# FCC Part 15 EMI TEST REPORT

# of

E.U.T. : Data Transfer Device

MODEL : HL301

FCC ID. : 2ABTA301X

Frequency Range: 2403MHz~2478MHz

# for

APPLICANT: HEALTH & LIFE Co., Ltd.

ADDRESS : 9F, No. 186, Jian Yi Road, Zhonghe District, New

Taipei City, Taiwan

Test Performed by

#### **ELECTRONICS TESTING CENTER, TAIWAN**

NO. 34. LIN 5, DINGFU VIL., LINKOU DIST., NEW TAIPEI CITY, TAIWAN, 24442, R.O.C. TEL: (02)26023052 FAX: (02)26010910

http://www.etc.org.tw; e-mail: emc@etc.org.tw

Report Number: 14-09-RBF-006-07

# TEST REPORT CERTIFICATION

Applicant : HEALTH & LIFE Co., Ltd.

9F, No. 186, Jian Yi Road, Zhonghe District, New Taipei City, Taiwan

Manufacturer : HEALTH & LIFE (Suzhou) Co., Ltd.

NO.1428 XIANG JIAN ROAD, SUZHOU NEW DISTRICT SUZHOU

**CITY 215129, CHINA** 

Description of EUT

a) Type of EUT : Data Transfer Device

b) Trade Name : N/A c) Model No. : HL301

d) Power Supply : Power From PC

f) Frequency Range : 2403MHz~2478MHz

Regulation Applied : FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15 Subpart C

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT: The data shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures given in ANSI C63.4, and the energy emitted by the device was founded to be within the limits applicable. I assume full responsibility for accuracy and completeness of these data.

Note: 1. The result of the testing report relate only to the item tested.

2. The testing report shall not be reproduced expect in full, without the written approval of ETC.

#### **Summary of Tests**

Test	Results
Radiated Emission	Pass
Conducted Emission	Pass
Band Edge Requirement	Pass

Date Test Item Received : Sep.09, 2014

Date Test Campaign Completed : Oct. 30, 2014

Date of Issue : Nov. 07, 2014

Test Engineer:

( Jiapeng Chen, Engineer )

Approve & Authorized Signer:

S. S. Liou, Section Manager EMC Dept. II of ELECTRONICS TESTING CENTER, TAIWAN

<b>Table of Contents</b>	Page
Cover Page	I
TEST REPORT CERTIFICATION	II
Table of Contents.	IV
1 GENERAL INFORMATION	1
1.1 Product Description	1
1.2 Characteristics of Device	1
1.3 Test Methodology	1
1.4 Test Facility	1
2 PROVISIONS APPLICABLE	2
2.1 Definition	2
2.2 Requirement for Compliance	3
2.3 Restricted Bands of Operation	5
2.4 Labeling Requirement	5
2.5 User Information	6
3. SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION	7
3.1 Justification	7
3.2 Devices for Tested System	7
4 RADIATED EMISSION MEASUREMENT	8
4.1 Applicable Standard	8
4.2 Measurement Procedure	8
4.3 Measuring Instrument	10
4.4 Radiated Emission Data	11
4.4.1 RF Portion	11
4.4.2 Other Emissions	17
4.5 Field Strength Calculation	
4.6 Photos of Radiation Measuring Setup	20
5 CONDUCTED EMISSION MEASUREMENT	21
5.1 Standard Applicable	21
5.2 Measurement Procedure	21
5.3 Conducted Emission Data	22
5.4 Result Data Calculation	24
5.5 Conducted Measurement Equipment	24
5.6 Photos of Conduction Measuring Setup	25
6 ANTENNA REQUIREMENT	26
6.1 Standard Annlicable	26

6.2	6.2 Antenna Construction	
7 E	BAND EDGES MEASUREMENT	27
7.1	Standard Applicable	27
	2 Measurement Procedure	
7.3	Measurement Equipment	28
7.4	Measurement Data	28

#### 1 GENERAL INFORMATION

## 1.1 Product Description

a) Type of EUT : Data Transfer Device

b) Trade Name : N/A c) Model No. : HL301

d) Power Supply : Power From PC

e) Frequency Range : 2403MHz~2478MHz

#### 1.2 Characteristics of Device

Data Transfer Device with 2.4GHz ANT+.

## 1.3 Test Methodology

Both conducted and radiated emissions were performed according to the procedures illustrated in ANSI C63.4 (2003). Other required measurements were illustrated in separate sections of this test report for details.

#### 1.4 Test Facility

The open area test site and conducted measurement facility used to collect the radiated data is located on the roof top of Building at No.34, Lin 5, Dingfu Vil., Linkou Dist., New Taipei City, Taiwan 24442, R.O.C.

This site is FCC 2.948 listed and accepted in a letter dated Jan. 29, 2014.

Registration Number: 90589

#### 2 PROVISIONS APPLICABLE

#### 2.1 Definition

#### **Unintentional radiator:**

A device that intentionally generates and radio frequency energy for use within the device, or that sends radio frequency signals by conduction to associated equipment via connecting wiring, but which is not intended to emit RF energy by radiation or induction.

#### Class A Digital Device:

A digital device which is marketed for use in commercial or business environment; exclusive of a device which is market for use by the general public, or which is intended to be used in the home.

#### Class B Digital Device:

A digital device which is marketed for use in a residential environment notwithstanding use in a commercial, business of industrial environment. Example of such devices that are marketed for the general public.

Note: A manufacturer may also qualify a device intended to be marketed in a commercial, business, or industrial environment as a Class B digital device, and in fact is encouraged to do so, provided the device complies with the technical specifications for a Class B Digital Device. In the event that a particular type of device has been found to repeatedly cause harmful interference to radio communications, the Commission may classify such a digital device as a Class B Digital Device, Regardless of its intended use.

#### **Intentional radiator:**

A device that intentionally generates and emits radio frequency energy by radiation or induction.

## 2.2 Requirement for Compliance

#### (1) Conducted Emission Requirement

For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150kHz to 30MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50MH/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the band edges.

Frequency	Quasi Peak	Average
MHz	dΒμV	dΒμV
0.15 - 0.5	66-56	56-46
0.5 - 5.0	56	46
5.0 - 30.0	60	50

#### (2) Radiated Emission Requirement

For unintentional device, according to §15.109(a), except for Class A digital devices, the field strength of radiated emissions from unintentional radiators at a distance of 3 meters shall not exceed the following values:

Frequency MHz	Distance Meters	Radiated dBμV/m	Radiated μV/m
30 - 88	3	40.0	100
88 - 216	3	43.5	150
216 - 960	3	46.0	200
Above 960	3	54.0	500

For intentional device, according to §15.209(a), the general requirement of field strength of radiated emissions from intentional radiators at a distance of 3 meters shall not exceed the above table.

For intentional radiator device, per §15.249(a), the field strength of emissions shall comply with the following :

Frequency	Distance	Fundamental		Harr	nonic
MHz	MHz Meters		dBμV/m mV/m		$\mu V/m$
902 - 928	3	94	50	54	500
2400 - 2483.5	3	94	50	54	500
5725 - 5875	3	94	50	54	500
24000 - 24250	3	108	250	68	2500

In accordance with §15.249(e), limits shown in above table are based on average limits for frequencies above 1000 MHz, and frequencies below 1000 MHz are based on quasi peak. However, the peak field strength of any emission shall not exceed the maximum permitted average limits by more than 20 dB.

#### (3) Spurious in Out Band Requirement

For intentional device, according to §15.249 (d), emissions radiated outside of the specified frequency bands, except for harmonics, shall be attenuated by at least 50 dB below the level of fundamental or to the general radiated emission limits in §15.209.

#### (4) Antenna Requirement

For intentional device, according to §15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device.

## 2.3 Restricted Bands of Operation

Only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
IVIIIZ	IVIIIZ	IVIIIZ	GHZ
0.090 - 0.110	16.42-16.423	399.9-410	4.5-5.25
0.495 - 0.505 **	16.69475 - 16.69525	608-614	5.35-5.46
2.1735 - 2.1905	16.80425 - 16.80475	960-1240	7.25-7.75
4.125-4.128	25.5-25.67	1300-1427	8.025-8.5
4.17725-4.17775	37.5-38.25	1435-1626.5	9.0-9.2
4.20725-4.20775	73-74.6	1645.5-1646.5	9.3-9.5
6.215-6.218	74.8-75.2	1660-1710	10.6-12.7
6.26775-6.26825	108-121.94	1718.8-1722.2	13.25-13.4
6.31175-6.31225	123-138	2200-2300	14.47-14.5
8.291-8.294	149.9-150.05	2310-2390	15.35-16.2
8.362-8.366	156.52475 - 156.52525	2483.5-2500	17.7-21.4
8.37625-8.38675	156.7-156.9	2655-2900	22.01-23.12
8.41425-8.41475	162.0125-167.17	3260-3267	23.6-24.0
12.29-12.293	167.72-173.2	3332-3339	31.2-31.8
12.51975-12.52025	240-285	3345.8-3358	36.43-36.5
12.57675-12.57725	322-335.4	3360-4400	Above 38.6
13.36-13.41			

<sup>\*\*:</sup> Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490-0.510 MHz

## 2.4 Labeling Requirement

The device shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

#### 2.5 User Information

The users manual or instruction manual for an intentional or unintentional radiator shall caution the user that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

For a Class B digital device or peripheral, the instructions furnished the user shall include the following or similar statement, placed in a prominent location in the text of the manual.

The Federal Communications Commission Radio Frequency Interference Statement includes the following paragraph.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B Digital Device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation.

This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction may cause harmful interference to radio communication. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation.

If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- -- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- -- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- -- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- -- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio / TV technician for help.

#### 3. SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

#### 3.1 Justification

For both radiated and conducted emissions, the system was configured for testing in a typical fashion as a customer would normally use it. The peripherals other than EUT were connected in normally standing by situation.

All measurement were intentional to maximum the emissions from EUT by varying the connection cables, therefore, the test result is sure to meet the applicable requirement.

## 3.2 Devices for Tested System

Device	Manufacturer	Model / FCC ID	Description
	HEALTH & LIFE (Suzhou) Co., Ltd.	HL301/ 2ABTA301X	
Notebook PC	DELL		1.8mUnshielded AC Power Cord

Remark "\*" means equipment under test.

#### 4 RADIATED EMISSION MEASUREMENT

## 4.1 Applicable Standard

For intentional radiators, according to §15.249 (a), the fundamental field strength shall not exceed 94 dBuV/m and the harmonics shall not exceed 54 dBuV/m. For out band emission except for harmonics shall be comply with §15.209 or at least attenuated by 50 dB below the level of the fundamental.

#### 4.2 Measurement Procedure

#### A. Preliminary Measurement For Portable Devices

For portable devices, the following procedure was performed to determine the maximum emission axis of EUT:

- 1. With the receiving antenna is H polarization, rotate the EUT in turns with three orthogonal axes to determine the axis of maximum emission.
- 2. With the receiving antenna is V polarization, rotate the EUT in turns with three orthogonal axes to determine the axis of maximum emission.
- 3. Compare the results derived from above two steps. So, the axis of maximum emission from EUT was determined and the configuration was used to perform the final measurement.

#### **B. Final Measurement**

- 1. Setup the configuration per figure 1 and 2 for frequencies measured below and above 1 GHz respectively. Turn on EUT and make sure that it is in normal function.
- 2. For emission frequencies measured below 1 GHz, a pre-scan is performed in a shielded chamber to determine the accurate frequencies of higher emissions will be checked on a open test site. As the same purpose, for emission frequencies measured above 1 GHz, a pre-scan also be performed with a 1 meter measuring distance before final test.
- 3. For emission frequencies measured below and above 1 GHz, set the spectrum analyzer on a 100 kHz and 1 MHz resolution bandwidth respectively for each frequency measured in step 2.
- 4. The search antenna is to be raised and lowered over a range from 1 to 4 meters in horizontally polarized orientation. Position the highness when the highest value is indicated on spectrum analyzer, then change the orientation of EUT on test table over a range from 0 ° to 360 ° with a speed as slow as possible, and keep the azimuth that highest emission is indicated on the spectrum analyzer. Vary the antenna position again and record the highest value as a final reading. A RF test receiver is also used to confirm emissions measured

- 5. Repeat step 4 until all frequencies need to be measured were complete.
- 6. Repeat step 5 with search antenna in vertical polarized orientations.
- 7. Check the three frequencies of highest emission with varying the placement of cables (if any) associated with EUT to obtain the worse case and record the result.

Figure 1: Frequencies measured below 1 GHz configuration

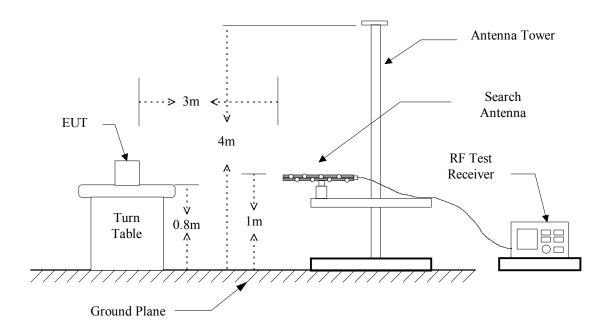
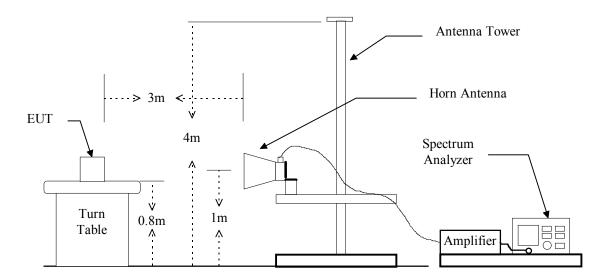


Figure 2: Frequencies measured above 1 GHz configuration



## 4.3 Measuring Instrument

The following instrument are used for radiated emissions measurement:

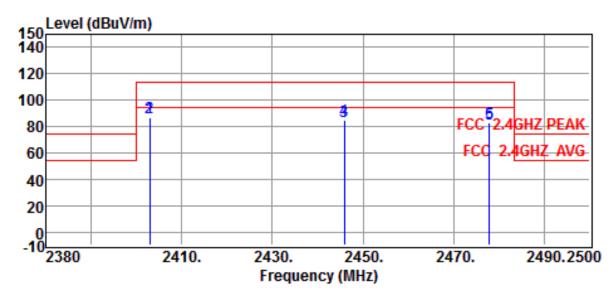
Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Calibration Date	Next Cal. Date
Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESVS30	2014/05/29	2015/05/28
EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESL	2014/09/12	2015/09/11
Bi-Log Antenna	ETC	MCTD 2756	2014/01/03	2015/01/02
Log-periodic Antenna	EMCO	3146	2014/10/24	2015/10/23
Biconical Antenna	EMCO	3110	2014/10/24	2015/10/23
Double Ridged Antenna	EMCO	3115	2014/10/22	2015/10/21
Horn Antenna	EMCO	3116	2014/08/13	2015/08/12
Amplifier	HP	8449B	2014/08/12	2015/08/11
Amplifier	HP	83051A	2014/05/05	2015/05/04
Amplifier	HP	8447D	2014/05/29	2015/05/28
EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESU 40	2014/08/15	2015/08/14

Measuring instrument setup in measured frequency band when specified detector function is used :

Frequency Band (MHz)	Instrument	Function	Resolution bandwidth	Video Bandwidth
30 to 1000	RF Test Receiver	Quasi-Peak	120 kHz	N/A
30 to 1000	Spectrum Analyzer	Peak	100 kHz	100 kHz
Above 1000 Spectrum Analyzer		Peak	1 MHz	1 MHz
	Spectrum Analyzer	Average	1 MHz	10Hz

#### 4.4 Radiated Emission Data

#### 4.4.1 RF Portion



Site :CHAMBER #2 Date :2014-10-30 Limit :FCC 2.4GHZ PEAK Ant. Pol. :HORIZONTAL

EUT :Data Transfer Device Temp. :22°C

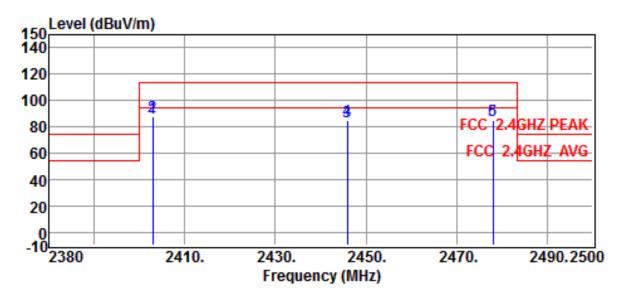
Power Rating :Power From PC Humi. :62%

Model :HL301 Engineer. :Jiapeng

Test Mode :Fundamental

Freq	Reading	Correction	Result	Limits	Over limit	Detector
		Factor				
MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	
2402.9280	92.7	-6.0	86.7	94.0	-7.3	Average
2402.9280	93.1	-6.0	87.1	114.0	-26.9	Peak
2445.9270	90.1	-6.0	84.1	94.0	-9.9	Average
2445.9270	90.5	-6.0	84.5	114.0	-29.5	Peak
2477.9020	88.1	-5.8	82.3	94.0	-11.7	Average
2477.9020	88.3	-5.8	82.5	114.0	-31.5	Peak

- 1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
- 2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss Amplifier Gain (if any)
- 3. The margin value=Limit Result



Site :CHAMBER #2 Date :2014-10-30 Limit :FCC 2.4GHZ PEAK Ant. Pol. :VERTICAL

EUT :Data Transfer Device Temp. :22°C

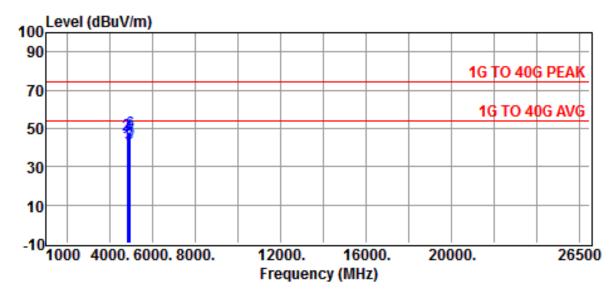
Power Rating :Power From PC Humi. :62%

Model :HL301 Engineer. :Jiapeng

Test Mode :Fundamental

Freq	Reading	Correction	Result	Limits	Over limit	Detector
		Factor				
MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	
2402.9680	92.8	-6.0	86.8	94.0	-7.2	Average
2402.9680	93.3	-6.0	87.3	114.0	-26.7	Peak
2445.9270	90.3	-6.0	84.3	94.0	-9.7	Average
2445.9270	90.7	-6.0	84.7	114.0	-29.3	Peak
2477.9740	90.4	-5.8	84.6	94.0	-9.4	Average
2477.9740	90.7	-5.8	84.9	114.0	-29.1	Peak

- 1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
- 2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss Amplifier Gain (if any)
- 3. The margin value=Limit Result



Site :CHAMBER #2 Date :2014-10-30 Limit :1G TO 40G PEAK Ant. Pol. :HORIZONTAL

EUT :Data Transfer Device Temp. :22°C

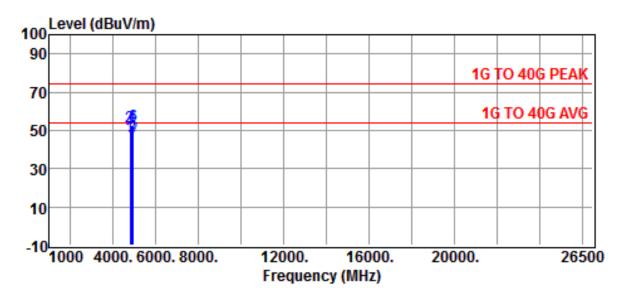
Power Rating :Power From PC Humi. :62%

Model :HL301 Engineer. :Jiapeng

Test Mode :Harmonics

Freq	Reading	Correction	Result	Limits	Over limit	Detector
		Factor				
MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	
4805.9360	40.2	1.3	41.5	54.0	-12.5	Average
4805.9360	45.5	1.3	46.8	74.0	-27.2	Peak
4891.9340	40.4	1.5	41.9	54.0	-12.1	Average
4891.9340	45.3	1.5	46.8	74.0	-27.2	Peak
4955.7640	42.1	1.8	43.9	54.0	-10.1	Average
4955.7640	46.2	1.8	48.0	74.0	-26.0	Peak

- 1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
- 2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss Amplifier Gain (if any)
- 3. The margin value=Limit Result



Site :CHAMBER #2 Date :2014-10-30 Limit :1G TO 40G PEAK Ant. Pol. :VERTICAL

EUT :Data Transfer Device Temp. :22°C

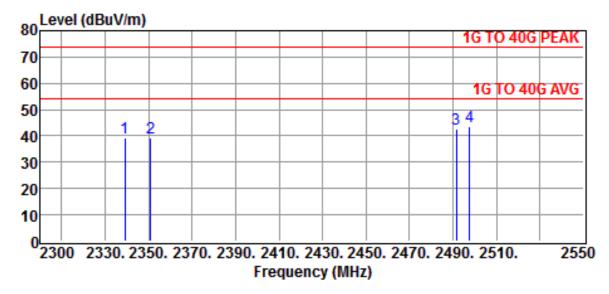
Power Rating :Power From PC Humi. :62%

Model :HL301 Engineer. :Jiapeng

Test Mode :Harmonics

Freq	Reading	Correction	Result	Limits	Over limit	Detector
		Factor				
MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	
4805.9620	45.2	1.3	46.5	54.0	-7.5	Average
4805.9620	50.4	1.3	51.7	74.0	-22.3	Peak
4891.9340	45.5	1.5	47.0	54.0	-7.0	Average
4891.9340	50.9	1.5	52.4	74.0	-21.6	Peak
4955.7640	46.9	1.8	48.7	54.0	-5.3	Average
4955.7640	51.0	1.8	52.8	74.0	-21.2	Peak

- 1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
- 2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss Amplifier Gain (if any)
- 3. The margin value=Limit Result



Site :CHAMBER #2 Date :2014-10-30 Limit :1G TO 40G PEAK Ant. Pol. :HORIZONTAL

EUT :Data Transfer Device Temp. :22°C

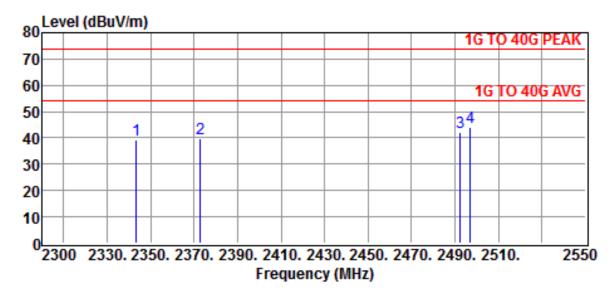
Power Rating :Power From PC Humi. :62%

Model :HL301 Engineer. :Jiapeng

Test Mode :CH LO & HI - Restricted Bands

Freq	Reading	Correction	Result	Limits	Over limit	Detector
		Factor				
MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	
2339.0000	45.3	-6.1	39.2	74.0	-34.8	Peak
2351.0000	45.2	-6.1	39.1	74.0	-34.9	Peak
2491.5000	48.6	-5.8	42.8	74.0	-31.2	Peak
2497.5000	49.5	-5.8	43.7	74.0	-30.3	Peak

- 1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
- 2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss Amplifier Gain (if any)
- 3. The margin value=Limit Result
- 4. Peak measurements are compared to the average limit as peak measurements are below the average limit, they also comply with the peak limit.



Site :CHAMBER #2 Date :2014-10-30 Limit :1G TO 40G PEAK Ant. Pol. :VERTICAL

EUT :Data Transfer Device Temp. :22°C

Power Rating :Power From PC Humi. :62%

Model :HL301 Engineer. :Jiapeng

Test Mode :CH LO & HI - Restricted Bands

Freq	Reading	Correction	Result	Limits	Over limit	Detector
		Factor				
MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	
2343.5000	45.2	-6.1	39.1	74.0	-34.9	Peak
2373.0000	45.7	-6.0	39.7	74.0	-34.3	Peak
2492.5000	48.1	-5.8	42.3	74.0	-31.7	Peak
2497.0000	49.9	-5.8	44.1	74.0	-29.9	Peak

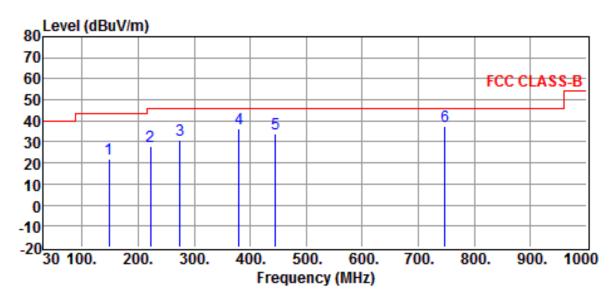
- 1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
- 2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss Amplifier Gain (if any)
- 3. The margin value=Limit Result
- 4. Peak measurements are compared to the average limit as peak measurements are below the average limit, they also comply with the peak limit.

#### 4.4.2 Other Emissions

a) Emission frequencies below 1 GHz

Test Mode : Operation

Test Date : Sep. 22, 2014 Temperature : 23 °C Humidity : 62 %



Site :Open Site Date :2014-10-30 Limit :FCC CLASS-B Ant. Pol. :HORIZONTAL

EUT :Data Transfer Device Temp. :22°C

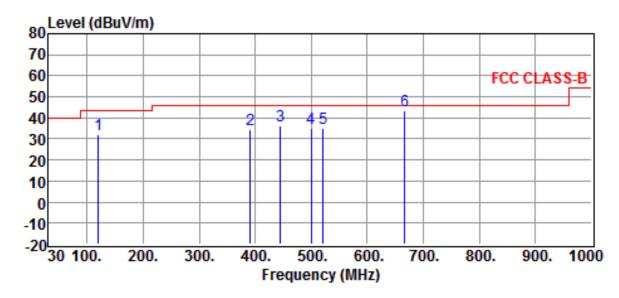
Power Rating :Power From PC Humi. :62%

Model :HL310 Engineer. :Jiapeng

Test Mode :

Freq	Reading	Correction	Result	Limits	Over limit	Detector
		Factor				
MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	
148.3400	8.4	13.8	22.2	43.5	-21.3	QP
222.0600	14.0	14.2	28.2	46.0	-17.8	QP
274.4400	15.1	15.7	30.8	46.0	-15.2	QP
380.1700	17.9	18.6	36.5	46.0	-9.5	QP
445.1600	14.0	20.2	34.2	46.0	-11.8	QP
747.8000	11.9	25.6	37.5	46.0	-8.5	QP

- 1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
- 2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss Amplifier Gain (if any)
- 3. The margin value=Limit Resul



Site :Open Site Date :2014-10-30 Limit :FCC CLASS-B Ant. Pol. :VERTICAL

EUT :Data Transfer Device Temp. :22°C

Power Rating :Power From PC Humi. :62%

Model :HL310 Engineer. :Jiapeng

Test Mode :

1050111040						
Freq	Reading	Correction	Result	Limits	Over limit	Detector
		Factor				
MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	
120.2100	19.6	12.4	32.0	43.5	-11.5	QP
390.8400	15.4	18.9	34.3	46.0	-11.7	QP
445.1600	15.8	20.2	36.0	46.0	-10.0	QP
499.4800	13.8	21.5	35.3	46.0	-10.7	QP
520.8200	13.2	21.8	35.0	46.0	-11.0	QP
666.3200	19.1	24.3	43.4	46.0	-2.6	QP

- 1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
- 2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss Amplifier Gain (if any)
- 3. The margin value=Limit Result

#### b) Emission frequencies above 1 GHz

Radiated emission frequencies above 1 GHz to 26.5 GHz were too low to be measured with a pre-amplifier of 35 dB.

## 4.5 Field Strength Calculation

The field strength is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor, High Pass Filter Loss(if used) and Cable Loss, and subtracting the Amplifier Gain (if any) from the measured reading. The basic equation calculation is as follows:

Result = Reading + Corrected Factor

where Corrected Factor

= Antenna FACTOR + Cable Loss + High Pass Filter Loss - Amplifier Gain

## 4.6 Photos of Radiation Measuring Setup





#### **5 CONDUCTED EMISSION MEASUREMENT**

## 5.1 Standard Applicable

For unintentional and intentional device, Line Conducted Emission Limits are in accordance to §15.107(a) and §15.207(a) respectively. Both Limits are identical specification.

#### **5.2** Measurement Procedure

LISN

- 1. Setup the configuration per figure 3.
- 2. A preliminary scan with a spectrum monitor is performed to identify the frequency of emission that has the highest amplitude relative to the limit by operating the EUT in selected modes of operation, typical cable positions, and with a typical system configuration.
- 3. Record the 6 or 8 highest emissions relative to the limit.
- 4. Measure each frequency obtained from step 3 by a test receiver set on quasi peak detector function, and then record the accuracy frequency and emission level. If all emissions measured in the specified band are attenuated more than 20 dB from the limit, this step would be ignored, and the peak detector function would be used.
- 5. Confirm the highest three emissions with variation of the EUT cable configuration and record the final data.
- 6. Repeat all above procedures on measuring each operation mode of EUT.

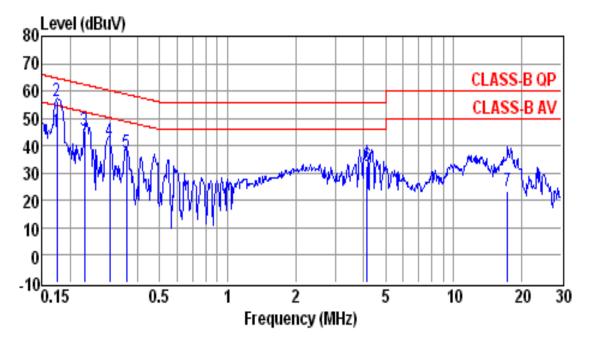
Vertical Reference
Ground Plane

Test Receiver

Reference Ground Plane

Figure 3 : Conducted emissions measurement configuration

## 5.3 Conducted Emission Data



Site : conducted #1 Date : 10-31-2014

Condition : CLASS-B QP LISN : NEUTRAL

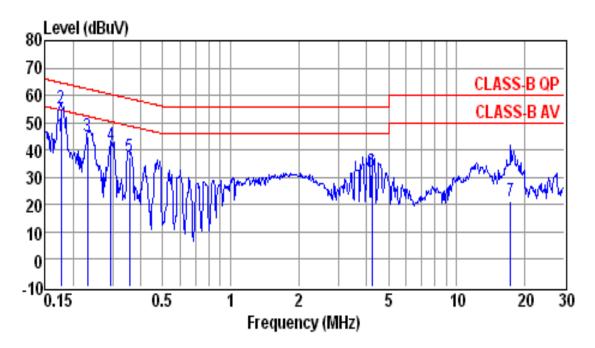
Tem / Hum :  $22 \,^{\circ}\text{C} / 60\%$  Test Mode : Link

EUT : Data Transfer Device

Power Rating : Power From PC

Memo	:		Memo :					
			Emission	Limit	Over			
Freq	Reading	Factor	Level	Line	Limit	Remark		
(MHz)	(dBuV)	(dB)	(dBuV)	(dBuV)	(dB)			
0.1758	34.7	10.2	44.9	54.7	-9.8	Average		
0.1758	45.9	10.2	56.1	64.7	-8.6	QP		
0.2329	35.6	10.2	45.8	62.3	-16.5	QP		
0.3003	31.4	10.2	41.6	60.2	-18.6	QP		
0.3558	27.2	10.2	37.4	58.8	-21.4	QP		
4.1580	22.3	10.4	32.7	56.0	-23.3	QP		
17.3830	12.5	10.8	23.3	60.0	-36.7	QP		

- 1. Result = Reading + Factor
- 2. Factor = LISN Factor + Cable Loss



Site : conducted #1 : 10-31-2014 Date

Condition : CLASS-B QP LISN : LINE : 22 °C / 60% Tem / Hum Test Mode : Link

EUT : Data Transfer Device

Power Rating : Power From PC

Memo	: Memo :						
			Emission	Limit	Over		
Freq	Reading	Factor	Level	Line	Limit	Remark	
(MHz)	(dBuV)	(dB)	(dBuV)	(dBuV)	(dB)		
0.1777	35.1	10.1	45.2	54.6	-9.4	Average	
0.1777	45.0	10.1	55.1	64.6	-9.5	QP	
0.2329	34.9	10.1	45.0	62.3	-17.3	QP	
0.2955	31.4	10.1	41.5	60.4	-18.9	QP	
0.3558	27.6	10.1	37.7	58.8	-21.1	QP	
4.2240	21.4	10.4	31.8	56.0	-24.2	QP	
17.3830	10.1	10.9	21.0	60.0	-39.0	QP	

- 1. Result = Reading + Factor
- 2. Factor = LISN Factor + Cable Loss

#### **5.4 Result Data Calculation**

The result data is calculated by adding the LISN Factor to the measured reading. The basic equation with a sample calculation is as follows:

$$RESULT = READING + LISN FACTOR$$

Assume a receiver reading of 22.5 dB $\mu$ V is obtained, and LISN Factor is 0.1 dB, then the total of disturbance voltage is 22.6 dB $\mu$ V.

RESULT = 
$$22.5 + 0.1 = 22.6 \text{ dB}\mu\text{V}$$
  
Level in  $\mu\text{V} = \text{Common Antilogarithm}[(22.6 \text{ dB}\mu\text{V})/20]$   
=  $13.48 \ \mu\text{V}$ 

## **5.5** Conducted Measurement Equipment

The following test equipment are used during the conducted test.

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	<b>Calibration Date</b>	Next Cal. Date
EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESCI	2014/08/02	2015/08/01
LISN	EMCO	3625/2	2014/05/07	2015/05/06
LISN	Rohde & Schwarz	ESH2-Z5	2014/04/08	2015/04/07

# **5.6 Photos of Conduction Measuring Setup**





## **6 ANTENNA REQUIREMENT**

## 6.1 Standard Applicable

According to §15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device.

#### 6.2 Antenna Construction

The antenna is integrated on the device. No consideration of replacement. Please refer to the construction Photo for details.

#### 7 BAND EDGES MEASUREMENT

## 7.1 Standard Applicable

According to 15.249(d), out band emission except for harmonics shall be comply with §15.209 or at least attenuated by 50 dB below the level of the fundamental.

#### 7.2 Measurement Procedure

#### A) 50 dB attenuation method

- 1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
- 2. Position the EUT as shown in figure 4 without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable. Then set it to any one measured frequency within its operating range and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
- 3. Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level. Plot the graph with marking the highest point and edge frequency.
- 4. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.

#### B) Radiated Emission method

- 1. Following the measurement procedures in section 4.2 with the EUT set to any one measured frequency within its operating range and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
- 2. Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral displayed.
- 3. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.

Measuring instrument setup in measured frequency band when specified detector function is used:

Frequency Band	Instrument	Function	Resolution	Video
(MHz)	THOU WITHOUT	1 director	bandwidth	Bandwidth
30 to 1000	RF Test Receiver	Quasi-Peak	120 kHz	N/A
30 to 1000	Spectrum Analyzer	Peak	100 kHz	100 kHz
Above 1000	Spectrum Analyzer	Peak	1 MHz	1 MHz
	Spectrum Analyzer	Average	1 MHz	10Hz

## 7.3 Measurement Equipment

A) 50 dB attenuation method

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	<b>Calibration Date</b>	Next Cal. Date
EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESU 40	2014/08/15	2015/08/14

B) Radiated Emission method

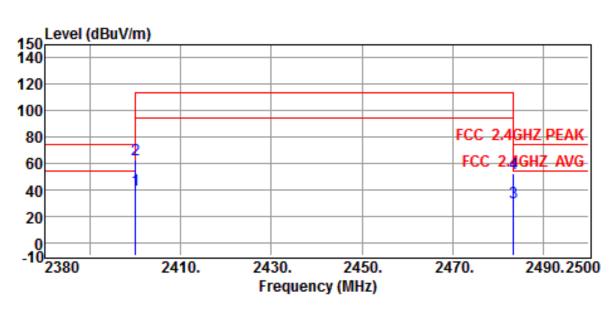
Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Calibration Date	Next Cal. Date
Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESVS30	2014/05/29	2015/05/28
EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESL	2014/09/12	2015/09/11
Bi-Log Antenna	ETC	MCTD 2756	2014/01/03	2015/01/02
Log-periodic Antenna	EMCO	3146	2014/10/24	2014/10/23
Biconical Antenna	EMCO	3110	2014/10/24	2014/10/23
Double Ridged Antenna	EMCO	3115	2014/10/22	2015/10/21
Horn Antenna	EMCO	3116	2014/08/13	2015/08/12
Amplifier	HP	8449B	2014/08/12	2015/08/11
Amplifier	HP	83051A	2014/05/05	2015/05/04
Amplifier	HP	8447D	2014/05/29	2015/05/28
EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESU 40	2014/08/15	2015/08/14

### 7.4 Measurement Data

Test Result: (Radiated Emission method)

The radiated emission test results of the lower and the upper band edges were comply with §15.209. Please refer to the following pages for test results.

## Radiated Emission Test Results of the Band Edges



Site :CHAMBER #2 Date :2014-10-30 Limit :FCC 2.4GHZ PEAK Ant. Pol. :HORIZONTAL

EUT :Data Transfer Device Temp. :22°C

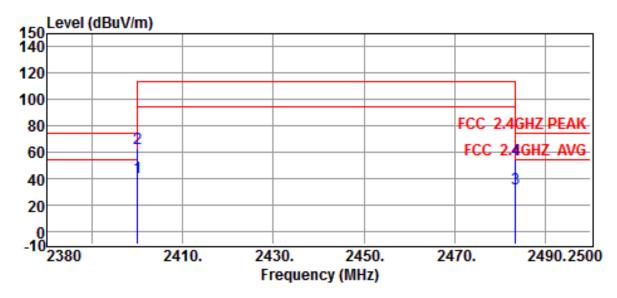
Power Rating :Power From PC Humi. :62%

Model :HL310 Engineer. :Jiapeng

Test Mode :band edge

Freq	Reading	Correction	Result	Limits	Over limit	Detector
		Factor				
MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	
2400.0000	45.6	-6.0	39.6	54.0	-14.4	Average
2400.0000	69.1	-6.0	63.1	74.0	-10.9	Peak
2483.5000	36.5	-5.8	30.7	54.0	-23.3	Average
2483.5000	58.0	-5.8	52.2	74.0	-21.8	Peak

- 1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
- 2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss Amplifier Gain (if any)
- 3. The margin value=Limit Result



Site :CHAMBER #2 Date :2014-10-30 Limit :FCC 2.4GHZ PEAK Ant. Pol. :VERTICAL

EUT :Data Transfer Device Temp. :22°C

Power Rating :Power From PC Humi. :62%

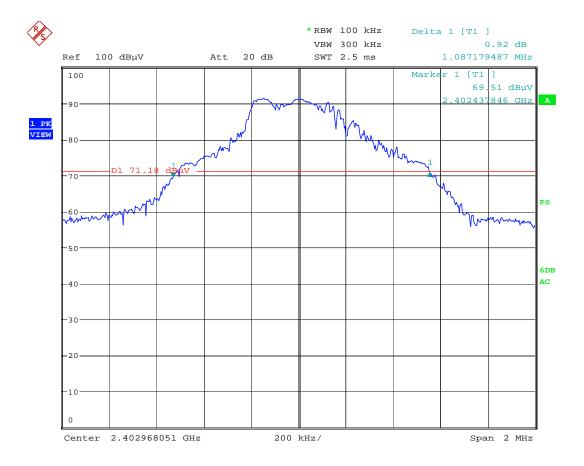
Model :HL310 Engineer. :Jiapeng

Test Mode :band edge

Freq	Reading	Correction	Result	Limits	Over limit	Detector
		Factor				
MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	
2400.0000	46.3	-6.0	40.3	54.0	-13.7	Average
2400.0000	68.5	-6.0	62.5	74.0	-11.5	Peak
2483.5000	38.0	-5.8	32.2	54.0	-21.8	Average
2483.5000	59.9	-5.8	54.1	74.0	-19.9	Peak

- 1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
- 2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss Amplifier Gain (if any)
- 3. The margin value=Limit Result
- 4. Peak measurements are compared to the average limit as peak measurements are below the average limit, they also comply with the peak limit.

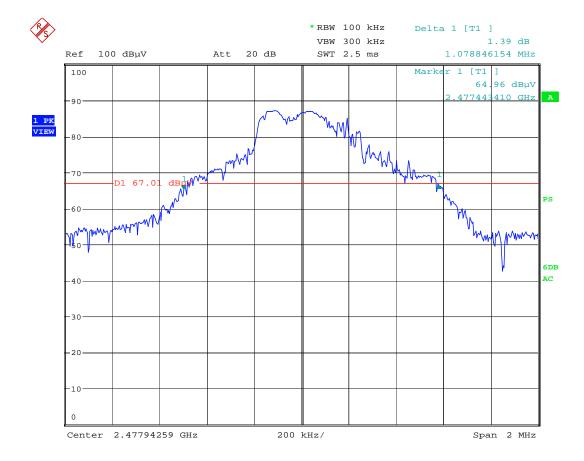
## Lower band edge / -20dB BW plot of the lowest channel



KHz
Date: 30.OCT.2014 11:49:52

The 20 dB bandwidth of the emission is contained within the frequency band designated in the rule section 15.249.

## Upper band edge / -20dB BW plot of the highest channel

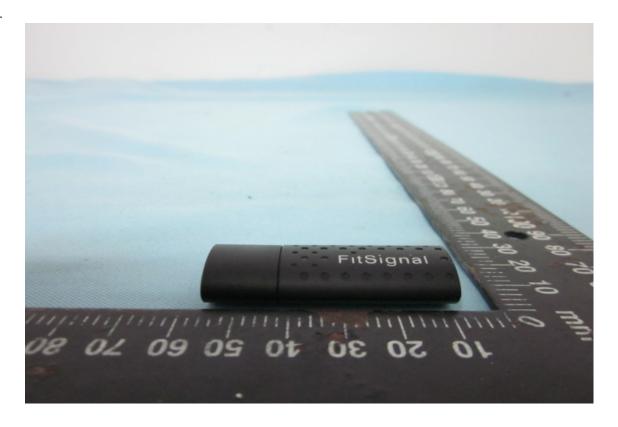


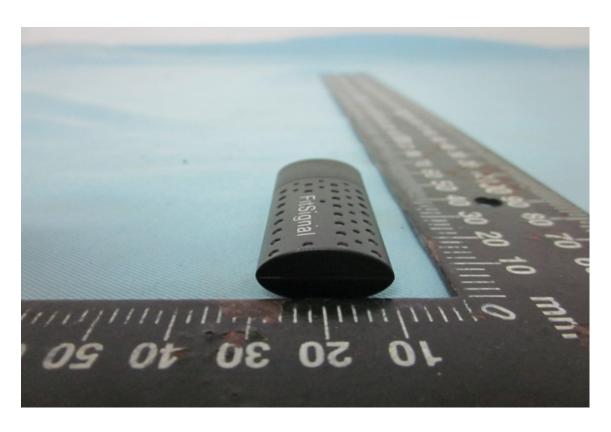
KHz
Date: 30.OCT.2014 12:07:32

The 20 dB bandwidth of the emission is contained within the frequency band designated in the rule section 15.249.

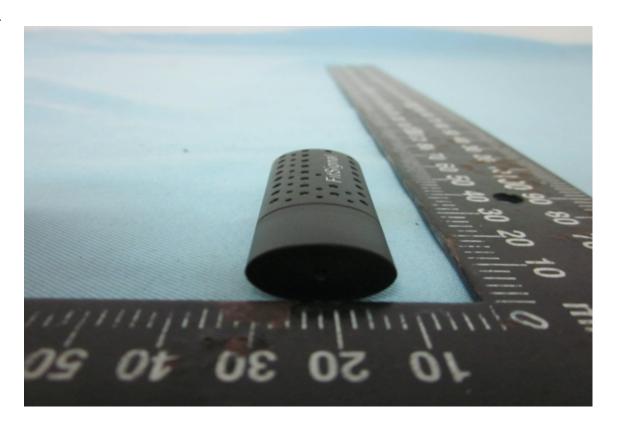
(A) EUT

1.



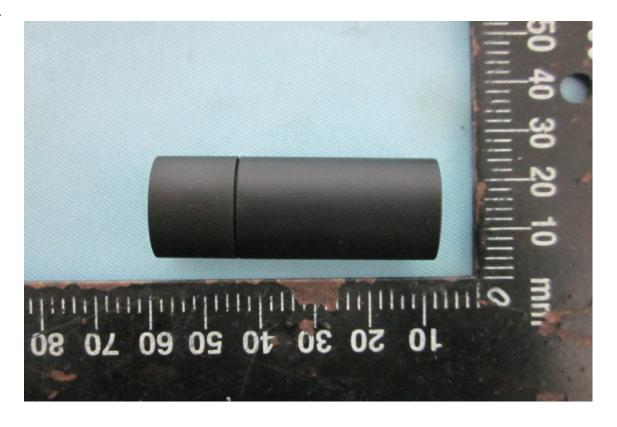






5.





7.





9.

