TEST REPORT

Dt&C

DT&C Co., Ltd.

42, Yurim-ro, 154Beon-gil, Cheoin-gu, Yongin-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea,17042 Tel : 031-321-2664, Fax : 031-321-1664

1. Report No : DRTFCC1901-0012(1)

2. Customer

- Name : LG Electronics USA, Inc.
- Address : 1000 Sylvan Ave. Englewood Cliffs, New Jersey, United States 07632
- 3. Use of Report : FCC Original Grant
- 4. Product Name / Model Name : Mobile Phone / LM-X420EM FCC ID : ZNFX420EM
- 5. Test Method Used : KDB558074 D01v05, ANSI C63.10-2013

Test Specification : FCC Part 15 Subpart C.247

- 6. Date of Test : 2018.12.27 ~ 2019.01.03
- 7. Testing Environment : Refer to appended test report.
- 8. Test Result : Refer to the attached test result.

Affirmation	Tested by	10.00	Reviewed by	DA				
Ammation	Name : Inhee Bae	Signiture)	Name : Geunki Son	(Signature)				
The test r	esults presented in this test rep	port are limited or	nly to the sample supplied	by applicant and				
the use of this	s test report is inhibited other th	an its purpose. T	his test report shall not be	reproduced except				
	in full, without the	written approval	of DT&C Co., Ltd.					
		2010 01 2	F					
		2019.01.2	5.	,				
	DT&C Co., Ltd.							
If this report is required to confirmation of authenticity, please contact to report@dtnc.net								

Test Report Version

Test Report No.	Date	Description
DRTFCC1901-0012	Jan. 15, 2019	Initial issue
DRTFCC1901-0012(1)	Jan. 25, 2019	Revised the section 2.4

Table of Contents

1. General Information	4
1.1 Testing Laboratory	4
1.2 Test Environment	4
1.3 Measurement Uncertainty	4
1.4 Details of Applicant	5
1.5 Description of EUT	5
1.6 Declaration by the applicant / manufacturer	5
1.7 Test Equipment List	
1.8 Summary of Test Results	
•	
2. Test Methodology	
2.1 EUT Configuration	
2.2 EUT Exercise	
2.3 General Test Procedures	
2.4 Description of Test Modes	
2.5 Instrument Calibration	8
3. Test Result	9
3.1 Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power	9
3.1.1 Test Setup	
3.1.2 Test Procedures	
3.1.3 Test Results	
3.2 6 dB Bandwidth Measurement	
3.2.1 Test Setup	
3.2.2 Test Procedures	
3.2.3 Test Results	
3.3 Maximum Power Spectral Density.	
3.3.1 Test Setup	
3.3.2 Test Procedures	
3.3.3 Test Results	. 19
3.4 Unwanted Emissions (Conducted)	
3.4.1 Test Setup	
3.4.2 Test Procedures	
3.4.3 Test Results	
3.5 Unwanted Emissions (Radiated)	. 41
3.5.1 Test Setup	
3.5.2 Test Procedures	. 42
3.5.3 Test Results	. 43
3.6 Power line Conducted Emissions	. 45
3.6.1 Test Setup	. 45
3.6.2 Test Procedures	
3.6.3 Test Results	
3.7 Occupied Bandwidth	. 48
3.7.1 Test Setup	. 48
3.7.2 Test Procedures	. 48
3.7.3 Test Results	. 48
4. ANTENNA REQUIREMENTS	49
APPENDIX I	50
APPENDIX II	51
	53
	55

1. General Information

1.1 Testing Laboratory

DT&C Co., Ltd.

The 3 m test site and conducted measurement facility used to collect the radiated data are located at the 42, Yurim-ro, 154beon-gil, Cheoin-gu, Yongin-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea 17042. The test site complies with the requirements of § 2.948 according to ANSI C63.4-2014.

- FCC MRA Accredited Test Firm No. : KR0034

www.dtnc.net		
Telephone	:	+ 82-31-321-2664
FAX	:	+ 82-31-321-1664

1.2 Test Environment

Ambient Condition	
 Temperature 	+18 ℃ ~ +23 ℃
 Relative Humidity 	35 % ~ 45 %

1.3 Measurement Uncertainty

The measurement uncertainties shown below were calculated in accordance with requirements of ANSI C63.4-2014 and ANSI C63.10-2013. All measurement uncertainty values are shown with a coverage factor of k = 2 to indicate a 95 % level of confidence.

Test items	Measurement uncertainty		
Transmitter Output Power	0.7 dB (The confidence level is about 95 %, $k = 2$)		
Conducted spurious emission	0.9 dB (The confidence level is about 95 %, $k = 2$)		
AC conducted emission	2.4 dB (The confidence level is about 95 %, $k = 2$)		
Radiated spurious emission (1 GHz Below)	5.1 dB (The confidence level is about 95 %, $k = 2$)		
Radiated spurious emission (1 GHz ~ 18 GHz)	5.4 dB (The confidence level is about 95 %, k = 2)		
Radiated spurious emission (18 GHz Above)	5.3 dB (The confidence level is about 95 %, $k = 2$)		

1.4 Details of Applicant

Applicant	:	LG Electronics USA, Inc.
Address	:	1000 Sylvan Ave. Englewood Cliffs, New Jersey, United States 07632
Contact person	:	Kyung-Su Han

1.5 Description of EUT

EUT	Mobile Phone
Model Name	LM-X420EM
Add Model Name	NA
Serial Number	Identical prototype
Power Supply	DC 3.85 V
Frequency Range	2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz
Max. RF Output Power	-0.96 dBm
Modulation Technique	GFSK
Antenna Specification	Antenna Type: PIFA Antenna Gain: -0.11 dBi (PK)

1.6 Declaration by the applicant / manufacturer

N/A

1.7 Test Equipment List

Туре	Manufacturer	Model	Cal.Date (yy/mm/dd)	Next.Cal.Date (yy/mm/dd)	S/N
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent Technologies	N9020A	18/12/19	19/12/19	MY48010133
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent Technologies	N9020A	18/12/19	19/12/19	MY48011700
Attenuator	SMAJK	SMAJK-2-3	18/07/04	19/07/04	4
DC Power Supply	Agilent Technologies	66332A	18/07/02	19/07/02	US37473422
Multimeter	FLUKE	17B	18/12/18	19/12/18	26030065WS
Signal Generator	Rohde Schwarz	SMBV100A	18/12/19	19/12/19	255571
Signal Generator	ANRITSU	MG3695C	18/12/10	19/12/10	173501
Thermohygrometer	BODYCOM	BJ5478	18/12/27	19/12/27	120612-1
Thermohygrometer	BODYCOM	BJ5478	18/12/27	19/12/27	120612-2
Thermohygrometer	BODYCOM	BJ5478	18/07/09	19/07/09	N/A
HYGROMETER	TESTO	608-H1	18/02/10	19/02/10	34862883
Loop Antenna	Schwarzbeck	FMZB1513	18/01/30	20/01/30	1513-128
BILOG ANTENNA	Schwarzbeck	VULB 9160	18/07/13	20/07/13	3359
Horn Antenna	ETS-Lindgren	3115	18/01/30	20/01/30	6419
Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA 9120C	17/12/04	19/12/04	9120C-561
Horn Antenna	A.H.Systems Inc.	SAS-574	17/07/31	19/07/31	155
PreAmplifier	tsj	MLA-0118-J01-45	18/02/08	19/02/08	17138
PreAmplifier	tsj	MLA-1840-J02-45	18/07/06	19/07/06	16966-10728
PreAmplifier	H.P	8447D	18/12/18	19/12/18	2944A07774
Attenuator	SMAJK	SMAJK-2-3	18/07/02	19/07/02	3
Attenuator	Aeroflex/Weinschel	56-3	18/07/02	19/07/02	Y2370
Attenuator	SRTechnology	F01-B0606-01	18/07/02	19/07/02	13092403
Attenuator	Hefei Shunze	SS5T2.92-10-40	18/07/03	19/07/03	16012202
Attenuator	SMAJK	SMAJK-2-3	18/07/04	19/07/04	4
High Pass Filter	Wainwright Instruments	WHNX8.0/26.5-6SS	18/07/03	19/07/03	3
High Pass Filter	Wainwright Instruments	WHKX12-935-1000- 15000-40SS	18/07/02	19/07/02	8
High Pass Filter	Wainwright Instruments	WHKX10-2838-3300- 18000-60SS	18/07/02	19/07/02	1
Power Meter & Wide Bandwidth Sensor	Anritsu	ML2495A MA2490A	18/04/17	19/04/17	1306007 1249001
EMI Test Receiver	Rohde Schwarz	ESR7	18/02/13	19/02/13	101061
EMI Test Receiver	Rohde Schwarz	ESCI7	18/02/12	19/02/12	100910
PULSE LIMITER	Rohde Schwarz	ESH3-Z2	18/09/27	19/09/27	101333
LISN	SCHWARZBECK	NNLK 8121	18/03/20	19/03/20	06183
Cable	Radiall	TESTPRO3	18/07/06	19/07/06	M-01
Cable	Junkosha	MWX315	18/11/19	19/11/19	M-05
Cable	Junkosha	MWX221	18/11/19	19/11/19	M-06
Cable	Junkosha	MWX241	18/06/25	19/06/25	G-04
Cable	Junkosha	MWX241	18/06/25	19/06/25	G-07
Cable	DT&C	Cable	18/07/06	19/07/06	G-13
Cable	DT&C	Cable	18/07/06	19/07/06	G-14
Cable	HUBER+SUHNER	SUCOFLEX 104	18/07/06	19/07/06	G-15
Cable	DT&C	Cable	18/06/25	19/06/25	RF-18
Cable	DT&C	Cable	18/07/05	19/07/05	RF-82

Note1: The measurement antennas were calibrated in accordance to the requirements of ANSI C63.5-2017. Note2: The cable is not a regular calibration item, so it has been calibrated by DT & C itself.

1.8 Summary of Test Results

FCC Part	RSS Std.	Parameter	Limit	Test Condition	Status Note 1
15.247(a)	RSS-247 [5.2]	6 dB Bandwidth	> 500 kHz		С
15.247(b)	RSS-247 [5.4]	Transmitter Output Power < 1 Watt			С
15.247(d)	RSS-247 [5.5]	Out of Band Emissions / Band Edge	20 dBc in any 100 kHz BW	Conducted	С
15.247(e)	RSS-247 [5.2]	Transmitter Power Spectral Density	ectral < 8 dBm/3 kHz		С
-	RSS-Gen [6.7]	Occupied Bandwidth (99 %)	NA		NA
15.247(d) 15.205 15.209	RSS-247 [5.5] RSS-GEN [8.9] RSS-GEN [8.10]	General Field Strength Limits (Restricted Bands and Radiated Emission Limits)	FCC 15.209 limits	Radiated	C Note 3
15.207	RSS-Gen [8.8]	AC Line Conducted Emissions	FCC 15.207 limits	AC Line Conducted	С
15.203	-	Antenna Requirements	FCC 15.203	-	С
Note 1: C=Comply NC=Not Comply NT=Not Tested NA=Not Applicable Note 2: For radiated emission tests below 30 MHz were performed on semi-anechoic chamber which is correlated with OATS. Note 3: This test item was performed in each axis and the worst case data was reported.					



2. Test Methodology

The measurement procedures described in the ANSI C63.10-2013 and the guidance provided in KDB558074 D01v05 were used in measurement of the EUT.

The EUT was tested per the guidance of KDB558074 D01v05. And ANSI C63.10-2013 was used to reference appropriate EUT setup and maximizing procedures of radiated spurious emission and AC line conducted emission testing.

2.1 EUT Configuration

The EUT configuration for testing is installed on RF field strength measurement to meet the Commissions requirement and operating in a manner that intends to maximize its emission characteristics in a continuous normal application.

2.2 EUT Exercise

The EUT was operated in the test mode to fix the TX frequency that was for the purpose of the measurements. According to its specifications, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the Section 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247 under the FCC Rules Part 15 Subpart C.

2.3 General Test Procedures

Conducted Emissions

The power-line conducted emission test procedure is not described on the KDB558074 D01v05.

So this test was fulfilled with the requirements in Section 6.2 of ANSI C63.10-2013.

The EUT is placed on the wooden table, which is 0.8 m above ground plane and the conducted emissions from the EUT measured in the frequency range between 0.15 MHz and 30 MHz using CISPR Quasi-peak and Average detector.

Radiated Emissions

Basically the radiated tests were performed with KDB558074 D01v05. But some requirements and procedures like test site requirements, EUT setup and maximizing procedure were fulfilled with the requirements in Section 5 and 6 of the ANSI C63.10-2013 as stated on section 12.1 of the KDB558074 D01v05.

The EUT is placed on a non-conductive table. For emission measurements at or below 1 GHz, the table height is 80 cm. For emission measurements above 1 GHz, the table height is 1.5 m. The turntable shall rotate 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level. EUT is set 3 m away from the receiving antenna, which varied from 1 m to 4 m to find out the highest emission. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical. In order to find out the highest emission, the relative positions of the EUT were rotated through three orthogonal axes.

2.4 Description of Test Modes

The EUT has been tested with the operating condition for maximizing the emission characteristics. A test program is used to control the EUT for staying in continuous transmitting. The Bluetooth low energy mode with below low, middle and high channels were tested and reported.

		Frequency [MHz]			
Test Mode	Description	Lowest Frequency	Middle Frequency	Highest Frequency	
TM 1	BT LE(1Mbps)	2402	2440	2480	
TM 2	BT LE(2Mbps)	2402	2440	2480	

Note: The power measurements were performed at all data rates(125kbit/s, 500kbit/s, 1Mbit/s, 2Mbit/s). And the worst case data rate is determined as above test mode according to the power measurements.

2.5 Instrument Calibration

The measuring equipment, which was utilized in performing the tests documented herein, has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for utilizing calibration equipment, which is traceable to recognized national standards.



3. Test Result

3.1 Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power

Test Requirements and limit, §15.247(b) & RSS-247 [5.4]

A transmitter antenna terminal of EUT is connected to the input of a spectrum analyzer.

Measurement is made while the EUT is operating in transmission mode at the appropriate frequencies.

The maximum permissible conducted output power is 1 Watt.

3.1.1 Test Setup

Refer to the APPENDIX I.

3.1.2 Test Procedures

- KDB558074 D01v05 Section 8.3.1.3
- ANSI C63.10-2013 Section 11.9.1.1

RBW ≥ DTS bandwidth

1. Set the RBW ≥ DTS bandwidth. Actual RBW = 2 MHz & 2.4 MHz

2. Set $VBW \ge 3 \times RBW$. Actual VBW = 6 MHz & 8 MHz

- 3. Set span ≥ 3 x RBW.
- 4. Sweep time = **auto couple**
- 5. Detector = **peak**
- 6. Trace mode = **max hold**
- 7. Allow trace to fully stabilize
- 8. Use peak marker function to determine the peak amplitude level.

3.1.3 Test Results

Test mode	Tested Channel	Burst Average Output Power	Peak Output Power	
Test mode	rested Channel	dBm	dBm	
	Lowest	-3.65	-3.58	
TM 1	Middle	-1.17	-0.96	
	Highest	-2.82	-2.55	
	Lowest	-3.62	-3.39	
TM 2	Middle	-1.15	-0.99	
	Highest	-2.81	-2.55	

Note 1 : The Burst average output power was tested using an average power meter for reference only. Note 2 : See next pages for actual measured spectrum plots.



TM 1 Test Channel : Lowest

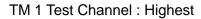


Peak Output Power

TM 1 Test Channel : Middle





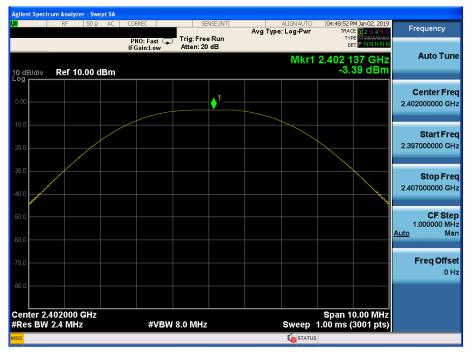






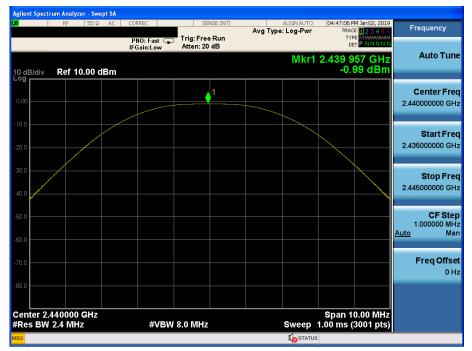


TM 2 Test Channel : Lowest

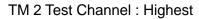


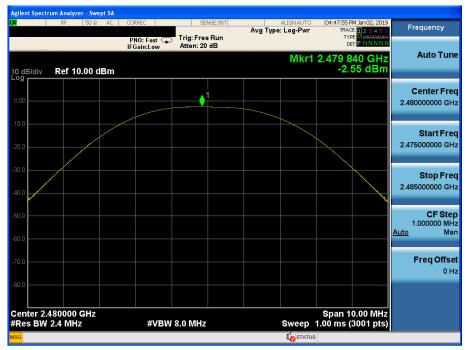
Peak Output Power

TM 2 Test Channel : Middle











3.2 6 dB Bandwidth Measurement

Test Requirements and limit, §15.247(a) & RSS-247 [5.2]

The bandwidth at 6 dB down from the highest in-band spectral density is measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the EUT's antenna terminal while the EUT is operating in transmission mode at the appropriate frequencies.

The minimum permissible 6 dB bandwidth is 500 kHz.

3.2.1 Test Setup

Refer to the APPENDIX I.

3.2.2 Test Procedures

- KDB558074 D01v05 Section 8.2
- ANSI C63.10-2013 Section 11.8.2
- 1. Set resolution bandwidth (RBW) = 100 kHz
- 2. Set the video bandwidth (VBW) \ge 3 x RBW.
- (<u>RBW : 100 kHz / VBW : 300 kHz</u>)
- 3. Detector = **peak**.
- 4. Trace mode = **max hold**.
- 5. Sweep = auto couple.
- 6. Allow the trace to stabilize.
- 7. Option 1 Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

Option 2 - The automatic bandwidth measurement capability of an instrument may be employed using the X dB bandwidth mode with X set to 6 dB, if the functionality described above (i.e., RBW = 100 kHz, VBW \ge 3 × RBW, peak detector with maximum hold) is implemented by the instrumentation function. When using this capability, care shall be taken so that the bandwidth measurement is not influenced by any intermediate power nulls in the fundamental emission that might be \ge 6 dB.

3.2.3 Test Results

Test Mode	Tested Channel	Test Results [MHz]				
	Lowest	0.666				
TM 1	Middle	0.706				
	Highest	0.678				
	Lowest	1.191				
TM 2	Middle	1.165				
	Highest	1.252				

TM 1 Test Channel : Lowest

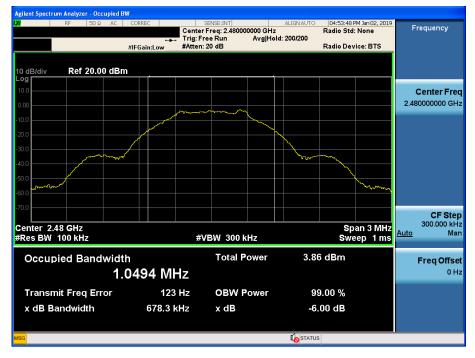


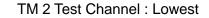
6 dB Bandwidth

TM 1 Test Channel : Middle



TM 1 Test Channel : Highest



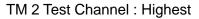


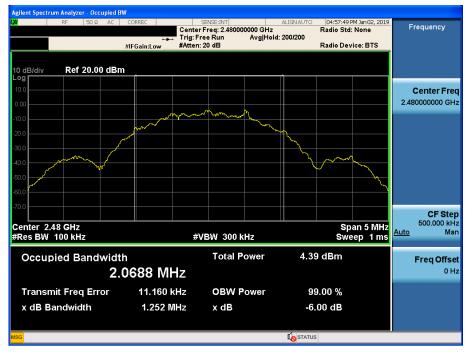


6 dB Bandwidth

TM 2 Test Channel : Middle







3.3 Maximum Power Spectral Density.

Test requirements and limit, §15.247(e) & RSS-247 [5.2]

The peak power density is measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the antenna terminal while the EUT is operating in transmission mode at the appropriate frequencies.

Minimum Standard

The power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission

3.3.1 Test Setup

Refer to the APPENDIX I.

3.3.2 Test Procedures

- KDB558074 D01v05 Section 8.4
- ANSI C63.10-2013 Section 11.10.2

Method PKPSD (peak PSD)

- 1. Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
- 2. Set the span to **1.5 times** the DTS bandwidth.
- 3. Set the RBW : 3 kHz ≤ RBW ≤ 100 kHz.
- 4. Set the VBW \geq 3 x RBW.
- 5. Detector = **peak.**
- 6. Sweep time = **auto couple.**
- 7. Trace mode = max hold.
- 8. Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- 9. Use the **peak marker function** to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.
- 10. If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.

3.3.3 Test Results

Test Mode	Tested Channel	PKPSD [dBm]
	Lowest	-19.81
TM 1	Middle	-17.13
	Highest	-18.82
	Lowest	-22.20
TM 2	Middle	-19.89
	Highest	-21.16



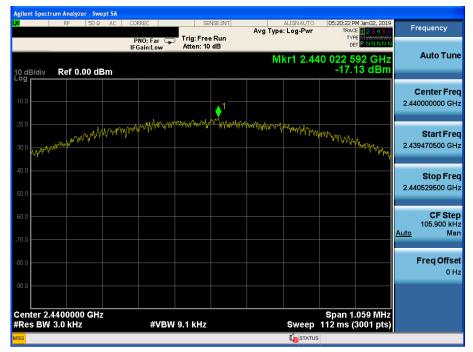




Maximum PKPSD

TM 1 Test Channel : Middle

TM 1 Test Channel : Lowest





TM 1 Test Channel : Highest

KI RF	50Ω AC	CORREC	SENSE:INT			PM Jan 02, 2019	Frequency
		PNO: Far 😱	Trig: Free Run	Avg Type: Log	J-Pwr TRAC TYI	CE 123456 PE MWAMAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA	requercy
		IFGain:Low	Atten: 10 dB				Auto Tune
0 dB/div Ref 0	.00 dBm			IVIK	r1 2.480 02 -18.	1 0 GHZ 82 dBm	
.og							Center Fred
10.0							2.480000000 GH
0.0			∮ ¹				
	Annorm	hand Marcha	AAMA WANDA AND	WWW.mallaplary-graya	Millimmonth .		Start Fred
0.0	Mikkie i k				March Mall M	M. march	2.479491275 GH
						144	
0.0							Stop Free
0.0							2.480508725 GH
							05.04-
60.0							CF Step 101.745 kH
0.0							<u>Auto</u> Mar
0.0							Freq Offse
0.0							
enter 2.480000	0 GHz				Span 1	.017 MHz	
Res BW 3.0 kHz		#VBV	/ 9.1 kHz		veep 108 ms (3001 pts)	
s <mark>G</mark>					STATUS		





TM 2 Test Channel : Lowest



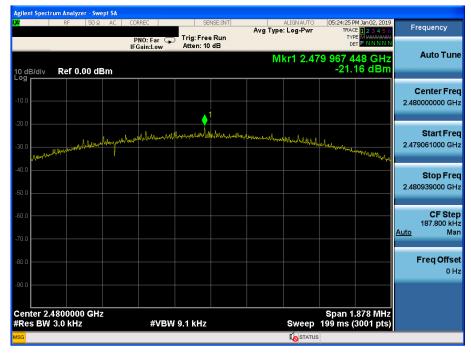
Maximum PKPSD

TM 2 Test Channel : Middle





TM 2 Test Channel : Highest





3.4 Unwanted Emissions (Conducted)

Test requirements and limit, §15.247(d) & RSS-247 [5.5]

§15.247(d) specifies that in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band, the power shall be attenuated according to the following conditions :

If the peak output power procedure is used to measure the fundamental emission power to demonstrate compliance to **15.247(b)(3)** requirements, then the peak conducted output power measured within any 100 kHz outside the authorized frequency band shall be attenuated **by at least 20 dB** relative to the maximum measured in-band peak PSD level.

If the average output power procedure is used to measure the fundamental emission power to demonstrate compliance to **15.247(b)(3)** requirements, then the power in any 100 kHz outside of the authorized frequency band shall be attenuated by at least 30 dB relative to the maximum measured inband average PSD level.

In either case, attenuation to levels below the general emission limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required.

3.4.1 Test Setup

Refer to the APPENDIX I including path loss

3.4.2 Test Procedures

- KDB558074 D01v05 Section 8.5
- ANSI C63.10-2013 Section 11.11

Reference level measurement

1. Set instrument center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.

- 2. Set the span to \geq 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.
- 3. Set the RBW = 100 kHz.
- 4. Set the VBW \geq 3 x RBW.
- 5. Detector = peak.
- 6. Sweep time = auto couple.
- 7. Trace mode = max hold.
- 8. Allow trace to fully stabilize.

9. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum PSD level LIMIT LINE = 20 dB below of the reference level.

Emission level measurement

- 1. Set the center frequency and span to encompass frequency range to be measured.
- 2. Set the RBW = 100 kHz.(Actual 1 MHz , See below note)
- 3. Set the VBW ≥ 3 x RBW.(Actual 3 MHz, See below note)
- 4. Detector = **peak**.
- 5. Ensure that the number of measurement points ≥ span / RBW
- 6. Sweep time = **auto couple.**
- 7. Trace mode = **max hold.**
- 8. Allow the trace to stabilize (this may take some time, depending on the extent of the span).
- 9. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.

Note : The conducted spurious emission was tested with below settings.

Frequency range	RBW	VBW	Detector	Trace	Sweep Point
9 kHz ~ 30 MHz	100 kHz	300 kHz			
30 MHz ~ 10 GHz	1 MHz	3 MHz	Peak	Max Hold	40001
10 GHz ~ 25 GHz	1 MHz	3 MHz			

If the emission level with above setting was close to the limit (ie, less than 3 dB margin) then zoom scan is required using RBW = 100 kHz, VBW = 300 kHz, SPAN = 100 MHz and BINS = 2001 to get accurate emission level within 100 kHz BW.

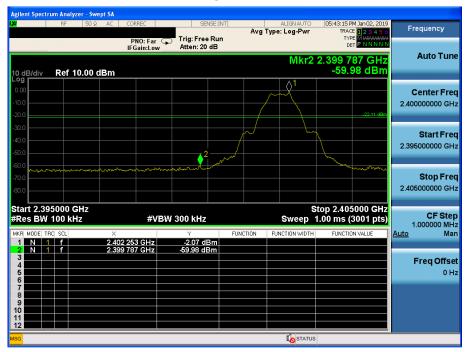
3.4.3 Test Results

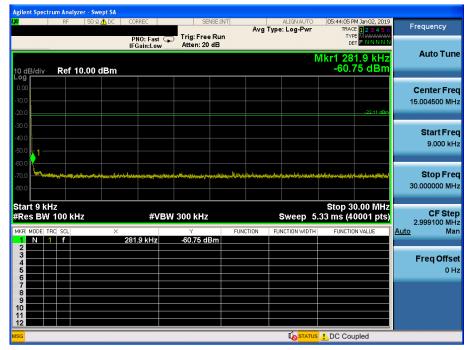
🛈 Dt&C



TM 1 Reference (Test Channel : Lowest)

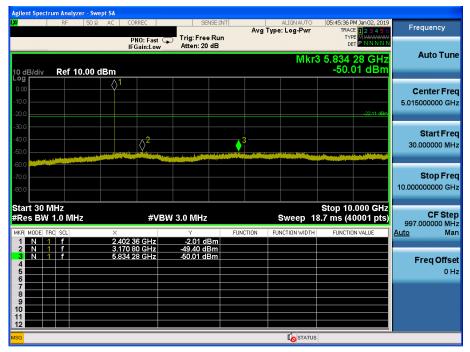
TM 1 Low Band-edge (Test Channel : Lowest)





TM 1 Conducted Spurious Emissions 1 (Test Channel : Lowest)

TM 1 Conducted Spurious Emissions 2 (Test Channel : Lowest)



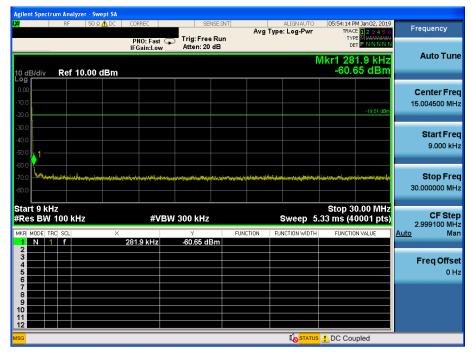
	RF	50 Ω	AC (ORREC	9	ENSE:INT	A T	ALIGNAUTO		1 Jan 02, 2019	Frequency
				PNO: Fast IFGain:Low	Trig: Fr Atten: 2		Avgi	ype: Log-Pwr	TYPE	123456 MWWWWW PNNNNN	,
				IFGain:Low	Atten: 2			Mkr4 1	6.792 75		Auto Tun
0 dB/div	Ref 1	0.00 dE	3m							6 dBm	
0.00											Center Fre
10.0											17.500000000 G⊢
20.0											
30.0 40.0					4			\diamond^2			Start Fre
50.0	and the second se				n a an			and the second second			10.00000000 GH
80.0											
70.0											Stop Fre
80.0											25.00000000 GH
tart 10. Res BW				#\/	3W 3.0 MH	-		Sweep 4	Stop 25.		CF Ste
IKR MODE 1		12	×		у 3.0 М П		FUNCTION	FUNCTION WIDTH	FUNCTION		1.500000000 GH Auto Ma
1 N	1 f			750 GHz 750 GHz	-35.03 -39.52	dBm					
3 N 4 N	1 f		19.059 6	525 GHz 750 GHz	-43.77	dBm					Freq Offse
5			10.132	CO OTTE	40.00						0 H
7											
9											
10 11 12											

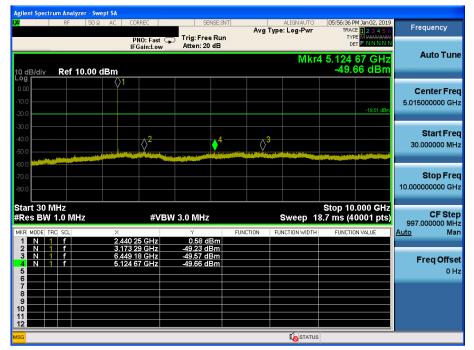
TM 1 Conducted Spurious Emissions 3 (Test Channel : Lowest)



TM 1 Reference (Test Channel : Middle)

TM 1 Conducted Spurious Emissions 1 (Test Channel : Middle)





TM 1 Conducted Spurious Emissions 2 (Test Channel : Middle)

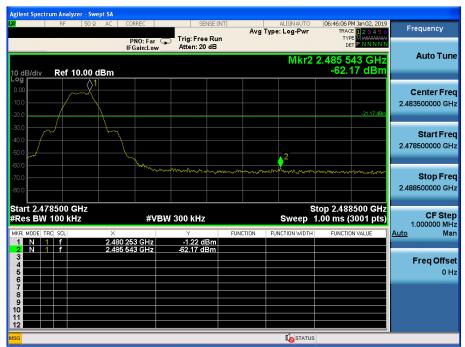
TM 1 Conducted Spurious Emissions 3 (Test Channel : Middle)

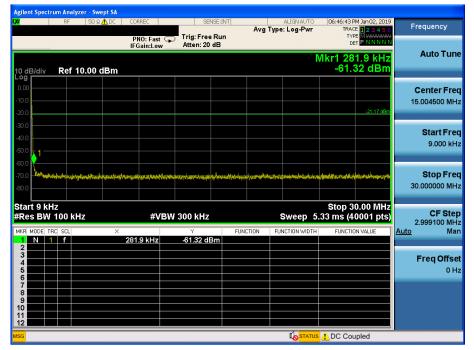




TM 1 Reference (Test Channel : Highest)

TM 1 High Band-edge (Test Channel : Highest)





TM 1 Conducted Spurious Emissions 1 (Test Channel : Highest)

TM 1 Conducted Spurious Emissions 2 (Test Channel : Highest)







TM 1 Conducted Spurious Emissions 3 (Test Channel : Highest)

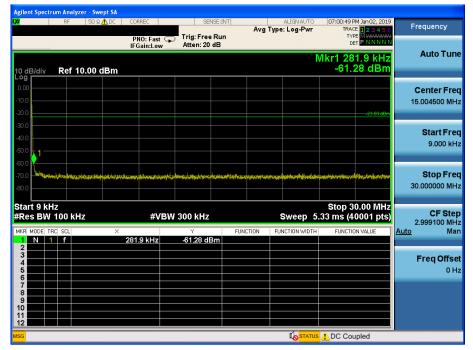




TM 2 Reference (Test Channel : Lowest)

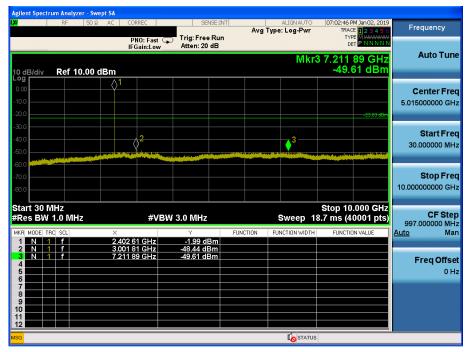
TM 2 Low Band-edge (Test Channel : Lowest)





TM 2 Conducted Spurious Emissions 1 (Test Channel : Lowest)

TM 2 Conducted Spurious Emissions 2 (Test Channel : Lowest)





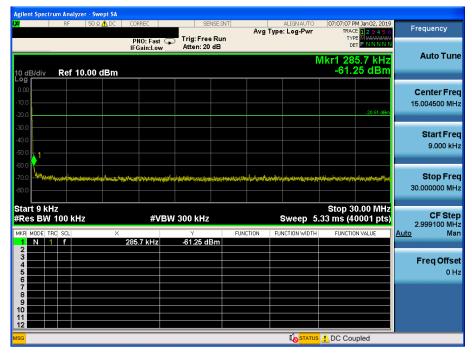
	RF	50 Ω	AC C	ORREC		SENSE:INT		ALIGN AUTO		4 Jan 02, 2019	Frequency
				PNO: Fast		ree Run	Avgiy	pe: Log-Pwr	TYPE	123456 MWWWWWW PNNNNN	
				FGain:Low	Atten:	20 dB					Auto Tun
								Mkr3 1	6.792 37	75 GHz 8 dBm	Auto Tuli
0 dB/div og r	Ref 1	0.00 dE	sm						-44.4	o ubili	
0.00											Center Fre
10.0											17.50000000 GH
20.0										-23.03 dDm	
80.0								^ 2		ð	01 / F
40.0					3					and the second s	Start Fre
50.0 					Supervised in the local division of the loca						10.00000000 GP
50.0											
70.0											Stop Fre
30.0											25.00000000 GH
tart 10.0 Res BW				#VF	W 3.0 M	17		Sweep 4	Stop 25.		CF Ste
IKR MODE TR			X		Y		INCTION	UNCTION WIDTH	FUNCTIO		1.500000000 GH Auto Ma
1 N 1			4.797 1	25 GHz	-35.33	dBm	INCTION	ONCTION WIDTH	TORCHO	1 VALUE	
2 N 1 3 N 1	f	2	1.511 0	00 GHz 75 GHz	<u>-38.27</u> -44.48	dBm					_
4			0.132 0								FreqOffs
5 6											0 H
7 8											
9											
0											

TM 2 Conducted Spurious Emissions 3 (Test Channel : Lowest)

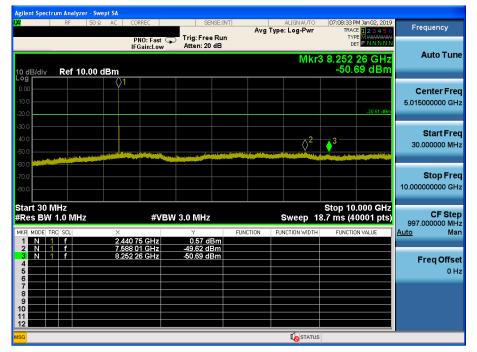


TM 2 Reference (Test Channel : Middle)

TM 2 Conducted Spurious Emissions 1 (Test Channel : Middle)







TM 2 Conducted Spurious Emissions 2 (Test Channel : Middle)

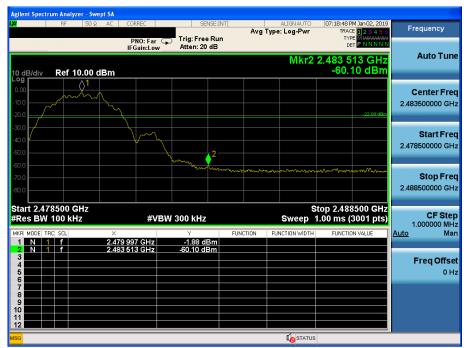
TM 2 Conducted Spurious Emissions 3 (Test Channel : Middle)

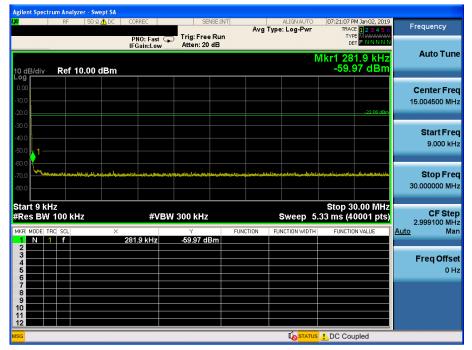




TM 2 Reference (Test Channel : Highest)

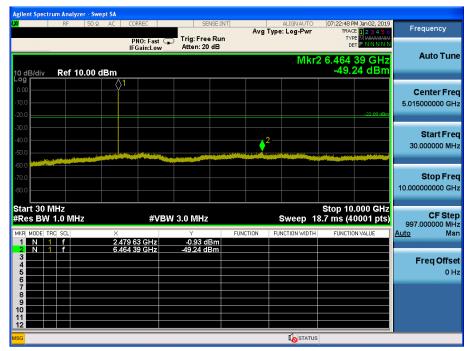
TM 2 High Band-edge (Test Channel : Highest)





TM 2 Conducted Spurious Emissions 1 (Test Channel : Highest)

TM 2 Conducted Spurious Emissions 2 (Test Channel : Highest)







TM 2 Conducted Spurious Emissions 3 (Test Channel : Highest)

3.5 Unwanted Emissions (Radiated)

Test Requirements and limit,

§15.247(d), §15.205, §15.209 & RSS-247 [5.5], RSS-Gen [8.9], RSS-Gen [8.10]

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the operating frequency band. In case the emission fall within the restricted band specified on 15.205(a) and (b), then the 15.209(a) limit in the table below has to be followed.

• FCC Part 15.209(a) and (b)

Frequency (MHz)	Limit (uV/m)	Measurement Distance (meter)		
0.009 ~ 0.490	2400/F (kHz)	300		
0.490 ~ 1.705	24000/F (kHz)	30		
1.705 ~ 30.0	30	30		
30 ~ 88	100 **	3		
88 ~ 216	150 **	3		
216 ~ 960	200 **	3		
Above 960	500	3		

** Except as provided in 15.209(g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this Section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54 ~ 72 MHz, 76 ~ 88 MHz, 174 ~ 216 MHz or 470 ~ 806 MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this Part, e.g. 15.231 and 15.241.

• FCC Part 15.205 (a) : Only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands liste	ed below :
---	------------

MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz	GHz
0.009 ~ 0.110	8.41425 ~ 8.41475	108 ~ 121.94	1300 ~ 1427	4.5 ~ 5.15	14.47 ~ 14.5
0.495 ~ 0.505	12.29 ~ 12.293	123 ~ 138	1435 ~ 1626.5	5.35 ~ 5.46	15.35 ~ 16.2
2.1735 ~ 2.1905	12.51975 ~ 12.52025	149.9 ~ 150.05	1645.5 ~ 1646.5	7.25 ~ 7.75	17.7 ~ 21.4
4.125 ~ 4.128	12.57675 ~ 12.57725	156.52475 ~ 156.52525	1660 ~ 1710	8.025 ~ 8.5	22.01 ~ 23.12
4.17725 ~ 4.17775	13.36 ~ 13.41	156.7 ~ 156.9	1718.8 ~ 1722.2	9.0 ~ 9.2	23.6 ~ 24.0
4.20725 ~ 4.20775	16.42 ~ 16.423	162.0125 ~ 167.17	2200 ~ 2300	9.3 ~ 9.5	31.2 ~ 31.8
6.215 ~ 6.218	16.69475 ~ 16.69525	167.72 ~ 173.2	2310 ~ 2390	10.6 ~ 12.7	36.43 ~ 36.5
6.26775 ~ 6.26825	16.80425 ~ 16.80475	240 ~ 285	2483.5 ~ 2500	13.25 ~ 13.4	Above 38.6
6.31175 ~ 6.31225	25.5 ~ 25.67	322 ~ 335.4	2690 ~ 2900		
8.291 ~ 8.294	37.5 ~ 38.25	399.90 ~ 410	3260 ~ 3267		
8.362 ~ 8.366	73 ~ 74.6	608 ~ 614	3332 ~ 3339		
8.37625 ~ 8.38675	74.8 ~ 75.2	960 ~ 1240	3345.8 ~ 3358		
			3600 ~ 4400		

• FCC Part 15.205(b) : The field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in §15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1000 MHz, compliance with the limits in §15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in §15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in §15.35 apply to these measurements.



3.5.1 Test Setup

Refer to the APPENDIX I.

3.5.2 Test Procedures

- 1. The EUT is placed on a non-conductive table. For emission measurements at or below 1 GHz, the table height is 80 cm. For emission measurements above 1 GHz, the table height is 1.5 m.
- 2. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
- 3. EUT is set 3 m away from the receiving antenna, which is varied from 1 m to 4 m to find out the highest emissions.
- 4. Maximum procedure was performed on the six highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.
- 5. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.
- 6. Repeat above procedures until the measurements for all frequencies are complete.

Note: Measurement Instrument Setting for Radiated Emission Measurements.

- KDB558074 D01v05 Section 8.6
- ANSI C63.10-2013 Section 11.12
- 1. Frequency Range Below 1 GHz

RBW = 100 or 120 kHz, VBW = 3 x RBW, Detector = Peak or Quasi Peak

- 2. Frequency Range > 1 GHz
 - Peak Measurement > 1 GHz

RBW = 1 MHz, VBW = 3 MHz, Detector = Peak, Sweep time = Auto, Trace mode = Max Hold until the trace stabilizes

Average Measurement> 1GHz

- 1. RBW = 1 MHz (unless otherwise specified).
- 2. VBW \geq 3 x RBW.
- 3. Detector = RMS (Number of points ≥ 2 x Span / RBW)
- 4. Averaging type = power (i.e., RMS).
- 5. Sweep time = auto.
- 6. Perform a trace average of at least 100 traces.
- 7. A correction factor shall be added to the measurement results prior to comparing to the emission limit in order to compute the emission level that would have been measured had the test been performed at 100 percent duty cycle. The correction factor is computed as follows:
- 1) If power averaging (RMS) mode was used in step 4, then the applicable correction factor is 10 log(1/x), where x is the duty cycle.
- 2) If linear voltage averaging mode was used in step 4, then the applicable correction factor is 20 log(1/x), where x is the duty cycle.
- 3) If a specific emission is demonstrated to be continuous (≥ 98 percent duty cycle) rather than turning on and off with the transmit cycle, then no duty cycle correction is required for that emission.

Test Mode	Test Mode Duty Cycle (%)		T _{on} + T _{off} (ms)	DCF = 10 log(1/Duty) (dB)	
TM 1	84.65	2.118	2.502	0.72	
TM 2	56.72	1.064	1.876	2.46	

Note : Refer to appendix II for duty cycle measurement procedure and plots



3.5.3 Test Results

Frequency Range : 9 kHz ~ 25 GHz _TM 1

Lowest Channel

Frequency (MHz)	ANT Pol	EUT Position (Axis)	Detector Mode	Reading (dBuV)	T.F (dB/m)	D.C.F (dB)	Distance Factor(dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
2387.26	V	Z	PK	53.30	2.30	N/A	N/A	55.60	74.00	18.40
2387.88	V	Z	AV	41.82	2.30	0.72	N/A	44.84	54.00	9.16
4804.09	V	Z	PK	50.56	0.83	N/A	N/A	51.39	74.00	22.61
4803.82	V	Z	AV	39.07	0.83	0.72	N/A	40.62	54.00	13.38

Middle Channel

Frequency (MHz)	ANT Pol	EUT Position (Axis)	Detector Mode	Reading (dBuV)	T.F (dB/m)	D.C.F (dB)	Distance Factor(dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
4879.58	V	Z	PK	49.81	0.87	N/A	N/A	50.68	74.00	23.32
4879.82	V	Z	AV	38.81	0.87	0.72	N/A	40.40	54.00	13.60

Highest Channel

Frequency (MHz)	ANT Pol	EUT Position (Axis)	Detector Mode	Reading (dBuV)	T.F (dB/m)	D.C.F (dB)	Distance Factor(dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
2483.74	V	Z	PK	52.68	2.61	N/A	N/A	55.29	74.00	18.71
2484.06	V	Z	AV	41.60	2.61	0.72	N/A	44.93	54.00	9.07
4960.47	V	Z	PK	49.17	1.07	N/A	N/A	50.24	74.00	23.76
4960.30	V	Z	AV	38.24	1.07	0.72	N/A	40.03	54.00	13.97

Note.

1. The radiated emissions were investigated 9kHz to 25GHz. And no other spurious and harmonic emissions were found above listed frequencies.

2. Information of Distance Factor

For finding emissions, the test distance might be reduced from 3 m to 1 m. In this case, the distance factor (-9.54 dB) is applied to the result.

- Calculation of distance factor = 20 log(applied distance / required distance) = 20 log(1 m / 3 m) = -9.54 dB

When distance factor is "N/A", the distance is 3 m and distance factor is not applied.

3. Sample Calculation.

Margin = Limit - Result / Result = Reading + T.F + D.C.F / T.F = AF + CL - AG

Where, T.F = Total Factor, AF = Antenna Factor, CL = Cable Loss, AG = Amplifier Gain,

DCF = Duty Cycle Correction Factor.

Frequency Range : 9 kHz ~ 25 GHz _TM 2

Lowest Channel

Frequency (MHz)	ANT Pol	EUT Position (Axis)	Detector Mode	Reading (dBuV)	T.F (dB/m)	D.C.F (dB)	Distance Factor(dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
2387.39	V	Z	PK	52.88	2.30	N/A	N/A	55.18	74.00	18.82
2387.23	V	Z	AV	41.93	2.30	2.46	N/A	46.69	54.00	7.31
4804.26	V	Z	PK	50.50	0.83	N/A	N/A	51.33	74.00	22.67
4803.75	V	Z	AV	39.05	0.83	2.46	N/A	42.34	54.00	11.66

Middle Channel

Frequency (MHz)	ANT Pol	EUT Position (Axis)	Detector Mode	Reading (dBuV)	T.F (dB/m)	D.C.F (dB)	Distance Factor(dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
4879.59	V	Z	PK	50.07	0.87	N/A	N/A	50.94	74.00	23.06
4879.92	V	Z	AV	38.95	0.87	2.46	N/A	42.28	54.00	11.72

Highest Channel

Frequency (MHz)	ANT Pol	EUT Position (Axis)	Detector Mode	Reading (dBuV)	T.F (dB/m)	D.C.F (dB)	Distance Factor(dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
2485.21	V	Z	PK	52.88	2.61	N/A	N/A	55.49	74.00	18.51
2484.08	V	Z	AV	41.82	2.61	2.46	N/A	46.89	54.00	7.11
4959.73	V	Z	PK	49.45	1.07	N/A	N/A	50.52	74.00	23.48
4959.66	V	Z	AV	38.35	1.07	2.46	N/A	41.88	54.00	12.12

Note.

1. The radiated emissions were investigated 9kHz to 25GHz. And no other spurious and harmonic emissions were found above listed frequencies.

2. Information of Distance Factor

For finding emissions, the test distance might be reduced from 3 m to 1 m. In this case, the distance factor (-9.54 dB) is applied to the result.

- Calculation of distance factor = 20 log(applied distance / required distance) = 20 log(1 m / 3 m) = -9.54 dB

When distance factor is "N/A", the distance is 3 m and distance factor is not applied.

3. Sample Calculation.

Margin = Limit - Result / Result = Reading + T.F + D.C.F / T.F = AF + CL - AG

Where, T.F = Total Factor, AF = Antenna Factor, CL = Cable Loss, AG = Amplifier Gain,

DCF = Duty Cycle Correction Factor.



3.6 Power line Conducted Emissions

Test Requirements and limit, §15.207 & RSS-Gen [8.8]

For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 μ H/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN).

	Conducted Limit (dBuV)					
Frequency Range (MHz)	Quasi-Peak	Average				
0.15 ~ 0.5	66 to 56 *	56 to 46 *				
0.5 ~ 5	56	46				
5 ~ 30	60	50				

* Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency

Compliance with this provision shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line (LINE and NEUTRAL) and ground at the power terminals.

3.6.1 Test Setup

See test photographs for the actual connections between EUT and support equipment.

3.6.2 Test Procedures

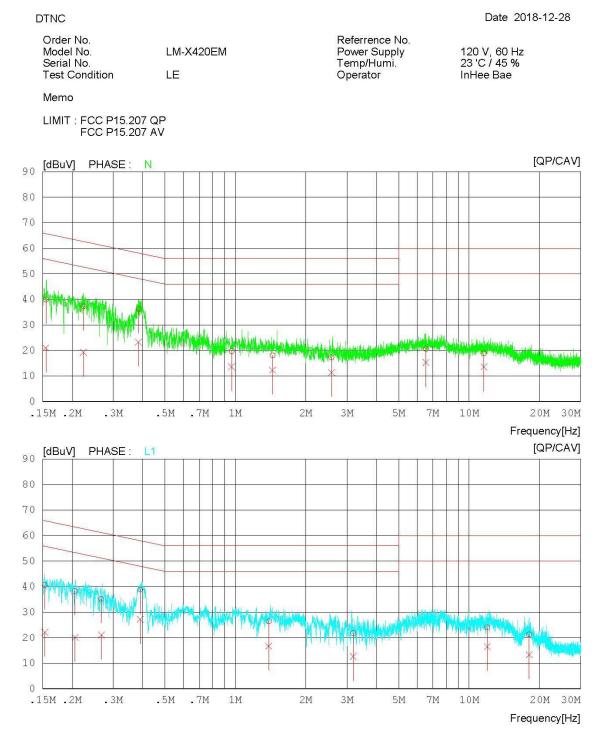
Conducted emissions from the EUT were measured according to the ANSI C63.10-2013.

- The test procedure is performed in a 6.5 m × 3.5 m × 3.5 m (L × W × H) shielded room. The EUT along with its peripherals were placed on a 1.0 m (W) × 1.5 m (L) and 0.8 m in height wooden table and the EUT was adjusted to maintain a 0.4 meter space from a vertical reference plane.
- 2. The EUT was connected to power mains through a line impedance stabilization network (LISN) which provides 50 ohm coupling impedance for measuring instrument and the chassis ground was bounded to the horizontal ground plane of shielded room.
- 3. All peripherals were connected to the second LISN and the chassis ground also bounded to the horizontal ground plane of shielded room.
- 4. The excess power cable between the EUT and the LISN was bundled. The power cables of peripherals were unbundled. All connecting cables of EUT and peripherals were moved to find the maximum emission.

3.6.3 Test Results

AC Line Conducted Emissions (Graph)

Results of Conducted Emission



AC Line Conducted Emissions (List)

DTNC

Results of Conducted Emission

Date 2018-12-28



3.7 Occupied Bandwidth

Test Requirements, RSS-Gen [6.7]

When an occupied bandwidth value is not specified in the applicable RSS, the transmitted signal bandwidth to be reported is to be its 99 % emission bandwidth, as calculated or measured.

3.7.1 Test Setup

-NA

3.7.2 Test Procedures

The 99 % power bandwidth was measured with a calibrated spectrum analyzer.

The resolution bandwidth (RBW) shall be in the range of 1 % to 5 % of the occupied bandwidth (OBW) and video bandwidth (VBW) shall be approximately 3 × RBW.

Spectrum analyzer plots are included on the following pages.

3.7.3 Test Results

-NA

4. ANTENNA REQUIREMENTS

According to FCC 47 CFR §15.203

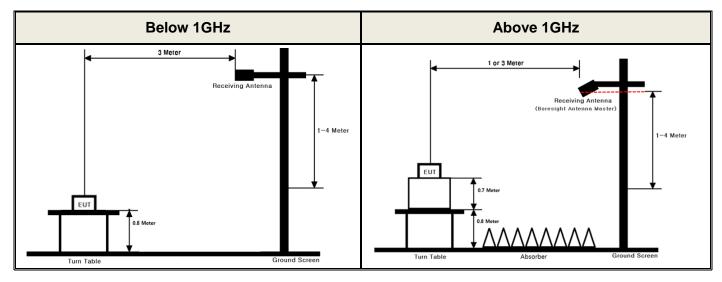
"An intentional radiator antenna shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party can be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section."

The antenna is attached on the device by means of unique coupling method (Spring Tension). Therefore this E.U.T Complies with the requirement of §15.203

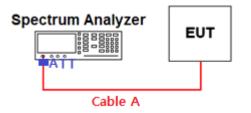
APPENDIX I

Test set up diagrams

Radiated Measurement



Conducted Measurement



Path loss information

Frequency (GHz)	Path Loss (dB)	Frequency (GHz)	Path Loss (dB)
0.03	3.83	15	4.77
1	3.90	20	4.97
2.402 & 2.440 & 2.480	3.94	25	5.86
5	4.60	-	-
10	4.67	-	-

Note 1: The path loss from EUT to Spectrum analyzer was measured and used for test. Path loss (S/A's correction factor) = Cable A (Attenuator, Applied only when it was used externally)

APPENDIX II

Duty cycle plots

Test Procedure

Duty Cycle was measured using Section 6.0 b) of KDB558074 D01v05 :

The zero-span mode on a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver if the response time and spacing between bins on the sweep are sufficient to permit accurate measurements of the on and off times of the transmitted signal. Set the center frequency of the instrument to the center frequency of the transmission. Set RBW \geq OBW if possible; otherwise, set RBW to the largest available value. Set VBW \geq RBW. Set detector = peak or average.

The zero-span measurement method shall not be used unless both RBW and VBW are > 50/T and the number of sweep points across duration T exceeds 100. (For example, if VBW and/or RBW are limited to 3 MHz, then the zero-span method of measuring duty cycle shall not be used if T \leq 16.7 microseconds.)

Duty Cycle

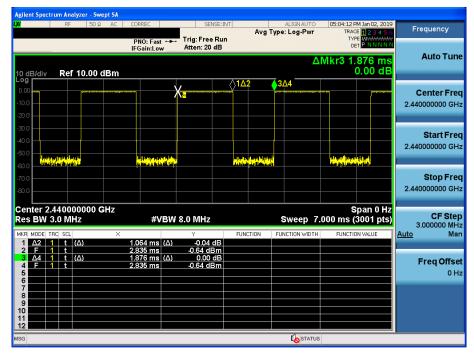
TM 1 Test Channel : Middle





Duty Cycle

TM 2 Test Channel : Middle

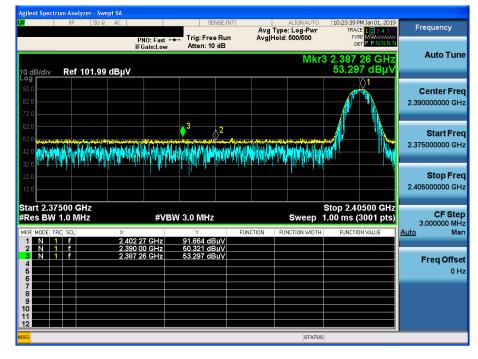


APPENDIX III

Unwanted Emissions (Radiated) Test Plot

TM1 & Lowest & Z & Ver

Detector Mode : PK



TM1 & Lowest & Z & Ver

um Analyzer -Swept SA vi Jan O1, Avg Type: RMS Avg Hold: 500/500 Frequency Trig: Free Run Atten: 10 dB TYPE DET PNO: Fast +++ IFGain:Low Auto Tune Mkr3 2.387 88 GHz 41.822 dBµ\ 10 dB/div Ref 101.99 dBµV **Center Freq** 2.39000000 GH Start Freq **∮**² ³[−] 2.375000000 GHz Stop Freq 2.405000000 GHz Start 2.37500 GHz #Res BW 1.0 MHz Stop 2.40500 GHz 1.00 ms (3001 pts) CF Step 3.000000 MHz Man #VBW 3.0 MHz* Sweep Auto 41.270 dBµ\ 41.822 dBµ\ Freq Offset 0 Hz

Dt&C

TM1 & Highest & Z & Ver

Detector Mode : PK

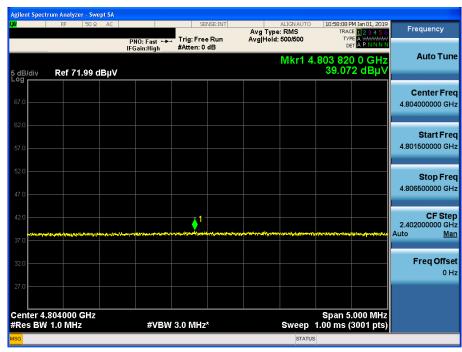
AC .	SENS		ALIGN AUTO			Frequency
	Trig: Free R			TYP	E MWAAAAAAAAA	Frequency
			1014. 000/000	DE	TPPNNNN	
			Mkr3	2.483 7	42 GHz	Auto Tune
θdBμV						
						Center Freq
						2.489000000 GHz
						Start Freq
the flat is in the state of the	stream field has little stated	Halilian di Lian d	a second to share bud	materia da la seconda da seconda d	rt rikila	2.478000000 GHz
1.1.1.1.1.1	le in an fine da se da se	I.I. India	بلي سل م			Stop Freq
						2.500000000 GHz
						2.00000000000
						OF Otem
#\	/BW 3.0 MHz		Sweep	1.00 ms (3001 pts)	CF Step 2.200000 MHz
×	Y	FUNCTION	FUNCTION WIDTH	FUNCTIO	IN VALUE	<u>Auto</u> Man
2.483 742 GHz	52.681 dBµ	/				Freq Offset
						0 Hz
	PN0: Fas IFGain:Lo D dBµV 3 4 4 4 2.479 826 GHz 2.493 500 GHz	PNO: Fast IFGain:Low Trig: Free R Atten: 10 dl 0 dBµV	PNO: Fast →→ IFGain:Low PO dBµV Atten: 10 dB Avg Atten: 10 dB	PN0: Fast →→ Trig: Free Run Atten: 10 dB Avg Type: Log-Pwr Avg Hold: 500/500 0 dBµV	PN0: Fast Trig: Free Run Atten: 10 dB Avg Type: Log-Pwr Avg Hold: 500/500 Trace D dBµV Mkr3 2.483.7 52.68 3	PNO: Fast → Trig: Free Run Atten: 10 dB Avg Type: Log-Pur Avg Hold: 500/500 Track Display Source D dBµV Mkr3 2.483 742 GHz 52.681 dBµV Mkr3 2.483 742 GHz 52.681 dBµV Mkr3 2.483 742 GHz 52.681 dBµV 3 Mkr3 2.483 742 GHz 52.681 dBµV Mkr3 2.483 742 GHz 52.681 dBµV Mkr3 2.483 742 GHz 52.681 dBµV 3 Mkr3 2.483 742 GHz 52.681 dBµV Mkr3 2.483 742 GHz 52.681 dBµV Mkr3 2.483 742 GHz 52.681 dBµV 3 Mkr3 2.483 742 GHz 52.681 dBµV Mkr3 2.483 742 GHz 52.681 dBµV Mkr3 2.483 742 GHz 52.681 dBµV 3 Mkr3 2.483 742 GHz 52.681 dBµV Mkr3 2.483 742 GHz 52.681 dBµV Mkr3 2.483 742 GHz 52.681 dBµV 3 Mkr3 2.483 742 GHz 50.689 dBµV Mkr3 2.483 742 GHz 52.681 dBµV Mkr3 2.483 742 GHz 52.681 dBµV

TM1 & Highest & Z & Ver





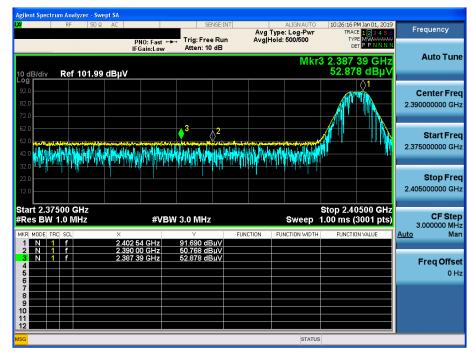
TM1 & Lowest & Z & Ver



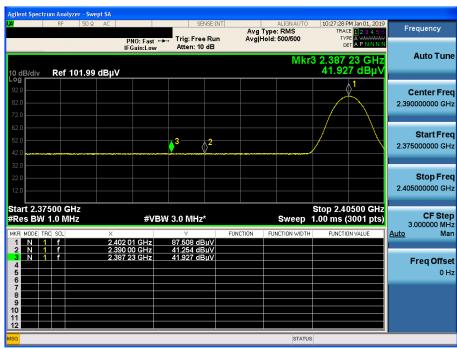
TDt&C

TM2 & Lowest & Z & Ver

Detector Mode : PK



TM2 & Lowest & Z & Ver





TM2 & Highest & Z & Ver

Detector Mode : PK

gilent Spectrum Analyzer - Swe	pt SA AC	SE	NSEINT	ALIGNAUTO	10:18:19 PM Jan 01, 20	19
	PNO: E	ast 🛶 Trig: Free	Av e Run Avg	g Type: Log-Pwr Hold: 500/500	TRACE 1234	Frequency
0 dB/div Ref 101.99	IFGain:L	ow Atten: 10) dB	Mkr3	сет <mark>Р Р N N M</mark> 2.485 209 GH 52.877 dBµ	Auto Tune
						Center Fred 2.489000000 GHz
62.0 52.0 42.0		3 700 - 1 00 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100	Marina da M	N ^{al} ihhini katalihini	nih winan atuk	Start Fred 2.478000000 GHz
32.0 22.0 12.0		an dae Herlin an Abhrein abhlith.			<u>1</u>	Stop Fred 2.500000000 GH:
Start 2.47800 GHz Res BW 1.0 MHz	×	¥VBW 3.0 MHz	FUNCTION		Stop 2.50000 GH 1.00 ms (3001 pt: FUNCTION VALUE	
1 N 1 f 2 N 1 f 3 N 1 f 4 5 6	2.479 481 GH 2.483 500 GH 2.485 209 GH	z 50.659 dE	3µV			Freq Offset 0 Hz
7 8 9 9 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10						
12 sg				STATUS		

TM2 & Highest & Z & Ver





TM2 & Lowest & Z & Ver

