

# **TEST REPORT**

APPLICANT : Shenzhen Chainway Information

Technology Co., Ltd

PRODUCT NAME : Fixed Android UHF Reader

MODEL NAME : U300-4

**BRAND NAME**: CHAINWAY

**FCC ID** : 2AC6AU3004

**STANDARD(S)** : 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C

**RECEIPT DATE** : 2023-11-20 and 2024-09-10

**TEST DATE** : 2023-11-30 to 2024-11-21

**ISSUE DATE** : 2025-01-16

Edited by:  $\frac{\mathcal{L} \times \mathcal{L} \times \mathcal{L}}{\mathcal{L} \times \mathcal{L}}$ 

Su Xìaoxian
Su Xiaoxian (Rapporteur)

Approved by:

Shen Junsheng (Supervisor)

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Tel: 86-755-36698555

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Http://www.morlab.cn

Fax: 86-755-36698525
E-mail: service@morlab.cn





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Change History				
Version	Date	Reason for change		
1.0	2025-01-16	First edition		



# 1. Summary of Test Result

No.	Section	Description	Test Date	Test Engineer	Result	Method Determination /Remark
1	15.203	Antenna Requirement	N/A	N/A	PASS	No deviation
2	N/A	Duty Cycle of Test Signal	Nov. 30, 2023	Su Xiaoxian	PASS	No deviation
3	15.247(b)	Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power	Nov. 30, 2023	Su Xiaoxian	PASS	No deviation
4	15.247(b)	Maximum Average Conducted Output Power	Nov. 30, 2023	Su Xiaoxian	PASS	No deviation
5	15.247(a)	Bandwidth	Nov. 30, 2023	Su Xiaoxian	PASS	No deviation
6	15.247(d)	Conducted Spurious Emission and Band Edge	Nov. 30, 2023	Su Xiaoxian	PASS	No deviation
7	15.247(e)	Power Spectral Density	Nov. 30, 2023	Su Xiaoxian	PASS	No deviation
8	15.207	Conducted Emission	N/A	N/A	N/A <sub>Note1</sub>	N/A
9	15.247(d)	Restricted Frequency Bands	Nov. 13, 2024	Zhong Xiangyun	PASS	No deviation
10	15.209, 15.247(d)	Radiated Emission	Nov. 13, 2024	Zhong Xiangyun	PASS	No deviation

**Note 1:** Measurements to demonstrate compliance with the conducted limits are not required for devices which only employ battery power for operation and which do not operate from the AC power lines or contain provisions for operation while connected to the AC power lines.

**Note 2:** The tests were performed according to the method of measurements prescribed in ANSI C63.10-2013 and KDB558074 D01 v05r02.

**Note 3:** Additions to, deviation, or exclusions from the method shall be judged in the "method determination" column of add, deviate or exclude from the specific method shall be explained in the "Remark" of the above table.





**Note 4:** When the test result is a critical value, we will use the measurement uncertainty give the judgment result based on the 95% confidence intervals.

## 1.1. Testing Applied Standards

According to the specifications of the manufacturer, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the following standards:

• 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C Radio Frequency Devices





# 1.2. Test Equipment List

#### 1.2.1 Conducted Test Equipments

Equipment Name	Serial No.	Туре	Manufacturer	Cal. Date	Due Date	
EXA Signal	MY5347083	NOOAOA	A cilo ot	2023.02.27	2024.02.26	
Analzyer	6	N9010A	Agilent	2024.02.19	2025.02.18	
RF Cable	CB01	RF01	Morlab	N/A	N/A	
(30MHz-26GHz)	Hz)		Worldb	IN/A	IN/A	
Coaxial Cable	CB02	RF02	Morlab	N/A	N/A	
SMA Connector	CNIO1	DEO2	HUBER-	NI/A	NI/A	
SMA Connector	CN01	RF03	SUHNER	N/A	N/A	

#### 1.2.2 List of Software Used

Description	Manufacturer	Software Version
Test System	MaiWei	2.0.0.0
Morlab EMCR V1.2	Morlab	V1.0
TS+ -[JS32-CE]	Tonscend	V2.5.0.0



### 1.2.4 Radiated Test Equipments

1.2.4 Radiated Test	Lydipinents				
Equipment Name	Serial No.	Туре	Manufacturer	Cal. Date	Due Date
Pagaiyar	Receiver MY54130016 N9038A Agilent		2023.06.21	2024.06.20	
Receiver	W1154130016	30016 N9038A Agilent -		2024.05.30	2025.05.29
Test Antenna - Bi-	9163-519	VULB 9163	Schwarzbeck	2023.07.01	2024.06.30
Log	9103-319	VOLD 9103	Scriwarzbeck	2024.06.22	2025.06.21
Test Antenna -	1510 022	EMZD4540	Cobwarzbook	2023.06.26	2024.06.25
Loop	1519-022	FMZB1519	Schwarzbeck	2024.06.03	2025.06.02
Test Antenna –	04774	DDUA 0420D	Cobwarzbook	2023.07.01	2024.06.30
Horn	01774	BBHA 9120D	Schwarzbeck	2024.06.22	2025.06.21
Test Antenna –	BBHA9170	DD1140470	Caburarehaal	2023.07.01	2024.06.30
Horn	#773	BBHA9170	Schwarzbeck	2024.06.22	2025.06.21
Preamplifier	46722	S10M100L38	LUCIV CODD	2023.06.27	2024.06.26
(10MHz-6GHz)	46732	02	LUCIX CORP.	2024.05.30	2025.05.29
Preamplifier	C4474/C4470	S020180L32	LUCIV CODD	2023.06.27	2024.06.26
(2GHz-18GHz)	61171/61172	03	LUCIX CORP.	2024.05.30	2025.05.29
Preamplifier	D077000	DCLNA0118-	Danastast	2023.07.04	2024.07.03
(18GHz-40GHz)	DS77209	40C-S	Decentest	2024.05.30	2025.05.29
RF Coaxial Cable	MDE004	DE330	Destamant	2023.06.27	2024.06.26
(DC-18GHz)	MRE001	PE330	Pasternack	2024.05.30	2025.05.29
RF Coaxial Cable	MDEOOS	CLU18	Pasternack	2023.06.27	2024.06.26
(DC-18GHz)	MRE002	CLU16	Pasternack	2024.05.30	2025.05.29
RF Coaxial Cable	MDE003	CL 1140	Doctornook	2023.06.27	2024.06.26
(DC-18GHz)	MRE003	CLU18	Pasternack	2024.05.30	2025.05.29
RF Coaxial Cable	22200045	QA360-40-	Qualwave	2023.07.04	2024.07.03
(DC-40GHz)	22290045	KK-0.5	Qualwave	2024.07.03	2025.07.02
RF Coaxial Cable	22200046	QA360-40-	Oughvova	2023.07.04	2024.07.03
(DC-40GHz)	22290046	KKF-2	Qualwave	2024.07.03	2025.07.02
RF Coaxial Cable	22120181	QA500-18-	Qualwaya	2023.07.04	2024.07.03
(DC-18GHz)	22120181	NN-5	Qualwave	2024.07.03	2025.07.02
Notch Filter	N/A	WRCG-2400- 2483.5-60SS	Wainwright	N/A	N/A
Anechoic Chamber	N/A	9m*6m*6m	CRT	2022.05.10	2025.05.09



# 1.3. Measurement Uncertainty

Test Items	Uncertainty	Remark
Peak Output Power	±2.22dB	Confidence levels of 95%
Power Spectral Density	±2.22dB	Confidence levels of 95%
Bandwidth	±5%	Confidence levels of 95%
Conducted Spurious Emission	±2.77dB	Confidence levels of 95%
Restricted Frequency Bands	±5%	Confidence levels of 95%
Radiated Emission	±2.95dB	Confidence levels of 95%
Conducted Emission	±2.44dB	Confidence levels of 95%

# 1.4. Testing Laboratory

Laboratory Name:	Shenzhen Morlab Communications Technology Co., Ltd.		
	FL.3, Building A, FeiYang Science Park, No.8 LongChang		
Laboratory Address:	Road, Block 67, BaoAn District, ShenZhen, GuangDong		
	Province, P. R. China		
Telephone:	+86 755 36698555		
Facsimile:	+86 755 36698525		
FCC Designation Number:	CN1192		
FCC Test Firm Registration	226174		
Number:			



# 2. General Description

# 2.1. Information of Applicant and Manufacturer

Applicant: Shenzhen Chainway Information Technology Co., Ltd		
	9F Building 2, Daqian Industrial Park, District 67, XingDong	
Applicant Address:	Community, Xin'an Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen,	
	Guangdong, China	
Manufacturer:	Shenzhen Chainway Information Technology Co., Ltd	
	9F Building 2, Daqian Industrial Park, District 67, XingDong	
Manufacturer Address:	Community, Xin'an Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen,	
	Guangdong, China	

### 2.2. Information of EUT

Product Name:	Fixed Android UHF Reader		
Sample No.:	1# 2#		
Hardware Version:	U300-4_Hardware_version		
Software Version:	U300-4_Softwar	re_version	
Equipment Type:	Bluetooth LE		
Bluetooth Version:	4.0		
Modulation Type:	GFSK		
Data Rate:	1Mbps		
Operating Frequency Range:	2402MHz-2480MHz		
Antenna Type:	Rubber rod Antenna		
	3.14dBi		
Antenna Gain:	3.14dBi		
Antenna Gain:	3.14dBi AC Adapter		
Antenna Gain:		SHENZHEN SOY TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD	
Antenna Gain:	AC Adapter	SHENZHEN SOY TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD SOY-2400250-327	
Antenna Gain:  Accessory Information:	AC Adapter Brand Name:	·	
	AC Adapter Brand Name: Model No.:	SOY-2400250-327	
	AC Adapter Brand Name: Model No.: Serial No.:	SOY-2400250-327 N/A	

Note 1: We use the dedicated software to control the EUT continuous transmission.

**Note 2:** For a more detailed description, please refer to Specification or User's Manual supplied by the applicant and/or manufacturer.





# 2.3. Channel List of EUT

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
0	2402	10	2422	20	2442	30	2462
1	2404	11	2424	21	2444	31	2464
2	2406	12	2426	22	2446	32	2466
3	2408	13	2428	23	2448	33	2468
4	2410	14	2430	24	2450	34	2470
5	2412	15	2432	25	2452	35	2472
6	2414	16	2434	26	2454	36	2474
7	2416	17	2436	27	2456	37	2476
8	2418	18	2438	28	2458	38	2478
9	2420	19	2440	29	2460	39	2480

Note 1: The black bold channels were selected for test.



# 2.4. Test Configuration of EUT

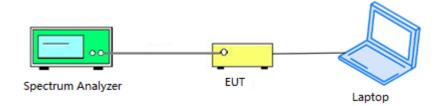
Test mode is used to control the EUT under the maximum power level during test.

### 2.5. Test Conditions

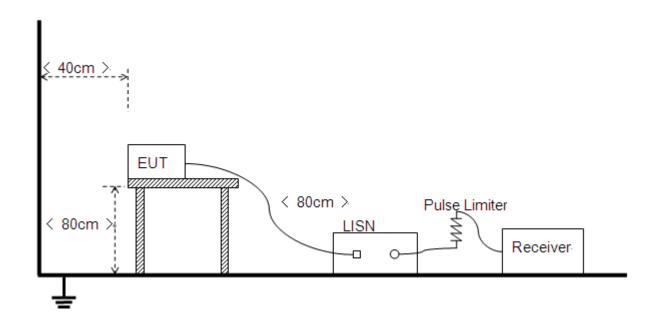
Temperature (°C):	15-35
Relative Humidity (%):	30-60
Atmospheric Pressure (kPa):	86-106

## 2.6. Test Setup Layout Diagram

#### 2.6.1.Conducted Measurement



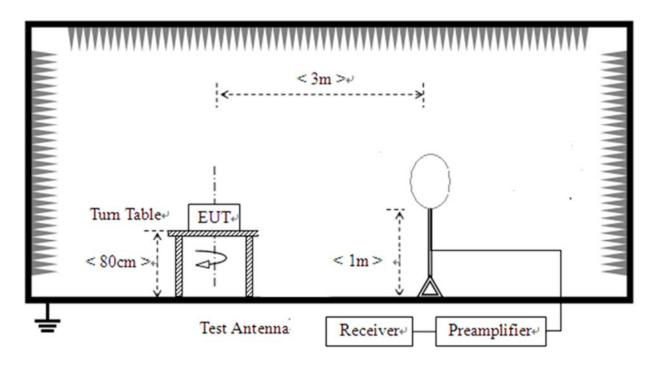
#### 2.6.2.Conducted Emission Measurement



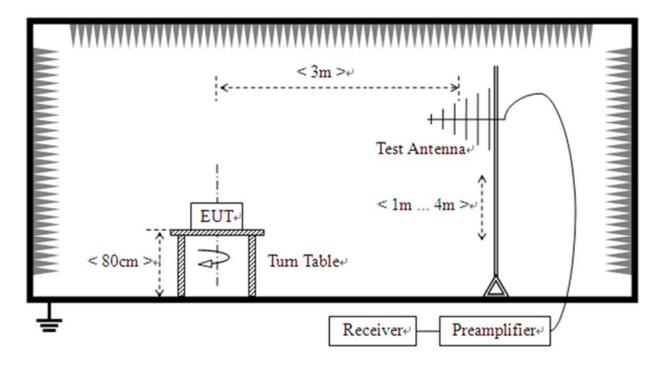


#### 2.6.3. Radiation Measurement

1) For radiated emissions from 9kHz to 30MHz



2) For radiated emissions from 30MHz to1GHz



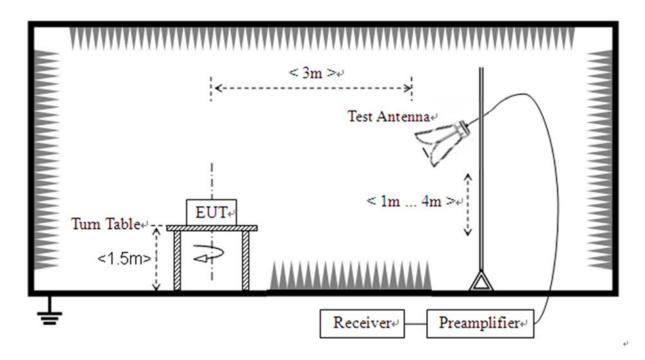


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#### 3) For radiated emissions above 1GHz







3. Test Results

## 3.1. Antenna Requirement

#### 3.1.1.Requirement

According to FCC 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section.

#### 3.1.2.Test Result

According to the manufacturer declared, the EUT has an external antenna, the directional gain of antenna is 3.14dBi and this device must be professionally installed. The antenna is shipped together with the prototype.



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### 3.2. Duty Cycle of Test Signal

#### 3.2.1.Requirement

Preferably, all measurements of maximum conducted (average) output power will be performed with the EUT transmitting continuously (i.e., with a duty cycle of greater than or equal to 98%). When continuous operation cannot be realized, then the use of sweep triggering/signal gating techniques can be used to ensure that measurements are made only during transmissions at the maximum power control level. Such sweep triggering/signal gating techniques will require knowledge of the minimum transmission duration(T) over which the transmitter is on and is transmitting at its maximum power control level for the tested mode of operation. Sweep triggering/signal gating techniques can then be used if the measurement/sweep time of the analyzer can be set such that it does not exceed T at any time that data are being acquired (i.e.,no transmitter OFF-time is to be considered).

When continuous transmission cannot be achieved and sweep triggering/signal gating cannot be implemented, alternative procedures are provided that can be used to measure the average power; however, they will require an additional measurement of the transmitter duty cycle (D). Within this sub clause, the duty cycle refers to the fraction of time over which the transmitter is ON and is transmitting at its maximum power control level. The duty cycle is considered to be constant if variations are less than ±2%; otherwise, the duty cycle is considered to be non constant.

#### 3.2.2.Test Result

Refer to Annex A.1 in this report.

## 3.3. Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power

#### 3.3.1.Requirement

According to FCC section 15.247(b)(3), For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands: The maximum peak conducted output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed 1 Watt.

#### 3.3.2.Test Procedures

KDB 558074 Section 8.3.1 was used in order to prove compliance.





### 3.3.3.Test Setup Layout

Refer to chapter 2.6.1 in this report.

#### 3.3.4.Test Result

Refer to Annex A.2 in this report.





# 3.4. Maximum Average Conducted Output Power

#### 3.4.1.Requirement

According to FCC section 15.247(b)(3), for systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands: The maximum average conducted output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed 1 Watt.

#### 3.4.2.Test Procedures

KDB 558074 Section 8.3.2 was used in order to prove compliance.

#### 3.4.3.Test Setup Layout

Refer to chapter 2.6.1 in this report.

#### 3.4.4.Test Result

Refer to Annex A.3 in this report.



### 3.5.6 dB Bandwidth

#### 3.5.1.Requirement

According to FCC section 15.247(a) (2), systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902 - 928 MHz, 2400 - 2483.5 MHz, and 5725 - 5850 MHz bands. The minimum 6dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

#### 3.5.1.Test Procedures

The steps for the first option are as follows:

- a) Set analyzer center frequency to channel center frequency
- b) Set RBW to100kHz
- c) Set VBW to 300kHz
- d) Detector = peak.
- e) Trace mode = max hold
- f) Sweep time = auto couple
- g) Allow the trace to fully stabilize
- h) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission

The automatic bandwidth measurement capability of an instrument may be employed using the X dB bandwidth mode with X set to 6 dB, if the functionality described in 11.8.1 (i.e., RBW = 100 kHz, VBW  $\geq$  3  $\times$  RBW, and peak detector with maximum hold) is implemented by the instrumentation function. When using this capability, care shall be taken so that the bandwidth measurement is not influenced by any intermediate power nulls in the fundamental emission that might be  $\geq$ 6 dB.

#### 3.5.2.Test Setup Layout

Refer to chapter 2.6.1 in this report.

#### 3.5.3.Test Result

Refer to Annex A.4 in this report.





## 3.6. Conducted Spurious Emissions and Band Edge

#### 3.6.1.Requirement

According to FCC section 15.247(d), in any 100kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20dB below that in the 100kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement.

#### 3.6.2.Test Procedures

KDB 558074 Section 8.5 and 8.7 was used in order to prove compliance.

#### 3.6.3.Test Setup Layout

Refer to chapter 2.6.1 in this report.

#### 3.6.4.Test Result

Refer to Annex A.5 and A.6 in this report.



## 3.7. Power Spectral Density

#### 3.7.1.Requirement

For digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (b) of this section. The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density.

#### 3.7.2.Test Procedures

The measured power spectral density was calculated by the reading of the spectrum analyzer and calibration. Following is the test procedure for PSD test:

- a) Set analyzer center frequency to channel center frequency
- b) Set span to 1.5 times DTS
- c) Set RBW to 3kHz
- d) Set VBW to 10kHz
- e) Detector = peak
- f) Sweep time = auto couple
- g) Trace mode = max hold
- h) Allow trace to fully stabilize
- i) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW

#### 3.7.3.Test Setup Layout

Refer to chapter 2.6.1 in this report.

#### 3.7.4.Test Result

Refer to Annex A.7 in this report.





### 3.8. Conducted Emission

#### 3.8.1.Requirement

According to FCC section 15.207, for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency within the band 150kHz to 30MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a  $50\mu$ H/ $50\Omega$  line impedance stabilization network (LISN).

	·	,			
Frequency Range (MHz)	Conducted Limit (dBµV)				
	Quai-peak	Average			
0.15 - 0.50	66 to 56	56 to 46			
0.50 - 5	56	46			
5 - 30	60	50			

#### Note:

- (a) The lower limit shall apply at the band edges.
- (b) The limit decreases linearly with the logarithm of the frequency in the range 0.15 0.50MHz.

#### 3.8.2.Test Procedures

The Table-top EUT was placed upon a non-metallic table 0.8m above the horizontal metal reference ground plane. EUT was connected to LISN and LISN was connected to reference Ground Plane. EUT was 80cm from LISN. The set-up and test methods were according to ANSI C63.10: 2013.

#### 3.8.3.Test Setup Layout

Refer to chapter 2.6.2 in this report.

#### 3.8.4.Test Result

Refer to Annex A.8 in this report.





### 3.9. Restricted Frequency Bands

#### 3.9.1.Requirement

According to FCC section 15.247(d), in any 100kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20dB below that in the 100kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in 15.209(a).

#### 3.9.2.Test Procedures

The EUT is located in a 3m Semi-Anechoic Chamber; the antenna factors, cable loss and so on of the site as factors are calculated to correct the reading.

For the Test Antenna:

Test Antenna is 3m away from the EUT. Test Antenna height is varied from 1m to 4m above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength.

Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured

RBW = 1 MHz for f ≥ 1GHz, 100 kHz for f < 1GHz

VBW = 3 MHz

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak/average

Trace = max hold

Allow the trace to stabilize

#### 3.9.3.Test Setup Layout

Refer to chapter 2.6.3 in this report.

#### 3.9.4.Test Result

Refer to Annex A.8 in this report.





### 3.10. Radiated Emission

#### 3.10.1.Requirement

According to FCC section 15.247(d), radiated emission outside the frequency band attenuation below the general limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in FCC section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a).

According to FCC section 15.209 (a), except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (µV/m)	Measurement Distance (m)
0.009 - 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 - 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 - 30.0	30	30
30 - 88	100	3
88 - 216	150	3
216 - 960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

**Note1:** For above 1000MHz, the emission limit in this paragraph is based on measurement instrumentation employing an average detector, measurement using instrumentation with a peak detector function, corresponding to 20dB above the maximum permitted average limit. **Note2:**For above 1000MHz, limit field strength of harmonics: 54dBuV/m@3m (AV) and 74dBuV/m@3m (PK).In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205(a), also should comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Section 15.209(a)(above table).





#### 3.10.2.Test Procedures

The EUT is placed on a non-conducting table 80 cm above the ground plane for measurement below 1GHz; 1.5 m above the ground plane for measurement above 1GHz. The antenna to EUT distance is 3meters. The EUT is configured in accordance with ANSI C63.10. The EUT is set to transmit in a continuous mode.

For measurements below 30MHz, the emission limits shown in the above table are based on measurements employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector except for the frequency bands 9kHz-90 kHz, 110kHz-490 kHz. Radiated emission limits in these two bands are based on measurements employing an average detector.

For measurements below 1GHz the resolution bandwidth is set to 100kHz for peak detection measurements or 120kHz for quasi-peak detection measurements. Peak detection is used unless otherwise noted as quasi-peak.

For measurements above 1GHz the resolution bandwidth is set to 1MHz, the video band width is set to 3MHz for peak measurements and as applicable for average measurements.

The EUT is rotated through 360 degrees to maximize emissions received. The antenna is scanned from 1 to 4 meters above the ground plane to further maximize the emission. Measurements are made with the antenna polarized in both the vertical and the horizontal positions. For measurements above 1 GHz, keeping the measurement antenna aimed at the source of emissions at each frequency of significant emissions, with polarization oriented for maximum response.

#### 3.10.3.Test Setup Layout

Refer to chapter 2.6.3 in this report.

#### 3.10.4.Test Result

Refer to Annex A.9 in this report.

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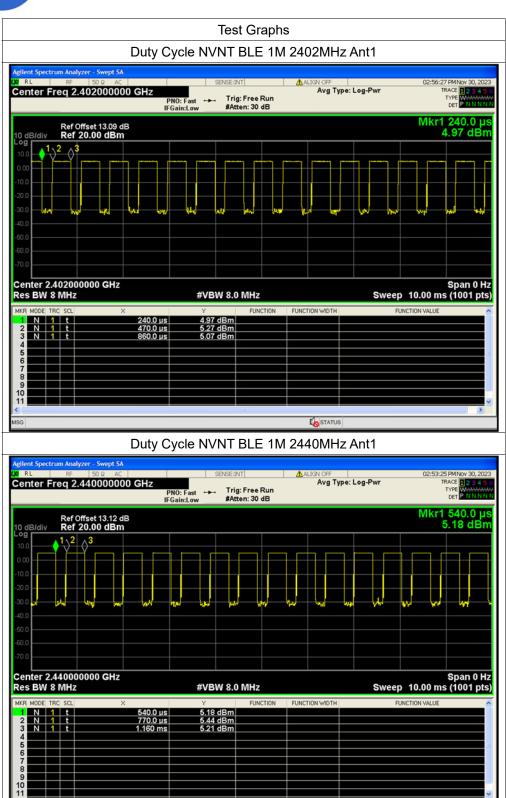


# **Annex A Test Data and Result**

#### A.1. Duty Cycle of Test Signal

Condition	Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna	Duty Cycle (%)	Correction Factor (dB)	1/T (kHz)
NVNT	BLE 1M	2402	Ant1	62.9	2.01	2.56
NVNT	BLE 1M	2440	Ant1	62.9	2.01	2.56
NVNT	BLE 1M	2480	Ant1	62.9	2.01	2.56

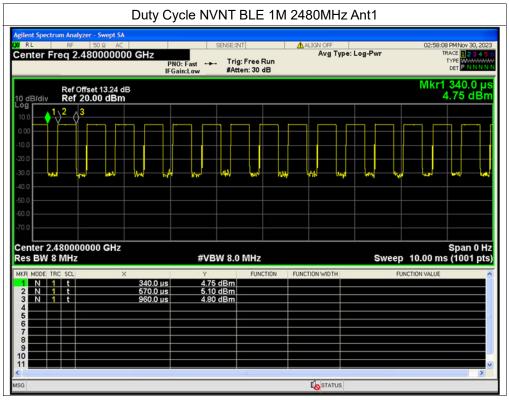






STATUS









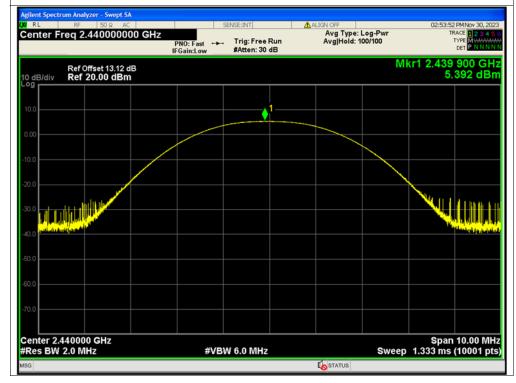
### A.2. Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power

Condition	Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna	Conducted Power (dBm)	Duty Factor (dB)	Total Conducted Power (dBm)	Total Conducted Power (W)	Limit Conducted (dBm)	Verdict
NVNT	BLE 1M	2402	Ant1	5.18	0	5.18	0.0033	30	Pass
NVNT	BLE 1M	2440	Ant1	5.39	0	5.39	0.00346	30	Pass
NVNT	BLE 1M	2480	Ant1	5.02	0	5.02	0.00318	30	Pass





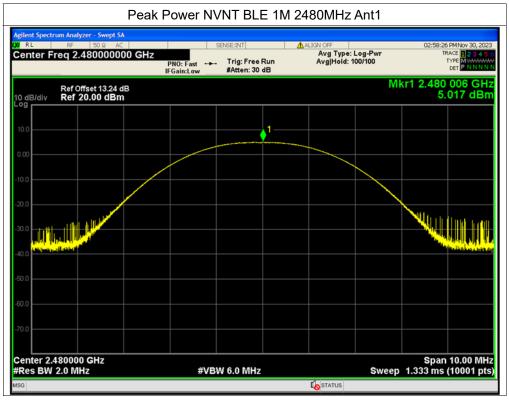






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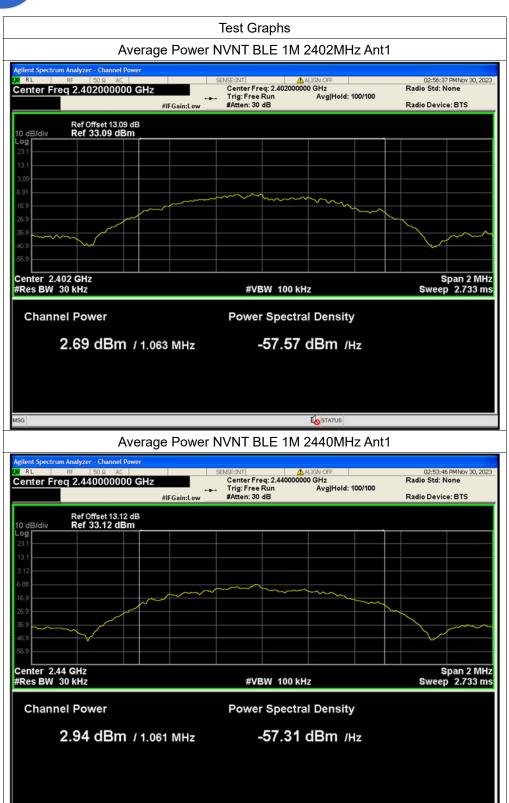




### A.3. Maximum Average Conducted Output Power

Condition	Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna	Conducted Power (dBm)	Duty Factor (dB)	Total Conducted Power (dBm)	Total Conducted Power (W)	Limit Conducted (dBm)	Verdict
NVNT	BLE 1M	2402	Ant1	2.69	2.01	4.7	0.00295	30	Pass
NVNT	BLE 1M	2440	Ant1	2.94	2.01	4.95	0.00313	30	Pass
NVNT	BLE 1M	2480	Ant1	2.76	2.01	4.77	0.003	30	Pass

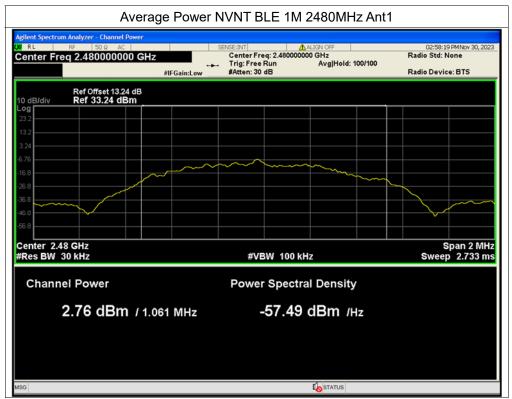






STATUS





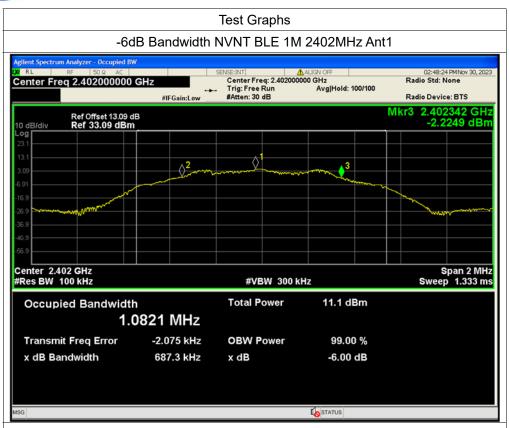




#### A.4. 6 dB Bandwidth

Condition	Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna	-6 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Limit -6 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Verdict
NVNT	BLE 1M	2402	Ant1	0.687	0.5	Pass
NVNT	BLE 1M	2440	Ant1	0.674	0.5	Pass
NVNT	BLE 1M	2480	Ant1	0.675	0.5	Pass





#### -6dB Bandwidth NVNT BLE 1M 2440MHz Ant1









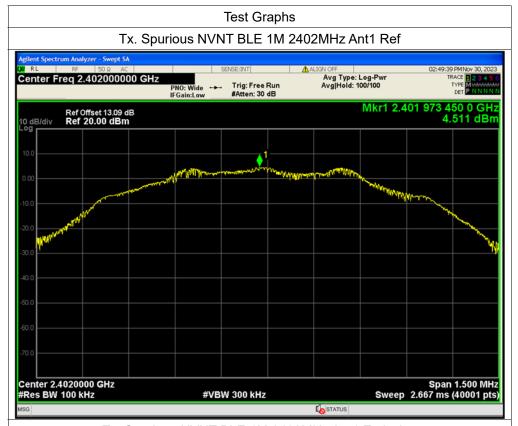




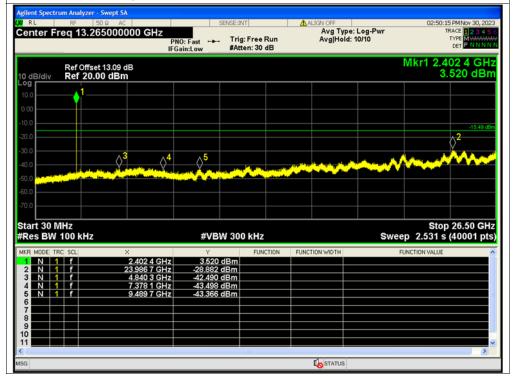
## A.5. Conducted Spurious Emissions

Condition	Mode	Frequency (MHz)	equency (MHz) Antenna		Limit (dBc)	Verdict
NVNT	BLE 1M	2402	Ant1	-33.39	-20	Pass
NVNT	BLE 1M	2440	Ant1	-34.25	-20	Pass
NVNT	BLE 1M	2480	Ant1	-33.7	-20	Pass







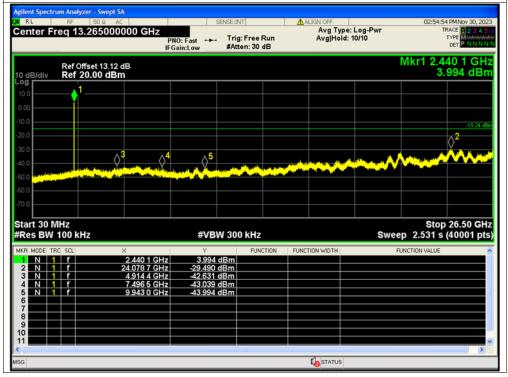








Tx. Spurious NVNT BLE 1M 2440MHz Ant1 Emission

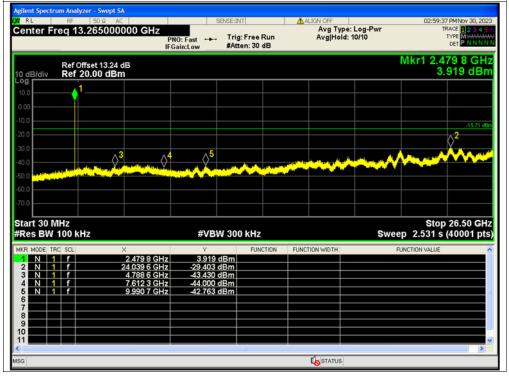












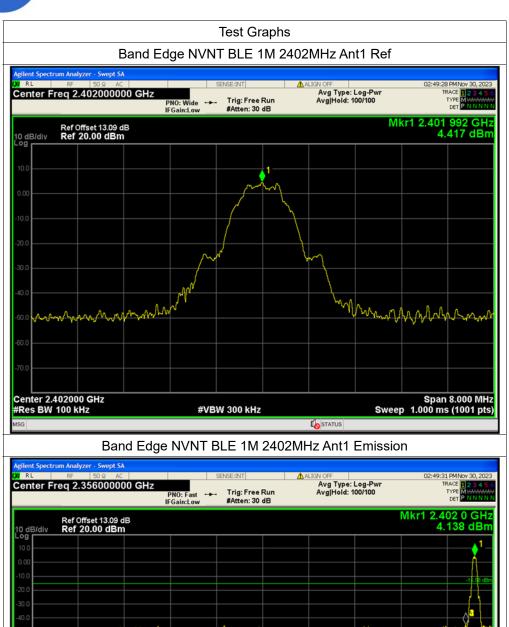




## A.6. Band Edge

Condition	Mode	Mode Frequency (MHz)		Max Value (dBc)	Limit (dBc)	Verdict
NVNT	BLE 1M	2402	Ant1	-49.84	-20	Pass
NVNT	BLE 1M	2480	Ant1	-50.5	-20	Pass





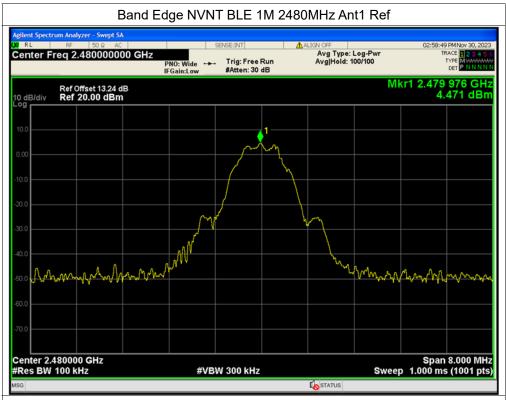
#VBW 300 kHz

FUNCTION WIDTH

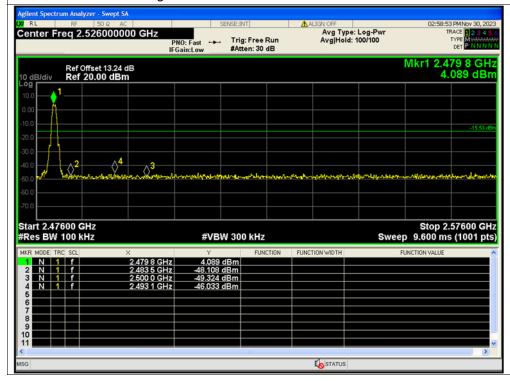


Start 2.30600 GHz #Res BW 100 kHz Stop 2.40600 GHz Sweep 9.600 ms (1001 pts)









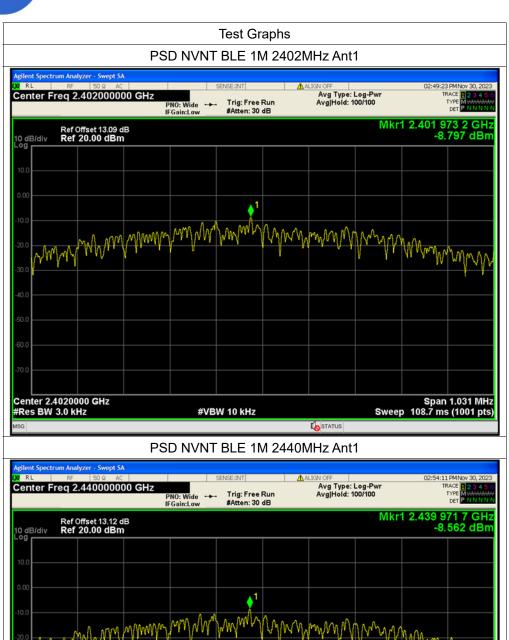




# A.7. Power Spectral Density

Condition	Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna	PSD (dBm/3kHz)	Duty Factor (dB)	Total PSD (dBm/3kHz)	Limit (dBm/3kHz)	Verdict
NVNT	BLE 1M	2402	Ant1	-8.8	0	-8.8	5	Pass
NVNT	BLE 1M	2440	Ant1	-8.56	0	-8.56	5	Pass
NVNT	BLE 1M	2480	Ant1	-8.98	0	-8.98	5	Pass







Center 2.4400000 GHz #Res BW 3.0 kHz

#VBW 10 kHz

Span 1.011 MHz Sweep 106.6 ms (1001 pts)









A.8. Conducted Emission

This test case does not apply this kind of EUT.





### A.9. Restricted Frequency Bands

The lowest and highest channels are tested to verify the Restricted Frequency Bands.

The measurement results are obtained as below:

 $E [dB\mu V/m] = U_R + A_T + A_{Factor} [dB]; A_T = L_{Cable loss} [dB] - G_{preamp} [dB]$ 

A<sub>T</sub>: Total correction Factor except Antenna

 $U_R$ : Receiver Reading  $G_{preamp}$ : Preamplifier Gain  $A_{Factor}$ : Antenna Factor at 3m

Note: Restricted Frequency Bands were performed when antenna was at vertical and horizontal polarity, and only the worse test condition (vertical) was recorded in this test report.

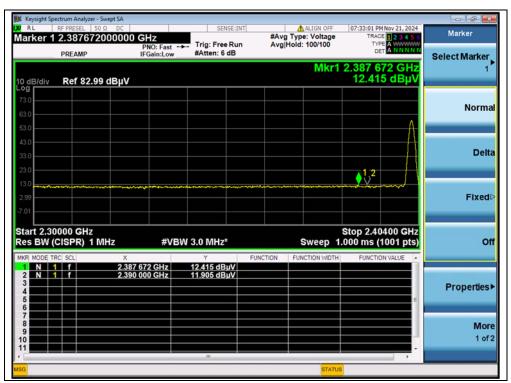
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Detector	Receiver Reading	A <sub>T</sub>	A <sub>Factor</sub>	Max. Emission	Limit	Verdict
		PK/ AV	U <sub>R</sub> (dBµV)	(dB)	(dB@3m)	E (dBµV/m)	n) (dBµV/m)	verdict
0	2375.82	PK	24.31	6.74	27.20	58.25	74	PASS
0	2387.67	AV	12.42	6.74	27.20	46.36	54	PASS
39	2484.01	PK	24.23	6.74	27.20	58.17	74	PASS
39	2485.48	AV	11.56	6.74	27.20	45.50	54	PASS





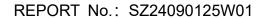


(PEAK, Channel 0)



(AVERAGE, Channel 0)

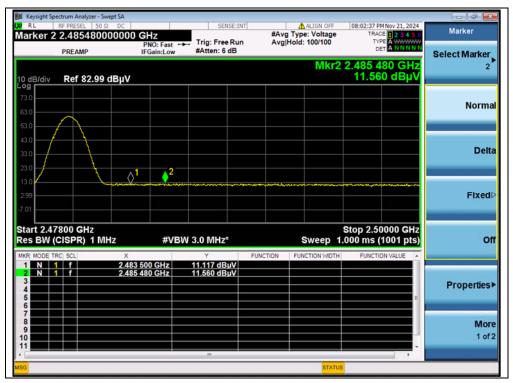








(PEAK, Channel 39)



(AVERAGE, Channel 39)





#### A.10. Radiated Emission

According to ANSI C63.10, because of peak detection will yield amplitudes equal to or greater than amplitudes measured with the quasi-peak (or average) detector, the measurement data from a spectrum analyzer peak detector will represent the worst-case results, if the peak measured value complies with the quasi-peak (or average) limit, it is unnecessary to perform an quasi-peak measurement (or average).

The measurement results are obtained as below:

 $E [dB\mu V/m] = U_R + A_T + A_{Factor} [dB]; A_T = L_{Cable loss} [dB] - G_{preamp} [dB]$ 

A<sub>T</sub>: Total correction Factor except Antenna

U<sub>R</sub>: Receiver Reading G<sub>preamp</sub>: Preamplifier Gain A<sub>Factor</sub>: Antenna Factor at 3m

During the test, the total correction Factor A<sub>T</sub> and A<sub>Factor</sub> were built in test software.

**Note1:** All radiated emission tests were performed in X, Y, Z axis direction. And only the worst axis test condition was recorded in this test report.

**Note2:** For the frequency, which started from 9kHz to 30MHz, was pre-scanned and the result which was 20dB lower than the limit was not recorded.

**Note3:** For the frequency, which started from 18GHz to 10th harmonic of the highest frequency, was pre-scanned and the result which was 20dB lower than the limit was not recorded.

#### Field strength of fundamental:

Frequency	Reading_Peak	Antenna	Path Loss	Final_Peak	Antenna
(MHz)	(dBµV/m)	Factor (dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	Polarity
2479.99	65.20	27.20	6.74	99.14	Horizontal

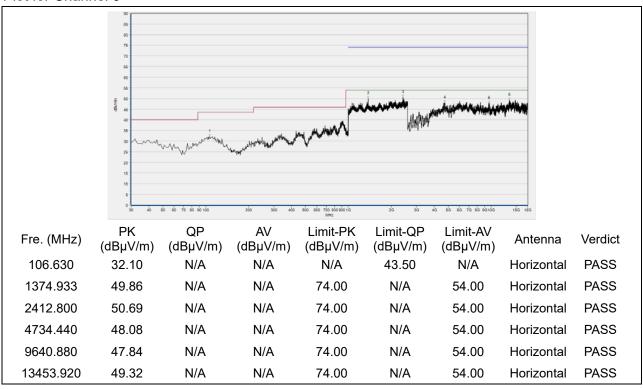
The field strength (the lowest) of fundamenta is more than 20dB higher than the unwanted emissions, in accordance with FCC part 15.215(b).



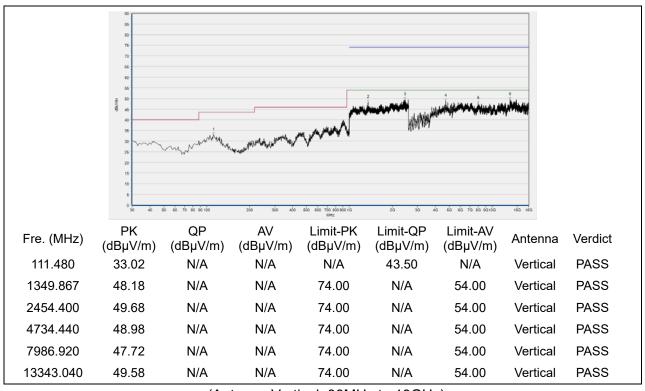




#### Plot for Channel 0



(Antenna Horizontal, 30MHz to 18GHz)



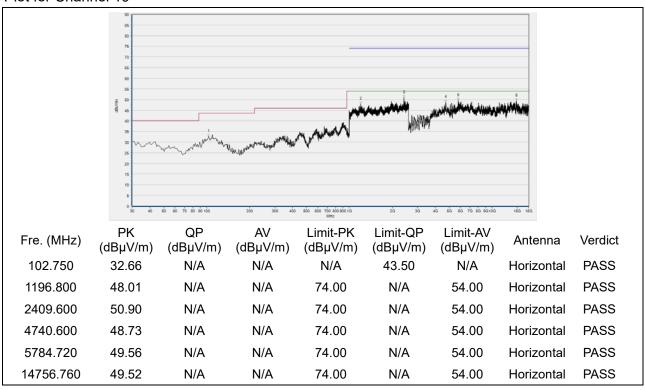
(Antenna Vertical, 30MHz to 18GHz)



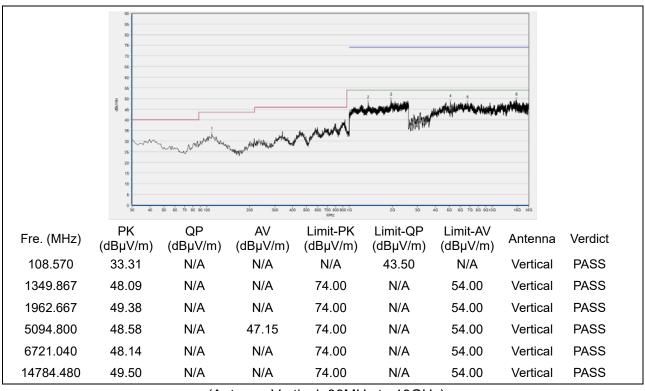




#### Plot for Channel 19



(Antenna Horizontal, 30MHz to 18GHz)

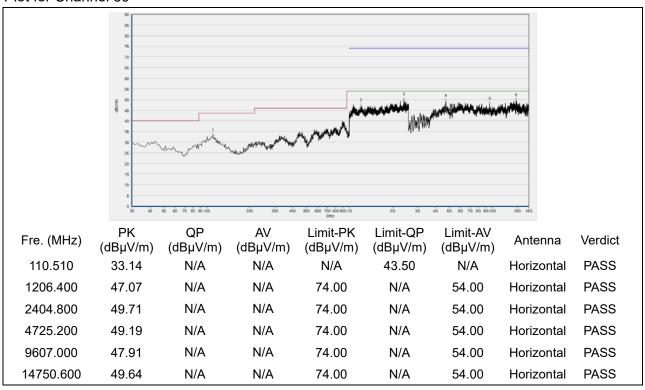


(Antenna Vertical, 30MHz to 18GHz)

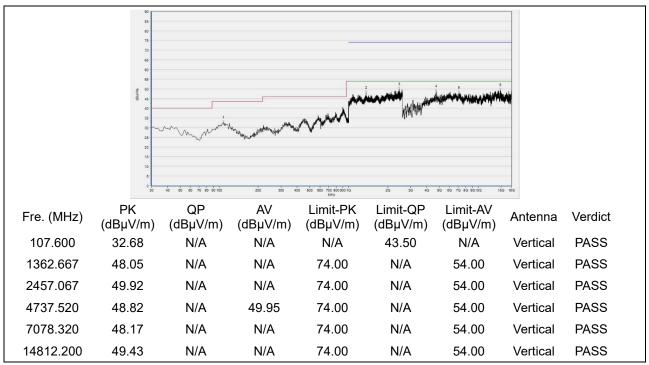




#### Plot for Channel 39



### (Antenna Horizontal, 30MHz to 18GHz)



(Antenna Vertical, 30MHz to 18GHz)

——— END OF REPORT ———

