

FCC ID: 2AQSK-RC10

## 1.1Applicable Standard

According to §1.1307(b)(1), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission's guidelines.

According to §1.1310 and §2.1091 RF exposure is calculated.

KDB447498 v06: Mobile and Portable Devices RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies

# 1.2 Requirement

Systems operating under the provisions of FCC 47 CFR section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission's guidelines.

In accordance with 47 CFR FCC Part 2 Subpart J, section 2.1091 this device has been defined as mobile device whereby a distance of 0.2m normally can be maintained between the user and the device, and below RF Permissible Exposure limit shall comply with.

In accordance with KDB447498D01 for Simultaneous transmission MPE test exclusion applies when the sum of the MPE ratios for all simultaneous transmitting antennas incorporated in a host device, based on the calculated/estimated, numerically modeled or measured field strengths or power density, is ≤ 1.0. The MPE ratio of each antenna is determined at the minimum test separation distance required by the operating configurations and exposure conditions of the host device, according to the ratio of field strengths or power density to MPE limit, at the test frequency. Either the maximum peak or spatially averaged results from measurements or numerical simulations may be used to determine the MPE ratios. Spatial averaging does not apply when MPE is estimated using simple calculations based on far-field plane-wave equivalent conditions. The antenna installation and operating requirements for the host device must meet the minimum test separation distances required by all antennas, in both standalone and simultaneous transmission operations, to satisfy compliance.



# 1.3 Limit

# Limits for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE)/Controlled Exposure

Frequency Range(MHz)	Electric Field Strength(V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength(A/m)	Power Density (mW/cm²)	Averaging Time (minute)	
Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure					
0.3 - 3.0 3.0 - 30 30 - 300 300 - 1500 1500 - 100,000	614 1842/f 61.4 /	1.63 4.89/f 0.163 /	(100) * (900/f <sup>2</sup> )* 1.0 f/300 5	6 6 6 6	

# Limits for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE)/Uncontrolled Exposure

Frequency Range(MHz)	Electric Field Strength(V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength(A/m)	Power Density (mW/cm²)	Averaging Time (minute)	
Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure					
0.3 - 3.0 3.0 - 30 30 - 300 300 - 1500 1500 - 100,000	614 824/f 27.5 /	1.63 2.19/f 0.073 /	(100) * (180/f <sup>2</sup> )* 0.2 f/1500 1.0	30 30 30 30 30	

F=frequency in MHz

<sup>\*=</sup>Plane-wave equivalent power density



# **Manufacturing tolerance**

# **GSM Speech**

	GSM 850 GPRS	(GMSK) (Burst A	Average Power)	
Cha	Channel		190	251
1 Txslot	Target (dBm)	31.50	31.50	31.50
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
2 Txslot	Target (dBm)	30.0	30.0	30.2
2 1 X 5101	Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
3 Txslot	Target (dBm)	28.0	28.0	28.0
	Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
4 Txslot	Target (dBm)	27.0	27.0	27.0
4 1 35101	Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
	GSM 1900 GPRS	6 (GMSK) (Burst	Average Power)	
Cha	Channel		661	810
1 Txslot	Target (dBm)	29.50	29.50	29.50
1 IXSIOT	Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
2 Txslot	Target (dBm)	27.0	27.0	27.0
∠ IXSIOt	Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
3 Txslot	Target (dBm)	26.0	26.0	26.0
3 I XSIOI	Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
4 Txslot	Target (dBm)	25.0	25.0	25.0
4 1 XSIUL	Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0



#### 1.5 MPE Calculation Method

Predication of MPE limit at a given distance Equation from page 18 of OET Bulletin 65, Edition 97-01

## $S=PG/4\pi R^2$

Where: S=power density

P=power input to antenna

G=power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator

R=distance to the center of radiation of the antenna

As declared by the Applicant, the EUT transmits with the maximum soure-baed Duty Cycle of 100%-see the User manual, and the EUT is a wireless device used in a mobile application, at least 20 cm from any body part of the user or nearby persons; from the maximum EUT RF output power, the minimum mobile separation distance, r =20cm, as well as the gain of the used antenna is 1.80dBi for GSM850. the gain of the used antenna is 2.50dBi for GSM1900. and the power drift from Turn-up Procedure provide by manufacturer as following states, the RF power density can be obtained..



## 1.6 Evaluation Result

#### 1.6.1 Standalone MPE

Mode	Minimum Separation Distance	Output Power (Turn-up Procedure)		Antenna Gain	Power Density At 20 cm	Power Density Limit	Test Results
	(cm)	dBm	mW	(Numeric)	(mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	(mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	
GSM850	20.00	32.50	1778.279	1.51	0.5348	0.5495	PASS
GSM1900	20.00	30.50	1122.018	1.78	0.3975	1.0000	PASS

## 1.6.2 Simultaneous transmission MPE Considerations

According to KDB447498 :For mobile exposure host platform to qualify for simultaneous transmission MPE test exclusion, all transmitters and antennas in the host must be either evaluated for MPE compliance, by measurement or computational modeling, or qualify for the standalone MPE test exclusion in section 7.1.

Simultaneous transmission MPE test exclusion applies when the sum of the MPE ratios for all simultaneous transmitting antennas incorporated in a host device, based on the calculated/estimated, numerically modeled or measured field strengths or power density, is  $\leq 1.0$ .

This means that:

 $\Sigma$  of MPE ratios ≤ 1.0

The EUT only has the GPRS transmissing, So We don not consider the Simultaneous transmissing.

## 1.7Conclusion

This equipment complies with FCC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment.

End of Report	
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