

# **TEST REPORT**

Applicant:	MEIZU TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.				
Address:	MEIZU Tech Bldg, Technology & Innovation Coast, Zhuhai, 519085, Guangdong, China				
Equipment Type:	Mobile Phone				
Model Name:	M512H				
Brand Name:	MEIZU				
FCC ID:	2ANQ6-M512H				
Test Standard:	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C (refer to section 3.1)				
Sample Arrival Date:	Dec. 28, 2025				
Test Date:	Mar. 04, 2025 - Mar. 18, 2025				
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#### **ISSUED BY:**

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Γ	Revision History					
	Version Issue Date Revisions					
	<u>Rev. 01</u>	<u>Apr. 16, 2025</u>	-	Initial Issue		

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## **1 GENERAL INFORMATION**

## 1.1 Test Laboratory

Name	Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.
Address	Block B, 1/F, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi Road,
Address	Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China
Phone Number	+86 755 6685 0100

## 1.2 Test Location

Name	Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.
	Block B, 1/F, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi
	Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China
Location	1/F, Building B, Ganghongji High-tech Intelligent Industrial Park,
	No. 1008, Songbai Road, Yangguang Community, Xili Sub-district,
	Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China
Accorditation Cartificate	The laboratory is a testing organization accredited by FCC as a
Accreditation Certificate	accredited testing laboratory. The designation number is CN1196.



## **2 PRODUCT INFORMATION**

## 2.1 Applicant Information

Applicant	MEIZU TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.		
Address	MEIZU Tech Bldg, Technology & Innovation Coast, Zhuhai, 519085,		
Address	Guangdong, China		

### 2.2 Manufacturer Information

Manufacturer	MEIZU TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.
Address	MEIZU Tech Bldg, Technology & Innovation Coast, Zhuhai, 519085,
Auuress	Guangdong, China

## 2.3 General Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

EUT Name	Mobile Phone		
Model Name Under Test	M512H		
Series Model Name	/A		
Description of Model	N/A		
name differentiation	N/A		
Hardware Version	V1.0		
Software Version	Android 15		
Dimensions (Approx.)	170.75mm*77.5mm*8.5mm		
Weight (Approx.)	N/A		



## 2.4 Technical Information

	2G Network GSM/GPRS/EDGE 850/1900
	3G Network WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA Band 2/4/5
	4G Network LTE FDD Band 2/4/5/7/12/17/18/19/26/66
Network and Wireless	LTE TDD Band 38/41
connectivity	Bluetooth (BR+EDR+BLE)
	WIFI 802.11a, 802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11n(HT20/40) and
	802.11ac(VHT20/40/80)
	GPS, GLONASS, BDS, Galileo, NFC

The requirement for the following technical information of the EUT was tested in this report:

Modulation Technology	DTS		
Modulation Type	GFSK		
Product Type	⊠ Portable		
	Fix Location		
Transfer Rate	1 Mbps, 2 Mbps		
Frequency Range	The frequency range used is 2400 MHz to 2483.5 MHz.		
Number of Channel	40 (at intervals of 2 MHz) Note 1		
Tested Channel	1 Mbps: 0 (2402 MHz), 19 (2440 MHz), 39 (2480 MHz)		
Tested Channel	2 Mbps: 1 (2404 MHz), 19 (2440 MHz), 38 (2478 MHz)		
Antenna Type	PIFA Antenna		
Antenna Gain	2.2 dBi		
Antenna Impedance	50Ω		
Antenna System (MIMO			
Smart Antenna)	N/A		
Note 1: 2 Mbps does not support Channel 0, Channel 12, and Channel 39.			

All channel was listed on the following table:

#### BLE 1M:

	Channel	Freq.	Channel	Freq.	Channel	Freq.	Channel	Freq.
	number	(MHz)	number	(MHz)	number	(MHz)	number	(MHz)
	0	2402	10	2422	20	2442	30	2462
	1	2404	11	2424	21	2444	31	2464
	2	2406	12	2426	22	2446	32	2466
	3	2408	13	2428	23	2448	33	2468
	4	2410	14	2430	24	2450	34	2470
	5	2412	15	2432	25	2452	35	2472
	6	2414	16	2434	26	2454	36	2474
	7	2416	17	2436	27	2456	37	2476
	8	2418	18	2438	28	2458	38	2478
	9	2420	19	2440	29	2460	39	2480
BL	E 2M:							
	Channel	Freq.	Channel	Freq.	Channel	Freq.	Channel	Freq.
	number	(MHz)	number	(MHz)	number	(MHz)	number	(MHz)
	١	١	10	2422	20	2442	30	2462
	1	2404	11	2424	21	2444	31	2464
	2	2406	١	١	22	2446	32	2466
	3	2408	13	2428	23	2448	33	2468





## **3 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS**

### 3.1 Test Standards

No.	Identity	Document Title
1	47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C	Intentional radiators of radio frequency equipment
2	ANSI C63.10-2013	American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices
3	KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02	Guidance for compliance measurements on digital transmission system, frequency hopping spread spectrum system, and hybrid system devices operating under section 15.247 of the FCC rules



## 3.2 Test Verdict

No.	Description	FCC Part No.	Channel	Test Result	Verdict
1	Antenna Requirement	15.203	N/A		Pass <sup>Note1</sup>
2	Output Power	15.247(b)	Low/Middle/High	ANNEX A.1	Pass
3	Occupied Bandwidth	15.247(a)	Low/Middle/High	ANNEX A.2	Pass
4	Conducted Spurious Emission	15.247(d)	Low/Middle/High	ANNEX A.3	Pass
5	Band Edge(Authorized- band band-edge)	15.247(d)	Low/High	ANNEX A.4	Pass
6	Conducted Emission	15.207	Low/Middle/High	ANNEX A.5	Pass
7	Radiated Spurious Emission	15.209 15.247(d)	Low/Middle/High	ANNEX A.6	Pass
8	Band Edge(Restricted- band band-edge)	15.209 15.247(d)	Low/High	ANNEX A.7	Pass
9	Power spectral density (PSD)	15.247(e)	Low/Middle/High	ANNEX A.8	Pass
Note 1: The EUT has a permanently and irreplaceable attached antenna, which complies with the					
requir	ement FCC 15.203.				



## **4 GENERAL TEST CONFIGURATIONS**

## 4.1 Test Environments

During the measurement, the normal environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Relative Humidity	41% to 68%	
Atmospheric Pressure	100 kPa to 102 kPa	
Temperature	NT (Normal Temperature)	+20.8℃ to +26.1℃
Working Voltage of the EUT	NV (Normal Voltage)	3.84V

## 4.2 Test Equipment List

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
Spectrum Analyzer	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	FSV-40	101544	2024.12.16	2025.12.15
			MY46471071	2024.12.10	
Spectrum Analyzer		N9020A			2025.07.03
Power Sensor	KEYSIGHT	U2063XA	MY58000251	2024.07.04	2025.07.03
Spectrum Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9020A	MY50531259	2024.08.01	2025.07.31
Signaling Unit	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	CMW500	171150	2024.05.22	2025.05.21
Test Antenna-Horn	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9120D	02460	2024.05.16	2027.05.15
Test Antenna-Horn	A-INFO	LB-180400KF	J211060273	2024.06.15	2027.06.14
Anechoic Chamber	RAINFORD	9m*6m*6m	140	2024.07.28	2027.07.27
A 110		LSCX_LNA1-	7040044	0004 00 04	0005 07 04
Amplifier	COM-MV	12G-01	7210214	2024.08.01	2025.07.31
A		XKu_LNA7-	7040000	2024.08.01	2025.07.31
Amplifier	COM-MV	18G-01	7210209		
A		KA LNA18	19050001	2024.12.05	2025.12.04
Amplifier	COM-MV	40G-01	18050001		
EMI Receiver	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	ESRP	101036	2024.08.01	2025.07.31
Test Antenna-Bi-Log	SCHWARZBECK	VULB 9168	9168-01162	2023.08.04	2026.08.03
Test Antenna-Loop	SCHWARZBECK	FMZB 1519	1519-037	2024.01.23	2027.01.22
Amplifier	COM-MV	ZT30-1000M	B2018054558	2024.11.28	2025.11.27
An a shais Oh anshan	EMC Electronic Co.,	20.10*11.60*7.	400	0004 07 40	2027.07.12
Anechoic Chamber	Ltd	35m	130	2024.07.13	
EMI Receiver	KEYSIGHT	N9038A	MY53220118	2024.08.01	2025.07.31
Test Antenna-Bi-Log	SCHWARZBECK	VULB 9163	9163-624	2024.07.06	2027.07.05
	YiHeng Electronic	3.5m*3.1m*2.8	110	2025.02.14	0000.00.40
Shielded Enclosure	Co., Ltd	m	m 112		2028.02.13

## 4.3 Test Software List

Description	Manufacturer	Software Version	Serial No.	Applicable test Setup
BL410R	BALUN	V2.1.1.488	N/A	The section 4.5.1
BL410E	BALUN	V22.930	N/A	The section 4.5.2&4.5.3&4.5.4&4.5.5



## 4.4 Measurement Uncertainty

The following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the EUT as specified in CISPR 16-4-2.

This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

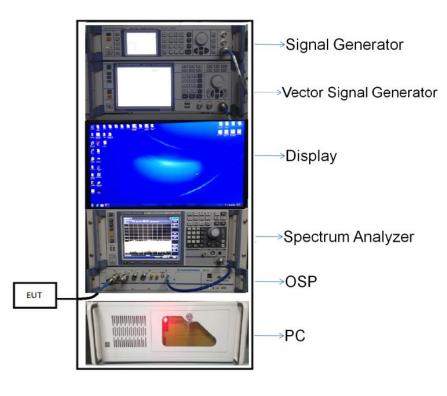
Parameters	Uncertainty
Occupied Channel Bandwidth	2.8%
RF output power, conducted	1.28 dB
Power Spectral Density, conducted	1.30 dB
Unwanted Emissions, conducted	1.84 dB
All emissions, radiated	5.36 dB
Temperature	0.8°C
Humidity	4%

## 4.5 Description of Test Setup

4.5.1 For Antenna Port Test

Conducted value (dBm) = Measurement value (dBm) + cable loss (dB)

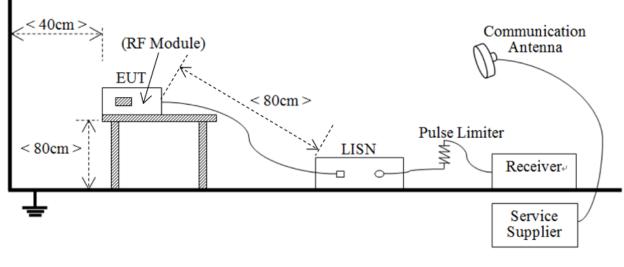
For example: the measurement value is 10 dBm and the cable 0.5dBm used, then the final result of EUT: Conducted value (dBm) = 10 dBm + 0.5 dB = 10.5 dBm



(Diagram 1)

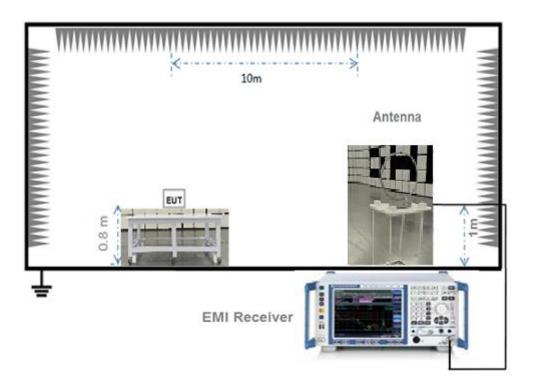


#### 4.5.2 For AC Power Supply Port Test





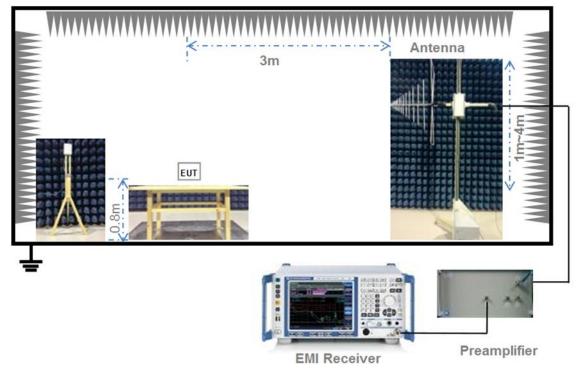
4.5.3 For Radiated Test (Below 30 MHz)



(Diagram 3)

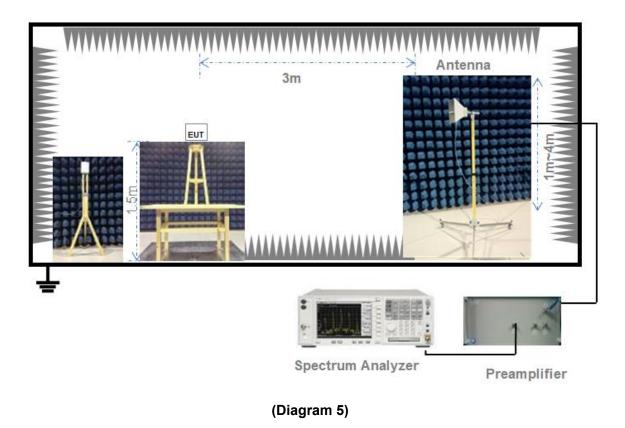


#### 4.5.4 For Radiated Test (30 MHz-1 GHz)



(Diagram 4

4.5.5 For Radiated Test (Above 1 GHz)





## 4.6 Measurement Results Explanation Example

4.6.1 For conducted test items:

The offset level is set in the spectrum analyzer to compensate the RF cable loss and attenuator between EUT conducted output port and spectrum analyzer. With the offset compensation, the spectrum analyzer reading level is exactly the EUT RF output level.

The spectrum analyzer offset is derived from RF cable loss and attenuator factor.

Offset = RF cable loss + attenuator factor.

4.6.2For radiated band edges and spurious emission test:

E = EIRP – 20log D + 104.8

where:

E = electric field strength in  $dB\mu V/m$ ,

EIRP = equivalent isotropic radiated power in dBm

D = specified measurement distance in meters.



## 5 TEST ITEMS

## 5.1 Antenna Requirements

#### 5.1.1 Relevant Standards

#### FCC §15.203 & 15.247(b)

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. This requirement does not apply to carrier current devices or to devices operated under the provisions of § 15.211, § 15.213, § 15.217, § 15.219, or § 15.221. Further, this requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed, such as perimeter protection systems and some field disturbance sensors, or to other intentional radiators which, in accordance with § 15.31(d), must be measured at the installation site. However, the installer shall be responsible for ensuring that the proper antenna is employed so that the limits in this part are not exceeded.

If directional gain of transmitting antennas is greater than 6 dBi, the power shall be reduced by the same level in dB comparing to gain minus 6 dBi. For the fixed point-to-point operation, the power shall be reduced by one dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the FCC rule.

#### 5.1.2 Antenna Anti-Replacement Construction

The Antenna Anti-Replacement as following method:

Protected Method	Description
The antenna is embedded in the	An embedded-in antenna design is used.
product.	

Reference Documents	Item
Photo	Please refer to the EUT Photo documents.

#### 5.1.3Antenna Gain

The antenna peak gain of EUT is less than 6 dBi. Therefore, it is not necessary to reduce maximum peak output power limit.



## 5.2 Output Power

5.2.1 Test Limit

FCC § 15.247(b)

For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 Watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. Maximum Conducted Output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements.

#### 5.2.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

#### 5.2.3 Test Procedure

a) Maximum peak conducted output power

This procedure shall be used when the measurement instrument has available a resolution bandwidth that is greater than the DTS bandwidth.

Set the RBW  $\geq$  DTS bandwidth.

Set VBW ≥ 3 x RBW.

Set span ≥ 3 x RBW

Sweep time = auto couple.

Detector = peak.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use peak marker function to determine the peak amplitude level.

b) Measurements of duty cycle

The zero-span mode on a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver if the response time and spacing between bins on the sweep are sufficient to permit accurate measurements of the on and off times of the transmitted signal.

Set the center frequency of the instrument to the center frequency of the transmission.

Set RBW ≥ OBW if possible; otherwise, set RBW to the largest available value.

Set VBW ≥ RBW. Set detector = peak or average.

The zero-span measurement method shall not be used unless both RBW and VBW are > 50/T and the number of sweep points across duration T exceeds 100. (For example, if VBW and/or RBW are limited to 3 MHz, then the zero-span method of measuring duty cycle shall not be used if T  $\leq$  16.7 microseconds.)

#### 5.2.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.1.





## 5.3 Occupied Bandwidth

5.3.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(a)

Make the measurement with the spectrum analyzer's resolution bandwidth (RBW) = 100 kHz. In order to make an accurate measurement, set the span greater than RBW. The 6 dB bandwidth must be greater than 500 kHz.

5.3.2Test Setup

See section 4.5.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.3.3Test Procedure

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Set RBW = 100 kHz.

Set the video bandwidth (VBW)  $\geq$  3 RBW.

Detector = Peak.

Trace mode = max hold.

Sweep = auto couple.

Allow the trace to stabilize.

Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

5.3.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.2.



## 5.4 Conducted Spurious Emission

#### 5.4.1 Limit

#### FCC §15.247(d)

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement.

#### 5.4.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

#### 5.4.3Test Procedure

The DTS rules specify that in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band, the power shall be attenuated according to the following conditions:

a) If the maximum peak conducted output power procedure was used to demonstrate compliance as described in 9.1, then the peak output power measured in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band shall be attenuated by at least 20 dB relative to the maximum in-band peak PSD level in 100 kHz (i.e., 20 dBc).

b) If maximum conducted (average) output power was used to demonstrate compliance as described in 9.2, then the peak power in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band shall be attenuated by at least 30 dB relative to the maximum in-band peak PSD level in 100 kHz (i.e., 30 dBc).

c) In either case, attenuation to levels below the 15.209 general radiated emissions limits is not required.

The following procedures shall be used to demonstrate compliance to these limits. Note that these procedures can be used in either an antenna-port conducted or radiated test set-up. Radiated tests must conform to the test site requirements and utilize maximization procedures defined herein.

Reference level measurement:

Establish a reference level by using the following procedure:

Set instrument center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.

Set the span to  $\geq$  1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.

Set the RBW = 100 kHz.

Set the VBW  $\geq$  3 x RBW.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto couple.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow trace to fully stabilize.



Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum PSD level.

Emission level measurement:

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the in-band emission and all spurious emissions (e.g., harmonics) from the lowest frequency generated in the EUT up through the 10th harmonic. Typically, several plots are required to cover this entire span.

Set the RBW = 100 kHz.

Set the VBW  $\geq$  3 x RBW.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto couple.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.

Ensure that the amplitude of all unwanted emissions outside of the authorized frequency band (excluding restricted frequency bands) are attenuated by at least the minimum requirements specified in 11.1 a) or 11.1 b). Report the three highest emissions relative to the limit.

5.4.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.3.



## 5.5 Band Edge (Authorized-band band-edge)

#### 5.5.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(d)

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement.

#### 5.5.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

#### 5.5.3Test Procedure

The following procedures may be used to determine the peak or average field strength or power of an unwanted emission that is within 2 MHz of the authorized band edge. If a peak detector is utilized, use the procedure described in 13.2.1. Use the procedure described in 13.2.2 when using an average detector and the EUT can be configured to transmit continuously (i.e., duty cycle  $\geq$  98%). Use the procedure described in 13.2.3 when using an average detector and the EUT cannot be configured to transmit continuously but the duty cycle is constant (i.e., duty cycle variations are less than ± 2 percent). Use the procedure described in 13.2.4 when using an average detector for those cases where the EUT cannot be configured to transmit continuously and the duty cycle is not constant (duty cycle variations equal or exceed 2 percent).

When using a peak detector to measure unwanted emissions at or near the band edge (within 2 MHz of the authorized band), the following integration procedure can be used.

Set instrument center frequency to the frequency of the emission to be measured (must be within 2 MHz of the authorized band edge).

Set span to 2 MHz

RBW = 100 kHz.

VBW  $\geq$  3 x RBW.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow sweep to continue until the trace stabilizes (required measurement time may increase for low duty cycle applications)

Compute the power by integrating the spectrum over 1 MHz using the analyzer's band power measurement function with band limits set equal to the emission frequency (femission)  $\pm$  0.5 MHz. If the instrument does not have a band power function, then sum the amplitude levels (in power units) at 100 kHz intervals extending across the 1 MHz spectrum defined by femission  $\pm$  0.5 MHz.

#### 5.5.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.4.





## 5.6 Conducted Emission

5.6.1 Limit

#### FCC §15.207

For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a  $50\mu$ H/50 $\Omega$  line impedance stabilization network (LISN).

Frequency range	Conducted Limit (dBµV)			
(MHz)	Quai-peak Average			
0.15 - 0.50	66 to 56	56 to 46		
0.50 - 5	56	46		
0.50 - 30	60	50		

#### 5.6.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.2 for test setup description for the AC power supply port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

#### 5.6.3 Test Procedure

The maximum conducted interference is searched using Peak (PK), if the emission levels more than the AV and QP limits, and that have narrow margins from the AV and QP limits will be re-measured with AV and QP detectors. Tests for both L phase and N phase lines of the power mains connected to the EUT are performed. Refer to recorded points and plots below.

Devices subject to Part 15 must be tested for all available U.S. voltages and frequencies (such as a nominal 120 VAC, 50/60 Hz and 240 VAC, 50/60 Hz) for which the device is capable of operation. A device rated for 50/60 Hz operation need not be tested at both frequencies provided the radiated and line conducted emissions are the same at both frequencies.

5.6.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.5.



## 5.7 Radiated Spurious Emission

#### 5.7.1 Limit

#### FCC §15.209&15.247(d)

Radiated emission outside the frequency band attenuation below the general limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in FCC section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a).

According to FCC section 15.209 (a), except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (µV/m)	Measurement Distance (m)
0.009 - 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 - 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 - 30.0	30	30
30 - 88	100	3
88 - 216	150	3
216 - 960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

Note:

- 1. Field Strength (dB $\mu$ V/m) = 20\*log[Field Strength ( $\mu$ V/m)].
- 2. In the emission tables above, the tighter limit applies at the band edges.
- 3. For Above 1000 MHz, the emission limit in this paragraph is based on measurement instrumentation employing an average detector, measurement using instrumentation with a peak detector function, corresponding to 20dB above the maximum permitted average limit.
- For above 1000 MHz, limit field strength of harmonics: 54dBuV/m@3m (AV) and 74dBuV/m@3m (PK).

#### 5.7.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.3 to 4.5.5 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

#### 5.7.3Test Procedure

Since the emission limits are specified in terms of radiated field strength levels, measurements performed to demonstrate compliance have traditionally relied on a radiated test configuration. Radiated measurements remain the principal method for demonstrating compliance to the specified limits; however antenna-port conducted measurements are also now acceptable to demonstrate compliance (see below for details). When radiated measurements are utilized, test site requirements and procedures for maximizing and measuring radiated emissions that are described in ANSI C63.10 shall be followed.

Antenna-port conducted measurements may also be used as an alternative to radiated measurements



for demonstrating compliance in the restricted frequency bands. If conducted measurements are performed, then proper impedance matching must be ensured and an additional radiated test for cabinet/case spurious emissions is required.

General Procedure for conducted measurements in restricted bands:

a) Measure the conducted output power (in dBm) using the detector specified (see guidance regarding measurement procedures for determining quasi-peak, peak, and average conducted output power, respectively).

b) Add the maximum transmit antenna gain (in dBi) to the measured output power level to determine the EIRP level (see guidance on determining the applicable antenna gain)

c) Add the appropriate maximum ground reflection factor to the EIRP level (6 dB for frequencies  $\leq$  30 MHz, 4.7 dB for frequencies between 30 MHz and 1000 MHz, inclusive and 0 dB for frequencies > 1000 MHz).

d) For devices with multiple antenna-ports, measure the power of each individual chain and sum the EIRP of all chains in linear terms (e.g., Watts, mW).

e) Convert the resultant EIRP level to an equivalent electric field strength using the following relationship:

E = EIRP - 20log D + 104.8

where:

E = electric field strength in  $dB\mu V/m$ ,

EIRP = equivalent isotropic radiated power in dBm

D = specified measurement distance in meters.

f) Compare the resultant electric field strength level to the applicable limit.

g) Perform radiated spurious emission test.

#### Quasi-Peak measurement procedure

The specifications for measurements using the CISPR quasi-peak detector can be found in Publication 16 of the International Special Committee on Radio Frequency Interference (CISPR) of the International Electrotechnical Commission.

As an alternative to CISPR quasi-peak measurement, compliance can be demonstrated to the applicable emission limits using a peak detector.

Peak power measurement procedure:

Peak emission levels are measured by setting the instrument as follows:

a) RBW = as specified in Table 1.

b) VBW  $\geq$  3 x RBW.



c) Detector = Peak.

d) Sweep time = auto.

e) Trace mode = max hold.

f) Allow sweeps to continue until the trace stabilizes. (Note that the required measurement time may be longer for low duty cycle applications).

Frequency	RBW
9-150 kHz	200-300 Hz
0.15-30 MHz	9-10 kHz
30-1000 MHz	100-120 kHz
> 1000 MHz	1 MHz

Table 1—RBW as a function of frequency

If the peak-detected amplitude can be shown to comply with the average limit, then it is not necessary to perform a separate average measurement.

Trace averaging across on and off times of the EUT transmissions followed by duty cycle correction:

If continuous transmission of the EUT (i.e., duty cycle  $\geq$  98 percent) cannot be achieved and the duty cycle is constant (i.e., duty cycle variations are less than ± 2 percent), then the following procedure shall be used:

a) The EUT shall be configured to operate at the maximum achievable duty cycle.

b) Measure the duty cycle, x, of the transmitter output signal as described in section 6.0.

c) RBW = 1 MHz (unless otherwise specified).

d) VBW  $\geq$  3 x RBW.

e) Detector = RMS, if span/(# of points in sweep)  $\leq$  (RBW/2). Satisfying this condition may require increasing the number of points in the sweep or reducing the span. If this condition cannot be satisfied, then the detector mode shall be set to peak.

f) Averaging type = power (i.e., RMS).

1) As an alternative, the detector and averaging type may be set for linear voltage averaging.

2) Some instruments require linear display mode in order to use linear voltage averaging. Log or dB averaging shall not be used.

g) Sweep time = auto.

h) Perform a trace average of at least 100 traces.

 i) A correction factor shall be added to the measurement results prior to comparing to the emission limit in order to compute the emission level that would have been measured had the test been performed at 100 percent duty cycle. The correction factor is computed as follows:



1) If power averaging (RMS) mode was used in step f), then the applicable correction factor is  $10 \log(1/x)$ , where x is the duty cycle.

2) If linear voltage averaging mode was used in step f), then the applicable correction factor is  $20 \log(1/x)$ , where x is the duty cycle.

3) If a specific emission is demonstrated to be continuous ( $\geq$  98 percent duty cycle) rather than turning on and off with the transmit cycle, then no duty cycle correction is required for that emission.

NOTE: Reduction of the measured emission amplitude levels to account for operational duty factor is not permitted. Compliance is based on emission levels occurring during transmission - not on an average across on and off times of the transmitter.

Determining the applicable transmit antenna gain:

A conducted power measurement will determine the maximum output power associated with a restricted band emission; however, in order to determine the associated EIRP level, the gain of the transmitting antenna (in dBi) must be added to the measured output power (in dBm).

Since the out-of-band characteristics of the EUT transmit antenna will often be unknown, the use of a conservative antenna gain value is necessary. Thus, when determining the EIRP based on the measured conducted power, the upper bound on antenna gain for a device with a single RF output shall be selected as the maximum in-band gain of the antenna across all operating bands, or 2 dBi, whichever is greater. However, for devices that operate in multiple frequency bands while using the same transmit antenna, the highest gain of the antenna within the operating band nearest in frequency to the restricted band emission being measured may be used in lieu of the overall highest gain when the emission is at a frequency that is within 20 percent of the nearest band edge frequency, but in no case shall a value less than 2 dBi be used.

See KDB 662911 for guidance on calculating the additional array gain term when determining the effective antenna gain for a EUT with multiple outputs occupying the same or overlapping frequency ranges in the same band.

#### Radiated spurious emission test:

An additional consideration when performing conducted measurements of restricted band emissions is that unwanted emissions radiating from the EUT cabinet, control circuits, power leads, or intermediate circuit elements will likely go undetected in a conducted measurement configuration. To address this concern, a radiated test shall be performed to ensure that emissions emanating from the EUT cabinet (rather than the antenna port) also comply with the applicable limits.

For these cabinet radiated spurious emission measurements the EUT transmit antenna may be replaced with a termination matching the nominal impedance of the antenna. Procedures for performing radiated measurements are specified in ANSI C63.10. All detected emissions shall comply with the applicable limits.

The measurement frequency range is from 30MHz to the 10th harmonic of the fundamental frequency. The Turn Table is actuated to turn from 0° to 360°, and both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the



Test Antenna are used to find the maximum radiated power. Mid channels on all channel bandwidth verified. Only the worst RB size/offset presented.

The power of the EUT transmitting frequency should be ignored.

All Spurious Emission tests were performed in X, Y, Z axis direction. And only the worst axis test condition was recorded in this test report.

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured RBW = 1 MHz for  $f \ge 1$  GHz, 100 kHz for f < 1 GHz VBW  $\ge$  RBW Sweep = auto Detector function = peak Trace = max hold

5.7.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.6.



## 5.8 Band Edge (Restricted-band band-edge)

5.8.1 Limit

FCC §15.209&15.247(d)

Radiated emission outside the frequency band attenuation below the general limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in FCC section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a).

5.8.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.3 to 4.5.5 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

#### 5.8.3 Test Procedure

The measurement frequency range is from 9 kHz to the 10th harmonic of the fundamental frequency. The Turn Table is actuated to turn from 0° to 360°, and both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the Test Antenna are used to find the maximum radiated power. Mid channels on all channel bandwidth verified. Only the worst RB size/offset presented.

The power of the EUT transmitting frequency should be ignored.

All Spurious Emission tests were performed in X, Y, Z axis direction. And only the worst axis test condition was recorded in this test report.

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured RBW = 1 MHz for  $f \ge 1$  GHz, 100 kHz for f < 1 GHz VBW  $\ge$  RBW Sweep = auto Detector function = peak Trace = max hold

For measurement below 1GHz, If the emission level of the EUT measured by the peak detector is 3 dB lower than the applicable limit, the peak emission level will be reported, Otherwise, the emission measurement will be repeated using the quasi-peak detector and reported.

For transmitters operating above 1 GHz repeat the measurement with an average detector.

5.8.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.7.



## 5.9 Power Spectral density (PSD)

5.9.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(e)

The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density. If a peak output power is measured, then a peak power spectral density measurement is required. If an average output power is measured, then an average power spectral density measurement should be used.

The transmitter power spectral density conducted from the transmitter to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of Section 5.4(4), (i.e. the power spectral density shall be determined using the same method as is used to determine the conducted output power).

#### 5.9.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.1 (Diagram 1) for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

#### 5.9.3 Test Procedure

Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.

Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.

Set the RBW to:  $3 \text{ kHz} \leq \text{RBW} \leq 100 \text{ kHz}$ .

Set the VBW  $\geq$  3 RBW.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto couple.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.

If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.

5.9.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.8.



## ANNEX A TEST RESULT

## A.1 Output Power, Duty Cycle

#### Peak Power Test Data

	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		
Channel	el GFSK (BL	E 1Mbps)	dBm	mW	Verdict
	dBm	mW			
Low Channel	0.87	1.22			Pass
Middle Channel	0.27	1.06	30	1000	Pass
High Channel	0.34	1.08			Pass

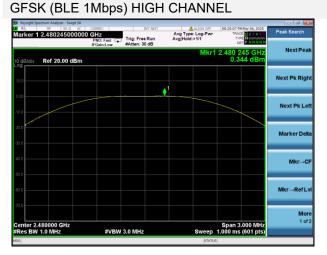
	Measured Outp	out Peak Power	Lir		
Channel	GFSK (BLE 2Mbps)		dPm	m\//	Verdict
	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	
Low Channel	1.47	1.40			Pass
Middle Channel	0.46	1.11	30	1000	Pass
High Channel	0.54	1.13			Pass



#### Test Plots

#### GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL





#### GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) LOW CHANNEL



#### GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL



#### GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL





#### GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL

arker 1 2.47777000000	PNO: East C Trig: Free Run	Avg Type: Log-Pwr Avg Hold:>1/1	08:26:29 PM Mar 06, 2025 TRACE 2 3 4 5 6 TYPE MUNICIPAL OF P. N.N.N.N.	Peak Search
dB/div Ref 20.00 dBm	IFGain:Low #Atten: 30 dB	Mkr	1 2.477 77 GHz 0.538 dBm	NextPea
0.0				Next Pk Righ
00				Next Pk Le
10				Marker Del
				Mkr→C
				Mkr→RefL
enter 2.478000 GHz Res BW 3.0 MHz	#VBW 8.0 MHz	Sweep	Span 6.000 MHz 1.000 ms (601 pts)	Mor 1 of



#### Duty Cycle Test Data

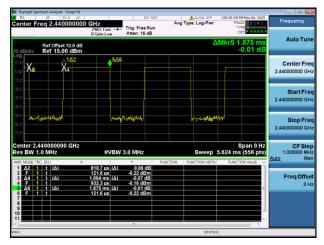
Band	On Time (ms)	On+Off Time (ms)	Duty Cycle
GFSK (BLE 1Mbps)	2.118	2.493	84.96%
GFSK (BLE 2Mbps)	1.064	1.875	56.75%

#### Test Plots

GFSK (BLE 1Mbps)

Keysight Spectrum Analyzer - Swept SA						
RL RF 50 Q AC Center Freq 2.44000000	00 GHz PNO: Fast ↔	Trig: Free Run Atten: 16 dB	Avg	ALIGN OFF	08:19:39 PM Mar 06, 2025 TRACE 2 3 4 5 6 TYPE DET P NNNN	Frequency
Ref Offset 10.8 dE	3			Δ	Mkr5 2.493 ms 0.21 dB	Auto Tune
• g 5 00 5 00 5 00 5 00 5 00 5 00 5 00 5		5Δ6				Center Freq 2.440000000 GHz
25.0						Start Freq 2.440000000 GHz
65.0				Lay		Stop Freq 2.44000000 GHz
Center 2.440000000 GHz Res BW 1.0 MHz		/ 3.0 MHz			Span 0 Hz 7.225 ms (714 pts)	CF Step 1.000000 MHz Auto Man
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	374.9 μs (Δ) 283.7 μs 2.118 ms (Δ) 658.7 μs 2.493 ms (Δ) 283.7 μs	0.24 dB -0.08 dBm -0.03 dB 0.15 dBm 0.21 dB -0.08 dBm	FUNCTION	FUNCTION WIDTH	FUNCTION VALUE	Freq Offset 0 Hz

GFSK (BLE 2Mbps)





## A.2 Occupied Bandwidth

<u>Test Data</u>

Test Made								
Test Mode	GFSK (BLE 1Mbps)							
Channel	6 dB Bandwidth	99% Bandwidth	6 dB Bandwidth					
Channel	(kHz)	(kHz)	Limits (kHz)					
Low Channel	Low Channel 682.400		≥500					
Middle Channel	682.400	1042.600	≥500					
High Channel	682.400	1055.400	≥500					

Test Mode	GFSK (BLE 2Mbps)					
Channel	6 dB Bandwidth	99% Bandwidth	6 dB Bandwidth			
Channel	(kHz)	(kHz)	Limits (kHz)			
Low Channel	1200.000	2090.400	≥500			
Middle Channel	1200.000	2094.400	≥500			
High Channel	1185.000	2094.500	≥500			



#### Test Plots

#### 6 dB Bandwidth

#### GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL

Keysight Spe RL	ectrum Analyzer - S										- 4 💽
	req 2.4020		GHz PNO: Wide			Avg Tr Avg(Ho	ALIGN OFF ype: Log-Pwr bid: 1000/1000	TRACE	Mar 06, 2025		quency
0 dB/div	Ref Offset 1 Ref 15.00	10.8 dB 0 <b>dBm</b>					Δ	Mkr2 682 0.	2.4 kHz 125 dB		Auto Tun
•g 5.00 5.00				X3		243			-6.27 dDn		enter Free 000000 GH
15.0 15.0											Start Fre 500000 GH
i5.0											Stop Free
Res BW	402000 GH 100 kHz		#VB	W 300 kHz				1.013 ms		Auto	CF Ste 300.000 kH Ma
	1 f (Δ)		55 0 GHz 582.4 kHz (/ 62 6 GHz	0.735 dl 0.125 -5.603 dl	3m dB	NCTION	FUNCTION WIDTH	FUNCTIO	N VALUE	F	req Offse 0 H
6 7 8 9 0											
6							STATU	5	-		

#### GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL



#### GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL



#### GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) LOW CHANNEL



#### GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL





### GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL

Keysight Spectrum Analyzer - Swept SA		INT REF		ALIGN OFF	08:26:38 PM	Mar 06, 2025	- 4 K
Center Freq 2.47800000	O GHz		Avg Ty	pe: Log-Pwr Id: 1000/1000	TRACE	1 2 3 4 5 6 M WWWWW	Frequency
	IFGain:Low	Atten: 16 dB			DE	P NNNNN	Auto Tune
Ref Offset 10.8 dB 10 dB/div Ref 15.00 dBm				Δħ	lkr2 1.18 0.	504 dB	
5.00			203				Center Freq
-5.00	~	X <sub>3</sub>				-6.25 dBm	2.478000000 GHz
-15.0	7-						Oto at Easy
-35.0	/			$\gamma$	$\sim$		Start Freq 2.475000000 GHz
-45.0					- h		
-55.0						~~~	Stop Freq
-75.0							2.481000000 GHz
Center 2.478000 GHz				-	Span 6.	000 MHz	CF Step
#Res BW 100 kHz	#VBW	300 kHz	FUNCTION F	Sweep	1.013 ms		600.000 kHz Auto Man
	78 000 GHz 1,185 MHz (Δ)	-0.282 dBm 0.504 dB	PONCTION	CHICTION VIDTH	PONCTIO	VALUE	
	77 430 GHz	-7.084 dBm					Freq Offset 0 Hz
5						-	0112
8							
9 10							
		н				<b>`</b>	
MSG				STATUS			



### 99% Bandwidth

### GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL



### GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL



### GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL



### GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) LOW CHANNEL



### GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL





### GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL





# A.3 Conducted Spurious Emissions

<u>Test Data</u>

		GFSK (BLE 1Mbps)					
	Measured Max.	Limit	Limit (dBm)				
Channel	Out of Band	Carrier Level	Calculated	Verdict			
	Emission (dBm)	20 dBc Limit					
Low Channel	-36.09	0.74	-19.26	Pass			
Middle Channel	-36.92	0.14	-19.86	Pass			
High Channel	-34.83	0.24	-19.76	Pass			

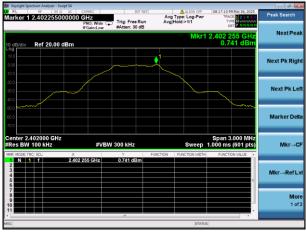
		GFSK (BLE 2Mbps)		
	Measured Max.	Limit		
Channel	Out of Band	Carrier Level	Calculated	Verdict
	Emission (dBm)	20 dBc Limit		
Low Channel	-34.93	0.65	-19.35	Pass
Middle Channel	-36.04	-0.37	-20.37	Pass
High Channel	-35.83	-0.28	-20.28	Pass



### Test Plots

GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL,

### CARRIER LEVEL



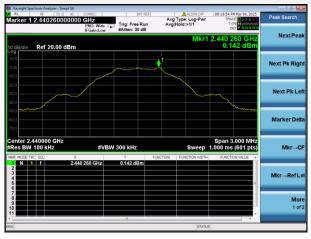
GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz

Marker	08:17:31 PM Mar 06, 2025 TRACE 1 2 3 4 5 6	ALIGN OFF Type: Log-Pwr	Ave	INT R	GHZ	0 0 0 AC		RL rker 1
Select Marke	1 2.793 1 GHz	Hold:>1/1	n Avg	Trig: Free Run #Atten: 30 dB	PNO: Fast G IFGain:Low			
	-47.377 dBm					0 dBm	Ref 20.0	dB/div
Norm								0 0
_	-19.26 dBm							
Dei	.1.2							
			******	ر میں میں میں اور	47.0 <sup>00</sup> -0049.000		tela parte and	apro-m
Fixe								0 0
c	Stop 3.000 GHz 3.9 ms (1001 pts)	Sweep 28		300 kHz	#VB			art 0.030 es BW 1
	FUNCTION VALUE	FUNCTION WIDTH	FUNCTION	Y -47.377 dBm	93 1 GHz	X 27		MODE TRO
Propertie				-48.467 dBm	18 8 GHz	2.9		N 1
	=							
Ma 1 o								
		STATUS						

### GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

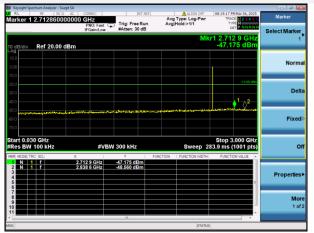


GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL





GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz

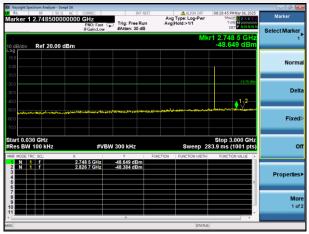


GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL,

### CARRIER LEVEL



GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz



### GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



### GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz





### GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) LOW CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL



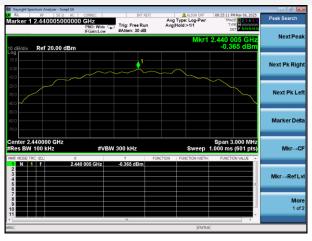
GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz

RL arker 1		50 Ω AC	CORREC GHZ		T REF	ALIGN OFF	08:23:48 PM Mar 06, 2025 TRACE 2 3 4 5 4	Marker
	2.11020		PNO: Fast IFGain:Low	<ul> <li>Trig: Free F #Atten: 30</li> </ul>	Run Avg dB	Hold:>1/1		Select Marker
) dB/div	Ref 20.	00 dBm					-47.321 dBm	
0.0								Norm
10							-19.35 dBm	
1.0								Del
0.0	and in case of the Party of the	استنبا ومراوحه ومنواره الم	ميدو مراجد استور به			Alaterana		
1.0								Fixed
art 0.03							Stop 3.000 GHz	
Res BW	100 kHz	X	#VB	W 300 kHz	FUNCTION	Sweep 2	FUNCTION VALUE	c
1 N '	1 1 1 7	2.	778 2 GHz 906 9 GHz	-47.321 dBr -47.834 dBr	n			
4								Properties
8								Mo
								1 of

### GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

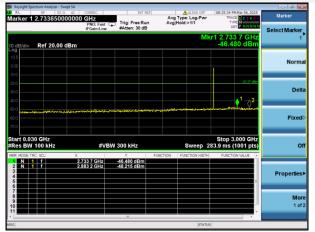


GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL





GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz

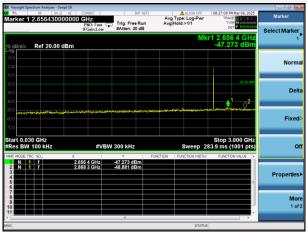


GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL,

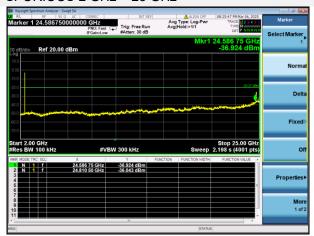
### CARRIER LEVEL



GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz



### GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



### GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz





# A.4 Band Edge (Authorized-band band-edge)

Note: The lowest and highest channels are tested to verify the band edge emissions. Please refer to the following the plots for emissions values.

Test Data

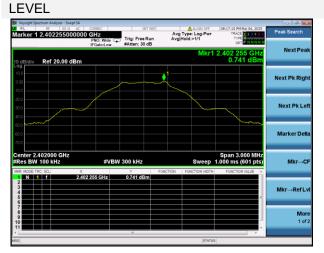
	GFSK (BLE 1Mbps)									
	Measured Max.	Limit								
Channel	Band Edge	Corrier Lovel	Calculated	Verdict						
	Emission (dBm)	Carrier Level								
Low Channel	-49.45	0.74	-19.26	Pass						
High Channel	-48.52	0.24	-19.76	Pass						

		GFSK (BLE 2Mbps)		
	Measured Max.	Limit		
Channel	Band Edge	Carrier Level	Calculated	Verdict
	Emission (dBm)		20 dBc Limit	
Low Channel	-49.04	0.65	-19.35	Pass
High Channel	-48.66	-0.28	-20.28	Pass



### Test Plots

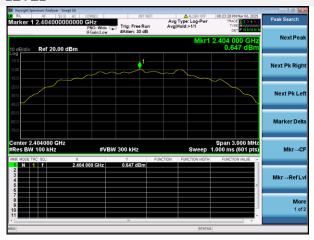
GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL, CARRIER



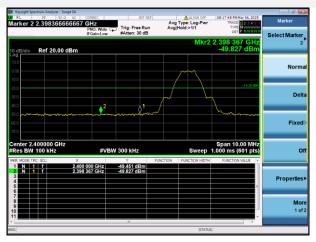
GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL



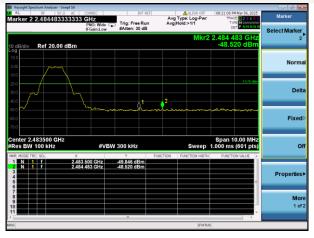
GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) LOW CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL



GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL, BAND EDGE



GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL, BAND EDGE



GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) LOW CHANNEL, BAND EDGE





GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL

larker 1 2.47800500000	CORREC INT REF O GHZ PNO: Wide Trig: Free Run #Atten: 30 dB	Avg Type: Log-Pwr Avg Hold:>1/1	08:26:51 PM Mar 06, 2025 TRACE 2 3 4 5 0 TYPE MWWWWW DET P N N N N N	Peak Search
0 dB/div Ref 20.00 dBm		Mkr1	2.478 005 GHz -0.278 dBm	NextPeak
0.00	1-	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~		Next Pk Righ
				Next Pk Lef
50.0 50.0 70.0				Marker Delt
Res BW 100 KHz	#VBW 300 kHz	Sweep	Span 3.000 MHz 1.000 ms (601 pts) FUNCTION VALUE	Mkr→Cl
1 N 1 f 2.47 2 3 4 5 6	8 005 GHz -0.278 dBm			Mkr→RefLv
7 8 9				Mon 1 of

# GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL, BAND EDGE





# A.5 Conducted Emissions

Note <sup>1</sup>: The EUT is working in the Normal link mode. All modes have been tested and normal link mode is worst.

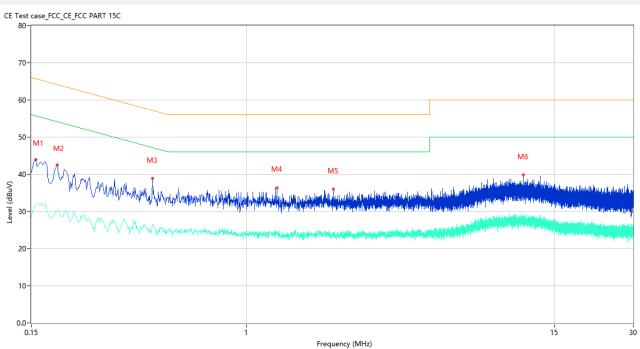
Note <sup>2</sup>: Devices subject to Part 15 must be tested for all available U.S. voltages and frequencies (such as a nominal 120 VAC, 60 Hz and 240 VAC, 50 Hz) for which the device is capable of operation. So, The configuration 120 VAC, 60 Hz and 240 VAC, 50 Hz were tested respectively, but only the worst configuration (120 VAC, 60 Hz) shown here.

Note <sup>3</sup>: Results (dBuV) = Original reading level of Spectrum Analyzer (dBuV) + Factor (dB)



### Test Data and Plots

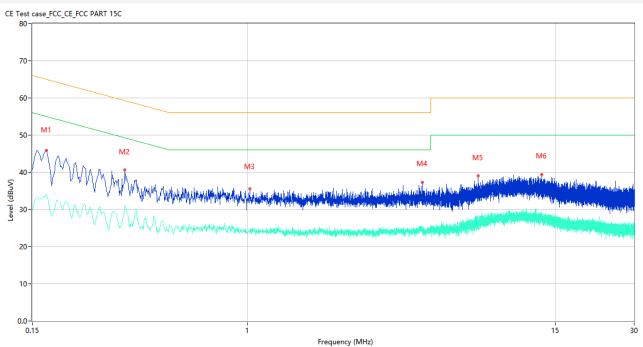




No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Margin	Detector	Line	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV)	(dB)	(dBuV)	(dB)			
1	0.156	43.97	9.78	65.67	21.70	Peak	L	Pass
1**	0.156	32.05	9.78	55.67	23.62	AV	L	Pass
2	0.188	42.60	9.78	64.12	21.52	Peak	L	Pass
2**	0.188	30.54	9.78	54.12	23.58	AV	L	Pass
3	0.436	38.84	10.17	57.14	18.30	Peak	L	Pass
3**	0.436	26.59	10.17	47.14	20.55	AV	L	Pass
4	1.302	36.35	10.48	56.00	19.65	Peak	L	Pass
4**	1.302	24.21	10.48	46.00	21.79	AV	L	Pass
5	2.138	36.01	10.14	56.00	19.99	Peak	L	Pass
5**	2.138	24.46	10.14	46.00	21.54	AV	L	Pass
6	11.388	39.82	10.62	60.00	20.18	Peak	L	Pass
6**	11.388	28.94	10.62	50.00	21.06	AV	L	Pass



### PHASE N



No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Margin	Detector	Line	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV)	(dB)	(dBuV)	(dB)			
1	0.170	45.80	9.78	64.96	19.16	Peak	N	Pass
1**	0.170	34.06	9.78	54.96	20.90	AV	Ν	Pass
2	0.338	40.63	10.52	59.25	18.62	Peak	N	Pass
2**	0.338	31.14	10.52	49.25	18.11	AV	N	Pass
3	1.016	35.61	10.04	56.00	20.39	Peak	N	Pass
3**	1.016	24.51	10.04	46.00	21.49	AV	N	Pass
4	4.642	37.34	10.25	56.00	18.66	Peak	N	Pass
4**	4.642	23.81	10.25	46.00	22.19	AV	N	Pass
5	7.600	39.04	10.22	60.00	20.96	Peak	N	Pass
5**	7.600	26.82	10.22	50.00	23.18	AV	N	Pass
6	13.290	39.38	10.66	60.00	20.62	Peak	N	Pass
6**	13.290	27.76	10.66	50.00	22.24	AV	N	Pass



# A.6 Radiated Spurious Emission

Note <sup>1</sup>: The symbol of "--" in the table which means not application.

Note <sup>2</sup>: For the test data above 1 GHz, according the ANSI C63.4-2014, where limits are specified for both average and peak (or quasi-peak) detector functions, if the peak (or quasi-peak) measured value complies with the average limit, it is unnecessary to perform an average measurement.

Note <sup>3</sup>: The low frequency, which started from 9 kHz to 30 MHz, was pre-scanned and the result which was 20 dB lower than the limit line per 15.31(o) was not reported.

Note <sup>4</sup>: The EUT is working in the Normal link mode below 1 GHz. All modes have been tested and BLE 2M-Low channel mode is the worst.

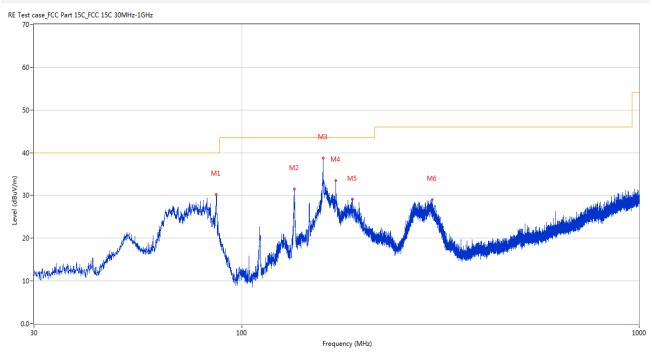
Note <sup>5</sup>: Results (dBuV/m) = Original reading level of Spectrum Analyzer (dBuV/m) + Factor (dB)

# Test Data and Plots 30 MHz to 1 GHz, ANT H

No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	86.260	23.96	-30.32	40.0	16.04	Peak	359.20	200	Horizontal	Pass
2	110.850	22.61	-27.42	43.5	20.89	Peak	192.50	200	Horizontal	Pass
3	135.536	23.40	-25.19	43.5	20.10	Peak	260.20	200	Horizontal	Pass
4	172.687	29.90	-25.03	43.5	13.60	Peak	108.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
5	254.749	26.18	-24.99	46.0	19.82	Peak	216.70	200	Horizontal	Pass
6	297.574	32.78	-23.09	46.0	13.22	Peak	282.50	100	Horizontal	Pass



### 30 MHz to 1 GHz, ANT V



No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	86.309	30.17	-30.32	40.0	9.83	Peak	147.00	100	Vertical	Pass
2	135.633	31.49	-25.18	43.5	12.01	Peak	335.50	100	Vertical	Pass
3	160.222	38.74	-24.30	43.5	4.76	Peak	248.20	100	Vertical	Pass
4	172.542	33.44	-25.04	43.5	10.06	Peak	306.00	100	Vertical	Pass
5	189.759	29.07	-26.57	43.5	14.43	Peak	176.20	100	Vertical	Pass
6	301.066	29.00	-23.21	46.0	17.00	Peak	297.40	100	Vertical	Pass

Note <sup>1</sup>: The marked spikes near 2400 MHz with circle should be ignored because they are Fundamental signal.

Note <sup>2</sup>: The spurious from 18GHz-25GHz is noise only, do not show on the report.

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No.	Frequency	Results	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	1303.900	42.15	74.0	31.85	Peak	212.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
1**	1303.900	32.19	54.0	21.81	AV	212.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
2	2402.300	93.95	74.0	-19.95	Peak	23.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
2**	2402.300	93.11	54.0	-39.11	AV	23.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
3	4839.500	49.79	74.0	24.21	Peak	305.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
3**	4839.500	39.38	54.0	14.62	AV	305.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4	6888.750	54.43	74.0	19.57	Peak	305.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
4**	6888.750	44.67	54.0	9.33	AV	305.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
5	12420.350	53.56	74.0	20.44	Peak	283.00	400	Horizontal	Pass
5**	12420.350	43.54	54.0	10.46	AV	283.00	400	Horizontal	Pass
6	14425.012	55.35	74.0	18.65	Peak	20.00	400	Horizontal	Pass
6**	14425.012	45.65	54.0	8.35	AV	20.00	400	Horizontal	Pass

### GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT H

### GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT V

No.	Frequency	Results	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	1551.100	42.49	74.0	31.51	Peak	130.00	200	Vertical	Pass
1**	1551.100	32.27	54.0	21.73	AV	130.00	200	Vertical	Pass
2	2402.300	80.57	74.0	-6.57	Peak	155.00	150	Vertical	N/A
2**	2402.300	79.92	54.0	-25.92	AV	155.00	150	Vertical	N/A
3	4953.000	49.37	74.0	24.63	Peak	286.00	100	Vertical	Pass
3**	4953.000	39.56	54.0	14.44	AV	286.00	100	Vertical	Pass
4	6889.000	53.84	74.0	20.16	Peak	69.00	300	Vertical	Pass
4**	6889.000	44.32	54.0	9.68	AV	69.00	300	Vertical	Pass
5	12510.125	53.29	74.0	20.71	Peak	351.00	400	Vertical	Pass
5**	12510.125	44.19	54.0	9.81	AV	351.00	400	Vertical	Pass
6	17020.875	55.91	74.0	18.09	Peak	169.00	200	Vertical	Pass
6**	17020.875	46.23	54.0	7.77	AV	169.00	200	Vertical	Pass



No.	Frequency	Results	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	1596.600	41.98	74.0	32.02	Peak	360.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
1**	1596.600	32.53	54.0	21.47	AV	360.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
2	2440.300	91.74	74.0	-17.74	Peak	235.00	200	Horizontal	N/A
2**	2440.300	90.92	54.0	-36.92	AV	235.00	200	Horizontal	N/A
3	4883.250	49.91	74.0	24.09	Peak	168.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
3**	4883.250	40.84	54.0	13.16	AV	168.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4	7981.250	54.11	74.0	19.89	Peak	0.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
4**	7981.250	43.65	54.0	10.35	AV	0.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
5	12498.962	53.67	74.0	20.33	Peak	269.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
5**	12498.962	44.59	54.0	9.41	AV	269.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
6	17019.037	55.83	74.0	18.17	Peak	42.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
6**	17019.037	46.41	54.0	7.59	AV	42.00	300	Horizontal	Pass

### GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT H

### GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT V

· · ·		1	1		,				
No.	Frequency	Results	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	1580.200	42.86	74.0	31.14	Peak	57.00	300	Vertical	Pass
1**	1580.200	31.92	54.0	22.08	AV	57.00	300	Vertical	Pass
2	2440.300	77.45	74.0	-3.45	Peak	12.00	100	Vertical	N/A
2**	2440.300	76.57	54.0	-22.57	AV	12.00	100	Vertical	N/A
3	4914.750	49.30	74.0	24.70	Peak	88.00	150	Vertical	Pass
3**	4914.750	41.08	54.0	12.92	AV	88.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4	7608.500	54.03	74.0	19.97	Peak	30.00	100	Vertical	Pass
4**	7608.500	44.65	54.0	9.35	AV	30.00	100	Vertical	Pass
5	12423.200	53.56	74.0	20.44	Peak	96.00	300	Vertical	Pass
5**	12423.200	44.23	54.0	9.77	AV	96.00	300	Vertical	Pass
6	17046.074	56.48	74.0	17.52	Peak	305.00	100	Vertical	Pass
6**	17046.074	46.32	54.0	7.68	AV	305.00	100	Vertical	Pass



No.	Frequency	Results	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	1320.000	41.69	74.0	32.31	Peak	218.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
1**	1320.000	32.49	54.0	21.51	AV	218.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
2	2479.900	90.46	74.0	-16.46	Peak	235.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
2**	2479.900	89.66	54.0	-35.66	AV	235.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
3	4863.500	49.84	74.0	24.16	Peak	344.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
3**	4863.500	40.30	54.0	13.70	AV	344.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4	7956.750	53.33	74.0	20.67	Peak	108.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
4**	7956.750	44.66	54.0	9.34	AV	108.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
5	12523.187	53.65	74.0	20.35	Peak	104.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
5**	12523.187	44.92	54.0	9.08	AV	104.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
6	14474.625	55.78	74.0	18.22	Peak	0.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
6**	14474.625	46.66	54.0	7.34	AV	0.00	100	Horizontal	Pass

### GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT H

### GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT V

No.	Frequency	Results	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	1317.100	42.34	74.0	31.66	Peak	344.00	400	Vertical	Pass
1**	1317.100	32.49	54.0	21.51	AV	344.00	400	Vertical	Pass
2	2479.800	77.32	74.0	-3.32	Peak	32.00	150	Vertical	N/A
2**	2479.800	75.72	54.0	-21.72	AV	32.00	150	Vertical	N/A
3	4875.750	49.30	74.0	24.70	Peak	110.00	100	Vertical	Pass
3**	4875.750	40.33	54.0	13.67	AV	110.00	100	Vertical	Pass
4	6893.500	53.41	74.0	20.59	Peak	248.00	400	Vertical	Pass
4**	6893.500	44.89	54.0	9.11	AV	248.00	400	Vertical	Pass
5	12493.263	54.09	74.0	19.91	Peak	169.00	100	Vertical	Pass
5**	12493.263	44.38	54.0	9.62	AV	169.00	100	Vertical	Pass
6	17089.651	55.39	74.0	18.61	Peak	154.00	300	Vertical	Pass
6**	17089.651	46.19	54.0	7.81	AV	154.00	300	Vertical	Pass



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No.	Frequency	Results	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	1333.300	42.22	74.0	31.78	Peak	261.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
1**	1333.300	32.39	54.0	21.61	AV	261.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
2	2403.600	93.80	74.0	-19.80	Peak	31.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
2**	2403.600	91.70	54.0	-37.70	AV	31.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
3	4874.750	49.95	74.0	24.05	Peak	11.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
3**	4874.750	40.38	54.0	13.62	AV	11.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
4	6963.000	53.66	74.0	20.34	Peak	305.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
4**	6963.000	43.50	54.0	10.50	AV	305.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
5	12522.951	53.53	74.0	20.47	Peak	351.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
5**	12522.951	44.97	54.0	9.03	AV	351.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
6	14473.838	55.59	74.0	18.41	Peak	154.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
6**	14473.838	46.06	54.0	7.94	AV	154.00	300	Horizontal	Pass

### GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) LOW CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT H

### GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) LOW CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT V

No.	Frequency	Results	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	1232.200	42.28	74.0	31.72	Peak	229.00	400	Vertical	Pass
1**	1232.200	31.69	54.0	22.31	AV	229.00	400	Vertical	Pass
2	2403.600	80.42	74.0	-6.42	Peak	158.00	150	Vertical	N/A
2**	2403.600	78.41	54.0	-24.41	AV	158.00	150	Vertical	N/A
3	4637.750	49.74	74.0	24.26	Peak	305.00	150	Vertical	Pass
3**	4637.750	37.87	54.0	16.13	AV	305.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4	7988.000	53.25	74.0	20.75	Peak	45.00	200	Vertical	Pass
4**	7988.000	44.87	54.0	9.13	AV	45.00	200	Vertical	Pass
5	12999.900	53.55	74.0	20.45	Peak	176.00	300	Vertical	Pass
5**	12999.900	45.16	54.0	8.84	AV	176.00	300	Vertical	Pass
6	16971.000	55.37	74.0	18.63	Peak	64.00	400	Vertical	Pass
6**	16971.000	45.61	54.0	8.39	AV	64.00	400	Vertical	Pass



No.	Frequency	Results	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	1507.700	42.50	74.0	31.50	Peak	265.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
1**	1507.700	32.55	54.0	21.45	AV	265.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
2	2440.500	91.24	74.0	-17.24	Peak	237.00	100	Horizontal	N/A
2**	2440.500	89.07	54.0	-35.07	AV	237.00	100	Horizontal	N/A
3	4909.000	49.75	74.0	24.25	Peak	28.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
3**	4909.000	39.90	54.0	14.10	AV	28.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
4	7969.000	53.96	74.0	20.04	Peak	225.00	400	Horizontal	Pass
4**	7969.000	44.61	54.0	9.39	AV	225.00	400	Horizontal	Pass
5	12461.912	54.02	74.0	19.98	Peak	206.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
5**	12461.912	45.53	54.0	8.47	AV	206.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
6	17118.000	55.69	74.0	18.31	Peak	314.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
6**	17118.000	45.95	54.0	8.05	AV	314.00	300	Horizontal	Pass

### GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT H

### GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT V

,		1			0.1.2,7.4.41	r	r	1	r
No.	Frequency	Results	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	1525.000	42.12	74.0	31.88	Peak	360.00	400	Vertical	Pass
1**	1525.000	32.29	54.0	21.71	AV	360.00	400	Vertical	Pass
2	2440.600	77.80	74.0	-3.80	Peak	4.00	200	Vertical	N/A
2**	2440.600	75.41	54.0	-21.41	AV	4.00	200	Vertical	N/A
3	4897.750	49.61	74.0	24.39	Peak	326.00	200	Vertical	Pass
3**	4897.750	40.00	54.0	14.00	AV	326.00	200	Vertical	Pass
4	6888.250	53.84	74.0	20.16	Peak	307.00	200	Vertical	Pass
4**	6888.250	45.46	54.0	8.54	AV	307.00	200	Vertical	Pass
5	12494.687	54.44	74.0	19.56	Peak	132.00	400	Vertical	Pass
5**	12494.687	44.31	54.0	9.69	AV	132.00	400	Vertical	Pass
6	17135.324	55.22	74.0	18.78	Peak	349.00	100	Vertical	Pass
6**	17135.324	45.48	54.0	8.52	AV	349.00	100	Vertical	Pass



No.	Frequency	Results	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	1399.400	42.49	74.0	31.51	Peak	204.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
1**	1399.400	32.49	54.0	21.51	AV	204.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
2	2478.500	90.49	74.0	-16.49	Peak	239.00	100	Horizontal	N/A
2**	2478.500	88.31	54.0	-34.31	AV	239.00	100	Horizontal	N/A
3	4902.500	49.89	74.0	24.11	Peak	0.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
3**	4902.500	40.53	54.0	13.47	AV	0.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4	7615.250	53.15	74.0	20.85	Peak	0.00	400	Horizontal	Pass
4**	7615.250	43.43	54.0	10.57	AV	0.00	400	Horizontal	Pass
5	12530.312	54.07	74.0	19.93	Peak	254.00	400	Horizontal	Pass
5**	12530.312	45.76	54.0	8.24	AV	254.00	400	Horizontal	Pass
6	16849.724	55.51	74.0	18.49	Peak	358.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
6**	16849.724	46.43	54.0	7.57	AV	358.00	200	Horizontal	Pass

### GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT H

### GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT V

No.	Frequency	Results	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	1575.400	41.92	74.0	32.08	Peak	13.00	100	Vertical	Pass
1**	1575.400	32.48	54.0	21.52	AV	13.00	100	Vertical	Pass
2	2478.400	77.49	74.0	-3.49	Peak	30.00	200	Vertical	N/A
2**	2478.400	76.09	54.0	-22.09	AV	30.00	200	Vertical	N/A
3	4904.000	49.64	74.0	24.36	Peak	11.00	200	Vertical	Pass
3**	4904.000	39.99	54.0	14.01	AV	11.00	200	Vertical	Pass
4	6895.750	54.01	74.0	19.99	Peak	11.00	400	Vertical	Pass
4**	6895.750	45.86	54.0	8.14	AV	11.00	400	Vertical	Pass
5	12991.237	53.71	74.0	20.29	Peak	290.00	200	Vertical	Pass
5**	12991.237	44.55	54.0	9.45	AV	290.00	200	Vertical	Pass
6	16867.574	55.28	74.0	18.72	Peak	117.00	100	Vertical	Pass
6**	16867.574	46.33	54.0	7.67	AV	117.00	100	Vertical	Pass



# A.7 Band Edge (Restricted-band band-edge)

Note <sup>1</sup>: The lowest and highest channels are tested to verify the band edge emissions. Please refer to the following the plots for emissions values.

Note <sup>2</sup>: The test data all are tested in the vertical and horizontal antenna which the trace is max hold. So these plots have shown the worst case.

Note <sup>3</sup>: According the ANSI C63.10-2013, where limits are specified for both average and peak (or quasipeak) detector functions, if the peak (or quasi-peak) measured value complies with the average limit, it is unnecessary to perform an average measurement.

Note 4: The Level (dBuV/m) has been corrected by factor.

### Test Data and Plots

<u>о</u> г.	SK (BLE IMBPS) LOW CHANNEL									
	No.	Frequency	Results	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
		(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
	1	2334.550	55.61	74.0	18.39	Peak	279.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
	1**	2334.550	43.83	54.0	10.17	AV	279.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
	2	2389.950	52.63	74.0	21.37	Peak	350.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
	2**	2389.950	43.13	54.0	10.87	AV	350.00	100	Horizontal	Pass

### GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL

### GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL

No.	Frequency	Results	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	2483.515	54.89	74.0	19.11	Peak	47.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
1**	2483.515	43.82	54.0	10.18	AV	47.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
2	2493.685	55.52	74.0	18.48	Peak	293.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
2**	2493.685	43.98	54.0	10.02	AV	293.00	200	Horizontal	Pass



### GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) LOW CHANNEL

						1			
No.	Frequency	Results	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	2336.600	55.43	74.0	18.57	Peak	13.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
1**	2336.600	43.70	54.0	10.30	AV	13.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
2	2389.950	52.31	74.0	21.69	Peak	234.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
2**	2389.950	43.27	54.0	10.73	AV	234.00	200	Horizontal	Pass

### GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL

No.	Frequency	Results	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	2483.500	54.26	74.0	19.74	Peak	206.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
1**	2483.500	43.88	54.0	10.12	AV	206.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
2	2489.530	55.93	74.0	18.07	Peak	43.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
2**	2489.530	43.71	54.0	10.29	AV	43.00	100	Horizontal	Pass



# A.8 Power Spectral Density (PSD)

<u>Test Data</u>

GFSK (BLE 1Mbps)								
Channel	Spectral power density Limit		Verdict					
Chainei	(dBm/3kHz)	(dBm/3kHz)	Verdict					
Low Channel	-15.82	8	Pass					
Middle Channel	-16.27	8	Pass					
High Channel	-15.83	8	Pass					

GFSK (BLE 2Mbps)								
Channel	Spectral power density (dBm/3kHz)	Limit (dBm/3kHz)	Verdict					
Low Channel	-17.63	8	Pass					
Middle Channel	-18.41	8	Pass					
High Channel	-19.10	8	Pass					



### Test Plots

### GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL



GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL



### GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) LOW CHANNEL



### GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL



### GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL





### GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL





# ANNEX B TEST SETUP PHOTOS

Please refer the document "BL-SZ2520111-AR-2.PDF".

# ANNEX C EUT EXTERNAL PHOTOS

Please refer the document "BL-SZ2520111-AW.PDF".

# ANNEX D EUT INTERNAL PHOTOS

Please refer the document "BL-SZ2520111-AI.PDF".



# Statement

1. The laboratory guarantees the scientificity, accuracy and impartiality of the test, and is responsible for all the information in the report, except the information provided by the customer. The customer is responsible for the impact of the information provided on the validity of the results.

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--END OF REPORT--