

## FCC Test Report

**Report No.:** RFBBQZ-WTW-P21031069-1

**FCC ID:** PY321100530

**Test Model:** RBR760 and RBS760 (refer to item 3.1 for more details)

**Received Date:** Aug. 13, 2021

**Test Date:** Aug. 23 ~ Oct. 15, 2021

**Issued Date:** Nov. 22, 2021

**Applicant and Manufacturer:** NETGEAR, INC.

**Address:** 350 East Plumeria Drive, San Jose, CA 95134, USA

**Issued By:** Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch  
Lin Kou Laboratories

**Lab Address:** No. 47-2, 14th Ling, Chia Pau Vil., Lin Kou Dist., New Taipei City, Taiwan

**Test Location:** No. 19, Hwa Ya 2nd Rd., Wen Hwa Vil., Kwei Shan Dist., Taoyuan City  
33383, Taiwan

**FCC Registration /**  
**Designation Number:** 788550 / TW0003



This report is for your exclusive use. Any copying or replication of this report to or for any other person or entity, or use of our name or trademark, is permitted only with our prior written permission. This report sets forth our findings solely with respect to the test samples identified herein. The results set forth in this report are not indicative or representative of the quality or characteristics of the lot from which a test sample was taken or any similar or identical product unless specifically and expressly noted. Our report includes all of the tests requested by you and the results thereof based upon the information that you provided to us. You have 60 days from date of issuance of this report to notify us of any material error or omission caused by our negligence, provided, however, that such notice shall be in writing and shall specifically address the issue you wish to raise. A failure to raise such issue within the prescribed time shall constitute your unqualified acceptance of the completeness of this report, the tests conducted and the correctness of the report contents. Unless specific mention, the uncertainty of measurement has been explicitly taken into account to declare the compliance or non-compliance to the specification.

## Table of Contents

<b>Release Control Record .....</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>1      Certificate of Conformity.....</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>2      Summary of Test Results .....</b>	<b>6</b>
2.1    Measurement Uncertainty .....	6
2.2    Modification Record .....	6
<b>3      General Information.....</b>	<b>7</b>
3.1    General Description of EUT .....	7
3.2    Description of Test Modes .....	9
3.2.1 Test Mode Applicability and Tested Channel Detail.....	10
3.3    Duty Cycle of Test Signal .....	12
3.4    Description of Support Units .....	13
3.4.1 Configuration of System under Test .....	13
3.5    General Description of Applied Standards and References .....	14
<b>4      Test Types and Results .....</b>	<b>15</b>
4.1    Radiated Emission and Bandedge Measurement.....	15
4.1.1 Limits of Radiated Emission and Bandedge Measurement .....	15
4.1.2 Test Instruments .....	16
4.1.3 Test Procedures.....	17
4.1.4 Deviation from Test Standard .....	17
4.1.5 Test Setup.....	18
4.1.6 EUT Operating Conditions.....	19
4.1.7 Test Results .....	20
4.2    Conducted Emission Measurement.....	42
4.2.1 Limits of Conducted Emission Measurement.....	42
4.2.2 Test Instruments .....	42
4.2.3 Test Procedures.....	43
4.2.4 Deviation from Test Standard .....	43
4.2.5 Test Setup.....	43
4.2.6 EUT Operating Conditions.....	43
4.2.7 Test Results .....	44
4.3    Transmit Power Measurement .....	48
4.3.1 Limits of Transmit Power Measurement.....	48
4.3.2 Test Setup.....	48
4.3.3 Test Instruments .....	48
4.3.4 Test Procedure .....	48
4.3.5 Deviation from Test Standard .....	48
4.3.6 EUT Operating Conditions.....	48
4.3.7 Test Result .....	49
4.4    Occupied Bandwidth Measurement .....	53
4.4.1 Test Setup.....	53
4.4.2 Test Instruments .....	53
4.4.3 Test Procedure .....	53
4.4.4 Test Result.....	54
4.5    Peak Power Spectral Density Measurement .....	58
4.5.1 Limits of Peak Power Spectral Density Measurement .....	58
4.5.2 Test Setup.....	58
4.5.3 Test Instruments .....	58
4.5.4 Test Procedures.....	58
4.5.5 Deviation from Test Standard .....	59
4.5.6 EUT Operating Conditions.....	59
4.5.7 Test Results .....	60
4.6    Frequency Stability.....	65
4.6.1 Limits of Frequency Stability Measurement .....	65

4.6.2 Test Setup.....	65
4.6.3 Test Instruments .....	65
4.6.4 Test Procedure .....	65
4.6.5 Deviation from Test Standard .....	66
4.6.6 EUT Operating Condition .....	66
4.6.7 Test Results .....	66
4.7 6dB Bandwidth Measurement.....	67
4.7.1 Limits of 6dB Bandwidth Measurement.....	67
4.7.2 Test Setup.....	67
4.7.3 Test Instruments .....	67
4.7.4 Test Procedure .....	67
4.7.5 Deviation from Test Standard .....	67
4.7.6 EUT Operating Condition .....	67
4.7.7 Test Results .....	68
<b>5 Pictures of Test Arrangements.....</b>	<b>70</b>
<b>Annex A - Radiated Out of Band Emission (OOBE) Measurement (For U-NII-3 band) .....</b>	<b>71</b>
<b>Annex B - Band Edge Measurement.....</b>	<b>74</b>
<b>Appendix – Information of the Testing Laboratories .....</b>	<b>80</b>

### Release Control Record

Issue No.	Description	Date Issued
RFBBQZ-WTW-P21031069-1	Original release	Nov. 22, 2021

## 1 Certificate of Conformity

**Product:** Orbi Router / Orbi Satellite

**Brand:** NETGEAR

**Test Model:** RBR760 and RBS760 (refer to item 3.1 for more details)

**Sample Status:** Engineering sample

**Applicant and Manufacturer:** NETGEAR, INC.

**Test Date:** Aug. 23 ~ Oct. 15, 2021

**Standards:** 47 CFR FCC Part 15, Subpart E (Section 15.407)  
ANSI C63.10:2013

The above equipment has been tested by **Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch**, and found compliance with the requirement of the above standards. The test record, data evaluation & Equipment Under Test (EUT) configurations represented herein are true and accurate accounts of the measurements of the sample's RF characteristics under the conditions specified in this report.

**Prepared by :** Pettie Chen, **Date:** Nov. 22, 2021

Pettie Chen / Senior Specialist

**Approved by :** Jeremy Lin, **Date:** Nov. 22, 2021

Jeremy Lin / Senior Engineer

## 2 Summary of Test Results

47 CFR FCC Part 15, Subpart E (Section 15.407)			
FCC Clause	Test Item	Result	Remarks
15.407(b)(9)	AC Power Conducted Emissions	Pass	Meet the requirement of limit. Minimum passing margin is -7.76dB at 0.31765MHz.
15.407(b) (1/2/3/4(i/ii)/9)	Radiated Emissions & Band Edge Measurement	Pass	Meet the requirement of limit. Minimum passing margin is -0.1dB at 5150.00MHz.
15.407(a)(1/2/3)	Max Average Transmit Power	Pass	Meet the requirement of limit.
---	Occupied Bandwidth Measurement	-	Reference only.
15.407(a)(1/2/3)	Peak Power Spectral Density	Pass	Meet the requirement of limit.
15.407(e)	6dB bandwidth	Pass	Meet the requirement of limit. (U-NII-3 Band only)
15.407(g)	Frequency Stability	Pass	Meet the requirement of limit.
15.203	Antenna Requirement	Pass	Antenna connector are IPEX not a standard connector.

Note:

- For U-NII-3 band compliance with rule part 15.407(b)(4)(i), the OOB test plots were recorded in Annex A.
- For U-NII-1 band compliance with rule 15.407(b) of the band-edge items, the test plots were recorded in Annex B. Test Procedures refer to report 4.1.3.
- Determining compliance based on the results of the compliance measurement, not taking into account measurement instrumentation uncertainty.

### 2.1 Measurement Uncertainty

Where relevant, the following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the EUT as specified in CISPR 16-4-2:

Measurement	Frequency	Expanded Uncertainty (k=2) (±)
Conducted Emissions at mains ports	150kHz ~ 30MHz	2.79 dB
Radiated Emissions up to 1 GHz	9kHz ~ 30MHz	3.04 dB
	30MHz ~ 200MHz	3.63 dB
	200MHz ~1000MHz	3.64 dB
	1GHz ~ 18GHz	2.29 dB
Radiated Emissions above 1 GHz	18GHz ~ 40GHz	2.29 dB

### 2.2 Modification Record

There were no modifications required for compliance.

### 3 General Information

#### 3.1 General Description of EUT

Product	Orbi Router / Orbi Satellite
Brand	NETGEAR
Test Model	RBR760 and RBS760
Model Difference	Refer to note
Sample Status	Engineering sample
Power Supply Rating	12Vdc from Adapter
Modulation Type	256QAM, 64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK for OFDM 1024QAM, 256QAM, 64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK for OFDMA
Modulation Technology	OFDM, OFDMA
Transfer Rate	802.11a: 54/48/36/24/18/12/9/6Mbps 802.11n: up to 300Mbps 802.11ac: up to 866.7Mbps 802.11ax: up to 1200Mbps
Operating Frequency	5180 ~ 5240MHz, 5745 ~ 5825MHz
Number of Channel	5180 ~ 5240MHz: 802.11a, 802.11n (HT20), 802.11ac (VHT20), 802.11ax (HE20): 4 802.11n (HT40), 802.11ac (VHT40), 802.11ax (HE40): 2 802.11ac (VHT80), 802.11ax (HE80): 1 5745 ~ 5825MHz: 802.11a, 802.11n (HT20), 802.11ac (VHT20), 802.11ax (HE20): 5 802.11n (HT40), 802.11ac (VHT40), 802.11ax (HE40): 2 802.11ac (VHT80), 802.11ax (HE80): 1
Output Power	CDD Mode: 5180 ~ 5240MHz: 815.713mW 5745 ~ 5825MHz: 847.558mW Beamforming Mode: 5180 ~ 5240MHz: 813.888mW 5745 ~ 5825MHz: 847.558mW
Antenna Type	Refer to note
Antenna Connector	Refer to note
Accessory Device	Adapter
Cable Supplied	1.95m non-shielded RJ45 cable without core

Note:

1. The models are listed as below.

Brand	Product Name	Model	Difference
NETGEAR	Orbi Router	RBR760	Master mode Ethernet port* 4 eMMC flash 4GB NAND Flash 512MB 1GB DDR3 (4Gb DDR3*2)
	Orbi Satellite	RBS760	Master mode and Client mode Ethernet port* 2 NAND Flash 256MB 512MB DDR3 (2Gb DDR3*2)

2. The EUT has three different pin-to-pin FEM in 2.4G & 5G module, after pretest the mode 1 was the worst case for final test.

Mode	Description
1	1 <sup>st</sup> 2.4G + 1 <sup>st</sup> 5G FEM
2	2 <sup>nd</sup> 2.4G + 2 <sup>nd</sup> 5G FEM
3	3 <sup>rd</sup> 2.4G + 3 <sup>rd</sup> 5G FEM

3. The EUT incorporates a MIMO function. Physically, the EUT provides 2 completed transmitters and 2 receivers.

Modulation Mode	Beamforming Mode	TX Function
802.11a	Not Support	2TX
802.11n (HT20)	Not Support	2TX
802.11n (HT40)	Not Support	2TX
802.11ac (VHT20)	Support	2TX
802.11ac (VHT40)	Support	2TX
802.11ac (VHT80)	Support	2TX
802.11ax (HE20)	Support	2TX
802.11ax (HE40)	Support	2TX
802.11ax (HE80)	Support	2TX

\* The bandwidth and modulation are similar for HT20/HT40 on 802.11n mode and VHT20/VHT40 on 802.11ac mode and HE20/HE40/HE80 on 802.11ax mode. Therefore the investigated worst case is the representative mode in test report. (Final test mode refer section 3.2.1)

\* For 802.11n and 802.11ac/ax, CDD mode and Beamforming mode are presented in power output test item. For other test items, CDD mode is the worst case for final tests after pretesting.

4. The EUT uses following adapters.

Adapter 1	
Brand	Netgear
Model	ADS-40FPA-12 12030EPCU-L ADS-40FPA-12 12030EPC-L
P/N	332-11584-01
Input Power	100-120Vac ~50/60MHz Max. 1A
Output Power	12Vdc/2.5A
Power line	1.8m cable without core

Adapter 2	
Brand	Netgear
Model	2ABL030F 1
P/N	332-10948-01
Input Power	100-120Vac ~50/60MHz Max. 1A
Output Power	12Vdc/2.5A
Power line	1.82m cable without core

\*After pre-testing, adapter 1 was the worst for final tests.

5. The EUT with follow antennas gain is listed as table below.

Radio	No.	Type	Connector	Gain (dBi)					
				2400-2483.5 MHz	5150-5250 MHz	5250-5350 MHz	5470-5725 MHz	5725-5850 MHz	5845-5885 MHz
Low Band Radio	0	Dipole	IPEX	3.80	2.64	2.64	-	-	
	1	Dipole	IPEX	3.51	2.98	2.85	-	-	
High Band Radio	2	Dipole	IPEX	-	-	-	3.39	3.48	3.48
	3	Dipole	IPEX	-	-	-	3.41	3.37	3.15

\* The above Antenna information is declared by manufacturer and for more detailed features description, please refer to the manufacturer's specifications, the laboratory shall not be held responsible.

6. WLAN 2.4GHz & 5150-5250 MHz & WLAN 5725-5850 MHz technology can transmit at same time.

WLAN 2.4GHz & 5150-5250 MHz & WLAN 5845-5885 MHz technology can transmit at same time.

### 3.2 Description of Test Modes

#### For 5180 ~ 5240MHz:

4 channels are provided for 802.11a, 802.11n (HT20), 802.11ac (VHT20), 802.11ax (HE20):

Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
36	5180 MHz	44	5220 MHz
40	5200 MHz	48	5240 MHz

2 channels are provided for 802.11n (HT40), 802.11ac (VHT40), 802.11ax (HE40):

Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
38	5190 MHz	46	5230 MHz

1 channel is provided for 802.11ac (VHT80), 802.11ax (HE80):

Channel	Frequency
42	5210MHz

#### For 5745 ~ 5825MHz:

5 channels are provided for 802.11a, 802.11n (HT20), 802.11ac (VHT20), 802.11ax (HE20):

Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
149	5745MHz	161	5805MHz
153	5765MHz	165	5825MHz
157	5785MHz		

2 channels are provided for 802.11n (HT40), 802.11ac (VHT40), 802.11ax (HE40):

Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
151	5755MHz	159	5795MHz

1 channel is provided for 802.11ac (VHT80), 802.11ax (HE80):

Channel	Frequency
155	5775MHz

### 3.2.1 Test Mode Applicability and Tested Channel Detail

EUT Configure Mode	Applicable to				Description
	RE≥1G	RE<1G	PLC	APCM	
A	√	√	√	√	Power from adapter 1
B	-	√	√	-	Power from adapter 2

Where RE≥1G: Radiated Emission above 1GHz & Bandedge Measurement

PLC: Power Line Conducted Emission

RE<1G: Radiated Emission below 1GHz

APCM: Antenna Port Conducted Measurement

Note: “-”: Means no effect.

#### Radiated Emission Test (Above 1GHz):

- Pre-Scan has been conducted to determine the worst-case mode from all possible combinations between available modulations, data rates and antenna ports (if EUT with antenna diversity architecture).
- Following channel(s) was (were) selected for the final test as listed below.

EUT Configure Mode	Mode	Frequency Band (MHz)	Available Channel	Tested Channel	Modulation Technology	Data Rate (Mbps)
A	802.11a	5180-5240	36 to 48	36, 40, 48	OFDM	6.0
	802.11ax (HE20)		36 to 48	36, 40, 48	OFDMA	MCS0
	802.11ax (HE40)		38 to 46	38, 46	OFDMA	MCS0
	802.11ax (HE80)		42	42	OFDMA	MCS0
A	802.11a	5745-5825	149 to 165	149, 157, 165	OFDM	6.0
	802.11ax (HE20)		149 to 165	149, 157, 165	OFDMA	MCS0
	802.11ax (HE40)		151 to 159	151, 159	OFDMA	MCS0
	802.11ax (HE80)		155	155	OFDMA	MCS0

#### Radiated Emission Test (Below 1GHz):

- Pre-Scan has been conducted to determine the worst-case mode from all possible combinations between available modulations, data rates and antenna ports (if EUT with antenna diversity architecture).
- Following channel(s) was (were) selected for the final test as listed below.

EUT Configure Mode	Mode	Frequency Band (MHz)	Available Channel	Tested Channel	Modulation Technology	Data Rate (Mbps)
A, B	802.11a	5180-5240	36 to 48	36	OFDM	6.0
	802.11a	5745-5825	149 to 165		OFDM	6.0

#### Power Line Conducted Emission Test:

- Pre-Scan has been conducted to determine the worst-case mode from all possible combinations between available modulations, data rates and antenna ports (if EUT with antenna diversity architecture).
- Following channel(s) was (were) selected for the final test as listed below.

EUT Configure Mode	Mode	Frequency Band (MHz)	Available Channel	Tested Channel	Modulation Technology	Data Rate (Mbps)
A, B	802.11a	5180-5240	36 to 48	36	OFDM	6.0
	802.11a	5745-5825	149 to 165		OFDM	6.0

### **Bandwidth, Power Spectral Density and Frequency Stability Measurement:**

- This item includes all test value of each mode, but only includes spectrum plot of worst value of each mode.
- Pre-Scan has been conducted to determine the worst-case mode from all possible combinations between available modulations, data rates and antenna ports (if EUT with antenna diversity architecture).
- Following channel(s) was (were) selected for the final test as listed below.

EUT Configure Mode	Mode	Frequency Band (MHz)	Available Channel	Tested Channel	Modulation Technology	Data Rate (Mbps)
A	802.11a	5180-5240	36 to 48	36, 40, 48	OFDM	6.0
	802.11ax (HE20)		36 to 48	36, 40, 48	OFDMA	MCS0
	802.11ax (HE40)		38 to 46	38, 46	OFDMA	MCS0
	802.11ax (HE80)		42	42	OFDMA	MCS0
A	802.11a	5745-5825	149 to 165	149, 157, 165	OFDM	6.0
	802.11ax (HE20)		149 to 165	149, 157, 165	OFDMA	MCS0
	802.11ax (HE40)		151 to 159	151, 159	OFDMA	MCS0
	802.11ax (HE80)		155	155	OFDMA	MCS0

### **Transmit Power Measurement:**

- This item includes all test value of each mode, but only includes spectrum plot of worst value of each mode.
- Pre-Scan has been conducted to determine the worst-case mode from all possible combinations between available modulations, data rates and antenna ports (if EUT with antenna diversity architecture).
- Following channel(s) was (were) selected for the final test as listed below.

EUT Configure Mode	Mode	Frequency Band (MHz)	Available Channel	Tested Channel	Modulation Technology	Data Rate (Mbps)
A	802.11a	5180-5240	36 to 48	36, 40, 48	OFDM	6.0
	802.11ac (VHT20)		36 to 48	36, 40, 48	OFDM	6.5
	802.11ac (VHT40)		38 to 46	38, 46	OFDM	13.5
	802.11ac (VHT80)		42	42	OFDM	29.3
	802.11ax (HE20)		36 to 48	36, 40, 48	OFDMA	MCS0
	802.11ax (HE40)		38 to 46	38, 46	OFDMA	MCS0
	802.11ax (HE80)		42	42	OFDMA	MCS0
A	802.11a	5745-5825	149 to 165	149, 157, 165	OFDM	6.0
	802.11ac (VHT20)		149 to 165	149, 157, 165	OFDM	6.5
	802.11ac (VHT40)		151 to 159	151, 159	OFDM	13.5
	802.11ac (VHT80)		155	155	OFDM	29.3
	802.11ax (HE20)		149 to 165	149, 157, 165	OFDMA	MCS0
	802.11ax (HE40)		151 to 159	151, 159	OFDMA	MCS0
	802.11ax (HE80)		155	155	OFDMA	MCS0

### Test Condition:

Applicable to	Environmental Conditions	Input Power	Tested by
<b>RE≥1G</b>	25 deg. C, 70% RH	120Vac, 60Hz	Luis Lee
<b>RE&lt;1G</b>	25 deg. C, 70% RH	120Vac, 60Hz	Luis Lee
<b>PLC</b>	25 deg. C, 69% RH	120Vac, 60Hz	Luis Lee
<b>APCM</b>	25 deg. C, 60% RH	120Vac, 60Hz	Chris Lin

### **3.3 Duty Cycle of Test Signal**

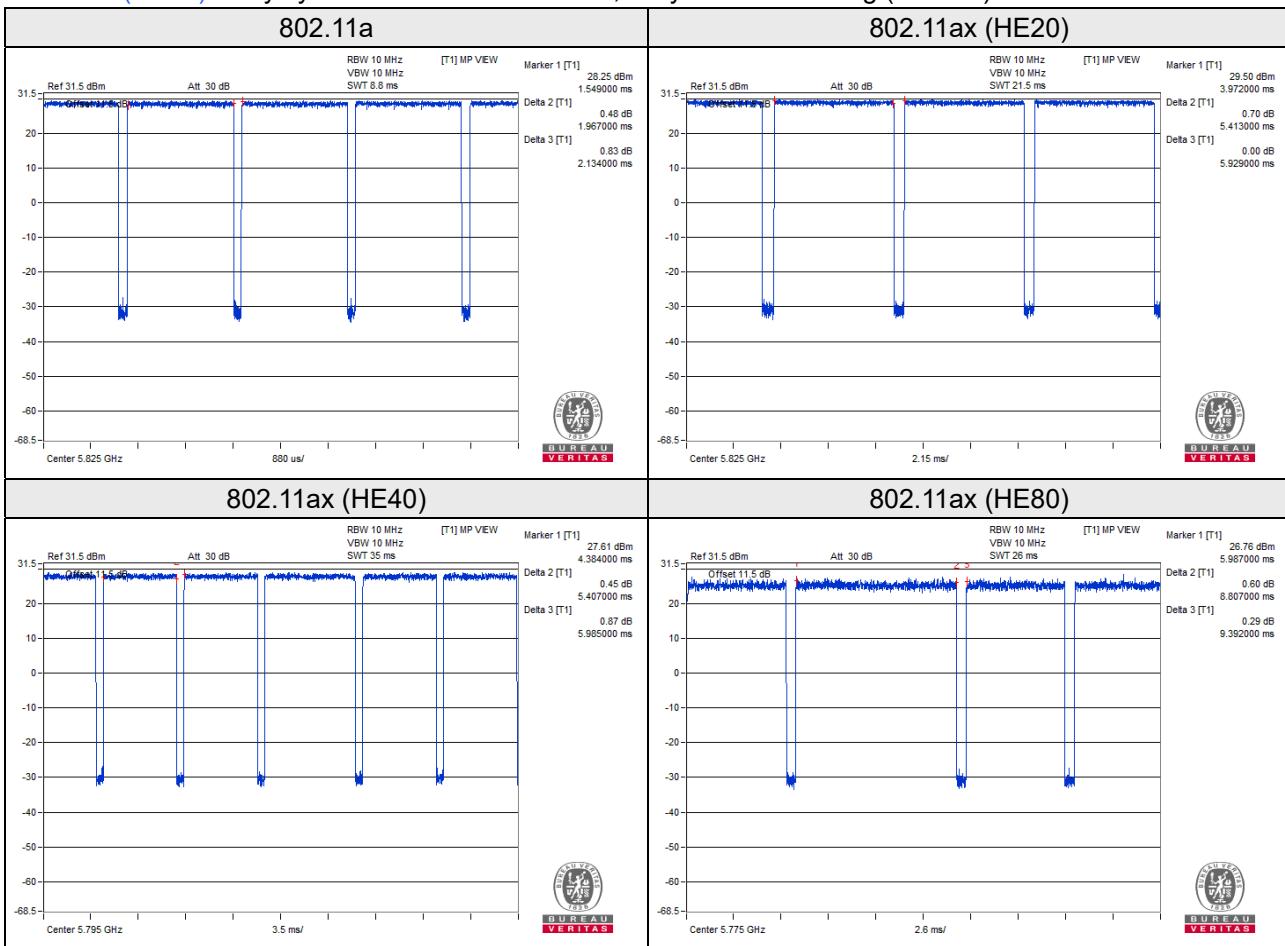
Duty cycle of test signal is < 98%, duty factor is required.

[802.11a](#): Duty cycle =  $1.967/2.134 = 0.922$ , Duty factor =  $10 * \log(1/0.922) = 0.35$

[802.11ax \(HE20\)](#): Duty cycle =  $5.413/5.929 = 0.913$ , Duty factor =  $10 * \log(1/0.913) = 0.40$

[802.11ax \(HE40\)](#): Duty cycle =  $5.407/5.985 = 0.903$ , Duty factor =  $10 * \log(1/0.903) = 0.44$

[802.11ax \(HE80\)](#): Duty cycle =  $8.807/9.392 = 0.938$ , Duty factor =  $10 * \log(1/0.938) = 0.28$



### 3.4 Description of Support Units

The EUT has been tested as an independent unit together with other necessary accessories or support units. The following support units or accessories were used to form a representative test configuration during the tests.

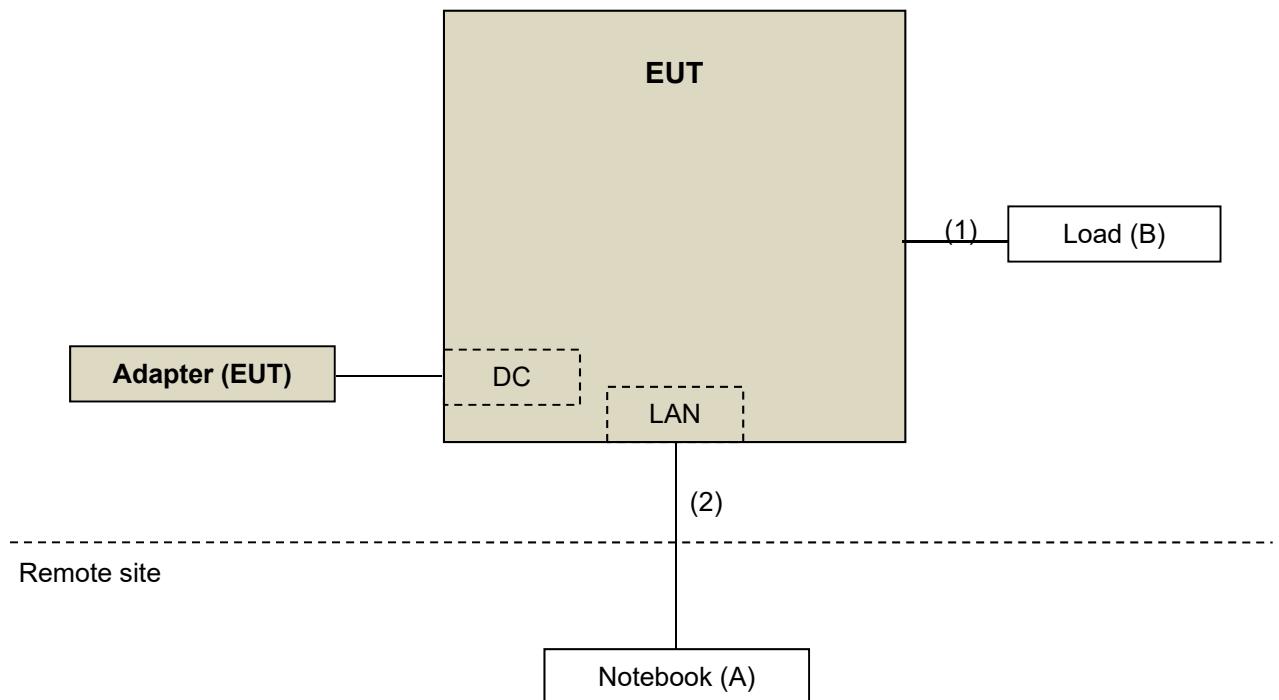
ID	Product	Brand	Model No.	Serial No.	FCC ID	Remarks
A.	Notebook	DELL	E5520	8Y4DMQ1	FCC DoC Approved	-
B.	Load	NA	NA	NA	NA	-

Note:

1. All power cords of the above support units are non-shielded (1.8m).
2. Items A acted as communication partner to transfer data.

ID	Cable Descriptions	Qty.	Length (m)	Shielding (Yes/No)	Cores (Qty.)	Remarks
1.	LAN cable	1	1.95	N	0	RJ45, Cat5e
2.	LAN cable	1	6	N	0	RJ45, Cat5e

#### 3.4.1 Configuration of System under Test



### 3.5 General Description of Applied Standards and References

The EUT is a RF Product. According to the specifications of the manufacturer, it must comply with the requirements of the following standards and references:

**Test standard:**

**FCC Part 15, Subpart E (15.407)**

ANSI C63.10:2013

All test items have been performed and recorded as per the above standards.

**References Test Guidance:**

**KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedure New Rules v02r01**

**KDB 662911 D01 Multiple Transmitter Output v02r01**

All test items have been performed as a reference to the above KDB test guidance.

## 4 Test Types and Results

### 4.1 Radiated Emission and Bandedge Measurement

#### 4.1.1 Limits of Radiated Emission and Bandedge Measurement

Radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands must comply with the radiated emission limits specified as below table.

Frequencies (MHz)	Field Strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)
0.009 ~ 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 ~ 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 ~ 30.0	30	30
30 ~ 88	100	3
88 ~ 216	150	3
216 ~ 960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

Note:

1. The lower limit shall apply at the transition frequencies.
2. Emission level (dB $\mu$ V/m) = 20 log Emission level (uV/m).
3. For frequencies above 1000MHz, the field strength limits are based on average detector, however, the peak field strength of any emission shall not exceed the maximum permitted average limits, specified above by more than 20dB under any condition of modulation.

Limits of unwanted emission out of the restricted bands

Applicable To		Limit	
789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedure New Rules v02r01		Field Strength at 3m	
Frequency Band	Applicable To	EIRP Limit	Equivalent Field Strength at 3m
5150~5250 MHz	15.407(b)(1)	PK: 74 (dB $\mu$ V/m)	AV: 54 (dB $\mu$ V/m)
5250~5350 MHz	15.407(b)(2)	PK: -27 (dBm/MHz)	PK: 68.2(dB $\mu$ V/m)
5470~5725 MHz	15.407(b)(3)		
5725~5850 MHz	15.407(b)(4)(i)	PK: -27 (dBm/MHz) PK: 10 (dBm/MHz) PK: 15.6 (dBm/MHz) PK: 27 (dBm/MHz) <sup>*4</sup>	PK: 68.2(dB $\mu$ V/m) <sup>*1</sup> PK: 105.2 (dB $\mu$ V/m) <sup>*2</sup> PK: 110.8(dB $\mu$ V/m) <sup>*3</sup> PK: 122.2 (dB $\mu$ V/m) <sup>*4</sup>

<sup>\*1</sup> beyond 75 MHz or more above of the band edge.  
<sup>\*2</sup> below the band edge increasing linearly to 10 dBm/MHz at 25 MHz above.  
<sup>\*3</sup> below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 15.6 dBm/MHz at 5 MHz above.  
<sup>\*4</sup> from 5 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 27 dBm/MHz at the band edge.

Note: The following formula is used to convert the equipment isotropic radiated power (eirp) to field strength:

$$E = \frac{1000000 \sqrt{30P}}{3} \text{ } \mu\text{V/m, where P is the eirp (Watts).}$$

#### 4.1.2 Test Instruments

Description & Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
Test Receiver ROHDE & SCHWARZ	ESCI	100424	Dec. 31, 2020	Dec. 30, 2021
Spectrum Analyzer ROHDE & SCHWARZ	FSP40	100040	Sep. 16, 2020	Sep. 15, 2021
			Sep. 15, 2021	Sep. 14, 2022
BILOG Antenna SCHWARZBECK	VULB9168	9168-155	Nov. 03, 2020	Nov. 02, 2021
HORN Antenna SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9120D	9120D-1170	Nov. 22, 2020	Nov. 21, 2021
HORN Antenna SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9170	BBHA9170241	Nov. 22, 2020	Nov. 21, 2021
Preamplifier Agilent (Below 1GHz)	8447D	2944A10631	Jun. 05, 2021	Jun. 04, 2022
Preamplifier KEYSIGHT (Above 1GHz)	83017A	MY53270295	Jun. 05, 2021	Jun. 04, 2022
RF Coaxial Cable WOKEN With 5dB PAD	8D-FB	Cable-CH4-01	Jul. 24, 2021	Jul. 23, 2022
RF Coaxial Cable EMCI	EMC102-KM-KM-3000	150929	Jul. 24, 2021	Jul. 23, 2022
RF Coaxial Cable EMCI	EMC102-KM-KM-600	150928	Jul. 24, 2021	Jul. 23, 2022
RF signal cable HUBER+SUHNER	SUCOFLEX 104	MY 13380+295012/04	Jun. 05, 2021	Jun. 04, 2022
RF signal cable HUBER+SUHNER	SUCOFLEX 104	Cable-CH4-03 (250724)	Jun. 05, 2021	Jun. 04, 2022
Software BV ADT	ADT_Radiated_V7.6.15.9.5	NA	NA	NA
Antenna Tower inn-co GmbH	MA 4000	010303	NA	NA
Antenna Tower Controller BV ADT	AT100	AT93021703	NA	NA
Turn Table BV ADT	TT100	TT93021703	NA	NA
Turn Table Controller BV ADT	SC100	SC93021703	NA	NA
Boresight Antenna Fixture	FBA-01	FBA-SIP01	NA	NA
Pre-amplifier (18GHz-40GHz) EMC	EMC184045B	980175	Sep. 04, 2021	Sep. 03, 2022
Peak Power Analyzer KEYSIGHT	8990B	MY51000485	Jan. 19, 2021	Jan. 18, 2022
Wideband Power Sensor KEYSIGHT	N1923A	MY58020002	Jan. 11, 2021	Jan. 10, 2022

Note: 1. The calibration interval of the above test instruments is 12 months and the calibrations are traceable to NML/ROC and NIST/USA.  
 2. The test was performed in HwaYa Chamber 4.

#### 4.1.3 Test Procedures

##### For Radiated emission below 30MHz

- a. The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters above the ground at a 3 meter chamber room. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- b. The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower.
- c. Parallel, perpendicular, and ground-parallel orientations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
- d. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and the rotatable table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
- e. The test-receiver system was set to Quasi-Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.

Note:

1. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 9kHz at frequency below 30MHz.

##### For Radiated emission above 30MHz

- a. The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters (for 30MHz ~ 1GHz) / 1.5 meters (for above 1GHz) above the ground at 3 meter chamber room for test. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- b. The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower.
- c. The height of antenna is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
- d. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters and the rotatable table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
- e. The test-receiver system was set to quasi-peak detect function and specified bandwidth with maximum hold mode when the test frequency is below 1 GHz.
- f. The test-receiver system was set to peak and average detect function and specified bandwidth with maximum hold mode when the test frequency is above 1 GHz. If the peak reading value also meets average limit, measurement with the average detector is unnecessary.

Note:

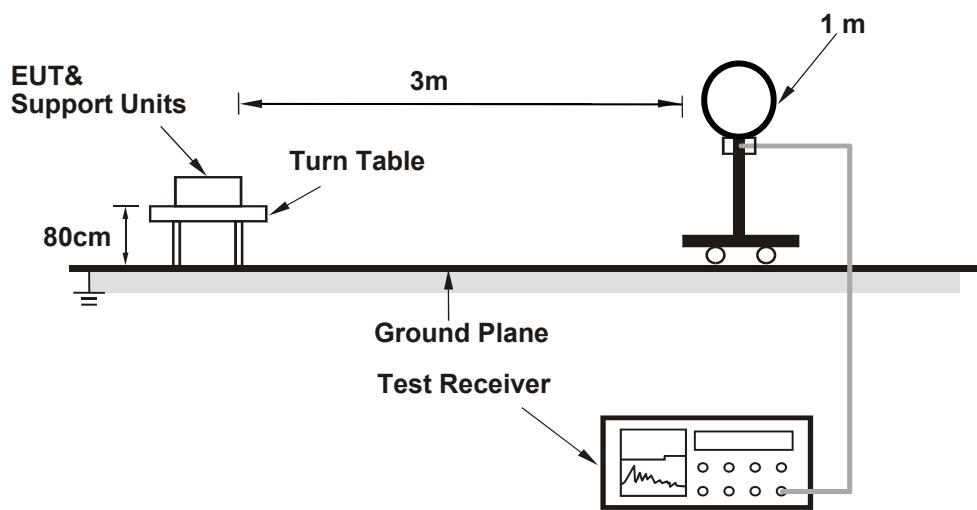
1. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 120kHz for Quasi-peak detection (QP) at frequency below 1GHz.
2. The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1 MHz and the video bandwidth is 3 MHz for Peak detection (PK) at frequency above 1GHz.
3. The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1MHz and the video bandwidth is  $\geq 1/T$  (Duty cycle < 98%) or 10Hz (Duty cycle  $\geq 98\%$ ) for Average detection (AV) at frequency above 1GHz. (RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 1kHz)
4. All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case emissions are reported.

#### 4.1.4 Deviation from Test Standard

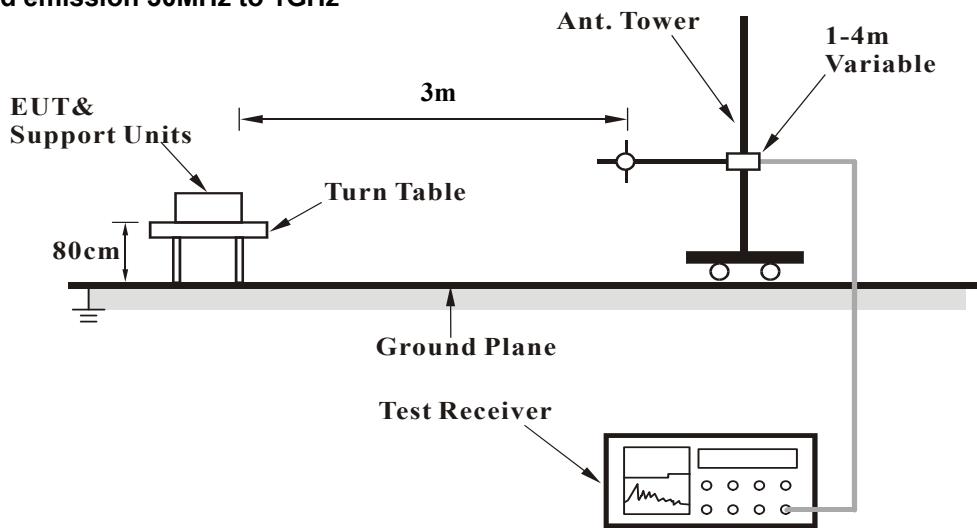
No deviation.

#### 4.1.5 Test Setup

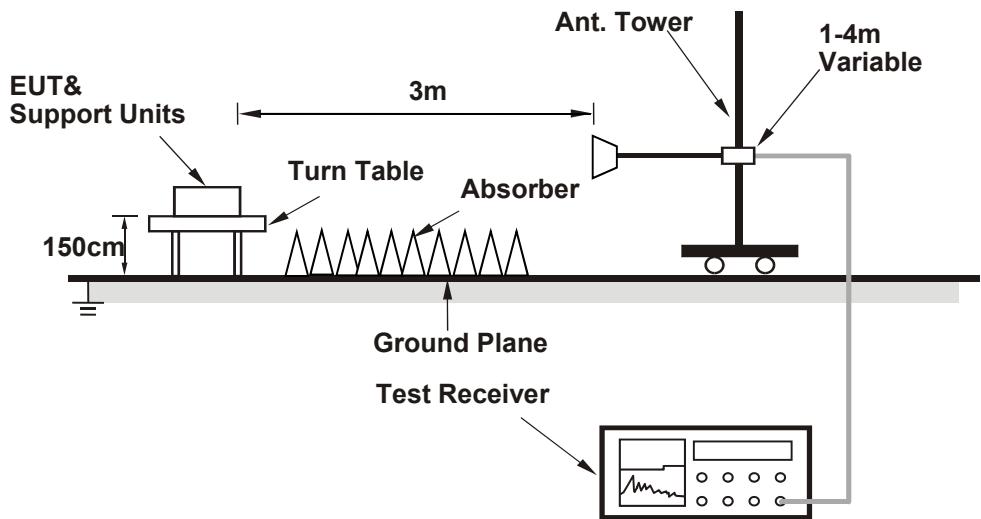
For Radiated emission below 30MHz



For Radiated emission 30MHz to 1GHz



**For Radiated emission above 1GHz**



For the actual test configuration, please refer to the attached file (Test Setup Photo).

#### 4.1.6 EUT Operating Conditions

- Placed the EUT on the testing table.
- Prepared a notebook to act as a communication partner and placed it outside of testing area.
- The communication partner connected with EUT via a RJ45 cable and ran a test program (provided by manufacturer) to enable EUT under transmission condition continuously at specific channel frequency.
- The communication partner sent data to EUT by command "PING".

#### 4.1.7 Test Results

Above 1GHz data:

RF Mode	TX 802.11a	Channel	CH 36 : 5180 MHz
Frequency Range	1GHz ~ 40GHz	Detector Function	Peak (PK) Average (AV)

Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Horizontal at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	5150.00	64.3 PK	74.0	-9.7	1.80 H	306	51.3	13.0
2	5150.00	49.8 AV	54.0	-4.2	1.80 H	306	36.8	13.0
3	*5180.00	113.3 PK			1.80 H	306	70.8	42.5
4	*5180.00	103.9 AV			1.80 H	306	61.4	42.5
5	#10360.00	64.0 PK	68.2	-4.2	1.96 H	146	41.5	22.5
Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Vertical at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	5150.00	65.4 PK	74.0	-8.6	1.89 V	207	52.4	13.0
2	<b>5150.00</b>	<b>53.9 AV</b>	<b>54.0</b>	<b>-0.1</b>	<b>1.89 V</b>	<b>207</b>	<b>40.9</b>	<b>13.0</b>
3	*5180.00	121.8 PK			1.89 V	207	79.3	42.5
4	*5180.00	112.4 AV			1.89 V	207	69.9	42.5
5	#10360.00	63.8 PK	68.2	-4.4	2.51 V	143	41.3	22.5

Remarks:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m).
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB).
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value.
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
5. " \* ": Fundamental frequency.
6. " # ": The radiated frequency is out of the restricted band.

RF Mode	TX 802.11a	Channel	CH 40 : 5200 MHz
Frequency Range	1GHz ~ 40GHz	Detector Function	Peak (PK) Average (AV)

Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Horizontal at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	5147.00	56.4 PK	74.0	-17.6	1.82 H	304	43.4	13.0
2	5147.00	46.2 AV	54.0	-7.8	1.82 H	304	33.2	13.0
3	*5200.00	116.2 PK			1.82 H	304	73.8	42.4
4	*5200.00	106.9 AV			1.82 H	304	64.5	42.4
5	#10400.00	64.7 PK	68.2	-3.5	2.36 H	148	41.9	22.8
Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Vertical at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	5146.80	63.9 PK	74.0	-10.1	1.89 V	207	50.9	13.0
2	5146.80	53.5 AV	54.0	-0.5	1.89 V	207	40.5	13.0
3	*5200.00	123.9 PK			1.89 V	207	81.5	42.4
4	*5200.00	114.8 AV			1.89 V	207	72.4	42.4
5	#10400.00	64.9 PK	68.2	-3.3	2.56 V	141	42.1	22.8

Remarks:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m).
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB).
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value.
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
5. " \* ": Fundamental frequency.
6. " # ": The radiated frequency is out of the restricted band.

RF Mode	TX 802.11a	Channel	CH 48 : 5240 MHz
Frequency Range	1GHz ~ 40GHz	Detector Function	Peak (PK) Average (AV)

Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Horizontal at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	*5240.00	116.8 PK			1.85 H	299	74.4	42.4
2	*5240.00	108.2 AV			1.85 H	299	65.8	42.4
3	5350.00	58.7 PK	74.0	-15.3	1.85 H	299	45.6	13.1
4	5350.00	47.3 AV	54.0	-6.7	1.85 H	299	34.2	13.1
5	#10480.00	64.4 PK	68.2	-3.8	1.92 H	154	41.6	22.8
Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Vertical at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	*5240.00	124.6 PK			1.86 V	206	82.2	42.4
2	*5240.00	115.6 AV			1.86 V	206	73.2	42.4
3	5350.00	59.0 PK	74.0	-15.0	1.86 V	206	45.9	13.1
4	5350.00	47.7 AV	54.0	-6.3	1.86 V	206	34.6	13.1
5	#10480.00	65.3 PK	68.2	-2.9	2.65 V	144	42.5	22.8

Remarks:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m).
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB).
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value.
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
5. " \* ": Fundamental frequency.
6. " # ": The radiated frequency is out of the restricted band.

RF Mode	TX 802.11a	Channel	CH 149 : 5745 MHz
Frequency Range	1GHz ~ 40GHz	Detector Function	Peak (PK) Average (AV)

Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Horizontal at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	#5626.40	62.9 PK	68.2	-5.3	1.21 H	66	49.2	13.7
2	*5745.00	119.7 PK			1.21 H	66	76.0	43.7
3	*5745.00	111.0 AV			1.21 H	66	67.3	43.7
4	#5930.80	62.8 PK	68.2	-5.4	1.21 H	66	48.4	14.4
5	11490.00	64.3 PK	74.0	-9.7	2.91 H	163	39.2	25.1
6	11490.00	53.1 AV	54.0	-0.9	2.91 H	163	28.0	25.1
Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Vertical at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	#5649.20	63.1 PK	68.2	-5.1	1.47 V	104	49.5	13.6
2	*5745.00	125.9 PK			1.47 V	104	82.2	43.7
3	*5745.00	117.3 AV			1.47 V	104	73.6	43.7
4	#5972.00	63.2 PK	68.2	-5.0	1.47 V	104	48.7	14.5
5	11490.00	64.1 PK	74.0	-9.9	1.86 V	19	39.0	25.1
6	11490.00	52.8 AV	54.0	-1.2	1.86 V	19	27.7	25.1

Remarks:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m).
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB).
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value.
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
5. " \* ": Fundamental frequency.
6. " # ": The radiated frequency is out of the restricted band.

RF Mode	TX 802.11a	Channel	CH 157 : 5785 MHz
Frequency Range	1GHz ~ 40GHz	Detector Function	Peak (PK) Average (AV)

Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Horizontal at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	#5636.40	62.6 PK	68.2	-5.6	1.60 H	67	48.9	13.7
2	*5785.00	120.0 PK			1.60 H	67	76.0	44.0
3	*5785.00	111.3 AV			1.60 H	67	67.3	44.0
4	#5988.00	62.4 PK	68.2	-5.8	1.60 H	67	47.9	14.5
5	11570.00	64.4 PK	74.0	-9.6	2.68 H	165	39.4	25.0
6	11570.00	53.0 AV	54.0	-1.0	2.68 H	165	28.0	25.0
Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Vertical at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	#5630.80	62.6 PK	68.2	-5.6	1.48 V	103	48.9	13.7
2	*5785.00	125.8 PK			1.48 V	103	81.8	44.0
3	*5785.00	117.8 AV			1.48 V	103	73.8	44.0
4	#5946.80	62.9 PK	68.2	-5.3	1.48 V	103	48.4	14.5
5	11570.00	64.2 PK	74.0	-9.8	1.87 V	26	39.2	25.0
6	11570.00	53.1 AV	54.0	-0.9	1.87 V	26	28.1	25.0

Remarks:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m).
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB).
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value.
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
5. " \* ": Fundamental frequency.
6. " # ": The radiated frequency is out of the restricted band.

RF Mode	TX 802.11a	Channel	CH 165 : 5825 MHz
Frequency Range	1GHz ~ 40GHz	Detector Function	Peak (PK) Average (AV)

Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Horizontal at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	#5620.00	61.4 PK	68.2	-6.8	1.21 H	71	47.8	13.6
2	*5825.00	121.2 PK			1.21 H	71	77.2	44.0
3	*5825.00	112.0 AV			1.21 H	71	68.0	44.0
4	#5992.40	62.9 PK	68.2	-5.3	1.21 H	71	48.4	14.5
5	11650.00	63.7 PK	74.0	-10.3	2.85 H	194	39.0	24.7
6	11650.00	52.3 AV	54.0	-1.7	2.85 H	194	27.6	24.7

Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Vertical at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	#5634.80	63.0 PK	68.2	-5.2	1.50 V	94	49.3	13.7
2	*5825.00	125.4 PK			1.50 V	94	81.4	44.0
3	*5825.00	116.6 AV			1.50 V	94	72.6	44.0
4	#5964.00	63.3 PK	68.2	-4.9	1.50 V	94	48.8	14.5
5	11650.00	63.4 PK	74.0	-10.6	1.94 V	13	38.7	24.7
6	11650.00	52.5 AV	54.0	-1.5	1.94 V	13	27.8	24.7

Remarks:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m).
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB).
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value.
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
5. " \* ": Fundamental frequency.
6. " # ": The radiated frequency is out of the restricted band.

RF Mode	TX 802.11ax (HE20)	Channel	CH 36 : 5180 MHz
Frequency Range	1GHz ~ 40GHz	Detector Function	Peak (PK) Average (AV)

Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Horizontal at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	5150.00	61.4 PK	74.0	-12.6	1.82 H	310	48.4	13.0
2	5150.00	48.3 AV	54.0	-5.7	1.82 H	310	35.3	13.0
3	*5180.00	116.0 PK			1.82 H	310	73.5	42.5
4	*5180.00	103.6 AV			1.82 H	310	61.1	42.5
5	#10360.00	63.4 PK	68.2	-4.8	1.87 H	139	40.9	22.5
Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Vertical at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	5150.00	65.3 PK	74.0	-8.7	1.87 V	207	52.3	13.0
2	5150.00	53.7 AV	54.0	-0.3	1.87 V	207	40.7	13.0
3	*5180.00	120.9 PK			1.87 V	207	78.4	42.5
4	*5180.00	110.6 AV			1.87 V	207	68.1	42.5
5	#10360.00	63.0 PK	68.2	-5.2	2.57 V	141	40.5	22.5

Remarks:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m).
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB).
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value.
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
5. " \* ": Fundamental frequency.
6. " # ": The radiated frequency is out of the restricted band.

RF Mode	TX 802.11ax (HE20)	Channel	CH 40 : 5200 MHz
Frequency Range	1GHz ~ 40GHz	Detector Function	Peak (PK) Average (AV)

Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Horizontal at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	5150.00	56.5 PK	74.0	-17.5	1.88 H	309	43.5	13.0
2	5150.00	46.6 AV	54.0	-7.4	1.88 H	309	33.6	13.0
3	*5200.00	117.8 PK			1.88 H	309	75.4	42.4
4	*5200.00	106.2 AV			1.88 H	309	63.8	42.4
5	#10400.00	64.0 PK	68.2	-4.2	2.48 H	152	41.2	22.8
Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Vertical at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	5150.00	62.7 PK	74.0	-11.3	1.87 V	210	49.7	13.0
2	5150.00	53.5 AV	54.0	-0.5	1.87 V	210	40.5	13.0
3	*5200.00	123.2 PK			1.87 V	210	80.8	42.4
4	*5200.00	113.2 AV			1.87 V	210	70.8	42.4
5	#10400.00	63.7 PK	68.2	-4.5	2.71 V	146	40.9	22.8

Remarks:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m).
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB).
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value.
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
5. " \* ": Fundamental frequency.
6. " # ": The radiated frequency is out of the restricted band.

RF Mode	TX 802.11ax (HE20)	Channel	CH 48 : 5240 MHz
Frequency Range	1GHz ~ 40GHz	Detector Function	Peak (PK) Average (AV)

Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Horizontal at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	*5240.00	119.6 PK			1.89 H	287	77.2	42.4
2	*5240.00	107.7 AV			1.89 H	287	65.3	42.4
3	5350.00	58.6 PK	74.0	-15.4	1.89 H	287	45.5	13.1
4	5350.00	47.2 AV	54.0	-6.8	1.89 H	287	34.1	13.1
5	#10480.00	63.6 PK	68.2	-4.6	1.87 H	163	40.8	22.8
Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Vertical at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	*5240.00	125.6 PK			1.87 V	211	83.2	42.4
2	*5240.00	115.0 AV			1.87 V	211	72.6	42.4
3	5350.00	59.1 PK	74.0	-14.9	1.87 V	211	46.0	13.1
4	5350.00	47.9 AV	54.0	-6.1	1.87 V	211	34.8	13.1
5	#10480.00	63.3 PK	68.2	-4.9	2.58 V	134	40.5	22.8

Remarks:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m).
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB).
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value.
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
5. " \* ": Fundamental frequency.
6. " # ": The radiated frequency is out of the restricted band.

RF Mode	TX 802.11ax (HE20)	Channel	CH 149 : 5745 MHz
Frequency Range	1GHz ~ 40GHz	Detector Function	Peak (PK) Average (AV)

Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Horizontal at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	#5615.60	62.1 PK	68.2	-6.1	1.18 H	67	48.5	13.6
2	*5745.00	122.0 PK			1.18 H	67	78.3	43.7
3	*5745.00	110.5 AV			1.18 H	67	66.8	43.7
4	#5978.40	63.5 PK	68.2	-4.7	1.18 H	67	49.0	14.5
5	11490.00	63.9 PK	74.0	-10.1	2.89 H	153	38.8	25.1
6	11490.00	53.0 AV	54.0	-1.0	2.89 H	153	27.9	25.1
Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Vertical at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	#5611.60	62.5 PK	68.2	-5.7	1.49 V	94	48.9	13.6
2	*5745.00	128.0 PK			1.49 V	94	84.3	43.7
3	*5745.00	117.1 AV			1.49 V	94	73.4	43.7
4	#5954.40	63.9 PK	68.2	-4.3	1.49 V	94	49.4	14.5
5	11490.00	64.3 PK	74.0	-9.7	1.73 V	50	39.2	25.1
6	11490.00	53.0 AV	54.0	-1.0	1.73 V	50	27.9	25.1

Remarks:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m).
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB).
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value.
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
5. " \* ": Fundamental frequency.
6. " # ": The radiated frequency is out of the restricted band.

RF Mode	TX 802.11ax (HE20)	Channel	CH 157 : 5785 MHz
Frequency Range	1GHz ~ 40GHz	Detector Function	Peak (PK) Average (AV)

Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Horizontal at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	#5630.40	62.0 PK	68.2	-6.2	1.69 H	66	48.3	13.7
2	*5785.00	121.3 PK			1.69 H	66	77.3	44.0
3	*5785.00	111.0 AV			1.69 H	66	67.0	44.0
4	#5947.20	63.3 PK	68.2	-4.9	1.69 H	66	48.8	14.5
5	11570.00	63.7 PK	74.0	-10.3	2.83 H	162	38.7	25.0
6	11570.00	52.7 AV	54.0	-1.3	2.83 H	162	27.7	25.0

Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Vertical at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	#5646.80	61.1 PK	68.2	-7.1	1.42 V	93	47.5	13.6
2	*5785.00	126.3 PK			1.42 V	93	82.3	44.0
3	*5785.00	116.8 AV			1.42 V	93	72.8	44.0
4	#5926.80	62.9 PK	68.2	-5.3	1.42 V	93	48.5	14.4
5	11570.00	63.8 PK	74.0	-10.2	1.93 V	22	38.8	25.0
6	11570.00	52.7 AV	54.0	-1.3	1.93 V	22	27.7	25.0

Remarks:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m).
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB).
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value.
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
5. " \* ": Fundamental frequency.
6. " # ": The radiated frequency is out of the restricted band.

RF Mode	TX 802.11ax (HE20)	Channel	CH 165 : 5825 MHz
Frequency Range	1GHz ~ 40GHz	Detector Function	Peak (PK) Average (AV)

Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Horizontal at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	#5632.00	62.4 PK	68.2	-5.8	1.72 H	70	48.7	13.7
2	*5825.00	121.4 PK			1.72 H	70	77.4	44.0
3	*5825.00	110.8 AV			1.72 H	70	66.8	44.0
4	#5948.00	62.6 PK	68.2	-5.6	1.72 H	70	48.1	14.5
5	11650.00	63.6 PK	74.0	-10.4	2.52 H	183	38.9	24.7
6	11650.00	52.9 AV	54.0	-1.1	2.52 H	183	28.2	24.7
Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Vertical at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	#5634.00	64.0 PK	68.2	-4.2	1.51 V	95	50.3	13.7
2	*5825.00	128.1 PK			1.51 V	95	84.1	44.0
3	*5825.00	116.2 AV			1.51 V	95	72.2	44.0
4	#5936.80	63.4 PK	68.2	-4.8	1.51 V	95	49.0	14.4
5	11650.00	63.6 PK	74.0	-10.4	1.96 V	29	38.9	24.7
6	11650.00	52.2 AV	54.0	-1.8	1.96 V	29	27.5	24.7

Remarks:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m).
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB).
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value.
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
5. " \* ": Fundamental frequency.
6. " # ": The radiated frequency is out of the restricted band.

RF Mode	TX 802.11ax (HE40)	Channel	CH 38 : 5190 MHz
Frequency Range	1GHz ~ 40GHz	Detector Function	Peak (PK) Average (AV)

Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Horizontal at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	5147.50	59.3 PK	74.0	-14.7	1.96 H	290	46.3	13.0
2	5147.50	47.3 AV	54.0	-6.7	1.96 H	290	34.3	13.0
3	*5190.00	111.0 PK			1.96 H	290	68.5	42.5
4	*5190.00	101.1 AV			1.96 H	290	58.6	42.5
5	#10380.00	63.0 PK	68.2	-5.2	1.65 H	160	40.3	22.7

Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Vertical at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	5147.50	63.4 PK	74.0	-10.6	1.71 V	169	50.4	13.0
2	5147.50	53.6 AV	54.0	-0.4	1.71 V	169	40.6	13.0
3	*5190.00	117.7 PK			1.71 V	169	75.2	42.5
4	*5190.00	107.7 AV			1.71 V	169	65.2	42.5
5	#10380.00	62.9 PK	68.2	-5.3	2.61 V	148	40.2	22.7

Remarks:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m).
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB).
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value.
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
5. " \* ": Fundamental frequency.
6. " # ": The radiated frequency is out of the restricted band.

RF Mode	TX 802.11ax (HE40)	Channel	CH 46 : 5230 MHz
Frequency Range	1GHz ~ 40GHz	Detector Function	Peak (PK) Average (AV)

Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Horizontal at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	5150.00	57.4 PK	74.0	-16.6	1.79 H	287	44.4	13.0
2	5150.00	46.9 AV	54.0	-7.1	1.79 H	287	33.9	13.0
3	*5230.00	114.0 PK			1.79 H	287	71.6	42.4
4	*5230.00	104.2 AV			1.79 H	287	61.8	42.4
5	5350.00	54.5 PK	74.0	-19.5	1.79 H	287	41.4	13.1
6	5350.00	42.3 AV	54.0	-11.7	1.79 H	287	29.2	13.1
7	#10460.00	63.1 PK	68.2	-5.1	1.89 H	166	40.2	22.9
Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Vertical at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	5150.00	63.0 PK	74.0	-11.0	1.49 V	193	50.0	13.0
2	5150.00	53.7 AV	54.0	-0.3	1.49 V	193	40.7	13.0
3	*5230.00	122.3 PK			1.49 V	193	79.9	42.4
4	*5230.00	111.0 AV			1.49 V	193	68.6	42.4
5	5350.00	54.7 PK	74.0	-19.3	1.49 V	193	41.6	13.1
6	5350.00	43.6 AV	54.0	-10.4	1.49 V	193	30.5	13.1
7	#10460.00	63.1 PK	68.2	-5.1	1.91 V	185	40.2	22.9

**Remarks:**

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m).
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB).
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value.
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
5. " \* ": Fundamental frequency.
6. " # ": The radiated frequency is out of the restricted band.

RF Mode	TX 802.11ax (HE40)	Channel	CH 151 : 5755 MHz
Frequency Range	1GHz ~ 40GHz	Detector Function	Peak (PK) Average (AV)

Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Horizontal at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	#5648.80	67.3 PK	68.2	-0.9	1.76 H	78	53.7	13.6
2	*5755.00	119.8 PK			1.76 H	78	76.0	43.8
3	*5755.00	110.0 AV			1.76 H	78	66.2	43.8
4	#5995.20	64.4 PK	68.2	-3.8	1.76 H	78	49.9	14.5
5	11510.00	63.5 PK	74.0	-10.5	2.41 H	163	38.5	25.0
6	11510.00	52.8 AV	54.0	-1.2	2.41 H	163	27.8	25.0
Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Vertical at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	#5646.40	67.7 PK	68.2	-0.5	1.60 V	101	54.1	13.6
2	*5755.00	124.0 PK			1.60 V	101	80.2	43.8
3	*5755.00	114.4 AV			1.60 V	101	70.6	43.8
4	#5971.20	64.5 PK	68.2	-3.7	1.60 V	101	50.0	14.5
5	11510.00	63.7 PK	74.0	-10.3	2.46 V	188	38.7	25.0
6	11510.00	52.6 AV	54.0	-1.4	2.46 V	188	27.6	25.0

Remarks:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m).
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB).
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value.
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
5. " \* ": Fundamental frequency.
6. " # ": The radiated frequency is out of the restricted band.

RF Mode	TX 802.11ax (HE40)	Channel	CH 159 : 5795 MHz
Frequency Range	1GHz ~ 40GHz	Detector Function	Peak (PK) Average (AV)

Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Horizontal at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	#5607.60	61.2 PK	68.2	-7.0	1.77 H	79	47.6	13.6
2	*5795.00	118.4 PK			1.77 H	79	74.4	44.0
3	*5795.00	109.0 AV			1.77 H	79	65.0	44.0
4	#5977.20	62.2 PK	68.2	-6.0	1.77 H	79	47.7	14.5
5	11590.00	63.0 PK	74.0	-11.0	2.25 H	148	38.1	24.9
6	11590.00	52.5 AV	54.0	-1.5	2.25 H	148	27.6	24.9
Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Vertical at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	#5643.20	63.0 PK	68.2	-5.2	1.57 V	100	49.3	13.7
2	*5795.00	123.6 PK			1.57 V	100	79.6	44.0
3	*5795.00	113.3 AV			1.57 V	100	69.3	44.0
4	#5960.00	64.4 PK	68.2	-3.8	1.57 V	100	49.9	14.5
5	11590.00	63.4 PK	74.0	-10.6	1.92 V	56	38.5	24.9
6	11590.00	52.3 AV	54.0	-1.7	1.92 V	56	27.4	24.9

Remarks:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m).
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB).
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value.
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
5. " \* ": Fundamental frequency.
6. " # ": The radiated frequency is out of the restricted band.

RF Mode	TX 802.11ax (HE80)	Channel	CH 42 : 5210 MHz
Frequency Range	1GHz ~ 40GHz	Detector Function	Peak (PK) Average (AV)

Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Horizontal at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	5147.00	58.3 PK	74.0	-15.7	1.85 H	286	45.3	13.0
2	5147.00	47.5 AV	54.0	-6.5	1.85 H	286	34.5	13.0
3	*5210.00	108.7 PK			1.85 H	286	66.3	42.4
4	*5210.00	98.2 AV			1.85 H	286	55.8	42.4
5	5350.00	58.2 PK	74.0	-15.8	1.85 H	286	45.1	13.1
6	5350.00	47.3 AV	54.0	-6.7	1.85 H	286	34.2	13.1
7	#10420.00	62.9 PK	68.2	-5.3	1.92 H	168	40.0	22.9

Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Vertical at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	5147.00	65.1 PK	74.0	-8.9	1.68 V	193	52.1	13.0
2	5147.00	53.8 AV	54.0	-0.2	1.68 V	193	40.8	13.0
3	*5210.00	113.9 PK			1.68 V	193	71.5	42.4
4	*5210.00	104.0 AV			1.68 V	193	61.6	42.4
5	5350.00	58.3 PK	74.0	-15.7	1.68 V	193	45.2	13.1
6	5350.00	47.5 AV	54.0	-6.5	1.68 V	193	34.4	13.1
7	#10420.00	63.0 PK	68.2	-5.2	2.49 V	155	40.1	22.9

Remarks:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m).
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB).
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value.
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
5. " \* ": Fundamental frequency.
6. " # ": The radiated frequency is out of the restricted band.

RF Mode	TX 802.11ax (HE80)	Channel	CH 155 : 5775 MHz
Frequency Range	1GHz ~ 40GHz	Detector Function	Peak (PK) Average (AV)

Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Horizontal at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	#5648.00	64.3 PK	68.2	-3.9	1.72 H	79	50.7	13.6
2	*5775.00	115.6 PK			1.72 H	79	71.8	43.8
3	*5775.00	105.0 AV			1.72 H	79	61.2	43.8
4	#5930.80	63.8 PK	68.2	-4.4	1.72 H	79	49.4	14.4
5	11550.00	63.4 PK	74.0	-10.6	2.31 H	177	38.4	25.0
6	11550.00	52.4 AV	54.0	-1.6	2.31 H	177	27.4	25.0
Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Vertical at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	#5648.80	67.8 PK	68.2	-0.4	1.44 V	97	54.2	13.6
2	*5775.00	119.2 PK			1.44 V	97	75.4	43.8
3	*5775.00	109.4 AV			1.44 V	97	65.6	43.8
4	#5950.80	65.8 PK	68.2	-2.4	1.44 V	97	51.3	14.5
5	11550.00	63.2 PK	74.0	-10.8	1.88 V	33	38.2	25.0
6	11550.00	52.3 AV	54.0	-1.7	1.88 V	33	27.3	25.0

Remarks:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m).
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB).
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value.
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
5. " \* ": Fundamental frequency.
6. " # ": The radiated frequency is out of the restricted band.

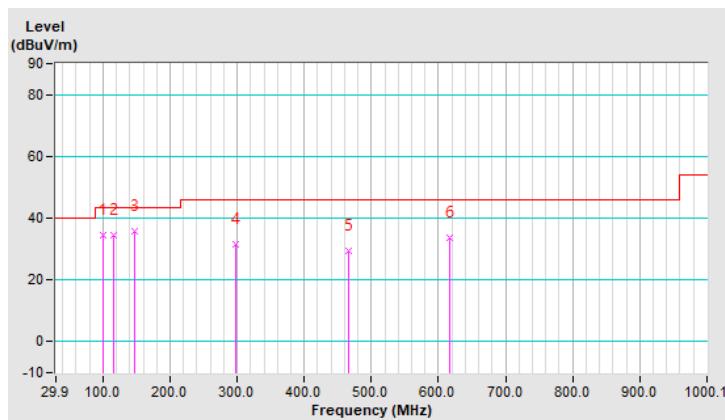
**Below 1GHz Worst-Case Data:**

RF Mode	TX 802.11a	Channel	CH 36 : 5180 MHz
Frequency Range	30MHz ~ 1GHz	Detector Function	Quasi-Peak (QP)
Test Mode	A		

ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: HORIZONTAL AT 3 M								
NO.	FREQ. (MHz)	EMISSION LEVEL (dBuV/m)	LIMIT (dBuV/m)	MARGIN (dB)	ANTENNA HEIGHT (m)	TABLE ANGLE (Degree)	RAW VALUE (dBuV)	CORRECTION FACTOR (dB/m)
1	99.75	34.6 QP	43.5	-8.9	1.00 H	332	48.1	-13.5
2	116.25	34.6 QP	43.5	-8.9	1.00 H	79	46.3	-11.7
3	146.32	35.8 QP	43.5	-7.7	1.00 H	318	44.8	-9.0
4	297.68	31.7 QP	46.0	-14.3	1.00 H	304	39.4	-7.7
5	466.49	29.4 QP	46.0	-16.6	1.00 H	332	34.2	-4.8
6	615.90	33.5 QP	46.0	-12.5	1.00 H	330	35.1	-1.6

**Remarks:**

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m).
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB).
3. The other emission levels were very low against the limit of frequency range 30MHz ~ 1000MHz.
4. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value.
5. The emission levels were very low against the limit of frequency range 9kHz ~ 30MHz: the amplitude of spurious emissions attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible value to be report.

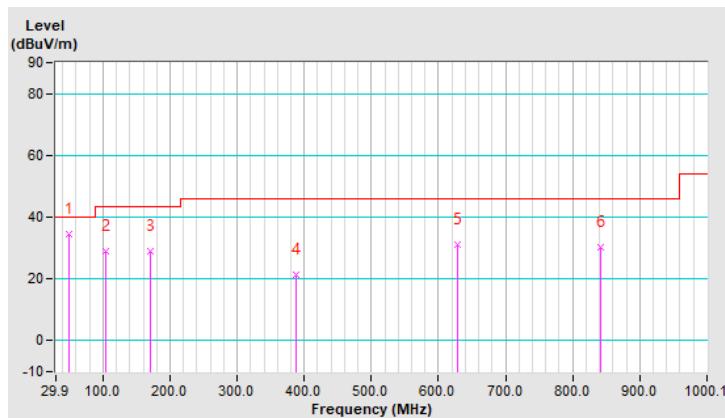


RF Mode	TX 802.11a	Channel	CH 36 : 5180 MHz
Frequency Range	30MHz ~ 1GHz	Detector Function	Quasi-Peak (QP)
Test Mode	A		

ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: VERTICAL AT 3 M								
NO.	FREQ. (MHz)	EMISSION LEVEL (dBuV/m)	LIMIT (dBuV/m)	MARGIN (dB)	ANTENNA HEIGHT (m)	TABLE ANGLE (Degree)	RAW VALUE (dBuV)	CORRECTION FACTOR (dB/m)
1	50.27	34.4 QP	40.0	-5.6	1.00 V	155	43.2	-8.8
2	104.61	28.8 QP	43.5	-14.7	1.00 V	249	41.6	-12.8
3	171.55	28.9 QP	43.5	-14.6	1.50 V	354	38.4	-9.5
4	386.93	21.2 QP	46.0	-24.8	1.50 V	317	27.4	-6.2
5	628.51	31.3 QP	46.0	-14.7	1.00 V	152	32.6	-1.3
6	840.99	30.2 QP	46.0	-15.8	1.00 V	75	27.0	3.2

Remarks:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m).
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB).
3. The other emission levels were very low against the limit of frequency range 30MHz ~ 1000MHz.
4. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value.
5. The emission levels were very low against the limit of frequency range 9kHz ~ 30MHz: the amplitude of spurious emissions attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible value to be report.

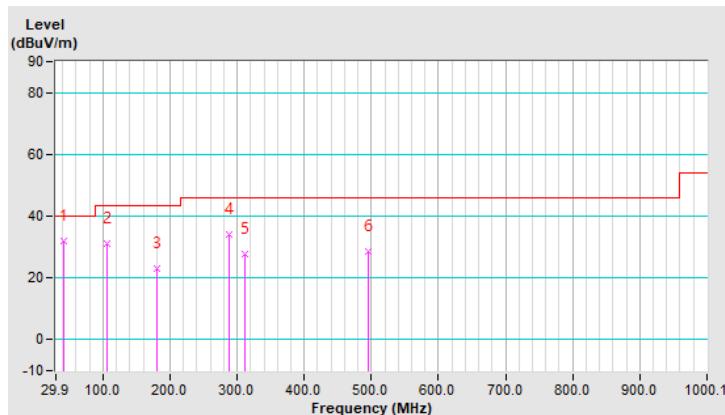


RF Mode	TX 802.11a	Channel	CH 36 : 5180 MHz
Frequency Range	30MHz ~ 1GHz	Detector Function	Quasi-Peak (QP)
Test Mode	B		

ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: HORIZONTAL AT 3 M								
NO.	FREQ. (MHz)	EMISSION LEVEL (dBuV/m)	LIMIT (dBuV/m)	MARGIN (dB)	ANTENNA HEIGHT (m)	TABLE ANGLE (Degree)	RAW VALUE (dBuV)	CORRECTION FACTOR (dB/m)
1	41.54	31.9 QP	40.0	-8.1	1.50 H	263	41.3	-9.4
2	106.55	30.9 QP	43.5	-12.6	1.00 H	84	43.5	-12.6
3	181.25	23.0 QP	43.5	-20.5	1.50 H	142	33.6	-10.6
4	288.94	33.9 QP	46.0	-12.1	1.50 H	197	41.9	-8.0
5	311.26	27.9 QP	46.0	-18.1	2.00 H	74	35.5	-7.6
6	495.60	28.7 QP	46.0	-17.3	1.00 H	220	32.9	-4.2

**Remarks:**

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m).
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB).
3. The other emission levels were very low against the limit of frequency range 30MHz ~ 1000MHz.
4. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value.
5. The emission levels were very low against the limit of frequency range 9kHz ~ 30MHz: the amplitude of spurious emissions attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible value to be report.

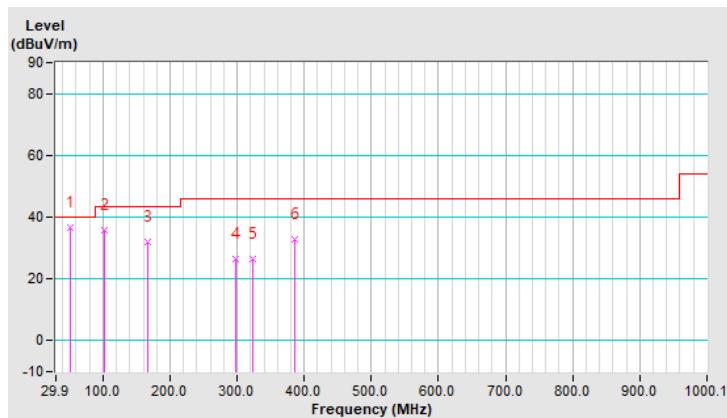


RF Mode	TX 802.11a	Channel	CH 36 : 5180 MHz
Frequency Range	30MHz ~ 1GHz	Detector Function	Quasi-Peak (QP)
Test Mode	B		

ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: VERTICAL AT 3 M								
NO.	FREQ. (MHz)	EMISSION LEVEL (dBuV/m)	LIMIT (dBuV/m)	MARGIN (dB)	ANTENNA HEIGHT (m)	TABLE ANGLE (Degree)	RAW VALUE (dBuV)	CORRECTION FACTOR (dB/m)
1	52.21	36.6 QP	40.0	-3.4	1.50 V	142	45.4	-8.8
2	101.69	35.9 QP	43.5	-7.6	1.00 V	85	49.2	-13.3
3	166.70	32.0 QP	43.5	-11.5	1.00 V	236	41.1	-9.1
4	298.65	26.6 QP	46.0	-19.4	1.00 V	201	34.3	-7.7
5	323.87	26.5 QP	46.0	-19.5	1.00 V	79	33.6	-7.1
6	385.96	32.7 QP	46.0	-13.3	2.00 V	108	38.9	-6.2

Remarks:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m).
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB).
3. The other emission levels were very low against the limit of frequency range 30MHz ~ 1000MHz.
4. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value.
5. The emission levels were very low against the limit of frequency range 9kHz ~ 30MHz: the amplitude of spurious emissions attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible value to be report.



## 4.2 Conducted Emission Measurement

### 4.2.1 Limits of Conducted Emission Measurement

Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Limit (dBuV)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15 - 0.5	66 - 56	56 - 46
0.50 - 5.0	56	46
5.0 - 30.0	60	50

Note: 1. The lower limit shall apply at the transition frequencies.

2. The limit decreases in line with the logarithm of the frequency in the range of 0.15 to 0.50MHz.

### 4.2.2 Test Instruments

Description & Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
Test Receiver ROHDE & SCHWARZ	ESCI	100613	Dec. 04, 2020	Dec. 03, 2021
RF signal cable Woken	5D-FB	Cable-cond1-01	Jan. 16, 2021	Jan. 15, 2022
LISN ROHDE & SCHWARZ (EUT)	ENV216	101826	Feb. 25, 2021	Feb. 24, 2022
LISN ROHDE & SCHWARZ (Peripheral)	ESH3-Z5	100311	Sep. 07, 2021	Sep. 06, 2022
Software ADT	BV ADT_Cond_ V7.3.7.4	NA	NA	NA

Note: 1. The calibration interval of the above test instruments is 12 months and the calibrations are traceable to NML/ROC and NIST/USA.  
 2. The test was performed in HwaYa Shielded Room 1(Conduction 1).  
 3. The VCCI Site Registration No. is C-12040.

#### 4.2.3 Test Procedures

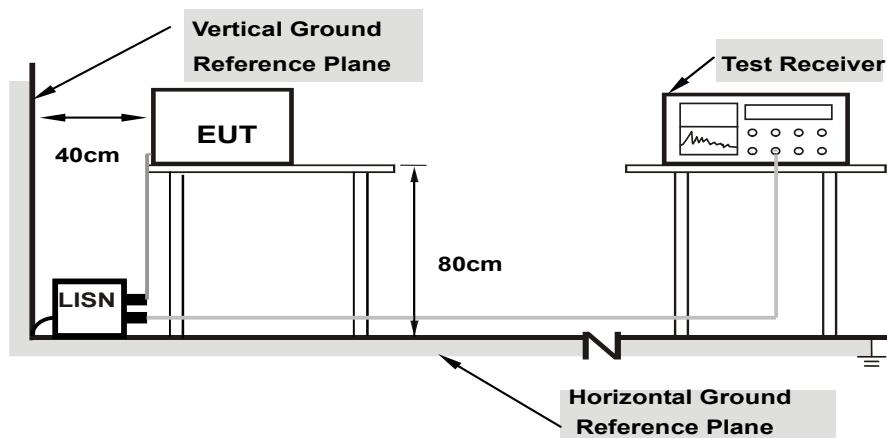
- a. The EUT was placed 0.4 meters from the conducting wall of the shielded room with EUT being connected to the power mains through a line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Other support units were connected to the power mains through another LISN. The two LISNs provide 50 ohm/ 50uH of coupling impedance for the measuring instrument.
- b. Both lines of the power mains connected to the EUT were checked for maximum conducted interference.
- c. The frequency range from 150kHz to 30MHz was searched. Emission levels under (Limit - 20dB) was not recorded.

Note: The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver is 9kHz for quasi-peak detection (QP) and average detection (AV) at frequency 0.15MHz-30MHz.

#### 4.2.4 Deviation from Test Standard

No deviation.

#### 4.2.5 Test Setup



**Note: 1. Support units were connected to second LISN.**

For the actual test configuration, please refer to the attached file (Test Setup Photo).

#### 4.2.6 EUT Operating Conditions

Same as 4.1.6.

#### 4.2.7 Test Results

Worst-case data:

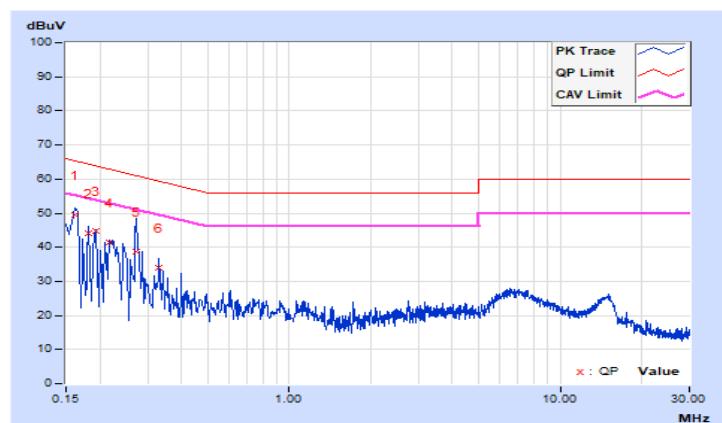
802.11a

Phase	Line (L)	Detector Function	Quasi-Peak (QP) / Average (AV)
Test Mode	A		

No	Freq. [MHz]	Corr. Factor (dB)	Reading Value		Emission Level		Limit		Margin	
			[dB (uV)]		[dB (uV)]		[dB (uV)]		(dB)	
			Q.P.	AV.	Q.P.	AV.	Q.P.	AV.	Q.P.	AV.
1	0.16173	9.71	39.71	24.15	49.42	33.86	65.37	55.37	-15.95	-21.51
2	0.18128	9.71	34.26	15.01	43.97	24.72	64.43	54.43	-20.46	-29.71
3	0.19301	9.71	35.04	20.17	44.75	29.88	63.91	53.91	-19.16	-24.03
4	0.21647	9.71	31.76	16.72	41.47	26.43	62.95	52.95	-21.48	-26.52
5	0.27120	9.72	28.95	18.63	38.67	28.35	61.08	51.08	-22.41	-22.73
6	0.32986	9.72	24.14	13.49	33.86	23.21	59.45	49.45	-25.59	-26.24

Remarks:

1. Q.P. and AV. are abbreviations of quasi-peak and average individually.
2. The emission levels of other frequencies were very low against the limit.
3. Margin value = Emission level - Limit value
4. Correction factor = Insertion loss + Cable loss
5. Emission Level = Correction Factor + Reading Value.

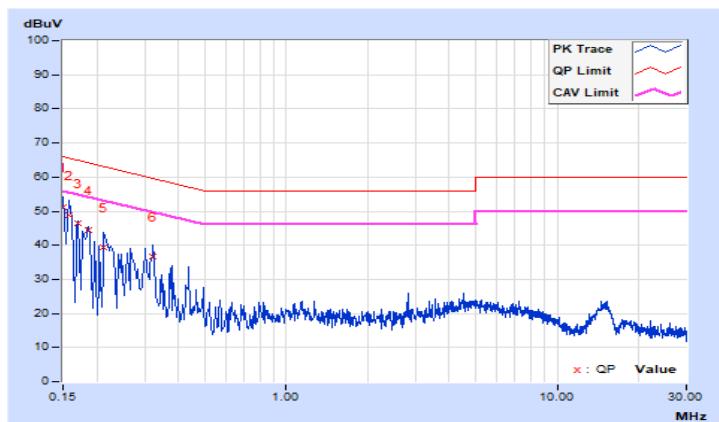


Phase	Neutral (N)	Detector Function	Quasi-Peak (QP) / Average (AV)
Test Mode	A		

No	Freq. [MHz]	Corr. Factor (dB)	Reading Value [dB (uV)]		Emission Level [dB (uV)]		Limit [dB (uV)]		Margin (dB)	
			Q.P.	AV.	Q.P.	AV.	Q.P.	AV.	Q.P.	AV.
1	0.15000	9.76	41.31	23.76	51.07	33.52	66.00	56.00	-14.93	-22.48
2	0.15760	9.77	38.98	21.35	48.75	31.12	65.59	55.59	-16.84	-24.47
3	0.16955	9.77	36.66	21.32	46.43	31.09	64.98	54.98	-18.55	-23.89
4	0.18508	9.77	34.75	16.09	44.52	25.86	64.25	54.25	-19.73	-28.39
5	0.21256	9.77	29.76	12.26	39.53	22.03	63.10	53.10	-23.57	-31.07
6	0.32204	9.78	26.84	15.44	36.62	25.22	59.65	49.65	-23.03	-24.43

Remarks:

1. Q.P. and AV. are abbreviations of quasi-peak and average individually.
2. The emission levels of other frequencies were very low against the limit.
3. Margin value = Emission level - Limit value
4. Correction factor = Insertion loss + Cable loss
5. Emission Level = Correction Factor + Reading Value.

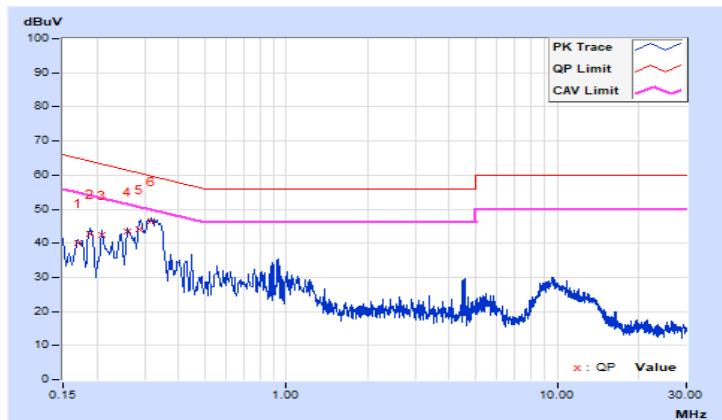


Phase	Line (L)	Detector Function	Quasi-Peak (QP) / Average (AV)
Test Mode	B		

No	Freq.	Corr. Factor	Reading Value		Emission Level		Limit		Margin	
			[dB (uV)]		[dB (uV)]		[dB (uV)]		(dB)	
			[MHz]	(dB)	Q.P.	AV.	Q.P.	AV.	Q.P.	AV.
1	0.16955	9.71	30.35	22.97	40.06	32.68	64.98	54.98	-24.92	-22.30
2	0.18903	9.71	33.19	24.46	42.90	34.17	64.08	54.08	-21.18	-19.91
3	0.20865	9.71	32.63	20.19	42.34	29.90	63.26	53.26	-20.92	-23.36
4	0.25948	9.72	33.60	26.87	43.32	36.59	61.45	51.45	-18.13	-14.86
5	0.28663	9.72	34.52	27.65	44.24	37.37	60.62	50.62	-16.38	-13.25
6	0.31813	9.72	36.68	30.37	46.40	40.09	59.76	49.76	-13.36	-9.67

Remarks:

1. Q.P. and AV. are abbreviations of quasi-peak and average individually.
2. The emission levels of other frequencies were very low against the limit.
3. Margin value = Emission level - Limit value
4. Correction factor = Insertion loss + Cable loss
5. Emission Level = Correction Factor + Reading Value.

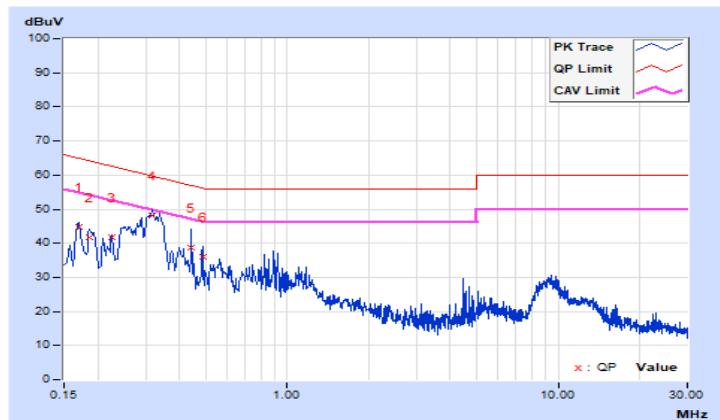


Phase	Neutral (N)	Detector Function	Quasi-Peak (QP) / Average (AV)
Test Mode	B		

No	Freq. [MHz]	Corr. Factor (dB)	Reading Value [dB (uV)]		Emission Level [dB (uV)]		Limit [dB (uV)]		Margin (dB)	
			Q.P.	AV.	Q.P.	AV.	Q.P.	AV.	Q.P.	AV.
1	0.16955	9.77	34.97	23.69	44.74	33.46	64.98	54.98	-20.24	-21.52
2	0.18508	9.77	31.92	25.26	41.69	35.03	64.25	54.25	-22.56	-19.22
3	0.22429	9.77	32.07	19.27	41.84	29.04	62.66	52.66	-20.82	-23.62
<b>4</b>	<b>0.31765</b>	<b>9.78</b>	<b>38.32</b>	<b>32.23</b>	<b>48.10</b>	<b>42.01</b>	<b>59.77</b>	<b>49.77</b>	<b>-11.67</b>	<b>-7.76</b>
5	0.44325	9.79	28.95	19.63	38.74	29.42	57.00	47.00	-18.26	-17.58
6	0.48626	9.79	26.23	18.76	36.02	28.55	56.23	46.23	-20.21	-17.68

Remarks:

1. Q.P. and AV. are abbreviations of quasi-peak and average individually.
2. The emission levels of other frequencies were very low against the limit.
3. Margin value = Emission level - Limit value
4. Correction factor = Insertion loss + Cable loss
5. Emission Level = Correction Factor + Reading Value.



### 4.3 Transmit Power Measurement

#### 4.3.1 Limits of Transmit Power Measurement

Operation Band	EUT Category		Limit
U-NII-1	Outdoor Access Point		1 Watt (30 dBm) (Max. e.i.r.p $\leq$ 125mW(21 dBm) at any elevation angle above 30 degrees as measured from the horizon)
	Fixed point-to-point Access Point		1 Watt (30 dBm)
	Indoor Access Point		1 Watt (30 dBm)
	Mobile and Portable client device		250mW (24 dBm)
U-NII-2A	-		250mW (24 dBm) or 11 dBm+10 log B*
U-NII-2C	-		250mW (24 dBm) or 11 dBm+10 log B*
U-NII-3	√		1 Watt (30 dBm)

\*B is the 26 dB emission bandwidth in megahertz

Per KDB 662911 Method of conducted output power measurement on IEEE 802.11 devices,

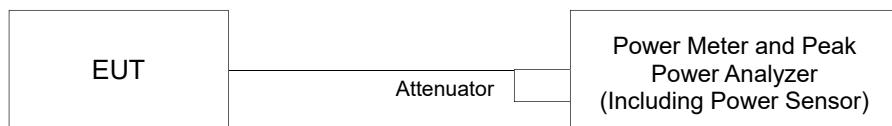
Array Gain = 0 dB (i.e., no array gain) for  $N_{ANT} \leq 4$ ;

Array Gain = 0 dB (i.e., no array gain) for channel widths  $\geq 40$  MHz for any  $N_{ANT}$ ;

Array Gain =  $5 \log(N_{ANT}/N_{SS})$  dB or 3 dB, whichever is less for 20-MHz channel widths with  $N_{ANT} \geq 5$ .

For power measurements on all other devices: Array Gain =  $10 \log(N_{ANT}/N_{SS})$  dB.

#### 4.3.2 Test Setup



#### 4.3.3 Test Instruments

Refer to section 4.1.2 to get information of above instrument.

#### 4.3.4 Test Procedure

Method PM is used to perform output power measurement, trigger and gating function of wide band power meter is enabled to measure max output power of TX on burst and set the detector to average. Duty factor is not added to measured value.

#### 4.3.5 Deviation from Test Standard

No deviation.

#### 4.3.6 EUT Operating Conditions

The software provided by client to enable the EUT under transmission condition continuously at lowest, middle and highest channel frequencies individually.

#### 4.3.7 Test Result

##### Power Output:

CDD Mode

802.11a

Chan.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		Total Power (mW)	Total Power (dBm)	Power Limit (dBm)	Pass / Fail
		Chain 0	Chain 1				
36	5180	23.82	23.83	482.537	26.84	30.00	Pass
40	5200	26.13	26.08	815.713	29.12	30.00	Pass
48	5240	26.03	26.11	809.186	29.08	30.00	Pass
149	5745	26.31	26.20	844.432	29.27	30.00	Pass
157	5785	26.20	26.29	842.468	29.26	30.00	Pass
165	5825	26.38	26.13	844.714	29.27	30.00	Pass

802.11ac (VHT20)

Chan.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		Total Power (mW)	Total Power (dBm)	Power Limit (dBm)	Pass / Fail
		Chain 0	Chain 1				
36	5180	23.44	23.12	425.917	26.29	30.00	Pass
40	5200	26.10	26.01	806.405	29.07	30.00	Pass
48	5240	26.04	25.99	798.982	29.03	30.00	Pass
149	5745	26.06	26.32	832.194	29.20	30.00	Pass
157	5785	26.26	26.15	834.766	29.22	30.00	Pass
165	5825	26.40	26.07	841.092	29.25	30.00	Pass

802.11ac (VHT40)

Chan.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		Total Power (mW)	Total Power (dBm)	Power Limit (dBm)	Pass / Fail
		Chain 0	Chain 1				
38	5190	20.17	20.67	220.673	23.44	30.00	Pass
46	5230	26.16	25.86	798.526	29.02	30.00	Pass
151	5755	26.14	26.32	839.698	29.24	30.00	Pass
159	5795	26.10	26.28	832.000	29.20	30.00	Pass

802.11ac (VHT80)

Chan.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		Total Power (mW)	Total Power (dBm)	Power Limit (dBm)	Pass / Fail
		Chain 0	Chain 1				
42	5210	21.07	20.96	252.676	24.03	30.00	Pass
155	5775	24.80	24.93	613.167	27.88	30.00	Pass

### 802.11ax (HE20)

Chan.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		Total Power (mW)	Total Power (dBm)	Power Limit (dBm)	Pass / Fail
		Chain 0	Chain 1				
36	5180	23.50	23.22	433.766	26.37	30.00	Pass
40	5200	26.15	26.04	813.888	29.11	30.00	Pass
48	5240	26.08	26.01	804.533	29.06	30.00	Pass
149	5745	26.11	26.38	842.830	29.26	30.00	Pass
157	5785	26.32	26.22	847.342	29.28	30.00	Pass
165	5825	26.42	26.10	845.911	29.27	30.00	Pass

### 802.11ax (HE40)

Chan.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		Total Power (mW)	Total Power (dBm)	Power Limit (dBm)	Pass / Fail
		Chain 0	Chain 1				
38	5190	20.19	20.76	223.596	23.49	30.00	Pass
46	5230	26.17	25.88	801.257	29.04	30.00	Pass
151	5755	26.16	26.38	<b>847.558</b>	29.28	30.00	Pass
159	5795	26.14	26.32	839.698	29.24	30.00	Pass

### 802.11ax (HE80)

Chan.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		Total Power (mW)	Total Power (dBm)	Power Limit (dBm)	Pass / Fail
		Chain 0	Chain 1				
42	5210	21.12	21.02	255.893	24.08	30.00	Pass
155	5775	24.87	24.98	621.677	27.94	30.00	Pass

### Beamforming Mode

#### 802.11ac (VHT20)

Chan.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		Total Power (mW)	Total Power (dBm)	Power Limit (dBm)	Pass / Fail
		Chain 0	Chain 1				
36	5180	23.44	23.12	425.917	26.29	30.00	Pass
40	5200	26.10	26.01	806.405	29.07	30.00	Pass
48	5240	26.04	25.99	798.982	29.03	30.00	Pass
149	5745	26.06	26.32	832.194	29.20	29.56	Pass
157	5785	26.26	26.15	834.766	29.22	29.56	Pass
165	5825	26.40	26.07	841.092	29.25	29.56	Pass

Note:

1. 5180-5240MHz: Directional gain =  $10 \log[(10^{G1/20} + 10^{G2/20} + \dots + 10^{GN/20})^2/2] = 5.82\text{dBi} < 6\text{dBi}$ , so the power limit is not reduced.
2. 5745-5825MHz: Directional gain =  $10 \log[(10^{G1/20} + 10^{G2/20} + \dots + 10^{GN/20})^2/2] = 6.44\text{dBi} > 6\text{dBi}$ , so the power limit shall be reduced to  $30 - (6.44 - 6) = 29.56\text{dBm}$ .

#### 802.11ac (VHT40)

Chan.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		Total Power (mW)	Total Power (dBm)	Power Limit (dBm)	Pass / Fail
		Chain 0	Chain 1				
38	5190	20.17	20.67	220.673	23.44	30.00	Pass
46	5230	26.16	25.86	798.526	29.02	30.00	Pass
151	5755	26.14	26.32	839.698	29.24	29.56	Pass
159	5795	26.10	26.28	832.000	29.20	29.56	Pass

Note:

1. 5180-5240MHz: Directional gain =  $10 \log[(10^{G1/20} + 10^{G2/20} + \dots + 10^{GN/20})^2/2] = 5.82\text{dBi} < 6\text{dBi}$ , so the power limit is not reduced.
2. 5745-5825MHz: Directional gain =  $10 \log[(10^{G1/20} + 10^{G2/20} + \dots + 10^{GN/20})^2/2] = 6.44\text{dBi} > 6\text{dBi}$ , so the power limit shall be reduced to  $30 - (6.44 - 6) = 29.56\text{dBm}$ .

#### 802.11ac (VHT80)

Chan.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		Total Power (mW)	Total Power (dBm)	Power Limit (dBm)	Pass / Fail
		Chain 0	Chain 1				
42	5210	21.07	20.96	252.676	24.03	30.00	Pass
155	5775	24.80	24.93	613.167	27.88	29.56	Pass

Note:

1. 5180-5240MHz: Directional gain =  $10 \log[(10^{G1/20} + 10^{G2/20} + \dots + 10^{GN/20})^2/2] = 5.82\text{dBi} < 6\text{dBi}$ , so the power limit is not reduced.
2. 5745-5825MHz: Directional gain =  $10 \log[(10^{G1/20} + 10^{G2/20} + \dots + 10^{GN/20})^2/2] = 6.44\text{dBi} > 6\text{dBi}$ , so the power limit shall be reduced to  $30 - (6.44 - 6) = 29.56\text{dBm}$ .

### 802.11ax (HE20)

Chan.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		Total Power (mW)	Total Power (dBm)	Power Limit (dBm)	Pass / Fail
		Chain 0	Chain 1				
36	5180	23.50	23.22	433.766	26.37	30.00	Pass
40	5200	26.15	26.04	813.888	29.11	30.00	Pass
48	5240	26.08	26.01	804.533	29.06	30.00	Pass
149	5745	26.11	26.38	842.830	29.26	29.56	Pass
157	5785	26.32	26.22	847.342	29.28	29.56	Pass
165	5825	26.42	26.10	845.911	29.27	29.56	Pass

Note:

1. 5180-5240MHz: Directional gain =  $10 \log[(10^{G1/20} + 10^{G2/20} + \dots + 10^{GN/20})^2/2] = 5.82\text{dBi} < 6\text{dBi}$ , so the power limit is not reduced.

2. 5745-5825MHz: Directional gain =  $10 \log[(10^{G1/20} + 10^{G2/20} + \dots + 10^{GN/20})^2/2] = 6.44\text{dBi} > 6\text{dBi}$ , so the power limit shall be reduced to  $30 - (6.44 - 6) = 29.56\text{dBm}$ .

### 802.11ax (HE40)

Chan.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		Total Power (mW)	Total Power (dBm)	Power Limit (dBm)	Pass / Fail
		Chain 0	Chain 1				
38	5190	20.19	20.76	223.596	23.49	30.00	Pass
46	5230	26.17	25.88	801.257	29.04	30.00	Pass
151	5755	26.16	26.38	847.558	29.28	29.56	Pass
159	5795	26.14	26.32	839.698	29.24	29.56	Pass

Note:

1. 5180-5240MHz: Directional gain =  $10 \log[(10^{G1/20} + 10^{G2/20} + \dots + 10^{GN/20})^2/2] = 5.82\text{dBi} < 6\text{dBi}$ , so the power limit is not reduced.

2. 5745-5825MHz: Directional gain =  $10 \log[(10^{G1/20} + 10^{G2/20} + \dots + 10^{GN/20})^2/2] = 6.44\text{dBi} > 6\text{dBi}$ , so the power limit shall be reduced to  $30 - (6.44 - 6) = 29.56\text{dBm}$ .

### 802.11ax (HE80)

Chan.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		Total Power (mW)	Total Power (dBm)	Power Limit (dBm)	Pass / Fail
		Chain 0	Chain 1				
42	5210	21.12	21.02	255.893	24.08	30.00	Pass
155	5775	24.87	24.98	621.677	27.94	29.56	Pass

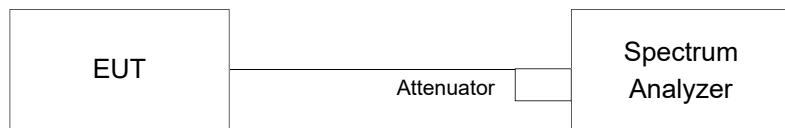
Note:

1. 5180-5240MHz: Directional gain =  $10 \log[(10^{G1/20} + 10^{G2/20} + \dots + 10^{GN/20})^2/2] = 5.82\text{dBi} < 6\text{dBi}$ , so the power limit is not reduced.

2. 5745-5825MHz: Directional gain =  $10 \log[(10^{G1/20} + 10^{G2/20} + \dots + 10^{GN/20})^2/2] = 6.44\text{dBi} > 6\text{dBi}$ , so the power limit shall be reduced to  $30 - (6.44 - 6) = 29.56\text{dBm}$ .

## 4.4 Occupied Bandwidth Measurement

### 4.4.1 Test Setup



### 4.4.2 Test Instruments

Refer to section 4.1.2 to get information of above instrument.

### 4.4.3 Test Procedure

The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyzer through an attenuator. The bandwidth of the fundamental frequency was measured by spectrum analyzer with resolution bandwidth in the range of 1% to 5% of the anticipated emission bandwidth, and a video bandwidth at least 3x the resolution bandwidth and set the detector to sampling. The width of a frequency band such that, below the lower and above the upper frequency limits, the mean powers emitted are each equal to a specified percentage 0.5 % of the total mean power of a given emission.

#### 4.4.4 Test Result

##### 802.11a

Chan.	Freq. (MHz)	Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)	
		Chain 0	Chain 1
36	5180	16.44	16.25
40	5200	16.44	16.20
48	5240	16.44	16.32
149	5745	18.24	18.60
157	5785	17.88	19.20
165	5825	16.68	16.68

##### 802.11ax (HE20)

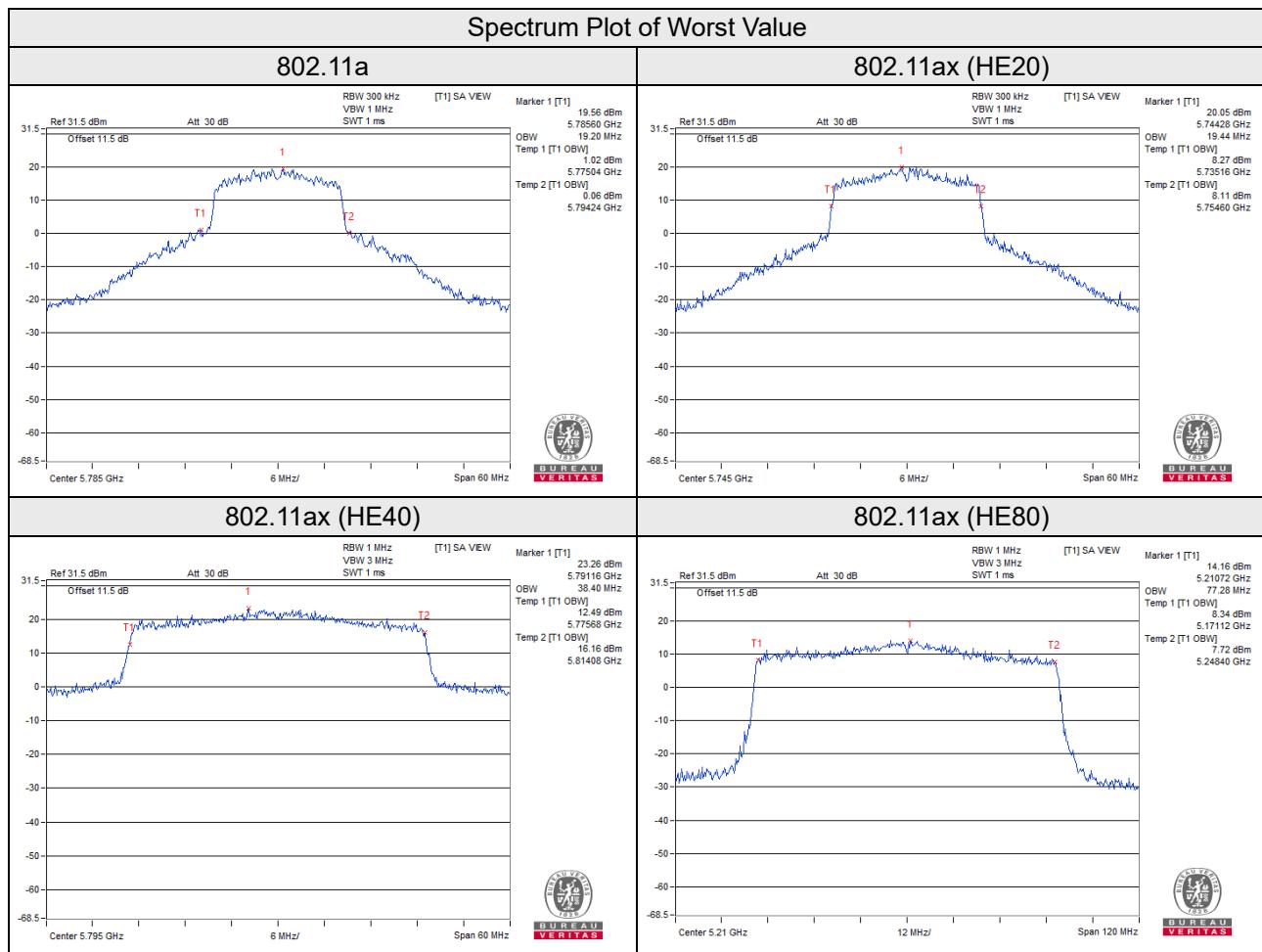
Chan.	Freq. (MHz)	Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)	
		Chain 0	Chain 1
36	5180	18.72	18.72
40	5200	19.20	19.08
48	5240	19.08	19.08
149	5745	19.44	19.20
157	5785	19.20	19.20
165	5825	18.96	19.08

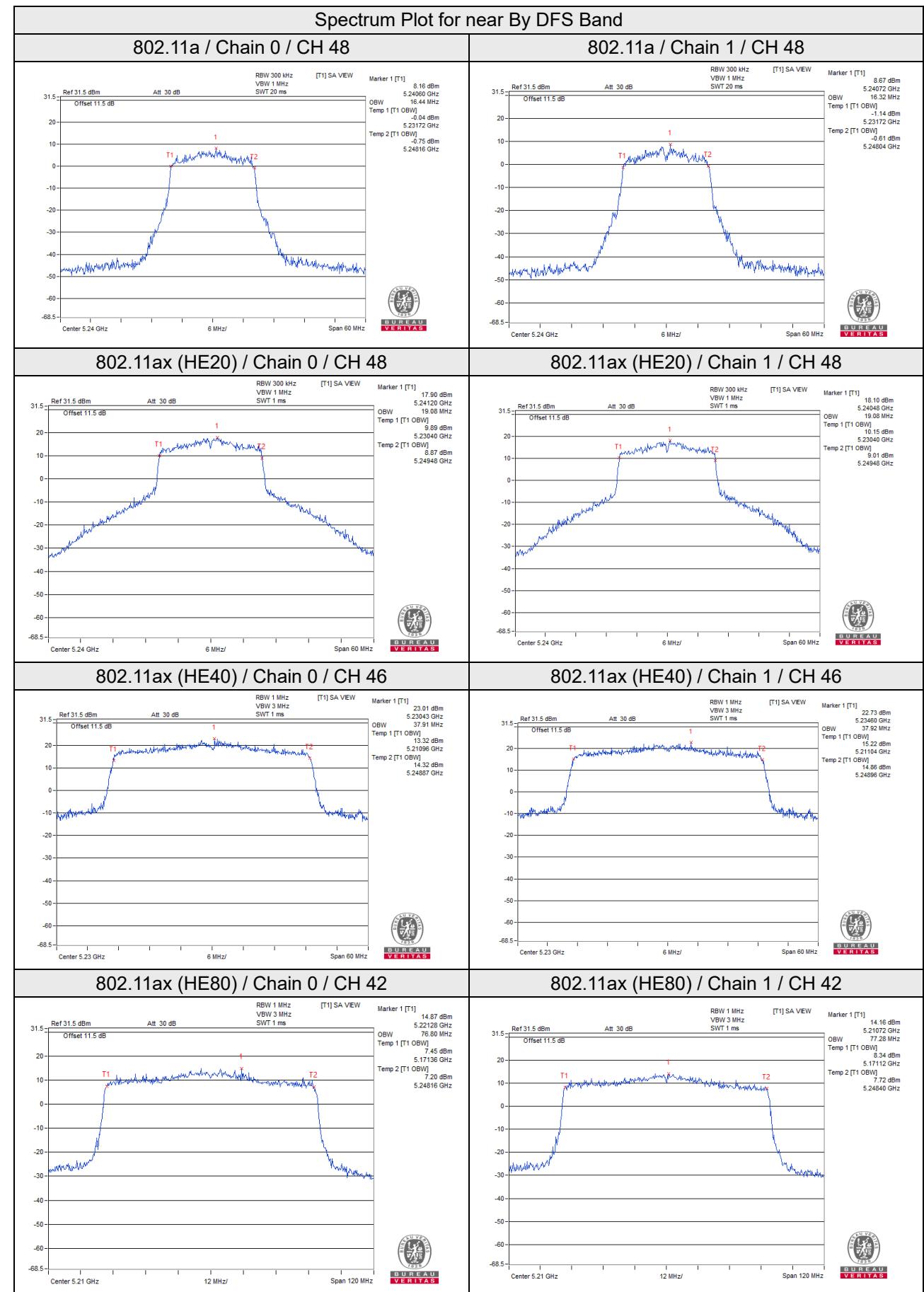
##### 802.11ax (HE40)

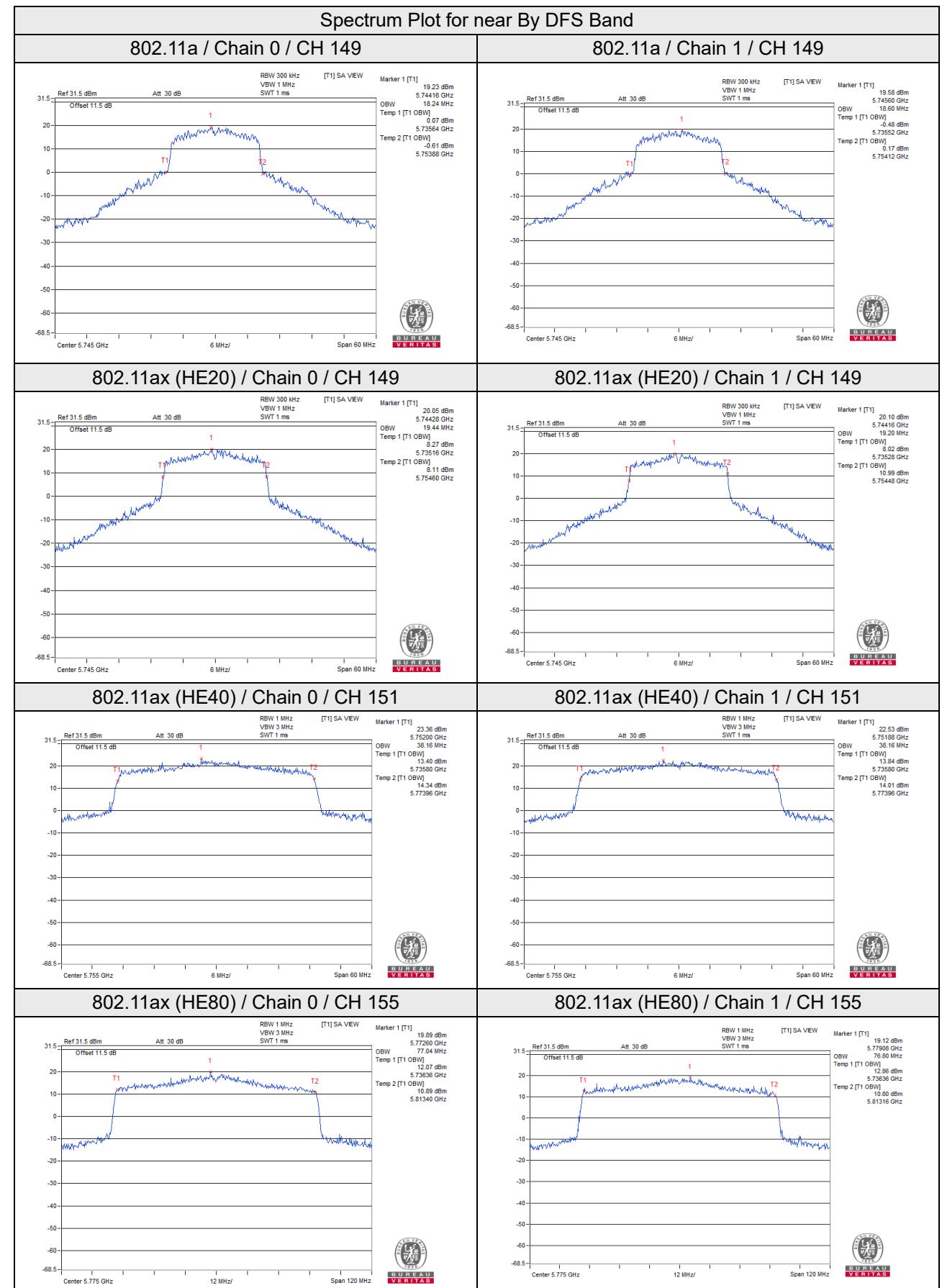
Chan.	Freq. (MHz)	Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)	
		Chain 0	Chain 1
38	5190	37.68	37.68
46	5230	37.91	37.92
151	5755	38.16	38.16
159	5795	38.04	38.40

##### 802.11ax (HE80)

Chan.	Freq. (MHz)	Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)	
		Chain 0	Chain 1
42	5210	76.80	77.28
155	5775	77.04	76.80





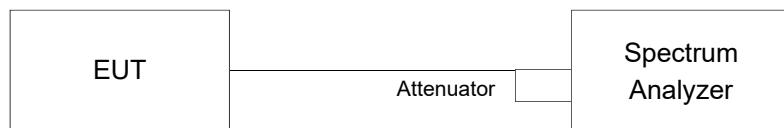


## 4.5 Peak Power Spectral Density Measurement

### 4.5.1 Limits of Peak Power Spectral Density Measurement

Operation Band	EUT Category		Limit
U-NII-1		Outdoor Access Point	17dBm/ MHz
		Fixed point-to-point Access Point	
	√	Indoor Access Point	
		Mobile and Portable client device	11dBm/ MHz
U-NII-2A	-		11dBm/ MHz
U-NII-2C	-		11dBm/ MHz
U-NII-3	√		30dBm/ 500kHz

### 4.5.2 Test Setup



### 4.5.3 Test Instruments

Refer to section 4.1.2 to get information of above instrument.

### 4.5.4 Test Procedures

#### For U-NII-1 band:

Using method SA-2

- Set span to encompass the entire emission bandwidth (EBW) of the signal.
- Set RBW = 1MHz, Set VBW  $\geq$  3 MHz, Detector = RMS
- Set Channel power measure = 1MHz
- Sweep time = auto, trigger set to “free run”.
- Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging mode.
- Record the max value and add 10 log (1/duty cycle)

#### For U-NII-3 band:

Duty cycle of test signal is < 98%

- Set span to encompass the entire emission bandwidth (EBW) of the signal.
- Set RBW = 300 kHz, Set VBW  $\geq$  1 MHz, Detector = RMS
- Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum power level in any 300 kHz band segment within the fundamental EBW.
- Scale the observed power level to an equivalent value in 500 kHz by adjusting (increasing) the measured power by a bandwidth correction factor (BWCF) where  $BWCF = 10\log(500 \text{ kHz} / 300 \text{ kHz})$
- Sweep time = auto, trigger set to “free run”.
- Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging mode.
- Record the max value and add 10 log (1/duty cycle)

#### **4.5.5 Deviation from Test Standard**

No deviation.

#### **4.5.6 EUT Operating Conditions**

Same as 4.3.6.

#### 4.5.7 Test Results

For U-NII-1 band:

802.11a

Chan.	Freq. (MHz)	PSD w/o Duty Factor (dBm/MHz)		Duty Factor (dB)	Total PSD with Duty Factor (dBm/MHz)	Max. Limit (dBm/MHz)	Pass / Fail
		Chain 0	Chain 1				
36	5180	10.41	9.97	0.35	13.56	17.00	Pass
40	5200	13.14	13.74	0.35	16.81	17.00	Pass
48	5240	13.19	13.67	0.35	16.80	17.00	Pass

Note:

- Method E) 2) a) of power density measurement of KDB 662911 is using for calculating total power density. Total power density is summing entire spectra across corresponding frequency bins on the various outputs by computer.
- 5180-5240MHz: Directional gain =  $10 \log[(10^{G1/20} + 10^{G2/20} + \dots + 10^{GN/20})^2/2] = 5.82\text{dBi} < 6\text{dBi}$ , so the limit is not reduced.
- Refer to section 3.3 for duty cycle spectrum plot.

802.11ax (HE20)

Chan.	Freq. (MHz)	PSD w/o Duty Factor (dBm/MHz)		Duty Factor (dB)	Total PSD with Duty Factor (dBm/MHz)	Max. Limit (dBm/MHz)	Pass / Fail
		Chain 0	Chain 1				
36	5180	10.05	9.61	0.40	13.24	17.00	Pass
40	5200	12.29	12.38	0.40	15.74	17.00	Pass
48	5240	12.31	12.47	0.40	15.80	17.00	Pass

Note:

- Method E) 2) a) of power density measurement of KDB 662911 is using for calculating total power density. Total power density is summing entire spectra across corresponding frequency bins on the various outputs by computer.
- 5180-5240MHz: Directional gain =  $10 \log[(10^{G1/20} + 10^{G2/20} + \dots + 10^{GN/20})^2/2] = 5.82\text{dBi} < 6\text{dBi}$ , so the limit is not reduced.
- Refer to section 3.3 for duty cycle spectrum plot.

802.11ax (HE40)

Chan.	Freq. (MHz)	PSD w/o Duty Factor (dBm/MHz)		Duty Factor (dB)	Total PSD with Duty Factor (dBm/MHz)	Max. Limit (dBm/MHz)	Pass / Fail
		Chain 0	Chain 1				
38	5190	4.37	3.50	0.44	7.41	17.00	Pass
46	5230	10.25	10.22	0.44	13.69	17.00	Pass

Note:

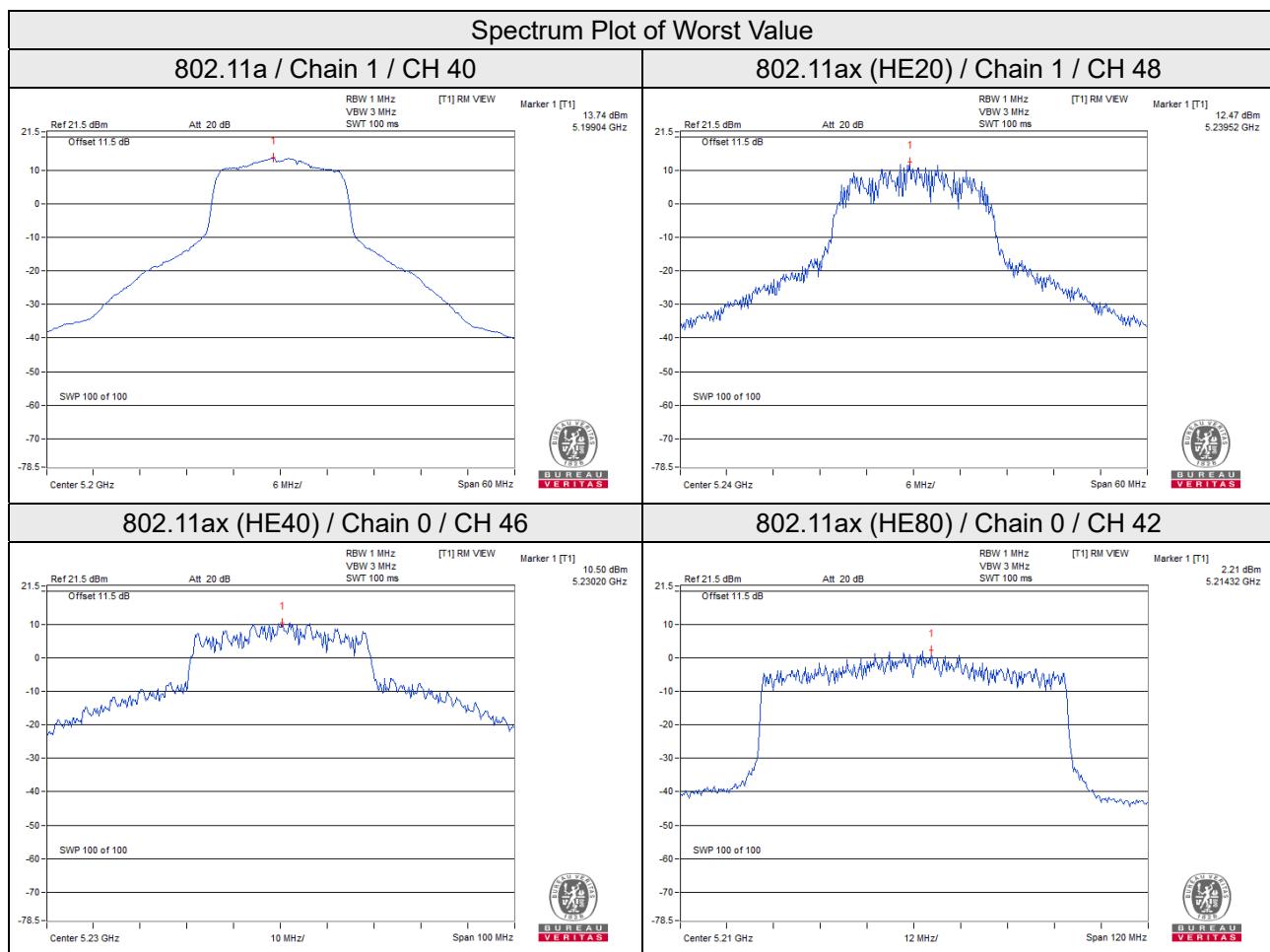
- Method E) 2) a) of power density measurement of KDB 662911 is using for calculating total power density. Total power density is summing entire spectra across corresponding frequency bins on the various outputs by computer.
- 5180-5240MHz: Directional gain =  $10 \log[(10^{G1/20} + 10^{G2/20} + \dots + 10^{GN/20})^2/2] = 5.82\text{dBi} < 6\text{dBi}$ , so the limit is not reduced.
- Refer to section 3.3 for duty cycle spectrum plot.

### 802.11ax (HE80)

Chan.	Freq. (MHz)	PSD w/o Duty Factor (dBm/MHz)		Duty Factor (dB)	Total PSD with Duty Factor (dBm/MHz)	Max. Limit (dBm/MHz)	Pass / Fail
		Chain 0	Chain 1				
42	5210	2.13	1.10	0.28	4.93	17.00	Pass

Note:

1. Method E) 2) a) of power density measurement of KDB 662911 is using for calculating total power density. Total power density is summing entire spectra across corresponding frequency bins on the various outputs by computer.
2. 5180-5240MHz: Directional gain =  $10 \log[(10^{G1/20} + 10^{G2/20} + \dots + 10^{GN/20})^2/2] = 5.82\text{dBi} < 6\text{dBi}$ , so the limit is not reduced.
3. Refer to section 3.3 for duty cycle spectrum plot.



For U-NII-3 band:

[802.11a](#)

TX chain	Chan.	Freq. (MHz)	PSD W/O Duty Factor		10 log (N=2) dB	Duty Factor (dB)	Total PSD With Duty Factor (dBm/500kHz)	Limit (dBm/ 500kHz)	Pass / Fail
			(dBm/300kHz)	(dBm/500kHz)					
0	149	5745	11.19	13.41	3.01	0.35	16.77	29.56	Pass
	157	5785	11.15	13.37	3.01	0.35	16.73	29.56	Pass
	165	5825	10.95	13.17	3.01	0.35	16.53	29.56	Pass
1	149	5745	11.15	13.37	3.01	0.35	16.73	29.56	Pass
	157	5785	11.15	13.37	3.01	0.35	16.73	29.56	Pass
	165	5825	10.85	13.07	3.01	0.35	16.43	29.56	Pass

Note:

- Method E) 2) c) of power density measurement of KDB 662911 is using for calculating total power density, Measure value and add 10 log ( $N_{ANT}$ ) dB.
- Directional gain =  $10 \log[(10^{G1/20} + 10^{G2/20} + \dots + 10^{GN/20})^2/2] = 6.44 \text{dBi} > 6 \text{dBi}$ , so the power density limit shall be reduced to  $30 - (6.44 - 6) = 29.56 \text{dBm}$ .
- Refer to section 3.3 for duty cycle spectrum plot.

[802.11ax \(HE20\)](#)

TX chain	Chan.	Freq. (MHz)	PSD W/O Duty Factor		10 log (N=2) dB	Duty Factor (dB)	Total PSD With Duty Factor (dBm/500kHz)	Limit (dBm/ 500kHz)	Pass / Fail
			(dBm/300kHz)	(dBm/500kHz)					
0	149	5745	10.45	12.67	3.01	0.40	16.08	29.56	Pass
	157	5785	9.41	11.63	3.01	0.40	15.04	29.56	Pass
	165	5825	9.07	11.29	3.01	0.40	14.70	29.56	Pass
1	149	5745	10.33	12.55	3.01	0.40	15.96	29.56	Pass
	157	5785	10.18	12.40	3.01	0.40	15.81	29.56	Pass
	165	5825	7.86	10.08	3.01	0.40	13.49	29.56	Pass

Note:

- Method E) 2) c) of power density measurement of KDB 662911 is using for calculating total power density, Measure value and add 10 log ( $N_{ANT}$ ) dB.
- Directional gain =  $10 \log[(10^{G1/20} + 10^{G2/20} + \dots + 10^{GN/20})^2/2] = 6.44 \text{dBi} > 6 \text{dBi}$ , so the power density limit shall be reduced to  $30 - (6.44 - 6) = 29.56 \text{dBm}$ .
- Refer to section 3.3 for duty cycle spectrum plot.

### 802.11ax (HE40)

TX chain	Chan.	Freq. (MHz)	PSD W/O Duty Factor		10 log (N=2) dB	Duty Factor (dB)	Total PSD With Duty Factor (dBm/500kHz)	Limit (dBm/ 500kHz)	Pass / Fail
			(dBm/300kHz)	(dBm/500kHz)					
0	151	5755	7.11	9.33	3.01	0.44	12.78	29.56	Pass
	159	5795	7.26	9.48	3.01	0.44	12.93	29.56	Pass
1	151	5755	6.16	8.38	3.01	0.44	11.83	29.56	Pass
	159	5795	6.91	9.13	3.01	0.44	12.58	29.56	Pass

Note:

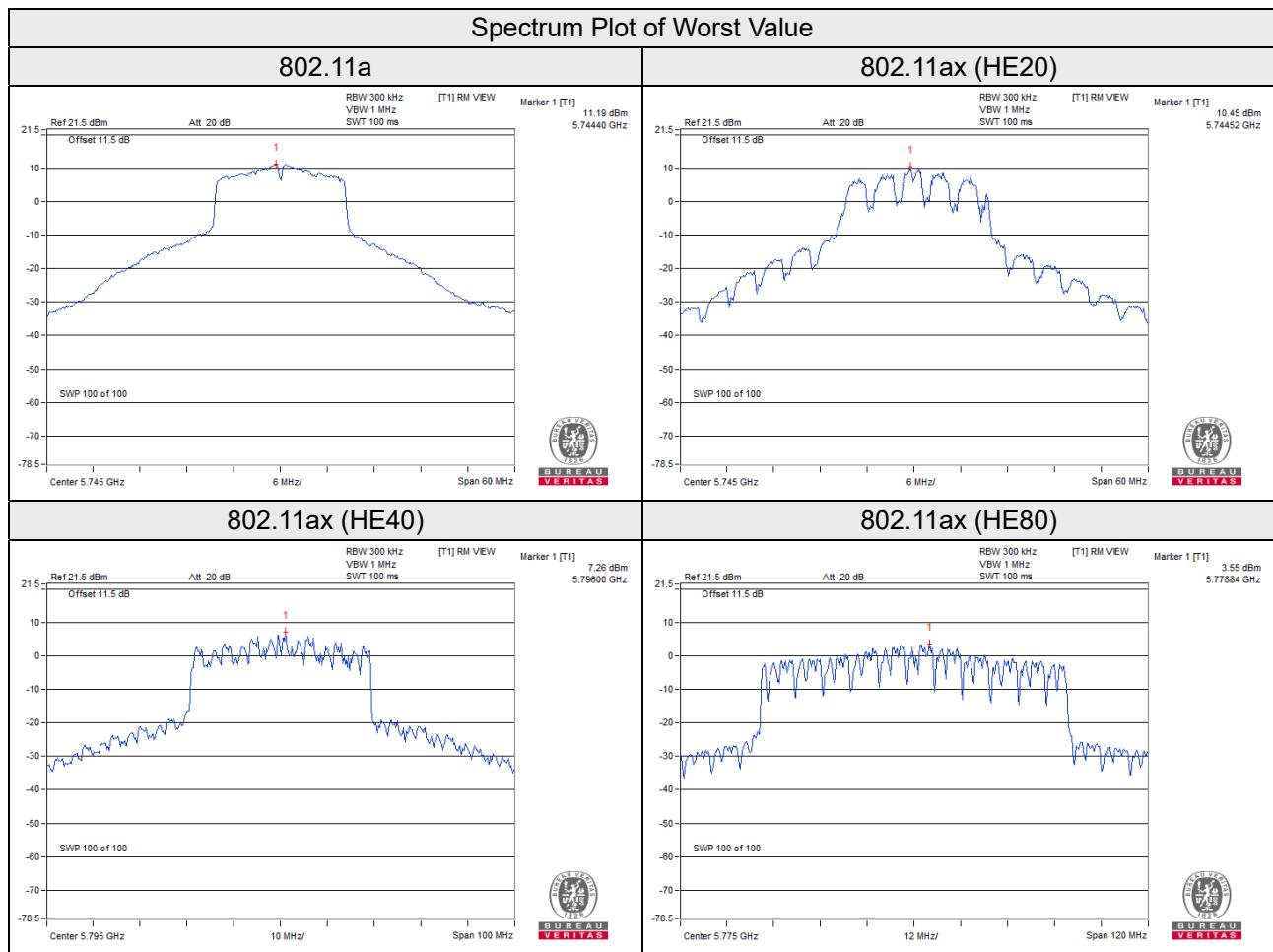
1. Method E) 2) c) of power density measurement of KDB 662911 is using for calculating total power density, Measure value and add 10 log (N<sub>ANT</sub>) dB.
2. Directional gain = 10 log[(10<sup>G1/20</sup> + 10<sup>G2/20</sup> + ⋯ + 10<sup>GN/20</sup>)<sup>2</sup>/2] = 6.44dBi > 6dBi, so the power density limit shall be reduced to 30 - (6.44 - 6) = 29.56dBm.
3. Refer to section 3.3 for duty cycle spectrum plot.

### 802.11ax (HE80)

TX chain	Chan.	Freq. (MHz)	PSD W/O Duty Factor		10 log (N=2) dB	Duty Factor (dB)	Total PSD With Duty Factor (dBm/500kHz)	Limit (dBm/ 500kHz)	Pass / Fail
			(dBm/300kHz)	(dBm/500kHz)					
0	155	5775	3.55	5.77	3.01	0.28	9.06	29.56	Pass
1	155	5775	3.33	5.55	3.01	0.28	8.84	29.56	Pass

Note:

1. Method E) 2) c) of power density measurement of KDB 662911 is using for calculating total power density, Measure value and add 10 log (N<sub>ANT</sub>) dB.
2. Directional gain = 10 log[(10<sup>G1/20</sup> + 10<sup>G2/20</sup> + ⋯ + 10<sup>GN/20</sup>)<sup>2</sup>/2] = 6.44dBi > 6dBi, so the power density limit shall be reduced to 30 - (6.44 - 6) = 29.56dBm.
3. Refer to section 3.3 for duty cycle spectrum plot.

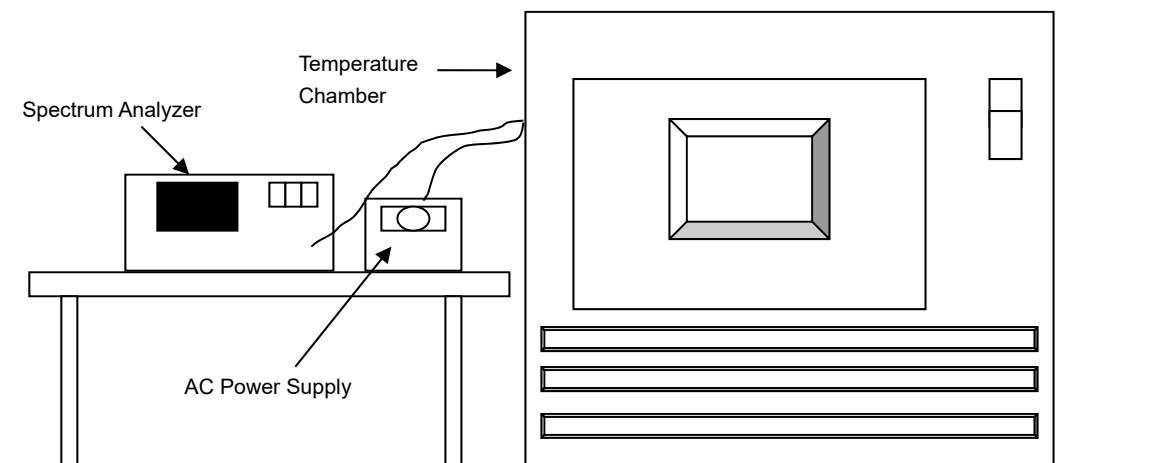


## 4.6 Frequency Stability

### 4.6.1 Limits of Frequency Stability Measurement

The frequency of the carrier signal shall be maintained within band of operation

### 4.6.2 Test Setup



### 4.6.3 Test Instruments

Description & Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
Spectrum Analyzer ROHDE & SCHWARZ	FSP40	100040	Sep. 15, 2021	Sep. 14, 2022
Standard Temperature And Humidity Chamber GIANT FORCE	GTH-120-40-CP-AR	MAA1306-019	Sep. 10, 2021	Sep. 09, 2022
Digital Multimeter Fluke	87-III	70360742	Jun. 24, 2021	Jun. 23, 2022
AC Power Supply Extech	CFW-105	E000603	NA	NA

Note: 1. The calibration interval of the above test instruments is 12 months and the calibrations are traceable to NML/ROC and NIST/USA.

### 4.6.4 Test Procedure

- The EUT was placed inside the environmental test chamber and powered by nominal AC voltage.
- Turn the EUT on and couple its output to a spectrum analyzer.
- Turn the EUT off and set the chamber to the highest temperature specified.
- Allow sufficient time (approximately 30 min) for the temperature of the chamber to stabilize, turn the EUT on and measure the operating frequency after 2, 5, and 10 minutes.
- Repeat step d with every 10 degrees reduction until the lowest temperature achieved.
- The test chamber was allowed to stabilize at +20 degree C for a minimum of 30 minutes. The supply voltage was then adjusted on the EUT from 85% to 115% and the frequency record.

#### 4.6.5 Deviation from Test Standard

No deviation.

#### 4.6.6 EUT Operating Condition

Set the EUT transmit at un-modulation mode to test frequency stability.

#### 4.6.7 Test Results

Frequency Stability Versus Temp.								
Operating Frequency: 5180MHz								
Temp. (°C)	Power Supply (Vac)	0 Minute		2 Minute		5 Minute		10 Minute
		Measured Frequency (MHz)	Result	Measured Frequency (MHz)	Result	Measured Frequency (MHz)	Result	Measured Frequency (MHz)
40	120	5179.9978	Pass	5180.0010	Pass	5179.9964	Pass	5179.9986
30	120	5180.0153	Pass	5180.0156	Pass	5180.0196	Pass	5180.0187
20	120	5180.0202	Pass	5180.0165	Pass	5180.0193	Pass	5180.0160
10	120	5179.9950	Pass	5179.9931	Pass	5179.9938	Pass	5179.9929
0	120	5180.0114	Pass	5180.0115	Pass	5180.0088	Pass	5180.0073

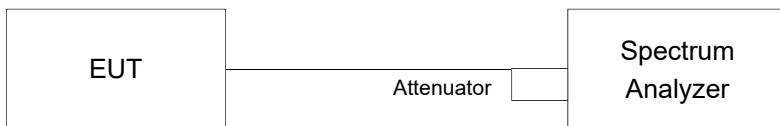
Frequency Stability Versus Voltage								
Operating Frequency: 5180MHz								
Temp. (°C)	Power Supply (Vac)	0 Minute		2 Minute		5 Minute		10 Minute
		Measured Frequency (MHz)	Result	Measured Frequency (MHz)	Result	Measured Frequency (MHz)	Result	Measured Frequency (MHz)
20	138	5180.0203	Pass	5180.0165	Pass	5180.0185	Pass	5180.0153
	120	5180.0202	Pass	5180.0165	Pass	5180.0193	Pass	5180.0160
	102	5180.0204	Pass	5180.0158	Pass	5180.0193	Pass	5180.0160

## 4.7 6dB Bandwidth Measurement

### 4.7.1 Limits of 6dB Bandwidth Measurement

The minimum of 6dB Bandwidth Measurement is 0.5MHz.

### 4.7.2 Test Setup



### 4.7.3 Test Instruments

Refer to section 4.1.2 to get information of above instrument.

### 4.7.4 Test Procedure

- a. Set resolution bandwidth (RBW) = 100kHz
- b. Set the video bandwidth (VBW)  $\geq 3 \times$  RBW, Detector = Peak.
- c. Trace mode = max hold.
- d. Sweep = auto couple.
- e. Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two amplitude points (upper and lower) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission

### 4.7.5 Deviation from Test Standard

No deviation.

### 4.7.6 EUT Operating Condition

The software provided by client to enable the EUT under transmission condition continuously at lowest, middle and highest channel frequencies individually.

#### 4.7.7 Test Results

##### 802.11a

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (MHz)		Minimum Limit (MHz)	Pass / Fail
		Chain 0	Chain 1		
149	5745	15.19	15.17	0.5	Pass
157	5785	15.19	15.18	0.5	Pass
165	5825	15.17	15.19	0.5	Pass

##### 802.11ax (HE20)

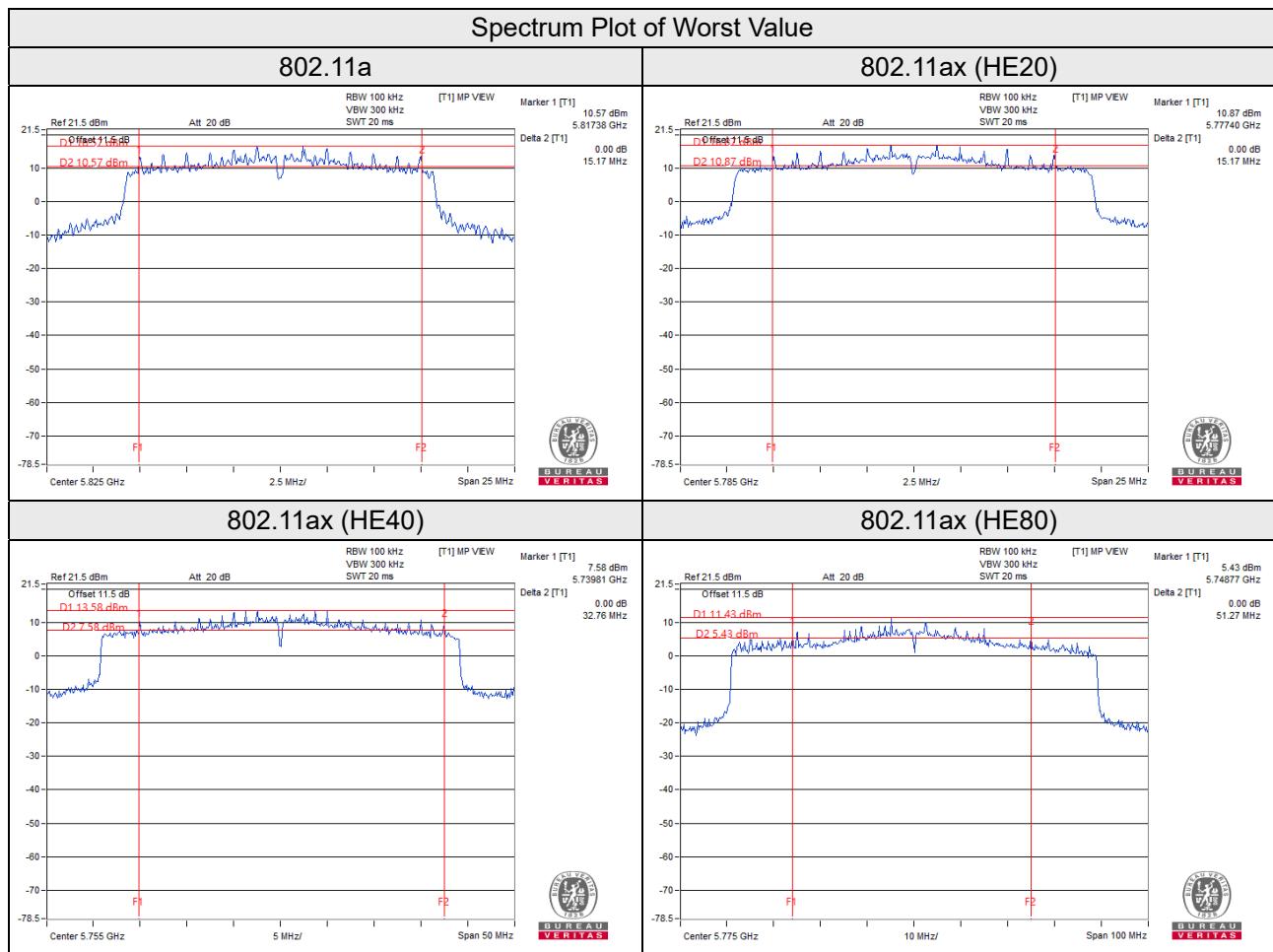
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (MHz)		Minimum Limit (MHz)	Pass / Fail
		Chain 0	Chain 1		
149	5745	16.18	15.54	0.5	Pass
157	5785	15.17	15.43	0.5	Pass
165	5825	15.50	15.19	0.5	Pass

##### 802.11ax (HE40)

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (MHz)		Minimum Limit (MHz)	Pass / Fail
		Chain 0	Chain 1		
151	5755	32.76	35.19	0.5	Pass
159	5795	35.16	35.24	0.5	Pass

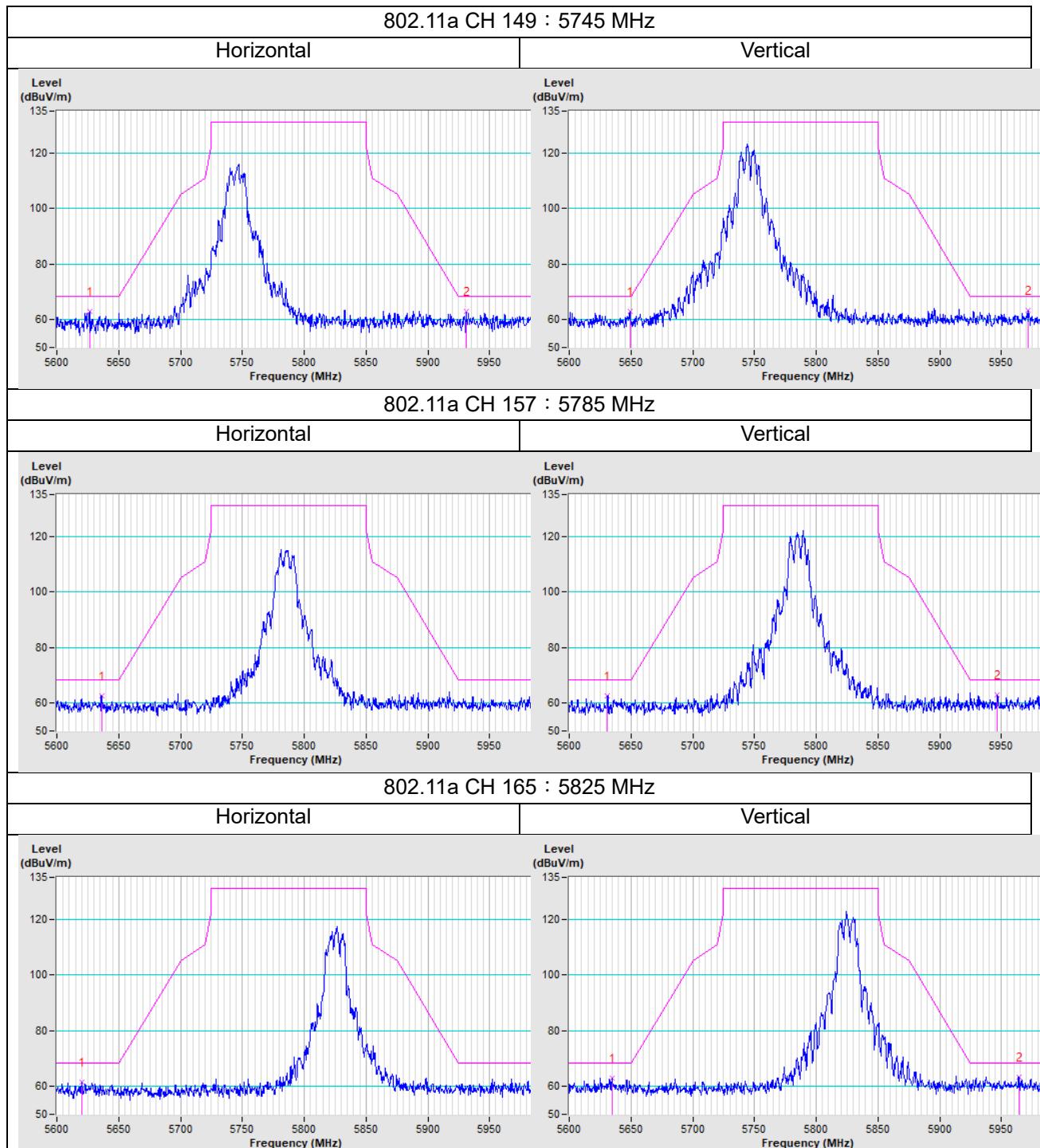
##### 802.11ax (HE80)

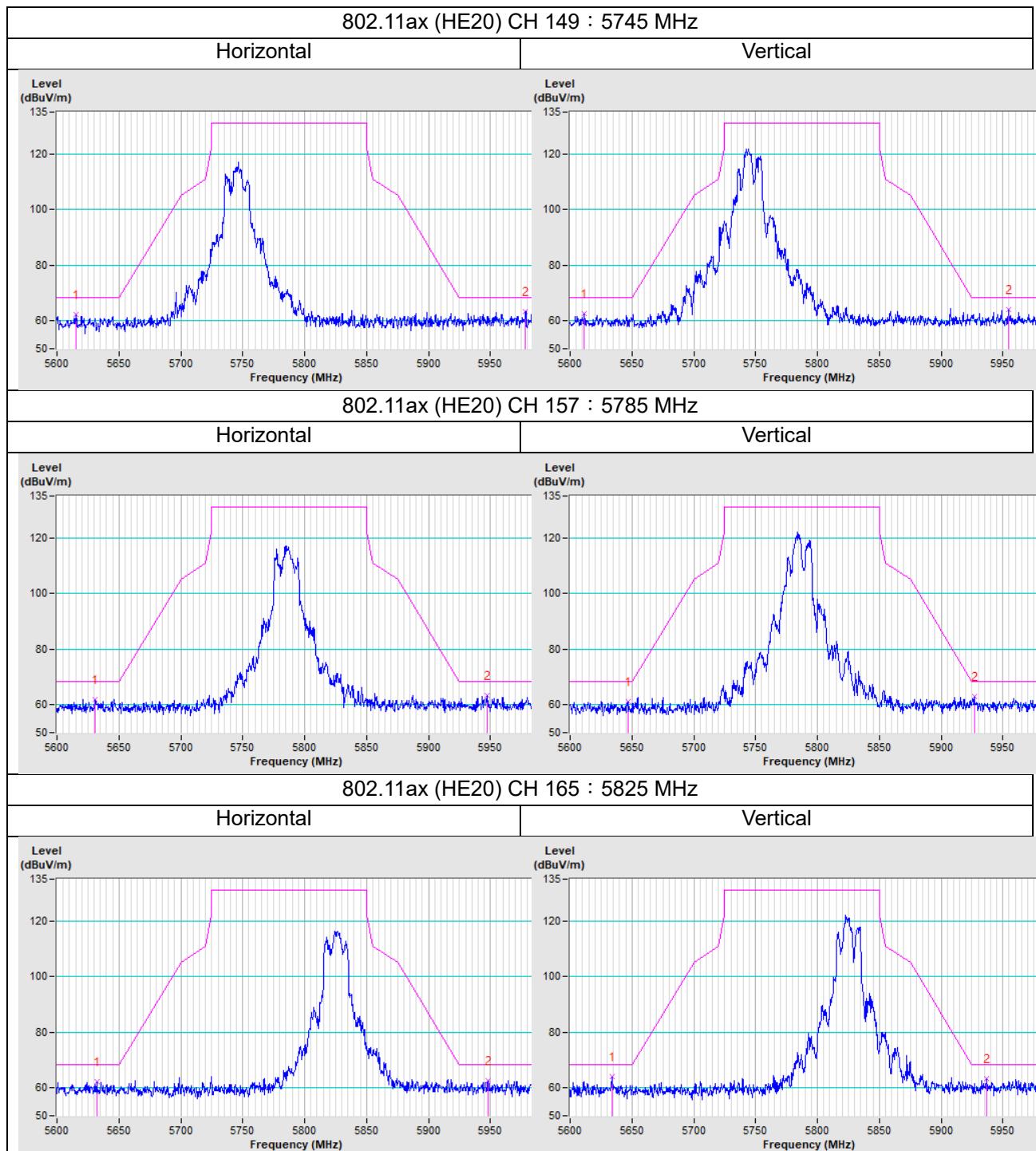
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (MHz)		Minimum Limit (MHz)	Pass / Fail
		Chain 0	Chain 1		
155	5775	69.07	51.27	0.5	Pass

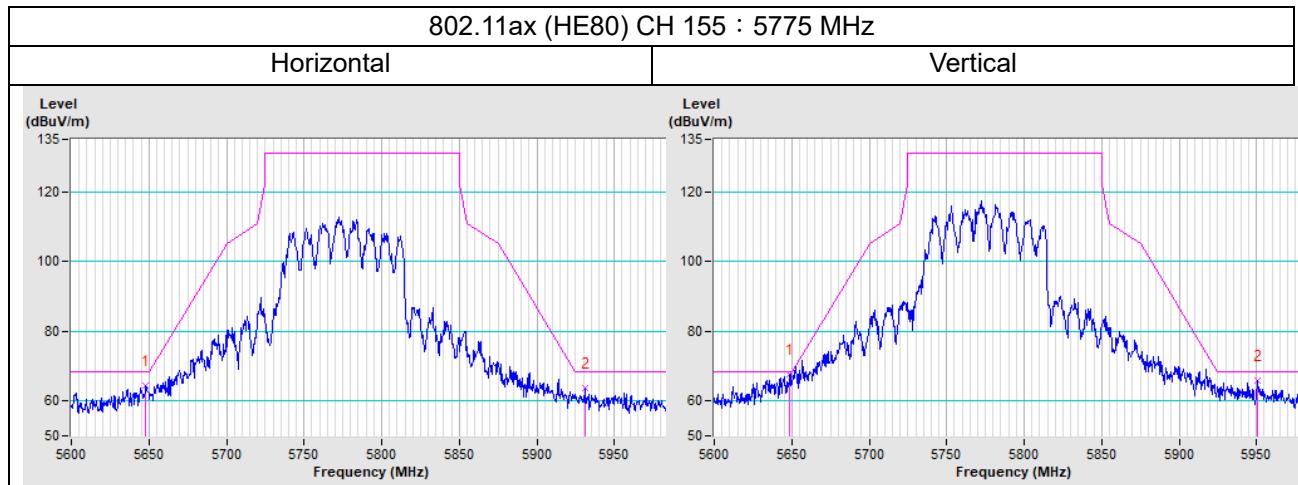
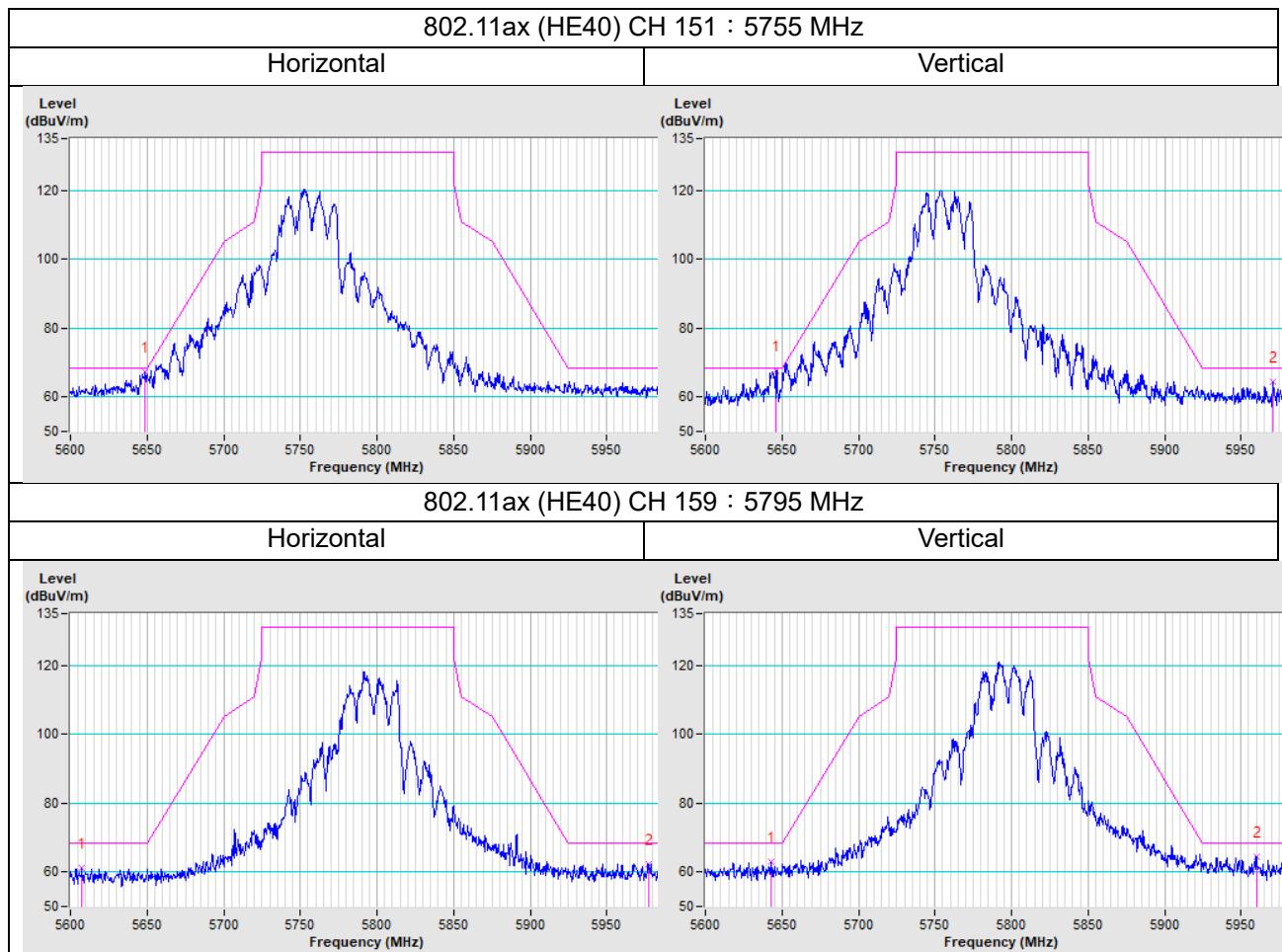


## 5 Pictures of Test Arrangements

Please refer to the attached file (Test Setup Photo).

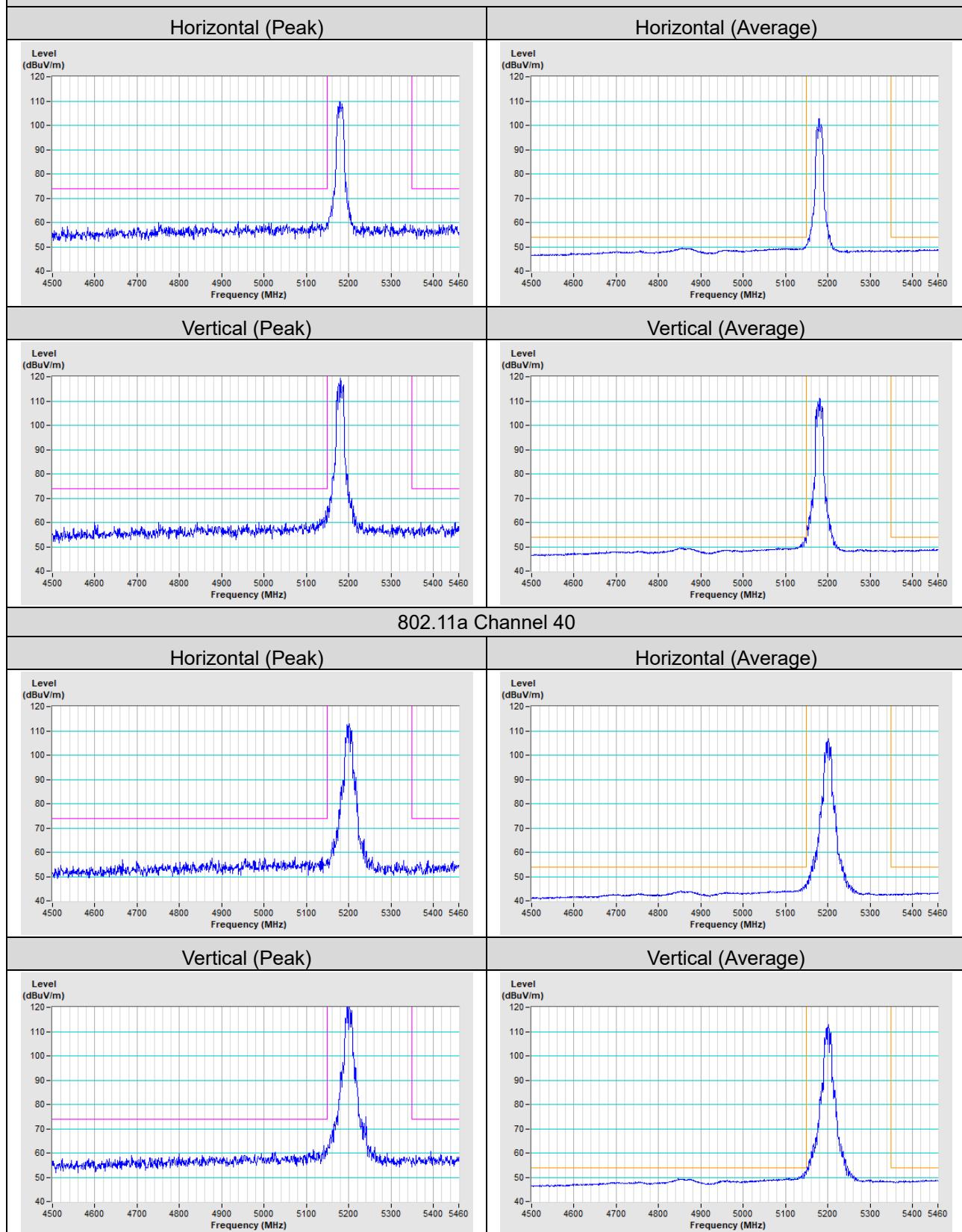
**Annex A - Radiated Out of Band Emission (OOBE) Measurement (For U-NII-3 band)**


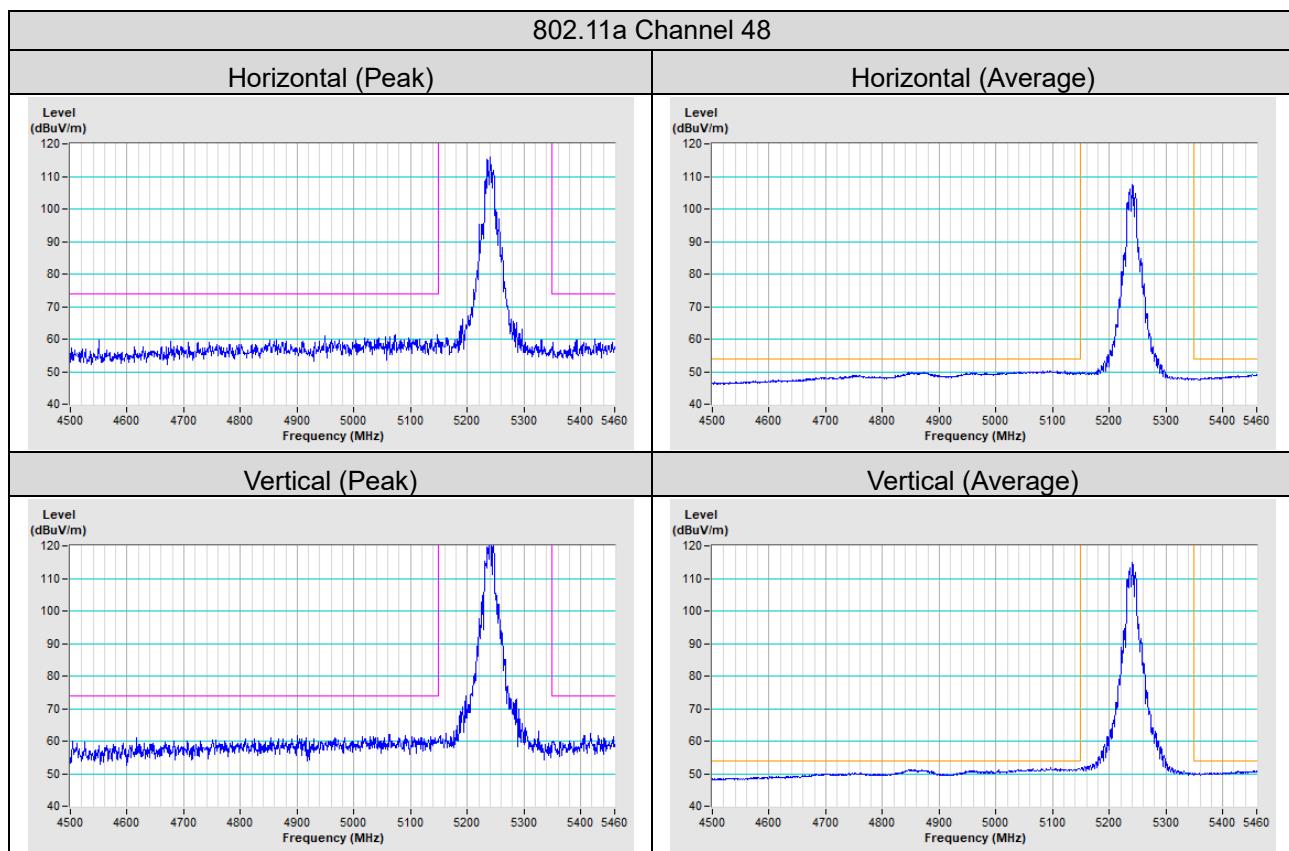


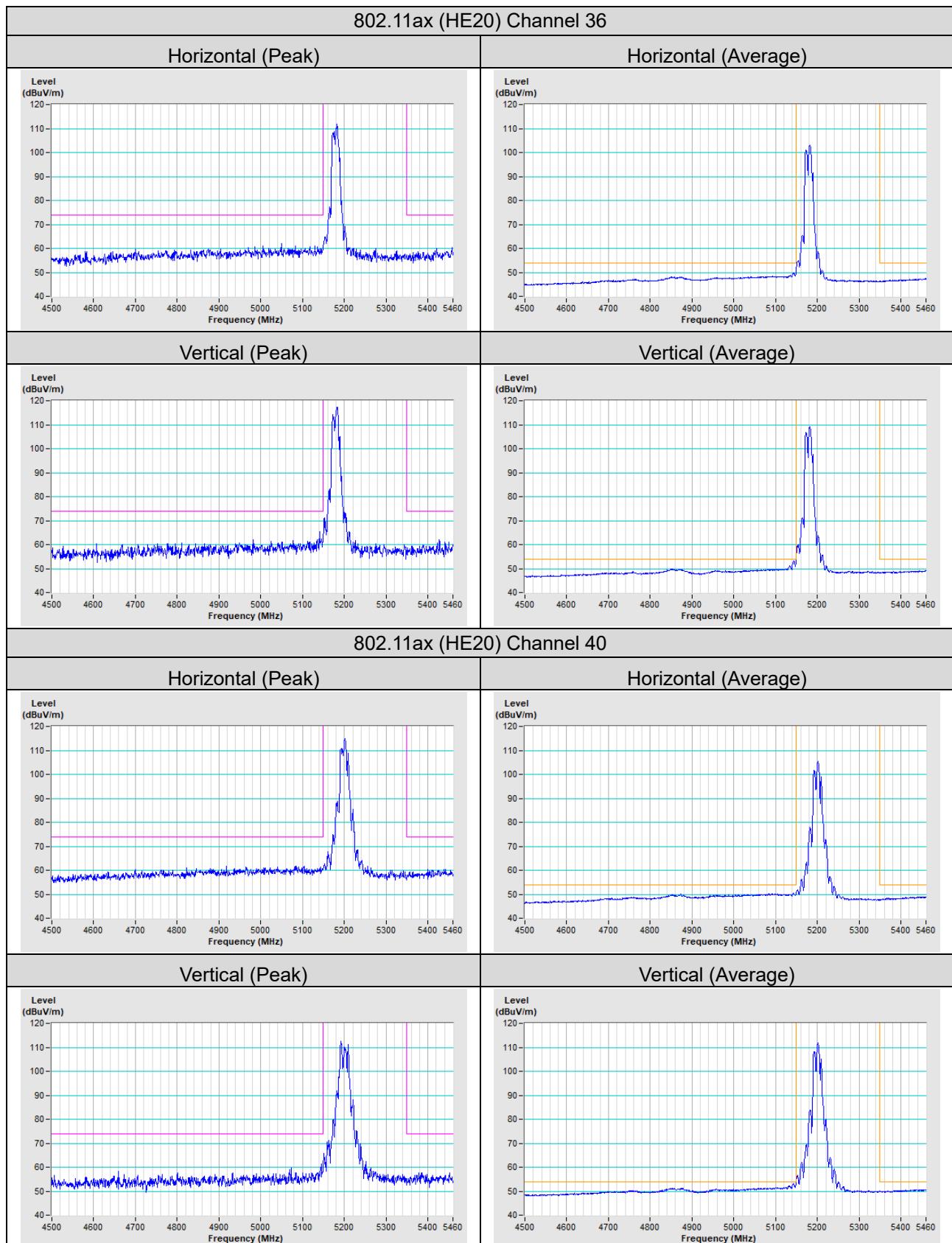


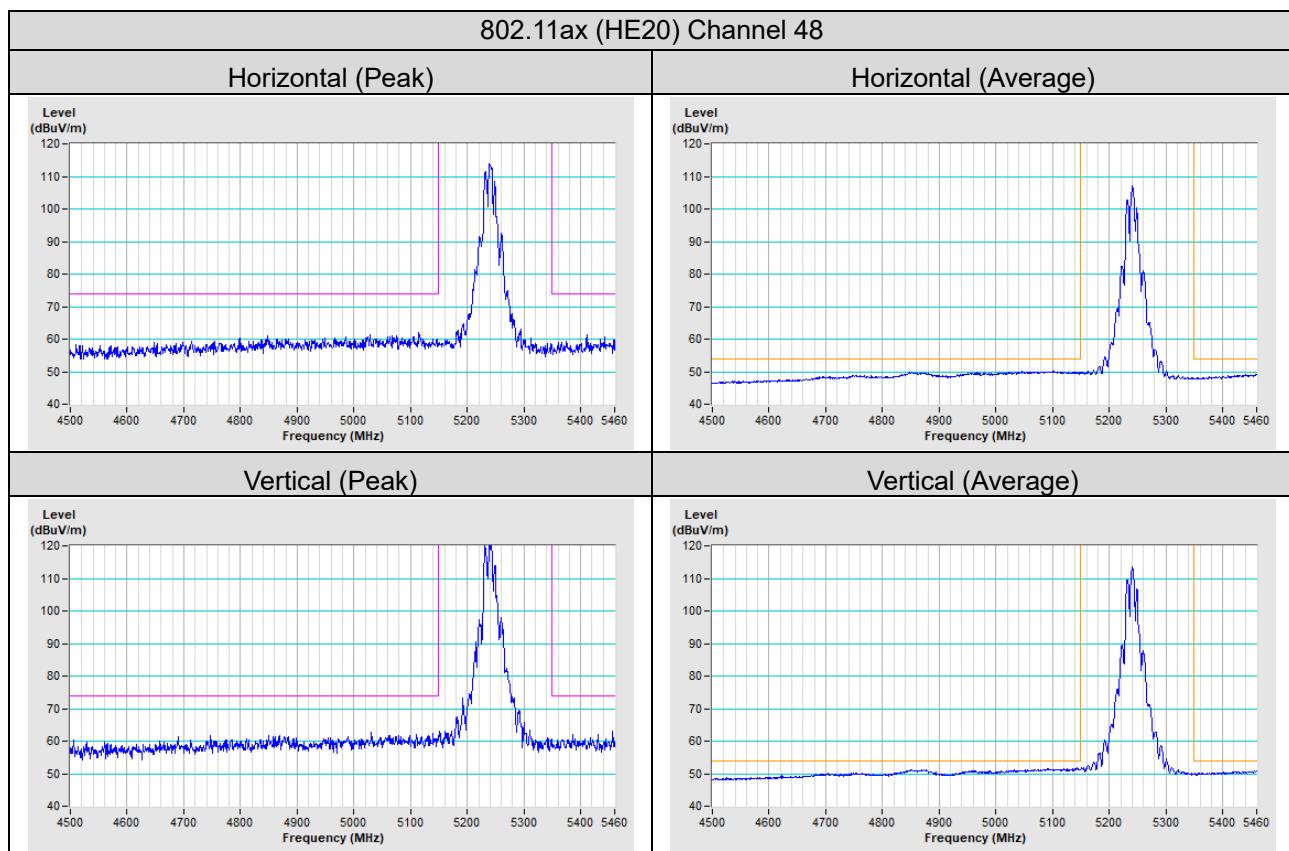
## Annex B - Band Edge Measurement

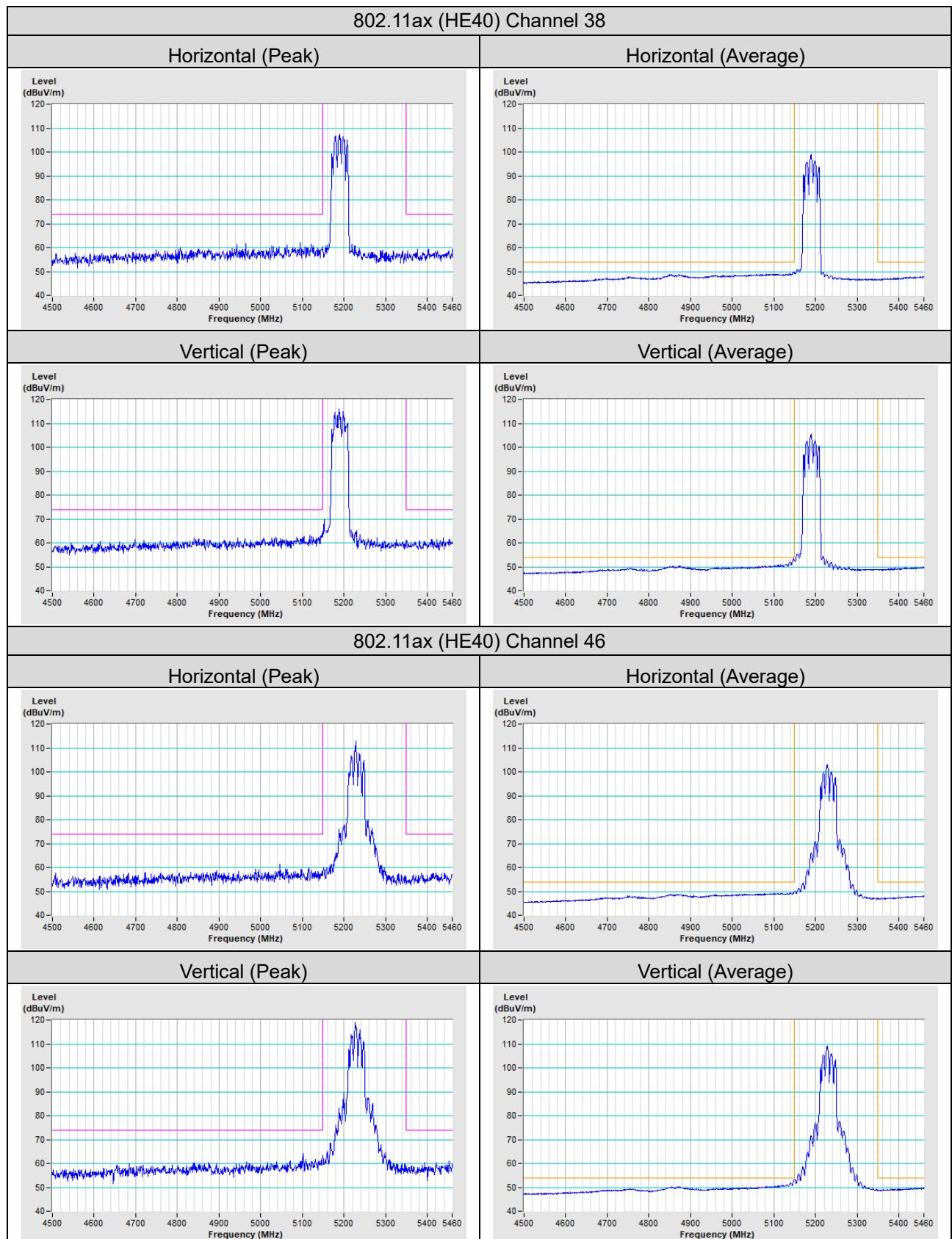
802.11a Channel 36

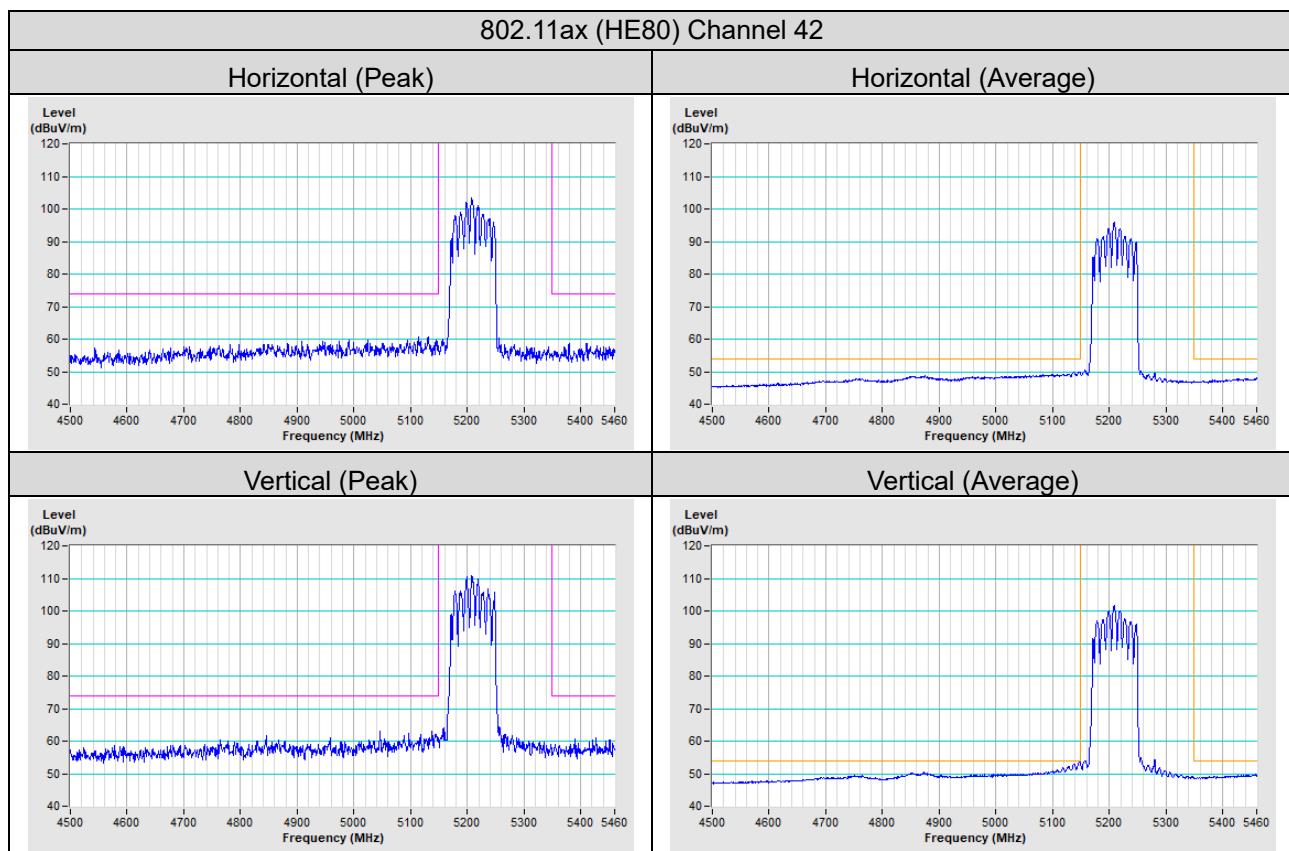












## Appendix – Information of the Testing Laboratories

We, Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch, were founded in 1988 to provide our best service in EMC, Radio, Telecom and Safety consultation. Our laboratories are FCC recognized accredited test firms and accredited and approved according to ISO/IEC 17025.

If you have any comments, please feel free to contact us at the following:

### **Lin Kou EMC/RF Lab**

Tel: 886-2-26052180  
Fax: 886-2-26051924

### **Hsin Chu EMC/RF/Telecom Lab**

Tel: 886-3-6668565  
Fax: 886-3-6668323

### **Hwa Ya EMC/RF/Safety Lab**

Tel: 886-3-3183232  
Fax: 886-3-3270892

**Email:** [service.adt@tw.bureauveritas.com](mailto:service.adt@tw.bureauveritas.com)

**Web Site:** [www.bureauveritas-adt.com](http://www.bureauveritas-adt.com)

The address and road map of all our labs can be found in our web site also.

--- END ---