

# **TEST REPORT**



Report No. : KES-RF250059-R1 Page **1** / **79**  KES Co., Ltd.

#3002, #3503, #3701, 40, Simin-daero365beon-gil, Dongan-gu, Anyang-si, Gyeonggi-do, 14057, Republic of Korea Tel: +82-31-425-6200, Fax: +82-31-341-3838

### **■ FCC & IC TEST REPORT**

1. Client

Name : THINKWARE CORPORATION

o Address: A, 9FL., Samwhan Hipex, 240, Pangyoyeok-ro, Bundang-gu, Seongnam-si,

Gyeonggi-do, South Korea

2. Sample Description

o Product item: THINKWARE DASH CAM

o Model name: ARC700

o Manufacturer etc.: THINKWARE CORPORATION

3. Date of test: 2025.03.05 ~ 2025.03.14

4. Location of Test: ☑ Permanent Testing Lab ☐ On Site Testing

o Adress: 473-21, Gayeo-ro, Yeoju-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea

5. Test method used: Part 15 Subpart C 15.247,

RSS-247 (Issue 3), RSS-Gen (Issue 5)

6. Test result: PASS

The results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested unless otherwise stated.

This laboratory is not accredited for the test results marked \*.

This test report is not related to KOLAS accreditation.

Affirmation	Tested by		Technical Manager	
	Name : Gu-Bong, Kang	(Signature)	Name: Yeong-Jun Cho	(Signature)

2025 . 03. 25.

KES Co., Ltd.

Accredited by KOLAS, Republic of KOREA



# REPORT REVISION HISTORY

Date	Test Report No.	Revision History
2025.03.24	KES-RF250059	Initial
2025.03.25	KES-RF250059-R1	Corrected Model name at Page 1, 4, 5:  'ARC 700' -> 'ARC700'

This report shall not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval of KES Co., Ltd. This document may be altered or revised by KES Co., Ltd. personnel only, and shall be noted in the revision section of the document. Any alteration of this document not carried out by KES Co., Ltd. will constitute fraud and shall nullify the document.

# Use of uncertainty of measurement for decisions on conformity (decision rule):

- No decision rule is specified by the standard, when comparing the measurement result with the applicable limit according to the specification in that standard. The decisions on conformity are made without applying the measurement uncertainty("simple acceptance" decision rule, previously known as "accuracy method").
- ☐ Other (to be specified, for example when required by the standard or client)





# **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

1.	General	information	4
	1.1.	EUT description	4
	1.2.	Test configuration	5
	1.3.	Information about derivative model	5
	1.4.	Accessory information	5
	1.5.	Device modifications	5
	1.6.	Sample calculation	5
	1.7.	Worst case data rate	5
	1.8.	Measurement Uncertainty	6
	1.9.	Frequency/channel operations	6
2.	Summar	y of tests	8
3.	Test resu	ılts	9
	3.1.	Output power	9
	3.2.	Radiated restricted band and emissions	
	3.3.	Antenna Requirement	. 78
Apr	endix A.	Measurement equipment	





# 1. General information

Applicant: THINKWARE CORPORATION

Applicant address: A, 9FL., Samwhan Hipex, 240, Pangyoyeok-ro, Bundang-gu,

Seongnam-si, Gyeonggi-do, South Korea

Test site: KES Co., Ltd.

Test site address: #3002, #3503, #3701, 40, Simin-daero365beon-gil,

Dongan-gu, Anyang-si, Gyeonggi-do, 14057, Republic of Korea

Test Facility FCC Accreditation Designation No.: KR0100, Registration No.: 444148

ISED Registration No.: 23298

FCC rule part(s): 15.247

FCC ID: 2ADTG-ARC700

IC rule part(s): RSS-247 (Issue 3), RSS-Gen (Issue 5)

IC Number: 12594A-ARC700

Test device serial No.: Production Pre-production Engineering

### 1.1. EUT description

Equipment under test THINKWARE DASH CAM

Frequency range & Number of channels

2 402 Mt ~ 2 480 Mt (LE 1 Mbps): 40 ch

2 412 Mb ~ 2 462 Mb (802.11b/g/n\_HT20): 11 ch

2 422 MHz ~ 2 452 MHz (802.11n\_HT40): 7 ch

UNII-1 5 180 MHz ~ 5 240 MHz (802.11a/n\_HT20/ac\_VHT20) : 4 ch for 5 190 MHz ~ 5 230 MHz (802.11n HT40/ac VHT40) : 2 ch

FCC 5 210 Mtz (802.11ac\_VHT80) : 1 ch

UNII-3 5 745 MHz  $\sim$  5 825 MHz (802.11a/n\_HT20/ac\_VHT20) : 5 ch

for 5 755 Mt ~ 5 795 Mt (802.11n\_HT40/ac\_VHT40): 2 ch

IC 5 775 MHz (802.11ac\_VHT80) : 1 ch

Model ARC700

Modulation technique GFSK, DSSS, OFDM

Antenna specification 2.4  $^{\text{GHz}}$  band PCB Antenna // Peak gain: 4.12  $^{\text{dBi}}$ 

UNII-1 PCB Antenna // Peak gain: 1.78 dBi

UNII-3 PCB Antenna // Peak gain: 2.64 dBi

Power source DC 12 V, 24 V

H/W version V3.1 S/W version V0.21

Serial Number QALCCFLD000282B



# 1.2. Test configuration

The <u>THINKWARE CORPORATION // THINKWARE DASH CAM // ARC700 // FCC ID: 2ADTG-ARC700 // IC number: 12594A-ARC700</u> was tested according to the specification of EUT, the EUT must comply with following standards and KDB documents.

FCC Part 15.247 ISED RSS-247 Issue 3 and RSS-Gen Issue 5 KDB 558074 D01 v05 r02 ANSI C63.10-2013

### 1.3. Information about derivative model

N/A.

1.4. Accessory information

1.4. Accessory information				
Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Power source
Main unit (Front camera)	THINKWARE CORPORATION	-	-	DC 12 V, DC 24 V
Rear camera	THINKWARE CORPORATION	-	-	-
Power cable	-	-	-	-
Hardwiring cable (Front camera)	-	-	-	-
Hardwiring cable (Rear camera)	-	-	-	-
MicroSD memory card	-	-	-	-

### 1.5. Device modifications

N/A

## 1.6. Sample calculation

Where relevant, the following sample calculation is provided For all conducted test items :

The offset level is set in the spectrum analyzer to compensate the RF cable loss and attenuator factor between EUT conducted output port and spectrum analyzer. With the offset compensation, the spectrum analyzer reading level is exactly the EUT RF output level.

Offset(dB) = RF cable loss(dB) + attenuator factor(dB).  
= 
$$1.24 + 20 = 21.24$$
 (dB)

For Radiation test:

Field strength level ( $^{dB}\mu M/m$ ) = Measured level ( $^{dB}\mu M$ ) + Antenna factor ( $^{dB}$ ) + Cable loss ( $^{dB}$ ) - Amplifier gain ( $^{dB}$ )

### 1.7. Worst case data rate

1. Worst-case data rates were:

802.11b : 1 Mbps 802.11g : 6 Mbps

802.11n\_HT20/40: MCS0





1.8. Measurement Uncertainty

Test Item		Uncertainty
Uncertainty for Conduction emission test		2.22 dB (SHIELD ROOM #6)
Uncertainty for Radiation emission test	Below 1 GHz	4.04 dB (SAC#6)
(include Fundamental emission)	Above 1 GHz	5.32 dB (SAC #5)

Note. This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

# 1.9. Frequency/channel operations

Ch.	Frequency (Mb)	Rate(Mbps)
00	2 402	LE 1 Mbps
	·	
20	2 442	LE 1 Mbps
	:	
39	2 480	LE 1 Mbps

Ch.	Frequency (Mb)	Mode
1	2 412	802.11b/g/n_HT20
	÷	·
6	2 437	802.11b/g/n_HT20
:	:	
11	2 462	802.11b/g/n_HT20

Ch.	Frequency (Mb)	Mode
3	2 422	802.11n_HT40
		÷
6	2 437	802.11n_HT40
	·	·
9	2 452	802.11n_HT40





### For FCC

10.100			
Ch.	Frequency (Mb)	Mode	
36	5 180	802.11a/an_HT20/ac_VHT20	
		•	
44	5 220	802.11a/an_HT20/ac_VHT20	
		•	
48	5 240	802.11a/an_HT20/ac_VHT20	

Ch.	Frequency (贻)	Mode
38	5 190	802.11an_HT40/ac_VHT40
46	5 230	802.11an_HT40/ac_VHT40

Ch.	Frequency (Mb)	Mode
42	5 210	802.11ac_VHT80

#### For IC

Ch.	Frequency (贴)	Mode
149	5 745	802.11a/an_HT20/ac_VHT20
:		
157	5 785	802.11a/an_HT20/ac_VHT20
:	÷	
165	5 825	802.11a/an_HT20/ac_VHT20

Ch.	Frequency (Mb)	Mode
151	5 755	802.11an_HT40/ac_VHT40
		·
159	5 795	802.11an_HT40/ac_VHT40

Ch.	Frequency (Mb)	Mode		
155	5 775	802.11ac_VHT80		





#### 2. Summary of tests

Section in FCC Part 15	Section in RSS-247 & Gen	Test description	Test results
-	RSS-Gen 6.7	99% Occupied bandwidth	N/T Note.1
15.247(a)(2)	RSS-247 5.2(a)	6 dB bandwidth	N/T Note.1
15.247(b)(3)	RSS-247 5.4(d)	Output power	Pass
15.247(e)	RSS-247 5.2(b)	Power spectral density	N/T Note.1
15.205 15.209	RSS-247 5.5 RSS-Gen 8.9,8,10	Radiated restricted band and emission	Pass
15.247(d)	RSS-247 5.5	Conducted spurious emission and band edge	N/T Note.1
15.207(a)	RSS-Gen 8.8	AC Conducted emissions	N/T Note.2
15.203	-	Antenna Requirement	Pass

\*N/T: Not Tested

### Note.

- This product is equipped with an approved module, please refer to Module Report below for details. Report No. E04A24070678F00102, E04A24070678F00103
   This device is powered by DC 12 V or DC 24 V.
   By the request of applicant, test is performed with power setting value below :

Mode	2.4 础				
Wiode	Frequency (₩²)	Setting value			
LE 1 Mbps	2 402 ~ 2 480	14			
802.11b (1 Mbps)		30			
802.11g (6 Mbps)	2 412 ~ 2 462	21			
802.11n_HT20 (MCS0)		21			
802.11n_HT40 (MCS0)	2 422 ~ 2 452	22			



## 3. Test results

# 3.1. Output power

Test procedure

ANSI C63.10-2013 - Section 11.9.1.3 and 11.9.2.3.2

lest setup	-		,	
EUT		Attenuator		Power meter, Power sensor

#### ANSI C63.10-2013 - Section 11.9.1.3

The maximum peak conducted output power may be measured using a broadband peak RF power m eter. The power meter shall have a video bandwidth that is greater than or equal to the DTS bandw idth and shall use a fast-responding diode detector.

### ANSI C63.10-2013 - Section 11.9.2.3.2

Alternatively, measurements may be performed using a wideband gated RF power meter provided that the gate parameters are adjusted such that the power is measured only when the EUT is transmitting at its maximum power control level. Because the measurement is made only during the ON time of the transmitter, no duty cycle correction is required.

### **FCC Limit**

According to §15.247(b)(3), For systems using digital modulation in the 902~928 Mb, 2 400~2 483.5 Mb, and 5 725~5 850 Mb bands: 1 Watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted out-put power. Maximum Conducted Out-put Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements. The average must not include any time intervals during which the transmitter is off or is transmitting at a reduced power level. If multiple modes of operation are possible (e.g., alternative modulation methods), the maximum conducted output power is the highest total transmit power occurring in any mode.

### **IC Limit**

According to RSS-247 5.4(d), For DTSs employing digital modulation techniques operating in the bands 902-928 Mb and 2 400-2 483.5 Mb, the maximum peak conducted output power shall not exceed 1 W. The e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 4 W. except as provided in section 5.4(e).





# **Test results**

	2 402 Mb		2 442 Mb		2 480 Mb		
Mode	Average (dBm)	Peak (dBm)	Average (dBm)	Peak (dBm)	Average (dBm)	Peak (dBm)	Power Limit (dBm)
LE 1 Mbps	2.03	3.63	1.90	3.41	1.88	3.32	30.00

	2 412 Mb		2 43	2 437 M社		2 MHz		
Mode	Average (dBm)	Peak (dBm)	Average (dBm)	Peak (dBm)	Average (dBm)	Peak (dBm)	Power Limit (dBm)	
802.11b	12.45	15.10	12.59	15.23	12.48	15.11		
802.11g	3.95	13.46	3.85	14.31	3.78	13.62	30.00	
802.11n _HT20	3.95	13.27	3.87	13.46	4.51	14.11		

	2 422 MHz		2 437 MHz		2 452 11地		
Mode	Average (dBm)	Peak (dBm)	Average (dBm)	Peak (dBm)	Average (dBm)	Peak (dBm)	Power Limit (dBm)
802.11n _HT40	4.77	13.39	5.31	13.60	5.30	13.71	30.00

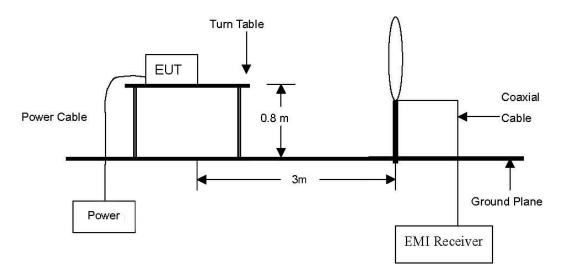




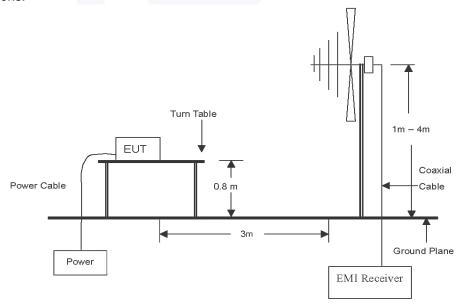
# 3.2. Radiated restricted band and emissions

### **Test setup**

The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 9  $\,\mathrm{kll}$  to 30  $\,\mathrm{ml}$  Emissions.



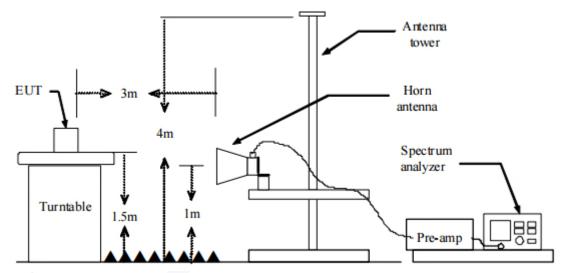
The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 30  $\,\text{Mz}$  to 1  $\,\text{GHz}$  emissions.







The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 1 to the tenth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 40 messions, whichever is lower.



### **Test procedure**

Radiated emissions from the EUT were measured according to the dictates in section 11.11 & 11.12 of ANSI C63.10-2013.

### Test procedure below 30 Mbz

- 1. The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters above the ground at a 3 meter anechoic chamber test site. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- 2. Then antenna is a loop antenna is fixed at one meter above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both parallel, ground parallel and perpendicular of the antenna are set to make the measurement. It was determined that **parallel** was worst-case orientation; therefore, all final radiated testing was performed with the EUT in **parallel**.
- 3. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
- The test-receiver system was set to average or quasi peak detect function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum hold mode.

### Test procedure above 30 Mb

- 1. The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters above the ground for 30 Mb-1 Mb and 1.5 meters for above 1 Mb at a 3 meter anechoic chamber test site. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- 2. The antenna is a bi-log antenna, a horn antenna, and its height are varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
- 3. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters and the table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
- 4. The test receiver system was set to Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.
- 5. Spectrum analyzer settings for f < 1 GHz:
  - ① Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured
  - ② RBW = 120 kHz
  - ③ VBW ≥ RBW
  - 4 Detector = quasi peak
  - 5 Sweep time = auto
  - 6 Trace = max hold





- - ① Analyzer center frequency was set to the frequency of the radiated spurious emission of interest
  - ② RBW = 1 Mz
  - ③ VBW ≥ 3 Mbz
  - 4 Detector = peak
  - Sweep time = auto
  - 6 Trace = max hold
  - Trace was allowed to stabilize
- 7. Spectrum analyzer settings for  $f \ge 1$  GHz: Average
  - ① Analyzer center frequency was set to the frequency of the radiated spurious emission of interest
  - ② RBW = 1 Mbz
  - ③ VBW ≥ 3 × RBW
  - ④ Detector = RMS, if span/(# of points in sweep) ≤ (RBW/2). Satisfying this condition may require increasing the number of points in the sweep or reducing the span. If this condition cannot be satisfied, then the detector mode shall be set to peak.
  - S Averaging type = power(i.e., RMS)
    - 1) As an alternative, the detector and averaging type may be set for linear voltage averaging.
    - 2) Some instruments require linear display mode in order to use linear voltage averaging. Log or dB averaging shall not be used.
  - 6 Sweep = auto
  - 7 Trace = max hold
  - Perform a trace average of at least 100 traces.
  - A correction factor shall be added to the measurement results prior to comparing to the emission limit in order to compute the emission level that would have been measured had the test been performed at 100 percent duty cycle. The correction factor is computed as follows:
    - 1) If power averaging (RMS) mode was used in step  $\mathfrak{S}$ , then the applicable correction factor is  $10 \log(1/x)$ , where x is the duty cycle.
    - 2) If linear voltage averaging mode was used in step  $\mathfrak{S}$ , then the applicable correction factor is  $20 \log(1/x)$ , where x is the duty cycle.
    - 3) If a specific emission is demonstrated to be continuous (≥ 98 percent duty cycle) rather than turning on and off with the transmit cycle, then no duty cycle correction is required for that emission.



Report No. : KES-RF250059-R1 Page **14** / **79** 

#### Note.

f <30 Mb, extrapolation factor of 40 dB/decade of distance. F<sub>d</sub> = 40log(D<sub>m</sub>/Ds)
 f ≥30 Mb, extrapolation factor of 20 dB/decade of distance. F<sub>d</sub> = 20log(D<sub>m</sub>/Ds)
 Where:

 $F_d$  = Distance factor in dB

D<sub>m</sub> = Measurement distance in meters

D<sub>s</sub> = Specification distance in meters

- 2. Field strength( $dB\mu V/m$ ) = Level( $dB\mu V$ ) + CF (dB) + or DCF(dB)
- 3. Margin(dB) = Limit(dB $\mu$ V/m) Field strength(dB $\mu$ V/m)
- 4. Emissions below 18 were measured at a 3 meter test distance while emissions above 18 were measured at a 1 meter test distance with the application of a distance correction factor.
- 5. The fundamental of the EUT was investigated in three orthogonal orientations X, Y and Z, it was determined that <u>X orientation</u> was worst-case orientation; therefore, all final radiated testing was performed with the EUT in X orientation.
- 6. The worst-case emissions are reported however emissions whose levels were not within 20 dB of respective limits were not reported.
- 7. According to exploratory test no any obvious emission were detected from 9 klb to 30 Mb. Although these tests were performed other than open field site, adequate comparison measurements were confirmed against 30 m open field site. Therefore sufficient tests were made to demonstrate that the alternative site produces results that correlate with the ones of tests made in an open field based on KDB 414788.

### **FCC Limit**

According to 15.209(a), for an intentional radiator devices, the general required of field strength of radiated emissions from unintentional radiators at a distance of 3 meters shall not exceed the following values:

		3
Frequency (쌘)	Distance (Meters)	Radiated (μV/m)
0.009 ~ 0.490	300	2400/F(kllz)
0.490 ~ 1.705	30	24000/F(kHz)
1.705 ~ 30.0	30	30
30 ~ 88	3	100**
88 ~ 216	3	150**
216 ~ 960	3	200**
Above 960	3	500

<sup>\*\*</sup>Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this Section shall not be located in the frequency bands  $54 \sim 72~\text{Mz}$ ,  $76 \sim 88~\text{Mz}$ ,  $174 \sim 216~\text{Mz}$  or  $470 \sim 806~\text{Mz}$ . However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this Part, e.g., Sections 15.231 and 15.241.



Report No. : KES-RF250059-R1 Page **15 / 79** 

**IC Limit** 

According to RSS-Gen, Except when the requirements applicable to a given device state otherwise, emissions from licence-exempt transmitters shall comply with the field strength limits:

Frequency (艦)	Distance (Meters)	Radiated (μV/m)
0.009 ~ 0.490	300	2 400 / F(kliz)
0.490 ~ 1.705	30	24 000 / F(kHz)
1.705 ~ 30.0	30	30
30 ~ 88	3	100
88 ~ 216	3	150
216 ~ 960	3	200
Above 960*	3	500

<sup>\*</sup> Unless otherwise specified, for all frequencies greater than 1 GHz, the radiated emission limits for licence-exempt radio apparatus stated in applicable RSSs (including RSS-Gen) are based on measurements using a linear average detector function having a minimum resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz. If an average limit is specified for the EUT, then the peak emission shall also be measured with instrumentation properly adjusted for such factors as pulse desensitization to ensure the peak emission is less than 20 dB above the average limit.

**Note:** Transmitting devices are not permitted in restricted frequency bands unless stated otherwise in the specific RSS.



Report No. : KES-RF250059-R1 Page **16 / 79** 

# **Duty cycle**

Regarding to KDB 558074 D01\_v05 r02, 6. Measurements of duty cycle and transmission duration shall be performed using one of the following techniques:

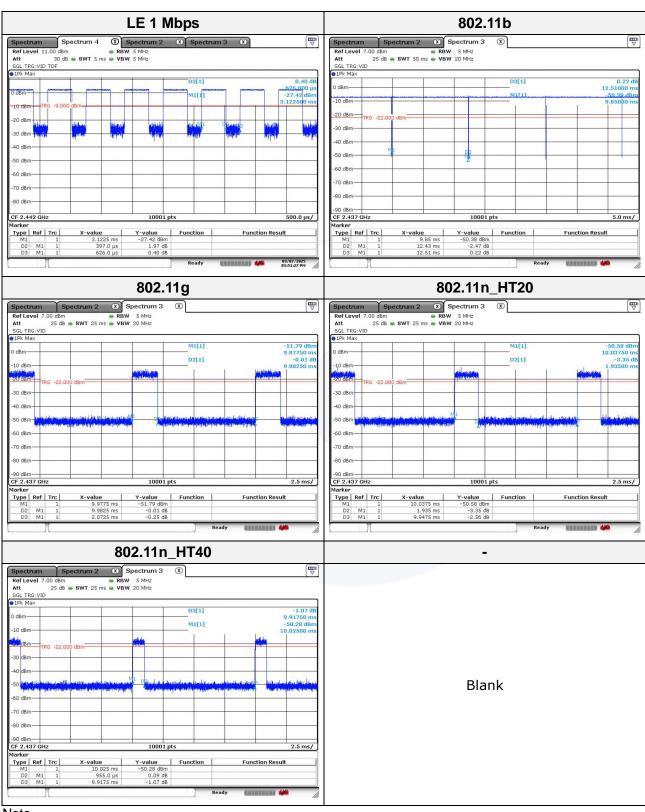
- a) A diode detector and an oscilloscope that together have sufficiently short response time to permit accurate measurements of the on- and off-times of the transmitted signal.
- b) The zero-span mode on a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver if the response time and spacing between bins on the sweep are sufficient to permit accurate measurements of the on- and off-times of the transmitted signal.

Mode	T <sub>on</sub> time (ms)	Period (ms)	Duty cycle (Linear) (%)		Duty cycle correction factor (dB)
LE 1 Mbps	0.397	0.626	0.63	63.42	2.01
802.11b	12.430	12.510	0.99	99.36	0.04
802.11g	2.073	9.983	0.21	20.77	6.78
802.11n_HT20	1.935	9.948	0.19	19.45	7.21
802.11n_HT40	0.955	9.918	0.10	9.63	10.00

Duty cycle (Linear) =  $T_{on}$  time/Period DCF(Duty cycle correction factor (dB)) = 10log(1/duty cycle)







# Note.

1. Tested with the maximum duty that can be set on the EUT.



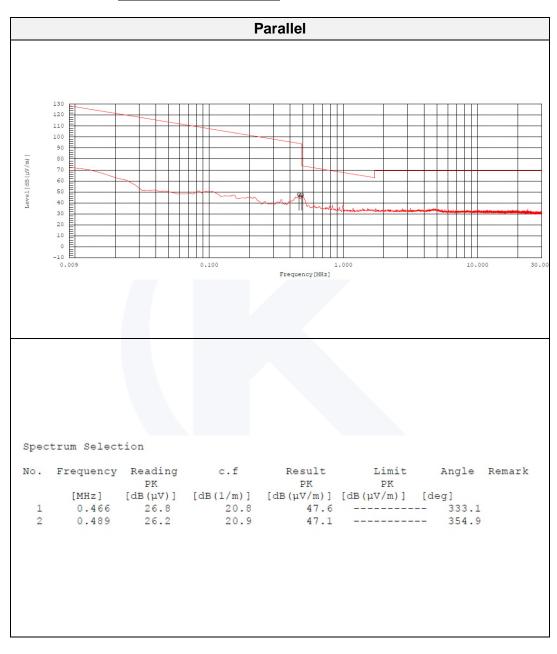


# Test results (Below 30 账)

Mode: LE 1 Mbps\_DC 12 V

Distance of measurement: 3 meter

Channel: 00 (Worst case)



#### Note

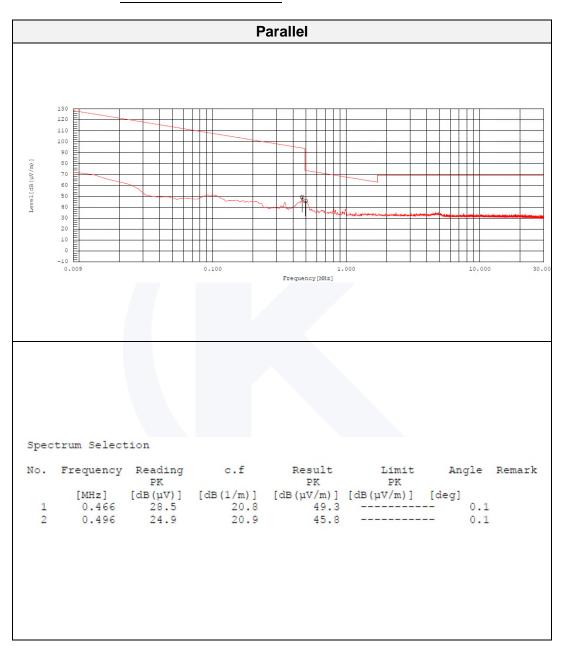




Mode: LE 1 Mbps\_DC 24 V

Distance of measurement: 3 meter

Channel: 00 (Worst case)



#### Note

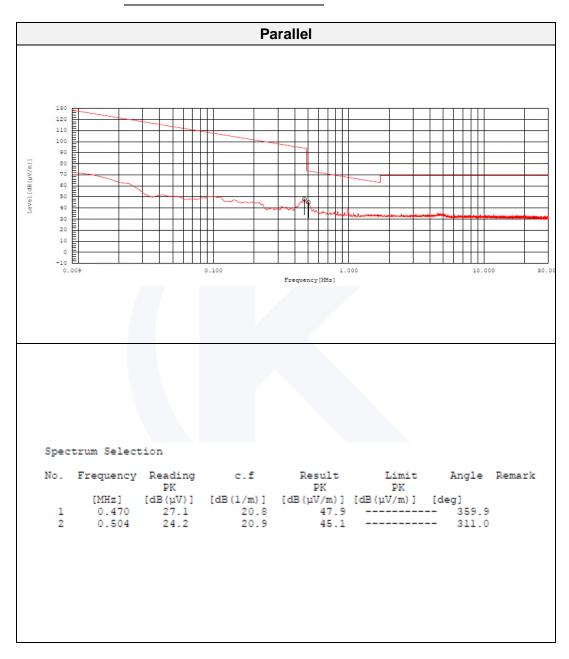




Mode: 802.11b (Worst case)\_DC 12 V

Distance of measurement: 3 meter

Channel: 06 (Worst case)



### Note.

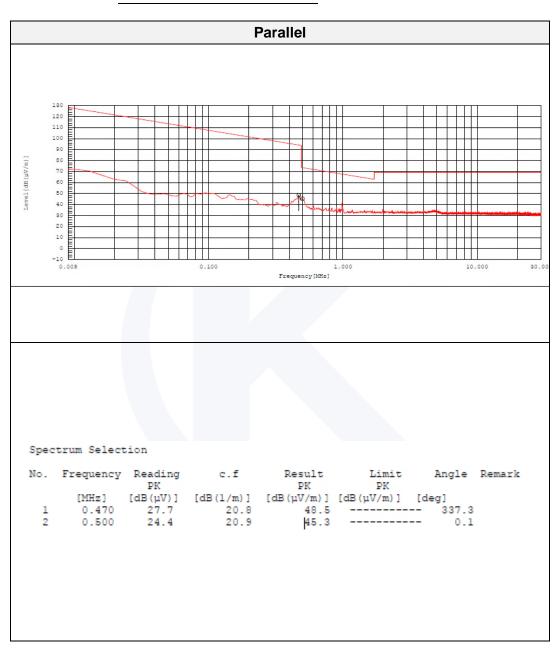




Mode: 802.11b (Worst case)\_DC 24 V

Distance of measurement: 3 meter

Channel: 06 (Worst case)



#### Note



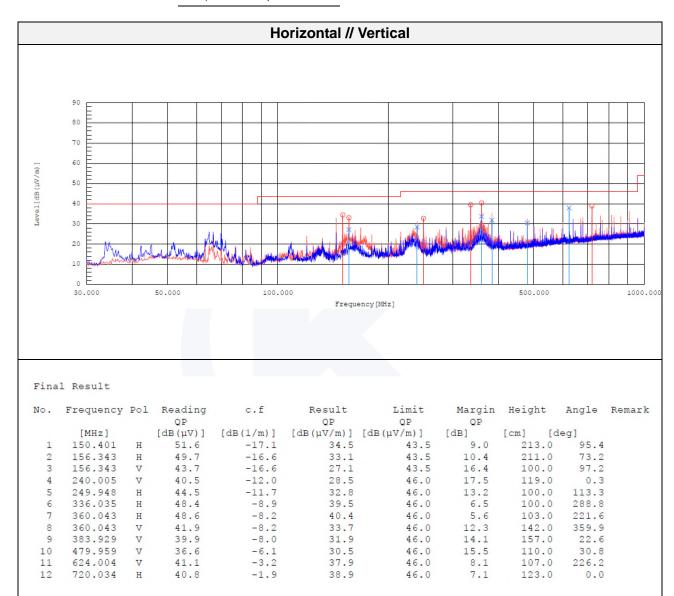


# Test results (Below 1 000 Mb)

Mode: LE 1 Mbps\_DC 12 V

Distance of measurement: 3 meter

Channel: 00 (Worst case)



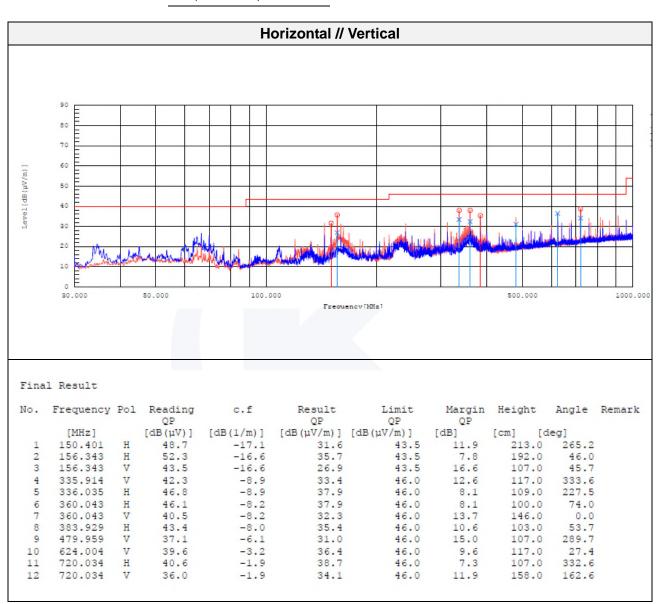




Mode: LE 1 Mbps\_DC 24 V

Distance of measurement: 3 meter

Channel: 00 (Worst case)



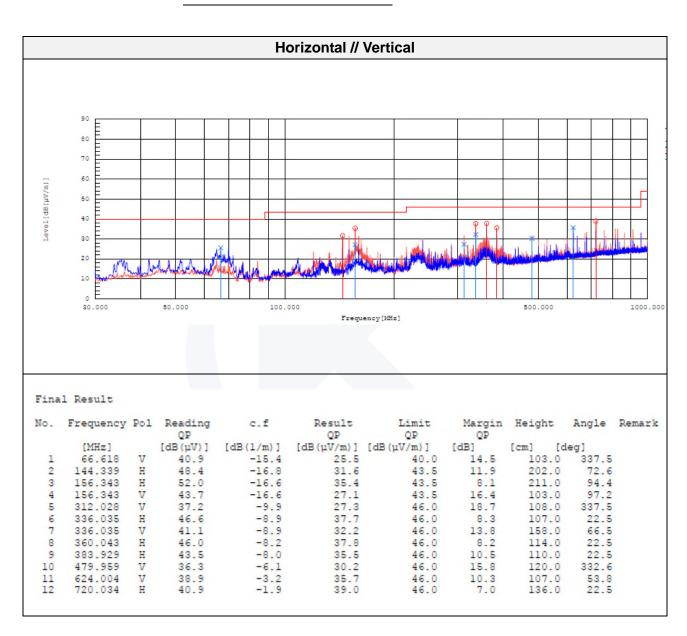




Mode: 802.11b (Worst case)\_DC 12 V

Distance of measurement: 3 meter

Channel: 06 (Worst case)



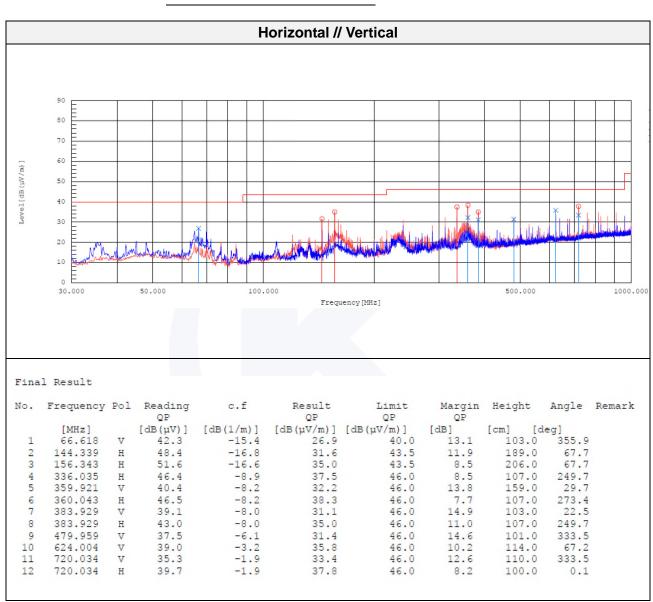




Mode: 802.11b (Worst case)\_DC 24 V

Distance of measurement: 3 meter

Channel: 06 (Worst case)







# Test results (Above 1 000 账)

Mode: DC 12 V\_LE 1 Mbps

Distance of measurement: 3 meter

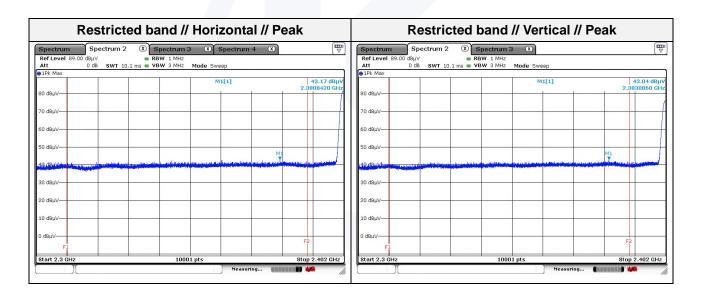
Channel: 00

- Spurious

Frequency (ME)	Level (dBµV)	Detect mode	Ant. Pol. (H/V)	CF (dB)	DCF (dB)	Field strength (dBµN/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
1 011.50	43.95	Peak	Н	-7.82	-	36.13	74.00	37.87
1 039.50	44.49	Peak	V	-7.67	-	36.82	74.00	37.18

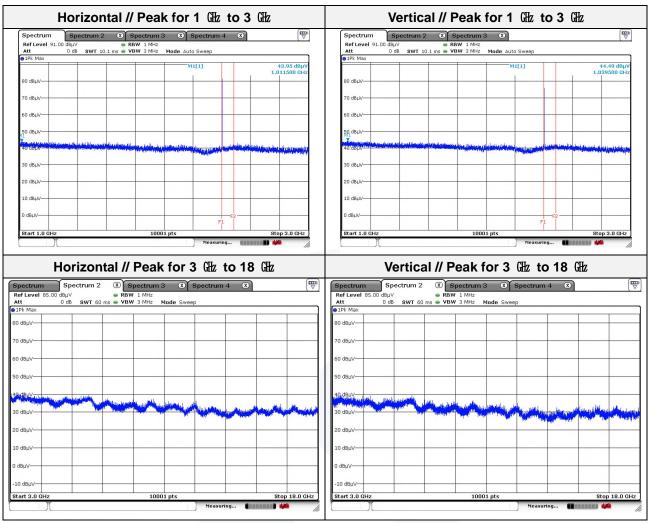
- Band edge

Frequency (脈)	Level (dΒμV)	Detect mode	Ant. Pol. (H/V)	CF (dB)	DCF (dB)	Field strength (dBµN/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
2 380.84	43.17	Peak	Ħ	-2.13	ı	41.04	74.00	32.96
2 383.09	43.04	Peak	٧	-2.13	-	40.91	74.00	33.09









## Note.

- 1. No spurious emission were detected above 3  $\ensuremath{\text{GHz}}.$
- 2. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit.





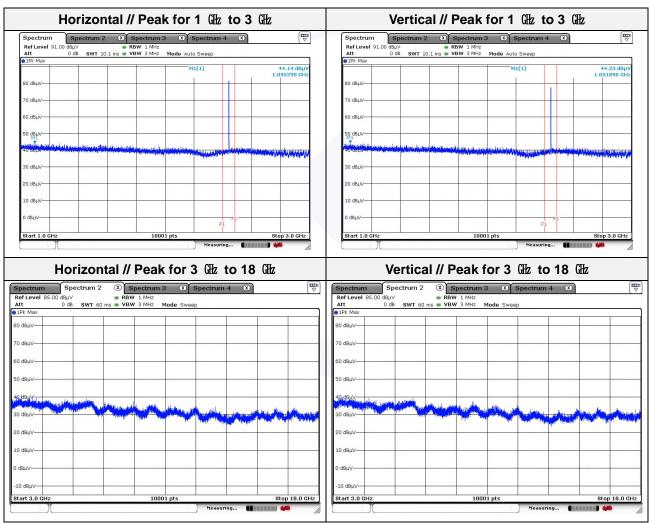
Mode: DC 12 V\_LE 1 Mbps

Distance of measurement: 3 meter

Channel: 20

### Spurious

Frequency (Mb)	Level (dBµV)	Detect mode	Ant. Pol. (H/V)	CF (dB)	DCF (dB)	Field strength (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµN/m)	Margin (dB)
1 051.89	44.23	Peak	V	-7.61	-	36.62	74.00	37.38
1 095.29	44.14	Peak	Н	-7.38	-	36.76	74.00	37.24



#### Note.

- 1. No spurious emission were detected above 3 GHz.
- 2. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit.





Mode: DC 12 V\_LE 1 Mbps

Distance of measurement: 3 meter

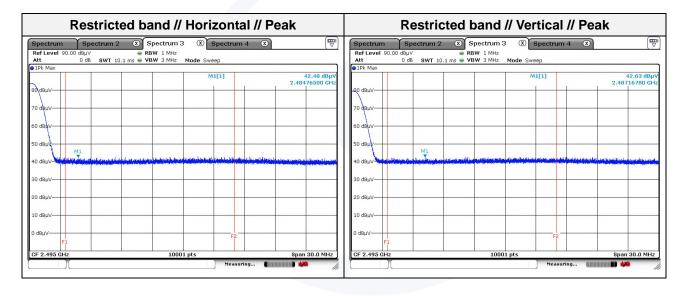
Channel: 39

## - Spurious

Frequency (艦)	Level (dBµV)	Detect mode	Ant. Pol. (H/V)	CF (dB)	DCF (dB)	Field strength (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµN/m)	Margin (dB)
1 043.70	43.95	Peak	٧	-7.65	-	36.30	74.00	37.70
1 196.88	43.56	Peak	Н	-6.85	-	36.71	74.00	37.29

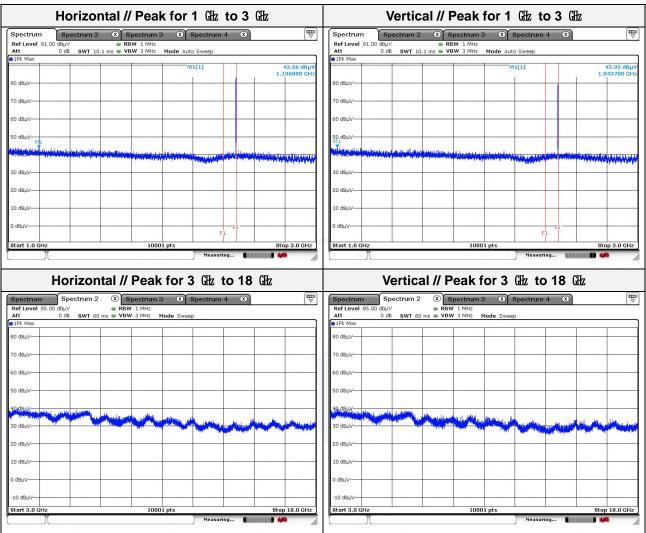
- Band edge

Frequency (Mb)	Level (dBµV)	Detect mode	Ant. Pol. (H/V)	CF (dB)	DCF (dB)	Field strength (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµN/m)	Margin (dB)
2 484.77	42.48	Peak	Н	-1.91	-	40.57	74.00	33.43
2 487.17	42.63	Peak	V	-1.90	-	41.40	74.00	32.60









# Note.

- 1. No spurious emission were detected above 3 GHz.
- 2. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit.