



# FCC SAR TEST REPORT

Applicant: Dongguan Mingliang Electronic Technology CO., LTD

Address: NO.34, Ludong avenue, Humen Town, Dongguan City, China

Product Name: Walkie-Talkie

FCC ID: 2AONLML-T16

**Standard(s): 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093)** 

**Report Number: 2502R29427E-20** 

**Report Date: 2025/04/17** 

The above device has been tested and found compliant with the requirement of the relative standards by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan).

Mark Jong

**Reviewed By:** Mark Dong Approved By: Brave Lu

Title: SAR Engineer Title: SAR Supervisor

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# SAR TEST RESULTS SUMMARY

Mode	Max. SAR Level(s) Reported(W/kg)			Limit	
DTT(462 5625MH_)		1g Head SAR	0.004	1 ( (W//L-x)	
P11(402.5025N	PTT(462.5625MHz)		0.01	1.6 (W/kg)	
Applicable Standards	Radiofrequ IEEE1528 IEEE Reco Absorption Measureme RF Exposu KDB proc KDB 4474 KDB 8656	:2013 mmended Practice for Det Rate (SAR) in the Humar ent Techniques ure Procedures: TCB Wo edures 98 D01 General RF Expos 64 D01 SAR Measuremen	ure Guidance v06 t 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04		
	KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02 KDB 643646 D01 SAR Test for PTT Radios v01r03				

**Note:** This wireless device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure limits specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2.1093 and has been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and RF exposure KDB procedures.

The results and statements contained in this report pertain only to the device(s) evaluated.

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Revision Number	Revision Number Report Number		Date of Revision
1.0	2502R29427E-20	Original Report	2025/04/17

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# 1.GENERAL INFORMATION

# 1.1 Product Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

EUT Name:	Walkie-Talkie
EUT Model:	T16
Multiple Models:	T18, T388, T339, T15, T8
Device Type:	Portable
Exposure Category:	General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure
Antenna Type(s):	Integral Antenna
Body-Worn Accessories:	None
Face-Head Accessories:	None
Operation Mode:	PTT_FM
Frequency Band:	462.5625MHz
Power Source:	4.5 VDC From Battery
Serial Number:	30Q9-1
Normal Operation:	Face Up and Body
EUT Received Date:	2025/04/01
Test Date:	2025/04/10
EUT Received Status:	Good

Note:

The Multiple models are electrically identical with the test model. Please refer to the declaration letter for more detail, which was provided by manufacturer.

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## 2.REFERENCE, STANDARDS, AND GUIDELINES

### FCC:

The Report and Order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 1.6 mW/g as recommended by the ANSI/IEEE standard C95.1-1992 [6] for an uncontrolled environment (Paragraph 65). According to the Supplement C of OET Bulletin 65 "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guide-lines for Human Exposure to Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields", released on Jun 29, 2001 by the FCC, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

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This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in North America is 1.6 mW/g average over 1 gram of tissue mass.

#### 2.1 SAR Limits

#### **FCC** Limit

	SAR (W/kg)				
EXPOSURE LIMITS	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)			
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4			
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 1 g of tissue)	1.60	8.0			
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0			

Population/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

General Population/Uncontrolled environments Spatial Peak limit 1.6W/kg (FCC) applied to the EUT.

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# 2.2 Test Facility

The Test site used by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan) to collect test data is located on the No.12, Pulong East 1st Road, Tangxia Town, Dongguan, Guangdong, China.

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The lab has been recognized as the FCC accredited lab under the KDB 974614 D01 and is listed in the FCC Public Access Link (PAL) database, FCC Registration No.: 829273, the FCC Designation No.: CN5044.

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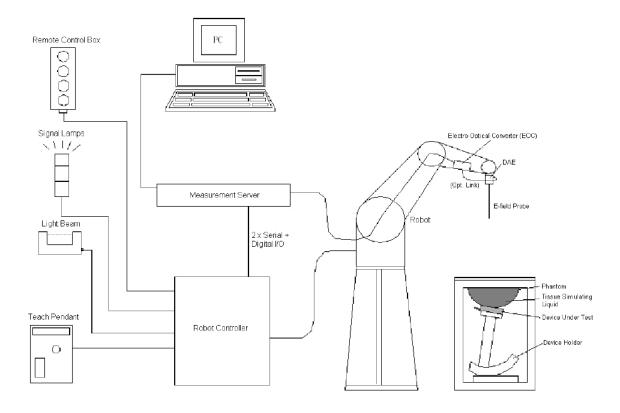
# 3.DESCRIPTION OF TEST SYSTEM

These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system DASY5 from Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) which is the Fifth generation of the system shown in the figure hereinafter:



# **DASY5 System Description**

The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



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- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal application, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running Win7 professional operating system and the DASY52 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

#### **DASY5 Measurement Server**

The DASY5 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a 400MHz Intel ULV Celeron, 128MB chip-disk and 128MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE4 (or DAE3) electronics box, as well as the 16 bit AD-converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY5 I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.

The measurement server performs all real-time data evaluation of field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. The PC operating system cannot interfere with these time critical



processes. All connections are supervised by a watchdog, and disconnection of any of the cables to the measurement server will automatically disarm the robot and disable all program-controlled robot movements. Furthermore, the measurement server is equipped with an expansion port which is reserved for future applications. Please note that this expansion port does not have a standardized point out, and therefore only devices provided by SPEAG can be connected. Devices from any other supplier could seriously damage the measurement server.

#### **Data Acquisition Electronics**

The data acquisition electronics (DAE4) consist of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder with a control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information, as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection.

The input impedance of both the DAE4 as well as of the DAE3 box is 200MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.

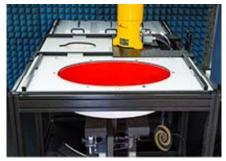
Frequency	10 MHz - 4 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 4 GHz)
Directivity	$\pm$ 0.2 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) $\pm$ 0.3 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	5 $\mu$ W/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity: $\pm$ 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 $\mu$ W/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.0 mm
Application	General dosimetry up to 4 GHz Dosimetry in strong gradient fields Compliance tests of mobile phones
Compatibility	DASY3, DASY4, DASY52, DASY6, DASY8 SAR, EASY6, EASY4/MRI

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#### **ELI Phantom**

The ELI phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30MHz to 6 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the latest draft of the standard IEEE1528:2013 and the use of all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized for performance and can be integrated into a SPEAG standard phantom table. A cover is provided to prevent evaporation of water and changes in liquid parameters. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points.





#### **Robots**

The DASY5 system uses the high precision industrial robot. The robot offers the same features important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Low maintenance costs (virtually maintenance free due to direct drive gears; no belt drives)
- Jerk-free straight movements (brushless synchrony motors; no stepper motors)
- Low ELF interference (motor control fields shielded via the closed metallic construction shields)

The above mentioned robots are controlled by the Staubli CS7MB robot controllers. All information regarding the use and maintenance of the robot arm and the robot controller is contained on the CDs delivered along with the robot. Paper manuals are available upon request direct from Staubli.

#### Area Scans

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for FCC applications utilize a 15mm 2 step integral, with 1.5mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.

Where the system identifies multiple SAR peaks (which are within 25% of peak value) the system will provide the user with the option of assessing each peak location individually for zoom scan averaging.

#### **Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)**

The averaging zoom scan volume utilized in the DASY5 software is in the shape of a cube and the side dimension of a 1 g or 10 g mass is dependent on the density of the liquid representing the simulated tissue. A density of  $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$  is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1g cube is 10 mm, with the side length of the 10 g cube is 21.5 mm.

When the cube intersects with the surface of the phantom, it is oriented so that 3 vertices touch the surface of the shell or the center of a face is tangent to the surface. The face of the cube closest to the surface is modified in order to conform to the tangent surface.

The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications (including FCC) utilize a physical step of 7 x7 x 7 (5mmx5mmx5mm) providing a volume of 30 mm in the X & Y & Z axis.

### **Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms**

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE 1528-2013

### Recommended Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head liquid

Table 3—Target dielectric properties of head tissue-equivalent material in the 300 MHz to 6000 MHz frequency range

Frequency	Relative permittivity	Conductivity (σ)	
(MHz)	(ε' <sub>τ</sub> )	(S/m)	
300	45.3	0.87	
450	43.5	0.87	
750	41.9	0.89	
835	41.5	0.90	
900	41.5	0.97	
1450	40.5	1.20	
1500	40.4	1.23	
1640	40.2	1.31	
1750	40.1	1.37	
1800	40.0	1.40	
1900	40.0	1.40	
2000	40.0	1.40	
2100	39.8	1.49	
2300	39.5	1.67	
2450	39.2	1.80	
2600	39.0	1.96	
3000	38.5	2.40	
3500	37.9	2.91	
4000	37.4	3.43	
4500	36.8	3.94	
5000	36.2	4.45	
5200	36.0	4.66	
5400	35.8	4.86	
5600	35.5	5.07	
5800	35.3	5.27	
6000	35.1	5.48	

NOTE—For convenience, permittivity and conductivity values at some frequencies that are not part of the original data from Drossos et al. [B60] or the extension to 5800 MHz are provided (i.e., the values shown in italics). These values were linearly interpolated between the values in this table that are immediately above and below these values, except the values at 6000 MHz that were linearly extrapolated from the values at 3000 MHz and 5800 MHz.

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# 4. EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION

# 4.1 Equipments List & Calibration Information

Equipment	Model	S/N	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
DASY5 Test Software	DASY52.10	N/A	NCR	NCR
DASY5 Measurement Server	DASY5 4.5.12	1470	NCR	NCR
Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	772	2025/2/17	2026/2/16
E-Field Probe	ES3DV2	3019	2025/1/30	2026/1/29
Dipole, 450MHz	D450V3	1096	2022/11/17	2025/11/16
Mounting Device	MD4HHTV5	SD 000 H01 KA	NCR	NCR
Oval Flat Phantom	ELI V8.0	2051	NCR	NCR
Simulated Tissue 450 MHz Head	TS-450H	2309045001	Each Time	/
Network Analyzer	8753C +85047A	3029A01355 +3033A02857		
Dielectric assessment kit	1253	SM DAK 040 CA	NCR	NCR
synthesized signal generator	8665B	3438a00584	2024/10/18	2025/10/17
Power Meter	E4419B	MY45103907	2024/10/18	2025/10/17
Power Amplifier	ZHL-5W-202-S+	416402204	NCR	NCR
Directional Coupler	441493	520Z	NCR	NCR
Attenuator	20dB, 100W	LN749	NCR	NCR
Attenuator	6dB, 150W	2754	NCR	NCR
Thermometer	DTM3000	3635	2024/8/12	2025/8/11
Hygrothermograph	HTC-2	EM072	2024/11/4	2025/11/3
Spectrum Analyzer	FSV40	101947	2024/9/5	2025/9/4

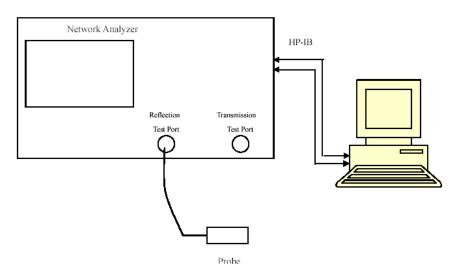
<sup>\*</sup> Statement of Traceability: Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan) attests that all calibrations have been performed, traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

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# 5. SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM VERIFICATION

# 5.1 Liquid Verification



Liquid Verification Setup Block Diagram

# **Liquid Verification Results**

Frequency	Liquid Type	Liquid Parameter Target		t Value	Delta (%)		Tolerance	
(MHz)	Liquid Type	$\epsilon_{\rm r}$	O' (S/m)	$\epsilon_{ m r}$	O' (S/m)	$\Delta \epsilon_{ m r}$	ΔΟ΄ (S/m)	(%)
450	Simulated Tissue 450 MHz Head	44.816	0.849	43.5	0.87	3.03	-2.41	±5
462.5625	Simulated Tissue 450 MHz Head	44.792	0.864	43.43	0.87	3.14	-0.69	±5

<sup>\*</sup>Liquid Verification above was performed on 2025/04/10.

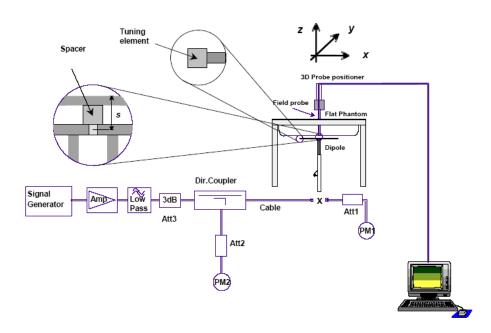
# 5.2 System Accuracy Verification

Prior to the assessment, the system validation kit was used to test whether the system was operating within its specifications of  $\pm 10\%$ . The validation results are tabulated below. And also the corresponding SAR plot is attached as well in the SAR plots files.

The spacing distances in the System Verification Setup Block Diagram is given by the following:

- a)  $s = 15 \text{ mm} \pm 0.2 \text{ mm} \text{ for } 300 \text{ MHz} \le f \le 1000 \text{ MHz};$
- b)  $s = 10 \text{ mm} \pm 0.2 \text{ mm}$  for  $1000 \text{ MHz} < f \le 3000 \text{ MHz}$ ;
- c)  $s = 10 \text{ mm} \pm 0.2 \text{ mm}$  for 3 000 MHz  $< f \le 6$  000 MHz.
- d) s = 0 mm for f = 150 MHz(Loop Antenna).

### **System Verification Setup Block Diagram**



### **System Accuracy Check Results**

Date	Frequency Band	Liquid Type	Input Power (mW)	S	sured AR /kg)	Target Value (W/kg)	Delta (%)	Tolerance (%)
2025/04/10	450 MHz	Simulated Tissue 450 MHz Head	1000	1g	4.86	4.56	6.58	±10

#### 5.3 SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION DATA

#### System Performance 450 MHz Head

### DUT: Dipole 450 MHz; Type: D450V3; Serial: 1096

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 450 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.849 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 44.816$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3019; ConvF(6.76, 6.76, 6.76) @ 450 MHz; Calibrated: 2025/1/30

• Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn772; Calibrated: 2025/2/17

• Phantom: ELI v8.0; Type: QDOVA004AA; Serial: 2051

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7501)

Area Scan (5x21x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.58 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 79.37 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

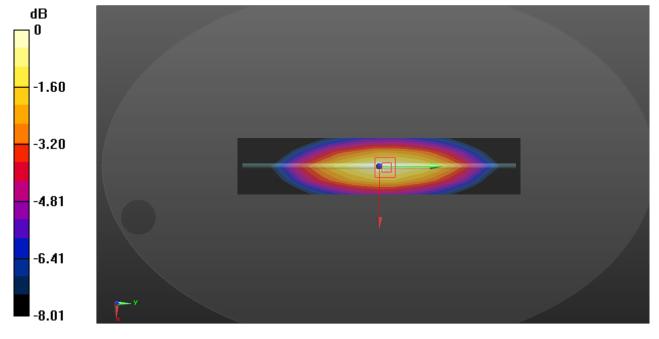
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.61 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 4.86 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 3.27 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below: Larger than measurement grid (> 16 mm)

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 62.9%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.55 W/kg



0 dB = 5.55 W/kg = 7.44 dBW/kg

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# 6. EUT TEST STRATEGY AND METHODOLOGY

# 6.1 Test positions for Front-of-face configurations

Passive body-worn and audio accessories generally do not apply to the head SAR of PTT radios. Head SAR is measured with the front surface of the radio positioned at 2.5 cm parallel to a flat phantom. A phantom shell thickness of 2 mm is required. When the front of the radio has a contour or non-uniform surface with a variation of 1.0 cm or more, the average distance of such variations is used to establish the 2.5 cm test separation from the phantom.

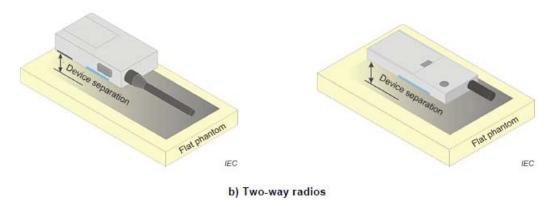


Figure 10 - Test positions for front-of-face devices

### 6.2 Test positions for body-worn and other configurations

Body-worn operating configurations should be tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in normal use configurations. Devices with a headset output should be tested with a headset connected to the device. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device may be tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. When multiple accessories that contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device must be tested with each accessory that contains a unique metallic component. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (e.g., the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components), only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body must be tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices that are intended to be authorized for body-worn use. A separation distance of 1.5 cm between the back of the device and a flat phantom is recommended for testing body-worn SAR compliance under such circumstances. Other separation distances may be used, but they should not exceed 2.5 cm. In these cases, the device may use body-worn accessories that provide a separation distance greater than that tested for the device provided however that the accessory contains no metallic components.

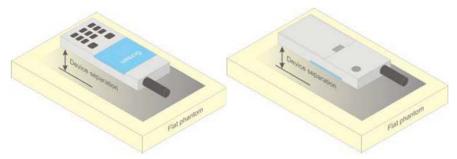


Figure 5 - Test positions for body-worn devices

### **6.3 Test Distance for SAR Evaluation**

In this case the DUT(Device Under Test) is set directly against the phantom, the test distance is 0mm for Body Back/Front mode; for Face Up mode the distance is 25mm.

#### **6.4 SAR Evaluation Procedure**

The evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

Step 1: Measurement of the SAR value at a fixed location above the ear point or central position was used as a reference value for assessing the power drop. The SAR at this point is measured at the start of the test and then again at the end of the testing.

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- Step 2: The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 4 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head or radiating structures of the EUT, the horizontal grid spacing was 15 mm x 15 mm, and the SAR distribution was determined by integrated grid of 1.5mm x 1.5mm. Based on these data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation. The first Area Scan covers the entire dimension of the EUT to ensure that the hotspot was correctly identified.
- Step 3: Around this point, a volume of 30 mm x 30 mm x 30 mm was assessed by measuring 7x 7 x 7 points. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated under the following procedure:
  - 1) The data at the surface were extrapolated, since the center of the dipoles is 1.2 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.3 mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.
  - 2) The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1 g or 10 g) were computed by the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-Spline is composed of three one dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition (in x, y and z-directions). The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal-algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were interpolated to calculate the averages.

All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

Step 4: Re-measurement of the SAR value at the same location as in Step 1. If the value changed by more than 5%, the evaluation was repeated.

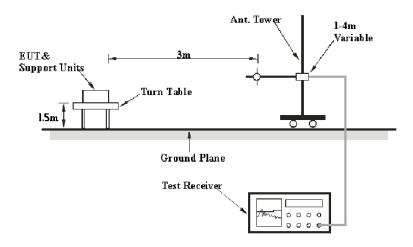
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# 7. CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

### 7.1 Test Procedure

#### ERP:

The RF output power was performed in an Anechoic chamber.



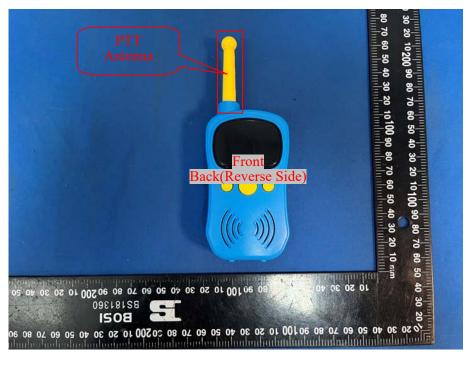
# 7.2 Maximum Target Output Power

Mode	Max. ERP(with tolerance) for Production Unit (dBm)	
462MHz(462.5625 MHz)	7	

### 7.3 Test Results:

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Measured Output Power(ERP) Unit (dBm)
462MHz(462.5625 MHz)	462.5625	6.92

### **Antenna Location:**



### 8. SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS

This page summarizes the results of the performed dosimetric evaluation.

#### 8.1 SAR Test Data

#### **Environmental Conditions**

Temperature:	22.4-23.1 ℃
Relative Humidity:	35 %
ATM Pressure:	101.6 kPa
Test Date:	2025/04/10

Testing was performed by Lily Yang.

#### **Test Result:**

Test Position	_			Max.	1g SAR Value(W/kg)					
	Frequency (MHz)	Worn Accessories	Max. ERP (dBm)	Rated Power (dBm)	Power Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	PTT 50% Factor	Scaled SAR	Plot	
Head Face Up (25 mm)	462.5625	None	6.92	7	1.019	0.00856	0.00428	0.004	1#	
Body Front (0 mm)	462.5625	None	6.92	7	1.019	0.020	0.01	0.01	2#	
Body Back (0 mm)	462.5625	None	6.92	7	1.019	0.014	0.007	0.01	3#	

### Note:

- 1. For a PTT, only simplex communication technology was supported, so the SAR value need to be corrected by Multiplying 50%.
- 2. Passive body-worn and audio accessories generally do not apply to the head SAR of PTT radios.
- 3. The whole antenna and radiating structures that may contribute to the measured SAR or influence the SAR distribution has been included in the area scan.
- 4. The UHF bands in this device operate in a half duplex system. A half duplex system only allows the user to transmit or receive. This device cannot transmit and receive simultaneously. The user must stop transmitting in order to receive a signal or listen for a response, regardless of PTT button or with a VOX(Voice Activated Transmit) capacity. This type of operation, along with the RF safety booklet, which instructs the user to transmit no more than 50% of the time, justifies the use of 50% duty factor for this device.

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# 9. SAR SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION DESCRIPTION

# 9.1 Simultaneous Transmission:

Note: There is no multiple transmitters for the product, so simultaneous transmission need not to evaluate.

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#### 10. MEASUREMENT VARIABILITY

In accordance with published RF Exposure KDB procedure 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results

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- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is  $\geq 0.80$  W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurement is  $\geq 1.20$  or when the original or repeated measurement is  $\geq 1.45$  W/kg ( $\sim 10\%$  from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

Note: The same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.

#### The Highest Measured SAR Configuration in Each Frequency Band

#### Head Face Up

SAR probe calibration point	F D 1	Eng (MII-)	ELIT D. W.	Meas. SA	Largest to	
	Frequency Band	Freq.(MHz)	EUT Position	Original	Repeated	Smallest SAR Ratio
/	/ / /		/	/	/	/

### **Body Back**

SAR probe calibration point	F D 1	Eng (MII-)	EUT Position	Meas. SA	Largest to	
	Frequency Band	Freq.(MHz)		Original	Repeated	Smallest SAR Ratio
/	/ / /		/	/	/	/

#### Note:

- 1. Second Repeated Measurement is not required since the ratio of the largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurement is not > 1.20.
- 2. The measured SAR results **do not** have to be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance to determine if repeated measurements are required.
- 3. SAR measurement variability must be assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the **SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium** used for the device measurements.

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#### 11. DUT HOLDER PERTURBATIONS

In accordance with TCB workshop October 2016:

1) SAR perturbation due to test device holders, depending on antenna locations, buttons locations on phones or device, form factor (e.g. dongles etc.), the measured SAR could be influenced by the relative positions of the test device and its holder

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- 2) SAR measurement standards have included protocols to evaluate this with a flat phantom, with and without the device holder
- 3) When the highest reported SAR of an antenna is > 1.2 W/kg, holder perturbation verification is required for each antenna, using the highest SAR configuration among all applicable frequency bands in the same exact device and holder positions used for head and body SAR measurements; i.e. same device/button locations in the holder

Per IEEE 1528: 2013/Annex E/E.4.1.1: Device holder perturbation tolerance for a specific test device: Type B

When it is unknown if a device holder perturbs the fields of a test device, the SAR uncertainty shall be assessed with a flat phantom (see Clause 5) by comparing the SAR with and without the device holder according to the following tests:

The SAR tolerance for device holder disturbance is computed using Equation (E.21) and entered in the corresponding row of the appropriate uncertainty table with an assumed rectangular probability distribution and  $vi = \infty$  degrees of freedom:

$$SAR_{\text{tolerance}} \left[ \% \right] = 100 \times \left( \frac{SAR_{\text{w/holder}} - SAR_{\text{w/o holder}}}{SAR_{\text{w/o holder}}} \right)$$
(E.21)

### The Highest Measured SAR Configuration among all applicable Frequency Band

Enggueney Bond	Freq.(MHz) EUT Position		Meas. S	SAR (W/kg)	The Device holder
Frequency Band	Freq.(MHZ)	EU1 Position	With holder	Without holder	perturbation uncertainty
/	/	/	/	/	/

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# APPENDIX A - MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The uncertainty budget has been determined for the measurement system and is given in the following Table.

Measurement uncertainty evaluation for IEEE1528-2013 SAR test

Measurement uncertainty evaluation for IEEE1528-2013 SAR test										
Uncertainty component	Tolerance/ uncertainty ± %	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1 g)	ci (10 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (1 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (10 g)			
		Measurement	system							
Probe calibration(k=1)	6.55	N	1	1	1	6.6	6.6			
Axial isotropy							1.9			
Hemispherical isotropy	9.6	R	√3	√0.5	√0.5	3.9	3.9			
Boundary effect	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6			
Linearity	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7			
System detection limits	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6			
Modulation response	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0			
Readout electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3			
Response time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0			
Integration time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0			
RF ambient conditions-noise	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6			
RF ambient conditions-reflections	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6			
Probe positioner mech. tolerance	0.8	R	√3	1	1	0.5	0.5			
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	6.7	R	√3	1	1	3.9	3.9			
Extrapolation, interpolation, and integrations algorithms for max. SAR evaluation	2.0	R	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2			
		Test sample r	related							
Test sample positioning	3.3	N	1	1	1	3.3	3.3			
Device holder uncertainty	4.7	N	1	1	1	4.7	4.7			
Output power variation – SAR draft measurement	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9			
SAR scaling	2.8	R	√3	1	1	1.6	1.6			
	Phan	tom and tissue	paramete	rs						
Phantom shell uncertainty – shape, thickness and permittivity	4.0	R	√3	1	1	2.3	2.3			
Uncertainty in SAR correction for deviations in permittivity and conductivity	1.9	N	1	1	0.84	1.9	1.6			
Liquid conductivity meas.	2.5	N	1	0.78	0.71	2.0	1.8			
Liquid permittivity meas.	2.5	N	1	0.23	0.26	0.6	0.7			
Liquid conductivity – temperature uncertainty	1.7	R	√3	0.78	0.71	0.8	0.7			
Liquid permittivity – temperature uncertainty	0.3	R	√3	0.23	0.26	0.0	0.0			
Combined standard uncertainty		RSS				12.1	12.0			
Expanded uncertainty (95 % confidence interval)		k=2				24.2	24.0			

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APPENDIX B - SAR PLOTS	

#### Test Plots 1#: 462.5625MHz Face Up

#### DUT: Walkie-Talkie; Type: T16; Serial: 30Q9-1

Communication System: UID 0, FM (0); Frequency: 462.563 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 462.563 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.864$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 44.792$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3019; ConvF(6.76, 6.76, 6.76) @ 462.563 MHz; Calibrated: 2025/1/30

• Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn772; Calibrated: 2025/2/17

Phantom: ELI v8.0; Type: QDOVA004AA; Serial: 2051

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7501)

Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.00902 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.358 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB

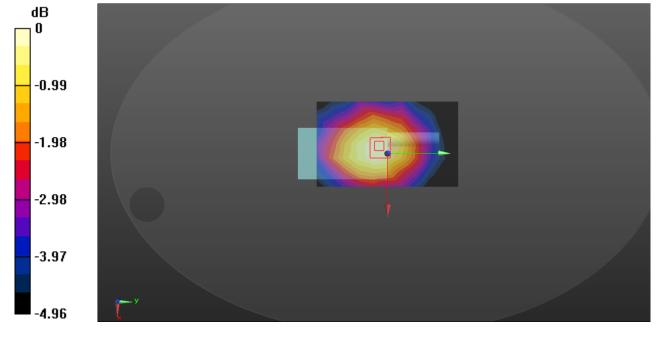
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0120 W/kg

#### SAR(1 g) = 0.00856 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.00688 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below: Larger than measurement grid (> 16 mm)

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 75%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.00920 W/kg



0 dB = 0.00920 W/kg = -20.36 dBW/kg

#### Test Plots 2#: 462.5625MHz Body Front

#### DUT: Walkie-Talkie; Type: T16; Serial: 30Q9-1

Communication System: UID 0, FM (0); Frequency: 462.563 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 462.563 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.864$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 44.792$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV2 SN3019; ConvF(6.76, 6.76, 6.76) @ 462.563 MHz; Calibrated: 2025/1/30
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn772; Calibrated: 2025/2/17
- Phantom: ELI v8.0; Type: QDOVA004AA; Serial: 2051
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7501)

#### Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0233 W/kg

#### Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.794 V/m; Power Drift = -0.18 dB

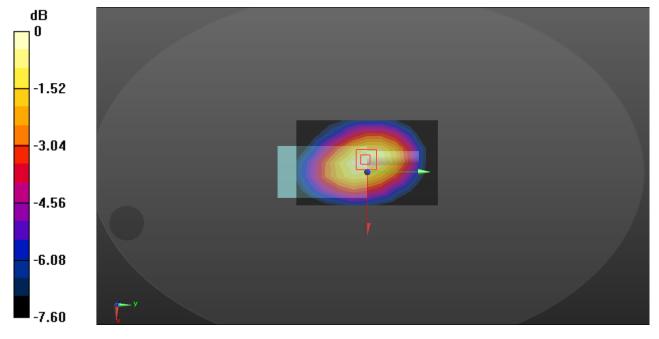
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0300 W/kg

#### SAR(1 g) = 0.020 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.014 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below: Larger than measurement grid (> 16 mm)

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 71.1%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0230 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0230 W/kg = -16.38 dBW/kg

#### Test Plots 3#: 462.5625MHz Body Back

#### DUT: Walkie-Talkie; Type: T16; Serial: 30Q9-1

Communication System: UID 0, FM (0); Frequency: 462.563 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 462.563 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.864$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 44.792$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV2 SN3019; ConvF(6.76, 6.76, 6.76) @ 462.563 MHz; Calibrated: 2025/1/30
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn772; Calibrated: 2025/2/17
- Phantom: ELI v8.0; Type: QDOVA004AA; Serial: 2051
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7501)

#### Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0160 W/kg

### Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.266 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB

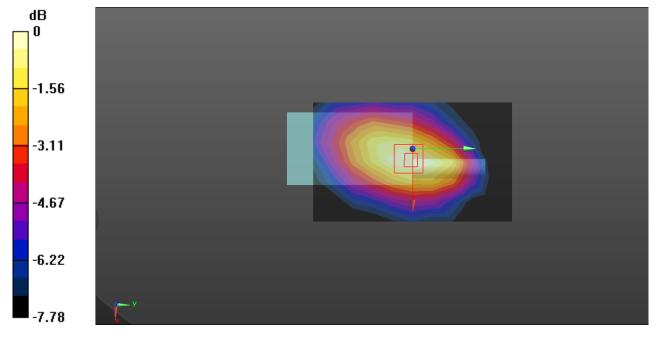
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0210 W/kg

#### SAR(1 g) = 0.014 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.00988 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below: Larger than measurement grid (> 16 mm)

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 71.4%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0156 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0156 W/kg = -18.07 dBW/kg

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APPENDIX C - EUT TEST POSITION PHOTO	OS
Please refer to the attachment.	
rease refer to the attachment.	

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### APPENDIX D - CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner **Engineering AG** 





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Report No.: 2502R29427E-20

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

BACL

Sunnyvale, USA

Certificate No.

ES-3019\_Jan25

### **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object

ES3DV2 - SN:3019

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-01.v10, QA CAL-12.v10, QA CAL-23.v6, QA CAL-25.v8

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date

January 30, 2025

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22  $\pm$  3)  $^{\circ}$ C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP2	SN: 104778	26-Mar-24 (No. 217-04036/04037)	Mar-25
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	26-Mar-24 (No. 217-04036)	Mar-25
OCP DAK-3.5 (weighted)	SN: 1249	23-Sep-24 (OCP-DAK3.5-1249_Sep24)	Sep-25
OCP DAK-12	SN: 1016	24-Sep-24 (OCP-DAK12-1016_Sep24)	Sep-25
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: CC2552 (20x)	26-Mar-24 (No. 217-04046)	Mar-25
DAE4	SN: 660	23-Feb-24 (No. DAE4-660_Feb24)	Feb-25
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 7349	03-Jun-24 (No. EX3-7349 Jun24)	Jun-25

Secondary Standards ID		Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-24)	In house check: Jun-26
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-24)	In house check: Jun-26
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-24)	In house check: Jun-26
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-24)	In house check: Jun-26
Network Analyzer E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Sep-24)	In house check: Sep-26

Name

Function

Calibrated by

Joanna Lleshaj

Laboratory Technician

Approved by

Sven Kühn

Technical Manager

Issued: January 31, 2025

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

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#### Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Report No.: 2502R29427E-20

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

#### Glossary

TSL tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty\_cycle) of the RF signal A, B, C, D modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization  $\varphi$   $\varphi$  rotation around probe axis

Polarization  $\theta$  or rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e.,  $\theta = 0$  is

normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure For The Assessment Of Specific Absorption Rate Of Human Exposure To Radio Frequency Fields From Hand-Held And Body-Worn Wireless Communication Devices – Part 1528: Human Models, Instrumentation And Procedures (Frequency Range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", October 2020.
- b) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization θ = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z \* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of Conver.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal. DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of
  power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum
  calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z \* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ±50 MHz to ±100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis).
   No tolerance required.
- · Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

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### Parameters of Probe: ES3DV2 - SN:3019

#### **Basic Calibration Parameters**

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k = 2)
Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)$ A	1.06	1.16	0.96	±10.1%
DCP (mV) B	104.3	101.9	105.9	±4.7%

### **Calibration Results for Modulation Response**

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	С	dB	VR mV	Max dev.	Max Unc <sup>E</sup> k = 2
0	CW	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	140.4	±1.1%	±4.7%
		Υ	0.00	0.00	1.00		135.3		
		Z	0.00	0.00	1.00		129.4		

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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A The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 5).

B Linearization parameter uncertainty for maximum specified field strength.

E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

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### Parameters of Probe: ES3DV2 - SN:3019

### **Other Probe Parameters**

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle	-56.2°
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	10 mm
Tip Diameter	4 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	3 mm

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#### Parameters of Probe: ES3DV2 - SN:3019

#### Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity <sup>F</sup> (S/m)	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unc <sup>H</sup> (k = 2)
150	52.3	0.76	7.12	7.02	7.02	0.00	2.00	±13.3%
450	43.5	0.87	6.76	6.76	6.76	0.18	1.57	±13.3%

C Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ±10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Validity of ConvF assessed at 6 MHz is 4–9 MHz, and ConvF assessed at 13 MHz is 9–19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ±110 MHz.

F The probes are calibrated using tissue simulating liquids (TSL) that deviate for ε and σ by less than ±5% from the target values (typically better than ±3%) and are valid for TSL with deviations of up to ±10% if SAR correction is applied.

G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than the transition of the probability of the probability

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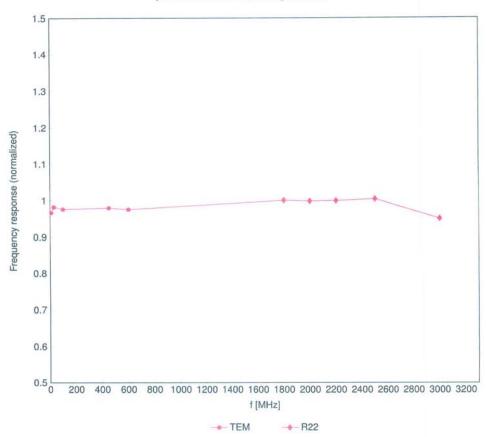
than ±1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ±2% for frequencies between 3–6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

H The stated uncertainty is the total calibration uncertainty (k = 2) of Norm-ConvF. This is equivalent to the uncertainty component with the symbol CF in Table 9 of IEC/IEEE 62209-1528:2020.

ES3DV2 - SN:3019 January 30, 2025

# Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide:R22)



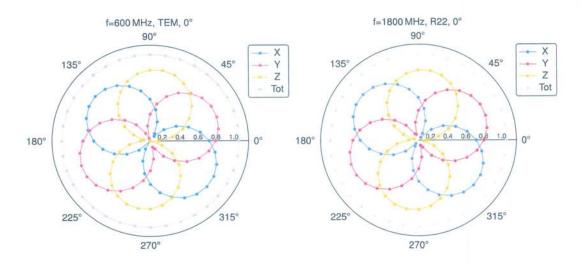
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ±6.3% (k=2)

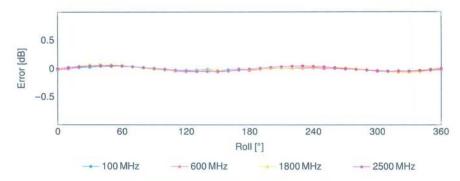
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# Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\theta = 0^{\circ}$





Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ±0.5% (k=2)

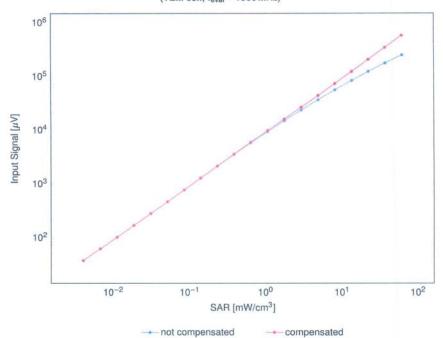
Certificate No: ES-3019\_Jan25

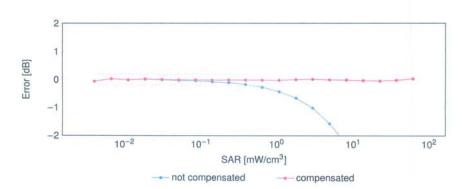
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# Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>)

(TEM cell, f<sub>eval</sub> = 1900 MHz)





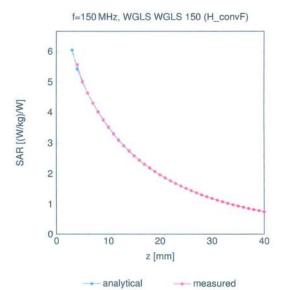
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ±0.6% (k=2)

Certificate No: ES-3019\_Jan25

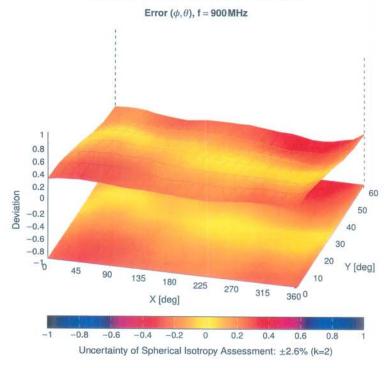
Page 8 of 9

ES3DV2 - SN:3019 January 30, 2025

### **Conversion Factor Assessment**



# **Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid**



Certificate No: ES-3019\_Jan25

Page 9 of 9



Add: No.52 HuaYuanBei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2117 E-mail: emf@caict.ac.cn

http://www.caict.ac.cn

BACL Client:



Report No.: 2502R29427E-20

Certificate No: 25J02Z000034

# CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

DAE4 - SN: 772

Calibration Procedure(s)

FF-Z11-002-01

Calibration Procedure for the Data Acquisition Electronics

Calibration date:

February 17, 2025

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3) °C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Process Calibrator 753	1971018	11-Jun-24 (CTTL, No.24J02X005147)	Jun-25

Name

Function

Calibrated by:

Yu Zongying

SAR Test Engineer

Reviewed by:

Lin Jun

SAR Test Engineer

Approved by:

Qi Dianyuan

SAR Project Leader

Issued: February 17, 2025

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: 25J02Z000034

Page 1 of 3





E-mail: emi@caict.ac.cn

Glossary:

DAE data acquisition electronics

Connector angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X

to the robot coordinate system.

# Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The report provide only calibration results for DAE, it does not contain other performance test results.

Certificate No: 25J02Z000034 Page 2 of 3

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DC Voltage Measurement A/D - Converter Resolution nominal High Range: 1LSB =  $6.1 \mu V$ , full range =  $-100...+300 \ mV$  Low Range: 1LSB = 61 nV, full range = -1......+3mV DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	Х	Υ	Z
High Range	406.093 ± 0.15% (k=2)	405.111 ± 0.15% (k=2)	404.721 ± 0.15% (k=2)
Low Range	3.96397 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.96479 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.93263 ± 0.7% (k=2)

### **Connector Angle**

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	221.5° ± 1 °
-------------------------------------------	--------------

Certificate No: 25J02Z000034 Page 3 of 3

Report Template Version: FCC SAR-V1.0

# DIPOLE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

Calibration Laborator Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich		BOC MEA	S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst C Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura S wiss Calibration Service
Accredited by the Swiss Accreditat The Swiss Accreditation Service Multilateral Agreement for the re	is one of the signatorie	es to the EA	Accreditation No.: SCS 0108
Client BACL USA		A STATE OF THE PARTY OF T	No: D450V3-1096_Nov22
CALIBRATION C	ERTIFICAT	E	
Object	D450V3 - SN:10	96	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-15.v9 Calibration Proce	edure for SAR Validation Source	es below 700 MHz
Calibration date:	November 17, 20	200	
This calibration certificate docume The measurements and the uncert	nts the traceability to nati ainties with confidence p	onal standards, which realize the physical consistency on the following pages in the follow	and are part of the certificate.
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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service C S

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

tissue simulating liquid ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z N/A not applicable or not measured

- Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

  a) IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure For The Assessment Of Specific Absorption Rate Of Human Exposure To Radio Frequency Fields From Hand-Held And Body-Worn Wireless Communication Devices Part 1528: Human Models, Instrumentation And Procedures (Frequency Range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", October 2020.

  b) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

# Additional Documentation: c) DASY System Handbook

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- · Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
- of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. Antenna Parameters with TSL: The source is mounted in a touch configuration below the center marking of the flat phantom.
- Return Loss: This parameter is measured with the source positioned under the liquid filled phantom (as described in the measurement condition clause). The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: D450V3-1096\_Nov22

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	V52.10.4	
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation		
Phantom	ELI4 Flat Phantom	Shell thickness: 2 ± 0.2 mm	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer	
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm		
Frequency	450 MHz ± 1 MHz		

Head TSL parameters
The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	43.5	0.87 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	43.4 ± 6 %	0.88 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

#### SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.15 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	4.56 W/kg ± 18.1 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	0.766 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	3.04 W/kg ± 17.6 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters
The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	56.7	0.94 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	56.2 ± 6 %	0.93 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

# SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.14 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	4.59 W/kg ± 18.1 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	0.768 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	3.09 W/kg ± 17.6 % (k=2)

Certificate No: D450V3-1096\_Nov22

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### Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	56.1 Ω - 5.9 jΩ
Return Loss	- 22.0 dB

#### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	53.2 Ω - 9.7 jΩ		
Return Loss	- 20.1 dB		

#### General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.347 ns
	1.347 HS

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

#### Additional EUT Data

Certificate No: D450V3-1096\_Nov22

Manufactured by	SPEAG

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Report Template Version: FCC SAR-V1.0

### DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 17.11.2022

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

# DUT: Dipole 450 MHz; Type: D450V3; Serial: D450V3 - SN:1096

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 450 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 450 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.88 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 43.4;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

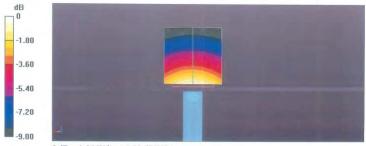
#### DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3877; ConvF(10.64, 10.64, 10.64) @ 450 MHz; Calibrated: 31.12.2021
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn654; Calibrated: 26.01.2022
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:1003
- DASY52 52.10.4(1535); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7501)

# Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 38.88 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

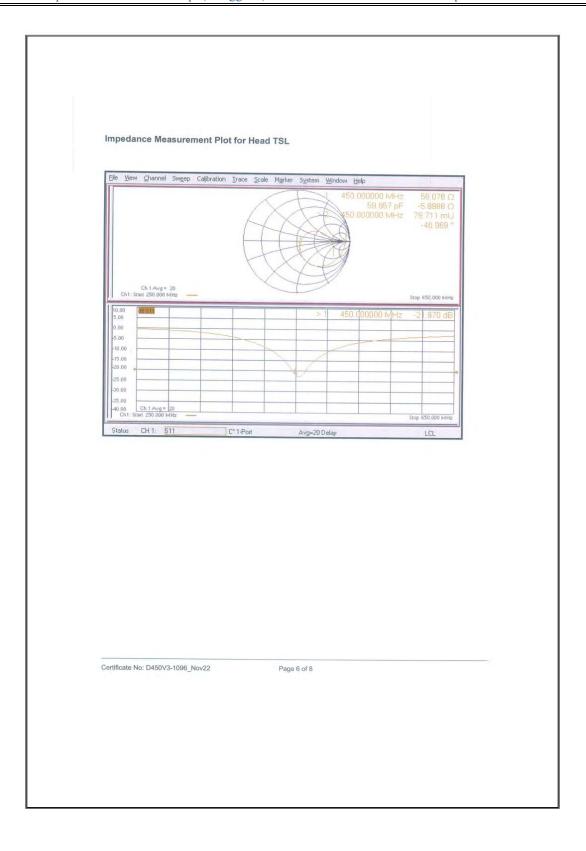
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.79 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.15 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.766 W/kg
Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below: Larger than measurement grid (> 15 mm)
Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 64.3%
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.56 W/kg



0 dB = 1.56 W/kg = 1.93 dBW/kg

Certificate No: D450V3-1096\_Nov22

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#### **DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL**

Date: 17.11.2022

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

# DUT: Dipole 450 MHz; Type: D450V3; Serial: D450V3 - SN:1096

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 450 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 450 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.93$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 56.2$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

#### DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3877; ConvF(10.64, 10.64, 10.64) @ 450 MHz; Calibrated: 31.12.2021
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn654; Calibrated: 26.01.2022
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:1003
- DASY52 52.10.4(1535); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7501)

# Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Ct Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 42.04 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.74 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 1.14 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.768 W/kg Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below: Larger than measurement grid (> 15 mm) Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 65.8% Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.53 W/kg



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#### D450V3 - SN:1096 Extended Dipole Calibrations

Referring to KDB 865664 D01, if dipoles are verified in return loss(< -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration), and in impedance(within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.

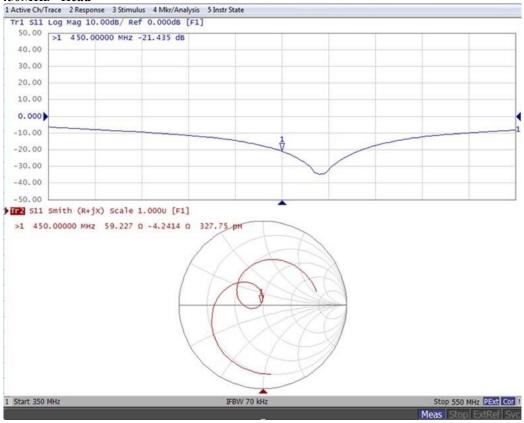
### Justification of the extended calibration

D450V3 - SN:1096						
450MHz Head						
Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
2022/11/17 (Cal. Report)	-21.97	/	56.076	/	-5.8988	/
2023/11/15 (Extended)	-21.435	2.44%	59.227	-3.151	-4.2414	-1.6574

The return loss is <-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.

#### Dipole Verification Data> D450V3 - SN:1096 (Date of Measurement: 2023/11/15)

#### 450MHz - Head



#### D450V3 - SN:1096 Extended Dipole Calibrations

Referring to KDB 865664 D01, if dipoles are verified in return loss(< -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration), and in impedance(within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.

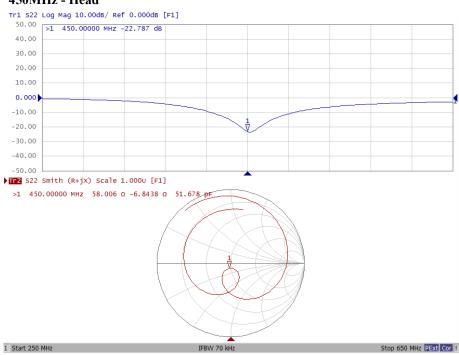
#### Justification of the extended calibration

ation of the extended Campi ation						
D450V3 - SN:1096						
450MHz Head						
Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
2022/11/17 (Cal. Report)	-21.97	/	56.076	/	-5.8988	/
2024/11/15 (Extended)	-22.787	-3.72%	58.006	-1.93	-6.8438	0.945

The return loss is <-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.

### Dipole Verification Data> D450V3 - SN:1096 (Date of Measurement: 2024/11/15)

#### 450MHz - Head



	Name	Title	Signature
Measure By:	Mark Dong	SAR Engineer	Mark Jong

### \*\*\*\*\*END OF REPORT\*\*\*\*

Report No.: 2502R29427E-20