





SAR TEST REPORT

No. I22Z70093-SEM01

For

Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd

Multi-band GSM/WCDMA/LTE phone with Bluetooth, WLAN

Model Name: SM-A045F/DS, SM-A045F

with

Hardware Version: REV1.0

Software Version: A045F.001

FCC ID: ZCASMA045F

Issued Date: 2022-07-04

Note:

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REPORT HISTORY

| Report Number | Revision | Issue Date Description | |
|---------------------------|----------|--|--------------------------------------|
| I22Z70093-SEM01 | Rev.0 | 2022-06-27 Initial creation of test report | |
| I22Z70093-SEM01 Rev.1 202 | | 2022-07-04 | Update information for the Equipment |
| 12227 0093-3E1VIO 1 | IXEV. I | 2022-07-04 | Class on page 6 |





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1 Test Laboratory

1.1 Testing Location

| Company Name: | CTTL(Shouxiang) |
|---------------|--|
| Address: | No. 51, Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, P. R. China |
| | 100191. |

1.2 Testing Environment

| Temperature: | 18°C~25°C, |
|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Relative humidity: | 30%~ 70% |
| Ground system resistance: | < 0.5 Ω |
| Ambient noise & Reflection: | < 0.012 W/kg |

1.3 Project Data

| Project Leader: | Qi Dianyuan |
|---------------------|---------------|
| Test Engineer: | Lin Xiaojun |
| Testing Start Date: | June 4, 2022 |
| Testing End Date: | June 21, 2022 |

1.4 Signature

Lin Xiaojun

(Prepared this test report)

Qi Dianyuan

(Reviewed this test report)

Lu Bingsong

Deputy Director of the laboratory

(Approved this test report)





2 Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd Multi-band GSM/WCDMA/LTE phone with Bluetooth, WLAN SM-A045F/DS, SM-A045F is as follows:

Table 2.1: Highest Reported SAR (1g)

| Technology Band | Head (Separation Distance 0mm) | Body (Separation Distance 10mm) | Equipment Class |
|-----------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------|
| GSM850 | 0.42 | 0.48 | |
| WCDMA 850 | 0.42 | 0.48 | |
| LTE Band5 | 0.36 | 0.50 | TNE |
| LTE Band7 | 0.20 | 0.58 | |
| LTE Band41 | 0.09 | 0.31 | |
| WLAN 2.4GHz | 1.03 | 0.63 | DTS |
| WLAN 5GHz | 0.42 | 0.91 | NII |
| ВТ | <0.01 | <0.01 | DSS |

The SAR values found for the Mobile Phone are below the maximum recommended levels of 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1g tissue according to the ANSI C95.1-1992.

For body operation, this device has been tested and meets FCC RF exposure guidelines when used with any accessory that contains no metal and which provides a minimum separation distance of 10 mm between this device and the body of the user. Use of other accessories may not ensure compliance with FCC RF exposure guidelines.

The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power output.

The measurement together with the test system set-up is described in annex C of this test report. A detailed description of the equipment under test can be found in chapter 4 of this test report. The highest reported SAR value is obtained at the case of **(Table 2.1)**, and the values are:

Head: 1.03 W/kg(1g) Body: 0.91 W/kg(1g)

Remark:

This device supports both LTE B38 and LTE B41. Since the supported frequency span for LTE B38 falls completely within the supports frequency span for LTE B41, both LTE bands have the same target power, and both LTE bands share the same transmission path; therefore, SAR was only assessed for LTE B41.





Table 2.2: The sum of SAR values for Main antenna + WiFi-2.4G

| | Position | Main antenna | WiFi-2.4G | Sum |
|----------------|-----------------|--------------|-----------|------|
| Highest SAR | Left head, Tilt | 0.22 | 1.03 | 1.25 |
| value for Head | (LTE B5) | 0.22 | 1.03 | 1.23 |
| Highest SAR | Rear 10mm | 0.57 | 0.58 | 1.15 |
| value for Body | (LTE B7) | 0.57 | 0.56 | 1.15 |

Table 2.3: The sum of SAR values for Main antenna + WiFi-5G + BT

| | Position | Main antenna | WiFi-5G | ВТ | Sum |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|---------|-------|------|
| Highest SAR value for Head | Left head, Tilt (LTE B5) | 0.22 | 0.42 | <0.01 | 0.64 |
| Highest SAR value for Body | Rear 10mm (LTE B7) | 0.57 | 0.91 | <0.01 | 1.48 |

According to the above tables, the highest sum of reported SAR values is **1.48 W/kg (1g)**. The detail for simultaneous transmission consideration is described in chapter 13.

Conclusion:

According to the above tables, the sum of reported SAR values is<1.6W/kg. So the simultaneous transmission SAR with volume scans is not required.





3 Client Information

3.1 Applicant Information

| Company Name: | Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd. | |
|-----------------|---|--|
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| Contact Person: | Jenni Chun | |
| Contact Email: | j1.chun@samsung.com | |
| Telephone: | +1-201-937-4203 | |

3.2 Manufacturer Information

| Company Name: | Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd | |
|-----------------|---|--|
| Address/Post: | Samsung R5, Maetan dong 129, Samsung ro | |
| | Youngtong gu, Suwon city 443 742, Korea | |
| Contact Person: | Kobe Cho | |
| Contact Email: | ggobi.cho@samsung.com | |
| Telephone: | +82-10-2722-4159 | |
| Fax: | | |





4 Equipment Under Test (EUT) and Ancillary Equipment (AE)

4.1 About EUT

| Description: | Multi-band GSM/WCDMA/LTE phone with Bluetooth, WLAN |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Model name: | SM-A045F/DS, SM-A045F |
| Operating mode(s): | GSM850, |
| | WCDMA B5 |
| | LTE Band 5/7/41 |
| | BT, Wi-Fi(2.4G), Wi-Fi(5G) |
| | 824 – 849 MHz (GSM 850) |
| | 824 – 849 MHz (WCDMA 850 Band V) |
| | 824.7 – 848.3 MHz (LTE Band 5) |
| | 2500 – 2570 MHz (LTE Band 7) |
| | 2498.5 – 2687.5 MHz (LTE Band41) |
| Tested Tx Frequency: | 2412 – 2462 MHz (Wi-Fi 2.4G) |
| | 2400 – 2483.5 MHz (Bluetooth) |
| | 5180 – 5240 MHz (Wi-Fi 5.2G) |
| | 5260 – 5320 MHz (Wi-Fi 5.3G) |
| | 5500 – 5720 MHz (Wi-Fi 5.5G) |
| | 5745 – 5825 MHz (Wi-Fi 5.8G) |
| GPRS/EGPRS Multislot Class: | 12 |
| Test device production information: | Production unit |
| Device type: | Portable device |
| Antenna type: | Integrated antenna |
| Hotspot mode: | Support |





4.2 Internal Identification of EUT used during the test

| EUT ID* | IMEI/SN | HW Version | SW Version |
|---------|---------------|------------|------------|
| EUT1 | I22Z70093-25a | REV1.0 | A045F.001 |
| EUT2 | I22Z70093-29a | REV1.0 | A045F.001 |
| EUT3 | I22Z70093-30a | REV1.0 | A045F.001 |
| EUT4 | I22Z70093-09a | REV1.0 | A045F.001 |
| EUT5 | I22Z70093-10a | REV1.0 | A045F.001 |
| EUT6 | I22Z70093-24a | REV1.0 | A045F.001 |

^{*}EUT ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.

Note: It is performed to test SAR with the EUT1~3 and conducted power with the EUT4~6.

4.3 Internal Identification of AE used during the test

| AE ID* | Description | Model | SN | Manufacturer |
|--------|-------------|------------|----|--|
| AE1 | Battery | WT-S-W1 | / | SCUD (FUJIAN) Electronics Co., Ltd. |
| AE2 | Headset | EHS61ASFWE | / | Shenzhen Grandsound Electronics Co.,Ltd |
| AE3 | Headset | EHS61ASFWE | / | DONGGUAN YOUNGBO ELECTRONICS CO.,LTD |

^{*}AE ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.





5 TEST METHODOLOGY

5.1 Applicable Limit Regulations

ANSI C95.1–1992:IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz.

It specifies the maximum exposure limit of **1.6 W/kg** as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue for portable devices being used within 20 cm of the user in the uncontrolled environment.

5.2 Applicable Measurement Standards

IEEE 1528–2013: Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques.

KDB447498 D01: General RF Exposure Guidance v06: Mobile and Portable Devices RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies.

KDB648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03: SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets.

KDB941225 D01 SAR test for 3G devices v03r01: SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G Devices

KDB941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r05: SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices

KDB941225 D06 Hotspot Mode SAR v02r01: SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router Capabilities

KDB248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02: SAR GUIDANCE FOR IEEE 802.11 (Wi-Fi) TRANSMITTERS

KDB865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04: SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

KDB865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02: RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations





6 Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

6.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

6.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt}(\frac{dW}{dm}) = \frac{d}{dt}(\frac{dW}{\rho dv})$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by

$$SAR = c(\frac{\delta T}{\delta t})$$

Where: C is the specific head capacity, δT is the temperature rise and δt is the exposure duration, or related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.





7 Tissue Simulating Liquids

7.1 Targets for tissue simulating liquid

Table 7.1: Targets for tissue simulating liquid

| Frequency(MHz) | Liquid Type | Conductivity(σ) | ± 5% Range | Permittivity(ε) | ± 5% Range |
|----------------|-------------|-----------------|------------|-----------------|-------------|
| 835 | Head | 0.90 | 0.86~0.95 | 41.5 | 39.4~43.6 |
| 2450 | Head | 1.67 | 1.59~1.75 | 39.47 | 37.5~41.4 |
| 2600 | Head | 1.96 | 1.86~2.06 | 39.01 | 37.1~41.0 |
| 5250 | Head | 4.71 | 4.47~4.95 | 35.93 | 34.13~37.73 |
| 5600 | Head | 5.07 | 4.82~5.32 | 35.53 | 33.8~37.3 |
| 5750 | Head | 5.22 | 4.96~5.48 | 35.36 | 33.59~37.13 |

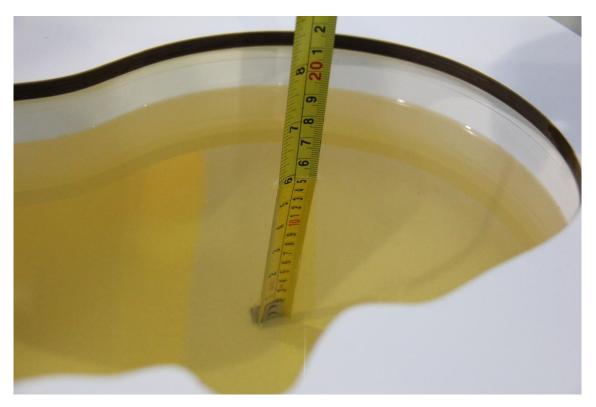
7.2 Dielectric Performance

Table 7.2: Dielectric Performance of Tissue Simulating Liquid

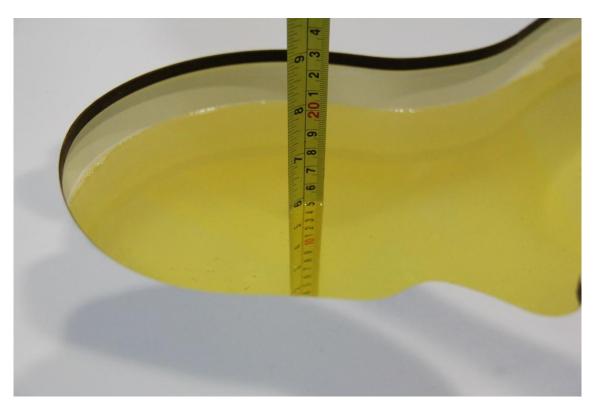
| Measurement Date (yyyy-mm-dd) | Туре | Frequency Permittivity ε | | Drift (%) | Conductivity σ (S/m) | Drift (%) |
|-------------------------------|------|--------------------------|-------|--------------|-------------------------|--------------|
| 2022-06-4 | Head | 835 MHz | 44.04 | 6.12% | 0.9329 | 3.66% |
| 2022-06-10 | Head | 2450 MHz | 41.04 | 4.69% | 1.882 | 4.56% |
| 2022-06-12 | Head | 2600 MHz | 40.58 | 4.02% | 1.988 | 1.43% |
| 2022-06-15 | Head | 5250 MHz | 36.07 | 0.39% | 4.656 | -1.15% |
| 2022-06-19 | Head | 5600 MHz | 35.42 | -0.31% | 5.071 | 0.02% |
| 2022-06-21 | Head | 5750 MHz | 34.97 | -1.10% | 5.265 | 0.86% |

Note: The liquid temperature is 22.0 $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$





Picture 7-1 Liquid depth in the Head Phantom (835 MHz)



Picture 7-2 Liquid depth in the Head Phantom (2450MHz)





Picture 7-3 Liquid depth in the Head Phantom (2600 MHz)



Picture 7-4 Liquid depth in the Head Phantom (5GHz)

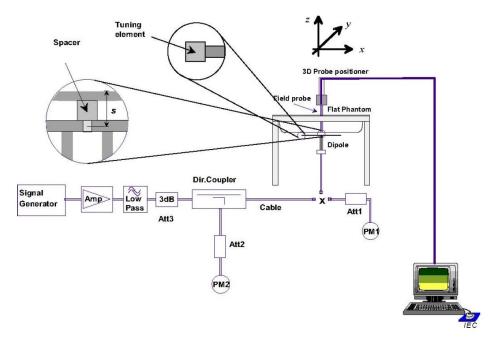




8 System verification

8.1 System Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the DUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave that comes from a signal generator. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The equipment setup is shown below:



Picture 8.1 System Setup for System Evaluation



Picture 8.2 Photo of Dipole Setup





8.2 System Verification

SAR system verification is required to confirm measurement accuracy, according to the tissue dielectric media, probe calibration points and other system operating parameters required for measuring the SAR of a test device. The system verification must be performed for each frequency band and within the valid range of each probe calibration point required for testing the device.

The system verification results are required that the area scan estimated 1-g SAR is within 3% of the zoom scan 1-g SAR. The details are presented in annex B.

Table 8.1: System Verification of Head

| Measurement | | Target val | ue (W/kg) | Measured | value(W/kg) | Deviation | | |
|--------------|-----------|------------|-----------|----------|-------------|-----------|---------|--|
| Date | Frequency | 10 g | 1 g | 10 g | 1 g | 10 g | 1 g | |
| (yyyy-mm-dd) | | Average | Average | Average | Average | Average | Average | |
| 2022-06-4 | 835 MHz | 6.24 | 9.63 | 5.88 | 8.96 | -5.77% | -6.96% | |
| 2022-06-10 | 2450 MHz | 24.9 | 53.3 | 23.8 | 50.8 | -4.42% | -4.69% | |
| 2022-06-12 | 2600 MHz | 25.5 | 57.1 | 23.4 | 53.0 | -8.08% | -7.25% | |
| 2022-06-15 | 5250 MHz | 22.7 | 79.5 | 22.0 | 77.2 | -3.08% | -2.89% | |
| 2022-06-19 | 5600 MHz | 23.7 | 83.8 | 23.7 | 83.1 | 0.00% | -0.84% | |
| 2022-06-21 | 5750 MHz | 22.7 | 81.0 | 22.3 | 77.8 | -1.76% | -3.95% | |





9 Measurement Procedures

9.1 Tests to be performed

In order to determine the highest value of the peak spatial-average SAR of a handset, all device positions, configurations and operational modes shall be tested for each frequency band according to steps 1 to 3 below. A flowchart of the test process is shown in picture 9.1.

Step 1: The tests described in 9.2 shall be performed at the channel that is closest to the centre of the transmit frequency band (f_c) for:

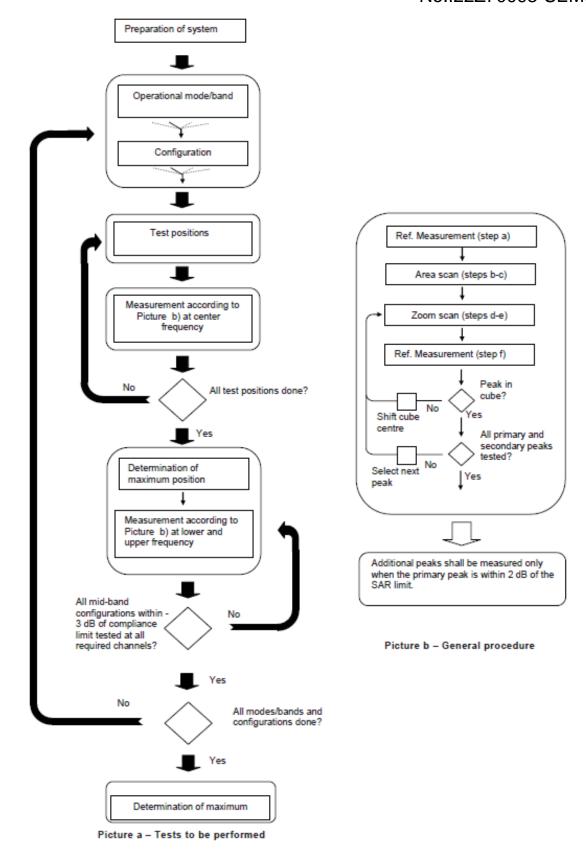
- a) all device positions (cheek and tilt, for both left and right sides of the SAM phantom, as described in annex D),
- b) all configurations for each device position in a), e.g., antenna extended and retracted, and c) all operational modes, e.g., analogue and digital, for each device position in a) and configuration
- in b) in each frequency band.

If more than three frequencies need to be tested according to 11.1 (i.e., $N_c > 3$), then all frequencies, configurations and modes shall be tested for all of the above test conditions.

Step 2: For the condition providing highest peak spatial-average SAR determined in Step 1,perform all tests described in 9.2 at all other test frequencies, i.e., lowest and highest frequencies. In addition, for all other conditions (device position, configuration and operational mode) where the peak spatial-average SAR value determined in Step 1 is within 3dB of the applicable SAR limit, it is recommended that all other test frequencies shall be tested as well.

Step 3: Examine all data to determine the highest value of the peak spatial-average SAR found in Steps 1 to 2.





Picture 9.1Block diagram of the tests to be performed





9.2 General Measurement Procedure

The area and zoom scan resolutions specified in the table below must be applied to the SAR measurements and fully documented in SAR reports to qualify for TCB approval. Probe boundary effect error compensation is required for measurements with the probe tip closer than half a probe tip diameter to the phantom surface. Both the probe tip diameter and sensor offset distance must satisfy measurement protocols; to ensure probe boundary effect errors are minimized and the higher fields closest to the phantom surface can be correctly measured and extrapolated to the phantom surface for computing 1-g SAR. Tolerances of the post-processing algorithms must be verified by the test laboratory for the scan resolutions used in the SAR measurements, according to the reference distribution functions specified in IEEE Std 1528-2003. The results should be documented as part of the system validation records and may be requested to support test results when all the measurement parameters in the following table are not satisfied.

| | | | ≤ 3 GHz | > 3 GHz | | | |
|--|---------------|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| Maximum distance from (geometric center of pro | | - | 5 ± 1 mm | ½-5·ln(2) ± 0.5 mm | | | |
| Maximum probe angle fi normal at the measureme | | | 30° ± 1° 20° ± 1° | | | | |
| | | | ≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm | $3-4 \text{ GHz:} \le 12 \text{ mm}$ $4-6 \text{ GHz:} \le 10 \text{ mm}$ | | | |
| Maximum area scan spa | tial resoluti | on: Δx _{Area} , Δy _{Area} | When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be ≤ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device. | | | | |
| Maximum zoom scan sp | atial resolu | tion: Δx _{Zoom} , Δy _{Zoom} | ≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* | 3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm* | | | |
| | uniform g | grid: Δz _{Zoom} (n) | ≤ 5 mm | 3 - 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 - 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 - 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm | | | |
| Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface | graded | Δz _{Zoom} (1): between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface | ≤ 4 mm | 3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm | | | |
| suuface | grid | Δz _{Zoom} (n>1): between subsequent points | $\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$ | | | | |
| Minimum zoom scan volume | x, y, z | I | ≥ 30 mm | 3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm | | | |

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based *I-g SAR estimation* procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.





9.3 WCDMA Measurement Procedures for SAR

The following procedures are applicable to WCDMA handsets operating under 3GPP Release99, Release 5 and Release 6. The default test configuration is to measure SAR with an established radio link between the DUT and a communication test set using a 12.2kbps RMC (reference measurement channel) configured in Test Loop Mode 1. SAR is selectively confirmed for other physical channel configurations (DPCCH & DPDCH_n), HSDPA and HSPA (HSUPA/HSDPA) modes according to output power, exposure conditions and device operating capabilities. Both uplink and downlink should be configured with the same RMC or AMR, when required. SAR for Release 5 HSDPA and Release 6 HSPA are measured using the applicable FRC (fixed reference channel) and E-DCH reference channel configurations. Maximum output power is verified according to applicable versions of 3GPP TS 34.121 and SAR must be measured according to these maximum output conditions. When Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) is not implemented according to Cubic Metric (CM) requirements for Release 6 HSPA, the following procedures do not apply.

For Release 5 HSDPA Data Devices:

| Sub-test | $oldsymbol{eta}_c$ | $oldsymbol{eta}_d$ | β_d (SF) | β_c/β_d | $oldsymbol{eta_{hs}}$ | CM/dB |
|----------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------|-------------------|-----------------------|-------|
| 1 | 2/15 | 15/15 | 64 | 2/15 | 4/15 | 0.0 |
| 2 | 12/15 | 15/15 | 64 | 12/15 | 24/25 | 1.0 |
| 3 | 15/15 | 8/15 | 64 | 15/8 | 30/15 | 1.5 |
| 4 | 15/15 | 4/15 | 64 | 15/4 | 30/15 | 1.5 |

For Release 6 HSPA Data Devices

| Sub- | $oldsymbol{eta_c}$ | eta_d | eta_d | $oldsymbol{eta}_c$ / $oldsymbol{eta}_d$ | $eta_{\scriptscriptstyle hs}$ | $oldsymbol{eta_{ec}}$ | $oldsymbol{eta}_{ed}$ | eta_{ed} | eta_{ed} | CM (dB) | MPR (dB) | AG Index | E- TFCI |
|------|--------------------|---------|---------|---|-------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------------|------------|------------|------------|-------------|-------------|------------|
| 1 | 11/15 | 15/15 | 64 | 11/15 | 22/15 | 209/225 | 1039/225 | 4 | 1 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 20 | 75 |
| 2 | 6/15 | 15/15 | 64 | 6/15 | 12/15 | 12/15 | 12/15 | 4 | 1 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 12 | 67 |
| 3 | 15/15 | 9/15 | 64 | 15/9 | 30/15 | 30/15 | eta_{ed1} :47/15 eta_{ed2} :47/15 | 4 | 2 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 15 | 92 |
| 4 | 2/15 | 15/15 | 64 | 2/15 | 4/15 | 4/15 | 56/75 | 4 | 1 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 17 | 71 |
| 5 | 15/15 | 15/15 | 64 | 15/15 | 24/15 | 30/15 | 134/15 | 4 | 1 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 21 | 81 |

Rel.8 DC-HSDPA (Cat 24)

SAR test exclusion for Rel.8 DC-HSDPA must satisfy the SAR test exclusion requirements of Rel.5 HSDPA. SAR test exclusion for DC-HSDPA devices is determined by power measurements according to the H-Set 12, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) configuration in Table C.8.1.12 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1. A primary and a secondary serving HS-DSCH Cell are required to perform the power measurement and for the results to qualify for SAR test exclusion.





9.4 SAR Measurement for LTE

SAR tests for LTE are performed with a base station simulator, Rohde & Rchwarz CMW500. Closed loop power control was used so the UE transmits with maximum output power during SAR testing. All powers were measured with the CMW 500.

It is performed for conducted power and SAR based on the KDB941225 D05.

SAR is evaluated separately according to the following procedures for the different test positions in each exposure condition – head, body, body-worn accessories and other use conditions. The procedures in the following subsections are applied separately to test each LTE frequency band.

- 1) QPSK with 1 RB allocation
 - Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power among RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel. When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required for 1 RB allocation; otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels and only for the RB offset configuration with the highest output power for that channel. When the reported SAR of a required test channel is > 1.45 W/kg, SAR is required for all three RB offset configurations for that required test channel.
- 2) QPSK with 50% RB allocation The procedures required for 1 RB allocation in 1) are applied to measure the SAR for QPSK with 50% RB allocation.
- 3) QPSK with 100% RB allocation

For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in 1) and 2) are \leq 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.

TDD test:

TDD testing is performed using guidance from FCC KDB 941225 D05 and the SAR test guidance provided in April 2013 TCB works hop notes. TDD is tested at the highest duty factor using UL-DL configuration 0 with special subframe configuration 6 and applying the FDD LTE procedures in KDB 941225 D05. SAR testing is performed using the extended cyclic prefix listed in 3GPP TS 36.211.

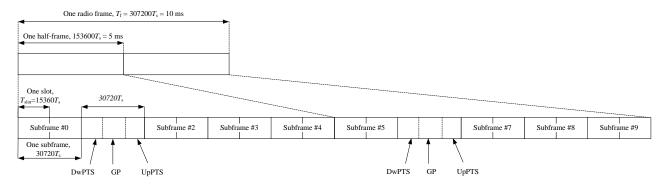


Figure 9.2: Frame structure type 2 (for 5 ms switch-point periodicity)



Table 9.1: Configuration of special subframe (lengths of DwPTS/GP/UpPTS)

| | Norma | cyclic prefix in | downlink | Exter | nded cyclic prefix i | n downlink | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|--|
| Special subframe | DwPTS | Up | PTS | DwPTS | UpPTS | | |
| Special subframe configuration | | Normal avalia profix | Extended | | Normal cyclic | Extended cyclic | |
| | | cyclic prefix | cyclic prefix | | prefix in uplink | prefix in uplink | |
| 0 | 6592 · T _s | in uplink | in uplink | 7680 · T _s | | | |
| _ | 5 | | | | 2192 · T _s | 2560 · <i>T</i> _s | |
| 1 | $19760 \cdot T_{\rm s}$ | | 2560 · T _s | $20480 \cdot T_{\rm s}$ | | | |
| 2 | $21952 \cdot T_{\rm s}$ | $2192 \cdot T_{\rm s}$ | | $23040 \cdot T_{\rm s}$ | | 3 | |
| 3 | $24144 \cdot T_{\rm s}$ | | | $25600 \cdot T_{\rm s}$ | | | |
| 4 | $26336 \cdot T_{\rm s}$ | | | $7680 \cdot T_{\rm s}$ | | | |
| 5 | $6592 \cdot T_{\rm s}$ | | | $20480 \cdot T_{\rm s}$ | $4384 \cdot T_{\rm s}$ | 5120 · T _s | |
| 6 | $19760 \cdot T_{\rm s}$ | | | $23040 \cdot T_{\rm s}$ | 4384 · 1 _s | 3120 · 1 _s | |
| 7 | $21952 \cdot T_{\rm s}$ | $4384 \cdot T_{\rm s}$ | $5120 \cdot T_{\rm s}$ | $12800 \cdot T_{\rm s}$ | | | |
| 8 | $24144 \cdot T_{\rm s}$ | | | - | - | - | |
| 9 | $13168 \cdot T_{\rm s}$ | | | - | - | - | |

Table 9.2: Uplink-downlink configurations

| Uplink-downlink | Downlink-to-Uplink | Subframe number | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|--------------------------|-----------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| configuration | Switch-point periodicity | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| 0 | 5 ms | D | S | U | U | U | D | S | U | C | U |
| 1 | 5 ms | D | S | U | U | D | D | S | U | U | D |
| 2 | 5 ms | D | S | U | D | D | D | S | U | D | D |
| 3 | 10 ms | D | S | U | U | U | D | D | D | D | D |
| 4 | 10 ms | D | S | U | U | D | D | D | D | D | D |
| 5 | 10 ms | D | S | U | D | D | D | D | D | D | D |
| 6 | 5 ms | D | S | U | U | J | D | S | U | U | D |

Duty factor is calculated by:

Duty factor = uplink frame*6+UpPTS*2/one frame length

= $(30720.T_s * 6+5120. T_s*2)/307200.T_s$

= 0.633





9.5 Bluetooth & Wi-Fi Measurement Procedures for SAR

Normal network operating configurations are not suitable for measuring the SAR of 802.11 transmitters in general. Unpredictable fluctuations in network traffic and antenna diversity conditions can introduce undesirable variations in SAR results. The SAR for these devices should be measured using chipset based test mode software to ensure that the results are consistent and reliable.

Chipset based test mode software is hardware dependent and generally varies among manufacturers. The device operating parameters established in a test mode for SAR measurements must be identical to those programmed in production units, including output power levels, amplifier gain settings and other RF performance tuning parameters. The test frequencies should correspond to actual channel frequencies defined for domestic use. SAR for devices with switched diversity should be measured with only one antenna transmitting at a time during each SAR measurement, according to a fixed modulation and data rate. The same data pattern should be used for all measurements.

9.6 Power Drift

To control the output power stability during the SAR test, DASY5 system calculates the power drift by measuring the E-field at the same location at the beginning and at the end of the measurement for each test position. These drift values can be found in section14 labeled as: (Power Drift [dB]). This ensures that the power drift during one measurement is within 5%.





10 Area Scan Based 1-g SAR

10.1 Requirement of KDB

According to the KDB447498 D01, when the implementation is based the specific polynomial fit algorithm as presented at the 29th Bioelectromagnetics Society meeting (2007) and the estimated 1-gSAR is \leq 1.2 W/kg, a zoom scan measurement is not required provided it is also not needed for any other purpose; for example, if the peak SAR location required for simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion can be determined accurately by the SAR system or manually to discriminate between distinctive peaks and scattered noisy SAR distributions from area scans.

There must not be any warning or alert messages due to various measurement concerns identified by the SAR system; for example, noise in measurements, peaks too close to scan boundary, peaks are too sharp, spatial resolution and uncertainty issues etc. The SAR system verification must also demonstrate that the area scan estimated 1-g SAR is within 3% of the zoom scan 1-g SAR (See Annex B). When all the SAR results for each exposure condition in a frequency band and wireless mode are based on estimated 1-g SAR, the 1-g SAR for the highest SAR configuration must be determined by a zoom scan.

10.2 Fast SAR Algorithms

The approach is based on the area scan measurement applying a frequency dependent attenuation parameter. This attenuation parameter was empirically determined by analyzing a large number of phones. The MOTOROLA FAST SAR was developed and validated by the MOTOROLA Research Group in Ft. Lauderdale.

In the initial study, an approximation algorithm based on Linear fit was developed. The accuracy of the algorithm has been demonstrated across a broad frequency range (136-2450 MHz)and for both 1- and 10-g averaged SAR using a sample of 264 SAR measurements from 55wireless handsets. For the sample size studied, the root-mean-squared errors of the algorithm mare 1.2% and 5.8% for 1- and 10-g averaged SAR, respectively. The paper describing the algorithm in detail is expected to be published in August 2004 within the Special Issue of Transactions on MTT.

In the second step, the same research group optimized the fitting algorithm to an Polynomial fit whereby the frequency validity was extended to cover the range 30-6000MHz. Details of this study can be found in the BEMS 2007 Proceedings.

Both algorithms are implemented in DASY software.





11 Conducted Output Power

11.1 GSM Measurement result

GSM850

| GSM 850 | Measur | ed Power | (dBm) | Tune up | calculation | Averag | ed Powe | r (dBm) |
|---------------|--------|----------|-------|---------|-------------|---------------------|---------|---------|
| Speech (GMSK) | 251 | 190 | 128 | | | 251 | 190 | 128 |
| 1 Txslot | 32.84 | 32.82 | 32.59 | 33.50 | -9.03 | 23.81 | 23.79 | 23.56 |
| GSM 850 | Measur | ed Power | (dBm) | | calculation | Averag | ed Powe | r (dBm) |
| GPRS (GMSK) | 251 | 190 | 128 | | | 251 | 190 | 128 |
| 1 Txslot | 32.86 | 32.74 | 32.46 | 33.50 | -9.03 | 23.83 | 23.71 | 23.43 |
| 2 Txslots | 30.84 | 30.79 | 30.50 | 31.50 | -6.02 | 24.82 | 24.77 | 24.48 |
| 3Txslots | 28.83 | 28.77 | 28.49 | 29.50 | -4.26 | 24.57 | 24.51 | 24.23 |
| 4 Txslots | 27.87 | 27.79 | 27.50 | 28.50 | -3.01 | 24.86 24.78 | | 24.49 |
| GSM 850 | Measur | ed Power | (dBm) | | calculation | Averaged Power (dBm | | |
| EGPRS (GMSK) | 251 | 190 | 128 | | | 251 | 190 | 128 |
| 1 Txslot | 32.71 | 32.67 | 32.42 | 33.50 | -9.03 | 23.68 | 23.64 | 23.39 |
| 2 Txslots | 30.76 | 30.73 | 30.45 | 31.50 | -6.02 | 24.74 | 24.71 | 24.43 |
| 3Txslots | 28.77 | 28.72 | 28.46 | 29.50 | -4.26 | 24.51 | 24.46 | 24.20 |
| 4 Txslots | 27.82 | 27.74 | 27.47 | 28.50 | -3.01 | 24.81 | 24.73 | 24.46 |
| GSM 850 | Measur | ed Power | (dBm) | | calculation | Averag | ed Powe | r (dBm) |
| EGPRS (8PSK) | 251 | 190 | 128 | | | 251 | 190 | 128 |
| 1 Txslot | 25.52 | 25.21 | 25.10 | 26.50 | -9.03 | 16.49 | 16.18 | 16.07 |
| 2 Txslots | 24.59 | 24.29 | 24.39 | 25.00 | -6.02 | 18.57 | 18.27 | 18.37 |
| 3Txslots | 22.30 | 22.03 | 23.19 | 24.00 | -4.26 | 18.04 | 17.77 | 18.93 |
| 4 Txslots | 21.75 | 22.05 | 21.55 | 23.00 | -3.01 | 18.74 | 19.04 | 18.54 |

NOTES:

1) Division Factors

To average the power, the division factor is as follows:

1TX-slot = 1 transmit time slot out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/1) => -9.03dB

2TX-slots = 2 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/2) => -6.02dB

3TX-slots = 3 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/3) => -4.26dB

4TX-slots = 4 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/4) => -3.01dB

According to the conducted power as above, the body measurements are performed with 4Txslots for GSM850.





11.2 WCDMA Measurement result

WCDMA850

| 11 | band | | FDDV resu | ılt | |
|----------|-------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------|
| Item | ARFCN | 4233 (846.6MHz) | 4183 (836.6MHz) | 4132 (826.4MHz) | Tune up |
| WCDMA | \ | 24.65 | 24.61 | 24.56 | 25.50 |
| | 1 | 21.43 | 21.40 | 21.36 | 21.50 |
| | 2 | 21.43 | 21.42 | 21.34 | 21.50 |
| HSUPA | 3 | 22.39 | 22.43 | 22.35 | 22.50 |
| | 4 | 20.92 | 20.96 | 20.96 | 21.00 |
| | 5 | 22.36 | 22.41 | 22.35 | 22.50 |
| HSPA+ | | 23 | 23.05 | 22.80 | 23.5 |
| | 1 | 22.45 | 22.48 | 22.40 | 22.50 |
| DC-HSDPA | 2 | 22.26 | 22.33 | 22.39 | 22.50 |
| рс-порра | 3 | 21.9 | 21.92 | 21.91 | 22.50 |
| | 4 | 21.91 | 21.92 | 21.87 | 22.50 |

11.3 LTE Measurement result

Maximum Target Power for Production Unit

| Band | Tune up (dBm) |
|------------|---------------|
| LTE B5 | 25 |
| LTE B7 | 23.5 |
| LTE B41/38 | 23.5 |

Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for LTE

| | Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth configuration [RB] | | | | | | |
|------------|---|-----|-----|------|------|------|----------|
| Modulation | 1.4 | 3 | 5 | 10 | 15 | 20 | MPR (dB) |
| | MHz | MHz | MHz | MHz | MHz | MHz | |
| QPSK | > 5 | > 4 | > 8 | > 12 | > 16 | > 18 | 1 |
| 16 QAM | ≤ 5 | ≤ 4 | ≤ 8 | ≤ 12 | ≤ 16 | ≤ 18 | 1 |
| 16 QAM | > 5 | > 4 | > 8 | > 12 | > 16 | > 18 | 2 |
| 64 QAM | ≤ 5 | ≤ 4 | ≤ 8 | ≤ 12 | ≤ 16 | ≤ 18 | 3 |
| 64 QAM | > 5 | > 4 | > 8 | > 12 | > 16 | > 18 | 3 |





LTE B5

| | | Band 5 | | | | | |
|-----------|-------------------|--------------------------------|----------------|---------------------------|----------------|--|--|
| Bandwidth | RB allocation | Frequency | Actual | Actual output power (dBm) | | | |
| (MHz) | RB offset | (MHz) | QPSK | 16QAM | 64 QAN | | |
| | 400 111 1 | 848.3 (20643) | 23.46 | 22.76 | 21.59 | | |
| | 1RB-High | 836.5 (20525) | 23.39 | 22.72 | 21.62 | | |
| | | 824.7 (20407) | 23.31 | 22.67 | 21.58 | | |
| | 1RB-Middle | 848.3 (20643) | 23.59 | 22.88 | 21.80 | | |
| | (3) | 836.5 (20525) | 23.55 | 22.84 | 21.76 | | |
| | (0) | 824.7 (20407) | 23.49 | 22.78 | 21.67 | | |
| | | 848.3 (20643) | 23.42 | 22.73 | 21.65 | | |
| | 1RB-Low (0) | 836.5 (20525) | 23.39 | 22.69 | 21.61 | | |
| | | 824.7 (20407) | 23.32 | 22.47 | 21.50 | | |
| 4 4141- | 2DD 11:-1- (2) | 848.3 (20643) | 23.55 | 22.51 | 21.69 | | |
| 1.4MHz | 3RB-High (3) | 836.5 (20525) | 23.52 23.43 | 22.48 22.43 | 21.62 21.50 | | |
| | | 824.7 (20407) 848.3 (20643) | 23.43 | 22.43 | 21.72 | | |
| | 3RB-Middle (1) | 836.5 (20525) | 23.56 | 22.59 | 21.72 | | |
| | | 824.7 (20407) | 23.43 | 22.46 | 21.58 | | |
| | 3RB-Low (0) | 848.3 (20643) | 23.51 | 22.54 | 21.61 | | |
| | | 836.5 (20525) | 23.50 | 22.48 | 21.62 | | |
| | | 824.7 (20407) | 23.37 | 22.39 | 21.50 | | |
| | | 848.3 (20643) | 22.56 | 21.67 | 20.59 | | |
| | 6RB (0) | 836.5 (20525) | 22.52 | 21.64 | 20.53 | | |
| | (0) | 824.7 (20407) | 22.37 | 21.51 | 20.43 | | |
| | 455 111 1 | 847.5 (20635) | 23.51 | 22.83 | 21.64 | | |
| | 1RB-High | 836.5 (20525) | 23.44 | 22.71 | 21.69 | | |
| | (14) | 825.5 (20415) | 23.39 | 22.72 | 21.59 | | |
| | 4DD Mistal | 847.5 (20635) | 23.62 | 22.95 | 21.85 | | |
| | 1RB-Middle | 836.5 (20525) | 23.61 | 22.83 | 21.86 | | |
| | (7) | 825.5 (20415) | 23.53 | 22.90 | 21.73 | | |
| | | 847.5 (20635) | 23.47 | 22.80 | 21.65 | | |
| | 1RB-Low (0) | 836.5 (20525) | 23.43 | 22.79 | 21.67 | | |
| | | 825.5 (20415) | 23.35 | 22.68 | 21.55 | | |
| 3MHz | | 847.5 (20635) | 22.50 | 21.59 | 20.56 | | |
| | 8RB-High (7) | 836.5 (20525) | 22.47 | 21.55 | 20.56 | | |
| | | 825.5 (20415) | 22.38 | 21.50 | 20.46 | | |
| | 8RB-Middle | 847.5 (20635) | 22.55 | 21.62 | 20.65 | | |
| | (4) | 836.5 (20525) | 22.51 | 21.56 | 20.55 | | |
| | (' / | 825.5 (20415) | 22.40 | 21.46 | 20.45 | | |
| | | 847.5 (20635) | 22.49 | 21.58 | 20.58 | | |
| | 8RB-Low (0) | 836.5 (20525) | 22.46 | 21.54 | 20.53 | | |
| | 4500 (0) | 825.5 (20415) | 22.39 | 21.50 | 20.48 | | |
| | 15RB (0) | 847.5 (20635) | 22.50 | 21.55 | 20.57 | | |





| | | 836.5 (20525) | 22.46 | 21.50 | 20.47 |
|-------|--------------|---------------|-------|-------|-------|
| | | 825.5 (20415) | 22.38 | 21.38 | 20.39 |
| | | 846.5 (20625) | 23.44 | 22.74 | 21.67 |
| | 1RB-High | 836.5 (20525) | 23.33 | 22.51 | 21.58 |
| | (24) | 826.5 (20425) | 23.29 | 22.56 | 21.52 |
| | | 846.5 (20625) | 23.58 | 22.88 | 21.87 |
| | 1RB-Middle | 836.5 (20525) | 23.60 | 22.93 | 21.83 |
| | (12) | 826.5 (20425) | 23.53 | 22.76 | 21.75 |
| | | 846.5 (20625) | 23.37 | 22.63 | 21.59 |
| | 1RB-Low (0) | 836.5 (20525) | 23.38 | 22.70 | 21.61 |
| | | 826.5 (20425) | 23.24 | 22.57 | 21.45 |
| | | 846.5 (20625) | 22.49 | 21.52 | 20.55 |
| 5MHz | 12RB-High | 836.5 (20525) | 22.45 | 21.47 | 20.50 |
| | (13) | 826.5 (20425) | 22.37 | 21.42 | 20.42 |
| | | 846.5 (20625) | 22.57 | 21.54 | 20.62 |
| | 12RB-Middle | 836.5 (20525) | 22.50 | 21.52 | 20.55 |
| | (6) | 826.5 (20425) | 22.41 | 21.44 | 20.46 |
| | | 846.5 (20625) | 22.56 | 21.55 | 20.62 |
| | 12RB-Low (0) | 836.5 (20525) | 22.48 | 21.51 | 20.52 |
| | | 826.5 (20425) | 22.39 | 21.42 | 20.42 |
| | | 846.5 (20625) | 22.54 | 21.53 | 20.57 |
| | 25RB (0) | 836.5 (20525) | 22.49 | 21.52 | 20.50 |
| | | 826.5 (20425) | 22.43 | 21.41 | 20.43 |
| | | 844 (20600) | 24.00 | 22.81 | 21.70 |
| | 1RB-High | 836.5 (20525) | 23.63 | 22.74 | 21.72 |
| | (49) | 829 (20450) | 23.59 | 22.67 | 21.58 |
| | | 844 (20600) | 23.97 | 22.88 | 21.84 |
| | 1RB-Middle | 836.5 (20525) | 23.61 | 22.81 | 21.81 |
| | (24) | 829 (20450) | 23.53 | 22.81 | 21.69 |
| | | 844 (20600) | 23.94 | 22.77 | 21.62 |
| | 1RB-Low (0) | 836.5 (20525) | 23.49 | 22.80 | 21.68 |
| | | 829 (20450) | 23.34 | 22.59 | 21.58 |
| | 0500 | 844 (20600) | 22.98 | 21.49 | 20.52 |
| 10MHz | 25RB-High | 836.5 (20525) | 22.51 | 21.50 | 20.52 |
| | (25) | 829 (20450) | 22.46 | 21.51 | 20.48 |
| | 0500 14111 | 844 (20600) | 22.98 | 21.56 | 20.59 |
| | 25RB-Middle | 836.5 (20525) | 22.52 | 21.55 | 20.54 |
| | (12) | 829 (20450) | 22.46 | 21.51 | 20.49 |
| | | 844 (20600) | 23.00 | 21.66 | 20.66 |
| | 25RB-Low (0) | 836.5 (20525) | 22.54 | 21.56 | 20.53 |
| | | 829 (20450) | 22.47 | 21.45 | 20.47 |
| | | 844 (20600) | 22.94 | 21.58 | 20.60 |
| | 50RB (0) | 836.5 (20525) | 22.50 | 21.51 | 20.52 |
| | | 829 (20450) | 22.46 | 21.50 | 20.50 |





LTE B7

| | Band 7 | | | | | | |
|-----------|-----------------|--------------------|---------------------------|-------|-------|--|--|
| Bandwidth | RB allocation | Frequency | Actual output power (dBm) | | | | |
| (MHz) | RB offset | (MHz) | QPSK | 16QAM | 64QAM | | |
| | 455.15.1 | 2567.5 | 22.44 | 21.72 | 20.62 | | |
| | 1RB-High | 2535 | 22.62 | 21.97 | 20.82 | | |
| | | 2502.5 | 22.41 | 21.79 | 20.64 | | |
| | 4DD Middle | 2567.5 | 22.78 | 21.90 | 20.93 | | |
| | 1RB-Middle | 2535 | 22.95 | 22.00 | 20.99 | | |
| | (12) | 2502.5 | 22.69 | 21.94 | 20.84 | | |
| | | 2567.5 | 22.54 | 21.75 | 20.74 | | |
| | 1RB-Low (0) | 2535 | 22.59 | 21.80 | 20.74 | | |
| | | 2502.5 | 22.43 | 21.79 | 20.65 | | |
| | 4000 111 1 | 2567.5 | 21.65 | 20.67 | 19.73 | | |
| 5MHz | 12RB-High | 2535 | 21.75 | 20.82 | 19.82 | | |
| | (13) | 2502.5 | 21.59 | 20.62 | 19.70 | | |
| | | 2567.5 | 21.74 | 20.75 | 19.83 | | |
| | 12RB-Middle (6) | 2535 | 21.81 | 20.90 | 19.88 | | |
| | | 2502.5 21.63 20.67 | | | 19.73 | | |
| | 12RB-Low (0) | 2567.5 21.68 | | 20.71 | 19.80 | | |
| | | 2535 | 21.74 | 20.80 | 19.83 | | |
| | | 2502.5 | 21.56 | 20.62 | 19.75 | | |
| | | 2567.5 | 21.69 | 20.72 | 19.77 | | |
| | 25RB (0) | 2535 | 21.77 | 20.81 | 19.80 | | |
| | 20110 (0) | 2502.5 | 21.57 | 20.60 | 19.66 | | |
| | | 2565 | 22.57 | 21.86 | 20.70 | | |
| | 1RB-High | 2535 | 22.73 | 21.98 | 20.93 | | |
| | (49) | 2505 | 22.51 | 21.93 | 20.76 | | |
| | | 2565 | 22.73 | 21.91 | 20.90 | | |
| | 1RB-Middle | 2535 | 22.73 | 21.99 | 20.97 | | |
| | (24) | 2505 | 22.63 | 21.84 | 20.84 | | |
| | | 2565 | 22.03 | 22.00 | 20.93 | | |
| | 1DB L 044 (0) | 2535 | 22.71 | 21.99 | 20.93 | | |
| | 1RB-Low (0) | 2505 | 22.71 | 21.85 | 20.88 | | |
| 10MU~ | | | | | _ | | |
| 10MHz | 25RB-High | 2565 2535 | 21.69 | 20.73 | 19.81 | | |
| | (25) | | 21.81 | 20.91 | 19.86 | | |
| | | 2505 | 21.64 | 20.68 | 19.72 | | |
| | 25RB-Middle | 2565 | 21.74 | 20.78 | 19.85 | | |
| | (12) | 2535 | 21.77 | 20.86 | 19.84 | | |
| | , , | 2505 | 21.63 | 20.65 | 19.68 | | |
| | 0500 / (2) | 2565 | 21.79 | 20.81 | 19.90 | | |
| | 25RB-Low (0) | 2535 | 21.81 | 20.87 | 19.88 | | |
| | 5000 (0) | 2505 | 21.61 | 20.63 | 19.72 | | |
| | 50RB (0) | 2565 | 21.75 | 20.76 | 19.87 | | |





| | | 2535 | 21.79 | 20.87 | 19.84 |
|---------|----------------|--------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | | 2505 | 21.64 | 20.63 | 19.68 |
| | 4DD 11: 1 | 2562.5 | 22.48 | 21.75 | 20.69 |
| | 1RB-High | 2535 | 22.68 | 21.96 | 20.89 |
| | (74) | 2507.5 | 22.44 | 21.75 | 20.63 |
| | | 2562.5 | 22.68 | 21.97 | 20.90 |
| | 1RB-Middle | 2535 | 22.73 | 21.89 | 20.88 |
| | (37) | 2507.5 | 22.55 | 21.74 | 20.77 |
| | | 2562.5 | 22.68 | 21.92 | 20.85 |
| | 1RB-Low (0) | 2535 | 22.58 | 21.98 | 20.77 |
| | | 2507.5 | 22.47 | 21.72 | 20.69 |
| | | 2562.5 | 21.69 | 20.70 | 19.82 |
| 15MHz | 36RB-High | 2535 | 21.80 | 20.81 | 19.84 |
| TOWNIZ | (38) | 2507.5 | 21.61 | 20.59 | 19.63 |
| | | 2562.5 | 21.75 | 20.76 | 19.85 |
| | 36RB-Middle | 2535 | 21.79 | 20.83 | 19.87 |
| | (19) | 2507.5 | 21.62 | 20.62 | 19.66 |
| | | 2562.5 | 21.78 | 20.80 | 19.89 |
| | 36RB-Low (0) | 2535 | 21.77 | 20.84 | 19.84 |
| | | | | | |
| | | 2507.5 | 21.60 | 20.61 | 19.66 |
| | 75RB (0) | 2562.5 | 21.72 | 20.75 | 19.83 |
| | | 2535 | 21.77 | 20.82 | 19.81 |
| | | 2507.5 | 21.60 | 20.62 | 19.65 |
| | 1RB-High | 2560 | 22.30 | 21.63 | 20.46 |
| | (99) | 2535 | 22.50 | 21.87 | 20.74 |
| | () | 2510 | 22.33 | 21.70 | 20.50 |
| | 1RB-Middle | 2560 | 22.77 | 21.95 | 20.93 |
| | (50) | 2535 | 22.78 | 21.99 | 20.99 |
| | , , | 2510 | 22.66 | 21.89 | 20.80 |
| | 4DD L avv (0) | 2560 | 22.58 22.44 | 21.94 | 20.81 |
| | 1RB-Low (0) | 2535 2510 | 22.44 | 21.80 21.53 | 20.67 20.48 |
| | | 2560 | 21.70 | 20.70 | 19.83 |
| 20MHz | 50RB-High | 2535 | 21.75 | 20.70 | 19.83 |
| ZUIVITZ | (50) | 2510 | 21.75 | 20.66 | 19.63 |
| | | 2560 | 21.80 | 20.83 | |
| | 50RB-Middle - | 2535 | 21.83 | 20.84 | 19.89 19.84 |
| | (25) | 2510 | 21.67 | 20.63 | 19.69 |
| | | 2560 | 21.77 | 20.80 | 19.82 |
| | 50RB-Low (0) | 2535 | 21.78 | 20.82 | 19.84 |
| | 00110 2000 (0) | 2510 | 21.55 | 20.59 | 19.62 |
| | | 2560 | 21.71 | 20.72 | 19.82 |
| | 100RB (0) | 2535 | 21.78 | 20.72 | 19.82 |
| | | 2000 | 21.70 | 20.00 | 10.02 |





LTE B41

| | | Band 41 | | | | |
|-----------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------------------|-------|-------|--|
| Bandwidth | RB allocation | Frequency (MHz) | Actual output power (dBm) | | | |
| (MHz) | RB offset | Frequency (MHZ) | QPSK | 16QAM | 64QAM | |
| | | 2687.5 (41565) | 22.78 | 21.82 | 20.56 | |
| | | 2640.3(41093) | 22.96 | 22.21 | 20.97 | |
| | 1RB-High (24) | 2593 (40620) | 23.42 | 22.45 | 21.42 | |
| | | 2545.8(40148) | 22.74 | 21.99 | 20.73 | |
| | | 2498.5 (39675) | 23.12 | 22.37 | 21.14 | |
| | | 2687.5 (41565) | 22.84 | 22.01 | 20.83 | |
| | | 2640.3(41093) | 23.09 | 22.32 | 21.13 | |
| | 1RB-Middle (12) | 2593 (40620) | 23.43 | 22.47 | 21.46 | |
| | | 2545.8(40148) | 22.86 | 22.12 | 20.88 | |
| | | 2498.5 (39675) | 23.25 | 22.48 | 21.26 | |
| | | 2687.5 (41565) | 22.80 | 22.05 | 20.82 | |
| | | 2640.3(41093) | 23.05 | 22.29 | 21.05 | |
| | 1RB-Low (0) | 2593 (40620) | 23.43 | 22.46 | 21.44 | |
| | | 2545.8(40148) | 22.81 | 22.05 | 20.80 | |
| | | 2498.5 (39675) | 23.05 | 22.29 | 21.06 | |
| | | 2687.5 (41565) | 21.73 | 20.73 | 19.79 | |
| | | 2640.3(41093) | 22.09 | 21.11 | 20.13 | |
| 5MHz | 12RB-High (13) | 2593 (40620) | 22.44 | 21.44 | 20.48 | |
| | | 2545.8(40148) | 21.83 | 20.87 | 19.85 | |
| | | 2498.5 (39675) | 22.26 | 21.30 | 20.31 | |
| | | 2687.5 (41565) | 21.88 | 20.84 | 19.93 | |
| | | 2640.3(41093) | 22.16 | 21.16 | 20.19 | |
| | 12RB-Middle (6) | 2593 (40620) | 22.49 | 21.48 | 20.42 | |
| | | 2545.8(40148) | 21.89 | 20.92 | 19.92 | |
| | | 2498.5 (39675) | 22.23 | 21.26 | 20.27 | |
| | | 2687.5 (41565) | 21.83 | 20.85 | 19.90 | |
| | | 2640.3(41093) | 22.12 | 21.14 | 20.18 | |
| | 12RB-Low (0) | 2593 (40620) | 22.42 | 21.42 | 20.45 | |
| | | 2545.8(40148) | 21.84 | 20.86 | 19.86 | |
| | | 2498.5 (39675) | 22.15 | 21.16 | 20.18 | |
| | | 2687.5 (41565) | 21.78 | 20.83 | 19.89 | |
| | | 2640.3(41093) | 22.11 | 21.17 | 20.16 | |
| | 25RB (0) | 2593 (40620) | 22.43 | 21.48 | 20.49 | |
| | | 2545.8(40148) | 21.85 | 20.90 | 19.93 | |
| | | 2498.5 (39675) | 22.17 | 21.24 | 20.28 | |
| 10MHz | 1RB-High (49) | 2685 (41540) | 23.16 | 21.94 | 20.68 | |



| | | 2639(41080) | 22.99 | 22.28 | 21.01 |
|-------|---------------------|----------------|-------|-------|-------|
| | | 2593 (40620) | 23.50 | 22.46 | 21.50 |
| | | 2547(40160) | 22.80 | 22.06 | 20.79 |
| | | 2501 (39700) | 23.30 | 22.45 | 21.28 |
| | | 2685 (41540) | 23.02 | 22.27 | 21.04 |
| | | 2639(41080) | 23.21 | 22.42 | 21.28 |
| | 1RB-Middle (24) | 2593 (40620) | 23.45 | 22.41 | 21.45 |
| | | 2547(40160) | 22.98 | 22.24 | 20.96 |
| | | 2501 (39700) | 23.34 | 22.43 | 21.36 |
| | | 2685 (41540) | 23.15 | 22.42 | 21.17 |
| | | 2639(41080) | 23.26 | 22.41 | 21.25 |
| | 1RB-Low (0) | 2593 (40620) | 23.43 | 22.49 | 21.44 |
| | | 2547(40160) | 22.92 | 22.19 | 20.93 |
| | | 2501 (39700) | 23.15 | 22.42 | 21.16 |
| | | 2685 (41540) | 21.86 | 20.89 | 19.95 |
| | | 2639(41080) | 22.16 | 21.17 | 20.23 |
| | 25RB-High (25) | 2593 (40620) | 22.10 | 21.17 | 20.23 |
| | 231\D-1 light (23) | 2547(40160) | 21.91 | | |
| | - | 2501 (39700) | | 20.94 | 19.82 |
| | | , | 22.37 | 21.41 | 20.49 |
| | 25RB-Middle (12) | 2685 (41540) | 21.96 | 21.04 | 20.06 |
| | | 2639(41080) | 22.20 | 21.24 | 20.27 |
| | | 2593 (40620) | 22.47 | 21.43 | 20.47 |
| | | 2547(40160) | 21.91 | 20.92 | 19.97 |
| | | 2501 (39700) | 22.29 | 21.32 | 20.34 |
| | | 2685 (41540) | 22.12 | 21.16 | 20.19 |
| | | 2639(41080) | 22.28 | 21.29 | 20.34 |
| | 25RB-Low (0) | 2593 (40620) | 22.46 | 21.47 | 20.48 |
| | | 2547(40160) | 21.92 | 20.96 | 19.98 |
| | | 2501 (39700) | 22.21 | 21.26 | 20.29 |
| | | 2685 (41540) | 21.98 | 21.04 | 20.00 |
| | | 2639(41080) | 22.23 | 21.25 | 20.22 |
| | 50RB (0) | 2593 (40620) | 22.43 | 21.47 | 20.43 |
| | | 2547(40160) | 21.94 | 20.99 | 19.87 |
| | | 2501 (39700) | 22.27 | 21.35 | 20.32 |
| | | 2682.5 (41515) | 23.25 | 21.81 | 20.55 |
| | | 2637.8(41068) | 22.83 | 22.11 | 20.88 |
| | 1RB-High (74) | 2593 (40620) | 23.40 | 22.44 | 21.38 |
| | | 2548.3(40173) | 22.76 | 22.02 | 20.75 |
| | | 2503.5 (39725) | 23.21 | 22.46 | 21.25 |
| | | 2682.5 (41515) | 23.03 | 22.26 | 21.04 |
| 15MHz | | 2637.8(41068) | 23.15 | 22.40 | 21.20 |
| | 1RB-Middle (37) | 2593 (40620) | 23.13 | 22.46 | 21.42 |
| | TILD WILDOW (01) | 2548.3(40173) | 22.90 | 22.40 | 20.82 |
| | | 2503.5 (39725) | | | |
| | | ` , | 23.25 | 22.50 | 21.25 |
| | 1RB-Low (0) | 2682.5 (41515) | 23.23 | 22.46 | 21.23 |
| | | 2637.8(41068) | 23.21 | 22.46 | 21.23 |





| | | | I | I | |
|-------|-----------------|----------------|-------|-------|-------|
| | | 2593 (40620) | 23.42 | 22.45 | 21.44 |
| | | 2548.3(40173) | 22.84 | 22.09 | 20.82 |
| | | 2503.5 (39725) | 23.05 | 22.30 | 21.04 |
| | | 2682.5 (41515) | 21.84 | 20.80 | 19.83 |
| | | 2637.8(41068) | 22.08 | 21.05 | 20.07 |
| | 36RB-High (38) | 2593 (40620) | 22.44 | 21.47 | 20.45 |
| | | 2548.3(40173) | 21.85 | 20.80 | 19.79 |
| | | 2503.5 (39725) | 22.35 | 21.29 | 20.30 |
| | | 2682.5 (41515) | 22.07 | 21.02 | 20.00 |
| | 36RB-Middle | 2637.8(41068) | 22.18 | 21.12 | 20.14 |
| | (19) | 2593 (40620) | 22.44 | 21.49 | 20.48 |
| | (1-7) | 2548.3(40173) | 21.84 | 20.79 | 19.79 |
| | | 2503.5 (39725) | 22.29 | 21.24 | 20.30 |
| | | 2682.5 (41515) | 22.16 | 21.13 | 20.16 |
| | | 2637.8(41068) | 22.26 | 21.22 | 20.25 |
| | 36RB-Low (0) | 2593 (40620) | 22.42 | 21.49 | 20.49 |
| | | 2548.3(40173) | 21.86 | 20.82 | 19.82 |
| | | 2503.5 (39725) | 22.20 | 21.16 | 20.18 |
| | | 2682.5 (41515) | 21.98 | 21.02 | 20.01 |
| | 75RB (0) | 2637.8(41068) | 22.17 | 21.18 | 20.17 |
| | | 2593 (40620) | 22.48 | 21.46 | 20.34 |
| | | 2548.3(40173) | 21.83 | 20.85 | 19.78 |
| | | 2503.5 (39725) | 22.28 | 21.27 | 20.29 |
| | 1RB-High (99) | 2680 (41490) | 22.39 | 21.63 | 20.57 |
| | | 2636.5(41055) | 22.64 | 21.91 | 20.63 |
| | | 2593 (40620) | 23.22 | 22.49 | 21.23 |
| | | 2549.5(40185) | 22.65 | 21.94 | 20.67 |
| | | 2506 (39750) | 23.05 | 22.34 | 21.09 |
| | | 2680 (41490) | 23.17 | 22.45 | 21.16 |
| | | 2636.5(41055) | 23.21 | 22.47 | 21.25 |
| | 1RB-Middle (50) | 2593 (40620) | 23.43 | 22.42 | 21.47 |
| | , , | 2549.5(40185) | 22.90 | 22.17 | 20.87 |
| | | 2506 (39750) | 23.36 | 22.44 | 21.37 |
| | | 2680 (41490) | 23.11 | 22.37 | 21.12 |
| 20MHz | | 2636.5(41055) | 23.13 | 22.38 | 21.11 |
| | 1RB-Low (0) | 2593 (40620) | 23.23 | 22.46 | 21.21 |
| | | 2549.5(40185) | 22.67 | 21.94 | 20.67 |
| | | 2506 (39750) | 22.90 | 22.14 | 20.89 |
| | | 2680 (41490) | 21.82 | 20.88 | 19.87 |
| | | 2636.5(41055) | 22.03 | 21.09 | 20.08 |
| | 50RB-High (50) | 2593 (40620) | 22.42 | 21.39 | 20.49 |
| | | 2549.5(40185) | 21.85 | 20.89 | 19.86 |
| | | 2506 (39750) | 22.35 | 21.40 | 20.38 |
| | | 2680 (41490) | 22.14 | 21.19 | 20.15 |
| | 50RB-Middle | 2636.5(41055) | 22.19 | 21.25 | 20.21 |
| | (25) | 2593 (40620) | 22.44 | 21.49 | 20.44 |
| | | 2000 (10020) | ZZ.44 | Z1.43 | 20.44 |





| | | 2549.5(40185) | 21.83 | 20.86 | 19.85 |
|--|--------------|---------------|-------|-------|-------|
| | | 2506 (39750) | 22.33 | 21.37 | 20.38 |
| | | 2680 (41490) | 22.25 | 21.30 | 20.29 |
| | | 2636.5(41055) | 22.29 | 21.32 | 20.31 |
| | 50RB-Low (0) | 2593 (40620) | 22.47 | 21.47 | 20.48 |
| | | 2549.5(40185) | 21.84 | 20.90 | 19.85 |
| | | 2506 (39750) | 22.14 | 21.21 | 20.18 |
| | | 2680 (41490) | 22.06 | 21.11 | 20.08 |
| | 100RB (0) | 2636.5(41055) | 22.16 | 21.21 | 20.22 |
| | | 2593 (40620) | 22.50 | 21.44 | 20.44 |
| | | 2549.5(40185) | 21.85 | 20.90 | 19.87 |
| | | 2506 (39750) | 22.28 | 21.34 | 20.31 |

11.4 Wi-Fi and BT Measurement result

The maximum output power of BT antenna is 9.04dBm.

The maximum tune up of BT antenna is 10dBm.

| | | | 2.4GHz | | | | | |
|-------------------|------------|-------|-------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| | | | FCC | | | | | |
| | 802.11b(dl | 3m) | | | | | | |
| Channel\data rate | 1Mbps | 2Mbps | 5.5Mbps | 11Mbps | | | | |
| 11(2462MHz) | 18.98 | 18.99 | 19.12 | 18.86 | | | | |
| 6(2437MHz) | 18.79 | | 19.01 | | | | | |
| 1(2412MHz) | 18.45 | / | 18.93 | / | | | | |
| tune up | 19.50 | 19.50 | 19.50 | 19.50 | | | | |
| - | | | 302.11g(dBr | n) | • | | | |
| Channel\data rate | 6Mbps | 9Mbps | 12Mbps | 18Mbps | 24Mbps | 36Mbps | 48Mbps | 54Mbps |
| 11(2462MHz) | 13.22 | \ | \ | \ | \ | \ | \ | \ |
| tune up | 13.50 | 13.50 | 13.50 | 13.50 | 13.50 | 13.50 | 13.50 | 13.50 |
| 6(2437MHz) | 17.81 | 17.29 | 17.28 | 17.26 | 16.17 | 16.14 | 16.22 | 15.46 |
| tune up | 18.50 | 18.00 | 18.00 | 18.00 | 17.00 | 17.00 | 17.00 | 16.50 |
| 1(2412MHz) | 13.41 | \ | \ | \ | \ | \ | \ | \ |
| tune up | 13.50 | 13.50 | 13.50 | 13.50 | 13.50 | 13.50 | 13.50 | 13.50 |
| | | 802 | .11n(dBm)-2 | 20MHz | | | | |
| Channel\data rate | MCS0 | MCS1 | MCS2 | MCS3 | MCS4 | MCS5 | MCS6 | MCS7 |
| 11(2462MHz) | 13.13 | \ | \ | \ | \ | \ | \ | \ |
| tune up | 13.50 | 13.50 | 13.50 | 13.50 | 13.50 | 13.50 | 13.50 | 13.50 |
| 6(2437MHz) | 17.71 | 17.01 | 17.00 | 17.01 | 16.02 | 16.01 | 16.31 | 15.35 |
| tune up | 18.50 | 18.00 | 18.00 | 18.00 | 17.00 | 17.00 | 17.00 | 16.00 |
| 1(2412MHz) | 13.05 | \ | \ | \ | \ | \ | \ | \ |
| tune up | 13.50 | 13.50 | 13.50 | 13.50 | 13.50 | 13.50 | 13.50 | 13.50 |





| | | | 5GHz | | | | | |
|-------------------|-------|-------|-------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| | | 8 | 302.11a(dBr | m) | | | | |
| Channel\data rate | 6Mbps | 9Mbps | 12Mbps | 18Mbps | 24Mbps | 36Mbps | 48Mbps | 54Mbps |
| 36(5180 MHz) | 13.81 | | | | | | | |
| 40(5200 MHz) | 13.64 | | | | | | | |
| 44(5220 MHz) | 13.92 | 12.91 | 13.02 | 13.28 | 13.05 | 13.11 | 13.08 | 13.05 |
| 48(5240 MHz) | 13.82 | | | | | | | |
| 52(5260 MHz) | 13.83 | | | | | | | |
| 56(5280 MHz) | 14.23 | | | | | | | |
| 60(5300 MHz) | 14.36 | | | | | | | |
| 64(5320 MHz) | 14.37 | 13.85 | 13.65 | 13.68 | 13.68 | 13.66 | 13.63 | 13.51 |
| 100(5500 MHz) | 14.19 | | | | | | | |
| 104(5520 MHz) | 14.03 | | | | | | | |
| 108(5540 MHz) | 14.07 | | | | | | | |
| 112(5560 MHz) | 14.06 | | | | | | | |
| 116(5580 MHz) | 14.21 | | | | | | | |
| 120(5600 MHz) | 14.36 | | | | | | | |
| 124(5620 MHz) | 14.72 | | | | | | | |
| 128(5640 MHz) | 14.83 | | | | | | | |
| 132(5660 MHz) | 14.66 | | | | | | | |
| 136(5680 MHz) | 14.56 | | | | | | | |
| 144(5720 MHz) | 14.88 | 13.88 | 13.83 | 13.77 | 13.56 | 13.53 | 13.55 | 13.49 |
| tune up | 15.50 | 15.00 | 15.00 | 15.00 | 15.00 | 15.00 | 15.00 | 15.00 |
| 140(5700 MHz) | 12.11 | | | | | | | |
| tune up | 13.00 | 13.00 | 13.00 | 13.00 | 13.00 | 13.00 | 13.00 | 13.00 |
| 149(5745 MHz) | 14.63 | | | | | | | |
| 153(5765 MHz) | 15.03 | | | | | | | |
| 157(5785 MHz) | 15.28 | | | | | | | |
| 161(5805 MHz) | 15.30 | | | | | | | |
| 165(5825 MHz) | 15.31 | 14.73 | 14.66 | 14.53 | 14.31 | 14.39 | 14.33 | 14.32 |
| tune up | 15.50 | 15.00 | 15.00 | 15.00 | 15.00 | 15.00 | 15.00 | 14.50 |





12 Simultaneous TX SAR Considerations

12.1 Introduction

The following procedures adopted from "FCC SAR Considerations for Cell Phones with Multiple Transmitters" are applicable to handsets with built-in unlicensed transmitters such as 802.11 a/b/g and Bluetooth devices which may simultaneously transmit with the licensed transmitter.

For this device, the BT and Wi-Fi can transmit simultaneous with other transmitters.

12.2 Transmit Antenna Separation Distances

Please refer to the picture of antenna locations in the document: "The Photos of SAR test - I22Z70093"

12.3 SAR Measurement Positions

According to the KDB941225 D06 Hot Spot SAR, the edges with less than 2.5 cm distance to the antennas need to be tested for SAR.

| | SAR measurement positions | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------|---|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Mode | Mode Front Rear Left edge Right edge Top edge Bottom edge | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| WWAN-Main | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | | | | | | | |
| WIFI | WIFI Yes Yes No Yes Yes No | | | | | | | | | | | | |

13 Evaluation of Simultaneous

Table 13.1: The sum of SAR values for Main antenna + WiFi-2.4G

| | Position | Main antenna | WiFi-2.4G | Sum |
|----------------|-----------------|--------------|-----------|------|
| Highest SAR | Left head, Tilt | 0.22 | 1.03 | 1.25 |
| value for Head | (LTE B5) | 0.22 | 1.03 | 1.25 |
| Highest SAR | Rear 10mm | 0.57 | 0.58 | 1.15 |
| value for Body | (LTE B7) | 0.57 | 0.56 | 1.15 |

Table 13.2: The sum of SAR values for Main antenna + WiFi-5G + BT

| | Position | Main | WiFi-5G | ВТ | Sum |
|----------------|-----------------|---------|---------|--------------|------|
| | | antenna | | | |
| Highest SAR | Left head, Tilt | 0.22 | 0.42 | <0.01 | 0.64 |
| value for Head | (LTE B5) | 0.22 | 0.42 | \0.01 | 0.04 |
| Highest SAR | Rear 10mm | 0.57 | 0.91 | <0.01 | 1.48 |
| value for Body | (LTE B7) | 0.57 | 0.91 | \0.01 | 1.40 |

Conclusion:

According to the above tables, the sum of reported SAR values is<1.6W/kg. So the simultaneous transmission SAR with volume scans is not required.





14 SAR Test Result

Note:

KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance:

For WWAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)*Tune-up Scaling Factor
For BT/WLAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)* Duty Cycle scaling factor * Tune-up scaling factor

Testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:

- \leq 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is \leq 100 MHz \leq 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
- \leq 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is \geq 200 MHz KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR:

With headset attached, when the reported SAR for body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.

KDB 941225 D01 SAR test for 3G devices:

When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is \leq 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices:

SAR test reduction is applied using the following criteria:

Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB, and 50% RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power among RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.

When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, testing for other Channels is performed at the highest output power level for 1RB, and 50% RB configuration for that channel.

Testing for 100% RB configuration is performed at the highest output power level for 100% RB configuration across the Low,Mid and High Channel when the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB are > 0.8 W/kg. Testing for the remaining required channels is not needed because the reported SAR for 100% RB Allocation < 1.45 W/kg.

Testing for 16-QAM modulation is not required because the reported SAR for QPSK is < 1.45 W/Kg and its output power is not more than 0.5 dB higher than that of QPSK.

Testing for the other channel bandwidths is not required because the reported SAR for the highest channel bandwidth is <1.45 W/Kg and its output power is not more than 0.5 dB higher than that of the highest channel bandwidth.

For LTE bands that do not support at least three non-overlapping channels in certain channel bandwidths, test the available non-overlapping channels instead. When a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the ©Copyright. All rights reserved by CTTL.

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group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing; therefore, the requirement for H, M and L channels may not fully apply.

KDB 248227 D01 SAR meas for 802.11:

SAR test reduction for 802.11 Wi-Fi transmission mode configurations are considered separately for DSSS and OFDM. An initial test position is determined to reduce the number of tests required for certain exposure configurations with multiple test positions. An initial test configuration is determined for each frequency band and aggregated band according to maximum output power, channel bandwidth, wireless mode configurations and other operating parameters to streamline the measurement requirements. For 2.4 GHz DSSS, either the initial test position or DSSS procedure is applied to reduce the number of SAR tests; these are mutually exclusive. For OFDM, an initial test position is only applicable to next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet and hotspot mode configurations, which is tested using the initial test configuration to facilitate test reduction. For other exposure conditions with a fixed test position, SAR test reduction is determined using only the initial test configuration.

To determine the initial test position, Area Scans were performed to determine the position with the Maximum Value of SAR (measured). The position that produced the highest Maximum Value of SAR is considered the worst case position; thus used as the initial test position.

The multiple test positions require SAR measurements in head, hotspot mode or UMPC mini-tablet configurations may be reduced according to the highest reported SAR determined using the initial test position(s) by applying the DSSS or OFDM SAR measurement procedures in the required wireless mode test configuration(s). The initial test position(s) is measured using the highest measured maximum output power channel in the required wireless mode test configuration(s). When the reported SAR for the initial test position is:

- > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated using the same wireless mode test configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position, on the highest maximum output power channel, until the reported SAR is \leq 0.8 W/kg or all required test positions are tested.
- For subsequent test positions with equivalent test separation distance or when exposure is dominated by coupling conditions, the position for maximum coupling condition should be tested.
 - When it is unclear, all equivalent conditions must be tested.

For all positions/configurations tested using the initial test position and subsequent test positions, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, measure the SAR for these positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is \leq 1.2 W/kg or all required test channels are considered.

•The additional power measurements required for this step should be limited to those necessary for identifying subsequent highest output power channels to apply the test reduction. When the specified maximum output power is the same for both UNII 1 and UNII 2A, begin SAR measurements in UNII 2A with the channel with the highest measured output power. If the reported SAR for UNII 2A is \leq 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for UNII 1; otherwise treat the remaining bands separately and test them independently for SAR.





When the specified maximum output power is different between UNII 1 and UNII 2A, begin SAR with the band that has the higher specified maximum output. If the highest reported SAR for the band with the highest specified power is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, testing for the band with the lower specified output power is not required; otherwise test the remaining bands independently for SAR..

Table 14.1: Duty Cycle

| Mode | Duty Cycle |
|---------------|------------|
| GSM850 | 1:2 |
| WCDMA<E FDD | 1:1 |
| LTE TDD | 1:1.58 |





14.1 SAR results for Cellular

Head

| RF Exposure Condition s | Frequency Band | Channel Number | Frequency (MHz) | Mode/RB | Test Position | Distance | Figure No./Note | EUT Measured Power (dBm) | Tune up (dBm) | Measured SAR 1g (W/kg) | Reported SAR 1g (W/kg) | Measured SAR 10g (W/kg) | Reported SAR 10g (W/kg) | Power Drift |
|----------------------------------|----------------|-------------------|-----------------|----------|---------------|----------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|
| Head | GSM850 | 190 | 836.6 | GSM | Cheek Left | 0mm | ١ | 32.82 | 33.5 | 0.246 | 0.29 | 0.186 | 0.22 | -0.04 |
| Head | GSM850 | 190 | 836.6 | GSM | Tilt Left | 0mm | \ | 32.82 | 33.5 | 0.118 | 0.14 | 0.09 | 0.11 | -0.13 |
| Head | GSM850 | 251 | 848.8 | GSM | Cheek Right | 0mm | A.1 | 32.84 | 33.5 | 0.358 | 0.42 | 0.273 | 0.32 | 0.03 |
| Head | GSM850 | 190 | 836.6 | GSM | Cheek Right | 0mm | \ | 32.82 | 33.5 | 0.353 | 0.41 | 0.27 | 0.32 | 0.09 |
| Head | GSM850 | 128 | 824.2 | GSM | Cheek Right | 0mm | \ | 32.59 | 33.5 | 0.33 | 0.41 | 0.259 | 0.32 | 0.15 |
| Head | GSM850 | 190 | 836.6 | GSM | Tilt Right | 0mm | \ | 32.82 | 33.5 | 0.237 | 0.28 | 0.179 | 0.21 | 0.00 |
| Head | WCDMA 850 | 4183 | 836.6 | RMC | Cheek Left | 0mm | \ | 24.61 | 25.5 | 0.24 | 0.29 | 0.18 | 0.22 | -0.03 |
| Head | WCDMA 850 | 4183 | 836.6 | RMC | Tilt Left | 0mm | \ | 24.61 | 25.5 | 0.155 | 0.19 | 0.121 | 0.15 | -0.13 |
| Head | WCDMA 850 | 4233 | 846.6 | RMC | Cheek Right | 0mm | A.2 | 24.65 | 25.5 | 0.349 | 0.42 | 0.265 | 0.32 | 0.04 |
| Head | WCDMA 850 | 4183 | 836.6 | RMC | Cheek Right | 0mm | \ | 24.61 | 25.5 | 0.31 | 0.38 | 0.236 | 0.29 | 0.11 |
| Head | WCDMA 850 | 4132 | 826.4 | RMC | Cheek Right | 0mm | \ | 24.56 | 25.5 | 0.248 | 0.31 | 0.188 | 0.23 | 0.07 |
| Head | WCDMA 850 | 4183 | 836.6 | RMC | Tilt Right | 0mm | \ | 24.61 | 25.5 | 0.211 | 0.26 | 0.163 | 0.20 | 0.16 |
| Head | LTE Band5 | 20600 | 844 | 1RB-High | Cheek Left | 0mm | \ | 24.00 | 25 | 0.262 | 0.33 | 0.199 | 0.25 | -0.08 |
| Head | LTE Band5 | 20600 | 844 | 1RB-High | Tilt Left | 0mm | \ | 24.00 | 25 | 0.178 | 0.22 | 0.144 | 0.18 | 0.11 |
| Head | LTE Band5 | 20600 | 844 | 1RB-High | Cheek Right | 0mm | A.3 | 24.00 | 25 | 0.287 | 0.36 | 0.225 | 0.28 | 0.03 |
| Head | LTE Band5 | 20600 | 844 | 1RB-High | Tilt Right | 0mm | \ | 24.00 | 25 | 0.211 | 0.27 | 0.168 | 0.21 | 0.05 |
| Head | LTE Band5 | 20600 | 844 | 25RB-Low | Cheek Left | 0mm | \ | 23.00 | 24 | 0.194 | 0.24 | 0.147 | 0.19 | -0.13 |
| Head | LTE Band5 | 20600 | 844 | 25RB-Low | Tilt Left | 0mm | \ | 23.00 | 24 | 0.133 | 0.17 | 0.109 | 0.14 | 0.12 |
| Head | LTE Band5 | 20600 | 844 | 25RB-Low | Cheek Right | 0mm | \ | 23.00 | 24 | 0.216 | 0.27 | 0.169 | 0.21 | 0.12 |
| Head | LTE Band5 | 20600 | 844 | 25RB-Low | Tilt Right | 0mm | \ | 23.00 | 24 | 0.153 | 0.19 | 0.124 | 0.16 | -0.03 |
| Head | LTE Band7 | 21100 | 2535 | 1RB-Mid | Cheek Left | 0mm | A.4 | 22.78 | 23.5 | 0.171 | 0.20 | 0.093 | 0.11 | -0.03 |
| Head | LTE Band7 | 21100 | 2535 | 1RB-Mid | Tilt Left | 0mm | \ | 22.78 | 23.5 | 0.108 | 0.13 | 0.059 | 0.07 | -0.15 |
| Head | LTE Band7 | 21100 | 2535 | 1RB-Mid | Cheek Right | 0mm | \ | 22.78 | 23.5 | 0.082 | 0.10 | 0.045 | 0.05 | 0.16 |
| Head | LTE Band7 | 21100 | 2535 | 1RB-Mid | Tilt Right | 0mm | \ | 22.78 | 23.5 | 0.084 | 0.10 | 0.046 | 0.05 | 0.19 |
| Head | LTE Band7 | 21100 | 2535 | 50RB-Mid | Cheek Left | 0mm | \ | 21.83 | 22.5 | 0.133 | 0.16 | 0.073 | 0.09 | -0.01 |
| Head | LTE Band7 | 21100 | 2535 | 50RB-Mid | Tilt Left | 0mm | \ | 21.83 | 22.5 | 0.082 | 0.10 | 0.044 | 0.05 | 0.17 |
| Head | LTE Band7 | 21100 | 2535 | 50RB-Mid | Cheek Right | 0mm | \ | 21.83 | 22.5 | 0.066 | 0.08 | 0.037 | 0.04 | -0.12 |
| Head | LTE Band7 | 21100 | 2535 | 50RB-Mid | Tilt Right | 0mm | 1 | 21.83 | 22.5 | 0.066 | 0.08 | 0.037 | 0.04 | 0.04 |
| Head | LTE Band41 | 40620 | 2593 | 1RB-Mid | Cheek Left | 0mm | A.5 | 23.43 | 23.5 | 0.091 | 0.09 | 0.05 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| Head | LTE Band41 | 40620 | 2593 | 1RB-Mid | Tilt Left | 0mm | ١ ١ | 23.43 | 23.5 | 0.076 | 0.08 | 0.039 | 0.04 | -0.14 |
| Head | LTE Band41 | 40620 | 2593 | 1RB-Mid | Cheek Right | 0mm | 1 | 23.43 | 23.5 | 0.059 | 0.06 | 0.03 | 0.03 | -0.13 |
| Head | LTE Band41 | 40620 | 2593 | 1RB-Mid | Tilt Right | 0mm | 1 | 23.43 | 23.5 | 0.067 | 0.07 | 0.032 | 0.03 | 0.13 |
| Head | LTE Band41 | 40620 | 2593 | 50RB-Low | Cheek Left | 0mm | 1 | 22.47 | 22.5 | 0.046 | 0.05 | 0.012 | 0.01 | 0.12 |
| Head | LTE Band41 | 40620 | 2593 | 50RB-Low | Tilt Left | 0mm | 1 | 22.47 | 22.5 | 0.059 | 0.06 | 0.03 | 0.03 | -0.08 |
| Head | LTE Band41 | 40620 | 2593 | 50RB-Low | Cheek Right | 0mm | 1 | 22.47 | 22.5 | 0.05 | 0.05 | 0.027 | 0.03 | 0.11 |
| Head | LTE Band41 | 40620 | 2593 | 50RB-Low | Tilt Right | 0mm | ١ ١ | 22.47 | 22.5 | 0.047 | 0.05 | 0.023 | 0.02 | 0.11 |

Body

| RF Exposure Condition s | Frequency Band | Channel Number | Frequency (MHz) | Mode/RB | Test Position | Distance | Figure No./Note | EUT Measured Power (dBm) | Tune up (dBm) | Measured SAR 1g (W/kg) | Reported SAR 1g (W/kg) | Measured SAR 10g (W/kg) | Reported SAR 10g (W/kg) | Power Drift |
|----------------------------------|----------------|-------------------|-----------------|------------|---------------|----------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|
| Hotspot | GSM850 | 190 | 836.6 | GPRS(4TX) | Front | 10mm | ١ ١ | 27.79 | 28.5 | 0.218 | 0.26 | 0.133 | 0.16 | -0.07 |
| Hotspot | GSM850 | 251 | 848.8 | GPRS(4TX) | Rear | 10mm | A.6 | 27.87 | 28.5 | 0.415 | 0.48 | 0.247 | 0.29 | 0.02 |
| Hotspot | GSM850 | 190 | 836.6 | GPRS(4TX) | Rear | 10mm | ١ ١ | 27.79 | 28.5 | 0.382 | 0.45 | 0.227 | 0.27 | 0.10 |
| Hotspot | GSM850 | 128 | 824.2 | GPRS(4TX) | Rear | 10mm | ١ ١ | 27.50 | 28.5 | 0.288 | 0.36 | 0.196 | 0.25 | -0.01 |
| Hotspot | GSM850 | 190 | 836.6 | GPRS(4TX) | Left | 10mm | ١ ١ | 27.79 | 28.5 | 0.169 | 0.20 | 0.11 | 0.13 | -0.03 |
| Hotspot | GSM850 | 190 | 836.6 | GPRS(4TX) | Right | 10mm | ١ ١ | 27.79 | 28.5 | 0.244 | 0.29 | 0.157 | 0.18 | 0.18 |
| Hotspot | GSM850 | 190 | 836.6 | GPRS(4TX) | Bottom | 10mm | ١ ١ | 27.79 | 28.5 | 0.21 | <0.01 | 0.116 | <0.01 | 0.13 |
| Hotspot | GSM850 | 251 | 848.8 | EGPRS(4TX) | Rear | 10mm | ١ ١ | 27.87 | 28.5 | 0.366 | 0.42 | 0.208 | 0.24 | 0.17 |
| Hotspot | WCDMA 850 | 4183 | 836.6 | RMC | Front | 10mm | ١ ١ | 24.61 | 25.5 | 0.239 | 0.29 | 0.167 | 0.20 | -0.05 |
| Hotspot | WCDMA 850 | 4233 | 846.6 | RMC | Rear | 10mm | A.7 | 24.65 | 25.5 | 0.396 | 0.48 | 0.237 | 0.29 | -0.02 |
| Hotspot | WCDMA 850 | 4183 | 836.6 | RMC | Rear | 10mm | ١. | 24.61 | 25.5 | 0.353 | 0.43 | 0.212 | 0.26 | 0.02 |
| Hotspot | WCDMA 850 | 4132 | 826.4 | RMC | Rear | 10mm | ١ ١ | 24.56 | 25.5 | 0.332 | 0.41 | 0.228 | 0.28 | -0.01 |
| Hotspot | WCDMA 850 | 4183 | 836.6 | RMC | Left | 10mm | ١ ١ | 24.61 | 25.5 | 0.185 | 0.23 | 0.118 | 0.14 | -0.10 |
| Hotspot | WCDMA 850 | 4183 | 836.6 | RMC | Right | 10mm | ١ ١ | 24.61 | 25.5 | 0.245 | 0.30 | 0.158 | 0.19 | -0.14 |
| Hotspot | WCDMA 850 | 4183 | 836.6 | RMC | Bottom | 10mm | \ | 24.61 | 25.5 | 0.236 | 0.29 | 0.126 | 0.15 | -0.13 |
| Hotspot | LTE Band5 | 20600 | 844 | 1RB-High | Front | 10mm | \ | 24.00 | 25 | 0.258 | 0.32 | 0.159 | 0.20 | -0.12 |
| Hotspot | LTE Band5 | 20600 | 844 | 1RB-High | Rear | 10mm | A.8 | 24.00 | 25 | 0.399 | 0.50 | 0.24 | 0.30 | -0.04 |
| Hotspot | LTE Band5 | 20600 | 844 | 1RB-High | Left | 10mm | \ | 24.00 | 25 | 0.196 | 0.25 | 0.126 | 0.16 | 0.08 |
| Hotspot | LTE Band5 | 20600 | 844 | 1RB-High | Right | 10mm | ١ ١ | 24.00 | 25 | 0.271 | 0.34 | 0.174 | 0.22 | -0.15 |
| Hotspot | LTE Band5 | 20600 | 844 | 1RB-High | Bottom | 10mm | ١ ١ | 24.00 | 25 | 0.281 | 0.35 | 0.148 | 0.19 | -0.12 |
| Hotspot | LTE Band5 | 20600 | 844 | 25RB-Low | Front | 10mm | ١ ١ | 23.00 | 24 | 0.198 | 0.25 | 0.122 | 0.15 | -0.13 |
| Hotspot | LTE Band5 | 20600 | 844 | 25RB-Low | Rear | 10mm | ١ ١ | 23.00 | 24 | 0.308 | 0.39 | 0.187 | 0.24 | 0.06 |
| Hotspot | LTE Band5 | 20600 | 844 | 25RB-Low | Left | 10mm | \ | 23.00 | 24 | 0.152 | 0.19 | 0.098 | 0.12 | -0.02 |
| Hotspot | LTE Band5 | 20600 | 844 | 25RB-Low | Right | 10mm | \ | 23.00 | 24 | 0.21 | 0.26 | 0.136 | 0.17 | -0.18 |
| Hotspot | LTE Band5 | 20600 | 844 | 25RB-Low | Bottom | 10mm | ١ ١ | 23.00 | 24 | 0.209 | 0.26 | 0.11 | 0.14 | 0.01 |
| Hotspot | LTE Band7 | 21100 | 2535 | 1RB-Mid | Front | 10mm | ١ ١ | 22.78 | 23.5 | 0.241 | 0.28 | 0.134 | 0.16 | 0.05 |
| Hotspot | LTE Band7 | 21100 | 2535 | 1RB-Mid | Rear | 10mm | ١ ١ | 22.78 | 23.5 | 0.482 | 0.57 | 0.242 | 0.29 | 0.19 |
| Hotspot | LTE Band7 | 21100 | 2535 | 1RB-Mid | Left | 10mm | ١ ١ | 22.78 | 23.5 | 0.273 | 0.32 | 0.15 | 0.18 | -0.04 |
| Hotspot | LTE Band7 | 21100 | 2535 | 1RB-Mid | Right | 10mm | ١ ١ | 22.78 | 23.5 | 0.112 | 0.13 | 0.064 | 0.08 | 0.19 |
| Hotspot | LTE Band7 | 21100 | 2535 | 1RB-Mid | Bottom | 10mm | A.9 | 22.78 | 23.5 | 0.49 | 0.58 | 0.242 | 0.29 | -0.06 |
| Hotspot | LTE Band7 | 21100 | 2535 | 50RB-Mid | Front | 10mm | ١ ١ | 21.83 | 22.5 | 0.188 | 0.22 | 0.104 | 0.12 | -0.03 |
| Hotspot | LTE Band7 | 21100 | 2535 | 50RB-Mid | Rear | 10mm | ١ ١ | 21.83 | 22.5 | 0.376 | 0.44 | 0.189 | 0.22 | -0.05 |
| Hotspot | LTE Band7 | 21100 | 2535 | 50RB-Mid | Left | 10mm | ١ ١ | 21.83 | 22.5 | 0.213 | 0.25 | 0.118 | 0.14 | -0.04 |
| Hotspot | LTE Band7 | 21100 | 2535 | 50RB-Mid | Right | 10mm | ١ ١ | 21.83 | 22.5 | 0.087 | 0.10 | 0.05 | 0.06 | 0.00 |
| Hotspot | LTE Band7 | 21100 | 2535 | 50RB-Mid | Bottom | 10mm | ١ ١ | 21.83 | 22.5 | 0.426 | 0.50 | 0.206 | 0.24 | -0.16 |
| Hotspot | LTE Band41 | 40620 | 2593 | 1RB-Mid | Front | 10mm | \ | 23.43 | 23.5 | 0.184 | 0.19 | 0.096 | 0.10 | 0.06 |
| Hotspot | LTE Band41 | 40620 | 2593 | 1RB-Mid | Rear | 10mm | A.10 | 23.43 | 23.5 | 0.301 | 0.31 | 0.146 | 0.15 | 0.03 |
| Hotspot | LTE Band41 | 40620 | 2593 | 1RB-Mid | Left | 10mm | 1 | 23.43 | 23.5 | 0.117 | 0.12 | 0.062 | 0.06 | -0.12 |
| Hotspot | LTE Band41 | 40620 | 2593 | 1RB-Mid | Right | 10mm | 1 | 23.43 | 23.5 | 0.07 | 0.07 | 0.038 | 0.04 | 0.18 |
| Hotspot | LTE Band41 | 40620 | 2593 | 1RB-Mid | Bottom | 10mm | \ | 23.43 | 23.5 | 0.17 | 0.17 | 0.085 | 0.09 | 0.14 |
| Hotspot | LTE Band41 | 40620 | 2593 | 50RB-Low | Front | 10mm | 1 | 22.47 | 22.5 | 0.118 | 0.12 | 0.066 | 0.07 | -0.13 |
| Hotspot | LTE Band41 | 40620 | 2593 | 50RB-Low | Rear | 10mm | 1 | 22.47 | 22.5 | 0.248 | 0.25 | 0.123 | 0.12 | 0.10 |
| Hotspot | LTE Band41 | 40620 | 2593 | 50RB-Low | Left | 10mm | i | 22.47 | 22.5 | 0.082 | 0.08 | 0.044 | 0.04 | 0.05 |
| Hotspot | LTE Band41 | 40620 | 2593 | 50RB-Low | Right | 10mm | 1 | 22.47 | 22.5 | 0.05 | 0.05 | 0.028 | 0.03 | 0.10 |
| Hotspot | LTE Band41 | 40620 | 2593 | 50RB-Low | Bottom | 10mm | i | 22.47 | 22.5 | 0.228 | 0.23 | 0.108 | 0.11 | 0.08 |





14.2 SAR Evaluation for 2.4GWIFI/BT

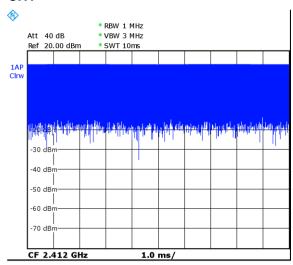
The maximum output power specified for production units are determined for all applicable 802.11 transmission modes in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. Maximum output power is measured for the highest maximum output power configuration(s) in each frequency band according to the default power measurement procedures.

When the same transmission mode configurations have the same maximum output power on the same channel for the 802.11 a/g/n/ac/ax modes, the channel in the lower order/sequence 802.11 mode (i.e. a, g, n ac then ax) is selected.

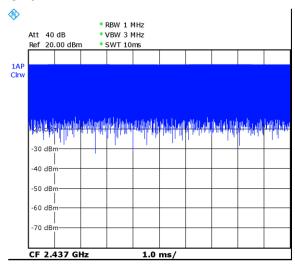
SAR Test reduction was applied from KDB 248227 guidance, when the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel in the initial test configuration, for each frequency band. Additional output power measurements were not deemed necessary.

Duty factor plot

CH₁



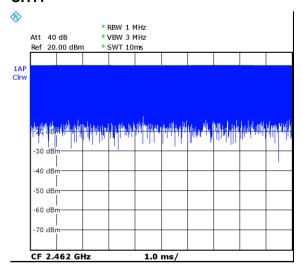
CH₆







CH11



WLAN 2.4G

S2: SIM2

S3: Single SIM card slot

| Test Position | Frequency Band | Channel Number | Frequency (MHz) | Mode/RB | Test Position | Distance | Figure No./Note | EUT Measured Power (dBm) | Tune up (dBm) | Duty Cycle | Measured SAR 1g (W/kg) | Reported SAR 1g (W/kg) | Measured SAR 10g (W/kg) | Reported SAR 10g (W/kg) | Power Drift |
|------------------|----------------|-------------------|--------------------|---------|---------------|----------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------|---------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------|
| Head | WLAN 2.4G | 11 | 2462 | 11b | Cheek Left | 0mm | ١ | 19.12 | 19.5 | 100% | 0.720 | 0.79 | 0.324 | 0.35 | -0.07 |
| Head | WLAN 2.4G | 11 | 2462 | 11b | Tilt Left | 0mm | A.11 | 19.12 | 19.5 | 100% | 0.941 | 1.03 | 0.400 | 0.44 | -0.05 |
| Head | WLAN 2.4G | 6 | 2437 | 11b | Tilt Left | 0mm | \ | 19.01 | 19.5 | 100% | 0.872 | 0.98 | 0.351 | 0.39 | -0.07 |
| Head | WLAN 2.4G | 1 | 2412 | 11b | Tilt Left | 0mm | \ | 18.93 | 19.5 | 100% | 0.855 | 0.97 | 0.346 | 0.39 | 0.03 |
| Head | WLAN 2.4G | 11 | 2462 | 11b | Cheek Right | 0mm | \ | 19.12 | 19.5 | 100% | 0.475 | 0.52 | 0.190 | 0.21 | -0.07 |
| Head | WLAN 2.4G | 11 | 2462 | 11b | Tilt Right | 0mm | \ | 19.12 | 19.5 | 100% | 0.563 | 0.61 | 0.233 | 0.25 | 0.19 |
| Head | WLAN 2.4G | 11 | 2462 | 11b | Tilt Left | 0mm | S2 | 19.12 | 19.5 | 100% | 0.893 | 0.97 | 0.364 | 0.40 | 0.07 |
| Head | WLAN 2.4G | 11 | 2462 | 11b | Tilt Left | 0mm | S3 | 19.12 | 19.5 | 100% | 0.881 | 0.96 | 0.353 | 0.39 | -0.12 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Body | WLAN 2.4G | 11 | 2462 | 11b | Front | 10mm | \ | 19.12 | 19.5 | 100% | 0.275 | 0.30 | 0.134 | 0.15 | 0.18 |
| Body | WLAN 2.4G | 11 | 2462 | 11b | Rear | 10mm | ١ ١ | 19.12 | 19.5 | 100% | 0.530 | 0.58 | 0.226 | 0.25 | 0.04 |
| Body | WLAN 2.4G | 11 | 2462 | 11b | Right | 10mm | ١ | 19.12 | 19.5 | 100% | 0.101 | 0.11 | 0.052 | 0.06 | 0.18 |
| Body | WLAN 2.4G | 11 | 2462 | 11b | Тор | 10mm | A.12 | 19.12 | 19.5 | 100% | 0.577 | 0.63 | 0.247 | 0.27 | 0.06 |

BT

| RF Exposure Condition s | Frequency Band | Channel Number | Frequency (MHz) | Mode/RB | Test Position | Distance | Figure No./Note | EUT Measured Power (dBm) | Tune up (dBm) | Measured SAR 1g (W/kg) | Reported SAR 1g (W/kg) | Measured SAR 10g (W/kg) | Reported SAR 10g (W/kg) | Power Drift |
|----------------------------------|----------------|-------------------|-----------------|---------|---------------|----------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|
| Head | BT | 39 | 2480 | GFSK | Cheek Left | 0mm | \ | 9.04 | 10 | <0.01 | < 0.01 | <0.01 | <0.01 | \ |
| Head | BT | 39 | 2480 | GFSK | Tilt Left | 0mm | \ | 9.04 | 10 | < 0.01 | < 0.01 | <0.01 | < 0.01 | \ |
| Head | BT | 39 | 2480 | GFSK | Cheek Right | 0mm | \ | 9.04 | 10 | < 0.01 | < 0.01 | <0.01 | < 0.01 | \ |
| Head | BT | 39 | 2480 | GFSK | Tilt Right | 0mm | \ | 9.04 | 10 | <0.01 | < 0.01 | <0.01 | <0.01 | \ |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Body | BT | 39 | 2480 | GFSK | Front | 10mm | \ | 9.04 | 10 | < 0.01 | < 0.01 | < 0.01 | < 0.01 | \ |
| Body | BT | 39 | 2480 | GFSK | Rear | 10mm | \ | 9.04 | 10 | < 0.01 | < 0.01 | <0.01 | < 0.01 | \ |
| Body | BT | 39 | 2480 | GFSK | Right | 10mm | \ | 9.04 | 10 | < 0.01 | < 0.01 | <0.01 | < 0.01 | \ |
| Body | BT | 39 | 2480 | GFSK | Тор | 10mm | \ | 9.04 | 10 | <0.01 | <0.01 | <0.01 | <0.01 | \ |





14.3 SAR Evaluation For WIFI 5G

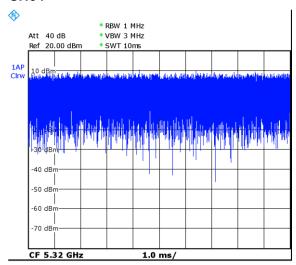
The maximum output power specified for production units are determined for all applicable 802.11 transmission modes in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. Maximum output power is measured for the highest maximum output power configuration(s) in each frequency band according to the default power measurement procedures.

When the same transmission mode configurations have the same maximum output power on the same channel for the 802.11 a/g/n/ac/ax modes, the channel in the lower order/sequence 802.11 mode (i.e. a, g, n ac then ax) is selected.

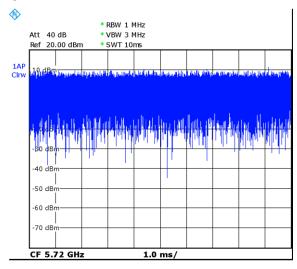
SAR Test reduction was applied from KDB 248227 guidance, when the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel in the initial test configuration, for each frequency band. Additional output power measurements were not deemed necessary.

Duty factor plot

CH64



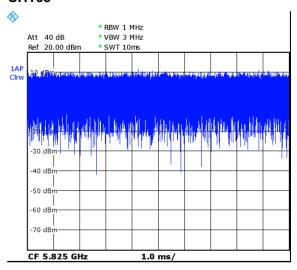
CH144







CH165



WLAN 5G

S2: SIM2

S3: Single SIM card slot

| Test Position | Frequency Band | Channel Number | Frequency (MHz) | Mode/RB | Test Position | Distance | Figure No./Note | EUT Measured Power (dBm) | Tune up (dBm) | Duty Cycle | Measured SAR 1g (W/kg) | Reported SAR 1g (W/kg) | Measured SAR 10g (W/kg) | Reported SAR 10g (W/kg) | Power Drift |
|------------------|----------------|-------------------|--------------------|---------|---------------|----------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------|---------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------|
| Head | WLAN 5G | 64 | 5320 | 11a | Cheek Left | 0mm | ١ | 14.37 | 15.5 | 100% | 0.220 | 0.29 | 0.071 | 0.09 | -0.09 |
| Head | WLAN 5G | 64 | 5320 | 11a | Tilt Left | 0mm | \ | 14.37 | 15.5 | 100% | 0.312 | 0.40 | 0.086 | 0.11 | 0.12 |
| Head | WLAN 5G | 64 | 5320 | 11a | Cheek Right | 0mm | \ | 14.37 | 15.5 | 100% | 0.116 | 0.15 | 0.045 | 0.06 | 0.1 |
| Head | WLAN 5G | 64 | 5320 | 11a | Tilt Right | 0mm | ١ | 14.37 | 15.5 | 100% | 0.181 | 0.23 | 0.061 | 0.08 | -0.08 |
| Head | WLAN 5G | 144 | 5720 | 11a | Cheek Left | 0mm | ١ | 14.88 | 15.5 | 100% | 0.233 | 0.27 | 0.077 | 0.09 | -0.16 |
| Head | WLAN 5G | 144 | 5720 | 11a | Tilt Left | 0mm | A.13 | 14.88 | 15.5 | 100% | 0.363 | 0.42 | 0.107 | 0.12 | 0.03 |
| Head | WLAN 5G | 144 | 5720 | 11a | Cheek Right | 0mm | ١ | 14.88 | 15.5 | 100% | 0.126 | 0.15 | 0.042 | 0.05 | 0.15 |
| Head | WLAN 5G | 144 | 5720 | 11a | Tilt Right | 0mm | ١ | 14.88 | 15.5 | 100% | 0.186 | 0.21 | 0.061 | 0.07 | 0.18 |
| Head | WLAN 5G | 165 | 5825 | 11a | Cheek Left | 0mm | ١ | 15.31 | 15.5 | 100% | 0.227 | 0.24 | 0.075 | 0.08 | 0.02 |
| Head | WLAN 5G | 165 | 5825 | 11a | Tilt Left | 0mm | \ | 15.31 | 15.5 | 100% | 0.314 | 0.33 | 0.105 | 0.11 | 0.05 |
| Head | WLAN 5G | 165 | 5825 | 11a | Cheek Right | 0mm | ١ | 15.31 | 15.5 | 100% | 0.182 | 0.19 | 0.060 | 0.06 | -0.04 |
| Head | WLAN 5G | 165 | 5825 | 11a | Tilt Right | 0mm | \ | 15.31 | 15.5 | 100% | 0.264 | 0.28 | 0.084 | 0.09 | 0.11 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Body | WLAN 5G | 64 | 5320 | 11a | Front | 10mm | \ | 14.37 | 15.5 | 100% | 0.057 | 0.07 | 0.014 | 0.02 | -0.03 |
| Body | WLAN 5G | 64 | 5320 | 11a | Rear | 10mm | \ | 14.37 | 15.5 | 100% | 0.422 | 0.55 | 0.154 | 0.20 | 0.01 |
| Body | WLAN 5G | 64 | 5320 | 11a | Right | 10mm | 1 | 14.37 | 15.5 | 100% | 0.101 | 0.13 | 0.026 | 0.03 | -0.02 |
| Body | WLAN 5G | 64 | 5320 | 11a | Top | 10mm | \ | 14.37 | 15.5 | 100% | 0.357 | 0.46 | 0.122 | 0.16 | -0.12 |
| Body | WLAN 5G | 144 | 5720 | 11a | Front | 10mm | \ | 14.88 | 15.5 | 100% | 0.098 | 0.11 | 0.024 | 0.03 | 0.12 |
| Body | WLAN 5G | 144 | 5720 | 11a | Rear | 10mm | A.14 | 14.88 | 15.5 | 100% | 0.788 | 0.91 | 0.255 | 0.29 | 0.04 |
| Body | WLAN 5G | 124 | 5620 | 11a | Rear | 10mm | \ | 14.72 | 15.5 | 100% | 0.633 | 0.76 | 0.214 | 0.26 | 0.07 |
| Body | WLAN 5G | 100 | 5500 | 11a | Rear | 10mm | ١ ١ | 14.19 | 15.5 | 100% | 0.615 | 0.83 | 0.207 | 0.28 | -0.14 |
| Body | WLAN 5G | 144 | 5720 | 11a | Right | 10mm | \ | 14.88 | 15.5 | 100% | 0.127 | 0.15 | 0.030 | 0.03 | -0.1 |
| Body | WLAN 5G | 144 | 5720 | 11a | Тор | 10mm | \ | 14.88 | 15.5 | 100% | 0.439 | 0.51 | 0.152 | 0.18 | -0.04 |
| Body | WLAN 5G | 144 | 5720 | 11a | Rear | 10mm | S2 | 14.88 | 15.5 | 100% | 0.734 | 0.85 | 0.228 | 0.26 | 0.06 |
| Body | WLAN 5G | 144 | 5720 | 11a | Rear | 10mm | S3 | 14.88 | 15.5 | 100% | 0.744 | 0.86 | 0.231 | 0.27 | 0.13 |
| Body | WLAN 5G | 165 | 5825 | 11a | Front | 10mm | \ | 15.31 | 15.5 | 100% | 0.063 | 0.07 | 0.023 | 0.02 | -0.09 |
| Body | WLAN 5G | 165 | 5825 | 11a | Rear | 10mm | \ | 15.31 | 15.5 | 100% | 0.725 | 0.76 | 0.245 | 0.26 | 0.18 |
| Body | WLAN 5G | 165 | 5825 | 11a | Right | 10mm | \ | 15.31 | 15.5 | 100% | 0.095 | 0.10 | 0.023 | 0.02 | -0.01 |
| Body | WLAN 5G | 165 | 5825 | 11a | Тор | 10mm | \ | 15.31 | 15.5 | 100% | 0.491 | 0.51 | 0.163 | 0.17 | -0.02 |





15 SAR Measurement Variability

SAR measurement variability must be assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media are required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures should be applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium.

The following procedures are applied to determine if repeated measurements are required.

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg ($\sim 10\%$ from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20

| Mode | СН | Freq | Test Pos | ition | Original SAR(W/kg) | First Repeated SAR(W/kg) | The Ratio |
|----------|----|------|-----------|-------|-----------------------|--------------------------------|-----------|
| WIFI2.4G | 11 | 2462 | Tilt Left | 0mm | 0.941 | 0.914 | 1.03 |
| WIFI2.4G | 6 | 2437 | Tilt Left | 0mm | 0.872 | 0.836 | 1.04 |
| WIFI2.4G | 1 | 2412 | Tilt Left | 0mm | 0.855 | 0.829 | 1.03 |





16 Measurement Uncertainty

16.1 Measurement Uncertainty for Normal SAR Tests (300MHz~3GHz)

| No. | Error Description | Type | Uncertainty | Probably | Div. | (Ci) | (Ci) | Std. | Std. | Degree |
|------|---|------|-------------|----------------|------------|------|------|------|-------|----------|
| | - | | value | Distribution | | 1g | 10g | Unc. | Unc. | of |
| | | | | | | | | (1g) | (10g) | freedom |
| Meas | surement system | | | | I. | I. | I. | | I. | |
| 1 | Probe calibration | В | 6.0 | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | 6.0 | 6.0 | ∞ |
| 2 | Isotropy | В | 4.7 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.7 | 0.7 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 8 |
| 3 | Boundary effect | В | 1.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 8 |
| 4 | Linearity | В | 4.7 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 8 |
| 5 | Detection limit | В | 1.0 | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 8 |
| 6 | Readout electronics | В | 0.3 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 8 |
| 7 | Response time | В | 0.8 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 8 |
| 8 | Integration time | В | 2.6 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 8 |
| 9 | RF ambient conditions-noise | В | 0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 8 |
| 10 | RFambient conditions-reflection | В | 0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 8 |
| 11 | Probe positioned mech. restrictions | В | 0.4 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 8 |
| 12 | Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell | В | 2.9 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 8 |
| 13 | Post-processing | В | 1.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 8 |
| | | | Test | sample related | il | | • | | | |
| 14 | Test sample positioning | A | 3.3 | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 71 |
| 15 | Device holder uncertainty | A | 3.4 | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 5 |
| 16 | Drift of output power | В | 5.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 8 |
| | | | Phan | tom and set-u | - | | | | | |
| 17 | Phantom uncertainty | В | 4.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 2.3 | 2.3 | ∞ |
| 18 | Liquid conductivity (target) | В | 5.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.64 | 0.43 | 1.8 | 1.2 | 8 |
| 19 | Liquid conductivity (meas.) | A | 2.06 | N | 1 | 0.64 | 0.43 | 1.32 | 0.89 | 43 |
| 20 | Liquid permittivity (target) | В | 5.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.6 | 0.49 | 1.7 | 1.4 | 8 |
| 21 | Liquid permittivity (meas.) | A | 1.6 | N | 1 | 0.6 | 0.49 | 1.0 | 0.8 | 521 |



| Combined standard uncertainty | $u_c' = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{21} c_i^2 u_i^2}$ | | | 9.55 | 9.43 | 257 |
|--|---|--|--|------|------|-----|
| Expanded uncertainty (confidence interval of 95 %) | $u_e = 2u_c$ | | | 19.1 | 18.9 | |

16.2 Measurement Uncertainty for Normal SAR Tests (3~6GHz)

| 10.2 | Measurement Un | | | ı | | <u>3~0G</u> | 112) | 1 | | | | | |
|------|---|------|-------------|----------------|------------|-------------|------|------|-------|----------|--|--|--|
| No. | Error Description | Type | Uncertainty | Probably | Div. | (Ci) | (Ci) | Std. | Std. | Degree | | | |
| | | | value | Distribution | | 1g | 10g | Unc. | Unc. | of | | | |
| | | | | | | | | (1g) | (10g) | freedom | | | |
| Meas | Measurement system | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Probe calibration | В | 6.55 | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | 6.55 | 6.55 | ∞ | | | |
| 2 | Isotropy | В | 4.7 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.7 | 0.7 | 1.9 | 1.9 | ∞ | | | |
| 3 | Boundary effect | В | 2.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 1.2 | 1.2 | ∞ | | | |
| 4 | Linearity | В | 4.7 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 2.7 | 2.7 | ∞ | | | |
| 5 | Detection limit | В | 1.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 8 | | | |
| 6 | Readout electronics | В | 0.3 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 0.3 | 0.3 | ∞ | | | |
| 7 | Response time | В | 0.8 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 0.5 | 0.5 | ∞ | | | |
| 8 | Integration time | В | 2.6 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 1.5 | 1.5 | ∞ | | | |
| 9 | RF ambient conditions-noise | В | 0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 8 | | | |
| 10 | RFambient conditions-reflection | В | 0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | ∞ | | | |
| 11 | Probe positioned mech. restrictions | В | 0.8 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 0.5 | 0.5 | ∞ | | | |
| 12 | Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell | В | 6.7 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 3.9 | 3.9 | ∞ | | | |
| 13 | Post-processing | В | 4.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 2.3 | 2.3 | ∞ | | | |
| | | | Test | sample related | 1 | | • | • | | | | | |
| 14 | Test sample positioning | A | 3.3 | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 71 | | | |
| 15 | Device holder uncertainty | A | 3.4 | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 5 | | | |
| 16 | Drift of output power | В | 5.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 8 | | | |
| | | | Phan | tom and set-u | p | | | | | | | | |
| 17 | Phantom uncertainty | В | 4.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 8 | | | |
| 18 | Liquid conductivity (target) | В | 5.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.64 | 0.43 | 1.8 | 1.2 | ∞ | | | |
| 19 | Liquid conductivity (meas.) | A | 2.06 | N | 1 | 0.64 | 0.43 | 1.32 | 0.89 | 43 | | | |
| 20 | Liquid permittivity (target) | В | 5.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.6 | 0.49 | 1.7 | 1.4 | 8 | | | |



| 21 | Liquid permittivity (meas.) | A | 1.6 | N | 1 | 0.6 | 0.49 | 1.0 | 0.8 | 521 |
|----|---------------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------------|---|---|-----|------|------|------|-----|
| (| Combined standard uncertainty | $u_c^{'} =$ | $\sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{21} c_i^2 u_i^2}$ | | | | | 10.7 | 10.6 | 257 |
| _ | anded uncertainty fidence interval of | t | $u_e = 2u_c$ | | | | | 21.4 | 21.1 | |

| | Measurement Un | | · · | | _ ` | | 1 | | I | | | | |
|-----|---|------|-------------|----------------|--|------|------|------|-------|---------|--|--|--|
| No. | Error Description | Type | Uncertainty | Probably | Div. | (Ci) | (Ci) | Std. | Std. | Degree | | | |
| | | | value | Distribution | | 1g | 10g | Unc. | Unc. | of | | | |
| | | | | | | | | (1g) | (10g) | freedom | | | |
| Mea | Measurement system | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Probe calibration | В | 6.0 | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | 6.0 | 6.0 | 8 | | | |
| 2 | Isotropy | В | 4.7 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.7 | 0.7 | 1.9 | 1.9 | ∞ | | | |
| 3 | Boundary effect | В | 1.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 0.6 | 0.6 | ∞ | | | |
| 4 | Linearity | В | 4.7 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 8 | | | |
| 5 | Detection limit | В | 1.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 8 | | | |
| 6 | Readout electronics | В | 0.3 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 8 | | | |
| 7 | Response time | В | 0.8 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 8 | | | |
| 8 | Integration time | В | 2.6 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 8 | | | |
| 9 | RF ambient conditions-noise | В | 0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 8 | | | |
| 10 | RFambient conditions-reflection | В | 0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 8 | | | |
| 11 | Probe positioned mech. Restrictions | В | 0.4 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 8 | | | |
| 12 | Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell | В | 2.9 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 8 | | | |
| 13 | Post-processing | В | 1.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 8 | | | |
| 14 | Fast SAR z- Approximation | В | 7.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 8 | | | |
| | | | Test | sample related | d | | • | • | • | | | | |
| 15 | Test sample positioning | A | 3.3 | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 71 | | | |
| 16 | Device holder uncertainty | A | 3.4 | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 5 | | | |
| 17 | Drift of output power | В | 5.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 8 | | | |
| | | | Phan | tom and set-u | <u> — </u> | | | | | | | | |
| 18 | Phantom uncertainty | В | 4.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 2.3 | 2.3 | ∞ | | | |
| 19 | Liquid conductivity (target) | В | 5.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.64 | 0.43 | 1.8 | 1.2 | 8 | | | |



| 20 | Liquid conductivity (meas.) | A | 2.06 | N | 1 | 0.64 | 0.43 | 1.32 | 0.89 | 43 |
|-------|--|---|--------------------------------------|---|------------|------|------|------|------|-----|
| 21 | Liquid permittivity (target) | В | 5.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.6 | 0.49 | 1.7 | 1.4 | 8 |
| 22 | Liquid permittivity (meas.) | A | 1.6 | N | 1 | 0.6 | 0.49 | 1.0 | 0.8 | 521 |
| (| Combined standard uncertainty | | $\sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{22} c_i^2 u_i^2}$ | | | | | 10.4 | 10.3 | 257 |
| (conf | Expanded uncertainty (confidence interval of 95 %) | | $u_e = 2u_c$ | | | | | 20.8 | 20.6 | |

16.4 Measurement Uncertainty for Fast SAR Tests (3~6GHz)

| No. | Error Description | Type | Uncertainty | Probably | Div. | (Ci) | (Ci) | Std. | Std. | Degree | | | |
|-----|---|------|-------------|----------------|------------|------|------|------|-------|----------|--|--|--|
| | | | value | Distribution | | 1g | 10g | Unc. | Unc. | of | | | |
| | | | | | | | | (1g) | (10g) | freedom | | | |
| Mea | Measurement system | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Probe calibration | В | 6.55 | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | 6.55 | 6.55 | ∞ | | | |
| 2 | Isotropy | В | 4.7 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.7 | 0.7 | 1.9 | 1.9 | ∞ | | | |
| 3 | Boundary effect | В | 2.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 1.2 | 1.2 | ∞ | | | |
| 4 | Linearity | В | 4.7 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 2.7 | 2.7 | ∞ | | | |
| 5 | Detection limit | В | 1.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 0.6 | 0.6 | ∞ | | | |
| 6 | Readout electronics | В | 0.3 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 0.3 | 0.3 | ∞ | | | |
| 7 | Response time | В | 0.8 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 0.5 | 0.5 | ∞ | | | |
| 8 | Integration time | В | 2.6 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 1.5 | 1.5 | ∞ | | | |
| 9 | RF ambient conditions-noise | В | 0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | ∞ | | | |
| 10 | RFambient conditions-reflection | В | 0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | ∞ | | | |
| 11 | Probe positioned mech. Restrictions | В | 0.8 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 8 | | | |
| 12 | Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell | В | 6.7 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 3.9 | 3.9 | ∞ | | | |
| 13 | Post-processing | В | 1.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 0.6 | 0.6 | ∞ | | | |
| 14 | Fast SAR z- Approximation | В | 14.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 8.1 | 8.1 | 8 | | | |
| | | | Test | sample related | d | | | | | | | | |
| 15 | Test sample positioning | A | 3.3 | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 71 | | | |
| 16 | Device holder uncertainty | A | 3.4 | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 5 | | | |





| 17 | Drift of output power | В | 5.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 2.9 | 2.9 | ∞ | | | | |
|-------|--|---|--------------------------------------|---|------------|------|------|------|------|-----|--|--|--|--|
| | Phantom and set-up | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 18 | Phantom uncertainty | В | 4.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 2.3 | 2.3 | ∞ | | | | |
| 19 | Liquid conductivity (target) | В | 5.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.64 | 0.43 | 1.8 | 1.2 | 8 | | | | |
| 20 | Liquid conductivity (meas.) | A | 2.06 | N | 1 | 0.64 | 0.43 | 1.32 | 0.89 | 43 | | | | |
| 21 | Liquid permittivity (target) | В | 5.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.6 | 0.49 | 1.7 | 1.4 | 8 | | | | |
| 22 | Liquid permittivity (meas.) | A | 1.6 | N | 1 | 0.6 | 0.49 | 1.0 | 0.8 | 521 | | | | |
| (| Combined standard uncertainty | | $\sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{22} c_i^2 u_i^2}$ | | | | | 13.5 | 13.4 | 257 | | | | |
| (cont | Expanded uncertainty (confidence interval of 95 %) | | $u_e = 2u_c$ | | | | | 27.0 | 26.8 | | | | | |





17 MAIN TEST INSTRUMENTS

Table 17.1: List of Main Instruments

| No. | Name | Туре | Serial Number | Calibration Date | Valid Period | |
|-----|-----------------------|---------------|------------------|--------------------------|--------------|--|
| 01 | Network analyzer | E5071C | MY46110673 | January 14, 2022 | One year | |
| 02 | Power sensor | NRP110T | 101139 | January 13, 2022 | One year | |
| 03 | Power sensor | NRP110T | 101159 | January 13, 2022 | One year | |
| 04 | Signal Generator | E4438C | MY49071430 | January 13, 2022 | One Year | |
| 05 | Amplifier | 60S1G4 | 0331848 | No Calibration Requested | | |
| 06 | BTS | CMW500 | 159850 | January 24, 2022 | One year | |
| 07 | E-field Probe | SPEAG EX3DV4 | 7517 | January 19, 2022 | One year | |
| 08 | DAE | SPEAG DAE4 | 1525 | September 1, 2021 | One year | |
| 09 | Dipole Validation Kit | SPEAG D835V2 | 4d069 | July 21,2021 | One year | |
| 10 | Dipole Validation Kit | SPEAG D2450V2 | 853 | July 26,2021 | One year | |
| 11 | Dipole Validation Kit | SPEAG D2600V2 | 1012 | July 26,2021 | One year | |
| 12 | Dipole Validation Kit | SPEAG D5GHzV2 | 1060 | June 22,2021 | One year | |

^{***}END OF REPORT BODY***





Appendixes

Refer to separated files for the following appendixes

ANNEX A Graph Results

ANNEX B System Verification Results

ANNEX C SAR Measurement Setup

ANNEX D Position of the wireless device in relation to the phantom

ANNEX E Equivalent Media Recipes

ANNEX F System Validation

ANNEX G Probe Calibration Certificate

ANNEX H Dipole Calibration Certificate

ANNEX I Accreditation Certificate





ANNEX A Graph Results

GSM850 Head

Date/Time: 6/4/2022

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 848.8 MHz; $\sigma = 0.94 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r =$

44.09; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, GSM 850 Frequency: 848.8 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(9.7, 9.7, 9.7); Calibrated: 1/19/2022

Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.441 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.181 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.489 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.358 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.273 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.435 W/kg

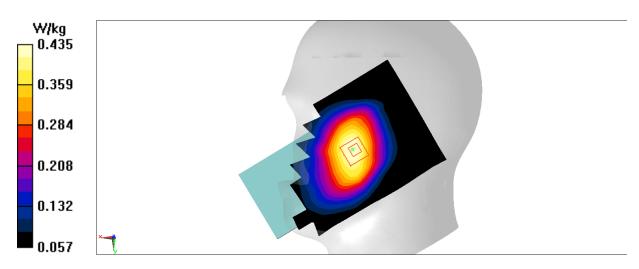


Fig A.1





WCDMA850 Head

Date/Time: 6/4/2022

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 846.6 MHz; σ = 0.939 S/m; $\epsilon_{\rm r}$ =

44.083; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA 850 (0) Frequency: 846.6 MHz Duty Cycle:

1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(9.7, 9.7, 9.7); Calibrated: 1/19/2022

Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.417 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.273 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.478 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.349 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.265 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.424 W/kg

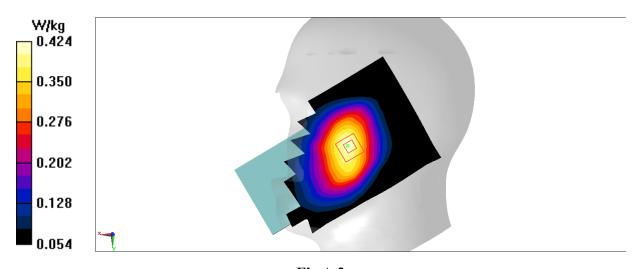


Fig A.2





LTEB5 Head

Date/Time: 6/4/2022

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 844 MHz; σ = 0.938 S/m; $\epsilon_{\rm r}$ =

44.074; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band5 (0) Frequency: 844 MHz Duty Cycle:

1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(9.7, 9.7, 9.7); Calibrated: 1/19/2022

Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.333 W/kg

Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.153 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.375 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.287 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.225 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.343 W/kg

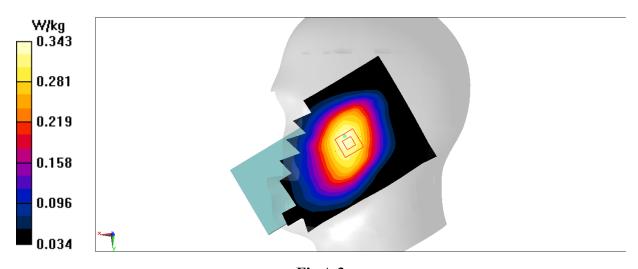


Fig A.3





LTEB7 Head

Date/Time: 6/12/2022

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 2535 MHz; $\sigma = 1.954$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.777$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band7-20M (0) Frequency: 2535 MHz Duty

Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(7.16, 7.16, 7.16); Calibrated: 1/19/2022

Area Scan (101x181x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.244 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.940 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.299 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.171 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.093 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.252 W/kg

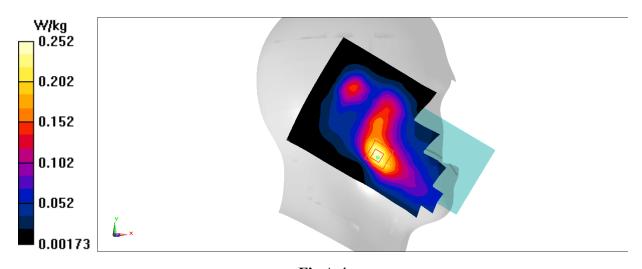


Fig A.4





LTEB41 Head

Date/Time: 6/12/2022

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2593 MHz; σ = 1.981 S/m; $\epsilon_{\rm r}$ =

40.625; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band41 PC3 (0) Frequency: 2593 MHz Duty

Cycle: 1:1.5787

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(6.97, 6.97, 6.97); Calibrated: 1/19/2022

Area Scan (101x181x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.137 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.155 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.164 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.091 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.050 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.136 W/kg

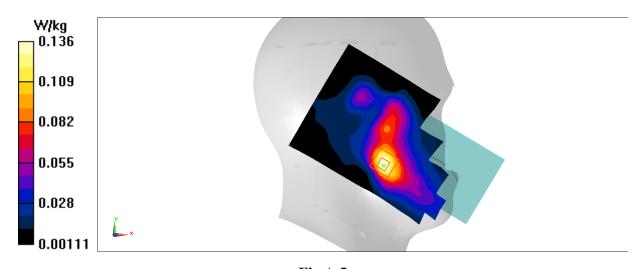


Fig A.5





GSM850 Body

Date/Time: 6/4/2022

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 848.8 MHz; $\sigma = 0.94 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r =$

44.09; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, GSM 850 Glass 12 (0) Frequency: 848.8 MHz Duty

Cvcle: 1:1.99986

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(9.7, 9.7, 9.7); Calibrated: 1/19/2022

Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.659 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 18.87 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.767 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.415 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.247 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.625 W/kg

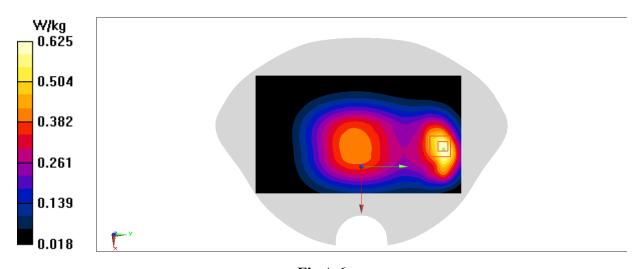


Fig A.6





W850 Body

Date/Time: 6/4/2022

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 846.6 MHz; σ = 0.939 S/m; $\epsilon_{\rm r}$ =

44.083; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA 850 (0) Frequency: 846.6 MHz Duty Cycle:

1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(9.7, 9.7, 9.7); Calibrated: 1/19/2022

Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.620 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 20.37 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.724 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.396 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.237 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.590 W/kg

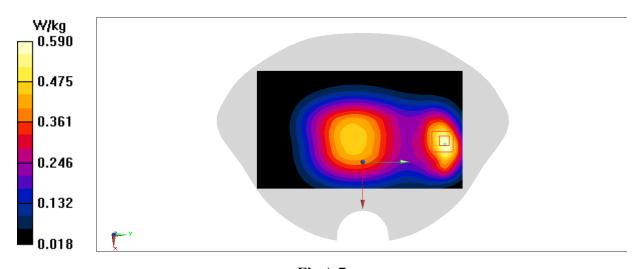


Fig A.7





LTEB5 Body

Date/Time: 6/4/2022

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 844 MHz; $\sigma = 0.938$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 0.938$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.938$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 0.938$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.938$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 0.938$ MHz; ϵ

44.074; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band5 (0) Frequency: 844 MHz Duty Cycle:

1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(9.7, 9.7, 9.7); Calibrated: 1/19/2022

Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.620 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 18.55 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.715 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.399 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.240 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.589 W/kg

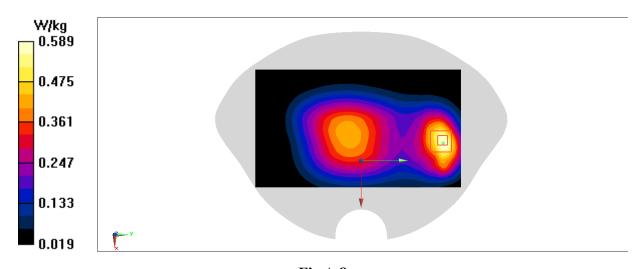


Fig A.8





LTEB7 Body

Date/Time: 6/12/2022

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 2535 MHz; σ = 1.954 S/m; $\epsilon_{\rm r}$ = 40.777; ρ = 1000

 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band7-20M (0) Frequency: 2535 MHz Duty

Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(7.16, 7.16, 7.16); Calibrated: 1/19/2022

Area Scan (101x181x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.744 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.87 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.951 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.490 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.242 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.782 W/kg

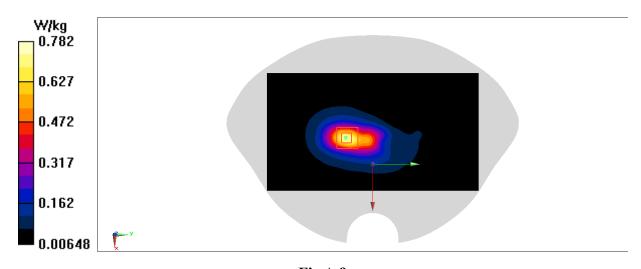


Fig A.9





LTEB41 Body

Date/Time: 6/12/2022

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2593 MHz; σ = 1.981 S/m; $\epsilon_{\rm r}$ =

40.625; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band41 PC3 (0) Frequency: 2593 MHz Duty

Cycle: 1:1.5787

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(6.97, 6.97, 6.97); Calibrated: 1/19/2022

Area Scan (101x181x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.522 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.164 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.654 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.301 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.146 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.506 W/kg

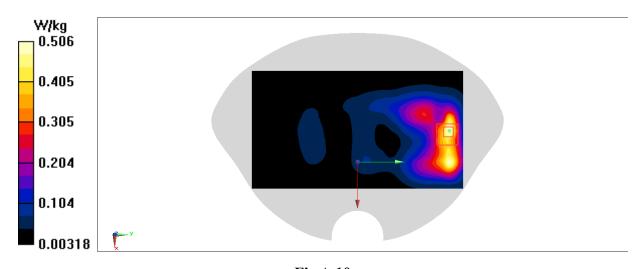


Fig A.10





wifi 2.4G head

Date/Time: 6/10/2022

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2462 MHz; σ = 1.887 S/m; $\epsilon_{\rm r}$ =

41.04; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, WLan 2450 (0) Frequency: 2462 MHz Duty Cycle:

1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(7.16, 7.16, 7.16); Calibrated: 1/19/2022

Area Scan (101x191x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.75 W/kg

Zoom Scan (12x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.89 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.29 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.941 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.400 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.73 W/kg

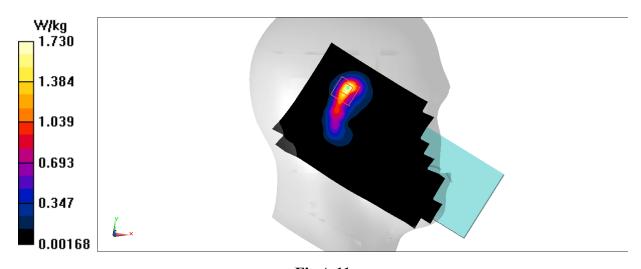


Fig A.11





WIFI 2.4G Body

Date/Time: 6/10/2022

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2462 MHz; σ = 1.887 S/m; $\epsilon_{\rm r}$ =

41.04; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, WLan 2450 (0) Frequency: 2462 MHz Duty Cycle:

1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(7.16, 7.16, 7.16); Calibrated: 1/19/2022

Area Scan (101x181x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.931 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.643 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.16 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.557 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.247 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.941 W/kg

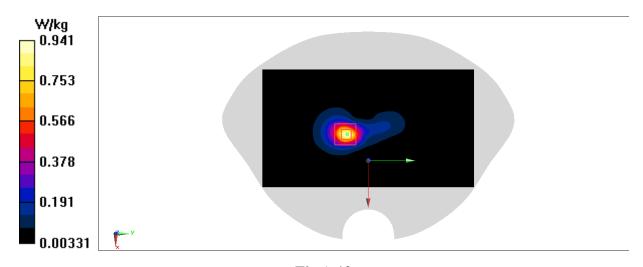


Fig A.12





wifi 5G head

Date/Time: 6/21/2022

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 5720 MHz; σ = 5.21 S/m; $\epsilon_{\rm r}$ = 35.091; ρ = 1000

 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, WLan 11a (0) Frequency: 5720 MHz Duty Cycle:

1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(4.75, 4.75, 4.75); Calibrated: 1/19/2022

Area Scan (121x211x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.809 W/kg

Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 3.037 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.76 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.363 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.107 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.961 W/kg

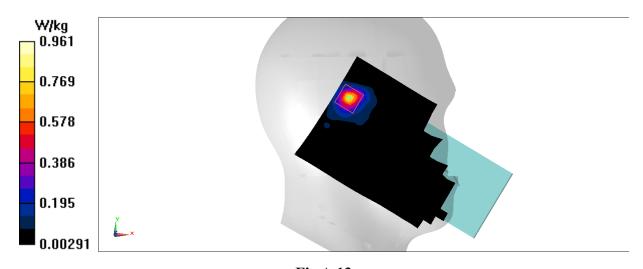


Fig A.13





WIFI5G Body

Date/Time: 6/21/2022

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 5720 MHz; σ = 5.21 S/m; $\epsilon_{\rm r}$ = 35.091; ρ = 1000

 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, WLan 11a (0) Frequency: 5720 MHz Duty Cycle:

1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(4.75, 4.75, 4.75); Calibrated: 1/19/2022

Area Scan (121x221x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.00 W/kg

Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 1.052 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.29 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.788 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.255 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.92 W/kg

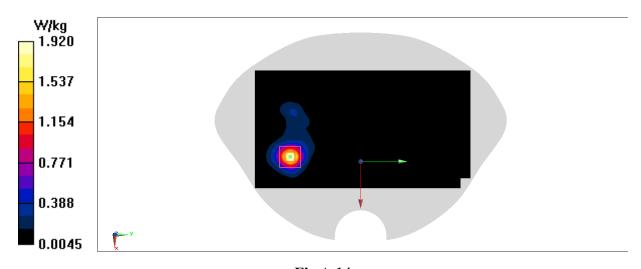


Fig A.14

ANNEX B System Verification Results

SystemPerformanceCheck-D835_4d120

Date/Time: 6/4/2022

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.933$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 44.038$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

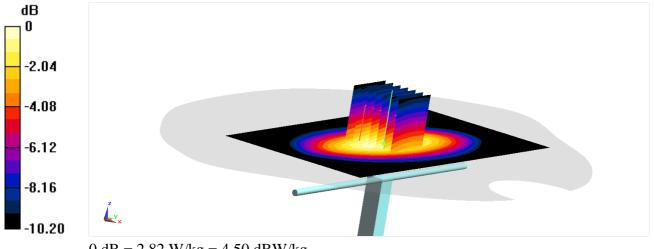
Communication System: UID 0, CW (0) Frequency: 835 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(9.3, 9.3, 9.3); Calibrated: 1/19/2022

System Performance Check at Frequencies below 1 GHz/d=15mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (61x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.76 W/kg

System Performance Check at Frequencies below 1 GHz/d=15mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 54.37 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.34 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.24 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.47 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.82 W/kg



0 dB = 2.82 W/kg = 4.50 dBW/kg

SystemPerformanceCheck-D2450_869

Date/Time: 6/10/2022

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.882 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 41.039$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature:23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0) Frequency: 2450 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(7.16, 7.16, 7.16); Calibrated: 1/19/2022

System Performance Check at Frequencies above 1 GHz/d=10mm, Pin=250mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (51x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 21.5 W/kg

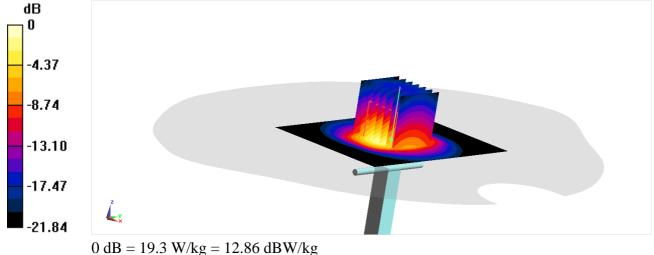
System Performance Check at Frequencies above 1 GHz/d=10mm, Pin=250mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 103.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 25.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.7 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.95 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.3 W/kg



SystemPerformanceCheck-2600_1012

Date/Time: 6/12/2022

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz; $\sigma = 1.988 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 40.575$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature:23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0) Frequency: 2600 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(6.97, 6.97, 6.97); Calibrated: 1/19/2022

System Performance Check at Frequencies above 1 GHz/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (81x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 20.4 W/kg

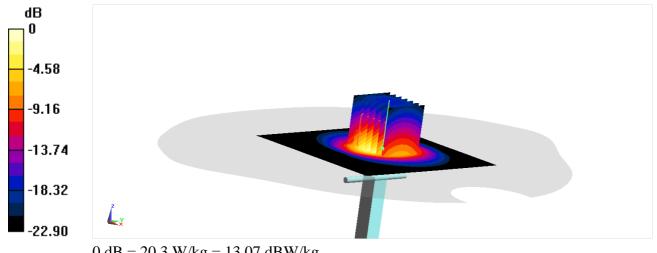
System Performance Check at Frequencies above 1 GHz/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 92.39 V/m; Power Drift = 0.20 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.24 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.86 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.3 W/kg



0 dB = 20.3 W/kg = 13.07 dBW/kg

SystemPerformanceCheck-D5GHz-graded

Date/Time: 6/15/2022

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 5250 MHz; $\sigma = 4.656$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 36.068$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0) Frequency: 5250 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(5.3, 5.3, 5.3); Calibrated: 1/19/2022

System Performance Check with D5GHzV2 Dipole (graded grid)/d=10mm, Pin=100mW, f=5250

MHz/Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 19.5 W/kg

$System\ Performance\ Check\ with\ D5GHzV2\ Dipole\ (graded\ grid)/d=10mm,\ Pin=100mW,\ f=5250m$

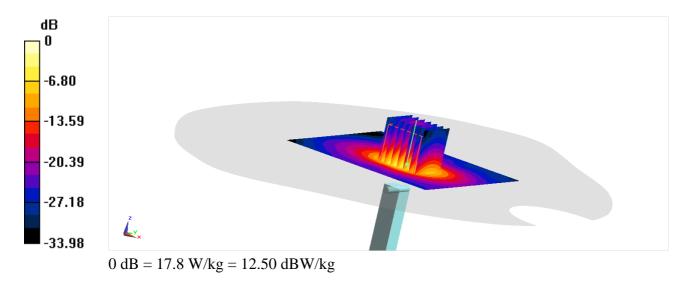
MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x11)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 44.80 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.72 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.2 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.8 W/kg



SystemPerformanceCheck-D5GHz-graded

Date/Time: 6/19/2022

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz; $\sigma = 5.071$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 35.418$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0) Frequency: 5600 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(4.7, 4.7, 4.7); Calibrated: 1/19/2022

System Performance Check with D5GHzV2 Dipole (graded grid)/d=10mm, Pin=100mW, f=5600

MHz/Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 24.5 W/kg

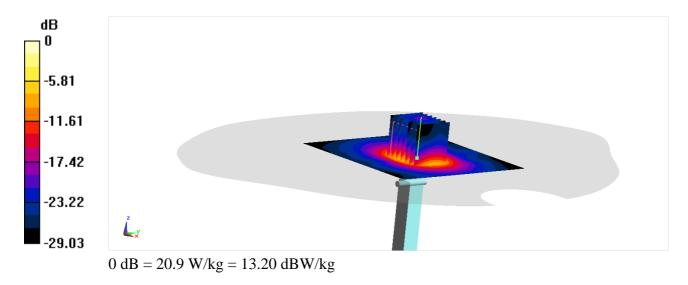
System Performance Check with D5GHzV2 Dipole (graded grid)/d=10mm, Pin=100mW, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan 2 (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 71.81 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 35.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.31 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.37 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.9 W/kg



SystemPerformanceCheck-D5GHz-graded

Date/Time: 6/21/2022

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: f = 5750 MHz; $\sigma = 5.265$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 34.967$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0) Frequency: 5750 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(4.75, 4.75, 4.75); Calibrated: 1/19/2022

System Performance Check with D5GHzV2 Dipole (graded grid)/d=10mm, Pin=100mW, f=5750

MHz/Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 20.7 W/kg

System Performance Check with D5GHzV2 Dipole (graded grid)/d=10mm, Pin=100mW, f=5750

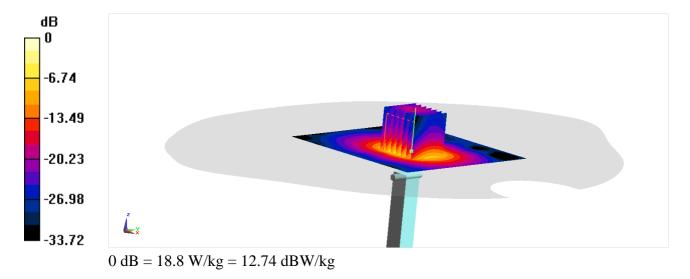
MHz/Zoom Scan 2 (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 44.31 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.78 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.23 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.8 W/kg



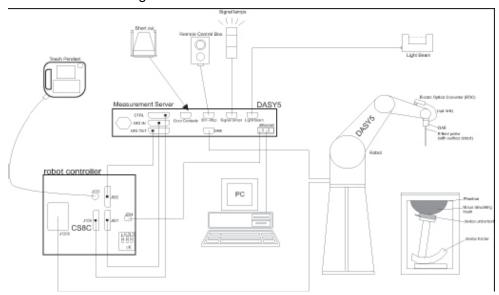




ANNEX C SAR Measurement Setup

C.1 Measurement Set-up

The Dasy4 or DASY5 system for performing compliance tests is illustrated above graphically. This system consists of the following items:



Picture C.1SAR Lab Test Measurement Set-up

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (StäubliTX=RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal
 multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision
 detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal
 is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals
 for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of
 the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP and the DASY4 or DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as
- warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.





C.2 Dasy4 or DASY5 E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe is constructed using the thick film technique; with printed resistive lines on ceramic substrates. The probe is equipped with an optical multifiber line ending at the front of the probe tip. It is connected to the EOC box on the robot arm and provides an automatic detection of the phantom surface. Half of the fibers are connected to a pulsed infrared transmitter, the other half to a synchronized receiver. As the probe approaches the surface, the reflection from the surface produces a coupling from the transmitting to the receiving fibers. This reflection increases first during the approach, reaches maximum and then decreases. If the probe is flatly touching the surface, the coupling is zero. The distance of the coupling maximum to the surface is independent of the surface reflectivity and largely independent of the surface to probe angle. The DASY4 or DASY5 software reads the reflection durning a software approach and looks for the maximum using 2nd ord curve fitting. The approach is stopped at reaching the maximum.

Probe Specifications:

Model: ES3DV3, EX3DV4

Frequency 10MHz — 6.0GHz(EX3DV4) Range: 10MHz — 4GHz(ES3DV3)

Calibration: In head and body simulating tissue at

Frequencies from 835 up to 5800MHz

Linearity: \pm 0.2 dB(30 MHz to 6 GHz) for EX3DV4

± 0.2 dB(30 MHz to 4 GHz) for ES3DV3 DynamicRange: 10 mW/kg — 100W/kg

Probe Length: 330 mm

Probe Tip

Length: 20 mm Body Diameter: 12 mm

Tip Diameter: 2.5 mm (3.9 mm for ES3DV3)
Tip-Center: 1 mm (2.0mm for ES3DV3)

Application: SAR Dosimetry Testing

Compliance tests ofmobile phones
Dosimetry in strong gradient fields

Picture C.3E-field Probe

C.3 E-field Probe Calibration

Each E-Probe/Probe Amplifier combination has unique calibration parameters. A TEM cell calibration procedure is conducted to determine the proper amplifier settings to enter in the probe parameters. The amplifier settings are determined for a given frequency by subjecting the probe to a known E-field density (1 mW/cm²) using an RF Signal generator, TEM cell, and RF Power Meter.

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This calibration can be performed in a TEM cell if the frequency is below 1 GHz and inn a waveguide or ©Copyright. All rights reserved by CTTL.



Picture C.2Near-field Probe







other methodologies above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees until the three channels show the maximum reading. The power density readings equates to 1 mW/cm².

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The E-field in the medium correlates with the temperature rise in the dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

$$SAR = C \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

Where:

 Δt = Exposure time (30 seconds),

C = Heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),

 ΔT = Temperature increase due to RF exposure.

$$SAR = \frac{\left|E\right|^2 \cdot \sigma}{\rho}$$

Where:

 σ = Simulated tissue conductivity,

 ρ = Tissue density (kg/m³).

C.4 Other Test Equipment

C.4.1 Data Acquisition Electronics(DAE)

The data acquisition electronics consist of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder with a control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information, as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



PictureC.4: DAE





C.4.2 Robot

The SPEAG DASY system uses the high precision robots (DASY4: RX90XL; DASY5: RX160L) type from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version from Stäubli is used. The Stäubli robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Low maintenance costs (virtually maintenance free due to direct drive gears; no belt drives)
- Jerk-free straight movements (brushless synchron motors; no stepper motors)
- Low ELF interference (motor control fields shielded via the closed metallic construction shields)





Picture C.5DASY 4

Picture C.6DASY 5

C.4.3 Measurement Server

The Measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU broad with CPU (dasy4: 166 MHz, Intel Pentium; DASY5: 400 MHz, Intel Celeron), chipdisk (DASY4: 32 MB; DASY5: 128MB), RAM (DASY4: 64 MB, DASY5: 128MB). The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE electronic box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY I/O broad, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU broad.

The measurement server performs all real-time data evaluation of field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. The PC operating system cannot interfere with these time critical processes. All connections are supervised by a watchdog, and disconnection of any of the cables to the measurement server will automatically disarm the robot and disable all program-controlled robot movements. Furthermore, the measurement server is equipped with an expansion port which is reserved for future applications. Please note that this expansion port does not have a standardized pinout, and therefore only devices provided by SPEAG can be connected. Devices from any other supplier could seriously damage the measurement server.









Picture C.7 Server for DASY 4

Picture C.8 Server for DASY 5

C.4.4 Device Holder for Phantom

The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of ± 0.5 mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of $\pm 20\%$. Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards.

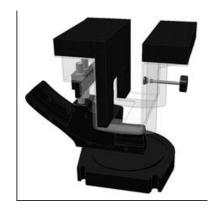
The DASY device holder is designed to cope with the different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales are the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles. The DASY device holder is constructed of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity $\varepsilon = 3$ and loss tangent $\delta = 0.02$. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.

<Laptop Extension Kit>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the Mounting Device in place of the phone positioner. The extension is fully compatible with the Twin-SAM and ELI phantoms.



Picture C.9-1: Device Holder



Picture C.9-2: Laptop Extension Kit





C.4.5 Phantom

The SAM Twin Phantom V4.0 is constructed of a fiberglass shell integrated in a table. The shape of the shell is based on data from an anatomical study designed to

Represent the 90th percentile of the population. The phantom enables the dissymmetric evaluation of SAR for both left and right handed handset usage, as well as body-worn usage using the flat phantom region. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot. The shell phantom has a 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region where shell thickness increases to 6 mm).

Shell Thickness: 2±0. 2 mm

Filling Volume: Approx. 25 liters

Dimensions: 810 x 1000 x 500 mm (H x L x W)

Available: Special



Picture C.10: SAM Twin Phantom

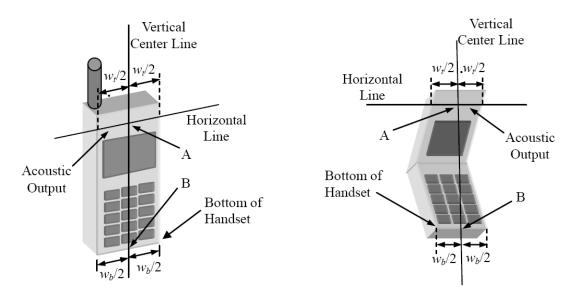




ANNEX D Position of the wireless device in relation to the phantom

D.1 General considerations

This standard specifies two handset test positions against the head phantom – the "cheek" position and the "tilt" position.



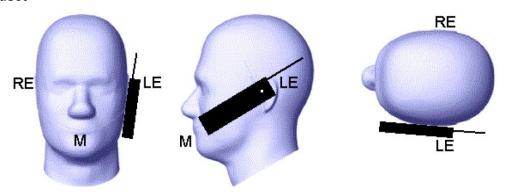
 W_t Width of the handset at the level of the acoustic

 W_b Width of the bottom of the handset

A Midpoint of the width W_t of the handset at the level of the acoustic output

B Midpoint of the width W_b of the bottom of the handset

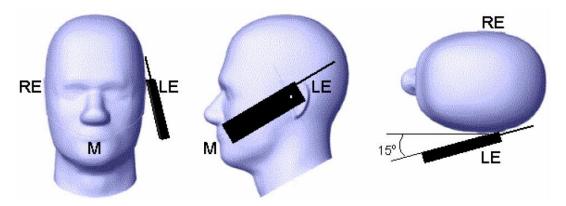
Picture D.1-a Typical "fixed" case handset
Picture D.1-b Typical "clam-shell" case handset



Picture D.2 Cheek position of the wireless device on the left side of SAM



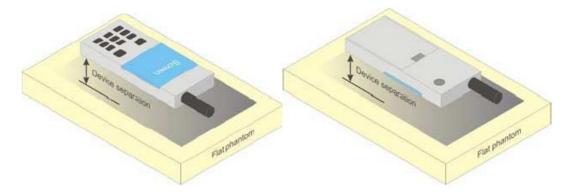




Picture D.3 Tilt position of the wireless device on the left side of SAM

D.2 Body-worn device

A typical example of a body-worn device is a mobile phone, wireless enabled PDA or other battery operated wireless device with the ability to transmit while mounted on a person's body using a carry accessory approved by the wireless device manufacturer.



Picture D.4Test positions for body-worn devices

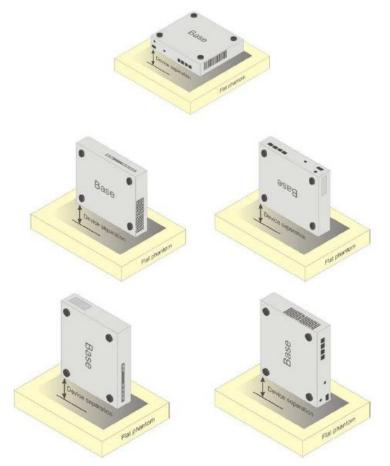
D.3 Desktop device

A typical example of a desktop device is a wireless enabled desktop computer placed on a table or desk when used.

The DUT shall be positioned at the distance and in the orientation to the phantom that corresponds to the intended use as specified by the manufacturer in the user instructions. For devices that employ an external antenna with variable positions, tests shall be performed for all antenna positions specified. Picture 8.5 show positions for desktop device SAR tests. If the intended use is not specified, the device shall be tested directly against the flat phantom.







Picture D.5 Test positions for desktop devices

D.4 DUT Setup Photos



Picture D.6





ANNEX E Equivalent Media Recipes

The liquid used for the frequency range of 800-3000 MHz consisted of water, sugar, salt, preventol, glycol monobutyl and Cellulose. The liquid has been previously proven to be suited for worst-case. The Table E.1 shows the detail solution. It's satisfying the latest tissue dielectric parameters requirements proposed by the IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209.

TableE.1: Composition of the Tissue Equivalent Matter

| | | • | 4000 | 4000 | 2450 | 2450 | 5000 | F000 | |
|---------------------------|----------|---------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--|
| Frequency | 835Head | 835Body | 1900 | 1900 | 2450 | 2450 | 5800 | 5800 | |
| (MHz) | 000110dd | ооовочу | Head | Body | Head | Body | Head | Body | |
| Ingredients (% by weight) | | | | | | | | | |
| Water | 41.45 | 52.5 | 55.242 | 69.91 | 58.79 | 72.60 | 65.53 | 65.53 | |
| Sugar | 56.0 | 45.0 | \ | \ | \ | \ | \ | \ | |
| Salt | 1.45 | 1.4 | 0.306 | 0.13 | 0.06 | 0.18 | \ | \ | |
| Preventol | 0.1 | 0.1 | \ | \ | / | / | / | \ | |
| Cellulose | 1.0 | 1.0 | \ | \ | / | / | / | / | |
| Glycol | , | \ | 44.450 | 20.06 | 11 1E | 27.22 | \ | \ | |
| Monobutyl | \ | \ | 44.452 | 29.96 | 41.15 | 27.22 | \ | \ | |
| Diethylenglycol | , | \ | , | , | , | , | 17.04 | 17.04 | |
| monohexylether | \ | \ | \ | \ | \ | \ | 17.24 | 17.24 | |
| Triton X-100 | \ | \ | \ | \ | \ | \ | 17.24 | 17.24 | |
| Dielectric | c=41 E | c=55.0 | ε=40.0 | ε=53.3 | s=20.2 | s=50.7 | c=25.2 | ε=48.2 | |
| Parameters | ε=41.5 | ε=55.2 | | | ε=39.2 | ε=52.7 | ε=35.3 | | |
| Target Value | σ=0.90 | σ=0.97 | σ=1.40 | σ=1.52 | σ=1.80 | σ=1.95 | σ=5.27 | σ=6.00 | |

Note: There are a little adjustment respectively for 750, 1750, 2600, 5200, 5300 and 5600 based on the recipe of closest frequency in table E.1.





ANNEX F System Validation

The SAR system must be validated against its performance specifications before it is deployed. When SAR probes, system components or software are changed, upgraded or recalibrated, these must be validated with the SAR system(s) that operates with such components.

Table F.1: System Validation for 7517

| Probe SN. | Liquid name | Validation date | Frequency point | Status (OK or Not) |
|-----------|--------------|------------------|-----------------|--------------------|
| 7517 | Head 750MHz | February.7,2022 | 750 MHz | OK |
| 7517 | Head 835MHz | February.7,2022 | 835 MHz | OK |
| 7517 | Head 900MHz | February.7,2022 | 900 MHz | OK |
| 7517 | Head 1750MHz | February.7,2022 | 1750 MHz | OK |
| 7517 | Head 1900MHz | February.8,2022 | 1900 MHz | OK |
| 7517 | Head 2300MHz | February.8,2022 | 2300 MHz | OK |
| 7517 | Head 2450MHz | February.8,2022 | 2450 MHz | OK |
| 7517 | Head 2600MHz | February.8,2022 | 2600 MHz | OK |
| 7517 | Head 3300MHz | February.9,2022 | 3300 MHz | OK |
| 7517 | Head 3500MHz | February.9,2022 | 3500 MHz | OK |
| 7517 | Head 3700MHz | February.9,2022 | 3700 MHz | OK |
| 7517 | Head 5250MHz | February.10,2022 | 5250 MHz | OK |
| 7517 | Head 5600MHz | February.10,2022 | 5600 MHz | OK |
| 7517 | Head 5750MHz | February.10,2022 | 5750 MHz | OK |





ANNEX G Probe Calibration Certificate

Probe 7517 Calibration Certificate



Add: No.52 HuaYuanBei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2512 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com Http://www.chinattl.cn



Certificate No: Z21-60558

CTTL Client **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object

EX3DV4 - SN: 7517

Calibration Procedure(s)

FF-Z11-004-02

Calibration Procedures for Dosimetric E-field Probes

Calibration date:

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| oundration Equipment accu | man E ontrodi ioi oo | inbration) | |
|---------------------------|----------------------|--|-----------------------|
| Primary Standards | ID# | Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
| Power Meter NRP2 | 101919 | 15-Jun-21(CTTL, No.J21X04466) | Jun-22 |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91 | 101547 | 15-Jun-21(CTTL, No.J21X04466) | Jun-22 |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91 | 101548 | 15-Jun-21(CTTL, No.J21X04466) | Jun-22 |
| Reference 10dBAttenuato | r 18N50W-10dB | 10-Feb-20(CTTL, No.J20X00525) | Feb-22 |
| Reference 20dBAttenuato | r 18N50W-20dB | 10-Feb-20(CTTL, No.J20X00526) | Feb-22 |
| Reference Probe EX3DV4 | SN 3617 | 27-Jan-21(SPEAG, No.EX3-3617_Jan21) | Jan-22 |
| DAE4 | SN 1555 | 20-Aug-21(SPEAG, No.DAE4-1555_Aug2 | 21/2) Aug-22 |
| Secondary Standards | ID# | Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
| SignalGenerator MG3700 | A 6201052605 | 16-Jun-21(CTTL, No.J21X04467) | Jun-22 |
| Network Analyzer E5071C | MY46110673 | 14-Jan-22 (CTTL, No.J22X00406) | Jan -23 |
| 1 | Name | Function | Signature |
| Calibrated by: | Yu Zongying | SAR Test Engineer | 金和 |
| Reviewed by: | Lin Hao | SAR Test Engineer | the the |

Issued: January 21, 2022

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory

Qi Dianyuan

Certificate No: Z21-60558

Approved by:

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SAR Project Leader









Glossary:

tissue simulating liquid TSL NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal A,B,C,D modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization Φ Φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization θ θ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i

 θ =0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013

b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)",

c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March

d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx, v.z: Assessed for E-field polarization θ=0 (f≤900MHz in TEM-cell; f>1800MHz; waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not effect the E^2 -field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- $NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z^*$ frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics.
- Ax, y, z; Bx, y, z; Cx, y, z; VRx, y, z: A, B, C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f≤800MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f >800MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty valued are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx, y,z* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ±50MHz to ±100MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

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DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7517

Basic Calibration Parameters

| | Sensor X | Sensor Y | Sensor Z | Unc (k=2) |
|----------------------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|
| Norm(µV/(V/m)²)A | 0.49 | 0.51 | 0.55 | ±10.0% |
| DCP(mV) ^B | 101.9 | 101.5 | 100.9 | |

Modulation Calibration Parameters

| UID | Communication System Name | | A dB | B dBõV | С | D dB | VR mV | Unc ^E (<i>k</i> =2) |
|------|------------------------------|---|---------|-----------|-----|---------|----------|------------------------------------|
| 0 CW | cw | Х | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.0 | 0.00 | 168.0 | ±3.0% |
| | | Υ | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.0 | | 172.3 | |
| | | Z | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.0 | | 178.0 | |

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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A The uncertainties of Norm X, Y, Z do not affect the E2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 4 and Page 5).

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

^E Uncertainly is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.









DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7517

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

| f [MHz] ^C | Relative Permittivity ^F | Conductivity (S/m) ^F | ConvF X | ConvF Y | ConvF Z | Alpha ^G | Depth ^G (mm) | Unct. (<i>k</i> =2) |
|----------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|
| 750 | 41.9 | 0.89 | 9.70 | 9.70 | 9.70 | 0.15 | 1.32 | ±12.19 |
| 900 | 41.5 | 0.97 | 9.30 | 9.30 | 9.30 | 0.21 | 1.19 | ±12.19 |
| 1450 | 40.5 | 1.20 | 8.40 | 8.40 | 8.40 | 0.18 | 1.06 | ±12.19 |
| 1640 | 40.3 | 1.29 | 8.20 | 8.20 | 8.20 | 0.30 | 0.90 | ±12.19 |
| 1750 | 40.1 | 1.37 | 8.10 | 8.10 | 8.10 | 0.25 | 0.93 | ±12.19 |
| 1900 | 40.0 | 1.40 | 7.74 | 7.74 | 7.74 | 0.30 | 0.90 | ±12.19 |
| 2100 | 39.8 | 1.49 | 7.64 | 7.64 | 7.64 | 0.24 | 1.09 | ±12.19 |
| 2300 | 39.5 | 1.67 | 7.44 | 7.44 | 7.44 | 0.64 | 0.68 | ±12.19 |
| 2450 | 39.2 | 1.80 | 7.16 | 7.16 | 7.16 | 0.43 | 0.91 | ±12.19 |
| 2600 | 39.0 | 1.96 | 6.97 | 6.97 | 6.97 | 0.57 | 0.77 | ±12.1 |
| 3300 | 38.2 | 2.71 | 6.85 | 6.85 | 6.85 | 0.45 | 0.92 | ±13.3 |
| 3500 | 37.9 | 2.91 | 6.60 | 6.60 | 6.60 | 0.40 | 1.03 | ±13.3 |
| 3700 | 37.7 | 3.12 | 6.34 | 6.34 | 6.34 | 0.41 | 1.03 | ±13.3 |
| 3900 | 37.5 | 3.32 | 6.25 | 6.25 | 6.25 | 0.35 | 1.35 | ±13.3 |
| 4100 | 37.2 | 3.53 | 6.34 | 6.34 | 6.34 | 0.40 | 1.15 | ±13.3 |
| 4200 | 37.1 | 3.63 | 6.26 | 6.26 | 6.26 | 0.35 | 1.35 | ±13.3 |
| 4400 | 36.9 | 3.84 | 6.15 | 6.15 | 6.15 | 0.35 | 1.35 | ±13.3 |
| 4600 | 36.7 | 4.04 | 6.05 | 6.05 | 6.05 | 0.50 | 1.13 | ±13.3 |
| 4800 | 36.4 | 4.25 | 6.01 | 6.01 | 6.01 | 0.50 | 1.13 | ±13.3 |
| 4950 | 36.3 | 4.40 | 5.74 | 5.74 | 5.74 | 0.45 | 1.25 | ±13.3 |
| 5250 | 35.9 | 4.71 | 5.30 | 5.30 | 5.30 | 0.50 | 1.25 | ±13.3 |
| 5600 | 35.5 | 5.07 | 4.70 | 4.70 | 4.70 | 0.55 | 1.20 | ±13.3 |
| 5750 | 35.4 | 5.22 | 4.75 | 4.75 | 4.75 | 0.55 | 1.20 | ±13.3 |

^c Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

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F At frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to $\pm 10\%$ if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to $\pm 5\%$. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.









DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7517

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

| f [MHz] ^C | Relative | Conductivity | ConvF X | ConvF Y | ConvF Z | Alpha ^G | Depth ^G | Unct. |
|----------------------|----------------|--------------------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------|--------------------|--------|
| | Permittivity F | (S/m) ^F | | | | | (mm) | (k=2) |
| 750 | 55.5 | 0.96 | 9.65 | 9.65 | 9.65 | 0.40 | 0.85 | ±12.1% |
| 900 | 55.0 | 1.05 | 9.20 | 9.20 | 9.20 | 0.24 | 1.18 | ±12.1% |
| 1450 | 54.0 | 1.30 | 8.20 | 8.20 | 8.20 | 0.14 | 1.34 | ±12.1% |
| 1640 | 53.8 | 1.40 | 8.05 | 8.05 | 8.05 | 0.25 | 1.08 | ±12.1% |
| 1750 | 53.4 | 1.49 | 7.85 | 7.85 | 7.85 | 0.32 | 0.98 | ±12.1% |
| 1900 | 53.3 | 1.52 | 7.58 | 7.58 | 7.58 | 0.24 | 1.13 | ±12.1% |
| 2100 | 53.2 | 1.62 | 7.47 | 7.47 | 7.47 | 0.25 | 1.19 | ±12.1% |
| 2300 | 52.9 | 1.81 | 7.35 | 7.35 | 7.35 | 0.44 | 0.93 | ±12.1% |
| 2450 | 52.7 | 1.95 | 7.21 | 7.21 | 7.21 | 0.50 | 0.84 | ±12.1% |
| 2600 | 52.5 | 2.16 | 7.02 | 7.02 | 7.02 | 0.68 | 0.70 | ±12.1% |
| 3300 | 51.6 | 3.08 | 6.25 | 6.25 | 6.25 | 0.43 | 1.11 | ±13.3% |
| 3500 | 51.3 | 3.31 | 6.06 | 6.06 | 6.06 | 0.40 | 1.25 | ±13.3% |
| 3700 | 51.0 | 3.55 | 5.99 | 5.99 | 5.99 | 0.40 | 1.25 | ±13.3% |
| 3900 | 51.2 | 3.78 | 5.95 | 5.95 | 5.95 | 0.40 | 1.30 | ±13.3% |
| 4100 | 50.5 | 4.01 | 5.90 | 5.90 | 5.90 | 0.40 | 1.30 | ±13.3% |
| 4200 | 50.4 | 4.13 | 5.80 | 5.80 | 5.80 | 0.45 | 1.30 | ±13.3% |
| 4400 | 50.1 | 4.37 | 5.70 | 5.70 | 5.70 | 0.45 | 1.30 | ±13.3% |
| 4600 | 49.8 | 4.60 | 5.58 | 5.58 | 5.58 | 0.50 | 1.25 | ±13.3% |
| 4800 | 49.6 | 4.83 | 5.41 | 5.41 | 5.41 | 0.50 | 1.45 | ±13.3% |
| 4950 | 49.4 | 5.01 | 5.12 | 5.12 | 5.12 | 0.50 | 1.55 | ±13.3% |
| 5250 | 48.9 | 5.36 | 4.70 | 4.70 | 4.70 | 0.50 | 1.55 | ±13.3% |
| 5600 | 48.5 | 5.77 | 4.10 | 4.10 | 4.10 | 0.55 | 1.50 | ±13.3% |
| 5750 | 48.3 | 5.94 | 4.15 | 4.15 | 4.15 | 0.50 | 1.60 | ±13.3% |

^c Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

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F At frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to $\pm 10\%$ if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to $\pm 5\%$. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters. GAIpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than $\pm 1\%$ for frequencies below 3 GHz and below $\pm 2\%$ for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

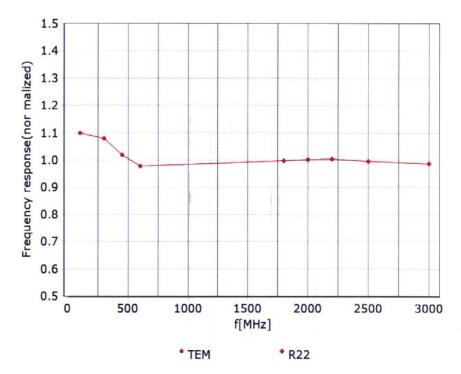








Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell: ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ±7.4% (k=2)

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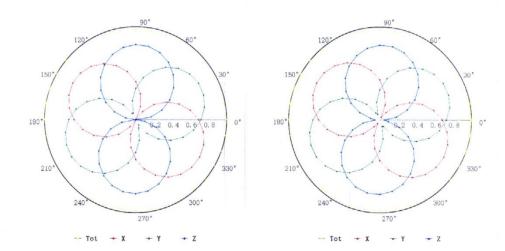


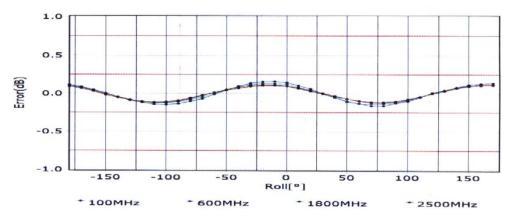


Receiving Pattern (Φ), θ=0°

f=600 MHz, TEM

f=1800 MHz, R22





Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ±1.2% (k=2)

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