# **FCC SAR Test Report**

APPLICANT : Honeywell International Inc.
EQUIPMENT : CK75LAN mobile computer

BRAND NAME : Honeywell MODEL NAME : CK75LAN

MARKETING NAME : CK75

FCC ID : HD5-CK75LAN

**STANDARD** : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

**ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992** 

IEEE 1528-2013

We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the procedures and had been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

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Report No.: FA6D2819-02

### SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

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# **Revision History**

REPORT NO.	VERSION	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE
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# 1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for Honeywell International Inc., CK75LAN mobile computer, CK75LAN, are as follows.

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		Highest SAR Summary		
Equipment Class	Frequency Band	Head (Separation 0mm)	Body-worn (Separation 10mm)	Product Specific (Separation 0mm)
		1g SAR (W/kg)		10g SAR (W/kg)
DTS	2.4GHz WLAN	0.16	0.07	0.56
NII	5GHz WLAN	0.14	0.27	0.41
DSS	Bluetooth		< 0.01	
Date of Testing:		2017/1/17 ~ 2017/2/2		

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg for Partial-Body, 4.0 W/kg for Product Specific) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and FCC KDB publications

# 2. Administration Data

Testing Laboratory		
Test Site	SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.	
Test Site Location	No.52, Hwa Ya 1st Rd., Hwa Ya Technology Park, Kwei-Shan District, Taoyuan City, Taiwan (R.O.C.) TEL: +886-3-327-3456 FAX: +886-3-328-4978	

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Applicant		
Company Name	Honeywell International Inc.	
Address	9680 Old Bailes Road, Fort Mill, SC 29707 USA	

Manufacturer		
Company Name	Honeywell International Inc.	
Address	9680 Old Bailes Road, Fort Mill, SC 29707 USA	

# 3. Guidance Applied

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- IEEE 1528-2013
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r02
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- FCC KDB 648474 D04 SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets v01r03
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02

# 4. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information

# 4.1 General Information

Product Feature & Specification		
Equipment Name	CK75LAN mobile computer	
Brand Name	Honeywell	
Model Name	CK75LAN	
Marketing Name	CK75	
FCC ID	HD5-CK75LAN	
Wireless Technology and Frequency Range	WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz WLAN 5.2GHz Band: 5180 MHz ~ 5240 MHz WLAN 5.3GHz Band: 5260 MHz ~ 5320 MHz WLAN 5.5GHz Band: 5500 MHz ~ 5700 MHz WLAN 5.8GHz Band: 5745 MHz ~ 5825 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz	
Mode	802.11a/b/g/n HT20 Bluetooth BR/EDR/LE	
HW Version	v1.1	
SW Version	3.00.05.0075	
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype	

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#### Remark

- 1. WLAN operation in 5600 MHz ~ 5650 MHz is notched
- 2. WLAN and Bluetooth share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
- 3. The device has two kinds of scanner and two kinds of keypad, detailed sample list as following table, RF exposure evaluation was selected sample 1 as the main testing and sample 2~4 will select worst case found in sample 1 performs.

Sample List		
Sample	Scanner	Keypad
Sample 1	N5603	A6
Sample 2	N5603	B6
Sample 3	EXT25	A6
Sample 4	EXT25	B6

Accessory Information		
Equipment	Model Name	
CN75A/CN75E Dock	1000AV01	
CK75 Dock	1001AV01	
car charger	850-057-005	
Snap-on(LAN)	1000AA01	
Snap-on(RS232)	1000AA03	
Snap-On(VoCollect)	1000AA05	
Snap-on (USB)	1000AA07	
Snap-on adapter	9001AE01	
Holster for the CN75A	INZPT-2148-K	
Holster for the CN75E	INZPT-2150-K	
Holster for the CK75	INZPT-2152-K	

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# 5. RF Exposure Limits

# 5.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

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### 5.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

#### Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

#### Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

1. Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

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# 6. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

### 6.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

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### 6.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (p). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

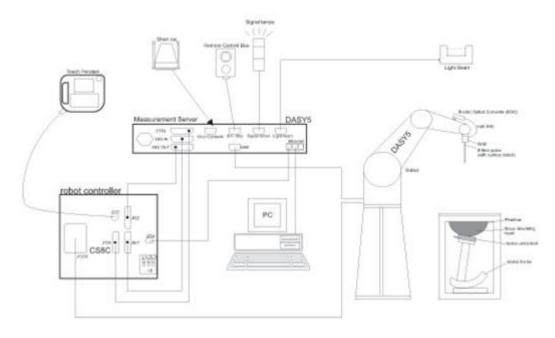
Where:  $\sigma$  is the conductivity of the tissue,  $\rho$  is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

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# 7. System Description and Setup

The DASY system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



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- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing,
   AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps,
   etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

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# 7.1 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

### <ES3DV3 Probe>

Construction	Symmetric design with triangular core Interleaved sensors Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
Frequency	10 MHz – 4 GHz; Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30 MHz – 4 GHz)	
Directivity	$\pm 0.2$ dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis)	
	$\pm 0.3$ dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)	_
Dynamic Range	5 μW/g – >100 mW/g;	
	Linearity: ±0.2 dB	60
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm)	
	Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (body: 12 mm)	
	Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 3.0 mm	



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#### <EX3DV4 Probe>

Construction	Symmetric design with triangular core						
	Built-in shielding against static charges						
	PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic						
	solvents, e.g., DGBE)						
Frequency	10 MHz – >6 GHz						
	Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30 MHz – 6 GHz)						
Directivity	±0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis)						
	±0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)						
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g – >100 mW/g						
	Linearity: ±0.2 dB (noise: typically <1 μW/g)						
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm)						
	Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (body: 12 mm)						
	Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1						
	mm						



### 7.2 <u>Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)</u>

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.

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Fig 5.1 Photo of DAE

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# 7.3 Phantom

#### <SAM Twin Phantom>

Shell Thickness	$2 \pm 0.2$ mm; Center ear point: $6 \pm 0.2$ mm	
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters	
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm; Height: adjustable feet	7 5
Measurement Areas	Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat Phantom	

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The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

#### <ELI Phantom>

\EET Hanton		
Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)	
Filling Volume	Approx. 30 liters	
Dimensions	Major ellipse axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	

The ELI phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.

### 7.4 Device Holder

### <Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitter>

In combination with the Twin SAM V5.0/V5.0c or ELI phantoms, the Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters enables rotation of the mounted transmitter device to specified spherical coordinates. At the heads, the rotation axis is at the ear opening. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC 62209-1, IEEE 1528, FCC, or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat). And upgrade kit to Mounting Device to enable easy mounting of wider devices like big smart-phones, e-books, small tablets, etc. It holds devices with width up to 140 mm.





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Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters

Mounting Device Adaptor for Wide-Phones

# <Mounting Device for Laptops and other Body-Worn Transmitters>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the mounting device in place of the phone positioned. The extension is fully compatible with the SAM Twin and ELI phantoms.



Mounting Device for Laptops

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# 8. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

#### <Conducted power measurement>

For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.

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- Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power

#### <SAR measurement>

- Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power
- Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band (e)
- Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- Power reference measurement (a)
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- Power drift measurement

### 8.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and (b) measurement parameters)
- Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume (c)
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface (e)
- Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

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### 8.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

### 8.3 Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0 is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
	$\leq$ 2 GHz: $\leq$ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: $\leq$ 12 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 12 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 10 \text{ mm}$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Area}$ , $\Delta y_{Area}$	When the x or y dimension of measurement plane orientation the measurement resolution in x or y dimension of the test of measurement point on the test	on, is smaller than the above, must be ≤ the corresponding levice with at least one

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#### 8.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube shoes base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

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Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum zoom scan s	Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Zoom}$ , $\Delta y_{Zoom}$			$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$
	uniform	grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$	≤ 5 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz: } \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 2 \text{ mm}$
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded	Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (1): between 1 <sup>st</sup> two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	grid	Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (n>1): between subsequent points	≤ 1.5·∆z	Zoom(n-1)
Minimum zoom scan volume	can x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

#### 8.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

### 8.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested

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When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is  $\leq 1.4 \text{ W/kg}$ ,  $\leq 8 \text{ mm}$ ,  $\leq 7 \text{ mm}$  and  $\leq 5 \text{ mm}$  zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

# 9. Test Equipment List

	N. 75		0 : 111 1	Calib	ration	
Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Due Date	
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	736	Aug. 30, 2016	Aug. 29, 2017	
SPEAG	5GHz System Validation Kit	D5GHzV2	1006	Sep. 27, 2016	Sep. 26, 2017	
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1399	Nov. 17, 2016	Nov. 16, 2017	
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE3	577	Sep. 28, 2016	Sep. 27, 2017	
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	778	May. 12, 2016	May. 11, 2017	
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3955	Nov. 24, 2016	Nov. 23, 2017	
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3931	Oct. 03, 2016	Oct. 02, 2017	
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	ES3DV3	3270	Aug. 26, 2016	Aug. 25, 2017	
WonDer	Thermometer	WD-5015	TM642	Oct. 12, 2016	Oct. 11, 2017	
WonDer	Thermometer	WD-5015	TM281	Oct. 12, 2016	Oct. 11, 2017	
Wisewind	Thermometer	HTC-1	TM560	Oct. 12, 2016	Oct. 11, 2017	
R&S	BT Base Station	CBT32	100519	Jun. 03, 2016	Jun. 02, 2017	
SPEAG	Device Holder	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Anritsu	Signal Generator	MG3710A	6201502524	Dec. 09, 2016	Dec. 08, 2017	
Agilent	ENA Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46316648	Jan. 04, 2017	Jan. 03, 2018	
SPEAG	Dielectric Probe Kit	DAK-3.5	1126	Jul. 19, 2016	Jul. 18, 2017	
LINE SEIKI	Digital Thermometer	LKMelectronic	DTM3000SPEZIAL	Sep. 05, 2016	Sep. 04, 2017	
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1419002	May. 10, 2016	May. 09, 2017	
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	1339124	May. 10, 2016	May. 09, 2017	
Anritsu	Spectrum Analyzer	MS2830A	6201396378	Jun. 21, 2016	Jun. 20, 2017	
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZVE-8G+	D120604	Mar. 16, 2016	Mar. 15, 2017	
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZHL-42W+	QA1344002	Mar. 16, 2016	Mar. 15, 2017	
ATM	Dual Directional Coupler	C122H-10	P610410z-02	Note 1		
Woken	Attenuator 1	WK0602-XX	N/A	No	te 1	
PE	Attenuator 2	PE7005-10	N/A	No	te 1	
PE	Attenuator 3	PE7005-3	N/A	Note 1		

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# General Note:

1. Prior to system verification and validation, the path loss from the signal generator to the system check source and the power meter, which includes the amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured by the network analyzer. The reading of the power meter was offset by the path loss difference between the path to the power meter and the path to the system check source to monitor the actual power level fed to the system check source.

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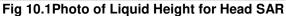
# 10. System Verification

# 10.1 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with DASY, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 10.1. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 10.2.

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Fig 10.2 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR

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# 10.2 Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target

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tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (εr)					
For Head													
750	41.1	57.0	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.89	41.9					
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5					
900	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.97	41.5					
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0					
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2					
2600	54.8	0	0	0.1	0	45.1	1.96	39.0					
				For Body									
750	51.7	47.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.96	55.5					
835	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.97	55.2					
900	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	1.05	55.0					
1800, 1900, 2000	70.2	0	0	0.4	0	29.4	1.52	53.3					
2450	68.6	0	0	0	0	31.4	1.95	52.7					
2600	68.1	0	0	0.1	0	31.8	2.16	52.5					

Simulating Liquid for 5GHz, Manufactured by SPEAG

Ingredients	(% by weight)
Water	64~78%
Mineral oil	11~18%
Emulsifiers	9~15%
Additives and Salt	2~3%

# <Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results>

Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Liquid Temp. (℃)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity $(\epsilon_r)$	Conductivity Target (σ)	Permittivity Target (ε <sub>r</sub> )	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (ε <sub>r</sub> ) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
2450	HSL	22.6	1.760	40.494	1.80	39.20	-2.22	3.30	±5	2017/1/18
2450	MSL	22.6	2.007	53.867	1.95	52.70	2.92	2.21	±5	2017/1/17
2450	MSL	22.1	2.020	53.349	1.95	52.70	3.59	1.23	±5	2017/1/18
2450	MSL	22.1	1.980	53.700	1.95	52.70	1.54	1.90	±5	2017/2/2
5250	HSL	22.0	4.559	37.379	4.71	35.95	-3.21	3.97	±5	2017/1/21
5250	MSL	22.1	5.529	47.112	5.36	48.95	3.15	-3.75	±5	2017/1/19
5600	HSL	22.0	4.925	36.872	5.07	35.50	-2.86	3.86	±5	2017/1/21
5600	MSL	22.3	5.966	46.391	5.77	48.50	3.40	-4.35	±5	2017/1/20
5750	HSL	22.0	5.091	36.668	5.22	35.35	-2.47	3.73	±5	2017/1/21
5750	MSL	22.3	6.165	46.111	5.94	48.28	3.79	-4.49	±5	2017/1/20
5750	MSL	22.2	6.130	46.500	5.94	48.28	3.20	-3.69	±5	2017/2/2

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# 10.3 System Performance Check Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 1g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 1g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2017/1/18	2450	HSL	250	D2450V2-736	ES3DV3 - SN3270	DAE4 Sn778	13.60	53.10	54.40	2.45
2017/1/17	2450	MSL	250	D2450V2-736	ES3DV3 - SN3270	DAE4 Sn778	12.80	52.10	51.20	-1.73
2017/1/18	2450	MSL	250	D2450V2-736	EX3DV4 - SN3955	DAE4 Sn1399	13.10	52.10	52.40	0.58
2017/2/2	2450	MSL	250	D2450V2-736	ES3DV3 - SN3270	DAE4 Sn778	12.70	52.10	50.80	-2.50
2017/1/21	5250	HSL	100	D5GHzV2-1006	EX3DV4 - SN3955	DAE4 Sn1399	7.88	80.60	78.80	-2.23
2017/1/19	5250	MSL	100	D5GHzV2-1006	EX3DV4 - SN3955	DAE4 Sn1399	7.53	75.50	75.30	-0.26
2017/1/21	5600	HSL	100	D5GHzV2-1006	EX3DV4 - SN3955	DAE4 Sn1399	7.96	83.80	79.60	-5.01
2017/1/20	5600	MSL	100	D5GHzV2-1006	EX3DV4 - SN3955	DAE4 Sn1399	8.05	78.60	80.50	2.42
2017/1/21	5750	HSL	100	D5GHzV2-1006	EX3DV4 - SN3955	DAE4 Sn1399	7.80	80.50	78.00	-3.11
2017/1/20	5750	MSL	100	D5GHzV2-1006	EX3DV4 - SN3955	DAE4 Sn1399	7.38	74.60	73.80	-1.07
2017/2/2	5750	MSL	100	D5GHzV2-1006	EX3DV4 - SN3931	DAE3 Sn577	7.49	74.60	74.90	0.40

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 10g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 10g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2017/2/2	2450	MSL	250	D2450V2-736	ES3DV3 - SN3270	DAE4 Sn778	5.89	24.40	23.56	-3.44
2017/1/19	5250	MSL	100	D5GHzV2-1006	EX3DV4 - SN3955	DAE4 Sn1399	2.15	21.20	21.50	1.42
2017/1/20	5600	MSL	100	D5GHzV2-1006	EX3DV4 - SN3955	DAE4 Sn1399	2.28	22.00	22.80	3.64
2017/2/2	5750	MSL	100	D5GHzV2-1006	EX3DV4 - SN3931	DAE3 Sn577	2.08	20.80	20.80	0.00

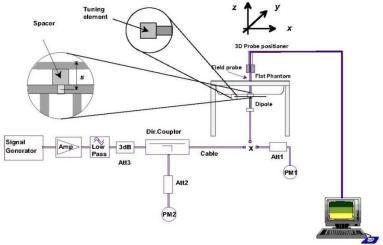


Fig 8.3.1 System Performance Check Setup

Fig 8.3.2 Setup Photo

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# 11. RF Exposure Positions

### 11.1 Ear and handset reference point

Figure 9.1.1 shows the front, back, and side views of the SAM phantom. The center-of-mouth reference point is labeled "M," the left ear reference point (ERP) is marked "LE," and the right ERP is marked "RE." Each ERP is 15 mm along the B-M (back-mouth) line behind the entrance-to-ear-canal (EEC) point, as shown in Figure 9.1.2 The Reference Plane is defined as passing through the two ear reference points and point M. The line N-F (neck-front), also called the reference pivoting line, is normal to the Reference Plane and perpendicular to both a line passing through RE and LE and the B-M line (see Figure 9.1.3). Both N-F and B-M lines should be marked on the exterior of the phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning. Posterior to the N-F line the ear shape is a flat surface with 6 mm thickness at each ERP, and forward of the N-F line the ear is truncated, as illustrated in Figure 9.1.2. The ear truncation is introduced to preclude the ear lobe from interfering with handset tilt, which could lead to unstable positioning at the cheek.

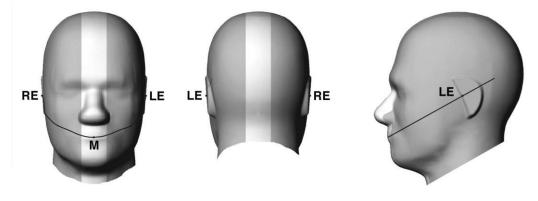


Fig 9.1.1 Front, back, and side views of SAM twin phantom

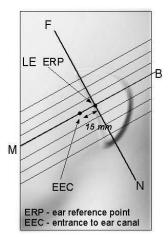
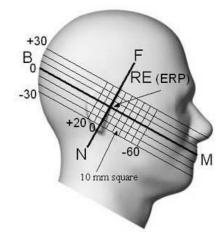


Fig 9.1.2 Close-up side view of phantom showing the ear region.



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Fig 9.1.3 Side view of the phantom showing relevant markings and seven cross-sectional plane locations

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### 11.2 Definition of the cheek position

- Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
- Define two imaginary lines on the handset—the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset—the midpoint of the width wt of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A in Figure 9.2.1 and Figure 9.2.2), and the midpoint of the width wb of the bottom of the handset (point B). The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output (see Figure 9.2.1). The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output: however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 9.2.2), especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly-shaped handsets.
- Position the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 9.2.3), such that the plane defined by the vertical centerline and the horizontal line of the handset is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.
- Translate the handset towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until handset point A touches the pinna at the ERP.
- 5. While maintaining the handset in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is in the plane normal to the plane containing B-M and N-F lines, i.e., the Reference Plane.
- Rotate the handset around the vertical centerline until the handset (horizontal line) is parallel to the N-F line. 6.
- While maintaining the vertical centerline in the Reference Plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the handset contact with the pinna, rotate the handset about the N-F line until any point on the handset is in contact with a phantom point below the pinna on the cheek. See Figure 9.2.3. The actual rotation angles should be documented in the test report.

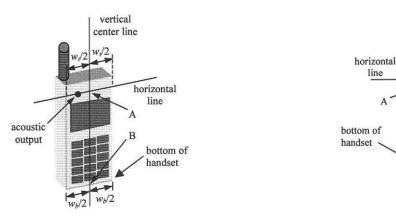


Fig 9.2.1 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—"fixed case

Fig 9.2.2 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines-"clam-shell case"

vertical

center line

acoustic output

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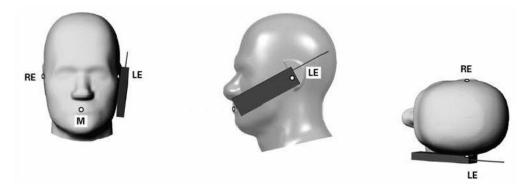


Fig 9.2.3 cheek or touch position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which establish the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

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### 11.3 Definition of the tilt position

1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.

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- 2. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset away from the pinna along the line passing through RE and LE far enough to allow a rotation of the handset away from the cheek by 15°.
- 3. Rotate the handset around the horizontal line by 15°.
- 4. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset towards the phantom on the line passing through RE and LE until any part of the handset touches the ear. The tilt position is obtained when the contact point is on the pinna. See Figure 9.3.1. If contact occurs at any location other than the pinna, e.g., the antenna at the back of the phantom head, the angle of the handset should be reduced. In this case, the tilt position is obtained if any point on the handset is in contact with the pinna and a second point



Fig 9.3.1 Tilt position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which define the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

### 11.4 Body Worn Accessory

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 9.4). Per KDB648474 D04v01r03, body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB 447498 D01v06 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a handset attached to the handset.

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Accessories for body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are test with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-chip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

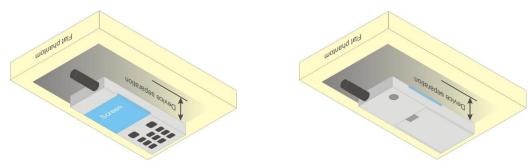


Fig 9.4 Body Worn Position

#### 11.5 Product Specific

For smart phones with a display diagonal dimension > 15.0 cm or an overall diagonal dimension > 16.0 cm that provide similar mobile web access and multimedia support found in mini-tablets or UMPC mini-tablets that support voice calls next to the ear, According to KDB648474 D04v01r03, the following phablet procedures should be applied to evaluate SAR compliance for each applicable wireless modes and frequency band. Devices marketed as phablets, regardless of form factors and operating characteristics must be tested as a phablet to determine SAR compliance

- 1. The normally required head and body-worn accessory SAR test procedures for handsets, including hotspot mode, must be applied.
- 2. The UMPC mini-tablet procedures must also be applied to test the SAR of all surfaces and edges with an antenna located at  $\leq$  25 mm from that surface or edge, in direct contact with a flat phantom, for 10-g extremity SAR according to the body-equivalent tissue dielectric parameters in KDB 865664 to address interactive hand use exposure conditions.6 The UMPC mini-tablet 1-g SAR at 5 mm is not required. When hotspot mode applies, 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR > 1.2 W/kg.

# 12. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

#### <WLAN Conducted Power>

#### **General Note:**

1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, SAR test reduction is determined according to 802.11 transmission mode configurations and certain exposure conditions with multiple test positions. In the 2.4 GHz band, separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations to simplify DSSS test requirements. For OFDM, in both 2.4 and 5 GHz bands, an initial test configuration must be determined for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, according to the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units to perform SAR measurements. If the same highest maximum output power applies to different combinations of channel bandwidths, modulations and data rates, additional procedures are applied to determine which test configurations require SAR measurement. When applicable, an initial test position may be applied to reduce the number of SAR measurements required for next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet or hotspot mode configurations with multiple test positions.

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- 2. For 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS, either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test positions or the DSSS procedure for fixed exposure position is applied; these are mutually exclusive. For 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM configurations, the initial test configuration is applied to measure SAR using either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test position configurations or the initial test configuration procedures for fixed exposure test conditions. Based on the reported SAR of the measured configurations and maximum output power of the transmission mode configurations that are not included in the initial test configuration, the subsequent test configuration and initial test position procedures are applied to determine if SAR measurements are required for the remaining OFDM transmission configurations. In general, the number of test channels that require SAR measurement is minimized based on maximum output power measured for the test sample(s).
- 3. For OFDM transmission configurations in the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, When the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel for each frequency band.
- 4. DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures. SAR is measured in the initial test position using the 802.11 transmission mode configuration required by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s) according to the OFDM procedures.18 The initial test position procedure is described in the following:
  - a. When the reported SAR of the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other test positions in that exposure configuration and 802.11 transmission mode combinations within the frequency band or aggregated band.
  - b. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
  - c. For all positions/configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.

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# <2.4GHz WLAN>

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %		
		1	2412	17.04	18.00			
	802.11b 1Mbps	6	2437	17.00	18.00	100.00		
2.4GHz WLAN		11	2462	17.15	18.00			
2.4GHZ WLAN		1	2412	13.44	14.00			
	802.11g 6Mbps	6	2437	13.39	14.00	98.36		
		11	2462	13.47	14.00			
		1	2412	13.45	14.00	98.82		
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	6	2437	13.41	14.00			
		11	2462	13.43	14.00			

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# <5GHz WLAN>

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %	
		36	5180	13.06	14.00		
	000 11a 6Mbna	40	5200	13.02	14.00	00.50	
5.2GHz WLAN	802.11a 6Mbps	44	5220	13.04	14.00	98.53	
		48	5240	13.01	14.00		
			36	5180	13.18	14.00	
	900 115 UTO0 MCC0	40	5200	13.15	14.00	98.41	
	B02.11n-HT20 MCS0	44	5220	13.17	14.00	90.41	
		48	5240	13.16	14.00		

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
		52	5260	13.01	14.00	
	802.11a 6Mbps	56	5280	13.00	14.00	98.53
5.3GHz WLAN	002.11a divibps	60	5300	13.01	14.00	90.55
		64	5320	13.04	14.00	
		52	5260	13.09	14.00	
	000 44 - 11700 14000	56	5280	13.10	14.00	98.41
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	60	5300	13.12	14.00	90.41
		64	5320	13.17	14.00	

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	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
		100	5500	13.11	14.00	
	802.11a 6Mbps	116	5580	13.07	14.00	98.53
5.5GHz WLAN	002.11a bivibps	132	5660	13.09	14.00	96.55
		140	5700	13.06	14.00	
		100	5500	13.13	14.00	
	000 44 11700 14000	116	5580	13.07	14.00	98.41
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	132	5660	13.05	14.00	90.41
		140	5700	13.12	14.00	

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	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
		149	5745	13.32	14.00	
5.8GHz WLAN	802.11a MCS0	157	5785	13.28	14.00	98.53
		165	5825	13.31	14.00	
		149	5745	13.38	14.00	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	157	5785	13.32	14.00	98.41
		165	5825	13.37	14.00	

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### <2.4GHz Bluetooth>

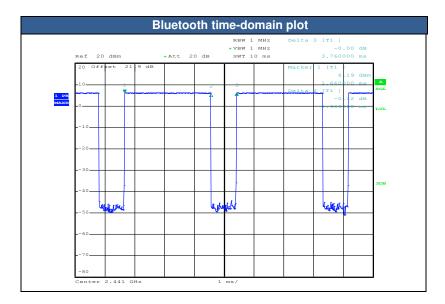
Mode	Channel	Frequency	Average power (dBm)							
iviode	Grianner	(MHz)	1Mbps	2Mbps	3Mbps					
	CH 00	2402	6.19	5.03	5.02					
BR / EDR	CH 39	2441	6.20	5.04	5.03					
	CH 78	2480	6.10	4.85	4.88					
	Tune-up Limit		8	6	6					

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Mode	Channel	Frequency	Average power (dBm)
Mode	Onamer	(MHz)	GFSK
	CH 00	2402	7.20
LE	CH 19	2440	7.49
	CH 39	2480	7.64
	Tune-up Limit		8

### **General Note:**

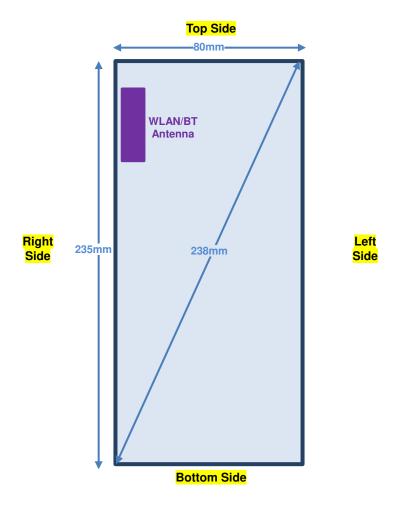
- 1. For 2.4GHz Bluetooth SAR testing was selected 1Mbps, due to its highest average power
- 2. The Bluetooth duty cycle is 77.13 % as following figure, and the theoretical maximum duty cycle of DH5 is 83.3%, therefore the SAR test result will be scaled up to the theoretical maximum duty cycle for SAR evaluation.



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# 13. Antenna Location



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**Back View** 

Distance of the Antenna to the EUT surface/edge												
Antennas	Back	Front	Top Side	Bottom Side	Right Side	Left Side						
BT&WLAN ≤ 25mm ≤ 25mm ≤ 25mm												

Positions for SAR tests; Product Specific mode												
Antennas	Back	Front	Top Side	Bottom Side	Right Side	Left Side						
BT&WLAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No						

### **General Note:**

Referring to KDB 941225 D06 v02r01, when the overall device length and width are ≥ 9cm\*5cm, the test distance is 10 mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge

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### 14. SAR Test Results

#### **General Note:**

- 1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
  - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.

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- b. For SAR testing of WLAN signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle)"
- c. For WLAN / Bluetooth: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)\* Duty Cycle scaling factor \* Tune-up scaling factor
- 2. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the *reported* 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
  - · ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
  - · ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
  - ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
- 3. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/kg.
- 4. Per KDB648474 D04v01r03, WLAN product specific SAR is necessary, due to an overall diagonal dimension is > 16cm.

#### **WLAN Note:**

- 1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, for 2.4GHz 802.11g/n SAR testing is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
- 2. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, U-NII-1 SAR testing is not required when the U-NII-2A band highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band.
- 3. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
- 4. For all positions / configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions / configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.
- 5. During SAR testing the WLAN transmission was verified using a spectrum analyzer.

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# 14.1 Head SAR

# <WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Sample	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Cheek	0mm	Sample 1	11	2462	17.15	18.00	1.216	100	1.000	0.07	0.026	0.032
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Tilted	0mm	Sample 1	11	2462	17.15	18.00	1.216	100	1.000	0.11	0.021	0.026
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Cheek	0mm	Sample 1	11	2462	17.15	18.00	1.216	100	1.000	0.18	0.047	0.057
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Cheek	0mm	Sample 1	1	2412	17.04	18.00	1.247	100	1.000	0.17	0.044	0.055
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Cheek	0mm	Sample 1	6	2437	17.00	18.00	1.259	100	1.000	0.1	0.049	0.062
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Tilted	0mm	Sample 1	11	2462	17.15	18.00	1.216	100	1.000	0.07	0.037	0.045
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Cheek	0mm	Sample 2	6	2437	17.00	18.00	1.259	100	1.000	0.18	0.065	0.082
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Cheek	0mm	Sample 3	6	2437	17.00	18.00	1.259	100	1.000	-0.08	0.064	0.081
01	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Cheek	0mm	Sample 4	6	2437	17.00	18.00	1.259	100	1.000	-0.02	0.130	0.164
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Right Cheek	0mm	Sample 1	64	5320	13.04	14.00	1.246	98.53	1.015	0.18	0.001	0.002
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Right Tilted	0mm	Sample 1	64	5320	13.04	14.00	1.246	98.53	1.015	0.12	0.001	0.001
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Left Cheek	0mm	Sample 1	64	5320	13.04	14.00	1.246	98.53	1.015	-0.13	0.042	0.053
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Left Cheek	0mm	Sample 1	52	5260	13.01	14.00	1.255	98.53	1.015	-0.1	0.035	0.045
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Left Tilted	0mm	Sample 1	64	5320	13.04	14.00	1.246	98.53	1.015	0.19	0.022	0.028
02	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Left Cheek	0mm	Sample 2	64	5320	13.04	14.00	1.246	98.53	1.015	0.11	0.046	0.058
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Left Cheek	0mm	Sample 3	64	5320	13.04	14.00	1.246	98.53	1.015	-0.17	0.043	0.054
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Left Cheek	0mm	Sample 4	64	5320	13.04	14.00	1.246	98.53	1.015	0.1	0.038	0.048
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Right Cheek	0mm	Sample 1	100	5500	13.11	14.00	1.226	98.53	1.015	-0.03	0.014	0.017
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Right Tilted	0mm	Sample 1	100	5500	13.11	14.00	1.226	98.53	1.015	-0.1	0.013	0.016
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Left Cheek	0mm	Sample 1	100	5500	13.11	14.00	1.226	98.53	1.015	0.11	0.043	0.054
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Left Cheek	0mm	Sample 1	116	5580	13.07	14.00	1.238	98.53	1.015	0.17	0.058	0.073
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Left Cheek	0mm	Sample 1	132	5660	13.09	14.00	1.233	98.53	1.015	0.11	0.090	0.113
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Left Cheek	0mm	Sample 1	140	5700	13.06	14.00	1.240	98.53	1.015	-0.04	0.090	0.113
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Left Tilted	0mm	Sample 1	100	5500	13.11	14.00	1.226	98.53	1.015	0.16	0.026	0.032
03	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Left Cheek	0mm	Sample 2	140	5700	13.06	14.00	1.240	98.53	1.015	0.11	0.107	0.135
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Left Cheek	0mm	Sample 3	140	5700	13.06	14.00	1.240	98.53	1.015	0.16	0.093	0.117
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Left Cheek	0mm	Sample 4	140	5700	13.06	14.00	1.240	98.53	1.015	-0.07	0.053	0.067
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Right Cheek	0mm	Sample 1	149	5745	13.32	14.00	1.169	98.53	1.015	0.15	0.018	0.021
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Right Tilted	0mm	Sample 1	149	5745	13.32	14.00	1.169	98.53	1.015	0.15	0.013	0.015
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Left Cheek	0mm	Sample 1	149	5745	13.32	14.00	1.169	98.53	1.015	0.01	0.077	0.091
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Left Cheek	0mm	Sample 1	157	5785	13.28	14.00	1.179	98.53	1.015	0.06	0.099	0.118
04	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Left Cheek	0mm	Sample 1	165	5825	13.31	14.00	1.171	98.53	1.015	0.02	0.110	0.131
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Left Tilted	0mm	Sample 1	149	5745	13.32	14.00	1.169	98.53	1.015	-0.1	0.046	0.055
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Left Cheek	0mm	Sample 2	165	5825	13.31	14.00	1.171	98.53	1.015	0.01	0.107	0.127
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Left Cheek	0mm	Sample 3	165	5825	13.31	14.00	1.171	98.53	1.015	0.11	0.091	0.108
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Left Cheek	0mm	Sample 4	165	5825	13.31	14.00	1.171	98.53	1.015	0.01	0.089	0.106

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# 14.2 Product Specific SAR

### <WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Sample	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 10g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Front	0mm	Sample 1	11	2462	17.15	18.00	1.216	100	1.000	0.09	0.022	0.027
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	0mm	Sample 1	11	2462	17.15	18.00	1.216	100	1.000	0.059	0.032	0.039
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Side	0mm	Sample 1	11	2462	17.15	18.00	1.216	100	1.000	-0.088	0.185	0.225
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Side	0mm	Sample 1	1	2412	17.04	18.00	1.247	100	1.000	-0.17	0.197	0.246
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Side	0mm	Sample 1	6	2437	17.00	18.00	1.259	100	1.000	0.116	0.212	0.267
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Top Side	0mm	Sample 1	11	2462	17.15	18.00	1.216	100	1.000	0.033	0.037	0.045
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Side	0mm	Sample 2	6	2437	17.00	18.00	1.259	100	1.000	-0.12	0.244	0.307
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Side	0mm	Sample 3	6	2437	17.00	18.00	1.259	100	1.000	-0.103	0.261	0.329
05	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Side	0mm	Sample 4	6	2437	17.00	18.00	1.259	100	1.000	-0.005	0.443	0.558
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Front	0mm	Sample 1	64	5320	13.04	14.00	1.246	98.53	1.015	0.13	0.018	0.023
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Back	0mm	Sample 1	64	5320	13.04	14.00	1.246	98.53	1.015	-0.13	0.208	0.263
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Right Side	0mm	Sample 1	64	5320	13.04	14.00	1.246	98.53	1.015	0.03	0.264	0.334
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Right Side	0mm	Sample 1	52	5260	13.01	14.00	1.255	98.53	1.015	-0.05	0.257	0.327
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Top Side	0mm	Sample 1	64	5320	13.04	14.00	1.246	98.53	1.015	-0.06	0.045	0.057
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Right Side	0mm	Sample 2	64	5320	13.04	14.00	1.246	98.53	1.015	-0.11	0.213	0.269
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Right Side	0mm	Sample 3	64	5320	13.04	14.00	1.246	98.53	1.015	-0.18	0.287	0.363
06	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Right Side	0mm	Sample 4	64	5320	13.04	14.00	1.246	98.53	1.015	-0.13	0.327	0.414
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Front	0mm	Sample 1	100	5500	13.11	14.00	1.226	98.53	1.015	0.15	0.018	0.022
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Back	0mm	Sample 1	100	5500	13.11	14.00	1.226	98.53	1.015	-0.13	0.138	0.172
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Right Side	0mm	Sample 1	100	5500	13.11	14.00	1.226	98.53	1.015	0.06	0.170	0.212
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Right Side	0mm	Sample 1	116	5580	13.07	14.00	1.238	98.53	1.015	-0.07	0.182	0.229
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Right Side	0mm	Sample 1	132	5660	13.09	14.00	1.233	98.53	1.015	-0.01	0.202	0.253
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Right Side	0mm	Sample 1	140	5700	13.06	14.00	1.240	98.53	1.015	-0.01	0.212	0.267
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Top Side	0mm	Sample 1	100	5700	13.11	14.00	1.226	98.53	1.015	0.16	0.020	0.025
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Right Side	0mm	Sample 2	140	5700	13.06	14.00	1.240	98.53	1.015	-0.01	0.245	0.308
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Right Side	0mm	Sample 3	140	5700	13.06	14.00	1.240	98.53	1.015	0.09	0.205	0.258
07	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Right Side	0mm	Sample 4	140	5700	13.06	14.00	1.240	98.53	1.015	-0.12	0.288	0.363
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Front	0mm	Sample 1	149	5745	13.32	14.00	1.169	98.53	1.015	-0.033	0.039	0.046
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Back	0mm	Sample 1	149	5745	13.32	14.00	1.169	98.53	1.015	-0.149	0.160	0.190
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Right Side	0mm	Sample 1	149	5745	13.32	14.00	1.169	98.53	1.015	-0.034	0.196	0.233
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Right Side	0mm	Sample 1	157	5785	13.28	14.00	1.179	98.53	1.015	-0.117	0.182	0.218
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Right Side	0mm	Sample 1	165	5825	13.31	14.00	1.171	98.53	1.015	-0.095	0.183	0.218
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Top Side	0mm	Sample 1	149	5745	13.32	14.00	1.169	98.53	1.015	-0.125	0.036	0.043
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Right Side	0mm	Sample 2	149	5745	13.32	14.00	1.169	98.53	1.015	-0.078	0.184	0.218
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Right Side	0mm	Sample 3	149	5745	13.32	14.00	1.169	98.53	1.015	-0.07	0.176	0.209
80	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Right Side	0mm	Sample 4	149	5745	13.32	14.00	1.169	98.53	1.015	-0.128	0.265	0.315

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# 14.3 Body Worn Accessory SAR

### <WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Accessory	Sample	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Front	10mm	-	Sample 1	11	2462	17.15	18.00	1.216	100	1.000	-0.09	0.015	0.018
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	10mm	-	Sample 1	11	2462	17.15	18.00	1.216	100	1.000	0.16	0.032	0.039
09	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	10mm	-	Sample 1	1	2412	17.04	18.00	1.247	100	1.000	-0.11	0.057	0.071
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	10mm	-	Sample 1	6	2437	17.00	18.00	1.259	100	1.000	-0.09	0.044	0.055
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	0mm	Holster	Sample 1	11	2462	17.15	18.00	1.216	100	1.000	-0.11	0.032	0.039
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	0mm	Holster	Sample 1	1	2412	17.04	18.00	1.247	100	1.000	0.1	0.030	0.037
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	0mm	Holster	Sample 1	6	2437	17.00	18.00	1.259	100	1.000	0.02	0.033	0.042
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	10mm	-	Sample 2	1	2412	17.04	18.00	1.247	100	1.000	0.06	0.041	0.051
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	10mm	-	Sample 3	1	2412	17.04	18.00	1.247	100	1.000	0.1	0.040	0.050
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	10mm	-	Sample 4	1	2412	17.04	18.00	1.247	100	1.000	0.12	0.056	0.070
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Front	10mm		Sample 1	64	5320	13.04	14.00	1.246	98.53	1.015	0.13	0.016	0.020
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Back	10mm	1	Sample 1	64	5320	13.04	14.00	1.246	98.53	1.015	-0.01	0.209	0.264
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Back	10mm		Sample 1	52	5260	13.01	14.00	1.255	98.53	1.015	-0.14	0.210	0.267
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Back	0mm	Holster	Sample 1	64	5320	13.04	14.00	1.246	98.53	1.015	0.02	0.172	0.218
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Back	0mm	Holster	Sample 1	52	5260	13.01	14.00	1.255	98.53	1.015	0.01	0.180	0.229
10	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Back	10mm	-	Sample 2	52	5260	13.01	14.00	1.255	98.53	1.015	0.08	0.212	0.270
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Back	10mm	-	Sample 3	52	5260	13.01	14.00	1.255	98.53	1.015	0.11	0.201	0.256
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Back	10mm	-	Sample 4	52	5260	13.01	14.00	1.255	98.53	1.015	-0.07	0.210	0.267
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Front	10mm	-	Sample 1	100	5500	13.11	14.00	1.226	98.53	1.015	-0.12	0.011	0.014
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Back	10mm	-	Sample 1	100	5500	13.11	14.00	1.226	98.53	1.015	0.08	0.165	0.205
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Back	10mm	-	Sample 1	116	5580	13.07	14.00	1.238	98.53	1.015	0.18	0.150	0.188
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Back	10mm	-	Sample 1	132	5660	13.09	14.00	1.233	98.53	1.015	0.17	0.145	0.181
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Back	10mm	-	Sample 1	140	5700	13.06	14.00	1.240	98.53	1.015	-0.07	0.152	0.191
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Back	0mm	Holster	Sample 1	100	5500	13.11	14.00	1.226	98.53	1.015	-0.14	0.138	0.172
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Back	0mm	Holster	Sample 1	116	5580	13.07	14.00	1.238	98.53	1.015	0.18	0.095	0.119
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Back	0mm	Holster	Sample 1	132	5660	13.09	14.00	1.233	98.53	1.015	0.11	0.189	0.237
11	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Back	0mm	Holster	Sample 1	140	5700	13.06	14.00	1.240	98.53	1.015	0.03	0.210	0.264
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Back	0mm	Holster	Sample 2	140	5700	13.06	14.00	1.240	98.53	1.015	-0.08	0.162	0.204
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Back	0mm	Holster	Sample 3	140	5700	13.06	14.00	1.240	98.53	1.015	-0.03	0.149	0.188
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Back	0mm	Holster	Sample 4	140	5700	13.06	14.00	1.240	98.53	1.015	-0.06	0.155	0.195
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Front	10mm	-	Sample 1	149	5745	13.32	14.00	1.169	98.53	1.015	-0.11	0.038	0.045
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Back	10mm	-	Sample 1	149	5745	13.32	14.00	1.169	98.53	1.015	0.08	0.151	0.179
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Back	10mm	-	Sample 1	157	5785	13.28	14.00	1.179	98.53	1.015	0.01	0.152	0.182
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Back	10mm	-	Sample 1	165	5825	13.31	14.00	1.171	98.53	1.015	-0.1	0.158	0.188
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Back	0mm	Holster	Sample 1	149	5745	13.32	14.00	1.169	98.53	1.015	0.09	0.167	0.198
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Back	0mm	Holster	Sample 1	157	5785	13.28	14.00	1.179	98.53	1.015	0.16	0.182	0.218
12	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Back	0mm	Holster	Sample 1	165	5825	13.31	14.00	1.171	98.53	1.015	0.13	0.220	0.261
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Back	0mm	Holster	Sample 2	165	5825	13.31	14.00	1.171	98.53	1.015	-0.11	0.158	0.188
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Back	0mm	Holster	Sample 3	165	5825	13.31	14.00	1.171	98.53	1.015	0.09	0.179	0.213
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Back	0mm	Holster	Sample 4	165	5825	13.31	14.00	1.171	98.53	1.015	0.12	0.179	0.213

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### <Bluetooth SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Accessory	Sample	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Dower	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Cycle		Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Front	10mm	-	Sample 1	39	2441	6.20	8.00	1.515	77.13	1.080	0.000	0.001	0.002
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Back	10mm	-	Sample 1	39	2441	6.20	8.00	1.515	77.13	1.080	-0.11	0.005	0.007
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Back	10mm	-	Sample 1	0	2402	6.19	8.00	1.518	77.13	1.080	0.13	0.004	0.006
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Back	10mm	-	Sample 1	78	2480	6.10	8.00	1.550	77.13	1.080	-0.16	0.001	0.002
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Back	0mm	Holster	Sample 1	39	2441	6.20	8.00	1.515	77.13	1.080	0.15	0.002	0.003
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Back	0mm	Holster	Sample 1	0	2402	6.19	8.00	1.518	77.13	1.080	-0.14	0.003	0.004
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Back	0mm	Holster	Sample 1	78	2480	6.10	8.00	1.550	77.13	1.080	0.12	0.002	0.003
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Back	10mm	-	Sample 2	39	2441	6.20	8.00	1.515	77.13	1.080	0.1	0.004	0.006
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Back	10mm	-	Sample 3	39	2441	6.20	8.00	1.515	77.13	1.080	-0.18	0.005	0.008
13	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Back	10mm	-	Sample 4	39	2441	6.20	8.00	1.515	77.13	1.080	-0.14	0.006	0.009

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Test Engineer: San Lin, Nick Yu, Tommy Chen, Iran Wang and Ken Li.

# 15. Uncertainty Assessment

The component of uncertainly may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainly by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type An evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

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A Type A evaluation of standard uncertainty may be based on any valid statistical method for treating data. This includes calculating the standard deviation of the mean of a series of independent observations; using the method of least squares to fit a curve to the data in order to estimate the parameter of the curve and their standard deviations; or carrying out an analysis of variance in order to identify and quantify random effects in certain kinds of measurement.

A type B evaluation of standard uncertainty is typically based on scientific judgment using all of the relevant information available. These may include previous measurement data, experience, and knowledge of the behavior and properties of relevant materials and instruments, manufacture's specification, data provided in calibration reports and uncertainties assigned to reference data taken from handbooks. Broadly speaking, the uncertainty is either obtained from an outdoor source or obtained from an assumed distribution, such as the normal distribution, rectangular or triangular distributions indicated in table below.

<b>Uncertainty Distributions</b>	Normal	Rectangular	Triangular	U-Shape
Multi-plying Factor <sup>(a)</sup>	1/k <sup>(b)</sup>	1/√3	1/√6	1/√2

- (a) standard uncertainty is determined as the product of the multiplying factor and the estimated range of variations in the measured quantity
- (b)  $\kappa$  is the coverage factor

#### Table 15.1. Standard Uncertainty for Assumed Distribution

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances.

Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. Typically, the coverage factor ranges from 2 to 3. Using a coverage factor allows the true value of a measured quantity to be specified with a defined probability within the specified uncertainty range. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is shown in the following tables.

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability	Divisor	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Standard Uncertainty (1g) (±%)	Standard Uncertainty (10g) (±%)
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	6.00	N	1	1	1	6.0	6.0
Axial Isotropy	4.70	R	1.732	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.60	R	1.732	0.7	0.7	3.9	3.9
Boundary Effects	1.00	R	1.732	1	1	0.6	0.6
Linearity	4.70	R	1.732	1	1	2.7	2.7
System Detection Limits	1.00	R	1.732	1	1	0.6	0.6
Modulation Response	4.68	R	1.732	1	1	2.7	2.7
Readout Electronics	0.30	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
Response Time	0.00	R	1.732	1	1	0.0	0.0
Integration Time	2.60	R	1.732	1	1	1.5	1.5
RF Ambient Noise	3.00	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7
RF Ambient Reflections	3.00	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7
Probe Positioner	0.40	R	1.732	1	1	0.2	0.2
Probe Positioning	2.90	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7
Max. SAR Eval.	2.00	R	1.732	1	1	1.2	1.2
Test Sample Related							
Device Positioning	3.03	Ν	1	1	1	3.0	3.0
Device Holder	3.60	N	1	1	1	3.6	3.6
Power Drift	5.00	R	1.732	1	1	2.9	2.9
Power Scaling	0.00	R	1.732	1	1	0.0	0.0
Phantom and Setup							
Phantom Uncertainty	6.10	R	1.732	1	1	3.5	3.5
SAR correction	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.84	0.0	0.0
Liquid Conductivity Repeatability	0.03	N	1	0.78	0.71	0.0	0.0
Liquid Conductivity (target)	5.00	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	2.3	2.0
Liquid Conductivity (mea.)	2.50	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	1.1	1.0
Temp. unc Conductivity	3.68	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	1.7	1.5
Liquid Permittivity Repeatability	0.02	N	1	0.23	0.26	0.0	0.0
Liquid Permittivity (target)	5.00	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.7	0.8
Liquid Permittivity (mea.)	2.50	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.3	0.4
Temp. unc Permittivity	0.84	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.1	0.1
Combined Std. Uncertainty						11.6%	11.6%
Coverage Factor for 95 %					K=2	K=2	
Expanded STD Uncertainty						23.2%	23.1%

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Table 15.2. Uncertainty Budget for frequency range 300 MHz to 3 GHz

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Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability	Divisor	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Standard Uncertainty (1g) (±%)	Standard Uncertainty (10g) (±%)
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	7.00	N	1	1	1	7.0	7.0
Axial Isotropy	4.70	R	1.732	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.60	R	1.732	0.7	0.7	3.9	3.9
Boundary Effects	2.00	R	1.732	1	1	1.2	1.2
Linearity	4.70	R	1.732	1	1	2.7	2.7
System Detection Limits	1.00	R	1.732	1	1	0.6	0.6
Modulation Response	4.68	R	1.732	1	1	2.7	2.7
Readout Electronics	0.30	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
Response Time	0.00	R	1.732	1	1	0.0	0.0
Integration Time	2.60	R	1.732	1	1	1.5	1.5
RF Ambient Noise	3.00	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7
RF Ambient Reflections	3.00	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7
Probe Positioner	0.40	R	1.732	1	1	0.2	0.2
Probe Positioning	6.70	R	1.732	1	1	3.9	3.9
Max. SAR Eval.	4.00	R	1.732	1	1	2.3	2.3
Test Sample Related							
Device Positioning	3.03	N	1	1	1	3.0	3.0
Device Holder	3.60	N	1	1	1	3.6	3.6
Power Drift	5.00	R	1.732	1	1	2.9	2.9
Power Scaling	0.00	R	1.732	1	1	0.0	0.0
Phantom and Setup							
Phantom Uncertainty	6.60	R	1.732	1	1	3.8	3.8
SAR correction	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.84	0.0	0.0
Liquid Conductivity Repeatability	0.03	N	1	0.78	0.71	0.0	0.0
Liquid Conductivity (target)	5.00	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	2.3	2.0
Liquid Conductivity (mea.)	2.50	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	1.1	1.0
Temp. unc Conductivity	3.68	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	1.7	1.5
Liquid Permittivity Repeatability	0.02	N	1	0.23	0.26	0.0	0.0
Liquid Permittivity (target)	5.00	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.7	0.8
Liquid Permittivity (mea.)	2.50	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.3	0.4
Temp. unc Permittivity	0.84	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.1	0.1
Combined Std. Uncertainty						12.9%	12.9%
Coverage Factor for 95 %						K=2	K=2
Expanded STD Uncertainty						25.9%	25.8%

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Table 15.3. Uncertainty Budget for frequency range 3 GHz to 6 GHz

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# 16. References

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