DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 16.07.2018

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:853

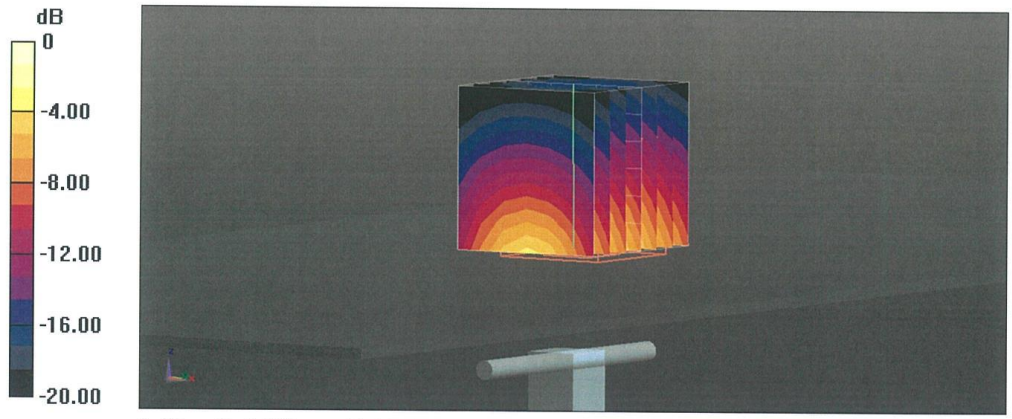
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 2.02 S/m; ε_r = 51.9; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(8.01, 8.01, 8.01) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 30.12.2017
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 26.10.2017
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.10.1(1476); SEMCAD X 14.6.11(7439)

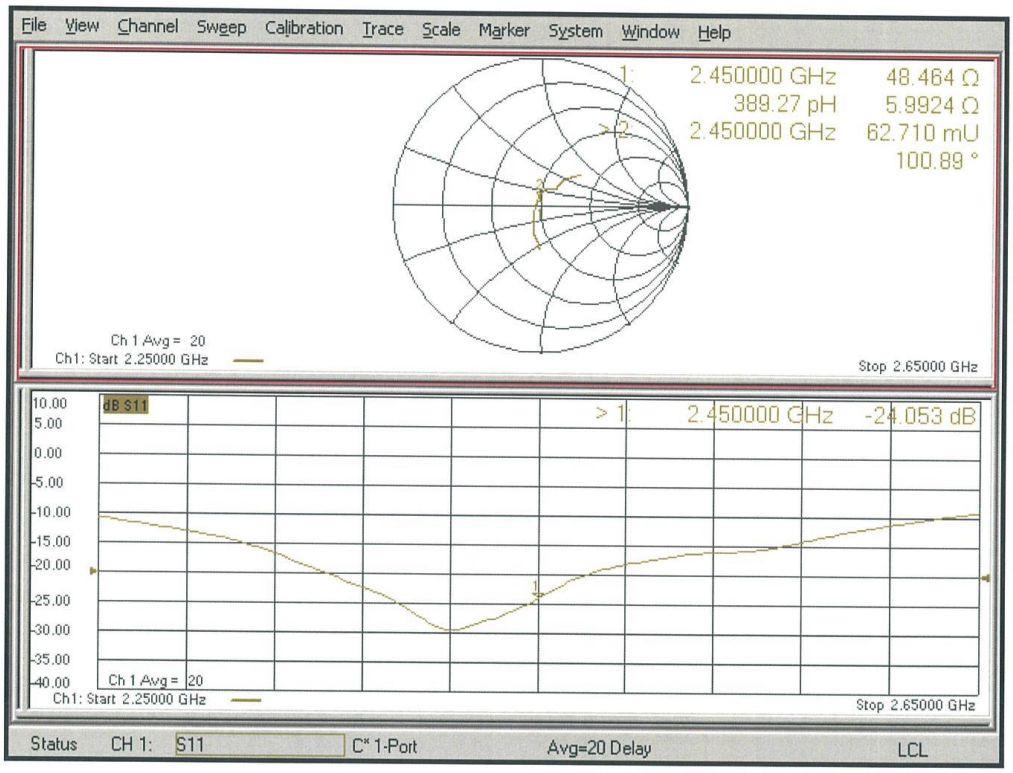
Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 108.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 25.6 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 13.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.1 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.0 W/kg



0 dB = 21.0 W/kg = 13.22 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



2600 MHz Dipole Calibration Certificate

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client CTTL (Auden)

Certificate No: D2600V2-1012_Jul18

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object: D2600V2 - SN:1012

Calibration procedure(s): QA CAL-05.v10
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz

Calibration date: July 26, 2018

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672/02673)	Apr-19
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672)	Apr-19
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02673)	Apr-19
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02682)	Apr-19
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02683)	Apr-19
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 7349	30-Dec-17 (No. EX3-7349_Dec17)	Dec-18
DAE4	SN: 601	26-Oct-17 (No. DAE4-601_Oct17)	Oct-18

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter EPM-442A	SN: GB37480704	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-18
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: US37292783	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-18
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: MY41092317	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-18
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 100972	15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-18
Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-18

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Michael Weber	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: July 26, 2018

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.1
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2600 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.0	1.96 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	37.2 ± 6 %	2.02 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	14.2 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**55.4 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.33 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**24.9 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)**

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.5	2.16 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	51.5 ± 6 %	2.20 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.7 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**54.1 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.17 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**24.5 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)**

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	47.4 Ω - 7.4 jΩ
Return Loss	- 21.9 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	44.1 Ω - 4.9 jΩ
Return Loss	- 21.8 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.154 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	October 30, 2007

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 26.07.2018

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: D2600V2; Serial: D2600V2 - SN:1012

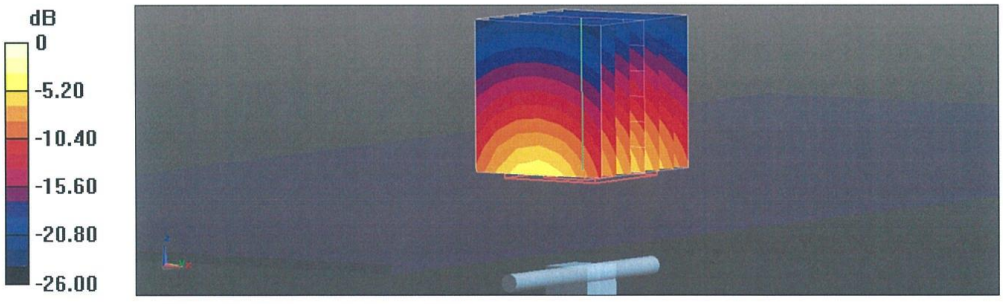
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz; σ = 2.02 S/m; ε_r = 37.2; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(7.7, 7.7, 7.7) @ 2600 MHz; Calibrated: 30.12.2017
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 26.10.2017
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.10.1(1476); SEMCAD X 14.6.11(7439)

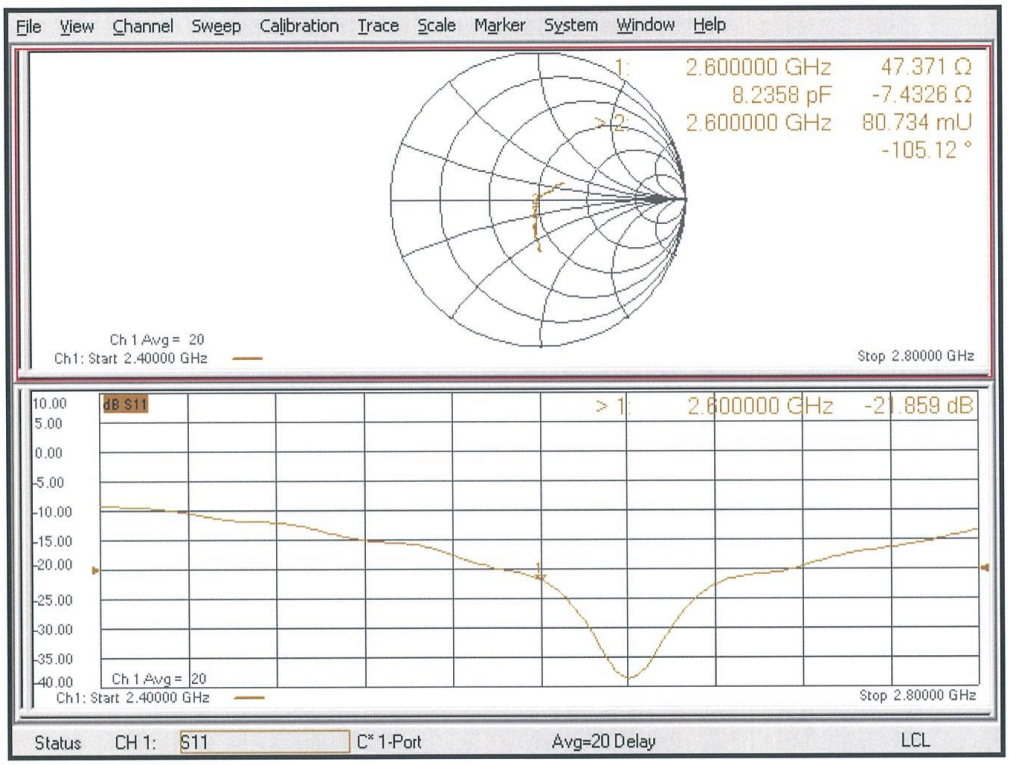
Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 118.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.3 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 14.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.33 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 23.7 W/kg



0 dB = 23.7 W/kg = 13.75 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 26.07.2018

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: D2600V2; Serial: D2600V2 - SN:1012

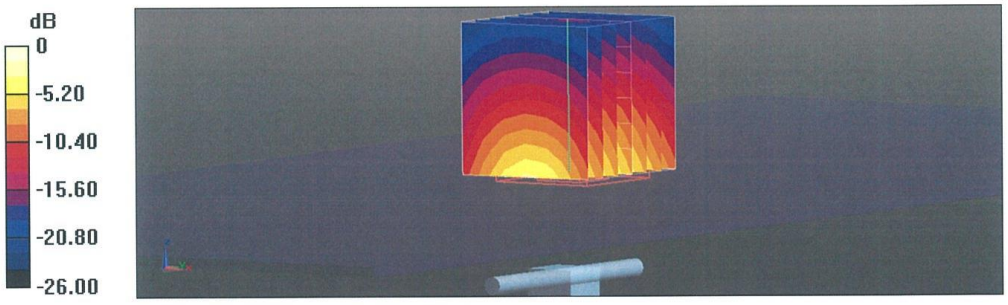
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz; σ = 2.2 S/m; ε_r = 51.5; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(7.81, 7.81, 7.81) @ 2600 MHz; Calibrated: 30.12.2017
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 26.10.2017
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.10.1(1476); SEMCAD X 14.6.11(7439)

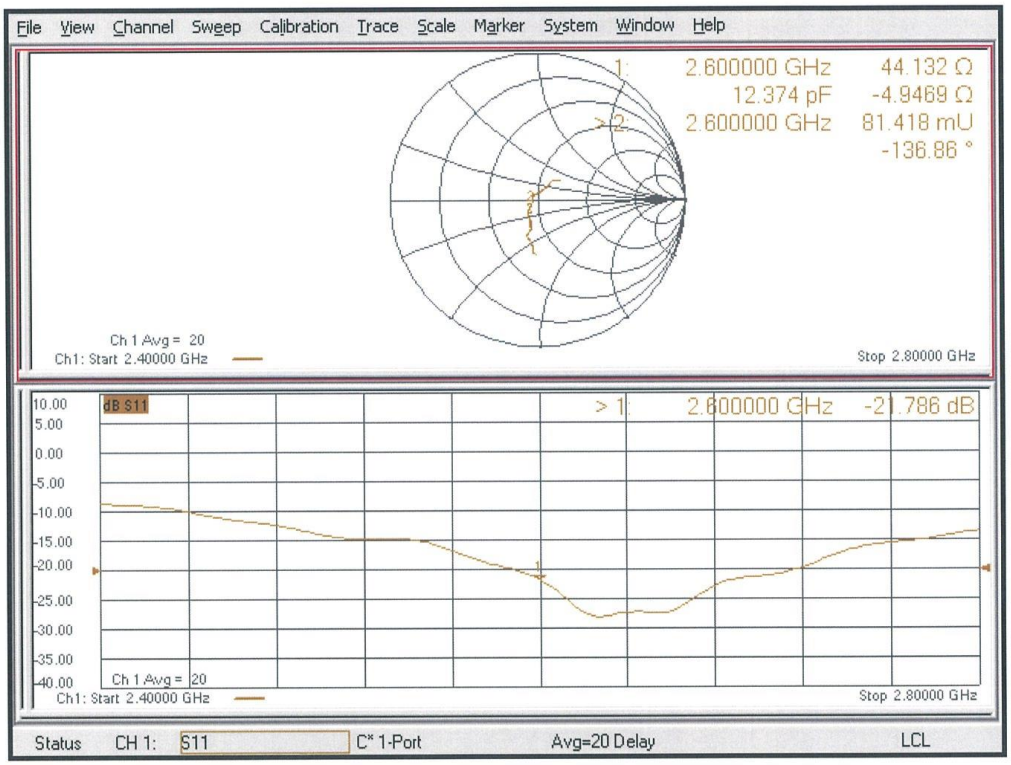
Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 107.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.7 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 13.7 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.17 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.6 W/kg



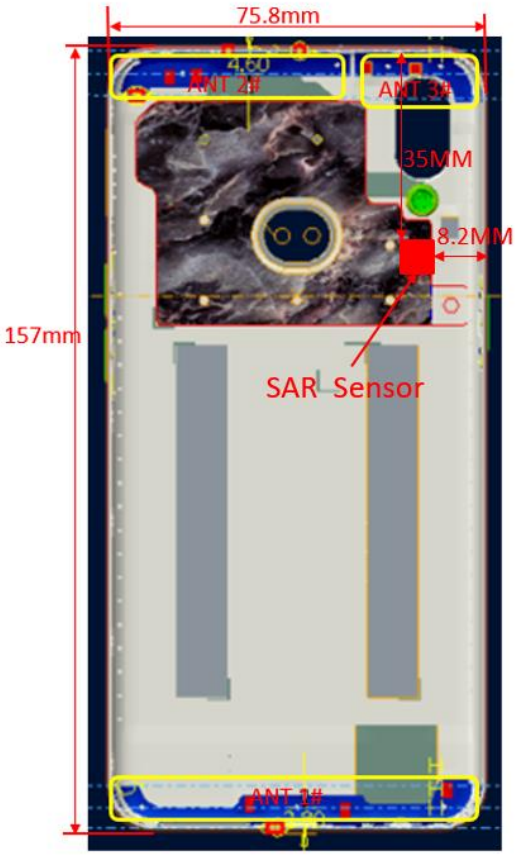
0 dB = 22.6 W/kg = 13.54 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



ANNEX I Sensor Triggering Data Summary

SAR Sensor



Reduce Power for SAR sensor

LTE		
LTE Band	Power	Tolerance
1	22.5	+1dBm/ -1dBm
2	21.5	+1dBm/ -1dBm
3	22	+1dBm/ -1dBm
4	21.5	+1dBm/ -1dBm
7	21.5	+1dBm/ -1dBm

GSM		
Mode/Band		Voice (dBm)
GSM/GPRS/EDGE 1800	Max Power	30
	Nom	29
GSM/GPRS/EDGE 1900	Max Power	29
	Nom	28

WCDMA		
Mode/Band		Modulated Average (dBm)
		WCDMA
UMTS 2100	Max	23.5
	Nom	22.5
UMTS 1900	Max	22.5
	Nom	21.5
UMTS 1700	Max	22.5
	Nom	21.5

Antenna	Band	Reduced power Target Level (dBm)
3# Wifi Antenna	WIFI Head Sar	15

Antenna	Trigger Position	Trigger Distance(mm)
1# Main Antenna	Rear	15
	Bottom	15
	Front	10

According to the above description, this device was tested by the manufacturer to determine the SAR sensor triggering distances for the rear and bottom edge of the device. The measured power state within ±5mm of the triggering points (or until touching the phantom) is included for rear and each applicable edge.

To ensure all production units are compliant it is necessary to test SAR at a distance 1mm less than the smallest distance from the device and SAR phantom with the device at maximum output power without power reduction.

We tested the power and got the different proximity sensor triggering distances for rear and bottom edge. But the manufacturer has declared 15mm is the most conservative triggering distance for main antenna. So base on the most conservative triggering distance of 15mm, additional SAR measurements were required at 14mm from the highest SAR position between rear and bottom edge of main antenna.

Rear

Moving device toward the phantom:

The power state											
Distance [mm]	**20**	**19**	**18**	**17**	**16**	**15**	**14**	**13**	**12**	**11**	**10**
Main antenna	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low

Moving device away from the phantom:

The power state											
Distance [mm]	**10**	**11**	**12**	**13**	**14**	**15**	**16**	**17**	**18**	**19**	**20**
Main antenna	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal

Bottom Edge

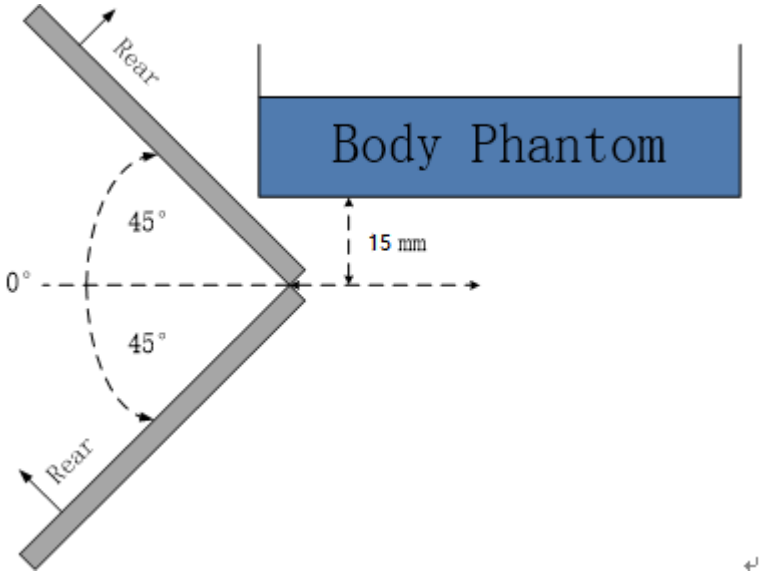
Moving device toward the phantom:

The power state											
Distance [mm]	**20**	**19**	**18**	**17**	**16**	**15**	**14**	**13**	**12**	**11**	**10**
Main antenna	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low

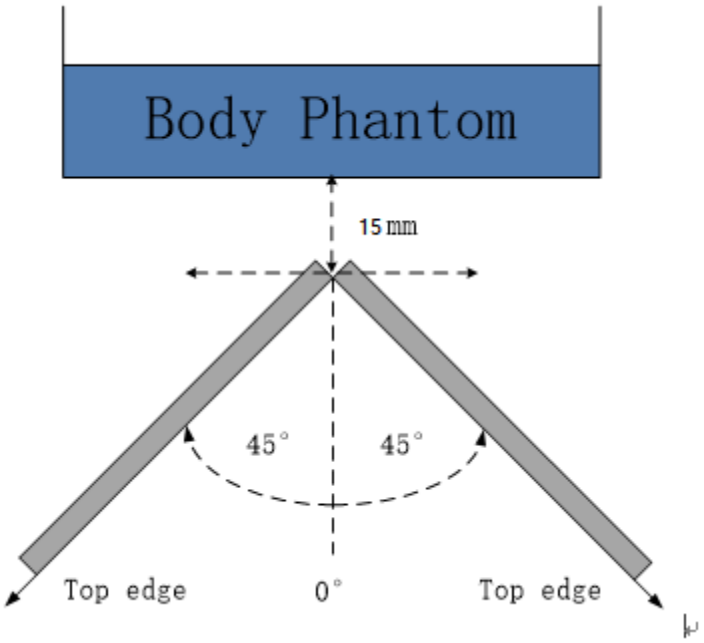
Moving device away from the phantom:

The power state											
Distance [mm]	**10**	**11**	**12**	**13**	**14**	**15**	**16**	**17**	**18**	**19**	**20**
Main antenna	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal

The influence of table tilt angles to proximity sensor triggering is determined by positioning each edge that contains a transmitting antenna, perpendicular to the flat phantom, at the smallest sensor triggering test distance by rotating the device around the edge next to the phantom in ≤ 10° increments until the tablet is ±45° or more from the vertical position at 0°.



The rear evaluation for main antenna



The bottom edge evaluation for main antenna

Based on the above evaluation, we come to the conclusion that the sensor triggering is not released and normal maximum output power is not restored within the ±45° range at the smallest sensor triggering test distance declared by manufacturer.

ANNEX J Variant Product Test

J.1 Dielectric Performance

Table J.1-1: Dielectric Performance of Tissue Simulating Liquid

Measurement Date yyyy/mm/dd	Frequency	Type	Permittivity ε	Drift (%)	Conductivity σ (S/m)	Drift (%)
2019-7-14	1750 MHz	Body	52.5	-1.69	1.471	-1.28
2019-7-13	1900 MHz	Head	39.93	-0.18	1.405	0.36

J.2 System Verification

Table J.2-1: System Verification of Head

Measurement Date (yyyy-mm-dd)	Frequency	Target value (W/kg)		Measured value (W/kg)		Deviation	
		10 g Average	1 g Average	10 g Average	1 g Average	10 g Average	1 g Average
2019-7-13	1900 MHz	21.3	40.4	21.64	40.48	1.60%	0.20%

Table J.2-2: System Verification of Body

Measurement Date (yyyy-mm-dd)	Frequency	Target value (W/kg)		Measured value (W/kg)		Deviation	
		10 g Average	1 g Average	10 g Average	1 g Average	10 g Average	1 g Average
2019-7-14	1750 MHz	19.3	36.4	19.56	36.68	1.35%	0.77%

J.3 Measurement results for spot check

Table J.3-1: The spot check results

Test Band	Channel	Frequency	Test Position	Figure	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
WCDMA1900	9538	1907.6	Left Cheek	Fig J.7-1	23.26	24.50	0.152	**0.20**	0.242	**0.32**	0.04
LTE Band4	20050	1720	Rear 10mm	Fig J.7-2	21.34	22.50	0.378	**0.49**	0.632	**0.83**	0.05

J.4 Reported SAR Comparison

Exposure Configuration	Technology Band	Reported SAR 1g (W/Kg): spot check	Reported SAR 1g (W/Kg): original
Head (Separation Distance 0mm)	GSM 850	\	0.18
	PCS 1900	\	0.13
	UMTS FDD 5	\	0.22
	UMTS FDD 4	\	0.21
	UMTS FDD 2	0.32	0.25
	LTE Band 2	\	0.24
	LTE Band 4	\	0.20
	LTE Band 5	\	0.22
	LTE Band 7	\	0.08
	LTE Band 12	\	0.17
	WLAN 2.4 GHz	\	0.23
Hotspot (Separation Distance 10mm/14mm)	GSM 850	\	0.66
	PCS 1900	\	0.90
	UMTS FDD 5	\	0.56
	UMTS FDD 4	\	0.82
	UMTS FDD 2	\	0.89
	LTE Band 2	\	0.99
	LTE Band 4	0.83	1.06
	LTE Band 5	\	0.54
	LTE Band 7	\	0.81
	LTE Band 12	\	0.31
	WLAN 2.4 GHz	\	0.11

Note: All the spot check results marked blue are larger than the original results. So it replace the original results and others are shared.

J.5 Evaluation of Simultaneous

Table J.5-1: The sum of reported SAR values for main antenna and WiFi

	Position	Main antenna	WiFi	Sum
Highest reported SAR value for Head	Left hand, Touch cheek	0.32	0.23	**0.55**
Highest reported SAR value for Body	Rear 10mm	1.06	0.11	**1.17**

Table J.5-2: The sum of reported SAR values for main antenna and BT

	Position	Main antenna	BT	Sum
Maximum reported SAR value for Head	Left hand, Touch cheek	0.32	0.33	**0.65**
Maximum reported SAR value for Body	Rear 10mm	1.06	0.17	**1.23**

J.6 List of Main Instruments

No.	Name	Type	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Valid Period
01	Network analyzer	E5071C	MY46110673	January 24, 2019	One year
02	Power meter	NRVD	102196	October 24, 2018	One year
03	Power sensor	NRV-Z5	100596		
04	Signal Generator	E4438C	MY49070393	January 4, 2019	One Year
05	Amplifier	60S1G4	0331848	No Calibration Requested	
06	BTS	E5515C	MY50263375	January 17, 2019	One year
07	BTS	CMW500	159890	January 3, 2019	One year
08	E-field Probe	SPEAG EX3DV4	7514	August 27, 2018	One year
09	DAE	SPEAG DAE4	1525	September 18, 2018	One year
10	Dipole Validation Kit	SPEAG D1750V2	1003	July 20, 2018	One year
11	Dipole Validation Kit	SPEAG D1900V2	5d101	July 24, 2018	One year

J.7 Graph Results

WCDMA 1900 Left Cheek High

Date: 2019-7-13
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525
Medium: Head 1900 MHz
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1907.6 MHz; σ = 1.407 mho/m; εr = 39.89; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 22.5ºC Liquid Temperature: 22.3ºC
Communication System: WCDMA 1900 Frequency: 1907.6 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: EX3DV4– SN7514 ConvF(7.73, 7.73, 7.73)

Area Scan (81x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.243 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7) **Area Scan (71x131x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.337 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 6.064 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.375 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.242 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.152 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.329 W/kg

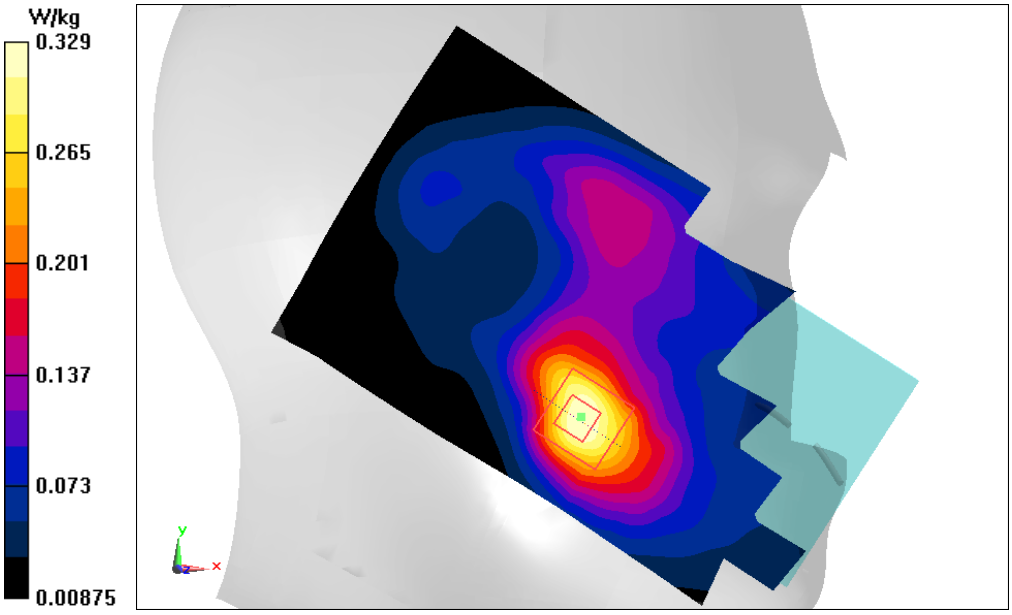


Fig J.7-1 WCDMA1900

LTE Band4 Body Rear Low with QPSK_20M_1RB_Middle
Date: 2019-7-14
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525
Medium: Body 1750 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 1720 MHz; σ =1.462 mho/m; εr = 52.62; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 22.5ºC Liquid Temperature: 22.3ºC
Communication System: LTE Band4 Frequency: 1720 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7514 ConvF(7.82, 7.82, 7.82)

Area Scan (141x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.859 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 7.082 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.03 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.632 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.378 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.849 W/kg

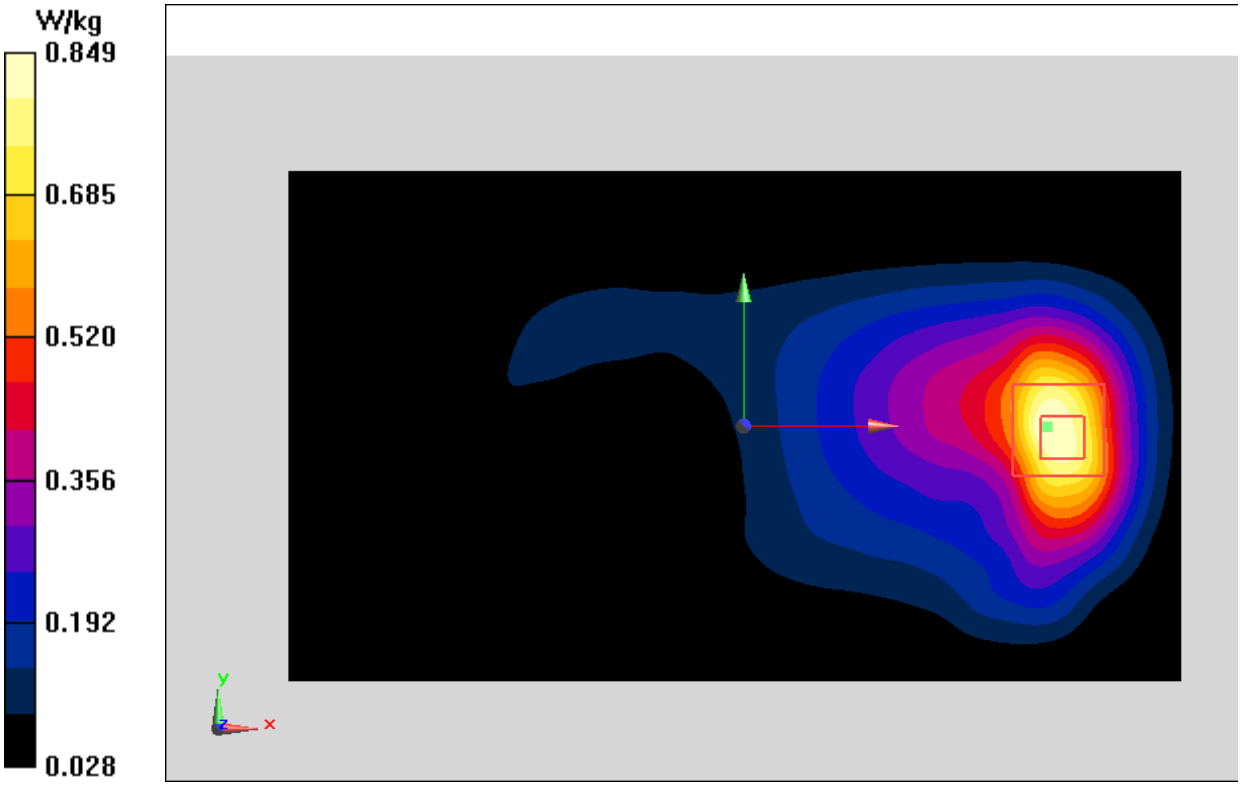


Fig J.7-2 LTE Band4

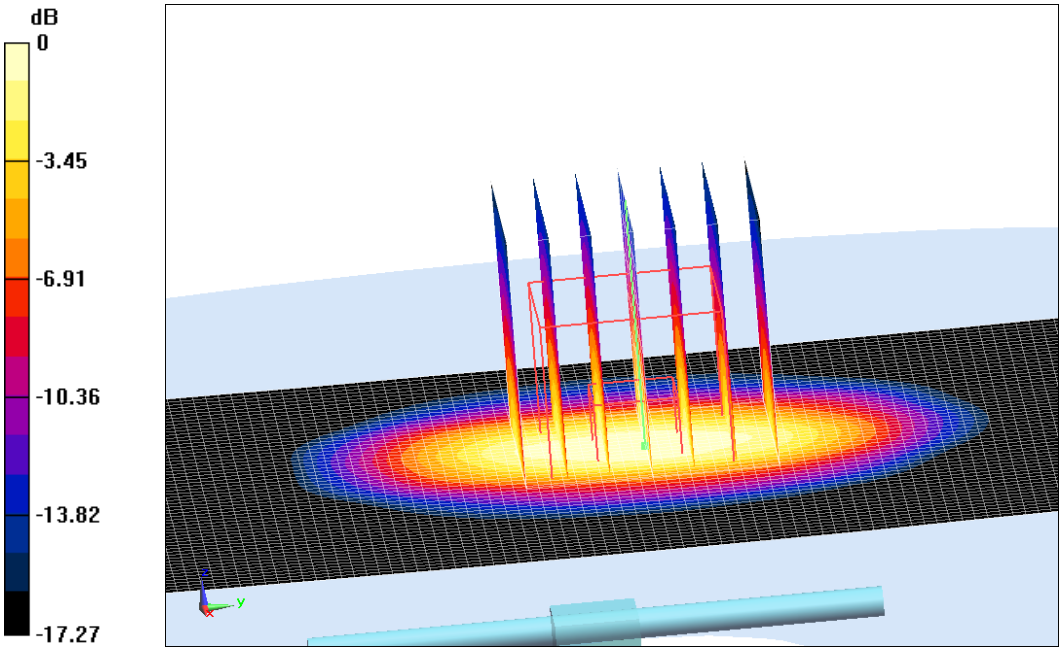
J.8 System Verification Results

1900 MHz

Date: 7/13/2019
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525
Medium: Head 1900 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ =1.471 mho/m; ε_r = 52.5; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 22.5ºC Liquid Temperature: 22.3ºC
Communication System: CW Frequency: 1900 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7514 ConvF(7.73,7.73,7.73)

System Validation /Area Scan (81x191x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Reference Value = 112.39 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06
Fast SAR: SAR(1 g) = 10.15 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.31 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 15.15 W/kg

System Validation /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value =112.39 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.75 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 10.12 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.41 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.71 W/kg



0 dB = 14.71 W/kg = 11.68 dB W/kg

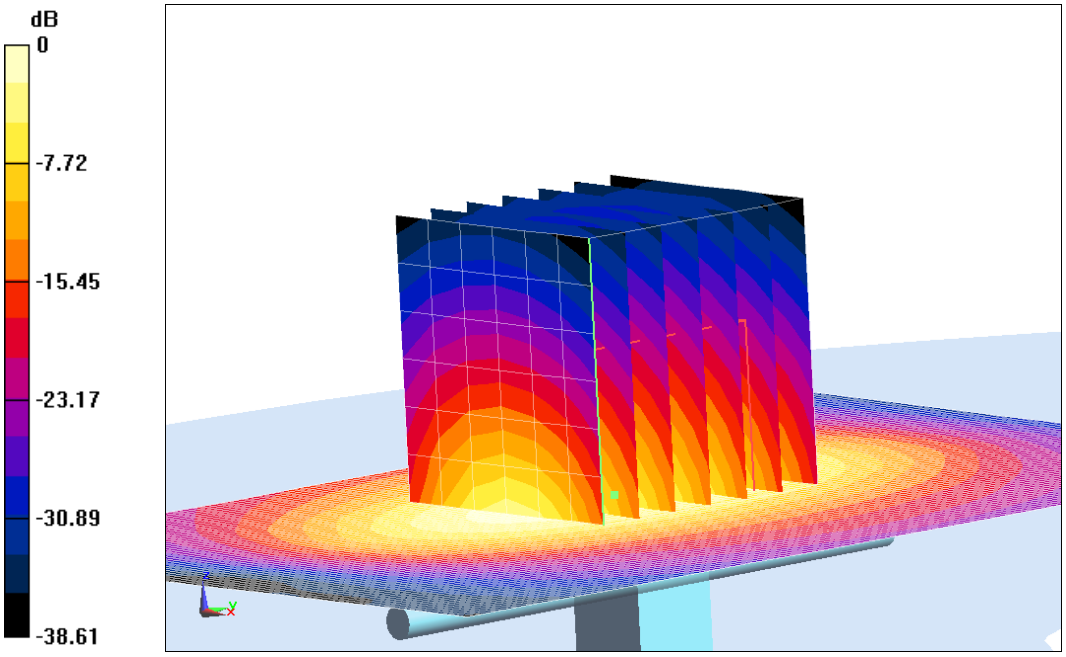
Fig.J.8-1 validation 1900 MHz 250mW

1750 MHz

Date: 7/14/2019
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525
Medium: Body 1750 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; σ =1.405 mho/m; ε_r = 39.93; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 22.3°C
Communication System: CW Frequency: 1750 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7514 ConvF(7.82,7.82,7.82)

System Validation /Area Scan (81x191x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Reference Value = 100.33 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02
Fast SAR: SAR(1 g) = 9.15 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.75 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.16 W/kg

System Validation /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value =100.33 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 15.96 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 9.17 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.89 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.52 W/kg



0 dB = 13.52 W/kg = 11.31 dB W/kg

Fig.J.8-2 validation 1750 MHz 250mW

ANNEX K Accreditation Certificate

United States Department of Commerce
National Institute of Standards and Technology

NVLAP®

Certificate of Accreditation to ISO/IEC 17025:2005

NVLAP LAB CODE: 600118-0

Telecommunication Technology Labs, CAICT
Beijing
China

is accredited by the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program for specific services, listed on the Scope of Accreditation, for:

Electromagnetic Compatibility & Telecommunications

This laboratory is accredited in accordance with the recognized International Standard ISO/IEC 17025:2005. This accreditation demonstrates technical competence for a defined scope and the operation of a laboratory quality management system (refer to joint ISO-ILAC-IAF Communique dated January 2009).

2018-09-28 through 2019-09-30
Effective Dates

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE · UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

For the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program