Report No.: LCSA02054009E



SAR Test Report

Report No.: LCSA02054009E

Issued for

Topdon Technology Co., Ltd

Unit 2005 20/F, Qianhai Shimao Tower, Qianhai Shenzhen-Hong kong Cooperation Zone, Shenzhen, China, 518052

Product Name:

THINKTOOL PROS+, Smart Automotive Diagnostic

System

Brand Name:

TOPDON

Model Name:

TKT04

Series Model(s): Phoenix Lite 3, Phoenix Lite 2

ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1

Test Standard:

FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

IEEE 1528: 2013

Max. SAR (1g) Body: 0.733 W/kg

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Test Report Certification

Applicant's name Topdon Technology Co,.Ltd

Unit 2005 20/F, Qianhai Shimao Tower, Qianhai Shenzhen-Hong Address:

kong Cooperation Zone, Shenzhen, China, 518052

Manufacture's Name: Topdon Technology Co,.Ltd

Unit 2005 20/F, Qianhai Shimao Tower, Qianhai Shenzhen-Hong Address:

kong Cooperation Zone, Shenzhen, China, 518052

Product description

Product name THINKTOOL PROS+, Smart Automotive Diagnostic System

Brand name TOPDON

Model name: TKT04

Series Model...... Phoenix Lite 3, Phoenix Lite 2

ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992

FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093) IEEE 1528: 2013 Standards:

The device was tested by Shenzhen STS Test Services Co., Ltd. in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in KDB 865664 The test results in this report apply only to the tested sample of the stated device/equipment. Other similar device/equipment will not necessarily produce the same results due to production tolerance and measurement uncertainties.

Date of Test

Date of Issue: 04 Feb 2024

Test Result....: **Pass**

> Compiled by: Supervised by: Approved by:

Jay Zhan / File administrators Cary Luo / Technique principal

Gavin Liang/ Manager

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Revision History

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Rev.	Issue Date	Report No.	Effect Page	Contents
00	15 June 2022	STS2206010H02	ALL	Initial Issue
01	04 Feb 2024	LCSA02054009E	ALL	Updated Series Model, EUT Photo and Setup Photo

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1. General Information

Environmental evaluation measurements of specific absorption rate (SAR) distributions in emulated human head and body tissues exposed to radio frequency (RF) radiation from wireless portable devices for compliance with the rules and regulations of the U.S. Federal Communications Commission (FCC).

1.1 EUT Description

i.i Lo i Description								
Product Name	THINKT	OOL PROS+, Smart Auto	omotive Diagnostic System					
Brand Name	TOPDO	N						
Model Name	TKT04							
Series Model		Phoenix Lite 3,Phoenix Lite 2						
Model Difference	Their ele	ectrical circuit design, layo tical, only the model is di	out, components used and internal wiring fferent.					
Battery		oltage:DC7.6V r: 6300mAh						
Device Category	Portable							
Product stage	Production	on unit						
RF Exposure Environment	General	Population / Uncontrolled	d					
Hardware Version	N/A							
Software Version	N/A							
Frequency Range	WLAN 802.11b/g/n20: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz WLAN 802.11n40: 2422 MHz ~ 2452 MHz WLAN 802.11a/n20/n40/ac20/ac40/ac80: 5150 ~ 5250 MHz WLAN 802.11a/n20/n40/ac20/ac40/ac80: 5725 ~ 5850 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz to 2480 MHz							
	Band	Mode	Body Worn and Hotspot(W/kg)					
Max. Reported	DTS	2.4GHz WLAN	0.733					
SAR(1g):	DTS	BT	0.375					
(Limit:1.6W/kg)	NII	5.2GHz WLAN	0.259					
	NII	5.8GHz WLAN	0.635					
	The high	est simultaneous SAR v	alue is 1.368 W/kg					
FCC Equipment Class	Digital Ti Unlicens	Spread Spectrum Transn ransmission System (DT ed National Information	S) Infrastructure TX(NII)					
Operating Mode	WLAN: 802.11b(DSSS):CCK,DQPSK,DBPSK 802.11g/a/n(OFDM):BPSK,QPSK,16-QAM,64-QAM 802.11ac(OFDM):BPSK,QPSK,16-QAM,64-QAM,256-QAM Bluetooth: 5.0(GFSK +π/4DQPSK+8DPSK) BLE: GFSK							
Antenna Specification	PIFA An	tenna						
Hotspot Mode	Support							
DTM Mode	Not Sup	port						
Note:								

Note:

- 1. Estimated exemption for Bluetooth,
- 2. The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power
- 3. The Bluetooth and WLAN can't simultaneous transmission at the same time.

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1.2 Test Environment

Ambient conditions in the SAR laboratory:

Items	Required
Temperature (°ℂ)	18-25
Humidity (%RH)	30-70

1.3 Test Factory

Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd..

101, 201 BldgA & 301 Bldg C, Juji Industrial Park Yabianxueziwei, Shajing Street, Baoan District, Shenzhen, 518000, China FCC test Firm Registration No.: 625569

NVLAP Accreditation Code is 600167-0. FCC Designation Number is CN5024.

CAB identifier is CN0071.

CNAS Registration Number is L4595.

ISED Designation Number is 9642A

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2. Test Standards and Limits

No.	Identity	Document Title
1	47 CFR Part 2	Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations
2	ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992	IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz
3	IEEE Std. 1528-2013	Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques
4	FCC KDB 447498 D04 v01	RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies for Mobile and Portable Devices
5	FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04	SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz
6	FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r02	RF Exposure Reporting
7	FCC KDB 648474 D04 v01r03	SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets
8	FCC KDB 248227 D01 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02	SAR Considerations for 802.11 Devices

(A). Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body Partial-Body Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles 0.4 8.0 20.0

(B). Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body Partial-Body Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles 0.08 1.6 4.0

NOTE: Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1 gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

Population/Uncontrolled Environments:

Are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments:

Are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

NOTE GENERAL POPULATION/UNCONTROLLED EXPOSURE PARTIAL BODY LIMIT 1.6 W/kg

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3. SAR Measurement System

3.1 Definition of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg) SAR measurement can be related to the electrical field in the tissue by

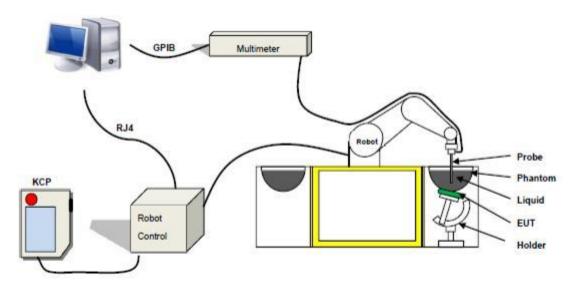
$$SAR = \frac{\sigma E^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue,

 $\boldsymbol{\rho}$ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

3.2 SAR System

MVG SAR System Diagram:



COMOSAR is a system that is able to determine the SAR distribution inside a phantom of human being according to different standards. The COMOSAR system consists of the following items:

- Main computer to control all the system
- 6 axis robot
- Data acquisition system
- Miniature E-field probe
- Phone holder
- Head simulating tissue

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The following figure shows the system.



The EUT under test operating at the maximum power level is placed in the phone holder, under the phantom, which is filled with head simulating liquid. The E-Field probe measures the electric field inside the phantom. The Open SAR software computes the results to give a SAR value in a 1g or 10g mass.

3.2.1 Probe

For the measurements the Specific Dosimetric E-Field Probe SN 07/21 EPGO352 with following specifications is used

- Probe Length: 330 mm
- Length of Individual Dipoles: 2 mm
- Maximum external diameter: 8 mm
- Probe Tip External Diameter: 2.5 mm
- Distance between dipole/probe extremity: 1 mm
- Dynamic range: 0.01-100 W/kg
- Probe linearity: 3%
- Axial Isotropy: < 0.10 dB
- Spherical Isotropy: < 0.10 dB
- Calibration range: 150 MHz to 6 GHz for head & body simulating liquid.
- Angle between probe axis (evaluation axis) and surface normal line: less than 30°



Figure 1-MVG COMOSAR Dosimetric E field Dipole

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3.2.2 Phantom

For the measurements the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) defined by the IEEE SCC-34/SC2 group is used. The phantom is a polyurethane shell integrated in a wooden table. The thickness of the phantom amounts to 2mm +/- 0.2mm. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right phone usage and includes an additional flat phantom part for the simplified performance check. The phantom set-up includes

a cover, which prevents the evaporation of the liquid.



Figure-SN 32/14 SAM115



Figure-SN 32/14 SAM116

3.2.3 Device Holder



The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5 mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of ± 0.5 mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of ± 20 %. Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards.

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4. Tissue Simulating Liquids

4.1 Simulating Liquids Parameter Check

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528.

Head Tissue

Frequency	cellulose	DGBE	HEC	NaCl	Preventol	Sugar	X100	Water	Conductivity	Permittivity
(MHz)	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	σ	εr
750	0.2	1	1	1.4	0.2	57.0	1	41.1	0.89	41.9
835	0.2	/	1	1.4	0.2	57.9	1	40.3	0.90	41.5
900	0.2	/	1	1.4	0.2	57.9	1	40.3	0.97	41.5
1800	1	44.5	1	0.3	1	1	30.45	55.2	1.4	40.0
1900	1	44.5	1	0.3	1	1	30.45	55.2	1.4	40.0
2000	1	44.5	1	0.3	1	1	/	55.2	1.4	40.0
2450	1	44.9	1	0.1	1	1	1	55.0	1.80	39.2
2600	1	45.0	1	0.1	1	1	1	54.9	1.96	39.0

Body Tissue

Frequency	cellulose	DGBE	HEC	NaCl	Preventol	Sugar	X100	Water	Conductivity	Permittivity
(MHz)	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	σ	εr
750	0.2	/	1	0.9	0.1	47.2	1	51.7	0.96	55.5
835	0.2	/	1	0.9	0.1	48.2	1	50.8	0.97	55.2
900	0.2	/	1	0.9	0.1	48.2	/	50.8	1.05	55.0
1800	1	29.4	1	0.4	1	1	30.45	70.2	1.52	53.3
1900	1	29.4	1	0.4	1	1	30.45	70.2	1.52	53.3
2000	1	29.4	1	0.4	1	1	1	70.2	1.52	53.3
2450	1	31.3	/	0.1	1	1	1	68.6	1.95	52.7
2600	1	31.7	1	0.1	1	1	1	68.2	2.16	52.3

Tissue dielectric parameters for head and body phantoms									
Frequency		εr		σ S/m					
	Head	Body	Head	Body					
300	45.3	58.2	0.87	0.92					
450	43.5	56.7	0.87	0.94					
900	41.5	55.0	0.97	1.05					
1450	40.5	54.0	1.20	1.30					
1800	40.0	53.3	1.40	1.52					
2450	39.2	52.7	1.80	1.95					
3000	38.5	52.0	2.40	2.73					
5800	35.3	48.2	5.27	6.00					



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LIQUID MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Date	Ambient		Simulating	Simulating Liquid		Torget	Measured	Deviation	Limited
Date	Temp. [°C]	Humidity %	Frequency	Temp. [°C]	Parameters	Target	ivieasureu	%	%
2022-06-12	22.2	60	2412	24.0	Permittivity	39.27	39.71	1.12	±5
2022-00-12	22.2	60	2412	21.9	Conductivity	1.77	1.79	1.13	±5
2022 06 42	22.7	F F	0407	22.4	Permittivity	39.22	39.62	1.02	±5
2022-06-12	22.7	55	2437	2437 22.4	Conductivity	1.79	1.83	2.23	±5
2022-06-12	22.0	54	2450	21.7	Permittivity	39.20	39.91	1.81	±5
2022-00-12	22.0	54	2450 21.7	Conductivity	1.80	1.79	-0.56	±5	
2022 06 42	22.2	FG	2462 21.9	Permittivity	39.18	39.68	1.28	±5	
2022-06-12	22.2	56		Conductivity	1.81	1.80	-0.55	±5	
2022-06-12	22.2	56	2480	21.8	Permittivity	39.15	39.95	2.05	±5
2022-00-12	22.2	50	2400	21.0	Conductivity	1.83	1.89	3.47	±5
2022-06-13	23.5	57	5200	23.2	Permittivity	36.00	36.69	1.92	±5
2022-00-13	23.5	37	5200	23.2	Conductivity	4.66	4.71	1.07	±5
2022-06-13	23.4	52	5240	23.2	Permittivity	35.96	36.78	2.28	±5
2022-00-13	23.4	52	5240	23.2	Conductivity	4.70	4.68	-0.43	±5
2022 06 42	22.5	E1	E70E	22.2	Permittivity	35.32	35.28	-0.11	±5
2022-06-13	22.5	51	5785		Conductivity	5.25	5.27	0.38	±5
2022 06 42	22.0	57	5900	22.6	Permittivity	35.30	35.26	-0.11	±5
2022-06-13	22.9	57	5800	22.6	Conductivity	5.27	5.35	1.52	±5

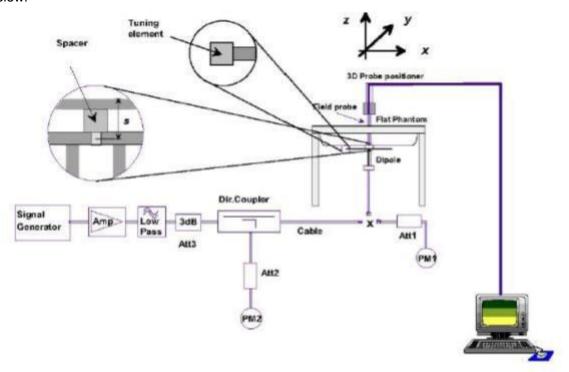
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5. SAR System Validation

5.1 Validation System

Each MVG system is equipped with one or more system validation kits. These units, together with the predefined measurement procedures within the MVG software, enable the user to conduct the system performance check and system validation. System kit includes a dipole, and dipole device holder.

The system check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. It's performed daily or before every SAR measurement. The system check uses normal SAR measurement in the flat section of the phantom with a matched dipole at a specified distance. The system validation setup is shown as below.



5.2 Validation Result

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by MVG, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 %.

Date	Freq.	Power	Tested Value	Normalized SAR	Target SAR	Tolerance	Limit
	(MHz)	(mW)	(W/Kg)	(W/kg)	1g(W/kg)	(%)	(%)
2022-06-12	2450	100	5.248	52.48	52.40	0.70	10
2022-06-13	5200	100	15.899	158.99	159.00	-0.79	10
2022-06-13	5800	100	18.123	181.23	181.20	0.96	10

Note:

- 1. The tolerance limit of System validation ±10%.
- 2. The dipole input power (forward power) was 100 mW.
- 3. The results are normalized to 1 W input power.

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6. SAR Evaluation Procedures

The procedure for assessing the average SAR value consists of the following steps: The following steps are used for each test position

- Establish a call with the maximum output power with a base station simulator. The connection between the mobile and the base station simulator is established via air interface
- Measurement of the local E-field value at a fixed location. This value serves as a reference value for calculating a possible power drift.
- Measurement of the SAR distribution with a grid of 8 to 16mm * 8 to 16 mm and a constant distance to the inner surface of the phantom. Since the sensors cannot directly measure at the inner phantom surface, the values between the sensors and the inner phantom surface are extrapolated. With these values the area of the maximum SAR is calculated by an interpolation scheme.
- Around this point, a cube of 30 * 30 * 30 mm or 32 * 32 * 32 mm is assessed by measuring 5 or 8 * 5 or 8*4 or 5 mm. With these data, the peak spatial-average SAR value can be calculated.

Area Scan& Zoom Scan:

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR -distribution over 10 g. Area scan and zoom scan resolution setting follows KDB 865664 D01v01r01 quoted below.

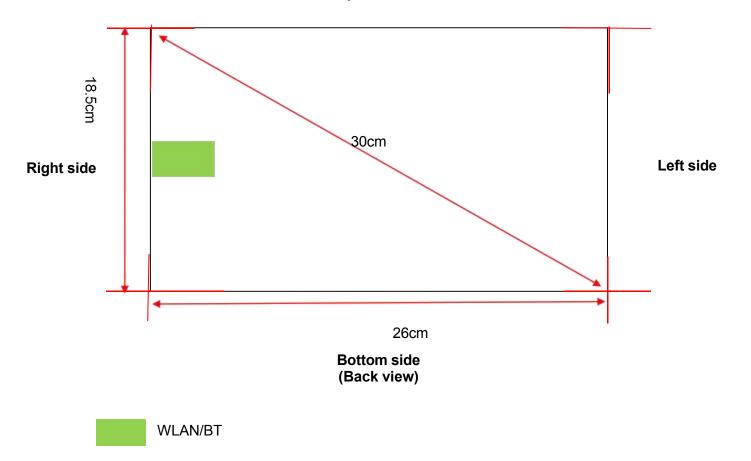
When the 1-g SAR of the highest peak is within 2 dB of the SAR limit, additional zoom scans are required for other peaks within 2 dB of the highest peak that have not been included in any zoom scan to ensure there is no increase in SAR.

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7. EUT Antenna Location Sketch

It is a THINKTOOL PROS+, Smart Automotive Diagnostic System, support WLAN/BT mode.





	Antenna Separation Distance(cm)										
ANT	ANT Back Side Front Side Left Side Right Side Top Side Bottom Side										
WLAN/BT	≤0.5	≤0.5	22	≤0.5	5.5	8.5					

Note 1: The antenna information refer the manufacturer provide report, applicable only to the tested sample identified in the report.



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7.1 SAR test exclusion consider table

The WLAN S A	R evaluation of Maximum power (dBm) s	u mming tolera	nce.		
	Wireless Interface	ВТ	2.4G	5.2G	5.8G
Exposure	vviiciess interface	D1	WLAN	WLAN	WLAN
Position —	Calculated Frequency(GHz)	2.48	2.437	5.24	5.745
FOSITION	Maximum Turn-up power (dBm)	3.5	16.5	11	9.5
	Maximum rated power(mW)	2.24	2.4G WLAN WLAN 2.437 5.24 16.5 11 44.67 12.59 <0.5 <0.5 2.76 1.49 YES YES 22 22 3667.83 3726.40 NO NO <0.5 <0.5 2.76 1.49 YES YES 22 122 3667.83 3726.40 NO NO <0.5 <0.5 2.76 1.49 YES YES 2.76 1.49 YES YES 5.5 5.5 262.96 212.17 NO NO 8.5 8.5	8.91	
	Separation distance (cm)	≤0.5	≤0.5	≤0.5	≤0.5
Back Side	exclusion threshold(mW)	2.72	2.76	1.49	1.39
	Testing required?	NO	YES	YES	YES
	Separation distance (cm)	22	22	22	22
Left Side	exclusion threshold(mW)	3669.15	3667.83	3726.40	3733.5
Leit Side	Testing required?	NO	NO	NO	NO
	Separation distance (cm)	≤0.5	≤0.5	≤0.5	≤0.5
Right Side	exclusion threshold(mW)	2.72	2.76	1.49	1.39
	Testing required?	NO	YES	YES	YES
	Separation distance (cm)	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5
Top Side	exclusion threshold(mW)	261.68	262.96	212.17	206.77
	Testing required?	NO	NO	NO	NO
	Separation distance (cm)	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
Bottom Side	exclusion threshold(mW)	599.62	601.57	521.81	512.97
	Testing required?	NO	NO	NO	NO

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Note:

- 1. maximum power is the source-based time-average power and represents the maximum RF output power among production units.
- 2. Per KDB 447498 D04, for larger devices, the test separation distance of adjacent edge configuration is determined by the closest separation between the antenna and the user.
- 3. Per KDB 447498 D04, if the maximum time-averaged power available does not exceed 1 mW. This stand-alone SAR exemption test.
- 4. Per KDB 447498 D04, the available maximum time-averaged power or effective radiated power (ERP), whichever is greater, is less than or equal to the threshold Pth (mW) described in the following formula. This method shall only be used at separation distances (cm) from 0.5 centimeters to 40 centimeters and at frequencies from 0.3 GHz to 6 GHz (inclusive). Pth is given by:

$$P_{th} \text{ (mW)} = \begin{cases} ERP_{20 \ cm} (d/20 \ \text{cm})^x & d \le 20 \ \text{cm} \\ ERP_{20 \ cm} & 20 \ \text{cm} < d \le 40 \ \text{cm} \end{cases}$$

Where

$$x = -\log_{10}\left(\frac{60}{\mathit{ERP}_{20\;\mathit{cm}}\sqrt{f}}\right) \, \mathrm{and} \, f \, \mathrm{is \; in \; GHz};$$

and

$$\mathit{ERP}_{20\;cm}\;(\mathrm{mW}) = \begin{cases} 2040f & 0.3\;\mathrm{GHz} \le f < 1.5\;\mathrm{GHz} \\ \\ 3060 & 1.5\;\mathrm{GHz} \le f \le 6\;\mathrm{GHz} \end{cases}$$

d = the separation distance (cm);

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5. Per KDB 447498 D04, An alternative to the SAR-based exemption is using below table and the minimum separation distance (R in meters) from the body of a nearby person for the frequency (f in MHz) at which the source operates, the ERP (watts) is no more than the calculated value prescribed for that frequency. For the exemption in below table to apply, R must be at least $\lambda/2\pi$, where λ is the free-space operating wavelength in meters. If the ERP of a single RF source is not easily obtained, then the available maximum time-averaged power may be used in lieu of ERP if the physical dimensions of the radiating structure(s) do not exceed the electrical length of $\lambda/4$ or if the antenna gain is less than that of a half-wave dipole (1.64 linear value).

RF Source frequency (MHz)	Threshold ERP(watts)
0.3-1.34	1,920 R ² .
1.34-30	3,450 R²/f².
30-300	3.83 R ² .
300-1,500	0.0128 R ² f.
1,500-100,000	19.2R ² .

- 6. Per KDB 248227 D01, choose the highest output power channel to test SAR and determine further SAR exclusion 8.for each frequency band ,testing at higher data rates and higher order modulations is not required when the maximum average output power for each of each of these configurations is less than 1/4db higher than those measured at the lower data rate than 11b mode .thus the SAR can be excluded.
- 7. Per KDB 616217 D04, SAR evaluation for the front surface of tablet display screens are generally not necessary.
- 8. Per KDB 248227, as maximum rated power for U-NII-2A>U-NII-1, U-NII-2A was chosen for SAR evaluation. Based on the measurements obtained, SAR measurements on U-NII-1 are not required as highest reported SAR from U-NII-2A band is≤1.2W/Kg.

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8. EUT Test Position

This EUT was tested in Front Face and Rear Face.

8.1 Body-worn Position Conditions

Body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in KDB Publication 447498 D01 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. When the same wireless transmission configuration is used for testing body-worn accessory and hotspot mode SAR, respectively, in voice and data mode, SAR results for the most conservative *test separation distance* configuration may be used to support both SAR conditions. When the *reported* SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest *reported* SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for the body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.





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9. Measurement Uncertainty

The following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the EUT as specified in IEEE 1528: 2013. This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

Uncertainty Component	Tol (+- %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	1g Ui (+-%)	10g Ui (+-%)	vi
Measurement System		<u> </u>						
Probe calibration	5.86	N	1	1	1	5.86	5.86	∞
Axial Isotropy	0.16	R	√3	√0.5	√0.5	0.07	0.07	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	1.06	R	√3	√0.5	√0.5	0.43	0.43	∞
Boundary effect	1	R	√3	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Linearity	1.27	R	√3	1	1	0.73	0.73	∞
System detection limits	1.23	R	√3	1	1	0.71	0.71	∞
Modulation response	3.6	R	√3	1	1	3.60	3.60	∞
Readout Electronics	0.28	N	1	1	1	0.28	0.28	∞
Response Time	0.19	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.11	0.11	∞
Integration Time	1.47	R	√3	1	1	0.85	0.85	∞
RF ambient conditions-Noise	3.5	R	√3	1	1	2.02	2.02	_∞
RF ambient conditions-reflections	3.2	R	√3	1	1	1.85	1.85	× ×
Probe positioner mechanical tolerance	1.4	R	√3	1	1	0.81	0.81	∞
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	1.4	R	√3	1	1	0.81	0.81	_∞
Post-processing	2.3	R	√3	1	1	1.33	1.33	∞
Test sample Related	T	1					1	
Test sample positioning	3.1	N	1	1	1	3.10	3.10	∞
Device holder uncertainty	3.8	N	1 /-	1	1	3.80	3.80	∞
SAR drift measurement	4.8	R	√3	1	1	2.77	2.77	∞
SAR scaling	2	R	√3	1	1	1.15	1.15	∞
Phantom and tissue parame	eters		Τ				I	
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness uncertainty)	4	R	√3	1	1	2.31	2.31	∞
Uncertainty in SAR correction for deviations in permittivity and conductivity	2	N	1	1	0.84	2.00	1.68	∞
Liquid conductivity (temperature uncertainty)	2.5	R	√3	0.78	0.71	1.95	1.78	∞
Liquid conductivity (measured)	4	N	1	0.78	0.71	0.92	1.04	М
Liquid permittivity (temperature uncertainty)	2.5	R	√3	0.23	0.26	1.95	1.78	∞
Liquid permittivity (measured)	5	N	1	0.23	0.26	1.15	1.30	М
Combined Standard Uncertainty		RSS				10.60	10.51	
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence interval)		K=2				21.21	21.03	

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10. Conducted Power Measurement

10.1 Test Result

вт

BT					
Mode	Channel Number	Fraguanay (MHz)	Average Power	Output Power	
Mode	Charmer Number	Frequency (MHz)	(dBm)	(mW)	
	0	2402	0.06	1.01	
GFSK(1Mbps)	39	2441	1.48	1.41	
	78	2480	3.50	2.24	
	0	2402	0.16	1.04	
π/4-QPSK(2Mbps)	39	2441	1.56	1.43	
	78	2480	2.91	1.95	
8DPSK(3Mbps)	0	2402	0.15	1.04	
	39	2441	1.60	1.45	
	78	2480	2.92	1.96	

BIE

BLE					
Mada	Channel Number	Eroguanov (MHz)	Average Power	Output Power	
Mode	Charmer Number	Frequency (MHz)	(dBm)	(mW)	
	0	2402	-5.55	0.28	
GFSK(1Mbps)	19	2440	-4.36	0.37	
	39	2480	-3.82	0.41	
	0	2402	-5.46	0.28	
GFSK(2Mbps)	19	2440	-4.25	0.38	
	39	2480	-3.74	0.42	



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2.4G WLAN

2.4GWIFI					
Mode	Channel Number	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Output Power (mW)	
	1	2412	14.72	29.65	
802.11b	7	2437	16.02	39.99	
	11	2462	15.25	33.50	
	1	2412	13.15	20.65	
802.11g	7	2437	13.99	25.06	
	11	2462	13.16	20.70	
	1	2412	13.13	20.56	
802.11 n-HT20	7	2437	14.16	26.06	
	11	2462	13.29	21.33	
	3	2422	13.29	21.33	
802.11 n-HT40	6	2437	13.39	21.83	
	9	2452	13.01	20.00	

5G WLAN

5.2G WLAN					
Mode	Channel Number	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (mW)	
	36	5180	9.9	9.77	
802.11a20	40	5200	9.98	9.95	
	48	5240	10.68	11.69	
	36	5180	9.72	9.38	
802.11 n-HT20	40	5200	9.88	9.73	
	48	5240	10.57	11.40	
000 44 11740	38	5190	10.19	10.45	
802.11 n-HT40	46	5230	10.21	10.50	
	36	5180	9.8	9.55	
802.11ac-VHT20	40	5200	9.85	9.66	
	48	5240	10.58	11.43	
802.11ac-VHT40	38	5190	10.13	10.30	
	46	5230	10.2	10.47	
802.11ac-VHT80	42	5210	10.36	10.86	



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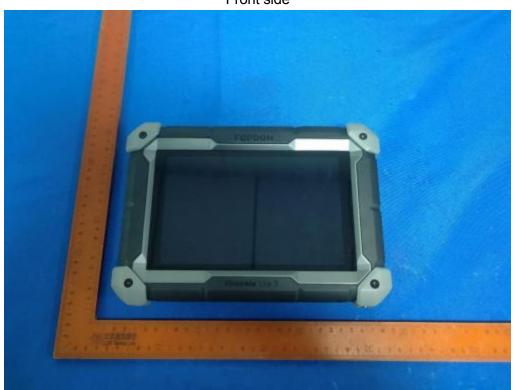
	5.8G WLAN					
Mode	Channel Number	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (mW)		
	149	5745	9.03	8.00		
802.11a20	157	5785	8.43	6.97		
	165	5825	8.13	6.50		
	149	5745	8.51	7.10		
802.11 n-HT20	157	5785	8.13	6.50		
	165	5825	7.85	6.10		
000 44 11740	151	5755	8.53	7.13		
802.11 n-HT40	159	5795	8.82	7.62		
	149	5745	8.7	7.41		
802.11ac-VHT20	157	5785	8.12	6.49		
	165	5825	7.84	6.08		
802.11ac-VHT40	151	5755	8.53	7.13		
	159	5795	8.82	7.62		
802.11ac-VHT80	155	5775	8.93	7.82		

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11. EUT And Test Setup Photo

11.1 EUT Photo





Back side





11.2 Setup Photo



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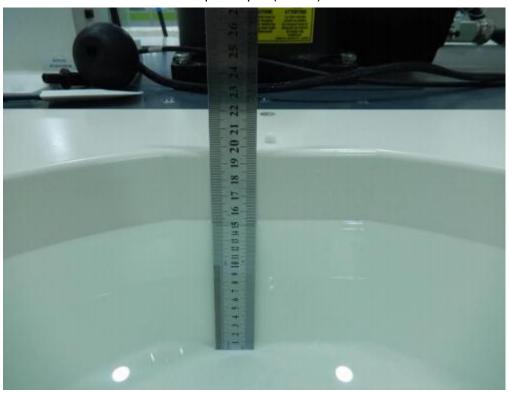
Body Right side(separation distance is 0mm)





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Liquid depth (15 cm)



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12. SAR Result Summary

12.1 Body-worn SAR

Band	Model	Test Position	Freq.	SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift(%)	Max.Turn-up Power(dBm)	Meas.Output Power(dBm)	Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Meas.No.
		Back Side	2437	0.268	-0.08	16.50	16.02	0.299	/
2.4GHz	000 445	Right Side	2412	0.412	2.52	16.50	14.72	0.621	1
WLAN	802.11b	Right Side	2437	0.596	1.06	16.50	16.02	0.733	1
		Right Side	2462	0.445	3.51	16.50	15.25	0.593	/
5.2GHz	000 44-	Back Side	5240	0.099	2.25	11.00	10.68	0.107	/
WLAN	802.11a	Right Side	5240	0.241	-0.28	11.00	10.68	0.259	2
5.8GHz	000 445	Back Side	5745	0.169	-3.63	9.50	9.03	0.188	1
WLAN	802.11a	Right Side	5745	0.295	-1.92	9.50	9.03	0.635	3
DT	OFOK	Back Side	2480	0.128	-0.07	4.00	3.50	0.144	1
ВТ	GFSK	Right Side	2480	0.334	-0.92	4.00	3.50	0.375	4

Note:

- 1. The test separation of all above table is 0mm.
- 2. Per KDB 447498 D01, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
 - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.
 - b. For WWAN: Scaled SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)*Tune-up Scaling Factor
- 3. Per KDB 248227- When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is \leq 1.2 W/kg. (The highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power was **0.417** W/kg for Body)

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Simultaneous Multi-band Transmission Evaluation:

Application Simultaneous Transmission information:

Position	Simultaneous state
Body	1. BT + 5.2G WIFI
	2. BT + 5.8G WIFI
	3. 2.4G WIFI + 5.2G WIFI
	4. 2.4G WIFI + 5.8G WIFI

NOTE:

- 1. For simultaneous transmission at head and body exposure position, 2 transmitters simultaneous transmission was the worst state.
- 2. Bluetooth and WLAN can't simultaneous transmission at the same time.
- 3. The reported SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.

Simultaneous Mode	Position	Mode	Max. 1-g SAR	1-g Sum SAR
Simultaneous Wode	Position	Mode	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
5.2G WIFI + BT	Dody	5.2G WIFI	0.259	0.634
5.2G WIFI + B1	Body	ВТ	0.375	0.634
F OCMITL L DT	Dody	5.8G WIFI	0.635	1.01
5.8GWIFI + BT	Body	ВТ	0.375	1.01
2.4G WIFI + 5.2G	Dody	2.4G WIFI	0.733	0.003
WIFI	Body	5.2G WIF	0.259	0.992
2.4G WIFI + 5.8G	Dodu	2.4G WIFI	0.733	1 260
WIFI	Body	5.8G WIF	0.635	1.368

Simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion is determined for each operating configuration and exposure condition according to the reported standalone SAR of each applicable simultaneous transmitting antenna.

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13. Equipment List

Kind of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type No.	Serial No.	Last Calibration	Calibrated Until
2450MHzDipole	MVG	SID2450	SN 30/14 DIP2G450-335	2020.07.14	2023.07.13
Waveguide	MVG	SWG5500	SN 13/14 WGA32	2020.07.14	2023.07.13
E-Field Probe	MVG	SSE2	SN 07/21 EPGO352	2022.02.28	2023.03.01
Dielectric Probe Kit	MVG	SCLMP	SN 32/14 OCPG67	2021.11.23	2022.11.22
Antenna	MVG	ANTA3	SN 07/13 ZNTA52	N/A	N/A
Phantom1	MVG	SAM	SN 32/14 SAM115	N/A	N/A
Phantom2	MVG	SAM	SN 32/14 SAM116	N/A	N/A
Phone holder	MVG	N/A	SN 32/14 MSH97	N/A	N/A
Laptop holder	MVG	N/A	SN 32/14 LSH29	N/A	N/A
Attenuator	Agilent	99899	DC-18GHz	N/A	N/A
Directional coupler	Narda	4226-20	3305	N/A	N/A
Network Analyzer	Agilent	8753ES	US38432810	2021.09.29	2022.09.28
Multi Meter	Keithley	Multi Meter 2000	4050073	2021.10.08	2022.10.07
Signal Generator	Agilent	N5182A	MY50140530	2021.09.30	2022.09.29
Wireless Communication Test Set	Agilent	8960-E5515C	MY48360751	2021.09.30	2022.09.29
Wireless Communication Test Set	R&S	CMW500	117239	2021.09.30	2022.09.29
Power Amplifier	DESAY	ZHL-42W	9638	2021.10.09	2022.10.08
Power Meter	R&S	NRP	100510	2021.09.29	2022.09.28
Power Sensor	R&S	NRP-Z11	101919	2021.09.29	2022.09.28
Temperature hygrometer	SuWei	SW-108	N/A	2021.10.09	2022.10.08
Thermograph	Elitech	RC-4	S/N EF7176501537	2021.10.09	2022.10.08
Noto:					

Note:

Per KDB 865664 D01, Dipole SAR Validation Verification, STS LAB has adopted 3 years calibration intervals. On annual basis, every measurement dipole has been evaluated and is in compliance with the following criteria:

^{1.} There is no physical damage on the dipole

^{2.} System validation with specific dipole is within 10% of calibrated value Return-loss in within 20% of calibrated measurement

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Appendix A. System Validation Plots

System Performance Check Data(2450MHz)

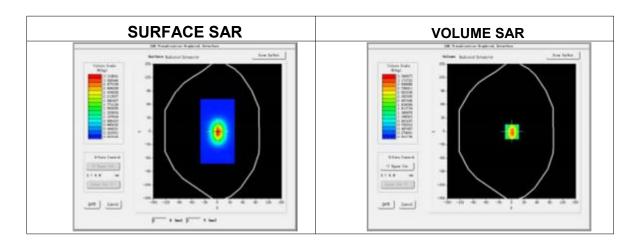
Type: Dipole measurement (Complete)
Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Date of measurement: 2022-06-12

Experimental conditions.

Device Position	Validation plane
Band	2450 MHz
Channels	-
Signal	CW
Frequency (MHz)	2450
Relative permittivity	39.91
Conductivity (S/m)	1.79
Probe	SN 07/21 EPGO352
ConvF	1.47
Crest factor:	1:1



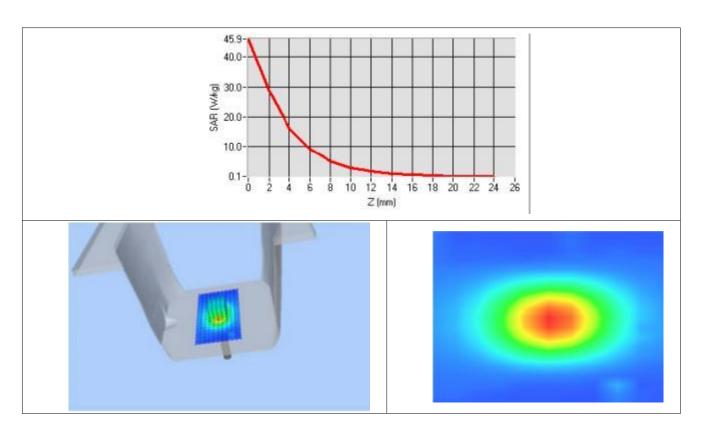
Maximum location: X=7.00, Y=2.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.390801
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	5.24777



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Z Axis Scan



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System Performance Check Data(5200MHz)

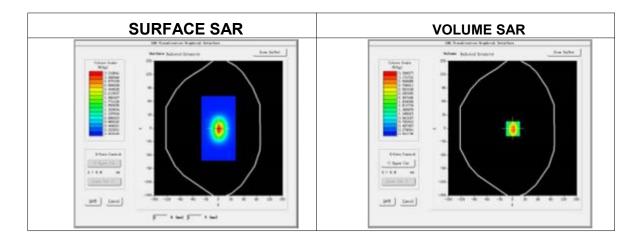
Type: Dipole measurement (Complete)
Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Date of measurement: 2022-06-13

Experimental conditions.

Device Position	Validation plane
Band	5200 MHz
Channels	-
Signal	CW
Frequency (MHz)	5200
Relative permittivity	36.69
Conductivity (S/m)	4.71
Probe	SN 07/21 EPGO352
ConvF	1.47
Crest factor:	1:1



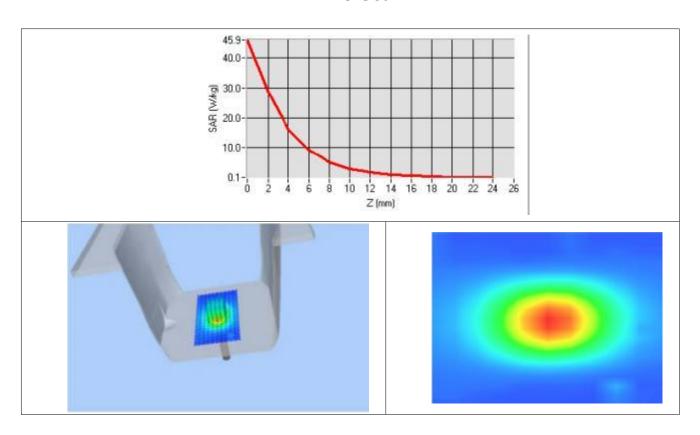
Maximum location: X=7.00, Y=2.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	5.681215
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	15.898796



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Z Axis Scan



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System Performance Check Data(5800MHz)

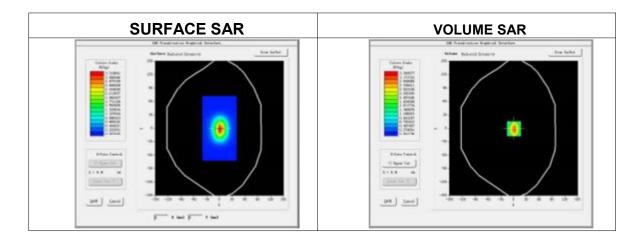
Type: Dipole measurement (Complete)
Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Date of measurement: 2022-06-13

Experimental conditions.

Device Position	Validation plane
Band	5800MHz
Channels	-
Signal	CW
Frequency (MHz)	5800
Relative permittivity	35.26
Conductivity (S/m)	5.35
Probe	SN 07/21 EPGO352
ConvF	1.47
Crest factor:	1:1



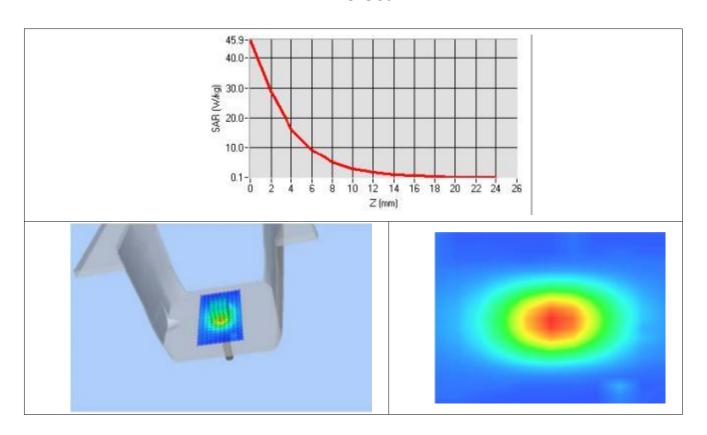
Maximum location: X=7.00, Y=2.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	6.126169
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	18.122674



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Z Axis Scan





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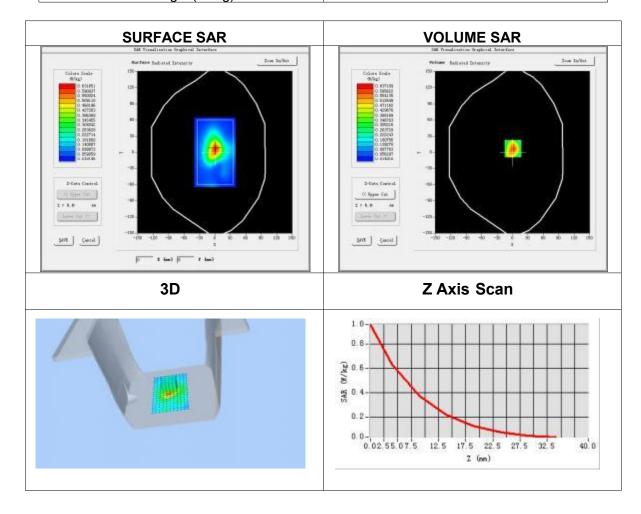
Appendix B. SAR Test Plots

Plot 1: DUT: THINKTOOL PROS+, Smart Automotive Diagnostic System; EUT Model: TKT04

Test Date	2022-06-12
Probe	SN 07/21 EPGO352
Area Scan	dx=8mm, dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm, dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Right Side
Band	2.4G WLAN
Signal	IEEE802.11b (Crest factor: 1.0)
Frequency (MHz)	2437
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.62
Conductivity (S/m)	1.83

Maximum location: X=1.00, Y=7.00 SAR Peak: 0.96 W/kg

	- · · · J
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.316497
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.595686





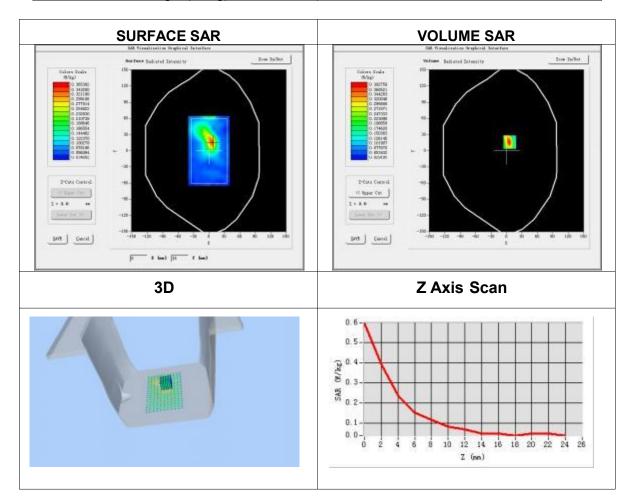
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Plot 2: DUT: THINKTOOL PROS+, Smart Automotive Diagnostic System; EUT Model: TKT04

Test Date	2022-06-12
Probe	SN 07/21 EPGO352
Area Scan	dx=8mm, dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Zoom Scan	7x7x12, dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm, Complete/ndx=8mm, dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Right Side
Band	5.2G WLAN
Signal	IEEE802.11 n-a (Crest factor: 1.0)
Frequency (MHz)	5240
Relative permittivity (real part)	36.78
Conductivity (S/m)	4.68

Maximum location: X=6.00, Y=16.00 SAR Peak: 0.64 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.114276
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.241157





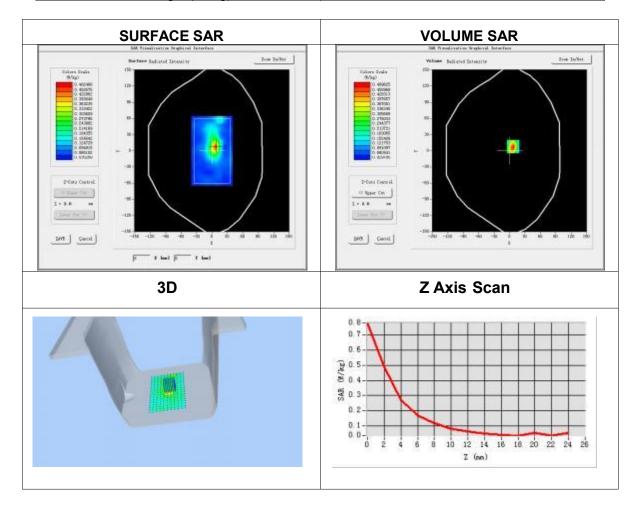
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Plot 3: DUT: THINKTOOL PROS+, Smart Automotive Diagnostic System; EUT Model: TKT04

Test Date	2022-06-13
Probe	SN 07/21 EPGO352
Area Scan	dx=8mm, dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Zoom Scan	7x7x12, dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm, Complete/ndx=8mm, dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Right Side
Band	5.8G WLAN
Signal	IEEE802.11 n-a (Crest factor: 1.0)
Frequency (MHz)	5785
Relative permittivity (real part)	35.28
Conductivity (S/m)	5.27

Maximum location: X=7.00, Y=8.00 SAR Peak: 0.83 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.130647
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.295318





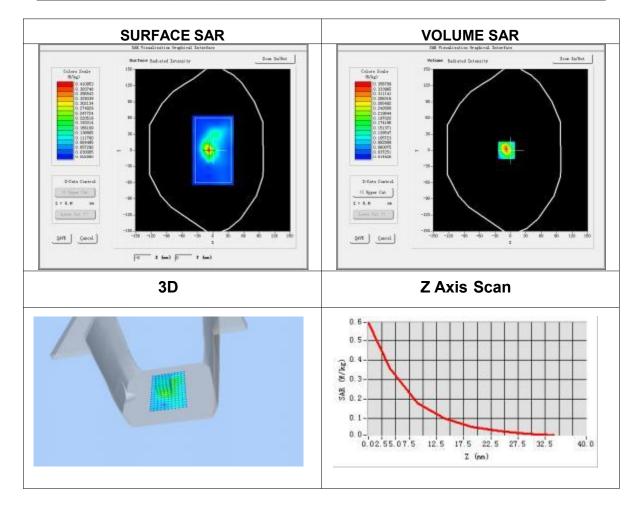
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Plot 4: DUT: THINKTOOL PROS+, Smart Automotive Diagnostic System; EUT Model: TKT04

2022-06-12
SN 07/21 EPGO352
dx=8mm, dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
7x7x12, dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm, Complete/ndx=8mm, dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Validation plane
Right Side
ВТ
GFSK
2480
39.95
1.89

Maximum location: X=-8.00, Y=0.00 SAR Peak: 0.62 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.150289
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.334038





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Appendix C. Probe Calibration And Dipole Calibration Report

Refer the appendix Calibration Report.

*****END OF THE REPORT***