## APPENDIX C - RF EXPOSURE EVALUATION

## **Applicable Standard**

According to §1.1310, systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensure that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission's guideline.

According to KDB447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06:

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances  $\leq$  50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance,

mm)]  $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$  for 1-g SAR and  $\le 7.5$  for 10-g extremity SAR, where

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
- 3.0 and 7.5 are referred to as the numeric thresholds in the step 2 below

The test exclusions are applicable only when the minimum test separation distance is  $\leq 50$  mm and for transmission frequencies between 100 MHz and 6 GHz. When the minimum test separation distance is  $\leq 5$  mm, a distance of 5 mm according to 5) in section 4.1 is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

## **Measurement Result**

The max conducted power including tune-up tolerance is 6.0 dBm (3.98 mW). [(max. power of channel, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)][Vf(GHz)] =  $3.98/5*(\sqrt{2.480})=1.3<3.0$ 

## Note:

1. This device maximum E-Field level is  $99.809 dB\mu V/m$  at 3m, so the EIRP power is 4.609 dBm, Antenna Gain is -0.43 dBi

Maximum Conduct Power is 5.039 dBm

EIRP(dBm)=Field Strength of Fundamental(dBuV/m)-95.2 (dB),

Maximum Conduct Power (dBm)= EIRP(dBm)- Antenna Gain(dBi)

Maximum Power declared by manufacturer.

Result: Compliant. The stand-alone SAR evaluation is not necessary.

==== END OF REPORT ====