# SAR EVALUATION REPORT

For

# Hytera Communications Co.,Ltd.

HYT Tower, Hi-Tech Industrial Park North, Nanshan District, Shenzhen China

## FCC ID: YAMPD60XVHF

| **Report Type:** | **Product Type:** |
|---|---|
| Class II Permissive Change | Digital Portable Radio |

| | |
|---|---|
| **Test Engineer:** | Wilson Chen (Wilson Chen) |
| **Report Number:** | RSZ140725006-20AA1 |
| **Report Date:** | 2014-07-26 |
| **Reviewed By:** | Bell Hu (Bell Hu) SAR Engineer |
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<table>
<tr><th colspan="5">Attestation of Test Results</th></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2" rowspan="5">EUT Information</td><td>Company Name</td><td colspan="2">Hytera Communications Co., Ltd.</td></tr>
<tr><td>EUT Description</td><td colspan="2">Digital Portable Radio</td></tr>
<tr><td>FCC ID</td><td colspan="2">YAMPD60XVHF</td></tr>
<tr><td>Model Number</td><td colspan="2">PD680VHF, PD682VHF, PD685VHF, PD686VHF, PD688VHF</td></tr>
<tr><td>Test Date</td><td colspan="2">2014-07-13</td></tr>
<tr><td>Mode</td><td>Frequency (MHz)</td><td colspan="2">Max. SAR Level(s) Reported (1g)</td><td>Limit (W/Kg)</td></tr>
<tr><td>Digital</td><td>136-174</td><td>12.5kHz</td><td>Face up: 0.471 W/kg<br>Body-Back: 0.485 W/kg</td><td rowspan="2">8</td></tr>
<tr><td>Analog</td><td>136-174</td><td>12.5kHz</td><td>Face up: 0.486 W/kg (50% duty cycle)<br>Body-Back: 0.367 W/kg (50% duty cycle)</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2" rowspan="4">Applicable Standards</td><td colspan="3">ANSI / IEEE C95.1: 2005<br>IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fileds,3 kHz to 300 GHz.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">ANSI / IEEE C95.3: 2002<br>IEEE Recommended Practice for Measurements and Computations of Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields With Respect to Human Exposure to SuchFields,100 kHz—300 GHz.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">IEEE1528:2013<br>IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">KDB procedures<br>KDB 447498 D01 Mobile and Portable Devices RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies.<br>KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01.<br>KDB 643646 SAR test Reduction Considerations for Occupational PTT Radios.<br>KDB Inquiry: Tracking Number 316436 for SAR VHF system validation.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="5">Note: This wireless device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate SAR for Occupational /Controlled Exposure Environment limits specified in ANSI/IEEE Standards and has been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2003 and RF exposure KDB procedures.<br>The results and statements contained in this report pertain only to the device(s) evaluated.</td></tr>
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# DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY

| Revision Number | Report Number | Description of Revision | Date of Revision |
|---|---|---|---|
| 0 | R1401305-FCC-SAR | Original Report | 2014-04-02 |
| 1 | RSZ140725006-20AA1 | Class II permissive Change Report | 2014-07-26 |

This is a CIIPC application of the device, the differences between the original device and the current one are as follows:

1. Adding a screen and keyboard (17 buttons) in the current device, they have the same main board and transmitter module between the original device and the current one;

2. Changing the model, the original models are PD600 VHF, PD602 VHF, PD605 VHF, PD606 VHF, PD608 VHF, HD605 VHF and the new models are PD680VHF, PD682VHF, PD685VHF, PD686VHF, PD688VHF.

For the change made to the device, all the worse case configuration was performed.

# EUT DESCRIPTION

This report has been prepared on behalf of Hytera Communications Co., Ltd. and their product, FCC ID: YAMPD60XVHF, Model: PD682VHF or the EUT(Equipment under Test) as referred to in the rest of this report.

***Note:** This series products model: PD680VHF, PD682VHF, PD685VHF, PD686VHF, PD688VHF, we select model: PD682VHF to test, there is no electrical change has been made to the equipment.

## Technical Specification

| | |
|---|---|
| **Product Type** | Portable |
| **Exposure Category:** | Occupational/Controlled Exposure |
| **Antenna Type(s):** | External Antenna |
| **Body-Worn Accessories:** | Belt Clip and Headset Cable |
| **Face-Head Accessories:** | None |
| **Modulation Type:** | FM and 4FSK |
| **Frequency Band:** | 136MHz-174MHz |
| **Conducted RF Power:** | 37.48dBm |
| **Dimensions (L*W*H):** | 131mm (L) × 59mm (W) × 30mm (H) |
| **Power Source:** | 7.4V Rechargeable Li-ION Battery |
| **Normal Operation:** | Face Up and Body-worn |

# REFERENCE, STANDARDS, AND GUILDELINES

**FCC:**

The Report and Order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 1.6 mW/g as recommended by the ANSI/IEEE standard C95.1-1992 [6] for an uncontrolled environment (Paragraph 65). According to the Supplement C of OET Bulletin 65 “Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guide-lines for Human Exposure to Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields", released on Jun 29, 2001 by the FCC, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under “worst-case” conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in North America is 1.6 mW/g average over 1 gram of tissue mass.

**CE:**

The order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 2 mW/g as recommended by EN62209-1 for an uncontrolled environment. According to the Standard, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under “worst-case” conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in Europe is 2 mW/g average over 10 gram of tissue mass.

The test configurations were laid out on a specially designed test fixture to ensure the reproducibility of measurements. Each configuration was scanned for SAR. Analysis of each scan was carried out to characterize the above effects in the device.

## SAR Limits

FCC Limit (1g Tissue)

| EXPOSURE LIMITS | SAR (W/kg) | |
|---|---|---|
| | (General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment) | (Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment) |
| Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body) | 0.08 | 0.4 |
| Spatial Peak (averaged over any 1 g of tissue) | 1.60 | 8.0 |
| Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g) | 4.0 | 20.0 |

CE Limit (10g Tissue)

| EXPOSURE LIMITS | SAR (W/kg) | |
|---|---|---|
| | (General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment) | (Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment) |
| Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body) | 0.08 | 0.4 |
| Spatial Peak (averaged over any 10 g of tissue) | 2.0 | 10 |
| Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g) | 4.0 | 20.0 |

Population/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

Occupational/Controlled environments Spatial Peak limit 8.0W/kg (FCC/IC) & 10 W/kg (CE) applied to the EUT.

# FACILITIES

The test site used by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) to collect data is located at 6/F, the 3rd Phase of WanLi Industrial Building, Shi Hua Road, Fu Tian Free Trade Zone, Shenzhen, Guangdong, P.R. of China

# DESCRIPTION OF TEST SYSTEM

These measurements were performed with ALSAS 10 Universal Integrated SAR Measurement system from APREL Laboratories.

## ALSAS-10U System Description

ALSAS-10-U is fully compliant with the technical and scientific requirements of IEEE 1528, IEC 62209, CENELEC, ARIB, ACA, and the Federal Communications Commission. The system comprises of a six axes articulated robot which utilizes a dedicated controller.
ALSAS-10U uses the latest methodologies. And FDTD modeling to provide a platform which is repeatable with minimum uncertainty.

### Applications

Predefined measurement procedures compliant with the guidelines of CENELEC, IEEE, IEC, FCC, etc are utilized during the assessment for the device. Automatic detection for all SAR maxima are embedded within the core architecture for the system, ensuring that peak locations used for centering the zoom scan are within a 1mm resolution and a 0.05mm repeatable position. System operation range currently available up-to 6 GHz in simulated tissue.

### Area Scans

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for FCC applications utilize a 10mm2 step integral, with 1mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.

Where the system identifies multiple SAR peaks (which are within 25% of peak value) the system will provide the user with the option of assessing each peak location individually for zoom scan averaging.

### Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)

The averaging zoom scan volume utilized in the ALSAS-10U software is in the shape of a cube and the side dimension of a 1 g or 10 g mass is dependent on the density of the liquid representing the simulated tissue. A density of 1000 kg/m3 is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1 g cube is 10mm,with the side length of the 10 g cube 21,5mm.

When the cube intersects with the surface of the phantom, it is oriented so that 3 vertices touch the surface of the shell or the center of a face is tangent to the surface. The face of the cube closest to the surface is modified in order to conform to the tangent surface.

The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications (including FCC) utilize a physical step of 5x5x8 (8mmx8mmx5mm) providing a volume of 32mm in the X & Y axis, and 35mm in the Z axis.

## ALSAS-10U Interpolation and Extrapolation Uncertainty

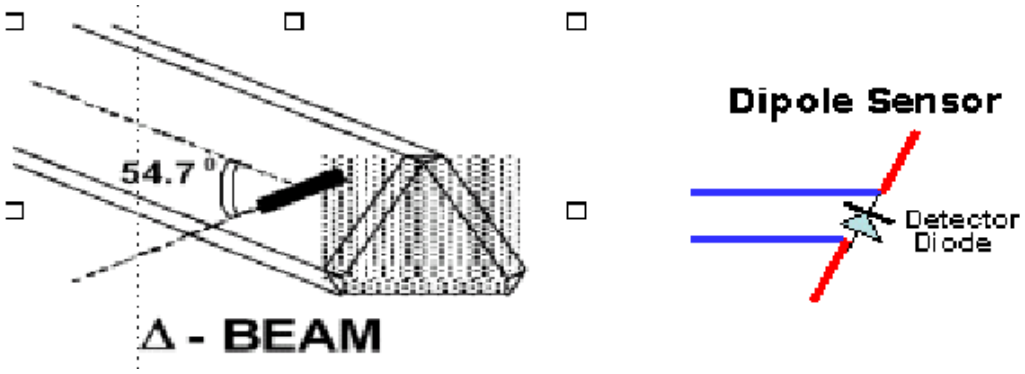
The overall uncertainty for the methodology and algorithms the used during the SAR calculation was evaluated using the data from IEEE 1528 based on the example f3 algorithm:

$$f_3(x,y,z) = A\frac{a^2}{\frac{a^2}{4} + x'^2 + y'^2}\cdot\left(e^{-\frac{2z}{a}} + \frac{a^2}{2(a+2z)^2}\right)$$

## Isotropic E-Field Probe

The isotropic E-Field probe has been fully calibrated and assessed for isotropicity, and boundary effect within a controlled environment. Depending on the frequency for which the probe is calibrated the method utilized for calibration will change.

The E-Field probe utilizes a triangular sensor arrangement as detailed in the diagram below:




SAR is assessed with a calibrated probe which moves at a default height of 5mm from the center of the diode, which is mounted to the sensor, to the phantom surface (in the Z Axis). The 5mm offset height has been selected so as to minimize any resultant boundary effect due to the probe being in close proximity to the phantom surface.

The following algorithm is an example of the function used by the system for linearization of the output from the probe when measuring complex modulation schemes.

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

## Isotropic E-Field Probe Specification

| | |
|---|---|
| **Calibration Method** | Frequency Dependent<br>Below 1 GHz Calibration in air performed in a TEM Cell<br>Above 1 GHz Calibration in air performed in waveguide |
| **Sensitivity** | 0.70 μV/(V/m)$^2$ to 0.85 μV/(V/m)$^2$ |
| **Dynamic Range** | 0.0005 W/kg to 100 W/kg |
| **Isotropic Response** | Better than 0.1 dB |
| **Diode Compression Point (DCP)** | Calibration for Specific Frequency |
| **Probe Tip Diameter** | < 2.9 mm |
| **Sensor Offset** | 1.56 (+/- 0.02 mm) |
| **Probe Length** | 289 mm |
| **Video Bandwidth** | @ 500 Hz: 1 dB<br>@ 1.02 kHz: 3 dB |
| **Boundary Effect** | Less than 2.1% for distance greater than 0.58 mm |
| **Spatial Resolution** | The spatial resolution uncertainty is less than 1.5% for 4.9mm diameter probe.<br>The spatial resolution uncertainty is less than 1.0% for 2.5mm diameter probe |

## Boundary Detection Unit and Probe Mounting Device

ALSAS-10U incorporates a boundary detection unit with a sensitivity of 0.05mm for detecting all types of surfaces. The robust design allows for detection during probe tilt (probe normalize) exercises, and utilizes a second stage emergency stop. The signal electronics are fed directly into the robot controller for high accuracy surface detection in lateral and axial detection modes (X, Y, & Z).

The probe is mounted directly onto the Boundary Detection unit for accurate tooling and displacement calculations controlled by the robot kinematics. The probe is connect to an isolated probe interconnect where the output stage of the probe is fed directly into the amplifier stage of the Daq-Paq.

## Daq-Paq (Analog to Digital Electronics)

ALSAS-10U incorporates a fully calibrated Daq-Paq (analog to digital conversion system) which has a 4 channel input stage, sent via a 2 stage auto-set amplifier module. The input signal is amplified accordingly so as to offer a dynamic range from 5μV to 800mV. Integration of the fields measured is carried out at board level utilizing a Co-Processor which then sends the measured fields down into the main computational module in digitized form via an RS232 communications port. Probe linearity and duty cycle compensation is carried out within the main Daq-Paq module.

| | |
|---|---|
| **ADC** | 12 Bit |
| **Amplifier Range** | 20 mV to 200 mV and 150 mV to 800 mV |
| **Field Integration** | Local Co-Processor utilizing proprietary integration algorithms |
| **Number of Input Channels** | 4 in total 3 dedicated and 1 spare |
| **Communication** | Packet data via RS232 |

## Axis Articulated Robot

ALSAS-10U utilizes a six axis articulated robot, which is controlled using a Pentium based real-time movement controller. The movement kinematics engine utilizes proprietary (Thermo CRS) interpolation and extrapolation algorithms, which allow full freedom of movement for each of the six joints within the working envelope. Utilization of joint 6 allows for full probe rotation with a tolerance better than 0.05mm around the central axis.


| | |
|---|---|
| **Robot/Controller Manufacturer** | Thermo CRS |
| **Number of Axis** | Six independently controlled axis |
| **Positioning Repeatability** | 0.05 mm |
| **Controller Type** | Single phase Pentium based C500C |
| **Robot Reach** | 710 mm |
| **Communication** | RS232 and LAN compatible |

## ALSAS Universal Workstation

ALSAS Universal workstation allows for repeatability and fast adaptability. It allows users to do calibration, testing and measurements using different types of phantoms with one set up, which significantly speeds up the measurement process.

## Universal Device Positioner

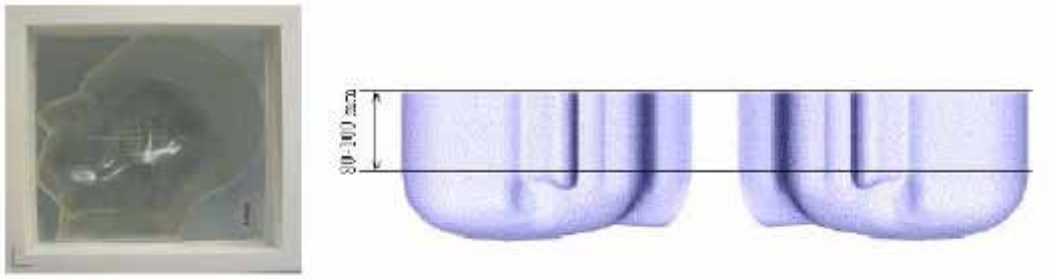
The universal device positioner allows complete freedom of movement of the EUT. Developed to hold a EUT in a free-space scenario any additional loading attributable to the material used in the construction of the positioner has been eliminated. Repeatability has been enhanced through the linear scales which form the design used to indicate positioning for any given test scenario in all major axes. A 15° tilt indicator is included for the of aid cheek to tilt movements for head SAR analysis. Overall uncertainty for measurements have been reduced due to the design of the Universal device positioner, which allows positioning of a device in as near to a free-space scenario as possible, and by providing the means for complete repeatability.

## Phantom Types

The ALSAS-10U allows the integration of multiple phantom types. SAM Phantoms fully compliant with IEEE 1528, Universal Phantom, and Universal Flat.

## APREL SAM Phantoms

The SAM phantoms developed using the IEEE SAM CAD file. They are fully compliant with the requirements for both IEEE 1528 and FCC Supplement C. Both the left and right SAM phantoms are interchangeable, transparent and include the IEEE 1528 grid with visible NF and MB lines.



## APREL Laboratories Universal Phantom

The Universal Phantom is used on the ALSAS-10U as a system validation phantom. The Universal Phantom has been fully validated both experimentally from 30MHz to 6GHz and numerically using XFDTD numerical software.

The shell thickness is 2mm overall, with a 4mm spacer located at the NF/MB intersection providing an overall thickness of 6mm in line with the requirements of IEEE-1528.

The design allows for fast and accurate measurements, of handsets, by allowing the conservative SAR to be evaluated at on frequency for both left and right head experiments in one measurement.

## Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528.

| Ingredients (% by weight) | Frequency (MHz) | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | 450 | | 835 | | 915 | | 1900 | | 2450 | |
| Tissue Type | Head | Body | Head | Body | Head | Body | Head | Body | Head | Body |
| Water | 38.56 | 51.16 | 41.45 | 52.4 | 41.05 | 56.0 | 54.9 | 40.4 | 62.7 | 73.2 |
| Salt (Nacl) | 3.95 | 1.49 | 1.45 | 1.4 | 1.35 | 0.76 | 0.18 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.04 |
| Sugar | 56.32 | 46.78 | 56.0 | 45.0 | 56.5 | 41.76 | 0.0 | 58.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| HEC | 0.98 | 0.52 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.21 | 0.0 | 1.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Bactericide | 0.19 | 0.05 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.27 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Triton x-100 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 36.8 | 0.0 |
| DGBE | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 44.92 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 26.7 |
| Dielectric Constant | 43.42 | 58.0 | 42.54 | 56.1 | 42.0 | 56.8 | 39.9 | 54.0 | 39.8 | 52.5 |
| Conductivity (s/m) | 0.85 | 0.83 | 0.91 | 0.95 | 1.0 | 1.07 | 1.42 | 1.45 | 1.88 | 1.78 |

### Recommended Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body

| Frequency (MHz) | Head Tissue | | Body Tissue | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | εr | σ (S/m) | εr | σ (S/m) |
| 150 | 52.3 | 0.76 | 61.9 | 0.80 |
| 300 | 45.3 | 0.87 | 58.2 | 0.92 |
| 450 | 43.5 | 0.87 | 56.7 | 0.94 |
| 835 | 41.5 | 0.90 | 55.2 | 0.97 |
| 900 | 41.5 | 0.97 | 55.0 | 1.05 |
| 915 | 41.5 | 0.98 | 55.0 | 1.06 |
| 1450 | 40.5 | 1.20 | 54.0 | 1.30 |
| 1610 | 40.3 | 1.29 | 53.8 | 1.40 |
| 1800-2000 | 40.0 | 1.40 | 53.3 | 1.52 |
| 2450 | 39.2 | 1.80 | 52.7 | 1.95 |
| 3000 | 38.5 | 2.40 | 52.0 | 2.73 |
| 5800 | 35.3 | 5.27 | 48.2 | 6.00 |

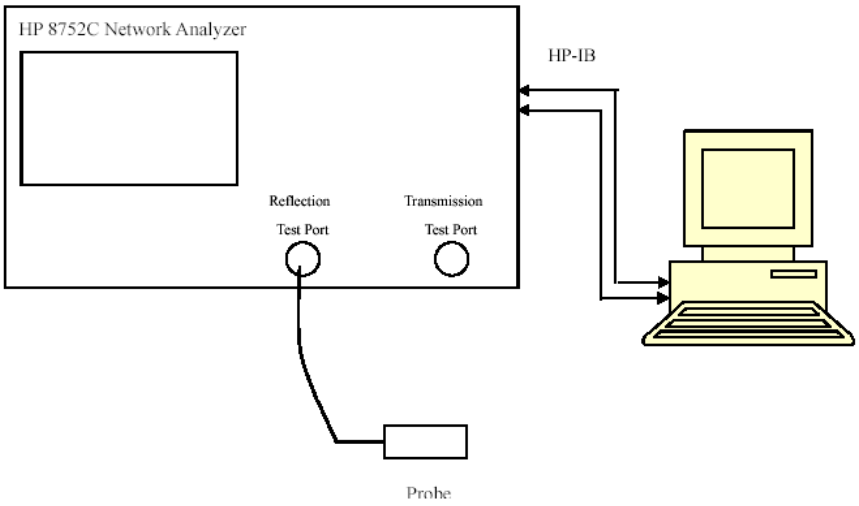
# EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION

## Equipments List & Calibration Information

| Equipment | Model | Calibration Date | S/N |
|---|---|---|---|
| CRS F3 robot | ALS-F3 | N/A | RAF0805352 |
| CRS F3 Software | ALS-F3-SW | N/A | N/A |
| CRS C500C controller | ALS-C500 | N/A | RCF0805379 |
| Probe mounting device & Boundary Detection Sensor System | ALS-PMDPS-3 | N/A | 120-00270 |
| Universal Work Station | ALS-UWS | N/A | 100-00157 |
| Data Acquisition Package | ALS-DAQ-PAQ-3 | 2013-10-08 | 110-00212 |
| Miniature E-Field Probe | E-020 | 2013-10-08 | 500-00283 |
| Loop, 150 MHz | CLA150 | 2014-05-08 | 4004 |
| Device holder/Positioner | ALS-H-E-SET-2 | N/A | 170-00510 |
| Left ear SAM phantom | ALS-P-SAM-L | N/A | 130-00311 |
| Right ear SAM phantom | ALS-P-SAM-R | N/A | 140-00359 |
| UniPhantom | ALS-UM-FLAT | N/A | 153-00104 |
| Simulated Tissue 150 MHz Head | ALS-TS-150-H | Each Time | 250-01302 |
| Simulated Tissue 150 MHz Body | ALS-TS-150-B | Each Time | 250-01304 |
| Directional couple | DC6180A | 2013-11-12 | 0325849 |
| Attenuator | 3dB | 2014-05-08 | 5402 |
| Network analyzer | 8752C | 2014-06-13 | 3410A02356 |
| Dielectric probe kit | HP85070B | 2014-06-13 | N/A |
| Power Amplifier | 5S1G4 | N/A | 71377 |
| Synthesized Sweeper | HP 8341B | 2014-05-08 | 2624A00116 |
| EMI Test Receiver | ESCI | 2013-11-12 | 101120 |

# SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM VERIFICATION

## Liquid Verification




Liquid Verification Setup Block Diagram

### Liquid Verification Results

| Frequency (MHz) | Liquid Type | Liquid Parameter | | Target Value | | Delta (%) | | Tolerance (%) |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | $\varepsilon_r$ | $\sigma$ (S/m) | $\varepsilon_r$ | $\sigma$ (S/m) | $\Delta\varepsilon_r$ | $\Delta\sigma$ (S/m) | |
| 138.015 | Head | 51.95 | 0.76 | 52.30 | 0.76 | -0.669 | 0.000 | ±5 |
| | Body | 63.16 | 0.81 | 61.90 | 0.80 | 2.036 | 1.250 | ±5 |
| 149.050 | Head | 50.44 | 0.78 | 52.30 | 0.76 | -3.556 | 2.632 | ±5 |
| | Body | 62.90 | 0.81 | 61.90 | 0.80 | 1.616 | 1.250 | ±5 |
| 157.05 | Head | 50.70 | 0.79 | 52.30 | 0.76 | -3.059 | 3.947 | ±5 |
| | Body | 62.76 | 0.82 | 61.90 | 0.80 | 1.389 | 2.500 | ±5 |
| 173.97 | Head | 51.00 | 0.79 | 52.30 | 0.76 | -2.486 | 3.947 | ±5 |
| | Body | 62.31 | 0.83 | 61.90 | 0.80 | 0.662 | 3.750 | ±5 |

**Liquid Verification was performed on 2014-07-13*

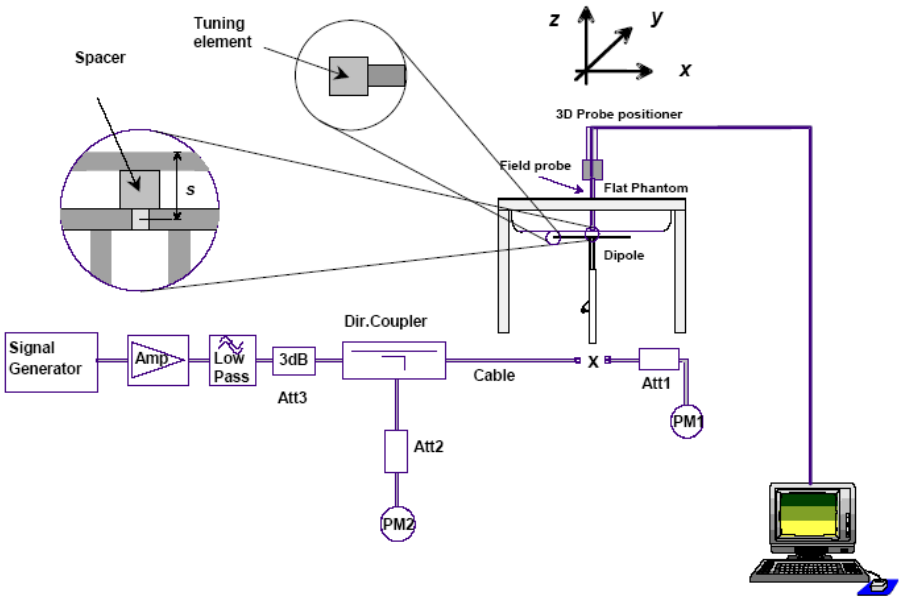
Please refer to the following tables.

| 150MHz Head | | | | 150MHz Body | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Frequency (MHz) | e' | e'' | | Frequency (MHz) | e' | e'' |
| 136.0000 | 51.6162 | 101.2334 | | 136.0000 | 63.4628 | 105.1123 |
| 136.7600 | 51.7152 | 100.1984 | | 136.7600 | 63.3529 | 105.4189 |
| 137.5200 | 51.7342 | 100.1354 | | 137.5200 | 62.9736 | 104.7919 |
| 138.2800 | 51.9542 | 99.2982 | | 138.2800 | 63.1606 | 104.7342 |
| 139.0400 | 51.4307 | 99.0421 | | 139.0400 | 63.4158 | 104.1671 |
| 139.8000 | 51.2477 | 98.9286 | | 139.8000 | 63.2879 | 103.7065 |
| 140.5600 | 51.2745 | 98.1884 | | 140.5600 | 63.2789 | 102.2787 |
| 141.3200 | 51.2596 | 97.2152 | | 141.3200 | 63.2876 | 102.0872 |
| 142.0800 | 50.9865 | 97.5258 | | 142.0800 | 63.1908 | 102.3265 |
| 142.8400 | 51.0861 | 97.0387 | | 142.8400 | 63.2553 | 101.6781 |
| 143.6000 | 50.8222 | 96.5159 | | 143.6000 | 62.9536 | 101.2825 |
| 144.3600 | 50.8589 | 96.1124 | | 144.3600 | 63.2242 | 100.1256 |
| 145.1200 | 50.5697 | 95.6641 | | 145.1200 | 62.9962 | 100.3346 |
| 145.8800 | 50.5247 | 95.7386 | | 145.8800 | 63.1412 | 99.7401 |
| 146.6400 | 50.5133 | 95.1496 | | 146.6400 | 63.1297 | 99.6876 |
| 147.4000 | 50.4891 | 94.7024 | | 147.4000 | 63.0746 | 98.5998 |
| 148.1600 | 50.5295 | 94.2741 | | 148.1600 | 63.0988 | 98.6783 |
| 148.9200 | 50.4443 | 93.7536 | | 148.9200 | 62.9021 | 98.2001 |
| 149.6800 | 50.4314 | 93.7346 | | 149.6800 | 62.8511 | 97.5174 |
| 150.4400 | 50.6462 | 93.2064 | | 150.4400 | 62.8756 | 97.3143 |
| 151.2000 | 50.4412 | 93.1438 | | 151.2000 | 62.7165 | 96.2306 |
| 151.9600 | 50.4898 | 92.5463 | | 151.9600 | 62.6691 | 96.7631 |
| 152.7200 | 50.4122 | 92.1049 | | 152.7200 | 62.6424 | 96.1471 |
| 153.4800 | 50.4265 | 92.2231 | | 153.4800 | 62.7964 | 95.7517 |
| 154.2400 | 50.5339 | 91.6384 | | 154.2400 | 62.6476 | 94.9267 |
| 155.0000 | 50.3265 | 90.6023 | | 155.0000 | 62.2645 | 94.3231 |
| 155.7600 | 50.1877 | 90.2728 | | 155.7600 | 62.6585 | 94.6915 |
| 156.5200 | 50.0989 | 90.7543 | | 156.5200 | 62.7349 | 94.2472 |
| 157.2800 | 50.6998 | 89.9461 | | 157.2800 | 62.7636 | 93.8858 |
| 158.0400 | 50.3135 | 89.7504 | | 158.0400 | 62.4619 | 93.4497 |
| 158.8000 | 50.2318 | 89.7486 | | 158.8000 | 62.8612 | 93.3511 |
| 159.5600 | 50.3482 | 88.4965 | | 159.5600 | 62.5866 | 92.8373 |
| 160.3200 | 50.3464 | 88.5299 | | 160.3200 | 62.8567 | 92.2772 |
| 161.0800 | 50.5798 | 88.2428 | | 161.0800 | 62.5939 | 91.3732 |
| 161.8400 | 50.5794 | 87.6611 | | 161.8400 | 62.3254 | 91.1308 |
| 162.6000 | 50.5593 | 87.4944 | | 162.6000 | 62.6685 | 90.2891 |
| 163.3600 | 50.8758 | 87.3563 | | 163.3600 | 62.4458 | 90.8509 |
| 164.1200 | 50.4325 | 86.8016 | | 164.1200 | 62.9322 | 90.7291 |
| 164.8800 | 50.6095 | 86.5739 | | 164.8800 | 62.4612 | 90.2835 |
| 165.6400 | 50.6563 | 86.3327 | | 165.6400 | 62.2962 | 89.8634 |
| 166.4000 | 50.4816 | 85.4479 | | 166.4000 | 62.4483 | 89.2834 |
| 167.1600 | 50.2476 | 85.3348 | | 167.1600 | 62.2479 | 88.9247 |
| 167.9200 | 50.2589 | 85.5063 | | 167.9200 | 62.8713 | 88.6186 |
| 168.6800 | 50.3962 | 84.8748 | | 168.6800 | 62.2714 | 88.3801 |
| 169.4400 | 50.6376 | 84.8145 | | 169.4400 | 62.2179 | 88.1611 |
| 170.2000 | 50.8569 | 84.5366 | | 170.2000 | 62.5393 | 88.2081 |
| 170.9600 | 50.5954 | 83.8829 | | 170.9600 | 62.3281 | 87.6971 |
| 171.7200 | 50.8358 | 83.4697 | | 171.7200 | 61.9764 | 87.1664 |
| 172.4800 | 50.6977 | 83.1841 | | 172.4800 | 62.2458 | 86.6525 |
| 173.2400 | 51.0382 | 82.6435 | | 173.2400 | 62.3215 | 86.2996 |
| 174.0000 | 50.9977 | 82.1586 | | 174.0000 | 62.3123 | 86.2414 |

## System Accuracy Verification

Prior to the assessment, the system validation kit was used to test whether the system was operating within its specifications of ±10%. The validation results are tabulated below. And also the corresponding SAR plot is attached as well in the SAR plots files.

### System Verification Setup Block Diagram




### Probe and dipole antenna List and Detail

| Manufacturer | Description | Model | Serial Number | Calibration Date | Calibration Due Date |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| APREL | Probe | ALS-E-020 | 500-00283 | 2013-10-08 | 2014-10-07 |
| Speag | Loop antenna(150MHz) | CLA150 | 4004 | 2014-05-08 | 2017-05-07 |

### System Accuracy Check Results

| Date | Frequency (MHz) | Liquid Type | Measured SAR (W/Kg) | | Target Value (W/Kg) | Delta (%) | Tolerance (%) |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 2014-07-13 | 150 | Head | 1g | 3.649 | 3.750 | -1.082 | ±10 |
| | | Body | 1g | 3.896 | 3.810 | 2.526 | ±10 |

*All SAR values are normalized to 1 Watt forward power.

## SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION DATA

**Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (Shenzhen)**

**System Performance Check 150 MHz Head Liquid**

**Loop150 MHz; Type: CLA150; S/N:4004**

Product Data
Device Name : Loop 150 MHz
Serial No. : 4004
Type : Loop
Model : CLA150
Frequency Band : 150
Max. Transmit Pwr : 1 W
Drift Time : 3 min(s)
Power Drift-Start : 3.495 W/kg
Power Drift-Finish : 3.544 W/kg
Power Drift (%) : 1.557

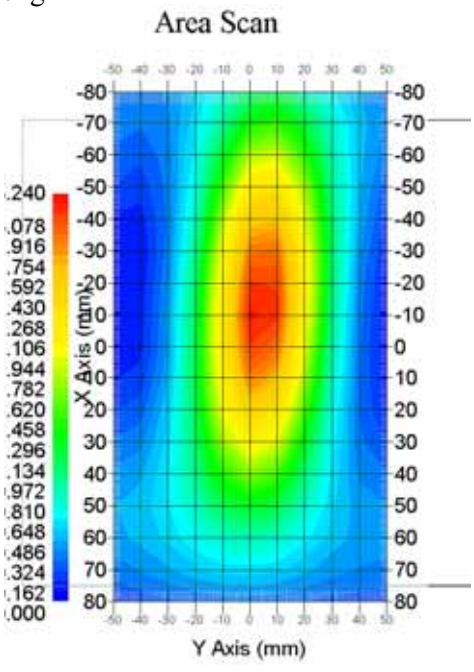
Phantom Data
Name : APREL-Uni
Type : Uni-Phantom
Serial No. : System Default
Location : Center
Description : Default
Phantom Data

Tissue Data
Type : Head
Serial No. : 250-01302
Frequency : 150.00MHz
Last Calib. Date : 13-Jul-2014
Temperature : 20.00 °C
Ambient Temp. : 21.00 °C
Humidity : 56.00 RH%
Epsilon : 50.27 F/m
Sigma : 0.78 S/m
Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data
Name : E-Field
Model : E-020
Type : E-Field Triangle
Serial No. : 500-00283
Last Calib. Date : 08-Oct-2013
Frequency Band : 150
Duty Cycle Factor : 1
Conversion Factor : 6.0
Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20 1.20 µV/(V/m)2
Compression Point : 95.00 mV
Offset : 1.56 mm

Measurement Data
Crest Factor : 1
Scan Type : Complete
Tissue Temp. : 21.00 °C
Ambient Temp. : 21.00 °C
Area Scan : 8x10x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm
Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm

1 gram SAR value : 3.649 W/kg
10 gram SAR value : 2.418 W/kg
Area Scan Peak SAR : 4.037 W/kg
Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 6.117 W/kg




**150 MHz System Validation with Head Tissue**

**Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (Shenzhen)**

**System Performance Check 150 MHz Body Liquid**

**Loop 150 MHz; Type: CLA150; S/N: 4004**

Product Data
Device Name : Loop 150 MHz
Serial No. : 4004
Type : Loop
Model : CAL150
Frequency Band : 150
Max. Transmit Pwr : 1 W
Drift Time : 3 min(s)
Power Drift-Start : 2.582 W/kg
Power Drift-Finish : 2.523 W/kg
Power Drift (%) : -2.125

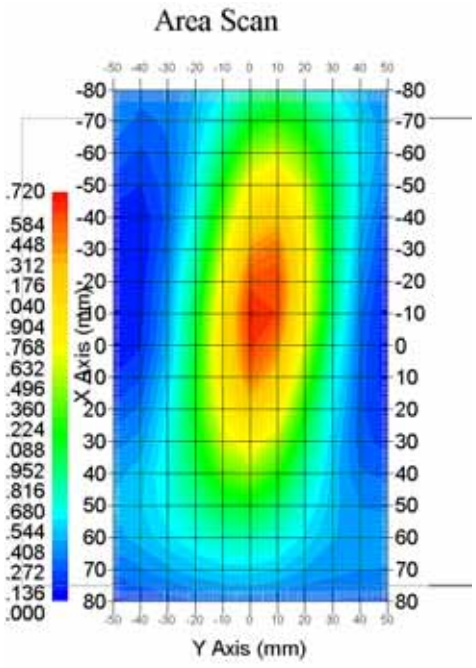
Phantom Data
Name : APREL-Uni
Type : Uni-Phantom
Serial No. : System Default
Location : Center
Description : Default
Phantom Data

Tissue Data
Type : Body
Serial No. : 250-01304
Frequency : 150.00MHz
Last Calib. Date : 13-Jul-2014
Temperature : 20.00 °C
Ambient Temp. : 21.00 °C
Humidity : 56.00 RH%
Epsilon : 62.86 F/m
Sigma : 0.81 S/m
Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data
Name : E-Field
Model : E-020
Type : E-Field Triangle
Serial No. : 500-00283
Last Calib. Date : 08-Oct-2013
Frequency Band : 150
Duty Cycle Factor : 1
Conversion Factor : 6.0
Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20 1.20 μV/(V/m)2
Compression Point : 95.00 mV
Offset : 1.56 mm

Measurement Data
Crest Factor : 1
Scan Type : Complete
Tissue Temp. : 21.00 °C
Ambient Temp. : 21.00 °C
Area Scan : 8x10x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm
Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm

1 gram SAR value : 3.896 W/kg
10 gram SAR value : 2.702 W/kg
Area Scan Peak SAR : 4.194 W/kg
Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 6.516 W/kg



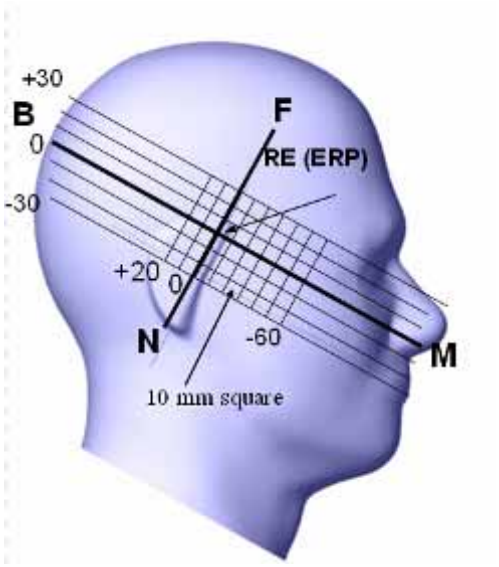

**150 MHz System Validation with Body Tissue**

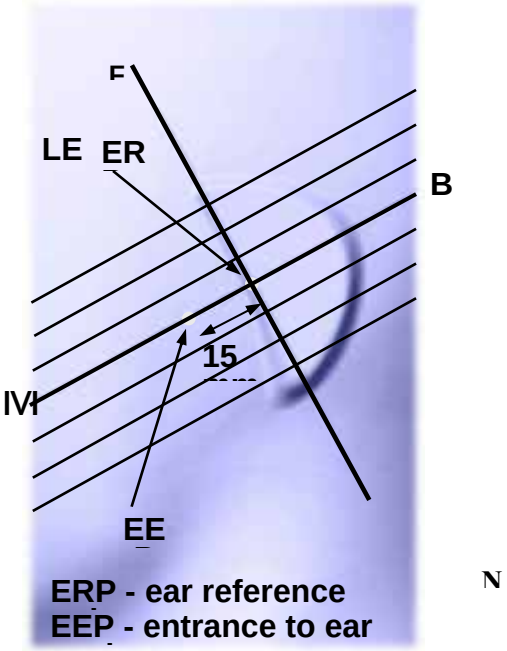
# EUT TEST STRATEGY AND METHODOLOGY

## Test Positions for Device Operating Next to a Person's Ear

This category includes most wireless handsets with fixed, retractable or internal antennas located toward the top half of the device, with or without a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover. The handset should have its earpiece located within the upper ¼ of the device, either along the centerline or off-centered, as perceived by its users. This type of handset should be positioned in a normal operating position with the "test device reference point" located along the "vertical centerline" on the front of the device aligned to the "ear reference point". The "test device reference point" should be located at the same level as the center of the earpiece region. The "vertical centerline" should bisect the front surface of the handset at its top and bottom edges. A "ear reference point" is located on the outer surface of the head phantom on each ear spacer. It is located 1.5 cm above the center of the ear canal entrance in the "phantom reference plane" defined by the three lines joining the center of each "ear reference point" (left and right) and the tip of the mouth.

A handset should be initially positioned with the earpiece region pressed against the ear spacer of a head phantom. For the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom, the device should be positioned parallel to the "N-F" line defined along the base of the ear spacer that contains the "ear reference point". For interim head phantoms, the device should be positioned parallel to the cheek for maximum RF energy coupling. The "test device reference point" is aligned to the "ear reference point" on the head phantom and the "vertical centerline" is aligned to the "phantom reference plane". This is called the "initial ear position". While maintaining these three alignments, the body of the handset is gradually adjusted to each of the following positions for evaluating SAR:



## Cheek/Touch Position

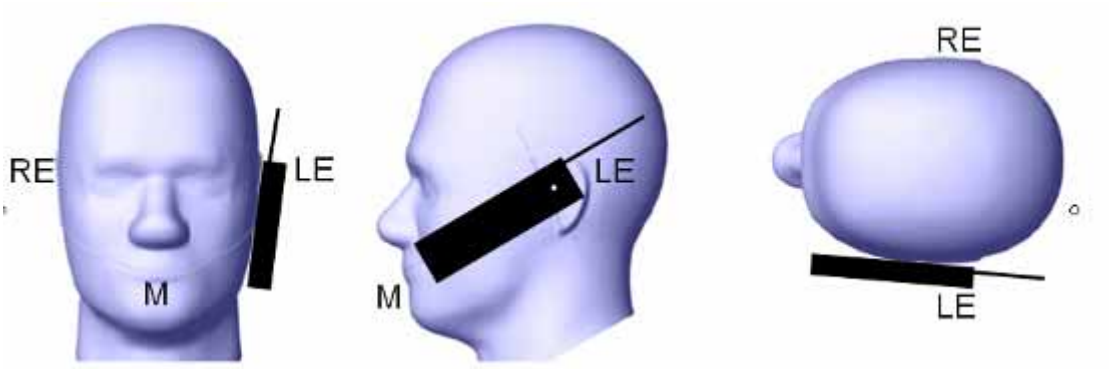
The device is brought toward the mouth of the head phantom by pivoting against the "ear reference point" or along the "N-F" line for the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom.

This test position is established:

- When any point on the display, keypad or mouthpiece portions of the handset is in contact with the phantom.
- (or) When any portion of a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover opened to its intended self-adjusting normal use position is in contact with the cheek or mouth of the phantom.

For existing head phantoms – when the handset loses contact with the phantom at the pivoting point, rotation should continue until the device touches the cheek of the phantom or breaks its last contact from the ear spacer.

**Cheek /Touch Position**




## Ear/Tilt Position

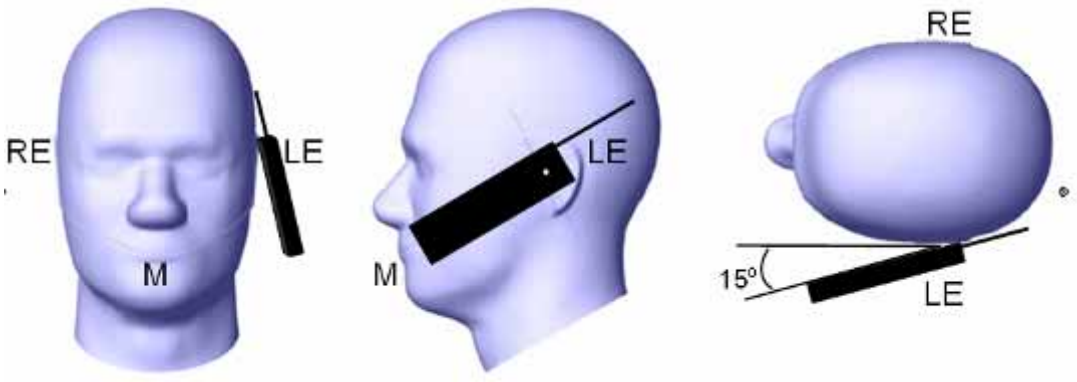
With the handset aligned in the "Cheek/Touch Position":

1) If the earpiece of the handset is not in full contact with the phantom's ear spacer (in the "Cheek/Touch position") and the peak SAR location for the "Cheek/Touch" position is located at the ear spacer region or corresponds to the earpiece region of the handset, the device should be returned to the "initial ear position" by rotating it away from the mouth until the earpiece is in full contact with the ear spacer.

2) (otherwise) The handset should be moved (translated) away from the cheek perpendicular to the line passes through both "ear reference points" (note: one of these ear reference points may not physically exist on a split head model) for approximate 2-3 cm. While it is in this position, the device handset is tilted away from the mouth with respect to the "test device reference point" until the inside angle between the vertical centerline on the front surface of the phone and the horizontal line passing through the ear reference point isby 15 80°. After the tilt, it is then moved (translated) back toward the head perpendicular to the line passes through both "ear reference points" until the device touches the phantom or the ear spacer. If the antenna touches the head first, the positioning process should be repeated with a tilt angle less than 15° so that the device and its antenna would touch the phantom simultaneously. This test position may require a device holder or positioner to achieve the translation and tilting with acceptable positioning repeatability.

If a device is also designed to transmit with its keypad cover closed for operating in the head position, such positions should also be considered in the SAR evaluation. The device should be tested on the left and right side of the head phantom in the "Cheek/Touch" and "Ear/Tilt" positions. When applicable, each configuration should be tested with the antenna in its fully extended and fully retracted positions. These test configurations should be tested at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode; for example, AMPS, CDMA, and TDMA. If the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (left, right, Cheek/Touch, Tile/Ear, extended and retracted) is at least 2.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s). If the transmission band of the test device is less than 10 MHz, testing at the high and low frequency channels is optional.

**Ear /Tilt 15° Position**




## Test positions for body-worn and other configurations

Body-worn operating configurations should be tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in normal use configurations. Devices with a headset output should be tested with a headset connected to the device. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device may be tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. When multiple accessories that contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device must be tested with each accessory that contains a unique metallic component. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (e.g., the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components), only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body must be tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices that are intended to be authorized for body-worn use. A separation distance of 1.5 cm between the back of the device and a flat phantom is recommended for testing body-worn SAR compliance under such circumstances. Other separation distances may be used, but they should not exceed 2.5 cm. In these cases, the device may use body-worn accessories that provide a separation distance greater than that tested for the device provided however that the accessory contains no metallic components.

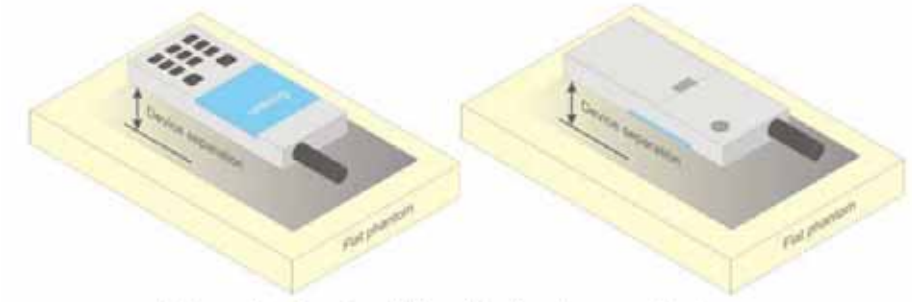


Figure 5 – Test positions for body-worn devices

## SAR Evaluation Procedure

The evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

Step 1: Measurement of the SAR value at a fixed location above the ear point or central position was used as a reference value for assessing the power drop. The SAR at this point is measured at the start of the test and then again at the end of the testing.

Step 2: The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 4 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head or EUT and the horizontal grid spacing was 10 mm x 10 mm. Based on these data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation. The first Area Scan covers the entire dimension of the EUT to ensure that the hotspot was correctly identified.

Step 3: Around this point, a volume of 35 mm x 35 mm x 35 mm was assessed by measuring 7x 7 x 7 points. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated under the following procedure:

1) The data at the surface were extrapolated, since the center of the dipoles is 1.2 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.3 mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.

2) The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1 g or 10 g) were computed by the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-Spline is composed of three one dimensional splines with the “Not a knot"-condition (in x, y and z-directions). The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal-algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were interpolated to calculate the averages.

All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

Step 4: Re-measurement of the SAR value at the same location as in Step 1. If the value changed by more than 5%, the evaluation was repeated.

## Test methodology

IEEE1528:2013
KDB 447498 D01
KDB 865664 D01
KDB 643646
KDB Inquiry: Tracking Number 316436

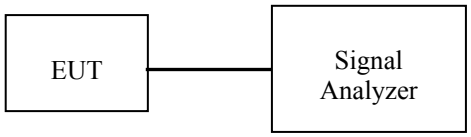
# CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

## Provision Applicable

The measured peak output power should be greater and within 5% than EMI measurement.

## Test Procedure

The RF output of the transmitter was connected to the input of the Signal Analyzer through sufficient attenuation.




## Maximum Output Power among production units

| Max. tune-up tolerance power limit for Production Unit (dBm) | |
|---|---|
| **PTT/Mode** | **Frequency(136-174MHz)** |
| **Digital-12.5K** | 37.50 |
| **Analog-12.5K** | 37.50 |

## Test Results:

| Mode | Frequency Spacing (kHz) | Frequency (MHz) | Output(dBm) | Output Power(W) | Power level |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Digital | 12.5 | 138.015 | **37.26** | 5.321 | High |
| | | 141.01 | 37.21 | 5.26 | High |
| | | 149.05 | **37.31** | 5.383 | High |
| | | 153.05 | 37.03 | 5.047 | High |
| | | 157.05 | **37.08** | 5.105 | High |
| | | 165.015 | 37.22 | 5.272 | High |
| | | 173.97 | **37.25** | 5.309 | High |
| Analog | 12.5 | 138.015 | **37.32** | 5.395 | High |
| | | 141.01 | 37.24 | 5.297 | High |
| | | 149.05 | **37.35** | 5.433 | High |
| | | 153.05 | 37.28 | 5.346 | High |
| | | 157.05 | **37.48** | 5.598 | High |
| | | 165.015 | 37.14 | 5.176 | High |
| | | 173.97 | **37.25** | 5.309 | High |

# SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS

This page summarizes the results of the performed dosimetric evaluation.

## SAR Test Data

### Environmental Conditions

| | |
|---|---|
| **Temperature:** | 21 ℃ |
| **Relative Humidity:** | 50% |
| **ATM Pressure:** | 1002 mbar |

** Testing was performed by Wilson Chen on 2014-07-13.*

| Associated Accessories List | | |
|---|---|---|
| **Antenna** | 1 | **AN0140H01(136-145MHz)** |
| | 2 | **AN0148H03(144-154MHz)** |
| | 3 | **AN0158H02(153-164MHz)** |
| | 4 | **AN0168H01(163-174MHz)** |
| **Battery** | 1 | **BL1502 1500mAh** |
| | 2 | **BL2010 2000mAh** |
| **Body-worn Accessories** | 1 | **BC19** |
| **Audio Accessories** | 1 | EWN07 |
| | 2 | EWN08 |
| | 3 | EAN19 |
| | 4 | EAN21 |
| | 5 | SM26N1 |
| | 6 | SM26N2 |
| | 9 | **ACN-02+(EH-01**/EH-02/ES-01/ES-02) |

1. *When multiple default body-worn accessories are supplied with a radio, the standard body-worn accessory expected to result in the highest SAR based on its construction and exposure conditions is considered the default body-worn accessory for making body-worn SAR measurements.*
2. *When multiple standard batteries are supplied with a radio, the battery with the highest capacity is considered the default battery for making head SAR measurements.*
3. *Testing a PTT radio with the thinnest battery and a standard (default) body-worn accessory that are both supplied with the radio and, if applicable, a default audio accessory, to measure the body SAR.*
4. *For audio accessories with similar construction and operating requirements, test only the audio accessory within the group that is expected to result in the highest SAR, with respect to changes in RF characteristics and exposure conditions for the combination.*
5. *The highlight accessories combination is regard as a default one for different construction and operating requirements accessories.*

**Test Result:**

**Digital (Modulation 4FSK; Channel Spacing 12.5 kHz):**

| Frequency (MHz) | Antenna | Body-Worn Accessory | Battery | Power Drift (%) | Max. Meas. Power (dBm) | Max. Rated Power (dBm) | 1 g SAR Value(W/Kg) | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | | | | Scaled Factor | Meas. SAR | Scaled SAR | Plot |
| Face up (2.5cm) | | | | | | | | | | |
| 138.015 | AN0140H01 | / | BL2010 | 1.594 | 37.26 | 37.50 | 1.057 | 0.446 | **0.471** | **1#** |
| 149.050 | AN0148H03 | / | BL2010 | 0.298 | 37.31 | 37.50 | 1.045 | 0.255 | 0.266 | |
| 157.050 | AN0158H02 | | BL2010 | -2.597 | 37.08 | 37.50 | 1.102 | 0.268 | 0.295 | |
| 173.970 | AN0168H01 | / | BL2010 | -3.728 | 37.25 | 37.50 | 1.059 | 0.162 | 0.172 | |
| Body-Back (0.0cm) | | | | | | | | | | |
| 138.015 | AN0140H01 | BC19 | BL1502 | 0.698 | 37.26 | 37.50 | 1.057 | 0.459 | **0.485** | **2#** |
| 149.050 | AN0148H03 | BC19 | BL1502 | -0.765 | 37.31 | 37.50 | 1.045 | 0.258 | 0.270 | |
| 157.050 | AN0158H02 | BC19 | BL1502 | -1.561 | 37.08 | 37.50 | 1.102 | 0.272 | 0.300 | |
| 173.970 | AN0168H01 | BC19 | BL1502 | 1.736 | 37.25 | 37.50 | 1.059 | 0.089 | 0.094 | |

**Analog (Modulation FM; Channel Spacing 12.5 kHz):**

| Frequency (MHz) | Antenna | Body-Worn Accessory | Battery | Power Drift (%) | Max. Meas. Power (dBm) | Max. Rated Power (dBm) | 1 g SAR Value(W/Kg) | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | | | | Scaled Factor | Meas. SAR | Scaled SAR | 50% duty cycle | Plot |
| Face up (2.5cm) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 138.015 | AN0140H01 | / | BL2010 | -1.612 | 37.32 | 37.50 | 1.042 | 0.932 | 0.971 | **0.486** | **3#** |
| 149.050 | AN0148H03 | / | BL2010 | -3.546 | 37.35 | 37.50 | 1.035 | 0.459 | 0.475 | 0.238 | / |
| 157.050 | AN0158H02 | | BL2010 | -1.498 | 37.48 | 37.50 | 1.005 | 0.518 | 0.521 | 0.260 | / |
| 173.970 | AN0168H01 | / | BL2010 | -0.527 | 37.25 | 37.50 | 1.059 | 0.296 | 0.313 | 0.157 | / |
| Body-Back (0.0cm) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 138.015 | AN0140H01 | BC19 | BL1502 | 1.749 | 37.32 | 37.50 | 1.042 | 0.705 | 0.735 | **0.367** | **4#** |
| 149.050 | AN0148H03 | BC19 | BL1502 | -2.982 | 37.35 | 37.50 | 1.035 | 0.479 | 0.496 | 0.248 | |
| 157.050 | AN0158H02 | BC19 | BL1502 | -1.475 | 37.48 | 37.50 | 1.005 | 0.524 | 0.527 | 0.263 | |
| 173.970 | AN0168H01 | BC19 | BL1502 | -0.618 | 37.25 | 37.50 | 1.059 | 0.198 | 0.210 | 0.105 | |

**Note**:

1. *When the 1-g SAR tested using the default battery and default accessories is ≤ 3.5W/Kg (corrected by Multiplying 50% for FM mode), testing for other channels are optional.*
2. *For a analog PTT, only simplex communication technology was supported, so the SAR value need to be corrected by Multiplying 50%.*
3. *The frequency points result in highest SAR value were selected to test.*
4. *Passive body-worn and audio accessories generally do not apply to the head SAR of PTT radios.*
5. *The whole antenna and radiating structures that may contribute to the measured SAR or influence the SAR distribution has been included in the area scan.*

## SAR Plots (Summary of the Highest SAR Values)

### Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (Shenzhen)

### Face-Up 2.5cm (Digital 12.5k-138.015MHz)

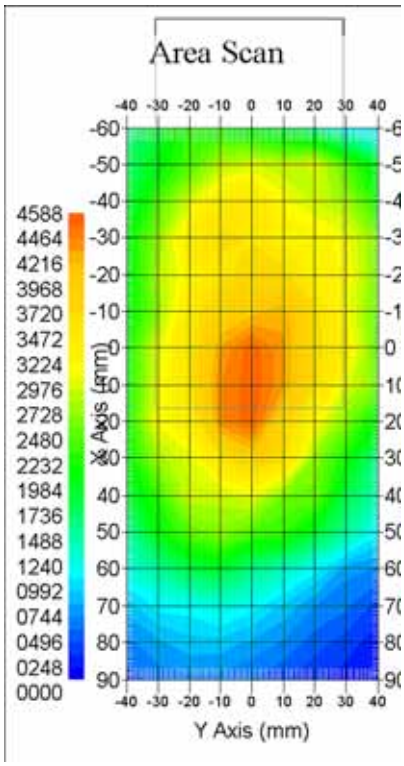
Measurement Data
Modulation mode : 4FSK
Crest Factor : 2
Scan Type : Complete
Area Scan : 15x8x1: Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm
Zoom Scan : 7x7x7: Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm
Power Drift-Start : 0.385 W/kg
Power Drift-Finish : 0.391 W/kg
Power Drift (%) : 1.594

Tissue Data
Type : Head
Frequency : 138.015 MHz
Epsilon : 51.95 F/m
Sigma : 0.76 S/m
Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data
Serial No. : 500-00283
Frequency Band : 150
Duty Cycle Factor : 2
Conversion Factor : 6.0
Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20 1.20 µV/(V/m)2
Compression Point : 95.00 mV
Offset : 1.56 mm

1 gram SAR value : 0.446 W/kg
10 gram SAR value : 0.315 W/kg
Area Scan Peak SAR : 0.458 W/kg
Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 0.742 W/kg

**Plot 1#**



**Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (Shenzhen)**

**Body-back 0.0cm (Digital 12.5k-138.015MHz)**

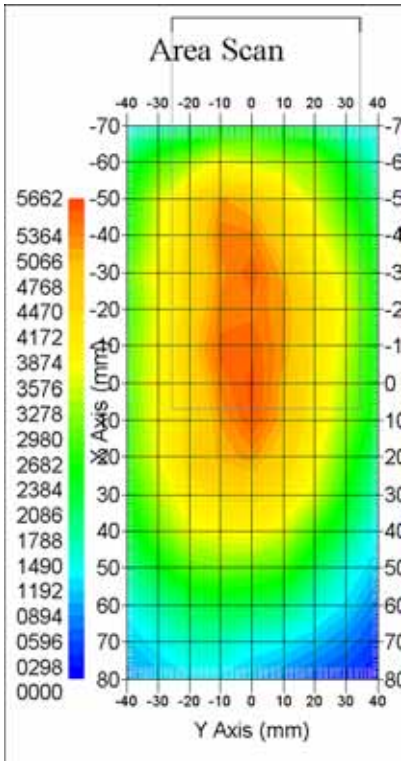
Measurement Data
Modulation mode : 4FSK
Crest Factor : 2
Scan Type : Complete
Area Scan : 15x8x1: Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm
Zoom Scan : 7x7x7: Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm
Power Drift-Start : 0.412 W/kg
Power Drift-Finish : 0.415 W/kg
Power Drift (%) : 0.698

Tissue Data
Type : Body
Frequency : 138.015 MHz
Epsilon : 63.16 F/m
Sigma : 0.81 S/m
Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data
Serial No. : 500-00283
Frequency Band : 150
Duty Cycle Factor : 2
Conversion Factor : 6.0
Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20 1.20 µV/(V/m)2
Compression Point : 95.00 mV
Offset : 1.56 mm

1 gram SAR value : 0.459 W/kg
10 gram SAR value : 0.331 W/kg
Area Scan Peak SAR : 0.470 W/kg
Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 0.782 W/kg

**Plot 2#**



**Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (Shenzhen)**

**Face-Up 2.5cm (Analog 12.5k-138.015MHz)**

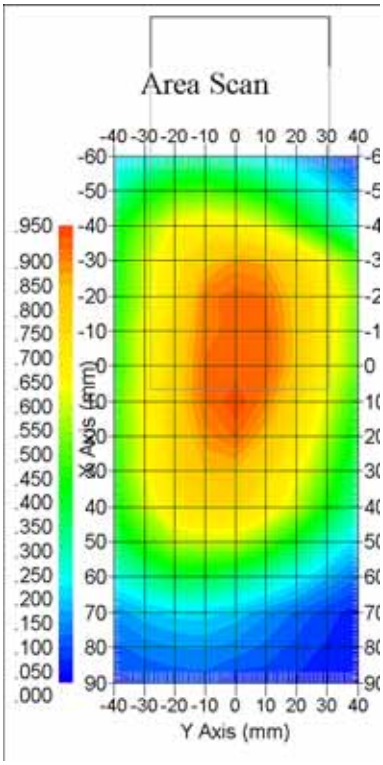
Measurement Data
Modulation mode : FM
Crest Factor : 1
Scan Type : Complete
Area Scan : 15x8x1: Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm
Zoom Scan : 7x7x7: Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm
Power Drift-Start : 0.752 W/kg
Power Drift-Finish : 0.740 W/kg
Power Drift (%) : -1.612

Tissue Data
Type : Head
Frequency : 138.015 MHz
Epsilon : 51.95 F/m
Sigma : 0.76 S/m
Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data
Serial No. : 500-00283
Frequency Band : 150
Duty Cycle Factor : 1
Conversion Factor : 6.0
Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20 1.20 µV/(V/m)2
Compression Point : 95.00 mV
Offset : 1.56 mm

1 gram SAR value : 0.932 W/kg
10 gram SAR value : 0.641 W/kg
Area Scan Peak SAR : 0.947 W/kg
Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 1.529 W/kg

**Plot 3#**



**Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (Shenzhen)**

**Body-back 0.0cm (Analog 12.5k-138.015MHz)**

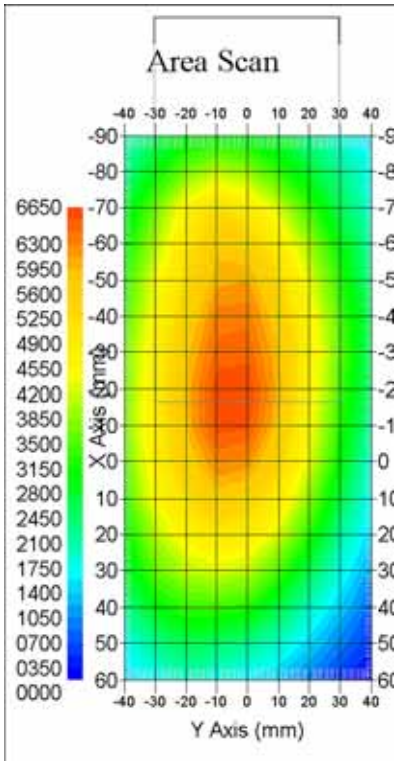
Measurement Data
Modulation mode : FM
Crest Factor : 1
Scan Type : Complete
Area Scan : 15x8x1: Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm
Zoom Scan : 7x7x7: Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm
Power Drift-Start : 0.475 W/kg
Power Drift-Finish : 0.482 W/kg
Power Drift (%) : 1.749

Tissue Data
Type : Body
Frequency : 138.015 MHz
Epsilon : 63.16 F/m
Sigma : 0.81 S/m
Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data
Serial No. : 500-00283
Frequency Band : 150
Duty Cycle Factor : 1
Conversion Factor : 6.0
Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20 1.20 µV/(V/m)2
Compression Point : 95.00 mV
Offset : 1.56 mm

1 gram SAR value : 0.705 W/kg
10 gram SAR value : 0.528 W/kg
Area Scan Peak SAR : 0.699 W/kg
Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 1.032 W/kg

**Plot 4#**



# APPENDIX A – MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The uncertainty budget has been determined for the measurement system and is given in the following Table.

**Measurement Uncertainty for 30 MHz to 6 GHz**

| Source of Uncertainty | Tolerance Value | Probability Distribution | Divisor | $c_i^1$ (1-g) | $c_i^1$ (10-g) | Standard Uncertainty (1-g) % | Standard Uncertainty (10-g) % |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Measurement System** | | | | | | | |
| Probe Calibration | 3.5 | normal | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3.5 | 3.5 |
| Axial Isotropy | 3.7 | rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | $(1\text{-cp})^{1/2}$ | $(1\text{-cp})^{1}_{/2}$ | 1.5 | 1.5 |
| Hemispherical Isotropy | 10.9 | rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | $\sqrt{cp}$ | $\sqrt{cp}$ | 4.4 | 4.4 |
| Boundary Effect | 1.0 | rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 0.6 | 0.6 |
| Linearity | 4.7 | rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 2.7 | 2.7 |
| Detection Limit | 1.0 | rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 0.6 | 0.6 |
| Readout Electronics | 1.0 | normal | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1.0 | 1.0 |
| Response Time | 0.8 | rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 0.5 | 0.5 |
| Integration Time | 1.7 | rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 1.0 | 1.0 |
| RF Ambient Condition -Noise | 0.6 | rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 0.3 | 0.3 |
| RF Ambient Condition - Reflections | 3.0 | rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 1.7 | 1.7 |
| Probe Positioner Mech. Restrictions | 0.4 | rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 0.2 | 0.2 |
| **Restriction** | | | | | | | |
| Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell | 2.9 | rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 1.7 | 1.7 |
| Extrapolation and Integration | 3.7 | rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 2.1 | 2.1 |
| Test Sample Positioning | 2.3 | normal | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2.3 | 2.3 |
| Device Holder Uncertainty | 6.215 | normal | 1 | 1 | 1 | 6.215 | 6.215 |
| Drift of Output Power | 4.627 | rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 2.67 | 2.67 |
| **Phantom and Setup** | | | | | | | |
| Phantom Uncertainty(shape & thickness tolerance) | 3.4 | rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 2.0 | 2.0 |
| Liquid Conductivity(target) | 5.0 | rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.7 | 0.5 | 2.0 | 1.4 |
| Liquid Conductivity(meas.) | 1.938 | normal | 1 | 0.7 | 0.5 | 1.36 | 0.97 |
| Liquid Permittivity(target) | 5.0 | rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.6 | 0.5 | 1.7 | 1.4 |
| Liquid Permittivity(meas.) | 3.093 | normal | 1 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 1.86 | 1.55 |
| Combined Uncertainty | | RSS | | | | 10.78 | 10.55 |
| Expanded uncertainty (coverage factor=2) | | Normal(k=2) | | | | 21.56 | 21.10 |

# APPENDIX B – PROBE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

**NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES**

**Calibration File No.:** PC-1537

**Task No: BACL-5745**

## CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated in the **NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES** by qualified personnel following recognized procedures and using transfer standards traceable to NRC/NIST.

Equipment: Miniature Isotropic RF Probe
Record of Calibration
Head and Body
Manufacturer: APREL Laboratories
**Model No.:** E-020
**Serial No.:** 500-00283

**Calibration Procedure:** D01-032-E020-V2, D22-012-Tissue, D28-002-Dipole
**Project No:** BACL-5745

**Calibrated:** 8th October 2013
**Released on:** 8th October 2013

This Calibration Certificate is Incomplete Unless Accompanied with the Calibration Results Summary

Released By: _____

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

**NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES**

Suite 102, 303 Terry Fox Dr.
OTTAWA, ONTARIO
CANADA K2K 3J1

Division of APREL Lab.
TEL: (613) 435-8300
FAX: (613) 435-8306

**NCL Calibration Laboratories**
Division of APREL Inc.

**Introduction**

This Calibration Report reproduces the results of the calibration performed in line with the references listed below. Calibration is performed using accepted methodologies as per the references listed below. Probes are calibrated for air, and tissue and the values reported are the results from the physical quantification of the probe through meteorgical practices.

**Calibration Method**

Probes are calibrated using the following methods.

<1000MHz
TEM Cell for sensitivity in air
Standard phantom using temperature transfer method for sensitivity in tissue

>1000MHz
Waveguide* method to determine sensitivity in air and tissue
*Waveguide is numerically (simulation) assessed to determine the field distribution and power

The boundary effect for the probe is assessed using a standard flat phantom where the probe output is compared against a numerically simulated series of data points

**References**

- IEEE Standard 1528
  IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques
- EN 62209-1
  Human Exposure to RF Fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices - Human models, instrumentation, and procedures-Part 1: Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held mobile wireless devices
- IEC 62209-2
  Human exposure to RF fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless devices - Human models, instrumentation, and procedures - Part 2: specific absorption rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices (30 MHz - 6 GHz)
- TP-D01-032-E020-V2 E-Field probe calibration procedure
- D22-012-Tissue dielectric tissue calibration procedure
- D28-002-Dipole procedure for validation of SAR system using a dipole
- IEEE 1309 Standard for Calibration of Electromagnetic Field Sensors and Probes, Excluding Antennas, from 9kHz to 40GHz

**NCL Calibration Laboratories**
Division of APREL Inc.

**Conditions**

Probe 500-00283 was a recalibration.

| | |
|---|---|
| **Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory:** | 22 °C +/- 1.5°C |
| **Temperature of the Tissue:** | 21 °C +/- 1.5°C |
| **Relative Humidity:** | < 60% |

**Primary Measurement Standards**

| Instrument | Serial Number | Cal due date |
|---|---|---|
| Tektronix USB Power Meter | 11C940 | May 14, 2015 |
| Signal Generator HP 83640B | 3844A00689 | Feb 12, 2015 |

**Secondary Measurement Standards**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Network Analyzer Anritsu 37347C | 002106 | Feb. 20, 2015 |

**Attestation**

The below named signatories have conducted the calibration and review of the data which is presented in this calibration report.

**We the undersigned attest that to the best of our knowledge the calibration of this subject has been accurately conducted and that all information contained within the results pages have been reviewed for accuracy.**

**Art Brennan, Quality Manager**

**Dan Brooks, Test Engineer**

**NCL Calibration Laboratories**
Division of APREL Inc.

**Probe Summary**

| | |
|---|---|
| **Probe Type:** | E-Field Probe E020 |
| **Serial Number:** | 500-00283 |
| **Frequency:** | As presented on page 5 |
| **Sensor Offset:** | 1.56 |
| **Sensor Length:** | 2.5 |
| **Tip Enclosure:** | Composite* |
| **Tip Diameter:** | < 2.9 mm |
| **Tip Length:** | 55 mm |
| **Total Length:** | 289 mm |

*Resistive to recommended tissue recipes per IEEE-1528

**Sensitivity in Air**

| | |
|---|---|
| **Channel X:** | 1.2 μV/(V/m)$^2$ |
| **Channel Y:** | 1.2 μV/(V/m)$^2$ |
| **Channel Z:** | 1.2 μV/(V/m)$^2$ |

| | |
|---|---|
| **Diode Compression Point:** | 95 mV |

**NCL Calibration Laboratories**
Division of APREL Inc.

Calibration for Tissue (Head H, Body B)

| Frequency | Tissue Type | Measured Epsilon | Measured Sigma | Standard Uncertainty (%) | Calibration Frequency Range (MHz) | Conversion Factor |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 450 H | Head | 44.29 | 0.86 | 3.5 | ±50 | 5.7 |
| 450 B | Body | 56.6 | 0.94 | 3.5 | ±50 | 5.8 |
| 750 H | Head | 42.7 | 0.85 | 3.5 | ±50 | 5.6 |
| 750 B | Body | 56.6 | 0.94 | 3.5 | ±50 | 5.5 |
| 835 H | Head | 42.35 | 0.938 | 3.5 | ±50 | 5.9 |
| 835 B | Body | 56.65 | 1.018 | 3.5 | ±50 | 5.9 |
| 900 H | Head | X | X | X | X | X |
| 900 B | Body | X | X | X | X | X |
| 1450 H | Head | X | X | X | X | X |
| 1450 B | Body | X | X | X | X | X |
| 1500 H | Head | X | X | X | X | X |
| 1500 B | Body | X | X | X | X | X |
| 1640 H | Head | X | X | X | X | X |
| 1640 B | Body | X | X | X | X | X |
| 1750 H | Head | 38.51 | 1.36 | 3.5 | ±75 | 5.4 |
| 1750 B | Body | 51.79 | 1.53 | 3.5 | ±75 | 5.3 |
| 1800 H | Head | 38.26 | 1.41 | 3.5 | ±75 | 5.0 |
| 1800 B | Body | 51.61 | 1.58 | 3.5 | ±75 | 5.0 |
| 1900 H | Head | 38.03 | 1.36 | 3.5 | ±75 | 4.8 |
| 1900 B | Body | 53.13 | 1.58 | 3.5 | ±75 | 4.5 |
| 2000 H | Head | X | X | X | X | X |
| 2000 B | Body | X | X | X | X | X |
| 2100 H | Head | X | X | X | X | X |
| 2100 B | Body | X | X | X | X | X |
| 2300 H | Head | X | X | X | X | X |
| 2300 B | Body | X | X | X | X | X |
| 2450 H | Head | 37.64 | 1.88 | 3.5 | ±75 | 4.9 |
| 2450B | Body | 50.7 | 2.03 | 3.5 | ±75 | 4.3 |
| 2600 H | Head | X | X | X | X | X |
| 2600 B | Body | X | X | X | X | X |
| 3000 H | Head | X | X | X | X | X |
| 3000 B | Body | X | X | X | X | X |
| 3600 H | Head | X | X | X | X | X |
| 3600 B | Body | X | X | X | X | X |
| 5250 H | Head | 34.65 | 4.8 | 3.5 | ±100 | 2.7 |
| 5250 B | Body | 47.6 | 5.3 | 3.5 | ±100 | 2.6 |
| 5600 H | Head | 33.2 | 5.15 | 3.5 | ±100 | 2.5 |
| 5600 B | Body | 45.21 | 5.57 | 3.5 | ±100 | 2.2 |
| 5800 H | Head | 32.72 | 5.38 | 3.5 | ±100 | 3.2 |
| 5800 B | Body | 44.28 | 6.04 | 3.5 | ±100 | 2.5 |

Page 5 of 10
This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document.

**Boundary Effect:**

Uncertainty resulting from the boundary effect is less than 2.1% for the distance between the tip of the probe and the tissue boundary, when less than 0.58mm.

**Spatial Resolution:**

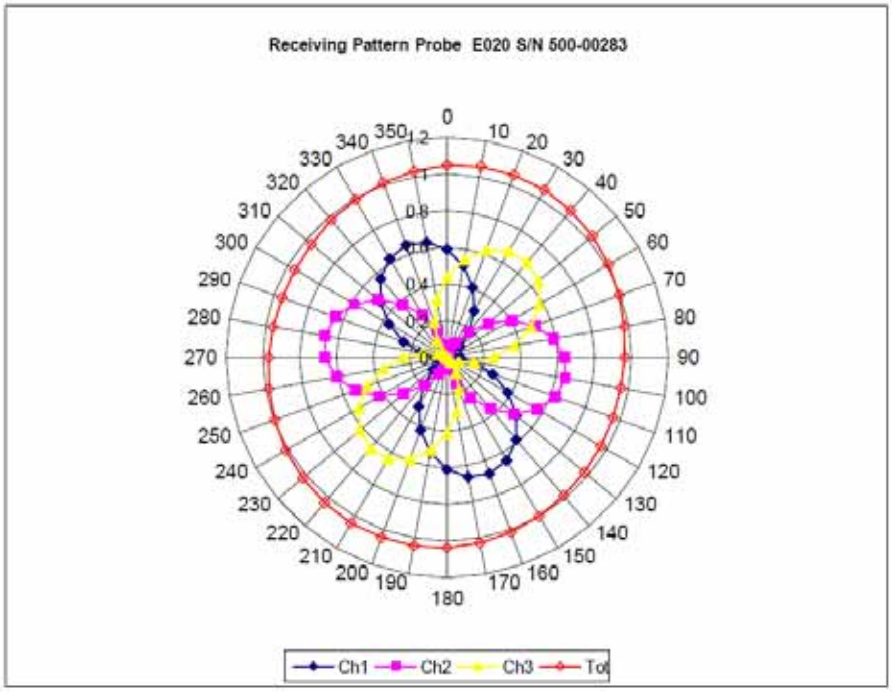
The spatial resolution uncertainty is less than 1.5% for 4.9mm diameter probe.
The spatial resolution uncertainty is less than 1.0% for 2.5mm diameter probe.

**DAQ-PAQ Contribution**

To minimize the uncertainty calculation all tissue sensitivity values were calculated using a load impedance of 5 MΩ.

**NCL Calibration Laboratories**
Division of APREL Inc.

## Receiving Pattern Air



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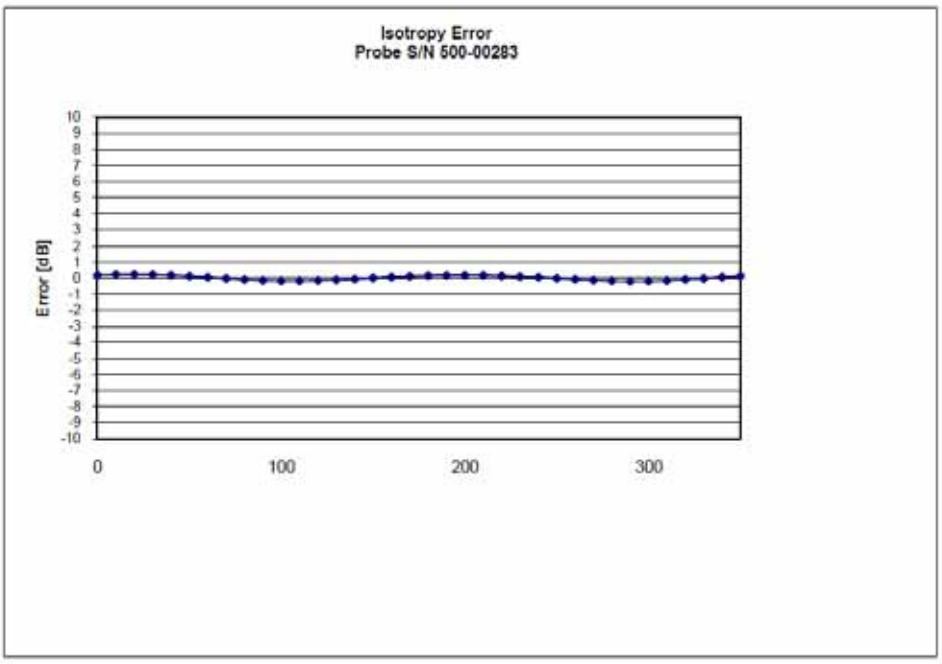
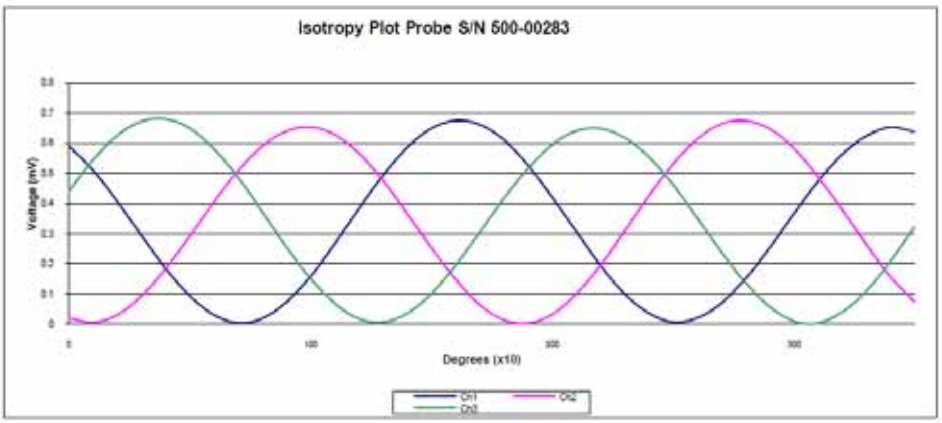
## Isotropy Error Air




**Isotropicity Tissue:** 0.10 dB


This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document.

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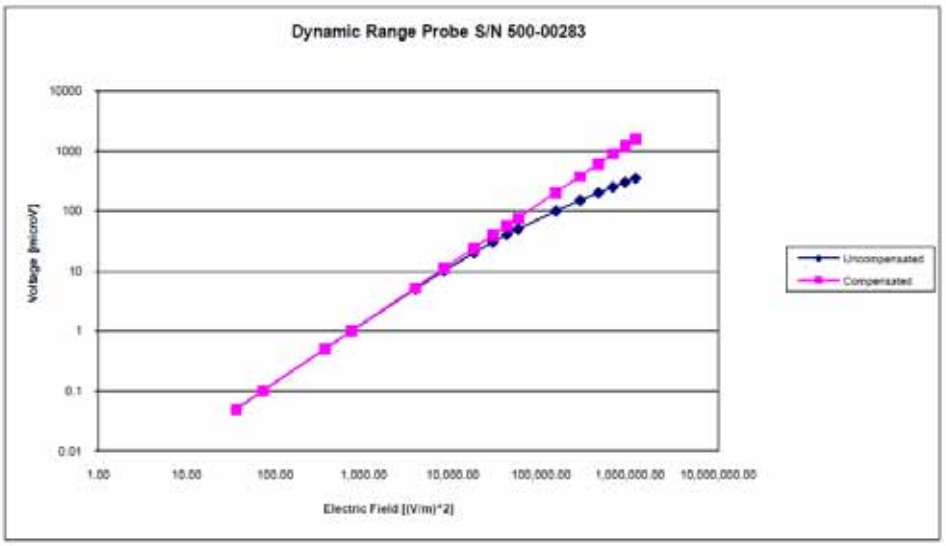
## Dynamic Range



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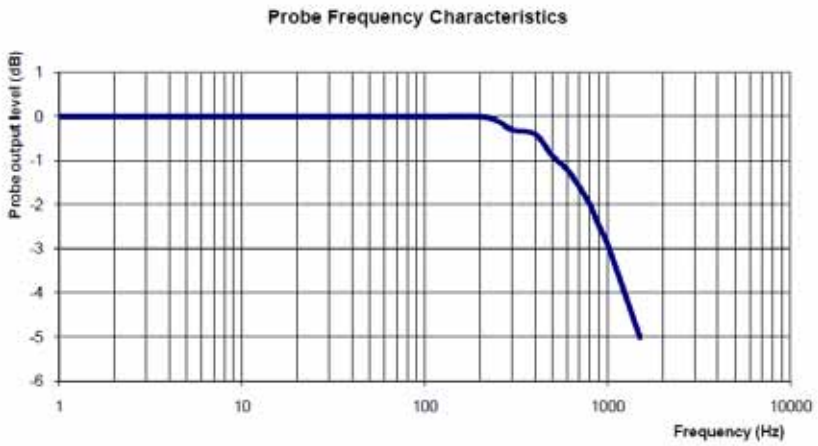
## Video Bandwidth




| | |
|---|---|
| **Video Bandwidth at 500 Hz** | 1 dB |
| **Video Bandwidth at 1.02 KHz:** | 3 dB |

**Test Equipment**

The test equipment used during Probe Calibration, manufacturer, model number and, current calibration status are listed and located on the main APREL server R:\NCL\Calibration Equipment\Instrument List May 2013.

## ANNEX

## PROBE ALS-E020 S/N 500-00283 CALIBRATION

### Conditions

**Ambient Temperature of the laboratory:** 20 °C +/- 1.5°C
**Temperature of the Tissue:** 21 °C +/- 1.5°C
**Relative Humidity:** < 55%

| Frequency | Tissue Type | Measured Epsilon | Measured Sigma | Standard Uncertainty (%) | Calibration Frequency Range (MHz) | Conversion Factor |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 150 H | Head | 50.6 | 0.78 | 3.5 | ±50 | 6.0 |
| 150 B | Body | 60.8 | 0.82 | 3.5 | ±50 | 6.0 |

**Probe Calibration Uncertainty**

| Uncertainty component | Tolerance (± %) | Probability distribution | Divisor | Standard uncertainty (± %) |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Incident or forward power | 2.5 | R | √3 | 1.44 |
| Reflected power | 2 | R | √3 | 1.15 |
| Liquid conductivity measurement | 1 | R | √3 | 0.58 |
| Liquid permittivity measurement | 1 | R | √3 | 0.58 |
| Liquid conductivity deviation | 1.5 | R | √3 | 0.87 |
| Liquid permittivity deviation | 1.5 | R | √3 | 0.87 |
| Frequency deviation | 2.25 | R | √3 | 1.30 |
| Field homogeneity | 2.5 | R | √3 | 1.44 |
| Field-probe positioning | 2.5 | R | √3 | 1.44 |
| Field-probe linearity | 1.55 | R | √3 | 0.89 |
| **Combined standard uncertainty** | | RSS | | 3.50 |

# APPENDIX C – DIPOLE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

**Calibration Laboratory of**
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
**The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates**

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **BACL** Certificate No: **CLA150-4004_May14**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object CLA150 - SN: 4004

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-15.v8
Calibration procedure for system validation sources below 700 MHz

Calibration date: May 08, 2014

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards | ID # | Cal Date (Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|---|---|---|---|
| Power meter E4419B | GB41293874 | 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911) | Apr-15 |
| Power sensor E4412A | MY41498087 | 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911) | Apr-15 |
| Reference 3 dB Attenuator | SN: S5054 (3c) | 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01915) | Apr-15 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator | SN: S5058 (20k) | 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01918) | Apr-15 |
| Type-N mismatch combination | SN: 5047.2 / 06327 | 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921) | Apr-15 |
| Reference Probe EX3DV4 | SN: 3877 | 06-Jan-14 (No. EX3-3877_Jan14) | Jan-15 |
| DAE4 | SN: 654 | 18-Jul-13 (No. DAE4-654_Jul13) | Jul-14 |

| Secondary Standards | ID # | Check Date (in house) | Scheduled Check |
|---|---|---|---|
| RF generator HP 8648C | US3642U01700 | 04-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13) | In house check: Apr-16 |
| Network Analyzer HP 8753E | US37390585 S4206 | 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-13) | In house check: Oct-14 |

| | Name | Function | Signature |
|---|---|---|---|
| Calibrated by: | Israe El-Naouq | Laboratory Technician | |
| Approved by: | Katja Pokovic | Technical Manager | |

Issued: May 8, 2014

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: CLA150-4004_May14 Page 1 of 8

**Calibration Laboratory of**
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

**Glossary:**

| | |
|---|---|
| TSL | tissue simulating liquid |
| ConvF | sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z |
| N/A | not applicable or not measured |

**Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:**

a) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2013
b) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

**Additional Documentation:**

c) DASY4/5 System Handbook

**Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The source is mounted in a touch configuration below the center marking of the flat phantom.
- *Return Loss:* This parameter is measured with the source positioned under the liquid filled phantom (as described in the measurement condition clause). The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

## Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| **DASY Version** | DASY5 | V52.8.8 |
| **Extrapolation** | Advanced Extrapolation | |
| **Phantom** | ELI4 Flat Phantom | Shell thickness: 2 ± 0.2 mm |
| **EUT Positioning** | Touch Position | |
| **Zoom Scan Resolution** | dx, dy, dz = 5.0 mm | |
| **Frequency** | 150 MHz ± 1 MHz | |

## Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|---|---|---|
| **Nominal Head TSL parameters** | 22.0 °C | 52.3 | 0.76 mho/m |
| **Measured Head TSL parameters** | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 49.9 ± 6 % | 0.76 mho/m ± 6 % |
| **Head TSL temperature change during test** | < 0.5 °C | ---- | ---- |

## SAR result with Head TSL

| **SAR averaged over 1 cm$^3$ (1 g) of Head TSL** | Condition | |
|---|---|---|
| SAR measured | 1 W input power | 3.79 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | **3.75 W/kg ± 18.4 % (k=2)** |

| **SAR averaged over 10 cm$^3$ (10 g) of Head TSL** | condition | |
|---|---|---|
| SAR measured | 1 W input power | 2.51 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | **2.49 W/kg ± 18.0 % (k=2)** |

## Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|---|---|---|
| **Nominal Body TSL parameters** | 22.0 °C | 61.9 | 0.80 mho/m |
| **Measured Body TSL parameters** | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 62.5 ± 6 % | 0.80 mho/m ± 6 % |
| **Body TSL temperature change during test** | < 0.5 °C | ---- | ---- |

## SAR result with Body TSL

| **SAR averaged over 1 cm$^3$ (1 g) of Body TSL** | Condition | |
|---|---|---|
| SAR measured | 1 W input power | 3.80 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | **3.81 W/kg ± 18.4 % (k=2)** |

| **SAR averaged over 10 cm$^3$ (10 g) of Body TSL** | condition | |
|---|---|---|
| SAR measured | 1 W input power | 2.55 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | **2.55 W/kg ± 18.0 % (k=2)** |

## Appendix

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

| | |
|---|---|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 45.5 Ω - 10.6 jΩ |
| Return Loss | - 18.4 dB |

### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

| | |
|---|---|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 46.0 Ω - 14.6 jΩ |
| Return Loss | - 16.2 dB |

### Additional EUT Data

| | |
|---|---|
| Manufactured by | SPEAG |
| Manufactured on | August 23, 2013 |

## DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 08.05.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: CLA150; Type: CLA150; Serial: CLA150 - SN: 4004**

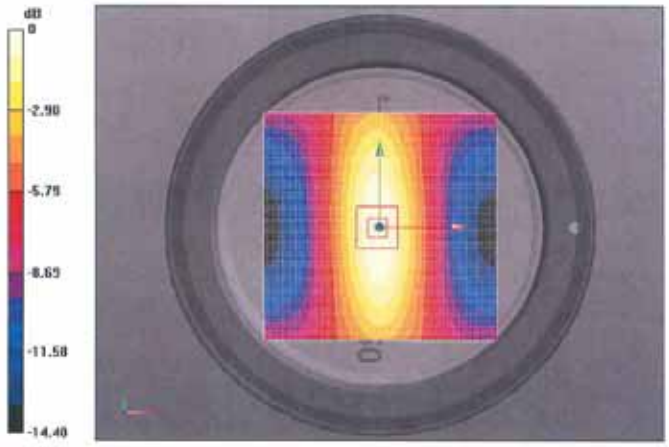
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 150 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 150 MHz; $\sigma$ = 0.76 S/m; $\varepsilon_r$ = 49.9; $\rho$ = 1000 kg/m$^3$
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3877; ConvF(11.76, 11.76, 11.76); Calibrated: 06.01.2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn654; Calibrated: 18.07.2013
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:1003
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

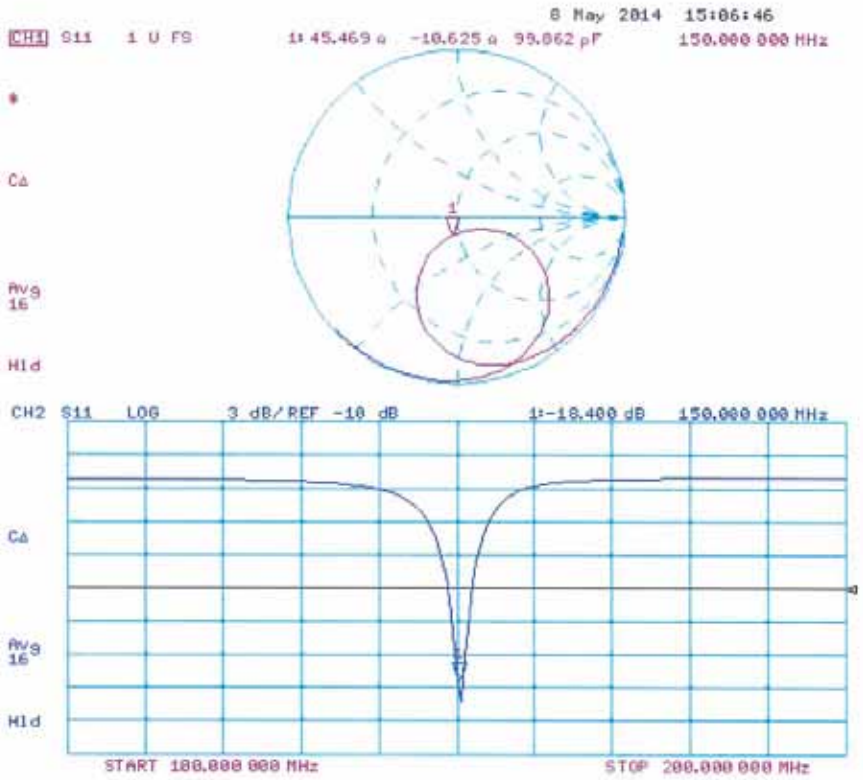
**CLA Calibration for HSL-LF Tissue/CLA150, touch configuration, Pin=1W/Area Scan (81x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 4.91 W/kg

**CLA Calibration for HSL-LF Tissue/CLA150, touch configuration, Pin=1W/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 80.11 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.11 W/kg
**SAR(1 g) = 3.79 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.51 W/kg**
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.89 W/kg




0 dB = 4.91 W/kg = 6.91 dBW/kg

## Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



## DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 08.05.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: CLA150; Type: CLA150; Serial: CLA150 - SN: 4004**

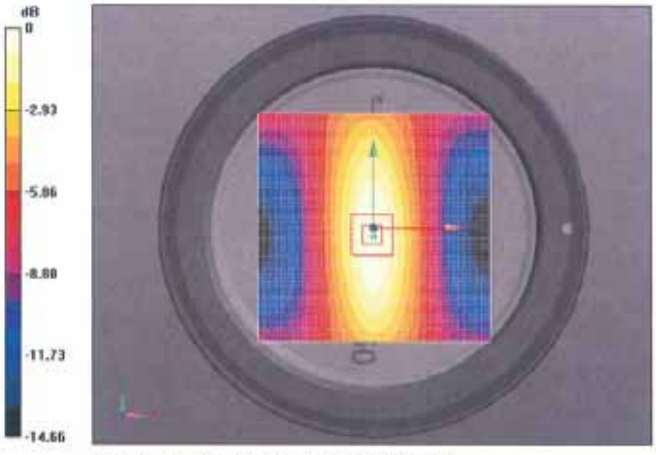
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 150 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 150 MHz; $\sigma$ = 0.8 S/m; $\varepsilon_r$ = 62.5; $\rho$ = 1000 kg/m$^3$
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3877; ConvF(11.45, 11.45, 11.45); Calibrated: 06.01.2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn654; Calibrated: 18.07.2013
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:1003
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

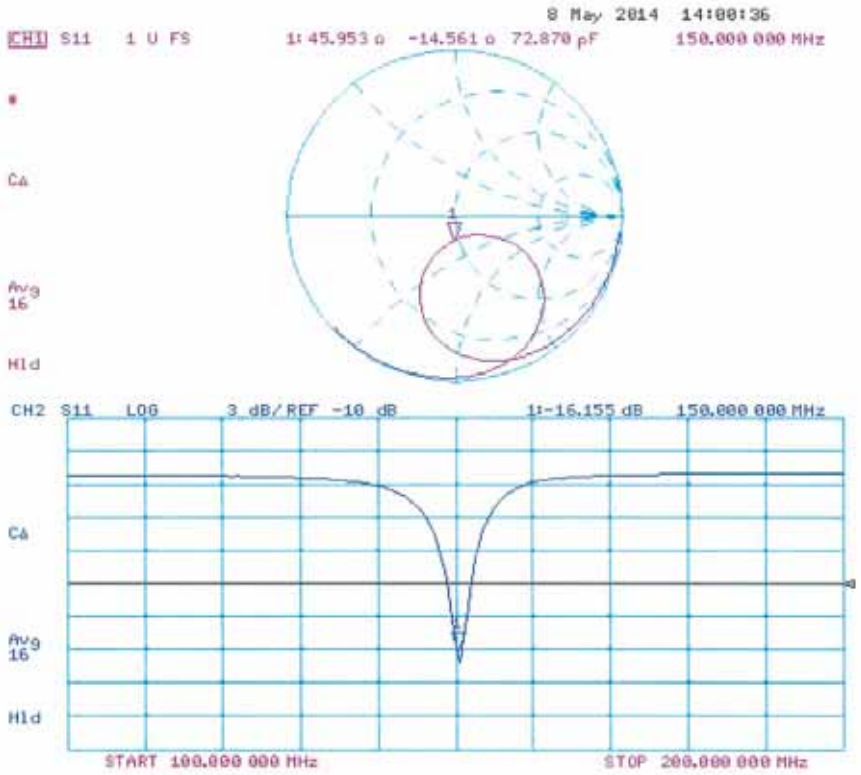
**CLA Calibration for MSL-LF Tissue/CLA150, touch configuration, Pin=1W/Area Scan (81x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 4.87 W/kg

**CLA Calibration for MSL-LF Tissue/CLA150, touch configuration, Pin=1W/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 77.84 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.05 W/kg
**SAR(1 g) = 3.8 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.55 W/kg**
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.88 W/kg




0 dB = 4.87 W/kg = 6.88 dBW/kg

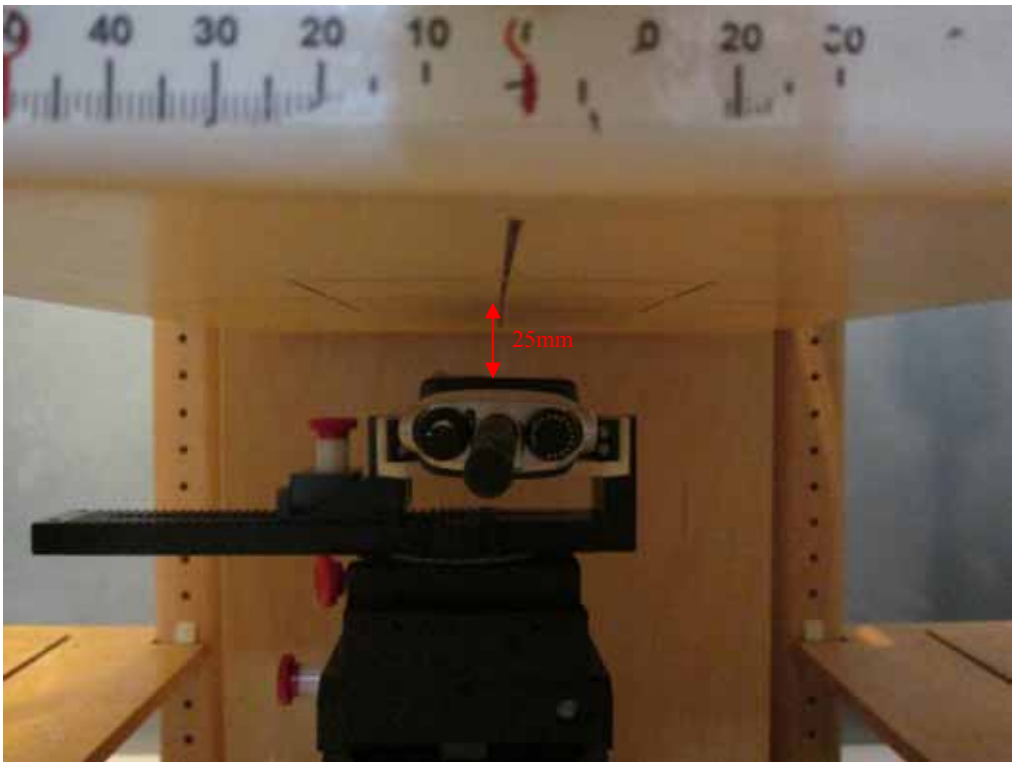
## Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



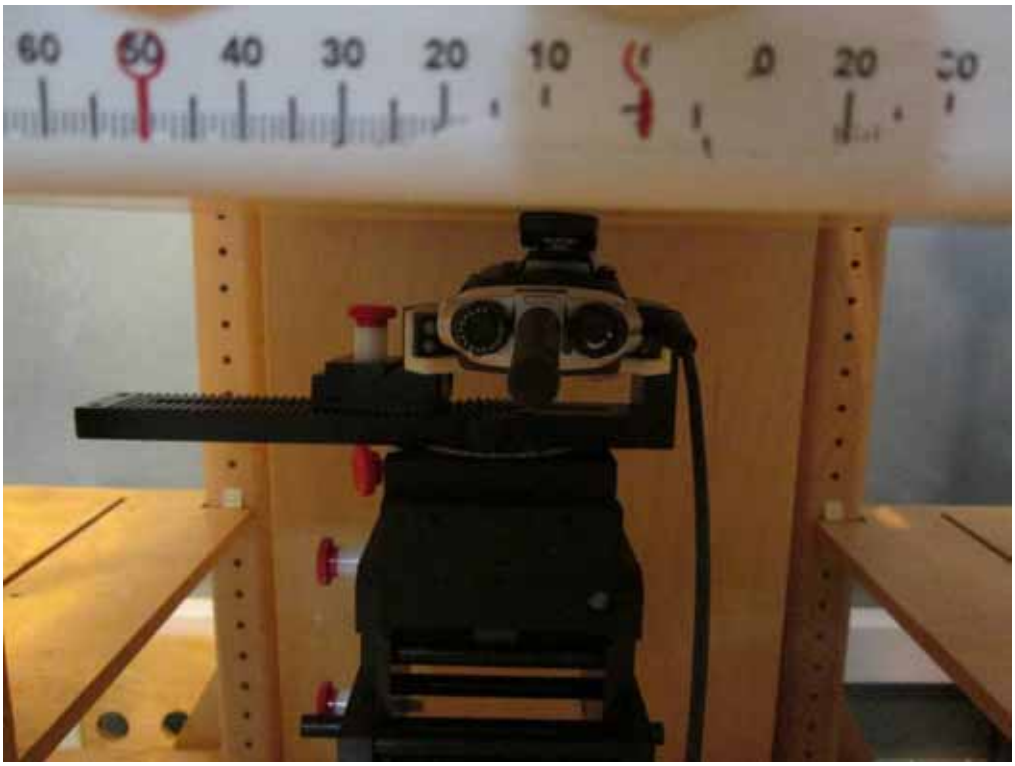
# APPENDIX D – EUT TEST POSITION PHOTOS

**Liquid depth ≥ 15cm**

**Face-Up 2.5 cm Separation to Flat Phantom Setup Photo**



**Body-Back 0.0 cm Separation to Flat Phantom Setup Photo (BC19)**



# APPENDIX E – EUT PHOTOS

**EUT – Front View**

**EUT – Back View**

**EUT – Left View**

**EUT – Right View**

**EUT – Top View**

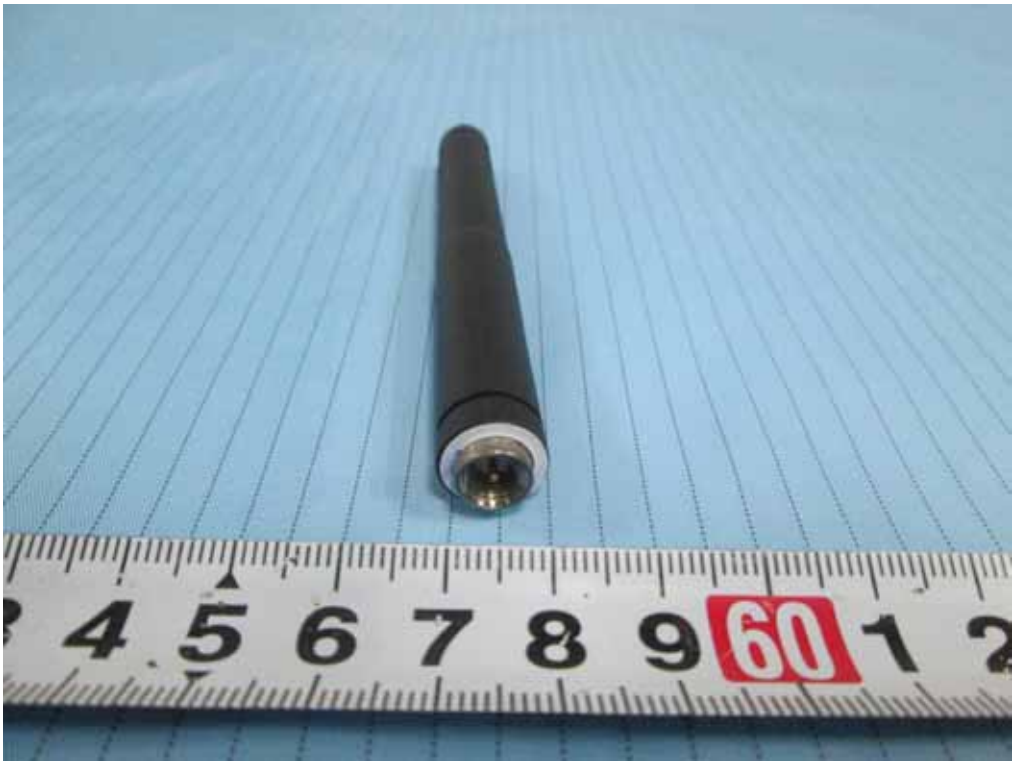

**EUT – Bottom View**

**EUT – Uncovered View**

**EUT – Battery: BL1502 1500mAh**

**EUT – Battery: BL2010 2000mAh**

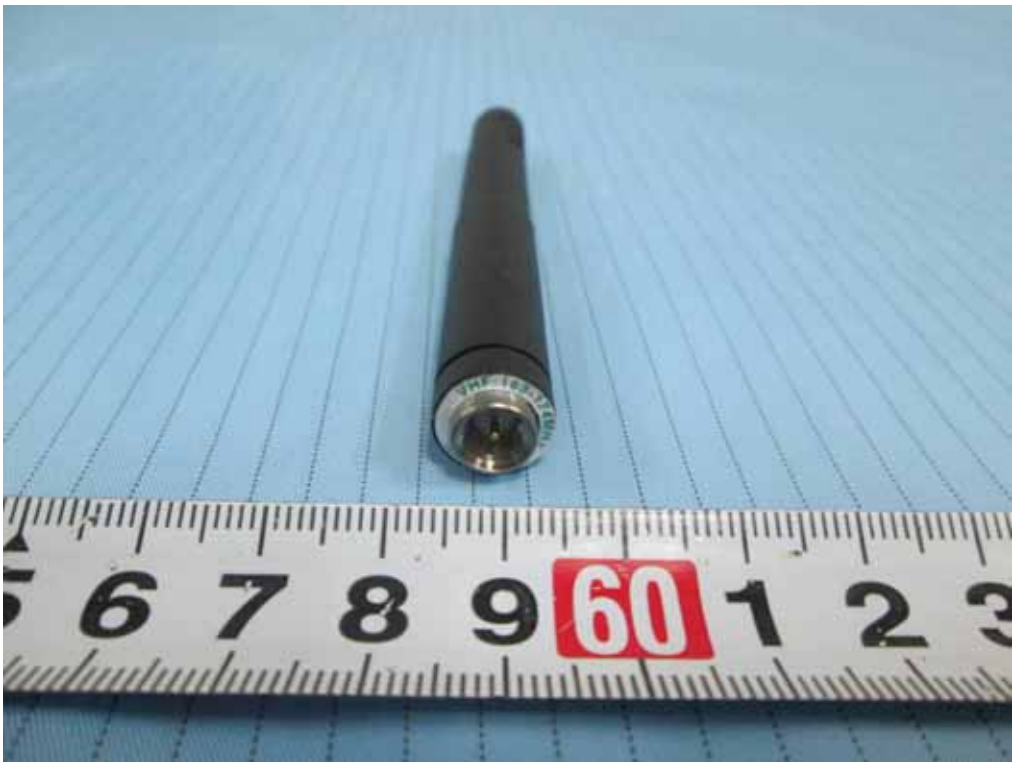

**EUT – Antenna 1: AN0140H01**



**EUT – Antenna 2: AN0148H03**


**EUT – Antenna 3: AN0158H02**

**EUT – Antenna 4: AN0168H01**




**EUT – Headset: EWN07**

**EUT – Headset: EWN08**

**EUT – Headset: EAN19**

**EUT – Headset: EAN21**

**EUT – Headset: ACN-02**

**EUT – Headset: EH-01**

**EUT – Headset: EH-02**

**EUT – Headset: ES-01**

**EUT – Headset: ES-02**

**EUT – Body-Worn Accessories View: BC19**

**EUT –Remote speaker microphone: SM26N1**

**EUT –Remote speaker microphone: SM26N2**

# APPENDIX F – ACCESSORIES LIST

| Accessory Name | Model | | Description |
|---|---|---|---|
| Antenna | Antenna 1 | AN0140H01 | 136-145 MHz |
| | Antenna 2 | AN0148H03 | 144-154 MHz |
| | Antenna 3 | AN0158H02 | 153-164 MHz |
| | Antenna 4 | AN0168H01 | 163-174 MHz |
| Battery | Thicker Battery | BL1502 | Li-ion Battery;7.4V 1500 mAh |
| | Thinner Battery | BL2010 | Li-ion Battery;7.4V 2000 mAh |
| Body Worn | Belt Clip | BC19 | / |
| Audio Accessories | Earphone 1 | EWN07 | Digital Wireless Covert Earpiece With in-Line Controller (Neckloop Sensor) |
| | Earphone 2 | EWN08 | Digital Wireless Covert Earpiece (Flatpack Sensor) |
| | Earphone 3 | EAN19 | 3-wire Surveillance Earpiece with Transparent Acoustic Tube (Beige) |
| | Earphone 4 | EAN21 | 3-wire Surveillance Earpiece with Transparent Acoustic Tube(Beige) |
| | Earphone 5 | ESN14 | Detachable Earpiece with Transparent Acoustic Tube,contains two parts,one is ACN-02,the other is ES-01 |
| | Earphone 6 | EAN22 | Detachable Earpiece with Transparent Acoustic Tube,contains two parts,one is ACN-02,the other is ES-02 |
| | Earphone 7 | EHN20 | Remote Swivel Earset,contains two parts,one is ACN-02,the other is EH-02 |
| | Earphone 8 | EHN21 | Remote C-Earset,contains two parts,one is ACN-02,the other is EH-01 |
| | Earphone 9 | ACN-02 | PTT&MIC cable(for use with Receive-Only Earpiece) |
| | Earphone 10 | EH-01 | Receive－Only C Style Earloop(for use with PTT&MIC cable) |
| | Earphone 11 | EH-02 | Receive－Only Ajustable Earhook with Swivel Speaker(for use with PTT&MIC cable) |
| | Earphone 12 | ES-02 | Receive-Only Earpiece with Transparent Acoustic Tube |
| | Earphone 13 | ES-01 | Receive－Only Earpiece(for use with PTT&MIC cable) |
| | Remote speaker microphone 1 | SM26N1 | Remote speaker microphone IP67 protect |
| | Remote speaker microphone 2 | SM26N2 | Remote speaker microphone IP54 protect with earpiece |

**Note:** The manufacturer is Hytera Communications Co., Ltd.

# APPENDIX F – INFORMATIVE REFERENCES

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# PRODUCT SIMILARITY DECLARATION LETTER

Hytera Communications Co.,Ltd.
HYT Tower, Hi-Tech Industrial Park North, Nanshan District, Shenzhen China
Tel: +86-0755-26972999- 1210 Fax: 0755-86137130

2014-05-29

## Product Similarity Declaration

To Whom It May Concern,

We, Hytera Communications Corporation Ltd., hereby declare that our Digital Portable Radio, Model Number: PD680VHF,PD682VHF,PD685VHF,PD686VHF are electrically identical with PD682VHF that were certified by BACL.
They are named different due to market purpose

Please contact me if you have any question.

Signature:

Lei Xiong
General Director

******* END OF REPORT *******