

# **RF Test Report Bluetooth Low Energy**

Customer C&A Marketing, Inc.

**Customer Address** 114 Tived Lane East, Edison, New Jersey, United States 08837

FCCBVDW-WAY-P22080084-2

Manufacturer C&A Marketing, Inc.

Manufacturer Address: 114 Tived Lane East, Edison, New Jersey, United States 08837

Certification **Use of Report** 

**Model Name RODSMPCAM** 

FCC ID 2AD2W-RODSMPCAM

IC No. (Model) 25971-RODSMPCAM

**HVIN RODSMPCAM** 

2022.08.23 to 2022.09.04 **Date of Test** 

FCC 47 CFR PART 15 Subpart C (Section §15.247) **Test Method Used** 

ISED RSS-247

Refer to the Test Condition **Testing Environment:** 

Test Result : Pass Fail

ISSUED BY: BV CPS ADT Korea Ltd., EMC/RF Laboratory

Innoplex No.2 106, Sinwon-ro 306, Yeongtong-gu, ADDRESS:

Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea 16675

HeungAn-daero 49, DongAn-gu, Anyang-si, **TEST LOCATION:** 

Gyeonggi-do, Korea, 14119

Tested by

Report No.

Name: Sooyeon Kim Technical Manager

Name: David Jang

2022, 09, 28

#### BV CPS ADT Korea Ltd.

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Report No.: FCCBVDW-WAY-P22080084-2 Page: 1 of 47 Report Format Version: BV-FRFTF-01-004



## **RELEASE CONTROL RECORD**

REPORT NO.	RT NO. REASON FOR CHANGE	
FCCBVDW-WAY-P22080084-2	Original release	2022.09.28

Report No.: FCCBVDW-WAY-P22080084-2 Page: 2 of 47 Report Format Version: BV-FRFTF-01-004



## **Table of Contents**

RELEA	SE CO	NTROL RECORD	2
1 SUI	MMAI	RY OF TEST RESULTS	5
1.1	DECISION	on Rules for Statement of Conformity	6
1.2	Measu	Jrement Uncertainty	6
2 GEI	NERAI	INFORMATION	7
2.1	Gen	eral Description of EUT	7
2.2	DES	Cription of Test Mode	8
2.4	2.1	Test Mode Applicability and Tested Channel Details	9
2.3	Мах	(IMUM OUTPUT POWER	11
2.4	Dut	y Cycle of Test Signal	11
2.5	99 %	6 Bandwidth	13
2.6	GEN	eral Description of Applied Standards	15
2.7	TEST	EQUIPMENT	16
3 TES	T RES	SULTS	17
3.1	Ant	enna Requirement	17
3.2		B BANDWIDTH	
	2.1	Regulation	
	2.2	Test Procedure	
	2.3	Deviation from Test Standard	
	2.4	Test Setup	
	2. <i>5</i>	Test Result	
3.3		KIMUM PEAK OUTPUT POWER	
	3.1	Regulation	
	3.2	Test Procedure	
	3. <i>3</i>	Deviation from Test Standard	
	3.4	Test Setup	
	3. <i>5</i>	Test Result	
3.4		/er Spectral Density	
3.1 3.4		Regulation	
	4.2	Test Procedure	
	4.3	Deviation from Test Standard	
	4.4	Test Setup	
	4.4 4.5	Test Result	
3.5		rious Emission, Band edge and Restricted Bands	
ر.ر	2501	NOOS EIVIISSION, DAIND EDGE AND NESTRICTED DAINDS	∠1

Page: 3 of 47



3.5.1 Regula	ntion	27
3.5.2 Test Pr	ocedure	28
3.5.3 Deviati	ion from Test Standard	32
3.5.4 Test Se	etup	33
3.5.5 Test Re	esult of Radiated Spurious Emission	35
3.5.6 Test Re	esult of Conducted Spurious Emission	43
3.6 AC CONDUC	ted Emissions (150 kHz to 30 MHz)	44
3.6.1 Regula	ntion	44
	ocedure	
	ion from Test Standard	
3.6.4 Test Se	etup	45
3.6.5 Test Re	esult	46
APPENDIX – INFOR	RMATION OF THE TESTING LABORATORIES	47

Page: 4 of 47

Report No.: FCCBVDW-WAY-P22080084-2



### 1 Summary of Test Results

The EUT has been tested according to the following specifications

Applied Standard : FCC Part 15, Subpart C 15.247, RSS-247							
FCC Part Section(s)	RSS Section(s)	Test Description	Limit	Test Result	Reference		
15.247(a)(2)	RSS-247 [5.2]	6 dB Bandwidth	> 500 kHz	PASS	Section 3.2		
-	RSS-Gen [6.7]	Occupied Bandwidth (99 % Bandwidth)	N/A	PASS	Section 2.5		
15.247(b)(3)	RSS-247 [5.4(4)]	Maximum Conducted Output Power	< 1 Watt	PASS	Section 3.3		
15.247(e)	RSS-247 [5.2]	Power Spectral Density	< 8 dBm / 3 kHz Band	PASS	Section 3.4		
15.247(d)	RSS-247 [5.5]	Band Edge / Out-of-Band Emissions (Conducted Spurious Emission)	≥ 20 dBc	PASS	Section 3.5		
15.205 15.209	RSS-Gen [8.9]	General Field Strength Limits (Restricted Bands and Radiated Emission Limits)	Emissions in Restricted bands must meet the radiated limits detailed in 15.209	PASS	Section 3.5		
15.207	RSS-Gen [8.8]	AC Conducted Emissions (150 kHz – 30 MHz)	< FCC 15.207 limits	PASS	Section 3.6		

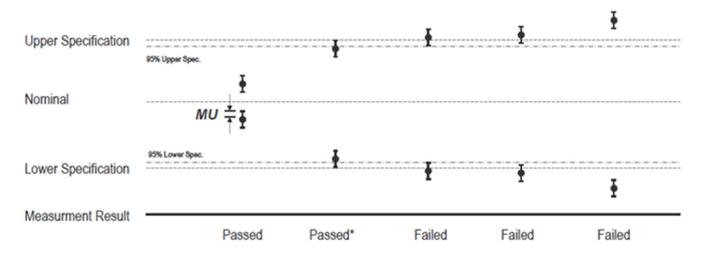
#### **NOTES**

- 1) The general test methods used to test on this devices are ANSI C63.10.
- 2) Determining compliance based on the results of the compliance measurement, not taking into account measurement instrumentation uncertainty.
- 3) According to exploratory test no any obvious emission were detected from 9 kHz to 30 MHz. Although these tests were performed other than open field site, adequate comparison measurements were confirmed against 30 m open field site. Therefore sufficient tests were made to demonstrate that the alternative site produces results that correlate with the ones of tests made in an open field based on KDB 414788.

Report No.: FCCBVDW-WAY-P22080084-2 Page: 5 of 47 Report Format Version: BV-FRFTF-01-004



## 1.1 Decision Rules for Statement of Conformity



#### QUA-52 Decision Rule(QA Document) was applied.

**Step 1):** Reference Check, Daily Check, Peripheral device Check

Step 2): Re-test Procedure (Repeat the test maximum 3 times, Different Test Engineer)

- 1) If the original test results are subject to retesting and the judgement is unclear, the retest is carried out.
- 2) If the result of the first retest is the same as the initial test, the judgement is made based on the value.
- 3) If the result of the first retest differ from the results of the initial test, the second re-test is carried out.
- 4) After completion of the second retest, the average of the three test results is determined as the final result. However, if the deviation of the three test values is more than 5 % of the reference value, the technical manager should review the reproducibility of the test from the beginning.

### 1.2 Measurement Uncertainty

Where relevant, the following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the EUT as specified in CISPR 16-4-2

Measurement Items	Frequency Range	Expanded Uncertainty U = kUc (k = 2)
Conducted Emissions at main ports	150 kHz – 30 MHz	2.99
	9 kHz – 30 MHz	1.92
Dadiated Courieus Fraissians	30 MHz – 1 GHz	4.00
Radiated Spurious Emissions	1 GHz – 18 GHz	5.68
	18 GHz – 26.5 GHz	5.24

This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95 % confidence level using a coverage factor of k = 2.

Report No.: FCCBVDW-WAY-P22080084-2 Page: 6 of 47 Report Format Version: BV-FRFTF-01-004



#### 2 General Information

## 2.1 General Description of EUT

Product	KODAK Smile + Digital Instant Print Camera
Brand	KODAK
Model	RODSMPCAM
Identification No. of EUT	-
Series Model	-
Model Difference	-
HVIN	RODSMPCAM
FVIN	-
Power Supply	DC 7.4 V(Battery)
Modulation Type	LE 1M(GFSK)
Transfer Rate	1 Mbps
Operating Frequency	2 402 MHz — 2 480 MHz
Number of Channel	40 Channels
Output Power	2.61 dBm (1.82 mW)
Antenna Type	Chip Antenna
Antenna Connector	Internal
H/W Version	V1.0
S/W Version	V1.0.0

#### **NOTES**

- 1) The above equipment has been tested by <u>Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services ADT Korea</u>, and found compliance with the requirement of the above standards. The test record, data evaluation & Equipment Under Test (EUT) configurations represented herein are true and accurate accounts of the measurements of the sample's RF characteristics under the conditions specified in this report.
- 2) The following antennas were provided to the EUT.

Antonno	Tuno	Connector	Peak Gain (dBi)
Antenna	Туре	Connector	2.4 GHz
Bluetooth	Chip Antenna	Internal	0.5

#### 3) <u>List of Accessories</u>

Accessories	Brand	Model	Manufacturer	Specification
Cable	-	-	-	0.5 m

Report No.: FCCBVDW-WAY-P22080084-2 Page: 7 of 47 Report Format Version: BV-FRFTF-01-004



### 4) Auxiliary test equipment

Accessories	Brand	Model	Manufacturer	Specification
Notebook PC	Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.	NT950XBV	Samsung Electronics Suzhou Computer Co,. Ltd.	-
Notebook Adaptor	Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.	PSCV650105A	Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.	Input : AC 100 – 240 V 50 – 60 Hz Output : DC 19 V

## 2.2 Description of Test Mode

## [Test Channel of EUT]

Channel	Frequency [MHz]	Channel	Frequency [MHz]	Channel	Frequency [MHz]	Channel	Frequency [MHz]
0	2 402	10	2 422	20	2 442	30	2 462
1	2 404	11	2 424	21	2 444	31	2 464
2	2 406	12	2 426	22	2 446	32	2 466
3	2 408	13	2 428	23	2 448	33	2 468
4	2 410	14	2 430	24	2 450	34	2 470
5	2 412	15	2 432	25	2 452	35	2 472
6	2 414	16	2 434	26	2 454	36	2 474
7	2 416	17	2 436	27	2 456	37	2 476
8	2 418	18	2 438	28	2 458	38	2 478
9	2 420	19	2 440	29	2 460	39	2 480

Report No.: FCCBVDW-WAY-P22080084-2 Page: 8 of 47 Report Format Version: BV-FRFTF-01-004



#### 2.2.1 Test Mode Applicability and Tested Channel Details

Pre-Scan has been conducted to determine the worst-case mode from all possible combinations between available modulations, data rates, XYZ axis and antenna ports. The worst case was found when positioned on X axis for radiated emission. Following channel(s) was(were) selected for the final test as listed below:

EUT Configure		Applic	able to		Description
mode	RE < 1G	RE ≥ 1G	PLC	APCM	Description
-	٧	٧	٧	٧	-

Where RE ≥ 1 G : Radiated Emission above 1 GHz & Bandedge Measurement

RE < 1 G : Radiated Emission below 1 GHz PLC : Power Line Conducted Emission

APCM: Antenna Port Conducted Measurement

#### Radiated Emission Test (Below 1 GHz)

- Pre-Scan has been conducted to determine the worst-case mode from all possible combinations between available modulations, XYZ axis, antenna ports (if EUT with antenna diversity architecture) and data rate.
- ☑ Following channel(s) was (were) selected for the final test as listed below.

Available Channel	Tested Channel	Modulation Type	Packet type
0 to 39	19	GFSK	37

#### Radiated Emission Test (Above 1 GHz)

- Pre-Scan has been conducted to determine the worst-case mode from all possible combinations between available modulations, XYZ axis, antenna ports (if EUT with antenna diversity architecture) and data rate.
- ☐ Following channel(s) was (were) selected for the final test as listed below.

Available Channel	Tested Channel	Modulation Type	Packet type	
0 to 39	0, 19, 39	GFSK	37	

#### Radiated Emission Test (Above 18 GHz)

- Pre-Scan has been conducted to determine the worst-case mode from all possible combinations between available modulations, XYZ axis, antenna ports (if EUT with antenna diversity architecture) and packet type.
- ☑ Following channel(s) was (were) selected for the final test as listed below.

Available Channel	Tested Channel	Modulation Type	Packet Type
0 to 39	19	GFSK	37

Report No.: FCCBVDW-WAY-P22080084-2 Page: 9 of 47 Report Format Version: BV-FRFTF-01-004



#### **Power line Conducted Emission Test**

- Pre-Scan has been conducted to determine the worst-case mode from all possible combinations between available modulations, XYZ axis, antenna ports (if EUT with antenna diversity architecture) and data rate.
- ☐ Following channel(s) was (were) selected for the final test as listed below.

Available Channel	Tested Channel	Modulation Type	Packet type	
0 to 39	19	GFSK	37	

#### **Antenna Port Conducted Measurement**

- ☐ This item includes all test value of each mode, but only includes spectrum plot of worst value of each mode.
- Pre-Scan has been conducted to determine the worst-case mode from all possible combinations between available modulations, antenna ports (if EUT with antenna diversity architecture), and data rate.
- ☐ Following channel(s) was (were) selected for the final test as listed below.

Available Channel	Tested Channel	Modulation Type	Packet type
0 to 39	0, 19, 39	GFSK	37

#### **Test Condition**

Applicable to	<b>Environmental Conditions</b>	Test Voltage	Tested by
RE < 1G	(20.8 ± 2) °C, (49.1 ± 3) % R.H.	DC 7.4 V	Sooyeon Kim
RE ≥ 1G	(20.2 ± 2) °C, (49.1 ± 3) % R.H.	DC 7.4 V	Sooyeon Kim
PLC	(20.1 ± 2) °C, (49.8 ± 3) % R.H.	AC 120 V, 60 Hz	Sooyeon Kim
APCM	(20.1 ± 2) °C, (49.8 ± 3) % R.H.	DC 7.4 V	Sooyeon Kim

Report No.: FCCBVDW-WAY-P22080084-2 Page: 10 of 47 Report Format Version: BV-FRFTF-01-004



## 2.3 Maximum Output Power

Frequency Range [MHz]	Test Items	Test Mode	Packet type	Result [dBm]	Result [mW]
2 402 - 2 480	Peak Power	LE 1M	37	2.61	1.82
	Average Power	LE 1M	37	0.45	1.11

# 2.4 Duty Cycle of Test Signal

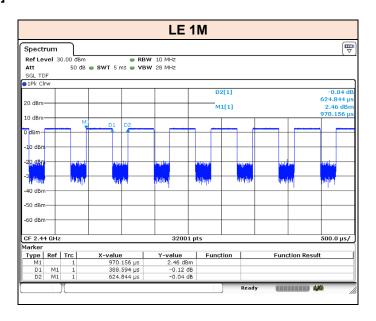
Test Items	Mode	Packet type	On Time B [msec]	Period [msec]	Duty Cycle X [Linear]	Duty Cycle [%]	DCCF [dB]
Duty Cycle	LE 1M	37	0.389	0.625	0.622	62.2	2.06

Report No.: FCCBVDW-WAY-P22080084-2 Page: 11 of 47 Report Format Version: BV-FRFTF-01-004



## [Test Plot of Duty Cycle]

Report No.: FCCBVDW-WAY-P22080084-2



Page: 12 of 47



## 2.5 99 % Bandwidth

## [Test Data of 99 % Bandwidth]

Test Mode	Channel	Frequency [MHz]	99 BW [MHz]
	Lowest	2 402	1.052
LE 1M	Middle	Middle 2 440	
	Highest	1.049	
	1.052		

Report No.: FCCBVDW-WAY-P22080084-2 Page: 13 of 47 Report Format Version: BV-FRFTF-01-004



#### Test Plot of 99 % Bandwidth

Report No.: FCCBVDW-WAY-P22080084-2



Page: 14 of 47



## 2.6 General Description of Applied Standards

The EUT is a RF Product. According to the specifications of the manufacturer, it must comply with the requirements of the following standards.

FCC CFR 47 Part 15, Subpart C (§15.247)
KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02
ANSI C63.10-2013
RSS-247 Issue 2
RSS-GEN Issue 5

All test items in this test report have been performed and recorded as per the above standards.

Report No.: FCCBVDW-WAY-P22080084-2 Page: 15 of 47 Report Format Version: BV-FRFTF-01-004



## 2.7 Test Equipment

Test Equipment is traceable to the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST). Measurement antenna used during testing were calibrated in accordance to the requirements of ANSI C63.5-2017.

Equipment	Model	Serial Number	Manufacturer	Description	Cal Date	Cal Due
Loop Antenna	HFH2-Z2E	349806	R&S	Active Loop Antenna, 30 MHz	2022-02-18	2023-02-18
Bi-log Antenna	VULB 9163	1099	Schwarzbeck	Trilog Antenna, 3 GHz (with 6 dB ATT.)	2022-09-03	2023-09-03
Horn Antenna	HF907	102772	R&S	Horn Antenna, 18 GHz	2021-12-03	2022-12-03
Horn Antenna	BBHA9170	00955	Schwarzbeck	15 - 40 储, 10 W (cont.) 25 W (peak)	2021-12-13	2022-12-13
Amplifier	SCU08F2	8400016	R&S	Signal Conditioning Unit, 8 GHz	2021-11-23	2022-11-23
Amplifier	SCU-18F	180111	R&S	Signal Conditioning Unit, 18 GHz	2021-11-23	2022-11-23
Amplifier	JS44-18004000- 33-8P	2142086	L3 Narda-MITEQ	Amplifier, 40 GHz	2021-11-29	2022-11-29
Signal analyzer	FSW50	101403	R&S	DC Coupled : 2 Hz to 50 GHz AC Coupled : 10 MHz to 50 GHz	2021-11-22	2022-11-22
Attenuator	PE7087-10	1712-2	Pasternack	10 dB Atten / 2 W / DC to 26 GHz	2021-06-04	2023-06-04
High Pass Filter	HPM17543	28	Micro-Tronics	3 GHz High Pass Filter	2021-06-04	2023-06-04
EMI Receiver	ESR	102529	R&S	DC ~ 7 GHz	2021-06-04	2022-11-23
Signal Generator	SMB100A	MY41006053	R&S	100 kHz ~ 40 GHz	2021-06-04	2023-06-03
Signal analyzer	FSV30	103631	R&S	10 Hz to 30 GHz / 1W	2021-11-22	2022-11-22
Power Splitter	1579	71667	Weinschel	DC to 26.5 GHz / 0.5 W	2021-11-30	2022-11-30
Power Meter	NRX	103577	R&S	CW mode: -20 to +20 dBm	2022-03-17	2023-03-17
Power Sensor	NRP-Z211	102376	R&S	Two Path Diode Power Sensor, Frequency range : 10 MHz to 8 GHz / Level range: -60 dBm to +20 dBm	2022-03-17	2023-03-17
Attenuator	40AH2W-10	1	Aeroflex	DC to 40 GHz / 10 dB / 2 W	2021-06-04	2023-11-30
LISN	ENV216	102437	R&S	9 kHz - 30 MHz	2021-11-23	2022-11-23
EMI Test Receiver	ESR	102529	R&S	9 kHz - 3.6 GHz	2021-11-23	2022-11-23

Report No.: FCCBVDW-WAY-P22080084-2 Page: 16 of 47 Report Format Version: BV-FRFTF-01-004



#### 3 Test Results

#### 3.1 Antenna Requirement

#### **Except from §15.203 of the FCC Rules/Regulations:**

An intentional radiator antenna shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party can be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of the section.

- The antenna(s) of the EUT are Permanently attached.
- There are no provisions for connection to an external antenna.

#### <u>Result</u>

The EUT complies with the requirement of §15.203

Report No.: FCCBVDW-WAY-P22080084-2 Page: 17 of 47 Report Format Version: BV-FRFTF-01-004



#### 3.2 6 dB Bandwidth

#### 3.2.1 Regulation

§15.247(a)(2): Systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

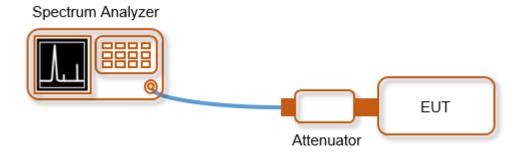
#### 3.2.2 Test Procedure

The automatic bandwidth measurement capability of an instrument may be employed using the X dB bandwidth mode with X set to 6 dB, if the functionality described in 11.8.1 (i.e., RBW = 100 kHz, VBW  $\geq$  3 × RBW, and peak detector with maximum hold) is implemented by the instrumentation function. When using this capability, care shall be taken so that the bandwidth measurement is not influenced by any intermediate power nulls in the fundamental emission that might be  $\geq$ 6 dB.

#### 3.2.3 Deviation from Test Standard

No deviation.

#### 3.2.4 Test Setup



Report No.: FCCBVDW-WAY-P22080084-2 Page: 18 of 47 Report Format Version: BV-FRFTF-01-004



### 3.2.5 Test Result

## [Test Data of 6 dB Bandwidth]

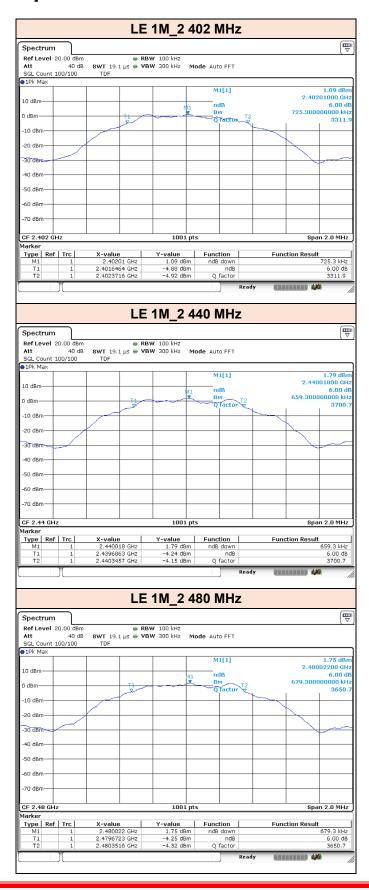
Test Mode	Channel	Frequency [MHz]	6 dB BW [MHz]	Minimum Limit [MHz]
	Lowest	2 402	0.725	0.500
LE 1M	Middle	2 440	0.659	0.500
	Highest	2 480	0.679	0.500
	Worst Result	0.725	0.500	

Report No.: FCCBVDW-WAY-P22080084-2 Page: 19 of 47 Report Format Version: BV-FRFTF-01-004



#### [Test Plot of 6 dB Bandwidth]

Report No.: FCCBVDW-WAY-P22080084-2



Page: 20 of 47



#### 3.3 Maximum Peak Output Power

#### 3.3.1 Regulation

§15.247(b)(3): For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 Watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. Maximum Conducted Output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements. The average must not include any time intervals during which the transmitter is off or is transmitting at a reduced power level. If multiple modes of operation are possible (e.g., alternative modulation methods), the maximum conducted output power is the highest total transmit power occurring in any mode.

§15.247(b)(4): The conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi. Except as shown in paragraph (c) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

#### 3.3.2 Test Procedure

The method of measurement used to test this DTS device is ANSI C63.10-2013.

This is an RF conducted test to evaluate maximum peak output power. Use a direct connection between the antenna port of the unlicensed wireless device and the spectrum analyzer, through suitable attenuation.

#### **Peak Power Measurement**

- a) Using spectrum analyzer with a RBW that is greater than DTS BW
  - 1) Set the RBW ≥ DTS Bandwidth
  - 2) Set VBW  $\geq$  [ 3 x RBW]
  - 3) Set span  $\geq$  [3 x RBW]
  - 4) Sweep time = No faster than coupled (auto) time
  - 5) Detector = Peak
  - 6) Trace = max-hold
  - 7) Allow trace to fully stabilize
  - 8) Use peak marker function to determine the peak amplitude level
- b) Using Peak Power meter

The maximum peak conducted output power may be measured using a broadband peak RF power meter. The power meter shall have a video bandwidth that is greater than or equal to the DTS bandwidth and shall use a fast responding diode detector.

Report No.: FCCBVDW-WAY-P22080084-2 Page: 21 of 47 Report Format Version: BV-FRFTF-01-004



#### **Average Power Measurement**

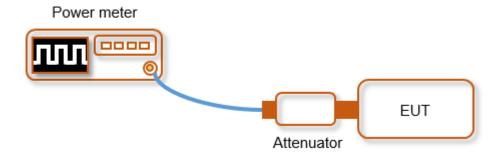
Measurement using a power meter.

- a) Averge Power measurement using an RF average power meter, as follows:
  - 1) The EUT is configured to transmit continuously, or to transmit with a constant duty cycle.
  - 2) At all times when the EUT is transmitting, it shall be transmitting at its maximum power control level.
  - 3) The integration period of the power meter exceeds the repetition period of the transmitted signal by at least a factor of five.
- b) If the transmitter does not transmit continuously, measure the duty cycle, D, of the transmitter output signal.
- c) Measure the average power of the transmitter.
  - This measurement is an average over both the ON and OFF periods of the transmitter.
- d) Correct the measurement in dBm by adding [10 log (1 / D)], where D is the duty cycle

#### 3.3.3 Deviation from Test Standard

No deviation.

#### 3.3.4 Test Setup



Report No.: FCCBVDW-WAY-P22080084-2 Page: 22 of 47 Report Format Version: BV-FRFTF-01-004



#### 3.3.5 **Test Result**

## [Test Data of Peak Power]

Test Mode	Channel	Frequency [MHz]	Peak Power[dBm]	Limit [dBm]	Margin [dB]
	Lowest	2 402	1.92	30.00	28.08
LE 1M	Middle	2 440	2.59	30.00	27.41
	Highest	2 480	2.61	30.00	27.39
	Worst Result		2.61	30.00	27.39

#### [Test Plot of Average Power]

Test Mode	Channel	Frequency [MHz]	Aveage Power[dBm]	Aveage Power [mW]
	Lowest	2 402	0.44	1.11
LE 1M	Middle	2 440	0.43	1.10
	Highest	2 480	0.45	1.11

#### Remarks

Report Format Version: BV-FRFTF-01-004 Report No.: FCCBVDW-WAY-P22080084-2 Page: 23 of 47

Peak Power(dBm) = Peak Reading Value(dBμV/m)
 Average Power(dBm) = Average Reading Value(dBμV/m) + Duty Cycle Correction Factor(dB)



#### 3.4 Power Spectral Density

#### 3.4.1 Regulation

§15.247(e): For digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (b) of this section. The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density.

#### 3.4.2 Test Procedure

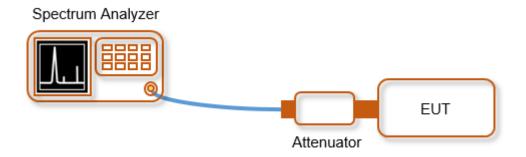
The following procedure shall be used if maximum peak conducted output power was used to determine compliance, and it is optional if the maximum conducted (average) output power was used to determine compliance:

- a) Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
- b) Set the span > 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.
- c) Set the RBW to 3 kHz  $\leq$  RBW  $\leq$  100 kHz.
- d) Set the VBW  $\geq$  [3  $\times$  RBW].
- e) Detector = peak.
- f) Sweep time = auto couple.
- g) Trace mode = max hold.
- h) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.
- j) If measured value exceeds requirement, then reduce RBW (but no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.

#### 3.4.3 Deviation from Test Standard

No deviation.

#### 3.4.4 Test Setup



Report No.: FCCBVDW-WAY-P22080084-2 Page: 24 of 47 Report Format Version: BV-FRFTF-01-004



### 3.4.5 Test Result

## [Test Data of Power Spectral Density]

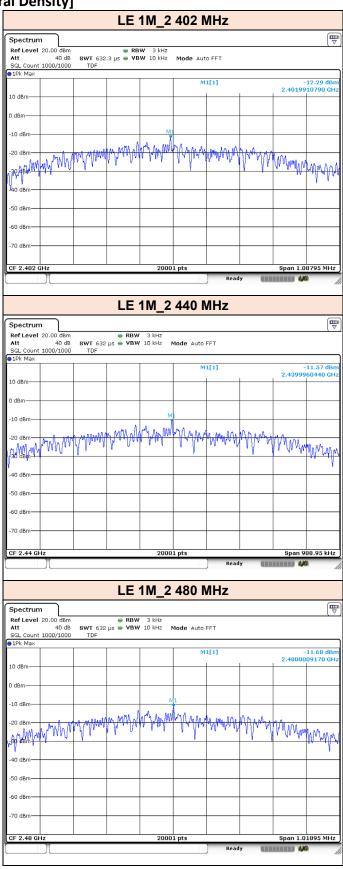
Test Mode	Channel	Frequency [MHz]	PSD [dBm/3 kHz]	Limit [dBm/3 kHz]	Margin [dB]
	Lowest	2 402	-12.29	8.00	20.29
LE 1M	Middle	2 440	-11.57	8.00	19.57
	Highest	2 480	-11.68	8.00	19.68

Report No.: FCCBVDW-WAY-P22080084-2 Page: 25 of 47 Report Format Version: BV-FRFTF-01-004



### [Test Plot of Power Spectral Density]

Report No.: FCCBVDW-WAY-P22080084-2



Page: 26 of 47



### 3.5 Spurious Emission, Band edge and Restricted Bands

#### 3.5.1 Regulation

§15.247(d): In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

§15.209(a): Except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (MHz)	Field strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement distance (meters)
0.009-0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490-1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705-30.0	30	30
30-88	100**	3
88-216	150**	3
216-960	200**	3
Above 960	500	3

<sup>\*\*</sup>Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72 MHz, 76-88 MHz, 174-216 MHz or 470-806 MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this part, e.g., §§15.231 and 15.241.

Report No.: FCCBVDW-WAY-P22080084-2 Page: 27 of 47 Report Format Version: BV-FRFTF-01-004



§15.205(a): Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090-0.110	16.42-16.423	399.9-410	4.5-5.15
<sup>1</sup> 0.495-0.505	16.69475-16.69525	608-614	5.35-5.46
2.1735-2.1905	16.80425-16.80475	960-1240	7.25-7.75
4.125-4.128	25.5-25.67	1300-1427	8.025-8.5
4.17725-4.17775	37.5-38.25	1435-1626.5	9.0-9.2
4.20725-4.20775	73-74.6	1645.5-1646.5	9.3-9.5
6.215-6.218	74.8-75.2	1660-1710	10.6-12.7
6.26775-6.26825	108-121.94	1718.8-1722.2	13.25-13.4
6.31175-6.31225	123-138	2200-2300	14.47-14.5
8.291-8.294	149.9-150.05	2310-2390	15.35-16.2
8.362-8.366	156.52475-156.52525	2483.5-2500	17.7-21.4
8.37625-8.38675	156.7-156.9	2690-2900	22.01-23.12
8.41425-8.41475	162.0125-167.17	3260-3267	23.6-24.0
12.29-12.293	167.72-173.2	3332-3339	31.2-31.8
12.51975-12.52025	240-285	3345.8-3358	36.43-36.5
12.57675-12.57725	322-335.4	3600-4400	( <sup>2</sup> )
13.36-13.41			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490-0.510 MHz.

§15.205 (b): Except as provided in paragraphs (d) and (e) of this section, the field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in §15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1000 MHz, compliance with the limits in §15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in §15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in §15.35 apply to these measurements.

#### 3.5.2 Test Procedure

#### **Band-edge Compliance for RF Conducted Emissions**

These procedures are applicable for determining compliance at authorized-band band-edges where the requirements are expressed as a value relative to the in-band signal level. Procedures for determining compliance with field strength limits at or close to the band-edges are given in 6.10.6 (see also Table A.2).

Band-edge tests are typically performed as a conducted test but may be performed as radiated measurements on a test site meeting the specifications in 5.2, at the measurement distances specified in 5.3. The instrumentation shall meet the requirements in 4.1.1 using the bandwidths and detectors specified in 4.1.4.2.

Report No.: FCCBVDW-WAY-P22080084-2 Page: 28 of 47 Report Format Version: BV-FRFTF-01-004

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Above 38.6



When performing radiated measurements, the measurement antenna(s) shall meet the specifications in 4.3. The EUT shall be connected to an antenna and operated at the highest power settings following procedures in 6.3.

For other than frequency-hopping devices, this test sequence shall be performed once. For devices that support frequency hopping, this test sequence shall be performed twice: once with the hopping function turned OFF and then repeated with the hopping function turned ON. The purpose of the test with the hopping function turned on is to confirm that the RF power remains OFF while the device is changing frequencies, and that the oscillator stabilizes at the new frequency before RF power is turned back ON. Overshoot of any oscillator, including phase-lock-loop stabilized oscillators, can cause the device to be temporarily tuned to frequencies outside the authorized band, and it is important that no transmissions occur during such temporary periods. Particular attention to the hopping sequence requirements specified below is needed in the case of adaptive frequency-hopping devices:

- a) Connect the EMI receiver or spectrum analyzer to the EUT using an appropriate RF cable connected to the EUT output. Configure the spectrum analyzer settings as described in step e) (be sure to enter all losses between the unlicensed wireless device output and the spectrum analyzer).
- b) Set the EUT to the lowest frequency channel (for the hopping on test, the hopping sequence shall include the lowest frequency channel).
- c) Set the EUT to operate at maximum output power and 100% duty cycle, or equivalent "normalmode of operation" as specified in 6.10.3.
- d) If using the radiated method, then use the applicable procedure(s) of 6.4, 6.5, or 6.6, and orient the EUT and measurement antenna positions to produce the highest emission level.
- e) Perform the test as follows:
  - 1) Span: Wide enough to capture the peak level of the emission operating on the channel closest to the band edge, as well as any modulation products that fall outside of the authorized band of operation.
  - 2) Reference level: As required to keep the signal from exceeding the maximum instrument input mixer level for linear operation. In general, the peak of the spectral envelope shall be more than [10 log (OBW/RBW)] below the reference level. Specific guidance is given in 4.1.5.2.
  - 3) Attenuation: Auto (at least 10 dB preferred).
  - 4) Sweep time: Coupled.
  - 5) Resolution bandwidth: 100 kHz.
  - 6) Video bandwidth: 300 kHz.
  - 7) Detector: Peak.
  - 8) Trace: Max hold.
- f) Allow the trace to stabilize. For the test with the hopping function turned ON, this can takeseveral minutes to achieve a reasonable probability of intercepting any emissions due to oscillator overshoot.

Report No.: FCCBVDW-WAY-P22080084-2 Page: 29 of 47 Report Format Version: BV-FRFTF-01-004



- g) Set the marker on the emission at the band edge, or on the highest modulation product outside of the band, if this level is greater than that at the band edge. Enable the marker-delta function, and then use the marker-to-peak function to move the marker to the peak of the in-band emission.
- h) Repeat step c) through step e) for every applicable modulation.
- i) Set the EUT to the highest frequency channel (for the hopping on test, the hopping sequence shall include the highest frequency channel) and repeat step c) through step d).
- j) The band-edge measurement shall be reported by providing plot(s) of the measuring instrument display; the plot axes and the scale units per division shall be clearly labeled. Tabular data may be reported in addition to the plot(s).

#### **Spurious RF Conducted Emissions**

Conducted spurious emissions shall be measured for the transmit frequency, per 5.5 and 5.6, and at the maximum transmit powers.

Connect the primary antenna port through an attenuator to the spectrum analyzer input; in the results, account for all losses between the unlicensed wireless device output and the spectrum analyzer. The instrument shall span 30 MHz to 10 times the operating frequency in GHz, with a resolution bandwidth of 100 kHz, video bandwidth of 300 kHz, and a coupled sweep time with a peak detector. The band 30 MHz to the highest frequency may be split into smaller spans, as long as the entire spectrum is covered.

#### **Spurious Radiated Emissions**

- 1. The preliminary radiated measurement were performed to determine the frequency producing the maximum emissions in an semi-anechoic chamber at a distance of 3 meters.
- 2. The EUT was placed on the top of the 0.8-meter height, 1 x 1.5 meter non-metallic table. To find the maximum emission levels, the height of a measuring antenna was changed and the turntable was rotated  $360^{\circ}$ .
- 3. The antenna polarization was also changed from vertical to horizontal. The spectrum was scanned from 9 kHz to 30 MHz using the loop antenna, and from 30 to 1000 MHz using the Bi-Log antenna, and from 1000 MHz to 26500 MHz using the horn antenna.
- 4. To obtain the final measurement data, the EUT was arranged on a turntable situated on a 4 x 4 meter in an semi-anechoic chamber. The EUT was tested at a distance 3 meters.
- 5. Each frequency found during preliminary measurements was re-examined and investigated. The test-receiver system was set up to average, peak, and quasi-peak detector fuction with specified bandwidth.
- 6. The 0.8 m height is for below 1 GHz testing, and 1.5 m is for above 1GHz testing.

Report No.: FCCBVDW-WAY-P22080084-2 Page: 30 of 47 Report Format Version: BV-FRFTF-01-004



#### - Procedure for unwanted emissions measurements below 1 000 MHz

The procedure for unwanted emissions measurements below 1 000 MHz is as follows:

- a) Follow the requirements in 12.7.4.
- b) Compliance shall be determined using CISPR quasi-peak detection; however, peak detection is permitted as an alternative to quasi-peak detection.

#### - Procedure for peak unwanted emissions measurements above 1 000 MHz

The procedure for peak unwanted emissions measurements above 1 000 MHz is as follows:

- a) Follow the requirements in 12.7.4.
- b) Peak emission levels are measured by setting the instrument as follows:
  - 1) RBW = 1 MHz.
  - 2)  $VBW \ge [3 \times RBW]$ .
  - 3) Detector = peak.
  - 4) Sweep time = auto.
  - 5) Trace mode = max hold.
  - 6) Allow sweeps to continue until the trace stabilizes. Note that if the transmission is not ontinuous, then the time required for the trace to stabilize will increase by a factor of pproximately 1 / D, where D is the duty cycle. For example, at 50 % duty cycle, the easurement time will increase by a factor of two, relative to measurement time for ontinuous transmission.

#### - Procedure for average unwanted emissions measurements above 1 000 MHz

#### Trace averaging with continuous EUT transmission at full power

If the EUT can be configured or modified to transmit continuously (D  $\geq$  98%), then the average emission levels shall be measured using the following method (with EUT transmitting continuously):

- a) RBW = 1 MHz (unless otherwise specified).
- b) VBW  $\geq$  (3×RBW).
- c) Detector = RMS (power averaging), if [span / (# of points in sweep)] ≤ (RBW / 2). Satisfying this condition may require increasing the number of points in the sweep or reducing the span. If this condition cannot be satisfied, then the detector mode shall be set to peak.
- d) Averaging type = power (i.e., rms):
  - 1) As an alternative, the detector and averaging type may be set for linear voltage averaging.
  - 2) Some instruments require linear display mode to use linear voltage averaging. Log or dB averaging shall not be used.

Report No.: FCCBVDW-WAY-P22080084-2 Page: 31 of 47 Report Format Version: BV-FRFTF-01-004



- e) Sweep time = auto.
- f) Perform a trace average of at least 100 traces.

#### Trace averaging across ON and OFF times of the EUT transmissions followed by duty cycle correction

If continuous transmission of the EUT (D  $\geq$  98%) cannot be achieved and the duty cycle is constant (duty cycle variations are less than  $\pm 2\%$ ), then the following procedure shall be used:

- a) The EUT shall be configured to operate at the maximum achievable duty cycle.
- b) Measure the duty cycle D of the transmitter output signal as described in 2.4
- c) RBW = 1 MHz (unless otherwise specified).
- d)  $VBW \ge [3 \times RBW]$ .
- e) Detector = RMS (power averaging), if [span / (# of points in sweep)] ≤ (RBW / 2). Satisfying this condition may require increasing the number of points in the sweep or reducing the span. If this condition cannot be satisfied, then the detector mode shall be set to peak.
- f) Averaging type = power (i.e., rms):
  - 1) As an alternative, the detector and averaging type may be set for linear voltage averaging.
  - 2) Some instruments require linear display mode to use linear voltage averaging. Log or dB averaging shall not be used.
- g) Sweep time = auto.
- h) Perform a trace average of at least 100 traces.
- i) A correction factor shall be added to the measurement results prior to comparing with the emission limit to compute the emission level that would have been measured had the test been performed at 100% duty cycle. The correction factor is computed as follows:
  - 1) If power averaging (rms) mode was used in step f), then the applicable correction factor is  $[10 \log (1 / D)]$ , where D is the duty cycle.
  - 2) If linear voltage averaging mode was used in step f), then the applicable correction factor is  $[20 \log (1 / D)]$ , where D is the duty cycle.
  - 3) If a specific emission is demonstrated to be continuous (D ≥ 98%) rather than turning ON and OFF with with the transmit cycle, then no duty cycle correction is required for that emission.

#### - Sample Calculation

- Field Strength Level [dBµV/m] = Analyzer Level [dBm] + 107 + AFCL [dB/m] + Duty Cycle Correction [dB]
- AFCL [dB/m] = Antenna Factor [dB/m] + Cable loss [dB]
- Margin [dB] = Field Strength Level [dBμV/m] Limit [dBμV/m]

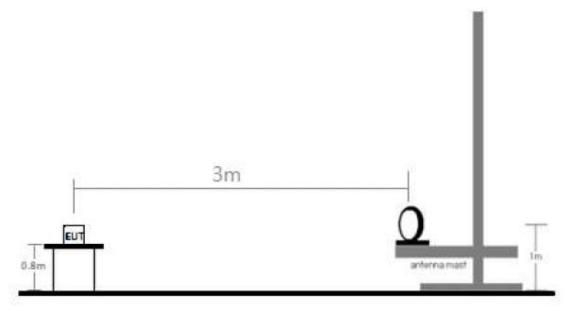
#### 3.5.3 Deviation from Test Standard

No deviation.

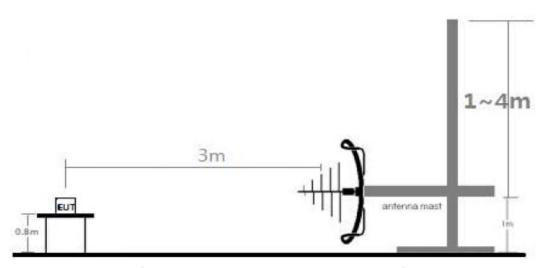
Report No.: FCCBVDW-WAY-P22080084-2 Page: 32 of 47 Report Format Version: BV-FRFTF-01-004



## 3.5.4 Test Setup



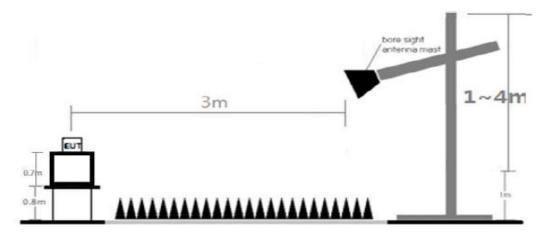
[Radiated Emission Test Setup Below 30 MHz]

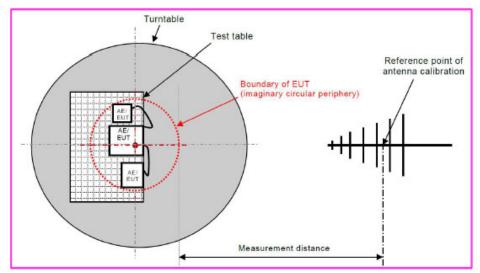


[Radiated Emission Test Setup Below 1 GHz]

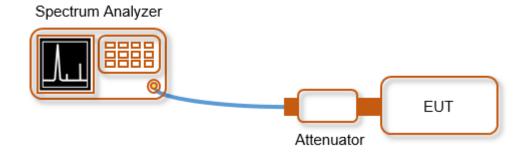
Report No.: FCCBVDW-WAY-P22080084-2 Page: 33 of 47 Report Format Version: BV-FRFTF-01-004







[Radiated Emission Test Setup Above 1 GHz]



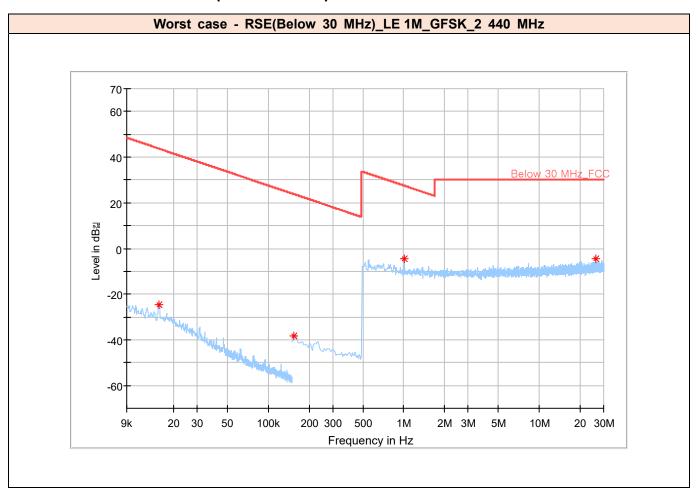
[Conducted Spurious Emission]

Report No.: FCCBVDW-WAY-P22080084-2 Page: 34 of 47 Report Format Version: BV-FRFTF-01-004



### 3.5.5 Test Result of Radiated Spurious Emission

### 3.5.5.1 Radiated Emissions (Below 30 MHz)



#### **FCC**

Frequ [MH		QuasiPeak Reading Value [dBuV]	QuasiPeak [dBuV/m]	Distance Correction Factor [dB]	Limit [dBuV/m]	Margin [dB]	Height [cm]	Pol	Azimuth [deg]	Correction Factor [dB/m]
0.0	02	34.77	-24.73	-80.00	43.67	68.40	100.00	Ground parallel	183.00	-59.50
1.0	)1	14.53	-4.57	-40.00	27.49	32.06	100.00	Ground parallel	35.00	-19.10
26.	11	12.20	-4.30	-40.00	30.00	34.30	100.00	Ground parallel	295.00	-16.50

#### IC

Frequency [MHz]	QuasiPeak Reading Value [dBuA]	QuasiPeak [dBuA/m]	Distance Correction Factor [dB]	Limit [dBuA/m]	Margin [dB]	Height [cm]	Pol	Azimuth [deg]	Correction Factor [dB/m]
0.02	-16.73	-76.23	-80.00	-7.83	68.40	100.00	Ground parallel	183.00	-59.50
1.01	-36.97	-56.07	-40.00	-24.01	32.06	100.00	Ground parallel	35.00	-19.10
26.11	-39.30	-55.80	-40.00	-21.50	34.30	100.00	Ground parallel	295.00	-16.50

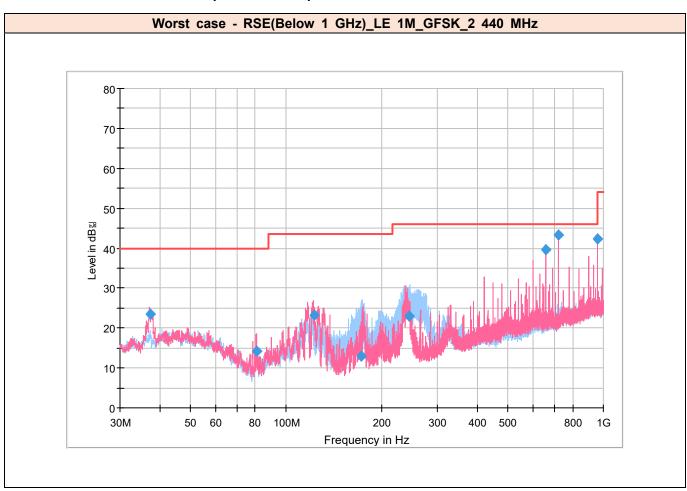
#### Remarks

- 1. Peak(dBuV/m) = Peak Reading Value(dB $\mu$ V/m) + Correction Factor(dB) + Distance Factor(dB)
- 2. Correction Factor(dB) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
- 3. Margin(dB) = (Quasi Peak) Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m) (Quasi Peak) Result (dB $\mu$ V/m)
- 4. dBuA/m = dBuV/m 51.5 dB
- 5. We tested three kind of Antenna Pol (Parallel, Perpendicular, Ground parallel) and reported worst case antenna Pol.

Report No.: FCCBVDW-WAY-P22080084-2 Page: 35 of 47 Report Format Version: BV-FRFTF-01-004



## 3.5.5.2 Radiated Emissions (Below 1 GHz)



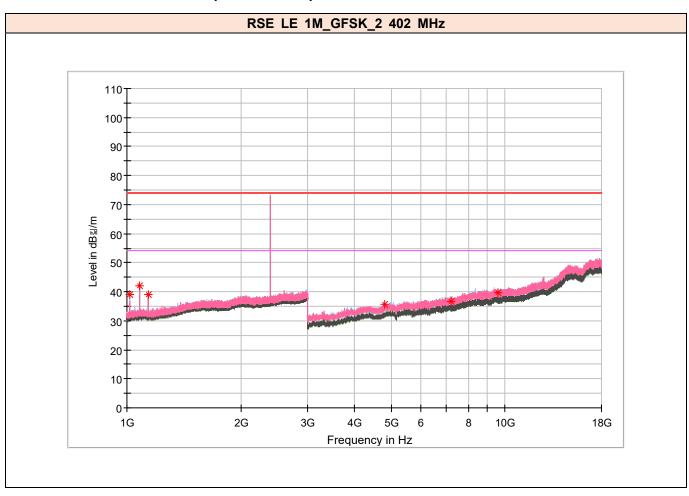
Frequency [MHz]	Quasi Reading Value [dBuV]	Quasi Peak [dBuV/m]	Limit [dBuV/m]	Margin [dB]	Height [cm]	Pol	Azimuth [deg]	Correction Factor [dB/m]
37.38	43.84	23.44	40.00	16.56	107	V	358	-20.40
81.11	40.80	14.20	40.00	25.80	124	V	358	-26.60
122.56	47.72	23.32	43.50	20.18	141	V	136	-24.40
172.86	37.93	13.03	43.50	30.47	139	Н	79	-24.90
244.91	43.61	22.91	46.00	23.09	116	Н	349	-20.70
720.01	55.21	43.21	46.00	2.79	141	V	339	-12.00

- $\label{eq:Remarks} \mbox{$1$. Quasi Peak(dB$\mu$V/m) = Quasi Peak Reading Value(dB$\mu$V/m) + Correction Factor(dB) $$2$. Correction Factor(dB) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB) $$3$. Margin(dB) = (Quasi Peak) Limit (dB$\mu$V/m) (Quasi Peak) Result (dB$\mu$V/m) $$$

Report Format Version: BV-FRFTF-01-004 Report No.: FCCBVDW-WAY-P22080084-2 Page: 36 of 47



### 3.5.5.3 Radiated Emissions (Above 1 GHz)

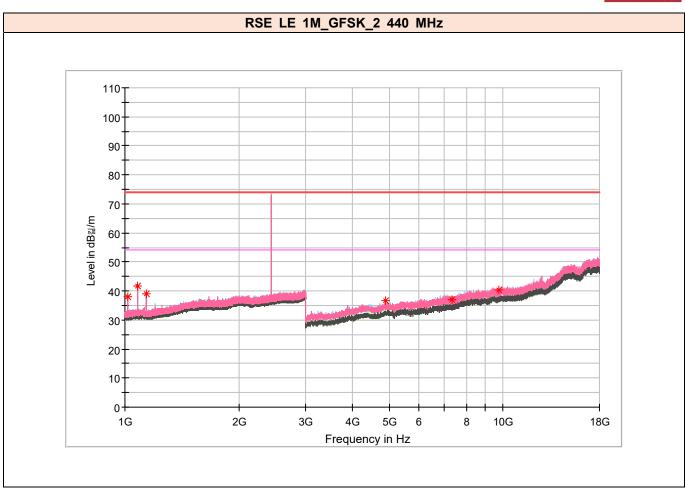


Frequency [MHz]	Peak Reading Value [dBuV]	Peak Result [dBuV/m]	AVG Reading Value [dBuV]	AVG Result [dBuV/m]	DCCF [dB]	Height [cm]	Pol [H/V]	Azimuth [deg]	Correction Factor [dB/m]	Peak Margin [dB]	Peak Limit [dBuV/m]	AVG Margin [dB]	AVG Limit [dBuV/m]
4 803.75	32,83	35,63				300	Н	13	2.80	38.37	74.00		
7 206.09	29,20	36,60				300	V	35	7.40	37.40	74.00		
9 608,44	29.15	39.65				400	Η	232	10.50	34,35	74.00		

- 1. Peak Result(dBuV/m) = Peak Reading Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
  2. AVG Result(dBuV/m) = AVG Reading Value(dBuV) + DCCF + Correction Factor(dB/m)
  3. DCCF(Duty Cycle Correction Factor) = 10 x Log(1/Duty Cycle)
  4. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antended Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB) + Distance Factor (dB)
- 5. Margin(dB) = (Peak/AVG) Limit (dBuV/m) (Peak/AVG) Result (dBuV/m) 6. \* indicates frequency in Restricted Band.

Report Format Version: BV-FRFTF-01-004 Report No.: FCCBVDW-WAY-P22080084-2 Page: 37 of 47





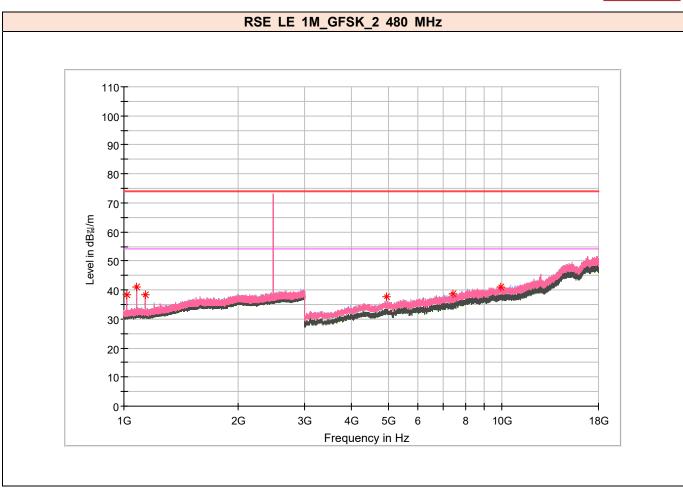
Frequency [MHz]	Peak Reading Value [dBuV]	Peak Result [dBuV/m]	AVG Reading Value [dBuV]	AVG Result [dBuV/m]	DCCF [dB]	Height [cm]	Pol [H/V]	Azimuth [deg]	Correction Factor [dB/m]	Peak Margin [dB]	Peak Limit [dBuV/m]	AVG Margin [dB]	AVG Limit [dBuV/m]
4 880,16	33,40	36.50				200	Н	20	3,10	37.50	74.00		
7 320,00	29,45	36,95				200	V	162	7.50	37.05	74.00		
9 760,31	29,60	40,30				200	V	113	10,70	33,70	74.00		

#### Remarks

- 1. Peak Result(dBuV/m) = Peak Reading Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
  2. AVG Result(dBuV/m) = AVG Reading Value(dBuV) + DCCF + Correction Factor(dB/m)
  3. DCCF(Duty Cycle Correction Factor) = 10 x Log(1/Duty Cycle)
  4. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB) + Distance Factor (dB)
  5. Magnique (BBuV/m) (Peak/AVG) Limit (dBuV/m) (Peak/AVG) Result (dBuV/m)
- 6. \* indicates frequency in Restricted Band.

Report Format Version: BV-FRFTF-01-004 Report No.: FCCBVDW-WAY-P22080084-2 Page: 38 of 47





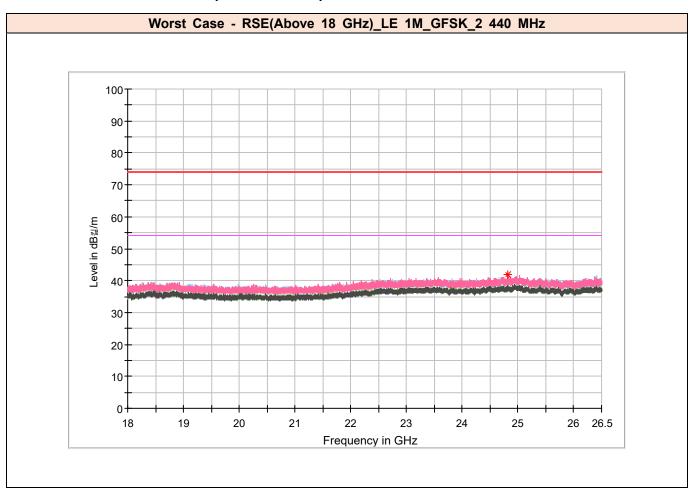
Frequency [MHz]	Peak Reading Value [dBuV]	Peak Result [dBuV/m]	AVG Reading Value [dBuV]	AVG Result [dBuV/m]	DCCF [dB]	Height [cm]	Pol [H/V]	Azimuth [deg]	Correction Factor [dB/m]	Peak Margin [dB]	Peak Limit [dBuV/m]	AVG Margin [dB]	AVG Limit [dBuV/m]
4 960,31	34,33	37,63				100	Н	2	3,30	36,37	74.00		
7 440.00	30,86	38.56				100	Н	139	7.70	35,44	74.00		
9 919.69	30.02	41.12				200	V	43	11,10	32,88	74.00		

- 1. Peak Result(dBuV/m) = Peak Reading Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
  2. AVG Result(dBuV/m) = AVG Reading Value(dBuV) + DCCF + Correction Factor(dB/m)
  3. DCCF(Duty Cycle Correction Factor) = 10 x Log(1/Duty Cycle)
  4. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB) + Distance Factor (dB)
- 5. Margin(dB) = (Peak/AVG) Limit (dBuV/m) (Peak/AVG) Result (dBuV/m) 6. \* indicates frequency in Restricted Band.

Report Format Version: BV-FRFTF-01-004 Report No.: FCCBVDW-WAY-P22080084-2 Page: 39 of 47



### 3.5.5.4 Radiated Emissions (Above 18 GHz)



Frequency [MHz]	Peak Reading Value [dBuV]	Peak Result [dBuV/m]	AVG Reading Value [dBuV]	AVG Result [dBuV/m]	DCCF [dB]	Height [cm]	Pol [H/V]	Azimuth [deg]	Correction Factor [dB/m]	Peak Margin [dB]	Peak Limit [dBuV/m]	AVG Margin [dB]	AVG Limit [dBuV/m]
24 814.08	39.82	41.82	-	-	-	300	V	273	2.00	32.18	74.00	-	-

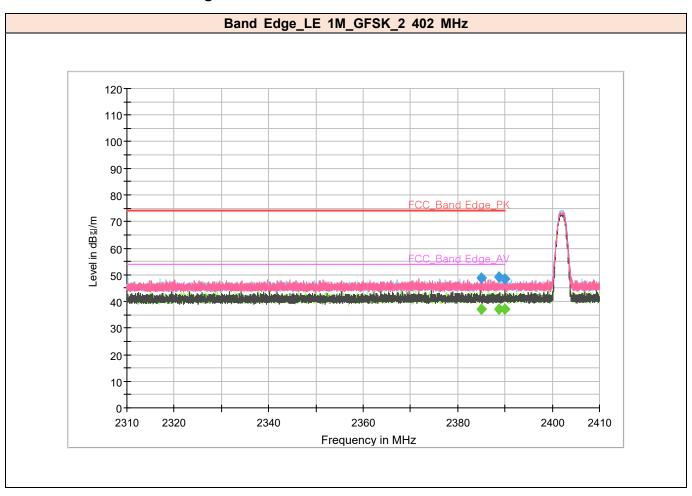
#### Remarks

- 1. Peak Result(dBuV/m) = Peak Reading Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
- 2. AVG Result(dBuV/m) = AVG Reading Value(dBuV) + DCCF + Correction Factor(dB/m)
  3. DCCF(Duty Cycle Correction Factor) = 10 x Log(1/Duty Cycle)
- 4. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB) + Distance Factor (dB)
- 5. Margin(dB) = (Peak/AVG) Limit (dBuV/m) (Peak/AVG) Result (dBuV/m) 6. \* indicates frequency in Restricted Band.

Report Format Version: BV-FRFTF-01-004 Report No.: FCCBVDW-WAY-P22080084-2 Page: 40 of 47



### 3.5.5.5 Restricted Band Edge Measurements



Frequency [MHz]	Peak Reading Value [dBuV]	Peak Result [dBuV/m]	AVG Reading Value [dBuV]	AVG Result [dBuV/m]	DCCF [dB]	Height [cm]	Pol [H/V]	Azimuth [deg]	Correction Factor [dB/m]	Peak Margin [dB]	Peak Limit [dBuV/m]	AVG Margin [dB]	AVG Limit [dBuV/m]
2 385.09	45.40	48.70				292	Н	329	3.30	25.30	74.00		
2 385.09			33.61	38.97	2.06	292	Н	329	3.30			15.03	54.00
2 388.73	45.95	49.25				274	V	53	3.30	24.75	74.00		
2 388.73			33.63	38.99	2.06	274	V	53	3.30			15.01	54.00
2 389.97	45.15	48.45				300	V	348	3.30	25.55	74.00		
2 389.97			33.64	39.00	2.06	300	V	348	3.30			15.00	54.00

- Peak Result(dBuV/m) = Peak Reading Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
   AVG Result(dBuV/m) = AVG Reading Value(dBuV) + DCCF + Correction Factor(dB/m)

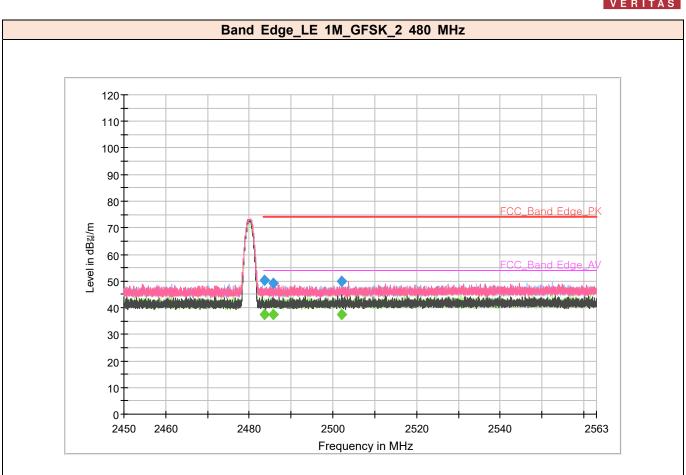
Report No.: FCCBVDW-WAY-P22080084-2

3. DCCF(Duty Cycle Correction Factor) = 10 x Log(1/Duty Cycle)
4. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB) + Distance Factor (dB)
5. Margin(dB) = (Peak/AVG) Limit (dBuV/m) – (Peak/AVG) Result (dBuV/m)

Page: 41 of 47

Report Format Version: BV-FRFTF-01-004





Frequency [MHz]	Peak Reading Value [dBuV]	Peak Result [dBuV/m]	AVG Reading Value [dBuV]	AVG Result [dBuV/m]	DCCF [dB]	Height [cm]	Pol [H/V]	Azimuth [deg]	Correction Factor [dB/m]	Peak Margin [dB]	Peak Limit [dBuV/m]	AVG Margin [dB]	AVG Limit [dBuV/m]
2 483.59	46.36	50.16				163	Н	28	3.80	23.84	74.00		
2 483.59			33.50	39.36	2.06	163	Н	28	3.80			14.64	54.00
2 485.75	45.44	49.24				350	V	350	3.80	24.76	74.00		
2 485.75			33.59	39.45	2.06	350	V	192	3.80			14.55	54.00
2 502.05	45.96	49.76				260	V	15	3.80	24.24	74.00		
2 502.05			33.62	39.48	2.06	260	V	15	3.80			14.52	54.00

#### Remarks

Report No.: FCCBVDW-WAY-P22080084-2

1. Peak Result(dBuV/m) = Peak Reading Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. AVG Result(dBuV/m) = AVG Reading Value(dBuV) + DCCF + Correction Factor(dB/m)
3. DCCF(Duty Cycle Correction Factor) = 10 x Log(1/Duty Cycle)
4. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antended Automatical Correction Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB/m) + Distance Factor(dB)

1. Peak Result(dBuV/m) = Peak Reading Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)

2. AVG Result(dBuV/m) = AVG Reading Value(dBuV) + DCCF + Correction Factor(dB/m)

3. DCCF(Duty Cycle Correction Factor) = 10 x Log(1/Duty Cycle)

4. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Avg Reading Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m) + Distance Factor(dB/m)

5. Market Pack Result(dBuV/m) = Peak Reading Value(dBuV) + DCCF + Correction Factor(dB/m)

6. Avg Result(dBuV/m) = AVG Reading Value(dBuV) + DCCF + Correction Factor(dB/m)

7. Avg Result(dBuV/m) = AVG Reading Value(dBuV) + DCCF + Correction Factor(dB/m)

8. Avg Result(dBuV/m) = Avg Reading Value(dBuV) + DCCF + Correction Factor(dB/m)

9. Avg Result(dBuV/m) = Avg Reading Value(dBuV) + DCCF + Correction Factor(dB/m)

9. Avg Result(dBuV/m) = Avg Reading Value(dBuV) + DCCF + Correction Factor(dB/m)

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9. Avg Result(dBuV/m) = Avg Reading Value(dBuV/m)

9. Avg Result(dBuV/m) = Avg Reading Val

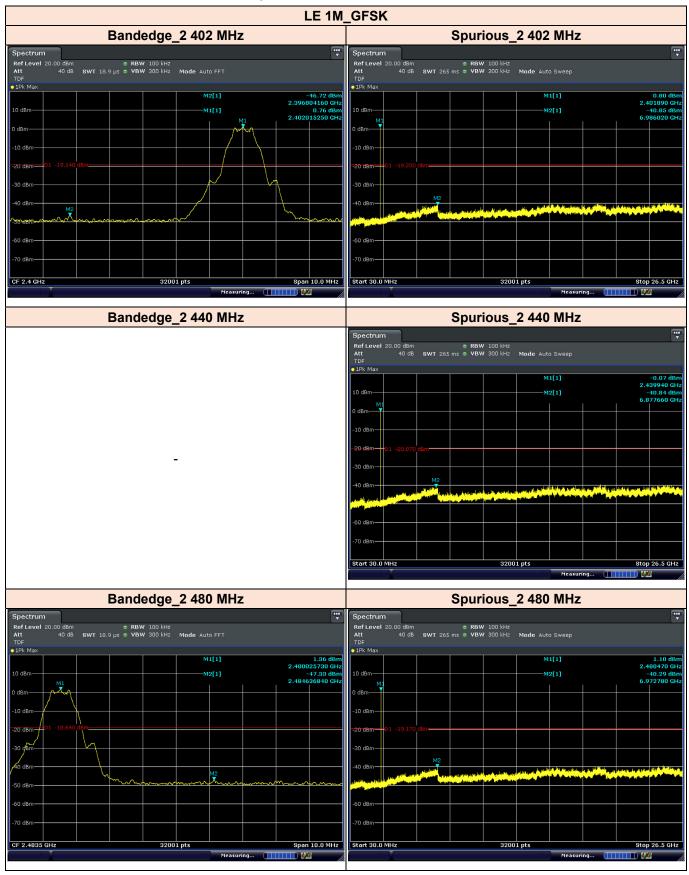
Page: 42 of 47

5. Margin(dB) = (Peak/AVG) Limit (dBuV/m) – (Peak/AVG) Result (dBuV/m)

Report Format Version: BV-FRFTF-01-004



### 3.5.6 Test Result of Conducted Spurious Emission





#### 3.6 AC Conducted Emissions (150 kHz to 30 MHz)

#### 3.6.1 Regulation

\$15.207(a): Except as shown in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50  $\mu$ H/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

	Conducted limit (d	dΒμV)
Frequency of emission (MHz)	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15-0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
0.5-5	56	46
5-30	60	50

<sup>\*</sup> Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

#### 3.6.2 Test Procedure

- a) The EUT was placed 0.4 meters from the conducting wall of the shielded room with EUT being connected to the power mains through a line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Other support units were connected to the power mains through another LISN. The two LISNs provide 50 ohm / 50  $\,\mu$ H of coupling impedance for the measuring instrument.
- b) Both lines of the power mains connected to the EUT were checked for maximum conducted interference.
- c) The frequency range from 150 kHz to 30 MHz was searched. Emission levels under (Limit 20 dB) was not recorded.

**Remark**: The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver is 9 kHz for quasi-peak detection (QP) and average detection (AV) at frequency 0.15 MHz – 30 MHz.

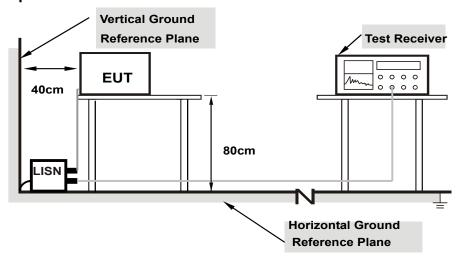
#### 3.6.3 Deviation from Test Standard

No deviation.

Report No.: FCCBVDW-WAY-P22080084-2 Page: 44 of 47 Report Format Version: BV-FRFTF-01-004

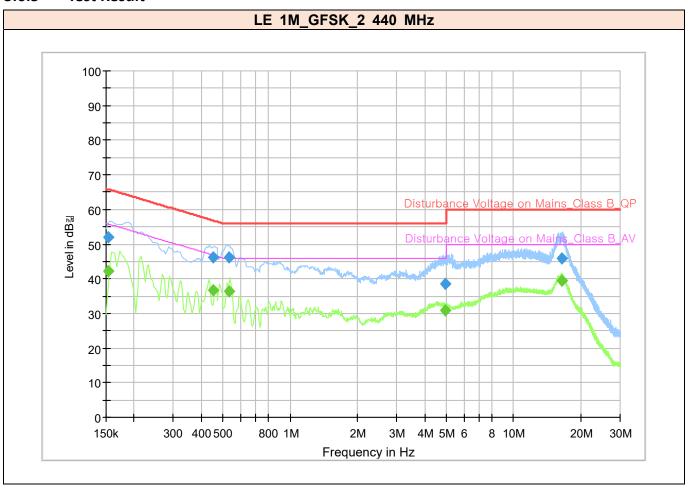


## 3.6.4 Test Setup





#### 3.6.5 **Test Result**



Frequency [MHz]	Quasi Peak Reading Value [dBuV]	Quasi Peak Result [dBuV]	CAV Reading Value [dBuV]	CAV Result [dBuV]	Line	Correction Factor [dB/m]	Quasi Peak Margin [dBuV]	Quasi Peak Limit [dBuV]	CAV Margin [dBuV]	CAV Limit [dBuV]
0.15	42.36	52.06			N	9.70	12.49	64.55		
0.15			32.64	42.34	N	9.70			12.32	54.66
0.45	36.57	46.27			N	9.70	9.73	56.00		
0.45			27.06	36.76	N	9.70			9.24	46.00
0.53	36.54	46.24			N	9.70	9.76	56.00		
0.53			26.75	36.45	N	9.70			9.55	46.00
4.97	28.77	38.57			N	9.80	17.43	56.00		
4.97			21.00	30.80	N	9.80			15.20	46.00
16.41	35.60	45.90			L1	10.30	10.10	56.00		
16.41			29.20	39.50	L1	10.30			6.50	46.00

Report Format Version: BV-FRFTF-01-004 Report No.: FCCBVDW-WAY-P22080084-2 Page: 46 of 47

<sup>1.</sup> Final Value (QP and/or CAV) = Reading Value (QP and/or CAV) + Corr. (LISN Insertion Loss + Cable Loss)

Margin (QP and/or CAV) = Limit – Final Value (QP and/or CAV)

QP = Quasi-Peak, CAV = CISPR-Average, Corr. = Correction Factor

<sup>2.</sup> Two graphs measured for both Live (L1) and Neutral (N) of the LISN are combined into one graph.



### **Appendix – Information of the Testing Laboratories**

We, Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services Korea. Our laboratories are FCC recognized accredited test firms and accredited and approved according to ISO/IEC 17025.

Test Firm Name: BV CPS ADT Korea Ltd.

Main Address :Innoplex No.2 106, Sinwon-ro 306, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16675 KOREA

Satellite Address: Bureau Veritas Bldg, HeungAn-daero 49, DongAn-gu, Anyang-si, Gyeonggi-do, 14119,

**KOREA** 

**FCC** 

**Designation Number: KR0158** 

Test Firm Registration Number: 666061

**ISED** 

**Designation Number: KR0158** 

Test Firm Registration Number : 25944 (Main) Test Firm Registration Number : 26316 (Satellite)

If you have any comments, please feel free to contact us at the following:

Email: <a href="Meyer.Shin@bureauveritas.com">Meyer.Shin@bureauveritas.com</a>
Web Site: <a href="https://www.bureauveritas.co.kr/cps/eaw">www.bureauveritas.co.kr/cps/eaw</a>

The address and road map of all our labs can be found in our web site also.

- End of report -

Report No.: FCCBVDW-WAY-P22080084-2 Page: 47 of 47 Report Format Version: BV-FRFTF-01-004