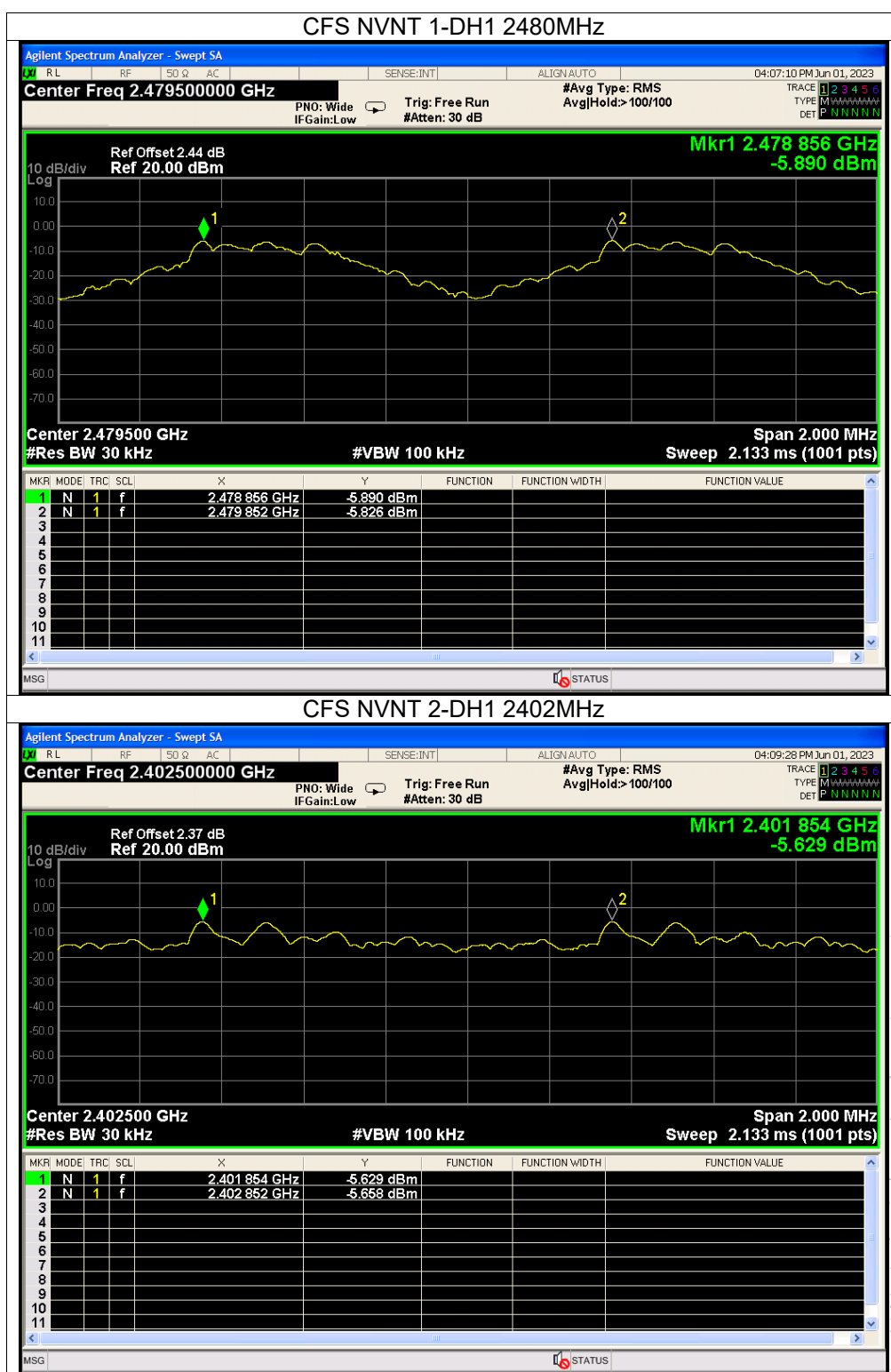
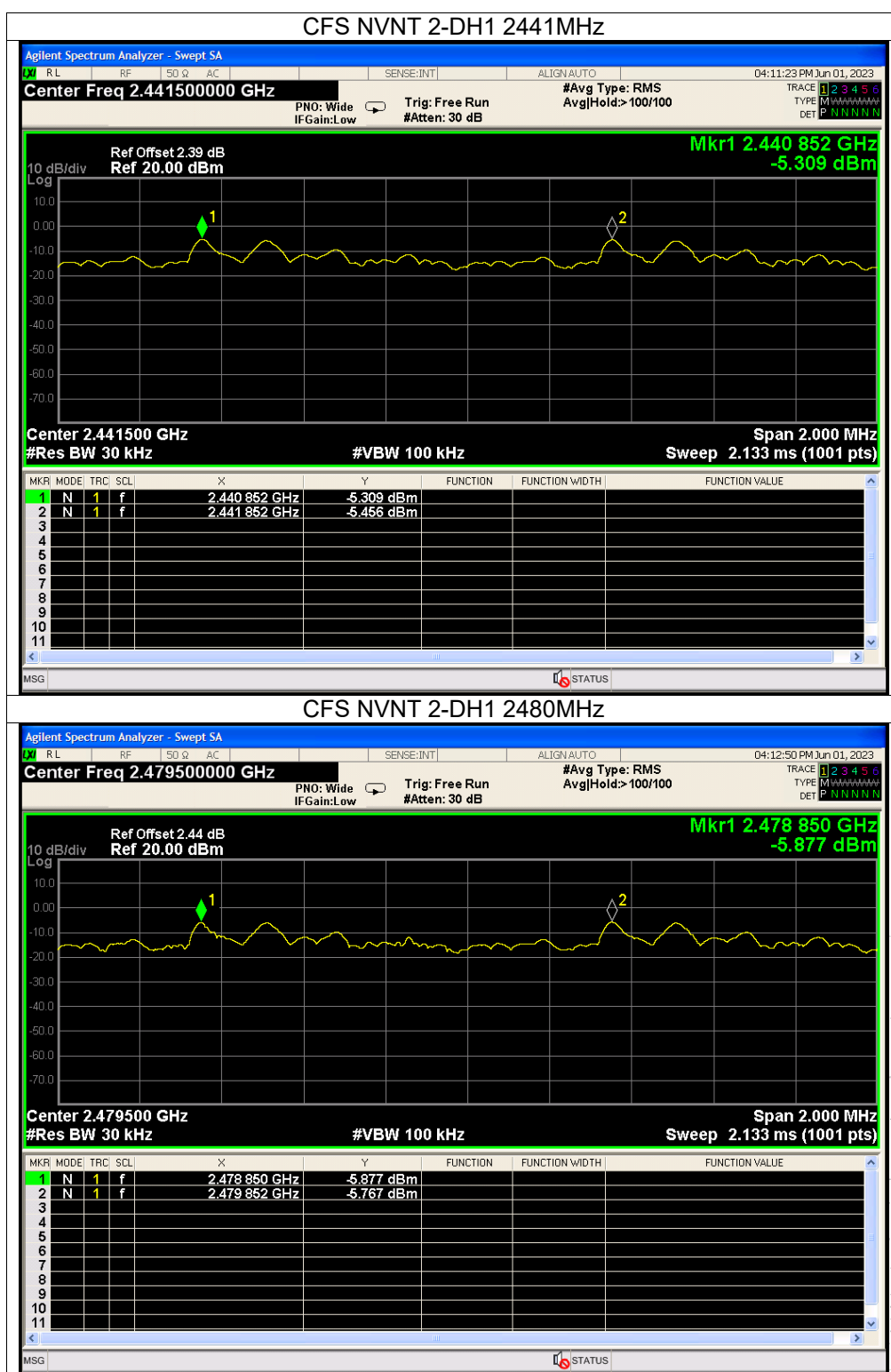
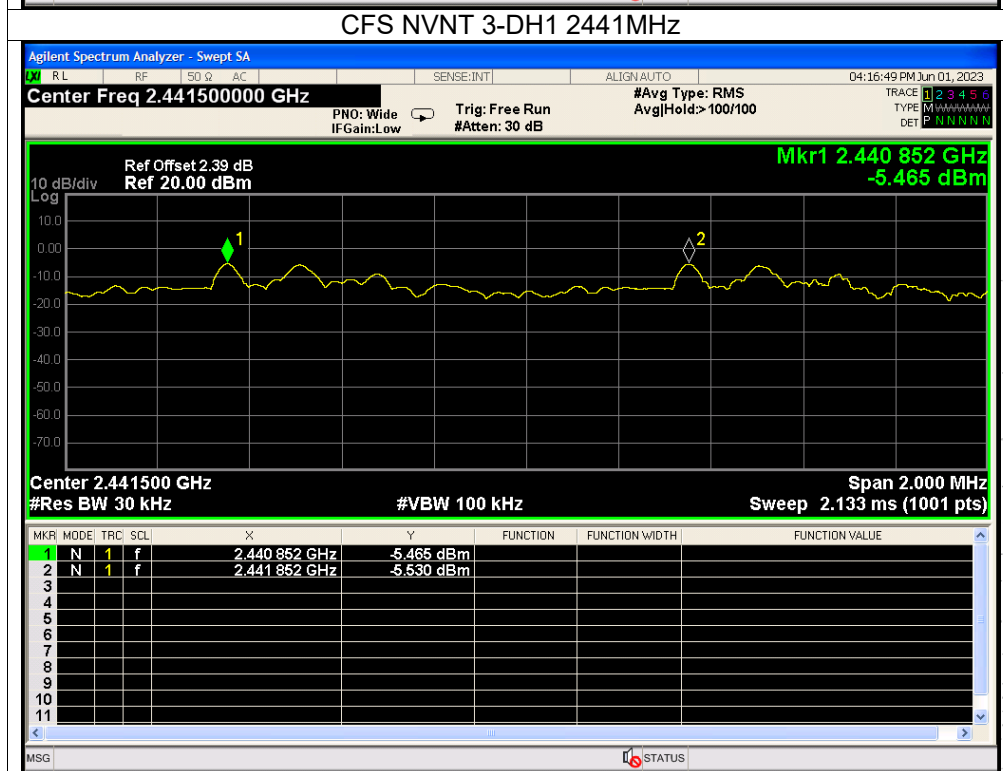
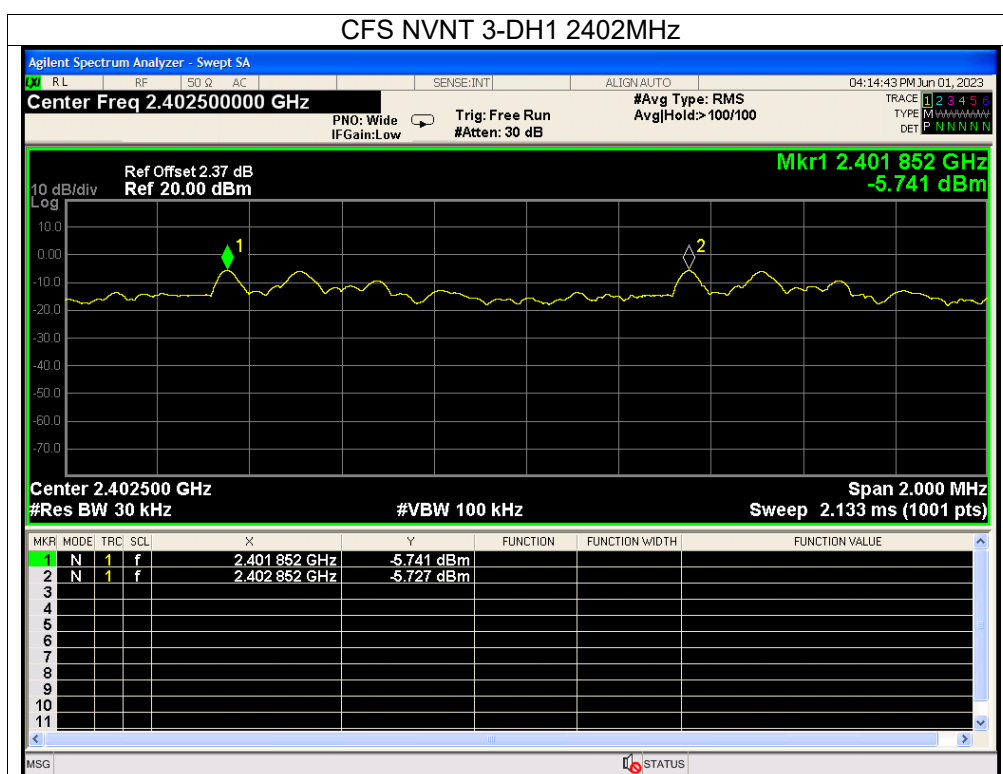


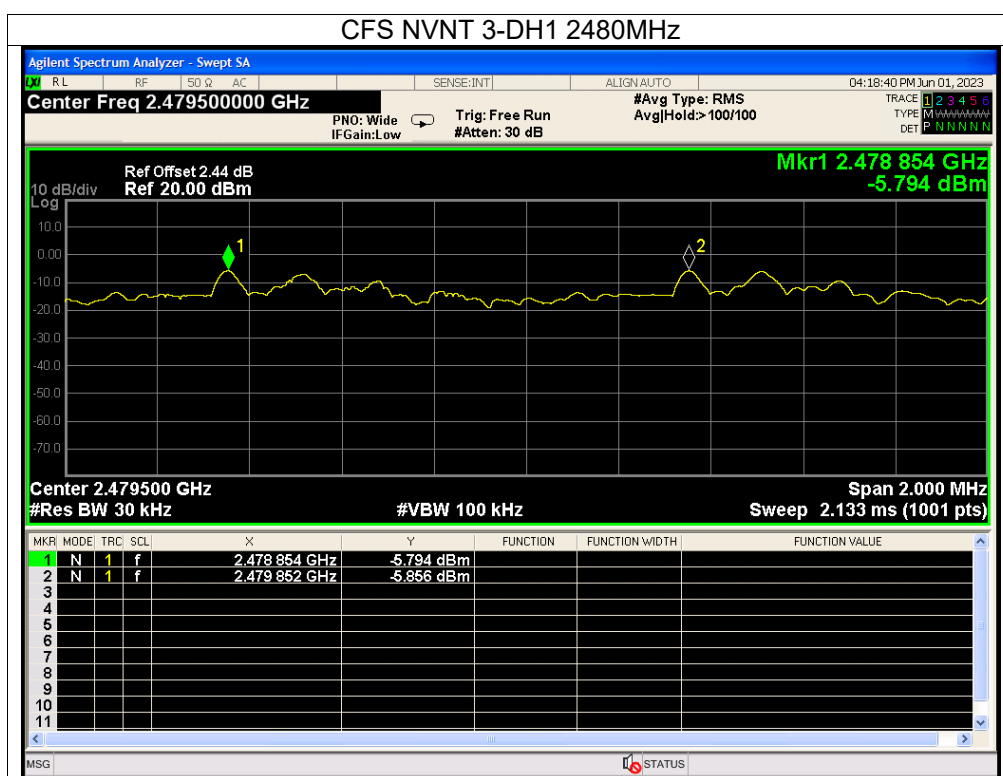


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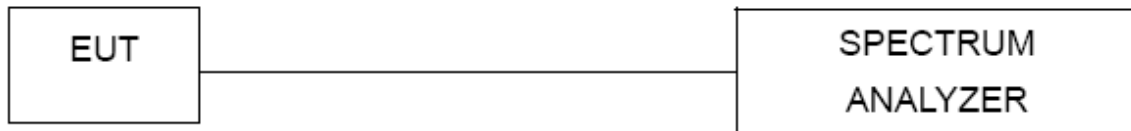
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### 13. Number Of Hopping Frequency

#### 13.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup



#### 13.2 Limit

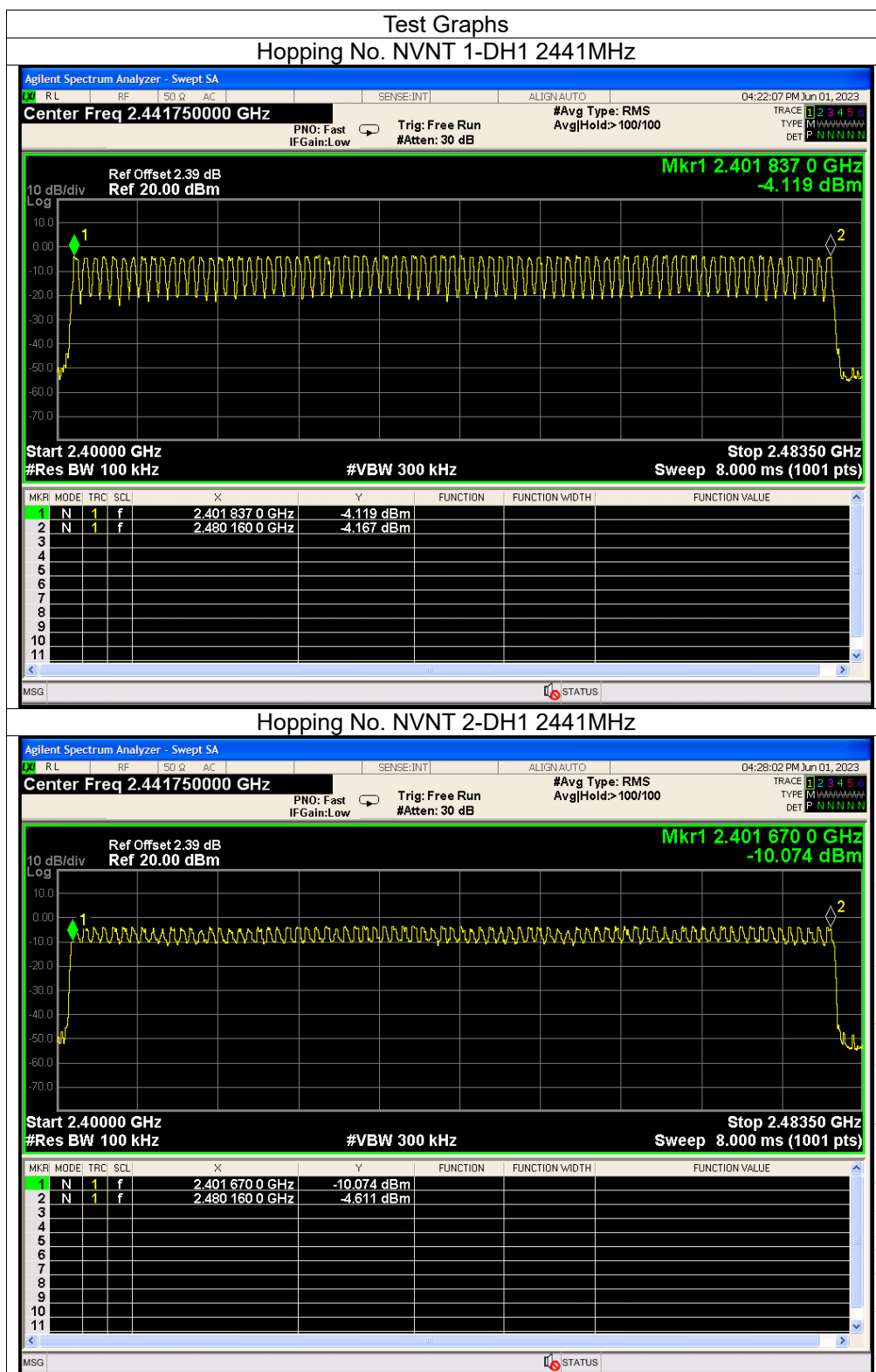
Frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels.

#### 13.3 Test procedure

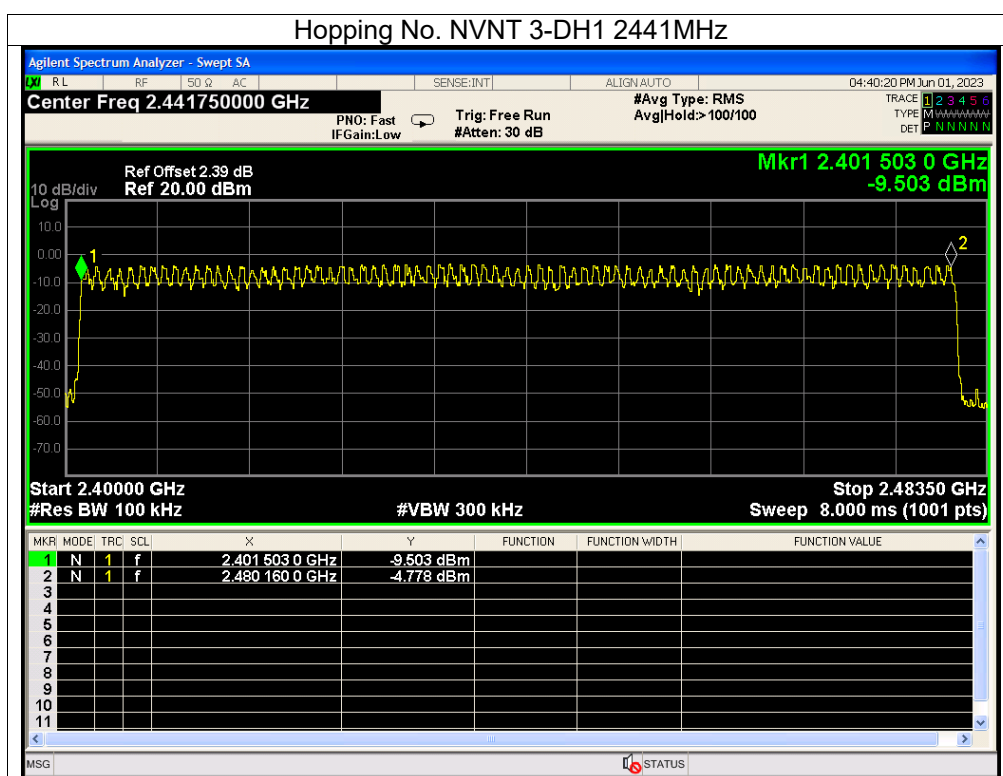
1. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum.
2. Set the spectrum analyzer: RBW = 100kHz. VBW = 300kHz. Sweep = auto; Detector Function = Peak. Trace = Max hold.
3. Allow the trace to stabilize. It may prove necessary to break the span up to sections. in order to clearly show all of the hopping frequencies. The limit is specified in one of the subparagraphs of this Section.
4. Set the spectrum analyzer: Start Frequency = 2.4GHz, Stop Frequency = 2.4835GHz. Sweep=auto;

#### 13.4 Test Result

| Condition | Mode  | Hopping Number | Limit | Verdict |
|-----------|-------|----------------|-------|---------|
| NVNT      | 1-DH1 | 79             | 15    | Pass    |
| NVNT      | 2-DH1 | 79             | 15    | Pass    |
| NVNT      | 3-DH1 | 79             | 15    | Pass    |



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## 14. Dwell Time

### 14.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup



### 14.2 Limit

Frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Frequency hopping systems may avoid or suppress transmissions on a particular hopping frequency provided that a minimum of 15 channels are used.

### 14.3 Test procedure

1. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum.
2. Set spectrum analyzer span = 0. Centred on a hopping channel;
3. Set RBW = 1MHz and VBW = 3MHz. Sweep = as necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel. Set the EUT for DH5, DH3 and DH1 packet transmitting.
4. Use the marker-delta function to determine the dwell time. If this value varies with different modes of operation (e.g.. data rate. modulation format. etc.). repeat this test for each variation. The limit is specified in one of the subparagraphs of this Section. Submit this plot(s).

### 14.4 Test Result

DH5 Packet permit maximum  $1600 / 79 / 6$  hops per second in each channel (5 time slots RX, 1 time slot TX).

DH3 Packet permit maximum  $1600 / 79 / 4$  hops per second in each channel (3 time slots RX, 1 time slot TX).

DH1 Packet permit maximum  $1600 / 79 / 2$  hops per second in each channel (1 time slot RX, 1 time slot TX). So, the Dwell Time can be calculated as follows:

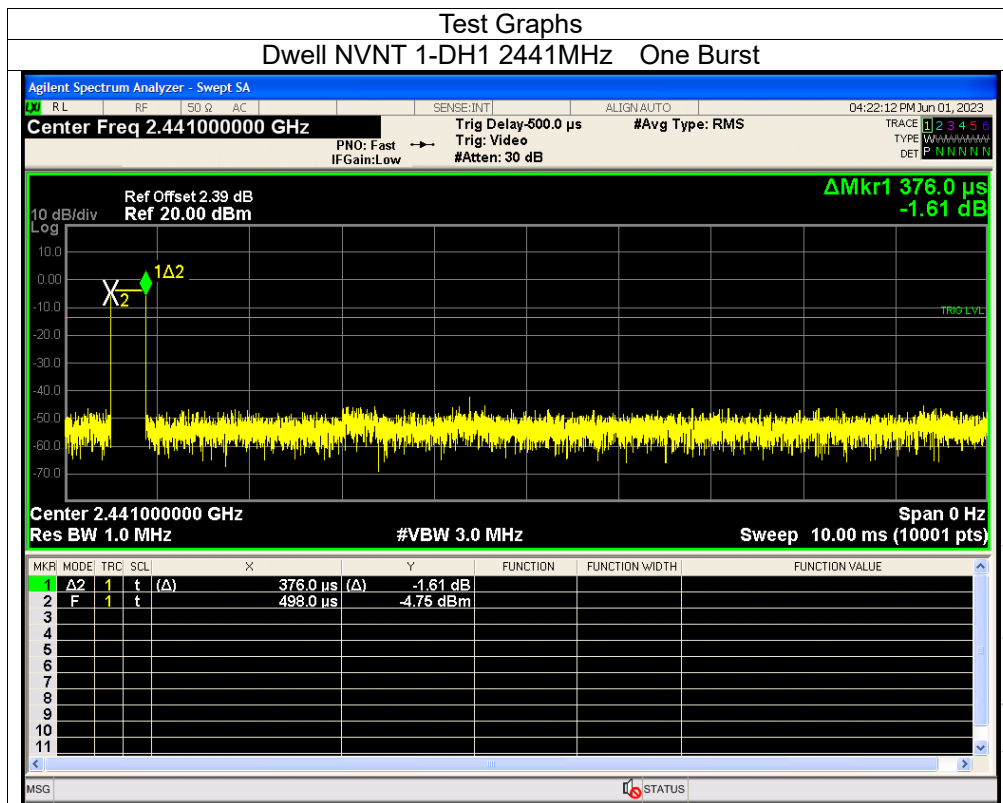
DH5:  $1600/79/6 \times 0.4 \times 79 \times (\text{MkrDelta})/1000$

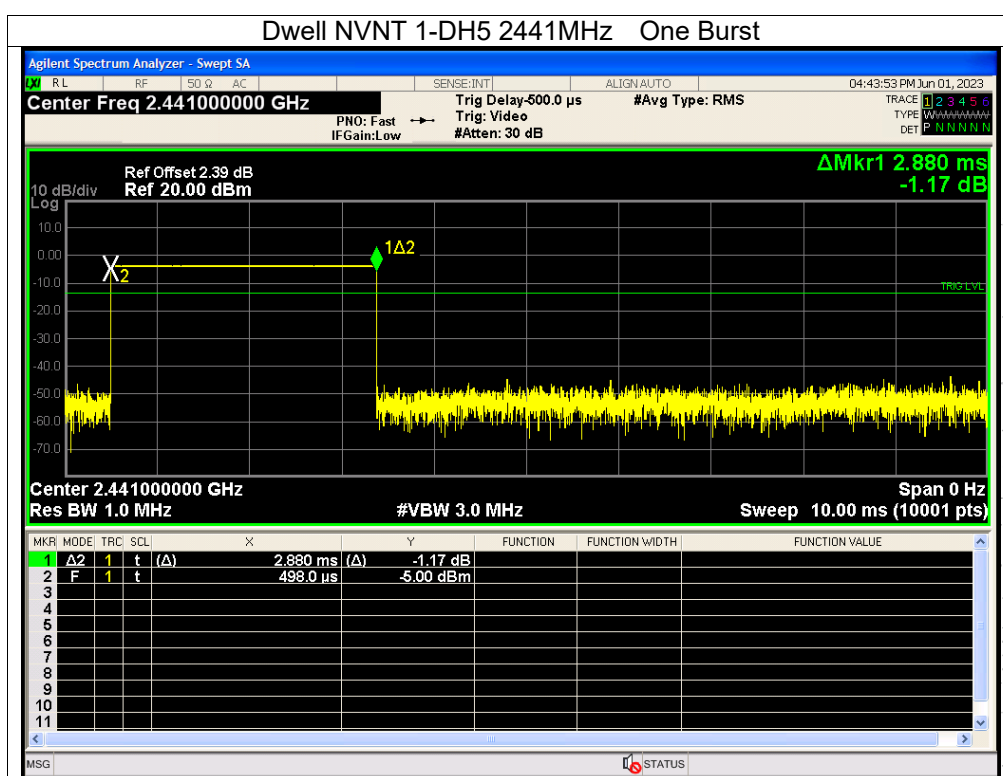
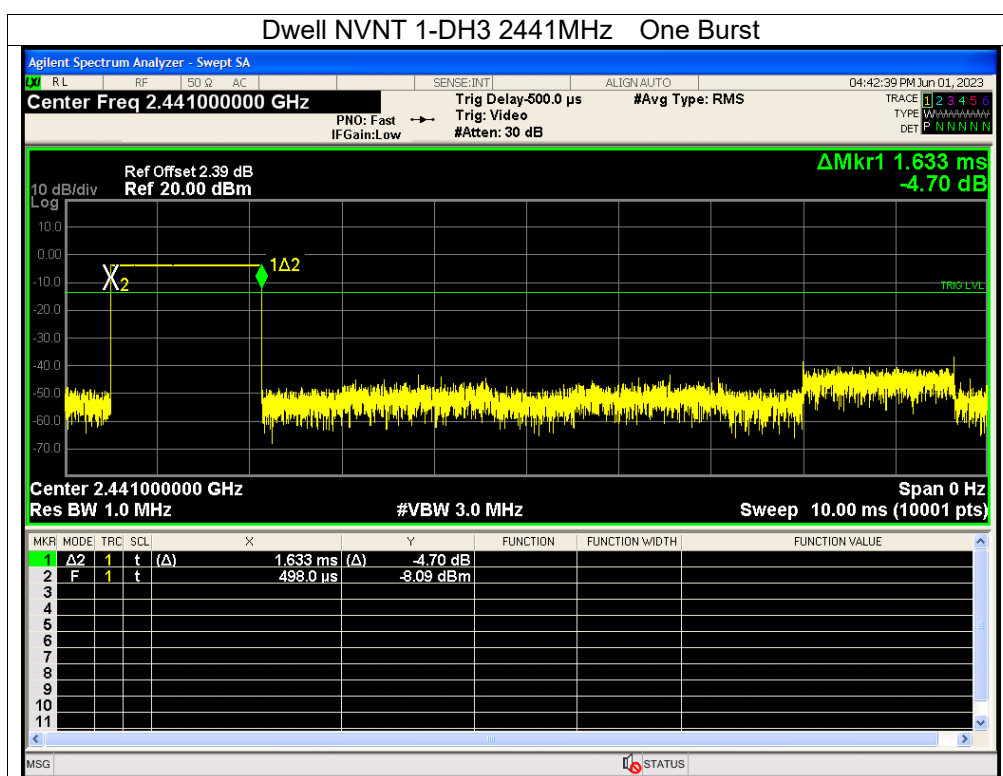
DH3:  $1600/79/4 \times 0.4 \times 79 \times (\text{MkrDelta})/1000$

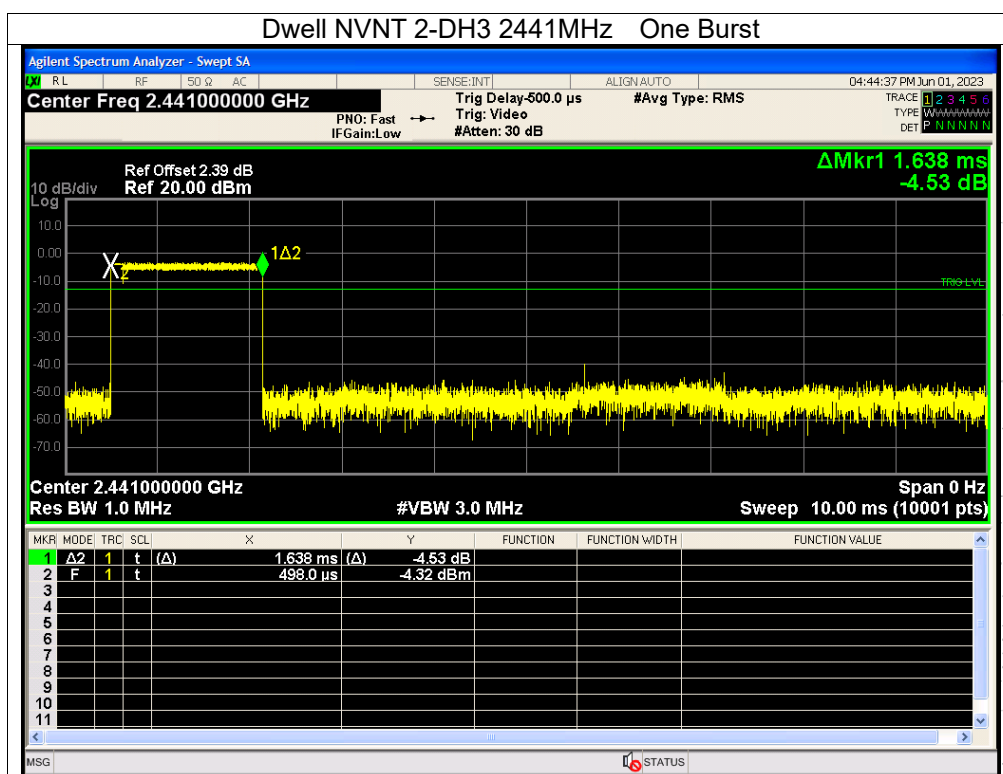
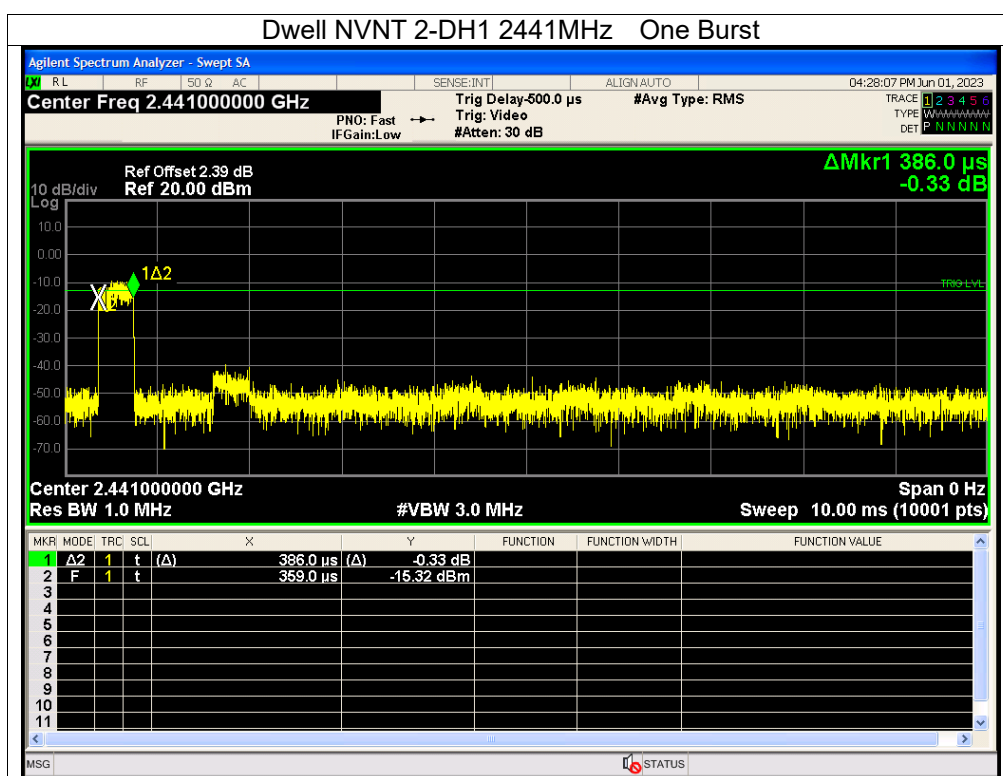
DH1:  $1600/79/2 \times 0.4 \times 79 \times (\text{MkrDelta})/1000$

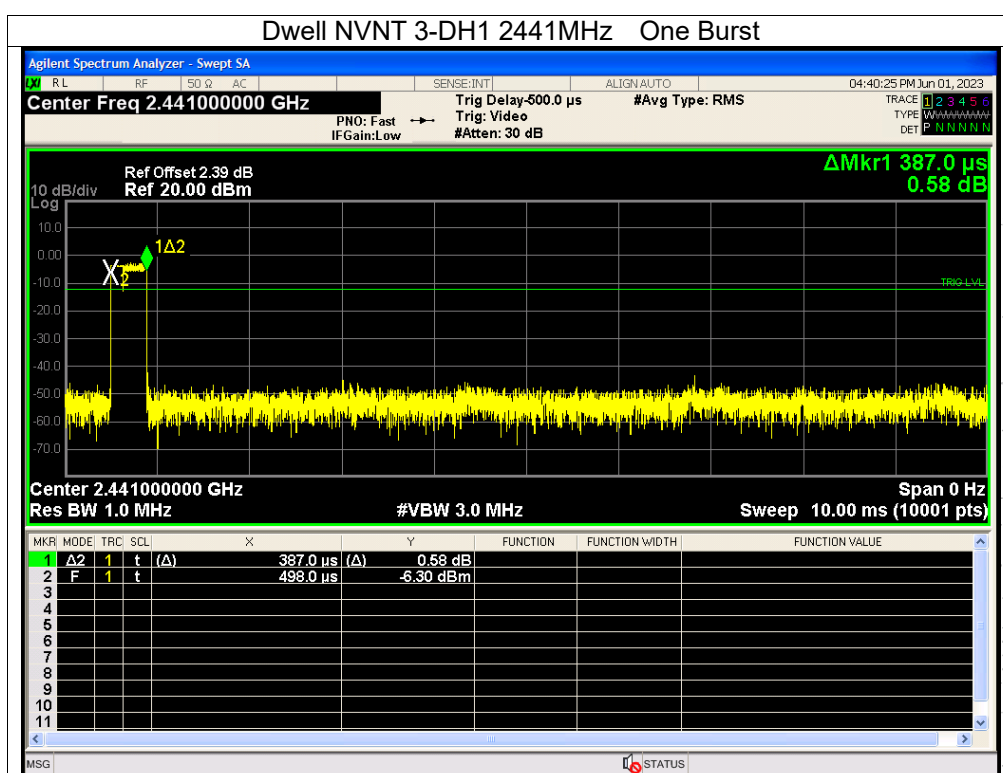
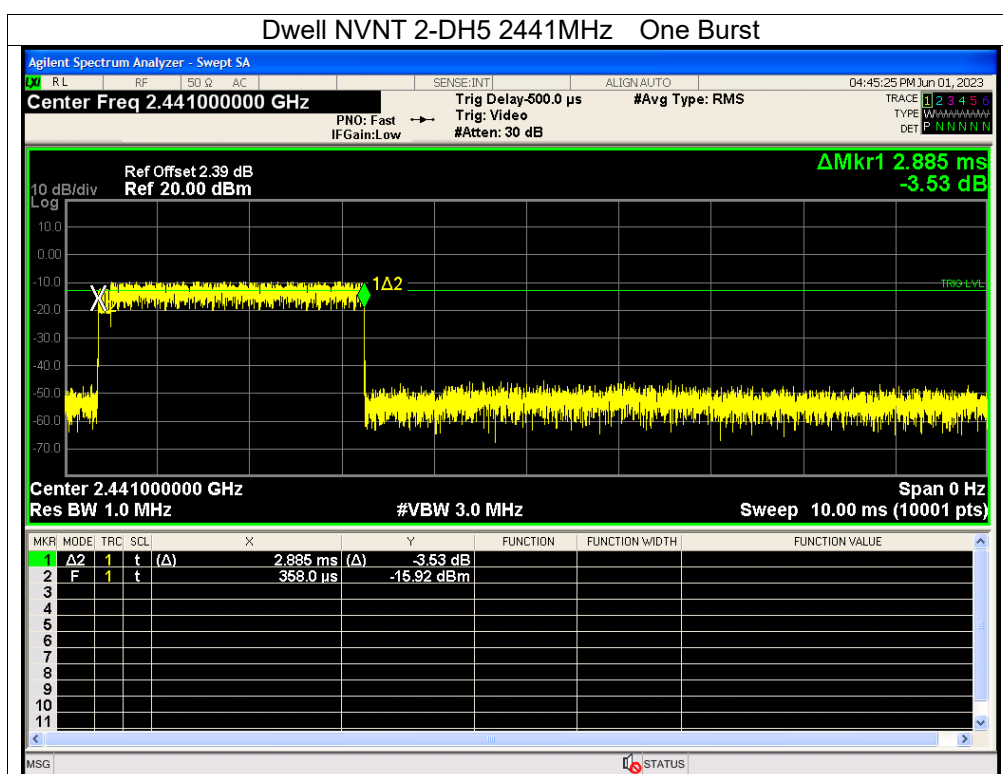
Remark: Mkr Delta is once pulse time.

| Condition | Mode  | Frequency (MHz) | Pulse Time (ms) | Total Dwell Time (s) | Limit (s) | Verdict |
|-----------|-------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------------|-----------|---------|
| NVNT      | 1-DH1 | 2441            | 0.376           | 0.120                | 0.4       | Pass    |
| NVNT      | 1-DH3 | 2441            | 1.633           | 0.261                | 0.4       | Pass    |
| NVNT      | 1-DH5 | 2441            | 2.88            | 0.307                | 0.4       | Pass    |
| NVNT      | 2-DH1 | 2441            | 0.386           | 0.124                | 0.4       | Pass    |
| NVNT      | 2-DH3 | 2441            | 1.638           | 0.262                | 0.4       | Pass    |
| NVNT      | 2-DH5 | 2441            | 2.885           | 0.308                | 0.4       | Pass    |
| NVNT      | 3-DH1 | 2441            | 0.387           | 0.124                | 0.4       | Pass    |
| NVNT      | 3-DH3 | 2441            | 1.636           | 0.262                | 0.4       | Pass    |
| NVNT      | 3-DH5 | 2441            | 2.888           | 0.308                | 0.4       | Pass    |

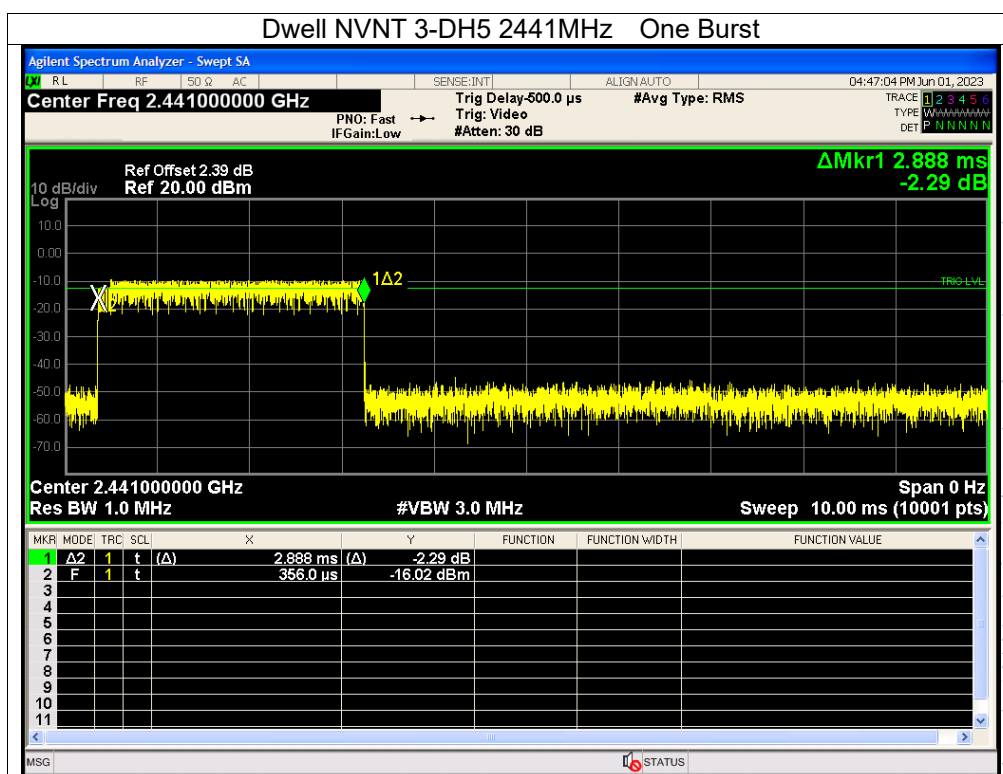
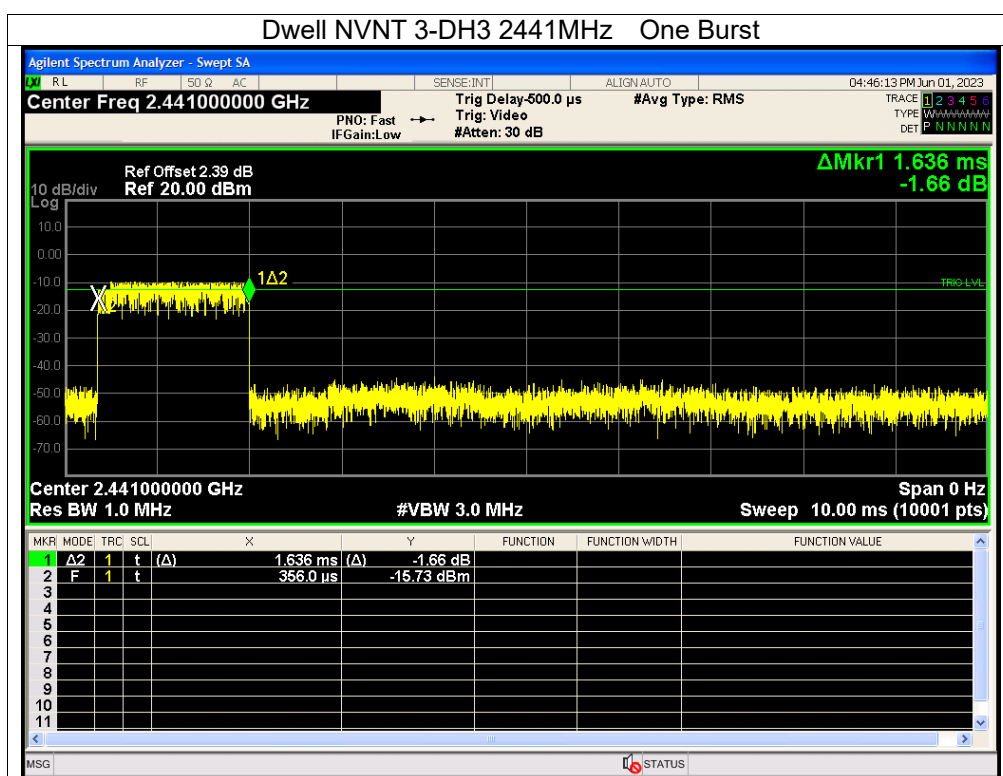








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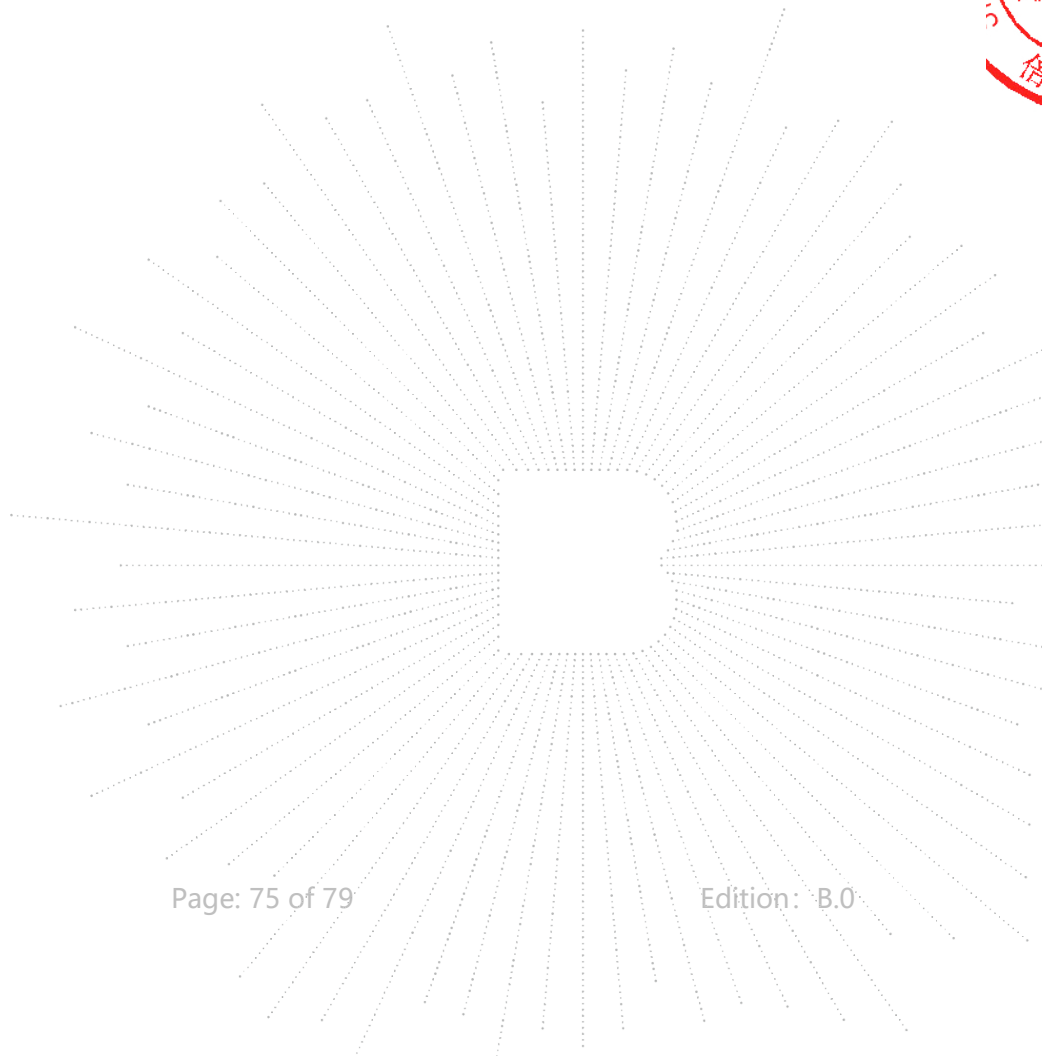
## 15. Antenna Requirement

### 15.1 Limit

15.203 requirement: For intentional device, according to 15.203: an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device.

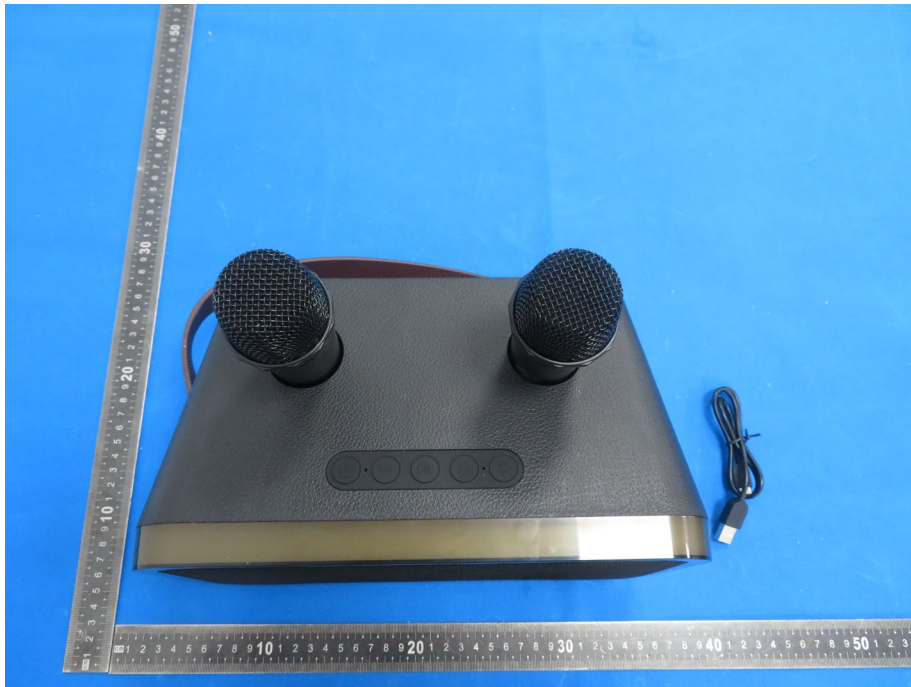
### 15.2 Test Result

The EUT antenna is PCB antenna, The antenna gain is -0.68 dBi, fulfill the requirement of this section.



## 16. EUT Photographs

EUT Photo 1



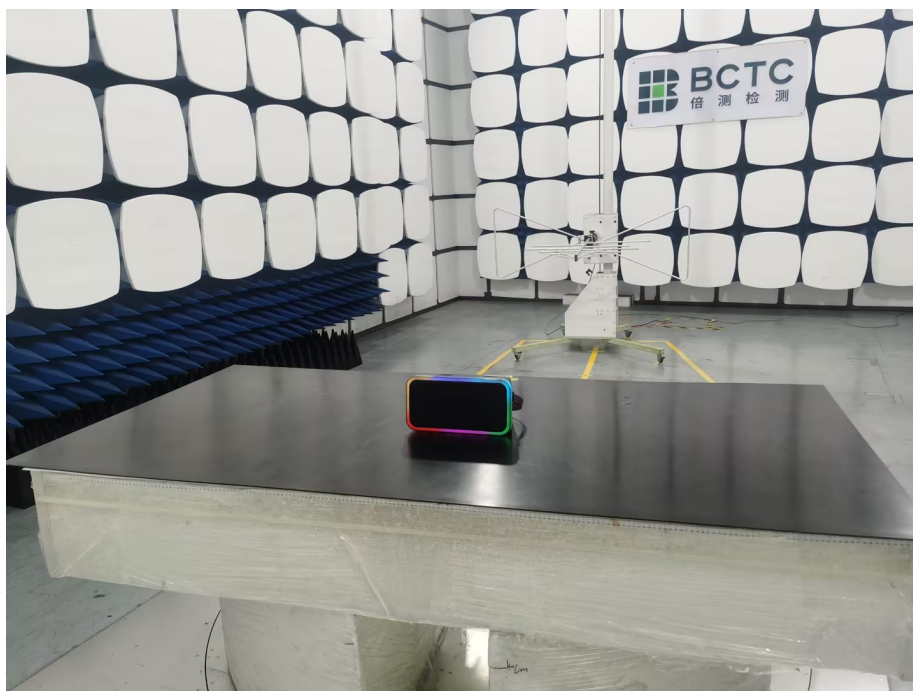
EUT Photo 2



## 17. EUT Test Setup Photographs

**Conducted Measurement Photo**

## Radiated Measurement Photos





**STATEMENT**

1. The equipment lists are traceable to the national reference standards.
2. The test report can not be partially copied unless prior written approval is issued from our lab.
3. The test report is invalid without the "special seal for inspection and testing".
4. The test report is invalid without the signature of the approver.
5. The test process and test result is only related to the Unit Under Test.
6. Sample information is provided by the client and the laboratory is not responsible for its authenticity.
7. The quality system of our laboratory is in accordance with ISO/IEC17025.
8. If there is any objection to this test report, the client should inform issuing laboratory within 15 days from the date of receiving test report.

**Address:**

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P.C.: 518103

FAX: 0755-33229357

Website: <http://www.chnbctc.com>

E-Mail: [bctc@bctc-lab.com.cn](mailto:bctc@bctc-lab.com.cn)

\*\*\*\*\* END \*\*\*\*\*