

FCC AND ISED SAR TEST REPORT

Applicant	:	Harman International Industries, Inc.	
Address of Applicant	:	8500 Balboa Boulevard, Northridge, CA 91329, UNITED STATES	
Manufacturer	:	Harman International Industries, Inc.	
Address of Manufacturer	:	8500 Balboa Boulevard, Northridge, CA 91329, UNITED STATES	
Equipment under Test	•	Portable Bluetooth Speaker	
Model No.	:	BOOMBOX 3	
HVIN	:	JBLBOOMBOX3	
FCC ID	•	APIBOOMBOX3	
IC	1	6132A-BOOMBOX3	
Test Standard(s)	•	Test Standard Used: IEEE Std. 1528-2013; IEC/IEEE 62209-1528:2020 FCC Rules and Regulations: 47 CFR § 2.1093 ISED Rules and Regulations: RSS-102 Issue6, Dec. 2023 Test Procedure Used: KDB447498 D04 v01, KDB 865664 D01 v01r04, KDB 865664 D02 v01r02, RSS-102.SAR.MEAS	
Report No.	:	DDT-RE24111205-2E10	
Issue Date	:	2024/12/06	
Issue By	:	Guangdong Dongdian Testing Service Co., Ltd.	
Address of Laboratory	:	Unit 2, Building 1, No. 17, Zongbu 2nd Road, Songshan Lake Park, Dongguan, Guangdong, China, 523808	



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Test Report Declare

Report No.: DDT-RE24111205-2E10

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HVIN	1:	JBLBOOMBOX3	

Test Standard Used:

IEEE Std. 1528-2013; IEC/IEEE 62209-1528:2020

FCC Rules and Regulations: 47 CFR § 2.1093

ISED Rules and Regulations: RSS-102 Issue6, Dec. 2023

Test Procedure Used:

KDB447498 D04 v01, KDB 865664 D01 v01r04, KDB 865664 D02 v01r02, RSS-102.SAR.MEAS

We Declare:

The equipment described above is tested by Guangdong Dongdian Testing Service Co., Ltd and in the configuration tested the equipment complied with the standards specified above. The test results are contained in this test report and Guangdong Dongdian Testing Service Co., Ltd is assumed of full responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of these tests.

After test and evaluation, our opinion is that the equipment provided for test compliance with the requirement of the above FCC and ISED standards.

Report No.:	DDT-RE24111205-2E	10	
Date of Receipt:	2024/09/10	Date of Test	2024/09/10~2024/12/06
Pre	epared By:		Approved By:
John	son Huang		Damon Mu
®	8		8
Johnson	Huang/Engineer	L	Damon Hu/EMC Manager

Note: This report applies to above tested sample only. This report shall not be reproduced in parts without written approval of Guangdong Dongdian Testing Service Co., Ltd.

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Revision History

Report No.: DDT-RE24111205-2E10

Rev.	Revisions	Issue Date	Revised By
	Initial issue	2024/12/06	

1. General test information

1.1. Description of EUT

EUT Name	Portable	Portable Bluetooth Speaker			
Model Number	BOOME	SOOMBOX 3			
EUT Function Description	Please	ease reference user manual of this device			
Power Supply	AC 100 DC 7.2\	0-240V-50/60Hz 80W 2V built-in battery, 9600mAh, 69.12Wh			
Radio Specification	Bluetoo	oth BR/EDR/LE			
Antenna Type	FPC				
Max Antenna Gain(dBi)	2.26				

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Note1: EUT is the abbreviation of equipment under test.

1.2. Accessories of EUT

Accessories	Manufacturer	Model number	Description
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

1.3. Assistant equipment used for test

Accessories	Manufacturer	Model number	Description
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

1.4. Block diagram of EUT configuration for test

EUT

Test software: FCCTestTool.exe (Zgmicro Bluetooth* Authentication Tool V2,3.145.823 - CE/FCC/NCC/MIC)

1.5. Test environment conditions

During the measurement the environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Condition	Normal Condition	Extreme Condition
Relative Humidity	20-75%	_® N/A
$Temperature(^{\circ}\!\mathbb{C})$	18℃-25℃	N/A
Voltage(V)	7.2V	N/A

1.6. Test laboratory

Guangdong Dongdian Testing Service Co., Ltd.

Add: Unit 2, Building 1, No.17, Zongbu 2nd Road, Songshan Lake Park, Dongguan, Guangdong, China, 523808

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Tel.: +86-0769-38826678, http://www.dgddt.com, Email: ddt@dgddt.com.

CNAS Accreditation No. L6451; A2LA Accreditation Number: 3870.01

FCC Designation Number: CN1182, Test Firm Registration Number: 540522

Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada Site Registration Number: 10288A

Conformity Assessment Body identifier: CN0048

VCCI facility registration number: C-20087, T-20088, R-20123, R-20155, G-20118

2. Summary of test results

2.1. Report SAR results

Band	Test Position	Max. Reported SAR (W/kg)	SAR limit (W/kg)	Verdict
Bluetooth	Body(1-g) 0mm	0.36	1.6	Pass
SRD	Body(1-g) 0mm	0.46	1.6	Pass

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2.2. RF exposure limits

Human Exposure	Uncontrolled Environment General Population	Controlled Environment Occupational
Spatial Average SAR** (Whole Body)	0.08 W/kg	0.40 W/kg
Spatial Peak SAR* (Brain*Trunk)	1.60 W/kg	8.00 W/kg
Spatial Peak SAR*** (Hands/Feet/Ankle/Wrist)	4.00 W/kg	20.00 W/kg

Notes:

- 1) The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time
- 2) The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.
- 3) The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.
- 4) Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.
- 5) Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation.)

EUT is compliant with Uncontrolled Environment General Population.

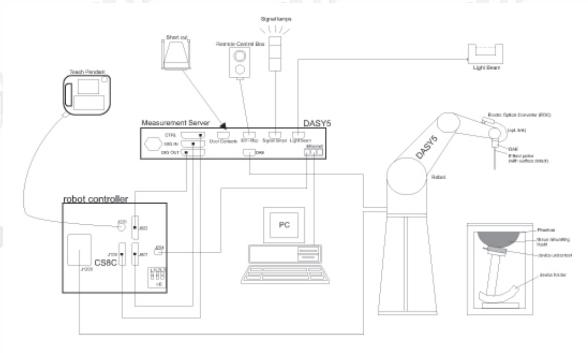
EUT have the same physical, mechanical, and thermal characteristics and operational tolerances expected for production units

3. SAR measurements system configuration

3.1. The SAR measurement system

This SAR Measurement System uses a computer-controlled 3-D stepper motor system (SPEAG DASY5 professional system). A E-field probe is used to determine the internal electric fields. The SAR can be obtained from the equation SAR= σ (|Ei|2)/ ρ where σ and ρ are the conductivity and mass density of the tissue-Simulate.

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The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stabile RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodation the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing,
 AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc.
 The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion between optical and electrical of the signals for the digital communication to DAE and for the analog signal from the optical surface detection. The EOC is connected to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer operating Windows 7.
- DASY52 software.
- Remote control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning

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lamps, etc.

- The SAM twin phantom enabling testing left-hand, right-hand and Body Worn usage.
- The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- Validation dipole kits allowing to validating the proper functioning of the system.

3.2. Isotropic E-field probe EX3DV4

	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Calibration	ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available.
Frequency	10 MHz to > 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 Db (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.3 Db in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 Db in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g to > 100 Mw/g Linearity: ± 0.2 Db (noise: typically < 1 μW/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields); the only probe that enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.
Compatibility	DASY3, DASY4, DASY52 SAR and higher, EASY4/MRI

3.3. SAM twin phantom

Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)
Liquid Compatibility	Compatible with all SPEAG tissue simulating liquids (incl. DGBE type)
Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (6 ± 0.2 mm at ear point)
Dimensions (incl. Wooden Support)	Length: 1000 mm Width: 500 mm Height: adjustable feet
Filling Volume	10esolut. 25 liters
Wooden Support	SPEAG standard phantom table



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The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209-1. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the

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phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by teaching three points with the robot.

Twin SAM V5.0 has the same shell geometry and is manufactured from the same material as Twin SAM V4.0, but has reinforced top structure.

3.4. ELI phantom

Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)
Liquid Compatibility	Compatible with all SPEAG tissue simulating liquids (incl. DGBE type)
Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (bottom plate)
Dimensions	Major axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm
Filling Volume	11esolut. 30 liters
Wooden Support	SPEAG standard phantom table



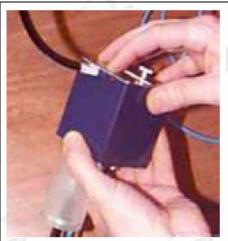
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Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the IEC 62209-2 standard and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles.

ELI V5.0 has the same shell geometry and is manufactured from the same material as ELI4, but has reinforced top structure.

3.5. Data acquisition electronics (DAE)

Model	DAE4
Construction	Signal amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter and control logic. Serial optical link for communication with DASY4/5 embedded system (fully remote controlled). Two step probe touch detector for mechanical surface detection and emergency robot stop.
Measurement Range	-100 to +300 mv (16 bit resolution and two range settings: mV,400 mV)
Input Offset Voltage	< 5mv (with auto zero)
Input Bias Current	< 50 fA
Dimensions	60 x 60 x 68 mm



3.6. Device holder for transmitters



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The DASY device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centres for both scales are the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

The DASY device holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity ε =3 and loss tangent δ =0.02. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.

4. Measurement procedure

4.1. Scanning procedure

Step 1: Power reference measurement

The "reference" and "drift" measurements are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure.

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Step 2: Area scan

The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 4mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head and the horizontal grid spacing was 15mm*15mm or 12mm*12mm or 10mm*10mm.Based on the area scan data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation.

Step 3: Zoom scan

Around this point, a volume of 30mm*30mm*30mm (fine resolution volume scan, zoom scan) was assessed by measuring 5x5x7 points (≤2GHz) and 7x7x7 points (≥2GHz). On this basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated with the following procedure:

The data at the surface was extrapolated, since the centre of the dipoles is 2.0mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.2mm. (This can be variable. Refer to the probe specification). The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip. The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straight-forward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1g or 10g) were computed using the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. One thousand points were interpolated to calculate the average. All neighbouring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

The area and zoom scan resolutions specified in the table below must be applied to the SAR measurements Probe boundary effect error compensation is required for measurements with the probe tip closer than half a probe tip diameter to the phantom surface. Both the probe tip diameter and sensor offset distance must satisfy measurement protocols; to ensure probe boundary effect errors are minimized and the higher fields closest to the phantom surface can be correctly measured and extrapolated to the phantom surface for computing 1-g SAR. Tolerances of the post-processing algorithms must be verified by the test laboratory for the scan resolutions used in the SAR measurements, according to the reference distribution functions specified in IEEE 1528-2013.

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			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz	
Maximum distance fro (geometric center of p		measurement point rs) to phantom surface	5 mm ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \text{ mm} \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$	
	Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom urface normal at the measurement location			20° ± 1°	
			\leq 2 GHz: \leq 15 mm 3 – 4 GHz: \leq 12 mm 2 – 3 GHz: \leq 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: \leq 10 mm		
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Area},\Delta y_{Area}$			When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be \leq the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.		
Maximum zoom scan	spatial res	olution: Δx _{Zoom} , Δy _{Zoom}	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*	
	uniform	grid: Δz _{Zoom} (n)	≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded	Δz _{Zoom} (1): between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm	
	grid $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$: between subsequent points		$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1) \text{ mm}$		
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm	

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Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see IEEE Std 1528-2013 for details.

Step 4: Power reference measurement (drift)

The Power Drift Measurement job measures the field at the same location as the most recent power reference measurement job within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the DUT's output power and should vary max. \pm 5 %

Step 5: Z-Scan (FCC only)

The Z scan measures points along a vertical straight line. The line runs along the Z-axis of a one-dimensional grid. In order to get a reasonable extrapolation, the extrapolated distance should not be greater than the step size in Z-direction.

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^{*} When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the <u>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</u> procedures of KDB Publication 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

5. Description of test position

5.1. Body-worn accessory configurations

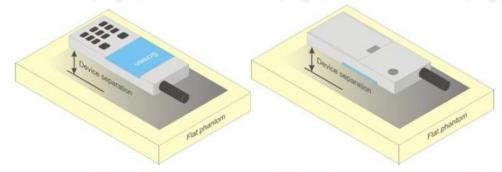
Body-worn operating configurations should be tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in normal use configurations.

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Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration. Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04, Body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB Publication 447498 D04 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.

Accessories for Body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are tested with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e., the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices intended to be authorized for body-worn use. In this case, a test configuration with a separation distance between the back of the device and the flat phantom is used. Test position spacing was documented. Transmitters that are designed to operate in front of a person's face, as in push-to-talk configurations, are tested for SAR compliance with the front of the device positioned to face the flat phantom in head fluid. For devices that are carried next to the body such as a shoulder, waist or chest-worn transmitters, SAR compliance is tested with the accessories, including headsets and microphones, attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration.



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5.2. Extremity exposure configurations

Devices that are designed or intended for use on extremities or mainly operated in extremity only exposure conditions: i.e., hands, wrists, feet and ankles, may require extremity SAR evaluation. When the device also operates in close proximity to the user's body, SAR compliance for the body is also required. The 1-g body and10-g extremity SAR Exclusion Thresholds found in KDB Publication 447498 D04v01 should be applied to determine SAR test requirements.

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For smart phones with a display diagonal dimension >15.0 cm or an overall diagonal dimension > 16.0 cm that provide similar mobile web access and multimedia support found in mini-tablets or UMPC mini-tablets that support voice calls next to the ear. the phablets procedures outlined in KDB Publication 648474 D04 v01r03 should be applied to evaluate SAR compliance. A device marketed as phablets, regardless of form factors and operating characteristics must be tested as a phablet to determine SAR compliance. In addition to the normally required head and body-worm accessory SAR test procedures required for handsets, the UMPC mini-tablet procedures must also be applied to test the SAR of all surfaces and edges with an antenna <=25 mm from that surface or edge, in direct contact with the phantom, for 10-g SAR. The UMPC mini-tablet 1-g SAR at 5 mm is not required. When hotspot mode applies, 10-g SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot to the maximum output power (including tolerance) is 1-g SAR > 1.2 W/kg.

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6. RF exposure conditions

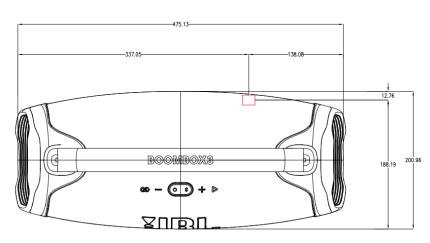
6.1. EUT Test sides

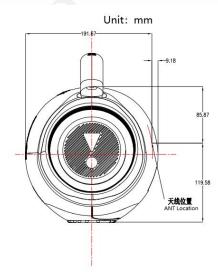
	SAR test sides								
A 4	Daniel	d .	Body						
Antenna	Band	Front	Back	Тор	Bottom	Left	Right		
ANT	BT	√	V	√	1	\checkmark	√		
ANT	SRD	√	$\sqrt{}$	\checkmark	1	\checkmark	V		

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6.2. Antenna position

Unit: mm





6.3. Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations

According to the KDB447498, the SAR test exclusion threshold:

	Distance(mm)										
(z	1	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50
Ξ E	300	39	65	88	110	129	148	166	184	201	217
	450	22	44	67	89	112	135	158	180	203	226
Ċ.	835	9	25	44	66	90	116	145	175	207	240
ien	1900	3	12	26	44	66	92	122	157	195	236
nbə	2450	3	10	22	38	59	83	111	143	179	219
Fre	3600	2	8	18	32	49	71	96	125	158	195
®	5800	1	6	14	25	40	® 58	80	106	136 ®	169

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According to RSS-102, the SAR test exclusion threshold:

Frequency (MHz)	≤5 mm (mW)	10 mm (mW)	15 mm (mW)	20 mm (mW)	25 mm (mW)	30 mm (mW)	35 mm (mW)	40 mm (mW)	45 mm (mW)	> 50 mm (mW)
≤300	45	116	139	[®] 163	189	216	246	280	319	362
450	32	71	87	104	124	147	175	208	248	296
835	21	32	41	54	72	96	129	172	228	298
1900	6	10	18	33	57	92	138	194	257	323
2450	3	7	16	32	56	89	128	170	209	245
3500	2	6	15	29	50	72	94	114	134	158
5800	1	5	13	23	32	41	54	74	102	128

7. SAR system verification procedure

7.1. Tissue simulate liquid

7.1.1. Target dielectric properties of head tissue-equivalent material

Frequency (MHz)	Relative permittivity (ε'_r)	Conductivity (o) (S/m)
300	45.3	0.87
450	43.5	0.87
750	41.9	0.89
835	41.5	0.90
900	41.5	0.97
1450	40.5	1.20
1500	40.4	1.23
1640	40.2	1.31
1750	40.1	1.37
1800	40.0	1.40
1900	40.0	1.40
2000	40.0	1.40
2100	39.8	1.49
2300	39.5	1.67
2450	39.2	1.80
2600	39.0	1.96
3000	38.5	2.40
3500	37.9	2.91
4000	37.4	3.43
4500	36.8	3.94
5000	36.2	4.45
5200	36.0	4.66
5400	35.8	4.86
5600	35.5	5.07
5800	35.3	5.27
6000	35.1	5.48

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NOTE—For convenience, permittivity and conductivity values at some frequencies that are not part of the original data from Drossos et al. [B60] or the extension to 5800 MHz are provided (i.e., the values shown in italics). These values were linearly interpolated between the values in this table that are immediately above and below these values, except the values at 6000 MHz that were linearly extrapolated from the values at 3000 MHz and 5800 MHz.

7.1.2. Measurement for tissue simulate liquid

The dielectric properties for this Tissue Simulate Liquids were measured by using the Agilent Model 85070E Dielectric Probe in conjunction with Agilent E5071C Network Analyzer (300 KHz-8500 MHz). The Conductivity (σ) and Permittivity (ρ) are listed in table. For the SAR measurement given in this report. The temperature variation of the Tissue Simulate Liquids was $\pm 2^{\circ}$ C.

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1.83

(1.750-1.920)

1.878

 $(1.7841 \sim 1.972)$

40.13

40.13

1.835

1.887

22.5

22.5

2024/11/26

2024/11/26

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39.16

(37.20-41.12) 39.02

 $(37.069 \sim 40.971)$

7.2. SAR system validation

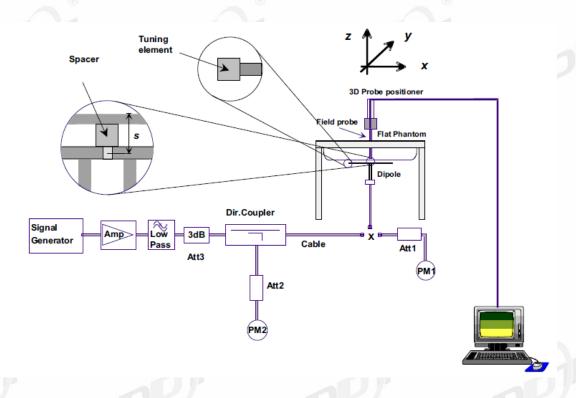
2480

2540

The microwave circuit arrangement for system verification is sketched in bellow figure. The daily system accuracy verification occurs within the flat section of the SAM phantom. A SAR measurement was performed to see if the measured SAR was within +/- 10% from the target SAR values. The tests were conducted on the same days as the measurement of the EUT. The obtained results from the system accuracy verification are displayed in the table 5 (A power level of 250mw was input to the dipole antenna). During the tests, The laboratory temperature range shall not exceed 2°C, the relative humidity was in the range 75% and the liquid depth above the ear reference points was above 15 cm in all the cases. It is seen that the system is operating within its specification, as the results are within acceptable tolerance of the reference values.

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7.2.1. Justification for extended SAR dipole calibrations

- 1) Referring to KDB865664 D01 requirements for dipole calibration, instead of the typical annual calibration recommended by measurement standards, longer calibration intervals of up to three years may be considered when it is demonstrated that the SAR target, impedance and return loss of a dipole have remain stable according to the following requirements. Each measured dipole is expected to evaluate with the following criteria at least on annual interval in Appendix C.
- a) There is no physical damage on the dipole;
- b) System check with specific dipole is within 10% of calibrated value;
- c) Return-loss is within 10% of calibrated measurement;
- d) Impedance is within 5Ω from the previous measurement.
- 2) Network analyzer probe calibration against air, distilled water and a shorting block performed before measuring liquid parameters.

7.2.2. Validation test setup photograph



7.2.3. Summary system validation results

Validation I	Validation Kit Measured SAR 250mW (W/kg)		Measured SAR normalized to 1w (W/kg)	Target SAR normalized to 1w (±10%) (W/kg)	Liquid Temp. (℃)	Measured Date
D2450V2	D2450V2 1-g 12.9		51.6	53.1 (47.79~58.41)	22.5	2024/11/26
@2450MHz	10-g	6.08	24.32	24.5 (22.05~26.95)	22.5	2024/11/26

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7.2.4. Detailed system validation results

See the Appendix A.

8. Equipment list

		ستلللم							
Test Platform	SPEAG DASY5 Professional								
Location	SAR room								
Description	SAR Test System (Frequency range 300MHz-6GHz)								
Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Number Calibration Date					
Robot	Staubli	TX90 XL	F12/5N3XC/A/01	NCR	NCR				
ELI Phantom	SPEAG	QDOVA002 AA	1752	NCR	NCR				
Data Acquisition Electronics	SPEAG	DAE4	1366	2024-04-29	2025-04-28				
SAR test Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3906	2024-04-29	2025-04-28				
Validation Kits	SPEAG	D2450V2	904	2022-01-26	2025-01-25				
Agilent Network Analyzer	Agilent	E5071C	MY46316792	2024-04-01	2025-03-31				
Dielectric Probe Kit	Agilent	85070E	85070-20037	NCR	NCR				
0.1G-2Ghz DUAL DIRECTIONAL COUPLER	Agilent	778D	MY52180233	NCR	NCR				
2G-18Ghz DUAL DIRECTIONAL COUPLER	Agilent	772D	MY52180116	NCR	NCR				
Signal Generator	Agilent	N5182A	MY19060405	2024-04-01	2025-03-31				
Preamplifier	Mini-Circuits	ZHL-42W	[®] QA1240001	NCR ®	NCR				
Preamplifier	Mini-Circuits	ZVE-8G+	926701231	NCR	NCR				
EPM Series Power Meter	Agilent	E4417A	MY50000999	2024-04-01	2025-03-31				
Power Sensor	Agilent	E9327A	MY44420458	2024-04-01	2025-03-31				
Power Sensor	Agilent	E9327A	MY44420760	2024-04-01	2025-03-31				
Attenuator	Agilent	8491A 3dB	MY52460179	NCR 🗸	NCR				
Attenuator	Agilent	8491A 10dB	MY52460275	NCR	NCR				
Humidity and Temperature Indicator	Euchamp Electronics	YSWS53020 B	20210916	2024-08-26	2025-08-25				
Test software	Speag	® DASY5	V52.10.4.1535	N/A	N/A				

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9. Measurement uncertainty

Uncertainty Component	probability distribution	Contains the factor	Standard uncertainty Ui	C1(1g)	C1(10g)	
Sensitivity of probe	N®	1	±6.55%	® 1	1	
Isotropy of the probe	R	√3	±1.08%	1	1	
Linearity of the probe	R	√3	±0.35%	1	1	
Coupling effect between probe and dielectric boundary	R	√3	±0.46%	1	1	
The detection limit of the system	R	⊚ √3	±0.14%	1	3 1	
Errors in electronic reading equipment	N	1	±0.35%	1	1	
Measure the response time of the equipment	R	√3	0	1	1	
Measure the integral time of the equipment	R	√3	±1.50%	1	1	
Data post-processing algorithm	R	√3	±0.58%	1	1	
Electromagnetic environment disturbance	R	√3 ®	±1.73%	1	1 @	
the positioning accuracy of the probe	R	√3	±0.87%	1	1	
The positioning accuracy of the probe tip relative to the model surface	R	√3	±1.67%	1	1	
Manufacturing tolerances for models	R	√3	±2.31%	1	1	
Deviation of measured liquid conductivity from target value	R	√3	±2.89%	0.64	0.43	
Liquid conductivity test system accuracy	N	1	±2.5%	0.64	0.43	
The deviation between the measured permittivity of liquid and the target value	R	√3	±2.89%	0.6	0.49	
Test precision of liquid permittivity test system	N	1	±2.5%	0.6	0.49	
The disturbance of the positioning fixture	N)	1	±5.2%	3 1	1	
Accuracy of sample positioning	N	1	±4.6%	1	1	
The output power of the tested sample drifts	R	√3	±2.89%	1	1	
Combined standard uncertainty	Uc(1g)=11.3%, Uc(10g)=11.0%					
Expanded uncertainty (95% confidence interval) k=2		U(1g)=22	.6%, U(10g)=2	2%		

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10. Measurement of Body SAR data

10.1. RF conducted power

	®	Blue	etooth BR/EDF	₹	®		
	*_1	Average	e conducted po	ower	7		
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Power (dBm)	Duty-Cycle	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm) 12.0		
®	0	2402	11.46	0.776			
DH5	39	2441	11.03	0.776	12.0		
	78	2480	10.39	0.776	12.0		
	0	2402	6.78	0.7733	7.0		
2DH5	39	2441	6.35	0.7733	7.0		
®	78	2480 🛞	5.69	0.7713	7.0		
	0	2402	7.16	0.7733	7.5		
3DH5	39	2441	6.42	0.7733	75		
	78	2480	6.10	0.7733	7.5		

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8 Bluetooth LE										
Average conducted power										
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Power (dBm)	Duty-Cycle	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)					
	0	2402	5.95	0.619	7.0					
BLE 1M	19	2440	10.86	0.619	11.0					
	39	2480	4.79	0.619	6.0					
BLE 2M		2404	11.19	0.3175	12.0					
	19	19 2440		0.3175	11.0					
	38	2478	10.10	0.3175	11.0					

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Note:

- 1) The output power of the device was set to transmit at maximum power for all test.
- 2) According to KDB447498, BLE Conforms to SAR test reduction procedures does not require testing. The Bluetooth maximum output power mode is DH5, select DH5 mode to test SAR.
- 3) The SRD maximum output power mode is DH5, select DH5 mode to test SAR.

10.2. Measurement of SAR data

Bluetooth Body 0mm SAR 1-g											
Test position	Test mode	Test Freq (MHz)	Duty Cycle	SAR 1-g (W/kg)	Power drift (dB)	Conduct power (dBm)	Max. Tune- up Power (dBm)	Scaled factor	Scaled SAR 1-g (W/kg)	Liquid Temp. (°C)	SAR limit 1-g (W/kg)
Front	DH5	2402	0.776	0.00800	0.16	11.46	12.0	1.459	<0.01	22.5	1.6
Back	DH5	2402	0.776	0.24800	-0.07	11.46	12.0	1.459	0.36	22.5	1.6
Тор	DH5	2402	0.776	0.00839	0.13	11.46	12.0	1.459	<0.01	22.5	1.6
Bottom	DH5	2402	0.776	0.00754	-0.03	11.46	12.0	1.459	<0.01	22.5	1.6
Left	DH5	2402	0.776	0.00777	0.08	11.46	12.0	1.459	<0.01	22.5	1.6
Right	DH5	2402	0.776	0.00466	-0.07	11.46	12.0	1.459	<0.01	22.5	1.6
Back	DH5	2441	0.776	0.18600	0.02	11.03	12.0	1.611	0.30	22.5	1.6
Back	DH5	2480	0.776	0.14200	0.04	10.39	12.0	1.867	0.27	22.5	1.6

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SRD Body 0mm SAR 1-g											
Test position	Test mode	Test Freq (MHz)	Duty Cycle	SAR 1-g (W/kg)	Power drift (dB)	Conduct power (dBm)	Max. Tune- up Power (dBm)	Scaled factor	Scaled SAR 1-g (W/kg)	Liquid Temp. (°C)	SAR limit 1-g (W/kg)
Front	DH5	2407	0.776	0.00926	0.06	11.50	12.0	1.446	<0.01	22.5	1.6
Back	DH5	2407	0.776	0.315	0.11	11.50	12.0	1.446	0.46	22.5	1.6
Тор	DH5	2407	0.776	0.00926	0.18	11.50	12.0	1.446	<0.01	22.5	1.6
Bottom	DH5	2407	0.776	0.00821	-0.14	11.50	12.0	1.446	<0.01	22.5	1.6
Left	DH5	2407	0.776	0.00921	0.04	11.50	12.0	1.446	<0.01	22.5	1.6
Right	DH5	2407	0.776	0.00526	0.11	11.50	12.0	1.446	<0.01	22.5	1.6
Back	DH5	2441	0.776	0.102	0.07	11.05	12.0	1.604	0.16	22.5	1.6
Back	DH5	2475	0.776	0.100	-0.05	10.42	12.0	1.854	0.19	22.5	1.6

Note

- 1)The maximum Scaled SAR value is marked in bold. Graph Results refer to Appendix B
- 2)Scaled factor= (Max. Tune-up Power in mW) / (Conducted Power in mW) / (Duty Cycle)
- 3)Scaled SAR=Test SAR * Scaled factor
- $4) EUT \ not \ supported \ simultaneous \ transmission, \ simultaneous \ transmission \ of \ SAR \ test \ exclusions \ is \ not \ required.$