

Test report No:
2520983R.707

SAR TEST REPORT

Product Name	Smart Controller
Trademark	N/A
Model and /or type reference	TENSO-DUAL
FCC ID	2A8JK-TENSO-2BAND
Applicant's name / address	ACSL Ltd. Hulic Kasai Rinkai Building 2F, 3-6-4 Rinkaicho, Edogawa-ku, Tokyo 134-0086, Japan
Test method requested, standard	FCC 47CFR §2.1093 IEEE Std 1528-2013 EN IEC/IEEE 62209-1528:2021 ANSI C95.1-2005
Maximum SAR	1g SAR: 0.24 W/kg 10g SAR: 2.03 W/kg
Simultaneous Transmission SAR	1g SAR: 0.21 W/kg 10g SAR: 1.69 W/kg
Verdict Summary	IN COMPLIANCE
Tested by (name / position & signature)	Tim Cao / Project Manager 
Approved by (name / position & signature)	Frank He / Technical Manager 
Date of issue	2025-04-20
Report Version	V1.0
Report template No.	Template_FCC SAR-RF-V1.0

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COMPETENCES AND GUARANTEES

DEKRA is a testing laboratory competent to carry out the tests described in this report.

In order to assure the traceability to other national and international laboratories, DEKRA has a calibration and maintenance program for its measurement equipment.

DEKRA guarantees the reliability of the data presented in this report, which is the result of the measurements and the tests performed to the item under test on the date and under the conditions stated in the report and it is based on the knowledge and technical facilities available at DEKRA at the time of performance of the test.

DEKRA is liable to the client for the maintenance of the confidentiality of all information related to the item under test and the results of the test.

The results presented in this Test Report apply only to the particular item under test established in this document.

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GENERAL CONDITIONS

Test Location	No. 99, Hongye Road, Suzhou Industrial Park Suzhou, 215006, P.R. China
Date(receive sample)	Feb. 20, 2025
Date (start test)	Mar. 10, 2025
Date (finish test)	Mar. 20, 2025

1. This report is only referred to the item that has undergone the test.
2. This report does not constitute or imply on its own an approval of the product by the Certification Bodies or Competent Authorities.
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ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS

The climatic conditions during the tests are within the limits specified by the manufacturer for the operation of the EUT and the test equipment. The climatic conditions during the tests were within the following limits:

Ambient temperature	18 °C – 25 °C
Relative Humidity air	30% - 60%

If explicitly required in the basic standard or applied product / product family standard the climatic values are recorded and documented separately in this test report.

POSSIBLE TEST CASE VERDICTS

Test case does not apply to test object	N/A
Test object does meet requirement	P (Pass) / PASS
Test object does not meet requirement	F (Fail) / FAIL
Not measured	N/M

DOCUMENT HISTORY

Report No.	Version	Description	Issued Date
2520893R.707	V1.0	Initial issue of report.	2025-04-20

REMARKS AND COMMENTS

1. The equipment under test (EUT) does meet the essential requirements of the stated standard(s)/test(s).
2. These test results on a sample of the device are for the purpose of demonstrating Compliance with FCC 47CFR §2.1093, IEEE Std. 1528-2013, EN IEC/IEEE 62209-1528:2021, ANSI C95.1-2005.
3. The measurement result is considered in conformance with the requirement if it is within the prescribed limit, It is not necessary to account the uncertainty associated with the measurement result.
4. The test results presented in this report relate only to the object tested.
5. The test report shall not be reproduced without the written approval of DEKRA Testing and Certification (Suzhou) Co., Ltd.
6. This report will not be used for social proof function in China market.
7. DEKRA declines any responsibility with the following test data provided by customer that may affect the validity of result:
 - Chapter 1.1 General Description of the Item(s);

STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for Smart Controller, are as follows.

Frequency Band		Highest SAR Summary	
		Body SAR (Separation 0mm)	Limbs (Separation 0mm)
		1g SAR (W/kg)	10g SAR (W/kg)
WLAN	2.4GHz WLAN	0.06	0.24
	5GHz WLAN	0.21	0.01
2.4GHz Band	Bluetooth	0.00	1.68
2.4GHz Band	SRD 2.4G	0.24	2.03
5.8GHz Band	SRD 5.8G	0.08	0.57
Simultaneous Transmission SAR (W/kg)		0.21	1.69

1 General Information

1.1 General Description of the Item(s)

Product Name	Smart Controller
Trademark	N/A
Model No.	TENSO-DUAL
FCC ID.....	2A8JK-TENSO-2BAND
Hardware Version	V1.1
Software Version	T44
Power Supply	DC 3.3 V, 4.5 A 15 W from internal rechargeable battery which can be charged by AC/DC adapter.
Manufacturer	Aerora North America, Inc.
Manufacturer address	2445 Augustine Drive, Suites 150, Santa Clara, CA 95054
Factory.....	ROTOTEK VIETNAM CO., LTD
Factory address.....	House S4_2nd floor, Hap Linh Industrial Park, Bac Ninh City, Vietnam
Test Matrix/ IMEI	G55V462337F3B00216
Wireless specification	802.11b/g/n
Operating frequency range(s)	2412~2462MHz
Channel Bandwidth	802.11b 20 MHz
	802.11g 20 MHz
	802.11n 20 MHz, 40 MHz
Frequency Range	U-NII-1: 5150 MHz to 5250 MHz
	U-NII-2A: 5250 MHz to 5350 MHz
	U-NII-2C: 5470 MHz to 5725 MHz
	U-NII-3: 5725 MHz to 5850 MHz
Channel Bandwidth	802.11a 20 MHz
	802.11n 20 MHz, 40 MHz
	802.11ac 20 MHz, 40 MHz, 80 MHz
Modulation technology	OFDM / OFDMA
Wireless specification	Bluetooth
Operating frequency range(s)	2402~2480MHz

Type of Modulation	GFSK					
PHYs	☒	GFSK	☐	Pi/4 DQPSK	☐	8DPSK
Data Rate	☒	1Mbit/s	☐	2Mbit/s	☐	3Mbit/s
Wireless specification	Bluetooth					
Operating frequency range(s)	2402~2480MHz					
Type of Modulation	GFSK					
PHYs	☒	LE 1M	☐	LE 2M	☐	LE Coded S=2/8
Data Rate	☒	1Mbit/s	☐	2Mbit/s	☐	500/125 Kbit/s
Antenna Type	FPC					
Wireless specification	SRD 2.4G					
Operating frequency range(s)	2417~2477MHz					
Wireless specification	SRD 5.8G					
Operating frequency range(s)	5735~5835MHz					
Antenna Type	Dipole					

Note: The general description of the Item(s), antenna information, data rate and channel list in clause 1 are provided and confirmed by the client.

1.2 Test Facility

USA : FCC Designation Number: CN1199

2 INTRODUCTION

2.1 SAR Definition

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dw) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (p). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR measurement can be related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where:

σ = conductivity of the tissue (S/m)

ρ = mass density of the tissue (kg/m³)

E = RMS electric field strength (V/m)

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg).

2.2 RF Exposure Limits

SAR assessments have been made in line with the requirements of IEEE-1528, FCC Supplement C, and comply with ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 “Uncontrolled Environments” limits. These limits apply to a location which is deemed as “Uncontrolled Environment” which can be described as a situation where the public may be exposed to an RF source with no prior knowledge or control over their exposure.

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

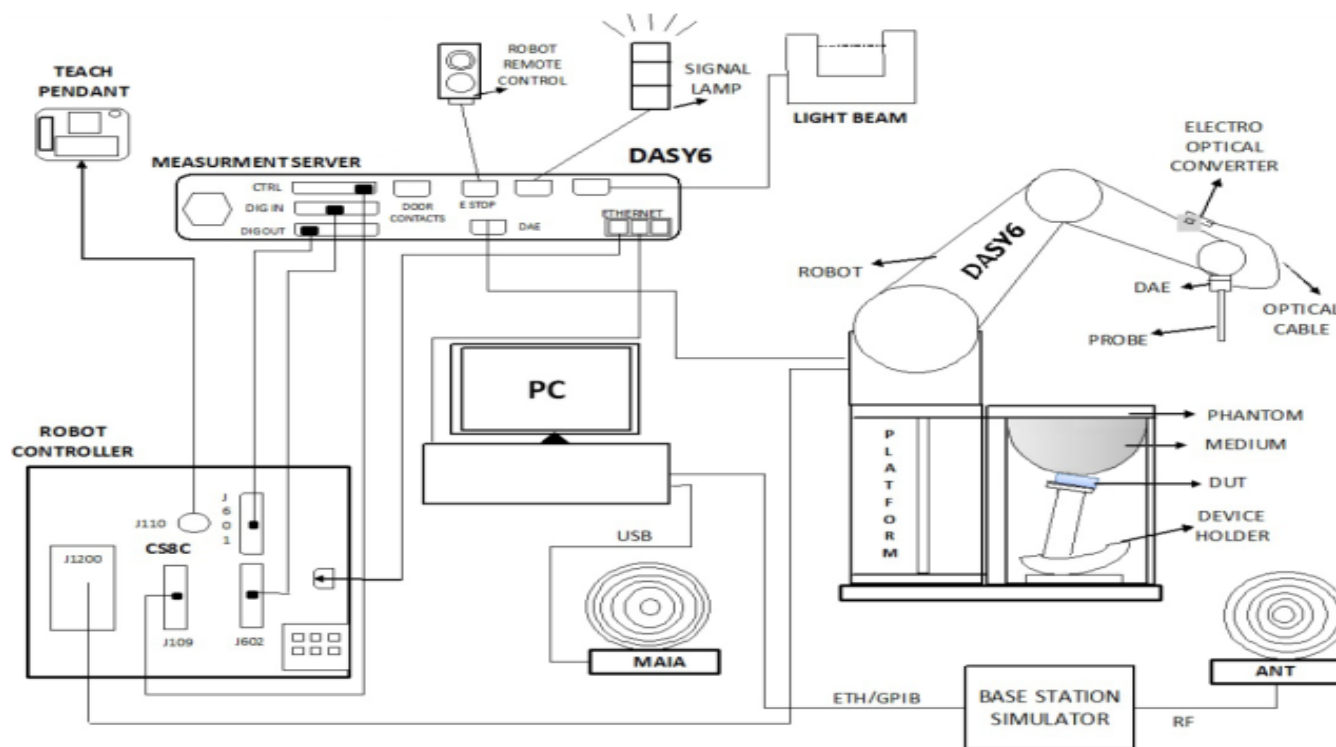
Type Exposure	Uncontrolled Environment Limit
Spatial Peak SAR (1g cube tissue for brain or Body)	1.60 W/kg
Spatial Average SAR (whole Body)	0.08 W/kg
Spatial Peak SAR (10g for hands, feet, ankles and wrist)	4.00 W/kg

Notes:

1. **General Population / Uncontrolled Environments** are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.
2. **Occupational / Controlled Environments** are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).
3. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.
4. The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.
5. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

3 SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM

3.1 DASY6 SAR System Description



The DASY6 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

1. A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
2. A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
3. The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
4. The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
5. A computer running Windows 11 and the DASY6 software.
6. Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
7. The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

2.1.1. Applications

Predefined procedures and evaluations for automated compliance testing with all worldwide standards, e.g., IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, KDB 865664 and others.

2.1.2. Area & Zoom Scan Procedures

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan measures points and step size follow as below. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution. The measure settings are referred to KDB 865664 D01v01r04:

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface			5 mm $\pm$ 1 mm	$\frac{1}{5} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2)$ mm $\pm$ 0.5 mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location			$30^{\circ} \pm 1^{\circ}$	$20^{\circ} \pm 1^{\circ}$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
			When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be $\leq$ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$		≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	Graded grid	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$: between 1st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
		$\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$: between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$ mm	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm
Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see IEEE Std 1528-2013 for details.				
* When zoom scan is required and the reported SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB Publication 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.				

2.1.4. Uncertainty of Inter-/Extrapolation and Averaging

In order to evaluate the uncertainty of the interpolation, extrapolation and averaged SAR calculation algorithms of the Postprocessor, DASY6 allows the generation of measurement grids which are artificially predefined by analytically based test functions. Therefore, the grids of area scans and zoom scans can be filled with uncertainty test data, according to the SAR benchmark functions of IEC/IEEE 62209-1528. The three analytical functions shown in equations as below are used to describe the possible range of the expected SAR distributions for the tested handsets. The field gradients are covered by the spatially flat distribution f1, the spatially steep distribution f3 and f2 accounts for H-field cancellation on the phantom/tissue surface.

$$f_1(x, y, z) = Ae^{-\frac{z}{2a}} \cos^2 \left(\frac{\pi}{2} \frac{\sqrt{x'^2 + y'^2}}{5a} \right)$$

$$f_2(x, y, z) = Ae^{-\frac{z}{a}} \frac{a^2}{a^2 + x'^2} \left(3 - e^{-\frac{2z}{a}} \right) \cos^2 \left(\frac{\pi}{2} \frac{y'}{3a} \right)$$

$$f_3(x, y, z) = A \frac{a^2}{\frac{a^2}{4} + x'^2 + y'^2} \left(e^{-\frac{2z}{a}} + \frac{a^2}{2(a + 2z)^2} \right)$$

3.2 DASY6 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe manufactured by SPEAG. The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency.

SPEAG conducts the probe calibration in compliance with international and national standards (e.g. IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, etc.) under ISO 17025. The calibration data are in Appendix D.

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Frequency	4 MHz to 10 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 10 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.1 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.3 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm
Calibration	ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available
	
	
EX3DV4 E-Field Probe	
Probe setup on robot	

3.3 Boundary Detection Unit and Probe Mounting Device

The DASY probes use a precise connector and an additional holder for the probe, consisting of a plastic tube and a flexible silicon ring to center the probe. The connector at the DAE is flexibly mounted and held in the default position with magnets and springs. Two switching systems in the connector mount detect frontal and lateral probe collisions and trigger the necessary software response.

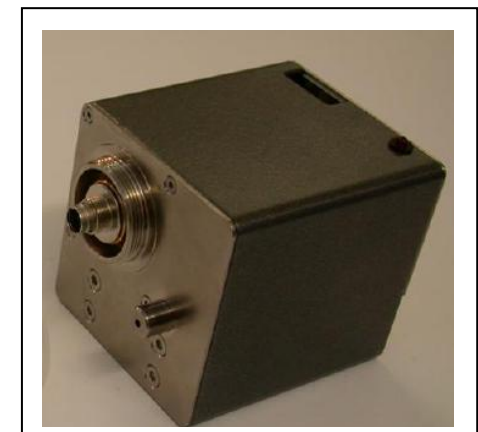


3.4 DATA Acquisition Electronics (DAE) and Measurement Server

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit.

Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The input impedance of the DAE4 is 200M Ohm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80dB.



The DASY6 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a 400MHz intel ULV Celeron, 128MB chipdisk and 128MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE electronics box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY6 I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.



3.5 Robot

The DASY6 system uses the high precision robots TX60 XL type out of the newer series from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller DASY6 system, the CS8C robot controller version from Stäubli is used.

The XL robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)
- 6-axis controller



3.6 Light Beam Unit

The light beam switch allows automatic "tooling" of the probe. During the process, the actual position of the probe tip with respect to the robot arm is measured, as well as the probe length and the horizontal probe offset. The software then corrects all movements, such that the robot coordinates are valid for the probe tip.

The repeatability of this process is better than 0.1 mm. If a position has been taught with an aligned probe, the same position will be reached with another aligned probe within 0.1 mm, even if the other probe has different dimensions. During probe rotations, the probe tip will keep its actual position.



3.7 Device Holder

The DASY6 device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation center for both scales is the ear reference point (EPR).

Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

The DASY6 device holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity $\epsilon_r = 3$ and loss tangent $\delta = 0.02$. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.



The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the mounting device in place of the phone positioned. The extension is fully compatible with the SAM Twin and ELI phantoms.

The DASY6 device holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity $\epsilon_r = 3$ and loss tangent $\delta = 0.02$. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.



3.8 SAM Twin Phantom

SAM Twin Phantom

The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region where shell thickness increases to 6mm). It has three measurement areas:

- Left head
- Right head
- Flat phantom

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.



ELI Phantom

The SAM phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness. It has one measurement areas:

- ELI phantom

The ELI phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.



4 TISSUE SIMULATING LIQUID

4.1 The composition of the tissue simulating liquid

Simulate 600MHz~10000MHz liquid, manufactured by SPEAG

Table F.1 – Suggested recipes for achieving target dielectric properties, 30 MHz to 900 MHz

Frequency (MHz)	30	50		144		450		835	900	
Recipe source number	3	3	2	2	3	2	4	2	2	4
Ingredients (% by weight)										
De-ionized water	48,30	48,30	53,53	55,12	48,30	48,53	56	50,36	50,31	56
Tween 20			44,70	43,31		49,51		48,39	48,34	
Oxidized mineral oil							44			44
Diethyleneglycol monohexylether										
Triton X-100										
Diacetin	50,00	50,00			50,00					
DGBE										
NaCl	1,60	1,60	1,77	1,57	1,60	1,96		1,25	1,35	
Additives and salt	0,10	0,10			0,10					
Measured temperature dependence										
Temp. (°C)			21	21		21	20	21	21	20
$\epsilon_{\text{liquid temp. unc.}}$ (%)	0,8	0,1			0,1	0,1		0,04	0,04	
$\sigma_{\text{liquid temp. unc.}}$ (%)	2,8	2,8			2,6	4,2		1,6	1,6	

Table F.2 – Suggested recipes for achieving target dielectric properties, 1 800 MHz to 10 000 MHz

Frequency (MHz)	1 800		2 450	4 000	5 000	5 200	5 800	6 000	8 000	10 000
Recipe source number	2	4	4	4	4	1	1	4	5	5
Ingredients (% by weight)										
De-ionized water	54,23	56	56	56	56	65,53	65,53	56	67,8	66,0
Tween	45,27								31,1	33,0
Oxidized mineral oil		44	44	44	44			44		
Diethyleneglycol monohexylether						17,24	17,24			
Triton X-100						17,24	17,24			
Diacetin										
DGBE										
NaCl	0,50									
Additives and salt										
Measured temperature dependence										
Temp. (°C)	21	20	20	20	20	22	22	20	20	20
$\epsilon_{\text{liquid temp. unc.}}$ (%)	0,4					1,7	1,8			
$\sigma_{\text{liquid temp. unc.}}$ (%)	2,3					2,7	2,6			

NOTE 1 Multiple columns under a single frequency indicate optional recipes.

NOTE 2 Recipe source numbers: 1 verified by different labs, 2 Reference [59], 3 developed by IT'IS Foundation, 4 developed by IT'IS Foundation, 5 Reference [60].

NOTE 3 The values of $\epsilon_{\text{liquid temp. unc.}}$ and $\sigma_{\text{liquid temp. unc.}}$ are liquid temperature uncertainties described in O.9.6, based on measurements of the applicable liquid recipes given above. These are not part of the original publications but have been subsequently developed by the project team.

NOTE 4 The recipes at 8 000 MHz and 10 000 MHz are sufficiently broadband that they cover the frequency range of 6 000 MHz to 10 000 MHz within a tolerance of ± 10 % for permittivity and conductivity.

4.2 Tissue Calibration Result

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using DASY6 Dielectric Probe Kit and Agilent Vector Network Analyzer E5071C

Head Tissue Simulant Measurement				
Frequency [MHz]	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Tissue Temp. [°C]
		ϵ_r	σ [s/m]	
2450 MHz	Reference result ± 5% window	39.2 37.24 to 41.16	1.80 1.71 to 1.89	N/A
	03-15-2025	38.48	1.87	22.0
5300 MHz	Reference result ± 5% window	35.9 34.11 to 37.70	4.76 4.52 to 5.00	N/A
	03-17-2025	36.39	4.61	22.0
5600 MHz	Reference result ± 5% window	35.5 33.73 to 37.28	5.07 4.82 to 5.32	N/A
	03-18-2025	35.81	4.98	22.0
5800 MHz	Reference result ± 5% window	35.3 33.54 to 37.07	5.27 5.01 to 5.53	N/A
	03-19-2025	35.55	5.17	22.0

4.3 Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in IEC/IEEE 62209-1528.

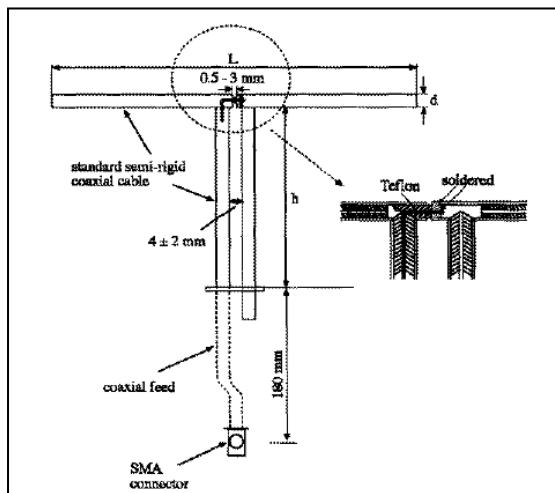
Target Frequency (MHz)	Head	
	Relative Permittivity (ϵ_r)	Conductivity (σ)
150	52.30	0.76
300	45.30	0.87
450	43.50	0.87
750	41.90	0.89
835	41.50	0.90
900	41.50	0.97
915	41.50	0.98
1450	40.50	1.20
1610	40.30	1.29
1800 – 2000	40.00	1.40
2450	39.20	1.80
2600	39.00	1.96
3000	38.50	2.40
5800	35.30	5.07
6000	35.01	5.48
6500	34.50	6.07
7000	33.90	6.65

(ϵ_r = relative permittivity, σ = conductivity and $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$)

5 SAR MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

5.1 SAR System Validation

4.1.1. Validation Dipoles



The dipoles used is based on the IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 standard, and is complied with mechanical and electrical specifications in line with the requirements of both IEEE and FCC Supplement C. the table below provides details for the mechanical and electrical specifications for the dipoles.

Frequency	L (mm)	h (mm)	d (mm)
2450MHz	51.5	30.4	3.6
5000-6000MHz	20.6	40.3	3.6
6000-8000MHz	14.5	35.1	2.2

Note: The L, H, and d, dimensions shall be within +2 % tolerance.

4.1.2. Validation Result

System Performance Check at 2450MHz, 5300MHz, 5600MHz, 5800MHz				
Validation Dipole: D2450V2, SN: 869				
2450 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	53.50 48.15 to 58.85	25.10 22.59 to 27.61	N/A
	03-15-2025	52.80	24.52	22.0
Validation Dipole: D5GHzV2, SN: 1040				
5300 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	79.10 71.19 to 87.01	22.40 20.16 to 24.64	N/A
	03-17-2025	84.10	23.70	22.0
Validation Dipole: D5GHzV2, SN: 1040				
5600 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	81.90 73.71 to 90.09	23.10 20.79 to 25.41	N/A
	03-18-2025	89.10	23.40	22.0
Validation Dipole: D5GHzV2, SN: 1040				
5800 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	78.10 70.29 to 85.91	21.80 19.62 to 23.98	N/A
	03-19-2025	83.80	21.70	22.0
Note: All SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power.				

6 TEST EQUIPMENT LIST

Instrument	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Cal.Date	Next Cal. Date	Firmware Version	Software Version
Stäubli Robot TX60L	Stäubli	TX60L	F10/5C90A1/A/01	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Controller	Stäubli	SP1	S-0034	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Dipole Validation Kits	Speag	D2450V2	869	2024.06.15	2025.06.14	N/A	N/A
Dipole Validation Kits	Speag	D5GHzV2	1040	2024.06.17	2025.06.16	N/A	N/A
SAM Twin Phantom	Speag	SAM	TP-1562	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Device Holder	Speag	SD 000 H01 HA	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Data Acquisition Electronic	Speag	DAE4	679	2024.08.08	2025.08.07	N/A	N/A
E-Field Probe	Speag	EX3DV4	7761	2024.09.19	2025.09.18	N/A	N/A
SAR Software	Speag	DASY6	V5.2 Build 162	N/A	N/A	N/A	V16.2.4.2448
Power Amplifier	MVE	MPC1018.50	C30002D	2024.07.04	2025.07.03	N/A	N/A
Dual Directional Coupler	woken	0110A05A82Z-20	CMLC66W1A1	2024.06.30	2025.06.29	N/A	N/A
Tissue fluid test probe	SPEAG	DAK 3.5	1308	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Vector Network	Agilent	E5071C	MY46103316	2024.08.15	2025.08.14	A.11.31	N/A
Signal Generator	R&S	SMBV100A	263697	2024/6/14	2025.06.13	V4.15.125.49	N/A
Power Meter	Keysight	N1912A	MY60300004	2024.06.30	2025.06.29	A2.06.01	N/A
Temperature/Humidity Meter	Rites	RTS-8S	RF06	2024.07.04	2025.07.03	N/A	N/A
Temperaturer	LKM	DTM3000	3777	2024.07.25	2025.07.24	N/A	N/A

7 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

DASY6 SAR Uncertainty								
Measurement uncertainty for 300 MHz to 3 GHz averaged over 1 gram / 10 gram.								
Error Description	Uncert. value	Prob. Dist.	Div.	(ci) 1g	(ci) 10g	Std. Unc. (1g)	Std. Unc. (10g)	(vi) veff
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	±5.5%	N	1	1	1	±5.5%	±5.5%	∞
Axial Isotropy	±4.7%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	±1.9%	±1.9%	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	±3.9%	±3.9%	∞
Boundary Effects	±1.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Linearity	±4.7%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.7%	±2.7%	∞
System Detection Limits	±1.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Readout Electronics	±0.3%	N	1	1	1	±0.3%	±0.3%	∞
Response Time	±0.8%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.5%	±0.5%	∞
Integration Time	±2.6%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.5%	±1.5%	∞
RF Ambient Noise	±3.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	±3.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
Probe Positioner	±0.4%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.2%	±0.2%	∞
Probe Positioning	±2.9%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
Max. SAR Eval.	±1.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Test Sample Related								
Device Positioning	±2.9%	N	1	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	145
Device Holder	±3.6%	N	1	1	1	±3.6%	±3.6%	5
Power Drift	±5.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	∞
Phantom and Setup								
Phantom Uncertainty	±4.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.3%	±2.3%	∞
Liquid Conductivity (meas.)	±2.5%	N	1	0.78	0.71	±2.0%	±1.8%	∞
Liquid Permittivity (meas.)	±2.5%	N	1	0.26	0.26	±0.6%	±0.7%	∞
Combined Std. Uncertainty						±10.6%	±10.5%	361
Expanded STD Uncertainty						±21.2%	±21.1%	

DASY6 SAR Uncertainty								
Measurement uncertainty for 3 GHz to 6 GHz averaged over 1 gram / 10 gram.								
Error Description	Uncert. value	Prob. Dist.	Div.	(ci) 1g	(ci) 10g	Std. Unc. (1g)	Std. Unc. (10g)	(vi) V _{eff}
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	±6.65%	N	1	1	1	±6.65%	±6.65%	∞
Axial Isotropy	±4.7%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	±1.9%	±1.9%	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	±3.9%	±3.9%	∞
Boundary Effects	±2.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.2%	±1.2%	∞
Linearity	±4.7%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.7%	±2.7%	∞
System Detection Limits	±1.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Readout Electronics	±0.3%	N	1	1	1	±0.3%	±0.3%	∞
Response Time	±0.8%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.5%	±0.5%	∞
Integration Time	±2.6%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.5%	±1.5%	∞
RF Ambient Noise	±3.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	±3.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
Probe Positioner	±0.8%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.5%	±0.5%	∞
Probe Positioning	±6.7%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±3.9%	±3.9%	∞
Max. SAR Eval.	±4.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.3%	±2.3%	∞
Test Sample Related								
Device Positioning	±2.9%	N	1	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	145
Device Holder	±3.6%	N	1	1	1	±3.6%	±3.6%	5
Power Drift	±5.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	∞
Phantom and Setup								
Phantom Uncertainty	±4.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.3%	±2.3%	∞
Liquid Conductivity (meas.)	±2.5%	N	1	0.78	0.71	±2.0%	±1.8%	∞
Liquid Permittivity (meas.)	±2.5%	N	1	0.26	0.26	±0.6%	±0.7%	∞
Combined Std. Uncertainty						±12.0%	±12.0%	784
Expanded STD Uncertainty						±24.0%	±23.9%	

8 POWER TEST RESULTS

SRD 2.4G				
Mode	Channel	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Power (dBm)	Duty Cycle (%)
SRD 2.4G	2417	25.52	26.50	100
	2432	25.31	26.50	
	2462	25.64	26.50	
	2477	14.41	26.50	

SRD 5.8G				
Mode	Channel	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Power (dBm)	Duty Cycle (%)
SRD 5.8G	5735	21.67	23.00	100
	5760	21.70	23.00	
	5785	21.72	23.00	
	5810	21.45	23.00	
	5835	21.25	23.00	

Bluetooth				
Mode	Channel	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Power (dBm)	Duty Cycle (%)
DH5	2402	3.53	5.00	77.07
	2441	4.32	5.00	
	2480	2.83	5.00	
BLE 1Mbps	2402	0.06	2.00	65.08
	2440	0.51	2.00	
	2480	-0.69	2.00	

Wi-Fi 2.4G				
Mode	Channel	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Power (dBm)	Duty Cycle (%)
802.11b 1Mbps	2412	14.83	15.00	99.04
	2437	14.77	15.00	
	2462	14.64	15.00	
802.11g 6Mbps	2412	14.07	14.50	94.50
	2437	14.09	14.50	
	2462	13.96	14.50	
802.11n-HT20 MCS0	2412	13.94	14.50	94.12
	2437	13.84	14.50	
	2462	13.77	14.50	
802.11n-HT40 MCS0	2422	13.92	14.50	88.68
	2437	13.95	14.50	
	2452	13.97	14.50	

Wi-Fi 2.4G				
Mode	Channel	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Power (dBm)	Duty Cycle (%)
802.11a 6Mbps	5180	18.49	19.50	94.93
	5200	18.36	19.50	
	5240	18.34	19.50	
	5260	18.40	19.50	
	5280	18.42	19.50	
	5320	18.47	19.50	
	5500	19.09	19.50	
	5580	19.21	19.50	
	5700	18.87	19.50	
	5745	18.77	19.50	
	5785	18.68	19.50	
	5825	18.99	19.50	
802.11n-HT20 MCS0	5180	18.10	19.00	95.07
	5200	18.09	19.00	

	5240	18.23	19.00	
	5260	18.34	19.00	
	5280	18.23	19.00	
	5320	18.43	19.00	
	5500	18.46	19.00	
	5580	18.05	19.00	
	5700	18.18	19.00	
	5745	18.12	19.00	
	5785	18.27	19.00	
	5825	18.29	19.00	
802.11n-HT40 MCS0	5190	18.26	19.00	89.52
	5230	18.33	19.00	
	5270	18.51	19.00	
	5310	18.36	19.00	
	5510	18.15	19.00	
	5550	18.06	19.00	
	5670	18.19	19.00	
	5755	18.13	19.00	
	5795	18.01	19.00	
802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	5180	18.36	19.00	94.61
	5200	18.08	19.00	
	5240	18.13	19.00	
	5260	18.31	19.00	
	5280	18.22	19.00	
	5320	18.47	19.00	
	5500	18.33	19.00	
	5580	18.02	19.00	
	5700	18.34	19.00	
	5745	18.32	19.00	
	5785	18.23	19.00	
	5825	18.33	19.00	
802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	5190	18.04	19.00	90.57
	5230	18.20	19.00	
	5270	18.13	19.00	
	5310	18.29	19.00	
	5510	18.46	19.00	

	5550	18.31	19.00	
	5670	18.44	19.00	
	5755	18.08	19.00	
	5795	18.30	19.00	
802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	5210	17.86	19.00	80.70
	5290	17.95	19.00	
	5530	18.29	19.00	
	5610	18.30	19.00	
	5775	17.92	19.00	

9 SAR TEST RESULTS

9.1 SAR Measurements

Body SAR									
Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	MAX Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
SRD 2.4G_0mm_The antenna is folded									
Back	3	2462	25.64	26.50	1.219	N/A	0.190	1.040	0.241
Back	1	2417	25.52	26.50	1.253	N/A	0.190	0.893	0.213
Back	4	2477	14.41	15.00	1.146	N/A	0.190	0.163	0.035
Bottom Side	3	2462	25.64	26.50	1.219	N/A	0.190	0.000	0.000
SRD 2.4G_0mm_Antenna unfolded									
Back	3	2462	25.64	26.50	1.219	N/A	0.190	0.523	0.121
SRD 5.8G_0mm_The antenna is folded									
Back	3	5785	21.72	23.00	1.343	N/A	0.190	0.295	0.075
Bottom Side	3	5785	21.72	23.00	1.343	N/A	0.190	0.000	0.000
WiFi 2.4G_802.11b 1Mbps_0mm									
Back	1	2412	14.83	15.00	1.040	99.04	1.010	0.055	0.058
Bottom Side	1	2412	14.83	15.00	1.040	99.04	1.010	0.000	0.000
Bluetooth_DH5_0mm									
Back	39	2441	4.32	5.00	1.169	77.07	1.298	0.000	0.000
WiFi5.3G_802.11a 6Mbps_0mm									
Back	64	5320	18.47	19.50	1.268	94.93	1.053	0.132	0.175
Bottom Side	64	5320	18.47	19.50	1.268	94.93	1.053	0.000	0.000
WiFi5.6G_802.11a 6Mbps_0mm									
Back	116	5580	19.21	19.50	1.069	94.93	1.053	0.160	0.180
Bottom Side	116	5580	19.21	19.50	1.069	94.93	1.053	0.000	0.000
WiFi5.8G_802.11a 6Mbps_0mm									
Back	165	5825	18.99	19.50	1.125	94.93	1.053	0.175	0.206
Bottom Side	165	5825	18.99	19.50	1.125	94.93	1.053	0.000	0.000

Limbs SAR									
Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	MAX Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 10g SAR (W/kg)
SRD 2.4G_0mm_The antenna is folded									
Top Side	3	2462	25.64	26.50	1.219	N/A	0.190	8.770	2.031
Top Side	1	2417	25.52	26.50	1.253	N/A	0.190	8.410	2.002
Top Side	4	2477	14.41	15.00	1.146	N/A	0.190	0.569	0.124
Front	3	2462	25.64	26.50	1.219	N/A	0.190	0.723	0.167
Back	3	2462	25.64	26.50	1.219	N/A	0.190	0.569	0.132
Right Side	3	2462	25.64	26.50	1.219	N/A	0.190	0.123	0.028
Left Side	3	2462	25.64	26.50	1.219	N/A	0.190	0.000	0.000
Bottom Side	3	2462	25.64	26.50	1.219	N/A	0.190	0.000	0.000
SRD 2.4G_0mm_Antenna unfolded									
Top Side	3	2462	25.64	26.50	1.219	N/A	0.190	0.030	0.007
SRD 5.8G_0mm_The antenna is folded									
Top Side	3	5785	21.72	23.00	1.343	N/A	0.190	1.970	0.503
Top Side	1	5735	21.67	23.00	1.358	N/A	0.190	2.190	0.565
Top Side	5	5835	21.25	23.00	1.496	N/A	0.190	1.880	0.534
Front	3	5785	21.72	23.00	1.343	N/A	0.190	0.193	0.049
Back	3	5785	21.72	23.00	1.343	N/A	0.190	0.085	0.022
Right Side	3	5785	21.72	23.00	1.343	N/A	0.190	0.101	0.026
Left Side	3	5785	21.72	23.00	1.343	N/A	0.190	0.000	0.000
Bottom Side	3	5785	21.72	23.00	1.343	N/A	0.190	0.000	0.000
SRD 5.8G_0mm_Antenna unfolded									
Top Side	1	5735	21.67	23.00	1.358	N/A	0.190	0.000	0.000
WiFi 2.4G_802.11b 1Mbps_0mm									
Top Side	1	2412	14.83	15.00	1.040	99.04	1.010	0.228	0.239
Front	1	2412	14.83	15.00	1.040	99.04	1.010	0.031	0.032
Back	1	2412	14.83	15.00	1.040	99.04	1.010	0.013	0.014
Right Side	1	2412	14.83	15.00	1.040	99.04	1.010	0.000	0.000
Left Side	1	2412	14.83	15.00	1.040	99.04	1.010	0.000	0.000
Bottom Side	1	2412	14.83	15.00	1.040	99.04	1.010	0.000	0.000
Bluetooth_DH5_0mm									
Top Side	39	2441	4.32	5.00	1.169	77.07	1.298	0.006	0.009
WiFi5.3G_802.11a 6Mbps_0mm									

Top Side	64	5320	18.47	19.50	1.268	94.93	1.053	1.260	1.682
Front	64	5320	18.47	19.50	1.268	94.93	1.053	0.042	0.056
Back	64	5320	18.47	19.50	1.268	94.93	1.053	0.050	0.066
Right Side	64	5320	18.47	19.50	1.268	94.93	1.053	0.000	0.000
Left Side	64	5320	18.47	19.50	1.268	94.93	1.053	0.003	0.004
Bottom Side	64	5320	18.47	19.50	1.268	94.93	1.053	0.000	0.000
WiFi5.6G_802.11a 6Mbps_0mm									
Top Side	116	5580	19.21	19.50	1.069	94.93	1.053	1.340	1.508
WiFi5.8G_802.11a 6Mbps_0mm									
Top Side	165	5825	18.99	19.50	1.125	94.93	1.053	1.320	1.563

Note 1: The test spacing is the distance between probe sensor and DUT surface.

Note 2: Liquid tissue depth was at least 15.0 cm for all frequencies.

Note 3: The Bluetooth duty cycle is 77.07%, Bluetooth SAR scaling need further consideration and the theoretical duty cycle is 100%, therefore the actual duty cycle will be scaled up to the theoretical value of Bluetooth reported SAR calculation.

Note 4: The ratio is the difference in percentage between original and repeated measured SAR.

Note 5: All measurement SAR results are scaled-up to account for tune-up tolerance and is compliant.

Note 6: Regarding the SRD Functionality In practical usage scenarios, the remote controller (GND) is paired with devices such as the aerial camera (AIR). The AIR and GND modules share identical hardware configurations. However, their firmware differs. Under firmware control, the system performs Time-Division Duplex (TDD) switching between transmission (Tx) and reception (Rx). The switching timing is as follows:

- Cycle duration: 21 ms
- AIR transmission (Tx): 15 ms
- GND transmission (Tx): 4 ms
- Idle interval (Rx for both): 2 ms (used for channel condition measurement)

Tx Duty Cycle Calculation:

$$\text{Tx occupancy} = (4 \text{ ms}) / (15 \text{ ms} + 4 \text{ ms} + 2 \text{ ms}) * 100 = 19.0\%$$

Note 7: The maximum output power specified for production units are determined for all applicable 802.11 transmission modes in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. Maximum output power is measured for the highest maximum output power configuration(s) in each frequency band according to the default power measurement procedures. For "Not required", SAR Test reduction was applied from KDB 248227 guidance, Sec. 2.1b), 1) when the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band. The largest channel bandwidth, lowest or demodulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel in the initial test configuration, additional output power measurements were not necessary.

Note 8: Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, SAR test reduction is determined according to 802.11 transmission mode configurations and certain exposure conditions with multiple test positions. In the 2.4 GHz band, separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations to simplify DSSS test requirements. For OFDM, in both 2.4 and 5 GHz bands, an initial test configuration must be determined for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, according to the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units to perform SAR measurements. If the same highest maximum output power applies to different combinations of channel bandwidths, modulations and data rates, additional procedures are applied to determine which test configurations require SAR measurement. When applicable, an initial test position may be applied to reduce the number of SAR measurements required for next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet or hotspot mode configurations with multiple test positions.

- 0.4 W/ka. SAR is repeated using the same wireless mode test configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position, on the highest maximum output power channel, until the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test positions are tested. For subsequent test position with equivalent test separation distance or when exposure is dominated by coupling conditions, the position for maximum coupling condition should be tested. When it is unclear, all equivalent conditions must be tested.
- For all positions/configurations tested using the initial test position and subsequent test positions, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, measure the SAR for positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required test channels are considered.
- When the specified maximum output power is the same for both UNII 1 and UNII 2A, begin SAR measurements in UNII 2A with the channel with the highest measured output power. If the reported SAR for UNII 2A is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for UNII 1; otherwise treat the remaining bands separately and test them independently for SAR.
- When the specified maximum output power is different between UNII 1 and UNII 2A, begin SAR with the band that has the higher specified maximum output. If the highest reported SAR for the band with the highest specified power is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, testing for the band with the lower specified output power is not required; otherwise test the remaining bands independently for SAR.

9.2 Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

NO.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Reported SAR
1.	5GHz WLAN + Bluetooth	Yes

Body SAR	Reported SAR		Simultaneous transmission
Exposure Position	1	2	1+2
	5GHz WLAN	Bluetooth	Summed
	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)
Back at 0mm	0.206	0.000	0.21
Bottom Side at 0mm	0.000	0.000	0.00

Limbs SAR	Reported SAR		Simultaneous transmission
Exposure Position	1	2	1+2
	5GHz WLAN	Bluetooth	Summed
	10g SAR (W/kg)	10g SAR (W/kg)	10g SAR (W/kg)
Top Side at 0mm	1.682	0.009	1.69
Front at 0mm	0.056	0.000	0.06
Back at 0mm	0.066	0.000	0.07
Right Side at 0mm	0.000	0.000	0.00
Left Side at 0mm	0.004	0.000	0.00
Bottom Side at 0mm	0.000	0.000	0.00

Note:

1. The maximum SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
2. If 1g-SAR scalar summation < 1.6 W/kg, simultaneous SAR measurement is not necessary.
3. If 10g-SAR scalar summation < 4.0 W/kg, simultaneous SAR measurement is not necessary.

Appendix A. SAR Validation Data

Date: 3/15/2025

Test Laboratory: DEKRA Lab

System Check Head 2450MHz

DUT: Dipole D2450V2

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Communication System Band: 2450MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.867$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.48$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³; Phantom section: Flat Section; Input Power=250mW

Ambient temperature (°C): 23.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 22.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7761; ConvF(7.03, 6.83, 6.91); Calibrated: 9/19/2024
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn679; Calibrated: 8/8/2024
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V5.0; Type: QD 000 P40 CD; Serial: TP-1562
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 21.9 W/kg

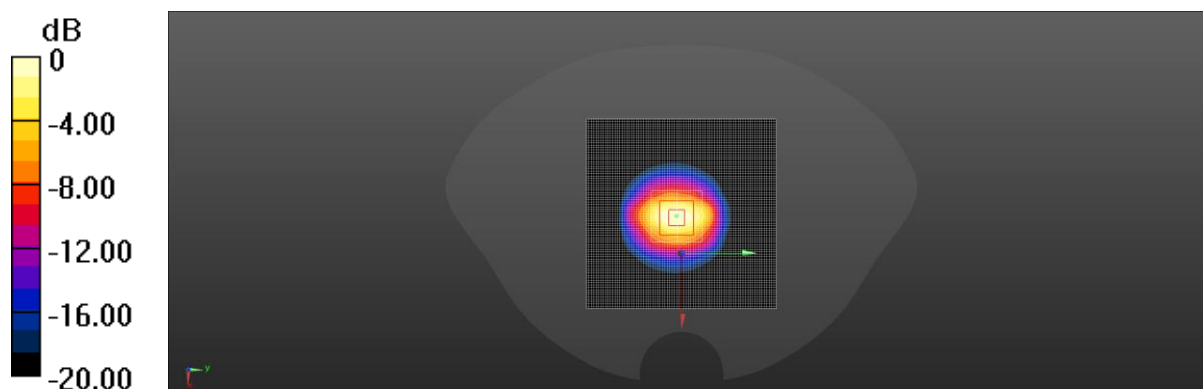
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 87.60 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.13 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.8 W/kg



0 dB = 21.8 W/kg = 13.38 dBW/kg

Date: 3/17/2025

Test Laboratory: DEKRA Lab

System Check Head 5300MHz

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Communication System Band: 5GHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Frequency: 5300 MHz;

Medium parameters used: $f = 5300$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.61$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 36.394$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³; Phantom section: Flat Section;

Input Power=100mW

Ambient temperature (°C): 23.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 22.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7761; ConvF(5.42, 5.27, 5.33); Calibrated: 9/19/2024
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn679; Calibrated: 8/8/2024
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V5.0; Type: QD 000 P40 CD; Serial: TP-1562
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 24.0 W/kg

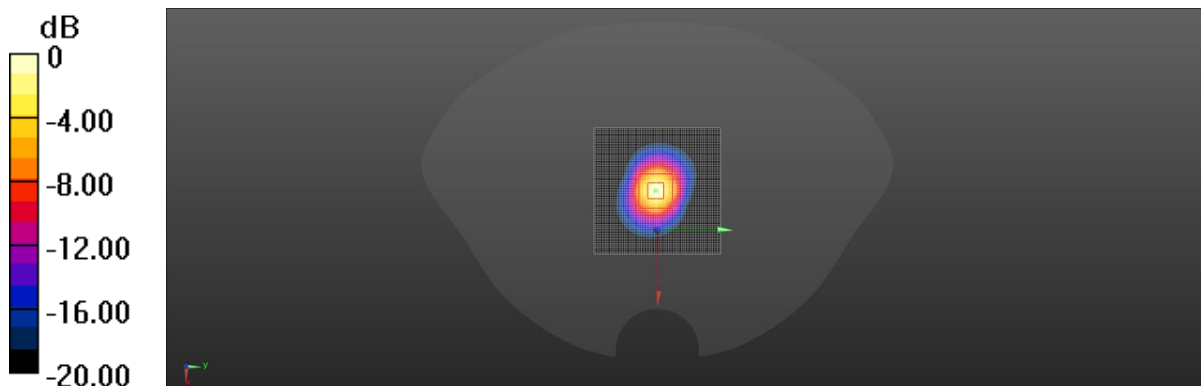
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 46.73 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 40.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.41 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.37 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 23.9 W/kg



0 dB = 23.9 W/kg = 13.88 dBW/kg

Date: 3/18/2025

Test Laboratory: DEKRA Lab

System Check Head 5600MHz

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Communication System Band: D5GHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Frequency: 5600 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 5600$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.98$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.812$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³; Phantom section: Flat Section; Input Power=100mW

Ambient temperature (°C): 23.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 22.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7761; ConvF(4.64, 4.51, 4.56); Calibrated: 9/19/2024
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn679; Calibrated: 8/8/2024
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V5.0; Type: QD 000 P40 CD; Serial: TP-1562
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 26.7 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 45.97 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 49.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.91 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.34 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 26.8 W/kg



0 dB = 26.8 W/kg = 14.32 dBW/kg

Date: 3/19/2025

Test Laboratory: DEKRA Lab

System Check Head 5800MHz

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Communication System Band: D5GHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Frequency: 5800 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 5800$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.167$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.552$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³; Phantom section: Flat Section; Input Power=100mW

Ambient temperature (°C): 23.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 22.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7761; ConvF(5.05, 4.91, 4.97); Calibrated: 9/19/2024
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn679; Calibrated: 8/8/2024
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V5.0; Type: QD 000 P40 CD; Serial: TP-1562
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 25.7 W/kg

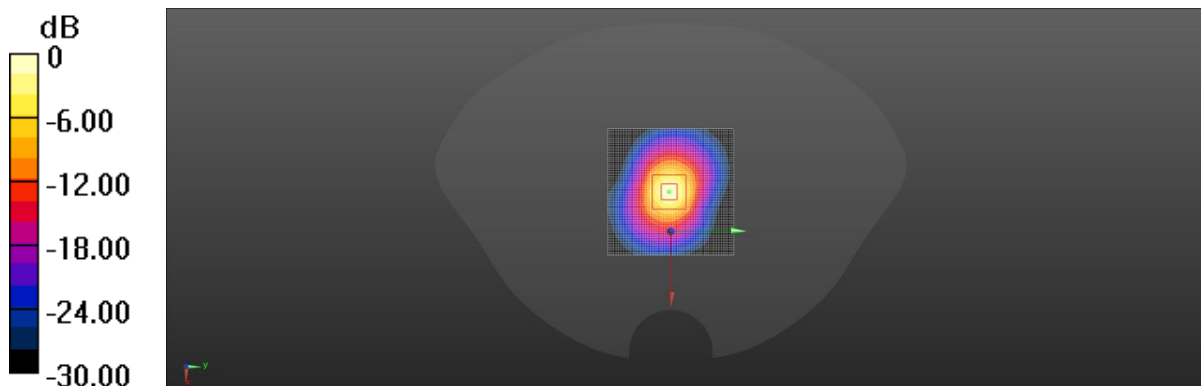
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 42.73 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 48.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.38 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.17 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 25.5 W/kg



0 dB = 25.5 W/kg = 14.13 dBW/kg

Appendix B. SAR Test Data

Date: 3/15/2025

Test Laboratory: DEKRA Lab

SRD2.4G_Back_CH3_2462MHz

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 2.4G (0); Communication System Band: SRD; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 2462$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.882$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.427$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 23.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 22.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7761; ConvF(7.03, 6.83, 6.91) ; Calibrated: 9/19/2024
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn679; Calibrated: 8/8/2024
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V5.0; Type: QD 000 P40 CD; Serial: TP-1562
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (81x131x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.200$ mm, $dy=1.200$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.61 W/kg

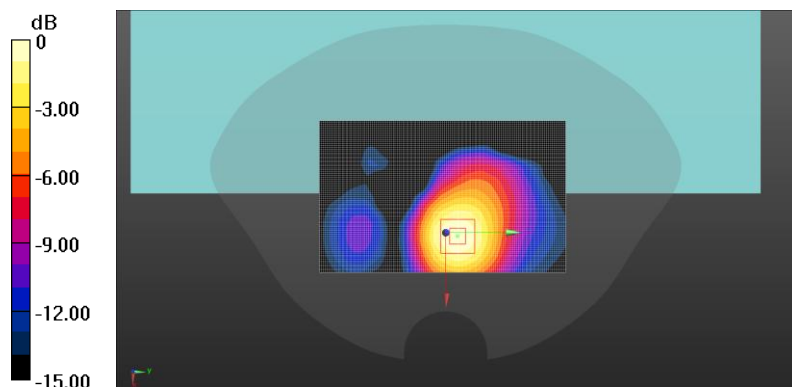
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 12.65 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.86 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.04 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.569 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.56 W/kg



0 dB = 1.56 W/kg = 1.93 dBW/kg

Date: 3/19/2025

Test Laboratory: DEKRA Lab

SRD5.8G_Back_CH3_5785MHz

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 5G (0); Communication System Band: SRD; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Frequency: 5785 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 5785$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.204$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.53$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 23.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 22.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7761; ConvF(5.05, 4.91, 4.97); Calibrated: 9/19/2024
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn679; Calibrated: 8/8/2024
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V5.0; Type: QD 000 P40 CD; Serial: TP-1562
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (101x161x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000$ mm, $dy=1.000$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.832 W/kg

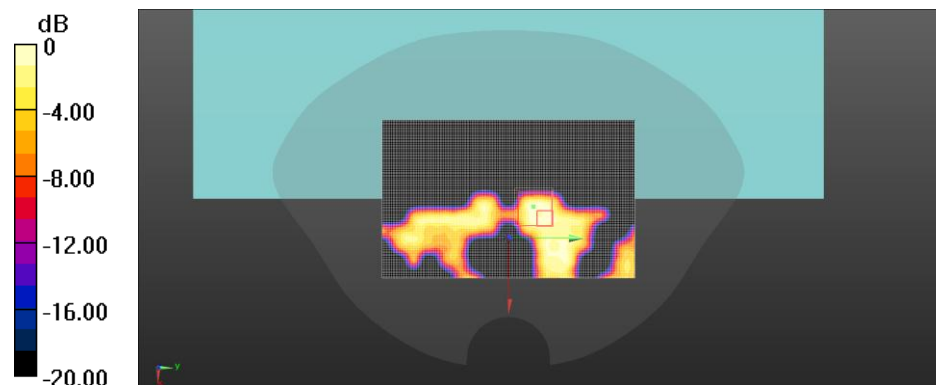
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4$ mm, $dy=4$ mm, $dz=1.4$ mm

Reference Value = 1.711 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.46 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.295 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.085 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.794 W/kg



0 dB = 0.794 W/kg = -1.00 dBW/kg

Date: 3/15/2025

Test Laboratory: DEKRA Lab

WLAN2.4G_802.11b 1Mbps_Back-CH1-2412MHz

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 2.4G (0); Communication System Band: 802.11b(20M); Duty Cycle: 1:1.010;

Frequency: 2412 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 2412$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.821$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.627$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 23.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 22.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7761; ConvF(7.03, 6.83, 6.91); Calibrated: 9/19/2024
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn679; Calibrated: 8/8/2024
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V5.0; Type: QD 000 P40 CD; Serial: TP-1562
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (81x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0800 W/kg

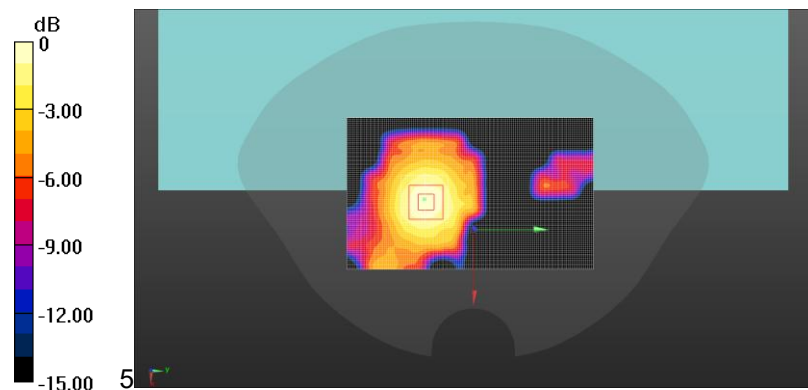
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.868 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0980 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.055 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.031 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0815 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0815 W/kg = -10.89 dBW/kg

Date: 3/17/2025

Test Laboratory: DEKRA Lab

WLAN5G_802.11a 6Mbps_Back_CH64_5320MHz

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 5G (0); Communication System Band: 802.11a(20M); Duty Cycle: 1:1.053;

Frequency: 5320 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 5320$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.678$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 36.279$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 23.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 22.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7761; ConvF(5.42, 5.27, 5.33) ; Calibrated: 9/19/2024
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn679; Calibrated: 8/8/2024
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V5.0; Type: QD 000 P40 CD; Serial: TP-1562
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (101x161x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000$ mm, $dy=1.000$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.692 W/kg

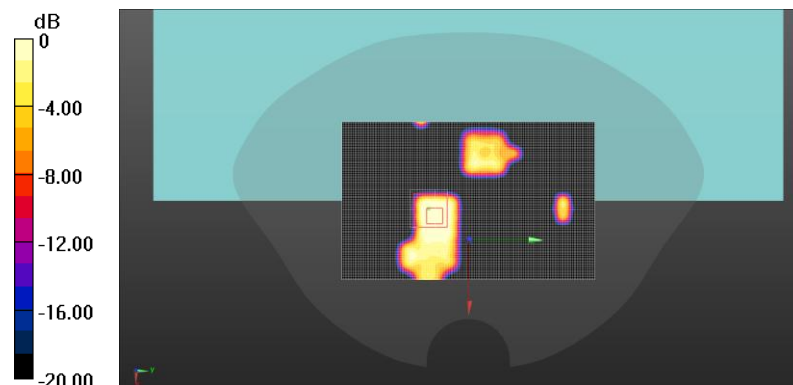
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4$ mm, $dy=4$ mm, $dz=1.4$ mm

Reference Value = 1.585 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.514 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.132 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.042 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.314 W/kg



0 dB = 0.314 W/kg = -5.03 dBW/kg

Date: 3/18/2025

Test Laboratory: DEKRA Lab

WLAN5G_802.11a 6Mbps_Back_CH116-5580MHz

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 5G (0); Communication System Band: 802.11a(20M); Duty Cycle: 1:1.053;

Frequency: 5580 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 5580$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.971$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.869$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 23.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 22.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7761; ConvF(4.64, 4.51, 4.56) ; Calibrated: 9/19/2024
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn679; Calibrated: 8/8/2024
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V5.0; Type: QD 000 P40 CD; Serial: TP-1562

Area Scan (101x161x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.843 W/kg

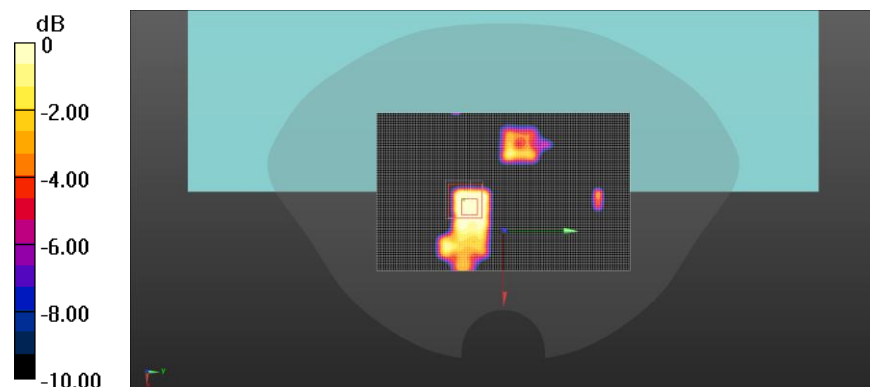
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 1.687 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.630 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.160 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.051 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.382 W/kg



0 dB = 0.382 W/kg = -4.18 dBW/kg

Date: 3/19/2025

Test Laboratory: DEKRA Lab

WLAN5G_802.11a 6Mbps_Back_CH165-5825MHz

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 5G (0); Communication System Band: 802.11a(20M); Duty Cycle: 1:1.053;

Frequency: 5825 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 5825$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.25$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.438$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 23.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 22.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7761; ConvF(5.05, 4.91, 4.97) ; Calibrated: 9/19/2024
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn679; Calibrated: 8/8/2024
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V5.0; Type: QD 000 P40 CD; Serial: TP-1562

Area Scan (101x161x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.817 W/kg

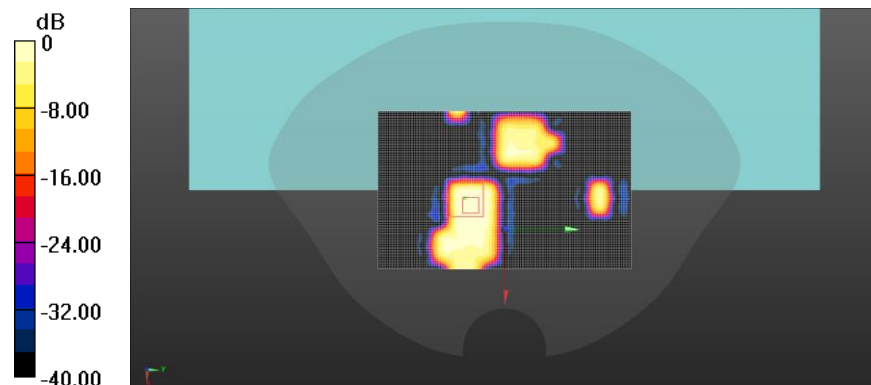
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 1.611 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.614 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.175 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.064 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.370 W/kg



0 dB = 0.370 W/kg = -4.32 dBW/kg

Date: 3/15/2025

Test Laboratory: DEKRA Lab

SRD 2.4G_Top Side_CH3_2462MHz

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 2.4G (0); Communication System Band: SRD; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 2462$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.882$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.427$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 23.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 22.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7761; ConvF(7.03, 6.83, 6.91) ; Calibrated: 9/19/2024
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn679; Calibrated: 8/8/2024
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V5.0; Type: QD 000 P40 CD; Serial: TP-1562
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (81x131x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.200$ mm, $dy=1.200$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 42.4 W/kg

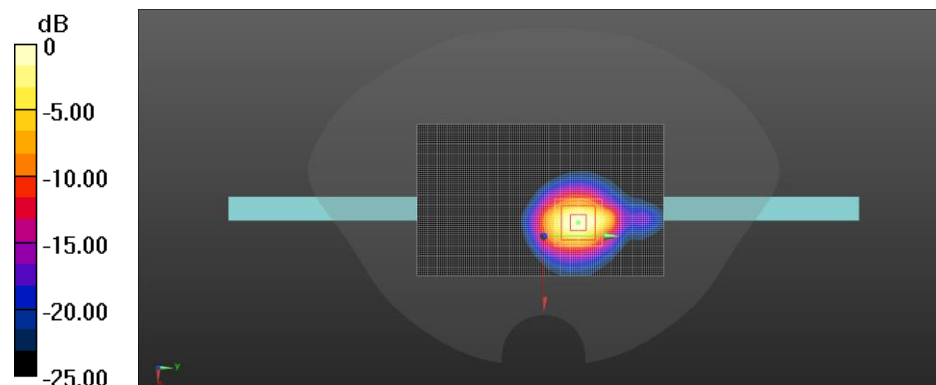
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 17.30 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 48.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 21.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 8.77 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 38.4 W/kg



0 dB = 38.4 W/kg = 15.84 dBW/kg

Date: 3/19/2025

Test Laboratory: DEKRA Lab

SRD 5.8G_Top Side_CH1_5735MHz

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 5G (0); Communication System Band: SRD; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Frequency: 5735 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 5735$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.146$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.584$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 23.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 22.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7761; ConvF(5.05, 4.91, 4.97) ; Calibrated: 9/19/2024
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn679; Calibrated: 8/8/2024
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V5.0; Type: QD 000 P40 CD; Serial: TP-1562
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (101x161x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000$ mm, $dy=1.000$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 21.0 W/kg

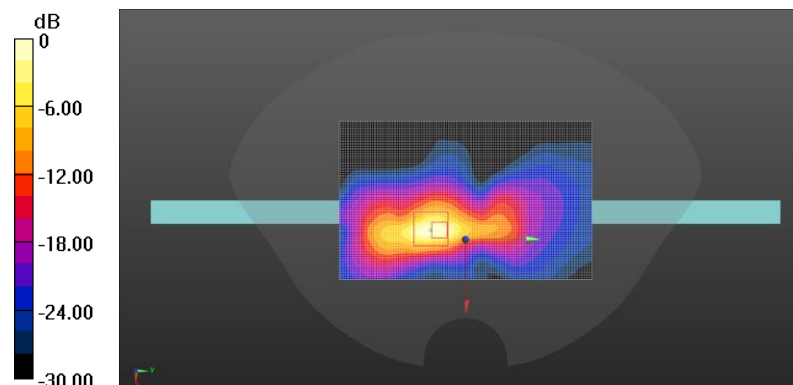
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4$ mm, $dy=4$ mm, $dz=1.4$ mm

Reference Value = 6.254 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 49.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.19 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 23.4 W/kg



0 dB = 23.4 W/kg = 13.69 dBW/kg

Date: 3/15/2025

Test Laboratory: DEKRA Lab

WLAN2.4G_802.11b 1Mbps_Top Side_CH1_2412MHz

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 2.4G (0); Communication System Band: 802.11b(20M); Duty Cycle: 1:1.010;

Frequency: 2412 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 2412$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.821$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.627$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 23.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 22.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7761; ConvF(7.03, 6.83, 6.91) ; Calibrated: 9/19/2024
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn679; Calibrated: 8/8/2024
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V5.0; Type: QD 000 P40 CD; Serial: TP-1562
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (81x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.806 W/kg

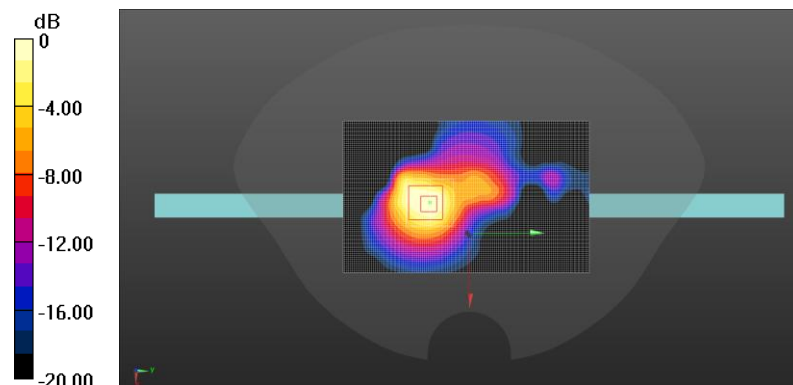
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.939 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.967 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.456 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.228 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.720 W/kg



0 dB = 0.720 W/kg = -1.43 dBW/kg

Date: 3/15/2025

Test Laboratory: DEKRA Lab

Bluetooth_DH5_Top Side_CH0_2402MHz

Communication System: UID 0, Bluetooth (0); Communication System Band: BDR+EDR; Duty Cycle: 1:1.298;

Frequency: 2402 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 2402$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.809$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.67$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 23.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 22.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7761; ConvF(7.03, 6.83, 6.91) ; Calibrated: 9/19/2024
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn679; Calibrated: 8/8/2024
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V5.0; Type: QD 000 P40 CD; Serial: TP-1562
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (81x131x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.200$ mm, $dy=1.200$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0591 W/kg

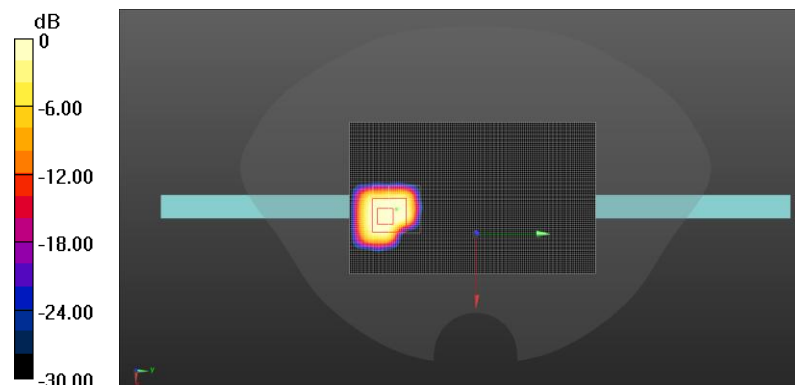
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 0 V/m; Power Drift = 999.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0360 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.015 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.0055 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0249 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0249 W/kg = -16.04 dBW/kg

Date: 3/17/2025

Test Laboratory: DEKRA Lab

WLAN5.3G_802.11a 6Mbps_Top Side_CH64_5320MHz

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 5G (0); Communication System Band: 802.11a(20M); Duty Cycle: 1:1.053;

Frequency: 5320 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 5320$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.678$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 36.279$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 23.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 22.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7761; ConvF(5.42, 5.27, 5.33) ; Calibrated: 9/19/2024
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn679; Calibrated: 8/8/2024
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V5.0; Type: QD 000 P40 CD; Serial: TP-1562
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (101x161x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 10.3 W/kg

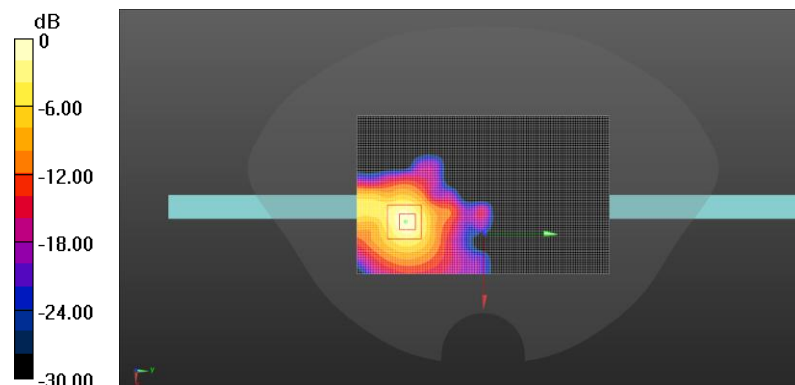
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 3.198 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 4.04 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.26 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.1 W/kg



0 dB = 10.1 W/kg = 9.50 dBW/kg

Date: 3/18/2025

Test Laboratory: DEKRA Lab

WLAN5.6G_802.11a 6Mbps_Top Side_CH116_5580MHz

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 5G (0); Communication System Band: 802.11a(20M); Duty Cycle: 1:1.053;

Frequency: 5580 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 5580$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.971$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.869$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 23.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 22.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7761; ConvF(4.64, 4.51, 4.56) ; Calibrated: 9/19/2024
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn679; Calibrated: 8/8/2024
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V5.0; Type: QD 000 P40 CD; Serial: TP-1562
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (101x161x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.3 W/kg

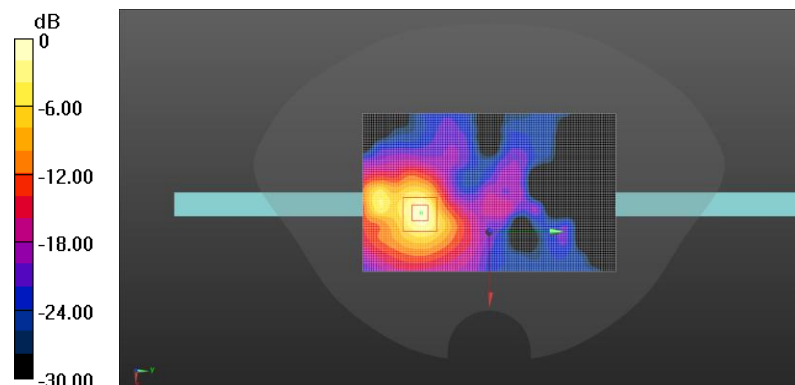
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 3.469 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 20.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 4.32 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.34 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.2 W/kg



0 dB = 11.2 W/kg = 10.49 dBW/kg

Date: 3/18/2025

Test Laboratory: DEKRA Lab

WLAN5.8G_802.11a 6Mbps_Top Side_CH165_5825MHz

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 5G (0); Communication System Band: 802.11a(20M); Duty Cycle: 1:1.053;

Frequency: 5825 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 5825$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.25$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.438$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 23.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 22.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7761; ConvF(5.05, 4.91, 4.97) ; Calibrated: 9/19/2024
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn679; Calibrated: 8/8/2024
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V5.0; Type: QD 000 P40 CD; Serial: TP-1562
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (101x161x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000$ mm, $dy=1.000$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.4 W/kg

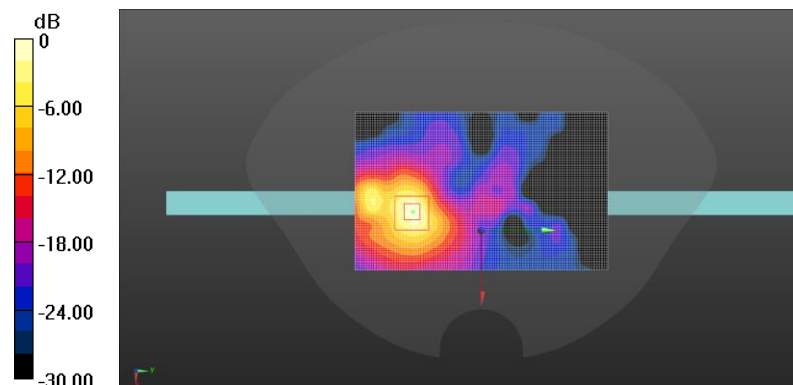
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4$ mm, $dy=4$ mm, $dz=1.4$ mm

Reference Value = 3.336 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 20.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 4.26 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.32 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.9 W/kg



0 dB = 10.9 W/kg = 10.37 dBW/kg

Appendix C. Probe Calibration Data

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client

DEKRA
Suzhou

Certificate No.

EX-7761_Sep24

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

EX3DV4 - SN:7761

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-01.v10, QA CAL-12.v10, QA CAL-14.v7, QA CAL-23.v6,
QA CAL-25.v8
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date

September 19, 2024

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^\circ\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP2	SN: 104778	26-Mar-24 (No. 217-04036/04037)	Mar-25
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	26-Mar-24 (No. 217-04036)	Mar-25
OCP DAK-3.5 (weighted)	SN: 1249	05-Oct-23 (OCP-DAK3.5-1249_Oct23)	Oct-24
OCP DAK-12	SN: 1016	05-Oct-23 (OCP-DAK12-1016_Oct23)	Oct-24
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: CC2552 (20x)	26-Mar-24 (No. 217-04046)	Mar-25
DAE4	SN: 660	23-Feb-24 (No. DAE4-660_Feb24)	Feb-25
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 7349	03-Jun-24 (No. EX3-7349_Jun24)	Jun-25

Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-24)	In house check: Jun-26
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-24)	In house check: Jun-26
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-24)	In house check: Jun-26
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-24)	In house check: Jun-26
Network Analyzer E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-22)	In house check: Oct-24

Calibrated by

Name

Joanna Lleshaj

Function

Laboratory Technician

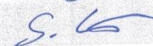
Signature



Approved by

Sven Kühn

Technical Manager



Issued: September 19, 2024

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

**Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG**

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM _{x,y,z}	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z}
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization φ	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization ϑ	ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure For The Assessment Of Specific Absorption Rate Of Human Exposure To Radio Frequency Fields From Hand-Held And Body-Worn Wireless Communication Devices – Part 1528: Human Models, Instrumentation And Procedures (Frequency Range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", October 2020.
- KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM_{x,y,z}**: Assessed for E-field polarization $\vartheta = 0$ ($f \leq 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; $f > 1800$ MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM_{x,y,z} are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM_{x,y,z} does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)_{x,y,z}** = NORM_{x,y,z} * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCP_{x,y,z}**: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal. DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR**: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- A_{x,y,z}; B_{x,y,z}; C_{x,y,z}; D_{x,y,z}; VR_{x,y,z}**: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters**: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f \leq 800$ MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for $f > 800$ MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM_{x,y,z} * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)**: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset**: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle**: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORM_x (no uncertainty required).

EX3DV4 - SN:7761

September 19, 2024

Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7761**Basic Calibration Parameters**

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc ($k = 2$)
Norm ($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$) ^A	0.61	0.68	0.68	$\pm 10.1\%$
DCP (mV) ^B	107.6	104.0	107.1	$\pm 4.7\%$

Calibration Results for Modulation Response

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB $\sqrt{\mu\text{V}}$	C	D dB	VR mV	Max dev.	Max Unc ^E $k = 2$
0	CW	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	132.6	$\pm 3.0\%$	$\pm 4.7\%$
		Y	0.00	0.00	1.00		121.3		
		Z	0.00	0.00	1.00		144.9		
10352	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 10%)	X	2.00	62.00	7.00	10.00	60.0	$\pm 3.3\%$	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	1.52	60.64	6.39		60.0		
		Z	1.66	61.30	6.81		60.0		
10353	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 20%)	X	0.83	60.00	5.12	6.99	80.0	$\pm 2.7\%$	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	0.83	60.00	5.01		80.0		
		Z	0.84	60.00	5.11		80.0		
10354	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 40%)	X	0.47	152.59	4.00	3.98	95.0	$\pm 2.8\%$	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	2.00	64.00	5.00		95.0		
		Z	0.46	60.00	4.03		95.0		
10355	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 60%)	X	12.42	151.62	9.30	2.22	120.0	$\pm 1.9\%$	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	13.07	145.57	10.03		120.0		
		Z	13.45	148.96	5.34		120.0		
10387	QPSK Waveform, 1 MHz	X	0.57	62.02	11.22	1.00	150.0	$\pm 4.2\%$	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	0.65	61.93	10.74		150.0		
		Z	0.67	62.91	11.48		150.0		
10388	QPSK Waveform, 10 MHz	X	1.30	64.24	13.12	0.00	150.0	$\pm 1.6\%$	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	1.32	63.53	12.65		150.0		
		Z	1.39	64.52	13.25		150.0		
10396	64-QAM Waveform, 100 kHz	X	1.65	63.77	15.58	3.01	150.0	$\pm 0.9\%$	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	1.70	63.95	15.45		150.0		
		Z	1.75	64.49	15.75		150.0		
10399	64-QAM Waveform, 40 MHz	X	2.78	65.47	14.57	0.00	150.0	$\pm 2.1\%$	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	2.81	65.16	14.31		150.0		
		Z	2.88	65.70	14.65		150.0		
10414	WLAN CCDF, 64-QAM, 40 MHz	X	4.00	66.04	15.24	0.00	150.0	$\pm 3.9\%$	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	3.91	65.03	14.71		150.0		
		Z	3.95	65.44	14.95		150.0		

Note: For details on UID parameters see Appendix

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $k=2$, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E^2 -field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).^B Linearization parameter uncertainty for maximum specified field strength.^E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

EX3DV4 - SN:7761

September 19, 2024

Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7761**Sensor Model Parameters**

	C1 fF	C2 fF	α V^{-1}	T1 msV^{-2}	T2 msV^{-1}	T3 ms	T4 V^{-2}	T5 V^{-1}	T6
x	11.5	81.99	32.62	4.27	0.00	4.90	0.34	0.00	1.00
y	13.4	96.56	33.03	4.15	0.00	4.90	0.50	0.00	1.01
z	12.7	90.65	32.66	4.18	0.00	4.90	0.52	0.00	1.00

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle	-50.5°
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

Note: Measurement distance from surface can be increased to 3–4 mm for an Area Scan job.

EX3DV4 - SN:7761

September 19, 2024

Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7761**Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media**

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity ^F (S/m)	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unc ^H (k = 2)
13	55.0	0.75	14.53	14.51	15.55	0.00	1.25	±13.3%
450	43.5	0.87	10.35	10.35	10.35	0.16	1.30	±13.3%
750	41.9	0.89	9.18	8.93	9.03	0.34	1.27	±11.0%
835	41.5	0.90	9.11	8.85	8.95	0.34	1.27	±11.0%
900	41.5	0.97	8.58	8.34	8.44	0.34	1.27	±11.0%
1750	40.1	1.37	7.72	7.50	7.59	0.34	1.27	±11.0%
1900	40.0	1.40	7.45	7.25	7.33	0.34	1.27	±11.0%
2100	39.8	1.49	7.53	7.32	7.40	0.35	1.27	±11.0%
2300	39.5	1.67	7.29	7.09	7.17	0.35	1.27	±11.0%
2450	39.2	1.80	7.03	6.83	6.91	0.35	1.27	±11.0%
2600	39.0	1.96	7.10	6.90	6.98	0.35	1.27	±11.0%
3300	38.2	2.71	6.30	6.13	6.20	0.35	1.27	±13.1%
3500	37.9	2.91	6.39	6.21	6.28	0.35	1.27	±13.1%
3700	37.7	3.12	6.03	5.86	5.93	0.36	1.27	±13.1%
3900	37.5	3.32	6.29	6.11	6.18	0.36	1.27	±13.1%
4100	37.2	3.53	6.00	5.83	5.90	0.36	1.27	±13.1%
4200	37.1	3.63	6.02	5.85	5.92	0.36	1.27	±13.1%
4400	36.9	3.84	5.93	5.76	5.83	0.36	1.27	±13.1%
4600	36.7	4.04	5.79	5.63	5.70	0.36	1.27	±13.1%
4800	36.4	4.25	5.94	5.77	5.84	0.36	1.27	±13.1%
4950	36.3	4.40	5.85	5.68	5.75	0.35	1.27	±13.1%
5250	35.9	4.71	5.42	5.27	5.33	0.32	1.27	±13.1%
5600	35.5	5.07	4.64	4.51	4.56	0.29	1.27	±13.1%
5750	35.4	5.22	5.05	4.91	4.97	0.27	1.27	±13.1%

^C Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100 MHz only applies for DASy v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ±10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Validity of ConvF assessed at 6 MHz is 4–9 MHz, and ConvF assessed at 13 MHz is 9–19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ±110 MHz.

^F The probes are calibrated using tissue simulating liquids (TSL) that deviate for ϵ and σ by less than ±5% from the target values (typically better than ±3%) and are valid for TSL with deviations of up to ±10% if SAR correction is applied.

^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ±1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ±2% for frequencies between 3–6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

^H The stated uncertainty is the total calibration uncertainty (k = 2) of Norm-ConvF. This is equivalent to the uncertainty component with the symbol CF in Table 9 of IEC/IEEE 62209-1528:2020.

EX3DV4 - SN:7761

September 19, 2024

Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7761

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity ^F (S/m)	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unc ^H (k = 2)
6500	34.5	6.07	5.22	5.08	5.13	0.20	1.27	±18.6%

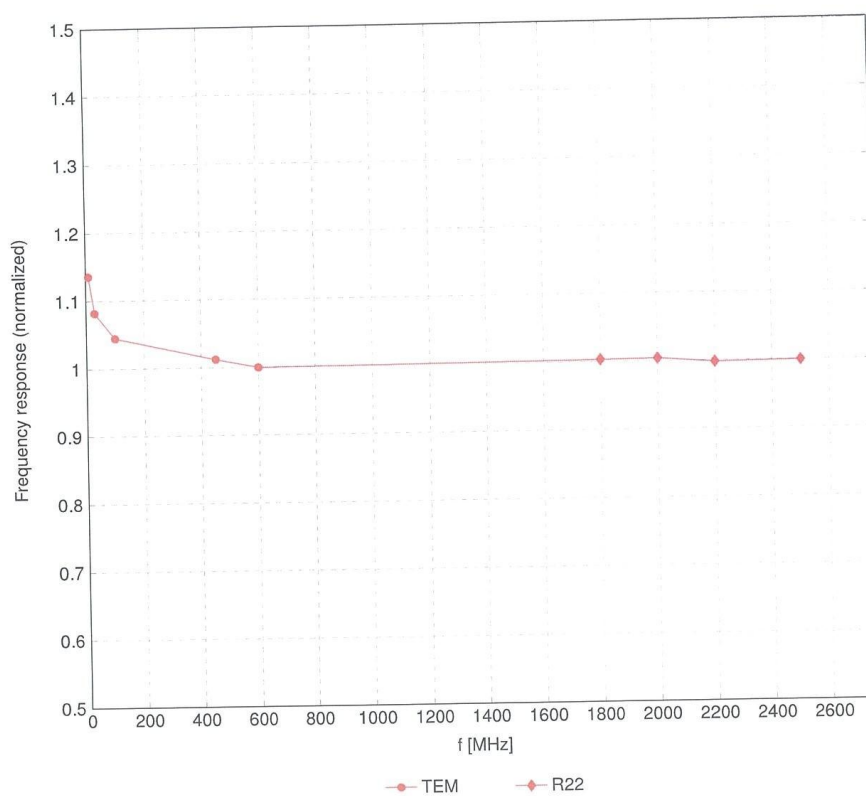
^C Frequency validity at 6.5 GHz is -600/+700 MHz, and ±700 MHz at or above 7 GHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.
^F The probes are calibrated using tissue simulating liquids (TSL) that deviate for ϵ and σ by less than ±10% from the target values (typically better than ±6%) and are valid for TSL with deviations of up to ±10%.
^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ±1% for frequencies below 3 GHz; below ±2% for frequencies between 3–6 GHz; and below ±4% for frequencies between 6–10 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.
^H The stated uncertainty is the total calibration uncertainty (k = 2) of Norm-ConvF. This is equivalent to the uncertainty component with the symbol CF in Table 9 of IEC/IEEE 62209-1528:2020.

EX3DV4 - SN:7761

September 19, 2024

Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide:R22)

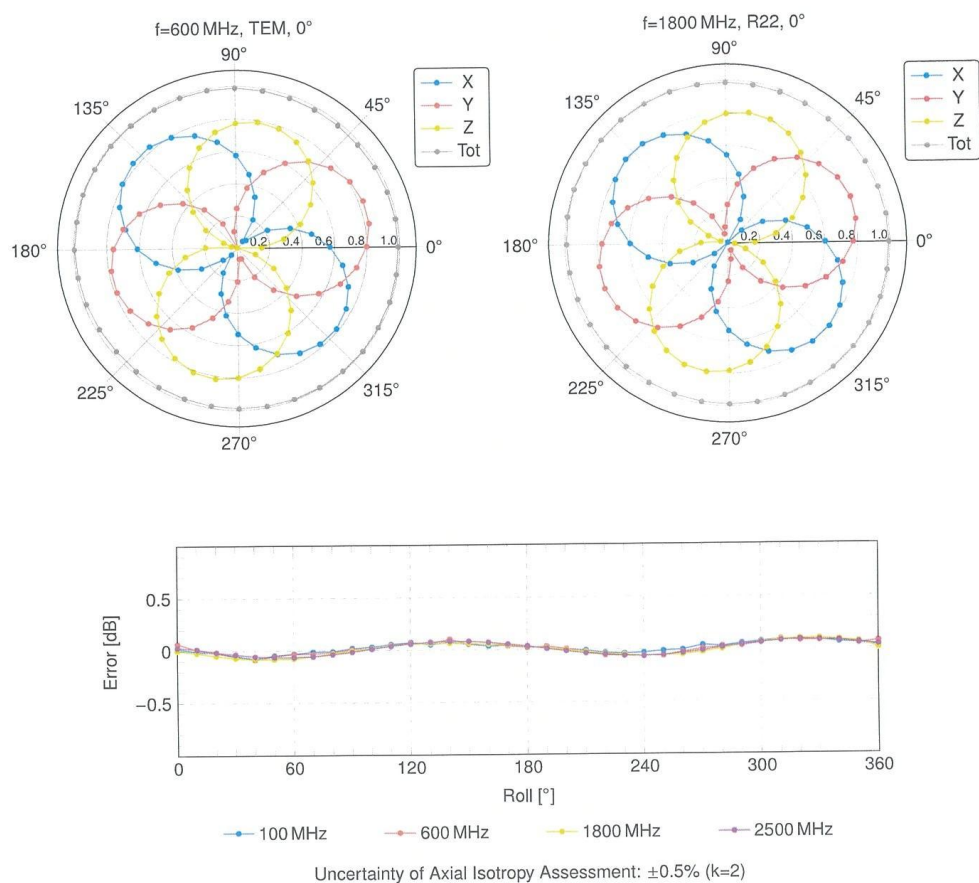


Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 6.3\%$ ($k=2$)

EX3DV4 - SN:7761

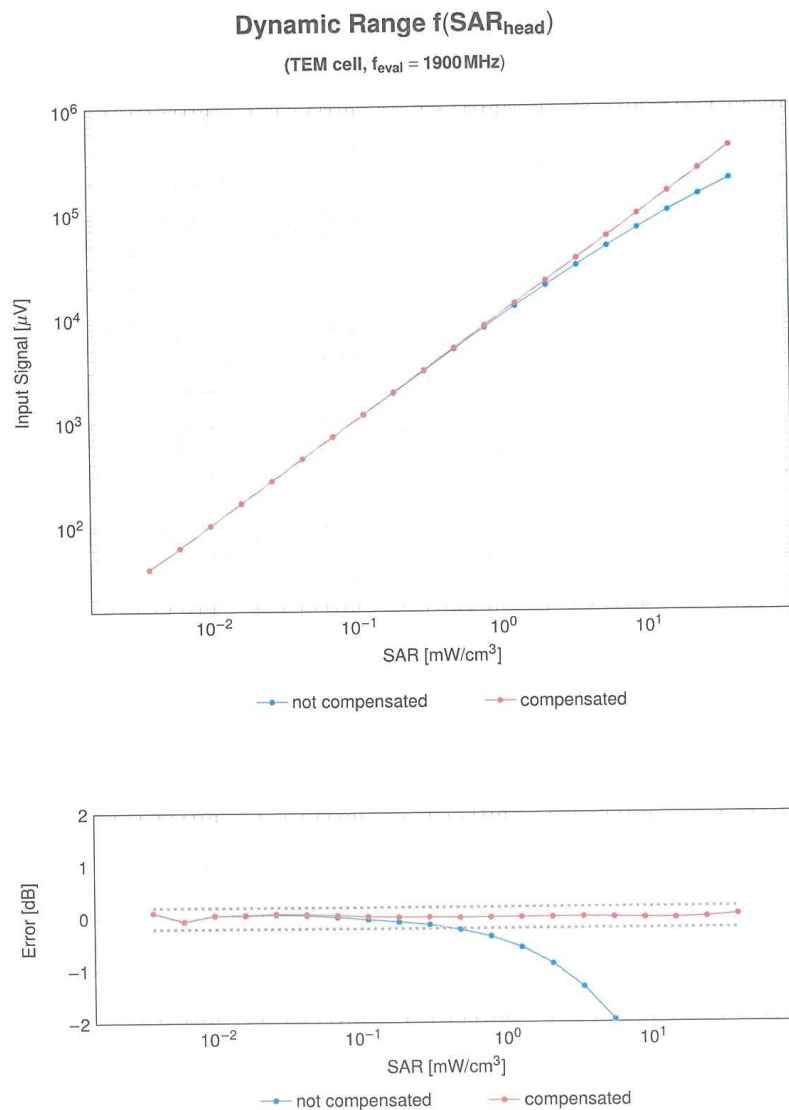
September 19, 2024

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^\circ$



EX3DV4 - SN:7761

September 19, 2024

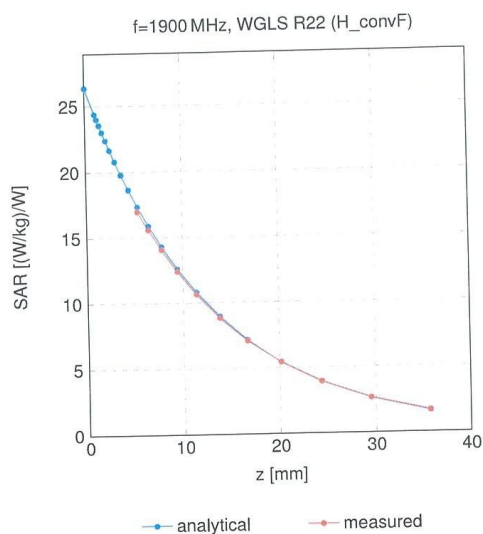


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: $\pm 0.6\%$ ($k=2$)

EX3DV4 - SN:7761

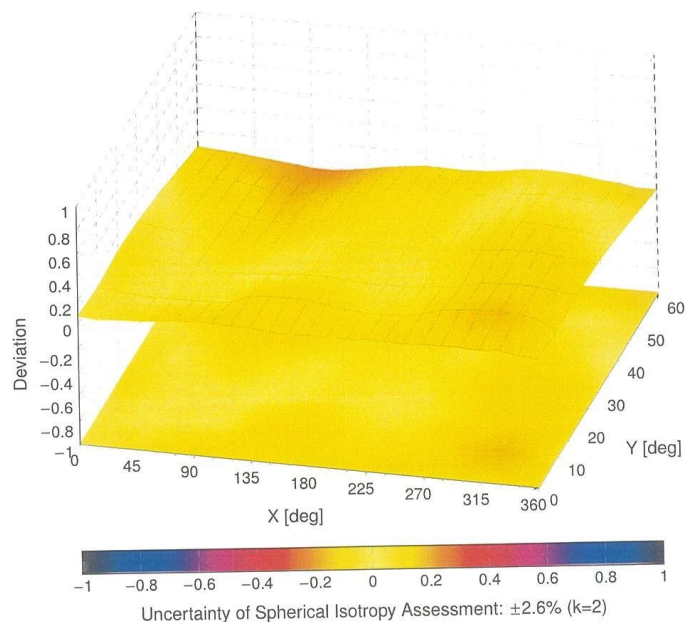
September 19, 2024

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid

Error (ϕ, θ), f = 900 MHz



EX3DV4 - SN:7761

September 19, 2024

Appendix: Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Rev	Communication System Name	Group	PAR (dB)	Unc ^E k = 2
0		CW	CW	0.00	±4.7
10010	CAB	SAR Validation (Square, 100 ms, 10 ms)	Test	10.00	±9.6
10011	CAC	UMTS-FDD (WCDMA)	WCDMA	2.91	±9.6
10012	CAB	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps)	WLAN	1.87	±9.6
10013	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 6 Mbps)	WLAN	9.46	±9.6
10021	DAC	GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK)	GSM	9.39	±9.6
10023	DAC	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0)	GSM	9.57	±9.6
10024	DAC	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1)	GSM	6.56	±9.6
10025	DAC	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0)	GSM	12.62	±9.6
10026	DAC	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0-1)	GSM	9.55	±9.6
10027	DAC	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1-2)	GSM	4.80	±9.6
10028	DAC	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1-2-3)	GSM	3.55	±9.6
10029	DAC	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0-1-2)	GSM	7.78	±9.6
10030	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (GFSK, DH1)	Bluetooth	5.30	±9.6
10031	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (GFSK, DH3)	Bluetooth	1.87	±9.6
10032	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (GFSK, DH5)	Bluetooth	1.16	±9.6
10033	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (PI/4-DQPSK, DH1)	Bluetooth	7.74	±9.6
10034	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (PI/4-DQPSK, DH3)	Bluetooth	4.53	±9.6
10035	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (PI/4-DQPSK, DH5)	Bluetooth	3.83	±9.6
10036	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (8-DPSK, DH1)	Bluetooth	8.01	±9.6
10037	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (8-DPSK, DH3)	Bluetooth	4.77	±9.6
10038	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (8-DPSK, DH5)	Bluetooth	4.10	±9.6
10039	CAB	CDMA2000 (1xRTT, RC1)	CDMA2000	4.57	±9.6
10042	CAB	IS-54 / IS-136 FDD (TDMA/FDM, PI/4-DQPSK, Halfrate)	AMPS	7.78	±9.6
10044	CAA	IS-91/EIA/TIA-553 FDD (FDMA, FM)	AMPS	0.00	±9.6
10048	CAA	DECT (TDD, TDMA/FDM, GFSK, Full Slot, 24)	DECT	13.80	±9.6
10049	CAA	DECT (TDD, TDMA/FDM, GFSK, Double Slot, 12)	DECT	10.79	±9.6
10056	CAA	UMTS-TDD (TD-SCDMA, 1.28 Mcps)	TD-SCDMA	11.01	±9.6
10058	DAC	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0-1-2-3)	GSM	6.52	±9.6
10059	CAB	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 2 Mbps)	WLAN	2.12	±9.6
10060	CAB	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 5.5 Mbps)	WLAN	2.83	±9.6
10061	CAB	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 11 Mbps)	WLAN	3.60	±9.6
10062	CAE	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 6 Mbps)	WLAN	8.68	±9.6
10063	CAE	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 9 Mbps)	WLAN	8.63	±9.6
10064	CAE	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 12 Mbps)	WLAN	9.09	±9.6
10065	CAE	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 18 Mbps)	WLAN	9.00	±9.6
10066	CAE	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 24 Mbps)	WLAN	9.38	±9.6
10067	CAE	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 36 Mbps)	WLAN	10.12	±9.6
10068	CAE	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 48 Mbps)	WLAN	10.24	±9.6
10069	CAE	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 54 Mbps)	WLAN	10.56	±9.6
10071	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 9 Mbps)	WLAN	9.83	±9.6
10072	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 12 Mbps)	WLAN	9.62	±9.6
10073	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 18 Mbps)	WLAN	9.94	±9.6
10074	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 24 Mbps)	WLAN	10.30	±9.6
10075	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 36 Mbps)	WLAN	10.77	±9.6
10076	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 48 Mbps)	WLAN	10.94	±9.6
10077	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 54 Mbps)	WLAN	11.00	±9.6
10081	CAB	CDMA2000 (1xRTT, RC3)	CDMA2000	3.97	±9.6
10082	CAB	IS-54 / IS-136 FDD (TDMA/FDM, PI/4-DQPSK, Fullrate)	AMPS	4.77	±9.6
10090	DAC	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-4)	GSM	6.56	±9.6
10097	CAC	UMTS-FDD (HSDPA)	WCDMA	3.98	±9.6
10098	CAC	UMTS-FDD (HSUPA, Subtest 2)	WCDMA	3.98	±9.6
10099	DAC	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0-4)	GSM	9.55	±9.6
10100	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.67	±9.6
10101	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.42	±9.6
10102	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.60	±9.6
10103	CAH	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.29	±9.6
10104	CAH	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.97	±9.6
10105	CAH	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.01	±9.6
10108	CAH	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.80	±9.6
10109	CAH	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.43	±9.6
10110	CAH	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.75	±9.6
10111	CAH	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.44	±9.6

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UID	Rev	Communication System Name	Group	PAR (dB)	Unc ^E $k = 2$
10112	CAH	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.59	±9.6
10113	CAH	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.62	±9.6
10114	CAE	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 13.5 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN	8.10	±9.6
10115	CAE	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 81 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.46	±9.6
10116	CAE	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 135 Mbps, 64-QAM)	WLAN	8.15	±9.6
10117	CAE	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 13.5 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN	8.07	±9.6
10118	CAE	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 81 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.59	±9.6
10119	CAE	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 135 Mbps, 64-QAM)	WLAN	8.13	±9.6
10140	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.49	±9.6
10141	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.53	±9.6
10142	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.73	±9.6
10143	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.35	±9.6
10144	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.65	±9.6
10145	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.76	±9.6
10146	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.41	±9.6
10147	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.72	±9.6
10149	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.42	±9.6
10150	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.60	±9.6
10151	CAH	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.28	±9.6
10152	CAH	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.92	±9.6
10153	CAH	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.05	±9.6
10154	CAH	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.75	±9.6
10155	CAH	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.43	±9.6
10156	CAH	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.79	±9.6
10157	CAH	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.49	±9.6
10158	CAH	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.62	±9.6
10159	CAH	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.56	±9.6
10160	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.82	±9.6
10161	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.43	±9.6
10162	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.58	±9.6
10166	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.46	±9.6
10167	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.21	±9.6
10168	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.79	±9.6
10169	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.73	±9.6
10170	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.52	±9.6
10171	AAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.49	±9.6
10172	CAH	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.21	±9.6
10173	CAH	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.48	±9.6
10174	CAH	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.25	±9.6
10175	CAH	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.72	±9.6
10176	CAH	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.52	±9.6
10177	CAJ	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.73	±9.6
10178	CAH	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.52	±9.6
10179	CAH	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.50	±9.6
10180	CAH	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.50	±9.6
10181	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.72	±9.6
10182	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.52	±9.6
10183	AAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.50	±9.6
10184	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.73	±9.6
10185	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.51	±9.6
10186	AAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.50	±9.6
10187	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.73	±9.6
10188	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.52	±9.6
10189	AAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.50	±9.6
10193	CAE	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 6.5 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN	8.09	±9.6
10194	CAE	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 39 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.12	±9.6
10195	CAE	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 65 Mbps, 64-QAM)	WLAN	8.21	±9.6
10196	CAE	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 6.5 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN	8.10	±9.6
10197	CAE	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 39 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.13	±9.6
10198	CAE	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 65 Mbps, 64-QAM)	WLAN	8.27	±9.6
10219	CAE	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 7.2 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN	8.03	±9.6
10220	CAE	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 43.3 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.13	±9.6
10221	CAE	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 72.2 Mbps, 64-QAM)	WLAN	8.27	±9.6
10222	CAE	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 15 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN	8.06	±9.6
10223	CAE	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 90 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.48	±9.6
10224	CAE	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 150 Mbps, 64-QAM)	WLAN	8.08	±9.6