for production units in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR is measured using the highest measured maximum output power channel. For configurations with the same specified or measured maximum output power, additional transmission mode and test channel selection procedures are required. SAR test reduction for subsequent highest output test channels is determined according to *reported* SAR of the initial test configuration.

For next to the ear, hotspot mode and UMC mini-tablet exposure configurations where multiple test positions are required, the initial test position procedure is applied to minimize the number of test positions required for SAR measurement using the initial test configuration transmission mode. For fixed exposure conditions that do not have multiple SAR test positions, SAR is measured in the transmission mode determined by the initial test configuration.

When the *reported* SAR of the initial test configuration is $> 0.8 \text{ W/kg}$, SAR measurement is required for subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until *reported* SAR is $\leq 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$ or all required channels are tested.

8.1.2.3 Subsequent Test Configuration Procedures

SAR measurement requirements for the remaining 802.11 transmission mode configurations that have not been tested in the initial test configuration are determined separately for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, in each exposure condition, according to the maximum output power specified for production units. The initial test position procedure is applied to next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet and hotspot mode configurations. When the same maximum output power is specified for multiple transmission modes, additional power measurements may be required to determine if SAR measurements are required for subsequent highest output power channels in a subsequent test configuration. The subsequent test configuration and SAR measurement procedures are described in the following.

- 1) . When SAR test exclusion provisions of KDB Publication 447498 are applicable and SAR measurement is not required for the initial test configuration, SAR is also not required for the next highest maximum output power transmission mode subsequent test configuration(s) in that frequency band or aggregated band and exposure configuration.
- 2) . When the highest *reported* SAR for the initial test configuration (when applicable, include subsequent highest output channels), according to the initial test position or fixed exposure position requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is $\leq 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration.
- 3) . The number of channels in the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration can be different due to differences in channel bandwidth. When SAR measurement is required for a subsequent test configuration and the channel bandwidth is smaller than that in the initial test configuration, all channels in the subsequent test configuration that overlap with the larger bandwidth channel tested in the initial test configuration should be used to determine the highest maximum output power channel. This step requires additional power measurement to identify the highest maximum output power channel in the subsequent test configuration to determine SAR test reduction.
 - a) SAR should first be measured for the channel with highest measured output power in the subsequent test configuration.
 - b) SAR for subsequent highest measured maximum output power channels in the subsequent test configuration is required only when the *reported* SAR of the preceding higher maximum output power channel(s) in the subsequent test configuration is $> 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$ or until all required channels are tested. i) For channels with the same measured maximum output power, SAR should be measured using the channel closest to the center frequency of the larger channel bandwidth channel in the initial test configuration.
- 4) . SAR measurements for the remaining highest specified maximum output power OFDM transmission mode configurations that have not been tested in the initial test configuration (highest maximum output) or subsequent test configuration(s) (subsequent next highest maximum output power) is determined by recursively applying the subsequent test configuration procedures in this section to the remaining configurations according to the following:
 - a) replace "subsequent test configuration" with "next subsequent test configuration" (i.e., subsequent next highest specified maximum output power configuration)
 - b) replace "initial test configuration" with "all tested higher output power configurations"

8.1.2.4 2.4 GHz WiFi SAR Procedures

Separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations in the 2.4 GHz band to simplify DSSS test requirements. For 802.11b DSSS SAR measurements, DSSS SAR procedure applies to fixed exposure test position and initial test position procedure applies to multiple exposure test positions. When SAR measurement is required for an OFDM configuration, the initial test configuration, subsequent test configuration and initial test position procedures are applied. The SAR test exclusion requirements for 802.11g/n OFDM configurations are described in following.

- **802.11b DSSS SAR Test Requirements**

SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS using either a fixed test position or, when applicable, the initial test position procedure. SAR test reduction is determined according to the following:

- 1) . When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is $\leq 0.8 \text{ W/kg}$, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration.
- 2) . When the reported SAR is $> 0.8 \text{ W/kg}$, SAR is required for that exposure configuration using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is $> 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$, SAR is required for the third channel; i.e., all channels require testing.

- **2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM SAR Test Exclusion Requirements**

When SAR measurement is required for 2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM configurations, the measurement and test reduction procedures for OFDM are applied (section 5.3, including sub-sections). SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions.

- 1) . When KDB Publication 447498 SAR test exclusion applies to the OFDM configuration.
- 2) . When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is $\leq 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$.

- **SAR Test Requirements for OFDM configurations**

When SAR measurement is required for 802.11 g/n OFDM configurations, each standalone and frequency aggregated band is considered separately for SAR test reduction. In applying the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration procedures, the 802.11 transmission configuration with the highest specified maximum output power and the channel within a test configuration with the highest measured maximum output power should be clearly distinguished to apply the procedures.

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8.1.3 LTE Test Configuration

LTE modes were tested according to FCC KDB 941225 D05 publication. Please see notes after the tabulated SAR data for required test configurations. Establishing connections with base station simulators ensure a consistent means for testing SAR and are recommended for evaluating SAR [4]. The Anritsu MT8820C was used for LTE output power measurements and SAR testing. Max power control was used so the UE transmits with maximum output power during SAR testing. SAR must be measured with the maximum TTI (transmit time interval) supported by the device in each LTE configuration.

9 Test Result

9.1 Measurement of RF Conducted Power

Note:

- 1) . The frame-averaged power is linearly proportion to the slot number configured and it is linearly scaled the maximum burst-averaged power based on time slots. The calculated method is shown as below:
Frame-averaged power = $10 \times \log (\text{Burst-averaged power mW} \times \text{Slot used} / 8)$.
- 2) . When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.
- 3) . For conducted power of WIFI must be measured at each transmit antenna port according to the DSSS and OFDM transmission configurations in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. For each transmission mode configuration, power must be measured for the highest and lowest channels; and at the mid-band channel(s) when there are at least 3 channels. For configurations with multiple mid-band channels, due to an even number of channels, both channels should be measured. Power measurement is required for the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units.
 - 1) When the same highest maximum output power specification applies to multiple transmission modes, the largest channel bandwidth configuration with the lowest order modulation and lowest data rate is measured.
 - 2) When the same highest maximum output power is specified for multiple largest channel bandwidth configurations with the same lowest order modulation or lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, power measurement is required for all equivalent 802.11 configurations with the same maximum output power.

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9.1.1 Conducted Power of GSM

GSM 850										
Burst Output Power(dBm)					Division Factors	Frame-Average Output Power(dBm)				
Channel	128	190	251	Tune up		128	190	251	Tune up	
GPRS/EGPRS (GMSK)	1 TX Slot	33.88	33.95	33.86	34.00	-9.19	24.69	24.76	24.67	24.81
	2 TX Slots	32.68	32.75	32.64	33.00	-6.18	26.50	26.57	26.46	26.82
	3 TX Slots	30.65	30.51	30.43	31.00	-4.42	26.23	26.09	26.01	26.58
	4 TX Slots	28.64	28.53	28.33	29.00	-3.17	25.47	25.36	25.16	25.83

GSM 1900										
Burst Output Power(dBm)					Division Factors	Frame-Average Output Power(dBm)				
Channel	512	661	810	Tune up		512	661	810	Tune up	
GPRS (GMSK)	1 TX Slot	31.70	31.74	31.47	32.00	-9.19	22.51	22.55	22.28	22.81
	2 TX Slots	30.81	30.86	30.75	31.00	-6.18	24.63	24.68	24.57	24.82
	3 TX Slots	28.75	28.18	27.52	29.00	-4.42	24.33	23.76	23.10	24.58
	4 TX Slots	26.91	26.19	25.46	27.00	-3.17	23.74	23.02	22.29	23.83



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9.1.2 Conducted Power of LTE

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		1	25	24.71	24.42	23.96	25.50
		1	49	24.59	24.30	23.76	25.50
		25	0	24.11	23.93	23.21	24.50
		25	13	24.27	23.86	22.94	24.50
		25	25	24.41	24.04	23.68	24.50
		50	0	23.88	23.72	23.19	24.50
	16QAM	1	0	23.87	23.73	23.20	24.50
		1	25	24.15	23.75	23.18	24.50
		1	49	23.97	23.69	23.13	24.50
		25	0	22.95	22.83	23.34	23.50
		25	13	22.92	22.69	23.29	23.50
		25	25	23.35	22.88	23.42	23.50
		50	0	23.16	23.06	22.93	23.50
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel	Tune up
				18675	18900	19125	
15MHz	QPSK	1	0	24.98	24.75	24.61	25.50
		1	38	24.90	24.65	24.21	25.50
		1	74	24.96	24.54	23.65	25.50
		36	0	24.46	23.92	23.63	24.50
		36	18	24.32	23.91	23.32	24.50
		36	39	24.14	24.27	24.01	24.50
		75	0	24.03	23.77	23.31	24.50
	16QAM	1	0	24.38	23.77	23.70	24.50
		1	38	24.36	23.71	23.36	24.50
		1	74	24.32	23.62	22.86	24.50
		36	0	23.24	22.84	23.36	23.50
		36	18	23.05	22.71	23.21	23.50
		36	39	23.45	22.83	22.72	23.50
		75	0	23.45	23.08	23.01	23.50
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel	Tune up
				18700	18900	19100	
20MHz	QPSK	1	0	25.12	25.18	25.09	25.50
		1	50	25.06	25.09	24.53	25.50
		1	99	25.05	25.08	24.63	25.50
		50	0	24.25	24.29	24.17	24.50
		50	25	24.15	24.11	23.37	24.50
		50	50	24.19	24.09	23.78	24.50
		100	0	23.89	23.91	23.75	24.50
	16QAM	1	0	23.96	23.69	24.05	24.50
		1	50	24.47	24.16	23.65	24.50
		1	99	24.38	23.91	23.79	24.50
		50	0	23.08	23.07	23.17	23.50
		50	25	23.34	23.45	23.26	23.50
		50	50	23.19	23.35	22.60	23.50
		100	0	23.24	23.12	22.46	23.50

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LTE Band 4				Conducted Power(dBm)			
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel	Tune up
				19957	20175	20393	
1.4MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.93	23.51	23.31	24.50
		1	2	22.95	23.44	23.37	24.50
		1	5	22.88	23.49	23.43	24.50
		3	0	22.65	22.96	22.73	24.50
		3	2	22.59	22.93	22.79	24.50
		3	3	22.56	22.78	22.69	24.50
		6	0	22.40	22.99	22.74	23.50
	16QAM	1	0	22.49	22.80	22.76	23.50
		1	2	22.50	22.68	22.64	23.50
		1	5	22.59	22.76	22.76	23.50
		3	0	21.74	21.99	22.11	23.50
		3	2	21.75	21.93	22.01	23.50
		3	3	21.84	21.97	22.16	23.50
		6	0	21.18	21.77	22.00	22.50
3MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.02	23.61	23.36	24.50
		1	7	23.02	23.62	23.17	24.50
		1	14	22.94	23.60	23.21	24.50
		8	0	22.25	22.95	22.61	23.50
		8	4	22.31	22.94	22.60	23.50
		8	7	23.05	22.86	22.59	23.50
		15	0	22.85	22.89	22.55	23.50
	16QAM	1	0	22.91	22.86	22.54	23.50
		1	7	22.98	22.96	22.57	23.50
		1	14	22.93	23.05	22.49	23.50
		8	0	22.31	22.15	21.74	22.50
		8	4	22.11	22.06	21.89	22.50
		8	7	22.12	22.21	21.75	22.50
		15	0	22.05	22.01	21.75	22.50
5MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.90	23.44	23.29	24.50
		1	13	22.93	23.43	23.14	24.50
		1	24	22.96	23.48	23.30	24.50
		12	0	22.27	22.78	22.67	23.50
		12	6	22.26	22.79	22.64	23.50
		12	13	22.28	22.90	22.47	23.50
		25	0	22.12	22.84	22.65	23.50
	16QAM	1	0	22.27	22.80	22.69	23.50
		1	13	22.32	22.71	22.80	23.50
		1	24	22.40	22.75	22.60	23.50
		12	0	21.46	22.14	22.00	22.50
		12	6	21.45	22.19	22.04	22.50
		12	13	21.59	22.15	22.04	22.50
		25	0	21.40	22.08	22.01	22.50
10MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.46	23.71	23.32	24.50
		1	25	23.33	23.61	23.40	24.50

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		1	49	23.35	23.61	23.29	24.50		
		25	0	22.22	22.73	22.62	23.50		
		25	13	22.17	22.87	22.54	23.50		
		25	25	22.18	22.77	22.53	23.50		
		50	0	22.09	22.79	22.69	23.50		
		1	0	22.13	22.68	22.62	23.50		
		1	25	22.05	22.74	22.60	23.50		
		1	49	22.25	22.82	22.43	23.50		
		25	0	21.39	22.03	21.80	22.50		
		25	13	21.42	22.04	21.81	22.50		
		25	25	21.49	22.07	21.69	22.50		
		50	0	21.41	22.00	21.85	22.50		
15MHz		Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Tune up	
						20025	20175		
							20325		
		QPSK	16QAM	1	0	23.39	23.52	23.31	24.50
				1	38	23.30	23.51	23.51	24.50
				1	74	23.33	23.38	23.26	24.50
				36	0	22.17	22.83	22.65	23.50
				36	18	22.12	22.86	22.59	23.50
				36	39	22.09	22.77	22.59	23.50
				75	0	21.99	22.87	22.66	23.50
		16QAM	16QAM	1	0	22.09	22.77	22.62	23.50
				1	38	22.04	22.90	22.65	23.50
				1	74	22.03	22.83	22.69	23.50
				36	0	21.30	22.16	21.88	22.50
				36	18	21.29	22.20	22.01	22.50
				36	39	21.27	22.07	21.89	22.50
				75	0	21.38	22.16	22.02	22.50
20MHz		Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Tune up	
						20050	20175		
							20300		
		QPSK	16QAM	1	0	23.73	23.78	23.69	24.50
				1	50	23.47	23.36	23.54	24.50
				1	99	23.35	23.41	23.35	24.50
				50	0	22.84	22.90	23.00	23.50
				50	25	22.31	22.79	22.63	23.50
				50	50	22.18	22.92	22.45	23.50
				100	0	22.75	22.88	22.66	23.50
		16QAM	16QAM	1	0	22.28	22.74	22.40	23.50
				1	50	22.33	22.78	22.39	23.50
				1	99	22.17	22.86	22.51	23.50
				50	0	21.64	22.04	21.72	22.50
				50	25	21.57	21.94	21.74	22.50
				50	50	21.62	22.15	21.74	22.50
				100	0	21.54	21.92	21.72	22.50

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LTE Band 5				Conducted Power(dBm)			
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel	Tune up
				20407	20525	20643	
1.4MHz	QPSK	1	0	24.43	24.73	24.23	25.50
		1	2	24.53	24.87	24.59	25.50
		1	5	24.27	24.03	24.49	25.50
		3	0	24.52	24.76	24.64	25.50
		3	2	24.70	24.62	24.70	25.50
		3	3	24.26	24.44	24.43	25.50
		6	0	23.45	23.64	23.76	24.50
	16QAM	1	0	23.67	23.74	23.39	24.50
		1	2	23.88	23.97	23.78	24.50
		1	5	23.60	23.15	23.68	24.50
		3	0	23.67	24.00	23.92	24.50
		3	2	23.87	24.14	23.97	24.50
		3	3	23.42	23.65	23.67	24.50
		6	0	22.62	22.75	22.92	23.50
3MHz	QPSK	1	0	24.37	24.79	24.21	25.50
		1	7	24.92	25.10	25.14	25.50
		1	14	24.26	24.17	24.53	25.50
		8	0	23.71	23.88	24.15	24.50
		8	4	23.95	23.99	24.27	24.50
		8	7	23.75	23.70	23.94	24.50
		15	0	23.75	23.89	24.16	24.50
	16QAM	1	0	23.97	24.06	23.26	24.50
		1	7	24.37	24.25	24.30	24.50
		1	14	23.76	22.79	23.68	24.50
		8	0	22.93	22.96	23.34	23.50
		8	4	23.21	23.11	23.46	23.50
		8	7	23.02	22.82	23.11	23.50
		15	0	22.89	22.96	23.32	23.50
5MHz	QPSK	1	0	24.77	24.90	24.39	25.50
		1	13	24.51	24.65	24.80	25.50
		1	24	24.75	24.17	24.70	25.50
		12	0	23.84	23.97	24.27	24.50
		12	6	23.90	23.77	24.23	24.50
		12	13	24.02	23.84	24.35	24.50
		25	0	23.92	23.99	24.25	24.50
	16QAM	1	0	23.79	24.11	23.65	24.50
		1	13	23.53	23.93	24.12	24.50
		1	24	23.77	23.48	24.02	24.50
		12	0	22.96	23.09	23.37	23.50
		12	6	23.00	22.91	23.36	23.50
		12	13	23.12	22.99	23.47	23.50

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		25	0	23.01	23.09	23.40	23.50
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel	Tune up
				20450	20525	20600	
10MHz	QPSK	1	0	25.23	25.31	25.25	25.50
		1	25	25.09	25.15	25.11	25.50
		1	49	24.81	24.94	24.88	25.50
		25	0	23.98	24.17	24.11	24.50
		25	13	24.05	24.06	24.02	24.50
		25	25	24.02	23.93	23.89	24.50
		50	0	23.73	23.88	23.75	24.50
	16QAM	1	0	24.32	24.21	23.23	24.50
		1	25	24.19	24.18	24.30	24.50
		1	49	24.37	23.73	24.08	24.50
		25	0	22.81	23.13	22.88	23.50
		25	13	23.26	23.07	23.37	23.50
		25	25	23.09	22.77	23.24	23.50
		50	0	23.05	23.13	23.26	23.50

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LTE Band 7				Conducted Power(dBm)			
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel	Tune up
				20775	21100	21425	
5MHz	QPSK	1	0	24.71	24.84	23.60	25.50
		1	13	24.61	24.77	23.82	25.50
		1	24	24.08	24.29	23.91	25.50
		12	0	23.90	24.43	23.65	24.50
		12	6	23.76	24.39	23.48	24.50
		12	13	23.88	24.49	23.30	24.50
		25	0	23.56	23.83	23.43	24.50
	16QAM	1	0	23.54	23.71	23.08	24.50
		1	13	23.36	23.69	23.25	24.50
		1	24	23.21	23.35	23.58	24.50
		12	0	23.09	23.01	22.67	23.50
		12	6	23.01	22.99	22.50	23.50
		12	13	23.05	23.10	22.26	23.50
		25	0	22.73	22.84	22.93	23.50
10MHz	QPSK	1	0	24.25	24.74	23.80	25.50
		1	25	24.25	24.91	24.16	25.50
		1	49	23.73	23.90	23.97	25.50
		25	0	23.56	23.54	23.46	24.50
		25	13	23.94	23.51	23.18	24.50
		25	25	23.82	23.88	22.85	24.50
		50	0	23.41	23.28	23.15	24.50
	16QAM	1	0	24.10	23.22	22.62	24.50
		1	25	23.86	23.94	22.97	24.50
		1	49	23.68	24.04	22.78	24.50
		25	0	23.35	23.44	23.35	23.50
		25	13	23.47	23.33	23.03	23.50
		25	25	23.21	23.37	22.51	23.50
		50	0	22.60	23.42	23.43	23.50
15MHz	QPSK	1	0	24.06	24.75	24.19	25.50
		1	38	23.54	24.70	24.17	25.50
		1	74	23.65	24.12	23.75	25.50
		36	0	23.96	23.86	23.37	24.50
		36	18	23.83	23.87	23.28	24.50
		36	39	23.66	23.66	22.77	24.50
		75	0	22.75	23.71	23.07	24.50
	16QAM	1	0	23.51	23.39	23.29	24.50
		1	38	23.03	23.26	23.17	24.50
		1	74	23.78	23.17	23.07	24.50
		36	0	23.26	23.21	23.14	23.50
		36	18	22.74	23.17	23.11	23.50
		36	39	23.25	23.25	22.14	23.50

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		75	0	22.20	22.16	22.48	23.50
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel	Tune up
				20850	21100	21350	
20MHz	QPSK	1	0	24.85	24.96	24.87	25.50
		1	50	24.71	24.82	24.66	25.50
		1	99	24.44	24.55	24.48	25.50
		50	0	23.78	23.81	23.74	24.50
		50	25	23.77	23.75	23.65	24.50
		50	50	23.53	23.62	23.38	24.50
		100	0	23.41	23.59	23.47	24.50
	16QAM	1	0	23.26	23.83	23.86	24.50
		1	50	23.12	23.50	23.81	24.50
		1	99	23.61	23.22	22.51	24.50
		50	0	23.14	23.22	22.98	23.50
		50	25	22.96	22.98	22.95	23.50
		50	50	22.97	23.22	22.34	23.50
		100	0	22.25	22.51	22.46	23.50

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LTE Band 66				Conducted Power(dBm)			
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel	Tune up
				131979	132322	132665	
1.4MHz	QPSK	1	0	24.13	24.42	24.16	25.50
		1	2	24.25	24.65	24.34	25.50
		1	5	23.65	23.90	23.95	25.50
		3	0	24.24	24.70	24.23	25.50
		3	1	24.33	24.81	24.35	25.50
		3	3	24.01	24.31	23.99	25.50
		6	0	23.35	23.62	23.25	24.50
	16QAM	1	0	23.33	23.56	23.17	24.50
		1	2	23.55	23.84	23.46	24.50
		1	5	22.88	23.12	23.10	24.50
		3	0	23.34	24.00	23.47	24.50
		3	1	23.47	24.11	23.63	24.50
		3	3	23.14	23.59	23.23	24.50
		6	0	22.48	22.82	22.41	23.50
3MHz	QPSK	1	0	24.03	24.42	24.39	25.50
		1	7	24.35	24.72	24.47	25.50
		1	14	23.83	23.94	24.06	25.50
		8	0	23.78	23.84	23.88	24.50
		8	4	23.59	23.96	23.69	24.50
		8	7	23.95	23.69	23.68	24.50
		15	0	23.42	23.79	23.44	24.50
	16QAM	1	0	23.52	23.85	23.18	24.50
		1	7	23.92	24.21	23.68	24.50
		1	14	22.64	22.85	23.34	24.50
		8	0	22.72	23.03	22.64	23.50
		8	4	22.91	23.17	22.86	23.50
		8	7	22.66	22.90	22.64	23.50
		15	0	22.63	22.87	22.64	23.50
5MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.92	24.48	23.91	25.50
		1	13	23.88	24.28	24.01	25.50
		1	24	23.67	23.95	24.23	25.50
		12	0	23.46	23.96	23.55	24.50
		12	6	23.34	23.84	23.94	24.50
		12	13	23.53	23.96	23.56	24.50
		25	0	23.35	23.82	23.46	24.50
	16QAM	1	0	23.04	23.94	22.71	24.50
		1	13	23.00	23.76	23.32	24.50
		1	24	22.72	22.90	23.56	24.50
		12	0	22.58	23.12	22.74	23.50
		12	6	22.97	23.00	22.71	23.50
		12	13	22.70	23.13	22.67	23.50
		25	0	22.55	22.95	22.61	23.50
10MHz	QPSK	1	0	24.27	24.65	24.19	25.50
		1	25	24.20	24.35	24.43	25.50

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		1	49	24.33	23.75	24.23	25.50
		25	0	23.96	24.11	23.75	24.50
		25	13	23.88	23.86	23.70	24.50
		25	25	23.99	23.83	23.68	24.50
		50	0	23.68	23.85	23.74	24.50
	16QAM	1	0	23.68	24.10	23.18	24.50
		1	25	23.56	23.84	23.56	24.50
		1	49	24.14	23.26	23.46	24.50
		25	0	23.37	23.12	23.11	23.50
		25	13	23.41	23.30	23.18	23.50
		25	25	23.47	23.08	23.02	23.50
		50	0	22.46	23.34	22.82	23.50
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel	Tune up
				132047	132322	132597	
15MHz	QPSK	1	0	24.77	24.92	24.64	25.50
		1	38	24.61	24.28	24.59	25.50
		1	74	24.44	23.83	24.34	25.50
		36	0	23.24	23.94	23.95	24.50
		36	18	23.54	23.65	23.98	24.50
		36	39	24.42	24.28	23.93	24.50
		75	0	24.02	23.81	23.90	24.50
	16QAM	1	0	23.49	24.18	23.85	24.50
		1	38	24.10	23.77	23.91	24.50
		1	74	23.73	22.78	23.68	24.50
		36	0	22.69	23.12	23.27	23.50
		36	18	23.34	23.27	23.27	23.50
		36	39	22.95	22.63	23.28	23.50
		75	0	21.75	22.82	22.50	23.50
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel	Tune up
				132072	132322	132572	
20MHz	QPSK	1	0	25.18	25.25	25.09	25.50
		1	50	24.88	24.94	24.86	25.50
		1	99	24.71	24.92	24.72	25.50
		50	0	24.24	24.43	24.37	24.50
		50	25	24.33	24.36	24.27	24.50
		50	50	24.08	24.19	24.05	24.50
		100	0	23.68	23.87	23.75	24.50
	16QAM	1	0	23.54	23.77	23.58	24.50
		1	50	24.27	23.33	23.62	24.50
		1	99	24.16	23.05	23.56	24.50
		50	0	23.08	23.30	23.09	23.50
		50	25	23.20	22.81	22.86	23.50
		50	50	23.35	22.19	23.02	23.50
		100	0	22.90	22.36	22.73	23.50

9.1.3 Conducted Power of WIFI

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate(Mbps)	Average Power (dBm) Main Ant	Tune up
802.11b	1	2412	1	10.10	11.50
	6	2437		10.81	11.50
	11	2462		10.91	11.50
802.11g	1	2412	6	10.08	11.50
	6	2437		10.66	11.50
	11	2462		10.85	11.50
802.11n HT20 SISO	1	2412	6.5	7.39	9.00
	6	2437		8.42	9.00
	11	2462		8.68	9.00

9.2 Measurement of SAR Data

Note:

- 1) The maximum reported SAR value is marked in **bold**. Graph results refer to Appendix B
- 2) Per KDB447498 D01, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
 - $\leq 0.8\text{W/kg}$ for 1-g or 2.0W/kg for 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is $\leq 100\text{MHz}$.
 - $\leq 0.6 \text{ W/kg}$ or 1.5 W/kg , for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz .
 - $\leq 0.4 \text{ W/kg}$ or 1.0 W/kg , for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is $\geq 200 \text{ MHz}$.
- 3) Maximum bandwidth does not support at least three non-overlapping channels in certain channel bandwidths. When a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.

WiFi 2.4G:

- 1) When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is $\leq 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$, SAR test for the other 802.11 modes are not required.

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9.2.1 SAR Result of GSM850

GSM850 SAR Test Record										
Test position	Test mode	Test ch./Freq.	Duty Cycle	SAR (W/kg) 10-g	Power drift (dB)	Conducted Power(dBm)	Tune up Limit(dBm)	Scaled factor	Scaled SAR 10-g (W/kg)	Liquid Temp.(°C)
Extremity Test data(Separate 0mm)										
Front side	GPRS 2TS	190/836.6	1:4.15	0.061	0.04	32.75	33.00	1.059	0.065	22.1
Back side	GPRS 2TS	190/836.6	1:4.15	0.079	0.01	32.75	33.00	1.059	0.084	22.1
Left side	GPRS 2TS	190/836.6	1:4.15	0.017	-0.03	32.75	33.00	1.059	0.018	22.1
Right side	GPRS 2TS	190/836.6	1:4.15	0.001	0.05	32.75	33.00	1.059	0.001	22.1
Top side	GPRS 2TS	190/836.6	1:4.15	0.001	0.14	32.75	33.00	1.059	0.001	22.1
Bottom side	GPRS 2TS	190/836.6	1:4.15	0.089	0.02	32.75	33.00	1.059	0.094	22.1

Table 5: SAR of GSM850 for Extremity.

9.2.2 SAR Result of GSM1900

GSM1900 SAR Test Record										
Test position	Test mode	Test ch./Freq.	Duty Cycle	SAR (W/kg) 10-g	Power drift (dB)	Conducted Power(dBm)	Tune up Limit(dBm)	Scaled factor	Scaled SAR 10-g (W/kg)	Liquid Temp.(°C)
Extremity Test data(Separate 0mm)										
Front side	GPRS 2TS	661/1880	1:4.15	0.248	-0.02	30.86	31.00	1.033	0.256	22.2
Back side	GPRS 2TS	661/1880	1:4.15	0.101	0.07	30.86	31.00	1.033	0.104	22.2
Left side	GPRS 2TS	661/1880	1:4.15	0.057	0.11	30.86	31.00	1.033	0.059	22.2
Right side	GPRS 2TS	661/1880	1:4.15	0.015	0.05	30.86	31.00	1.033	0.015	22.2
Top side	GPRS 2TS	661/1880	1:4.15	0.008	-0.03	30.86	31.00	1.033	0.008	22.2
Bottom side	GPRS 2TS	661/1880	1:4.15	0.113	0.05	30.86	31.00	1.033	0.117	22.2

Table 6: SAR of GSM1900 for Extremity.

9.2.3 SAR Result of LTE Band 2

LTE Band 2 SAR Test Record											
Test position	BW.	Test mode	Test ch./Freq.	Duty Cycle	SAR (W/kg) 10-g	Power drift (dB)	Conducted Power(dBm)	Tune up Limit(dBm)	Scaled factor	Scaled SAR 10-g (W/kg)	Liquid Temp.(°C)
Extremity Test data(Separate 0mm 1RB)											
Front side	20	QPSK 1_0	18900/1880	1:1	0.349	-0.07	25.18	25.50	1.076	0.376	22.2
Back side	20	QPSK 1_0	18900/1880	1:1	0.191	-0.05	25.18	25.50	1.076	0.206	22.2
Left side	20	QPSK 1_0	18900/1880	1:1	0.222	-0.13	25.18	25.50	1.076	0.239	22.2
Right side	20	QPSK 1_0	18900/1880	1:1	0.015	0.09	25.18	25.50	1.076	0.016	22.2
Top side	20	QPSK 1_0	18900/1880	1:1	0.026	0.12	25.18	25.50	1.076	0.028	22.2
Bottom side	20	QPSK 1_0	18900/1880	1:1	0.143	-0.08	25.18	25.50	1.076	0.154	22.2
Extremity Test data(Separate 0mm 50%RB)											
Front side	20	QPSK 50_0	18900/1880	1:1	0.282	-0.08	24.29	24.50	1.050	0.296	22.2
Back side	20	QPSK 50_0	18900/1880	1:1	0.154	-0.08	24.29	24.50	1.050	0.162	22.2
Left side	20	QPSK 50_0	18900/1880	1:1	0.192	0.03	24.29	24.50	1.050	0.202	22.2
Right side	20	QPSK 50_0	18900/1880	1:1	0.008	-0.02	24.29	24.50	1.050	0.008	22.2
Top side	20	QPSK 50_0	18900/1880	1:1	0.015	0.09	24.29	24.50	1.050	0.016	22.2
Bottom side	20	QPSK 50_0	18900/1880	1:1	0.106	0.02	24.29	24.50	1.050	0.111	22.2

Table 7: SAR of LTE Band 2 for Extremity.

9.2.4 SAR Result of LTE Band 5

LTE Band 5 SAR Test Record											
Test position	BW.	Test mode	Test ch./Freq.	Duty Cycle	SAR (W/kg) 10-g	Power drift (dB)	Conducted Power(dBm)	Tune up Limit(dBm)	Scaled factor	Scaled SAR 10-g (W/kg)	Liquid Temp.(°C)
Extremity Test data(Separate 0mm 1RB)											
Front side	10	QPSK 1_0	20525/836.5	1:1	0.065	0.14	25.31	25.50	1.045	0.068	22.1
Back side	10	QPSK 1_0	20525/836.5	1:1	0.108	0.10	25.31	25.50	1.045	0.113	22.1
Left side	10	QPSK 1_0	20525/836.5	1:1	0.015	0.07	25.31	25.50	1.045	0.016	22.1
Right side	10	QPSK 1_0	20525/836.5	1:1	0.001	-0.09	25.31	25.50	1.045	0.001	22.1
Top side	10	QPSK 1_0	20525/836.5	1:1	0.001	0.09	25.31	25.50	1.045	0.001	22.1
Bottom side	10	QPSK 1_0	20525/836.5	1:1	0.113	-0.01	25.31	25.50	1.045	0.118	22.1
Extremity Test data(Separate 0mm 50%RB)											
Front side	10	QPSK 25_0	20525/836.5	1:1	0.053	-0.07	24.17	24.50	1.079	0.057	22.1
Back side	10	QPSK 25_0	20525/836.5	1:1	0.091	0.17	24.17	24.50	1.079	0.098	22.1
Left side	10	QPSK 25_0	20525/836.5	1:1	0.007	-0.14	24.17	24.50	1.079	0.008	22.1
Right side	10	QPSK 25_0	20525/836.5	1:1	0.001	0.17	24.17	24.50	1.079	0.001	22.1
Top side	10	QPSK 25_0	20525/836.5	1:1	0.001	0.08	24.17	24.50	1.079	0.001	22.1
Bottom side	10	QPSK 25_0	20525/836.5	1:1	0.101	-0.13	24.17	24.50	1.079	0.109	22.1

Table 8: SAR of LTE Band 5 for Extremity.

9.2.5 SAR Result of LTE Band 7

LTE Band 7 SAR Test Record											
Test position	BW.	Test mode	Test ch./Freq.	Duty Cycle	SAR (W/kg) 10-g	Power drift (dB)	Conducted Power(dBm)	Tune up Limit(dBm)	Scaled factor	Scaled SAR 10-g (W/kg)	Liquid Temp.(°C)
Extremity Test data(Separate 0mm 1RB)											
Front side	20	QPSK 1_0	21100/2535	1:1	1.070	-0.15	24.96	25.50	1.132	1.212	22.3
Back side	20	QPSK 1_0	21100/2535	1:1	1.400	0.18	24.96	25.50	1.132	1.585	22.3
Left side	20	QPSK 1_0	21100/2535	1:1	0.204	0.14	24.96	25.50	1.132	0.231	22.3
Right side	20	QPSK 1_0	21100/2535	1:1	0.377	0.03	24.96	25.50	1.132	0.427	22.3
Top side	20	QPSK 1_0	21100/2535	1:1	0.024	0.14	24.96	25.50	1.132	0.027	22.3
Bottom side	20	QPSK 1_0	21100/2535	1:1	1.480	0.03	24.96	25.50	1.132	1.676	22.3
Extremity Test data(Separate 0mm 50%RB)											
Front side	20	QPSK 50_0	21100/2535	1:1	0.853	-0.01	23.81	24.50	1.172	1.000	22.3
Back side	20	QPSK 50_0	21100/2535	1:1	1.210	0.19	23.81	24.50	1.172	1.418	22.3
Left side	20	QPSK 50_0	21100/2535	1:1	0.140	-0.03	23.81	24.50	1.172	0.164	22.3
Right side	20	QPSK 50_0	21100/2535	1:1	0.272	-0.18	23.81	24.50	1.172	0.319	22.3
Top side	20	QPSK 50_0	21100/2535	1:1	0.011	0.08	23.81	24.50	1.172	0.013	22.3
Bottom side	20	QPSK 50_0	21100/2535	1:1	1.340	0.13	23.81	24.50	1.172	1.571	22.3

Table 9: SAR of LTE Band 7 for Extremity.

9.2.6 SAR Result of LTE Band 66

LTE Band 66 SAR Test Record											
Test position	BW.	Test mode	Test ch./Freq.	Duty Cycle	SAR (W/kg) 10-g	Power drift (dB)	Conducted Power(dBm)	Tune up Limit(dBm)	Scaled factor	Scaled SAR 10-g (W/kg)	Liquid Temp.(°C)
Extremity Test data(Separate 0mm 1RB)											
Front side	20	QPSK 1_0	132322/1745	1:1	0.235	0.08	25.25	25.50	1.059	0.249	21.9
Back side	20	QPSK 1_0	132322/1745	1:1	0.153	-0.15	25.25	25.50	1.059	0.162	21.9
Left side	20	QPSK 1_0	132322/1745	1:1	0.144	-0.15	25.25	25.50	1.059	0.153	21.9
Right side	20	QPSK 1_0	132322/1745	1:1	0.007	0.15	25.25	25.50	1.059	0.007	21.9
Top side	20	QPSK 1_0	132322/1745	1:1	0.008	0.12	25.25	25.50	1.059	0.008	21.9
Bottom side	20	QPSK 1_0	132322/1745	1:1	0.121	0.19	25.25	25.50	1.059	0.128	21.9
Extremity Test data(Separate 0mm 50%RB)											
Front side	20	QPSK 50_0	132322/1745	1:1	0.191	0.01	24.43	24.50	1.016	0.194	21.9
Back side	20	QPSK 50_0	132322/1745	1:1	0.127	0.00	24.43	24.50	1.016	0.129	21.9
Left side	20	QPSK 50_0	132322/1745	1:1	0.119	-0.19	24.43	24.50	1.016	0.121	21.9
Right side	20	QPSK 50_0	132322/1745	1:1	0.004	0.07	24.43	24.50	1.016	0.004	21.9
Top side	20	QPSK 50_0	132322/1745	1:1	0.006	-0.14	24.43	24.50	1.016	0.006	21.9
Bottom side	20	QPSK 50_0	132322/1745	1:1	0.097	-0.03	24.43	24.50	1.016	0.099	21.9

Table 10: SAR of LTE Band 66 for Extremity is covering LTE Band 4.

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9.2.7 SAR Result of WIFI 2.4G

Wi-Fi 2.4G SAR Test Record											
Test position	Test mode	Test ch./Freq.	Duty Cycle	Duty Cycle Scaled factor	SAR (W/kg) 10-g	Power drift (dB)	Conducted Power(dBm)	Tune up Limit(dBm)	Scaled factor	Scaled SAR 10-g (W/kg)	Liquid Temp.(°C)
Extremity Test data (Separate 0mm)											
Front side	802.11b	11/2462	91.81%	1.089	0.449	0.12	10.91	11.50	1.146	0.560	22.4
Back side	802.11b	11/2462	91.81%	1.089	0.140	-0.08	10.91	11.50	1.146	0.175	22.4
Left side	802.11b	11/2462	91.81%	1.089	0.589	-0.03	10.91	11.50	1.146	0.735	22.4
Right side	802.11b	11/2462	91.81%	1.089	0.021	0.16	10.91	11.50	1.146	0.026	22.4
Top side	802.11b	11/2462	91.81%	1.089	0.013	-0.02	10.91	11.50	1.146	0.016	22.4
Bottom side	802.11b	11/2462	91.81%	1.089	0.190	0.07	10.91	11.50	1.146	0.237	22.4

Table 11: SAR of WIFI 2.4G for Extremity.

9.3 Multiple Transmitter Evaluation

9.3.1 Simultaneous SAR SAR test evaluation

•Simultaneous Transmission Possibilities

NO	Simultaneous Tx Combination	Extremity
1	WWAN + WLAN2.4GHz	Y

9.3.2 Simultaneous Transmission SAR Summation Scenario

Extremity:

Test position		SARmax (W/kg)		Summed SAR	
		WWAN			
		1	2		
GSM850	Front side	0.065	0.560	0.625	
	Back side	0.084	0.175	0.259	
	Left side	0.018	0.735	0.753	
	Top side	0.001	0.026	0.027	
	Bottom side	0.001	0.016	0.017	
GSM1900	Front side	0.256	0.560	0.816	
	Back side	0.104	0.175	0.279	
	Left side	0.059	0.735	0.794	
	Top side	0.015	0.026	0.041	
	Bottom side	0.008	0.016	0.024	
LTE B2	Front side	0.376	0.560	0.936	
	Back side	0.206	0.175	0.381	
	Left side	0.239	0.735	0.974	
	Top side	0.016	0.026	0.042	
	Bottom side	0.028	0.016	0.044	
LTE B5	Front side	0.068	0.560	0.628	
	Back side	0.113	0.175	0.288	
	Left side	0.016	0.735	0.751	
	Top side	0.001	0.026	0.027	
	Bottom side	0.001	0.016	0.017	
LTE B7	Front side	1.212	0.560	1.772	
	Back side	1.585	0.175	1.760	
	Left side	0.231	0.735	0.966	
	Top side	0.427	0.026	0.453	
	Bottom side	0.027	0.016	0.043	
LTE B66	Front side	0.249	0.560	0.809	
	Back side	0.162	0.175	0.337	
	Left side	0.153	0.735	0.888	
	Top side	0.007	0.026	0.033	
	Bottom side	0.008	0.016	0.024	

10 Equipment list

Test Platform		SPEAG DASY5 Professional			
Description		SAR Test System (Frequency range 300MHz-6GHz)			
Software Reference		DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)			
Hardware Reference					
Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Due date of calibration
DAE	SPEAG	DAE4	1484	2024-10-15	2025-10-14
Twin Phantom	SPEAG	SAM 8	1824	NCR	NCR
E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3982	2024-04-29	2025-04-28
Validation Kits	SPEAG	D835V2	4d161	2023-08-25	2026-08-24
Validation Kits	SPEAG	D1750V2	1105	2023-11-03	2026-11-02
Validation Kits	SPEAG	D1950V3	1218	2023-05-04	2026-05-03
Validation Kits	SPEAG	D2450V2	922	2023-08-28	2026-08-27
Validation Kits	SPEAG	D2600V2	1158	2022-03-31	2025-03-30
Dielectric parameter probes	SPEAG	DAKS-3.5	1102	N/A	N/A
Universal Radio Communication Tester	R&S	CMW500	111637	2024-09-12	2025-09-11
RF Bi-Directional Coupler	Agilent	86205-60001	MY31400031	NCR	NCR
Signal Generator	R&S	SMB100A	182393	2025-02-05	2026-02-04
Preamplifier	Qiji	YX28980933	202104001	NCR	NCR
Power Sensor	Keysight	U2002H	121251	2024-09-13	2025-09-12
Attenuator	SHX	TS2-3dB	30704	NCR	NCR
Coaxial low pass filter	Mini-Circuits	VLF-2500(+)	NA	NCR	NCR
Coaxial low pass filter	Microlab Fxr	LA-F13	NA	NCR	NCR
DC POWER SUPPLY	SAKO	SK1730SL5A	NA	NCR	NCR
Speed reading thermometer	LKM	DTM3000	NA	2024-09-14	2025-09-13
Humidity and Temperature Indicator	MingGao	MingGao	NA	2024-09-16	2025-09-15

Note: All the equipments are within the valid period when the tests are performed.



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11 Calibration certificate

Please see the Appendix C

12 Photographs

Please see the Appendix D

Appendix A: Detailed System Check Results

Appendix B: Detailed Test Results

Appendix C: Calibration certificate

Appendix D: Photographs

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