

Client:

BTL Inc .

Certificate No: Z19-60160

#### **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object

DAE4 - SN: 1390

Calibration Procedure(s)

FF-Z11-002-01

Calibration Procedure for the Data Acquisition Electronics

(DAEx)

Calibration date:

May 25, 2019

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)℃ and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration	
1971018	20-Jun-18 (CTTL, No.J18X05034)	June-19	

Calibrated by:

Name

**Function** 

Signature

Yu Zongying

**SAR Test Engineer** 

Reviewed by:

Lin Hao

**SAR Test Engineer** 

Approved by:

Qi Dianyuan

SAR Project Leader

Issued: May 27, 2019 This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Glossary:

DAE data acquisition electronics

Connector angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X

to the robot coordinate system.

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The report provide only calibration results for DAE, it does not contain other performance test results.

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#### **DC Voltage Measurement**

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

Calibration Factors	X	Y	Z
High Range	403.540 ± 0.15% (k=2)	403.454 ± 0.15% (k=2)	404.331 ± 0.15% (k=2)
Low Range	3.98405 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.98320 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.98431 ± 0.7% (k=2)

#### **Connector Angle**

	*
1	
Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	70.5° ± 1 °

Certificate No: Z19-60160

#### **Calibration Laboratory of** Schmid & Partner **Engineering AG** Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage C Servizio svizzero di taratura **Swiss Calibration Service** 

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Certificate No: DAE3-420\_Jun19

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

BTL (Auden)

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Object

DAE3 - SD 000 D03 AA - SN: 420

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-06.v29

Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)

Calibration date:

June 21, 2019

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	SN: 0810278	03-Sep-18 (No:23488)	Sep-19
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
	SE LIMS 053 AA 1001	07-Jan-19 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-20
Auto DAE Calibration Unit	1 3E 0443 033 AA 1001	07-Jan-15 (III House cheek)	

Name

**Function** 

Signature

Calibrated by:

**Dominique Steffen** 

Laboratory Technician

Approved by:

Sven Kühn

**Deputy Manager** 

Issued: June 21, 2019

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#### **Calibration Laboratory of**

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

#### Glossary

DAE data acquisition electronics

Connector angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot

coordinate system.

#### **Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters**

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
  - DC Voltage Measurement Linearity: Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
  - Common mode sensitivity: Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
  - Channel separation: Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
  - AD Converter Values with inputs shorted: Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
  - Input Offset Measurement: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
  - Input Offset Current: Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
  - Input resistance: Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
  - Low Battery Alarm Voltage: Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
  - Power consumption: Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

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#### **DC Voltage Measurement**

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: 1LSB =

6.1μV ,

full range = -100...+300 mV

Low Range:

1LSB = 61nV ,

full range = -1.....+3mV

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	х	Υ	Z
High Range	405.532 ± 0.02% (k=2)	405.108 ± 0.02% (k=2)	406.157 ± 0.02% (k=2)
Low Range	3.95803 ± 1.50% (k=2)	4.02209 ± 1.50% (k=2)	3.96059 ± 1.50% (k=2)

#### **Connector Angle**

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Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	162.5 ° ± 1 °

## Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS0108)

1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range		Reading (μV)	Difference (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	200033.86	0.52	0.00
Channel X	+ Input	20010.20	5.18	0.03
Channel X	- Input	-20006.77	-1.36	0.01
Channel Y	+ Input	200037.11	3.95	0.00
Channel Y	+ Input	20007.47	2.40	0.01
Channel Y	- Input	-20007.27	-1.75	0.01
Channel Z	+ Input	200035.33	2.26	0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	20007.07	2.09	0.01
Channel Z	- Input	-20009.79	-4.18	0.02

Low Range		Reading (μV)	Difference (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	2000.94	-0.13	-0.01
Channel X	+ Input	201.31	0.33	0.16
Channel X	- Input	-198.79	0.19	-0.10
Channel Y	+ Input	2000.94	0.04	0.00
Channel Y	+ Input	200.25	-0.71	-0.35
Channel Y	- Input	-199.75	-0.69	0.34
Channel Z	+ Input	2001.03	0.19	0.01
Channel Z	+ Input	199.96	-0.89	-0.44
Channel Z	- Input	-200.40	-1.30	0.65

2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (μV)	Low Range Average Reading (μV)
Channel X	200	-10.30	-11.39
	- 200	12.85	11.25
Channel Y	200	9.05	8.97
	- 200	-11.44	-10.95
Channel Z	200	22.45	22.26
	- 200	-25.87	-25.41

#### 3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (μV)	Channel Y (μV)	Channel Z (μV)
Channel X	200	-	1.75	-1.68
Channel Y	200	6.28	-	2.12
Channel Z	200	4.37	3.81	-

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## 4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	16130	16069
Channel Y	15913	15926
Channel Z	15859	15075

#### 5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Input  $10M\Omega$ 

	Average (μV)	min. Offset (μV)	max. Offset (μV)	Std. Deviation (μV)
Channel X	1.49	-0.38	2.97	0.57
Channel Y	0.22	-0.73	1.26	0.38
Channel Z	-1.58	-2.89	0.40	0.45

#### 6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6

9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9

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Certificate No: Z19-60047

#### CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object EX3DV4 - SN:3685

Calibration Procedure(s)

FF-Z11-004-01

Calibration Procedures for Dosimetric E-field Probes

Calibration date:

March 25, 2019

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

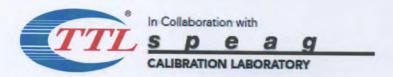
All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standar	ds	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter	NRP2	101919	20-Jun-18 (CTTL, No.J18X05032)	Jun-19
Power sensor	NRP-Z91	101547	20-Jun-18 (CTTL, No.J18X05032)	Jun-19
Power sensor	NRP-Z91	101548	20-Jun-18 (CTTL, No.J18X05032)	Jun-19
Reference10dE	Attenuator	18N50W-10dB	09-Feb-18(CTTL, No.J18X01133)	Feb-20
Reference20dE	Attenuator	18N50W-20dB	09-Feb-18(CTTL, No.J18X01132)	Feb-20
Reference Prob	be EX3DV4	SN 7514	27-Aug-18(SPEAG,No.EX3-7514_Aug18/2)	Aug-19
DAE4		SN 1555	20-Aug-18(SPEAG, No.DAE4-1555_Aug18)	Aug -19
Secondary Star	ndards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
SignalGenerato	orMG3700A	6201052605	21-Jun-18 (CTTL, No.J18X05033)	Jun-19
Network Analyz	er E5071C	MY46110673	24-Jan-19 (CTTL, No.J19X00547)	Jan -20
	1	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:		Yu Zongying	SAR Test Engineer	Amb
Reviewed by:		Lin Hao	SAR Test Engineer	林光
Approved by:		Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	5.00

Issued: March 27, 2019

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Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx, v, z

DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty cycle) of the RF signal A,B,C,D modulation dependent linearization parameters

Φ rotation around probe axis Polarization Φ

Polarization θ θ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i

 $\theta$ =0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013

b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)",

July 2016

c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March

d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

NORMx, y, z: Assessed for E-field polarization θ=0 (f≤900MHz in TEM-cell; f>1800MHz: waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not effect the  $E^2$ -field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).

 $NORM(f)x, y, z = NORMx, y, z^*$  frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the

frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.

DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.

PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics.

Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; VRx,y,z:A,B,C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.

- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f≤800MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f >800MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty valued are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z\* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ±50MHz to ±100MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Certificate No: Z19-60047

## Probe EX3DV4

SN: 3685

Calibrated: March 25, 2019

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

Certificate No: Z19-60047

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN: 3685

#### **Basic Calibration Parameters**

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
$Norm(\mu V/(V/m)^2)^A$	0.45	0.49	0.48	±10.0%
DCP(mV) <sup>B</sup>	102.0	102.6	102.0	

#### **Modulation Calibration Parameters**

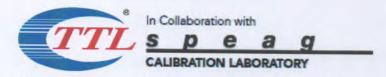
UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dBõV	С	D dB	VR mV	Unc E (k=2)
0	CW	Х	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	160.0	±2.6%
		Υ	0.0	0.0	1.0		165.7	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		166.3	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

A The uncertainties of Norm X, Y, Z do not affect the E2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 5 and Page 6).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>E</sup> Uncertainly is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.



## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN: 3685

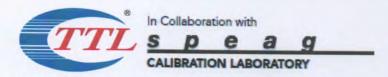
## Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz] <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
835	41.5	0.90	8.57	8.57	8.57	0.10	1.71	±12.1%
900	41.5	0.97	8.59	8.59	8.59	0.13	1.51	±12.1%
1750	40.1	1.37	7.50	7.50	7.50	0.23	1.06	±12.1%
1900	40.0	1.40	7.21	7.21	7.21	0.22	1.06	±12.1%
2300	39.5	1.67	6.90	6.90	6.90	0.64	0.69	±12.1%
2450	39.2	1.80	6.63	6.63	6.63	0.60	0.72	±12.1%
2600	39.0	1.96	6.47	6.47	6.47	0.53	0.79	±12.19
5200	36.0	4.66	4.99	4.99	4.99	0.40	1.35	±13.3%
5300	35.9	4.76	4.77	4.77	4.77	0.40	1.30	±13.3%
5600	35.5	5.07	4.30	4.30	4.30	0.40	1.50	±13.3%
5800	35.3	5.27	4.29	4.29	4.29	0.40	1.40	±13.3%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

F At frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ±10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ±5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.



## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN: 3685

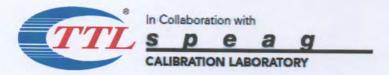
### Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz] <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
835	55.2	0.97	8.60	8.60	8.60	0.18	1.42	±12.1%
900	55.0	1.05	8.54	8.54	8.54	0.30	1.06	±12.1%
1750	53.4	1.49	7.19	7.19	7.19	0.20	1.18	±12.1%
1900	53.3	1.52	7.08	7.08	7.08	0.20	1.19	±12.1%
2300	52.9	1.81	6.89	6.89	6.89	0.55	0.82	±12.1%
2450	52.7	1.95	6.81	6.81	6.81	0.62	0.75	±12.1%
2600	52.5	2.16	6.61	6.61	6.61	0.69	0.69	±12.1%
5200	49.0	5.30	4.44	4.44	4.44	0.45	1.61	±13.3%
5300	48.9	5.42	4.34	4.34	4.34	0.45	1.65	±13.3%
5600	48.5	5.77	3.81	3.81	3.81	0.47	1.78	±13.3%
5800	48.2	6.00	3.76	3.76	3.76	0.48	1.72	±13.3%

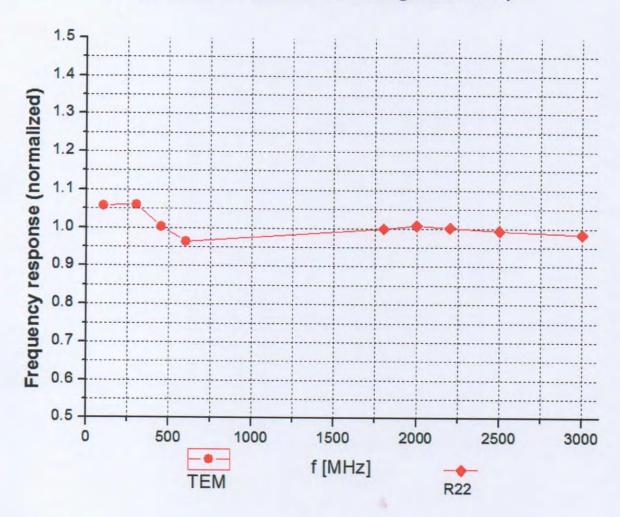
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

F At frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ±10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ±5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than  $\pm$  1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below  $\pm$  2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

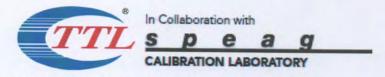


## Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell: ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ±7.4% (k=2)

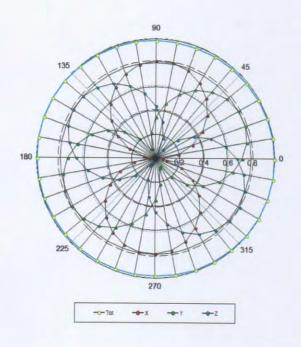
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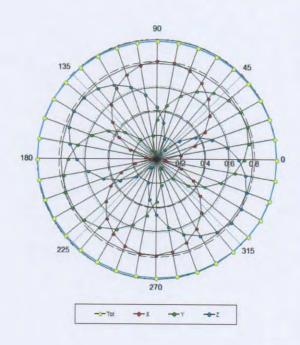


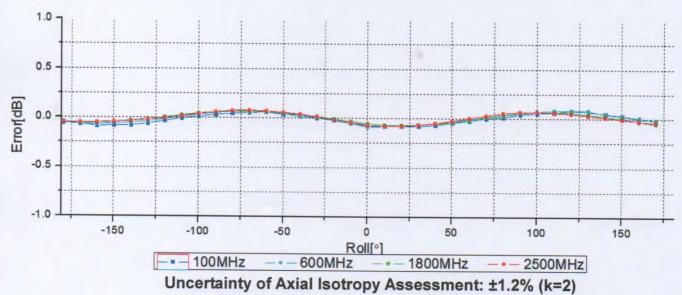
## Receiving Pattern (Φ), θ=0°

## f=600 MHz, TEM

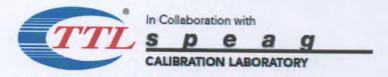
## f=1800 MHz, R22



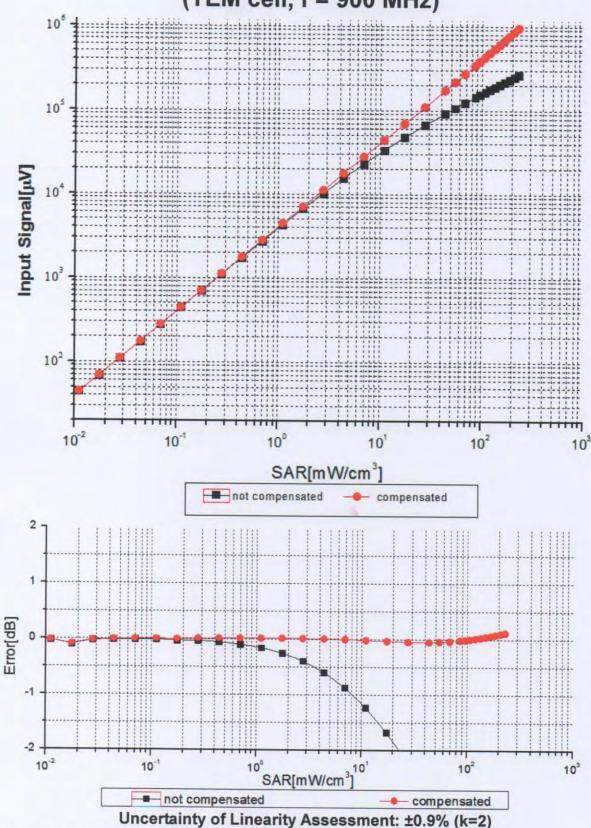




Chock mility of Axial Isotropy Assessment. 11.2% (K-2)

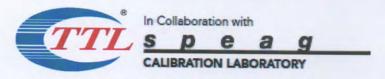


## Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>) (TEM cell, f = 900 MHz)



Certificate No: Z19-60047

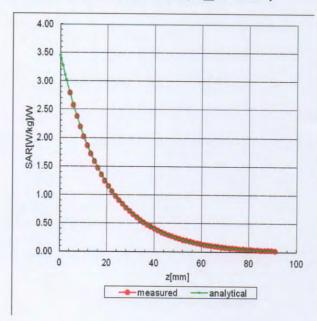
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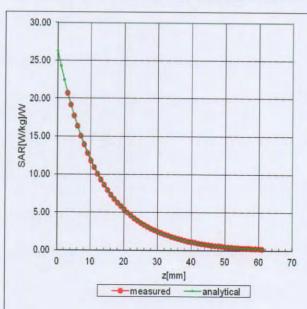


## **Conversion Factor Assessment**

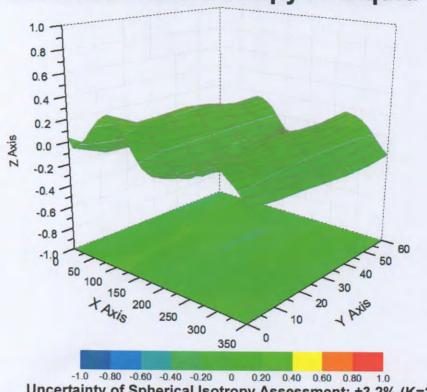
f=835 MHz, WGLS R9(H\_convF)

f=1750 MHz, WGLS R22(H\_convF)

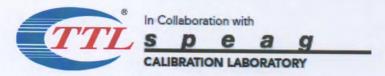




## **Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid**



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ±3.2% (K=2)



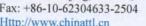
## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN: 3685

#### **Other Probe Parameters**

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	161.2
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disable
Probe Overall Length	337mm
Probe Body Diameter	10mm
Tip Length	9mm
Tip Diameter	2.5mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4mm

Http://www.chinattl.cn







Client

**Amphenol** 

Certificate No: Z19-60035

#### CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object ES3DV3 - SN:3121

Calibration Procedure(s) FF-Z11-004-01

Calibration Procedures for Dosimetric E-field Probes

Calibration date: February 25, 2019

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

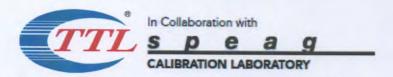
All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	S	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter	NRP2	101919	20-Jun-18 (CTTL, No.J18X05032)	Jun-19
Power sensor	NRP-Z91	101547	20-Jun-18 (CTTL, No.J18X05032)	Jun-19
Power sensor	NRP-Z91	101548	20-Jun-18 (CTTL, No.J18X05032)	Jun-19
Reference10dBA	Attenuator	18N50W-10dB	09-Feb-18(CTTL, No.J18X01133)	Feb-20
Reference20dBA	Attenuator	18N50W-20dB	09-Feb-18(CTTL, No.J18X01132)	Feb-20
Reference Probe	EX3DV4	SN 7514	27-Aug-18(SPEAG,No.EX3-7514_Aug18)	Aug-19
DAE4		SN 1555	20-Aug-18(SPEAG, No.DAE4-1555_Aug18)	Aug -19
Secondary Stand	dards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
SignalGenerator	MG3700A	6201052605	21-Jun-18 (CTTL, No.J18X05033)	Jun-19
Network Analyze	r E5071C	MY46110673	24-Jan-18 (CTTL, No.J18X00561)	Jan -19
	1	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:		Yu Zongying	SAR Test Engineer	A miles
Reviewed by:		Lin Hao	SAR Test Engineer	林卷
Approved by:		Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	>00

Issued: February 27, 2019

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty\_cycle) of the RF signal A,B,C,D modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization Φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization θ θ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i

 $\theta$ =0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013

b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016

c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010

d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization θ=0 (f≤900MHz in TEM-cell; f>1800MHz: waveguide).
 NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not effect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).

NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z\* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.

 DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.

 PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics.

Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; VRx,y,z:A,B,C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the
data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor
media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.

- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f≤800MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f >800MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty valued are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z\* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from±50MHz to±100MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

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## Probe ES3DV3

SN: 3121

Calibrated: February 25, 2019

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

Certificate No: Z19-60035 Page 3 of 11

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN: 3121

#### **Basic Calibration Parameters**

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm(µV/(V/m) <sup>2</sup> ) <sup>A</sup>	1.13	1.27	1.25	±10.0%
DCP(mV) <sup>B</sup>	106.0	103.9	103.8	

#### **Modulation Calibration Parameters**

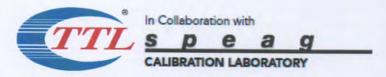
UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dBõV	С	D dB	VR mV	Unc <sup>E</sup> (k=2)
0	cw	Х	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	272.3	±2.3%
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		283.8	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		284.6	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

A The uncertainties of Norm X, Y, Z do not affect the E2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 5 and Page 6).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>E</sup> Uncertainly is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.



### DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN: 3121

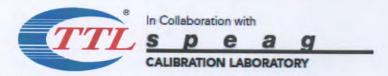
#### Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz] <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	6.33	6.33	6.33	0.38	1.45	±12.1%
900	41.5	0.97	6.21	6.21	6.21	0.36	1.54	±12.1%
1750	40.1	1.37	5.25	5.25	5.25	0.62	1.25	±12.1%
1810	40.0	1.40	5.08	5.08	5.08	0.68	1.21	±12.1%
2100	39.8	1.49	4.96	4.96	4.96	0.68	1.23	±12.1%
2450	39.2	1.80	4.60	4.60	4.60	0.90	1.10	±12.1%
2600	39.0	1.96	4.41	4.41	4.41	0.90	1.10	±12.1%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

F At frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to  $\pm 10\%$  if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to  $\pm 5\%$ . The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than  $\pm$  1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below  $\pm$  2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.



## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN: 3121

#### Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

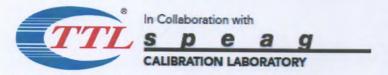
f [MHz] <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	6.31	6.31	6.31	0.40	1.40	±12.1%
900	55.0	1.05	6.15	6.15	6.15	0.51	1.42	±12.1%
1750	53.4	1.49	4.99	4.99	4.99	0.59	1.30	±12.1%
1810	53.3	1.52	4.85	4.85	4.85	0.61	1.30	±12.1%
2100	53.2	1.62	4.73	4.73	4.73	0.72	1.24	±12.1%
2450	52.7	1.95	4.47	4.47	4.47	0.90	1.10	±12.1%
2600	52.5	2.16	4.30	4.30	4.30	0.90	1.05	±12.1%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

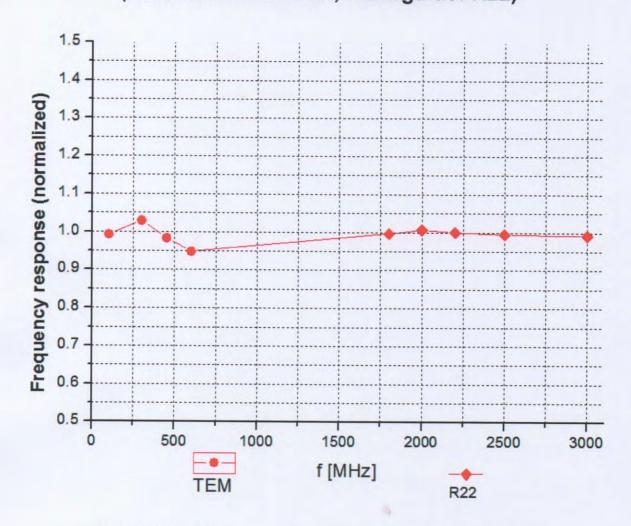
Certificate No: Z19-60035

F At frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ±10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ±5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>G</sup>Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than  $\pm$  1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below  $\pm$  2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

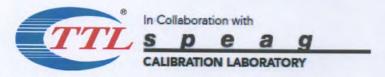


# Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell: ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

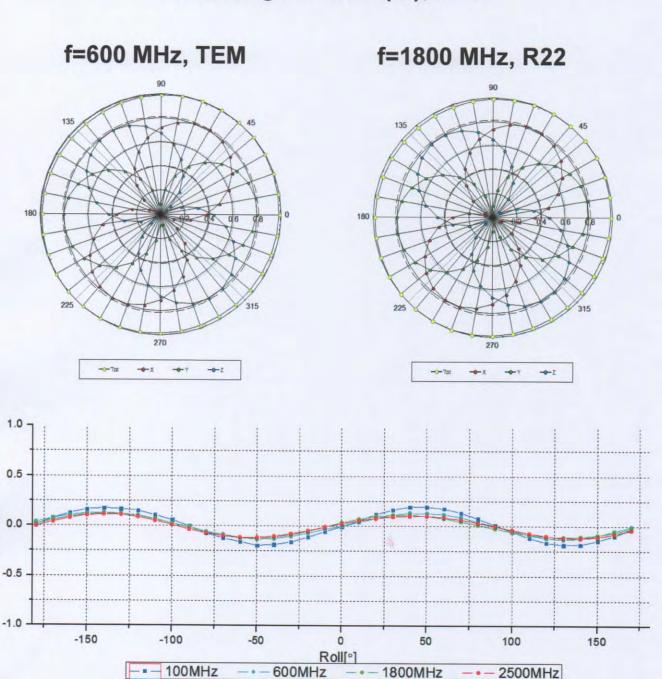


Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ±7.4% (k=2)

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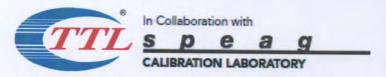


## Receiving Pattern (Φ), θ=0°

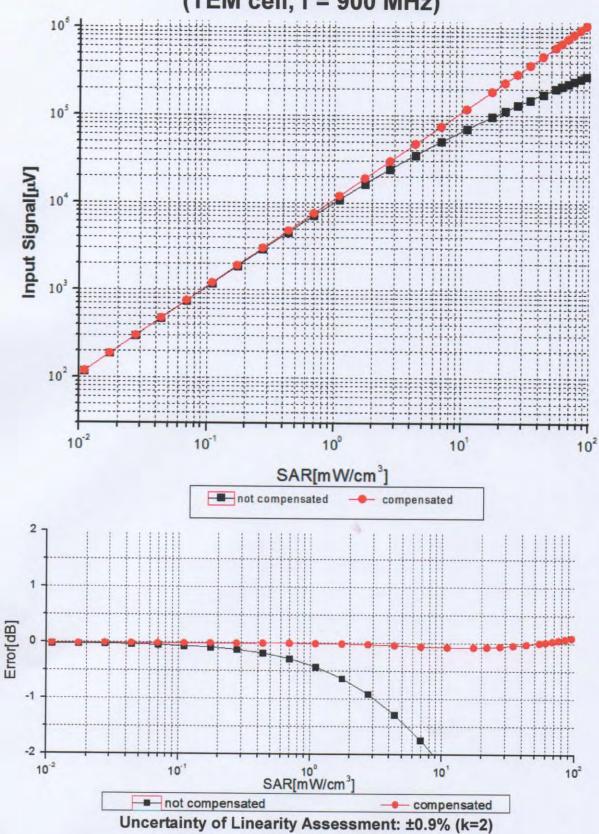


Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ±1.2% (k=2)

Error[dB]

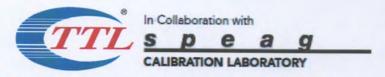


## Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>) (TEM cell, f = 900 MHz)



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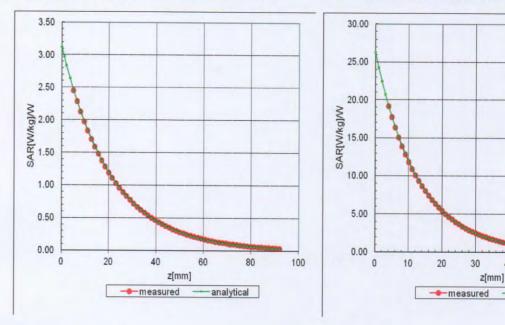


### **Conversion Factor Assessment**

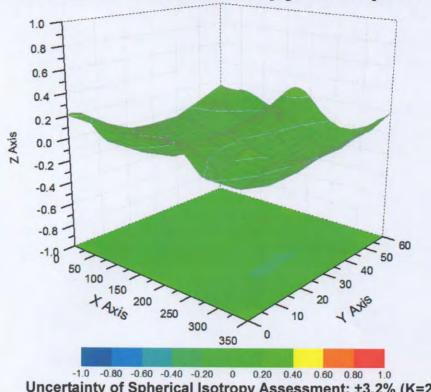
## f=750 MHz, WGLS R9(H\_convF)

#### f=1750 MHz, WGLS R22(H\_convF)

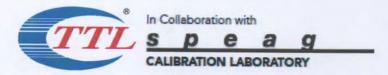
analytical



## **Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid**



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ±3.2% (K=2)



## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN: 3121

#### **Other Probe Parameters**

Sensor Arrangement	Triangula		
Connector Angle (°)	141.2		
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled		
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disable		
Probe Overall Length	337mm		
Probe Body Diameter	10mm		
Tip Length	10mm		
Tip Diameter	4mm		
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2mm		
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2mm		
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2mm		
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	3mm		