

4. System check result Body 5300MHz

(1) Simulated Tissue Liquid Parameter confirmation

DIELECTRIC PARAMETERS MEASUREMENT RESULTS											
Date	Ambient Temp. [deg.c]	Relative Humidity [%]	Liquid type	Liquid Temp. [deg.c]	Measured Frequency [MHz]	Parameters	Target Value	Measured	Deviation [%]	Limit [%]	Remark
-	-	-	-	-	3000	ϵ_r	52.0	-	-	-	*1
						σ [mho/m]	2.73	-	-	-	
17-Oct	24	48	MBBL 3.5-5.8	23.5	5300	ϵ_r	48.9	47.6	-2.7	+/-5	*2
						σ [mho/m]	5.42	5.59	3.1	+/-5	
24-Oct	24	53	MBBL 3.5-5.8	23.5	5300	ϵ_r	48.9	48.7	-0.4	+/-5	*2
						σ [mho/m]	5.42	5.59	3.1	+/-5	
-	-	-	-	-	5800	ϵ_r	48.2	-	-	-	*1
						σ [mho/m]	6.00	-	-	-	

ϵ_r : Relative Permittivity / σ : Conductivity

*1 The Target value is a parameter defined in KDB 865664D01.

*2 The dielectric parameters should be linearly interpolated between the closest pair of target frequencies to determine the applicable dielectric parameters corresponding to the device test frequency.

DIELECTRIC PARAMETERS MEASUREMENT RESULTS											
Date	Ambient Temp. [deg.c]	Relative Humidity [%]	Liquid type	Liquid Temp. [deg.c]	Measured Frequency [MHz]	Parameters	Target Value	Measured	Deviation [%]	Limit [%]	Remark
17-Oct	24	48	MBBL 3.5-5.8	23.5	5300	ϵ_r	47.2	47.6	0.9	+/-6	*3*4
						σ [mho/m]	5.57	5.59	0.3	+/-6	
24-Oct	24	53	MBBL 3.5-5.8	23.5	5300	ϵ_r	47.2	48.7	3.2	+/-6	*3*4
						σ [mho/m]	5.57	5.59	0.3	+/-6	

ϵ_r : Relative Permittivity / σ : Conductivity

*3 The target value is the calibrated dipole Body TSL parameters. (D5GHzV2 SN:1020, Measured Body TSL parameters)

*4 The limit is for deviation provided by manufacture.

(2) SAR correction for deviations of complex permittivity from target

The measured SAR results are corrected with target value of KDB865664D01.

Corrected SAR(1g) = Measured SAR(1g) x (100- $\Delta\epsilon_r$)/100

$$\Delta\text{SAR} = c\epsilon \Delta\epsilon_r + c\sigma \Delta\sigma$$

<1g>

$$C\epsilon = -7.854 \times 10^{-4} f^3 + 9.402 \times 10^{-3} f^2 - 2.742 \times 10^{-2} f + 0.2026$$

$$C\sigma = 9.804 \times 10^{-3} f^3 - 8.661 \times 10^{-2} f^2 + 2.981 \times 10^{-2} f + 0.7829$$

<10g>

$$C\epsilon = 3.456 \times 10^{-3} f^3 - 3.531 \times 10^{-2} f^2 + 7.675 \times 10^{-2} f - 0.1860$$

$$C\sigma = 4.479 \times 10^{-3} f^3 - 1.586 \times 10^{-2} f^2 - 0.1972 f + 0.7717$$

'f' is the frequency in GHz.

Date	17-Oct	24-Oct
f(GHz)=	5.3	5.3
$\Delta\epsilon_r(\%)$ =	-2.7	-0.4
$\Delta\sigma(\%)$ =	3.1	3.1
1g C ϵ =	-0.2008	-0.2008
C σ =	-0.0324	-0.0324
$\Delta\text{SAR}(\%)$ =	0.44	-0.02
10g C ϵ =	-0.2566	-0.2566
C σ =	-0.0521	-0.0521
$\Delta\text{SAR}(\%)$ =	0.53	-0.06

(3) System check result (for calibration by manufacture)

SYSTEM CHECK									
Date	Frequency [MHz]	SAR 1g [W/kg]				Target Value(1W)	Deviation [%]	Limit [%]	Remark
		Forward Power 100mW		Conversion 1W					
		Measured	ΔSAR corrected	Calculation					
17-Oct	5300.00	8.06	8.02	80.25		75.80	5.9	+/-10	*5
24-Oct	5300.00	8.29	8.29	82.92		75.80	9.4	+/-10	*5

*5 The target value is the parameter defined in SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters in manufacturer calibrated dipole (D5GHzV2 SN:1020)

Please refer to " SAR result with Body TSL of Appendix 2 2. System Check Dipole (D5GHzV2,S/N: 1020)".

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Body 5300MHz System Check DATA / Dipole5GHz / Forward Conducted Power : 100mW

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Communication System Band: D5GHz (5000.0 - 6000.0 MHz); Frequency: 5300 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 5300$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.586$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 47.603$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3825; ConvF(4.23, 4.23, 4.23); Calibrated: 2013/12/13;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn509; Calibrated: 2014/07/28

Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1045

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000$ mm, $dy=1.000$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 17.7 W/kg

Zoom Scan (8x8x6)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4$ mm, $dy=4$ mm, $dz=2$ mm

Reference Value = 57.00 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

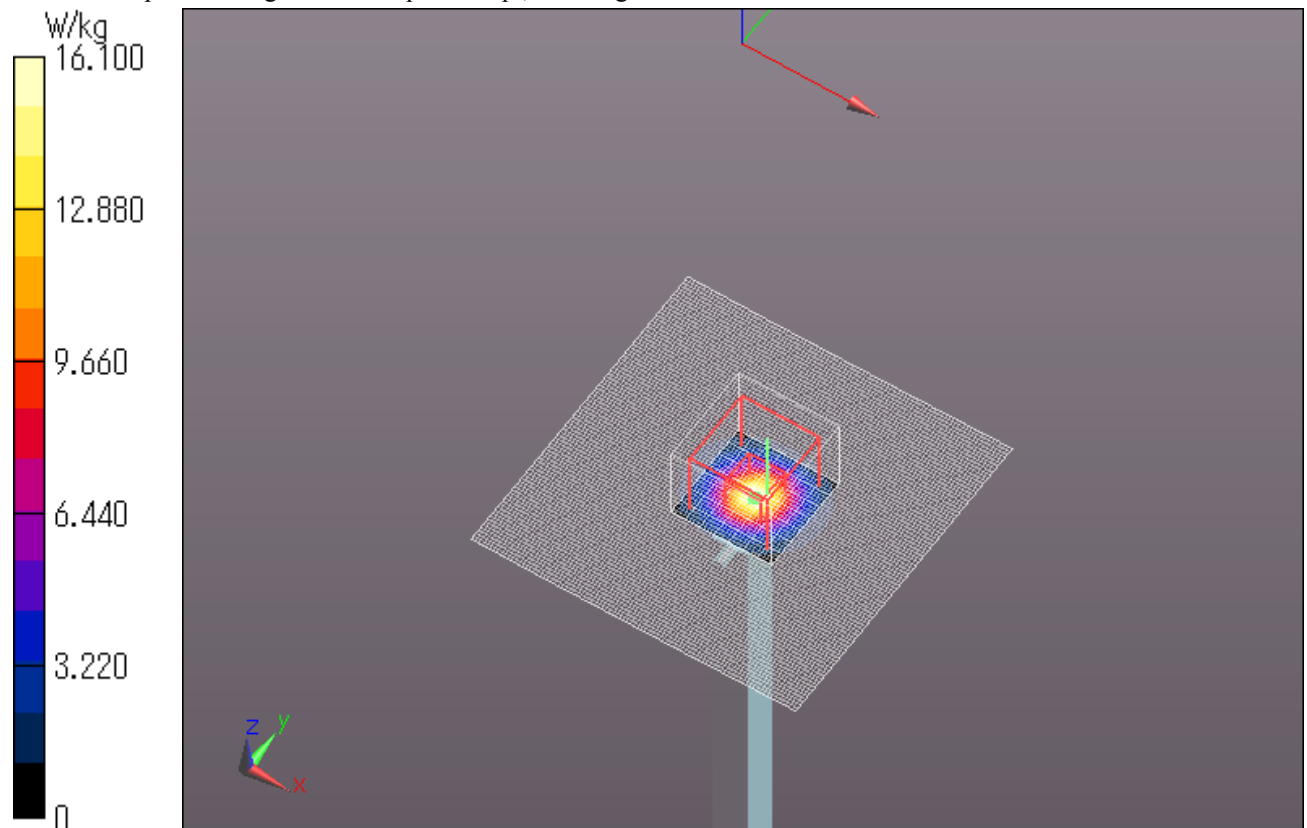
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.06 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.21 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.1 W/kg

Date: 2014/10/17

Ambient Temp. : 24.0 degree.C. Liquid Temp.; 23.5 degree.C.



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Body 5300MHz System Check DATA / Dipole5GHz / Forward Conducted Power : 100mW

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Communication System Band: D5GHz (5000.0 - 6000.0 MHz); Frequency: 5300 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 5300$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.586$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 47.603$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASYS (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASYS Configuration

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3825; ConvF(4.23, 4.23, 4.23); Calibrated: 2013/12/13;

Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn509; Calibrated: 2014/07/28

Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1045

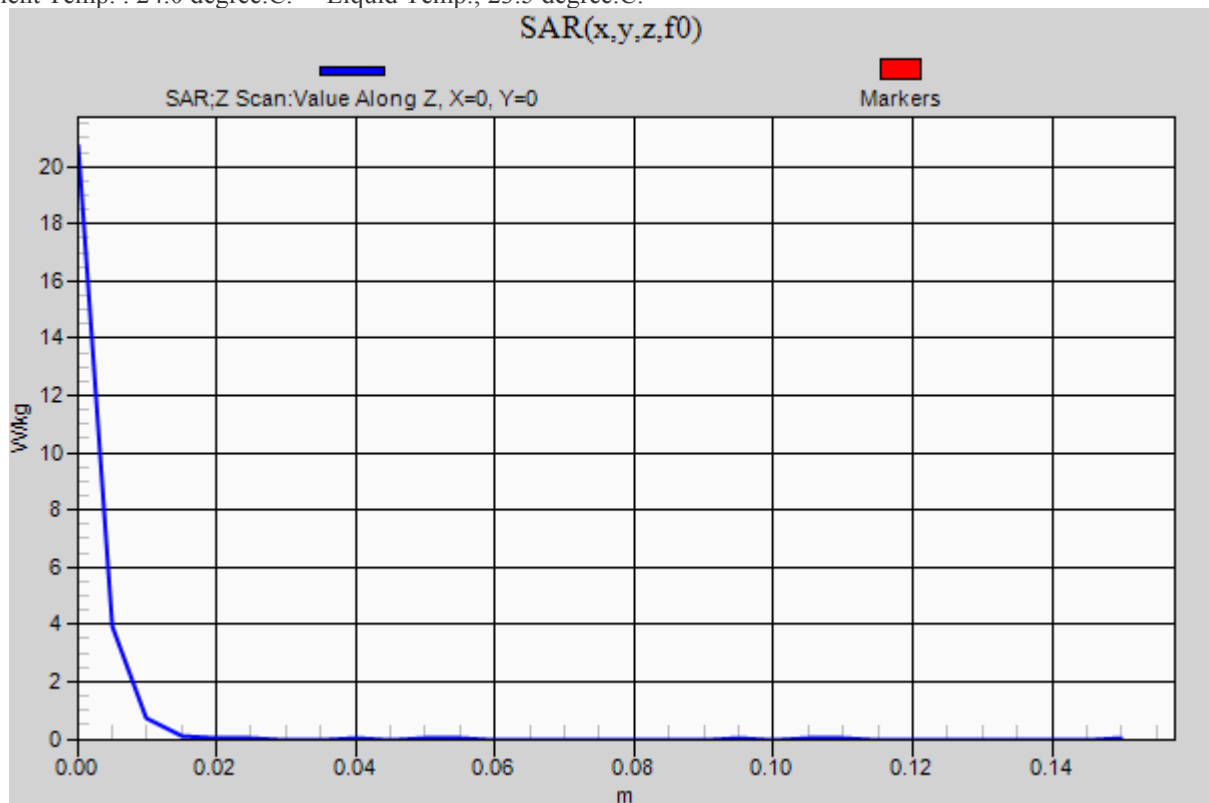
Measurement SW: DASYS2, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Z Scan (1x1x31): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.7 W/kg

Date: 2014/10/17

Ambient Temp. : 24.0 degree.C. Liquid Temp.; 23.5 degree.C.



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Body 5300MHz System Check DATA / Dipole5GHz / Forward Conducted Power : 100mW

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Communication System Band: D5GHz (5000.0 - 6000.0 MHz); Frequency: 5300 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 5300$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.587$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 48.727$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3825; ConvF(4.23, 4.23, 4.23); Calibrated: 2013/12/13;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn509; Calibrated: 2014/07/28

Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1045

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000$ mm, $dy=1.000$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 18.1 W/kg

Zoom Scan (8x8x6)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4$ mm, $dy=4$ mm, $dz=2$ mm

Reference Value = 57.17 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

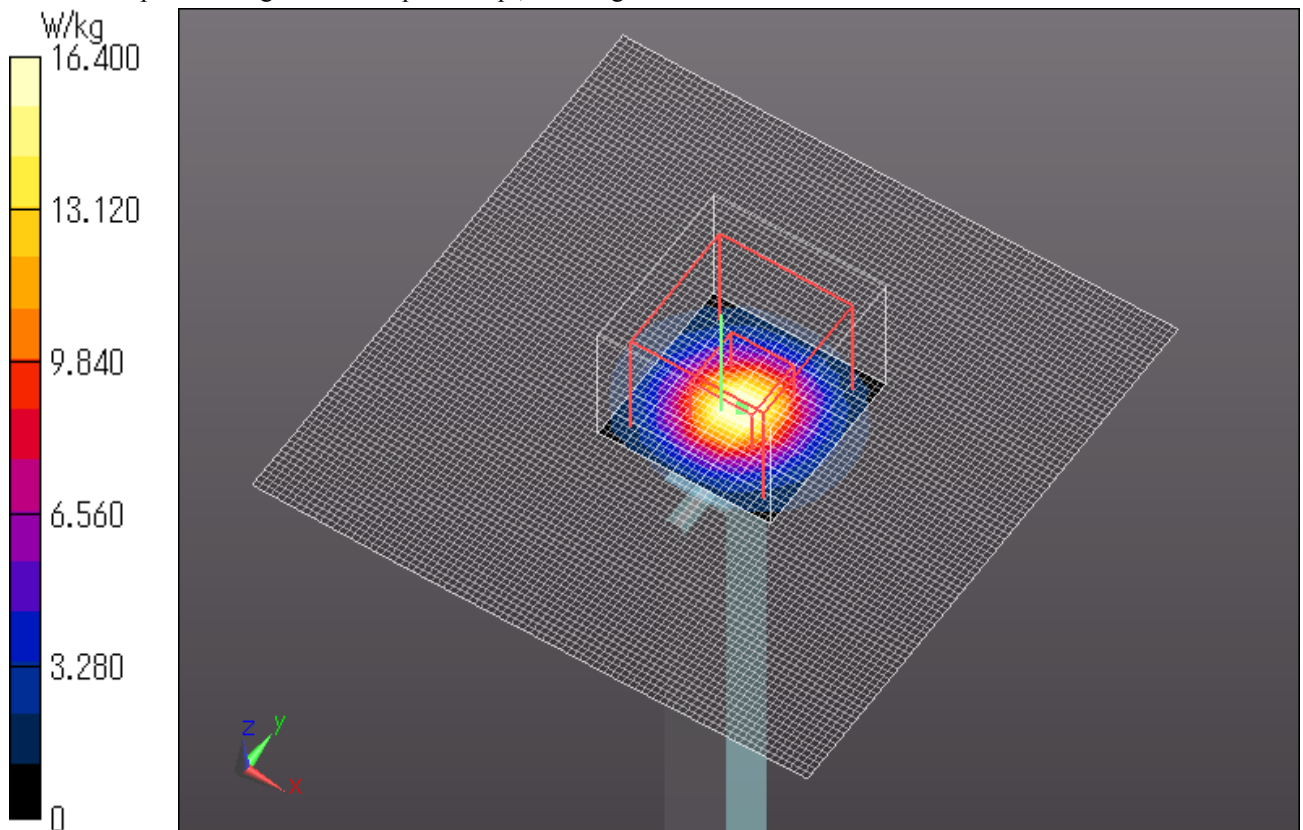
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.29 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.31 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.4 W/kg

Date: 2014/10/24

Ambient Temp. : 24.0 degree.C. Liquid Temp.; 23.5 degree.C.



Body 5300MHz System Check DATA / Dipole5GHz / Forward Conducted Power : 100mW

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Communication System Band: D5GHz (5000.0 - 6000.0 MHz); Frequency: 5300 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 5300$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.587$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 48.727$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3825; ConvF(4.23, 4.23, 4.23); Calibrated: 2013/12/13;

Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn509; Calibrated: 2014/07/28

Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1045

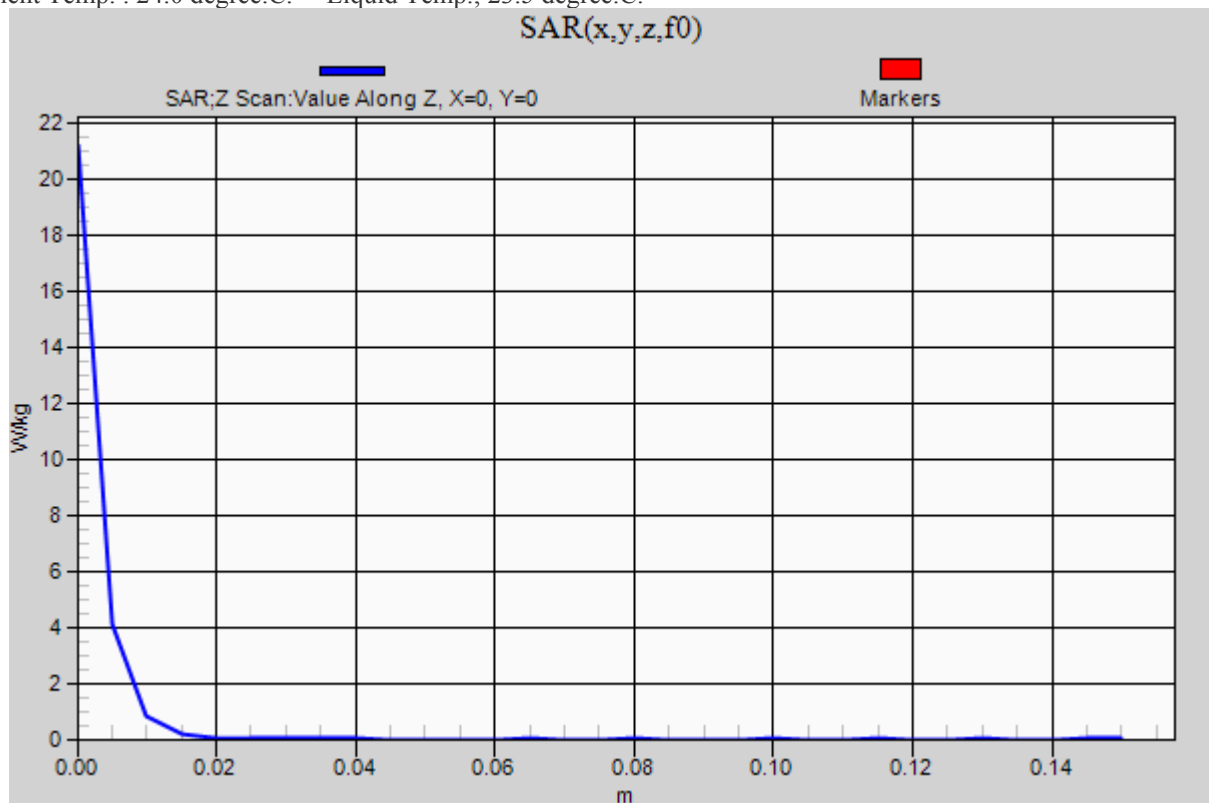
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Z Scan (1x1x31): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.2 W/kg

Date: 2014/10/24

Ambient Temp. : 24.0 degree.C. Liquid Temp.; 23.5 degree.C.



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5. System check result Body 5600MHz

(1) Simulated Tissue Liquid Parameter confirmation

DIELECTRIC PARAMETERS MEASUREMENT RESULTS											
Date	Ambient Temp. [deg.c]	Relative Humidity [%]	Liquid type	Liquid Temp. [deg.c]	Measured Frequency [MHz]	Parameters	Target Value	Measured	Deviation [%]	Limit [%]	Remark
-	-	-	-	-	3000	ϵ_r	52.0	-	-	-	*1
						σ [mho/m]	2.73	-	-	-	
17-Oct	24	48	MBBL 3.5-5.8	23.5	5600	ϵ_r	48.5	46.3	-4.5	+/-5	*2
						σ [mho/m]	5.77	5.77	0.0	+/-5	
24-Oct	24	53	MBBL 3.5-5.8	23.5	5600	ϵ_r	48.5	47.8	-1.4	+/-5	*2
						σ [mho/m]	5.77	5.88	1.9	+/-5	
-	-	-	-	-	5800	ϵ_r	48.2	-	-	-	*1
						σ [mho/m]	6.00	-	-	-	

ϵ_r : Relative Permittivity / σ : Conductivity

*1 The Target value is a parameter defined in KDB 865664D01.

*2 The dielectric parameters should be linearly interpolated between the closest pair of target frequencies to determine

DIELECTRIC PARAMETERS MEASUREMENT RESULTS											
Date	Ambient Temp. [deg.c]	Relative Humidity [%]	Liquid type	Liquid Temp. [deg.c]	Measured Frequency [MHz]	Parameters	Target Value	Measured	Deviation [%]	Limit [%]	Remark
17-Oct	24	48	MBBL 3.5-5.8	23.5	5600	ϵ_r	46.6	46.3	-0.6	+/-6	*3*4
						σ [mho/m]	5.98	5.77	-3.5	+/-6	
24-Oct	24	53	MBBL 3.5-5.8	23.5	5600	ϵ_r	46.6	47.8	2.6	+/-6	*3*4
						σ [mho/m]	5.98	5.88	-1.7	+/-6	

ϵ_r : Relative Permittivity / σ : Conductivity

*3 The target value is the calibrated dipole Body TSL parameters. (D5GHzV2 SN:1020, Measured Body TSL parameters)

*4 The limit is for deviation provided by manufacture.

(2) SAR correction for deviations of complex permittivity from target

The measured SAR results are corrected with target value of KDB865664D01.

Corrected SAR(1g) = Measured SAR(1g) x (100- Δ SAR)/100

$$\Delta \text{SAR} = c\epsilon \Delta \epsilon_r + c\sigma \Delta \sigma$$

<1g>

$$C\epsilon = -7.854 \times 10^{-4} f^3 + 9.402 \times 10^{-3} f^2 - 2.742 \times 10^{-2} f - 0.2026$$

$$C\sigma = 9.804 \times 10^{-3} f^3 - 8.661 \times 10^{-2} f^2 + 2.981 \times 10^{-2} f + 0.7829$$

<10g>

$$C\epsilon = 3.456 \times 10^{-3} f^3 - 3.531 \times 10^{-2} f^2 + 7.675 \times 10^{-2} f - 0.1860$$

$$C\sigma = 4.479 \times 10^{-3} f^3 - 1.586 \times 10^{-2} f^2 - 0.1972 f + 0.7717$$

'f' is the frequency in GHz.

Date	17-Oct	24-Oct
f(GHz)=	5.6	5.6
$\Delta \epsilon_r(\%)$ =	-4.5	-1.40
$\Delta \sigma(\%)$ =	0.0	1.90
1g C ϵ =	-0.1992	-0.1992
C σ =	-0.0445	-0.0445
Δ SAR(%)=	0.90	0.19
10g C ϵ =	-0.2566	-0.2566
C σ =	-0.0434	-0.0434
Δ SAR(%)=	1.15	0.28

(3) System check result (for calibration by manufacture)

SYSTEM CHECK							
Date	Frequency [MHz]	SAR 1g [W/kg]					
		Forward Power 100mW		Conversion 1W		Target Value(1W)	Deviation [%]
		Measured	Δ SAR corrected	Calculation			
17-Oct	5600.00	8.00	7.93	79.28	80.30	-1.3	+/-10
24-Oct	5600.00	7.70	7.69	77.00	80.30	-4.1	+/-10

*5 The target value is the parameter defined in SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters in manufacturer calibrated dipole (D5GHzV2 SN:1020)

Please refer to " SAR result with Body TSL of Appendix 2 2. System Check Dipole (D5GHzV2,S/N: 1020)".

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Body 5600MHz System Check DATA / Dipole5GHz / Forward Conducted Power : 100mW

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Communication System Band: D5GHz (5000.0 - 6000.0 MHz); Frequency: 5600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 5600$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.771$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 46.337$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3825; ConvF(3.9, 3.9, 3.9); Calibrated: 2013/12/13;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn509; Calibrated: 2014/07/28

Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1045

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000$ mm, $dy=1.000$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 16.1 W/kg

Zoom Scan (8x8x6)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4$ mm, $dy=4$ mm, $dz=2$ mm

Reference Value = 58.68 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

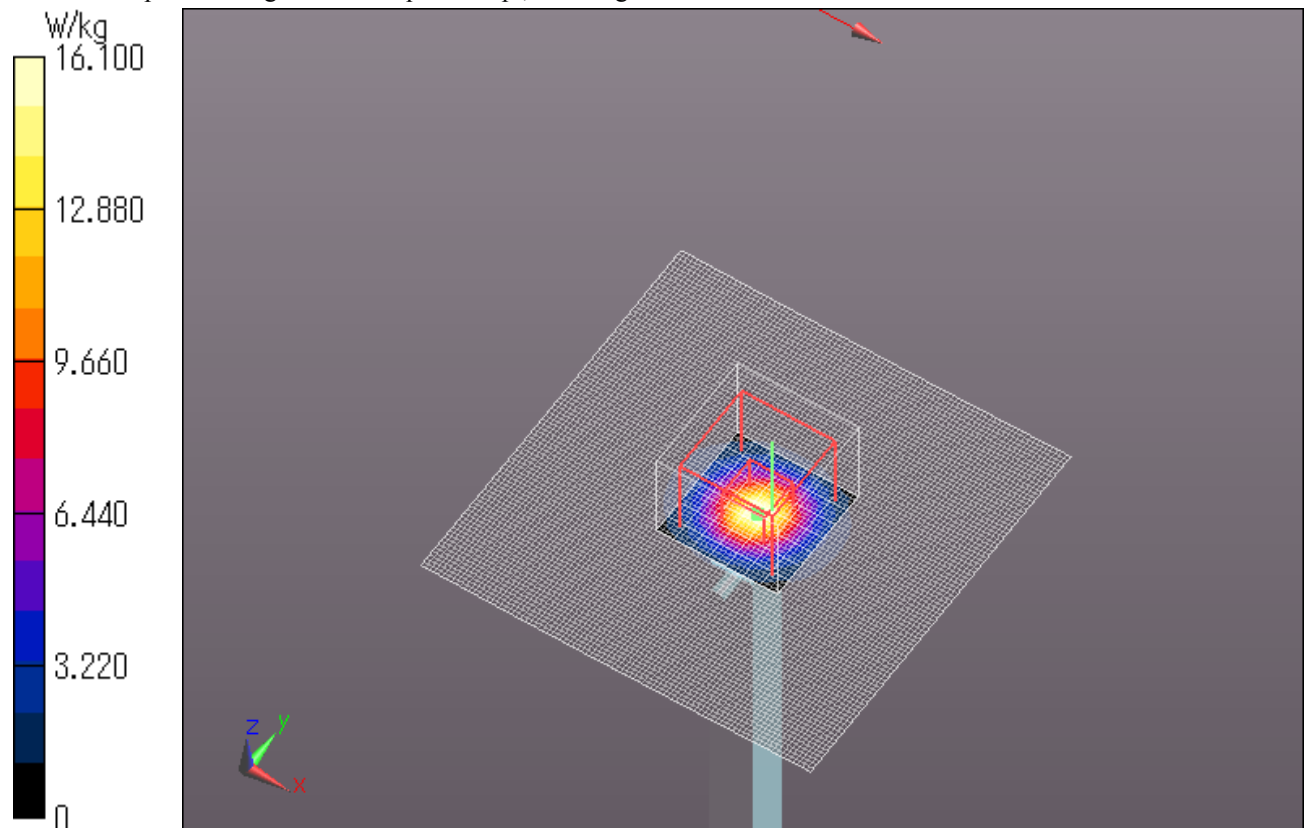
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.17 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.1 W/kg

Date: 2014/10/17

Ambient Temp. : 24.0 degree.C. Liquid Temp.; 23.5 degree.C.



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Body 5600MHz System Check DATA / Dipole5GHz / Forward Conducted Power : 100mW

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Communication System Band: D5GHz (5000.0 - 6000.0 MHz); Frequency: 5600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 5600$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.771$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 46.337$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3825; ConvF(3.9, 3.9, 3.9); Calibrated: 2013/12/13;

Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn509; Calibrated: 2014/07/28

Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1045

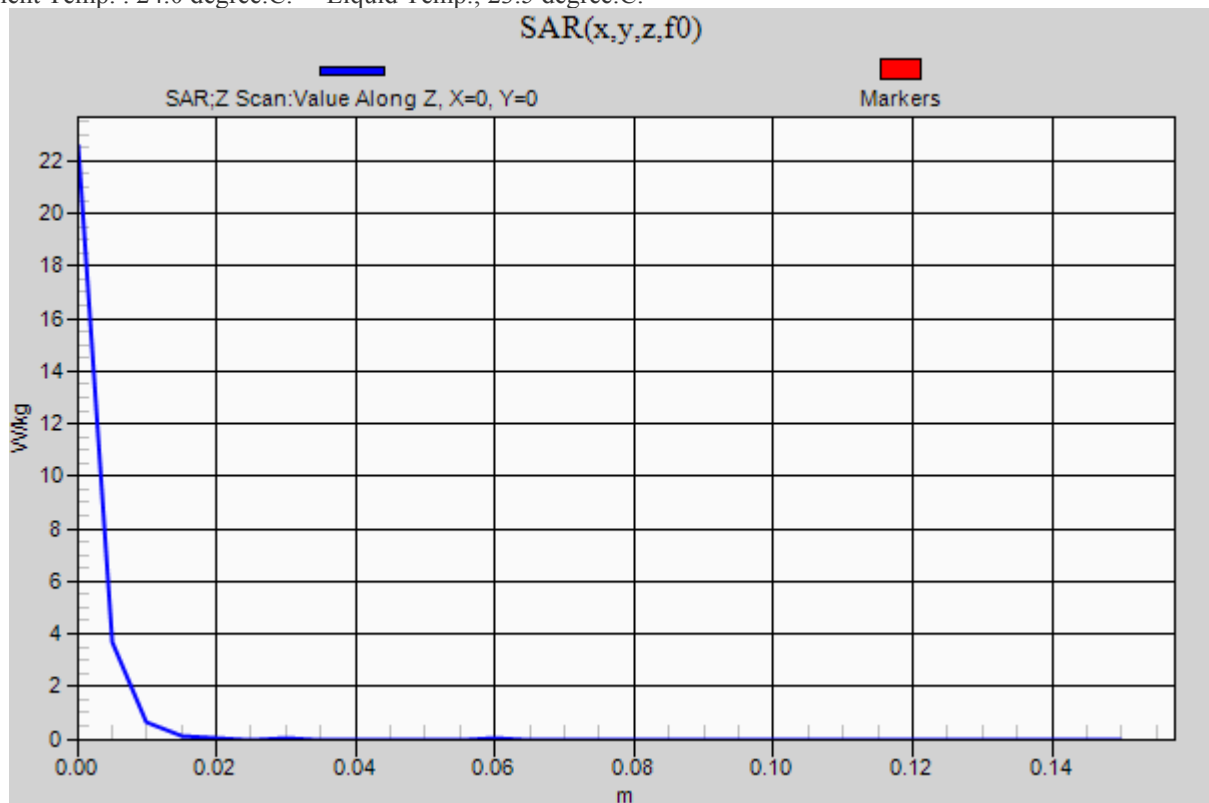
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Z Scan (1x1x31): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.6 W/kg

Date: 2014/10/17

Ambient Temp. : 24.0 degree.C. Liquid Temp.; 23.5 degree.C.



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Body 5600MHz System Check DATA / Dipole5GHz / Forward Conducted Power : 100mW

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Communication System Band: D5GHz (5000.0 - 6000.0 MHz); Frequency: 5600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 5600$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.88$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 47.813$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3825; ConvF(3.9, 3.9, 3.9); Calibrated: 2013/12/13;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn509; Calibrated: 2014/07/28

Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1045

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000$ mm, $dy=1.000$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 16.7 W/kg

Zoom Scan (8x8x6)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4$ mm, $dy=4$ mm, $dz=2$ mm

Reference Value = 53.26 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

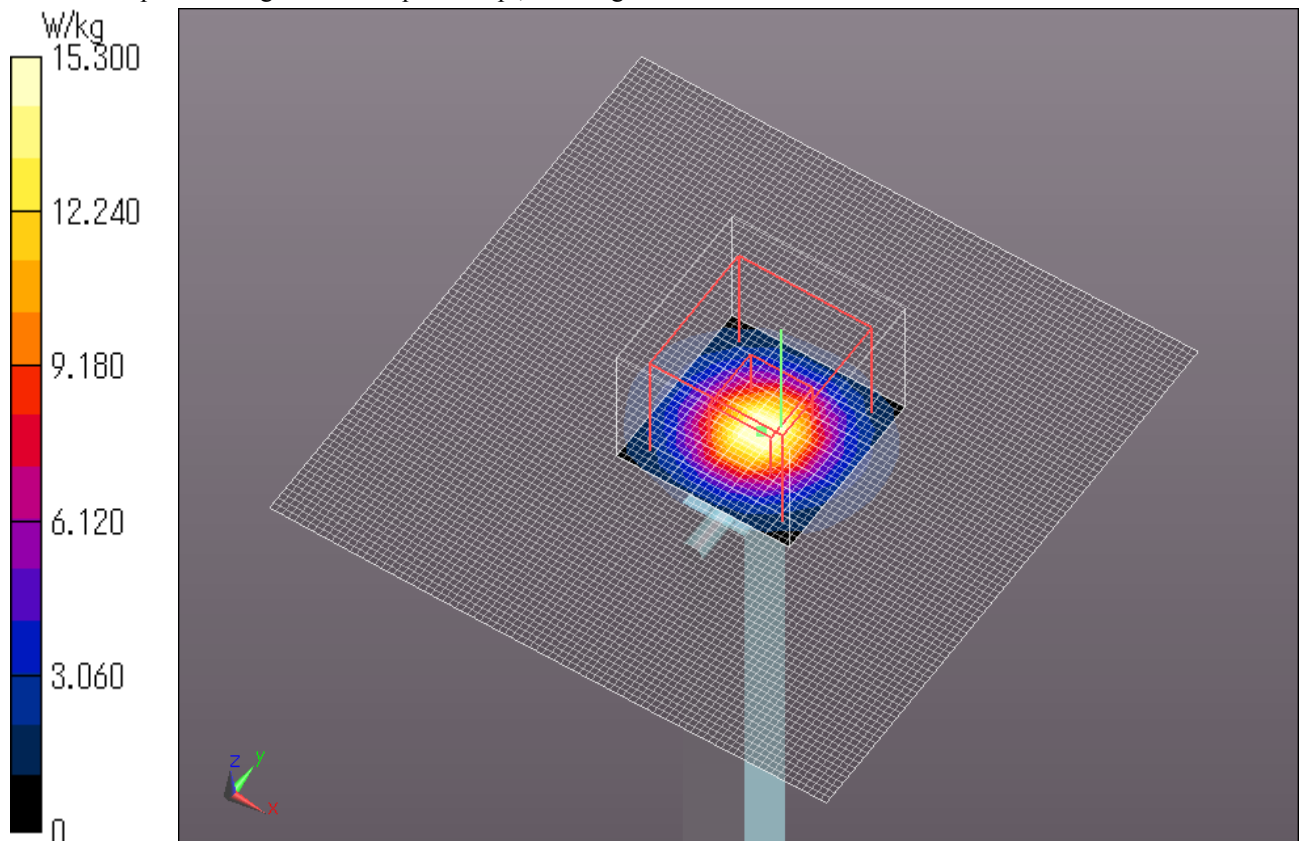
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.7 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.11 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.3 W/kg

Date: 2014/10/24

Ambient Temp. : 24.0 degree.C. Liquid Temp.; 23.5 degree.C.



Body 5600MHz System Check DATA / Dipole5GHz / Forward Conducted Power : 100mW

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Communication System Band: D5GHz (5000.0 - 6000.0 MHz); Frequency: 5600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 5600$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.88$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 47.813$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3825; ConvF(3.9, 3.9, 3.9); Calibrated: 2013/12/13;

Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn509; Calibrated: 2014/07/28

Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1045

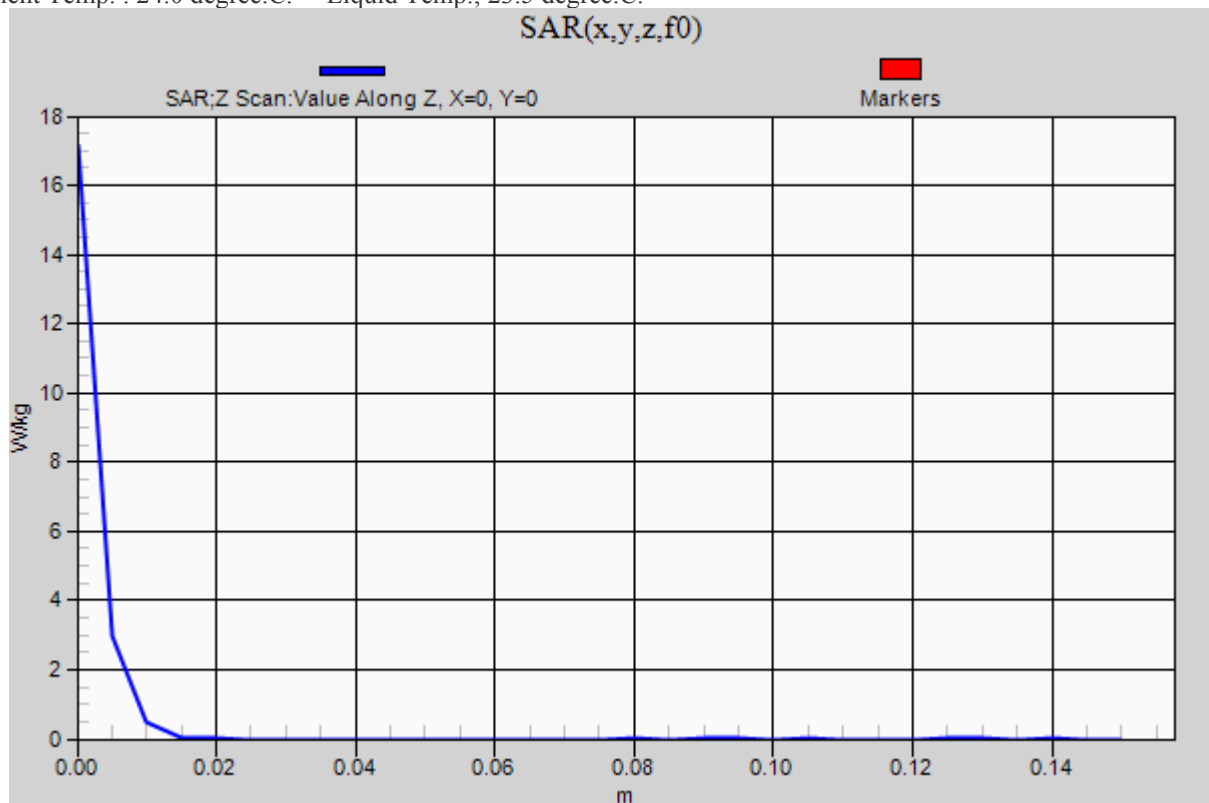
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Z Scan (1x1x31): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.1 W/kg

Date: 2014/10/24

Ambient Temp. : 24.0 degree.C. Liquid Temp.; 23.5 degree.C.



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6. System check result Body 5800MHz

(1) Simulated Tissue Liquid Parameter confirmation

DIELECTRIC PARAMETERS MEASUREMENT RESULTS											
Date	Ambient Temp. [deg.c]	Relative Humidity [%]	Liquid type	Liquid Temp. [deg.c]	Measured Frequency [MHz]	Parameters	Target Value	Measured	Deviation [%]	Limit [%]	Remark
20-Oct	24	46	MBBL 3.5-5.8	23.5	5800	ϵ_r	48.2	47.2	-2.2	+/-5	*1
						σ [mho/m]	6.00	5.92	-1.4	+/-5	
23-Oct	24	50	MBBL 3.5-5.8	23.5	5800	ϵ_r	48.2	46.9	-2.7	+/-5	*1
						σ [mho/m]	6.00	5.86	-2.3	+/-5	

ϵ_r : Relative Permittivity / σ : Conductivity

*1 The Target value is a parameter defined in KDB 865664D01.

DIELECTRIC PARAMETERS MEASUREMENT RESULTS											
Date	Ambient Temp. [deg.c]	Relative Humidity [%]	Liquid type	Liquid Temp. [deg.c]	Measured Frequency [MHz]	Parameters	Target Value	Measured	Deviation [%]	Limit [%]	Remark
20-Oct	24	46	MBBL 3.5-5.8	23.5	5800	ϵ_r	46.3	47.2	1.9	+/-6	*2 *3
						σ [mho/m]	6.23	5.92	-5.0	+/-6	
23-Oct	24	50	MBBL 3.5-5.8	23.5	5800	ϵ_r	46.3	46.9	1.3	+/-6	*2 *3
						σ [mho/m]	6.23	5.86	-5.9	+/-6	

ϵ_r : Relative Permittivity / σ : Conductivity

*2 The target value is the calibrated dipole Body TSL parameters. (D5GHzV2 SN:1020, Measured Body TSL parameters)

*3 The limit is for deviation provided by manufacture.

(2) SAR correction for deviations of complex permittivity from target

The measured SAR results are corrected with target value of KDB865664D01.

Corrected SAR(1g) = Measured SAR(1g) x (100- Δ SAR)/100

$$\Delta \text{SAR} = c\epsilon \Delta \epsilon_r + c\sigma \Delta \sigma$$

<1g>

$$C\epsilon = -7.854 \times 10^{-4} f^3 + 9.402 \times 10^{-3} f^2 - 2.742 \times 10^{-2} f - 0.2026$$

$$C\sigma = 9.804 \times 10^{-3} f^3 - 8.661 \times 10^{-2} f^2 + 2.981 \times 10^{-2} f + 0.7829$$

<10g>

$$C\epsilon = 3.456 \times 10^{-3} f^3 - 3.531 \times 10^{-2} f^2 + 7.675 \times 10^{-2} f - 0.1860$$

$$C\sigma = 4.479 \times 10^{-3} f^3 - 1.586 \times 10^{-2} f^2 - 0.1972 f + 0.7717$$

'f' is the frequency in GHz.

Date	20-Oct	23-Oct
f(GHz)=	5.8	5.8
$\Delta \epsilon_r(\%)$ =	-2.2	-2.7
$\Delta \sigma(\%)$ =	-1.4	-2.3
1g	$C\epsilon$ =	-0.1986
	$C\sigma$ =	-0.0449
	$\Delta \text{SAR}(\%)$ =	0.50
10g	$C\epsilon$ =	-0.2544
	$C\sigma$ =	-0.0317
	$\Delta \text{SAR}(\%)$ =	0.60

(3) System check result (for calibration by manufacture)

SYSTEM CHECK								
Date	Frequency [MHz]	SAR 1g [W/kg]				Deviation [%]	Limit [%]	Remark
		Forward Power 100mW		Conversion 1W	Target Value(1W)			
		Measured	ΔSAR corrected	Calculation				
20-Oct	5800.00	6.92	6.89	68.85	74.80	-7.9	+/-10	*4
23-Oct	5800.00	7.12	7.07	71.20	74.80	-4.8	+/-10	*4

*4 The target value is the parameter defined in SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters in manufacturer calibrated dipole (D5GHzV2 SN:1020)

Please refer to " SAR result with Body TSL of Appendix 2.2. System Check Dipole (D5GHzV2,S/N: 1020)".

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Body 5800MHz System Check DATA / Dipole5GHz / Forward Conducted Power : 100mW

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Communication System Band: D5GHz (5000.0 - 6000.0 MHz); Frequency: 5800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 5800$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.917$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 47.159$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3825; ConvF(4.05, 4.05, 4.05); Calibrated: 2013/12/13;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn509; Calibrated: 2014/07/28

Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1045

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000$ mm, $dy=1.000$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.9 W/kg

Zoom Scan (8x8x6)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4$ mm, $dy=4$ mm, $dz=2$ mm

Reference Value = 54.82 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

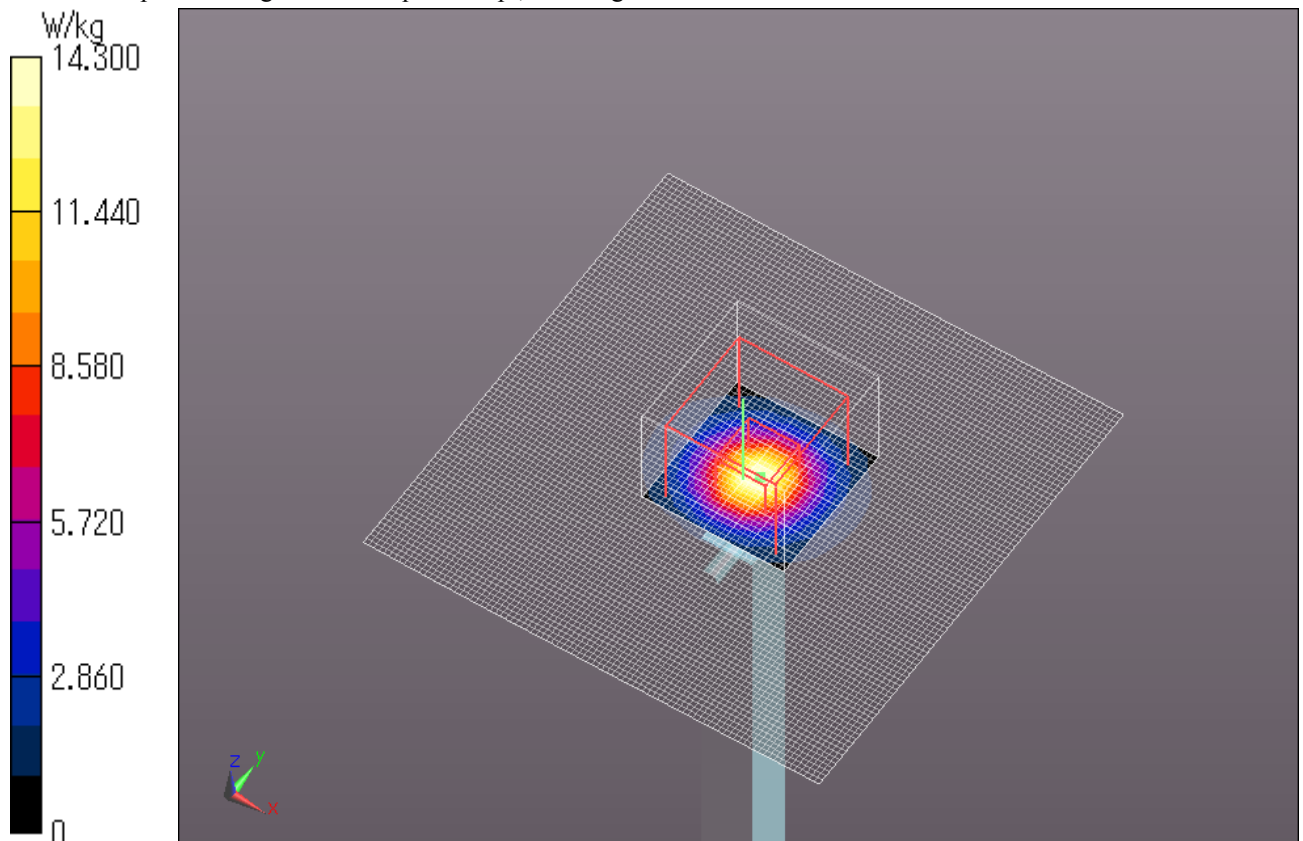
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 6.92 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.89 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.3 W/kg

Date: 2014/10/20

Ambient Temp. : 24.0 degree.C. Liquid Temp.; 23.5 degree.C.



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Body 5800MHz System Check DATA / Dipole5GHz / Forward Conducted Power : 100mW

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Communication System Band: D5GHz (5000.0 - 6000.0 MHz); Frequency: 5800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 5800$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.917$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 47.159$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3825; ConvF(4.05, 4.05, 4.05); Calibrated: 2013/12/13;

Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn509; Calibrated: 2014/07/28

Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1045

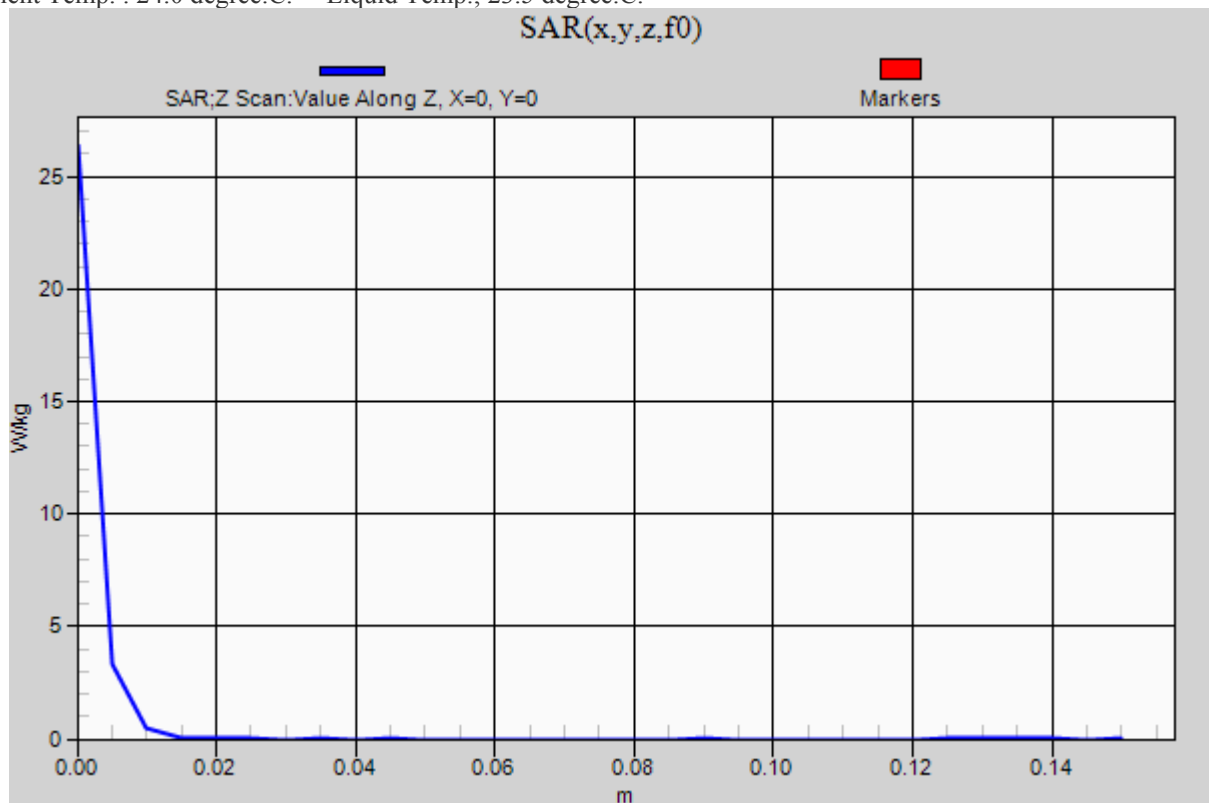
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Z Scan (1x1x31): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 26.4 W/kg

Date: 2014/10/20

Ambient Temp. : 24.0 degree.C. Liquid Temp.; 23.5 degree.C.



Body 5800MHz System Check DATA / Dipole5GHz / Forward Conducted Power : 100mW

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Communication System Band: D5GHz (5000.0 - 6000.0 MHz); Frequency: 5800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 5800$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.862$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 46.901$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3825; ConvF(4.05, 4.05, 4.05); Calibrated: 2013/12/13;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn509; Calibrated: 2014/07/28

Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1045

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000$ mm, $dy=1.000$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 15.8 W/kg

Zoom Scan (8x8x6)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4$ mm, $dy=4$ mm, $dz=2$ mm

Reference Value = 51.68 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

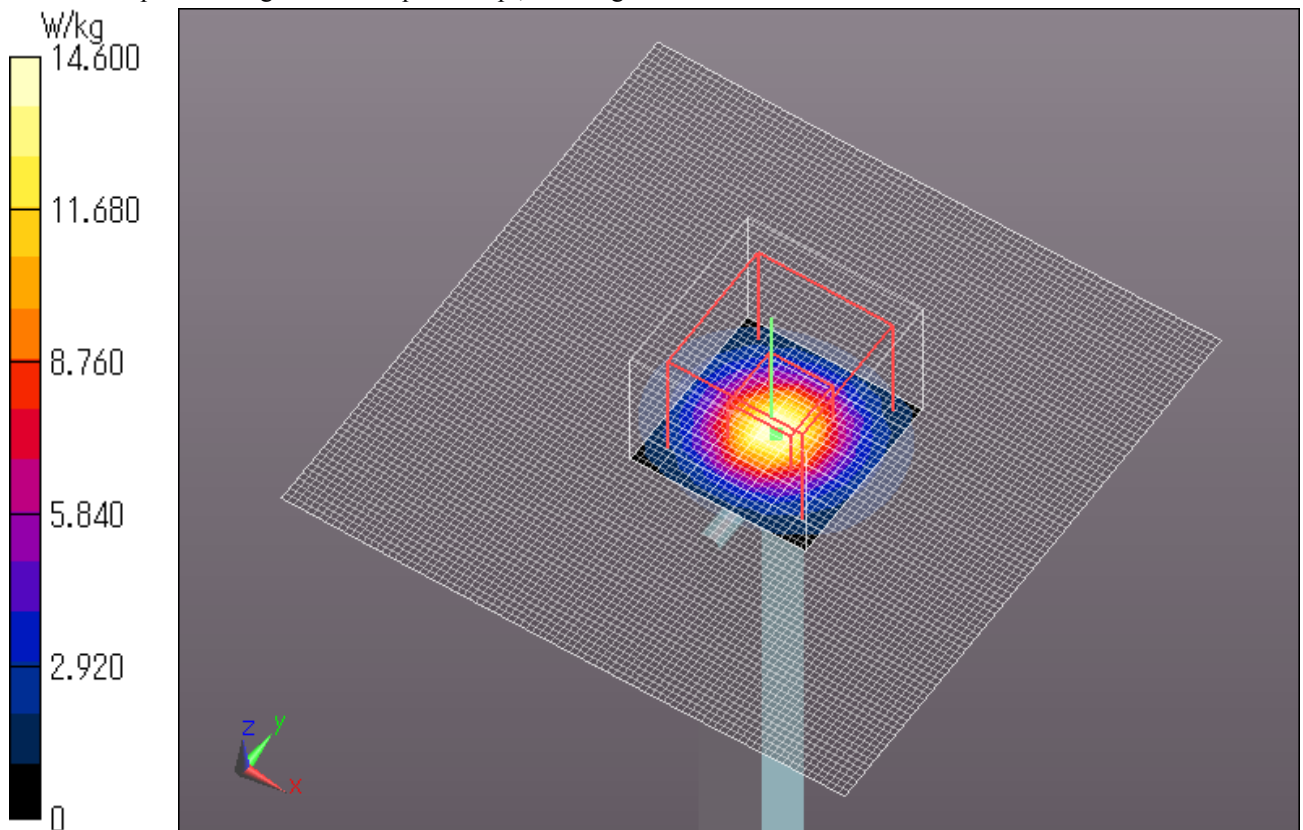
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.12 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.94 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.6 W/kg

Date: 2014/10/23

Ambient Temp. : 24.0 degree.C. Liquid Temp.; 23.5 degree.C.



Body 5800MHz System Check DATA / Dipole5GHz / Forward Conducted Power : 100mW

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Communication System Band: D5GHz (5000.0 - 6000.0 MHz); Frequency: 5800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 5800$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.862$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 46.901$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3825; ConvF(4.05, 4.05, 4.05); Calibrated: 2013/12/13;

Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn509; Calibrated: 2014/07/28

Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1045

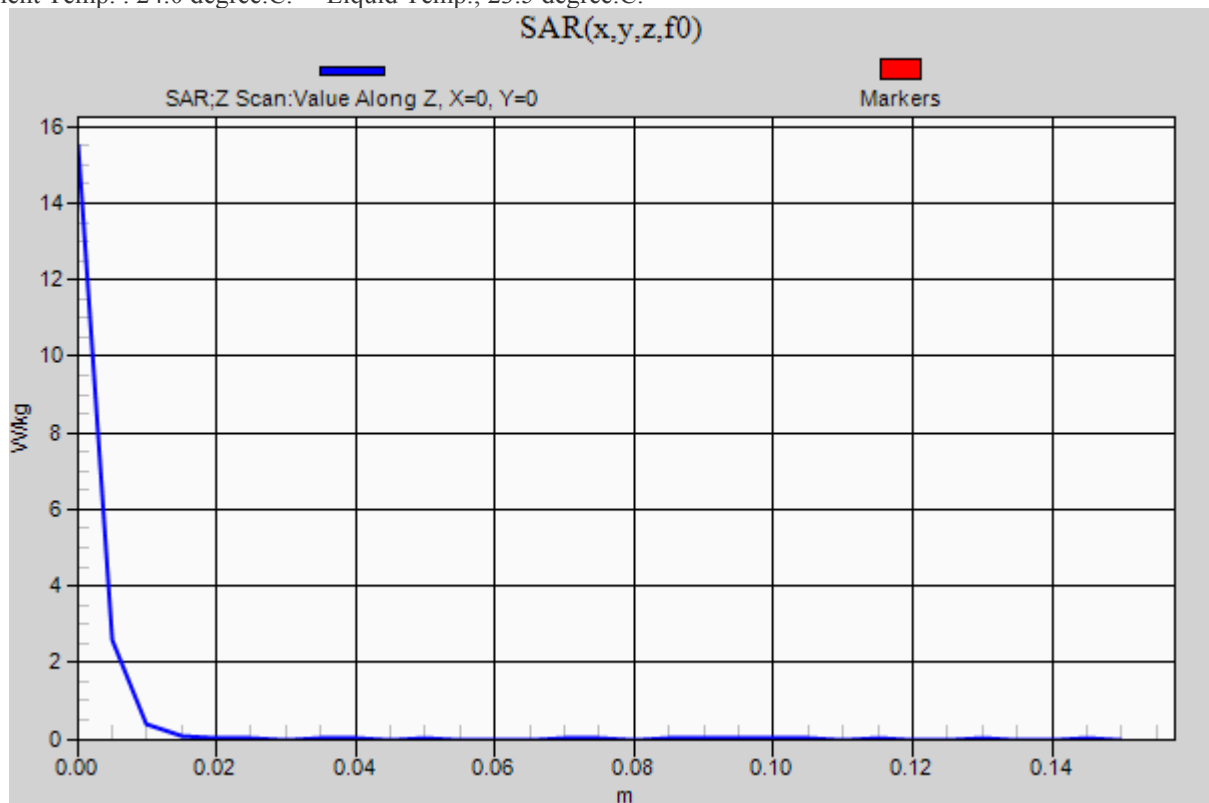
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Z Scan (1x1x31): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.5 W/kg

Date: 2014/10/23

Ambient Temp. : 24.0 degree.C. Liquid Temp.; 23.5 degree.C.



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7. System Check Dipole (D5GHzV2,S/N:1020)

**Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG**
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **UL Japan (PTT)**

Certificate No: **D5GHzV2-1020_Jan14**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D5GHzV2 - SN: 1020**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-22.v2
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits between 3-6 GHz**

Calibration date: **January 17, 2014**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature ($22 \pm 3^\circ\text{C}$) and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37485704	09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827)	Oct-14
Power sensor HP 8461A	US37292783	09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827)	Oct-14
Power sensor HP 8461A	MY41092317	09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01828)	Oct-14
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01735)	Apr-14
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.3 / 06327	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01739)	Apr-14
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 3503	30-Dec-13 (No. EX3-3503_Dec13)	Dec-14
DAE4	SN: 601	25-Apr-13 (No. DAE4-601_Apr13)	Apr-14
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (In house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator R&S SMT-08	100005	04-Aug-99 (In house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-15
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 84206	18-Oct-01 (In house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-14

Calibrated by:	Name Leif Kysner	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: January 23, 2014

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1020_Jan14

Page 1 of 16

**Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG**
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
S Service suisse d'étalonnage
C Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEC 62209-2, "Evaluation of Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Fields from Handheld and Body-Mounted Wireless Communication Devices in the Frequency Range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz: Human models, Instrumentation, and Procedures"; Part 2: "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for including accessories and multiple transmitters", March 2010
- KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"
- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013

Additional Documentation:

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $k=2$, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.7
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	$\Delta x, \Delta y = 4.0 \text{ mm}, \Delta z = 1.4 \text{ mm}$	Graded Ratio = 1.4 (Z direction)
Frequency	5200 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz 5300 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz 5500 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz 5600 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz 5800 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters at 5200 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	36.0	4.66 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	35.0 $\pm$ 6 %	4.45 mho/m $\pm$ 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	---	---

SAR result with Head TSL at 5200 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.12 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	80.6 W/kg $\pm$ 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.33 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.1 W/kg $\pm$ 19.5 % (k=2)

Head TSL parameters at 5300 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.9	4.76 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.9 ± 6 %	4.54 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL at 5300 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.41 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	83.5 W / kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.42 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.0 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Head TSL parameters at 5500 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.6	4.96 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.6 ± 6 %	4.74 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL at 5500 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.61 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	85.4 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.45 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.3 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Head TSL parameters at 5600 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.5	5.07 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.5 ± 6 %	4.86 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.60 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	85.3 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.44 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.2 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Head TSL parameters at 5800 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.3	5.27 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.2 ± 6 %	5.07 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.13 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	80.6 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.31 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.9 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters at 5200 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	49.0	5.30 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	47.3 ± 6 %	5.44 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL at 5200 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.50 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	74.5 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.09 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	20.7 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters at 5300 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.9	5.42 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	47.2 ± 6 %	5.57 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL at 5300 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.63 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	75.8 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.14 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.2 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters at 5500 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.8	5.65 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	48.8 ± 6 %	5.84 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL at 5500 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.97 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	79.2 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.22 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.0 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters at 5600 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.5	5.77 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	48.6 ± 6 %	5.98 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL at 5600 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.08 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	80.3 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.24 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.2 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters at 5800 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.2	6.00 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	46.3 ± 6 %	6.23 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	---	---

SAR result with Body TSL at 5800 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.53 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	74.8 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.06 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	20.6 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5200 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.0 Ω - 9.7 j Ω
Return Loss	- 20.3 dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5300 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.6 Ω - 5.5 j Ω
Return Loss	- 25.0 dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5500 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.3 Ω - 2.5 j Ω
Return Loss	- 32.1 dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	54.2 Ω - 4.6 j Ω
Return Loss	- 24.5 dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	56.3 Ω - 1.1 j Ω
Return Loss	- 24.4 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5200 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.3 Ω - 8.9 j Ω
Return Loss	- 21.0 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5300 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.3 Ω - 3.9 j Ω
Return Loss	- 27.0 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5500 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.8 Ω - 2.0 j Ω
Return Loss	- 33.3 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5600 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	54.6 Ω - 3.1 j Ω
Return Loss	- 25.4 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5800 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	57.2 Ω + 0.7 j Ω
Return Loss	- 23.5 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.189 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	February 05, 2004

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 17.01.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1020

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz, Frequency: 5300 MHz, Frequency: 5500 MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz, Frequency: 5800 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 5200$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.45$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: $f = 5300$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.54$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 34.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: $f = 5500$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.74$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 34.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: $f = 5600$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.86$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 34.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: $f = 5800$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.07$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 34.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3503; ConvF(5.52, 5.52, 5.52); Calibrated: 30.12.2013, ConvF(5.2, 5.2, 5.2); Calibrated: 30.12.2013, ConvF(5.01, 5.01, 5.01); Calibrated: 30.12.2013, ConvF(4.86, 4.86, 4.86); Calibrated: 30.12.2013, ConvF(4.91, 4.91, 4.91); Calibrated: 30.12.2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 25.04.2013
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 63.894 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.12 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.33 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.6 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5300 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 64.357 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.41 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.42 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.4 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5500 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 63.952 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

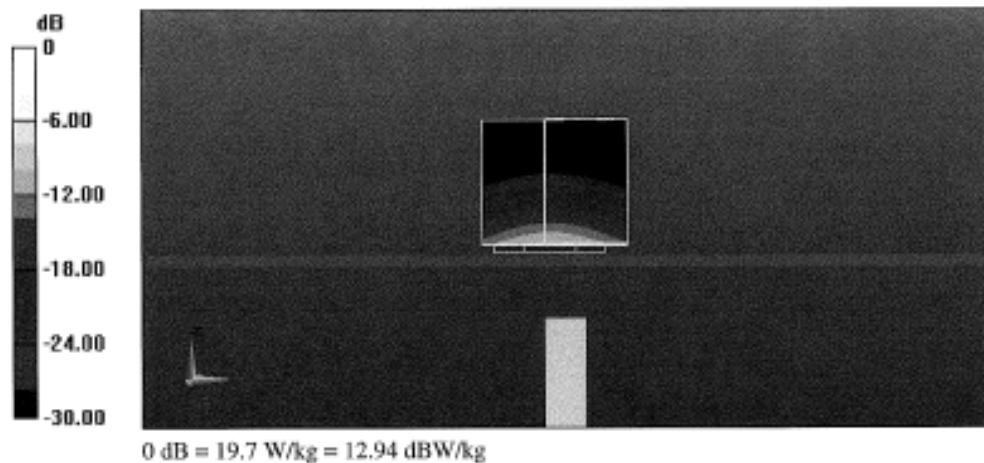
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.61 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.45 W/kg

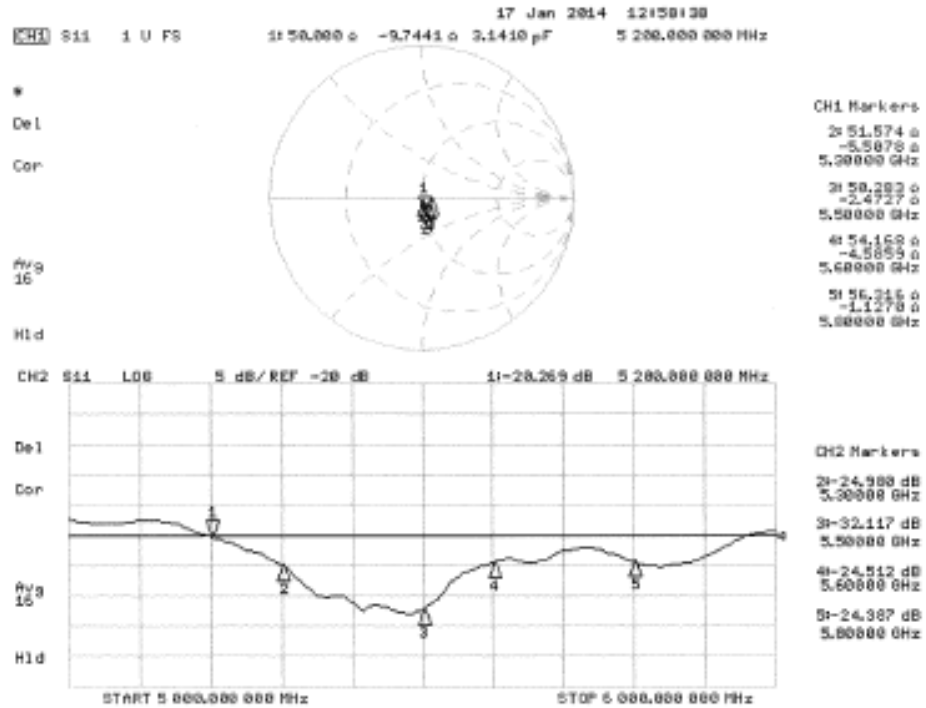
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.4 W/kg

**Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan,
dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm
Reference Value = 63.412 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 34.0 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 8.6 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.44 W/kg

**Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan,
dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm
Reference Value = 60.564 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.7 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 8.13 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.31 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.7 W/kg



Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 15.01.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1020

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz, Frequency: 5300 MHz, Frequency: 5500 MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz, Frequency: 5800 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 5200$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.44$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 47.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: $f = 5300$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.57$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 47.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: $f = 5500$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.84$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 46.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: $f = 5600$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.98$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 46.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: $f = 5800$ MHz; $\sigma = 6.23$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 46.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3503; ConvF(5.01, 5.01, 5.01); Calibrated: 30.12.2013, ConvF(4.76, 4.76, 4.76); Calibrated: 30.12.2013, ConvF(4.52, 4.52, 4.52); Calibrated: 30.12.2013, ConvF(4.3, 4.3, 4.3); Calibrated: 30.12.2013, ConvF(4.47, 4.47, 4.47); Calibrated: 30.12.2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 25.04.2013
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 58.563 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.5 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.09 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.3 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5300 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 58.686 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.63 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.14 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.7 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5500 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 58.340 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

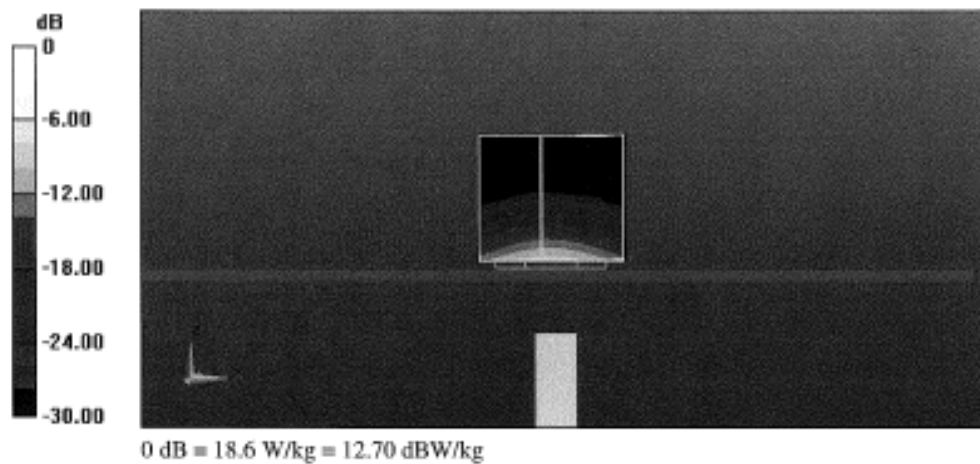
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 34.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.97 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.22 W/kg

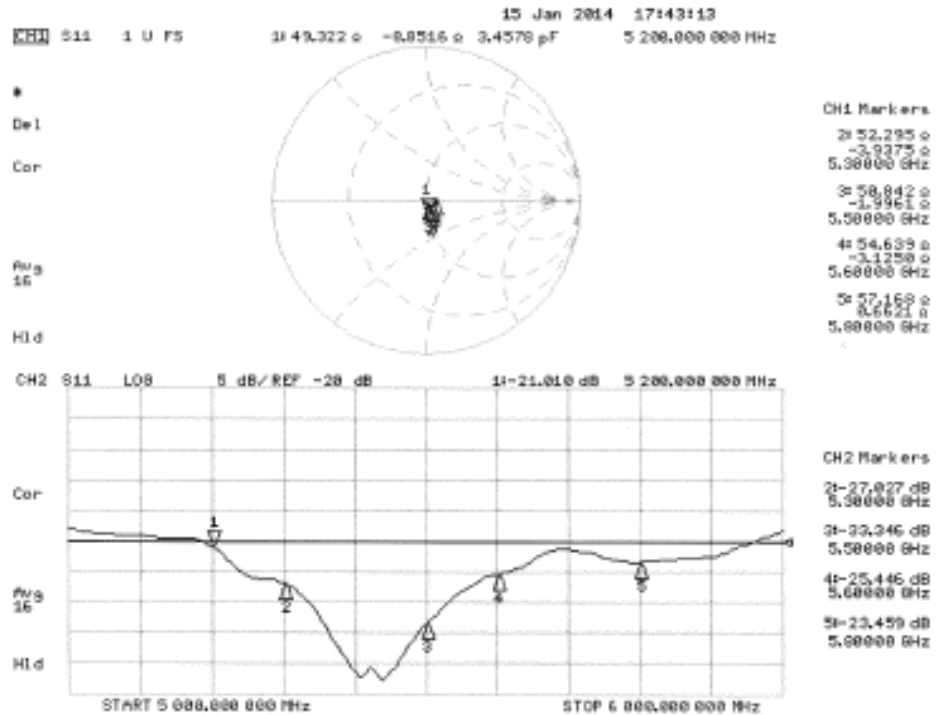
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.1 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm
Reference Value = 58.346 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 35.8 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 8.08 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.24 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.5 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm
Reference Value = 54.993 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 35.6 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 7.53 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.08 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.6 W/kg



Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



8. System check uncertainty

The uncertainty budget has been determined for the DASY5 measurement system according to the SPEAG documents[1] and is given in the following Table.

Repeatability Budget for System Check

<0.3 – 3GHz range Body>

Error Description	Uncertainty value $\pm$ %	Probability distribution	divisor	(ci) 1g	Standard (1g)	vi or v _{eff}
Measurement System						
Probe calibration	± 1.8	Normal	1	1	± 1.8	∞
Axial isotropy of the probe	± 0.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 0.0	∞
Spherical isotropy of the probe	± 0.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0	± 0.0	∞
Boundary effects	± 0.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 0.0	∞
Probe linearity	± 0.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 0.0	∞
Detection limit	± 0.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 0.0	∞
Modulation response	± 0.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 0.0	∞
Readout electronics	± 0.0	Normal	1	1	± 0.0	∞
Response time	± 0.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 0.0	∞
Integration time	± 0.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 0.0	∞
RF ambient Noise	± 0.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 0.0	∞
RF ambient	± 0.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 0.0	∞
Probe Positioner	± 0.4	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 0.2	∞
Probe positioning	± 2.9	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 1.7	∞
Max.SAR Eval.	± 0.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 0.0	∞
Test Sample Related						
Deviation of	± 0.0	Normal	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 0.0	∞
Dipole Axis to Liquid Distance	± 2.0	Normal	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 1.2	∞
Input power and SAR drift meas.	± 3.4	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 2.0	∞
Phantom and Setup						
Phantom uncertainty	± 4.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 2.3	∞
Algorithm for correcting SAR for deviations in permittivity and conductivity	± 1.9	Normal	1	1	± 1.9	∞
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	± 5.0	Rectangular	1	0.78	+ 3.9	∞
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	± 5.0	Rectangular	1	0.26	- 1.3	∞
Liquid conductivity - temp.unc (below 2deg.C.)	± 1.7	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	± 0.8	∞
Liquid permittivity - temp.unc (below 2deg.C.)	± 0.3	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	± 0.0	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty						
					± 6.144	
Expanded Uncertainty (k=2)						
					± 12.3	

Repeatability Budget for System Check

<3 – 6GHz range Body>

Error Description	Uncertainty value $\pm$ %	Probability distribution	divisor	(ci) lg	Standard (1g)	vi or v _{eff}
Measurement System						
Probe calibration	± 1.8	Normal	1	1	± 1.8	∞
Axial isotropy of the probe	± 0.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 0.0	∞
Spherical isotropy of the probe	± 0.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0	± 0.0	∞
Boundary effects	± 0.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 0.0	∞
Probe linearity	± 0.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 0.0	∞
Detection limit	± 0.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 0.0	∞
Modulation response	± 0.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 0.0	∞
Readout electronics	± 0.0	Normal	1	1	± 0.0	∞
Response time	± 0.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 0.0	∞
Integration time	± 0.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 0.0	∞
RF ambient Noise	± 0.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 0.0	∞
RF ambient	± 0.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 0.0	∞
Probe Positioner	± 0.8	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 0.5	∞
Probe positioning	± 6.7	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 3.9	∞
Max.SAR Eval.	± 0.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 0.0	∞
Test Sample Related						
Deviation of	± 0.0	Normal	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 0.0	∞
Dipole Axis to Liquid Distance	± 2.0	Normal	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 1.2	∞
Input power and SAR drift meas.	± 3.4	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 2.0	∞
Phantom and Setup						
Phantom uncertainty	± 4.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 2.3	∞
Algorithm for correcting SAR for deviations in permittivity and conductivity	± 1.9	Normal	1	1	± 1.9	∞
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	± 5.0	Rectangular	1	0.78	+ 3.9	∞
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	± 5.0	Rectangular	1	0.26	- 1.3	∞
Liquid conductivity - temp.unc (below 2deg.C.)	± 1.7	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	± 0.8	∞
Liquid permittivity - temp.unc (below 2deg.C.)	± 0.3	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	± 0.0	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty						
					± 7.078	
Expanded Uncertainty (k=2)						
					± 14.2	

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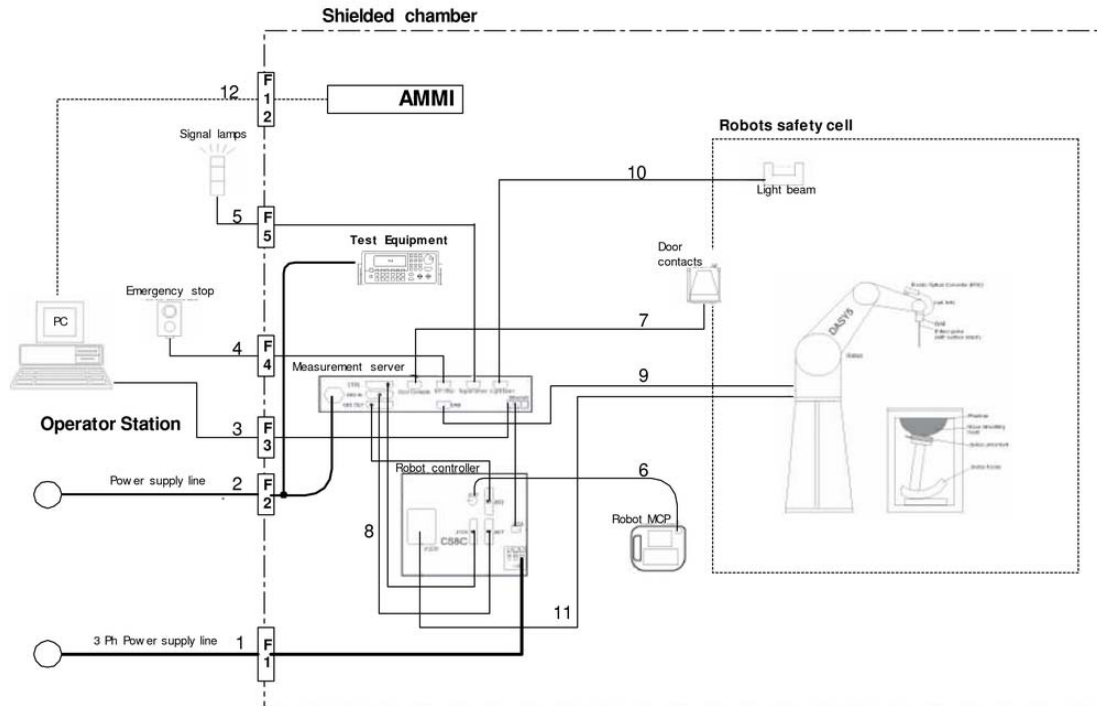
4383-326 Asama-cho, Ise-shi, Mie-ken 516-0021 JAPAN

Telephone: +81 596 24 8999

Facsimile: +81 596 24 8124

APPENDIX 3 : System specifications

1. Configuration and peripherals



The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consist of the following items:

- a) A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller and software.
An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- b) An isotropic field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- c) A data acquisition electronic (DAE), which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- d) The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion between optical and electrical of the signals for the digital communication to the DAE and for the analog signal from the optical surface detection.
The EOC is connected to the measurement server.
- e) The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- f) The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- g) A computer running WinXP and the DASY5 software.
- h) Remote control with teaches pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- i) The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

2. Specifications

a)Robot TX60L

Number of Axes	:	6
Nominal Load	:	2 kg
Maximum Load	:	5kg
Reach	:	920mm
Repeatability	:	+/-0.03mm
Control Unit	:	CS8c
Programming Language	:	VAL3
Weight	:	52.2kg
Manufacture	:	Stäubli Robotics

b)E-Field Probe

Model	:	EX3DV4
Serial No.	:	3917,3825
Construction	:	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., glycol ether)
Frequency	:	10 MHz to > 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	:	+/-0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) +/-0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal probe axis)
Dynamic Range	:	10uW/g to > 100 mW/g;Linearity +/-0.2 dB(noise: typically < 1uW/g)
Dimensions	:	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm
Application	:	Highprecision dosimetric measurement in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields).Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6GHz with precision of better 30%.
Manufacture	:	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG



EX3DV4 E-field Probe

c)Data Acquisition Electronic (DAE4)

Features	:	Signal amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter and control logic Serial optical link for communication with DASY5 embedded system (fully remote controlled) Two step probe touch detector for mechanical surface detection and emergency robot stop
Measurement Range	:	-100 to +300 mV (16 bit resolution and two range settings: 4mV, 400mV)
Input Offset voltage	:	< 5 μ V (with auto zero)
Input Resistance	:	200 M Ω
Input Bias Current	:	< 50 fA
Battery Power	:	> 10 h of operation (with two 9.6 V NiMH accus)
Dimension	:	60 x 60 x 68 mm
Manufacture	:	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

d)Electro-Optic Converter (EOC)

Version	:	EOC 61
Description	:	for TX60 robot arm, including proximity sensor
Manufacture	:	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

e)DASY5 Measurement server

Features	:	Intel ULV Celeron 400MHz 128MB chip disk and 128MB RAM 16 Bit A/D converter for surface detection system Vacuum Fluorescent Display Robot Interface Serial link to DAE (with watchdog supervision) Door contact port (Possibility to connect a light curtain) Emergency stop port (to connect the remote control) Signal lamps port Light beam port Three Ethernet connection ports Two USB 2.0 Ports Two serial links Expansion port for future applications
Dimensions (L x W x H)	:	440 x 241 x 89 mm
Manufacture	:	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

f) Light Beam Switches

Version	:	LB5
Dimensions (L x H)	:	110 x 80 mm
Thickness	:	12 mm
Beam-length	:	80 mm
Manufacture	:	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

g)Software

Item	:	Dosimetric Assessment System DASY5
Type No.	:	SD 000 401A, SD 000 402A
Software version No.	:	DASY52, Version 52.6 (1)
Manufacture / Origin	:	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

h)Robot Control Unit

Weight	:	70 Kg
AC Input Voltage	:	selectable
Manufacturer	:	Stäubli Robotics

i)Phantom and Device Holder

Phantom

Type	:	SAM Twin Phantom V4.0
Description	:	The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209-1. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by teaching three points with the robot.
Material	:	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)
Shell Material	:	Fiberglass
Thickness	:	2.0 +/-0.2 mm
Dimensions	:	Length: 1000 mm Width: 500 mm Height: adjustable feet
Volume	:	Approx. 25 liters
Manufacture	:	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Type	:	2mm Flat phantom ERI4.0
Description	:	Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with the latest draft of the standard IEC 62209 Part II and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI4 has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is supported by software version DASY4.5 and higher and is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles.
Material	:	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)
Shell Thickness	:	2.0 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)
Filling Volume	:	approx. 30 liters
Dimensions	:	Major ellipse axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm
Manufacture	:	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Device Holder

In combination with the Twin SAM Phantom V4.0/V4.0c or ELI4, the Mounting Device enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter device in spherical coordinates. Rotation point is the ear opening point. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC, IEEE, FCC or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat).

Material	:	POM
-----------------	---	-----

Laptop Extensions kit

Simple but effective and easy-to-use extension for Mounting Device that facilitates the testing of larger devices according to IEC 62209-2 (e.g., laptops, cameras, etc.). It is lightweight and fits easily on the upper part of the Mounting Device in place of the phone positioner. The extension is fully compatible with the Twin-SAM, ELI4 Phantoms.

Material	:	POM, Acrylic glass, Foam
-----------------	---	--------------------------

Urethane

For this measurement, the urethane foam was used as device holder.

j) Simulated Tissues (Liquid)

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Mixture (%)	Frequency (MHz)									
	450		900		1800		1950		2450	
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	38.91	46.21	40.29	50.75	55.24	70.17	55.41	69.79	55.0	68.64
Sugar	56.93	51.17	57.90	48.21	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cellulose	0.25	0.18	0.24	0.00	-	-	-	-	-	-
Salt (NaCl)	3.79	2.34	1.38	0.94	0.31	0.39	0.08	0.2	-	-
Preventol	0.12	0.08	0.18	0.10	-	-	-	-	-	-
DGMBE	-	-	-	-	44.45	29.44	44.51	30.0	45.0	31.37
Dielectric Constant	43.42	58.0	42.54	56.1	42.0	56.8	39.9	54.0	39.8	52.5
Conductivity (S/m)	0.85	0.83	0.91	0.95	1.0	1.07	1.42	1.45	1.88	1.78

Note: DGMBE (Diethylenglycol-monobutyl ether)

The simulated tissue (liquid) of 1800MHz was used for the test frequency of 1700MHz to 1800MHz.

Mixture (%)	Frequency (MHz)	
	650&750	1450
Tissue Type	Head and Body	Head and Body
Water	35-58%	52-75%
Sugar	40-60%	-
Cellulose	<0.3%	-
Salt (NaCl)	0-6%	<1%
Preventol	0.1-0.7%	-
DGMBE	-	25-48%

Mixture (%)	Frequency (MHz)	
	5800	
Tissue Type	Head	Body
Water	64.0	78.0
Mineral Oil	18.0	11.0
Emulsifiers	15.0	9.0
Additives and salt	3.0	2.0

3. Dosimetric E-Field Probe Calibration (EX3DV4, S/N: 3917)

**Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG**
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8084 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client: **UL Japan (PTT)**

Certificate No: **EX3-3917_May14**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object: **EX3DV4 - SN:3917**

Calibration procedure(s): **QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-12.v9, QA CAL-14.v4, QA CAL-23.v5,
QA CAL-25.v6
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes**

Calibration date: **May 14, 2014**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&PE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41250814	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911)	Apr-15
Power sensor E4412A	MY41480087	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911)	Apr-15
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01915)	Apr-15
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20c)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01919)	Apr-15
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01920)	Apr-15
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-13 (No. ES3-3013_Dec13)	Dec-14
DAE4	SN: 690	13-Dec-13 (No. DAE4-690_Dec13)	Dec-14
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8346C	US36431001700	4-Aug-09 (in house check Apr-13)	In house check: Apr-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390695	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-14

Calibrated by:	Name Claude Leubler	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature
Approved by:	Name Katja Pokovic	Function Technical Manager	Signature

Issued: May 15, 2014

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

**Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG**
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM _{x,y,z}	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z}
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization ϕ	ϕ rotation around probe axis
Polarization θ	θ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\theta = 0$ is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM_{x,y,z}: Assessed for E-field polarization $\theta = 0$ ($f \leq 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; $f > 1000$ MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM_{x,y,z} are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM_{x,y,z} does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM_f(_{x,y,z}) = NORM_{x,y,z} * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCP_{x,y,z}: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- A_{x,y,z}; B_{x,y,z}; C_{x,y,z}; D_{x,y,z}; VR_{x,y,z}: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f \leq 800$ MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for $f > 800$ MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM_{x,y,z} * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORM_x (no uncertainty required).

EX3DV4 – SN:3917

May 14, 2014

Probe EX3DV4

SN:3917

Manufactured: December 18, 2012
Calibrated: May 14, 2014

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

EX3DV4- SN:3917

May 14, 2014

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3917

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm ($\mu V/(V/m)^3$) ^A	0.64	0.41	0.46	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ^B	97.9	104.3	102.6	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	C	D dB	VR mV	Unc ^C (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	148.1	±3.0 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		148.4	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		136.2	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E³-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

^C Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

EX3DV4- SN:3917

May 14, 2014

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3917

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^c	Relative Permittivity ^f	Conductivity (S/m) ^f	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^g	Depth ^h (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
650	42.5	0.89	10.31	10.31	10.31	0.11	1.10	± 13.3 %
750	41.9	0.89	10.11	10.11	10.11	0.36	0.93	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	9.75	9.75	9.75	0.27	1.10	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.87	9.57	9.57	9.57	0.25	1.05	± 12.0 %
1450	40.5	1.20	9.17	9.17	9.17	0.43	0.92	± 12.0 %
1640	40.3	1.29	8.63	8.63	8.63	0.80	0.57	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	8.46	8.46	8.46	0.42	0.80	± 12.0 %
1810	40.0	1.40	8.21	8.21	8.21	0.42	0.81	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	8.14	8.14	8.14	0.76	0.61	± 12.0 %
1950	40.0	1.40	7.84	7.84	7.84	0.59	0.67	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.60	7.24	7.24	7.24	0.64	0.65	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	6.91	6.91	6.91	0.46	0.77	± 12.0 %
5200	36.0	4.66	5.45	5.45	5.45	0.30	1.80	± 13.1 %
5300	35.9	4.76	5.27	5.27	5.27	0.30	1.80	± 13.1 %
5500	35.6	4.96	4.91	4.91	4.91	0.35	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.71	4.71	4.71	0.35	1.80	± 13.1 %
5800	35.3	5.27	4.62	4.62	4.62	0.35	1.80	± 13.1 %

^c Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

^f At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

^g Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

EX3DV4- SN:3917

May 14, 2014

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3917

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^①	Relative Permittivity ^②	Conductivity (Sim) ^③	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^④	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
650	55.9	0.96	9.92	9.92	9.92	0.05	1.05	± 13.3 %
750	55.5	0.96	9.81	9.81	9.81	0.61	0.68	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	9.64	9.64	9.64	0.29	1.07	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	9.38	9.38	9.38	0.26	1.12	± 12.0 %
1450	54.0	1.30	8.35	8.35	8.35	0.37	0.88	± 12.0 %
1640	53.8	1.40	8.50	8.50	8.50	0.39	0.86	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	7.88	7.88	7.88	0.45	0.85	± 12.0 %
1810	53.3	1.52	7.74	7.74	7.74	0.68	0.68	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	7.68	7.68	7.68	0.30	1.02	± 12.0 %
1950	53.3	1.52	7.93	7.93	7.93	0.51	0.77	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	7.20	7.20	7.20	0.76	0.57	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.16	7.01	7.01	7.01	0.80	0.50	± 12.0 %
5200	49.0	5.30	5.02	5.02	5.02	0.35	1.90	± 13.1 %
5300	48.9	5.42	4.82	4.82	4.82	0.35	1.90	± 13.1 %
5500	48.6	5.65	4.48	4.48	4.46	0.35	1.90	± 13.1 %
5600	48.5	5.77	4.26	4.26	4.26	0.35	1.90	± 13.1 %
5800	48.2	6.00	4.52	4.52	4.52	0.40	1.90	± 13.1 %

^① Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

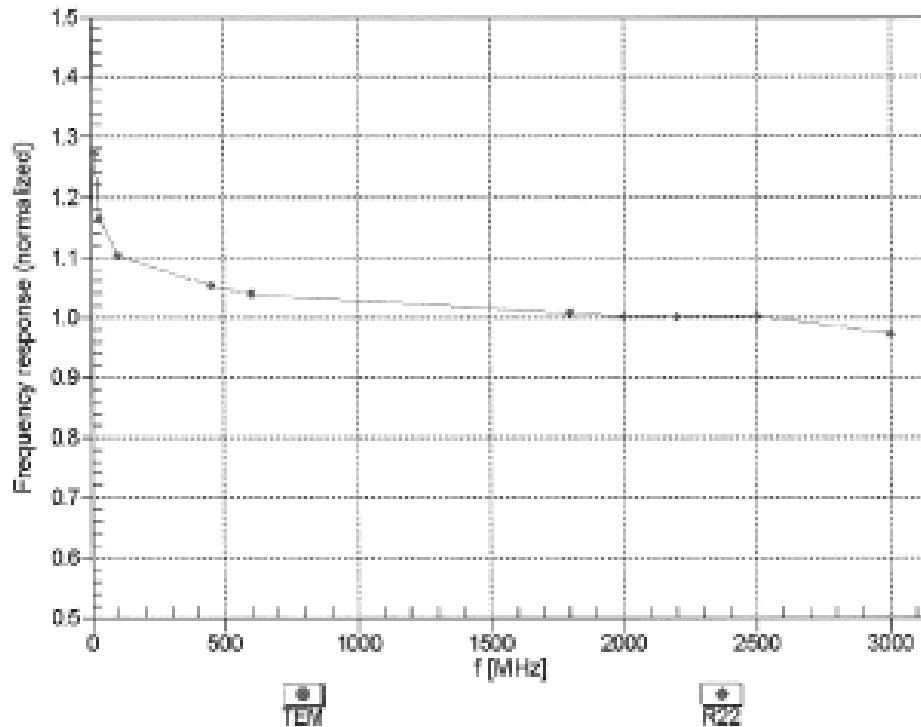
^② At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

^③ Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

EX3DV4- SN:3917

May 14, 2014

Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

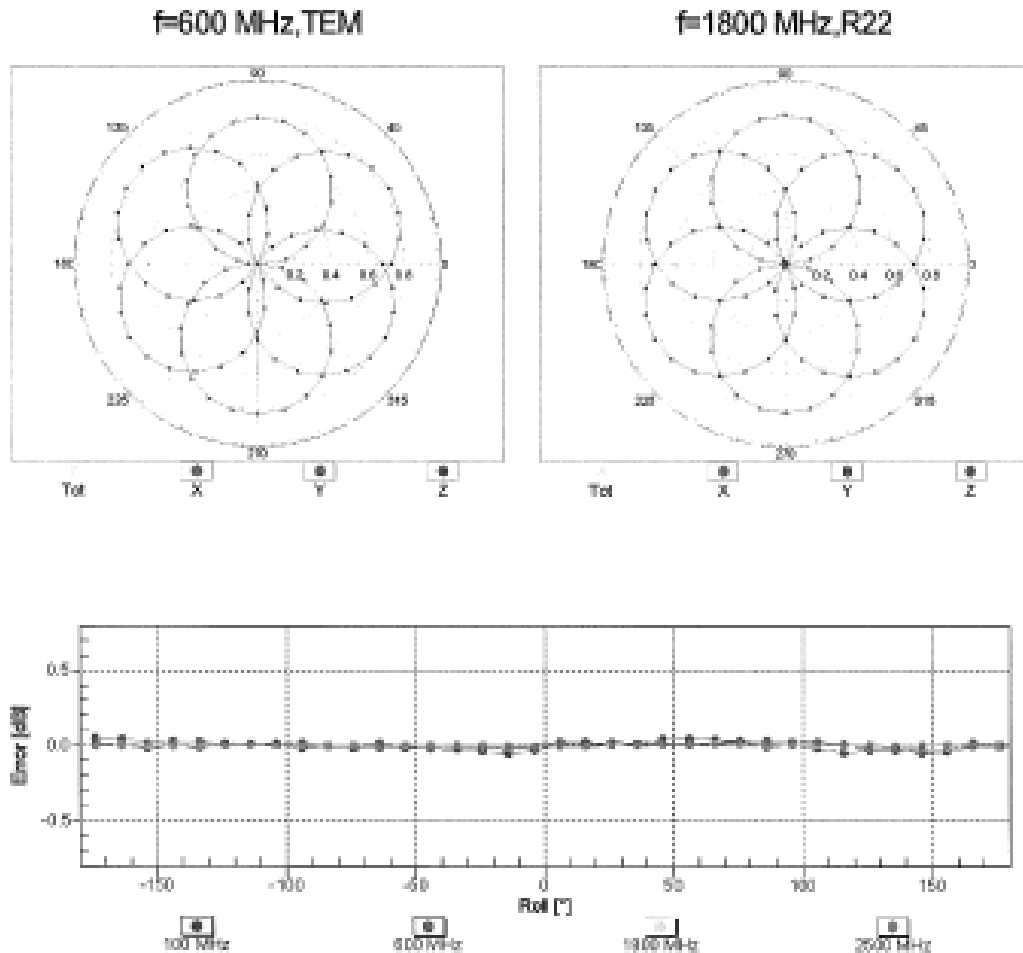


Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 6.3\%$ (k=2)

EX3DV4- SN:3917

May 14, 2014

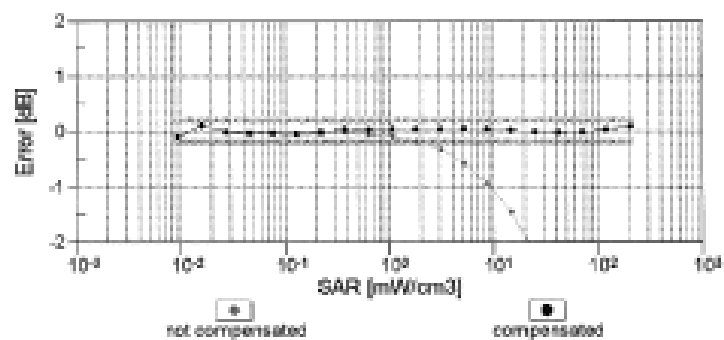
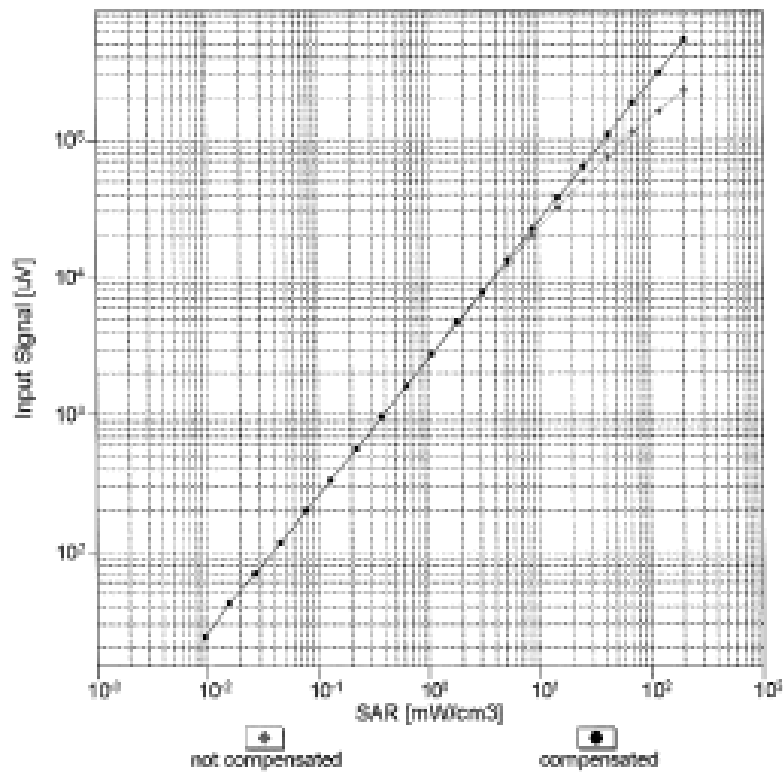
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\theta = 0^\circ$



EX30V4-SN:3917

May 14, 2014

Dynamic Range $f(\text{SAR}_{\text{head}})$ (TEM cell, $f_{\text{res}} = 1900 \text{ MHz}$)

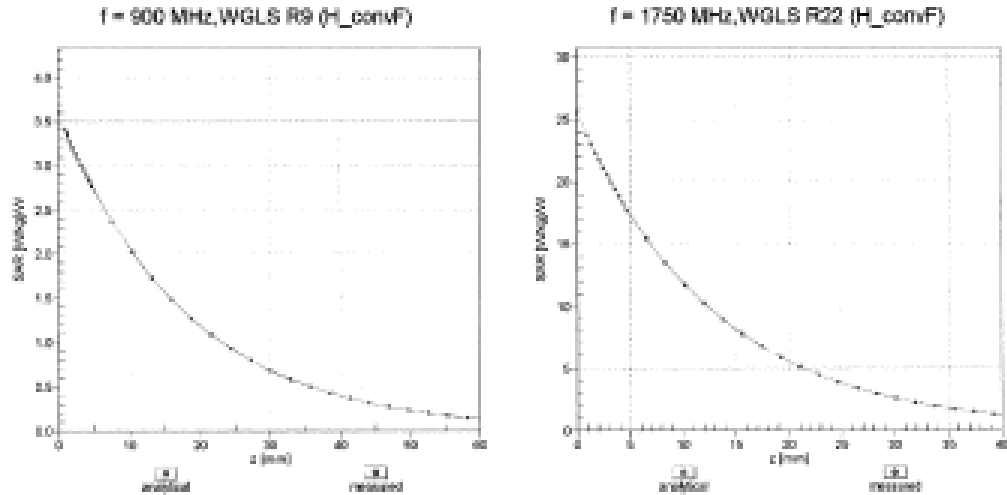


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: $\pm 0.8\%$ ($k=2$)

EX3DV4- SN:3917

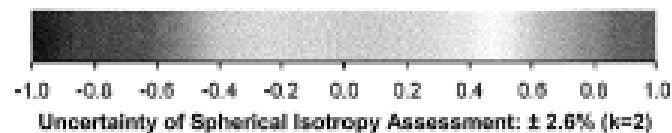
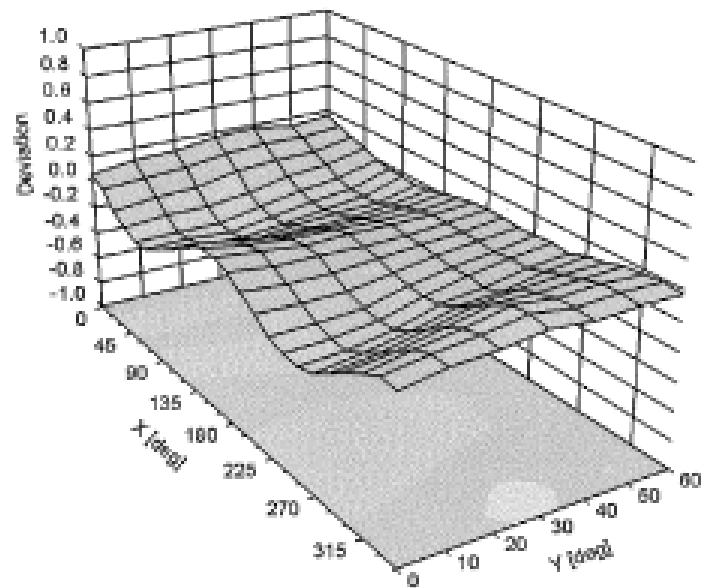
May 14, 2014

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid

Error (ϕ, θ), $f = 900 \text{ MHz}$



EX3DV4- SN:3917

May 14, 2014

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3917

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	-114
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	2 mm

4. Dosimetric E-Field Probe Calibration (EX3DV4, S/N: 3825)

**Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG**
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **UL Japan (PTT)**

Certificate No: **EX3-3825_Dec13**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **EX3DV4 - SN:3825**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-14.v4, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes**

Calibration date: **December 13, 2013**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733)	Apr-14
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733)	Apr-14
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01737)	Apr-14
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01735)	Apr-14
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01738)	Apr-14
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	28-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3013_Dec12)	Dec-13
DAE4	SN: 660	13-Dec-13 (No. DAE4-660_Dec13)	Dec-14
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)	In house check: Apr-15
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-14

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Jeton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	
Issued: December 14, 2013			
This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.			

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
S Service suisse d'étalonnage
C Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM _{x,y,z}	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z}
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization ϕ	ϕ rotation around probe axis
Polarization ϑ	ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM_{x,y,z}**: Assessed for E-field polarization $\vartheta = 0$ ($f \leq 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; $f > 1800$ MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM_{x,y,z} are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM_{x,y,z} does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)_{x,y,z}** = NORM_{x,y,z} * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCP_{x,y,z}**: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR**: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- A_{x,y,z}; B_{x,y,z}; C_{x,y,z}; D_{x,y,z}; VR_{x,y,z}**: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters**: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f \leq 800$ MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for $f > 800$ MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM_{x,y,z} * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)**: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset**: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle**: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORM_x (no uncertainty required).

EX3DV4 – SN:3825

December 13, 2013

Probe EX3DV4

SN:3825

Manufactured: September 6, 2011
Calibrated: December 13, 2013

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

EX3DV4- SN:3825

December 13, 2013

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3825

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm ($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$) ^A	0.43	0.39	0.43	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ^B	100.5	105.0	99.0	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB $\sqrt{\mu\text{V}}$	C	D dB	VR mV	Unc ^E (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	198.2	±2.2 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		196.8	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		147.6	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

^B Numerical linearization parameter; uncertainty not required.

^E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

EX3DV4- SN:3825

December 13, 2013

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3825

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	9.84	9.84	9.84	0.27	0.95	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	9.58	9.58	9.58	0.29	0.97	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	9.44	9.44	9.44	0.80	0.50	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	8.13	8.13	8.13	0.42	0.74	± 12.0 %
1810	40.0	1.40	7.90	7.90	7.90	0.75	0.56	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	7.93	7.93	7.93	0.79	0.57	± 12.0 %
2000	40.0	1.40	7.94	7.94	7.94	0.56	0.65	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	7.25	7.25	7.25	0.39	0.76	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	7.06	7.06	7.06	0.45	0.75	± 12.0 %
5200	36.0	4.66	5.17	5.17	5.17	0.35	1.80	± 13.1 %
5300	35.9	4.76	4.87	4.87	4.87	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5500	35.6	4.96	4.82	4.82	4.82	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.61	4.61	4.61	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5800	35.3	5.27	4.57	4.57	4.57	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %

^C Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

^F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

EX3DV4- SN:3825

December 13, 2013

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3825

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	9.44	9.44	9.44	0.80	0.61	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	9.41	9.41	9.41	0.42	0.86	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	9.23	9.23	9.23	0.62	0.67	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	7.86	7.86	7.86	0.46	0.69	± 12.0 %
1810	53.3	1.52	7.77	7.77	7.77	0.48	0.71	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	7.66	7.66	7.66	0.49	0.72	± 12.0 %
2000	53.3	1.52	7.83	7.83	7.83	0.27	0.97	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	7.23	7.23	7.23	0.79	0.55	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.16	7.02	7.02	7.02	0.80	0.50	± 12.0 %
5200	49.0	5.30	4.38	4.38	4.38	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5300	48.9	5.42	4.23	4.23	4.23	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5500	48.6	5.65	3.92	3.92	3.92	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5600	48.5	5.77	3.90	3.90	3.90	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5800	48.2	6.00	4.05	4.05	4.05	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %

^C Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

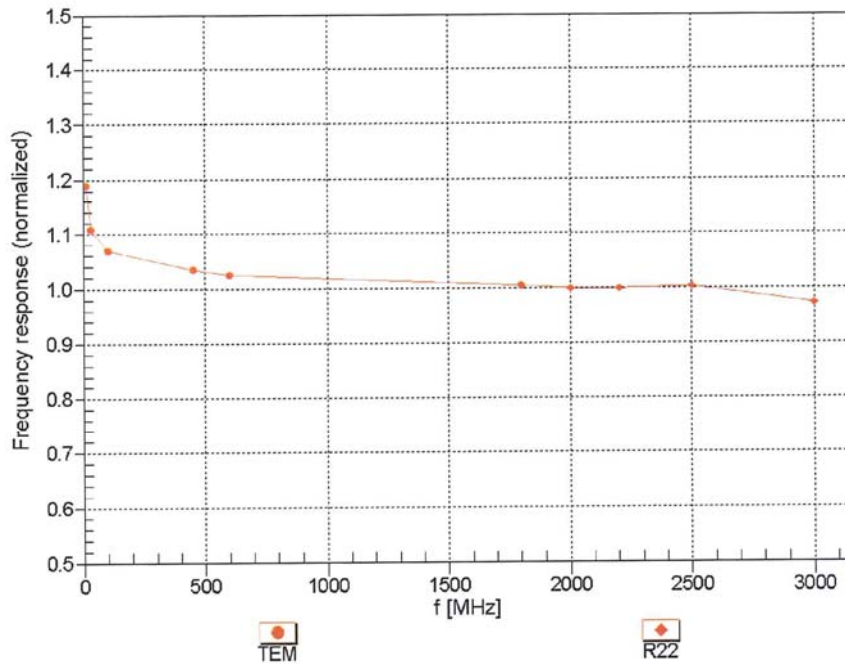
^F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

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Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

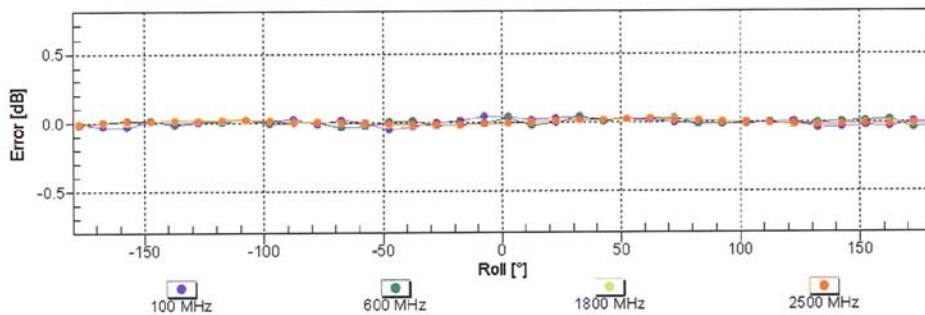
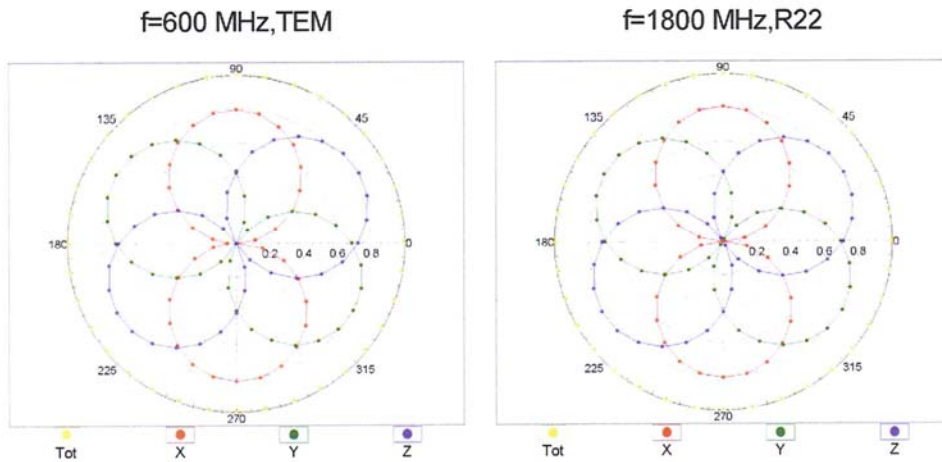


Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 6.3\%$ (k=2)

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Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\theta = 0^\circ$

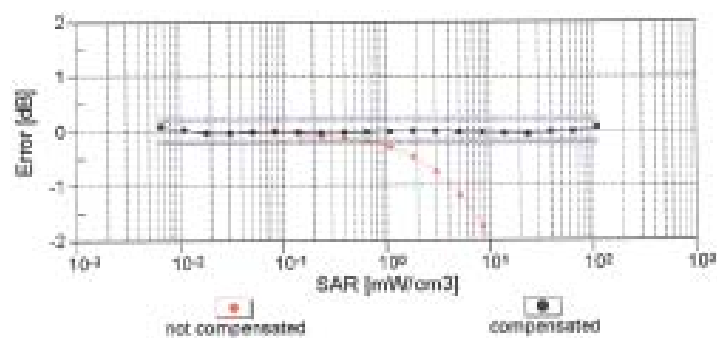
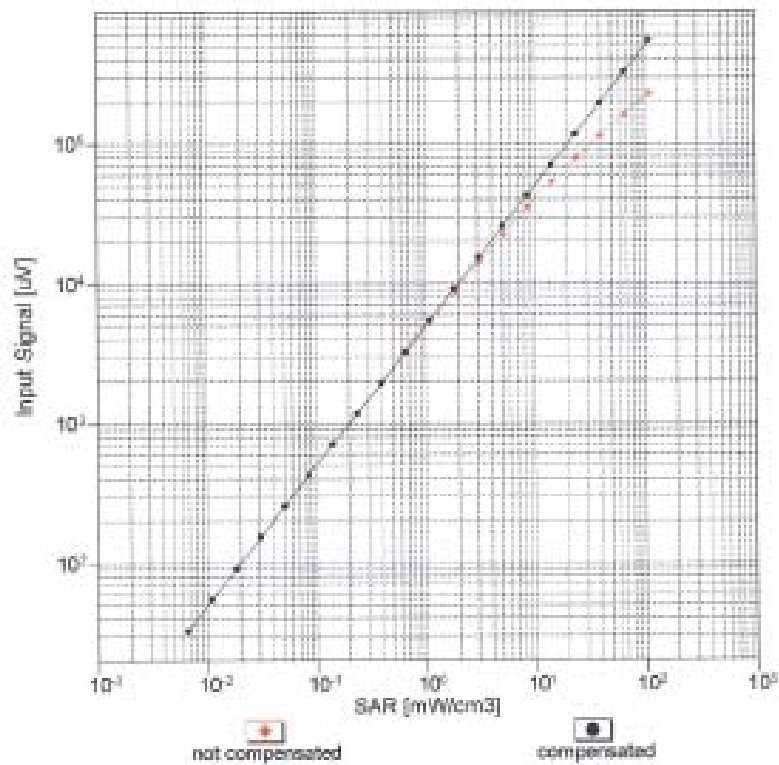


Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 0.5\%$ ($k=2$)

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Dynamic Range $f(\text{SAR}_{\text{head}})$ (TEM cell , $f = 900 \text{ MHz}$)

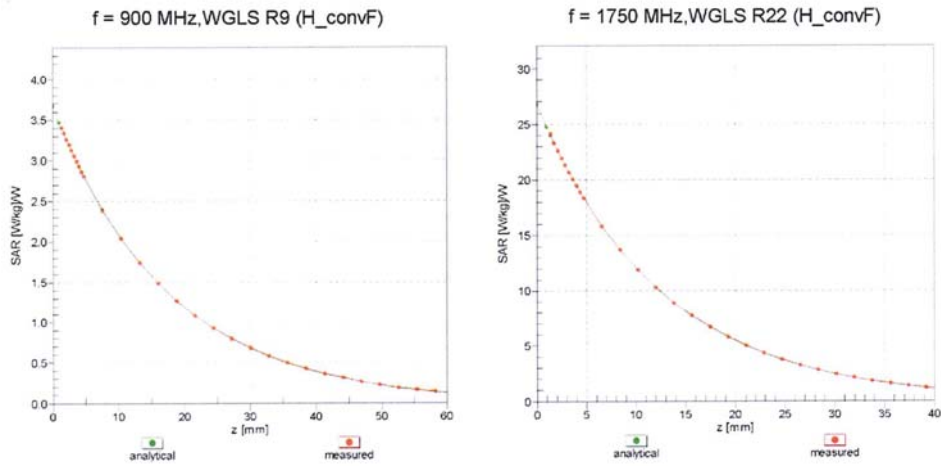


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: $\pm 0.6\%$ ($k=2$)

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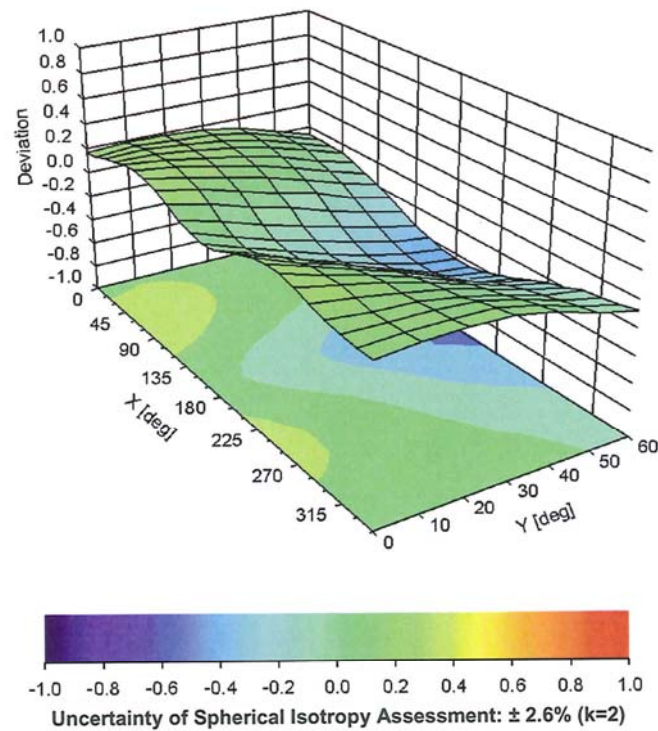
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Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid

Error (ϕ , θ), f = 900 MHz



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DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3825

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	-27.5
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	2 mm