FCC SAR Test Report

APPLICANT : SHARP CORPORATION

EQUIPMENT: Smart phone

FCC ID : APYHRO00262

STANDARD : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992

IEEE 1528-2013

We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the procedures and had been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

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Approved by: Jones Tsai / Manager

Iac-MRA



Report No. : FA832404

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

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Issued Date: Apr. 27, 2018 Form version: 170509

Page 1 of 51

Table of Contents

1. Statement of Compliance	
2. Administration Data	
3. Guidance Applied	
4. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information	6
4.1 General Information	6
5. RF Exposure Limits	
5.1 Uncontrolled Environment	7
5.2 Controlled Environment	7
6. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)	8
6.1 Introduction	8
6.2 SAR Definition	
7. System Description and Setup	
7.1 E-Field Probe	10
7.2 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)	
7.3 Phantom	11
7.4 Device Holder	
8. Measurement Procedures	13
8.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation	13
8.2 Power Reference Measurement	14
8.3 Area Scan	
8.4 Zoom Scan	
8.5 Volume Scan Procedures	
8.6 Power Drift Monitoring	
9. Test Equipment List	
10. System Verification	
10.1 Tissue Simulating Liquids	
10.2 Tissue Verification	
10.3 System Performance Check Results	
11. RF Exposure Positions	
11.1 Ear and handset reference point	
11.2 Definition of the cheek position	
11.3 Definition of the tilt position	
11.4 Body Worn Accessory	
11.5 Wireless Router	
12. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)	24
13. Bluetooth Exclusions Applied	
14. Antenna Location	
15. SAR Test Results	
15.1 Head SAR	
15.2 Hotspot SAR	
15.3 Body Worn Accessory SAR	
15.4 Repeated SAR Measurement	43
16. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis	
16.1 Head Exposure Conditions	
16.2 Hotspot Exposure Conditions	
16.3 Body-Worn Accessory Exposure Conditions	
16.4 SPLSR Evaluation and Analysis	
17. Uncertainty Assessment	
18. References	51
Appendix A. Plots of System Performance Check	
Appendix B. Plots of High SAR Measurement	
Appendix C. DASY Calibration Certificate	
Appendix D. Test Setup Photos	

Issued Date : Apr. 27, 2018 Form version. : 170509

Revision History

REPORT NO.	VERSION	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE
FA832404	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	Apr. 27, 2018

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 / FAX: 886-3-328-4978

FCC ID: APYHRO00262

Report No.: FA832404

1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for SHARP CORPORATION, Smart phone, are as follows.

Report No.: FA832404

		Highest SAR Summary			I limboot Cinnulton and
Equipment Class	Frequency Band	Head (Separation 0mm)	Body-worn (Separation 10mm)	Hotspot (Separation 10mm)	Highest Simultaneous Transmission 1g SAR (W/kg)
			1g SAR (W/kg)		ig SAR (W/kg)
	GSM1900	0.61	1.39	1.39	
	WCDMA II	0.85	1.39	1.39	
Licensed	WCDMA IV	0.62	1.40	1.40	1.59
	LTE Band 2	1.03	1.38	1.38	
	LTE Band 4	0.57	1.07	1.07	
DTS	2.4GHz WLAN	0.76	0.43	0.53	1.59
Date of	of Testing:	2018/4/9 ~ 2018/4/13			

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and FCC KDB publications

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 / FAX: 886-3-328-4978

Issued Date: Apr. 27, 2018 FCC ID: APYHRO00262 Form version.: 170509 Page 4 of 51

2. Administration Data

Sporton Lab is accredited to ISO 17025 by Taiwan Accreditation Foundation (TAF code: 1190) and the FCC designation No. TW1190 under the FCC 2.948(e) by Mutual Recognition Agreement (MRA) in FCC test.

Report No.: FA832404

Testing Laboratory		
Test Site	SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.	
Test Site Location	No.52, Hwa Ya 1st Rd., Hwa Ya Technology Park, Kwei-Shan District, Taoyuan City, Taiwan (R.O.C.) TEL: +886-3-327-3456 FAX: +886-3-328-4978	

Applicant Applicant		
Company Name	SHARP CORPORATION	
Address	2-13-1, HACHIHONMATSU-IIDA, HIGASHI-HIROSHIMA-SHI, HIROSHIMA PREFECTURE 739-0192, Japan	

Manufacturer		
Company Name	SHARP CORPORATION	
	2-13-1, HACHIHONMATSU-IIDA, HIGASHI-HIROSHIMA-SHI, HIROSHIMA PREFECTURE 739-0192, Japan	

3. Guidance Applied

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- · IEEE 1528-2013
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r02
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- FCC KDB 648474 D04 SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets v01r03
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02
- FCC KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01
- FCC KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r05
- FCC KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode SAR v02r01

4. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information

4.1 General Information

Product Feature & Specification		
Equipment Name	Smart phone	
FCC ID	APYHRO00262	
IMEI Code	004401116386034	
Wireless Technology and Frequency Range	GSM1900: 1850.2 MHz ~ 1909.8 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1852.4 MHz ~ 1907.6 MHz WCDMA Band IV: 1712.4 MHz ~ 1752.6 MHz LTE Band 2: 1850.7 MHz ~ 1909.3 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710.7 MHz ~ 1754.3 MHz WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz	
Mode	GSM/GPRS RMC/AMR 12.2Kbps HSDPA HSUPA LTE: QPSK, 16QAM WLAN 2.4GHz: 802.11b/g/n HT20 Bluetooth BR/EDR/LE	
HW Version	2.0	
SW Version	000C_1_090	
GSM / (E)GPRS Transfer mode	Class B – EUT cannot support Packet Switched and Circuit Switched Network simultaneously but can automatically switch between Packet and Circuit Switched Network.	
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype	

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 / FAX: 886-3-328-4978
FCC ID: APYHRO00262 Page 6 of 51

Issued Date: Apr. 27, 2018 Form version.: 170509

Report No.: FA832404

5. RF Exposure Limits

5.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

Report No.: FA832404

5.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

1. Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

6. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

6.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

6.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (p). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

Page 8 of 51

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 / FAX: 886-3-328-4978

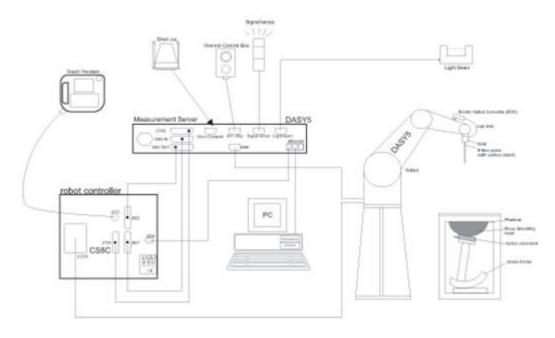
FCC ID: APYHRO00262

Issued Date: Apr. 27, 2018 Form version.: 170509

Report No.: FA832404

7. System Description and Setup

The DASY system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



Report No.: FA832404

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps,
 etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

7.1 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

<ES3DV3 Probe>

Construction	Symmetric design with triangular core	
	Interleaved sensors	
	Built-in shielding against static charges	
	PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic	
	solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
Frequency	10 MHz – 4 GHz;	
	Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30 MHz – 4 GHz)	
Directivity	±0.2 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis)	
	±0.3 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	5 μW/g – >100 mW/g;	
	Linearity: ±0.2 dB	
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm)	69
	Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (body: 12 mm)	
	Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 3.0 mm	



Report No. : FA832404

<EX3DV4 Probe>

Construction	Symmetric design with triangular core	
	Built-in shielding against static charges	
	PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic	
	solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
Frequency	10 MHz – >6 GHz	
	Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30 MHz – 6 GHz)	
Directivity	±0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis)	
	±0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g – >100 mW/g	
	Linearity: ±0.2 dB (noise: typically <1 µW/g)	
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm)	
	Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (body: 12 mm)	
	Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1	
	mm	



7.2 <u>Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)</u>

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



Fig 5.1 Photo of DAE

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FCC ID: APYHRO00262

Issued Date : Apr. 27, 2018
Page 10 of 51
Form version. : 170509

7.3 Phantom

<SAM Twin Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm;	
Sileii Hilickiless	1	
	Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm	A STATE OF THE STA
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters	
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm; Height:	-
	adjustable feet	S
Measurement Areas	Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat Phantom	

Report No.: FA832404

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

<ELI Phantom>

VEET I Halltonia		
Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)	
Filling Volume	Approx. 30 liters	
Dimensions	Major ellipse axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	

The ELI phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.

7.4 Device Holder

<Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitter>

In combination with the Twin SAM V5.0/V5.0c or ELI phantoms, the Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters enables rotation of the mounted transmitter device to specified spherical coordinates. At the heads, the rotation axis is at the ear opening. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC 62209-1, IEEE 1528, FCC, or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat). And upgrade kit to Mounting Device to enable easy mounting of wider devices like big smart-phones, e-books, small tablets, etc. It holds devices with width up to 140 mm.





Report No.: FA832404

Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters

Mounting Device Adaptor for Wide-Phones

<Mounting Device for Laptops and other Body-Worn Transmitters>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the mounting device in place of the phone positioned. The extension is fully compatible with the SAM Twin and ELI phantoms.



Mounting Device for Laptops

Page 12 of 51

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 / FAX: 886-3-328-4978

FCC ID: APYHRO00262

Issued Date: Apr. 27, 2018 Form version.: 170509

8. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

(a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.

Report No.: FA832404

- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- (c) For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power

<SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

8.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

FCC ID : APYHRO00262 Page 13 of 51 Form version. : 170509

8.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

8.3 Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0 is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
	\leq 2 GHz: \leq 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: \leq 12 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 12 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 10 \text{ mm}$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{\text{Area}},\Delta y_{\text{Area}}$	When the x or y dimension of measurement plane orientation the measurement resolution of x or y dimension of the test of measurement point on the test	on, is smaller than the above, must be \leq the corresponding levice with at least one

Page 14 of 51

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 / FAX: 886-3-328-4978

FCC ID: APYHRO00262

Issued Date : Apr. 27, 2018

Report No.: FA832404

Form version. : 170509

8.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube shoes base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

Report No.: FA832404

Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz		
Maximum zoom scan s	spatial reso	lution: Δx _{Zoom} , Δy _{Zoom}	\leq 2 GHz: \leq 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: \leq 5 mm [*]	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$		
	uniform	grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$	≤ 5 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz: } \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 2 \text{ mm}$		
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded	Δz _{Zoom} (1): between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm		
	grid	Δz _{Zoom} (n>1): between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Z_{00m}}(n-1)$			
Minimum zoom scan volume	X V 7		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm		

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

8.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

8.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 / FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Apr. 27, 2018

FCC ID : APYHRO00262 Page 15 of 51 Form version. : 170509

When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the <u>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</u> procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

9. Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Environment	Tyroo (Mandal	Carial Number	Calib	ration	
wanutacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Due Date	
SPEAG	1750MHz System Validation Kit	D1750V2	1068	Nov. 15, 2017	Nov. 14, 2018	
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	5d041	Sep. 28, 2017	Sep. 27, 2018	
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	736	Sep. 18, 2017	Sep. 17, 2018	
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE3	495	May. 22, 2017	May. 21, 2018	
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	778	May. 22, 2017	May. 21, 2018	
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	853	Jul. 19, 2017	Jul. 18, 2018	
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3976	Jan. 23, 2018	Jan. 22, 2019	
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	ES3DV3	3270	Sep. 25, 2017	Sep. 24, 2018	
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	ES3DV3	3169	May. 11, 2017	May. 10, 2018	
Gencom	Thermometer	TE1	TM685-1	Mar. 16, 2018	Mar. 15, 2019	
Gencom	Thermometer	TE1	TM685-2	Mar. 16, 2018	Mar. 15, 2019	
WonDer	Thermometer	WD-5016	TM642-1	Mar. 16, 2018	Mar. 15, 2019	
Anritsu	Radio Communication Analyzer	MT8821C	6201341950	Apr. 20, 2017	Apr. 19, 2018	
Agilent	Wireless Communication Test Set	E5515C	MY50266977	May. 30, 2017	May. 29, 2018	
SPEAG	Device Holder	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Anritsu	Signal Generator	MG3710A	6201502524	Dec. 07, 2017	Dec. 06, 2018	
Agilent	ENA Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46316648	Jan. 17, 2018	Jan. 16, 2019	
SPEAG	Dielectric Probe Kit	DAK-3.5	1126	Sep. 26, 2017	Sep. 25, 2018	
LINE SEIKI	Digital Thermometer	LKMelectronic	DTM3000SPEZIAL	Sep. 06, 2017	Sep. 05, 2018	
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1419002	May. 15, 2017	May. 14, 2018	
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	1339124	May. 15, 2017	May. 14, 2018	
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1218006	Oct. 06, 2017	Oct. 05, 2018	
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	1207363	Oct. 06, 2017	Oct. 05, 2018	
Agilent	Spectrum Analyzer	E4408B	MY44211028	Aug. 23, 2017	Aug. 22, 2018	
Anritsu	Spectrum Analyzer	MS2830A	6201396378	Jun. 26, 2017	Jun. 25, 2018	
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZVE-8G+	D120604	Mar. 12, 2018	Mar. 11, 2019	
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZHL-42W+	QA1344002	Mar. 12, 2018	Mar. 11, 2019	
ATM	Dual Directional Coupler	C122H-10	P610410z-02	No	te 1	
	Attantan.4	WK0602-XX	N/A	Note 1		
Woken	Attenuator 1	W110002 701				
Woken PE	Attenuator 1 Attenuator 2	PE7005-10	N/A		te 1	

Report No.: FA832404

General Note:

Prior to system verification and validation, the path loss from the signal generator to the system check source and the power meter, which includes the amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured by the network analyzer. The reading of the power meter was offset by the path loss difference between the path to the power meter and the path to the system check source to monitor the actual power level fed to the system check source.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 / FAX: 886-3-328-4978

Issued Date: Apr. 27, 2018 FCC ID: APYHRO00262 Form version.: 170509 Page 16 of 51

10. System Verification

10.1 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with DASY, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 10.1. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 10.2.







Report No.: FA832404

Fig 10.2 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 / FAX: 886-3-328-4978

FCC ID: APYHRO00262

Issued Date : Apr. 27, 2018 Form version. : 170509

Page 17 of 51

10.2 Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Report No.: FA832404

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (εr)
				For Head				
750	41.1	57.0	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.89	41.9
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5
900	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.97	41.5
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2
2600	54.8	0	0	0.1	0	45.1	1.96	39.0
				For Body				
750	51.7	47.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.96	55.5
835	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.97	55.2
900	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	1.05	55.0
1800, 1900, 2000	70.2	0	0	0.4	0	29.4	1.52	53.3
2450	68.6	0	0	0	0	31.4	1.95	52.7
2600	68.1	0	0	0.1	0	31.8	2.16	52.5

Simulating Liquid for 5GHz, Manufactured by SPEAG

Ingredients	(% by weight)
Water	64~78%
Mineral oil	11~18%
Emulsifiers	9~15%
Additives and Salt	2~3%

<Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results>

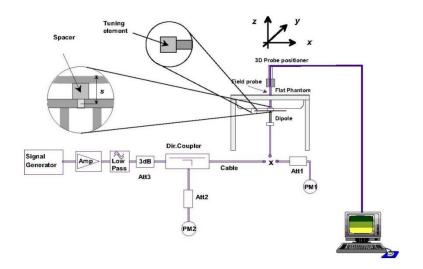
			uniotor or							
Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Liquid Temp. (℃)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ε _r)	Conductivity Target (σ)	Permittivity Target (ε _r)	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (ε _r) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
1750	HSL	22.4	1.393	40.538	1.37	40.10	1.68	1.09	±5	2018/4/10
1750	MSL	22.5	1.429	55.764	1.49	53.40	-4.09	4.43	±5	2018/4/9
1750	MSL	22.6	1.503	55.178	1.49	53.40	0.87	3.33	±5	2018/4/11
1750	MSL	22.4	1.488	54.987	1.49	53.40	-0.13	2.97	±5	2018/4/13
1900	HSL	22.4	1.400	38.860	1.40	40.00	0.00	-2.85	±5	2018/4/10
1900	HSL	22.2	1.448	41.360	1.40	40.00	3.43	3.40	±5	2018/4/13
1900	MSL	22.6	1.516	54.057	1.52	53.30	-0.26	1.42	±5	2018/4/11
1900	MSL	22.3	1.576	52.243	1.52	53.30	3.68	-1.98	±5	2018/4/12
1900	MSL	22.3	1.576	52.243	1.52	53.30	3.68	-1.98	±5	2018/4/12
2450	HSL	22.1	1.758	38.810	1.80	39.20	-2.33	-0.99	±5	2018/4/12
2450	MSL	22.4	1.881	52.707	1.95	52.70	-3.54	0.01	±5	2018/4/12

10.3 System Performance Check Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 1g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 1g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2018/4/10	1750	HSL	250	D1750V2-1068	EX3DV4 - SN3976	DAE3 Sn495	8.71	36.70	34.84	-5.07
2018/4/9	1750	MSL	250	D1750V2-1068	EX3DV4 - SN3976	DAE3 Sn495	9.65	37.20	38.6	3.76
2018/4/11	1750	MSL	250	D1750V2-1068	EX3DV4 - SN3976	DAE3 Sn495	9.35	37.20	37.4	0.54
2018/4/13	1750	MSL	250	D1750V2-1068	ES3DV3 - SN3169	DAE4 Sn853	9.51	37.20	38.04	2.26
2018/4/10	1900	HSL	250	D1900V2-5d041	EX3DV4 - SN3976	DAE3 Sn495	9.64	40.50	38.56	-4.79
2018/4/13	1900	HSL	250	D1900V2-5d041	ES3DV3 - SN3270	DAE4 Sn778	9.96	40.50	39.84	-1.63
2018/4/11	1900	MSL	250	D1900V2-5d041	EX3DV4 - SN3976	DAE3 Sn495	10.50	40.70	42.00	3.19
2018/4/12	1900	MSL	250	D1900V2-5d041	ES3DV3 - SN3270	DAE4 Sn778	9.81	40.70	39.24	-3.59
2018/4/12	1900	MSL	250	D1900V2-5d041	ES3DV3 - SN3169	DAE4 Sn853	9.85	40.70	39.4	-3.19
2018/4/12	2450	HSL	250	D2450V2-736	EX3DV4 - SN3976	DAE3 Sn495	12.20	52.40	48.8	-6.87
2018/4/12	2450	MSL	250	D2450V2-736	EX3DV4 - SN3976	DAE3 Sn495	12.40	50.80	49.6	-2.36

Page 19 of 51





Report No.: FA832404

Fig 8.3.1 System Performance Check Setup

Fig 8.3.2 Setup Photo

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 / FAX: 886-3-328-4978

FCC ID: APYHRO00262

Issued Date: Apr. 27, 2018 Form version.: 170509

11. RF Exposure Positions

11.1 Ear and handset reference point

Figure 9.1.1 shows the front, back, and side views of the SAM phantom. The center-of-mouth reference point is labeled "M," the left ear reference point (ERP) is marked "LE," and the right ERP is marked "RE." Each ERP is 15 mm along the B-M (back-mouth) line behind the entrance-to-ear-canal (EEC) point, as shown in Figure 9.1.2 The Reference Plane is defined as passing through the two ear reference points and point M. The line N-F (neck-front), also called the reference pivoting line, is normal to the Reference Plane and perpendicular to both a line passing through RE and LE and the B-M line (see Figure 9.1.3). Both N-F and B-M lines should be marked on the exterior of the phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning. Posterior to the N-F line the ear shape is a flat surface with 6 mm thickness at each ERP, and forward of the N-F line the ear is truncated, as illustrated in Figure 9.1.2. The ear truncation is introduced to preclude the ear lobe from interfering with handset tilt, which could lead to unstable positioning at the cheek.



Fig 9.1.1 Front, back, and side views of SAM twin phantom

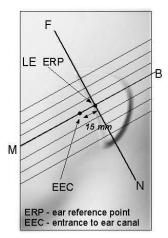
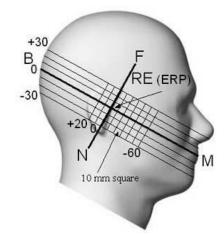


Fig 9.1.2 Close-up side view of phantom showing the ear region.



Report No.: FA832404

Fig 9.1.3 Side view of the phantom showing relevant markings and seven cross-sectional plane locations

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 / FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Apr. 27, 2018 Form version.: 170509

FCC ID: APYHRO00262

11.2 Definition of the cheek position

- Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
- Define two imaginary lines on the handset—the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset—the midpoint of the width wt of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A in Figure 9.2.1 and Figure 9.2.2), and the midpoint of the width wb of the bottom of the handset (point B). The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output (see Figure 9.2.1). The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output: however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 9.2.2). especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly-shaped handsets.
- Position the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 9.2.3), such that the plane defined by the vertical centerline and the horizontal line of the handset is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.
- Translate the handset towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until handset point A touches the pinna at the ERP.
- 5. While maintaining the handset in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is in the plane normal to the plane containing B-M and N-F lines, i.e., the Reference Plane.
- Rotate the handset around the vertical centerline until the handset (horizontal line) is parallel to the N-F line. 6.
- While maintaining the vertical centerline in the Reference Plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the handset contact with the pinna, rotate the handset about the N-F line until any point on the handset is in contact with a phantom point below the pinna on the cheek. See Figure 9.2.3. The actual rotation angles should be documented in the test report.

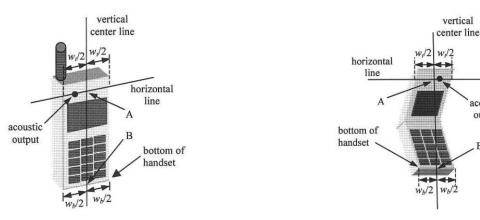


Fig 9.2.1 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—"fixed case

Fig 9.2.2 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines-"clam-shell case"

acoustic output

Report No.: FA832404

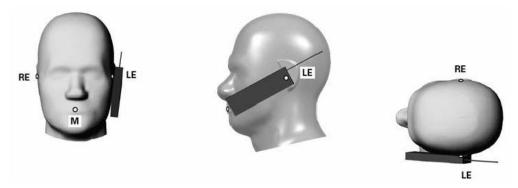


Fig 9.2.3 cheek or touch position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which establish the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC. TEL: 886-3-327-3456 / FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Apr. 27, 2018

11.3 Definition of the tilt position

Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.

Report No.: FA832404

- While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset away from the pinna along the line passing through RE and LE far enough to allow a rotation of the handset away from the cheek by 15°.
- Rotate the handset around the horizontal line by 15°.
- 4. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset towards the phantom on the line passing through RE and LE until any part of the handset touches the ear. The tilt position is obtained when the contact point is on the pinna. See Figure 9.3.1. If contact occurs at any location other than the pinna, e.g., the antenna at the back of the phantom head, the angle of the handset should be reduced. In this case, the tilt position is obtained if any point on the handset is in contact with the pinna and a second point

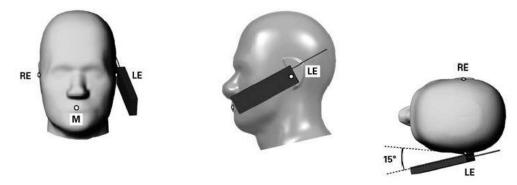


Fig 9.3.1 Tilt position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which define the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 / FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Apr. 27, 2018 Form version.: 170509

FCC ID: APYHRO00262 Page 22 of 51

11.4 Body Worn Accessory

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 9.4). Per KDB648474 D04v01r03, body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB 447498 D01v06 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a handset attached to the handset.

Report No.: FA832404

Accessories for body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are test with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-chip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

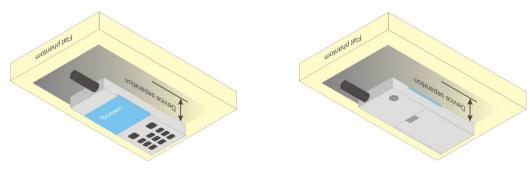


Fig 9.4 Body Worn Position

11.5 Wireless Router

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user through simultaneous transmission of WIFI simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06 v02r01 where SAR test considerations for handsets (L x W \ge 9 cm x 5 cm) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10mm from the front, back and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5cm of their edges, determined form general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and spatially summed with the WIFI transmitter according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 publication procedures. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated during SAR assessments, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.

12. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

<GSM Conducted Power>

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.

Report No.: FA832404

- 2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR test reduction for GSM / GPRS modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM1900 is considered as the primary mode.
- 3. Other configurations of GSM / GPRS are considered as secondary modes. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied, when the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is ≤ ¼ dB higher than the primary mode, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode

GSM1900	Burst Av	erage Pow	er (dBm)	Tune-up	Frame-Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up	
TX Channel	512	512 661 810 Limit		Limit	512	661	810	Limit	
Frequency (MHz)	1850.2	1880	1909.8	(dBm)	1850.2	1880	1909.8	(dBm)	
GSM 1 Tx slot	29.00	29.06	29.66	31.00	20.00	20.06	20.66	22.00	
GPRS 1 Tx slot	29.00	29.10	29.68	31.00	20.00	20.10	20.68	22.00	
GPRS 2 Tx slots	26.86	27.19	27.50	28.50	20.86	21.19	21.50	22.50	
GPRS 3 Tx slots	25.58	25.91	26.26	27.50	21.32	21.65	22.00	23.24	
GPRS 4 Tx slots	24.55	24.63	25.26	26.50	21.55	21.63	22.26	23.50	

<WCDMA Conducted Power>

- 1. The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification.
- 2. The procedures in KDB 941225 D01v03r01 are applied for 3GPP Rel. 6 HSPA to configure the device in the required sub-test mode(s) to determine SAR test exclusion.

Report No.: FA832404

A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

HSDPA Setup Configuration:

- The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
 - Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each
 - Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
 - Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
 - Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK)
 - vi. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
 - vii. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
 - viii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
 - ix. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
 - Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2 х.
 - Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.10.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

Sub-test	βε	βa	β _d (SF)	βс/βа	βнs (Note1, Note 2)	CM (dB) (Note 3)	MPR (dB) (Note 3)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	12/15 (Note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

- Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$. Note 1:
- For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Note 2: Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA, Δ ACK and Δ NACK = 30/15 with β_{hs} = 30/15 * β_c , and Δ CQI = 24/15 with $\beta_{hs} = 24/15 * \beta_c$.
- CM = 1 for β_o/β_d =12/15, β_{hs}/β_c =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HS-Note 3: DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.
- Note 4: For subtest 2 the β_o/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 11/15 and β_d = 15/15

Setup Configuration

FCC ID: APYHRO00262 Page 25 of 51

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.



FCC SAR Test Report

HSUPA Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting *:
 - i. Call Configs = 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
 - ii. Set the Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.3, quoted from the TS 34.121

Report No.: FA832404

- iii. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
- iv. Set Channel Type = 12.2k + HSPA
- v. Set UE Target Power
- vi. Power Ctrl Mode= Alternating bits
- vii. Set and observe the E-TFCI
- viii. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 75 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.11.1.3: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Sub- test	βα	βd	β₃ (SF)	β₀/βа	βнs (Note1)	Вес	β _{ed} (Note 4) (Note 5)	β _{ed} (SF)	β _{ed} (Codes)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2) (Note 6)	AG Index (Note 5)	E- TFCI
1	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/2 25	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β _{ed} 1: 47/15 β _{ed} 2: 47/15	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15	0	-	-	5/15	5/15	47/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	12	67

- Note 1: For sub-test 1 to 4, Δ_{NACK} , Δ_{NACK} and Δ_{CQI} = 30/15 with β_{hs} = 30/15 * β_c . For sub-test 5, Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and Δ_{CQI} = 5/15 with β_{hs} = 5/15 * β_c .
- Note 2: CM = 1 for β_c/β_d =12/15, β_{he}/β_c =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.
- Note 3: For subtest 1 the βc/βd ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to βc = 10/15 and βd = 15/15.
- Note 4: In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to TS25.306 Table 5.1g.
- Note 5: βed can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.
- Note 6: For subtests 2, 3 and 4, UE may perform E-DPDCH power scaling at max power which could results in slightly smaller MPR values.

Setup Configuration

FCC ID : APYHRO00262 Page 26 of 51 Form version. : 170509

< WCDMA Conducted Power>

General Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR testing is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".

Report No.: FA832404

2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. The maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA is ≤ ¼ dB higher than RMC 12.2kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA to RMC12.2kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA, and according to the following RF output power, the output power results of the secondary modes (HSUPA, HSDPA) are less than ¼ dB higher than the primary modes; therefore, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA.

	Band		WCDMA II				WCDMA IV		
TX	Channel	9262	9400	9538	Tune-up Limit	1312	1413	1513	Tune-up
Rx	Channel	9662	9800	9938	(dBm)	1537	1638	1738	Limit (dBm)
Frequ	iency (MHz)	1852.4	1880	1907.6	` ′	1712.4	1732.6	1752.6	` ′
3GPP Rel 99	AMR 12.2Kbps	22.48	22.37	22.27	23.50	22.96	22.66	22.48	23.50
3GPP Rel 99	RMC 12.2Kbps	22.63	22.47	22.31	23.50	22.97	22.67	22.50	23.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-1	21.14	21.05	20.83	22.50	21.97	21.66	21.55	23.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-2	21.14	21.02	20.89	22.50	21.99	21.71	21.66	23.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-3	21.12	21.10	20.81	22.00	21.49	21.22	21.15	22.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-4	21.12	21.00	20.79	22.00	21.49	21.22	21.16	22.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-1	20.90	20.97	20.67	21.50	22.00	21.46	21.22	22.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-2	20.55	20.35	20.48	21.50	20.96	20.58	20.66	21.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-3	20.21	20.20	20.10	21.50	21.00	20.64	20.23	21.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-4	20.86	20.79	20.43	21.50	20.89	20.36	21.00	21.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-5	21.42	21.40	21.33	21.50	22.00	21.70	21.70	22.00

<LTE Conducted Power>

General Note:

 Anritsu MT8820C base station simulator was used to setup the connection with EUT; the frequency band, channel bandwidth, RB allocation configuration, modulation type are set in the base station simulator to configure EUT transmitting at maximum power and at different configurations which are requested to be reported to FCC, for conducted power measurement and SAR testing.

Report No.: FA832404

- 2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a properly configured base station simulator is used for the SAR and power measurements, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration is not required.
- 3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
- 4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
- 5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
- 6. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM SAR testing is not required.
- 7. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, Smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
- 8. For LTE B4 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.

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FCC ID: APYHRO00262



<LTE Band 2>

<pre><lte 2="" band=""></lte></pre>											
D) A ([] A 1 -]	Maddata	00.0:	DD 0"	Power	Power	Power					
BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Low Ch. / Freq.	Middle Ch. / Freq.	High Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit	MPR			
	Cha	nnel		18700	18900	19100	(dBm)	(dB)			
	Frequen			1860	1880	1900	1				
20	QPSK	1	0	22.97	23.22	22.68					
20	QPSK	1	49	23.47	23.28	22.95	24	0			
20	QPSK	1	99	23.05	22.78	22.56	<u>-</u> .	Ü			
20	QPSK	50	0	22.33	22.24	22.08					
20	QPSK	50	24	22.44	22.32	22.13	1				
20	QPSK	50	50	22.33	22.18	21.85	23	1			
20	QPSK	100	0	22.40	22.34	21.96	1				
20	16QAM	1	0	21.74	21.93	21.26					
20	16QAM	1	49	21.96	21.87	21.61	23	1			
20	16QAM	1	99	21.95	21.28	21.00		·			
20	16QAM	50	0	21.35	21.49	21.18					
20	16QAM	50	24	21.35	21.46	21.15	1				
20	16QAM	50	50	21.35	21.29	21.05	22	2			
20	16QAM	100	0	21.41	21.35	21.07	1				
	Cha			18675	18900	19125	Tune-up limit	MPR			
	Frequen			1857.5	1880	1902.5	(dBm)	(dB)			
15	QPSK	1	0	23.41	23.20	22.93					
15	QPSK	1	37	23.18	23.08	23.16	24	0			
15	QPSK	1	74	23.25	22.99	22.60	1				
15	QPSK	36	0	22.41	22.25	21.99					
15	QPSK	36	20	22.27	22.24	22.06					
15	QPSK	36	39	22.29	22.19	21.74	23	1			
15	QPSK	75	0	22.34	22.26	21.90					
15	16QAM	1	0	22.12	22.00	21.72					
15	16QAM	1	37	22.67	22.26	21.61	23	1			
15	16QAM	1	74	21.79	22.19	21.29	1				
15	16QAM	36	0	21.34	21.35	20.98					
15	16QAM	36	20	21.24	21.26	21.06	1				
15	16QAM	36	39	21.23	21.31	20.87	22	2			
15	16QAM	75	0	21.46	21.37	20.90	1				
	Cha	nnel		18650	18900	19150	Tune-up limit	MPR			
	Frequen	cy (MHz)		1855	1880	1905	(dBm)	(dB)			
10	QPSK	1	0	23.11	22.91	22.73					
10	QPSK	1	25	22.96	23.07	23.07	24	0			
10	QPSK	1	49	23.36	22.81	22.58					
10	QPSK	25	0	22.51	22.20	22.06					
10	QPSK	25	12	22.16	22.17	22.00	22	4			
10	QPSK	25	25	22.32	22.15	21.81	23	1			
10	QPSK	50	0	22.37	22.18	21.86					
10	16QAM	1	0	22.18	21.61	21.69					
10	16QAM	1	25	22.10	22.46	21.58	23	1			
10	16QAM	1	49	21.96	21.83	21.37					
10	16QAM	25	0	21.41	21.11	20.88					
10	16QAM	25	12	21.29	21.20	21.02	33	2			
10	16QAM	25	25	21.30	21.27	20.73	22	2			
10	16QAM	50	0	21.40	21.30	20.88					

Report No.: FA832404

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 / FAX: 886-3-328-4978

Issued Date : Apr. 27, 2018 Form version. : 170509 FCC ID: APYHRO00262 Page 29 of 51



MPR	Tune-up limit	19175	18900	18625		nnel	Char	
(dB)	(dBm)	1907.5	1880	1852.5			Frequenc	
		22.49	23.05	23.13	0	1	QPSK	5
0	24	22.93	23.05	23.20	12	1	QPSK	5
		22.56	22.90	23.08	24	1	QPSK	5
		21.85	22.21	22.31	0	12	QPSK	5
		21.93	22.21	22.36	7	12	QPSK	5
1	23	21.95	22.20	22.13	13	12	QPSK	5
		21.88	22.16	22.40	0	25	QPSK	5
		21.95	21.90	21.76	0	1	16QAM	5
1	23	21.55	22.37	21.84	12	1	16QAM	5
		21.34	21.74	21.81	24	1	16QAM	5
		20.73	21.08	21.22	0	12	16QAM	5
2		20.76	21.04	21.24	7	12	16QAM	5
	22	20.77	21.04	21.19	13	12	16QAM	5
		20.81	21.34	21.44	0	25	16QAM	5
MPR	Tune-up limit	19185	18900	18615		nnel	Char	
(dB)	(dBm)	1908.5	1880	1851.5		y (MHz)	Frequenc	
		22.94	23.14	23.19	0	1	QPSK	3
0	24	22.69	23.11	23.13	8	1	QPSK	3
		22.68	22.67	23.15	14	1	QPSK	3
		21.83	22.19	22.38	0	8	QPSK	3
		21.92	22.22	22.37	4	8	QPSK	3
1	23	22.02	22.24	22.37	7	8	QPSK	3
		21.78	22.17	22.26	0	15	QPSK	3
		21.98	22.09	21.88	0	1	16QAM	3
1	23	21.48	22.31	22.16	8	1	16QAM	3
		21.47	22.01	22.02	14	1	16QAM	3
		21.00	21.27	21.28	0	8	16QAM	3
		20.97	21.09	21.37	4	8	16QAM	3
2	22	20.79	21.39	21.37	7	8	16QAM	3
		21.04	21.29	21.38	0	15	16QAM	3
MPR	Tune-up limit	19193	18900	18607		nel	Char	
(dB)	(dBm)	1909.3	1880	1850.7		y (MHz)	Frequenc	
		22.87	23.24	23.40	0	1	QPSK	1.4
		22.85	23.27	23.41	3	1	QPSK	1.4
•		22.61	23.01	23.42	5	1	QPSK	1.4
0	24	22.93	23.25	23.41	0	3	QPSK	1.4
		23.01	23.40	23.40	1	3	QPSK	1.4
		22.99	23.25	23.38	3	3	QPSK	1.4
1	23	21.83	22.21	22.42	0	6	QPSK	1.4
		21.50	21.93	21.84	0	1	16QAM	1.4
		21.97	22.04	22.05	3	1	16QAM	1.4
		21.99	21.92	21.89	5	1	16QAM	1.4
1	23	21.76	21.80	22.27	0	3	16QAM	1.4
		22.06	22.12	22.33	1	3	16QAM	1.4
		21.79	21.99	22.30	3	3	16QAM	1.4
2	22	20.73	21.08	21.31	0	6	16QAM	1.4

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 / FAX: 886-3-328-4978

Issued Date : Apr. 27, 2018 Form version. : 170509 FCC ID: APYHRO00262 Page 30 of 51



<LTE Band 4>

500000000		55.61	DD 0" .	Power	Power	Power		
BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Low Ch. / Freq.	Middle Ch. / Freq.	High Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit	MPR
	Cha	nnel		20050	20175	20300	(dBm)	(dB)
	Frequen			1720	1732.5	1745	-	
20	QPSK	1	0	22.73	23.56	23.36		
20	QPSK	1	49	23.89	23.91	23.52	24	0
20	QPSK	1	99	23.33	22.97	22.78		O
20	QPSK	50	0	22.57	22.70	22.75		
20	QPSK	50	24	22.51	22.60	22.32	_	
20	QPSK	50	50	22.57	22.48	22.28	23	1
20	QPSK	100	0	22.59	22.50	22.44	_	
20	16QAM	1	0	22.05	22.37	22.46		
20	16QAM	1	49	22.32	22.19	22.42	23	1
20	16QAM	1	99	22.06	21.97	21.82	- 25	'
20	16QAM	50	0	21.55	21.72	21.52		
20	16QAM	50	24	21.55	21.72	21.52		
20	16QAM	50	50	21.55	21.55	21.26	22	2
20	16QAM	100	0	21.51	21.55	21.22	_	
20	Cha		U			20325	-	MDD
				20025	20175		Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
15	Frequen	Cy (IVI⊓2) 1	0	1717.5	1732.5	1747.5	(UDIII)	(UD)
	QPSK			22.86	23.32	23.36	- 04	0
15	QPSK	1	37	23.87	23.42	23.44	24	0
15	QPSK	1	74	23.21	23.01	22.89		
15	QPSK	36	0	22.65	22.63	22.41	_	
15	QPSK	36	20	22.46	22.46	22.31	23	. 1
15	QPSK	36	39	22.36	22.43	22.14		
15	QPSK	75	0	22.44	22.53	22.30		
15	16QAM	1	0	22.17	22.20	22.34		
15	16QAM	1	37	22.18	21.98	21.75	23	1
15	16QAM	1	74	22.05	21.81	21.68		
15	16QAM	36	0	21.58	21.46	21.36	_	
15	16QAM	36	20	21.56	21.42	21.21	22	2
15	16QAM	36	39	21.40	21.34	21.15	_	
15	16QAM	75	0	21.47	21.42	21.45		
	Cha -			20000	20175	20350	Tune-up limit	MPR
	Frequen			1715	1732.5	1750	(dBm)	(dB)
10	QPSK	1	0	22.88	23.32	22.95	I	•
10	QPSK	1	25	23.86	23.56	23.20	24	0
10	QPSK	1	49	23.16	23.04	23.10		
10	QPSK	25	0	22.63	22.54	22.30		
10	QPSK	25	12	22.55	22.40	22.20	23	1
10	QPSK	25	25	22.47	22.40	22.15	_	
10	QPSK	50	0	22.60	22.45	22.17		
10	16QAM	1	0	21.74	22.11	22.04		
10	16QAM	1	25	22.16	22.58	22.03	23	1
10	16QAM	1	49	21.88	21.78	21.95		
10	16QAM	25	0	21.53	21.59	21.35		
10	16QAM	25	12	21.70	21.38	21.24	- 22	2
10	16QAM	25	25	21.59	21.40	21.18		_
10	16QAM	50	0	21.60	21.44	21.21		

Report No.: FA832404

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 / FAX: 886-3-328-4978

Issued Date : Apr. 27, 2018 Form version. : 170509 FCC ID: APYHRO00262 Page 31 of 51



MPR	Tune-up limit	20375	20175	19975		nnel	Char	
(dB)	(dBm)	1752.5	1732.5	1712.5			Frequenc	
		23.05	23.19	23.40	0	1	QPSK	5
0	24	23.16	23.47	23.42	12	1	QPSK	5
		23.09	23.16	22.96	24	1	QPSK	5
		22.21	22.53	22.41	0	12	QPSK	5
		22.26	22.41	22.53	7	12	QPSK	5
1	23	22.23	22.41	22.50	13	12	QPSK	5
		22.13	22.48	22.59	0	25	QPSK	5
		21.52	21.90	22.45	0	1	16QAM	5
1	23	21.73	21.97	22.38	12	<u>·</u> 1	16QAM	5
·		21.57	21.68	22.08	24	1	16QAM	5
		21.26	21.32	21.17	0	 12	16QAM	5
2 MPR		21.31	21.59	21.26	7	12	16QAM	5
	22	21.27	21.48	21.22	13	12	16QAM	5
		21.22	21.44	21.33	0	25	16QAM	5
	Tune-up limit	20385	20175	19965	0		Char	
(dB)	(dBm)	1753.5	1732.5	1711.5			Frequenc	
()	(* /	23.01	23.27	23.39	0	1	QPSK	3
0	24	22.88	23.13	23.37	8	<u> </u>	QPSK	3
		22.96	23.31	23.29	14	<u>·</u> 1	QPSK	3
		22.22	22.48	22.50	0	8	QPSK	3
		22.07	22.50	22.43	4	8	QPSK	3
1	23	22.07	22.44	22.43	7	8	QPSK	3
		22.07	22.44	22.47	0	15	QPSK	3
		21.79	22.54	22.12	0	1	16QAM	3
1	23	21.68	22.22	22.12	8	1	16QAM	3
•	25	21.82	22.25	22.40	14	1	16QAM	3
		21.12	21.53	21.17	0	8	16QAM	3
		21.12	21.52	21.17	4	 8	16QAM	3
2	22	21.18	21.52	21.51	7	o 8	16QAM	3
		21.10		21.41	0			3
MDD	- 2 2	20393	21.50 20175	19957	U	15	16QAM Char	<u>ა</u>
MPR (dB)	Tune-up limit (dBm)	1754.3	1732.5	1710.7			Frequenc	
(ub)	(dBIII)	23.08	23.37	23.40	0	y (wi⊓z <i>)</i> 1	QPSK	1.4
		23.14	23.48	23.40	3	1	QPSK	1.4
0	24	23.09	23.23	23.41	5 0	<u> </u>	QPSK	1.4
		23.10	23.46	23.54			QPSK	
		23.19	23.51	23.58	1	3	QPSK	1.4
4	00	23.21	23.38	23.57	3	3	QPSK	1.4
1	23	22.17	22.41	22.46	0	6	QPSK	1.4
		21.66	21.94	21.97	0	1	16QAM	1.4
	23	22.45	22.72	22.12	3	1	16QAM	1.4
1		22.38	22.54	21.99	5	1	16QAM	1.4
		22.03	22.47	22.34	0	3	16QAM	1.4
		22.05	22.59	22.14	1	3	16QAM	1.4
		22.11	22.39	22.30	3	3	16QAM	1.4
2	22	21.11	21.27	21.25	0	6	16QAM	1.4

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 / FAX: 886-3-328-4978

Issued Date : Apr. 27, 2018 Form version. : 170509 FCC ID: APYHRO00262 Page 32 of 51

<WLAN Conducted Power>

General Note:

1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, SAR test reduction is determined according to 802.11 transmission mode configurations and certain exposure conditions with multiple test positions. In the 2.4 GHz band, separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations to simplify DSSS test requirements. For OFDM, in both 2.4 and 5 GHz bands, an initial test configuration must be determined for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, according to the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units to perform SAR measurements. If the same highest maximum output power applies to different combinations of channel bandwidths, modulations and data rates, additional procedures are applied to determine which test configurations require SAR measurement. When applicable, an initial test position may be applied to reduce the number of SAR measurements required for next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet or hotspot mode configurations with multiple test positions.

Report No.: FA832404

- 2. For 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS, either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test positions or the DSSS procedure for fixed exposure position is applied; these are mutually exclusive. For 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM configurations, the initial test configuration is applied to measure SAR using either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test position configurations or the initial test configuration procedures for fixed exposure test conditions. Based on the reported SAR of the measured configurations and maximum output power of the transmission mode configurations that are not included in the initial test configuration, the subsequent test configuration and initial test position procedures are applied to determine if SAR measurements are required for the remaining OFDM transmission configurations. In general, the number of test channels that require SAR measurement is minimized based on maximum output power measured for the test sample(s).
- 3. For OFDM transmission configurations in the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, When the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel for each frequency band.
- 4. DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures. SAR is measured in the initial test position using the 802.11 transmission mode configuration required by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s) according to the OFDM procedures.18 The initial test position procedure is described in the following:
 - a. When the reported SAR of the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other test positions in that exposure configuration and 802.11 transmission mode combinations within the frequency band or aggregated band.
 - b. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
 - c. For all positions/configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.

<2.4GHz WLAN>

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %	
		1	2412	16.65	17.00		
	802.11b 1Mbps	6	2437	16.72	17.00	100.00	
2.4GHz WLAN		11	2462	16.68	17.00		
2.4GHZ WLAIN	802.11g 6Mbps	1	2412	14.60	15.00	86.59	
		6	2437	14.62	15.00		
		11	2462	14.78	15.00		
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	1	2412	12.64	13.00	86.18	
		6	2437	12.65	13.00		
		11	2462	12.77	13.00		

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 / FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Apr. 27, 2018

FCC ID : APYHRO00262 Page 33 of 51 Form version. : 170509

13. Bluetooth Exclusions Applied

	Mode Band	Max Average power(dBm)				
		BR/EDR	LE			
ſ	2.4GHz Bluetooth	9.5	3.0			

Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at *test separation distances* ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR

Report No.: FA832404

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Bluetooth Max Power (dBm)	Separation Distance (mm)	Frequency (GHz)	exclusion thresholds		
9.5	< 5	2.48	2.81		

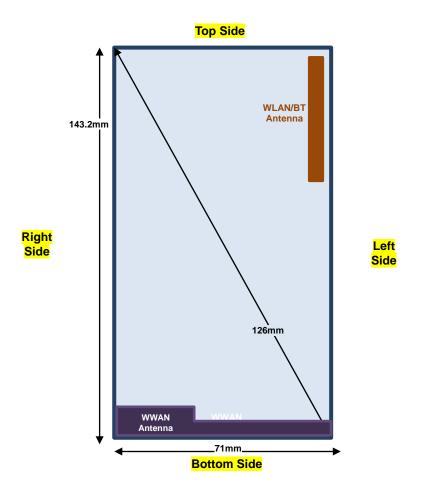
Note:

Per KDB 447498 D01v06, when the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion. The test exclusion threshold is 2.81 which is <= 3, SAR testing is not required.

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14. Antenna Location

<Mobile Phone>



Report No.: FA832404

Rear View

Distance of the Antenna to the EUT surface/edge									
Antennas Back Front Top Side Bottom Side Right Side Left Sid									
WWAN	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	>25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm			
BT&WLAN	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	>25mm	>25mm	≤ 25mm			

Positions for SAR tests; Hotspot mode								
Antennas Back Front Top Side Bottom Side Right Side Left Side								
WWAN	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes		
BT&WLAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes		

General Note:

Referring to KDB 941225 D06 v02r01, when the overall device length and width are ≥ 9cm*5cm, the test distance is 10 mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 / FAX: 886-3-328-4978

Issued Date: Apr. 27, 2018 FCC ID: APYHRO00262 Form version. : 170509 Page 35 of 51

15. SAR Test Results

General Note:

- 1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
 - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.

Report No.: FA832404

- b. For SAR testing of WLAN signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle)"
- c. For WWAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)*Tune-up Scaling Factor
- d. For WLAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)* Duty Cycle scaling factor * Tune-up scaling factor
- 2. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
 - ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
 - ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
 - ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
- Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured
- 4. Pre KDB648474 D04v01r03, when the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.

GSM Note:

- 1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR test reduction for GSM / GPRS modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM1900 is considered as the primary mode.
- Other configurations of GSM / GPRS are considered as secondary modes. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied, when the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary mode, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

UMTS Note:

- 1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR testing is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".
- 2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. The maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA is ≤ ¼ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA, and according to the following RF output power, the output power results of the secondary modes (HSUPA, HSDPA) are less than 1/4 dB higher than the primary modes; therefore, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA /.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC. TEL: 886-3-327-3456 / FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Apr. 27, 2018 Form version. : 170509 Page 36 of 51

FCC ID: APYHRO00262



LTE Note:

 Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.

Report No.: FA832404

- Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
- 3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
- 4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM SAR testing is not required.
- 5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, Smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
- For LTE B4 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.

WLAN Note:

- 1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, for 2.4GHz 802.11g/n SAR testing is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
- 2. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, U-NII-1 SAR testing is not required when the U-NII-2A band highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band.
- 3. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
- 4. For all positions / configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions / configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.
- 5. During SAR testing the WLAN transmission was verified using a spectrum analyzer.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.TEL: 886-3-327-3456 / FAX: 886-3-328-4978



15.1 Head SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Right Cheek	0mm	810	1909.8	25.26	26.50	1.330	0	0.324	0.431
	GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Right Tilted	0mm	810	1909.8	25.26	26.50	1.330	0.03	0.112	0.149
01	GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Left Cheek	0mm	810	1909.8	25.26	26.50	1.330	0.06	0.458	0.609
	GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Left Tilted	0mm	810	1909.8	25.26	26.50	1.330	0.08	0.103	0.137

Report No. : FA832404

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	0mm	9262	1852.4	22.63	23.50	1.222	0.12	0.622	0.760
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	0mm	9262	1852.4	22.63	23.50	1.222	-0.04	0.229	0.280
02	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	0mm	9262	1852.4	22.63	23.50	1.222	0.02	0.695	0.849
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	0mm	9400	1880	22.47	23.50	1.268	0.09	0.661	0.838
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	0mm	9538	1907.6	22.31	23.50	1.315	0.04	0.619	0.814
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	0mm	9262	1852.4	22.63	23.50	1.222	0	0.201	0.246
03	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	0mm	1312	1712.4	22.97	23.50	1.130	0.12	0.549	0.620
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	0mm	1312	1712.4	22.97	23.50	1.130	-0.01	0.174	0.197
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	0mm	1312	1712.4	22.97	23.50	1.130	0.05	0.461	0.521
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	0mm	1312	1712.4	22.97	23.50	1.130	0.08	0.157	0.177

<LTE SAR>

									_	Average	Tune-Up	Tune-up	Power	Measured	Reported
Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Drift (dB)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Cheek	0mm	18700	1860	23.47	24.00	1.130	0.12	0.727	0.821
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Cheek	0mm	18900	1880	23.28	24.00	1.180	0.02	0.713	0.842
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Cheek	0mm	19100	1900	22.95	24.00	1.274	0.08	0.625	0.796
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	24	Right Cheek	0mm	18700	1860	22.44	23.00	1.138	0.08	0.610	0.694
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	100	0	Right Cheek	0mm	18700	1860	22.40	23.00	1.148	0.01	0.561	0.644
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Tilted	0mm	18700	1860	23.47	24.00	1.130	-0.01	0.243	0.275
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	24	Right Tilted	0mm	18700	1860	22.44	23.00	1.138	0.06	0.197	0.224
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Cheek	0mm	18700	1860	23.47	24.00	1.130	-0.01	0.845	0.955
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Cheek	0mm	18900	1880	23.28	24.00	1.180	-0.14	0.830	0.980
04	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Cheek	0mm	19100	1900	22.95	24.00	1.274	0.1	0.807	1.028
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	24	Left Cheek	0mm	18700	1860	22.44	23.00	1.138	0.05	0.708	0.805
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	24	Left Cheek	0mm	18900	1880	22.32	23.00	1.169	0.18	0.683	0.799
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	24	Left Cheek	0mm	19100	1900	22.13	23.00	1.222	0.11	0.614	0.750
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	100	0	Left Cheek	0mm	18700	1860	22.40	23.00	1.148	0.08	0.727	0.835
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Tilted	0mm	18700	1860	23.47	24.00	1.130	-0.17	0.181	0.204
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	24	Left Tilted	0mm	18700	1860	22.44	23.00	1.138	-0.1	0.136	0.155
05	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Cheek	0mm	20175	1732.5	23.91	24.00	1.021	0	0.555	0.567
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Cheek	0mm	20175	1732.5	22.70	23.00	1.072	0.1	0.326	0.349
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Tilted	0mm	20175	1732.5	23.91	24.00	1.021	0.12	0.156	0.159
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Tilted	0mm	20175	1732.5	22.70	23.00	1.072	0.05	0.118	0.126
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Cheek	0mm	20175	1732.5	23.91	24.00	1.021	0.04	0.453	0.462
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Cheek	0mm	20175	1732.5	22.70	23.00	1.072	0.08	0.368	0.394
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Tilted	0mm	20175	1732.5	23.91	24.00	1.021	-0.12	0.138	0.141
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Tilted	0mm	20175	1732.5	22.70	23.00	1.072	0.03	0.108	0.116

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 / FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date : Apr. 27, 2018

Form version. : 170509 FCC ID: APYHRO00262 Page 38 of 51



<WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Cycle	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Drift	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
06	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Cheek	0mm	6	2437	16.72	17.00	1.067	100	1.000	-0.07	0.710	0.757
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Tilted	0mm	6	2437	16.72	17.00	1.067	100	1.000	0.06	0.304	0.324
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Cheek	0mm	6	2437	16.72	17.00	1.067	100	1.000	-0.07	0.197	0.210
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Tilted	0mm	6	2437	16.72	17.00	1.067	100	1.000	0.09	0.132	0.141

Report No. : FA832404

15.2 Hotspot SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Front	10mm	810	1909.8	25.26	26.50	1.330	-0.05	0.661	0.879
07	GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Front	10mm	512	1850.2	24.55	26.50	1.567	0.05	0.885	1.387
	GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Front	10mm	661	1880	24.63	26.50	1.538	0.05	0.821	1.263
	GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Back	10mm	810	1909.8	25.26	26.50	1.330	0.04	0.620	0.825
	GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Back	10mm	512	1850.2	24.55	26.50	1.567	0.03	0.862	1.351
	GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Back	10mm	661	1880	24.63	26.50	1.538	-0.03	0.814	1.252
	GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Left Side	10mm	810	1909.8	25.26	26.50	1.330	0.06	0.200	0.266
	GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Right Side	10mm	810	1909.8	25.26	26.50	1.330	0.14	0.382	0.508
	GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	10mm	810	1909.8	25.26	26.50	1.330	-0.04	0.182	0.242

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
08	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10mm	9262	1852.4	22.63	23.50	1.222	0.08	1.140	1.393
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10mm	9400	1880	22.47	23.50	1.268	-0.04	1.080	1.369
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10mm	9538	1907.6	22.31	23.50	1.315	0	0.970	1.276
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10mm	9262	1852.4	22.63	23.50	1.222	-0.03	1.120	1.368
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10mm	9400	1880	22.47	23.50	1.268	-0.02	0.995	1.261
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10mm	9538	1907.6	22.31	23.50	1.315	-0.03	0.867	1.140
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	10mm	9262	1852.4	22.63	23.50	1.222	0.06	0.371	0.453
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Side	10mm	9262	1852.4	22.63	23.50	1.222	0.02	0.694	0.848
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Side	10mm	9400	1880	22.47	23.50	1.268	0.03	0.634	0.804
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Side	10mm	9538	1907.6	22.31	23.50	1.315	0.03	0.539	0.709
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	10mm	9262	1852.4	22.63	23.50	1.222	-0.1	0.316	0.386
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10mm	1312	1712.4	22.97	23.50	1.130	0.07	0.954	1.078
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10mm	1413	1732.6	22.67	23.50	1.211	0	0.982	1.189
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10mm	1513	1752.6	22.50	23.50	1.259	0.1	1.070	1.347
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10mm	1312	1712.4	22.97	23.50	1.130	0.05	0.988	1.116
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10mm	1413	1732.6	22.67	23.50	1.211	0.11	1.040	1.259
09	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10mm	1513	1752.6	22.50	23.50	1.259	-0.02	1.110	1.397
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	10mm	1312	1712.4	22.97	23.50	1.130	0	0.193	0.218
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Side	10mm	1312	1712.4	22.97	23.50	1.130	0.04	0.453	0.512
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	10mm	1312	1712.4	22.97	23.50	1.130	0.03	0.470	0.531

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 / FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Apr. 27, 2018

FCC ID : APYHRO00262 Page 39 of 51 Form version. : 170509



<LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Front	10mm	18700	1860	23.47	24.00	1.130	0.1	1.210	1.367
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Front	10mm	18900	1880	23.28	24.00	1.180	0.07	1.130	1.334
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Front	10mm	19100	1900	22.95	24.00	1.274	-0.11	1.030	1.312
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	24	Front	10mm	18700	1860	22.44	23.00	1.138	0.11	0.937	1.066
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	24	Front	10mm	18900	1880	22.32	23.00	1.169	-0.02	0.877	1.026
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	24	Front	10mm	19100	1900	22.13	23.00	1.222	0.11	0.803	0.981
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	100	0	Front	10mm	18700	1860	22.40	23.00	1.148	0.08	1.080	1.240
10	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	10mm	18700	1860	23.47	24.00	1.130	-0.13	1.220	1.378
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	10mm	18900	1880	23.28	24.00	1.180	-0.06	1.160	1.369
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	10mm	19100	1900	22.95	24.00	1.274	-0.15	1.000	1.274
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	24	Back	10mm	18700	1860	22.44	23.00	1.138	0	1.040	1.183
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	24	Back	10mm	18900	1880	22.32	23.00	1.169	-0.06	0.952	1.113
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	24	Back	10mm	19100	1900	22.13	23.00	1.222	-0.07	0.814	0.995
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	100	0	Back	10mm	18700	1860	22.40	23.00	1.148	-0.02	1.060	1.217
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Side	10mm	18700	1860	23.47	24.00	1.130	0.18	0.392	0.443
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	24	Left Side	10mm	18700	1860	22.44	23.00	1.138	-0.06	0.302	0.344
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Side	10mm	18700	1860	23.47	24.00	1.130	0	0.667	0.754
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	24	Right Side	10mm	18700	1860	22.44	23.00	1.138	-0.04	0.521	0.593
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Bottom Side	10mm	18700	1860	23.47	24.00	1.130	0.01	0.348	0.393
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	24	Bottom Side	10mm	18700	1860	22.44	23.00	1.138	-0.01	0.276	0.314
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	49	Front	10mm	20175	1732.5	23.91	24.00	1.021	-0.12	1.040	1.062
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	10mm	20175	1732.5	22.70	23.00	1.072	0.05	0.880	0.943
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	100	0	Front	10mm	20175	1732.5	22.50	23.00	1.122	-0.05	0.801	0.899
11	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	10mm	20175	1732.5	23.91	24.00	1.021	0.01	1.050	1.072
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	10mm	20175	1732.5	22.70	23.00	1.072	-0.08	0.877	0.940
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	100	0	Back	10mm	20175	1732.5	22.50	23.00	1.122	-0.09	0.844	0.947
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Side	10mm	20175	1732.5	23.91	24.00	1.021	-0.02	0.173	0.177
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Side	10mm	20175	1732.5	22.70	23.00	1.072	-0.02	0.154	0.165
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Side	10mm	20175	1732.5	23.91	24.00	1.021	0.18	0.509	0.520
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Side	10mm	20175	1732.5	22.70	23.00	1.072	0	0.384	0.411
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	49	Bottom Side	10mm	20175	1732.5	23.91	24.00	1.021	-0.09	0.449	0.458
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	10mm	20175	1732.5	22.70	23.00	1.072	-0.01	0.364	0.390

Report No.: FA832404

<WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor		Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Front	10mm	6	2437	16.72	17.00	1.067	100	1.000	-0.12	0.167	0.178
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	10mm	6	2437	16.72	17.00	1.067	100	1.000	0.03	0.398	0.425
12	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Side	10mm	6	2437	16.72	17.00	1.067	100	1.000	0.01	0.493	0.526
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Top Side	10mm	6	2437	16.72	17.00	1.067	100	1.000	0.05	0.026	0.028

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 / FAX: 886-3-328-4978

Issued Date : Apr. 27, 2018 Form version. : 170509 FCC ID: APYHRO00262 Page 40 of 51



15.3 Body Worn Accessory SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Headset	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Front	10mm	-	810	1909.8	25.26	26.50	1.330	-0.05	0.661	0.879
13	GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Front	10mm	1	512	1850.2	24.55	26.50	1.567	0.05	0.885	1.387
	GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Front	10mm	-	661	1880	24.63	26.50	1.538	0.05	0.821	1.263
	GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Front	10mm	Headset	512	1850.2	24.55	26.50	1.567	0.01	0.791	1.239
	GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Back	10mm	1	810	1909.8	25.26	26.50	1.330	0.04	0.620	0.825
	GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Back	10mm	-	512	1850.2	24.55	26.50	1.567	0.03	0.862	1.351
	GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Back	10mm	1	661	1880	24.63	26.50	1.538	-0.03	0.814	1.252
	GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Back	10mm	Headset	512	1850.2	24.55	26.50	1.567	-0.06	0.741	1.161

Report No. : FA832404

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Headset	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
14	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10mm	-	9262	1852.4	22.63	23.50	1.222	0.08	1.140	1.393
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10mm	-	9400	1880	22.47	23.50	1.268	-0.04	1.080	1.369
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10mm	-	9538	1907.6	22.31	23.50	1.315	0	0.970	1.276
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10mm	Headset	9262	1852.4	22.63	23.50	1.222	-0.02	1.060	1.295
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10mm	-	9262	1852.4	22.63	23.50	1.222	-0.03	1.120	1.368
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10mm	-	9400	1880	22.47	23.50	1.268	-0.02	0.995	1.261
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10mm	-	9538	1907.6	22.31	23.50	1.315	-0.03	0.867	1.140
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10mm	Headset	9262	1852.4	22.63	23.50	1.222	0.05	0.905	1.106
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10mm	-	1312	1712.4	22.97	23.50	1.130	0.07	0.954	1.078
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10mm	-	1413	1732.6	22.67	23.50	1.211	0	0.982	1.189
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10mm	-	1513	1752.6	22.50	23.50	1.259	0.1	1.070	1.347
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10mm	Headset	1513	1752.6	22.50	23.50	1.259	0	0.882	1.110
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10mm	-	1312	1712.4	22.97	23.50	1.130	0.05	0.988	1.116
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10mm	-	1413	1732.6	22.67	23.50	1.211	0.11	1.040	1.259
15	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10mm	-	1513	1752.6	22.50	23.50	1.259	-0.02	1.110	1.397
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10mm	Headset	1513	1752.6	22.50	23.50	1.259	-0.05	0.902	1.136

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 / FAX: 886-3-328-4978

Issued Date : Apr. 27, 2018 Form version. : 170509 FCC ID: APYHRO00262 Page 41 of 51



<LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Headset	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Front	10mm	-	18700	1860	23.47	24.00	1.130	0.1	1.210	1.367
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Front	10mm	ı	18900	1880	23.28	24.00	1.180	0.07	1.130	1.334
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Front	10mm	-	19100	1900	22.95	24.00	1.274	-0.11	1.030	1.312
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	24	Front	10mm	-	18700	1860	22.44	23.00	1.138	0.11	0.937	1.066
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	24	Front	10mm	•	18900	1880	22.32	23.00	1.169	-0.02	0.877	1.026
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	24	Front	10mm	1	19100	1900	22.13	23.00	1.222	0.11	0.803	0.981
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	100	0	Front	10mm	-	18700	1860	22.40	23.00	1.148	0.08	1.080	1.240
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Front	10mm	Headset	18700	1860	23.47	24.00	1.130	-0.05	1.030	1.164
16	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	10mm	-	18700	1860	23.47	24.00	1.130	-0.13	1.220	1.378
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	10mm	-	18900	1880	23.28	24.00	1.180	-0.06	1.160	1.369
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	10mm	-	19100	1900	22.95	24.00	1.274	-0.15	1.000	1.274
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	24	Back	10mm	1	18700	1860	22.44	23.00	1.138	0	1.040	1.183
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	24	Back	10mm	-	18900	1880	22.32	23.00	1.169	-0.06	0.952	1.113
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	24	Back	10mm	1	19100	1900	22.13	23.00	1.222	-0.07	0.814	0.995
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	100	0	Back	10mm	-	18700	1860	22.40	23.00	1.148	-0.02	1.060	1.217
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	10mm	Headset	18700	1860	23.47	24.00	1.130	-0.04	0.934	1.055
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	49	Front	10mm	-	20175	1732.5	23.91	24.00	1.021	-0.12	1.040	1.062
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	10mm	-	20175	1732.5	22.70	23.00	1.072	0.05	0.880	0.943
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	100	0	Front	10mm	1	20175	1732.5	22.50	23.00	1.122	-0.05	0.801	0.899
17	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	10mm	-	20175	1732.5	23.91	24.00	1.021	0.01	1.050	1.072
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	10mm	-	20175	1732.5	22.70	23.00	1.072	-0.08	0.877	0.940
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	100	0	Back	10mm	-	20175	1732.5	22.50	23.00	1.122	-0.09	0.844	0.947

Report No.: FA832404

<WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Headset	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Power	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Front	10mm	-	6	2437	16.72	17.00	1.067	100	1.000	-0.12	0.167	0.178
18	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	10mm	-	6	2437	16.72	17.00	1.067	100	1.000	0.03	0.398	0.425



15.4 Repeated SAR Measurement

No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor		Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Ratio	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
1st	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10mm	1513	1752.6	22.50	23.50	1.259	-0.02	1.110		1.397
2nd	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10mm	1513	1752.6	22.50	23.50	1.259	0.11	1.060	1.05	1.334
1st	LTE Band 2	20M_QPSK_1_49	Back	10mm	18700	1860	23.47	24.00	1.130	-0.13	1.220		1.378
2nd	LTE Band 2	20M_QPSK_1_49	Back	10mm	18700	1860	23.47	24.00	1.130	-0.19	1.210	1.01	1.367

Report No.: FA832404

General Note:

- 1. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/kg.
- 2. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, if the ratio among the repeated measurement is ≤ 1.2 and the measured SAR <1.45W/kg, only one repeated measurement is required.
- 3. The ratio is the difference in percentage between original and repeated measured SAR.
- 4. All measurement SAR result is scaled-up to account for tune-up tolerance and is compliant.

16. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

NO.	Simultanasua Transmissian Cantinuvatiana		Portable Handset						
NO.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Head	Body-worn	Hotspot					
1.	GSM Voice + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes						
2.	GPRS + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes					
3.	WCDMA + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes					
4.	LTE + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes					
5.	GSM Voice + Bluetooth	Yes	Yes						
6.	GPRS + Bluetooth	Yes	Yes	Yes					
7.	WCDMA+ Bluetooth	Yes	Yes	Yes					
8.	LTE + Bluetooth	Yes	Yes	Yes					

Report No.: FA832404

General Note:

- 1. WLAN and Bluetooth share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
- 2. All licensed modes share the same antenna part and cannot transmit simultaneously.
- The Scaled SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
- 4. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
 - i) Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg.
 - ii) SPLSR = (SAR1 + SAR2)^1.5 / (min. separation distance, mm), and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of [(x1-x2)2 + (y1-y2)2 + (z1-z2)2], where (x1, y1, z1) and (x2, y2, z2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.
 - iii) If SPLSR ≤ 0.04, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
 - iv) Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band SAR < 1.6W/kg.
 - v) The SPLSR calculated results please refer to section 16.4.
- For simultaneous transmission analysis, Bluetooth SAR is estimated per KDB 447498 D01v06 based on the formula below.
 - i) (max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]· $[\sqrt{f(GHz)/x}]$ W/kg for test separation distances \leq 50 mm; where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.
 - ii) When the minimum separation distance is < 5mm, the distance is used 5mm to determine SAR test exclusion.
 - iii) 0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0 W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distances is > 50 mm.

Bluetooth	Exposure Position	Head	Hotspot	Body worn
Max Power	Test separation	0 mm	10 mm	10 mm
9.5dBm	Estimated SAR (W/kg)	0.374 W/kg	0.187 W/kg	0.187 W/kg

FCC ID : APYHRO00262 Page 44 of 51 Form version. : 170509



16.1 Head Exposure Conditions

			1	2	3				
WWAI	N Band	Exposure Position	WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	Bluetooth	1+2 Summed	1+3 Summed	SPLSR	Case No
			1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	Estimated 1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)		
		Right Cheek	0.431	0.757	0.374	1.19	0.81		
GSM	GSM1900	Right Tilted	0.149	0.324	0.374	0.47	0.52		
GSIVI	G3W1900	Left Cheek	0.609	0.210	0.374	0.82	0.98		
		Left Tilted	0.137	0.141	0.374	0.28	0.51		
		Right Cheek	0.760	0.757	0.374	1.52	1.13		
	WCDMA II	Right Tilted	0.280	0.324	0.374	0.60	0.65		
		Left Cheek	0.849	0.210	0.374	1.06	1.22		
WCDMA		Left Tilted	0.246	0.141	0.374	0.39	0.62		
WCDIVIA	WCDMA IV	Right Cheek	0.620	0.757	0.374	1.38	0.99		
		Right Tilted	0.197	0.324	0.374	0.52	0.57		
		Left Cheek	0.521	0.210	0.374	0.73	0.90		
		Left Tilted	0.177	0.141	0.374	0.32	0.55		
		Right Cheek	0.842	0.757	0.374	1.60	1.22	0.02	Case 1
	LTE Band 2	Right Tilted	0.275	0.324	0.374	0.60	0.65		
	LIE Band 2	Left Cheek	1.028	0.210	0.374	1.24	1.40		
LTE		Left Tilted	0.204	0.141	0.374	0.35	0.58		
LIE		Right Cheek	0.567	0.757	0.374	1.32	0.94		
	LTE Band 4	Right Tilted	0.159	0.324	0.374	0.48	0.53		
	LIE Band 4	Left Cheek	0.462	0.210	0.374	0.67	0.84		
		Left Tilted	0.141	0.141	0.374	0.28	0.52		

Report No.: FA832404

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 / FAX: 886-3-328-4978

Issued Date : Apr. 27, 2018 Form version. : 170509 FCC ID: APYHRO00262 Page 45 of 51



16.2 Hotspot Exposure Conditions

			1	2	3				
WWA	N Band	Exposure Position	WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	Bluetooth	1+2 Summed	1+3 Summed	SPLSR	Case No
			1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	Estimated 1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)		
		Front	1.387	0.178	0.187	1.57	1.57		
		Back	1.351	0.425	0.187	1.78	1.54	0.02	Case 2
GSM	GSM1900	Left side	0.266	0.526	0.187	0.79	0.45		
COIVI	CONTINU	Right side	0.508			0.51	0.51		
		Top side		0.028	0.187	0.03	0.19		
		Bottom side	0.242			0.24	0.24		
		Front	1.393	0.178	0.187	1.57	1.58		
		Back	1.368	0.425	0.187	1.79	1.56	0.02	Case 3
	WCDMA II	Left side	0.453	0.526	0.187	0.98	0.64		
	WCDIMATI	Right side	0.848			0.85	0.85		
		Top side		0.028	0.187	0.03	0.19		
WCDMA		Bottom side	0.386			0.39	0.39		
WODIVIA		Front	1.347	0.178	0.187	1.53	1.53		
		Back	1.397	0.425	0.187	1.82	1.58	0.02	Case 4
	WCDMA IV	Left side	0.218	0.526	0.187	0.74	0.41		
		Right side	0.512			0.51	0.51		
		Top side		0.028	0.187	0.03	0.19		
		Bottom side	0.531			0.53	0.53		
		Front	1.367	0.178	0.187	1.55	1.55		
		Back	1.378	0.425	0.187	1.80	1.57	0.02	Case 5
	LTE Band 2	Left side	0.443	0.526	0.187	0.97	0.63		
	LIL Ballu Z	Right side	0.754			0.75	0.75		
		Top side		0.028	0.187	0.03	0.19		
LTE		Bottom side	0.393			0.39	0.39		
LIE		Front	1.062	0.178	0.187	1.24	1.25		
		Back	1.072	0.425	0.187	1.50	1.26		
	LTE Band 4	Left side	0.177	0.526	0.187	0.70	0.36		
	LIL Danu 4	Right side	0.520			0.52	0.52		
		Top side		0.028	0.187	0.03	0.19		
		Bottom side	0.458			0.46	0.46		

Report No.: FA832404

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 / FAX: 886-3-328-4978

Issued Date : Apr. 27, 2018 Form version. : 170509 FCC ID: APYHRO00262 Page 46 of 51



16.3 Body-Worn Accessory Exposure Conditions

			1	2	3				
WWAI	N Band	Exposure Position	WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	Bluetooth	1+2 Summed	1+3 Summed	SPLSR	Case No
			1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	Estimated 1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)		
		Front	1.387	0.178	0.187	1.57	1.57		
GSM	GSM1900	Back	1.351	0.425	0.187	1.78	1.54	0.02	Case 2
GSIVI	G3W1900	Front with Headset	1.239	0.178	0.187	1.42	1.43		
		Back with Headset	1.161	0.425	0.187	1.59	1.35		
	WCDMA II	Front	1.393	0.178	0.187	1.57	1.58		
		Back	1.368	0.425	0.187	1.79	1.56	0.02	Case 3
	WCDIVIA II	Front with Headset	1.295	0.178	0.187	1.47	1.48		
WCDMA		Back with Headset	1.106	0.425	0.187	1.53	1.29		
WCDIVIA	4	Front	1.347	0.178	0.187	1.53	1.53		
	WCDMA IV	Back	1.397	0.425	0.187	1.82	1.58	0.02	Case 4
	VVCDIVIA IV	Front with Headset	1.110	0.178	0.187	1.29	1.30		
		Back with Headset	1.136	0.425	0.187	1.56	1.32		
		Front	1.367	0.178	0.187	1.55	1.55		
	LTE Band 2	Back	1.378	0.425	0.187	1.80	1.57	0.02	Case 5
	LIE Band 2	Front with Headset	1.164	0.178	0.187	1.34	1.35		
LTE		Back with Headset	1.055	0.425	0.187	1.48	1.24		
	LTE Band 4	Front	1.062	0.178	0.187	1.24	1.25		
	LIE Band 4	Back	1.072	0.425	0.187	1.50	1.26		

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 / FAX: 886-3-328-4978

FCC ID: APYHRO00262

Issued Date : Apr. 27, 2018
Page 47 of 51
Form version. : 170509

Report No.: FA832404

16.4 SPLSR Evaluation and Analysis

General Note:

SPLSR = (SAR₁ + SAR₂)^{1.5} / (min. separation distance, mm). If SPLSR ≤ 0.04, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary

Report No.: FA832404

	Band	Position Right Cheek	SAR (W/kg)	Gap	SAR p	eak location	n (m)	3D distance	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Simultaneous SAR
Case 1				(cm)	Х	Υ	Z	(mm)		Results	
Case	LTE Band 2		0.842	0	53.42	57.88	-0.3	83.7		0.02	Not required
	WLAN 2.4GHz		0.757	0	33.55	-23.4	-1.52	03.7		0.02	Not required
					4						

WLAN



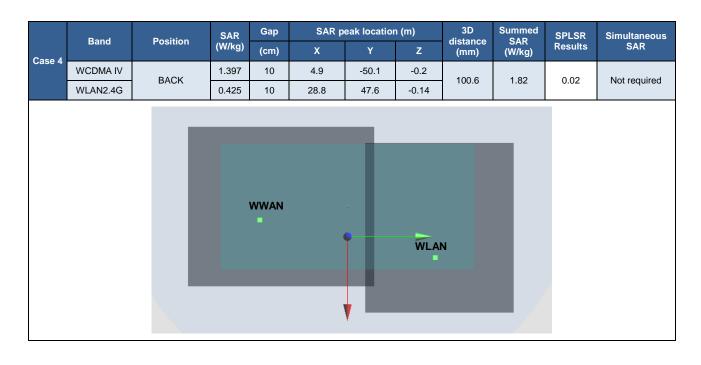
	Band	Position	SAR	Gap	SAR p	eak location	n (m)	3D distance	Summed SAR	SPLSR	Simultaneous
Case 2	Dallu	FUSITION	(W/kg)	(cm)	Х	Υ	Z	(mm)	(W/kg)	Results	SAR
ouse 2	GSM1900	BACK	1.351	10	6.5	-50.4	-0.22	100.5	1.78	0.02	Not required
	WLAN2.4G	BACK	0.425	10	28.8	47.6	-0.14	100.5		0.02	Not required
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		_									
		_									
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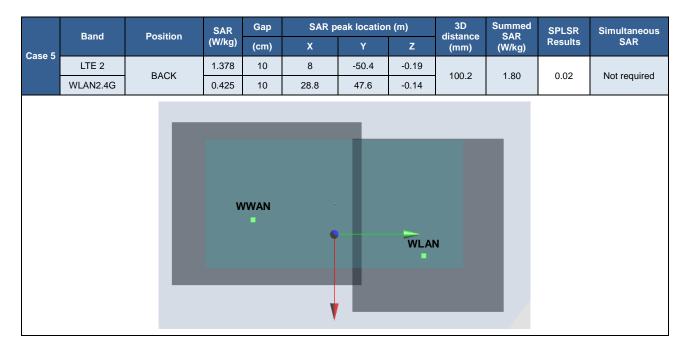
Report No.: FA832404

	Band	Position	SAR	Gap	SAR p	eak location	n (m)	3D distance	Summed SAR	SPLSR	Simultaneous
Case 3	Dallu	FUSITION	(W/kg)	(cm)	Х	Y	Z	(mm)	(W/kg)	Results	SAR
Case 3	WCDMA II	BACK	1.368	10	6.4	-50.2	-0.23	100.3	1.79	0.02	Not required
	WLAN2.4G	BACK	0.425	10	28.8	47.6	-0.14	100.3	1.79	0.02	
			W	WAN			WLA	N			



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FCC ID: APYHRO00262



Page 50 of 51

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FCC ID: APYHRO00262

Issued Date: Apr. 27, 2018 Form version: 170509

17. <u>Uncertainty Assessment</u>

Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100MHz to 6GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg and the measured 10-g SAR within a frequency band is < 3.75 W/kg. The expanded SAR measurement uncertainty must be $\leq 30\%$, for a confidence interval of k = 2. If these conditions are met, extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. For this device, the highest measured 1-g SAR is less 1.5W/kg. Therefore, the measurement uncertainty table is not required in this report.

Report No.: FA832404

18. References

- [1] FCC 47 CFR Part 2 "Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations"
- [2] ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992, "IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz", September 1992
- [3] IEEE Std. 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", Sep 2013
- [4] SPEAG DASY System Handbook
- [5] FCC KDB 248227 D01 v02r02, "SAR Guidance for IEEE 802.11 (WiFi) Transmitters", Oct 2015.
- [6] FCC KDB 447498 D01 v06, "Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies", Oct 2015
- [7] FCC KDB 648474 D04 v01r03, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets", Oct 2015.
- [8] FCC KDB 941225 D01 v03r01, "3G SAR MEAUREMENT PROCEDURES", Oct 2015
- [9] FCC KDB 941225 D05 v02r05, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices", Dec 2015
- [10] FCC KDB 941225 D06 v02r01, "SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router Capabilities", Oct 2015.
- [11] FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz", Aug 2015.
- [12] FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r02, "RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations" Oct 2015.