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TEST REPORT

Report No.:: CHTEW2011016901 Report verificaiton:

Project No....:: SHT2011013901EW

FCC ID.....:: 2ACIX-PI7L

Applicant's name: **B&W Group Ltd.**

Dale Road, Worthing West Sussex, BN11 2BH, UNTED Address....:

KINGDOM

Test item description: In-ear True Wireless Headphone

Bowers & Wilkins Trade Mark:

PI7L Model/Type reference.....:

Listed Model(s):

FCC 47 CFR Part2.1093 Standard::

IEEE Std C95.1, 1999 Edition

IEEE 1528: 2013

Date of receipt of test sample.....: Nov.04, 2020

Date of testing....: Nov.05, 2020- Dec.01, 2020

Date of issue....: Dec.25, 2020

PASS Result.....:

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The test report merely correspond to the test sample.

Report No.: CHTEW2011016901 Page: 2 of 25 Issued: 2020-12-25

Contents

<u>1.</u>	Statement of Compliance	3
<u>2.</u>	Test Standards and Report version	4
2.1.	Test Standards	4
2.2.	Report version	4
<u>3.</u>	Summary	5
3.1.	Client Information	5
3.2.	Product Description	5
3.3.	RF Specification Description	6
3.4.	Testing Laboratory Information	7
3.5.	Environmental conditions	7
<u>4.</u>	Equipments Used during the Test	8
<u>5.</u>	Measurement Uncertainty	9
<u>6.</u>	SAR Measurements System Configuration	10
6.1.	SAR Measurement Set-up	10
6.2.	DASY5 E-field Probe System	11
6.3.	Phantoms	12
6.4.	Device Holder	12
<u>7.</u>	SAR Test Procedure	13
7.1.	Scanning Procedure	13
7.2.	Data Storage and Evaluation	15
<u>8.</u>	Dielectric Property Measurements & System Check	17
8.1.	Tissue Dielectric Parameters	17
8.2.	System Check	18
<u>9.</u>	SAR Exposure Limits	21
<u>10.</u>	Conducted Power Measurement Results	22
<u>11.</u>	Maximum Tune-up Limit	23
<u>12.</u>	Measured and Reported SAR Results	24
<u>13.</u>	SAR Measurement Variability	25

Report No.: CHTEW2011016901 Page: 3 of 25 Issued: 2020-12-25

1. Statement of Compliance

Maximum Reported SAR (W/kg @1g)				
RF Exposure Conditions Bluetooth				
Head(Dist.= 0mm)	0.03			
Body(Dist.= 0mm)	0.17			

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and FCC KDB publications.

Report No.: CHTEW2011016901 Page: 4 of 25 Issued: 2020-12-25

2. Test Standards and Report version

2.1. Test Standards

The tests were performed according to following standards:

FCC 47 Part 2.1093: Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: portable devices.

<u>IEEE Std C95.1, 1999 Edition:</u> IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz

<u>IEEE Std 1528™-2013:</u> IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques.

FCC published RF exposure KDB procedures:

865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04: SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

<u>865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02:</u> RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations

447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06: Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies

248227 D01 802 11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02: SAR Measurement Proceduresfor802.11 a/b/g Transmitters

TCB workshop April, 2019; Page 19, Tissue Simulating Liquids (TSL)

2.2. Report version

Revision No.	Date of issue	Description
N/A	2020-12-25	Original

Report No.: CHTEW2011016901 Page: 5 of 25 Issued: 2020-12-25

3. **Summary**

3.1. Client Information

Applicant:	B&W Group Ltd.
Address:	Dale Road, Worthing West Sussex, BN11 2BH, UNTED KINGDOM
Manufacturer:	B&W Group Ltd.
Address:	Dale Road, Worthing West Sussex, BN11 2BH, UNTED KINGDOM

3.2. Product Description

Main unit			
Name of EUT:	In-ear True Wireless Headphone		
Trade Mark:	Bowers & Wilkins		
Model No.:	PI7L		
Listed Model(s):	-		
Power supply:	DC3.7V from battery		
Device Category:	Portable		
Product stage:	Production unit		
RF Exposure Environment:	General Population/Uncontrolled		
Hardware version:	PI7L		
Software version:	V.1.0.X		
Device Dimension:	Overall (Length x Width x Thickness): 20x20x15 mm		
Remark:			
1. The EUT support NFMI TX and RX frequency is 10.6MHz.			

Report No.: CHTEW2011016901 Page: 6 of 25 Issued: 2020-12-25

3.3. RF Specification Description

Bluetooth		
Version:	BT5.2+EDR	
Operating Mode:	GFSK π/4DQPSK 8DPSK	
Antenna Type:	Mono pole	
Bluetooth		
Version:	BT5.2+BLE	
Operating Mode:	GFSK	
Antenna Type:	Mono pole	
Pomork:		

Remark:

^{1.} The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power.

Report No.: CHTEW2011016901 Page: 7 of 25 Issued: 2020-12-25

3.4. Testing Laboratory Information

Laboratory Name	Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd.			
Laboratory Location	1/F, Bldg 3, Hongfa Hi-tech Industrial Park, Genyu Road, Tianliao, Gongming, Shenzhen, China			
	Туре	Accreditation Number		
	CNAS	L1225		
Qualifications	A2LA	3902.01		
	FCC	762235		
	Canada	5377A		

3.5. Environmental conditions

During the measurement the environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

During the measurement the environmental conditions were within the listed ranges.				
Ambient temperature	18 °C to 25 °C			
Ambient humidity	30%RH to 70%RH			
Air Pressure	950-1050mbar			

Report No.: CHTEW2011016901 Page: 8 of 25 Issued: 2020-12-25

4. Equipments Used during the Test

Used	Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Cal. date (YY-MM-DD)	Due date (YY-MM-DD)
•	Data Acquisition Electronics DAEx	SPEAG	DAE4	1549	2020/04/04	2021/04/03
•	E-field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	7494	2020/04/01	2021/03/31
0	Universal Radio Communication Tester	R&S	CMW500	137681	2020/06/18	2021/06/17
• Ti	issue-equivalent liquids Va	llidation				
•	Dielectric Assessment Kit	SPEAG	DAK-3.5	1267	N/A	N/A
0	Dielectric Assessment Kit	SPEAG	DAK-12	1130	N/A	N/A
•	Network analyzer	Keysight	E5071C	MY46733048	2020/10/15	2021/10/14
• S	ystem Validation					
0	System Validation Antenna	SPEAG	CLA-150	4024	2018/02/21	2021/02/20
0	System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D450V3	1102	2018/02/23	2021/02/22
0	System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D750V3	1180	2018/02/07	2021/02/06
0	System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D835V2	4d238	2018/02/19	2021/02/18
0	System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D1750V2	1164	2018/02/06	2021/02/05
0	System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D1900V2	5d226	2018/02/22	2021/02/21
•	System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D2450V2	1009	2018/02/05	2021/02/04
0	System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D2600V2	1150	2018/02/05	2021/02/04
0	System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D5GHzV2	1273	2018/02/21	2021/02/20
•	Signal Generator	R&S	SMB100A	114360	2020/08/11	2021/08/10
•	Power Viewer for Windows	R&S	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
•	Power sensor	R&S	NRP18A	101010	2020/08/11	2021/08/10
•	Power sensor	R&S	NRP18A	101386	2020/06/08	2021/06/07
•	Power Amplifier	BONN	BLWA 0160-2M	1811887	2020/11/12	2021/11/11
•	Dual Directional Coupler	Mini-Circuits	ZHDC-10-62-S+	F975001814	2020/11/12	2021/11/11
•	Attenuator	Mini-Circuits	VAT-3W2+	1819	2020/11/12	2021/11/11
•	Attenuator	Mini-Circuits	VAT-10W2+	1741	2020/11/12	2021/11/11

Note:

^{1.} The Probe, Dipole and DAE calibration reference to the Appendix B and C.

^{2.} Referring to KDB865664 D01, the dipole calibration interval can be extended to 3 years with justificatio. The dipole are also not physically damaged or repaired during the interval.

Report No.: CHTEW2011016901 Page: 9 of 25 Issued: 2020-12-25

5. Measurement Uncertainty

Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg and the measured 10-g SAR within a frequency band is < 3.75 W/kg. The expanded SAR measurement uncertainty must be \leq 30%, for a confidence interval of k = 2. If these conditions are met, extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval.

Therefore, the measurement uncertainty is not required.

Report No.: CHTEW2011016901 Page: 10 of 25 Issued: 2020-12-25

6. SAR Measurements System Configuration

6.1. SAR Measurement Set-up

The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).

A dosimetric probe, i.e. an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.

A data acquisition electronic (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.

A unit to operate the optical surface detector which is connected to the EOC.

The Electro-Optical Coupler (EOC) performs the conversion from the optical into a digital electric signal of the DAE. The EOC is connected to the DASY5 measurement server.

The DASY5 measurement server, which performs all real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. A computer operating Windows 2003.

DASY5 software and SEMCAD data evaluation software.

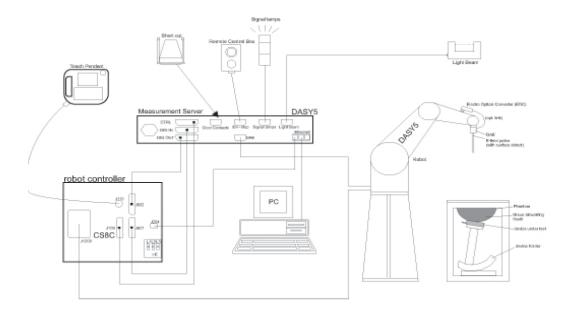
Remote control with teach panel and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.

The generic twin phantom enabling the testing of left-hand and right-hand usage.

The device holder for handheld Mobile Phones.

Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.

System validation dipoles allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.



Report No.: CHTEW2011016901 Page: 11 of 25 Issued: 2020-12-25

6.2. DASY5 E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EX3DV4 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

Probe Specification

Construction Symmetrical design with triangular core

Interleaved sensors

Built-in shielding against static charges

PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)

Calibration ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available.

Frequency 4 MHz to 10 GHz;

Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)

Directivity ± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis)

± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)

Dynamic Range 10 μ W/g to > 100 W/kg;

Linearity: ± 0.2 dB

Dimensions Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm)

Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm)

Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1.0 mm

Application General dosimetry up to 6 GHz

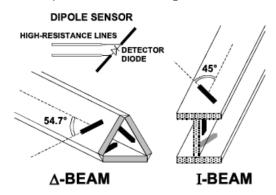
Dosimetry in strong gradient fields Compliance tests of Mobile Phones

Compatibility DASY3, DASY4, DASY52 SAR and higher, EASY4/MRI

Isotropic E-Field Probe

The isotropic E-Field probe has been fully calibrated and assessed for isotropicity, and boundary effect within a controlled environment. Depending on the frequency for which the probe is calibrated the method utilized for calibration will change.

The E-Field probe utilizes a triangular sensor arrangement as detailed in the diagram below:



Report No.: CHTEW2011016901 Page: 12 of 25 Issued: 2020-12-25

6.3. Phantoms

Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI isfully compatible with standard and all known tissuesimulating liquids. ELI has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles.



ELI Phantom

6.4. Device Holder

The device was placed in the device holder (illustrated below) that is supplied by SPEAG as an integral part of the DASY system.

The DASY device holder is designed to cope with the different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.



Device holder supplied by SPEAG

Report No.: CHTEW2011016901 Page: 13 of 25 Issued: 2020-12-25

7. SAR Test Procedure

7.1. Scanning Procedure

Step 1: Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. Measure the local SAR at a test point within 8 mm of the phantom inner surface that is closest to the DUT. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

Step 2: Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum locations even in relatively coarse grids. When an Area Scan has measured all reachable points, it computes the field maximal found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE Standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan). If only one Zoom Scan follows the Area Scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of Zoom Scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area Scan Resolutions per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v04

	≤3 GHz	> 3 GHz	
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 mm ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \hat{\delta} \cdot \ln(2) \text{ mm} \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$	
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°	
	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm	
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be \leq the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.		

Report No.: CHTEW2011016901 Page: 14 of 25 Issued: 2020-12-25

Step 3: Zoom Scan

Zoom Scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1g and 10g of simulated tissue. The Zoom Scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the Zoom Scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 g and 10 g and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom Scan Resolutions per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v04

Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx _{Zoom} , Δy _{Zoom}			\leq 2 GHz: \leq 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: \leq 5 mm*	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$		
	uniform grid: Δz _{Zoom} (n)		≤ 5 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz}: \le 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz}: \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz}: \le 2 \text{ mm}$		
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded grid	Δz _{Zoom} (1): between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz}$: $\leq 3 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz}$: $\leq 2.5 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz}$: $\leq 2 \text{ mm}$		
	grid	Δz _{Zoom} (n>1): between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(s)$	om(n-1) mm		
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm		

Note: \hat{o} is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see IEEE Std 1528-2013 for details.

Step 4: Power drift measurement

The Power Drift Measurement measures the field at the same location as the most recent power reference measurement within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The Power Drift Measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last Power Reference Measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. The measurement procedure is the same as Step 1. The SAR drift shall be kept within ± 5 %.

^{*} When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the <u>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</u> procedures of KDB Publication 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

Report No.: CHTEW2011016901 Page: 15 of 25 Issued: 2020-12-25

7.2. Data Storage and Evaluation

Data Storage

The DASY5 software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors),s together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension ".DA4". The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [W/kg], [mW/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

Data Evaluation

Media parameters:

The SEMCAD software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters: Sensitivity: Normi, ai0, ai1, ai2

Conversion factor: ConvFi
Diode compression point: Dcpi

Device parameters: Frequency: f

Crest factor: cf
Conductivity: σ
Density: ρ

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY5 components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

Vi: compensated signal of channel (i = x, y, z)

Ui: input signal of channel (i = x, y, z)

cf: crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter) dcpi: diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E – fieldprobes :
$$E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$$

H – fieldprobes :
$$H_i = \sqrt{V_i} \cdot \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2}{f}$$

Vi: compensated signal of channel (i = x, y, z) Normi: sensor sensitivity of channel (i = x, y, z),

[mV/(V/m)2] for E-field Probes

ConvF: sensitivity enhancement in solution

aij: sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

f: carrier frequency [GHz]

Ei: electric field strength of channel i in V/m Hi: magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m Report No.: CHTEW2011016901 Page: 16 of 25 Issued: 2020-12-25

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1'000}$$

SAR: local specific absorption rate in W/kg

Etot: total field strength in V/m

σ: conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m] ρ: equivalent tissue density in g/cm3

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid.

Report No.: CHTEW2011016901 Page: 17 of 25 Issued: 2020-12-25

8. Dielectric Property Measurements & System Check

8.1. Tissue Dielectric Parameters

The temperature of the tissue-equivalent medium used during measurement must also be within 18° C to 25° C and within $\pm 2^{\circ}$ C of the temperature when the tissue parameters are characterized.

The dielectric parameters must be measured before the tissue-equivalent medium is used in a series of SAR measurements. The parameters should be re-measured after each 3-4 days of use; or earlier if the dielectric parameters can become out of tolerance; for example, when the parameters are marginal at the beginning of the measurement series.

The dielectric constant (ε_r) and conductivity (σ) of typical tissue-equivalent media recipes are expected to be within \pm 5% of the required target values; but for SAR measurement systems that have implemented the SAR error compensation algorithms documented in IEEE Std 1528-2013, to automatically compensate the measured SAR results for deviations between the measured and required tissue dielectric parameters, the tolerance for ε_r and σ may be relaxed to \pm 10%. This is limited to frequencies \leq 3 GHz.

Tissue Dielectric Parameters

FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Tissue dielectric parameters for Head and Body						
Target Frequency	He	ad	Body			
(MHz)	ε _r	σ(S/m)	٤ _r	σ(S/m)		
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95		

IEEE Std 1528-2013

Refer to Table 3 within the IEEE Std 1528-2013

Dielectric Property Measurements Results:

	Dielectric performance of Head tissue simulating liquid											
Frequency (MHz)	ε,		σ(S/m)		Delta (ε _r)	Delta (σ)	Limit	Temp (°C)	Date			
0.450	rarget Measured rarget Measure						` '	2002 44 24				
2450	39.20	40.44	1.800	1.835	3.16%	1.94%	±5%	22.1	2020-11-04			

Report No.: CHTEW2011016901 Page: 18 of 25 Issued: 2020-12-25

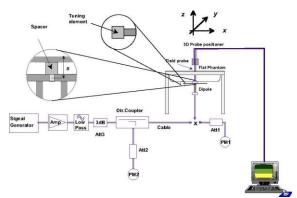
8.2. System Check

SAR system verification is required to confirm measurement accuracy, according to the tissue dielectric media, probe calibration points and other system operating parameters required for measuring the SAR of a test device. The system verification must be performed for each frequency band and within the valid range of each probe calibration point required for testing the device. The same SAR probe(s) and tissue-equivalent media combinations used with each specific SAR system for system verification must be used for device testing. When multiple probe calibration points are required to cover substantially large transmission bands, independent system verifications are required for each probe calibration point. A system verification must be performed before each series of SAR measurements using the same probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium. Additional system verification should be considered according to the conditions of the tissue-equivalent medium and measured tissue dielectric parameters, typically every three to four days when the liquid parameters are re-measured or sooner when marginal liquid parameters are used at the beginning of a series of measurements.

System Performance Check Measurement Conditions:

- The measurements were performed in the flat section of the TWIN SAM or ELI phantom, shell thickness: 2.0±0.2 mm (bottom plate) filled with Body or Head simulating liquid of the following parameters.
- The depth of tissue-equivalent liquid in a phantom must be ≥ 15.0 cm for SAR measurements ≤ 3 GHz and ≥10.0 cm for measurements > 3 GHz.
- The DASY system with an E-Field Probe was used for the measurements.
- The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feed point was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 10 mm (above 1 GHz) and 15 mm (below 1 GHz) from dipole center to the simulating liquid surface.
- The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 15 mm was aligned with the dipole.

 For 5 GHz band The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 10 mm was aligned with the dipole.
- Special 7x7x7 (below 3 GHz) and/or 8x8x7 (above 3 GHz) fine cube was chosen for the cube.
- The results are normalized to 1 W input power.



System Performance Check Setup



Photo of Dipole Setup

Report No.: CHTEW2011016901 Page: 19 of 25 Issued: 2020-12-25

System Check Result:

The 1-g and 10-g SAR measured with a reference dipole, using the required tissue-equivalent medium at the test frequency, must be within ±10% of the manufacturer calibrated dipole SAR target.

Head											
Frequency	1g SAR			10g SAR			Delta	Delta		Temp	D .
(MHz)	Target 1W	Normalize to 1W	Measured 250mW	Target 1W	Normalize to 1W	Measured 250mW	(1g)	(10g)	Limit	(℃)	Date
2450	51.50	55.20	13.80	24.10	25.80	6.45	7.18%	7.05%	±10%	22.1	2020-11-04

Report No.: CHTEW2011016901 Page: 20 of 25 Issued: 2020-12-25

Plots of System Performance Check

SystemPerformanceCheck-Head 2450MHz

DUT: D2450V2; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 1009

Date: 2020-11-04

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.835 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.444$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature:22.4°C;Liquid Temperature:22.2°C;

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7494; ConvF(7.91, 7.91, 7.91) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 4/1/2020

• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1549; Calibrated: 4/4/2020

Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0; Type: QD 000 P41 AA; Serial: 1974

DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

Head/d=10mm,Pin=250mW/Area Scan (41x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm,

dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 23.4 W/kg

Head/d=10mm,Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

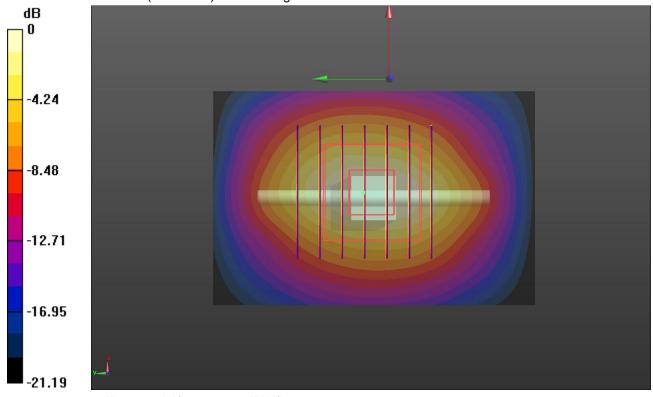
dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 115.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.8 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.45 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.8 W/kg



0 dB = 22.8 W/kg = 13.58 dBW/kg

Report No.: CHTEW2011016901 Page: 21 of 25 Issued: 2020-12-25

9. SAR Exposure Limits

SAR assessments have been made in line with the requirements of FCC 47 CFR § 2.1093.

	Limit (W/kg)						
Type Exposure	General Population/ Uncontrolled Exposure Environment	Occupational/ Controlled Exposure Environment					
Spatial Average SAR (whole body)	0.08	0.4					
Spatial Peak SAR (1g cube tissue for head and trunk)	1.6	8.0					
Spatial Peak SAR (10g for limb)	4.0	20.0					

Population/Uncontrolled Environments: are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments: are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

Report No.: CHTEW2011016901 Page: 22 of 25 Issued: 2020-12-25

10. Conducted Power Measurement Results

		Bluetooth	
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Average Power (dBm)
	0	2402	8.47
GFSK	39	2441	8.35
	78	2480	8.30
	0	2402	9.60
π/4QPSK	39	2441	9.50
	78	2480	9.55
	0	2402	9.32
8DPSK	39	2441	9.20
	78	2480	9.29
	0	2402	8.24
BLE	19	2440	8.16
	39	2480	8.14

Report No.: CHTEW2011016901 Page: 23 of 25 Issued: 2020-12-25

11. Maximum Tune-up Limit

Bluetooth									
Mode	Channel	Maximum Tune-up (dBm) Conducted Average Power							
	0	8.50							
GFSK	39	8.50							
	78	8.50							
	0	10.00							
π/4 QPSK	39	9.50							
	78	10.00							
	0	9.50							
8DPSK	39	9.50							
	78	9.50							
	0	8.50							
BLE	19	8.50							
	39	8.50							

Report No.: CHTEW2011016901 Page: 24 of 25 Issued: 2020-12-25

12. Measured and Reported SAR Results

SAR Test Reduction criteria are as follows:

- Reported SAR(W/kg) for WWAN = Measured SAR *Tune-up Scaling Factor
- Reported SAR(W/kg) for Wi-Fi and Bluetooth = Measured SAR * Tune-up scaling factor * Duty Cycle scaling factor
- Duty Cycle scaling factor = 1 / Duty cycle (%)

KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance:

Testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:

- ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
- ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
- ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz

To determine the initial test position, Area Scans were performed to determine the position with the Maximum Value of SAR (measured). The position that produced the highest Maximum Value of SAR is considered the worst case position; thus used as the initial test position.

Refer to **KDB 248227** for reduced testing and select only the maximum power mode for testing in all Bluetooth specifications

Head

	Bluetooth													
Mode Test Position	Frequency		Conducted Power	Tune- up limit	Tune- up	Duty	Duty Cycle	Power Drift	Measured SAR(1g)	Report SAR(1g)	Plot			
	Position	Position	Position	СН	MHz	(dBm)	(dRm) (dRm) SC	scaling factor	Cycle	e Scaling Factor	(dB)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	No.
		0	2402	9.60	10.00	1.096	77.32%	1.29	-0.15	0.013	0.02			
EDR	Touch	39	2441	9.50	9.50	1.000	77.32%	1.29	-0.14	0.019	0.03	1		
		78	2480	9.55	10.00	1.109	77.32%	1.29	-0.12	0.017	0.02	-		

Body

Doay														
	Bluetooth													
Mode	Test Position	Frequency		Conducted Power	Tune- up limit	Tune- up	Duty	Duty Duty Cycle	Power Drift	Measured SAR(1g)	Report SAR(1g)	Plot		
		СН	MHz	(dBm)	(dBm)	scaling factor	Cycle	Scaling Factor	(dB)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	No.		
		0	2402	9.60	10.00	1.096	77.32%	1.29	-0.12	0.043	0.06	-		
	Left	39	2441	9.50	9.50	1.122	77.32%	1.29	·	-		-		
		78	2480	9.55	10.00	1.109	77.32%	1.29	i	-	•			
		0	2402	9.60	10.00	1.096	77.32%	1.29	0.13	0.117	0.17	2-		
EDR	Right	39	2441	9.50	9.50	1.122	77.32%	1.29	i	-	-	1		
		78	2480	9.55	10.00	1.109	77.32%	1.29	i	-	•			
	Bottom	0	2402	9.60	10.00	1.096	77.32%	1.29	-0.07	0.112	0.16			
		39	2441	9.50	9.50	1.122	77.32%	1.29	-	-	-	-		
		78	2480	9.55	10.00	1.109	77.32%	1.29	-	-	=	-		

SAR Test Data Plots to the Appendix A.

Report No.: CHTEW2011016901 Page: 25 of 25 Issued: 2020-12-25

13. SAR Measurement Variability

In accordance with published RF Exposure KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is <0.8 or 2 W/kg (1-g or 10-g respectively); steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is \geq 0.8 or 2 W/kg (1-g or 10-g respectively), repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is \geq 1.45 or 3.6 W/kg (\sim 10% from the 1-g or 10-g respective SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first, or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 or 3.75 W/kg (1-g or 10-g respectively) and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

	Toot	Frequency		Highest	Fii Repe	rst eated	Second Repeated	
Band	Position	СН	CH MHz (W/k		Measured SAR(W/kg)	Largest to Smallest SAR Ratio	Measured SAR(W/kg)	Largest to Smallest SAR Ratio
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

----End of Report-----