SAR EVALUATION REPORT

For

TYT ELECTRONICS CO., LTD

Block 39-1, Optoelectronics-information industry base, Nan'an, quanzhou Fujian China

FCC ID: POD-MD380V

Report Type:	Product Type:
Original report	DMR

Test Engineer:	Wilson Chen
Report Number:	RSZ150807001-20A
Report Date:	2015-09-15
Reviewed By:	Bell Hu SAR Engineer
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<table>
<tr><th colspan="6">Attestation of Test Results</th></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2" rowspan="4">EUT Information</td><td colspan="2">Company Name</td><td colspan="2">TYT ELECTRONICS CO., LTD</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">EUT Description</td><td colspan="2">DMR</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">FCC ID</td><td colspan="2">POD-MD380V</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Model Number</td><td colspan="2">Tested Model: MD-380
Multiple Models: MD-390,MD-368,MD-398,MD-446</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Test Date</td><td colspan="2">2015-08-09</td></tr>
<tr><td>Frequency (MHz)</td><td>Modulation</td><td colspan="3">Max. SAR Level(s) Reported (1g)</td><td>Limit (W/Kg)</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">136-174</td><td>Digital</td><td>12.5kHz</td><td colspan="2">Face up: 0.185 W/kg(corrected by Multiplying 50%.)
Body-Back: 0.297 W/kg(corrected by Multiplying 50%.)</td><td rowspan="2">8.0</td></tr>
<tr><td>Analog</td><td>12.5kHz</td><td colspan="2">Face up: 0.264 W/kg (corrected by Multiplying 50%.)
Body-Back: 0.592 W/kg (corrected by Multiplying 50%.)</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2" rowspan="5">Applicable Standards</td><td colspan="4">ANSI / IEEE C95.1: 2005
IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fileds,3 kHz to 300 GHz.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">ANSI / IEEE C95.3: 2002
IEEE Recommended Practice for Measurements and Computations of Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields With Respect to Human Exposure to SuchFields,100 kHz—300 GHz.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">IEEE1528:2013
IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">IEC62209-2:2010
Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures –Part 2: Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">KDB procedures
KDB 447498 D01 v05r02: Mobile and Portable Devices RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies.
KDB 865664 D01v01r03: SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz .
KDB 643646D01 v01r01: SAR test Reduction Considerations for Occupational PTT Radios.
KDB Inquiry: Tracking Number 316436 for SAR VHF system validation.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="6">Note: This wireless device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate SAR For Occupational /Controlled Exposure Environment limits specified in ANSI/IEEE Standards and have been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and RF exposure KDB procedures.
The results and statements contained in this report pertain only to the device(s) evaluated.</td></tr>
</table>

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DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY

Revision Number	Report Number	Description of Revision	Date of Revision
0	RSZ150807001-20A	Original Report	2015-09-15

EUT DESCRIPTION

This report has been prepared on behalf of TYT ELECTRONICS CO., LTD and their product and their product, FCC ID: POD-MD380V, Model: MD-380 or the EUT (Equipment Under Test) as referred to in the rest of this report. The EUT is a DMR.

*Note:
1. This series products model: MD-380 and MD-390, MD-368, MD-398, MD-446, we select model: MD-380 to test, there is no electrical change has been made to the equipment, please refer to the product similarity letter.

Technical Specification

Product Type	Portable
Exposure Category:	Occupational/Controlled Exposure
Antenna Type(s):	External Antenna
Body-Worn Accessories:	Belt Clip and Headset Cable
Face-Head Accessories:	None
Modulation Type:	FM/4FSK
Frequency Band:	136MHz-174MHz
Conducted RF Power:	37.65 dBm
EUT Dimensions (L*W*H):	131mm (L)×61mm (W)×36mm (H)
Power Source:	7.4V Rechargeable Li-ION Battery
Normal Operation:	Face Up and Body-worn

REFERENCE, STANDARDS, AND GUILDELINES

FCC:

The Report and Order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 1.6 mW/g as recommended by the ANSI/IEEE standard C95.1-1992 [6] for an uncontrolled environment (Paragraph 65). According to the Supplement C of OET Bulletin 65 “Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guide-lines for Human Exposure to Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields", released on Jun 29, 2001 by the FCC, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under “worst-case” conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in North America is 1.6 mW/g average over 1 gram of tissue mass.

CE:

The order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 2 mW/g as recommended by EN62209-1 for an uncontrolled environment. According to the Standard, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under “worst-case” conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in Europe is 2 mW/g average over 10 gram of tissue mass.

The test configurations were laid out on a specially designed test fixture to ensure the reproducibility of measurements. Each configuration was scanned for SAR. Analysis of each scan was carried out to characterize the above effects in the device.

SAR Limits

FCC Limit (1g Tissue)

EXPOSURE LIMITS	SAR (W/kg)	
	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 1 g of tissue)	1.60	8.0
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0

CE Limit (10g Tissue)

EXPOSURE LIMITS	SAR (W/kg)	
	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 10 g of tissue)	2.0	10
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0

Population/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

Occupational/Controlled environments Spatial Peak limit 8.0W/kg (FCC/IC) & 10 W/kg (CE) applied to the EUT.

FACILITIES

The test site used by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) to collect data is located at 6/F, the 3rd Phase of WanLi Industrial Building, Shi Hua Road, Fu Tian Free Trade Zone, Shenzhen, Guangdong, P.R. of China

DESCRIPTION OF TEST SYSTEM

These measurements were performed with ALSAS 10 Universal Integrated SAR Measurement system from APREL Laboratories.

ALSAS-10U System Description

ALSAS-10-U is fully compliant with the technical and scientific requirements of IEEE 1528, IEC 62209, CENELEC, ARIB, ACA, and the Federal Communications Commission. The system comprises of a six axes articulated robot which utilizes a dedicated controller.
ALSAS-10U uses the latest methodologies. And FDTD modeling to provide a platform which is repeatable with minimum uncertainty.

Applications

Predefined measurement procedures compliant with the guidelines of CENELEC, IEEE, IEC, FCC, etc are utilized during the assessment for the device. Automatic detection for all SAR maxima are embedded within the core architecture for the system, ensuring that peak locations used for centering the zoom scan are within a 1mm resolution and a 0.05mm repeatable position. System operation range currently available up-to 6 GHz in simulated tissue.

Area Scans

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for FCC applications utilize a 10mm2 step integral, with 1mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.

Where the system identifies multiple SAR peaks (which are within 25% of peak value) the system will provide the user with the option of assessing each peak location individually for zoom scan averaging.

Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)

The averaging zoom scan volume utilized in the ALSAS-10U software is in the shape of a cube and the side dimension of a 1 g or 10 g mass is dependent on the density of the liquid representing the simulated tissue. A density of 1000 kg/m3 is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1 g cube is 10mm,with the side length of the 10 g cube 21,5mm.

When the cube intersects with the surface of the phantom, it is oriented so that 3 vertices touch the surface of the shell or the center of a face is tangent to the surface. The face of the cube closest to the surface is modified in order to conform to the tangent surface.

The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications (including FCC) utilize a physical step of 5x5x8 (8mmx8mmx5mm) providing a volume of 32mm in the X & Y axis, and 35mm in the Z axis.

ALSAS-10U Interpolation and Extrapolation Uncertainty

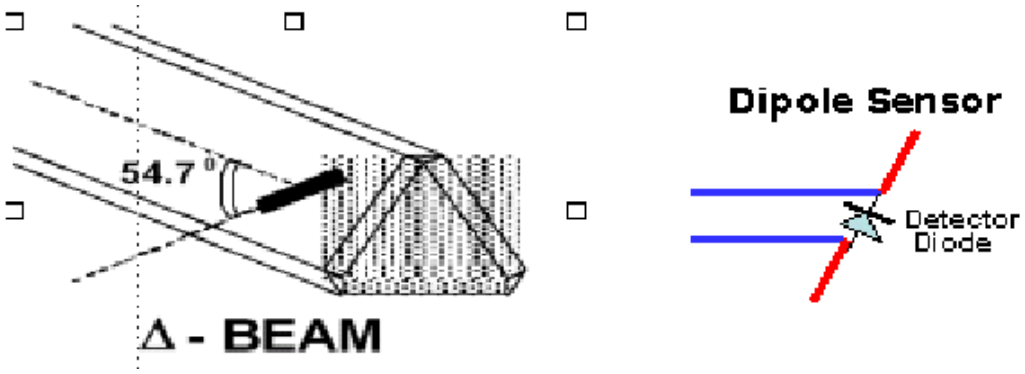
The overall uncertainty for the methodology and algorithms the used during the SAR calculation was evaluated using the data from IEEE 1528 based on the example f3 algorithm:

$$f_3(x,y,z) = A\frac{a^2}{\frac{a^2}{4} + x'^2 + y'^2}\cdot\left(e^{-\frac{2z}{a}} + \frac{a^2}{2(a+2z)^2}\right)$$

Isotropic E-Field Probe

The isotropic E-Field probe has been fully calibrated and assessed for isotropicity, and boundary effect within a controlled environment. Depending on the frequency for which the probe is calibrated the method utilized for calibration will change.

The E-Field probe utilizes a triangular sensor arrangement as detailed in the diagram below:



SAR is assessed with a calibrated probe which moves at a default height of 5mm from the center of the diode, which is mounted to the sensor, to the phantom surface (in the Z Axis). The 5mm offset height has been selected so as to minimize any resultant boundary effect due to the probe being in close proximity to the phantom surface.

The following algorithm is an example of the function used by the system for linearization of the output from the probe when measuring complex modulation schemes.

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

Isotropic E-Field Probe Specification

Calibration Method	Frequency Dependent Below 1 GHz Calibration in air performed in a TEM Cell Above 1 GHz Calibration in air performed in waveguide
Sensitivity	0.70 μV/(V/m)^2 to 0.85 μV/(V/m)^2
Dynamic Range	0.0005 W/kg to 100 W/kg
Isotropic Response	Better than 0.1 dB
Diode Compression Point (DCP)	Calibration for Specific Frequency
Probe Tip Diameter	< 2.9 mm
Sensor Offset	1.56 (+/- 0.02 mm)
Probe Length	289 mm
Video Bandwidth	@ 500 Hz: 1 dB @ 1.02 kHz: 3 dB
Boundary Effect	Less than 2.1% for distance greater than 0.58 mm
Spatial Resolution	The spatial resolution uncertainty is less than 1.5% for 4.9mm diameter probe. The spatial resolution uncertainty is less than 1.0% for 2.5mm diameter probe

Boundary Detection Unit and Probe Mounting Device

ALSAS-10U incorporates a boundary detection unit with a sensitivity of 0.05mm for detecting all types of surfaces. The robust design allows for detection during probe tilt (probe normalize) exercises, and utilizes a second stage emergency stop. The signal electronics are fed directly into the robot controller for high accuracy surface detection in lateral and axial detection modes (X, Y, & Z).

The probe is mounted directly onto the Boundary Detection unit for accurate tooling and displacement calculations controlled by the robot kinematics. The probe is connect to an isolated probe interconnect where the output stage of the probe is fed directly into the amplifier stage of the Daq-Paq.

Daq-Paq (Analog to Digital Electronics)

ALSAS-10U incorporates a fully calibrated Daq-Paq (analog to digital conversion system) which has a 4 channel input stage, sent via a 2 stage auto-set amplifier module. The input signal is amplified accordingly so as to offer a dynamic range from 5μV to 800mV. Integration of the fields measured is carried out at board level utilizing a Co-Processor which then sends the measured fields down into the main computational module in digitized form via an RS232 communications port. Probe linearity and duty cycle compensation is carried out within the main Daq-Paq module.

ADC	12 Bit
Amplifier Range	20 mV to 200 mV and 150 mV to 800 mV
Field Integration	Local Co-Processor utilizing proprietary integration algorithms
Number of Input Channels	4 in total 3 dedicated and 1 spare
Communication	Packet data via RS232

Axis Articulated Robot

ALSAS-10U utilizes a six axis articulated robot, which is controlled using a Pentium based real-time movement controller. The movement kinematics engine utilizes proprietary (Thermo CRS) interpolation and extrapolation algorithms, which allow full freedom of movement for each of the six joints within the working envelope. Utilization of joint 6 allows for full probe rotation with a tolerance better than 0.05mm around the central axis.

Robot/Controller Manufacturer	Thermo CRS
Number of Axis	Six independently controlled axis
Positioning Repeatability	0.05 mm
Controller Type	Single phase Pentium based C500C
Robot Reach	710 mm
Communication	RS232 and LAN compatible

ALSAS Universal Workstation

ALSAS Universal workstation allows for repeatability and fast adaptability. It allows users to do calibration, testing and measurements using different types of phantoms with one set up, which significantly speeds up the measurement process.

Universal Device Positioner

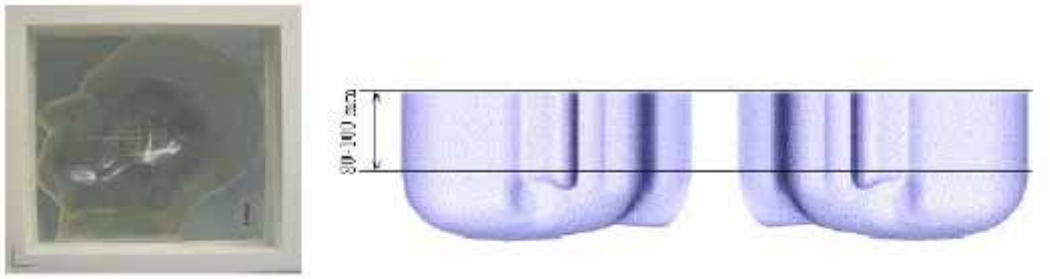
The universal device positioner allows complete freedom of movement of the EUT. Developed to hold a EUT in a free-space scenario any additional loading attributable to the material used in the construction of the positioner has been eliminated. Repeatability has been enhanced through the linear scales which form the design used to indicate positioning for any given test scenario in all major axes. A 15° tilt indicator is included for the of aid cheek to tilt movements for head SAR analysis. Overall uncertainty for measurements have been reduced due to the design of the Universal device positioner, which allows positioning of a device in as near to a free-space scenario as possible, and by providing the means for complete repeatability.

Phantom Types

The ALSAS-10U allows the integration of multiple phantom types. SAM Phantoms fully compliant with IEEE 1528, Universal Phantom, and Universal Flat.

APREL SAM Phantoms

The SAM phantoms developed using the IEEE SAM CAD file. They are fully compliant with the requirements for both IEEE 1528 and FCC Supplement C. Both the left and right SAM phantoms are interchangeable, transparent and include the IEEE 1528 grid with visible NF and MB lines.



APREL Laboratories Universal Phantom

The Universal Phantom is used on the ALSAS-10U as a system validation phantom. The Universal Phantom has been fully validated both experimentally from 30MHz to 6GHz and numerically using XFDTD numerical software.

The shell thickness is 2mm overall, with a 4mm spacer located at the NF/MB intersection providing an overall thickness of 6mm in line with the requirements of IEEE-1528.

The design allows for fast and accurate measurements, of handsets, by allowing the conservative SAR to be evaluated at on frequency for both left and right head experiments in one measurement.

Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528.

Ingredients (% by weight)	Frequency (MHz)									
	450		835		915		1900		2450	
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	38.56	51.16	41.45	52.4	41.05	56.0	54.9	40.4	62.7	73.2
Salt (Nacl)	3.95	1.49	1.45	1.4	1.35	0.76	0.18	0.5	0.5	0.04
Sugar	56.32	46.78	56.0	45.0	56.5	41.76	0.0	58.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	0.98	0.52	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.21	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.19	0.05	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.27	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
Triton x-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	36.8	0.0
DGBE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	44.92	0.0	0.0	26.7
Dielectric Constant	43.42	58.0	42.54	56.1	42.0	56.8	39.9	54.0	39.8	52.5
Conductivity (s/m)	0.85	0.83	0.91	0.95	1.0	1.07	1.42	1.45	1.88	1.78

Recommended Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body

Frequency (MHz)	Head Tissue		Body Tissue	
	εr	σ (S/m)	εr	σ (S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

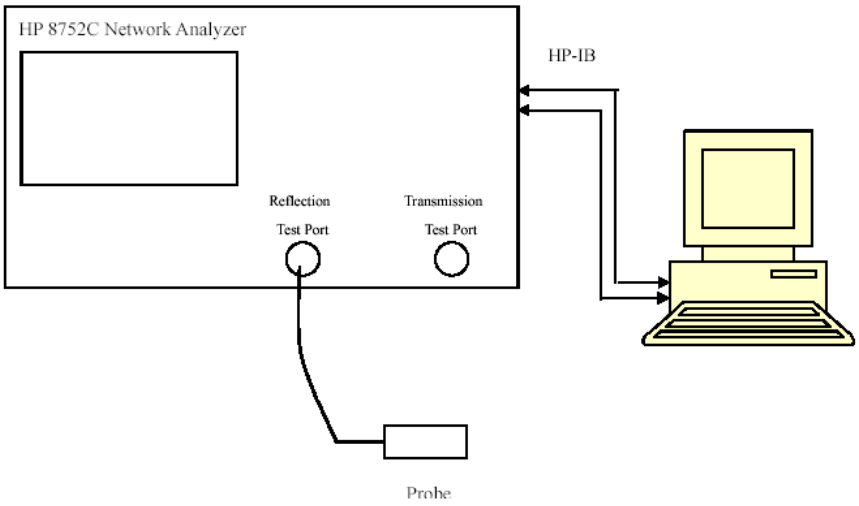
EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION

Equipments List & Calibration Information

Equipment	Model	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date	S/N
CRS F3 robot	ALS-F3	N/A	N/A	RAF0805352
CRS F3 Software	ALS-F3-SW	N/A	N/A	N/A
CRS C500C controller	ALS-C500	N/A	N/A	RCF0805379
Probe mounting device & Boundary Detection Sensor System	ALS-PMDPS-3	N/A	N/A	120-00270
Universal Work Station	ALS-UWS	N/A	N/A	100-00157
Data Acquisition Package	ALS-DAQ-PAQ-3	2014-10-14	2015-10-14	110-00212
Miniature E-Field Probe	E-020	2014-10-14	2015-10-14	500-00283
Loop, 150 MHz	CLA150	2014-05-08	2017-05-08	4004
Device holder/Positioner	ALS-H-E-SET-2	N/A	N/A	170-00510
Left ear SAM phantom	ALS-P-SAM-L	N/A	N/A	130-00311
Right ear SAM phantom	ALS-P-SAM-R	N/A	N/A	140-00359
UniPhantom	ALS-UM-FLAT	N/A	N/A	153-00104
Simulated Tissue 150 MHz Head	ALS-TS-150-H	Each Time	/	250-01302
Simulated Tissue 150 MHz Body	ALS-TS-150-B	Each Time	/	250-01304
Dielectric probe kit	HP85070B	2015-06-13	2016-06-13	N/A
Power Amplifier	5S1G4	N/A	N/A	71377
Attenuator	3dB	2015-05-08	2016-05-08	5402
Network analyzer	8752C	2015-06-03	2016-06-03	3410A02356
Synthesized Sweeper	HP 8341B	2015-06-03	2016-06-03	2624A00116
Directional couple	DC6180A	2015-06-13	2016-06-13	0325849
EMI Test Receiver	ESCI	2015-06-13	2016-06-13	101746

SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM VERIFICATION

Liquid Verification



Liquid Verification Setup Block Diagram

Liquid Verification Results

Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance (%)
		ε_r	σ (S/m)	ε_r	σ (S/m)	$\triangle\varepsilon_r$	$\triangle\sigma$ (S/m)	
136.0125	Head	51.72	0.77	52.30	0.76	-1.109	1.316	±5
	Body	61.33	0.80	61.90	0.80	-0.921	0.000	±5
141.0125	Head	51.28	0.76	52.30	0.76	-1.950	0.000	±5
	Body	63.09	0.80	61.90	0.80	1.922	0.000	±5
146.0125	Head	50.55	0.77	52.30	0.76	-3.346	1.316	±5
	Body	62.16	0.81	61.90	0.80	0.420	1.250	±5
155.0000	Head	50.42	0.78	52.30	0.76	-3.595	2.632	±5
	Body	61.78	0.80	61.90	0.80	-0.194	0.000	±5
164.0125	Head	50.46	0.79	52.30	0.76	-3.518	3.947	±5
	Body	60.89	0.82	61.90	0.80	-1.632	2.500	±5
169.0125	Head	50.74	0.79	52.30	0.76	-2.983	3.947	±5
	Body	61.39	0.82	61.90	0.80	-0.824	2.500	±5
173.9875	Head	51.07	0.79	52.30	0.76	-2.352	3.947	±5
	Body	60.82	0.82	61.90	0.80	-1.745	2.500	±5

**Liquid Verification was performed on 2015-08-09*

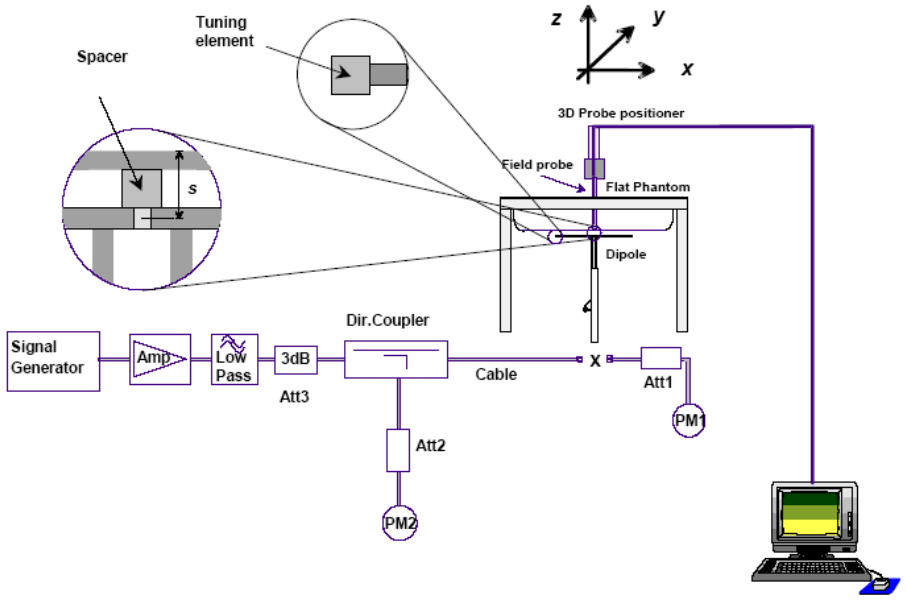
Please refer to the following tables.

150MHz Head				150MHz Body		
Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''		Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''
136.0	51.7199	101.2025		136.0	61.3305	105.1271
136.8	51.7424	100.1394		136.8	61.1483	105.4599
137.5	51.8428	100.1150		137.5	61.0783	104.7998
138.3	52.0650	99.2499		138.3	61.0564	104.7402
139.0	51.4969	99.0322		139.0	61.2982	104.1704
139.8	51.3321	98.9195		139.8	61.2570	103.7170
140.6	51.3391	98.1782		140.6	62.7818	102.2872
141.3	51.2796	97.1842		141.3	63.0868	102.1281
142.1	51.0621	97.5089		142.1	62.2757	102.3717
142.8	51.1103	97.0383		142.8	61.1417	101.7255
143.6	50.9450	96.5010		143.6	62.5270	101.3082
144.4	50.9484	96.0863		144.4	61.3730	100.1705
145.1	50.6721	95.6479		145.1	61.3205	100.3442
145.9	50.5688	95.6964		145.9	61.1532	99.7653
146.6	50.5512	95.1519		146.6	62.1550	99.6870
147.4	50.5170	94.6893		147.4	60.8207	98.6444
148.2	50.5959	94.2560		148.2	61.3724	98.6866
148.9	50.5327	92.7002		148.9	61.7162	97.8055
149.7	50.4558	93.2798		149.7	61.6266	97.0676
150.4	50.7711	92.2069		150.4	61.4400	96.4788
151.2	50.5112	92.0676		151.2	60.8607	95.2149
152.0	50.4983	91.9112		152.0	60.8068	95.9317
152.7	50.5486	91.8931		152.7	61.2560	95.0465
153.5	50.4611	91.1154		153.5	60.4396	94.1033
154.2	50.5790	90.9336		154.2	60.4085	93.9451
155.0	50.4220	90.2585		155.0	61.7818	92.9886
155.8	50.3163	90.2685		155.8	60.8518	92.9818
156.5	50.2220	89.4541		156.5	61.4034	93.0736
157.3	49.7220	89.9273		157.3	60.3082	93.6698
158.0	50.4116	88.8035		158.0	61.2633	92.9248
158.8	50.2411	88.9478		158.8	60.8112	91.9034
159.6	50.4231	88.2480		159.6	61.5118	91.6345
160.3	50.4837	87.7337		160.3	61.8058	92.0135
161.1	50.6214	87.4783		161.1	61.4229	90.3068
161.8	50.6225	87.0530		161.8	59.9838	90.5221
162.6	50.5649	86.8542		162.6	61.5970	88.7932
163.4	50.9197	86.3011		163.4	60.0123	89.1508
164.1	50.4628	86.2895		164.1	60.8903	90.2757
164.9	50.7424	86.3038		164.9	60.2322	89.1075
165.6	50.7972	85.5918		165.6	60.8261	88.5799
166.4	50.5894	84.2606		166.4	61.3062	87.9062
167.2	50.2496	84.2564		167.2	60.6554	88.4920
167.9	50.3342	84.2340		167.9	62.2960	88.0350
168.7	50.4106	84.4082		168.7	59.7594	87.1528
169.4	50.7411	83.5441		169.4	61.3857	86.9104
170.2	50.8866	83.4011		170.2	62.1259	88.1478
171.0	50.6245	83.7502		171.0	61.4823	86.9967
171.7	50.9265	83.4542		171.7	60.6390	86.9918
172.5	50.8542	82.5847		172.5	60.4453	86.3278
173.2	51.0664	82.2909		173.2	61.8396	85.4756
174.0	51.0698	81.7157		174.0	60.8174	84.6864

System Accuracy Verification

Prior to the assessment, the system validation kit was used to test whether the system was operating within its specifications of ±10%. The validation results are tabulated below. And also the corresponding SAR plot is attached as well in the SAR plots files.

System Verification Setup Block Diagram



Probe and dipole antenna List and Detail

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
APREL	Probe	ALS-E-020	500-00283	2014-10-14	2015-10-13
Speag	Loop antenna(150MHz)	CLA150	4004	2014-05-08	2017-05-07

System Accuracy Check Results

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	Measured SAR (W/Kg)		Target Value (W/Kg)	Delta (%)	Tolerance (%)
2015-08-09	150	Head	1g	3.422	3.75	-8.747	±10
		Body	1g	3.479	3.81	-8.688	±10

*All SAR values are normalized to 1 Watt forward power.

SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION DATA

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (Shenzhen)

System Performance Check 150 MHz Head Liquid

Loop150 MHz; Type: CLA150; S/N:4004

Product Data
Device Name : Loop 150 MHz
Serial No. : 4004
Type : Loop
Model : CLA150
Frequency Band : 150
Max. Transmit Pwr : 1 W
Drift Time : 3 min(s)
Power Drift-Start : 3.052 W/kg
Power Drift-Finish : 3.020 W/kg
Power Drift (%) : -1.063

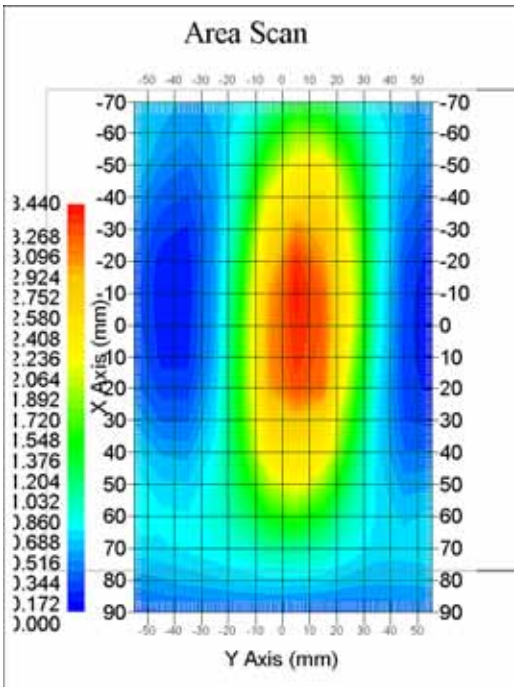
Phantom Data
Name : APREL-Uni
Type : Uni-Phantom
Serial No. : System Default
Location : Center
Description : Default
Phantom Data

Tissue Data
Type : Head
Serial No. : 250-01302
Frequency : 150.00MHz
Last Calib. Date : 09-Aug-2015
Temperature : 20.00 °C
Ambient Temp. : 21.00 °C
Humidity : 56.00 RH%
Epsilon : 50.59 F/m
Sigma : 0.78 S/m
Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data
Name : E-Field
Model : E-020
Type : E-Field Triangle
Serial No. : 500-00283
Last Calib. Date : 14-Oct-2014
Frequency Band : 150
Duty Cycle Factor : 1
Conversion Factor : 6.0
Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20 1.20 µV/(V/m)2
Compression Point : 95.00 mV
Offset : 1.56 mm

Measurement Data
Crest Factor : 1
Scan Type : Complete
Tissue Temp. : 21.00 °C
Ambient Temp. : 21.00 °C
Area Scan : 8x10x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm
Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm

1 gram SAR value : 3.422 W/kg
10 gram SAR value : 2.439 W/kg
Area Scan Peak SAR : 3.428 W/kg
Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 5.196 W/kg



150 MHz System Validation with Head Tissue

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (Shenzhen)

System Performance Check 150 MHz Body Liquid

Loop 150 MHz; Type: CLA150; S/N: 4004

Product Data
Device Name : Loop 150 MHz
Serial No. : 4004
Type : Loop
Model : CAL150
Frequency Band : 150
Max. Transmit Pwr : 1 W
Drift Time : 3 min(s)
Power Drift-Start : 3.241 W/kg
Power Drift-Finish : 3.105 W/kg
Power Drift (%) : -3.625

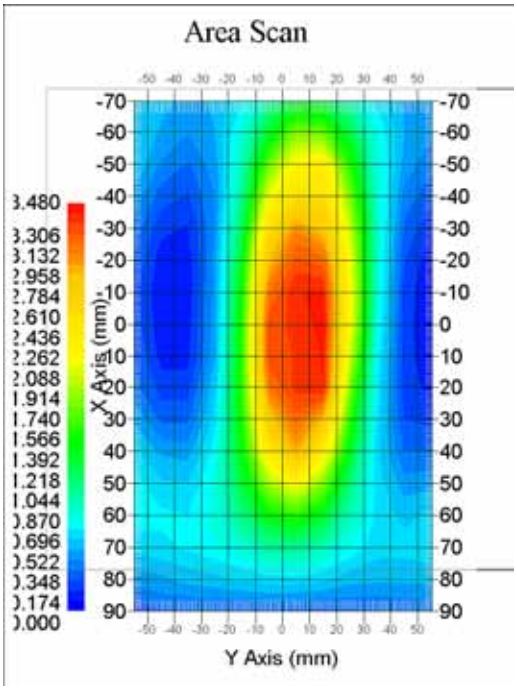
Phantom Data
Name : APREL-Uni
Type : Uni-Phantom
Serial No. : System Default
Location : Center
Description : Default
Phantom Data

Tissue Data
Type : Body
Serial No. : 250-01304
Frequency : 150.00MHz
Last Calib. Date : 09-Aug-2015
Temperature : 20.00 °C
Ambient Temp. : 21.00 °C
Humidity : 56.00 RH%
Epsilon : 61.54 F/m
Sigma : 0.81 S/m
Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data
Name : E-Field
Model : E-020
Type : E-Field Triangle
Serial No. : 500-00283
Last Calib. Date : 14-Oct-2014
Frequency Band : 150
Duty Cycle Factor : 1
Conversion Factor : 6.0
Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20 1.20 µV/(V/m)2
Compression Point : 95.00 mV
Offset : 1.56 mm

Measurement Data
Crest Factor : 1
Scan Type : Complete
Tissue Temp. : 21.00 °C
Ambient Temp. : 21.00 °C
Area Scan : 8x10x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm
Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm

1 gram SAR value : 3.479 W/kg
10 gram SAR value : 2.412 W/kg
Area Scan Peak SAR : 3.481 W/kg
Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 5.612 W/kg



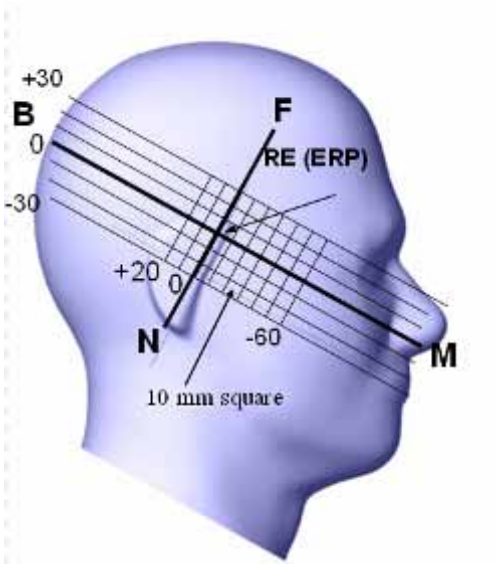
150 MHz System Validation with Body Tissue

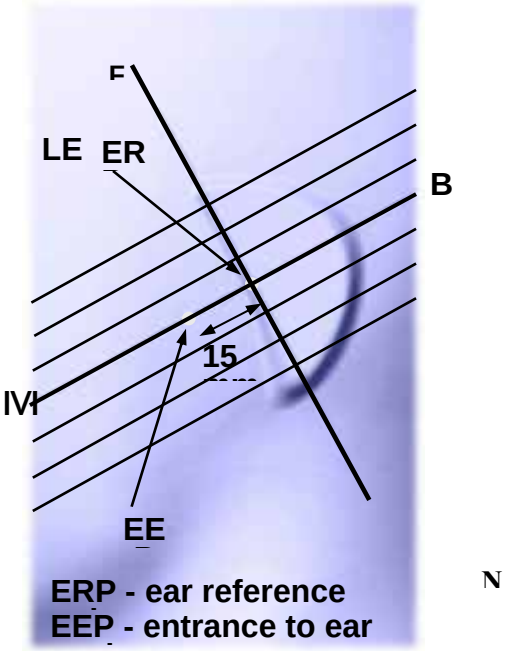
EUT TEST STRATEGY AND METHODOLOGY

Test Positions for Device Operating Next to a Person's Ear

This category includes most wireless handsets with fixed, retractable or internal antennas located toward the top half of the device, with or without a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover. The handset should have its earpiece located within the upper ¼ of the device, either along the centerline or off-centered, as perceived by its users. This type of handset should be positioned in a normal operating position with the "test device reference point" located along the "vertical centerline" on the front of the device aligned to the "ear reference point". The "test device reference point" should be located at the same level as the center of the earpiece region. The "vertical centerline" should bisect the front surface of the handset at its top and bottom edges. A "ear reference point" is located on the outer surface of the head phantom on each ear spacer. It is located 1.5 cm above the center of the ear canal entrance in the "phantom reference plane" defined by the three lines joining the center of each "ear reference point" (left and right) and the tip of the mouth.

A handset should be initially positioned with the earpiece region pressed against the ear spacer of a head phantom. For the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom, the device should be positioned parallel to the "N-F" line defined along the base of the ear spacer that contains the "ear reference point". For interim head phantoms, the device should be positioned parallel to the cheek for maximum RF energy coupling. The "test device reference point" is aligned to the "ear reference point" on the head phantom and the "vertical centerline" is aligned to the "phantom reference plane". This is called the "initial ear position". While maintaining these three alignments, the body of the handset is gradually adjusted to each of the following positions for evaluating SAR:





Cheek/Touch Position

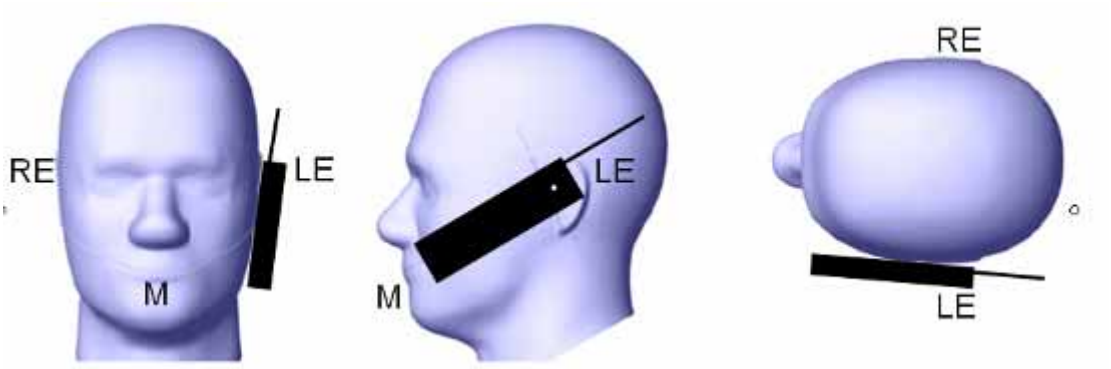
The device is brought toward the mouth of the head phantom by pivoting against the "ear reference point" or along the "N-F" line for the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom.

This test position is established:

- When any point on the display, keypad or mouthpiece portions of the handset is in contact with the phantom.
- (or) When any portion of a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover opened to its intended self-adjusting normal use position is in contact with the cheek or mouth of the phantom.

For existing head phantoms – when the handset loses contact with the phantom at the pivoting point, rotation should continue until the device touches the cheek of the phantom or breaks its last contact from the ear spacer.

Cheek /Touch Position



Ear/Tilt Position

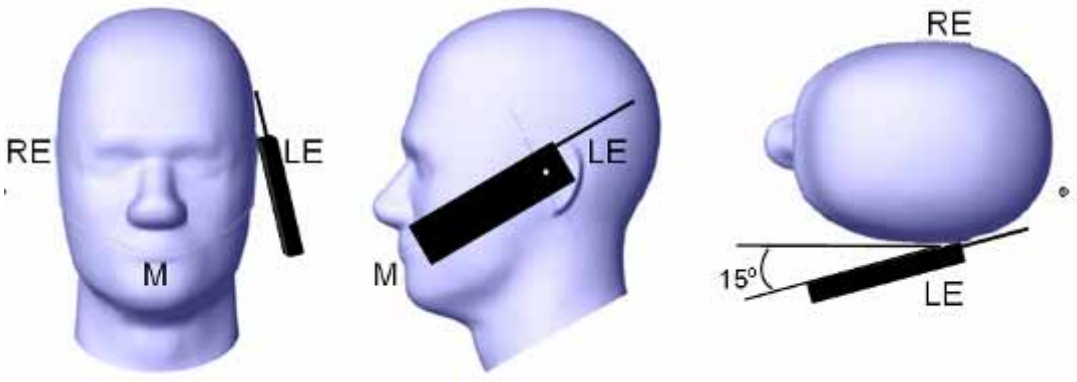
With the handset aligned in the "Cheek/Touch Position":

1) If the earpiece of the handset is not in full contact with the phantom's ear spacer (in the "Cheek/Touch position") and the peak SAR location for the "Cheek/Touch" position is located at the ear spacer region or corresponds to the earpiece region of the handset, the device should be returned to the "initial ear position" by rotating it away from the mouth until the earpiece is in full contact with the ear spacer.

2) (otherwise) The handset should be moved (translated) away from the cheek perpendicular to the line passes through both "ear reference points" (note: one of these ear reference points may not physically exist on a split head model) for approximate 2-3 cm. While it is in this position, the device handset is tilted away from the mouth with respect to the "test device reference point" until the inside angle between the vertical centerline on the front surface of the phone and the horizontal line passing through the ear reference point isby 15 80°. After the tilt, it is then moved (translated) back toward the head perpendicular to the line passes through both "ear reference points" until the device touches the phantom or the ear spacer. If the antenna touches the head first, the positioning process should be repeated with a tilt angle less than 15° so that the device and its antenna would touch the phantom simultaneously. This test position may require a device holder or positioner to achieve the translation and tilting with acceptable positioning repeatability.

If a device is also designed to transmit with its keypad cover closed for operating in the head position, such positions should also be considered in the SAR evaluation. The device should be tested on the left and right side of the head phantom in the "Cheek/Touch" and "Ear/Tilt" positions. When applicable, each configuration should be tested with the antenna in its fully extended and fully retracted positions. These test configurations should be tested at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode; for example, AMPS, CDMA, and TDMA. If the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (left, right, Cheek/Touch, Tile/Ear, extended and retracted) is at least 2.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s). If the transmission band of the test device is less than 10 MHz, testing at the high and low frequency channels is optional.

Ear /Tilt 15° Position



Test positions for body-worn and other configurations

Body-worn operating configurations should be tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in normal use configurations. Devices with a headset output should be tested with a headset connected to the device. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device may be tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. When multiple accessories that contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device must be tested with each accessory that contains a unique metallic component. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (e.g., the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components), only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body must be tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices that are intended to be authorized for body-worn use. A separation distance of 1.5 cm between the back of the device and a flat phantom is recommended for testing body-worn SAR compliance under such circumstances. Other separation distances may be used, but they should not exceed 2.5 cm. In these cases, the device may use body-worn accessories that provide a separation distance greater than that tested for the device provided however that the accessory contains no metallic components.

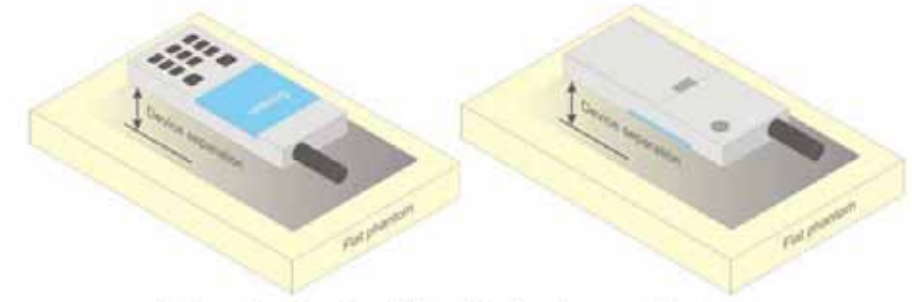


Figure 5 – Test positions for body-worn devices

SAR Evaluation Procedure

The evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

Step 1: Measurement of the SAR value at a fixed location above the ear point or central position was used as a reference value for assessing the power drop. The SAR at this point is measured at the start of the test and then again at the end of the testing.

Step 2: The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 4 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head or EUT and the horizontal grid spacing was 10 mm x 10 mm. Based on these data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation. The first Area Scan covers the entire dimension of the EUT to ensure that the hotspot was correctly identified.

Step 3: Around this point, a volume of 35 mm x 35 mm x 35 mm was assessed by measuring 7x 7 x 7 points. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated under the following procedure:

1) The data at the surface were extrapolated, since the center of the dipoles is 1.2 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.3 mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.

2) The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1 g or 10 g) were computed by the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-Spline is composed of three one dimensional splines with the “Not a knot"-condition (in x, y and z-directions). The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal-algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were interpolated to calculate the averages.

All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

Step 4: Re-measurement of the SAR value at the same location as in Step 1. If the value changed by more than 5%, the evaluation was repeated.

Test methodology

IEEE1528:2013
KDB 447498 D01 v05r02
KDB 865664 D01 v01r03
KDB 643646 D01 v01r01
KDB Inquiry: Tracking Number 316436

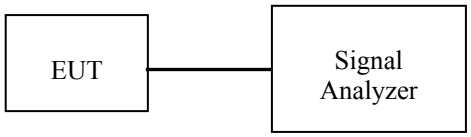
CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

Provision Applicable

The measured peak output power should be greater and within 5% than EMI measurement.

Test Procedure

The RF output of the transmitter was connected to the input of the Signal Analyzer through sufficient attenuation.



Maximum Output Power among production units

Max. tune-up tolerance power limit for Production Unit (dBm)	
PTT/Mode	**Frequency(136-174)MHz**
Digital-12.5K	37.70
Analog-12.5K	

Test Results:

Mode	Frequency Spacing (kHz)	Frequency (MHz)	Output(dBm)	Output Power(W)	Power level
Digital	12.5	136.0125	37.62	5.781	High
		141.0125	37.60	5.754	High
		146.0125	37.42	5.521	High
		155.0000	37.56	5.702	High
		164.0125	37.47	5.585	High
		169.0125	**37.65**	5.821	High
		173.9875	37.57	5.715	High
Analog	12.5	136.0125	37.50	5.623	High
		141.0125	37.60	5.754	High
		146.0125	37.62	5.781	High
		155.0000	37.30	5.370	High
		164.0125	37.39	5.483	High
		169.0125	37.63	5.794	High
		173.9875	37.48	5.598	High

SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS

This page summarizes the results of the performed dosimetric evaluation.

SAR Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	21 ℃
Relative Humidity:	50%
ATM Pressure:	1002 mbar

** Testing was performed by Wilson Chen on 2015-08-09*

Test Result:

Digital (Modulation 4FSK; Channel Spacing 12.5 kHz):

Frequency (MHz)	Antenna	Power Drift (%)	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	1 g SAR Value(W/Kg)				
					Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	50%	Plot
Face up (2.5cm)									
136.0125	136-174MHz	-1.527	37.62	37.70	1.019	0.325	0.331	0.166	/
141.0125	136-174MHz	2.267	37.60	37.70	1.023	0.287	0.294	0.147	/
146.0125	136-174MHz	2.397	37.42	37.70	1.067	0.305	0.325	0.163	/
155.0000	136-174MHz	1.587	37.56	37.70	1.033	0.357	0.369	**0.185**	**1#**
164.0125	136-174MHz	-4.722	37.47	37.70	1.054	0.256	0.270	0.135	/
169.0125	136-174MHz	4.656	**37.65**	37.70	1.012	0.229	0.232	0.116	/
173.9875	136-174MHz	-0.148	37.57	37.70	1.030	0.221	0.228	0.114	/
Body-Back with Belt Clip(0.0cm)									
136.0125	136-174MHz	-0.112	37.62	37.70	1.019	0.547	0.557	0.279	/
141.0125	136-174MHz	-0.754	37.60	37.70	1.023	0.512	0.524	0.262	/
146.0125	136-174MHz	-0.327	37.42	37.70	1.067	0.552	0.589	0.295	/
155.0000	136-174MHz	-0.594	37.56	37.70	1.033	0.574	0.593	**0.297**	**2#**
164.0125	136-174MHz	1.172	37.47	37.70	1.054	0.449	0.473	0.237	/
169.0125	136-174MHz	0.516	**37.65**	37.70	1.012	0.432	0.437	0.219	/
173.9875	136-174MHz	1.180	37.57	37.70	1.030	0.457	0.471	0.236	/

Analog (Modulation FM; Channel Spacing 12.5 kHz):

Frequency (MHz)	Antenna	Power Drift (%)	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	1 g SAR Value(W/Kg)				
					Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	50%	Plot
Face up (2.5cm)									
136.0125	136-174MHz	0.547	37.50	37.70	1.047	0.505	0.529	0.264	/
141.0125	136-174MHz	4.846	37.60	37.70	1.023	0.447	0.457	0.229	/
146.0125	136-174MHz	-0.371	37.62	37.70	1.019	0.431	0.439	0.220	/
155.0000	136-174MHz	1.644	37.30	37.70	1.096	0.523	0.573	0.287	**3#**
164.0125	136-174MHz	-3.716	37.39	37.70	1.074	0.486	0.522	0.261	/
169.0125	136-174MHz	1.803	37.63	37.70	1.016	0.397	0.403	0.202	
173.9875	136-174MHz	-0.975	37.48	37.70	1.052	0.427	0.449	0.225	/
Body-Back with Belt Clip(0.0cm)									
136.0125	136-174MHz	-4.325	37.50	37.70	1.047	0.923	0.966	0.483	/
141.0125	136-174MHz	4.560	37.60	37.70	1.023	0.965	0.987	0.494	/
146.0125	136-174MHz	-2.379	37.62	37.70	1.019	0.857	0.873	0.436	/
155.0000	136-174MHz	-0.285	37.30	37.70	1.096	1.171	1.284	0.642	**4#**
164.0125	136-174MHz	-4.406	37.39	37.70	1.074	1.091	1.172	0.586	/
169.0125	136-174MHz	2.810	37.63	37.70	1.016	0.869	0.883	0.442	
173.9875	136-174MHz	-3.136	37.48	37.70	1.052	0.773	0.813	0.407	/

Note:

1. *When the 1-g SAR tested using the default battery and default accessories is ≤ 3.5W/Kg (corrected by Multiplying 50% for FM mode), testing for other channels are optional.*
2. *For a analog PTT, only simplex communication technology was supported, so the SAR value need to be corrected by Multiplying 50%.*
3. *The frequencies points result in highest SAR value were selected to test.*
4. *Passive body-worn and audio accessories generally do not apply to the head SAR of PTT radios.*
5. *The whole antenna and radiating structures that may contribute to the measured SAR or influence the SAR distribution has been included in the area scan.*

SAR Plots (Summary of the Highest SAR Values)

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (Shenzhen)

Face-Up 2.5cm (Digital 12.5k-155.0MHz)

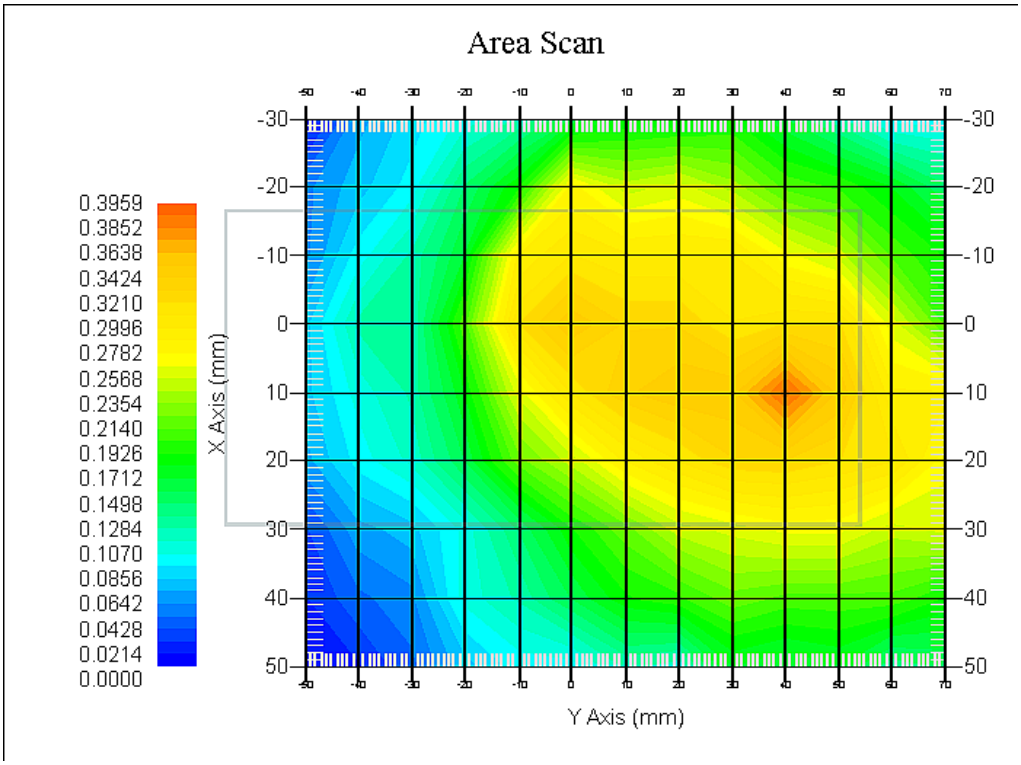
Measurement Data
Modulation mode : 4FSK
Crest Factor : 2
Scan Type : Complete
Area Scan : 15x8x1: Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm
Zoom Scan : 7x7x7: Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm
Power Drift-Start : 0.315 W/kg
Power Drift-Finish : 0.320 W/kg
Power Drift (%) : 1.587

Tissue Data
Type : Head
Frequency : 155.0MHz
Epsilon : 50.42 F/m
Sigma : 0.78 S/m
Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data
Serial No. : 500-00283
Frequency Band : 150
Duty Cycle Factor : 2
Conversion Factor : 6.0
Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20 1.20 µV/(V/m)2
Compression Point : 95.00 mV
Offset : 1.56 mm

1 gram SAR value : 0.357 W/kg
10 gram SAR value : 0.196 W/kg
Area Scan Peak SAR : 0.395 W/kg
Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 0.495 W/kg

Plot 1#



Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (Shenzhen)

Body-back 0.0cm (Digital 12.5k-155.0MHz)

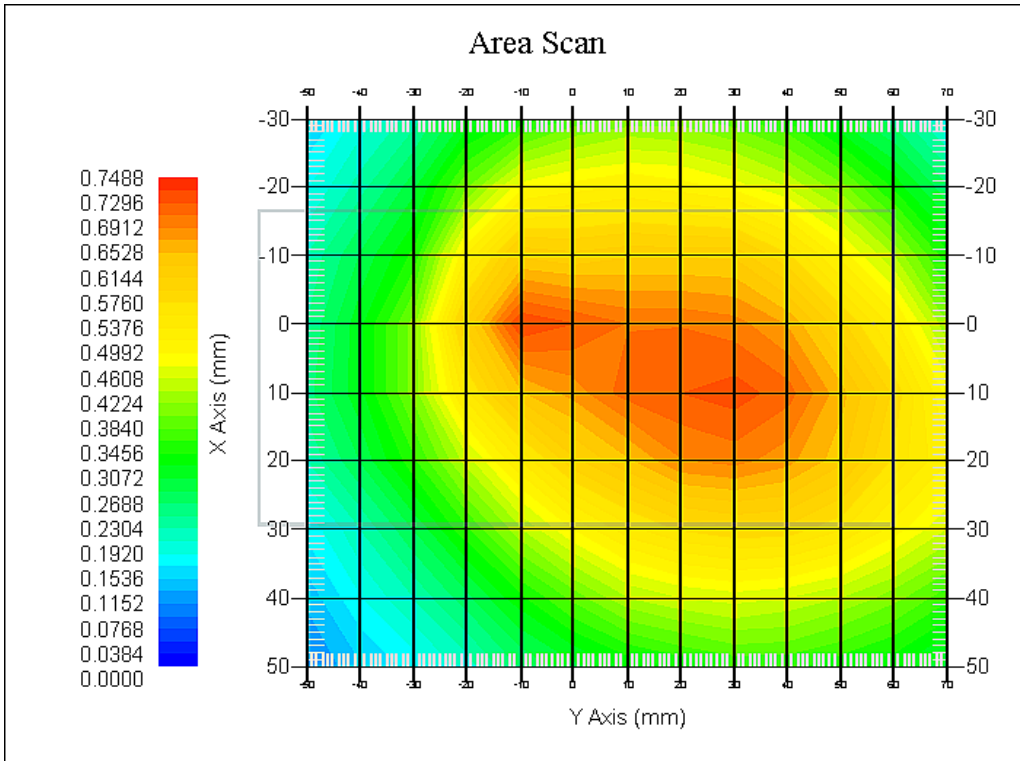
Measurement Data
Modulation mode : 4FSK
Crest Factor : 2
Scan Type : Complete
Area Scan : 15x8x1: Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm
Zoom Scan : 7x7x7: Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm
Power Drift-Start : 0.673 W/kg
Power Drift-Finish : 0.669 W/kg
Power Drift (%) : -0.594

Tissue Data
Type : Body
Frequency : 155.0 MHz
Epsilon : 61.78 F/m
Sigma : 0.80 S/m
Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data
Serial No. : 500-00283
Frequency Band : 150
Duty Cycle Factor : 2
Conversion Factor : 6.0
Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20 1.20 µV/(V/m)2
Compression Point : 95.00 mV
Offset : 1.56 mm

1 gram SAR value : 0.574 W/kg
10 gram SAR value : 0.386 W/kg
Area Scan Peak SAR : 0.741 W/kg
Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 0.859 W/kg

Plot 2#



Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (Shenzhen)

Face-Up 2.5cm (Analog 12.5k-155MHz)

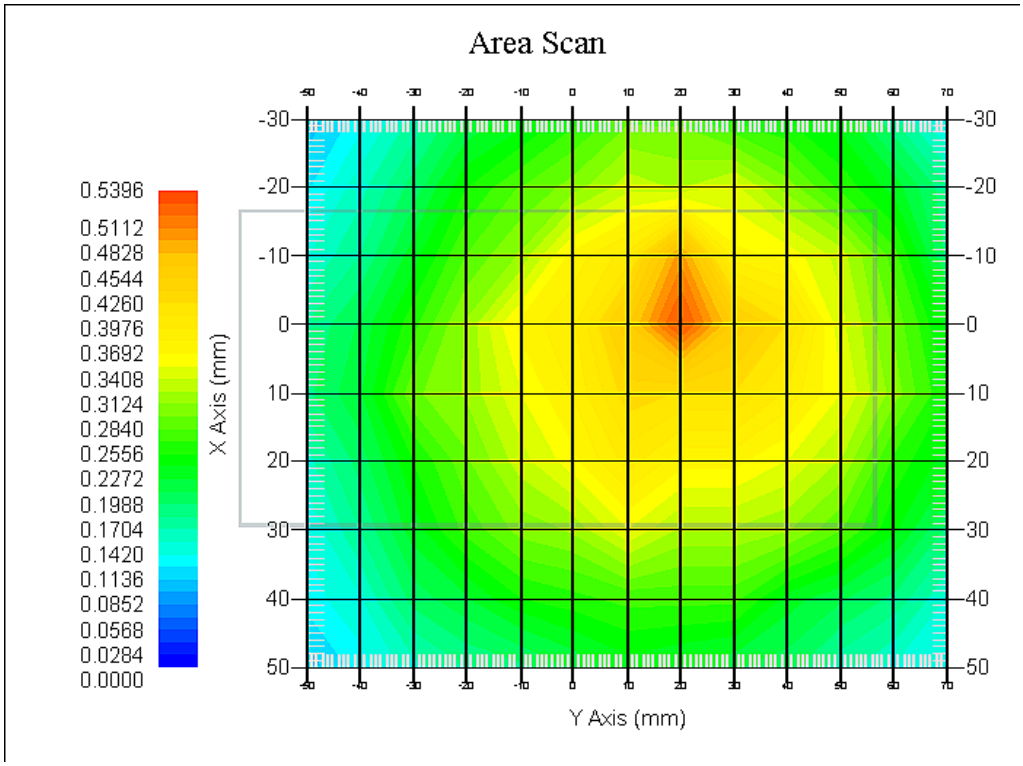
Measurement Data
Modulation mode : FM
Crest Factor : 1
Scan Type : Complete
Area Scan : 15x8x1: Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm
Zoom Scan : 7x7x7: Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm
Power Drift-Start : 0.365 W/kg
Power Drift-Finish : 0.371 W/kg
Power Drift (%) : 1.644

Tissue Data
Type : Head
Frequency : 155.0MHz
Epsilon : 50.42 F/m
Sigma : 0.78 S/m
Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data
Serial No. : 500-00283
Frequency Band : 150
Duty Cycle Factor : 1
Conversion Factor : 6.0
Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20 1.20 µV/(V/m)2
Compression Point : 95.00 mV
Offset : 1.56 mm

1 gram SAR value : 0.523 W/kg
10 gram SAR value : 0.382 W/kg
Area Scan Peak SAR : 0.537 W/kg
Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 0.728 W/kg

Plot 3#



Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (Shenzhen)

Body-back 0.0cm (Analog 12.5k-155.0MHz)

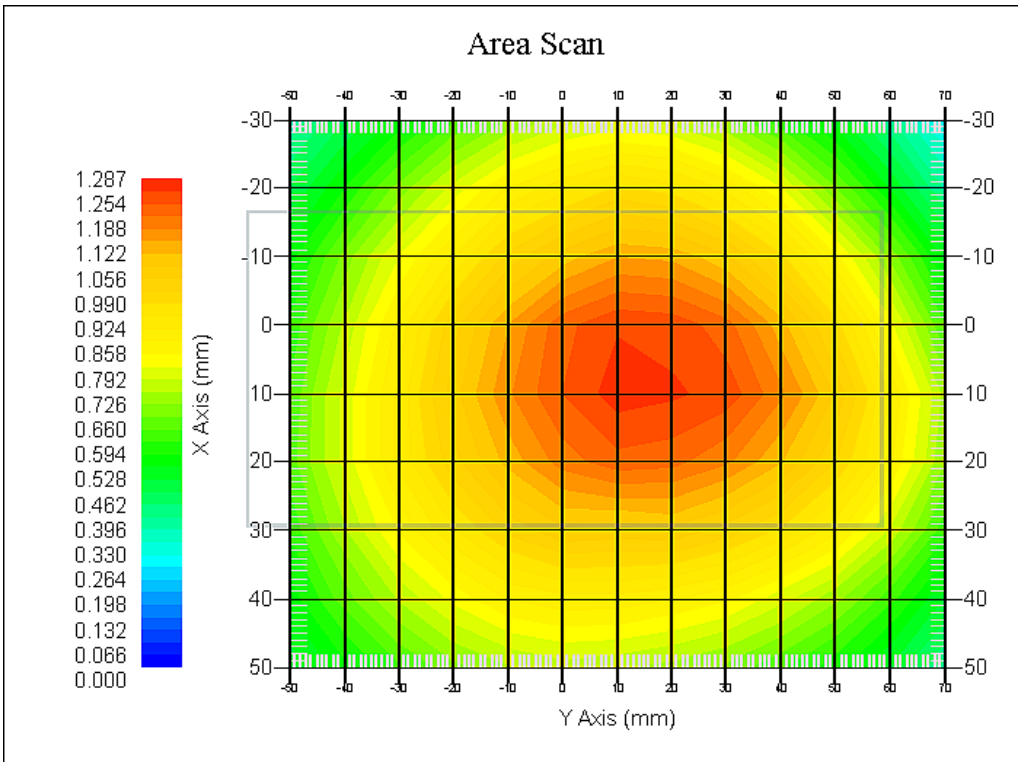
Measurement Data
Modulation mode : FM
Crest Factor : 1
Scan Type : Complete
Area Scan : 15x8x1: Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm
Zoom Scan : 7x7x7: Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm
Power Drift-Start : 1.053 W/kg
Power Drift-Finish : 1.050 W/kg
Power Drift (%) : -0.285

Tissue Data
Type : Body
Frequency : 155.0 MHz
Epsilon : 61.78 F/m
Sigma : 0.80 S/m
Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data
Serial No. : 500-00283
Frequency Band : 150
Duty Cycle Factor : 1
Conversion Factor : 6.0
Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20 1.20 µV/(V/m)2
Compression Point : 95.00 mV
Offset : 1.56 mm

1 gram SAR value : 1.171 W/kg
10 gram SAR value : 0.724 W/kg
Area Scan Peak SAR : 1.265 W/kg
Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 1.863 W/kg

Plot 4#



APPENDIX A – MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The uncertainty budget has been determined for the measurement system and is given in the following Table.

Measurement Uncertainty for 30 MHz to 6 GHz

Source of Uncertainty	Tolerance Value	Probability Distribution	Divisor	c_i^1 (1-g)	c_i^1 (10-g)	Standard Uncertainty (1-g) %	Standard Uncertainty (10-g) %
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	3.5	normal	1	1	1	3.5	3.5
Axial Isotropy	3.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	$(1\text{-cp})^{1/2}$	$(1\text{-cp})^{1/2}$	1.5	1.5
Hemispherical Isotropy	10.9	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	$\sqrt{cp}$	$\sqrt{cp}$	4.4	4.4
Boundary Effect	1.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Linearity	4.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7
Detection Limit	1.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Readout Electronics	1.0	normal	1	1	1	1.0	1.0
Response Time	0.8	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5
Integration Time	1.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.0	1.0
RF Ambient Condition -Noise	0.6	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.3	0.3
RF Ambient Condition - Reflections	3.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7
Probe Positioner Mech. Restrictions	0.4	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.2	0.2
Restriction							
Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	2.9	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7
Extrapolation and Integration	3.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.1	2.1
Test Sample Positioning	2.3	normal	1	1	1	2.3	2.3
Device Holder Uncertainty	6.215	normal	1	1	1	6.215	6.215
Drift of Output Power	4.627	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.67	2.67
Phantom and Setup							
Phantom Uncertainty(shape & thickness tolerance)	3.4	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.0	2.0
Liquid Conductivity(target)	5.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.5	2.0	1.4
Liquid Conductivity(meas.)	1.938	normal	1	0.7	0.5	1.36	0.97
Liquid Permittivity(target)	5.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.5	1.7	1.4
Liquid Permittivity(meas.)	3.093	normal	1	0.6	0.5	1.86	1.55
Combined Uncertainty		RSS				10.78	10.55
Expanded uncertainty (coverage factor=2)		Normal(k=2)				21.56	21.10

APPENDIX B – PROBE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Calibration File No.: PC-1598

Task No: BACL-5778

CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated in the **NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES** by qualified personnel following recognized procedures and using transfer standards traceable to NRC/NIST.

Equipment: Miniature Isotropic RF Probe
Record of Calibration
Head and Body
Manufacturer: APREL Laboratories
Model No.: E-020
Serial No.: 500-00283

Calibration Procedure: D01-032-E020-V2, D22-012-Tissue, D28-002-Dipole
Project No: BACL-5745

Calibrated: 14th October 2014
Released on: 14th October 2014

This Calibration Certificate is Incomplete Unless Accompanied with the Calibration Results Summary

Released By: 

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Suite 102, 303 Terry Fox Dr,
OTTAWA, ONTARIO
CANADA K2K 3J1

Division of APREL Lab.
TEL: (613) 435-8300
FAX: (613) 435-8306

NCL Calibration Laboratories

Division of APREL Inc.

Introduction

This Calibration Report reproduces the results of the calibration performed in line with the references listed below. Calibration is performed using accepted methodologies as per the references listed below. Probes are calibrated for air, and tissue and the values reported are the results from the physical quantification of the probe through meteorgical practices.

Calibration Method

Probes are calibrated using the following methods.

<800 MHz
TEM Cell for sensitivity in air
Standard phantom using temperature transfer method for sensitivity in tissue

>800 MHz
Waveguide* method to determine sensitivity in air and tissue
*Waveguide is numerically (simulation) assessed to determine the field distribution and power

The boundary effect for the probe is assessed using a standard flat phantom where the probe output is compared against a numerically simulated series of data points

References

- IEEE Standard 1528:2013
  IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques
- EN 62209-1:2006
  Human Exposure to RF Fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices - Human models. instrumentation, and procedures - Part 1: Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held mobile wireless devices
- IEC 62209-2:2010
  Human exposure to RF fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless devices - Human models, instrumentation, and procedures - Part 2: specific absorption rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices (30 MHz - 6 GHz)
- TP-D01-032-E020-V2 E-Field probe calibration procedure
- D22-012-Tissue dielectric tissue calibration procedure
- D28-002-Dipole procedure for validation of SAR system using a dipole
- IEEE 1309 Standard for Calibration of Electromagnetic Field Sensors and Probes, Excluding Antennas, from 9kHz to 40GHz

NCL Calibration Laboratories
Division of APREL Inc.

Conditions

Probe 500-00283 was a recalibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory:	22 °C +/- 1.5°C
Temperature of the Tissue:	21 °C +/- 1.5°C
Relative Humidity:	< 60%

Primary Measurement Standards

Instrument	Serial Number	Cal due date
Tektronix USB Power Meter	11C940	May 14, 2015
Signal Generator HP 83640B	3844A00689	Feb 12, 2015

Secondary Measurement Standards

Network Analyzer Anritsu 37347C	002106	Feb. 20, 2015

Attestation

The below named signatories have conducted the calibration and review of the data which is presented in this calibration report.

We the undersigned attest that to the best of our knowledge the calibration of this subject has been accurately conducted and that all information contained within the results pages have been reviewed for accuracy.

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

Dan Brooks, Test Engineer

Page 3 of 10
This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document.

NCL Calibration Laboratories
Division of APREL Inc.

Probe Summary

Probe Type:	E-Field Probe E020
Serial Number:	500-00283
Frequency:	As presented on page 5
Sensor Offset:	1.56
Sensor Length:	2.5
Tip Enclosure:	Composite*
Tip Diameter:	< 2.9 mm
Tip Length:	55 mm
Total Length:	289 mm

*Resistive to recommended tissue recipes per IEEE-1528

Sensitivity in Air

Channel X:	1.2 μV/(V/m)²
Channel Y:	1.2 μV/(V/m)²
Channel Z:	1.2 μV/(V/m)²

Diode Compression Point:	95 mV

NCL Calibration Laboratories
Division of APREL Inc.

Calibration for Tissue (Head H, Body B)

Frequency	Tissue Type	Measured Epsilon	Measured Sigma	Standard Uncertainty (%)	Calibration Frequency Range (MHz)	Conversion Factor
450 H	Head	43.59	0.86	3.5	±50	5.7
450 B	Body	56.74	0.94	3.5	±50	5.8
750 H	Head	42.98	0.92	3.5	±50	6.0
750 B	Body	43.05	0.93	3.5	±50	5.5
835 H	Head	43.42	0.94	3.5	±50	5.9
835 B	Body	55.77	1.01	3.5	±50	5.9
900 H	Head	41.87	1.06	3.5	±50	6.0
900 B	Body	55.62	1.05	3.5	±50	5.9
1450 H	Head	X	X	X	X	X
1450 B	Body	X	X	X	X	X
1500 H	Head	X	X	X	X	X
1500 B	Body	X	X	X	X	X
1640 H	Head	X	X	X	X	X
1640 B	Body	X	X	X	X	X
1750 H	Head	38.23	1.38	3.5	±75	5.4
1750 B	Body	52.86	1.54	3.5	±75	5.3
1800 H	Head	X	X	X	X	X
1800 B	Body	X	X	X	X	X
1900 H	Head	40.20	1.38	3.5	±75	4.8
1900 B	Body	52.63	1.46	3.5	±75	4.5
2000 H	Head	X	X	X	X	X
2000 B	Body	X	X	X	X	X
2100 H	Head	X	X	X	X	X
2100 B	Body	X	X	X	X	X
2300 H	Head	X	X	X	X	X
2300 B	Body	X	X	X	X	X
2450 H	Head	37.26	1.84	3.5	±75	4.9
2450B	Body	53.61	1.9	3.5	±75	4.3
3000 H	Head	X	X	X	X	X
3000 B	Body	X	X	X	X	X
3600 H	Head	37.49	3.16	3.5	±100	4.5
3600 B	Body	49.94	3.86	3.5	±100	4.0
5250 H	Head	35.51	4.78	3.5	±100	3.0
5250 B	Body	47.54	5.11	3.5	±100	2.8
5600 H	Head	36.05	5.15	3.5	±100	2.8
5600 B	Body	46.49	5.72	3.5	±100	2.2
5800 H	Head	45.99	6.01	3.5	±100	3.2
5800 B	Body	35.6	5.37	3.5	±100	2.5

Page 5 of 10
This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document.

NCL Calibration Laboratories
Division of APREL Inc.

Boundary Effect:

Uncertainty resulting from the boundary effect is less than 2.1% for the distance between the tip of the probe and the tissue boundary, when less than 0.58mm.

Spatial Resolution:

The spatial resolution uncertainty is less than 1.5% for 4.9mm diameter probe.
The spatial resolution uncertainty is less than 1.0% for 2.5mm diameter probe.

DAQ-PAQ Contribution

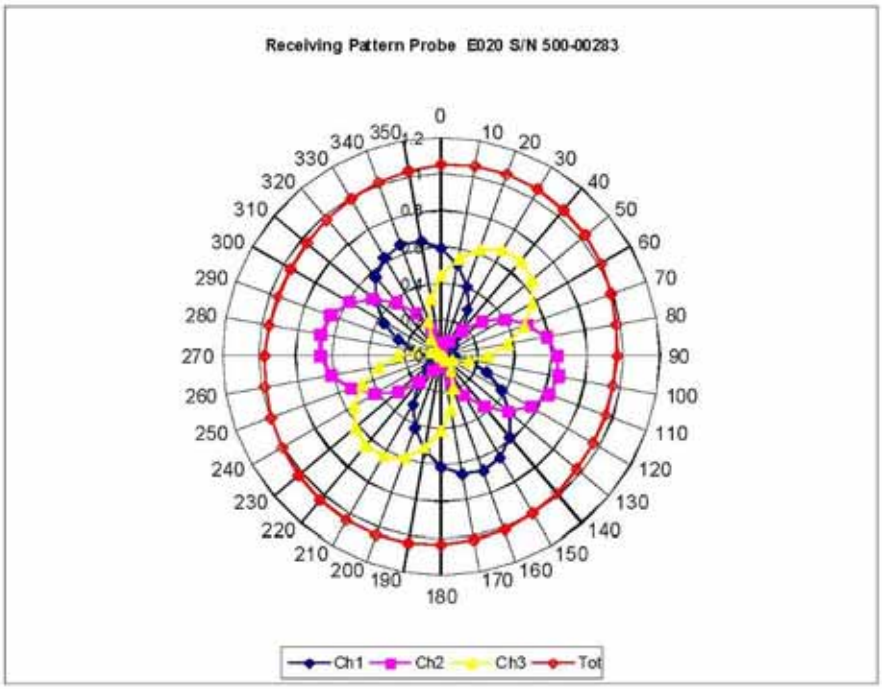
To minimize the uncertainty calculation all tissue sensitivity values were calculated using a load impedance of 5 MΩ.

Probe Calibration Uncertainty

Uncertainty component	Tolerance (±%)	Probability distribution	Divisor	Standard uncertainty (±%)
Incident or forward power	2.5	R	√3	1.44
Reflected power	2	R	√3	1.15
Liquid conductivity measurement	1	R	√3	0.58
Liquid permittivity measurement	1	R	√3	0.58
Liquid conductivity deviation	1.5	R	√3	0.87
Liquid permittivity deviation	1.5	R	√3	0.87
Frequency deviation	2.25	R	√3	1.30
Field homogeneity	2.5	R	√3	1.44
Field-probe positioning	2.5	R	√3	1.44
Field-probe linearity	1.55	R	√3	0.89
Combined standard uncertainty		RSS		**3.50**

NCL Calibration Laboratories
Division of APREL Inc.

Receiving Pattern Air



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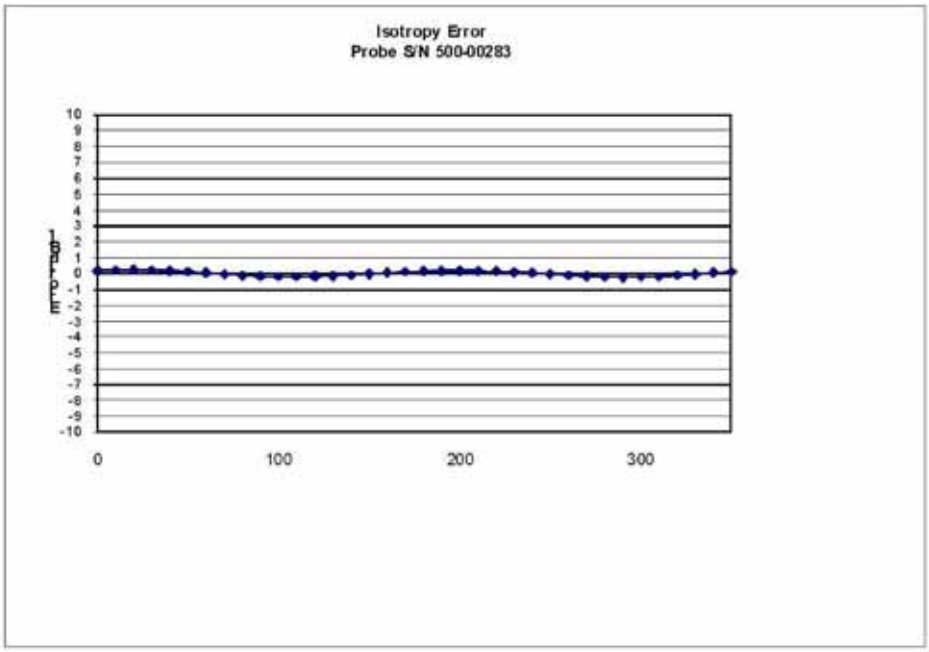
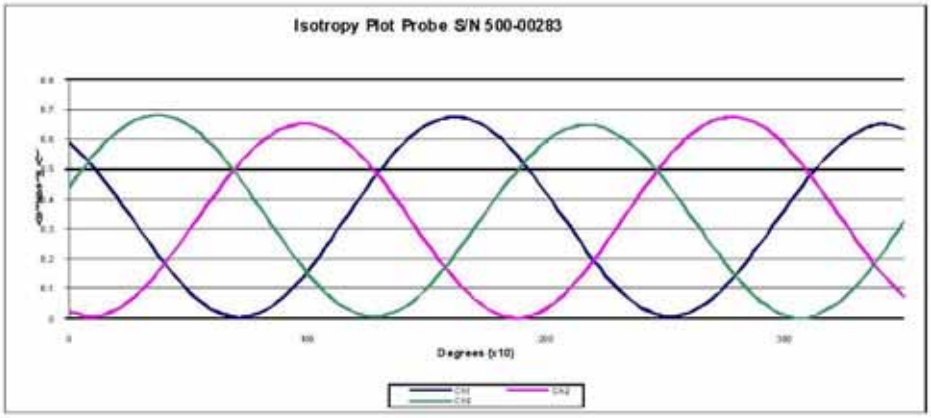
Division of APREL Inc.

Isotropy Error Air



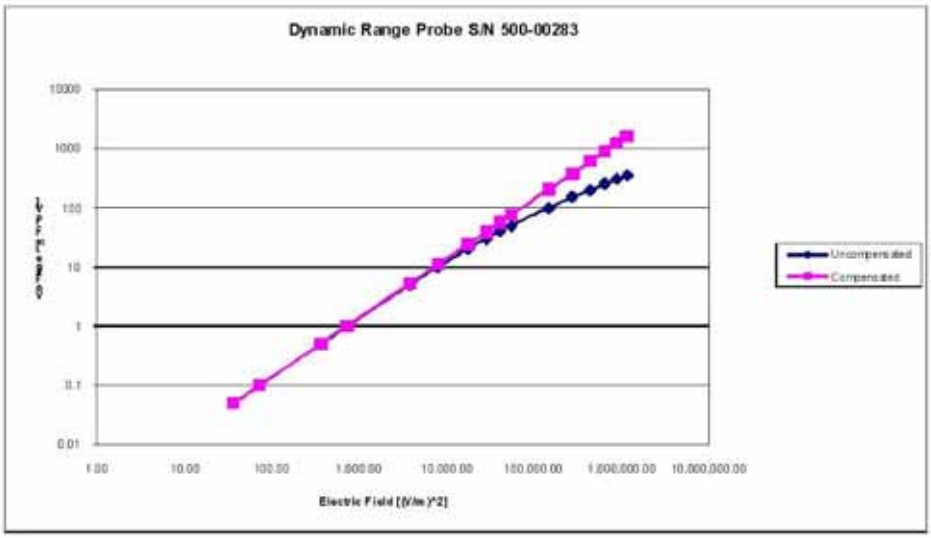


Isotropicity Tissue: 0.10 dB

Page 8 of 10
This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document.

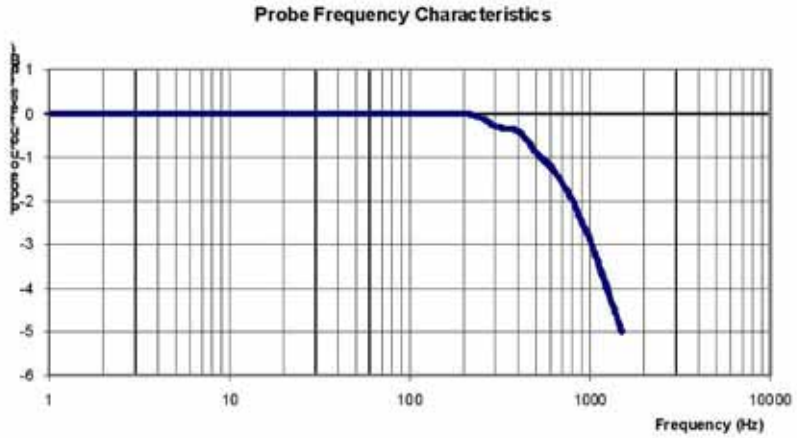
NCL Calibration Laboratories
Division of APREL Inc.

Dynamic Range



NCL Calibration Laboratories
Division of APREL Inc.

Video Bandwidth



Video Bandwidth at 500 Hz 1 dB
Video Bandwidth at 1.02 KHz: 3 dB

Test Equipment

The test equipment used during Probe Calibration, manufacturer, model number and, current calibration status are listed and located on the main APREL server R:\NCL\Calibration Equipment\Instrument List May 2014.

Page 10 of 10
This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document.

ANNEX

PROBE ALS-E020 S/N 500-00283 CALIBRATION

Conditions

Ambient Temperature of the laboratory: 20 °C +/- 1.5°C
Temperature of the Tissue: 21 °C +/- 1.5°C
Relative Humidity: < 55%

Frequency	Tissue Type	Measured Epsilon	Measured Sigma	Standard Uncertainty (%)	Calibration Frequency Range (MHz)	Conversion Factor
150 H	Head	50.6	0.78	3.5	±50	6.0
150 B	Body	60.8	0.82	3.5	±50	6.0

Probe Calibration Uncertainty

Uncertainty component	Tolerance (± %)	Probability distribution	Divisor	Standard uncertainty (± %)
Incident or forward power	2.5	R	√3	1.44
Reflected power	2	R	√3	1.15
Liquid conductivity measurement	1	R	√3	0.58
Liquid permittivity measurement	1	R	√3	0.58
Liquid conductivity deviation	1.5	R	√3	0.87
Liquid permittivity deviation	1.5	R	√3	0.87
Frequency deviation	2.25	R	√3	1.30
Field homogeneity	2.5	R	√3	1.44
Field-probe positioning	2.5	R	√3	1.44
Field-probe linearity	1.55	R	√3	0.89
Combined standard uncertainty		RSS		3.50

APPENDIX C – DIPOLE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **BACL**

Certificate No: **CLA150-4004_May14**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	CLA150 - SN: 4004
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-15.v8 Calibration procedure for system validation sources below 700 MHz
Calibration date:	May 08, 2014

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911)	Apr-15
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911)	Apr-15
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01915)	Apr-15
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5058 (20k)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01918)	Apr-15
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921)	Apr-15
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 3877	06-Jan-14 (No. EX3-3877_Jan14)	Jan-15
DAE4	SN: 654	18-Jul-13 (No. DAE4-654_Jul13)	Jul-14

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)	In house check: Apr-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-14

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Israe El-Naouq	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: May 8, 2014

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2013
b) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

c) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The source is mounted in a touch configuration below the center marking of the flat phantom.
- *Return Loss:* This parameter is measured with the source positioned under the liquid filled phantom (as described in the measurement condition clause). The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	ELI4 Flat Phantom	Shell thickness: 2 ± 0.2 mm
EUT Positioning	Touch Position	
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5.0 mm	
Frequency	150 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	**Permittivity**	**Conductivity**
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.3	0.76 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	49.9 ± 6 %	0.76 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	1 W input power	3.79 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**3.75 W/kg ± 18.4 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	1 W input power	2.51 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**2.49 W/kg ± 18.0 % (k=2)**

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	**Permittivity**	**Conductivity**
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	61.9	0.80 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	62.5 ± 6 %	0.80 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	1 W input power	3.80 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**3.81 W/kg ± 18.4 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	1 W input power	2.55 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**2.55 W/kg ± 18.0 % (k=2)**

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	45.5 Ω - 10.6 jΩ
Return Loss	- 18.4 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	46.0 Ω - 14.6 jΩ
Return Loss	- 16.2 dB

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	August 23, 2013

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 08.05.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: CLA150; Type: CLA150; Serial: CLA150 - SN: 4004

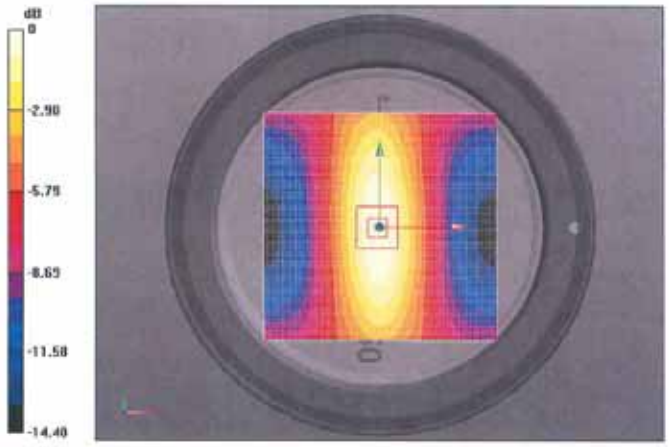
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 150 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 150 MHz; σ = 0.76 S/m; ε_r = 49.9; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3877; ConvF(11.76, 11.76, 11.76); Calibrated: 06.01.2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn654; Calibrated: 18.07.2013
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:1003
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

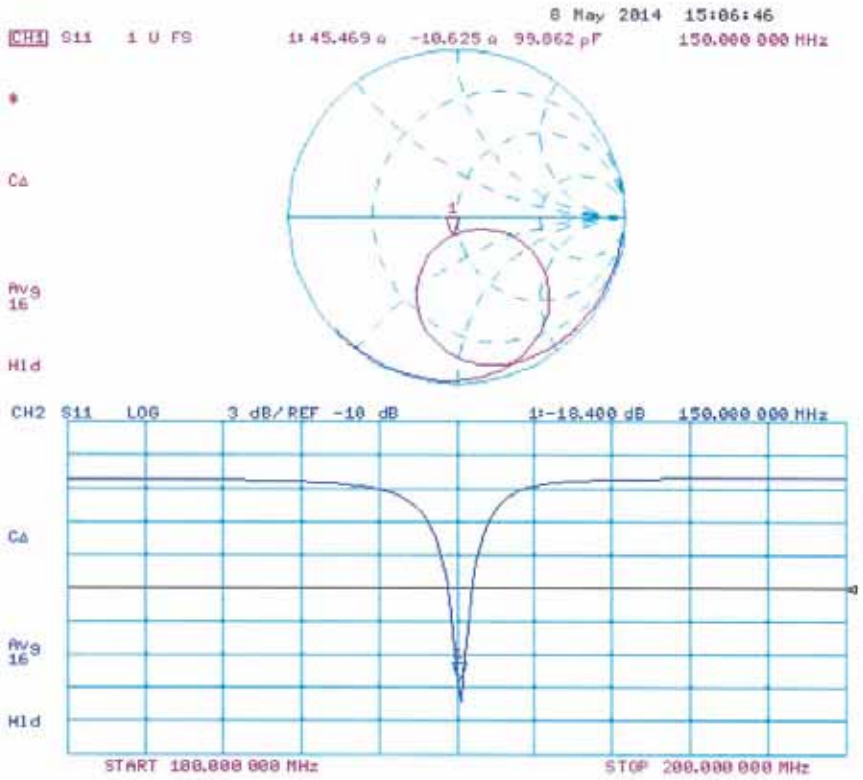
CLA Calibration for HSL-LF Tissue/CLA150, touch configuration, Pin=1W/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 4.91 W/kg

CLA Calibration for HSL-LF Tissue/CLA150, touch configuration, Pin=1W/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 80.11 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.11 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 3.79 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.51 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.89 W/kg



0 dB = 4.91 W/kg = 6.91 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



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DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 08.05.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: CLA150; Type: CLA150; Serial: CLA150 - SN: 4004

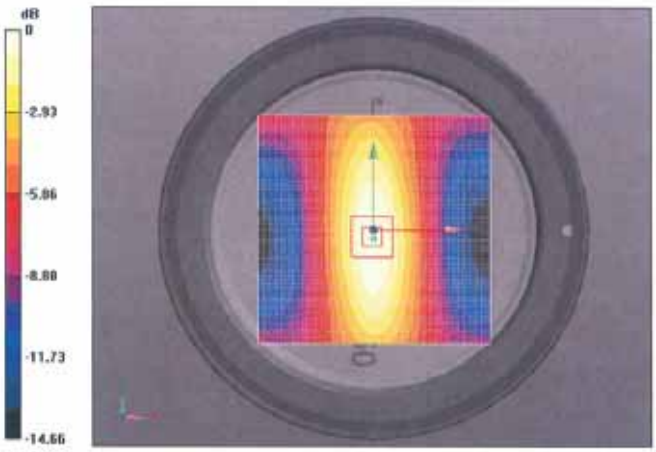
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 150 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 150 MHz; σ = 0.8 S/m; ε_r = 62.5; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3877; ConvF(11.45, 11.45, 11.45); Calibrated: 06.01.2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn654; Calibrated: 18.07.2013
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:1003
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

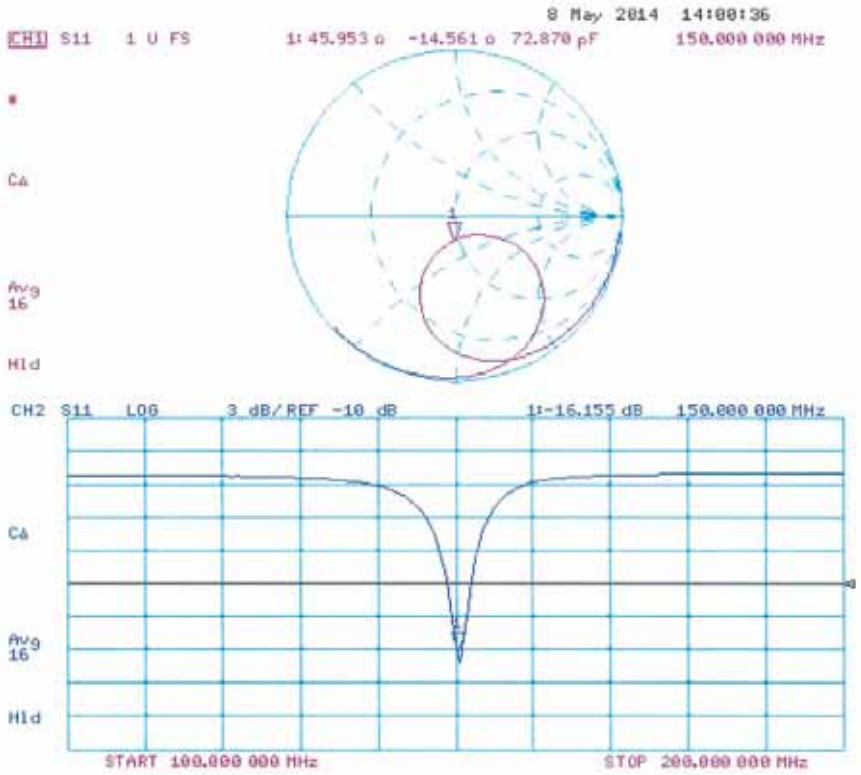
CLA Calibration for MSL-LF Tissue/CLA150, touch configuration, Pin=1W/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 4.87 W/kg

CLA Calibration for MSL-LF Tissue/CLA150, touch configuration, Pin=1W/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 77.84 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.05 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 3.8 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.55 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.88 W/kg



0 dB = 4.87 W/kg = 6.88 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



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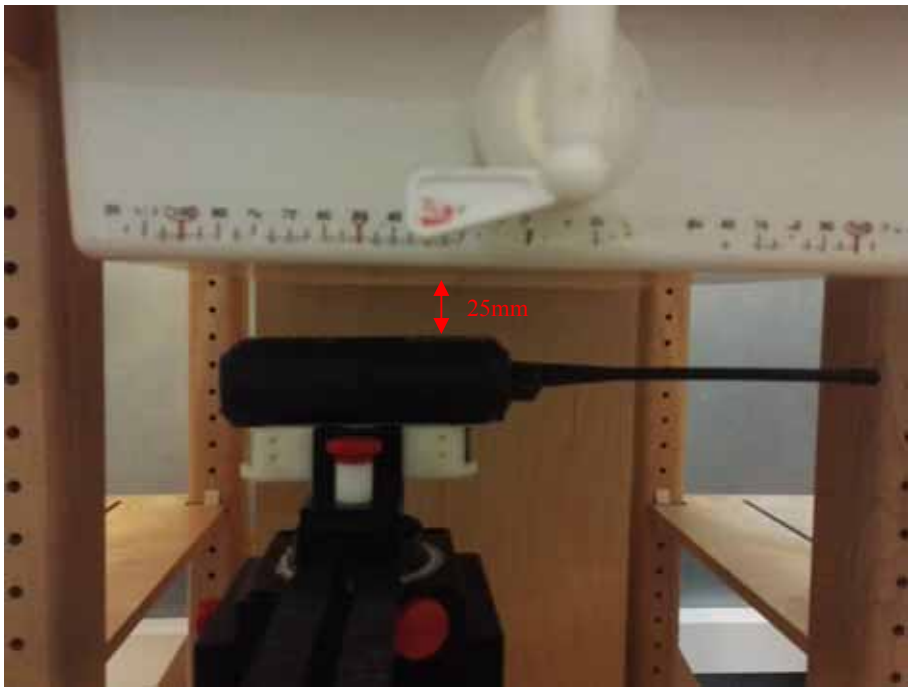
APPENDIX D – EUT TEST POSITION PHOTOS

Liquid depth ≥ 15cm

Face-Up 2.5 cm Separation to Flat Phantom



Body-Back 0.0 cm Separation to Flat Phantom

APPENDIX E – EUT PHOTOS

EUT – Front View

EUT – Back View

EUT–Left View

EUT–Right View

EUT–Top View

EUT–Bottom View

Battery View

EUT–Antenna1:136-174MHz

EUT – Belt Clip

APPENDIX F – INFORMATIVE REFERENCES

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[15] FCC OET KDB643646 SAR Test Reduction Considerations for Occupational PTT Radios.

PRODUCT SIMILARITY DECLARATION LETTER

TYT ELECTRONICS CO., LTD
Block 39-1, Optoelectronics-information industry b, Nan'an, Quanzhou, Fujian, China
Fax: +86 595-27770858 Fax: +86 595-27770857

2015-08-31

Product Similarity Declaration

To Whom It May Concern,

We, TYT ELECTRONICS CO., LTD, hereby declare that we have a product named as DMR (Model no: MD-380) was tested by BACL, meanwhile, for our marketing purpose, we would like to list a series models（MD-390 MD-368 MD-398 MD-446） on reports and certificate, all the models are identical schematics, except for the differences as below,

1, Model number

No other changes are made to them.
We confirm that all information above is true, and we'll be responsible for all the consequences. Please contact me if you have any question.

Signature:

Jiamao Lin

Manager

******* END OF REPORT *******