

RF TEST REPORT

APPLICANT

eero LLC

MODEL NAME

R010001

FCC ID

2AEM4-41123474

REPORT NUMBER

HA210810-AER-001-R11





TEST REPORT

Date of Issue January 18, 2022

Test Site

Hyundai C-Tech, Inc. dba HCT America, Inc. 1726 Ringwood Ave, San Jose, CA 95131, USA

Applicant eero LLC

Applicant Address 660 3rd Street, 4th Floor, San Francisco, CA 94107, USA

FCC ID 2AEM4-41123474

Model Name R010001

EUT Type Wireless Router / Access Point

Modulation Type OFDM / OFDM-A

FCC Classification Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (NII)

FCC Rule Part(s) Part 15.407

Test Procedure ANSI C63.10-2013, KDB 789033 D02 v02r01,

KDB 662911 D01, KDB 291074 DR01

The device bearing the trade name and model specified above, has been shown to comply with the applicable technical standards as indicated in the measurement report and was tested in accordance with the measurement procedures required. The results of testing in this report apply only to the product which was tested. Other similar equipment will not necessarily produce the same results due to production tolerance and measurement uncertainties.

I attest to the accuracy of data. All measurements reported herein were performed by me or were made under my supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them.

Hyundai C-Tech, Inc. dba HCT America, Inc. certifies that no party to application has been denied the FCC benefits pursuant to Section 5301 of the Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1988, 21 U.S.C 862

Tested By

Reviewed By

Yongsoo Park

Test Engineer

Technical Manager

Report No.: HA210810-AER-001-R11





REVISION HISTORY

The revision history for this document is shown in table.

TEST REPORT NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION
HA210810-AER-001-R11	01/18/2022	Initial Issue





TABLE OF CONTENTS

1. GENERAL INFORMATION	4
2. METHODOLOGY	7
3. INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION	7
4. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATIONS	8
5. ANTENNA REQUIREMENTS	9
6. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY	10
7. DESCRIPTION OF TESTS	11
8. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS	24
9. TEST RESULT	30
9.1 DUTY CYCLE	30
9.2 6 dB BANDWIDTH / 26 dB BANDWIDTH / 99% BANDWIDTH	
9.3 OUTPUT POWER	
9.4 POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY	52
9.5 FREQUENCY STABILITY	61
9.6 RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS	62
9.7 RADIATED RESTRICTED BAND EDGES	71
9.8 POWERLINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS	79
10. LIST OF TEST EQUIPMENT	81
APPENDIX A. TEST SETUP PHOTOS	82
APPENDIX R. PHOTOGRAPHS OF FUT	83





1. GENERAL INFORMATION

EUT DESCRIPTION

Model	R010001
EUT Type	Wireless Router / Access Point
Serial Number	GGC1-UCD1-1416-0A1H: Radiated GGC1-UCD1-1432-0A5H: Conducted
Power Supply 5 V d.c. (USB type C - External adaptor)	
RF Specification	WIFI 2.4 GHz : 802.11b/g/n(HT20/40)/ ax(HE20/40) WIFI 5 GHz : 802.11a/n(HT20/40)/ ac(VHT20/40/80/160)/ ax(HE20/40/80/160) Bluetooth 5.0 LE (1M) IEEE 802.15.4
Transmitter Chain WIFI 2.4 GHz / 5 GHz : 2x2 MIMO Bluetooth LE / IEEE 802.15.4 : SISO	
Operating Environment Indoor	
Operating Temperature	0 °C ~ +40 °C

RF SPECIFICATION SUBJECT TO THE REPORT

RF Specification	IEEE 802.11a/n(HT20/40)/ac(VHT20/40/80/160)/ ax(HE20/40/80/160)		
Transmitter Chain	2 x 2 MIMO		
Frequency Range	U-NII 4 20 MHz BW: 5845 MHz – 5885 MHz (Straddle at 5845 MHz) 40 MHz BW: 5835 MHz – 5875 MHz (Straddle at 5835 MHz) 80 MHz BW: 5855 MHz (Straddle) 160 MHz BW: 5815 MHz (Straddle)		
Max. RF Output Power	29.13 dBm e.i.r.p. (0.81880 W e.i.r.p.)		
Modulation Type	OFDM / OFDM-A		
Antenna Specification 1)	Antenna Type : Internal PCB Dipole Antenna Peak Gain : 4.36 dBi Uncorrelated / 7.37 dBi Correlated		
Firmware Version 2)	eeroOS 6.9		
Hardware Version 2)	Rev. A		
Date(s) of Tests	October 11	, 2021 ~ November 12, 2021	

Note:

- 1. Antenna information is based on the document provided.
- 2. Firmware and Hardware Version are as received by the client.





ANTENNA CONFIGURATION

The device employs 2x2 MIMO technologies with possible configurations below.

Francisco	Configuration	SDM	CDD
Frequency	Configuration	ANT1 + ANT2	ANT1 + ANT2
	802.11b	X	0
2.4 GHz	802.11g	X	0
2.4 GHZ	802.11n	0	0
	802.11ax	0	0
	802.11a	X	0
5 CH-	802.11n	0	0
5 GHz	802.11ac	0	0
	802.11ax	0	0

The equipment under test supports Cyclic Diversity mode.

CDD mode was picked as worst case for testing even though the device support both CDD and SDM

ANTENNA DIRECTIONAL GAIN

Antenna Type	Туре	RF Technology	Frequency	Gain (Ant 1)	Gain (Ant 2)	
РСВ	Dipole	802.11b/g/n/ax	2.4 GHz	3.69 dBi	3.06 dBi	
PCB	Dipole	802.11a/n/ac/ax	5 GHz	4.50 dBi	4.22 dBi	
Metal	Monopole	BLE / IEEE 802.15.4	2.4 GHz	2.90	2.90 dBi	

Ant 1: 2.4 GHz (Chain 0) / 5 GHz (Chain 1) Ant 2: 2.4 GHz (Chain 1) / 5 GHz (Chain 0)

Directional Gain (2.4 GHz : Uncorrelated) = $10 \log[(10^{(3.69/10)} + 10^{(3.06/10)}) / 2] = 3.39 \text{ dBi}$ Directional Gain (5 GHz : Uncorrelated) = $10 \log[(10^{(4.50/10)} + 10^{(4.22/10)}) / 2] = 4.36 \text{ dBi}$

Directional Gain (2.4 GHz : Correlated) = $10 \log[(10^{(3.69/20)} + 10^{(3.06/20)})^2 / 2] = 6.39 \text{ dBi}$ Directional Gain (5 GHz : Correlated) = $10 \log[(10^{(4.50/20)} + 10^{(4.22/20)})^2 / 2] = 7.37 \text{ dBi}$

The device does not support beam foaming.





OPERATING FREQUENCY CHANNELS

Band	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	802.11a	802.11n HT20	802.11ac VHT20	802.11ax HE20
Straddle	5845 ⁽¹⁾	169	0	0	0	0
11 111 4	5865	173	0	0	0	0
U-NII 4	5885	177	0	0	0	0

Band	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	802.11n HT40	802.11ac VHT40	802.11ax HE40
Straddle	5835 ⁽¹⁾	167	0	0	0
U-NII 4	5875	175	0	0	0

Band	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	802.11ac VHT80	802.11ax HE80
Straddle	5855 ⁽¹⁾	171	0	0

Band	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	802.11ac VHT160	802.11ax HE160
Straddle	5815 ⁽¹⁾	163	0	0

Note:

1. Straddle channels between U-NII 3 and U-NII 4





2. METHODOLOGY

The measurement procedure described in FCC KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01 dated December 14, 2017 entitled "Guidelines for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (U-NII) Devices Part15, Subpart E" and ANSI C63.10(Version: 2013) 'the American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices' were used in the measurement.

EUT CONFIGURATION

The EUT configuration for testing is installed on RF field strength measurement to meet the Commissions requirement and operating in a manner that intends to maximize its emission characteristics in a continuous normal application.

EUT EXERCISE

The EUT was operated in the engineering mode to fix the Tx frequency that was for the purpose of the measurements. According to its specifications, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the Section 15.207, 15.209 and 15.407 under the FCC Rules Part 15 Subpart E.

GENERAL TEST PROCEDURES

Conducted Emissions

The EUT is placed on the turntable, which is 0.8 m above ground plane. According to the requirements in Section 6.2 of ANSI C63.10. (Version :2013) Conducted emissions from the EUT measured in the frequency range between 0.15 MHz and 30MHz using CISPR Quasi-peak and average detector modes.

Radiated Emissions

The EUT is placed on a turn table, which is 0.8 m above ground plane below 1GHz. Above 1GHz with 1.5m using absorbers between the EUT and receive antenna. The turntable shall rotate 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level. EUT is set 3 m away from the receiving antenna, which varied from 1 m to 4 m to find out the highest emission. Also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical. In order to find out the maximum emission, the relative positions of this hand-held transmitter (EUT) were rotated through three orthogonal axes according to the requirements in Section 8 of ANSI C63.10. (Version: 2013)

DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES

The EUT has been tested at 5 GHz WLAN test mode. Qualcomm Radio Control Tool was used to control the channels, power level setting at continuous TX and normal RX mode for each 802.11a/n(HT20/40) / ac(VHT20/40/80/160)/ ax(HE20/40/80/160).

3. INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

The measuring equipment, which was utilized in performing the tests documented herein, has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for utilizing calibration equipment's, which is traceable to recognized national standards. Especially, all antenna for measurement is calibrated in accordance with the requirements of C63.5 (Version: 2017).

Report No.: HA210810-AER-001-R11 7 / 84





4. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATIONS

FACILITIES

The SAC (Semi-Anechoic Chamber) and conducted measurement facility used to collect the radiated data are located at 1726 Ringwood Avenue, San Jose, California 95131, USA.

The site is constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.4. (Version :2014) and CISPR Publication 22.



EQUIPMENT

Radiated emissions are measured with one or more of the following types of Linearly polarized antennas: tuned dipole, bi-conical, log periodic, bi-log, and/or ridged waveguide, horn. Spectrum analyzers with pre-selectors and quasi-peak detectors are used to perform radiated measurements.

Conducted emissions are measured with Line Impedance Stabilization Networks and EMI Test Receivers. Calibrated wideband preamplifiers, coaxial cables, and coaxial attenuators are also used for making measurements.

All receiving equipment conforms to CISPR Publication 16-1, "Radio Interference Measuring Apparatus and Measurement Methods."

Report No.: HA210810-AER-001-R11 8 / 84





5. ANTENNA REQUIREMENTS

According to FCC 47 CFR §15.203:

"An intentional radiator antenna shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party can be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section."

- (1) The antenna of this E.U.T is permanently attached and there is no provision for connection to an external antenna.
- (2) The E.U.T Complies with the requirement of §15.203





6. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The measurement uncertainties shown below were calculated in accordance with the requirements of ANSI C63.10-2013.

All measurement uncertainty values are shown with a coverage factor of k = 2 to indicate a 95 % level of confidence. The measurement data shown herein meets or exceeds the U_{CISPR} measurement uncertainty values specified in CISPR 16-4-2 and, thus, can be compared directly to specified limits to determine compliance.

Parameter	Expanded Uncertainty
Output Power, Conducted	± 0.35 dB
Occupied Bandwidth	± 12.4 kHz
Unwanted Emissions, Conducted	± 0.46 dB
Radiated Emissions (below 1 GHz)	± 6.09 dB
Radiated Emissions (Above 1 GHz)	± 5.23 dB

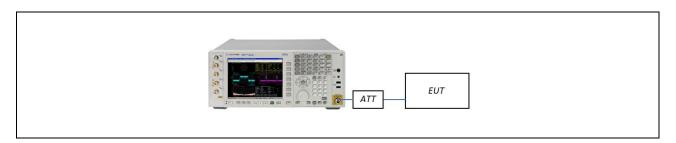




7. DESCRIPTION OF TESTS

7.1. DUTY CYCLE

TEST SETUP



TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to the Spectrum Analyzer.

Measurement is performed in accordance with the section B.2 in KDB 789033 D02 v02r01.

The largest available value of RBW is 8 MHz and VBW is 50 MHz.

The zero-span method of measuring duty cycle shall not be used if $T \le 6.25$ microseconds. (50/6.25 = 8) The zero-span method was used because all measured T data are > 6.25 microseconds and both RBW and VBW are > 50/T.

- RBW = 8 MHz (the largest available value)
- VBW = 8 MHz (≥ RBW)
- SPAN = 0 Hz
- Detector = Peak
- Number of points in sweep > 100
- Trace mode = Clear write
- Measure T_{total} and T_{on}
- Calculate Duty Cycle = Ton/ Ttotal and Duty Cycle Factor = 10*log(1/Duty Cycle)





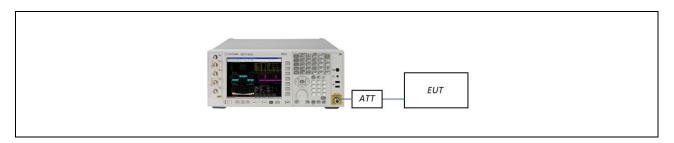
7.2. 6 dB BANDWIDTH / 26 dB BANDWIDTH / 99 % OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH

LIMIT

Emission bandwidth was measured to define the minimum frequency range which the spectrum is integrated for maximum conducted output power measurement.

Minimum 6 dB bandwidth of U-NII devices shall be at least 500 kHz.

TEST SETUP



TEST PROCEDURE (26 dB Bandwidth)

Testing was performed according to the section C.1 in KDB 789033 D02 v02r01. The transmitter output is connected to the spectrum analyzer.

- RBW = Approximately 1 % of the emission bandwidth
- VBW > RBW
- Detector = Peak
- Trace mode = max hold
- Sweep = auto couple
- Measure the maximum width of the emission that is 26 dB down from the maximum of the emission. Compare this with the RBW setting of the analyzer. Readjust RBW and repeat measurement as needed until the RBW/EBW ratio is approximately 1 %.

TEST PROCEDURE (6 dB Bandwidth)

Testing was performed according to the procedure C.1 in KDB 789033 D02 v02r01. The transmitter output is connected to the Spectrum Analyzer.

- RBW = 100 kHz
- VBW ≥ 3*RBW
- Detector = Peak
- Sweep = Auto couple
- Trace mode = Max hold
- Allow the trace to stabilize
- Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points(upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum lever measured in the fundamental emission.

Note:

- 1. The bandwidth measurement function from the spectrum analyzer is used to measure X dB bandwidth.
- 2. 26 dB bandwidth is used to determine the conducted power limits.

Report No.: HA210810-AER-001-R11 12 / 84





TEST PROCEDURE (99% Bandwidth)

Testing was performed according to the section D in KDB 789033 D02 v02r01. The transmitter output is connected to the spectrum analyzer.

- RBW = 1% ~ 5% of the occupied bandwidth
- VBW ≒ 3 x RBW
- Detector = Peak
- Trace mode = max hold
- Sweep = auto couple
- Allow the trace to stabilize



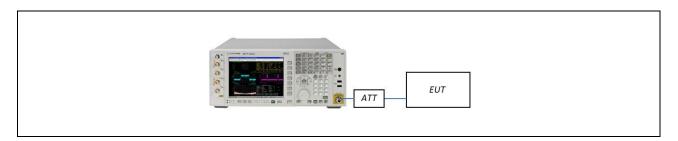


7.3. OUTPUT POWER

LIMIT

Band	47 CFR §15.407(a)(3)				
	Master (Indoor)	\leq 36 dBm e.i.r.p. operating in the 5.850 – 5.895 GHz band or operating on a channel spanning 5.725 – 5.850 GHz and 5.850 – 5.895 GHz			
U-NII 4	Client Devices	\leq 30 dBm e.i.r.p. operating in the 5.850 – 5.895 GHz band or operating on a channel spanning 5.725 – 5.850 GHz and 5.850 – 5.895 GHz			
	Subordinate Device	\leq 36 dBm e.i.r.p. operating in the 5.850 – 5.895 GHz band operating on a channel spanning 5.725 – 5.850 GHz and 5.850 – 5.895 GHz			

TEST SETUP



TEST PROCEDURE

Refer to the section E.2.d) in KDB 789033 D02 v02r01

The transmitter output is connected to the Spectrum Analyzer.

Spectrum analyzer's integrated band power measurement function was used.

- Measure the duty cycle.
- Set span to encompass the 26 dB EBW or 99 % OBW of the signal.
- RBW = 1 MHz
- VBW ≥ 3 MHz
- Number of points in sweep ≥ 2*span/RBW.
- Sweep time = auto.
- Detector = RMS.
- Do not use sweep triggering. Allow the sweep to "free run".
- Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging (RMS) mode
- Integrated bandwidth = EBW

Add $10\log(1/x)$, where x is the duty cycle, to the measured power in order to compute the average power during the actual transmission times

Sample Calculation

Conducted Output Power (Average) = Reading Value + ATT loss + Cable loss + Duty Cycle Factor



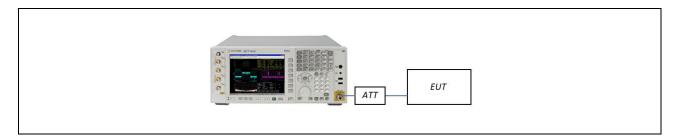


7.4. POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

LIMIT

Band	47 CFR §15.407(a)(3)				
	Master (Indoor)	\leq 20 dBm e.i.r.p./MHz operating in the 5.850 – 5.895 GHz band			
U-NII 4	Client Devices	≤ 14 dBm e.i.r.p./MHz operating in the 5.850 – 5.895 GHz band			
	Subordinate Device	\leq 20 dBm e.i.r.p./MHz operating in the 5.850 – 5.895 GHz band			

TEST SETUP



TEST PROCEDURE

Refer to the section F in KDB 789033 D02 v02r01.

- Set span to encompass the entire emission bandwidth (EBW) of the signal.
- RBW = 510 kHz
- VBW ≥ 3 MHz
- Number of points in sweep ≥ 2*span/RBW.
- Sweep time = auto.
- Detector = RMS (i.e., power averaging), if available. Otherwise, use sample detector mode.
- Do not use sweep triggering. Allow the sweep to "free run".
- Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging (RMS) mode
- Use the peak search function on the spectrum analyzer to find the peak of the spectrum.
- If Method SA-2 was used, add 10 $\log(1/x)$, where x is the duty cycle, to the peak of the spectrum.

Sample Calculation

Total PSD (Average) = Reading Value + ATT loss + Cable loss + Duty Cycle Factor





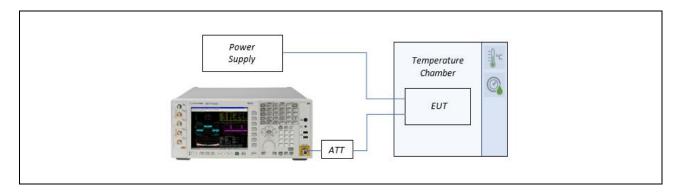
7.5. FREQUENCY STABILITY

LIMIT

§15.407(g)

Fundamental emissions of the radio devices should be kept within at least the central 80% of its permitted operating frequency band to minimize the possibility of out of band operation.

TEST SETUP



TEST PROCEDURE

- The EUT was placed inside an environmental chamber as the temperature in the chamber was varied between -30 °C and 50 °C.
- The temperature was incremented by 10 °C intervals and the unit was allowed to stabilize at each temperature before each measurement. The center frequency of the transmitting channel was evaluated at each temperature and the frequency deviation from the channel's center frequency was recorded.
- The primary supply voltage is varied from 85% to 115% of the nominal value for non-hand carried battery and AC powered equipment. For hand-carried, battery-powered equipment, primary supply voltage is reduced to the battery operating end point which shall be specified by the manufacturer.
- While maintaining a constant temperature inside the environmental chamber, turn the EUT ON and record the operating frequency at startup, and at 2 minutes, 5 minutes, and 10 minutes after the EUT is energized. Four measurements in total are made.

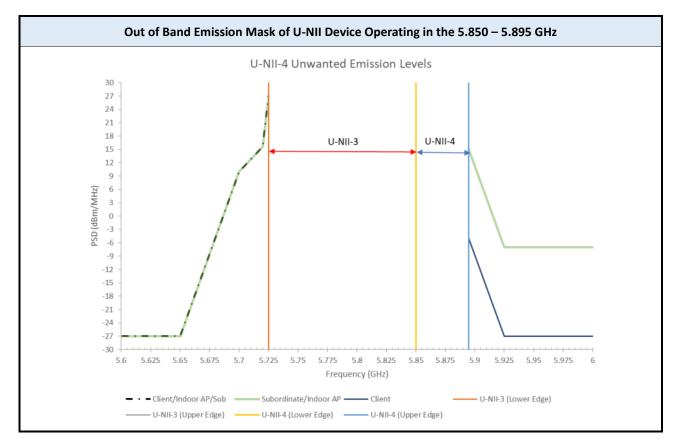




7.6. UNDESIRABLE EMISSION

LIMIT

Band		47 CFR § 15.407(b)(5)				
	\boxtimes	Master (Indoor)	All emissions at or above 5.895 GHz shall not exceed the e.i.r.p. of 15 dBm/MHz and shall decrease linearly to an e.i.r.p. of -7 dBm/MHz at or above 5.925 GHz.			
U-NII 4		Subordinate Device	All emissions below 5.725 GHz shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz at 5.650 GHz increasing linearly to 10 dBm/MHz at 5.7 GHz and from 5.7 GHz increasing linearly to a level of 15.6 dBm/MHz at 5.72 GHz, and from 5.72 GHz increasing linearly to a level of 27 dBm/MHz at 5.725 GHz.			
O-IVII 4		Client Devices	All emissions at or above 5.895 GHz shall not exceed the e.i.r.p. of -5 dBm/MHz and shall decrease linearly to an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz at or above 5.925 GHz. All emissions below 5.725 GHz shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz at			
			5.650 GHz increasing linearly to 10 dBm/MHz at 5.7 GHz and from 5.7 GHz increasing linearly to a level of 15.6 dBm/MHz at 5.72 GHz, and from 5.72 GHz increasing linearly to a level of 27 dBm/MHz at 5.725 GHz.			



TEST PROCEDURE

Refer to KDB 789033, emission below 5.725 GHz should be measured using peak detection, while emission above 5.895 GHz should be measured using average detection.

Report No.: HA210810-AER-001-R11 17 / 84





7.7. RADIATED EMISSIONS

RADIATION EMISSION LIMIT

FCC : 47 CFR § 15.209						
Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (uV/m)	Measurement Distance (m)				
0.009 – 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300				
0.490 – 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30				
1.705 – 30	30	30				
30-88	100	3				
88-216	150	3				
216-960	200	3				
Above 960	500	3				

RESTRICTED BANDS OF OPERATION

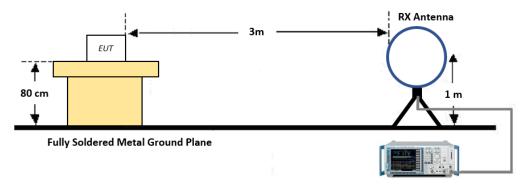
FCC : 47 CFR § 15.205(a)							
Frequency (MHz)	Frequency (MHz)	Frequency (MHz)	Frequency (MHz)	Frequency (MHz)			
0.090 - 0.110	12.29 - 12.293	149.9 - 150.05	1660.0 - 1710.0	8025 - 8500			
0.495 - 0.505	12.51975 - 12.52025	156.52475 - 156.52525	1718.8 - 1722.2	9000 - 9200			
2.1735 - 2.1905	12.57675 - 12.57725	156.7 - 156.9	2200.0 - 2300.0	9300 - 9500			
4.125 - 4.128	13.36 - 13.41	162.0125 - 167.17	2310.0 - 2390.0	10600 - 12700			
4.17725 - 4.17775	16.42 - 16.423	167.72 - 173.2	2483.5 - 2500.0	13250 - 13400			
4.20725 - 4.20775	16.69475 - 16.69525	240.0 - 285.0	2690.0 - 2900.0	14470 - 14500			
6.215 - 6.218	16.80425 - 16.80475	322.0 - 335.4	3260.0 - 3267.0	15350 - 16200			
6.26775 - 6.26825	25.5 - 25.67	399.9 - 410.0	3332.0 - 3339.0	17700 - 21400			
6.31175 - 6.31225	37.5 - 38.25	608.0 - 614.0	3345.8 - 3358.0	22010 - 23120			
8.291 - 8.294	73 - 74.6	960.0 - 1240.0	3600.0 - 4400.0	23600 - 24000			
8.362 - 8.366	74.8 - 75.2	1300.0 - 1427.0	4500.0 - 5150.0	31200 - 31800			
8.37625 - 8.38675	108 - 121.94	1435.0 - 1626.5	5350.0 - 5460.0	36430 - 36500			
8.41425 - 8.41475	123 - 138	1645.5 - 1646.5	7250.0 - 7750.0	Above 38600			





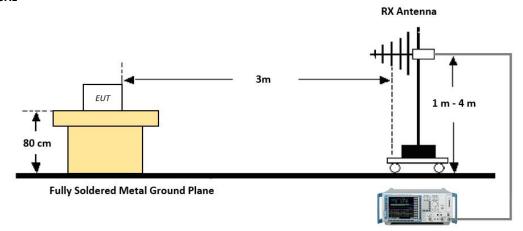
TEST SETUP

Below 30 MHz



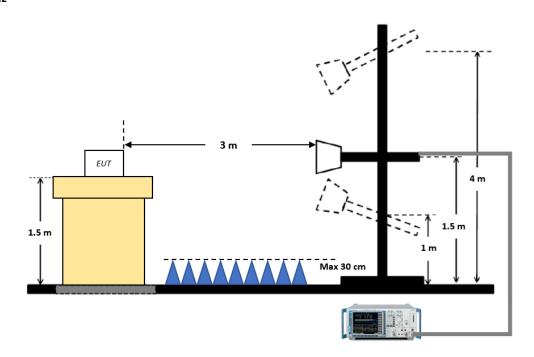
Spectrum Analyzer / Receiver

30 MHz - 1 GHz



Spectrum Analyzer / Receiver

Above 1 GHz



Report No.: HA210810-AER-001-R11





TEST PROCEDURE OF RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSION (BELOW 30 MHz)

- 1. The EUT was placed on a non-conductive table located on semi-anechoic chamber.
- 2. The loop antenna was placed at a location 3m from the EUT
- 3. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 0.8m above ground plane.
- 4. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.
- 5. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
- 6. Distance Correction Factor (0.009 MHz 0.490 MHz) = 40*log(3 m/300 m) = -80 dB

Measurement Distance: 3 m

7. Distance Correction Factor (0.490 MHz - 30 MHz) = 40*log(3 m/30 m) = -40 dB

Measurement Distance: 3 m

- 8. Spectrum Setting
 - Frequency Range = 9 kHz ~ 30 MHz
 - Detector = Peak
 - Trace = Max hold
 - RBW = 9 kHz
 - VBW ≥ 3*RBW
- 9. Total = Reading Value + Antenna Factor (A.F) + Cable Loss (C.L)
- 10. There is a comparison data both open-field test site and alternative test site semi-Anechoic chamber according to 414788 D01. And the results are properly calibrated.

TEST PROCEDURE OF RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSION (30 MHz - 1 GHz)

- 1. The EUT was placed on a non-conductive table located on semi-anechoic chamber.
- 2. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 0.8 m above ground plane.
- 3. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.
- 4. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
- 5. Spectrum Setting
 - (1) Measurement Type (Peak):
 - Measured Frequency Range: 30 MHz 1 GHz
 - Detector = Peak
 - Trace = Max hold
 - RBW = 100 kHz
 - VBW ≥ 3*RBW
 - (2) Measurement Type(Quasi-peak):
 - Measured Frequency Range: 30 MHz 1 GHz
 - Detector = Quasi-Peak
 - RBW = 120 kHz
- 6. Total = Reading Value + Antenna Factor (A.F) + Cable Loss (C.L)





TEST PROCEDURE OF RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSION (ABOVE 1 GHz)

- 1. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 1.5 m above ground plane.
- 2. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.
- 3. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
- 4. EUT is set 3 m away from the receiving antenna, which is varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emissions.
- 5. Maximum procedure was performed on the six highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.
- 6. Each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.
- 7. The unit was tested with its standard battery.
- 8. Spectrum Setting

(1) Measurement Type(Peak, G.5 in KDB 789033 v02r01):

- RBW = 1 MHz
- VBW ≥ 3 MHz
- Detector = Peak
- Sweep Time = auto
- Trace mode = Max hold
- Allow sweeps to continue until the trace stabilizes.
- Note that if the transmission is not continuous, the time required for the trace to stabilize will increase by a factor of approximately 1/x, where x is the duty cycle.

(2) Measurement Type(Average, G.6.d in KDB 789033 v02r01):

- RBW = 1 MHz
- VBW(Duty cycle ≥ 98 percent) = VBW ≤ RBW/100(i.e., 10 kHz) but not less than 10 Hz.
- VBW(Duty cycle is < 98 percent) = VBW ≥ 1/T, where T is the minimum transmission duration.
- The analyzer is set to linear detector mode.
- Detector = Peak.
- Sweep time = auto.
- Trace mode = Max hold.
- Allow max hold to run for at least 50 traces if the transmitted signal is continuous or has at least 98 percent duty cycle. For lower duty cycles, increase the minimum number of traces by a factor of 1/x, where x is the duty cycle.
- 9. Measurement value only up to 6 maximum emissions noted or would be lesser if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (i.e.: margin > 20 dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor
- 10. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency (or 40 GHz whichever comes first)

11. Sample Calculation

- (1) Total (Peak) = Reading Value + Antenna Factor(A.F) + Cable Loss(C.L) Amp Gain(G)
- (2) Total (Average, Duty ≥ 98%) = Reading Value + Antenna Factor(A.F) + Cable Loss(C.L) Amp Gain(G)
- (3) Total (Average, Duty < 98%) = Reading Value + Antenna Factor(A.F) + Cable Loss(C.L) Amp Gain(G) + Duty Cycle Factor





TEST PROCEDURE OF RADIATED RESTRICTED BAND EDGE

- 1. Radiated test is performed with hopping off (if there is any)
- 2. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 1.5 m above ground plane.
- 3. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.
- 4. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
- 5. EUT is set 3 m away from the receiving antenna, which is varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emissions.
- 6. Each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.
- 7. The unit was tested with its standard battery.
- 8. Spectrum Setting

(1) Measurement Type(Peak, G.5 in KDB 789033 v02r01):

- RBW = 1 MHz
- VBW ≥ 3 MHz
- Detector = Peak
- Sweep Time = auto
- Trace mode = Max hold
- Allow sweeps to continue until the trace stabilizes.
- Note that if the transmission is not continuous, the time required for the trace to stabilize will increase by a factor of approximately 1/x, where x is the duty cycle.

(2) Measurement Type(Average, G.6.d in KDB 789033 v02r01):

- RBW = 1 MHz
- VBW(Duty cycle ≥ 98 percent) = VBW ≤ RBW/100(i.e., 10 kHz) but not less than 10 Hz.
- VBW(Duty cycle is < 98 percent) = VBW ≥ 1/T, where T is the minimum transmission duration.
- The analyzer is set to linear detector mode.
- Detector = Peak.
- Sweep time = auto.
- Trace mode = Max hold.
- Allow max hold to run for at least 50 traces if the transmitted signal is continuous or has at least 98 percent duty cycle. For lower duty cycles, increase the minimum number of traces by a factor of 1/x, where x is the duty cycle.

9. Sample Calculation

- (1) Total (Peak) = Reading Value + Antenna Factor(A.F) + Cable Loss(C.L)
- (2) Total (Average, Duty ≥ 98%) = Reading Value + Antenna Factor(A.F) + Cable Loss(C.L) Amp Gain(G)
- (3) Total (Average, Duty < 98%) = Reading Value + Antenna Factor(A.F) + Cable Loss(C.L) Amp Gain(G) + Duty Cycle Factor





7.8. AC POWER LINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

LIMIT

47 CFR § 15.207

For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 μ H/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN).

Francisco Paras (NALIS)	Limits	(dBμV)
Frequency Range (MHz)	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15 to 0.50	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
0.50 to 5	56	46
5 to 30	60	50

^{*}Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

Compliance with this provision shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency. voltage between each power line (LINE and NEUTRAL) and ground at the power terminals.

TEST SETUP

See test photographs attached in Annex A for the actual connections between EUT and support equipment.

TEST PROCEDURE

- 1. The EUT is placed on a wooden table 80 cm above the reference ground plane.
- 2. The EUT is connected via LISN to a test power supply.
- 3. The measurement results are obtained as described below:
- 4. Detectors: Quasi Peak and Average Detector.

According to FCC KDB 174176 D01 Line Conducted FAQ v01r01:

Devices Operating Above 30 MHz

For a device with a permanent or detachable antenna operating above 30 MHz, measurements must be performed with the antenna connected as specified in clause 6.2 of ANSI C63.10-2013.

Devices Operating Below 30 MHz

For a device with a permanent or detachable antenna operating at or below 30 MHz, the FCC will accept measurements performed with a suitable dummy load in lieu of the antenna under the following conditions:

- (1) Perform the AC power-line conducted tests with the antenna connected to determine compliance with Section 15.207 limits outside the transmitter's fundamental emission band;
- (2) Retest with a dummy load in lieu of the antenna to determine compliance with Section 15.207 limits within the transmitter's fundamental emission band. For a detachable antenna, remove the antenna and connect a suitable dummy load to the antenna connector. For a permanent antenna, remove the antenna and terminate the RF output with a dummy load or network which simulates the antenna in the fundamental frequency band. All measurements must be performed as specified in clause 6.2 of ANSI C63.10-2013.

Sample Calculation

Quasi-peak(Final Result) = Reading Value + Correction Factor

Report No.: HA210810-AER-001-R11 23 / 84





8. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

Test Description	FCC Part Section(s)	Test Limit	Test Condition	Test Result
26 dB Bandwidth	§15.407	N/A (To determine the limit)		-
6 dB Bandwidth	§15.407(e)	≥ 500 kHz		PASS
Occupied bandwidth	-	N/A		-
Maximum e.i.r.p.	§15.407(a)(3)(ii)	≤ 36 dBm e.i.r.p.	Conducted	PASS
Power Spectral Density	§15.407(a)(3)(ii)	≤ 20 dBm e.i.r.p./MHz		PASS
Frequency Stability	§15.407(g) §2.1055	Maintained within the band		PASS
AC Power line Conducted Emissions	§15.207 §15.407(b)(9)	cf. Section 7.8		PASS
Undesirable Emissions	§15.407(b)(5)	cf. Section 7.6		PASS
Radiated Spurious Emissions	§15.209 §15.407(b)(9)	cf. Section 7.7	Radiated	PASS
Radiated Restricted Band Edge	§15.407(b)(7) §15.205(a)	cf. Section 7.7		PASS





WORST CASE CONFIGURATION

RADIATED TEST

1. EUT Axis

- All X, Y, and Z positions for horizontal / vertical antenna polarization were investigated to find the worst-case position.
- X position was selected for the final evaluation.
- 2. Operations with all the data rates available were investigated for each different channel BW mode. Lowest datarate was selected as the worst case.
- 3. Radiated test was performed at the worst case 2 x TX CDD mode
 - Radiated band edge test was conducted for each different mode and bandwidth.
 802.11a/n(HT20/40)/ac(VHT80/160)/ax(HE20/40/80/160) modes were reported as the worst case
 - Radiated spurious emission test was performed for each different bandwidth. 802.11a, 802.11n HT40, 802.11ac
 VHT80/160 modes were reported as the worst-case spurious emission.

CONDUCTED TEST

1. AC line conducted emission test was performed at the worst case transmission mode.

WORST CASE DATA RATE

Mode	Worst Case Data Rate
802.11a	6 Mbps
802.11n	MCS0
802.11ac	MCS0
802.11ax	MCS0





CHANNEL UNDER TEST

Mode (U-NII 3)	Bandwidth (MHz)	Low Channel (MHz)	Mid Channel (MHz)	High Channel (MHz)
802.11a	20	5865	-	5885
902 11n	20	5865	-	5885
802.11n	40	-	5875	-
002.11	20	5865	-	5885
802.11ax	40	-	5875	-

Mode (Straddle)	Bandwidth (MHz)	Low Channel (MHz)	Mid Channel (MHz)	High Channel (MHz)
802.11a	20		5845 ⁽¹⁾	
002 11 _p	20	5845 ⁽¹⁾		
802.11n	40	5835 ⁽¹⁾		
902 1100	80	5855 ⁽¹⁾		
802.11ac	160	5815 ⁽¹⁾		
	20	5845 ⁽¹⁾		
002.44	40	5835 ⁽¹⁾		
802.11ax	80		5855 ⁽¹⁾	
	160	5815 ⁽¹⁾		

Note:

1. Straddle channels spanning U-NII 3 and U-NII 4 bands.





SUMMARY OF OUTPUT POWER

Frequency (MHz)	Bandwidth	Max e.i.r.p. (dBm)	Max e.i.r.p. (W)
5865 - 5885	20 / 40 MHz	29.13	0.81880
5845	20 MHz	27.76	0.59765
5835	40 MHz	28.47	0.70267
5855	80 MHz	29.02	0.79806
5815	160 MHz	27.22	0.52781

SUMMARY OF POWER LEVEL SETTING

U-NII	4 Band (20 MH	z)	Power Level setting / Chain			
Band	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	802.11a	802.11n HT20	802.11ac VHT20	802.11ax HE20
U-NII 3/4	5845 ⁽¹⁾	169	21	21	21	21
11 NIII 4	5865	173	20.5	21	21	21
U-NII 4	5885	177	20	20	20	20

U-NII 4 Band (40 MHz)			Power Level setting / Chain		
Band Frequency (MHz) Channel		802.11n HT40	802.11n HT40 802.11ac VHT40 802.11ax HE4		
U-NII 3/4	5835 ⁽¹⁾	167	21.5	21.5	21.5
U-NII 4	5875	175	22	22	22

U-NII 4 Band (80 MHz)			Power Level setting / Chain				
Band	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	802.11ac VHT80	802.11ax HE80			
U-NII 3/4	5855 ⁽¹⁾	171	22	22			

U-NII 4 Band (160 MHz)			Power Level setting / Chain				
Band	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	802.11ac VHT160	802.11ax HE160			
U-NII 3/4	5815 ⁽¹⁾	163	19.5	19.5			

Note

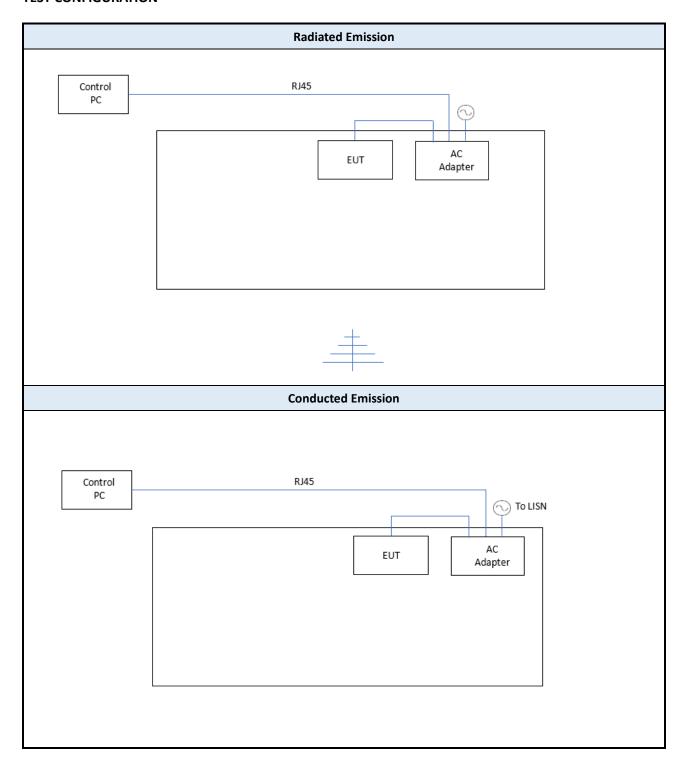
1. Straddle channels spanning U-NII 3 and U-NII 4 bands.

Report No.: HA210810-AER-001-R11 27 / 84





TEST CONFIGURATION







LIST OF SUPPORT EQUIPMENT

Equipment Type	Model No.	Serial Number	Manufacturer	Qty	Note
PoE Adapter	G0566-500-120	-	Shenzhen Gospell Digital Tech.	1	100-240 VAC, 1.5 A 50/60Hz (50 VDC)
Laptop	TP00076A	R9-0NUJ14 17/08	Lenovo	1	-





9. TEST RESULT

9.1 DUTY CYCLE

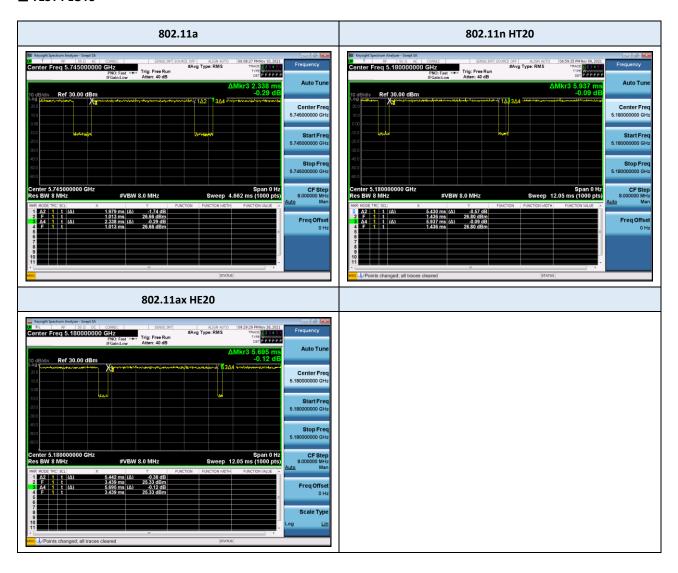
Mode	Data Rate	T _{on} (ms)	T _{total} (ms)	Duty Cycle	Duty Factor (dB)	VBW(1/T) (Hz)
802.11a	6 Mbps	1.98	2.34	0.85	0.72	505.31
802.11n HT20	MCS0	5.43	5.94	0.91	0.39	184.16
802.11ax HE20	MCS0	5.44	5.70	0.96	0.20	183.75
802.11n HT40	MCS0	5.43	5.91	0.92	0.37	184.16
802.11ax HE40	MCS0	5.44	5.70	0.96	0.20	183.75
802.11ac VHT80	MCS0	5.43	5.95	0.91	0.40	184.16
802.11ax HE80	MCS0	5.44	5.77	0.94	0.25	183.66
802.11ac VHT160	MCS0	5.42	5.82	0.93	0.31	184.67
802.11ax HE160	MCS0	5.42	5.72	0.95	0.23	184.67

Note:

The result of the duty cycle measurement was reused from the UNII-1 and U-NII 2 test report.



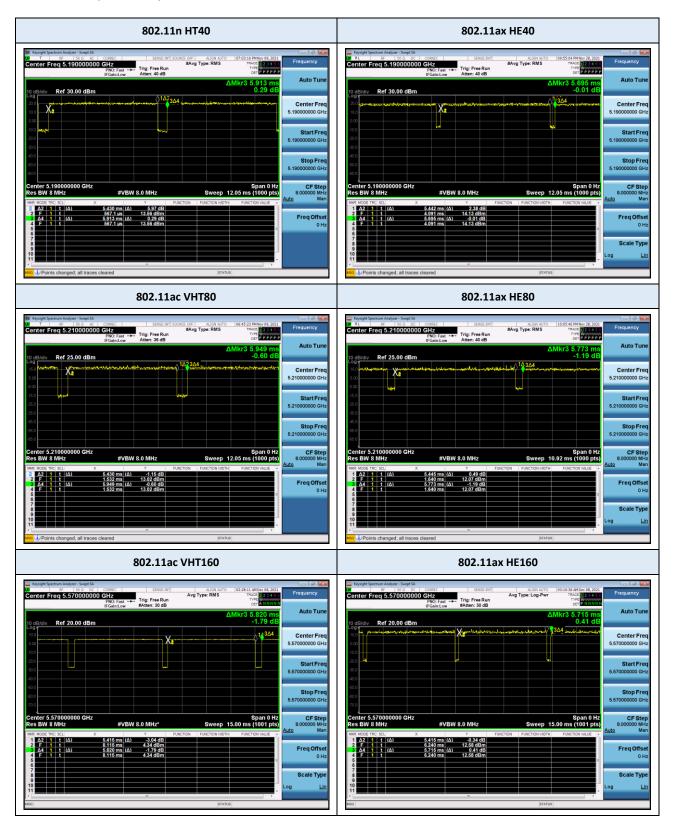








■ TEST PLOTS (Continued)



Report No.: HA210810-AER-001-R11 32 / 84





9.2 6 dB BANDWIDTH / 26 dB BANDWIDTH / 99% BANDWIDTH

U-NII	4 Band (20 MHz)		99% Bandv	vidth (MHz)	26 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	
Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Chain 0	Chain 1	Chain 0	Chain 1
802.11a	5865	173	16.411	16.450	20.010	20.110
	5885	177	16.410	16.456	20.560	19.470
802.11n HT20	5865	173	17.682	17.686	20.320	21.250
802.1111 H120	5885	177	17.662	17.694	20.580	21.200
802.11ax HE20	5865	173	18.947	18.986	21.020	21.560
	5885	177	18.986	18.963	21.060	21.140

U-NII 4 Band (40 MHz)			99% Bandw	vidth (MHz)	26 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	
Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Chain 0	Chain 1	Chain 0	Chain 1
802.11n HT40	5875	175	36.404	36.521	44.990	49.810
802.11ax HE40	5875	175	37.929	38.025	40.260	42.260

Straddle (99% Bandwidth (MHz)		26 dB Bandwidth (MHz)				
Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Band	Chain 0	Chain 1	Chain 0	Chain 1
002.11-	5845	169	U-NII 3	13.223	13.279	15.450	14.500
802.11a	5845	169	U-NII 4	3.681	3.685	4.943	5.004
002 44 - UT20	5845	169	U-NII 3	13.869	13.851	15.400	15.350
802.11n HT20	5845	169	U-NII 4	4.160	4.075	5.295	5.020
802.11ax HE20	5845	169	U-NII 3	14.547	14.563	15.490	15.390
	5845	169	U-NII 4	4.628	4.566	5.131	5.507

Straddle (99% Bandwidth (MHz)		26 dB Bandwidth (MHz)				
Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Band	Chain 0	Chain 1	Chain 0	Chain 1
000 44 11740	5835	167	U-NII 3	32.878	33.049	35.540	35.260
802.11n HT40	5835	167	U-NII 4	4.495	4.033	5.561	5.622
802.11ax HE40	5835	167	U-NII 3	33.770	33.788	35.570	35.260
	5835	167	U-NII 4	4.608	4.362	5.142	5.549

Straddle (Straddle Channel : U-NII 3/4 Bands (80 MHz)					26 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	
Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Band	Chain 0	Chain 1	Chain 0	Chain 1
802.11ac VHT80	5855	171	U-NII 3	33.207	33.177	38.370	37.280
802.11aC VH180	5855	171	U-NII 4	43.101	43.106	48.820	46.130
802.11ax HE80	5855	171	U-NII 3	33.902	33.837	36.820	38.840
	5855	171	U-NII 4	43.860	43.984	46.300	47.120

Straddle C	99% Bandv	vidth (MHz)	26 dB Bandwidth (MHz)				
Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Band	Chain 0	Chain 1	Chain 0	Chain 1
000.44 \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	5815	163	U-NII 3	112.010	111.900	116.600	116.300
802.11ac VHT160	5815	163	U-NII 4	43.147	43.237	47.430	46.290
802.11ax HE160	5815	163	U-NII 3	112.670	112.990	118.000	117.100
	5815	163	U-NII 4	43.941	43.936	47.410	45.300

Report No.: HA210810-AER-001-R11 33 / 84





U-NII 4 Band (20 MHz)			6 dB Bandwidth (MHz)			
Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Chain 0	Chain 1	Limit	
902.115	5865	173	16.350	16.340		
802.11a	5885		15.650	16.310		
902 11 ₅ UT20	5865		17.580	15.890	>0.5	
802.11n HT20	5885	177	17.540	16.830	≥ 0.5	
002.11	5865		18.750	18.010		
802.11ax HE20	5885	177	18.980	18.590		

U-NII 4 Band (40 MHz)			6 dB Bandwidth (MHz)			
Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Chain 0	Chain 1	Limit	
802.11n HT40	5875	175	36.530	36.490	>05	
802.11ax HE40	5875	175	37.390	37.890	≥ 0.5	

Straddle Channel : U-NII 3/4 Bands (20 MHz)				6 dB Bandwidth (MHz)			
Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Band	Chain 0	Chain 1	Limit	
802.11a	5845	169	U-NII 3	12.960	13.260	≥ 0.5	
	5845	169	U-NII 4	3.094	3.117		
802.11n HT20	5845	169	U-NII 3	13.890	13.820		
	5845	169	U-NII 4	3.841	3.545		
802.11ax HE20	5845	169	U-NII 3	14.580	14.430		
	5845	169	U-NII 4	4.478	4.155		

Straddle Channel : U-NII 3/4 Bands (40 MHz)				6 dB Bandwidth (MHz)			
Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Band	Chain 0	Chain 1	Limit	
802.11n HT40	5845	169	U-NII 3	32.840	33.260	≥ 0.5	
	5845	169	U-NII 4	3.212	3.174		
802.11ax HE40	5845	169	U-NII 3	33.670	33.980		
	5845	169	U-NII 4	3.954	3.926		

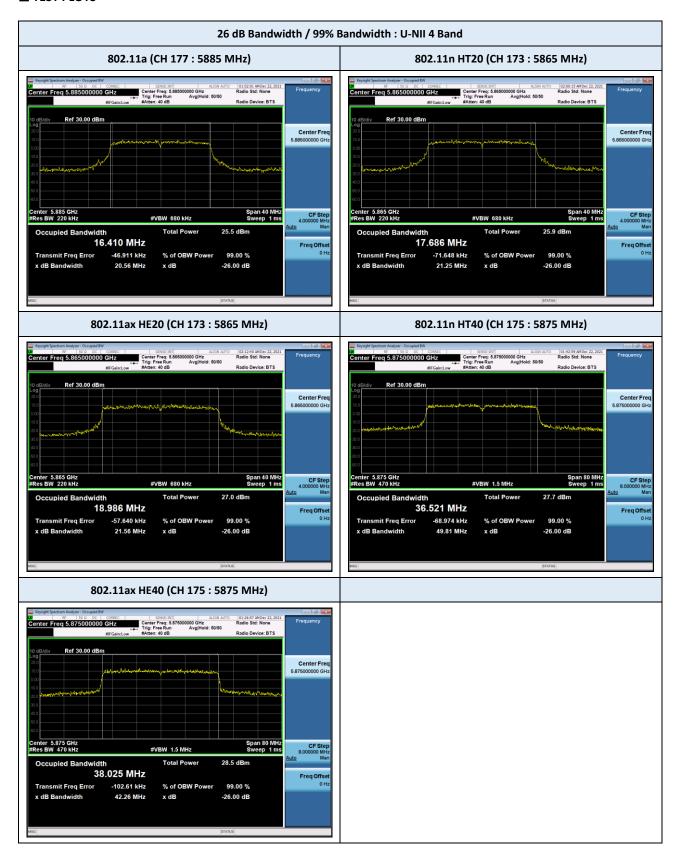
Straddle Channel : U-NII 3/4 Bands (80 MHz)				6 dB Bandwidth (MHz)			
Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Band	Chain 0	Chain 1	Limit	
802.11ac VHT80	5855	171	U-NII 3	32.830	33.180	≥ 0.5	
	5855	171	U-NII 4	42.980	41.960		
802.11ax HE80	5855	171	U-NII 3	33.120	33.750		
	5855	171	U-NII 4	42.680	41.310		

Straddle Channel : U-NII 3/4 Bands (160 MHz)				6 dB Bandwidth (MHz)			
Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Band	Chain 0	Chain 1	Limit	
802.11ac VHT160	5815	163	U-NII 3	110.800	112.900	≥ 0.5	
	5815	163	U-NII 4	42.020	42.950		
802.11ax HE160	5815	163	U-NII 3	109.000	113.800		
	5815	163	U-NII 4	43.830	43.740		

Report No.: HA210810-AER-001-R11 34 / 84







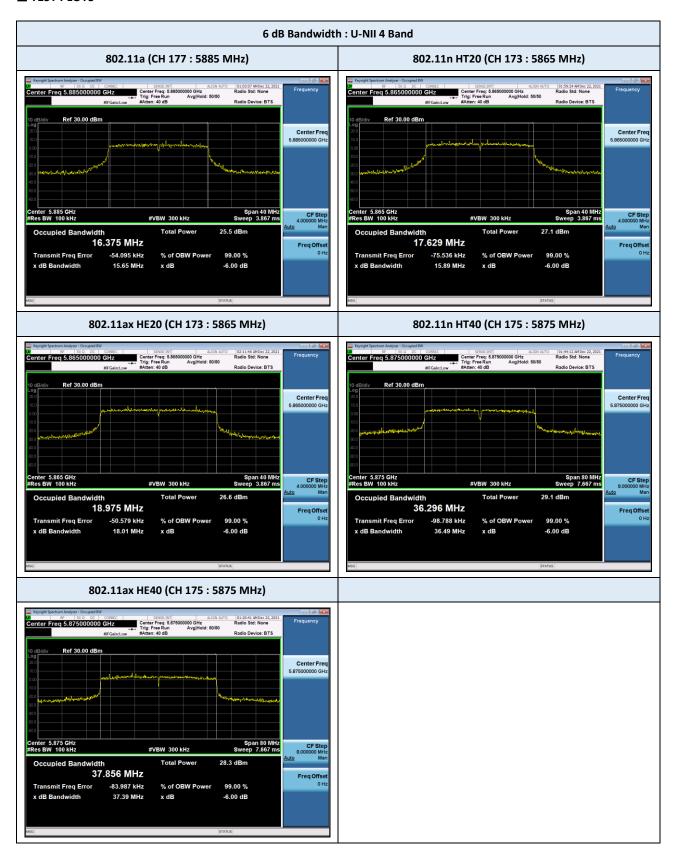
Note

The worst plots are reported for each bandwidth mode.

Report No.: HA210810-AER-001-R11 35 / 84







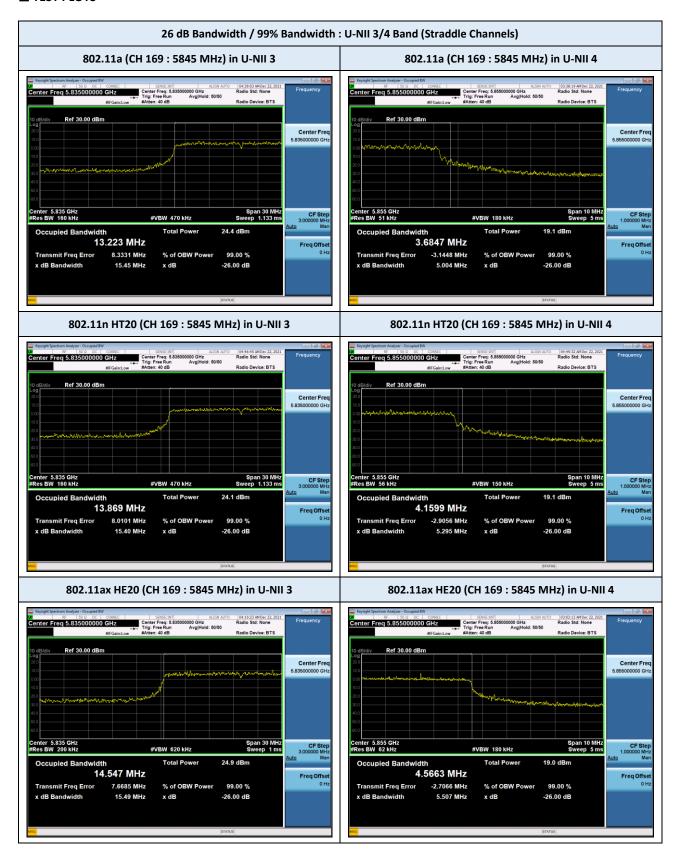
Note

The worst plots are reported for each bandwidth mode.

Report No.: HA210810-AER-001-R11 36 / 84







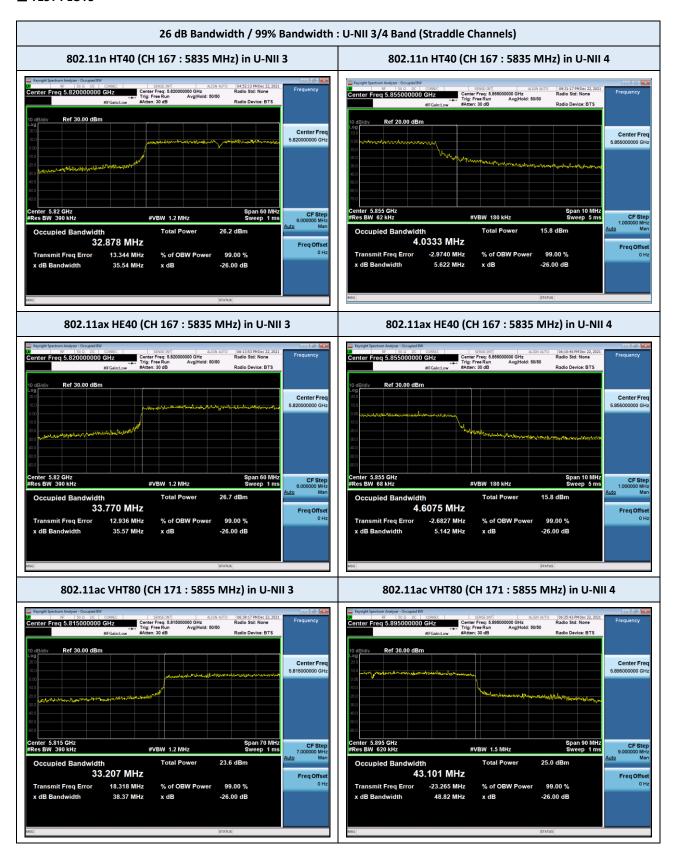
Note

The worst plots are reported for each bandwidth mode.

Report No.: HA210810-AER-001-R11 37 / 84







Note

The worst plots are reported for each bandwidth mode.

Report No.: HA210810-AER-001-R11 38 / 84







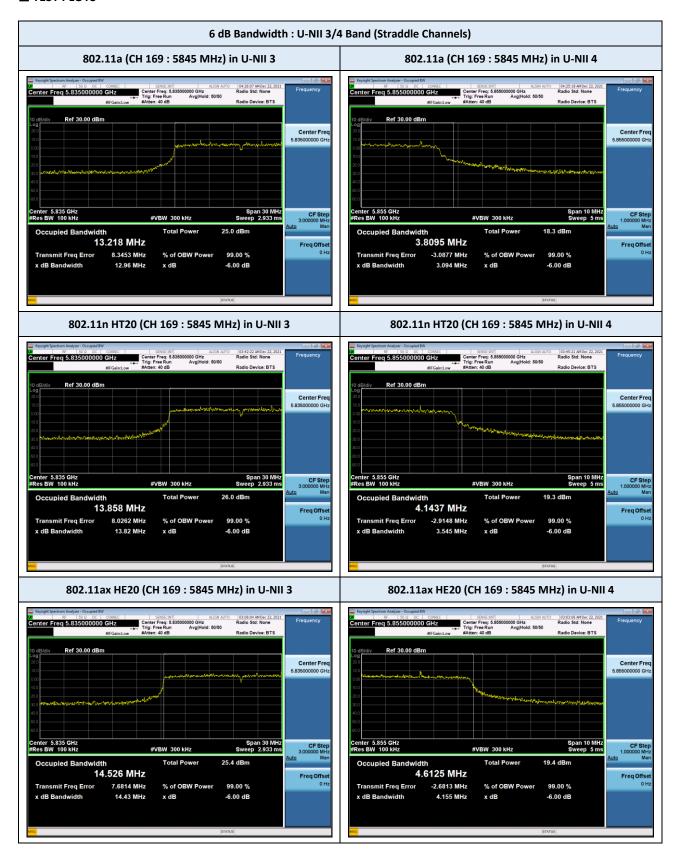
Note

The worst plots are reported for each bandwidth mode.

Report No.: HA210810-AER-001-R11 39 / 84







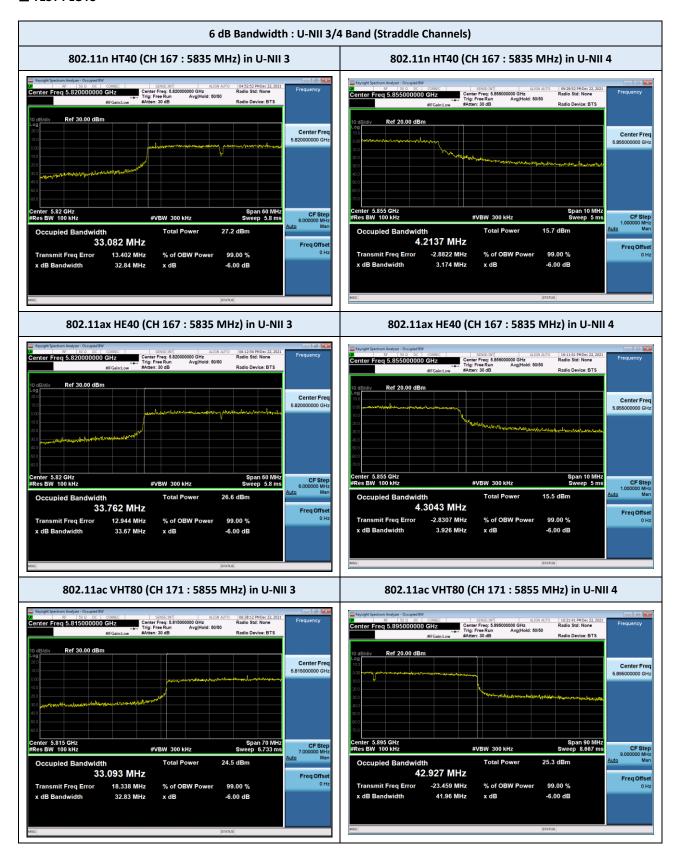
Note

The worst plots are reported for each bandwidth mode.

Report No.: HA210810-AER-001-R11 40 / 84







Note

The worst plots are reported for each bandwidth mode.

Report No.: HA210810-AER-001-R11 41 / 84