



Temperature :	26 °C	Relative Humidity :	54%
Pressure :	101kPa	Test Voltage :	DC 3.3V
Test Mode :	TX ANT1		

Test CH	-6dB Channel Bandwidth (MHz)				Limit(KHz)	Result
	802.11a	802.11n(HT20)	802.11n(HT40)	802.11ac(HT80)		
Lowest	16.33	17.14	35.07		>500	Pass
Middle	16.35	17.33		75.14		
Highest	16.35	17.12	35.47			

Test CH	-6dB Channel Bandwidth (MHz)				Limit(KHz)	Result
		802.11ac(HT20)	802.11ac(HT40)			
Lowest		17.57	36.02		>500	Pass
Middle		17.59				
Highest		17.57	35.90			

Temperature :	26 °C	Relative Humidity :	54%
Pressure :	101kPa	Test Voltage :	DC 3.3V
Test Mode :	TX ANT2		

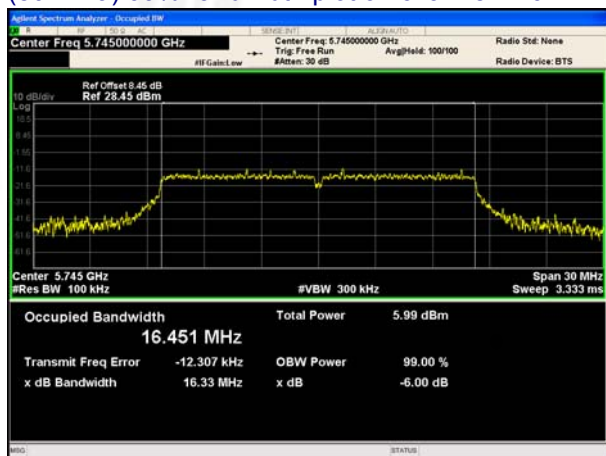
Test CH	-6dB Channel Bandwidth (MHz)				Limit(KHz)	Result
	802.11a	802.11n(HT20)	802.11n(HT40)	802.11ac(HT80)		
Lowest	16.315	17.283	34.02		>500	Pass
Middle	16.334	17.554		75.053		
Highest	16.311	17.395	35.354			

Test CH	-6dB Channel Bandwidth (MHz)				Limit(KHz)	Result
		802.11ac(HT20)	802.11ac(HT40)			
Lowest		17.568	33.892		>500	Pass
Middle		17.187				
Highest		17.541	35.136			

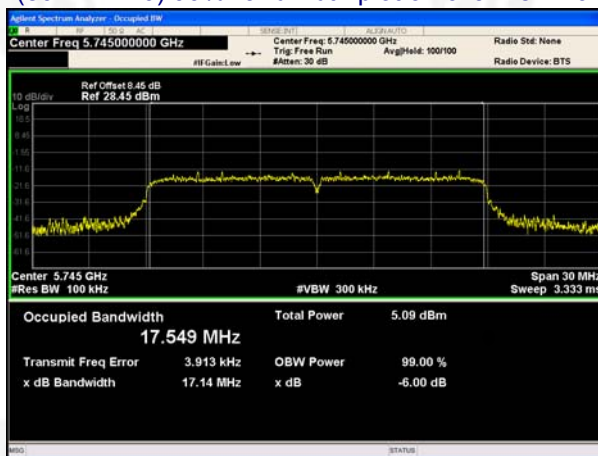


Test plot ANT1

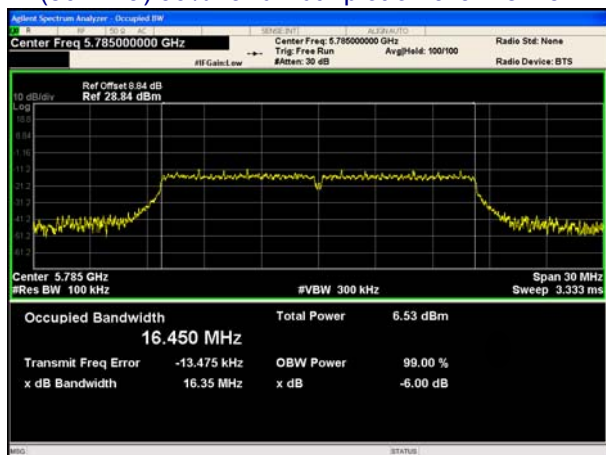
(802.11a) 99%Bandwidth plot on channel 149



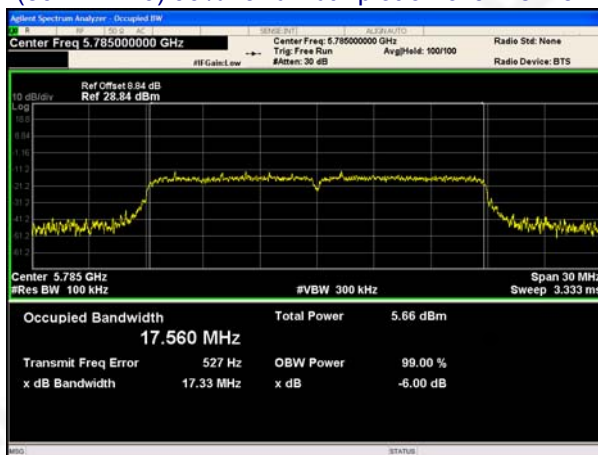
(802.11 n20) 99%Bandwidth plot on channel 149



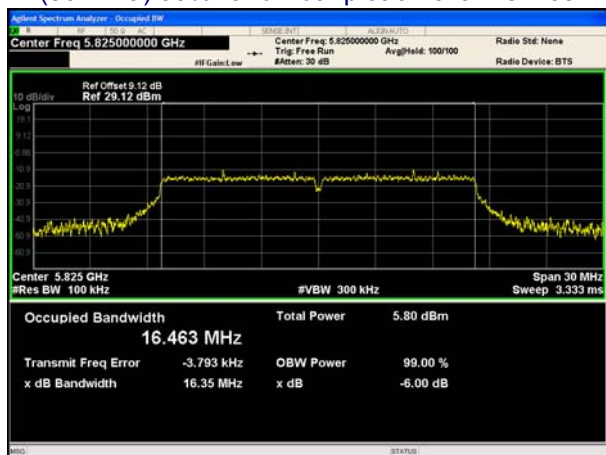
(802.11a) 99%Bandwidth plot on channel 157



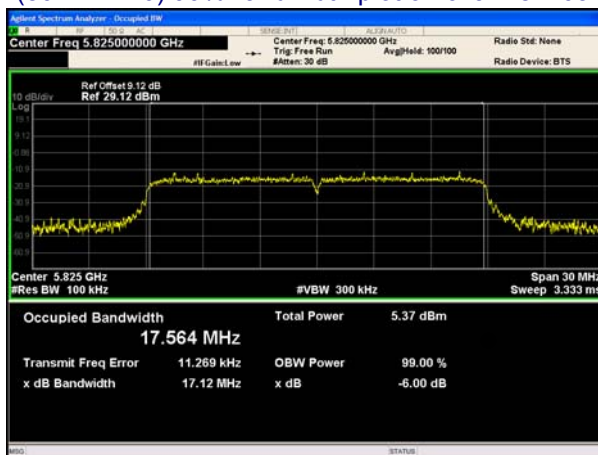
(802.11 n20) 99%Bandwidth plot on channel 157



(802.11a) 99%Bandwidth plot on channel 165



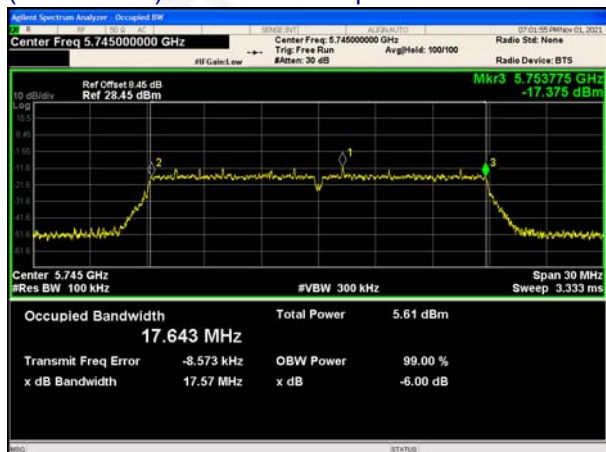
(802.11 n20) 99%Bandwidth plot on channel 165



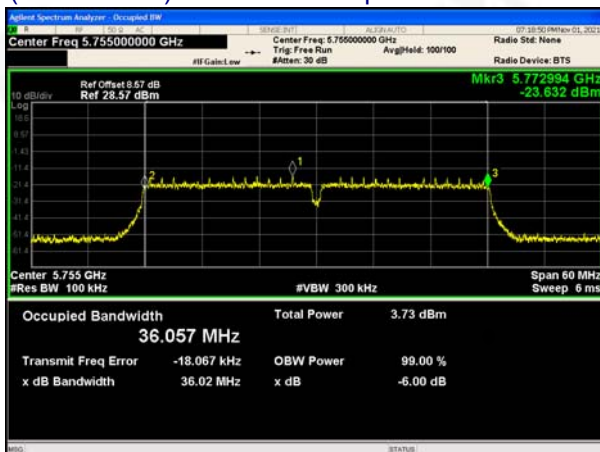


Test plot

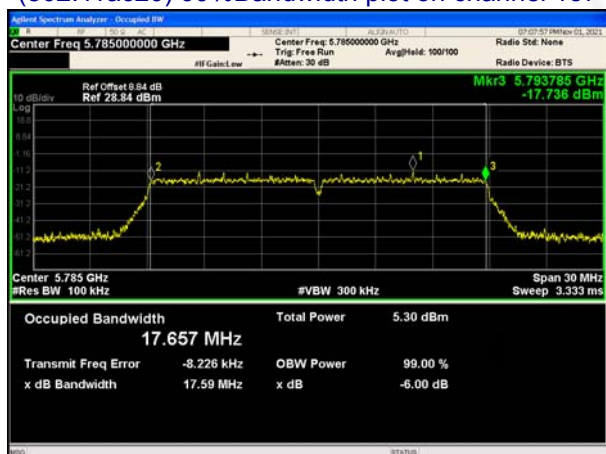
(802.11ac20) 99%Bandwidth plot on channel 149



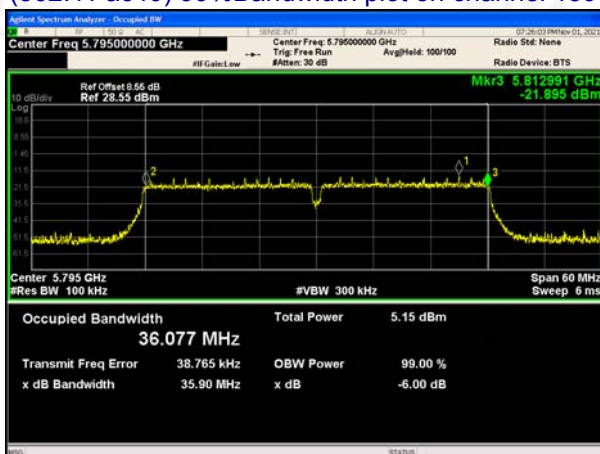
(802.11 ac40) 99%Bandwidth plot on channel 151



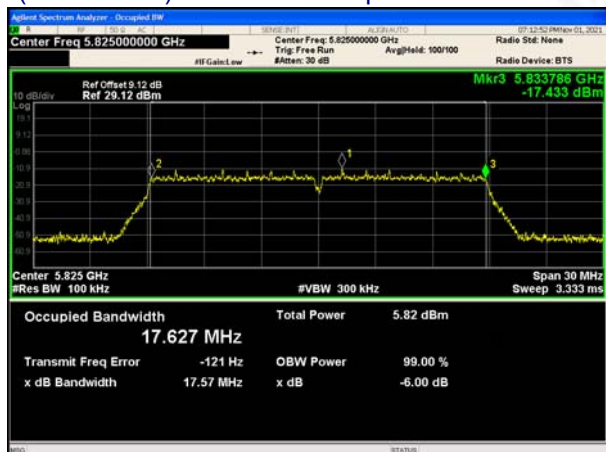
(802.11ac20) 99%Bandwidth plot on channel 157



(802.11 ac40) 99%Bandwidth plot on channel 159



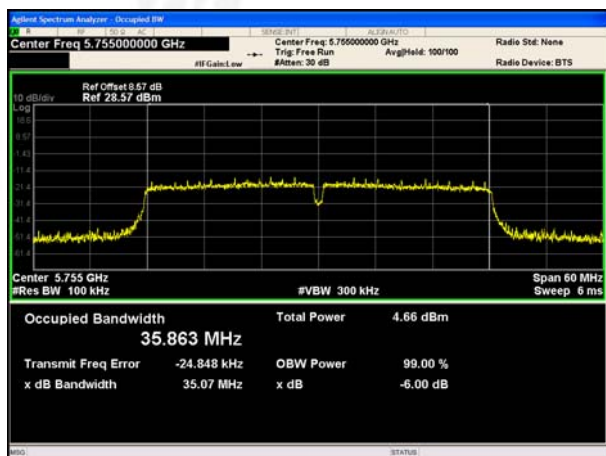
(802.11ac20) 99%Bandwidth plot on channel 165



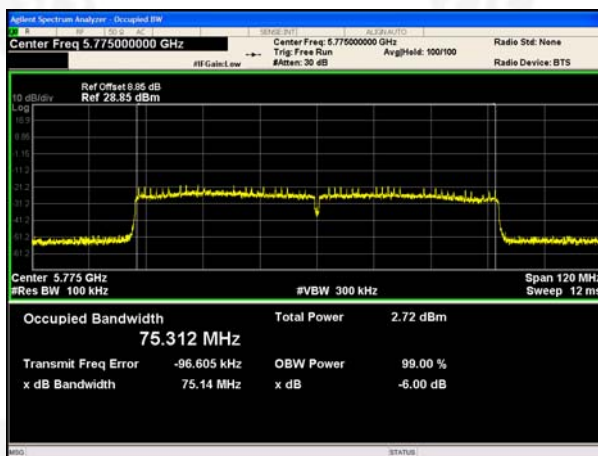


Test plot

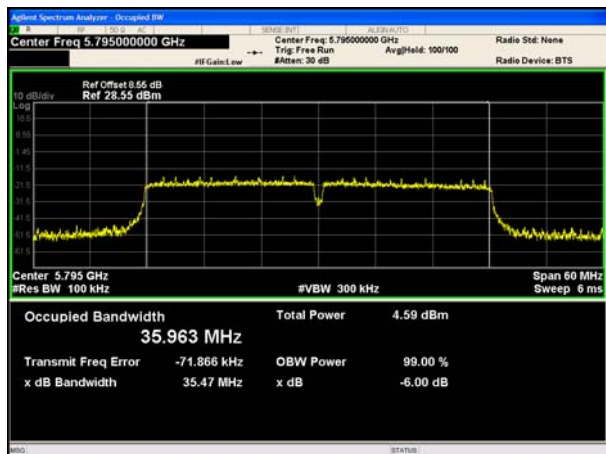
(802.11 n40) 99%Bandwidth plot on channel 151



(802.11 ac80) 99%Bandwidth plot on channel 155



(802.11 n40) 99%Bandwidth plot on channel 159





Test plot ANT2

(802.11a) 99%Bandwidth plot on channel 149



(802.11 n20) 99%Bandwidth plot on channel 149



(802.11a) 99%Bandwidth plot on channel 157



(802.11 n20) 99%Bandwidth plot on channel 157



(802.11a) 99%Bandwidth plot on channel 165



(802.11 n20) 99%Bandwidth plot on channel 165





Test plot

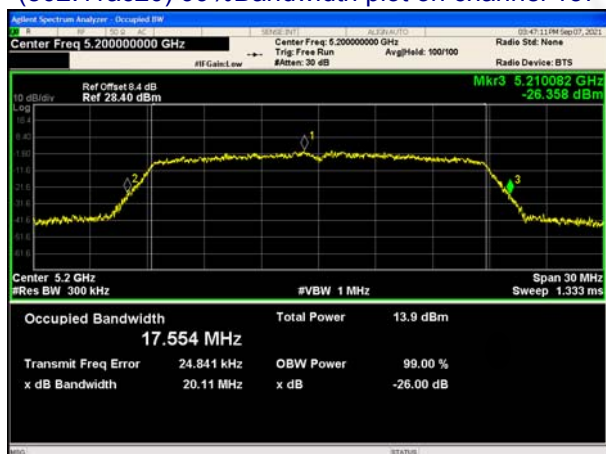
(802.11ac20) 99%Bandwidth plot on channel 149



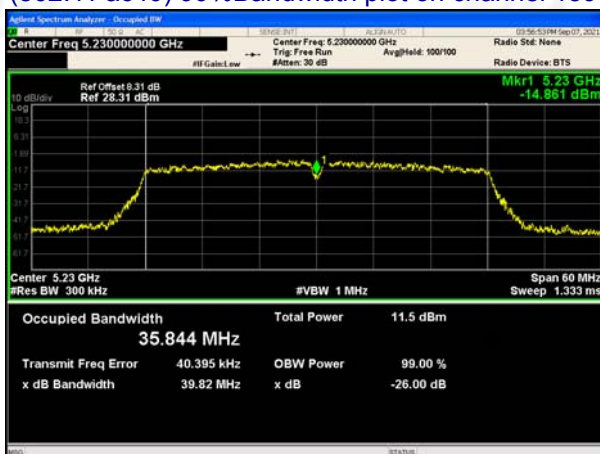
(802.11 ac40) 99%Bandwidth plot on channel 151



(802.11ac20) 99%Bandwidth plot on channel 157



(802.11 ac40) 99%Bandwidth plot on channel 159

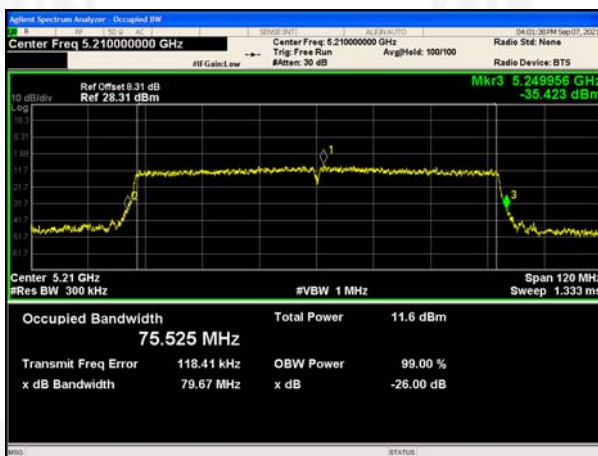


(802.11ac20) 99%Bandwidth plot on channel 165





(802.11 n40) 99%Bandwidth plot on channel 151



The screenshot shows a signal spectrum analyzer interface. At the top, the title bar reads "Signal Spectrum Analyzer - Occupied BW". Below the title bar, the main display area is divided into two sections. The top section shows the "Center Freq 5.230000000 GHz" and "Span 60 MHz". The bottom section shows the "Occupied Bandwidth" and "Total Power".

The main display area shows a frequency plot with a yellow trace. The x-axis is labeled "MHz" and ranges from 5.18 to 5.28. The y-axis is labeled "dBm" and ranges from -10 to 10. The trace shows a signal with a peak at 5.23 GHz. The peak is labeled "1" and has a value of "31.612 dBm". The signal is also labeled "Mkr3 5.249837 GHz" and "Ref 28.31 dBm".

Below the plot, there is a table of signal parameters:

Parameter	Value
Center Freq	5.230000000 GHz
Span	60 MHz
Ref Offset	8.31 dB
Ref	28.31 dBm
Trig Free Run	100/100
Avg/Hold	100/100
Radio Stn	None
Radio Device	BTS
Occupied Bandwidth	35.789 MHz
Total Power	11.9 dBm
Transmit Freq Error	48.663 kHz
OBW Power	99.00 %
x dB Bandwidth	39.58 MHz
x dB	-26.00 dB

At the bottom of the screen, there is a status bar with the text "STATUS" and a small icon.



7. MAXIMUM CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER

7.1 APPLIED PROCEDURES / LIMIT

According to FCC §15.407

The maximum conducted output power should not exceed:

Frequency Band(MHz)	Limit
5150~5250	250mW
5725~5850	1W

7.2 TEST PROCEDURE

The EUT was directly connected to the Power meter

1. Device Configuration

If possible, configure or modify the operation of the EUT so that it transmits continuously at its maximum power control level (see section II.B.).

a) The intent is to test at 100 percent duty cycle; however a small reduction in duty cycle (to no lower than 98 percent) is permitted if required by the EUT for amplitude control purposes. Manufacturers are expected to provide software to the test lab to permit such continuous operation.

b) If continuous transmission (or at least 98 percent duty cycle) cannot be achieved due to hardware limitations (e.g., overheating), the EUT shall be operated at its maximum power control level with the transmit duration as long as possible and the duty cycle as high as possible.

2. Measurement using a Spectrum Analyzer or EMI Receiver (SA)

Measurement of maximum conducted output power using a spectrum analyzer requires integrating the spectrum across a frequency span that encompasses, at a minimum, either the EBW or the 99-percent occupied bandwidth of the signal. However, the EBW must be used to determine bandwidth dependent limits on maximum conducted output power in accordance with § 15.407(a).

a) The test method shall be selected as follows: (i) Method SA-1 or SA-1 Alternative (averaging with the EUT transmitting at full power throughout each sweep) shall be applied if either of the following conditions can be satisfied:

- The EUT transmits continuously (or with a duty cycle ≥ 98 percent).
- Sweep triggering or gating can be implemented in a way that the device transmits at the maximum power control level throughout the duration of each of the instrument sweeps to be averaged. This condition can generally be achieved by triggering the instrument's sweep if the duration of the sweep (with the analyzer configured as in Method SA-1, below) is equal to or shorter than the duration T of each transmission from the EUT and if those transmissions exhibit full power throughout their durations.

(ii) Method SA-2 or SA-2 Alternative (averaging across on and off times of the EUT transmissions, followed by duty cycle correction) shall be applied if the conditions of (i) cannot be achieved and the transmissions exhibit a constant duty cycle during the measurement duration. Duty cycle will be considered to be constant if variations are less than ± 2 percent.

(iii) Method SA-3 (RMS detection with max hold) or SA-3 Alternative (reduced VBW with max hold) shall be applied if the conditions of (i) and (ii) cannot be achieved.

b) Method SA-1 (trace averaging with the EUT transmitting at full power throughout each sweep): (i) Set span to encompass the entire emission bandwidth (EBW) (or, alternatively, the entire 99% occupied bandwidth) of the signal.

(ii) Set RBW = 1 MHz.

(iii) Set VBW ≥ 3 MHz.

(iv) Number of points in sweep ≥ 2 Span / RBW. (This ensures that bin-to-bin spacing is \leq RBW/2, so that narrowband signals are not lost between frequency bins.)

(v) Sweep time = auto.

(vi) Detector = RMS (i.e., power averaging), if available. Otherwise, use sample detector mode.

(vii) If transmit duty cycle < 98 percent, use a video trigger with the trigger level set to enable triggering only on full power pulses. Transmitter must operate at maximum power control level for the entire duration of every sweep. If the EUT transmits continuously (i.e., with no off intervals) or at duty cycle ≥ 98 percent, and if each transmission is entirely at the maximum power control level, then the trigger shall be set to "free run".

(viii) Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging (i.e., RMS) mode.



(ix) Compute power by integrating the spectrum across the EBW (or, alternatively, the entire 99% occupied bandwidth) of the signal using the instrument's band power measurement function with band limits set equal to the EBW (or occupied bandwidth) band edges. If the instrument does not have a band power function, sum the spectrum

7.3 DEVIATION FROM STANDARD

No deviation.

7.4 TEST SETUP



7.5 EUT OPERATION CONDITIONS

The EUT tested system was configured as the statements of 2.4 Unless otherwise a special operating condition is specified in the follows during the testing.



7.6 TEST RESULTS

Temperature :	26 °C	Relative Humidity :	54%
Pressure :	1012 hPa	Test Voltage :	DC 3.3V
Test Mode :	TX		

Test Channel	Frequency	Maximum output power Ant1	Maximum output power Ant2	Total output power Ant2	LIMIT	Result
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	dBm	
TX 802.11a Mode						
CH36	5180	8.857	8.765		23.98	Pass
CH40	5200	8.841	8.645		23.98	Pass
CH48	5240	8.759	8.733		23.98	Pass
TX 802.11 n20M Mode						
CH36	5180	7.065	6.922	10.00	23.98	Pass
CH40	5200	7.014	6.958	10.00	23.98	Pass
CH48	5240	7.050	6.852	9.96	23.98	Pass
TX 802.11 n40M Mode						
CH38	5190	6.951	6.875	9.92	23.98	Pass
CH46	5230	6.782	6.753	9.78	23.98	Pass
TX 802.11 ac20M Mode						
CH36	5180	7.222	6.992	10.12	23.98	Pass
CH40	5200	7.110	6.974	10.05	23.98	Pass
CH48	5240	7.120	6.973	10.06	23.98	Pass
TX 802.11 ac40M Mode						
CH38	5190	6.855	6.745	9.81	23.98	Pass
CH46	5230	6.868	6.734	9.81	23.98	Pass
TX 802.11 ac80M Mode						
CH42	5210	5.422	5.325	8.38	23.98	Pass

Test Channel	Frequency	Maximum output power Ant1	Maximum output power Ant2	Total output power Ant2	LIMIT	Result
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	dBm	
TX 802.11a Mode						
CH149	5745	8.581	8.336		30	Pass
CH157	5785	8.556	8.425		30	Pass
CH165	5825	8.458	8.325		30	Pass
TX 802.11 n20M Mode						
CH149	5745	7.441	7.221	10.34	30	Pass
CH157	5785	7.432	7.215	10.34	30	Pass
CH165	5825	7.422	7.201	10.32	30	Pass
TX 802.11 n40M Mode						
CH151	5755	6.631	6.522	9.59	30	Pass
CH159	5795	6.645	6.532	9.60	30	Pass
TX 802.11 ac20M Mode						
CH149	5745	7.222	7.201	10.22	30	Pass
CH157	5785	7.110	7.025	10.08	30	Pass
CH165	5825	7.120	7.033	10.09	30	Pass



TX 802.11 ac40M Mode						
CH151	5755	6.855	6.762	9.82	30	Pass
CH159	5795	6.868	6.785	9.84	30	Pass
TX 802.11 ac80M Mode						
CH155	5775	5.512	5.445	8.49	30	Pass



8.OUT OF BAND EMISSIONS

8.1 APPLICABLE STANDARD

According to FCC §15.407(b)

Undesirable emission limits. Except as shown in paragraph (b)(7) of this section, the maximum emissions outside of the frequency bands of operation shall be attenuated in accordance with the following limits:

(1) For transmitters operating in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz.

(2) For transmitters operating in the 5.725-5.85 GHz band: All emissions within the frequency range from the band edge to 10 MHz above or below the band edge shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -17 dBm/MHz; for frequencies 10 MHz or greater above or below the band edge, emissions shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz.

8.2 TEST PROCEDURE

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Position the EUT without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable. Then set it to any one measured frequency within its operating range, and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
3. Set RBW of spectrum analyzer to 1 MHz with a convenient frequency span.
4. Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level. Plot the graph with marking the highest point and edge frequency.
5. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.

8.3 DEVIATION FROM STANDARD

No deviation.

8.4 TEST SETUP





8.5 EUT OPERATION CONDITIONS

The EUT tested system was configured as the statements of 2.4 Unless otherwise a special operating condition is specified in the follows during the testing.

8.6 TEST RESULTS

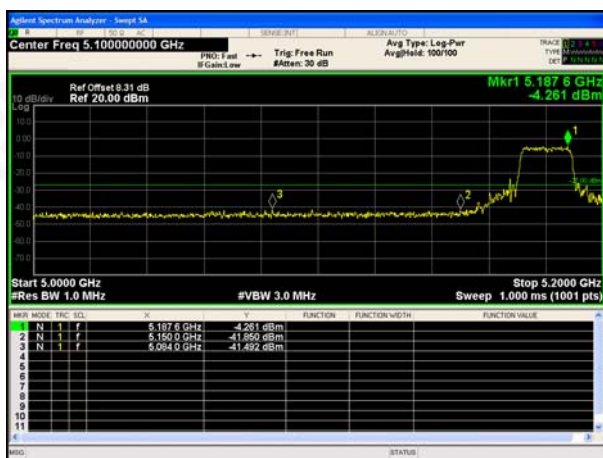
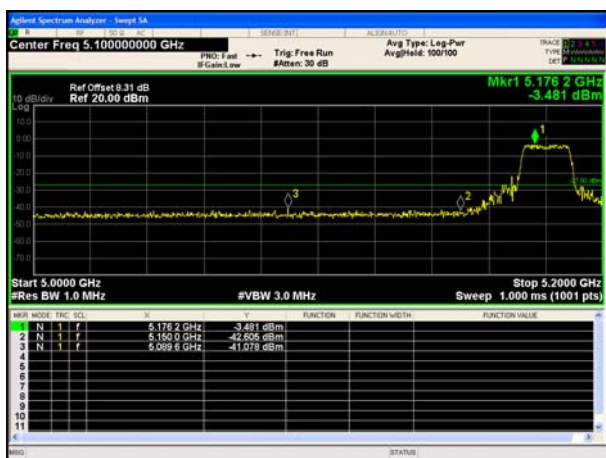
Temperature :	26 °C	Relative Humidity :	54%
Pressure :	1012 hPa	Test Voltage :	DC 3.3V

5.180~5.240 GHz

ANT1

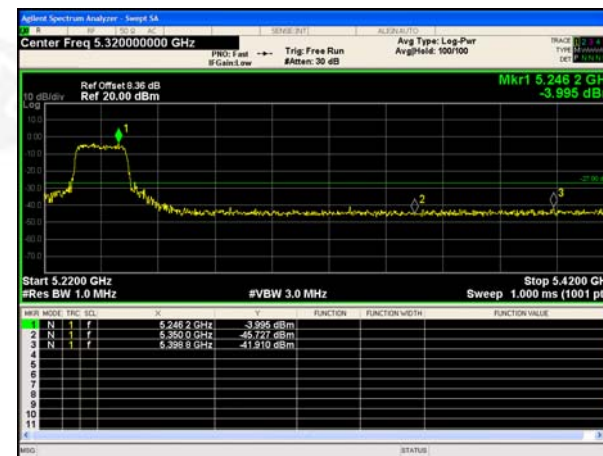
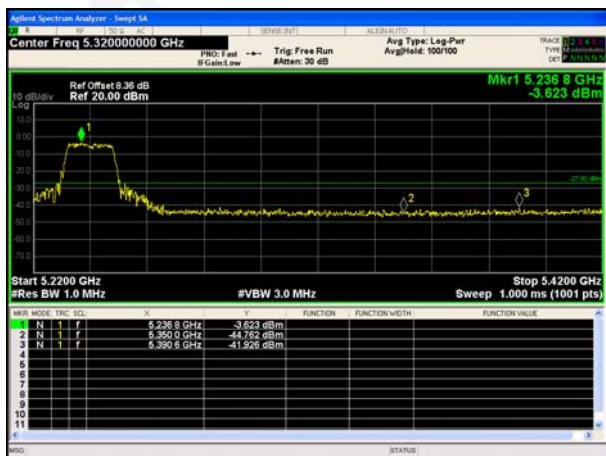
(802.11a) Band Edge, Left Side

(802.11n20) Band Edge, Left Side



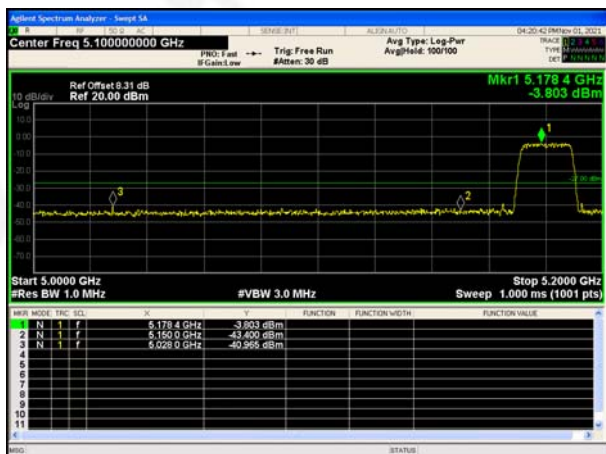
(802.11a) Band Edge, Right Side

(802.11n20) Band Edge, Right Side

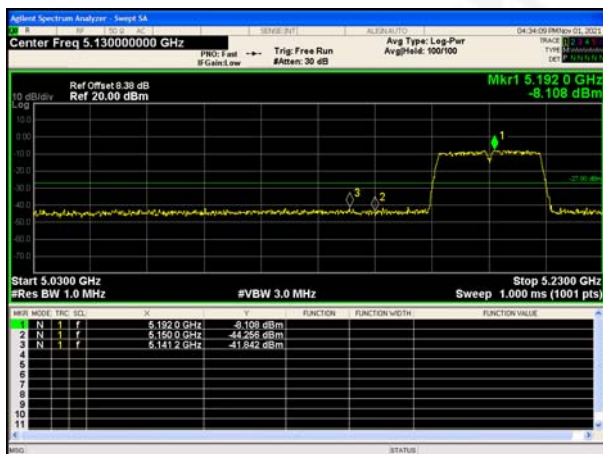




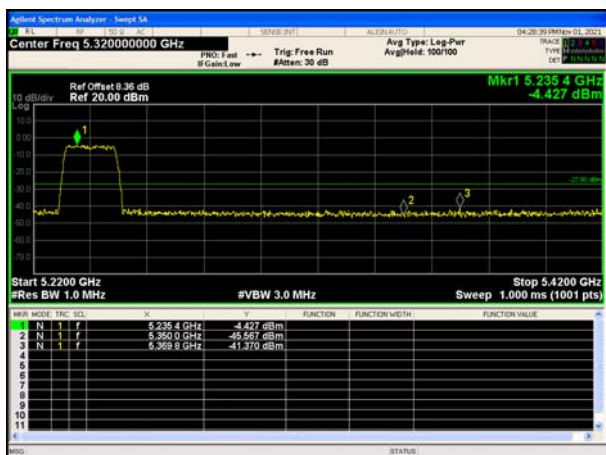
(802.11ac20) Band Edge, Left Side



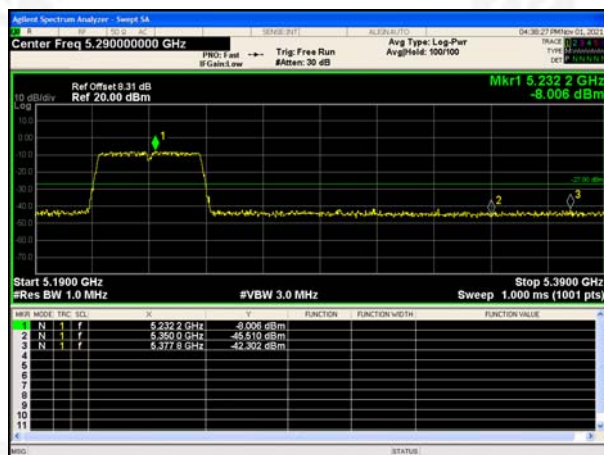
(802.11ac40) Band Edge, Left Side



(802.11ac20) Band Edge, Right Side



(802.11ac40) Band Edge, Right Side





(802.11n40) Band Edge, Left Side



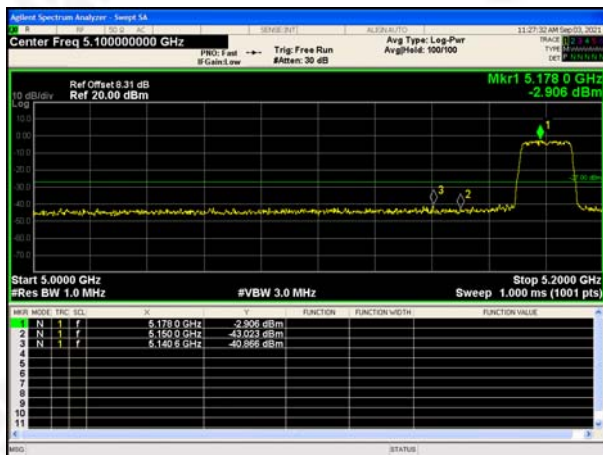
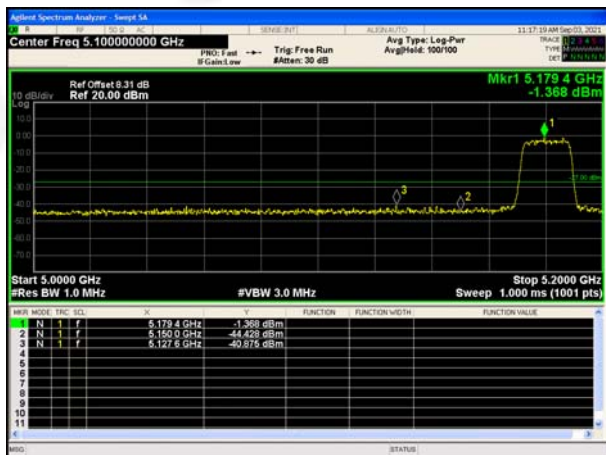


5.180~5.240 GHz

ANT2

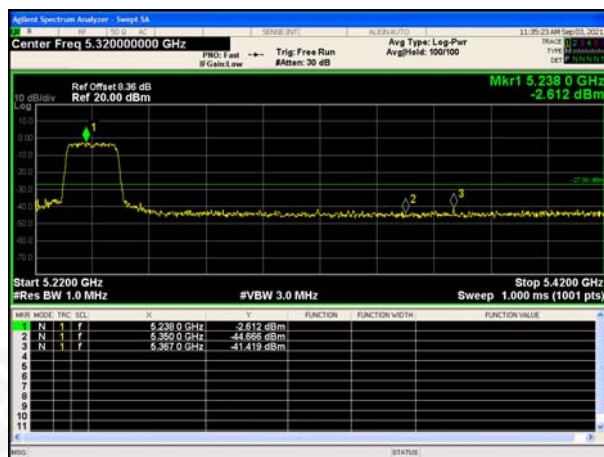
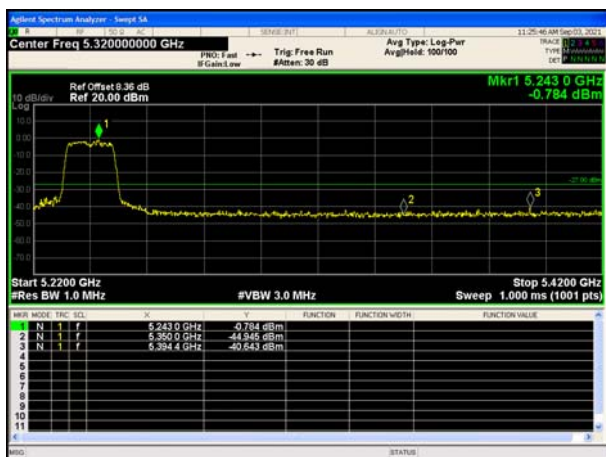
(802.11a) Band Edge, Left Side

(802.11n20) Band Edge, Left Side



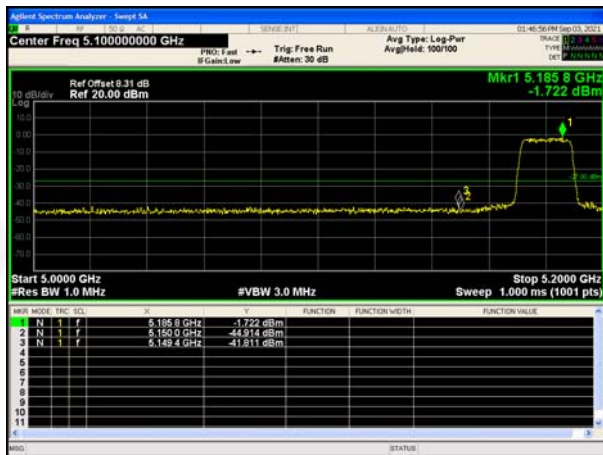
(802.11a) Band Edge, Right Side

(802.11n20) Band Edge, Right Side

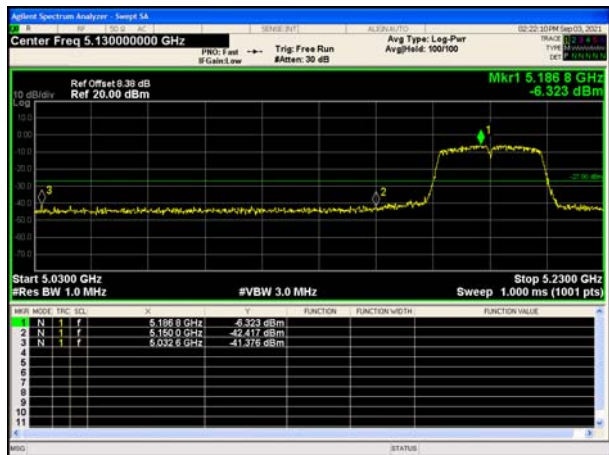




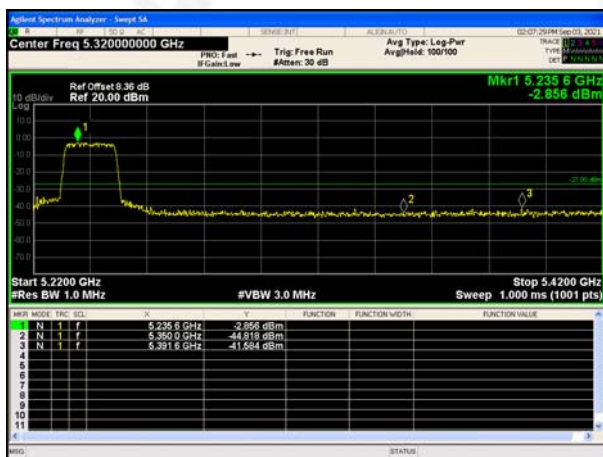
(802.11ac20) Band Edge, Left Side



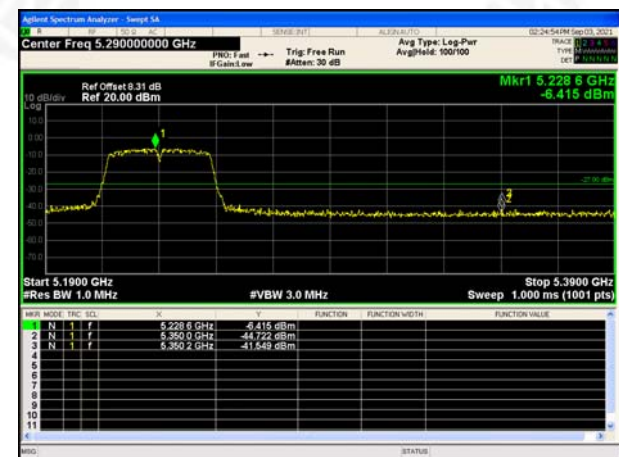
(802.11ac40) Band Edge, Left Side



(802.11ac20) Band Edge, Right Side



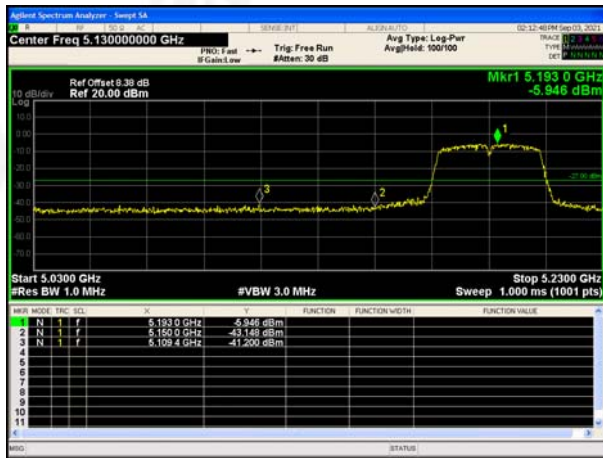
(802.11ac40) Band Edge, Right Side



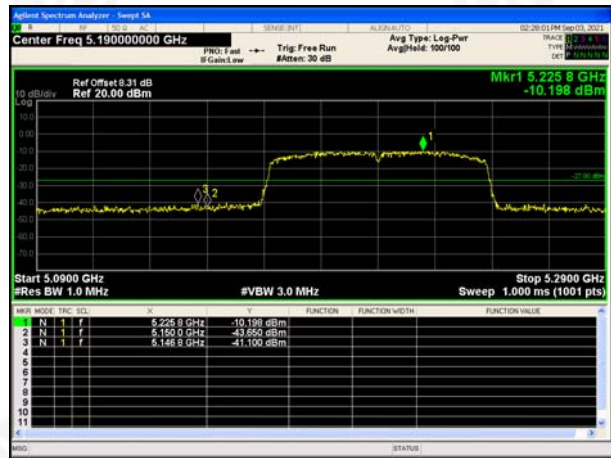


5.180~5.240 GHz

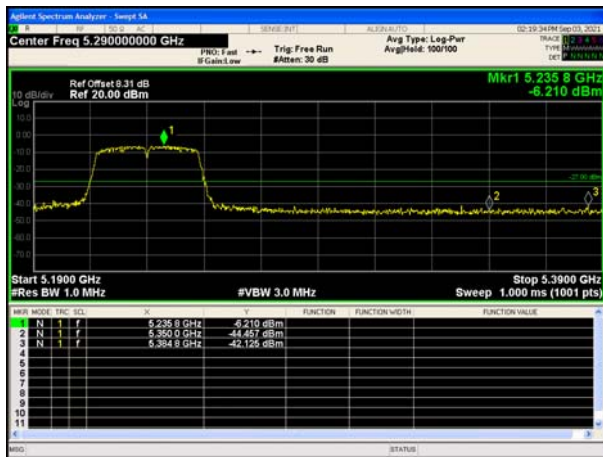
(802.11n40) Band Edge, Left Side



(802.11ac80) Band Edge



(802.11n40) Band Edge, Right Side



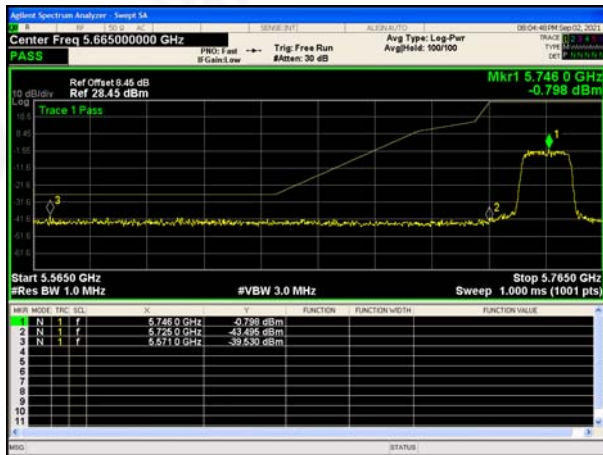


5.745~5.825 GHz

ANT2

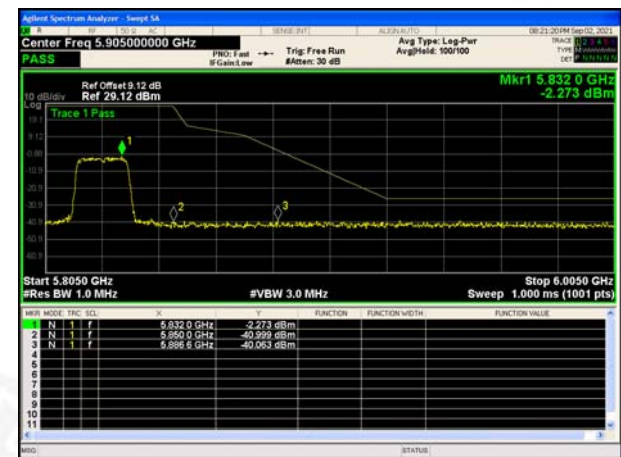
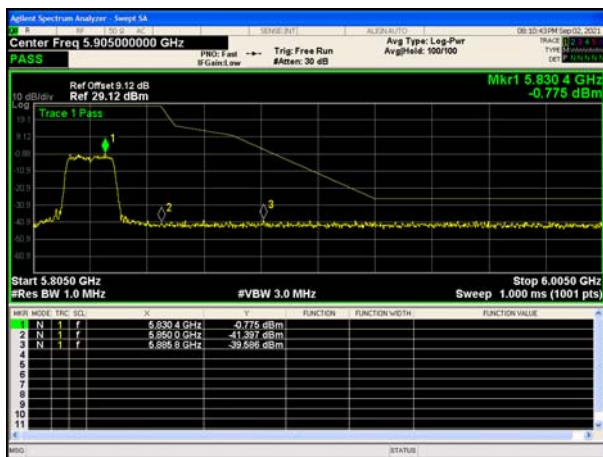
(802.11a) Band Edge, Left Side

(802.11n20) Band Edge, Left Side



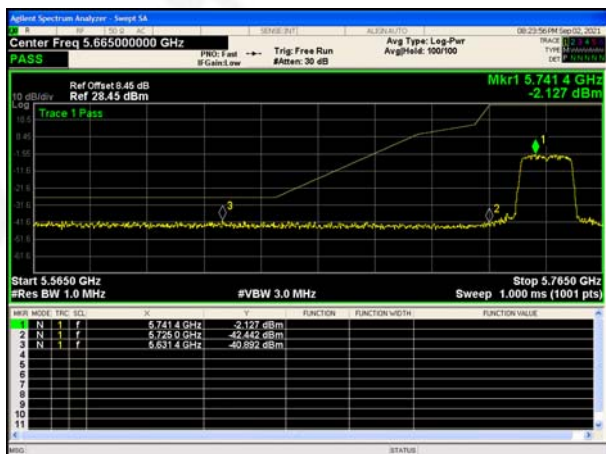
(802.11a) Band Edge, Right Side

(802.11n20) Band Edge, Right Side

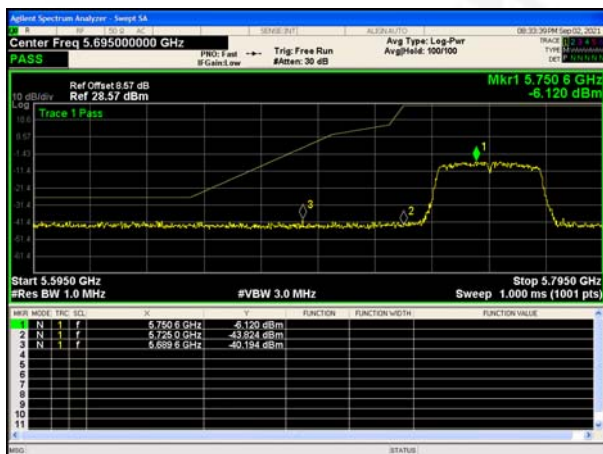




(802.11ac20) Band Edge, Left Side



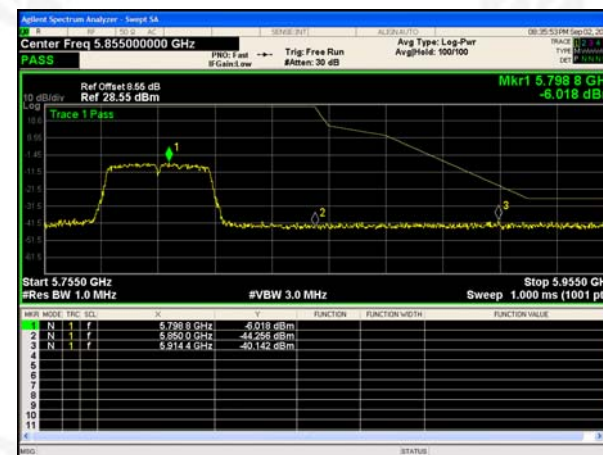
(802.11ac40) Band Edge, Left Side



(802.11ac20) Band Edge, Right Side



(802.11ac40) Band Edge, Right Side



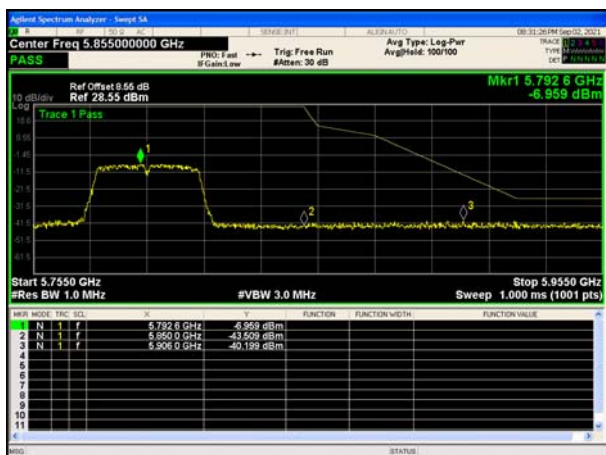


(802.11n40) Band Edge, Left Side

(802.11ac80) Band Edge



(802.11n40) Band Edge, Right Side





9.SPURIOUS RF CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

9.1 CONFORMANCE LIMIT

1. Below -20dB of the highest emission level in operating band.
2. Fall in the restricted bands listed in section 15.205. The maximum permitted average field strength is listed in section 15.209.

9.2 MEASURING INSTRUMENTS

The Measuring equipment is listed in the section 6.3 of this test report.

9.3 TEST SETUP



9.4 TEST PROCEDURE

The Spurious RF conducted emissions compliance of RF radiated emission should be measured by following the guidance in ANSI C63.10-2013 with respect to maximizing the emission by rotating the EUT, measuring the emission while the EUT is situated in three orthogonal planes (if appropriate), adjusting the measurement antenna height and polarization etc. Set RBW=100kHz and VBW= 300KHz to measure the peak field strength, and measure frequency range from 30MHz to 26.5GHz.

9.5 TEST RESULTS

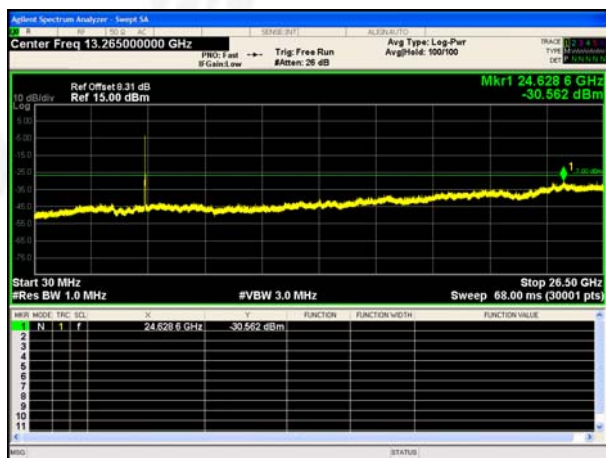
Remark: The measurement frequency range is from 30MHz to the 5th harmonic of the fundamental frequency. The lowest, middle and highest channels are tested to verify the spurious emissions and band edge measurement data.



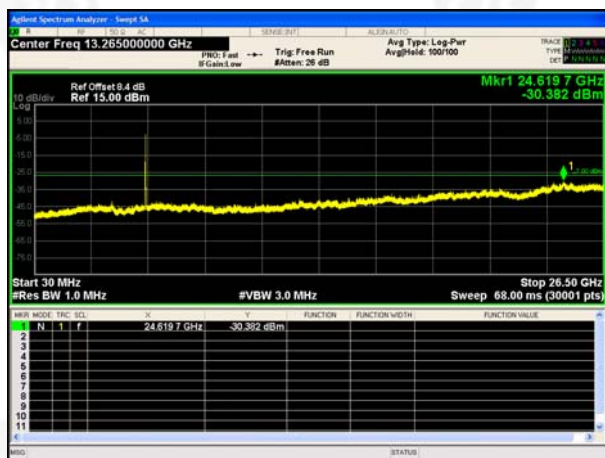
5.2G

Test Plot

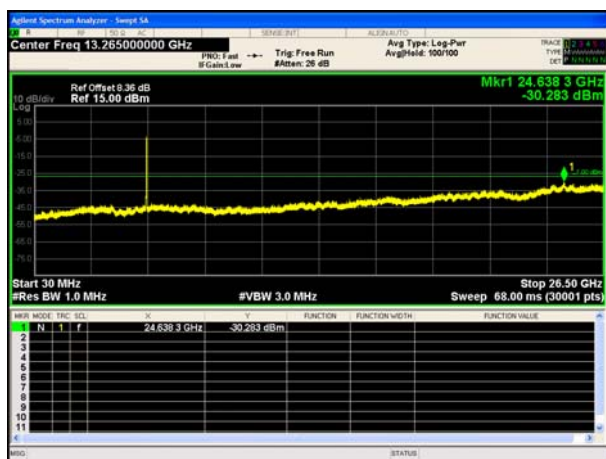
802.11a on channel 36



802.11a on channel 40



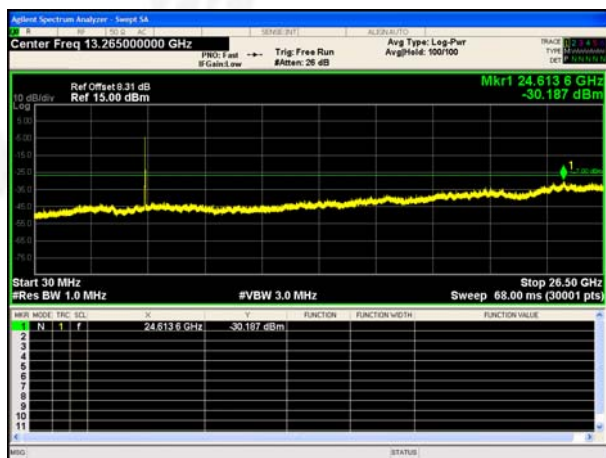
802.11a on channel 48



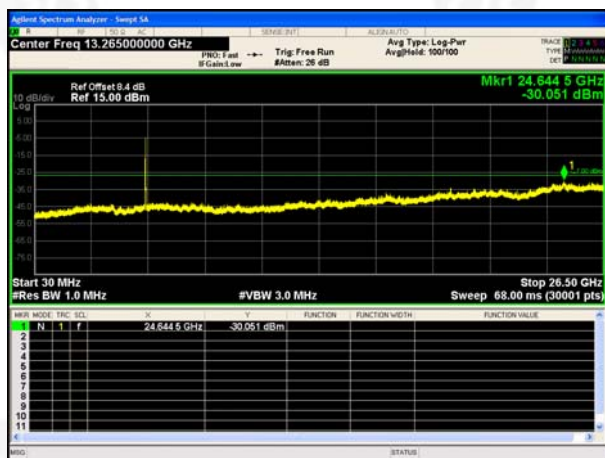


Test Plot

802.11n20 on channel 36



802.11n20 on channel 40



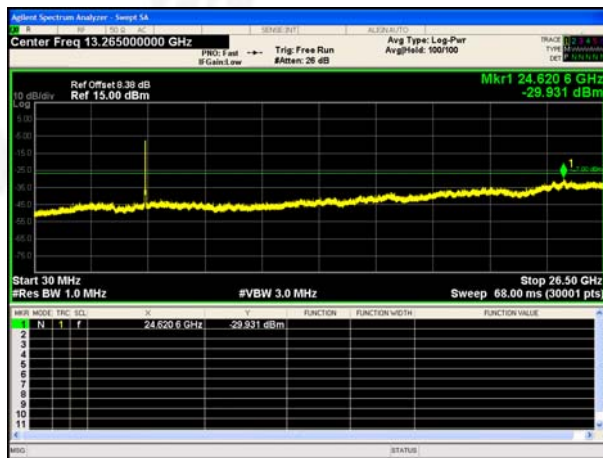
802.11n20 on channel 48



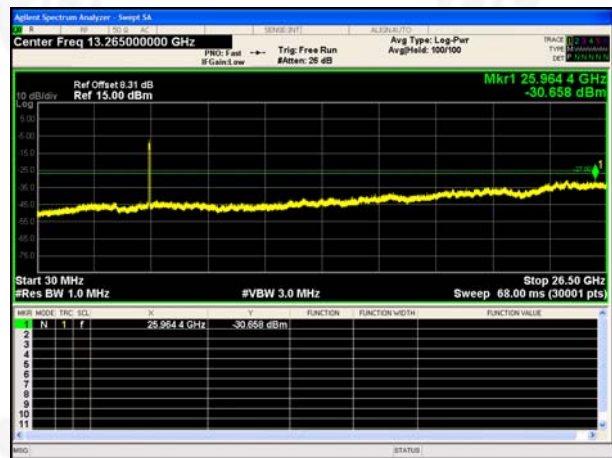


Test Plot

802.11n40 on channel 38



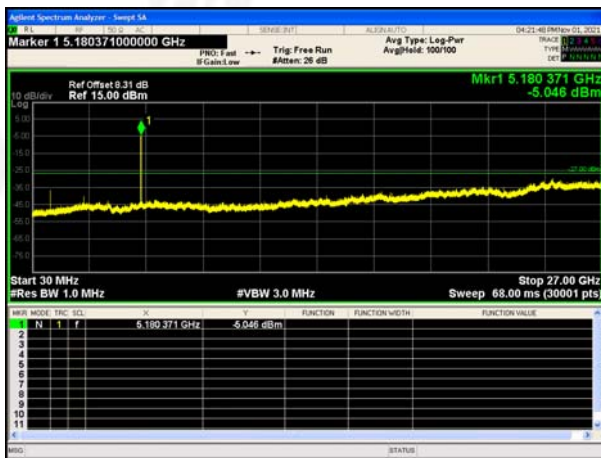
802.11n40 on channel 46



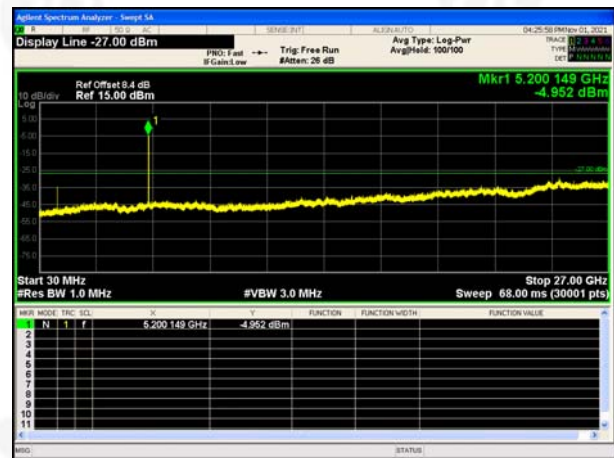


Test Plot

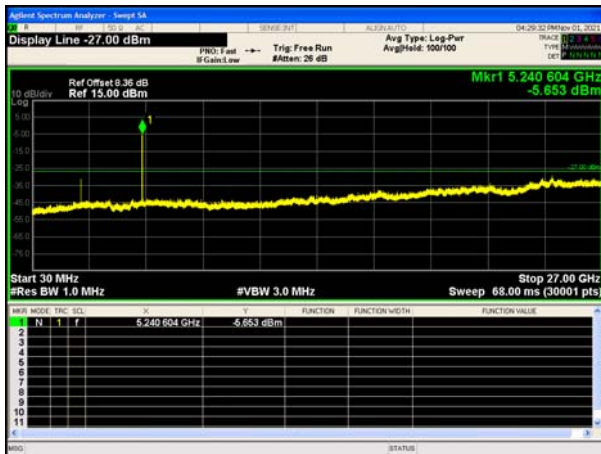
802.11ac20 on channel 36



802.11ac20 on channel 40



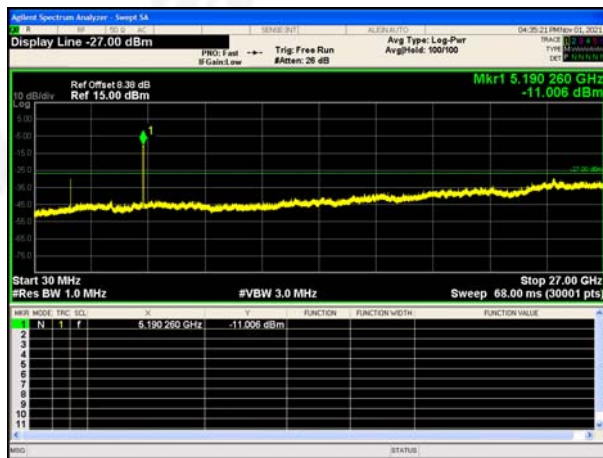
802.11ac20 on channel 48



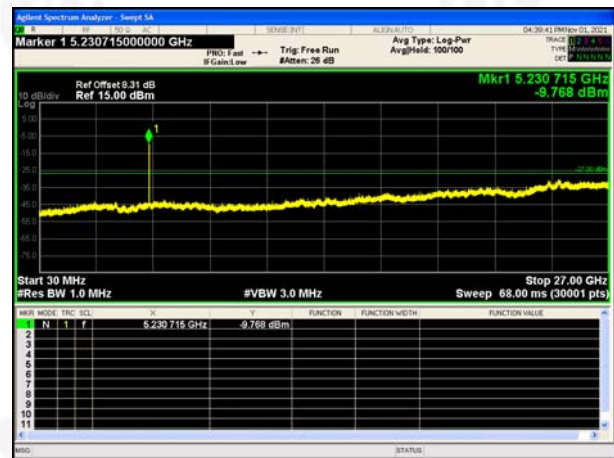


Test Plot

802.11ac40 on channel 38



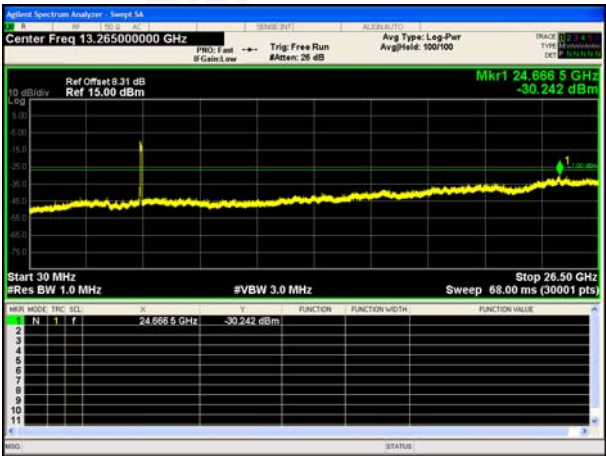
802.11ac40 on channel 46





Test Plot

802.11ac80 on channel 42

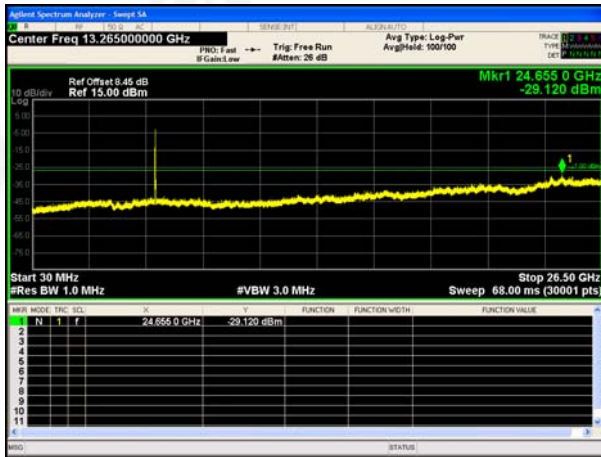




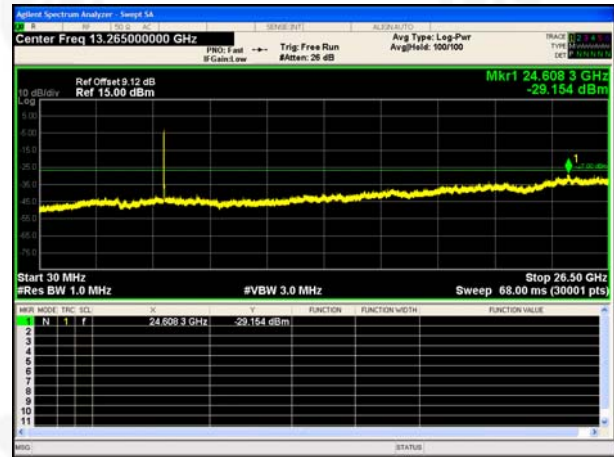
5.8G

Test Plot

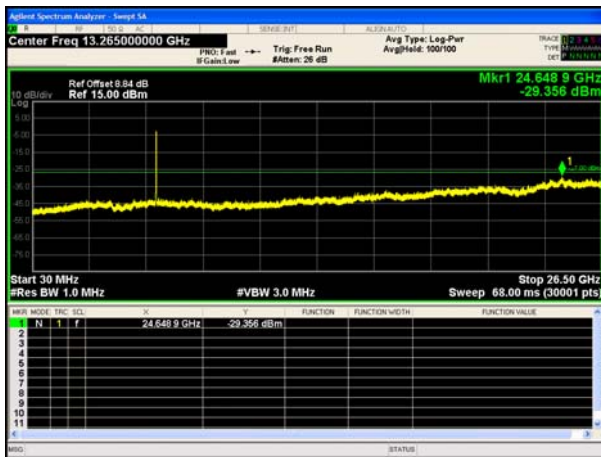
802.11a on channel 149



802.11a on channel 165



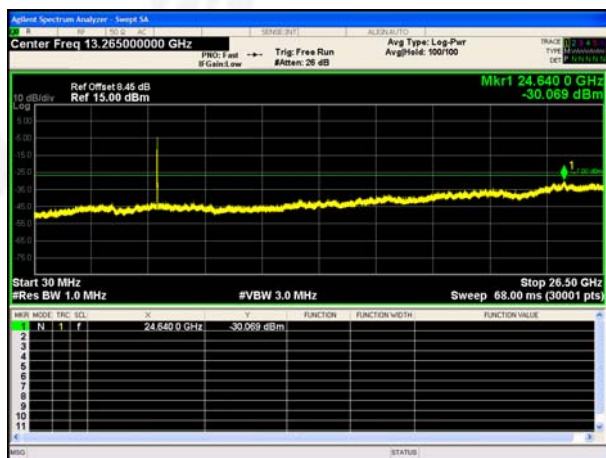
802.11a on channel 157



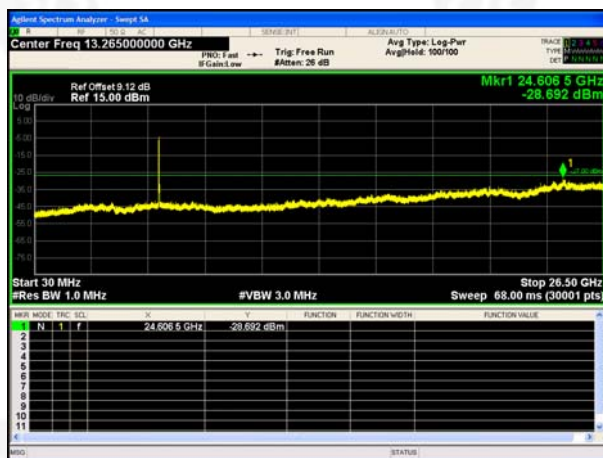


Test Plot

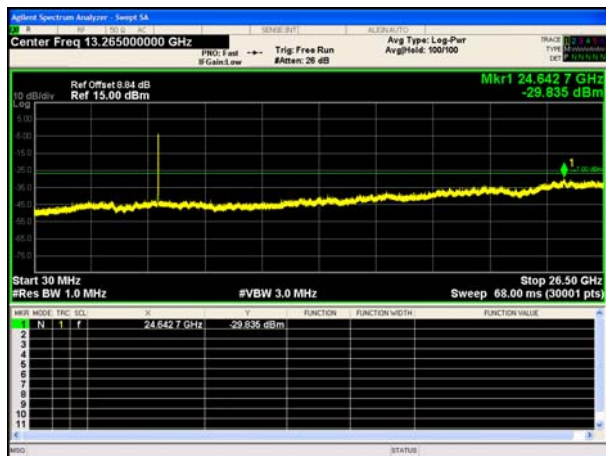
802.11n20 on channel 149



802.11n20 on channel 165



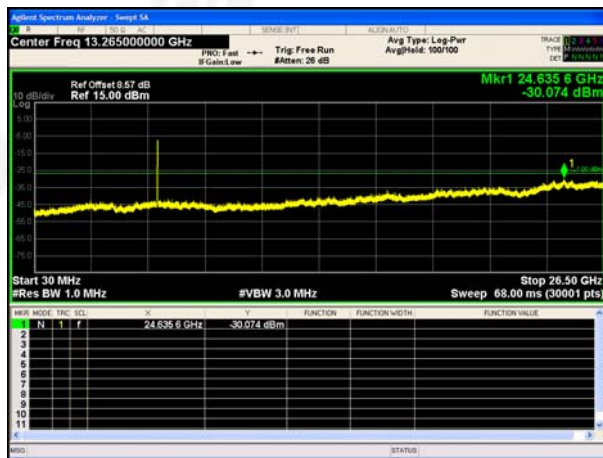
802.11n20 on channel 157



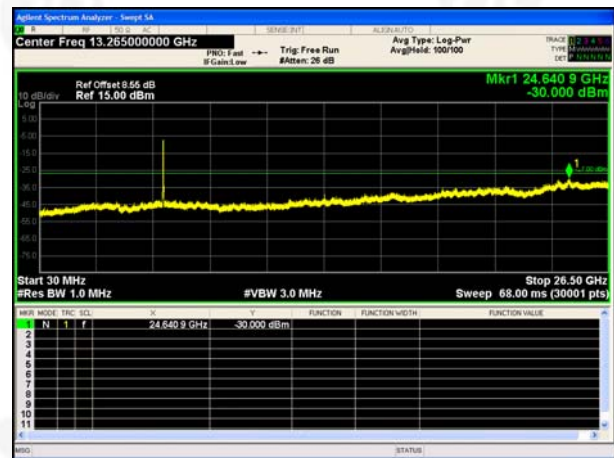


Test Plot

802.11n40 on channel 151



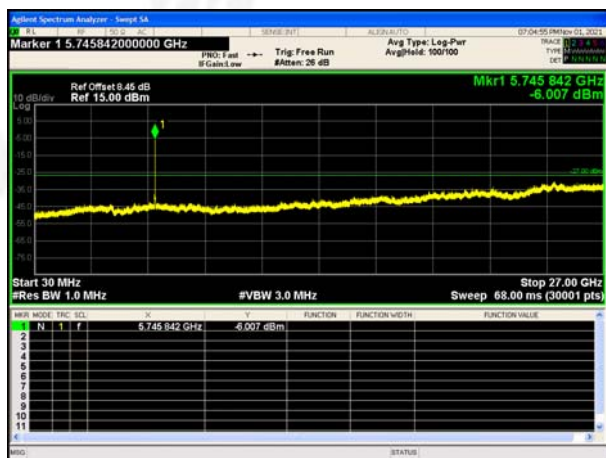
802.11n40 on channel 159



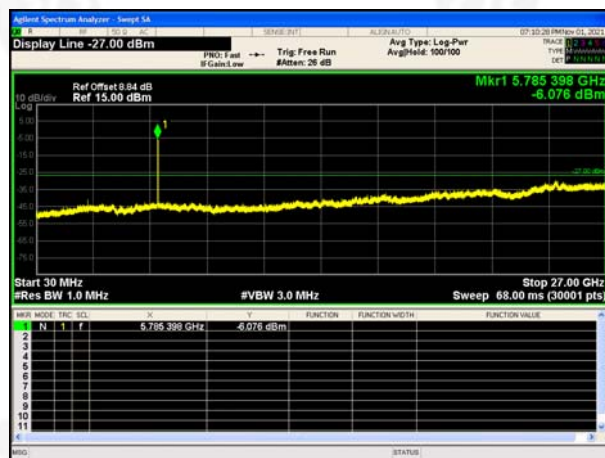


Test Plot

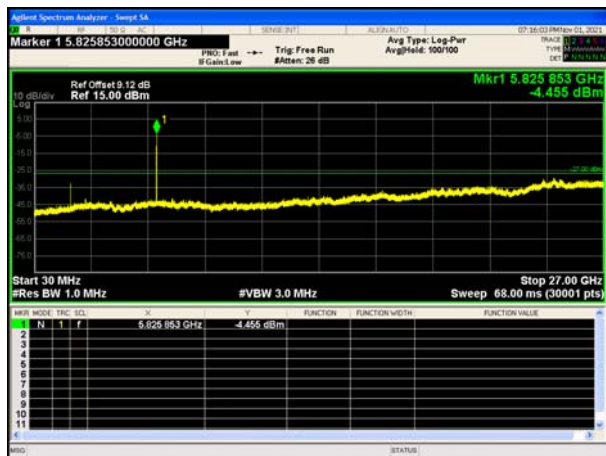
802.11ac20 on channel 149



802.11ac20 on channel 165



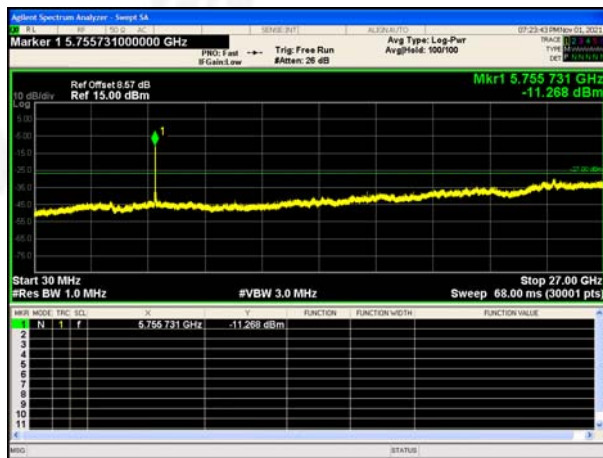
802.11ac20 on channel 157



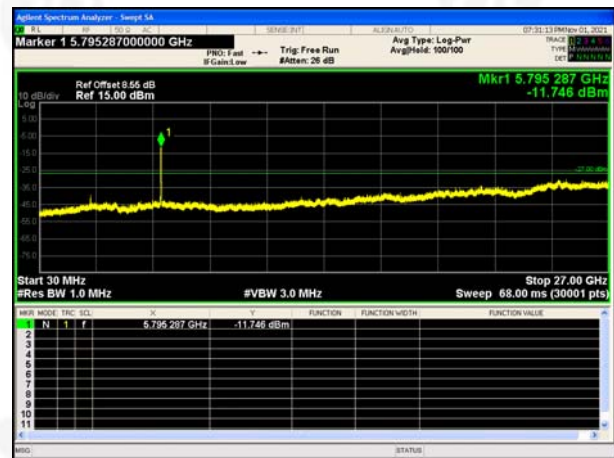


Test Plot

802.11ac40 on channel 151



802.11ac40 on channel 159





Test Plot

802.11ac80 on channel 155





10. Frequency Stability Measurement

10.1 LIMIT

Manufactures of U-NII devices are responsible for ensuring frequency stability such that an emission is maintained within the band of operation under all conditions of normal operation as specified in the user's manual.

The transmitter center frequency tolerance shall be ± 20 ppm maximum for the 5 GHz band (IEEE 802.11n specification).

10.2 TEST PROCEDURES

1. The transmitter output (antenna port) was connected to the spectrum analyzer.
2. EUT have transmitted absence of modulation signal and fixed channelize.
3. Set the spectrum analyzer span to view the entire absence of modulation emissions bandwidth.
4. Set RBW = 10 kHz, VBW = 10 kHz with peak detector and maxhold settings.
5. f_c is declaring of channel frequency. Then the frequency error formula is $(f_c - f)/f_c \times 10^6$ ppm and the limit is less than ± 20 ppm (IEEE 802.11n specification).
6. The test extreme voltage is to change the primary supply voltage from 85 to 115 percent of the nominal value
7. Extreme temperature is $-20^\circ\text{C} \sim 70^\circ\text{C}$.

10.3 TEST SETUP LAYOUT



10.4 EUT OPERATION DURING TEST

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously un-modulation transmitting mode.

10.5 TEST RESULTS

Temperature :	26 °C	Relative Humidity :	54%
Pressure :	1012 hPa	Test Voltage :	DC 3.3V
Test Mode :	TX		



5.2G

802.11a

Reference Frequency(Middle Channel): 5200 MHz			
Environment Temperature (°C)	Power Supplied (VDC)	Frequency Measure with Time Elapsed	
		MCF	Error (ppm)
50	3.3	63	0.01089
40	3.3	51	0.00882
30	3.3	43	0.00743
20	3.3	32	0.00553
10	3.3	23	0.00398
0	3.3	26	0.00449
-10	3.3	22	0.00380
-20	3.3	36	0.00622
-30	3.3	43	0.00743

802.11n_HT20/ac_HT20

Reference Frequency(Middle Channel): 5200MHz			
Environment Temperature (°C)	Power Supplied (VDC)	Frequency Measure with Time Elapsed	
		MCF	Error (ppm)
50	3.3	55	0.00951
40	3.3	42	0.00726
30	3.3	32	0.00553
20	3.3	24	0.00415
10	3.3	22	0.00380
0	3.3	12	0.00207
-10	3.3	13	0.00225
-20	3.3	21	0.00363
-30	3.3	32	0.00553



802.11n_HT40/ac_HT40

Reference Frequency(Middle Channel): 5190MHz			
Environment Temperature (°C)	Power Supplied (VDC)	Frequency Measure with Time Elapsed	
		MCF	Error (ppm)
50	3.3	61	0.01053
40	3.3	54	0.00932
30	3.3	42	0.00725
20	3.3	44	0.00759
10	3.3	34	0.00587
0	3.3	32	0.00552
-10	3.3	34	0.00587
-20	3.3	42	0.00725
-30	3.3	51	0.00880

802.11ac80

Reference Frequency(Middle Channel): 5210MHz			
Environment Temperature (°C)	Power Supplied (VDC)	Frequency Measure with Time Elapsed	
		MCF	Error (ppm)
50	3.3	63	0.01091
40	3.3	52	0.00900
30	3.3	43	0.00745
20	3.3	41	0.00710
10	3.3	36	0.00623
0	3.3	32	0.00554
-10	3.3	34	0.00589
-20	3.3	43	0.00745
-30	3.3	52	0.00900



So, Frequency Stability Versus Input Voltage is:

802.11a

Reference Frequency(Middle Channel): 5200 MHz			
Environment Temperature (°C)	Power Supplied (VDC)	Frequency Measure with Time Elapsed	
		Frequency	Error (ppm)
20	3.3	34	0.00588
	3.0	32	0.00553
	3.7	33	0.00570

802.11n_HT20/ac_HT20

Reference Frequency(Middle Channel): 5200 MHz			
Environment Temperature (°C)	Power Supplied (VDC)	Frequency Measure with Time Elapsed	
		Frequency	Error (ppm)
20	3.3	55	0.00951
	3.0	21	0.00363
	3.7	43	0.00743

802.11n_HT40/ac_HT40

Reference Frequency(Middle Channel): 5190 MHz			
Environment Temperature (°C)	Power Supplied (VDC)	Frequency Measure with Time Elapsed	
		Frequency	Error (ppm)
20	3.3	42	0.00725
	3.0	44	0.00759
	3.7	42	0.00725

802.11ac80

Reference Frequency(Middle Channel): 5210 MHz			
Environment Temperature (°C)	Power Supplied (VDC)	Frequency Measure with Time Elapsed	
		Frequency	Error (ppm)
20	3.3	42	0.00727
	3.0	44	0.00762
	3.7	42	0.00727



5.8G

802.11a

Reference Frequency(Middle Channel): 5785 MHz			
Environment Temperature (°C)	Power Supplied (VDC)	Frequency Measure with Time Elapsed	
		MCF	Error (ppm)
50	3.3	43	0.00743
40	3.3	51	0.00882
30	3.3	23	0.00398
20	3.3	26	0.00449
10	3.3	23	0.00398
0	3.3	26	0.00449
-10	3.3	22	0.00380
-20	3.3	36	0.00622
-30	3.3	26	0.00449

802.11n_HT20/ac_HT20

Reference Frequency(Middle Channel): 5785MHz			
Environment Temperature (°C)	Power Supplied (VDC)	Frequency Measure with Time Elapsed	
		MCF	Error (ppm)
50	3.3	42	0.00726
40	3.3	24	0.00415
30	3.3	32	0.00553
20	3.3	24	0.00415
10	3.3	13	0.00225
0	3.3	12	0.00207
-10	3.3	13	0.00225
-20	3.3	21	0.00363
-30	3.3	32	0.00553



802.11n_HT40/ac_HT40

Reference Frequency(Middle Channel): 5795MHz			
Environment Temperature (°C)	Power Supplied (VDC)	Frequency Measure with Time Elapsed	
		MCF	Error (ppm)
50	3.3	61	0.01053
40	3.3	54	0.00932
30	3.3	42	0.00725
20	3.3	44	0.00759
10	3.3	34	0.00587
0	3.3	32	0.00552
-10	3.3	34	0.00587
-20	3.3	42	0.00725
-30	3.3	51	0.00880

802.11ac80

Reference Frequency(Middle Channel): 5775MHz			
Environment Temperature (°C)	Power Supplied (VDC)	Frequency Measure with Time Elapsed	
		MCF	Error (ppm)
50	3.3	52	0.00900
40	3.3	41	0.00710
30	3.3	43	0.00745
20	3.3	41	0.00710
10	3.3	36	0.00623
0	3.3	32	0.00554
-10	3.3	34	0.00589
-20	3.3	32	0.00554
-30	3.3	52	0.00900



So, Frequency Stability Versus Input Voltage is:

802.11a

Reference Frequency(Middle Channel): 5785 MHz			
Environment Temperature (°C)	Power Supplied (VDC)	Frequency Measure with Time Elapsed	
		Frequency	Error (ppm)
20	3.3	55	0.00951
	3.0	32	0.00553
	3.7	33	0.00570

802.11n_HT20/ac_HT20

Reference Frequency(Middle Channel): 5785 MHz			
Environment Temperature (°C)	Power Supplied (VDC)	Frequency Measure with Time Elapsed	
		Frequency	Error (ppm)
20	3.3	33	0.00570
	3.0	21	0.00363
	3.7	43	0.00743

802.11n_HT40/ac_HT40

Reference Frequency(Middle Channel): 5795 MHz			
Environment Temperature (°C)	Power Supplied (VDC)	Frequency Measure with Time Elapsed	
		Frequency	Error (ppm)
20	3.3	42	0.00725
	3.0	44	0.00759
	3.7	43	0.00743

802.11ac80

Reference Frequency(Middle Channel): 5775 MHz			
Environment Temperature (°C)	Power Supplied (VDC)	Frequency Measure with Time Elapsed	
		Frequency	Error (ppm)
20	3.3	43	0.00743
	3.0	44	0.00762
	3.7	42	0.00727



11.ANTENNA REQUIREMENT

Standard requirement:	FCC Part15 C Section 15.203
15.203 requirement: An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator, the manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.	
EUT Antenna:	
The antenna is External Antenna, the best case gain of the antenna is 2dBi, reference to the appendix II for details	



12. TEST SETUP PHOTO

Reference to the appendix I for details.

13. EUT CONSTRUCTIONAL DETAILS

Reference to the appendix II for details.

***** END OF REPORT *****