TEST REPORT

Product Name:	WIFI Module
Trade Mark:	N/A
Model No. / HVIN:	BL-R8812AF1-A
Add. Model No. / HVIN:	N/A
Report Number:	200111002RFC-1
Test Standards:	FCC 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C RSS-247 Issue 2 RSS-Gen Issue 5
FCC ID:	2AQ5RWBL-8812AF1-A
IC:	24301-BLR8812AF1A
Test Result:	PASS
Date of Issue:	April 19, 2020

Prepared for:

Shenzhen KTC Commercial Display Technology CO.,LTD.
No.4023,Northern Wuhe Road,Bantian Street,Longgang District,Shenzhen City,Guangdong Province,P.R.China

Prepared by:

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Version

Version No.	Date	Description
V1.0	April 19, 2020	Original

CONTENTS

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 CLIENT INFORMATION

Applicant:	Shenzhen KTC Commercial Display Technology CO.,LTD.
Address of Applicant:	No.4023,Northern Wuhe Road,Bantian Street,Longgang District,Shenzhen City,Guangdong Province,P.R.China
Manufacturer:	Shenzhen KTC Commercial Display Technology CO.,LTD.
Address of Manufacturer:	No.4023,Northern Wuhe Road,Bantian Street,Longgang District,Shenzhen City,Guangdong Province,P.R.China

1.2 EUT INFORMATION

1.2.1 General Description of EUT

Product Name:	WIFI Module		
Model No. / HVIN:	BL-R8812AF1-A		
Add. Model No. / HVIN:	N/A		
Trade Mark:	N/A		
DUT Stage:	Production Unit		
EUT Supports Function:	2.4 GHz ISM Band:	IEEE 802.11b/g/n	
	5 GHz U-NII Bands:	5 150 MHz to 5 250 MHz	IEEE 802.11a/n/ac
		5 250 MHz to 5 350 MHz	IEEE 802.11a/n/ac
		5 470 MHz to 5 725 MHz	IEEE 802.11a/n/ac
		5 725 MHz to 5 850 MHz	IEEE 802.11a/n/ac
Software Version:	V62.10		
Hardware Version:	V1		
Sample Received Date:	January 15, 2020		
Sample Tested Date:	January 15, 2020 to April 7, 2020		

1.2.2 Description of Accessories

None.

1.3 PRODUCT SPECIFICATION SUBJECTIVE TO THIS STANDARD

Frequency Band:	2400 MHz to 2483.5 MHz	
Frequency Range:	2412 MHz to 2472 MHz	
Support Standards:	IEEE 802.11b, IEEE 802.11g, IEEE 802.11n-HT20, IEEE 802.11n-HT40	
Type of Modulation:	IEEE 802.11b: DSSS(CCK, DQPSK, DBPSK) IEEE 802.11g: OFDM(64-QAM, 16-QAM, QPSK, BPSK) IEEE 802.11n-HT20: OFDM(64-QAM, 16-QAM, QPSK, BPSK) IEEE 802.11n-HT40: OFDM(64-QAM, 16-QAM, QPSK, BPSK)	
Data Rate:	IEEE 802.11b: Up to 11 Mbps IEEE 802.11g: Up to 54 Mbps IEEE 802.11n-HT20: Up to MCS15 IEEE 802.11n-HT40: Up to MCS15	
Number of Channels:	IEEE 802.11b: 13 IEEE 802.11g: 13 IEEE 802.11n-HT20: 13 IEEE 802.11n-HT40: 11	
Channel Separation:	5 MHz	
Antenna Type:	Chain 0	PCB Antenna
	Chain 1	PCB Antenna
Antenna Gain:	Chain 0	5 dBi

	Chain 1	5 dBi
Directional gain:	8.01 dBi	
Maximum Peak Power:	SISO_ Chain 0	IEEE 802.11b: 19.83 dBm IEEE 802.11g: 21.72 dBm
	SISO_ Chain 1	IEEE 802.11b: 15.23 dBm IEEE 802.11g: 21.19 dBm
	MIMO_ Chain 0+1	IEEE 802.11n-HT20: 21.54 dBm IEEE 802.11n-HT40:21.44 dBm
Normal Test Voltage:	3.3 Vdc	

1.4 OTHER INFORMATION

Operation Frequency Each of Channel	
IEEE 802.11b, IEEE 802.11g, IEEE 802.11n-HT20	**f = 2407 + 5k MHz, k = 1,…,13**
IEEE 802.11n-HT40	**f = 2407 + 5k MHz, k = 3,…,11**
Note: **f** is the operating frequency (MHz); **k** is the operating channel.	

1.5 DESCRIPTION OF SUPPORT UNITS

The EUT has been tested with associated equipment below.

1) Support Equipment

Description	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial Number	Supplied by
Notebook	Lenovo	E450	SL10G10780	UnionTrust

2) Support Cable

Cable No.	Description	Connector	Length	Supplied by
1	Antenna Cable	SMA	0.30 Meter	UnionTrust

1.6 TEST LOCATION

Shenzhen UnionTrust Quality and Technology Co., Ltd.

Address: 16/F, Block A, Building 6, Baoneng Science and Technology Park, Qingxiang Road No.1, Longhua New District, Shenzhen, China 518109
Telephone: +86 (0) 755 2823 0888
Fax: +86 (0) 755 2823 0886

1.7 TEST FACILITY

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

CNAS-Lab Code: L9069
The measuring equipment utilized to perform the tests documented in this report has been calibrated once a year or in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, and is traceable under the ISO/IEC/EN 17025 to international or national standards. Equipment has been calibrated by accredited calibration laboratories.

A2LA-Lab Certificate No.: 4312.01
Shenzhen UnionTrust Quality and Technology Co., Ltd. has been accredited by A2LA for technical competence in the field of electrical testing, and proved to be in compliance with ISO/IEC 17025: 2005 General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories and any additional program requirements in the identified field of testing.

ISED Wireless Device Testing Laboratories
CAB identifier: CN0032

FCC Accredited Lab.
Designation Number: CN1194
Test Firm Registration Number: 259480

1.8 DEVIATION FROM STANDARDS

None.

1.9 ABNORMALITIES FROM STANDARD CONDITIONS

None.

1.10 OTHER INFORMATION REQUESTED BY THE CUSTOMER

None.

1.11 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Where relevant, the following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the Product as specified in CISPR 16-4-2. This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

No.	Item	Measurement Uncertainty
1	Conducted emission 9KHz-150KHz	±3.8 dB
2	Conducted emission 150KHz-30MHz	±3.4 dB
3	Radiated emission 9KHz-30MHz	±4.9 dB
4	Radiated emission 30MHz-1GHz	±4.7 dB
5	Radiated emission 1GHz-18GHz	±5.1 dB
6	Radiated emission 18GHz-26GHz	±5.2 dB
7	Radiated emission 26GHz-40GHz	±5.2 dB

2. TEST SUMMARY

FCC 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C Test Cases			
Test Item	**Test Requirement**	**Test Method**	**Result**
Antenna Requirement	FCC 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.203/15.247 (c) RSS-Gen Issue 5, Section 6.8	N/A	PASS
AC Power Line Conducted Emission	FCC 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.207 RSS-Gen Issue 5, Section 8.8	ANSI C63.10-2013 Clause 6.2	PASS
Conducted Peak Output Power	FCC 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.247 (b)(3) RSS-247 Issue 2, Section 5.4(d)	ANSI C63.10-2013 Clause 11.9.1.3	PASS
6dB Bandwidth	FCC 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.247 (a)(2) RSS-247 Issue 2, Section 5.2(a)	ANSI C63.10-2013 Clause 11.8.1	PASS
Occupied Bandwidth	RSS-Gen Issue 5, Section 6.7	RSS-Gen Issue 5, Section 6.7	PASS
Power Spectral Density	FCC 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.247 (e) RSS-247 Issue 2, Section 5.2(b)	ANSI C63.10-2013 Clause 11.10.2	PASS
Conducted Out of Band Emission	FCC 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.247(d) RSS-247 Issue 2, Section 5.5	ANSI C63.10-2013 Clause 11.11	PASS
Radiated Spurious Emissions	FCC 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.205/15.209 RSS-Gen Issue 5, Section 6.13/8.9/8.10	ANSI C63.10-2013 Clause 11.11 & Clause 11.12	PASS
Band Edge Measurements (Radiated)	FCC 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.205/15.209 RSS-247 Issue 2, Section 5.5	ANSI C63.10-2013 Clause 11.13	PASS

3. EQUIPMENT LIST

Radiated Emission Test Equipment List						
Used	**Equipment**	**Manufacturer**	**Model No.**	**Serial Number**	**Cal. date (mm dd, yyyy)**	**Cal. Due date (mm dd, yyyy)**
☒	3M Chamber & Accessory Equipment	ETS-LINDGREN	3M	N/A	Dec. 03, 2018	Dec. 03, 2021
☒	Receiver	R&S	ESIB26	100114	Nov. 24, 2019	Nov. 23, 2020
☒	Loop Antenna	ETS-LINDGREN	6502	00202525	Nov. 16, 2019	Nov. 15, 2020
☒	Broadband Antenna	ETS-LINDGREN	3142E	00201566	Nov. 16, 2019	Nov. 15, 2020
☒	6dB Attenuator	Talent	RA6A5-N-18	18103001	Nov. 16, 2019	Nov. 15, 2020
☒	Preamplifier	HP	8447F	2805A02960	Nov. 24, 2019	Nov. 23, 2020
☐	Broadband Antenna (Pre-amplifier)	ETS-LINDGREN	3142E-PA	00201891	Nov. 24, 2019	Nov. 23, 2020
☐	6dB Attenuator	Talent	RA6A5-N-18	18103002	Nov. 24, 2019	Nov. 23, 2020
☐	Horn Antenna	ETS-LINDGREN	3117	00164202	Nov. 16, 2019	Nov. 15, 2020
☒	Horn Antenna (Pre-amplifier)	ETS-LINDGREN	3117-PA	00201874	May 18, 2019	May 18, 2020
☐	Horn Antenna	ETS-LINDGREN	3116C	00200180	Jun. 23, 2019	Jun. 23, 2020
☒	Horn Antenna (Pre-amplifier)	ETS-LINDGREN	3116C-PA	00202652	Nov. 16, 2019	Nov. 15, 2020
☒	Multi device Controller	ETS-LINDGREN	7006-001	00160105	N/A	N/A
☒	Band Rejection Filter (2400MHz~2500MHz)	Micro-Tronics	BRM50702	G248	Nov. 24, 2019	Nov. 23, 2020
☐	Band Rejection Filter (5150MHz~5880MHz)	Micro-Tronics	BRM50716	G1868	Nov. 24, 2019	Nov. 23, 2020
☒	Test Software	Audix	e3	Software Version: 9.160323		

Conducted Emission Test Equipment List						
Used	**Equipment**	**Manufacturer**	**Model No.**	**Serial Number**	**Cal. date (mm dd, yyyy)**	**Cal. Due date (mm dd, yyyy)**
☒	Receiver	R&S	ESR7	1316.3003K07 -101181-K3	Nov. 24, 2019	Nov. 23, 2020
☒	Pulse Limiter	R&S	ESH3-Z2	0357.8810.54	Nov. 24, 2019	Nov. 23, 2020
☒	LISN	R&S	ESH2-Z5	860014/024	Nov. 24, 2019	Nov. 23, 2020
☐	LISN	ETS-Lindgren	3816/2SH	00201088	Nov. 24, 2019	Nov. 23, 2020
☒	Test Software	Audix	e3	Software Version: 9.160323		

Conducted RF test Equipment List						
Used	**Equipment**	**Manufacturer**	**Model No.**	**Serial Number**	**Cal. date (mm dd, yyyy)**	**Cal. Due date (mm dd, yyyy)**
☒	EXA Spectrum Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9010A	MY51440197	Nov. 24, 2019	Nov. 23, 2020
☒	USB Wideband Power Sensor	KEYSIGHT	U2021XA	MY55430035	Nov. 24, 2019	Nov. 23, 2020
☐	USB Wideband Power Sensor	KEYSIGHT	U2021XA	MY55430023	Nov. 24, 2019	Nov. 23, 2020

4. TEST CONFIGURATION

4.1 ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS FOR TESTING

4.1.1 Normal or Extreme Test Conditions

Environment Parameter	Selected Values During Tests		
Test Condition	Ambient		
	Temperature (°C)	Voltage (V)	Relative Humidity (%)
NT/NV	+15 to +35	3.3	20 to 75
Remark: 1) NV: Normal Voltage; NT: Normal Temperature			

4.1.2 Record of Normal Environment

Test Item	Temperature (°C)	Relative Humidity (%)	Pressure (kPa)	Tested by
AC Power Line Conducted Emission	23.6	49	100.42	Bert Xiong
Conducted Peak Output Power	22	51	99.1	Hank Wu
6dB Bandwidth & Occupied Bandwidth				
Power Spectral Density				
Conducted Out of Band Emission				
Radiated Spurious Emissions	26.8	55	100.4	Asia Yan
Band Edge Measurements (Radiated)				

4.2 TEST CHANNELS

Mode	Tx/Rx Frequency	Test RF Channel Lists				
		Lowest(L)	Middle(M)	Highest(H11)	Highest(H12)	Highest(H13)
IEEE 802.11b	2412 MHz to 2472 MHz	Channel 1	Channel 7	Channel 11	Channel 12	Channel 13
		2412 MHz	2437 MHz	2462 MHz	2467 MHz	2472 MHz
IEEE 802.11g	2412 MHz to 2472 MHz	Channel 1	Channel 7	Channel 11	Channel 12	Channel 13
		2412 MHz	2437 MHz	2462 MHz	2467 MHz	2472 MHz
IEEE 802.11n-HT20	2412 MHz to 2472 MHz	Channel 1	Channel 7	Channel 11	Channel 12	Channel 13
		2412 MHz	2437 MHz	2462 MHz	2467 MHz	2472 MHz
Mode	**Tx/Rx Frequency**	**Test RF Channel Lists**				
		Lowest(L)	**Middle(M)**	**Highest(H9)**	**Highest(H10)**	**Highest(H11)**
IEEE 802.11n-HT40	2422 MHz to 2462 MHz	Channel 3	Channel 7	Channel 9	Channel 10	Channel 11
		2422 MHz	2437 MHz	2452 MHz	2457 MHz	2462 MHz

4.3 EUT TEST STATUS

Mode	Tx/Rx Function	Description
IEEE 802.11b IEEE 802.11g	1Tx/1Rx	1. Keep the EUT in continuously transmitting or receiving with modulation test single.
IEEE 802.11n-HT20 IEEE 802.11n-HT40	2Tx/2Rx	2. Keep the EUT in continuously transmitting or receiving with modulation test single.

Power Setting						
Mode	Channel 1 -11		Channel 12		Channel 13	
	Chain 0	Chain 1	Chain 0	Chain 1	Chain 0	Chain 1
IEEE 802.11b	39	33	39	33	39	33
IEEE 802.11g	41	43	41	33	41	33
IEEE 802.11n-HT20	37	37	32	32	32	32
IEEE 802.11n-HT40	40	40	35	35	35	35

Test Software
Test software name: REALTEK 11ac 8812 AU USB WLAN NIC Mass production kit

4.4 PRE-SCAN

Pre-Scan has been conducted to determine the worst-case mode from all possible combinations between available modulations and data rate. Following data rate was (were) selected for the final test as listed below

Mode	Worst-case data rates
IEEE 802.11b	1 Mbps
IEEE 802.11g	6 Mbps
IEEE 802.11n-HT20	MCS0
IEEE 802.11n-HT40	MCS0

4.5 TEST SETUP

4.5.1 For Radiated Emissions test setup

Figure 1. Below 30MHz

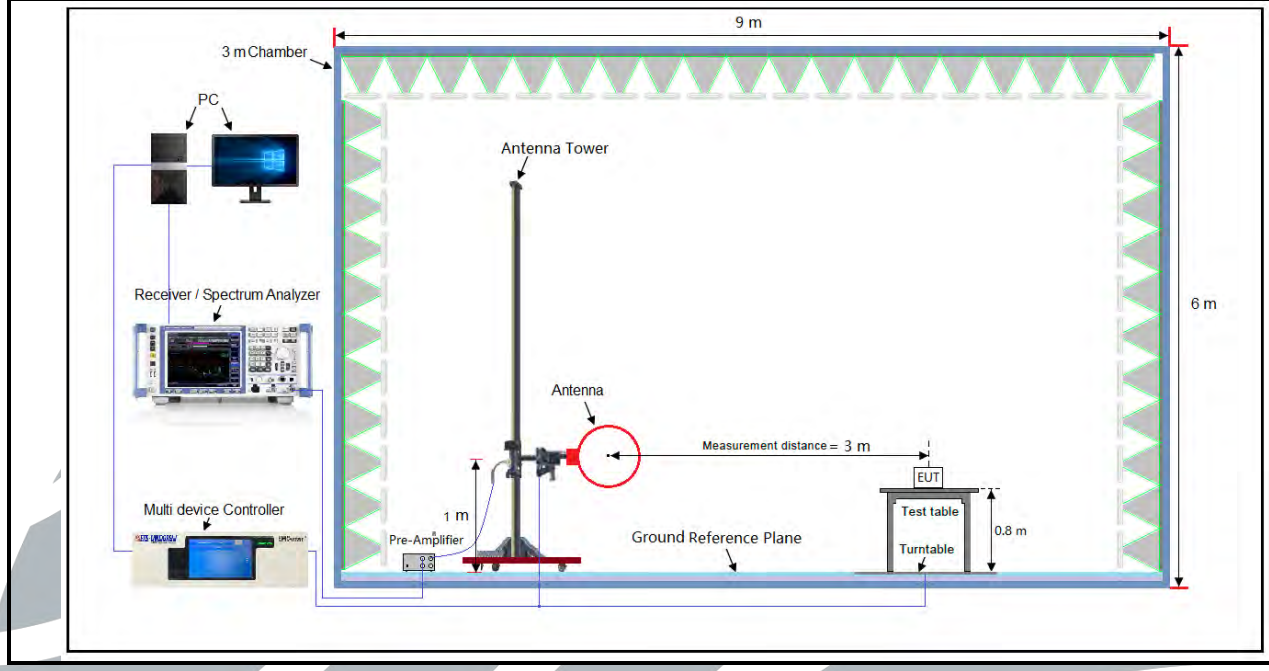


Figure 2. 30MHz to 1GHz

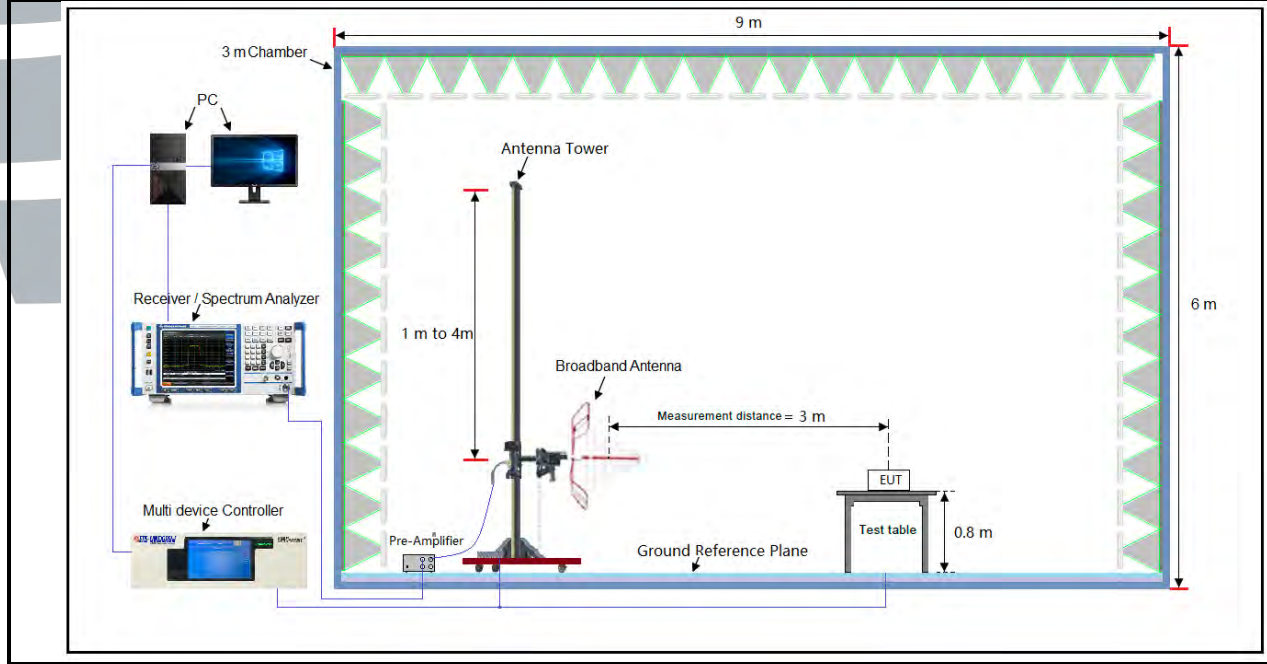
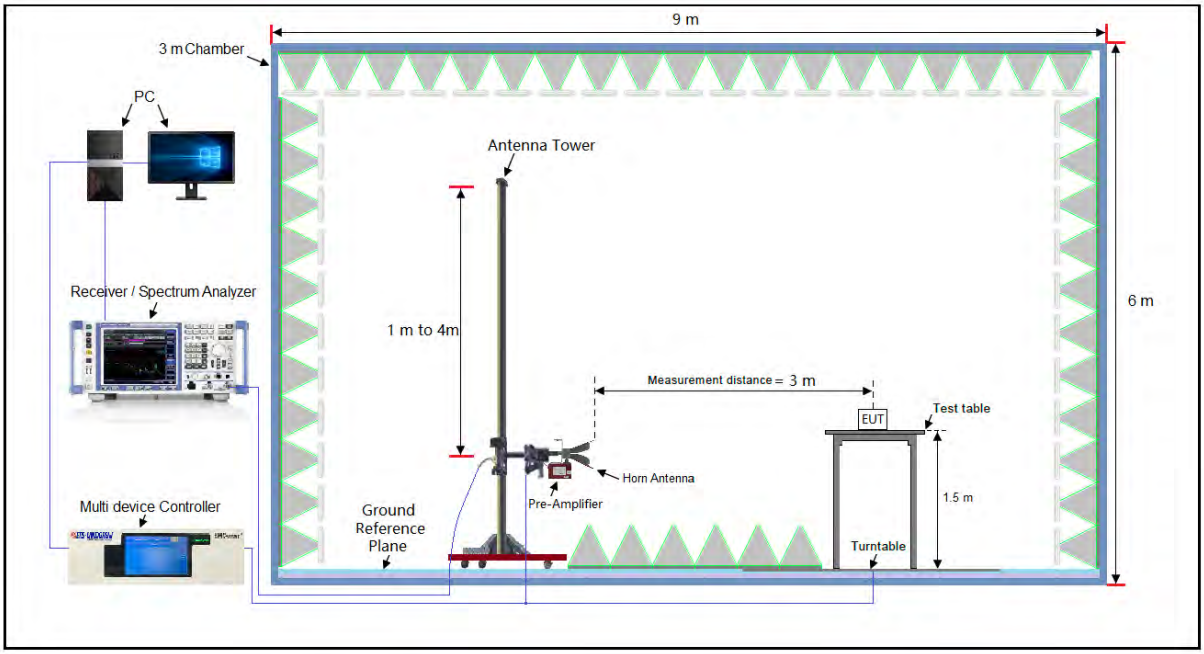
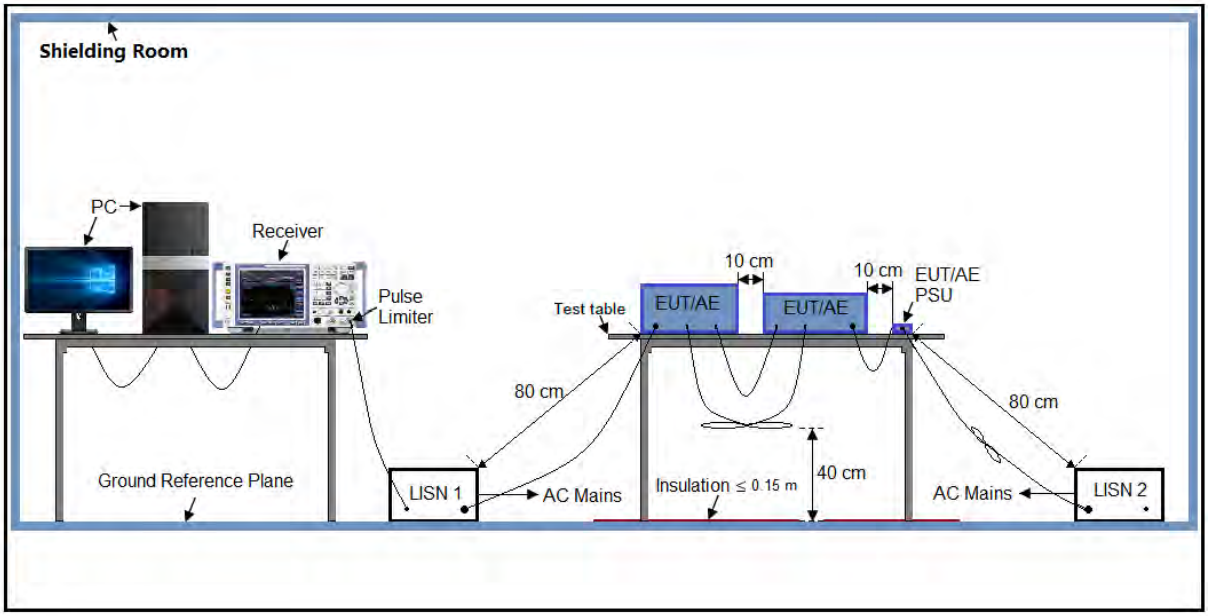


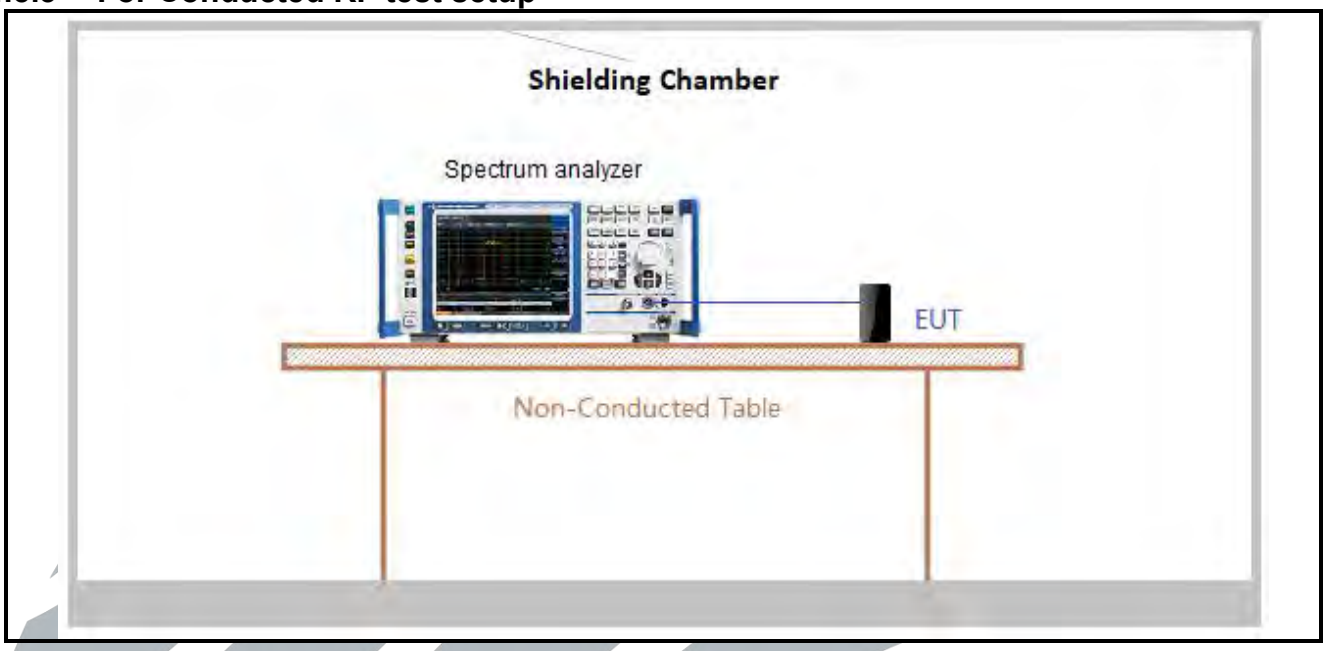
Figure 3. Above 1GHz



4.5.2 For Conducted Emissions test setup



4.5.3 For Conducted RF test setup



4.6 SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

For emissions testing, the equipment under test (EUT) setup to transmit continuously to simplify the measurement methodology. Care was taken to ensure proper power supply voltages during testing. During testing, radiated emission were performed with the EUT set to transmit at the channel with highest output power as worst-case scenario. Only the worst case data were recorded in this test report.

The signal is maximized through rotation and placement in the three orthogonal axes. The antenna height and polarization are varied during the search for maximum signal level. The antenna height is varied from 1 to 4 meters. Radiated emissions are taken at three meters unless the signal level is too low for measurement at that distance. If necessary, a pre-amplifier is used and/or the test is conducted at a closer distance. Therefore, all final radiated testing was performed with the EUT in (see table below) orientation.

Frequency	Mode	Antenna Port	Worst-case axis positioning
Above 1GHz	1TX	Chain 0	Z axis
	1TX	Chain 1	Z axis
	2TX	Chain 0+1	Z axis

All readings are extrapolated back to the equivalent three meter reading using inverse scaling with distance. Analyzer resolution is 100 kHz or greater for frequencies below 1000 MHz. The resolution is 1 MHz or greater for frequencies above 1000 MHz. The spurious emissions more than 20 dB below the permissible value are not reported.

Radiated emission measurement were performed from the lowest radio frequency signal generated in the device which is greater than 9 kHz to the tenth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 40 GHz, whichever is lower.

4.7 DUTY CYCLE

Test Procedure: ANSI C63.10-2013 Clause 11.6.

Test Results

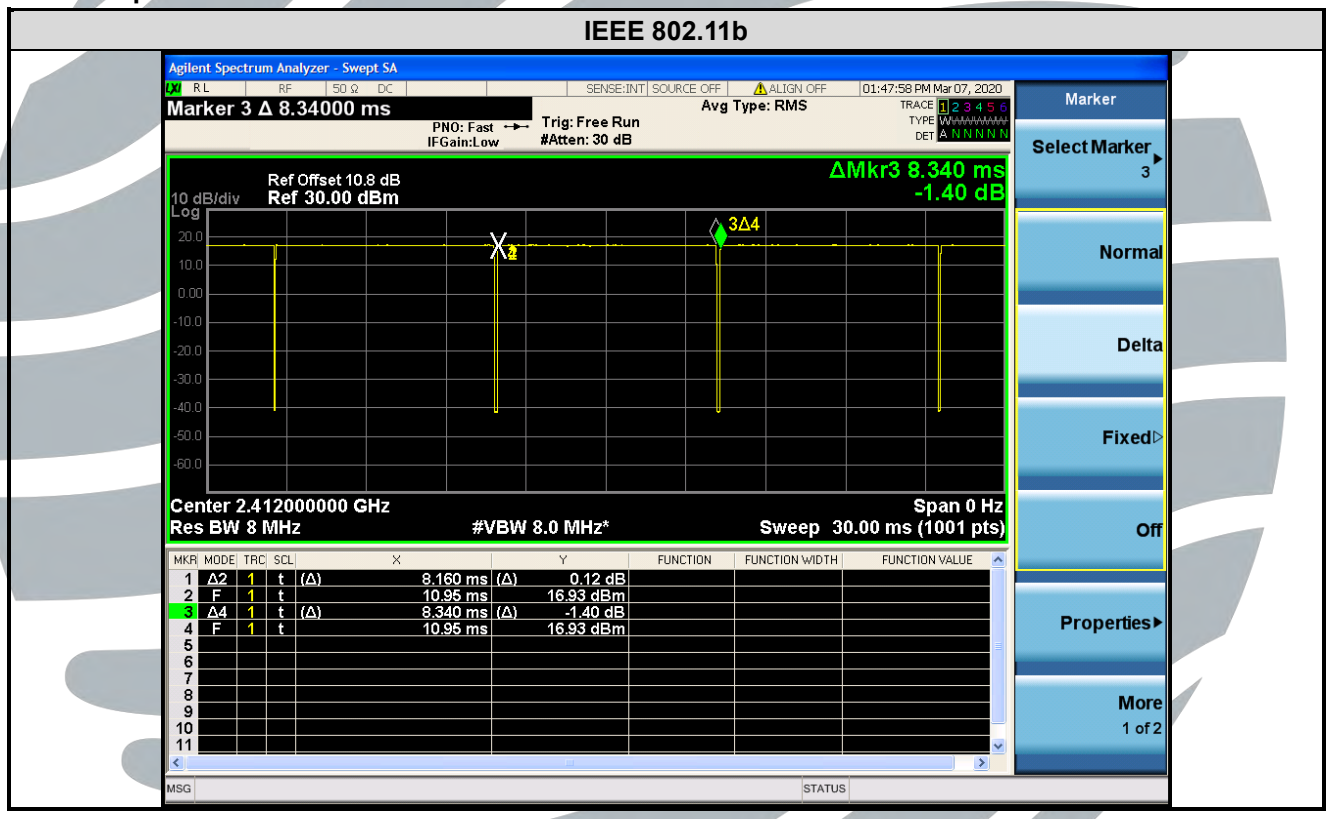
Mode	Data rates (Mbps)	On Time (msec)	Period (msec)	Duty Cycle (linear)	Duty Cycle (%)	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	1/ T Minimum VBW (kHz)	Average Factor (dB)
IEEE 802.11b	1	8.16	8.34	0.98	97.84	0.09	0.12	-0.19
IEEE 802.11g	6	1.35	1.43	0.94	94.41	0.25	0.74	-0.50
IEEE 802.11n-HT20	MCS0	1.265	1.37	0.92	92.34	0.35	0.79	-0.69
IEEE 802.11n-HT40	MCS0	0.63	0.723	0.87	87.14	0.60	1.59	-1.20

Remark:

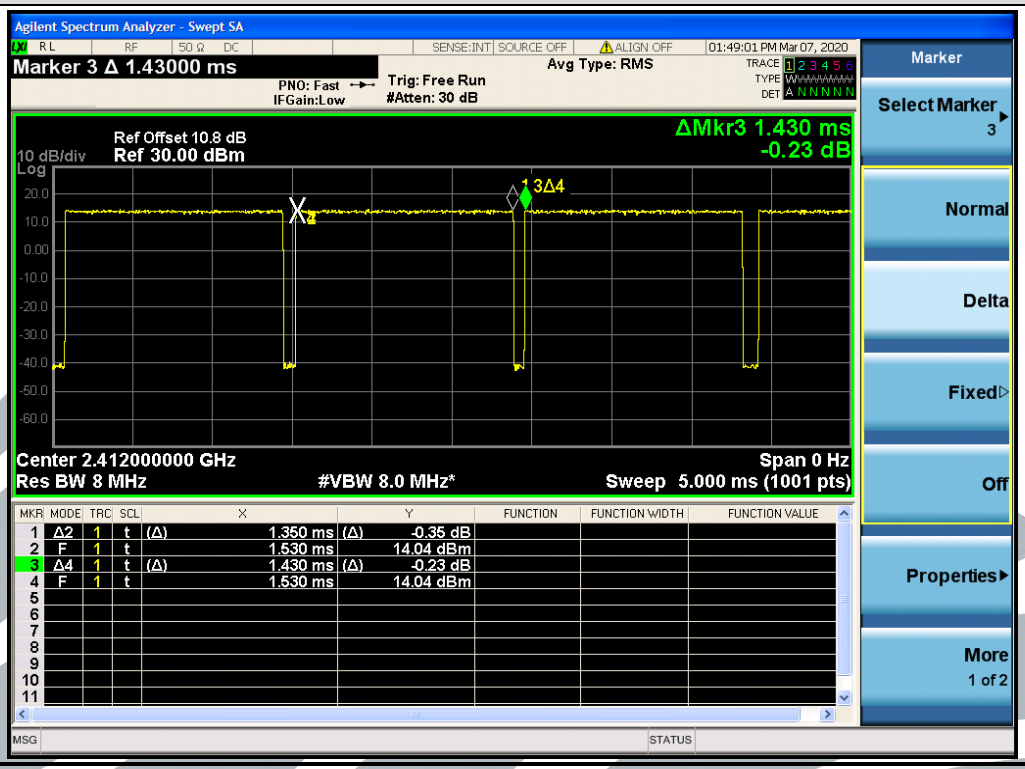
1) Duty cycle= On Time/ Period;
2) Duty Cycle factor = 10 * log(1/ Duty cycle);
3) Average factor = 20 $\log_{10}$ Duty Cycle.

The test plotss as follows

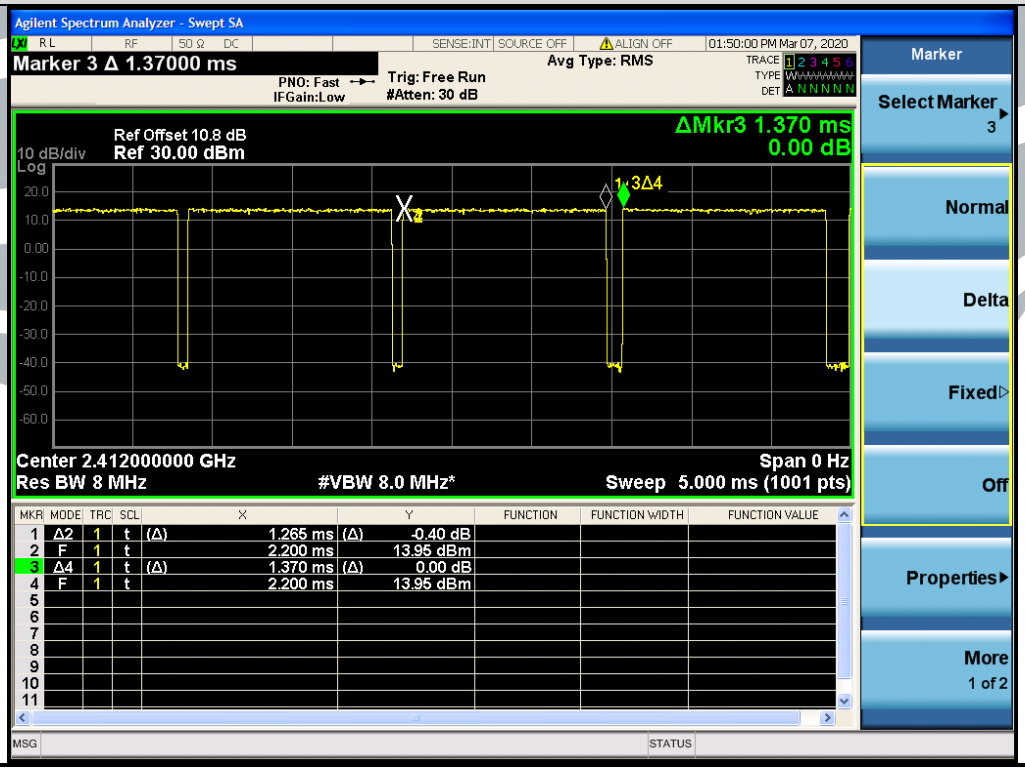
IEEE 802.11b

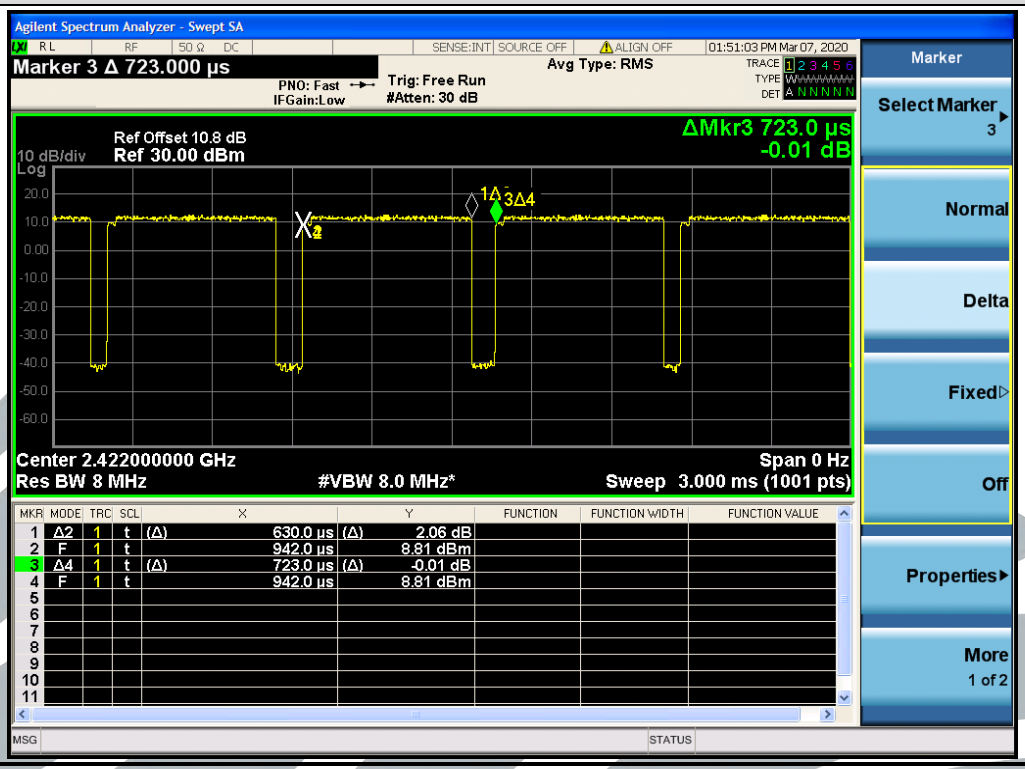


IEEE 802.11g



IEEE 802.11n-HT20



IEEE 802.11n-HT40


5. RADIO TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS SPECIFICATION

5.1 REFERENCE DOCUMENTS FOR TESTING

No.	Identity	Document Title
1	FCC 47 CFR Part 2	Frequency allocations and radio treaty matters; general rules and regulations
2	FCC 47 CFR Part 15	Radio Frequency Devices
3	RSS-247 Issue 2	Digital Transmission Systems (DTSs), Frequency Hopping Systems (FHSs) and Licence-Exempt Local Area Network (LE-LAN) Devices
4	RSS-Gen Issue 5	General Requirements for Compliance of Radio Apparatus
5	ANSI C63.10-2013	American National Standard for Testing Unlicesed Wireless Devices
6	KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02	Guidance for compliance measurements on Digital Transmission Systems, Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum system, and Hybrid system devices operating under Section 15.247 of the FCC rules
7	KDB 662911 D01 Multiple Transmitter Output v02r01	Emissions Testing of Transmitters with Multiple Outputs in the Same Band

5.2 ANTENNA REQUIREMENT

Standard Requirement
15.203 requirement: An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator, the manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. **15.247(b) (4) requirement:** The conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi. Except as shown in paragraph (c) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. **RSS-Gen Issue 5, Section 6.8 requirement:** According to RSS-Gen Issue 5, Section 6.8, a transmitter can only be sold or operated with antennas with which it was certified. A transmitter may be certified with multiple antenna types. An antenna type comprises antennas having similar in-band and out-of-band radiation patterns.
EUT Antenna:
Both antenna in the interior of the equipment and no consideration of replacement. The transmit signals are correlated with each other and the antenna gain of both chains is completely consistent, the best case directional gain of the antenna is **8.01** dBi (See section 5.3).

5.3 CONDUCTED PEAK OUTPUT POWER

Test Requirement: FCC 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C Section15.247 (b)(3)
RSS-247 Issue 2, Section 5.4(d)

Test Method: ANSI C63.10-2013 Clause 11.9.1.3

Limit: For systems using digital modulation in the 2400-2483.5 MHz bands: 1 Watt.

Test Procedure:
1. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the power meter.
2. Measure out each test modes' peak or average output power, record the power level.

Note: The cable loss and attenuator loss were offset into measure device as an amplitude offset.

Test Setup: Refer to section 4.5.3 for details.

Instruments Used: Refer to section 3 for details

Test Results:

Mode	Channel/ Frequency (MHz)	Maximum Conducted Peak Output Power (dBm)				
		SISO_ Chain 0	SISO_ Chain 1	Total Power MIMO_ Chain 0+1	Limit (dBm)	Pass / Fail
IEEE 802.11b	1(2412)	19.62	14.6	---	27.99	Pass
	6(2437)	19.76	14.02	---	27.99	Pass
	11(2462)	19.83	15.19	---	27.99	Pass
	12(2467)	19.51	15.23	---	27.99	Pass
	13(2472)	19.34	15.15	---	27.99	Pass
IEEE 802.11g	1(2412)	21.34	20.85	---	27.99	Pass
	6(2437)	21.72	21.19	---	27.99	Pass
	11(2462)	21.67	20.67	---	27.99	Pass
	12(2467)	21.46	16.52	---	27.99	Pass
	13(2472)	21.43	17.97	---	27.99	Pass
IEEE 802.11n-HT20	1(2412)	18.31	17.97	21.15	27.99	Pass
	6(2437)	18.39	18.19	21.30	27.99	Pass
	11(2462)	18.81	18.24	21.54	27.99	Pass
	12(2467)	16.78	15.81	19.33	27.99	Pass
	13(2472)	16.97	15.94	19.50	27.99	Pass
IEEE 802.11n-HT40	3(2422)	18.42	17.48	20.99	27.99	Pass
	6(2437)	18.7	17.39	21.10	27.99	Pass
	9(2452)	18.5	18.35	21.44	27.99	Pass
	10(2457)	16.82	15.53	19.23	27.99	Pass
	11(2462)	16.89	16.03	19.49	27.99	Pass

Remark:
1. Total (Chain 0+1) = $10*\log[(10^{\text{Chain 0/10}})+(10^{\text{Chain 1/10}})]$
2. Directional gain and the maximum conducted output power limit see table below:

Frequency Band	Chain 0 Antenna Gain (dBi)	Chain 1 Antenna Gain (dBi)	Correlated chains directional gain (dBi)	Peak Power Limit (dBm)
2400 MHz to 2483.5 MHz	5.00	5.00	8.01	27.99
Basic methodology with N_{ANT} transmit antennas, each with the same directional gain G_{ANT} dBi, being driven by N_{ANT} transmitter outputs of equal power. Directional gain is to be computed as follows:				
If *any* transmit signals are *correlated* with each other,				
Directional gain = $G_{ANT} + 10 \log(N_{ANT})$ dBi				

For maximum e.i.r.p.

Mode	Channel/ Frequency (MHz)	Maximum e.i.r.p (dBm)				
		SISO_ Chain 0	SISO_ Chain 1	Total Power MIMO_ Chain 0+1	Limit (dBm)	Pass / Fail
IEEE 802.11b	1(2412)	24.62	19.6	---	30	Pass
	6(2437)	24.76	19.02	---	30	Pass
	11(2462)	24.83	20.19	---	30	Pass
	12(2467)	24.51	20.23	---	30	Pass
	13(2472)	24.34	20.15	---	30	Pass
IEEE 802.11g	1(2412)	26.34	25.85	---	30	Pass
	6(2437)	26.72	26.19	---	30	Pass
	11(2462)	26.67	25.67	---	30	Pass
	12(2467)	26.46	21.52	---	30	Pass
	13(2472)	26.43	22.97	---	30	Pass
IEEE 802.11n-HT20	1(2412)	23.31	22.97	26.15	30	Pass
	6(2437)	23.39	23.19	26.30	30	Pass
	11(2462)	23.81	23.24	**26.54**	30	Pass
	12(2467)	21.78	20.81	24.33	30	Pass
	13(2472)	21.97	20.94	24.50	30	Pass
IEEE 802.11n-HT40	3(2422)	23.42	22.48	25.99	30	Pass
	6(2437)	23.7	22.39	26.10	30	Pass
	9(2452)	23.5	23.35	26.44	30	Pass
	10(2457)	21.82	20.53	24.23	30	Pass
	11(2462)	21.89	21.03	24.49	30	Pass

Mode	Channel/ Frequency (MHz)	Maximum Conducted Average Power (dBm)					
		SISO Measured Power		Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	SISO Power with Duty Factor		MIMO Total Power
		Chain 0	Chain 1		Chain 0	Chain 1	Chain 0+1
IEEE 802.11b	1(2412)	17.33	12.36	0.09	17.42	12.45	--
	6(2437)	17.34	12.78		17.43	12.87	--
	11(2462)	17.35	12.93		**17.35**	**12.93**	--
	12(2467)	17.16	13.00		17.16	13.00	--
	13(2472)	17.12	12.91		17.21	13.00	--
IEEE 802.11g	1(2412)	11.65	11.18	0.03	11.68	11.21	--
	6(2437)	11.86	11.57		11.89	11.60	--
	11(2462)	11.97	11.72		**11.97**	**11.72**	--
	12(2467)	11.94	6.86		11.94	6.86	--
	13(2472)	11.91	6.87		11.94	6.90	--
IEEE 802.11n-HT20	1(2412)	9.04	7.67	0.04	9.08	7.71	11.45
	6(2437)	8.96	7.81		**9.00**	7.85	**11.47**
	11(2462)	8.89	7.91		8.89	7.91	11.44
	12(2467)	6.27	5.20		6.27	5.20	8.78
	13(2472)	6.24	5.22		6.28	**5.26**	8.81
IEEE 802.11n-HT40	3(2422)	8.62	7.55	0.60	9.22	8.15	11.73
	6(2437)	8.34	6.67		**8.94**	7.27	**11.20**
	9(2452)	8.31	7.69		8.31	7.69	11.02
	10(2457)	5.85	4.76		5.85	4.76	8.35
	11(2462)	6.45	5.42		7.05	**6.02**	9.58

5.46 DB BANDWIDTH & OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH

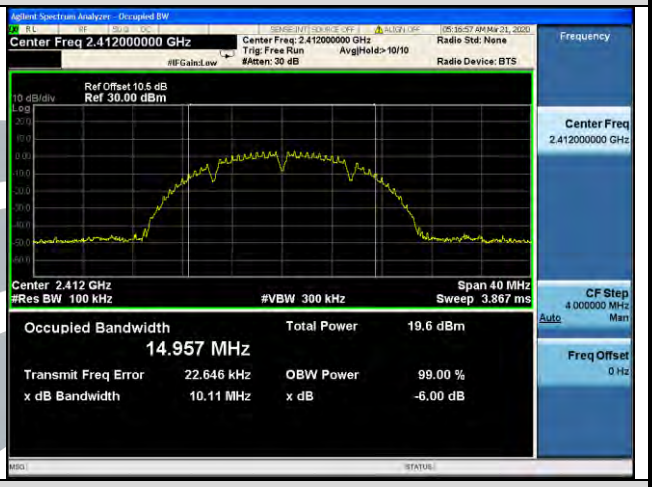
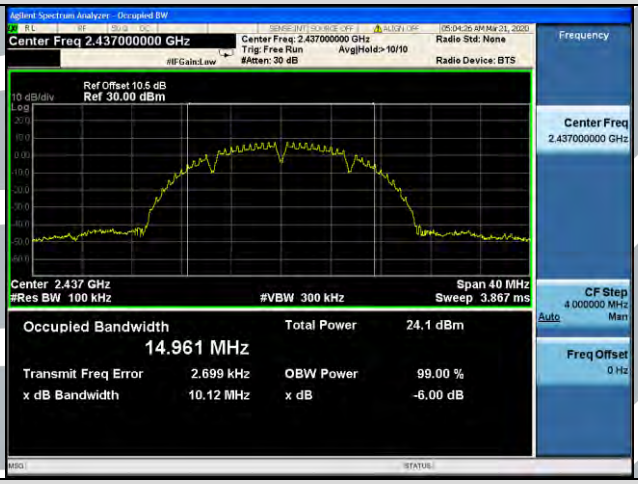
Test Requirement:	FCC 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.247 (a)(2) RSS-247 Issue 2, Section 5.2(a) RSS-Gen Issue 5, Section 6.7
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10-2013 Clause 11.8.1 RSS-Gen Issue 5, Section 6.7
Limit:	For direct sequence systems, the minimum 6dB bandwidth shall be at least 500kHz
Test Procedure:	Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings: **6dB Bandwidth** a) Set RBW = 100 kHz. b) Set the video bandwidth (VBW) ≥ 3 x RBW. c) Detector = Peak. d) Trace mode = max hold. e) Sweep = auto couple. f) Allow the trace to stabilize. g) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission. **Occupied Bandwidth** a) Set RBW = 1% to 5% of the occupied bandwidth b) Set the video bandwidth (VBW) ≥ 3 x RBW. c) Detector = Peak. d) Trace mode = max hold. e) Sweep = auto couple. f) Allow the trace to stabilize. Note: The cable loss and attenuator loss were offset into measure device as an amplitude offset.
Test Setup:	Refer to section 4.5.3 for details.
Instruments Used:	Refer to section 3 for details
Test Mode:	Transmitter mode
Test Results:	

Mode	Channel/ Frequency (MHz)	6 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)	6 dB Bandwidth Limit	Pass / Fail
Chain 0					
IEEE 802.11b	1(2412)	10.13	14.975	> 500 kHz	Pass
	6(2437)	10.12	14.962	> 500 kHz	Pass
	11(2462)	10.12	14.981	> 500 kHz	Pass
	12(2467)	10.11	14.981	> 500 kHz	Pass
	13(2472)	10.11	14.974	> 500 kHz	Pass
IEEE 802.11g	1(2412)	16.39	16.916	> 500 kHz	Pass
	6(2437)	16.40	17.006	> 500 kHz	Pass
	11(2462)	16.40	16.951	> 500 kHz	Pass
	12(2467)	16.37	16.966	> 500 kHz	Pass
	13(2472)	16.39	16.972	> 500 kHz	Pass
IEEE 802.11n-HT20	1(2412)	17.57	17.949	> 500 kHz	Pass
	6(2437)	17.58	17.955	> 500 kHz	Pass
	11(2462)	17.57	17.930	> 500 kHz	Pass
	12(2467)	17.56	17.913	> 500 kHz	Pass
	13(2472)	17.56	17.933	> 500 kHz	Pass
IEEE 802.11n-HT40	3(2422)	36.15	36.693	> 500 kHz	Pass
	6(2437)	36.36	36.666	> 500 kHz	Pass
	9(2452)	36.33	36.610	> 500 kHz	Pass
	10(2457)	36.33	36.609	> 500 kHz	Pass
	11(2462)	36.36	36.618	> 500 kHz	Pass

Mode	Channel/ Frequency (MHz)	6 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)	6 dB Bandwidth Limit	Pass / Fail
Chain 1					
IEEE 802.11b	1(2412)	10.11	14.957	> 500 kHz	Pass
	6(2437)	10.12	14.947	> 500 kHz	Pass
	11(2462)	10.07	14.928	> 500 kHz	Pass
	12(2467)	10.10	14.960	> 500 kHz	Pass
	13(2472)	10.12	14.945	> 500 kHz	Pass
IEEE 802.11g	1(2412)	16.40	16.521	> 500 kHz	Pass
	6(2437)	16.40	16.510	> 500 kHz	Pass
	11(2462)	16.38	16.511	> 500 kHz	Pass
	12(2467)	16.39	16.504	> 500 kHz	Pass
	13(2472)	16.38	16.533	> 500 kHz	Pass
IEEE 802.11n-HT20	1(2412)	17.35	17.646	> 500 kHz	Pass
	6(2437)	17.57	17.640	> 500 kHz	Pass
	11(2462)	17.56	17.645	> 500 kHz	Pass
	12(2467)	17.55	17.631	> 500 kHz	Pass
	13(2472)	17.55	17.648	> 500 kHz	Pass
IEEE 802.11n-HT40	3(2422)	36.08	36.123	> 500 kHz	Pass
	6(2437)	36.15	36.128	> 500 kHz	Pass
	9(2452)	36.15	36.617	> 500 kHz	Pass
	10(2457)	35.85	36.130	> 500 kHz	Pass
	11(2462)	35.91	36.125	> 500 kHz	Pass

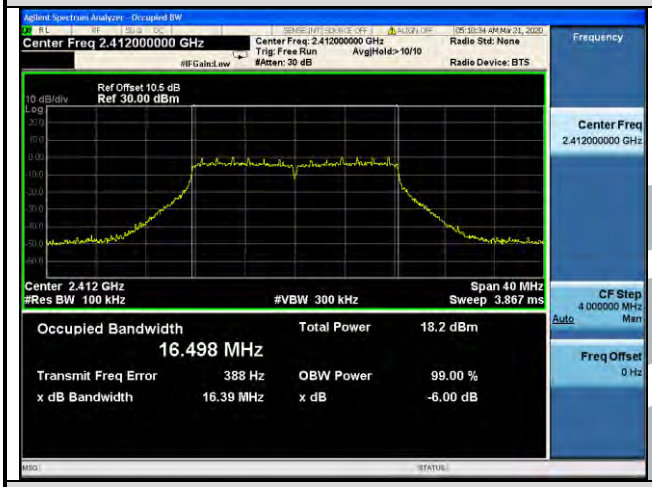
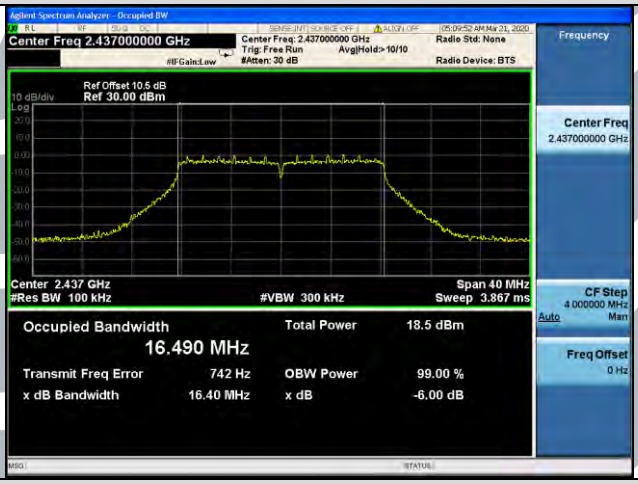
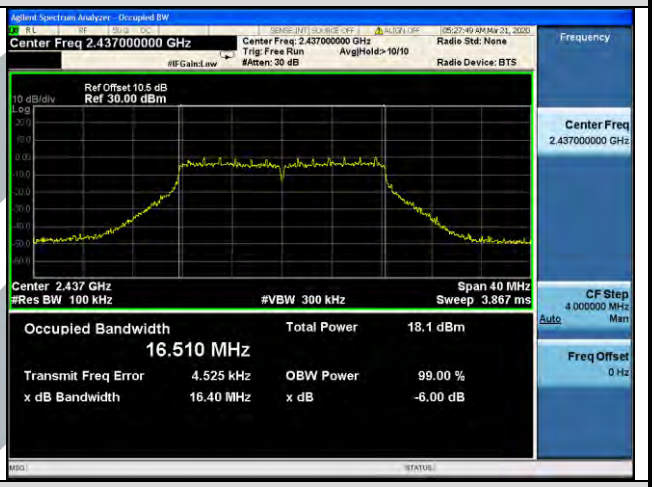
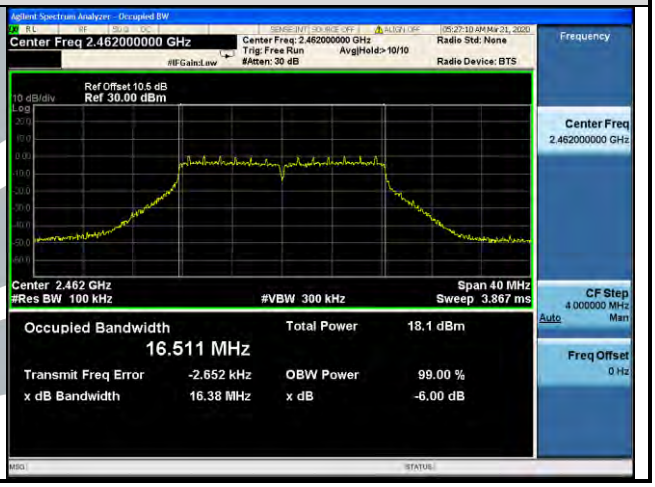
The test plots as follows:

6dB Bandwidth

IEEE 802.11b	
SISO_ Chain 0	SISO_ Chain 1
Channel 1	
	
Channel 6	
	
Channel 11	
	

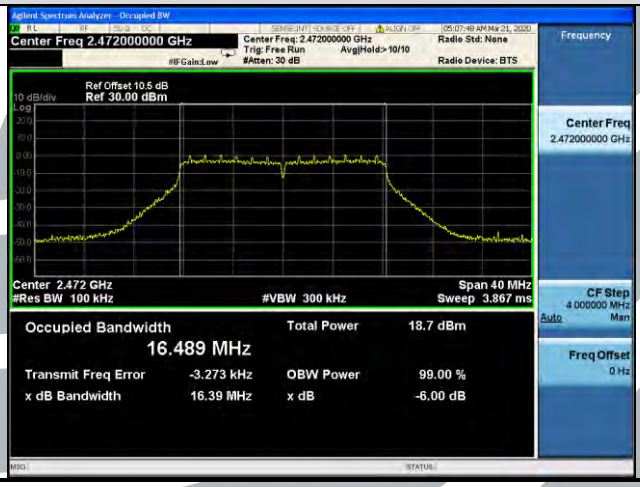
Channel 12

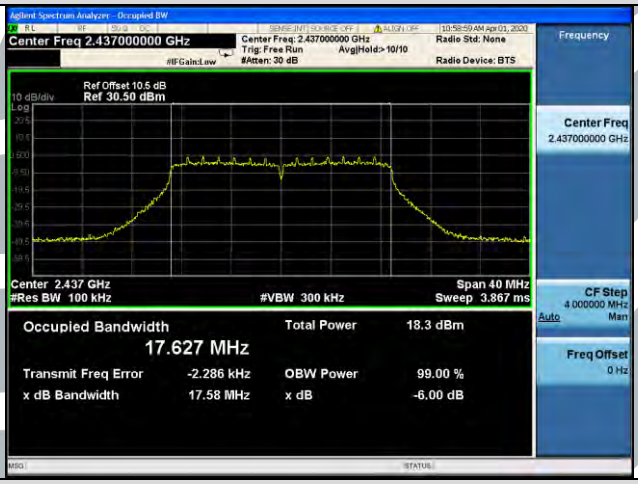
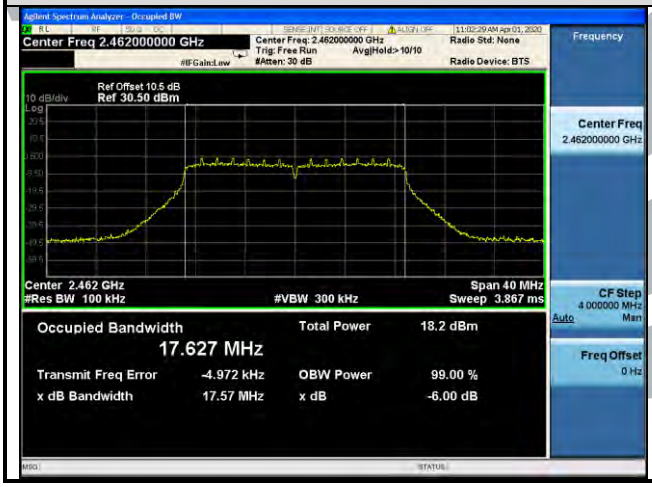
Channel 13

IEEE 802.11g	
SISO_ Chain 0	SISO_ Chain 1
Channel 1	
	
Channel 6	
	
Channel 11	
	

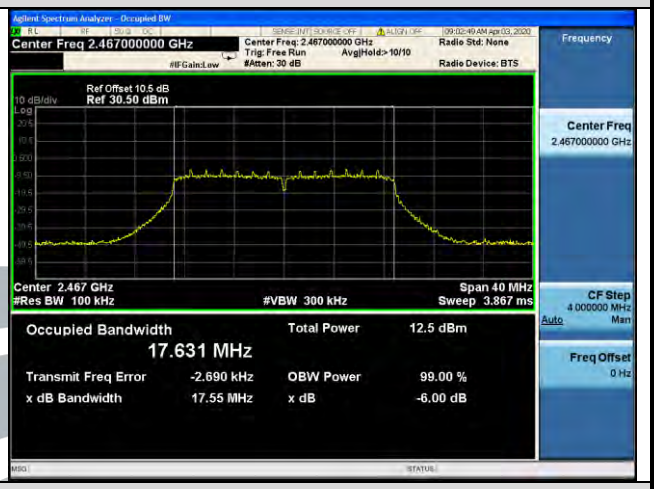
Channel 12

Channel 13

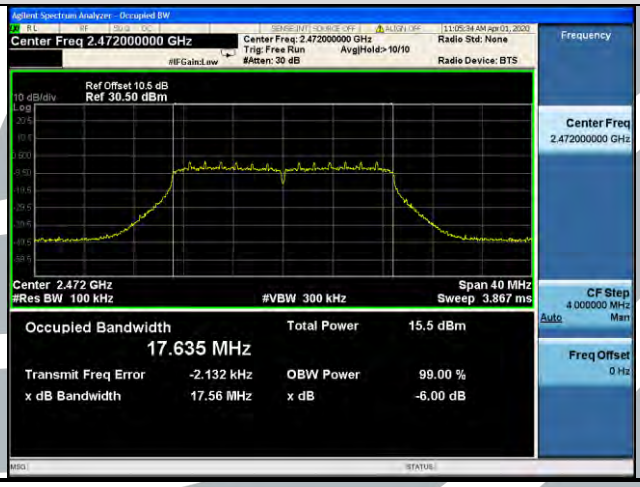


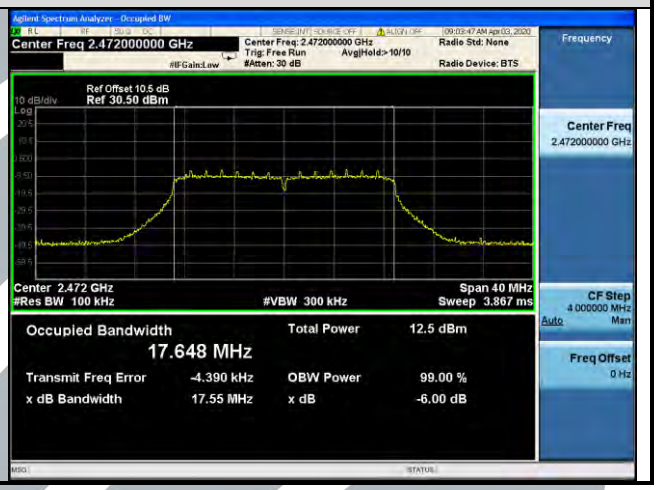
IEEE 802.11n-HT20	
MIMO_ Chain 0	MIMO_ Chain 1
Channel 1	
	
Channel 6	
	
Channel 11	
	

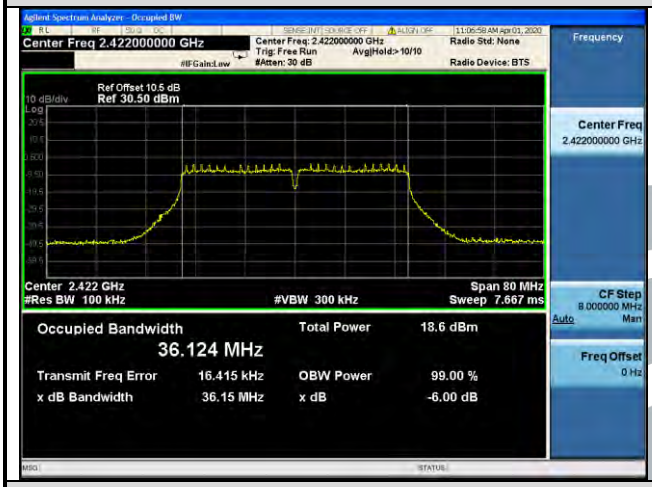
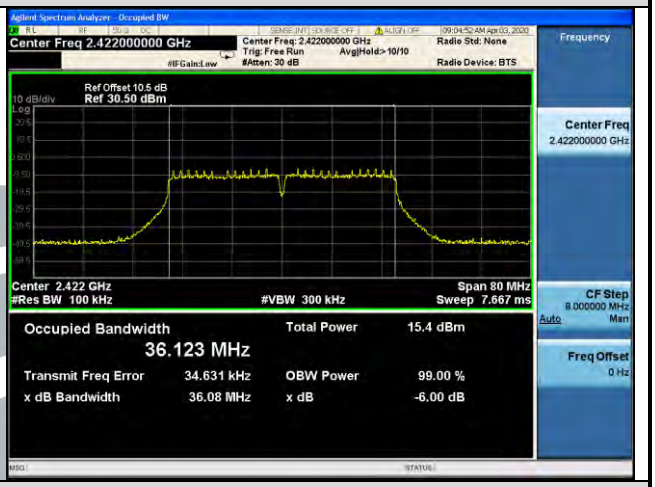
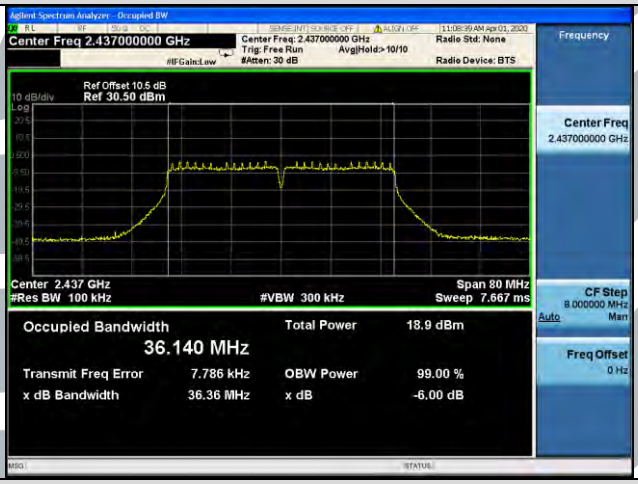
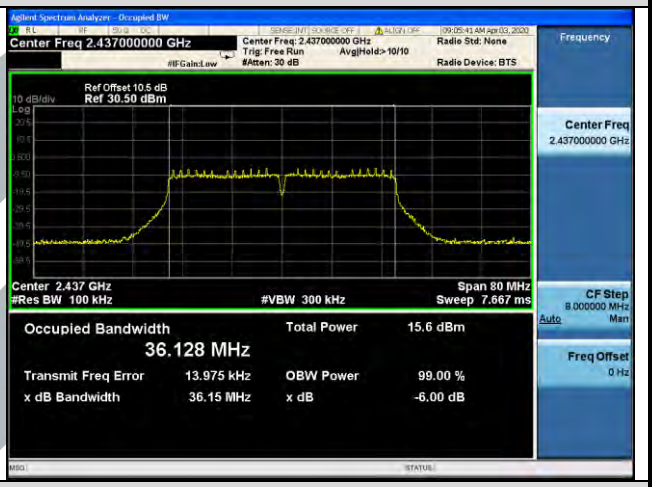
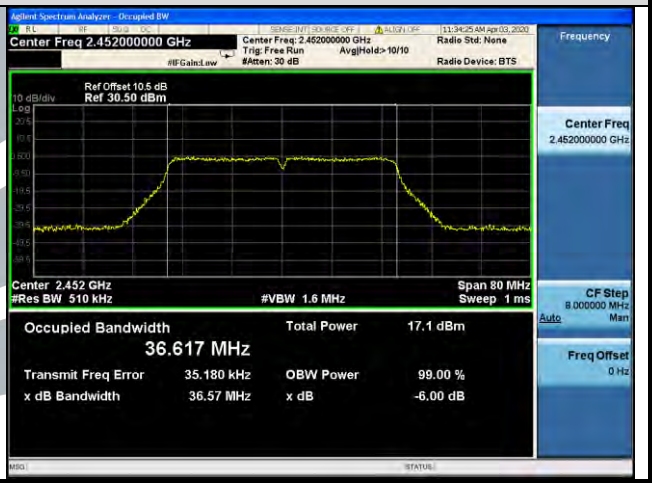
Channel 12



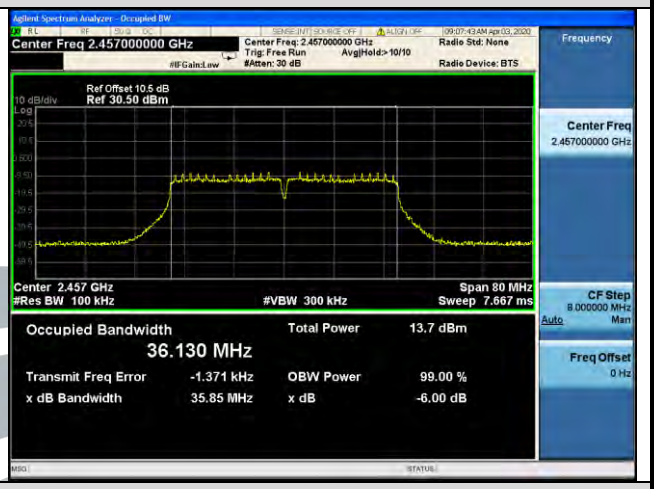
Channel 13



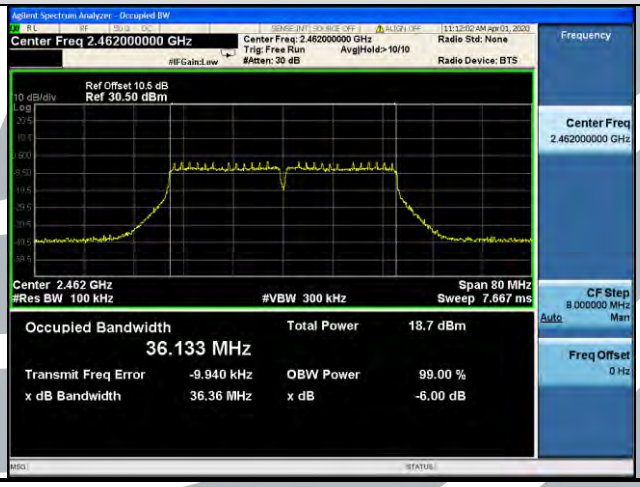


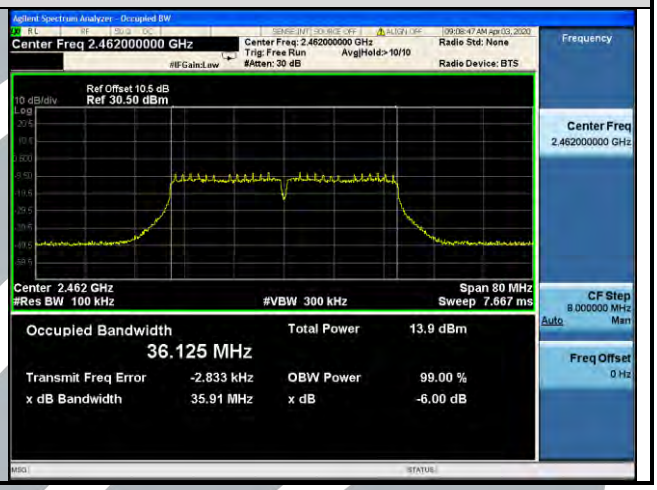
IEEE 802.11n-HT40	
MIMO_ Chain 0	MIMO_ Chain 1
Channel 3	
	
Channel 6	
	
Channel 9	
	

Channel 10



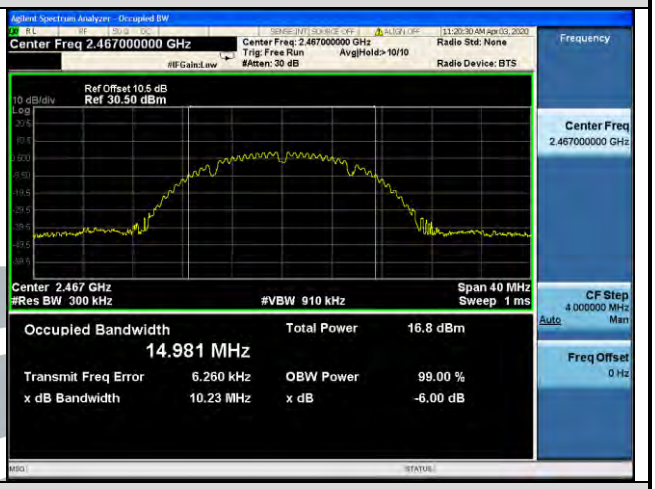
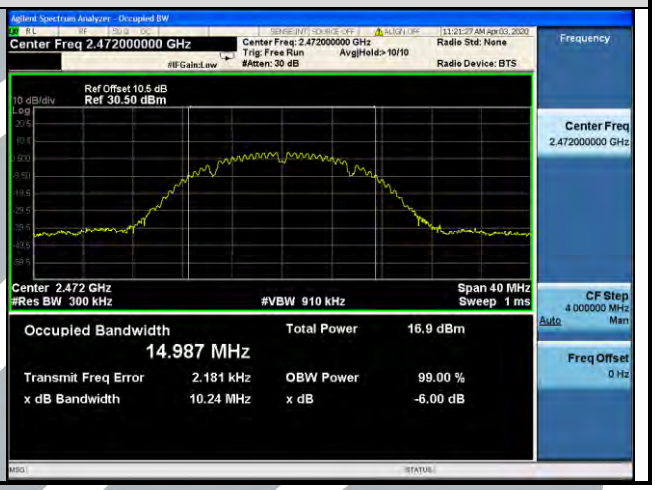
Channel 11





Occupied Bandwidth

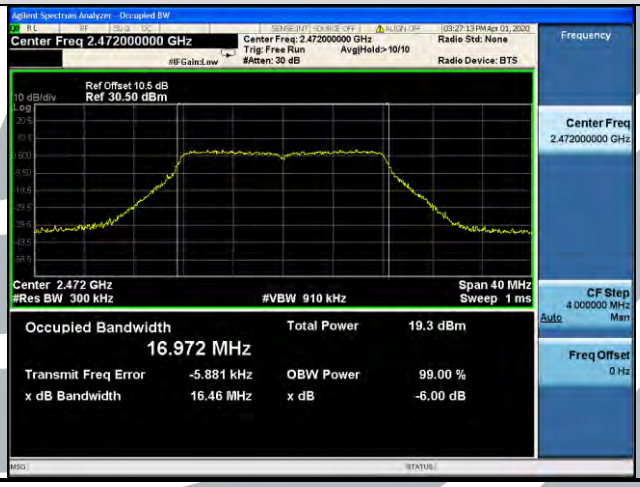
IEEE 802.11b	
SISO_ Chain 0	SISO_ Chain 1
Channel 1	
	
Channel 6	
	
Channel 11	
	

Channel 12	
	
Channel 13	
	

IEEE 802.11g	
SISO_ Chain 0	SISO_ Chain 1
Channel 1	
	
Channel 6	
	
Channel 11	
	

Channel 12

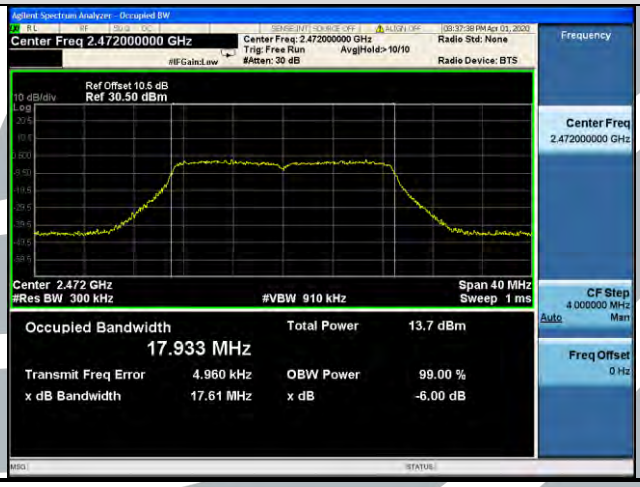
Channel 13

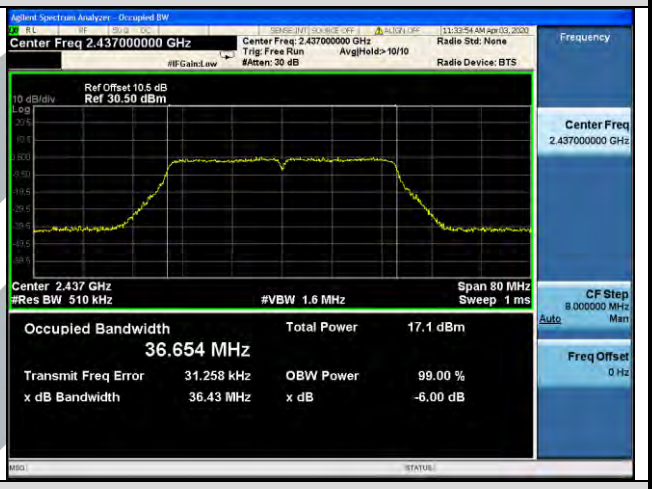
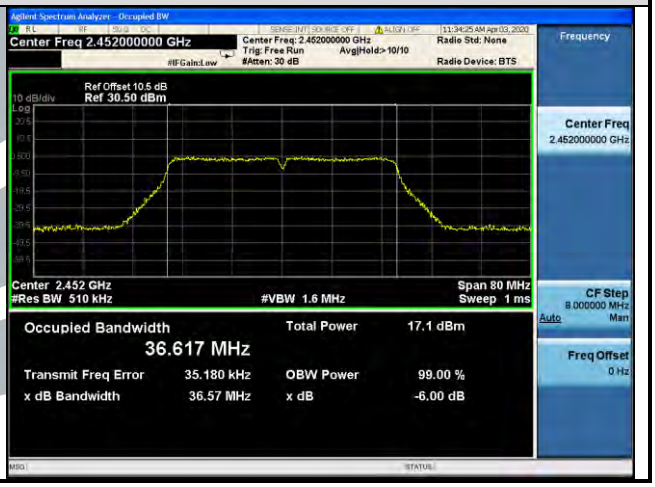


IEEE 802.11n-HT20	
MIMO_ Chain 0	MIMO_ Chain 1
Channel 1	
	
Channel 6	
	
Channel 11	
	

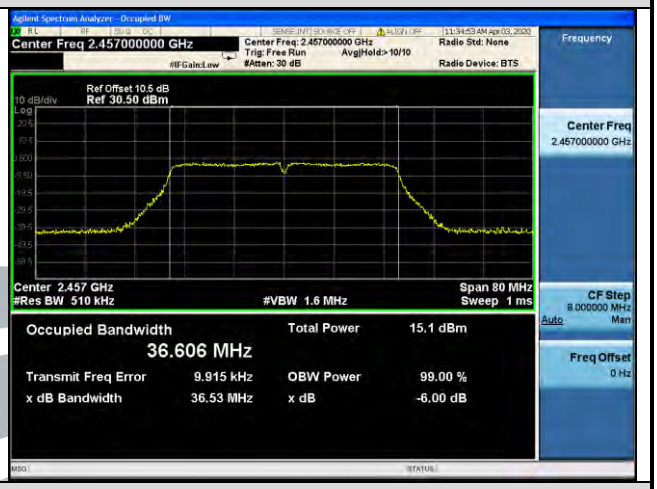
Channel 12

Channel 13



IEEE 802.11n-HT40	
MIMO_ Chain 0	MIMO_ Chain 1
Channel 3	
	
Channel 6	
	
Channel 9	
	

Channel 10



Channel 11

5.5 POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

Test Requirement: FCC 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.247 (e)
RSS-247 Issue 2, Section 5.2(b)

Test Method: ANSI C63.10-2013 Clause 11.10.2

Limit: For digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8dBm in any 3kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

Test Procedure: Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer.
Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

a) Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
b) Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.
c) Set the RBW to: 3 kHz ≤ RBW ≤ 100 kHz.
d) Set the VBW ≥ 3 x RBW.
e) Detector = peak.
f) Sweep time = auto couple.
g) Trace mode = max hold.
h) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
i) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.
j) If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.

Note: The cable loss and attenuator loss were offset into measure device as an amplitude offset.

Test Setup: Refer to section 4.5.3 for details.

Instruments Used: Refer to section 3 for details

Test Results:

Mode	Channel/ Frequency (MHz)	Power spectral density (dBm/3kHz)				
		SISO_ Chain 0	SISO_ Chain 1	Total PSD MIMO_ Chain 0+1	Limit @3kHz (dBm)	Pass / Fail
IEEE 802.11b	1(2412)	**-5.30**	-11.72	---	5.99	Pass
	6(2437)	-5.84	-10.85	---	5.99	Pass
	11(2462)	**-6.14**	-10.77	---	5.99	Pass
	12(2467)	-5.49	-10.58	---	5.99	Pass
	13(2472)	-6.07	-10.89	---	5.99	Pass
IEEE 802.11g	1(2412)	-12.39	-13.92	---	5.99	Pass
	6(2437)	-13.10	-13.43	---	5.99	Pass
	11(2462)	-12.64	**-12.33**	---	5.99	Pass
	12(2467)	-12.56	-17.97	---	5.99	Pass
	13(2472)	-13.11	-17.89	---	5.99	Pass
IEEE 802.11n-HT20	1(2412)	-15.01	-17.29	-12.99	5.99	Pass
	6(2437)	-15.25	-16.69	**-12.90**	5.99	Pass
	11(2462)	**-15.57**	-16.55	-13.02	5.99	Pass
	12(2467)	-18.36	-19.87	-16.04	5.99	Pass
	13(2472)	-18.70	**-19.95**	-16.27	5.99	Pass
IEEE 802.11n-HT40	3(2422)	-18.72	-19.44	-16.06	5.99	Pass
	6(2437)	**-17.98**	-20.10	-15.90	5.99	Pass
	9(2452)	-17.26	-19.97	-15.40	5.99	Pass
	10(2457)	-19.62	-20.98	-17.24	5.99	Pass
	11(2462)	-20.44	**-20.97**	-17.69	5.99	Pass

Remark:

1. Power with Duty Factor = Measured Power + Duty Cycle Factor
2. Total (Chain 0+1) = 10*log[($10^{\text{Chain 0/10}}$)+($10^{\text{Chain 1/10}}$)]
3. Directional gain and the maximum conducted power spectral density limit see table below:

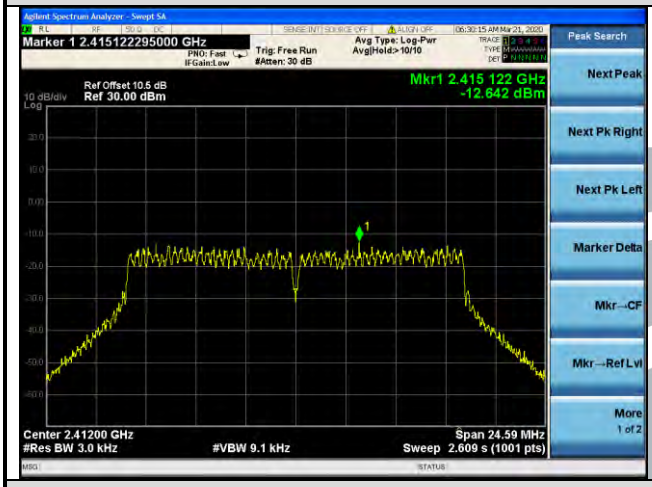
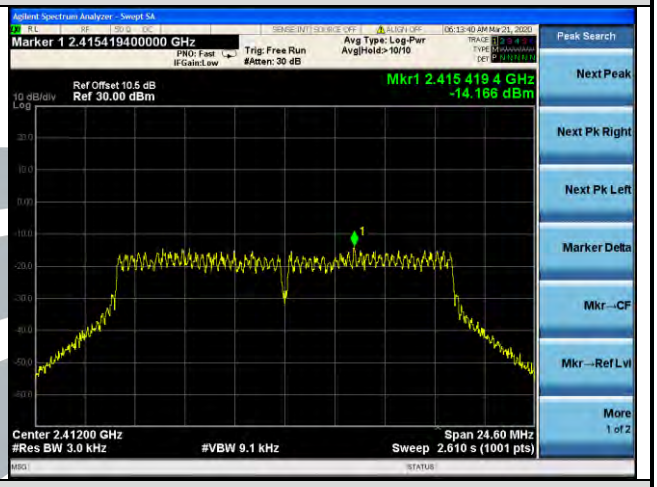
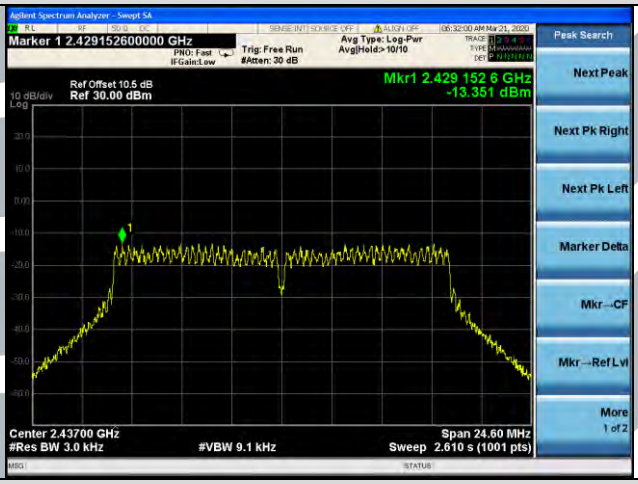
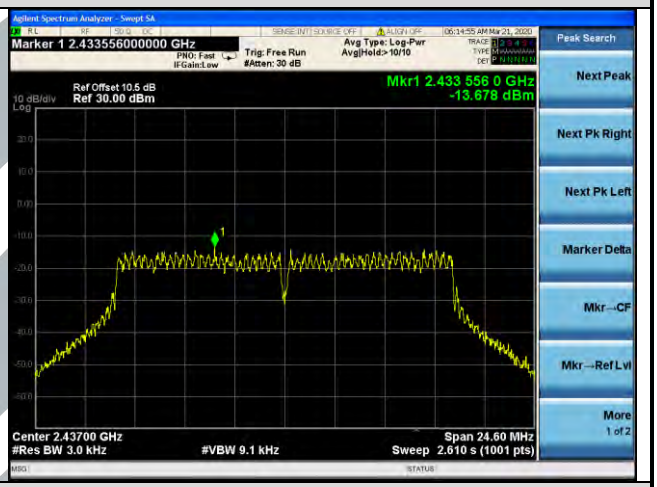
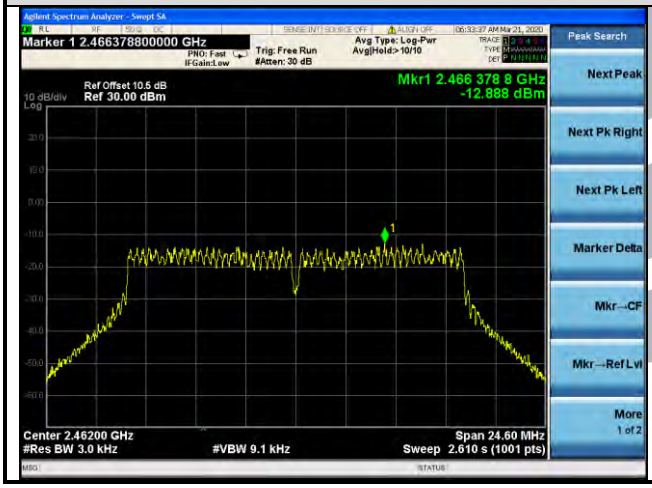
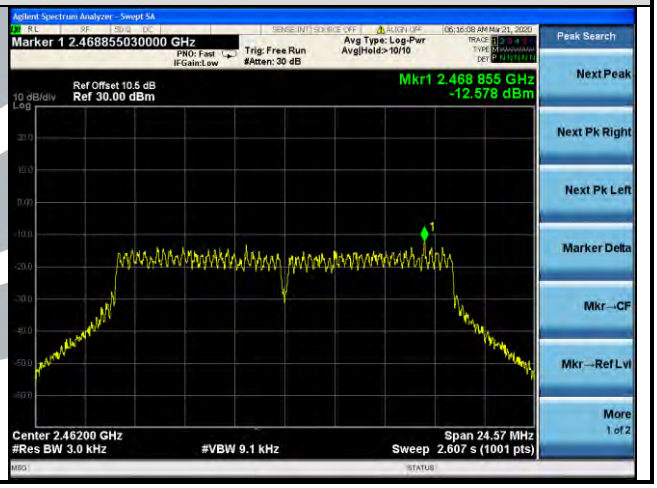
Frequency Band	Chain 0 Antenna Gain (dBi)	Chain 1 Antenna Gain (dBi)	Correlated chains directional gain (dBi)	Peak Power Limit (dBm)
2400 MHz to 2483.5 MHz	5.00	5.00	8.01	5.99
Basic methodology with N_{ANT} transmit antennas, each with the same directional gain G_{ANT} dBi, being driven by N_{ANT} transmitter outputs of equal power. Directional gain is to be computed as follows:				
If *any* transmit signals are *correlated* with each other,				
Directional gain = G_{ANT} + 10 log(N_{ANT}) dBi				

The test plots as follows:

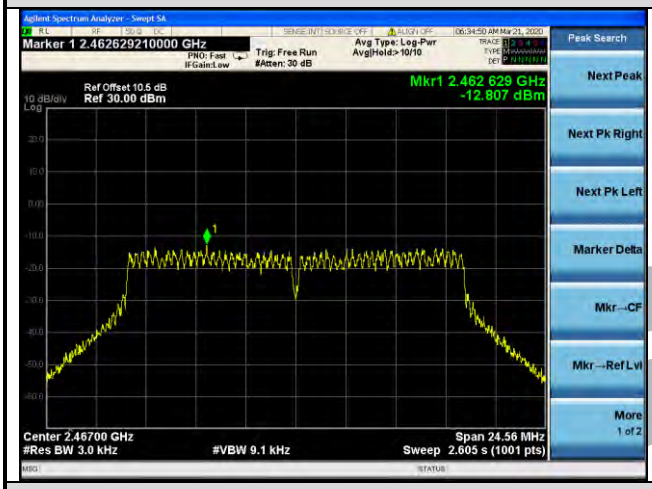
IEEE 802.11b	
SISO_ Chain 0	SISO_ Chain 1
Channel 1	
	
Channel 6	
	
Channel 11	

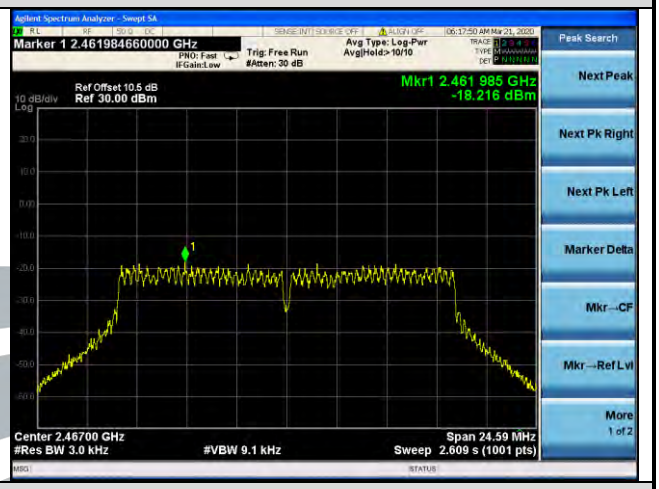
Channel 12

Channel 13

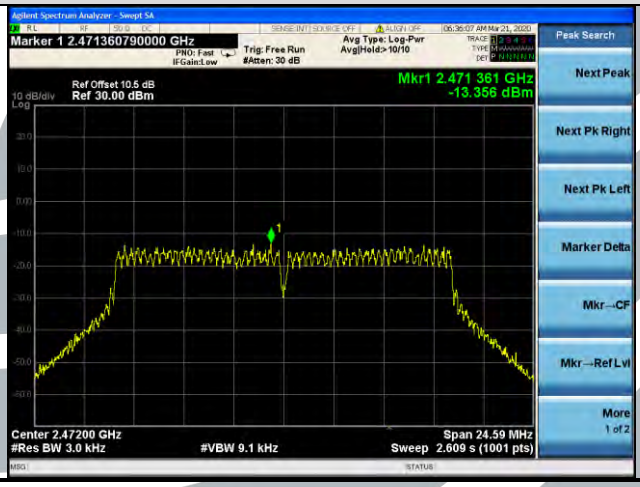
IEEE 802.11g	
SISO_ Chain 0	SISO_ Chain 1
Channel 1	
	
Channel 6	
	
Channel 11	
	

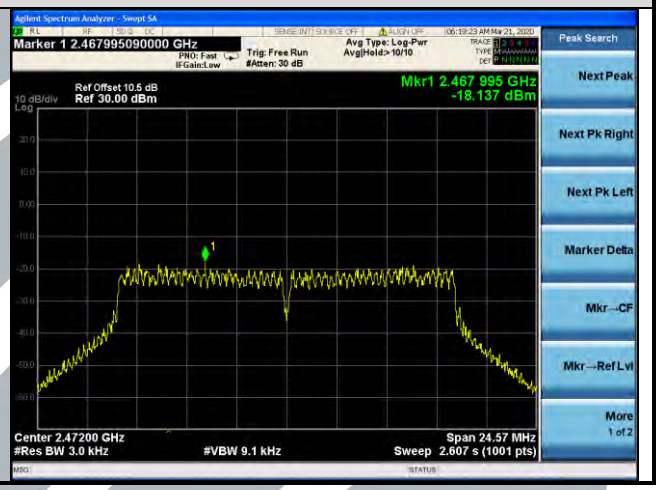
Channel 12

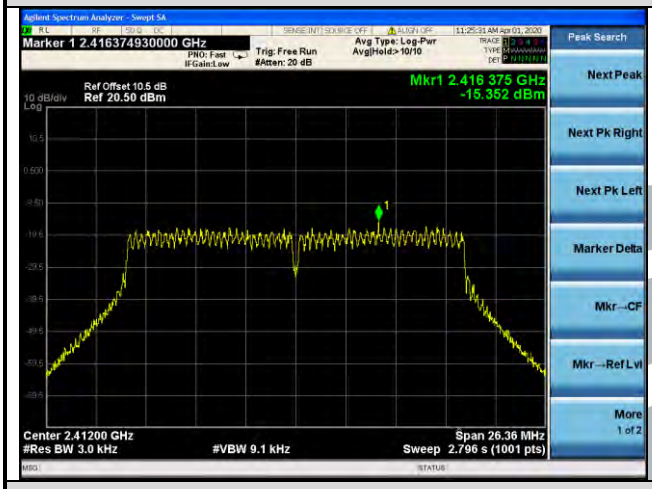
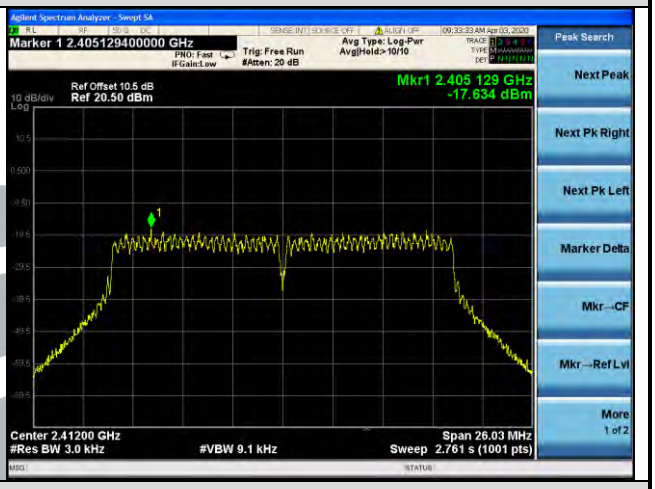
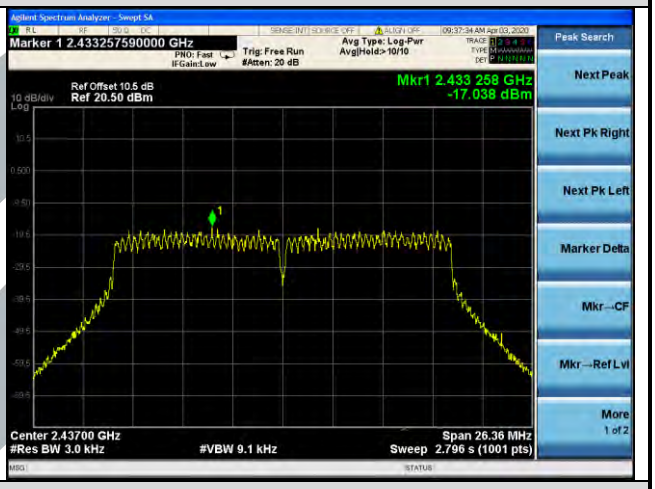
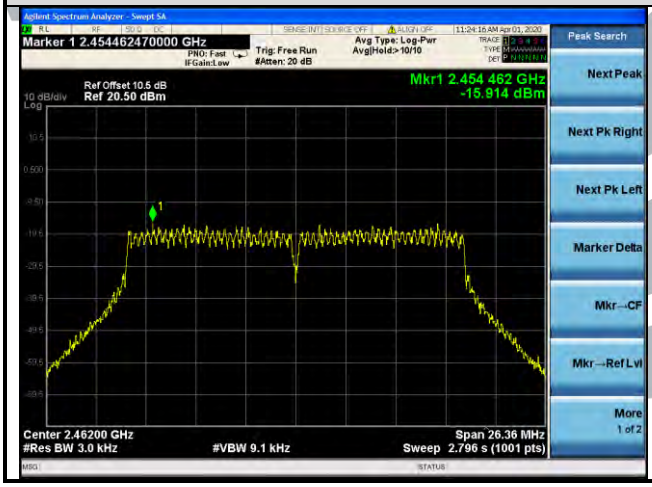
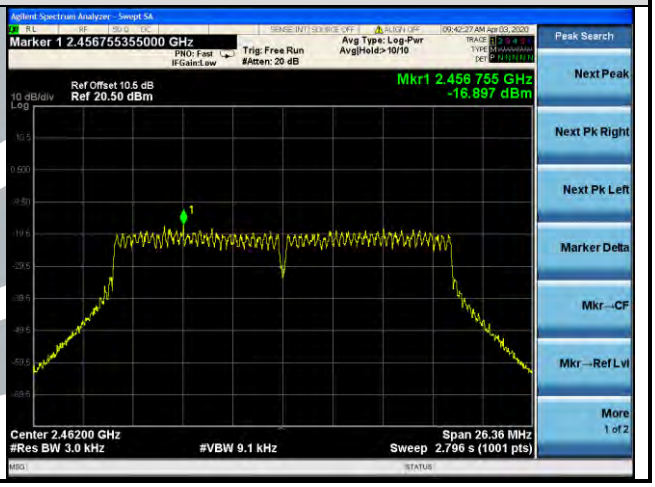




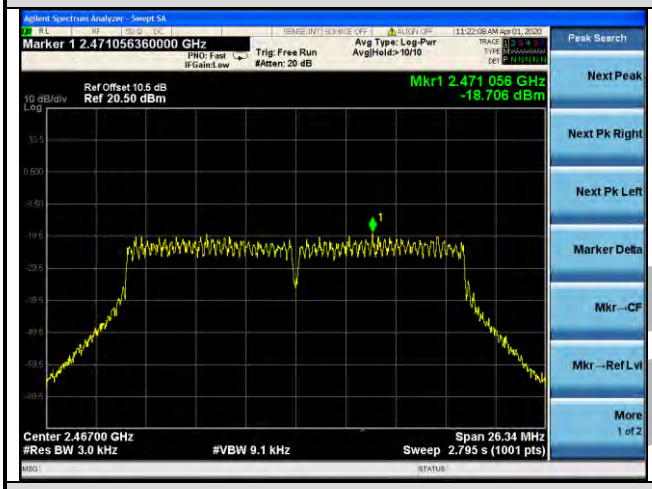
Channel 13

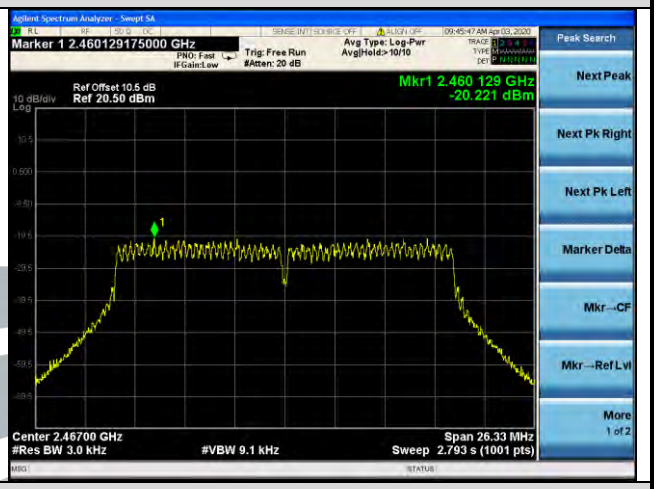




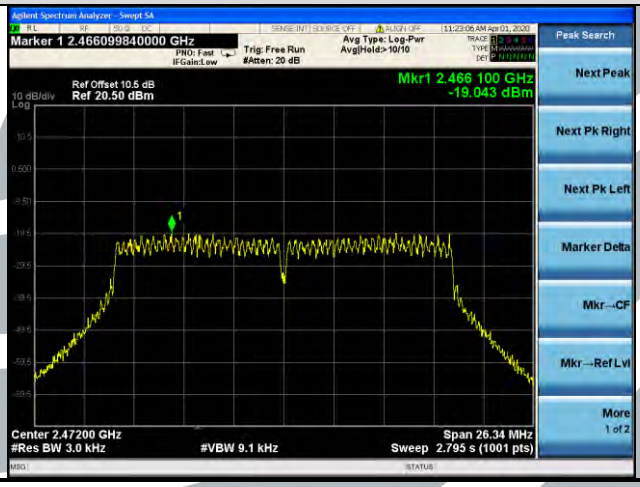
IEEE 802.11n-HT20	
MIMO_ Chain 0	MIMO_ Chain 1
Channel 1	
	
Channel 6	
	
Channel 11	
	

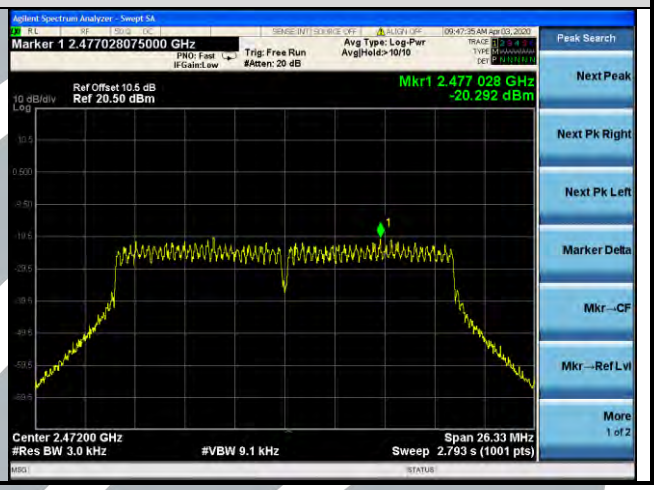
Channel 12

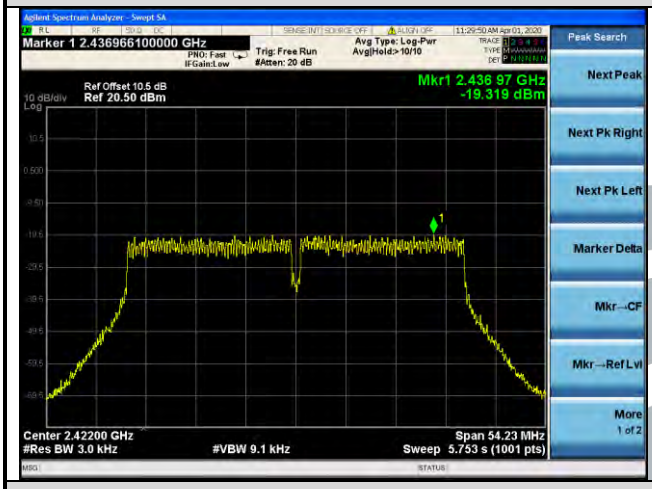
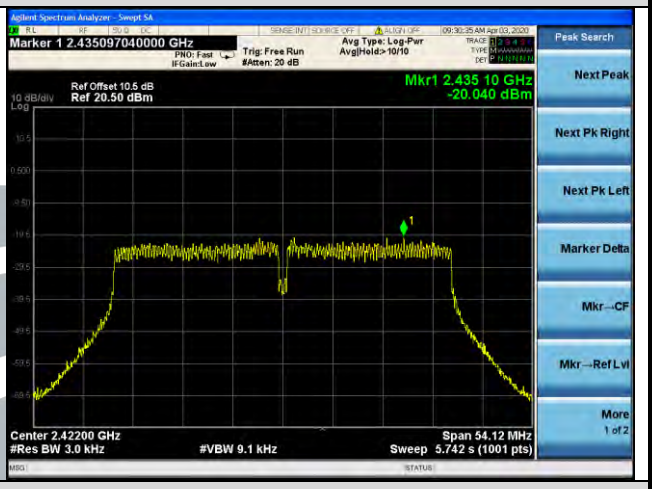
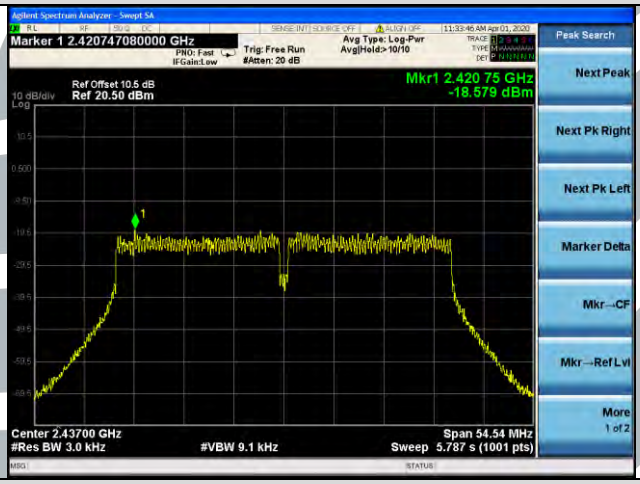
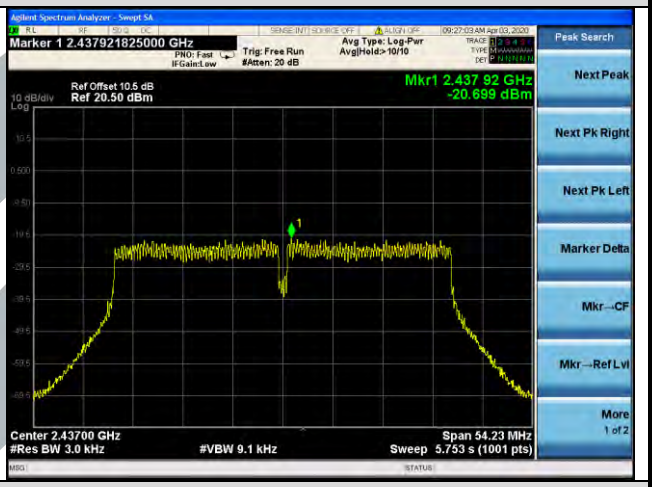
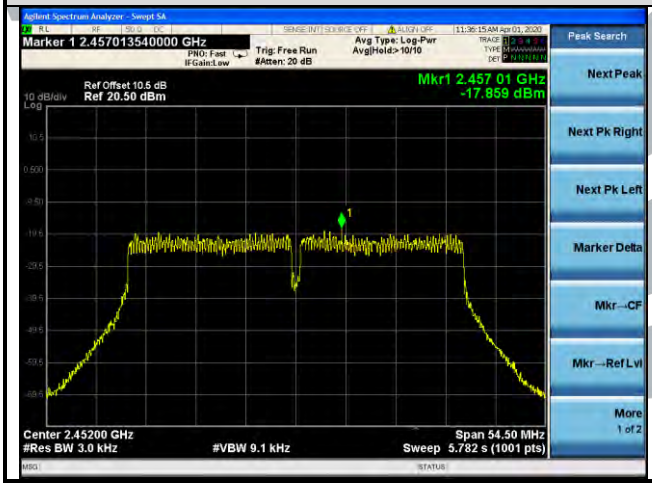
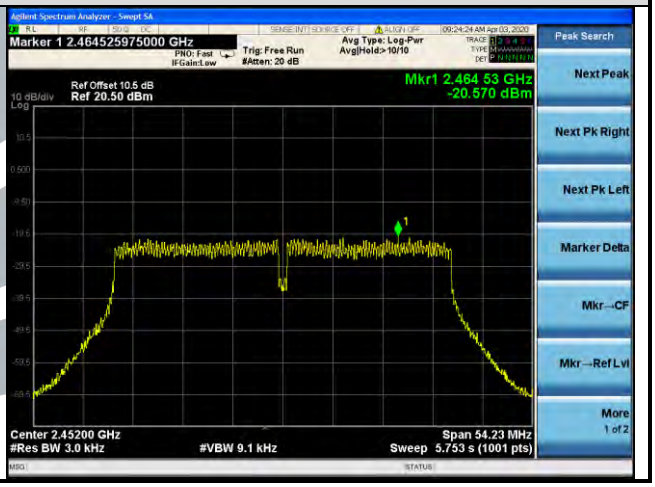




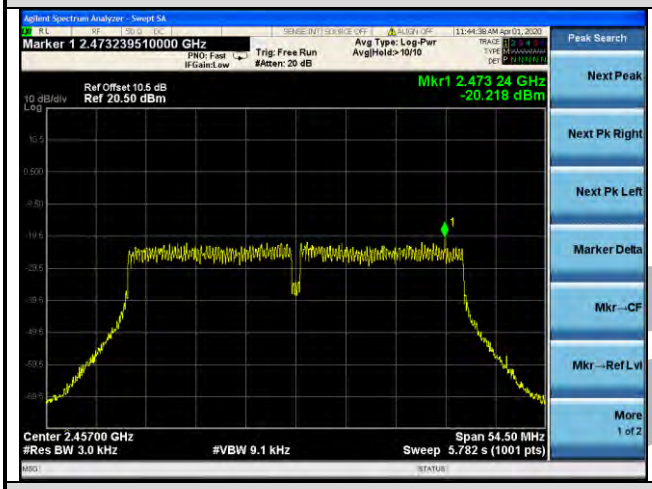
Channel 13

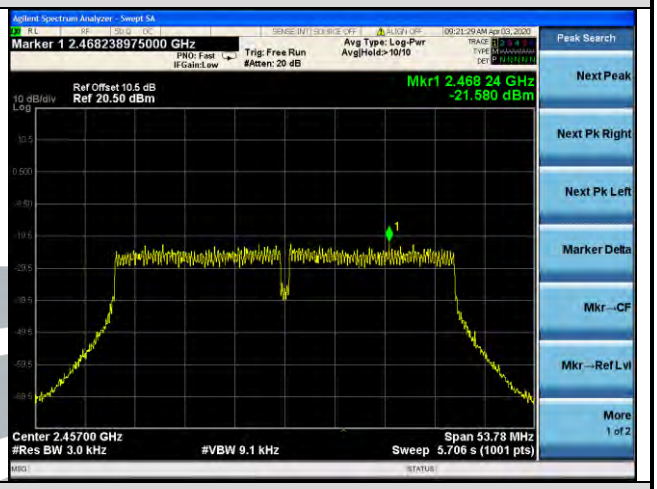




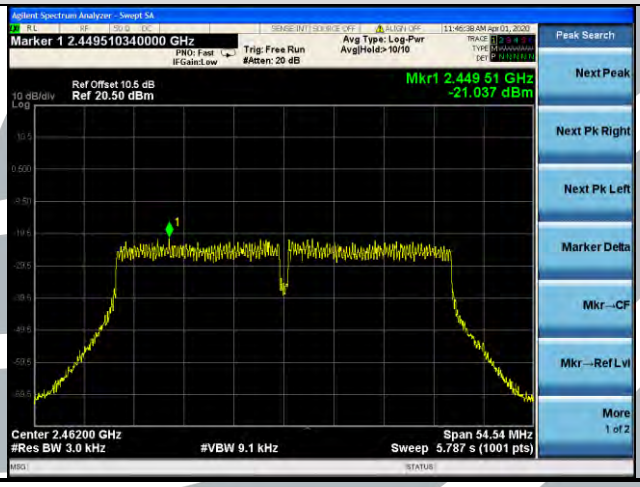
IEEE 802.11n-HT40	
MIMO_ Chain 0	MIMO_ Chain 1
Channel 3	
	
Channel 6	
	
Channel 9	
	

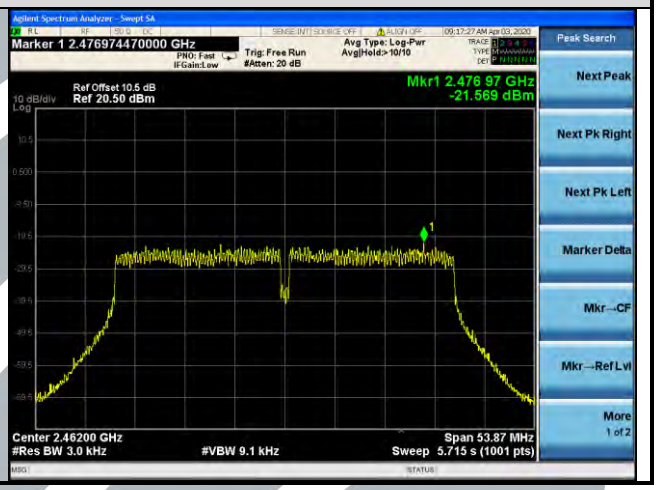
Channel 10





Channel 11





5.6 CONDUCTED OUT OF BAND EMISSION

Test Requirement: FCC 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.247(d)
RSS-247 Issue 2, Section 5.5

Test Method: ANSI C63.10-2013 Clause 11.11

Limit: In any 100kHz bandwidth outside the frequency bands in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator in operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20dB below that in the 100kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power.

Test Procedure: Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer.
Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Step 1:Measurement Procedure REF

a) Set instrument center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
b) Set the span to ≥ 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.
c) Set the RBW = 100 kHz.
d) Set the VBW ≥ 3 x RBW.
e) Detector = peak.
f) Sweep time = auto couple.
g) Trace mode = max hold.
h) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
i) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum PSD level.
j) Note that the channel found to contain the maximum PSD level can be used to establish the reference level.

Step 2:Measurement Procedure OOBE

a) Set RBW = 100 kHz.
b) Set VBW ≥ 300 kHz.
c) Detector = peak.
d) Sweep = auto couple.
e) Trace Mode = max hold.
f) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
g) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.

Note: The cable loss and attenuator loss were offset into measure device as an amplitude offset.

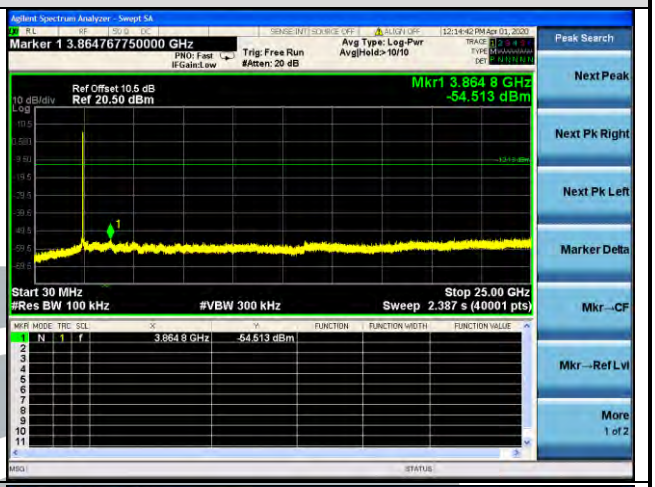
Test Setup: Refer to section 4.5.3 for details.

Instruments Used: Refer to section 3 for details

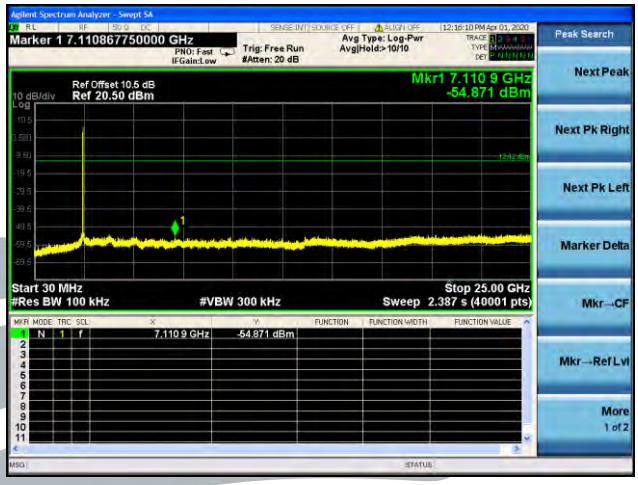
Test Results: Pass

The test plots as follows:

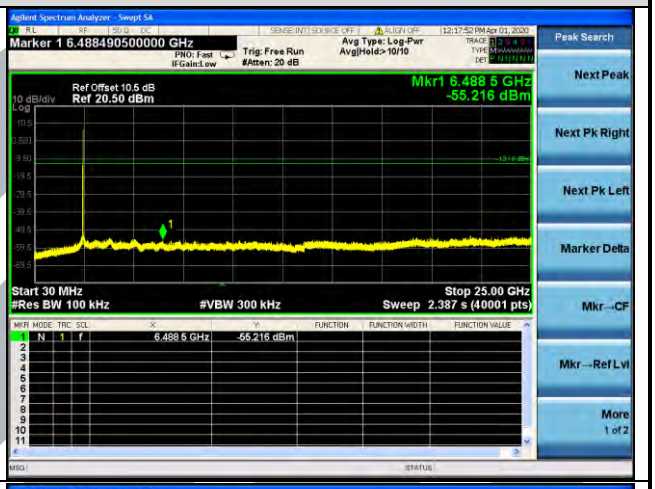
SISO_ Chain 0_ IEEE 802.11b	
In-Band Reference Level	**Out of Band Emission**
Channel 1	
	
	
Channel 6	
	

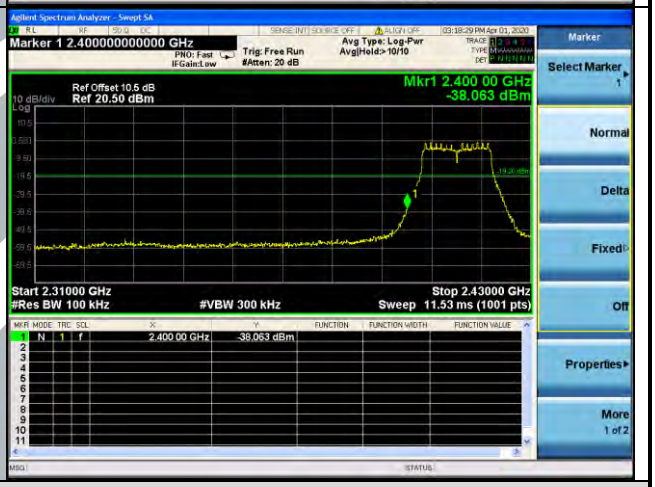
Channel 11	
	
	

Channel 12



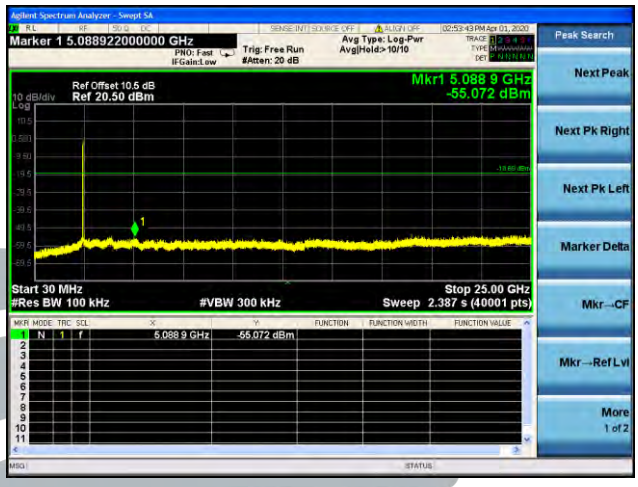
Channel 13



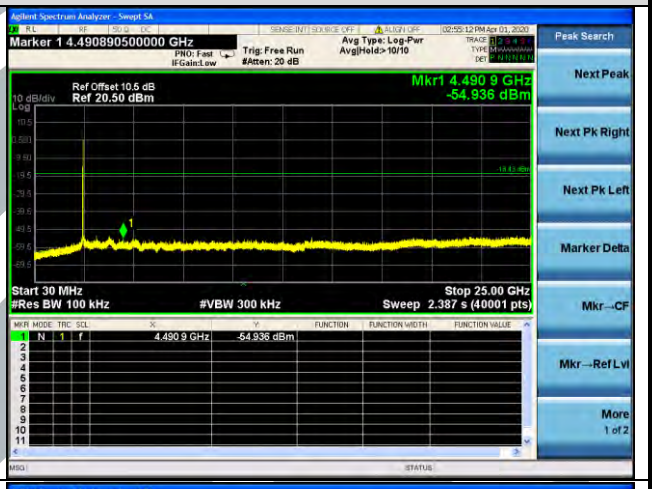
IEEE 802.11g	
In-Band Reference Level	**Out of Band Emission**
Channel 1	
	
	
Channel 6	
	

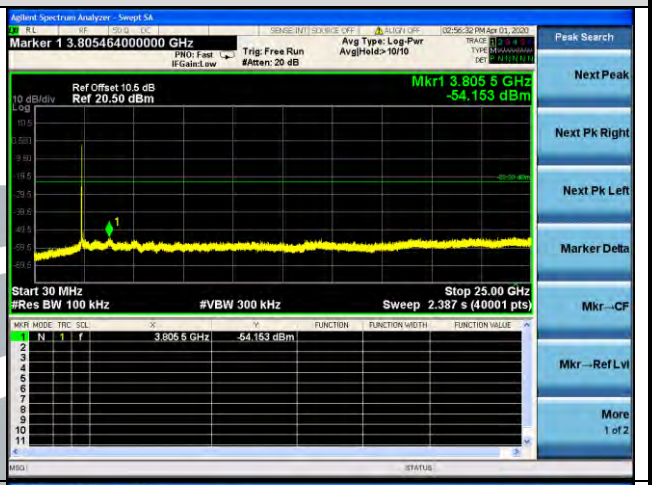
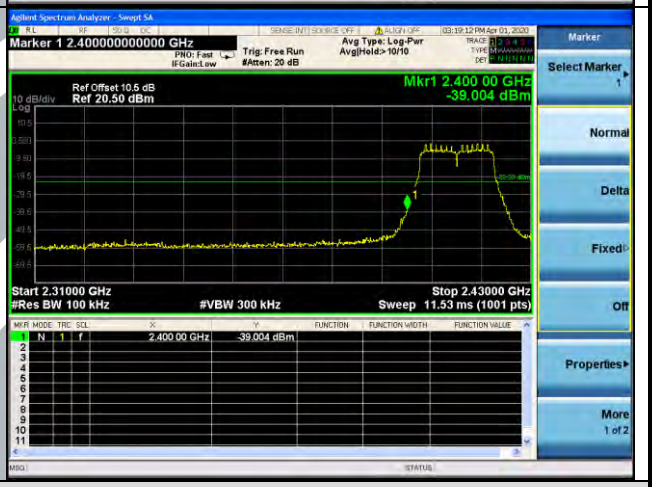
Channel 11	
	
	

Channel 12



Channel 13



IEEE 802.11n-HT20	
In-Band Reference Level	**Out of Band Emission**
Channel 1	
	
	
Channel 6