

# SAR EVALUATION REPORT

For

# **SWAGTEK**

10205 NW 19th Street, STE 101, Miami, FL33172, USA

FCC ID: 055501517

Report Type: Product Type:

Original Report 3G MOBILE PHONE

**Report Number:** RSZ170425017-20

**Report Date:** 2017-05-26

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	Attestation of Test Results						
	Company Name	SWAGTEK					
	EUT Description	3G MOBILE PHONE					
EUT Information	Model Number	UNONU U5008 PLUS					
	FCC ID	O55501517					
	Test Date	2017-05-07 to 2017-05-10					
MO	DE	Max. SAR Level(s) Reported(W/Kg)	Limit (W/Kg)				
GSM 850	1g Head SAR	0.18					
GSW1 650	1g Body SAR	0.44					
PCS 1900	1g Head SAR	0.06					
PCS 1900	1g Body SAR	0.29					
WCDMA Dan 15	1g Head SAR	0.18					
WCDMA Band 5	1g Body SAR	0.41	1.6				
WCDMA D 12	1g Head SAR	0.11					
WCDMA Band 2	1g Body SAR	0.48					
	1g Head SAR	0.52					
Simultaneous	1g Body SAR	0.65	1				
	1g Body SAR	0.65 (Hotspot)					

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Applicable Standards	FCC 47 CFR part 2.1093 Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: portable devices  IEEE1528:2013 IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques  IEC 62209-2:2010 Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices-Human models, instrumentation, and procedures-Part 2: Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)  KDB procedures
	KDB procedures  KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06.  KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03.  KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04  KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02  KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01  KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode v02r01

**Note:** This wireless device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE Standards and has been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and RF exposure KDB procedures.

The results and statements contained in this report pertain only to the device(s) evaluated.

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# **DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY**

Revision Number	Report Number	Description of Revision	Date of Revision	
0	RSZ170425017-20	Original Report	2017-05-26	

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## **EUT DESCRIPTION**

This report has been prepared on behalf of SWAGTEK and their product, FCC ID: O55501517, Model: UNONU U5008 PLUS or the EUT (Equipment under Test) as referred to in the rest of this report.

#### Note:

1. The device is capable of personal hotspot mode. WLAN Hotspot mode permits the device to share its cellular data connection with other 2.4 GHz WLAN enabled devices.

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2. All measurement and test data in this report was gathered from production sample serial number: 17042501705(Assigned by BACL, Kunshan). The EUT supplied by the applicant was received on 2017-04-26.

## **Technical Specification**

Product Type	Portable
<b>Exposure Category:</b>	Population / Uncontrolled
Antenna Type(s):	Internal Antenna
Body-Worn Accessories:	Headset
Face-Head Accessories:	None
Multi-slot Class:	Class12
	GSM Voice, GPRS Data,
On anation Mode.	WCDMA( R99 (Voice+Data), HSUPA, HSDPA)
Operation Mode :	WLAN
	Bluetooth
	GSM 850 : 824-849 MHz(TX) ; 869-894 MHz(RX)
	PCS 1900: 1850-1910 MHz(TX); 1930-1990 MHz(RX)
Frequency Band:	WCDMA Band 5: 824-849 MHz(TX); 869-894 MHz(RX)
Frequency Band.	WCDMA Band 2: 1850-1910 MHz(TX); 1930-1990 MHz(RX)
	WLAN(802.11b/g/n20): 2412MHz-2472 MHz
	Bluetooth:2402-2480MHz
Dimensions (L*W*H):	145 mm (L) × 75 mm (W) × 10 mm (H)
Power Source:	3.7 V <sub>DC</sub> Rechargeable Battery
Normal Operation:	Head and Body-worn

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## REFERENCE, STANDARDS, AND GUILDELINES

## FCC:

The Report and Order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For portable devices, the RF radiation exposure evaluation requirement was provided in part 2.1093. According to KDB447498 D01 "General RF Exposure Guidance", the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

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This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices.

## CE:

The order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For portable devices, the limitation of exposure of the general public to electromagnetic fields was recommended on Council Recommendation 1999/519/EC. According to the Standard IEC62209-1/2, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body portable devices.

The test configurations were laid out on a specially designed test fixture to ensure the reproducibility of measurements. Each configuration was scanned for SAR. Analysis of each scan was carried out to characterize the above effects in the device.

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### **SAR Limits**

## FCC Limit (1g Tissue)

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	SAR (W/kg)				
EXPOSURE LIMITS	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)			
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4			
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 1 g of tissue)	1.60	8.0			
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0			

## CE Limit (10g Tissue)

	SAR (W/kg)				
EXPOSURE LIMITS	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)			
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4			
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 10 g of tissue)	2.0	10			
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0			

Population/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

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## **FACILITIES**

The test site used by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (kunshan) to collect test data is located on No.248 Chenghu Road, Kunshan, Jiangsu province, China.

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#### **DASY4 SAR Evaluation Procedure**

#### **Power Reference Measurement**

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurement jobs are useful jobs for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. Both jobs measure the field at a specified reference position, at a selectable distance from the phantom surface. The reference position can be either the selected section's grid reference point or a user point in this section. The reference job projects the selected point onto the phantom surface, orients the probe perpendicularly to the surface, and approaches the surface using the selected detection method. The Minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. By default, the Minimum distance of probe sensors to surface is 4mm. This distance can be modified by the user, but cannot be smaller than the Distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

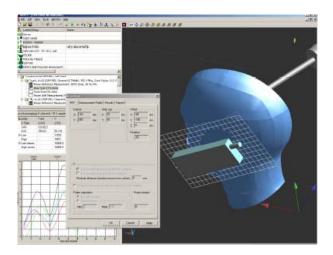
#### Area Scan

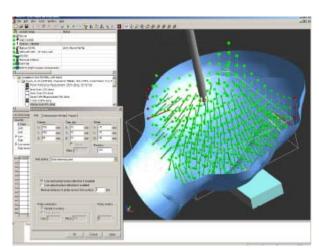
The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a finer measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY4 software can find the maximum locations even in relatively coarse grids.

The scanning area is defined by an editable grid. This grid is anchored at the grid reference point of the selected section in the phantom. When the Area Scan's property sheet is brought-up, grid settings can be edited by a user.

When an Area Scan has measured all reachable points, it computes the field maxima found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE 1528-2013, IEC 62209-1:2006 and IEC 62209-2:2010 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan). If only one Zoom Scan follows the Area Scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of Zoom Scans has to be increased accordingly.

After measurement is completed, all maxima and their coordinates are listed in the Results property page. The maximum selected in the list is highlighted in the 3-D view. For the secondary maxima returned from an Area Scan, the user can specify a lower limit (peak SAR value), in addition to the Find secondary maxima within x dB condition. Only the primary maximum and any secondary maxima within x dB from the primary maximum and above this limit will be measured.





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#### **Zoom Scan**

Zoom Scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The default Zoom Scan measures 5 x 5 x 7 points within a cube whose base faces are centered around the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the Zoom Scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 g and 10 g and displays these values next to the job's label.

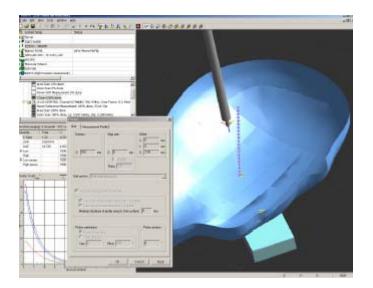
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#### Power drift measurement

The Power Drift Measurement job measures the field at the same location as the most recent power reference measurement job within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The Power Drift Measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last Power Reference Measurement. Several drift measurements are possible for one reference measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. The measurement procedure is the same as Step 1.

#### Z-Scan

The Z Scan job measures points along a vertical straight line. The line runs along the Z axis of a one-dimensional grid. A user can anchor the grid to the section reference point, to any defined user point or to the current probe location. As with any other grids, the local Z axis of the anchor location establishes the Z axis of the grid.



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## **DESCRIPTION OF TEST SYSTEM**

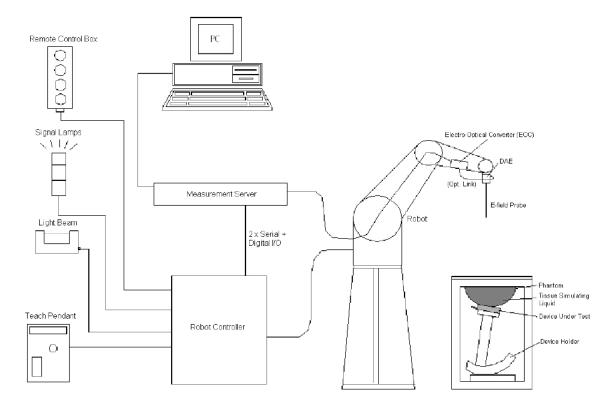
These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system DASY4 from Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) which is the Fifth generation of the system shown in the figure hereinafter:

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## **DASY4 System Description**

The DASY4 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



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- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Staubli TX=RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplication, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital
  communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC
  signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running Win7 profesional operating system and the DASY42 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

#### **DASY4 Measurement Server**

The DASY4 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a 400MHz intel ULV Celeron, 128MB chip-disk and 128MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE4 (or DAE3) electronics box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY4 I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.



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The measurement server performs all real-time data evaluation of field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. The PC operating system cannot interfere with these time critical processes. All connections are supervised by a watchdog, and disconnection of any of the cables to the measurement server will automatically disarm the robot and disable all program-controlled robot movements. Furthermore, the measurement server is equipped with an expansion port which is reserved for future applications. Please note that this expansion port does not have a standardized point out, and therefore only devices provided by SPEAG can be connected. Devices from any other supplier could seriously damage the measurement server.

#### **Data Acquisition Electronics**

The data acquisition electronics (DAE4) consist of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifer with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder with a control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information, as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection.

The input impedance of both the DAE4 as well as of the DAE3 box is 200MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.

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#### **EX3DV4 E-Field Probes**

Frequency	10 MHz to > 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity: $\pm$ 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μW/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm)  Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm)  Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields); the only probe that enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.
Compatibility	DASY3, DASY4, DASY42 SAR and higher, EASY4/MRI

#### **SAM Twin Phantom**

The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region, where shell thickness increases to 6 mm). The phantom has three measurement areas:

- \_ Left hand
- Right hand
- \_ Flat phantom

The phantom table for the DASY systems based on the TX90XL and RX160L robots have the size of  $100 \times 50 \times 85$  cm (L xWx H). The phantom table for the compact DASY systems based on the RX60L robot have the size of  $100 \times 75 \times 91$  cm (L xWx H); these tables are reinforced for mounting of the robot onto the table.



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For easy dislocation these tables have fork lift cut outs at the bottom.

The bottom plate contains three pairs of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. Only one device holder is necessary if two phantoms are used (e.g., for different liquids)

A white cover is provided to cover the phantom during o\_-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. Free space scans of devices on top of this phantom cover are possible.

Three reference marks are provided on the phantom counter. These reference marks are used to teach the absolute phantom position relative to the robot.

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#### **Robots**

The DASY4 system uses the high precision industrial robots RX90XL from Staubli SA (France). The TX robot family is the successor of the well known RX robot family and offers the same features important for our application:

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- High precision (repeatability 0.02mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Low maintenance costs (virtually maintenance free due to direct drive gears; no belt drives)
- Jerk-free straight movements (brushless synchron motors; no stepper motors)
- Low ELF interference (motor control fields shielded via the closed metallic construction shields)

The above mentioned robots are controlled by the Staubli CS8c robot controllers. All information regarding the use and maintenance of the robot arm and the robot controller is contained on the CDs delivered along with the robot. Paper manuals are available upon request direct from Staubli.

#### **Area Scans**

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for FCC applications utilize a 10mm2 step integral, with 1mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.

Where the system identifies multiple SAR peaks (which are within 25% of peak value) the system will provide the user with the option of assessing each peak location individually for zoom scan averaging.

#### **Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)**

The averaging zoom scan volume utilized in the DASY4 software is in the shape of a cube and the side dimension of a 1 g or 10 g mass is dependent on the density of the liquid representing the simulated tissue. A density of 1000 kg/m3 is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1 g cube is 10mm, with the side length of the 10 g cube 21,5mm.

When the cube intersects with the surface of the phantom, it is oriented so that 3 vertices touch the surface of the shell or the center of a face is tangent to the surface. The face of the cube closest to the surface is modified in order to conform to the tangent surface.

The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications (including FCC) utilize a physical step of 5x5x8 (8mmx8mmx5mm) providing a volume of 32mm in the X & Y axis, and 35mm in the Z axis.

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## **Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms**

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528.

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## Recommended Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body

Frequency	Head '	Tissue	<b>Body Tissue</b>		
(MHz)	εr	O'(S/m)	εr	O' (S/m)	
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80	
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92	
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94	
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97	
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05	
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06	
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30	
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40	
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52	
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95	
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73	
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00	

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# **EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION**

# **Equipments List & Calibration Information**

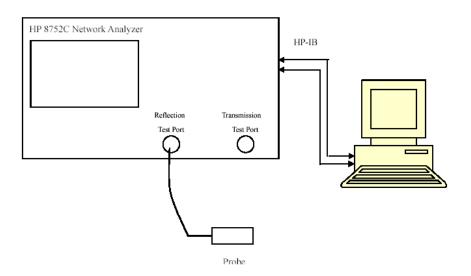
Equipment	Model	S/N	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
Robot	RX90	5L79A1	N/A	N/A
DASY4 Test Software	DASY4.5	N/A	N/A	N/A
DASY4 Measurement Server	DASY 4.5.12	1180	N/A	N/A
Data Acquistion Electronics	DAE4	772	2016/10/25	2017/10/24
E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7382	2016/10/26	2017/10/25
Dipole, 835 MHz	D835V2	453	2015/08/17	2018/08/16
Dipole,1900 MHz	D1900V2	5d206	2015/07/14	2018/07/13
Mounting Device	SD 000 H01 KA	N/A	N/A	N/A
Twin SAM	Twin SAM V5.0	1909	N/A	N/A
Simulated Tissue 835 MHz Head	TS-835-H	N/A	Each Time	/
Simulated Tissue 835 MHz Body	TS-835-B	N/A	Each Time	/
Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Head	TS-1900-H	N/A	Each Time	/
Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Body	TS-1900-B	N/A	Each Time	/
Network Analyzer	8753B	2625A00809	2016/10/06	2017/10/05
S-Parameter Test Set	85047A	3033A02428	2016/10/06	2017/10/05
Dielectric probe kit	85070B	US33020324	N/A	N/A
Signal Generator	SMBV100A	261558	2016-07-04	2017-07-04
Wideband Radio Communication Test	CMU200	103113	2016-11-11	2017-11-10
Power Meter	E4419B	MY41291878	2017/01/23	2018/01/22
Power Meter Sensor	E9301A	US39210953	2016/05/30	2017/05/29
Power Amplifier	10S1G4M1	18060	N/A	N/A
Directional Coupler	488Z	N/A	N/A	N/A
Attenuator	20dB, 100W	N/A	N/A	N/A
Attenuator	3dB, 150W	N/A	N/A	N/A

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# SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM VERIFICATION

## **Liquid Verification**



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Liquid Verification Setup Block Diagram

## **Liquid Verification Results**

Frequency Liquid		Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance
(MHz)	Туре	$\epsilon_{\rm r}$	O' (S/m)	$\epsilon_{\rm r}$	(S/m)	$\Delta \epsilon_{ m r}$	ΔΟ΄ (S/m)	(%)
824.2	Simulated Tissue 835MHz Head	40.96	0.92	41.56	0.90	-1.444	2.222	±5
826.4	Simulated Tissue 835MHz Head	41.37	0.89	41.54	0.90	-0.409	-1.111	±5
835	Simulated Tissue 835MHz Head	41.57	0.92	41.50	0.90	0.169	2.222	±5
836.6	Simulated Tissue 835MHz Head	41.64	0.92	41.50	0.90	0.337	2.222	±5
846.6	Simulated Tissue 835MHz Head	40.46	0.90	41.50	0.91	-2.506	-1.099	±5
848.8	Simulated Tissue 835MHz Head	41.02	0.90	41.50	0.91	-1.157	-1.099	±5

<sup>\*</sup>Liquid Verification was performed on 2017-05-07.

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<sup>\*</sup>Liquid Verification was performed on 2017-05-08.

Frequency Liquid		Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance
(MHz)	Туре	$\epsilon_{ m r}$	O' (S/m)	$\epsilon_{ m r}$	O' (S/m)	$\Delta \epsilon_{ m r}$	ΔΟ΄ (S/m)	(%)
1850.2	Simulated Tissue 1900MHz Head	40.89	1.42	40.00	1.40	2.225	1.429	±5
1852.4	Simulated Tissue 1900MHz Head	40.31	1.40	40.00	1.40	0.775	0.000	±5
1880	Simulated Tissue 1900MHz Head	39.53	1.41	40.00	1.40	-1.175	0.714	±5
1900	Simulated Tissue 1900MHz Head	40.72	1.41	40.00	1.40	1.800	0.714	±5
1907.6	Simulated Tissue 1900MHz Head	39.76	1.41	40.00	1.40	-0.600	0.714	±5
1909.8	Simulated Tissue 1900MHz Head	40.14	1.41	40.00	1.40	0.350	0.714	±5

<sup>\*</sup>Liquid Verification was performed on 2017-05-09.

Frequency Liquid		Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance
(MHz)	Туре	$\epsilon_{ m r}$	O' (S/m)	$\epsilon_{\rm r} = \begin{bmatrix} O \\ (S/m) \end{bmatrix}$		$\Delta \epsilon_{ m r}$	ΔΟ΄ (S/m)	(%)
1850.2	Simulated Tissue 1900MHz Body	53.33	1.49	53.30	1.52	0.056	-1.974	±5
1852.4	Simulated Tissue 1900MHz Body	53.71	1.51	53.30	1.52	0.769	-0.658	±5
1880	Simulated Tissue 1900MHz Body	52.62	1.49	53.30	1.52	-1.276	-1.974	±5
1900	Simulated Tissue 1900MHz Body	52.16	1.48	53.30	1.52	-2.139	-2.632	±5
1907.6	Simulated Tissue 1900MHz Body	52.54	1.48	53.30	1.52	-1.426	-2.632	±5
1909.8	Simulated Tissue 1900MHz Body	52.30	1.46	53.30	1.52	-1.876	-3.947	±5

<sup>\*</sup>Liquid Verification was performed on 2017-05-10.

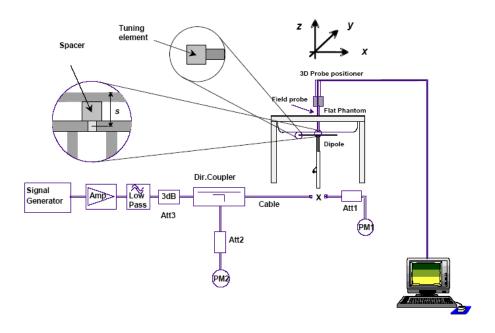
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## **System Accuracy Verification**

Prior to the assessment, the system validation kit was used to test whether the system was operating within its specifications of  $\pm 10\%$ . The validation results are tabulated below. And also the corresponding SAR plot is attached as well in the SAR plots files.

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## **System Verification Setup Block Diagram**



## **System Accuracy Check Results**

Date	Frequency Band	Liquid Type	Measured SAR (W/Kg)		Target Value (W/Kg)	Delta (%)	Tolerance (%)
2017-05-07	835	Head	1g	9.63	9.43	2.121	±10
2017-05-08	835	Body	1g	9.67	9.55	1.257	±10
2017-05-09	1900	Head	1g	41.1	40.7	0.983	±10
2017-05-10	1900	Body	1g	39.2	40.8	-3.922	±10

#### Note:

The power inputted to dipole is 0.1Watt; the SAR values are normalized to 1 Watt forward power by multiplying 10 times.

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#### SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION DATA

**DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; S/N: 453** 

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.92$  S/m;  $\epsilon r = 41.57$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

## DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7382; ConvF(10.50, 10.50, 10.50); Calibrated: 26/10/2016

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE SN772; Calibrated: 25/10/2016
- Phantom: TWIN SAM; Type: Twin SAM V5.0; Serial: 1909
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

**835 Head system check /Area Scan (91x121x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.35 mW/g

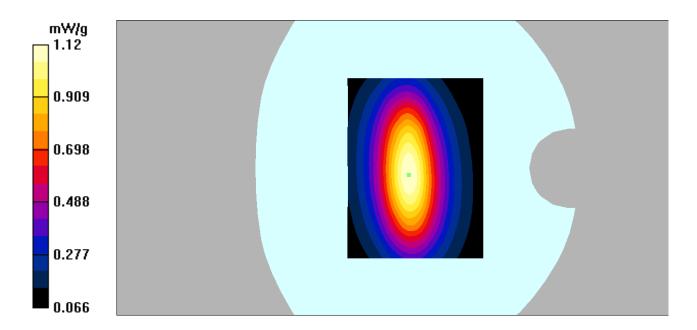
**835 Head system check /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 36.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.073 dB

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Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.53 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.963 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.612 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.12 mW/g



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## **DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; S/N: 453**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.93$ S/m;  $\epsilon r = 55.35$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

### DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7382; ConvF(10.54, 10.54, 10.54); Calibrated: 26/10/2016

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE – SN772; Calibrated: 25/10/2016

- Phantom: TWIN SAM; Type: Twin SAM V5.0; Serial: 1909

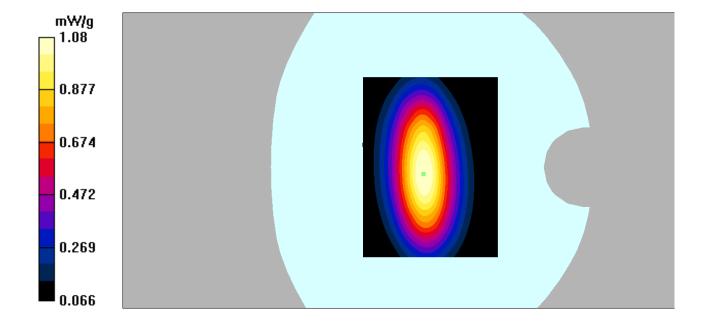
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

**835 Body system check /Area Scan (91x141x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.19 mW/g

**835 Body system check** /**Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 34.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.113 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.72 W/kg

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SAR(1 g) = 0.967 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.651 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.08 mW/g



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## DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; S/N: 5d206

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.41 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 40.72$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7382; ConvF(8.71, 8.71, 8.71); Calibrated: 26/10/2016

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE - SN772; Calibrated: 25/10/2016

- Phantom: TWIN SAM; Type: Twin SAM V5.0; Serial: 1909

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

**1900 head system check/Area Scan (81x81x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 4.89 mW/g

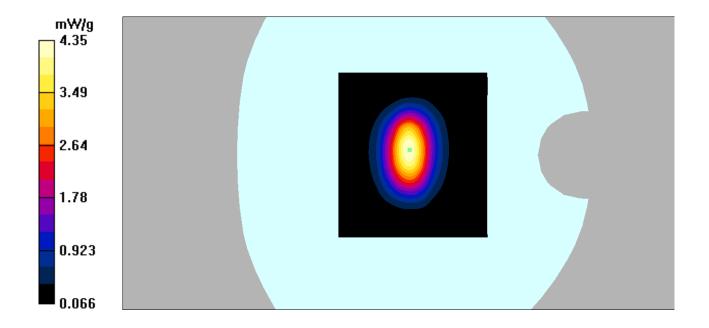
**1900 head system check/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 53.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.052 dB

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Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.97 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 4.11 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.32 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.35 mW/g



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## DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; S/N: 5d206

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.48 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 52.16$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

### DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7382; ConvF(8.31, 8.31, 8.31); Calibrated: 26/10/2016

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE - SN772; Calibrated: 25/10/2016

- Phantom: TWIN SAM; Type: Twin SAM V5.0; Serial: 1909

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

**1900 Body system check/Area Scan (81x81x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 4.37 mW/g

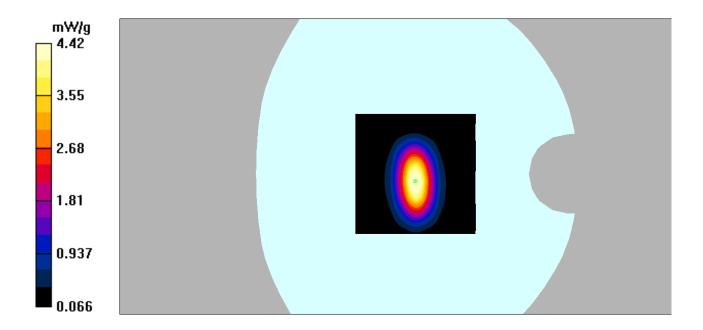
**1900 Body system check/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 57.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.054 dB

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Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.17 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 3.92 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.26 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.42 mW/g



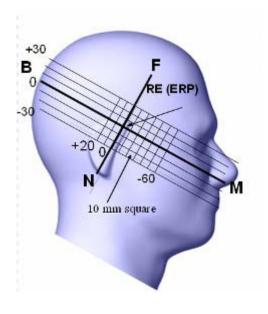
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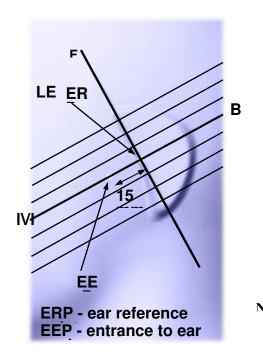
#### **EUT TEST STRATEGY AND METHODOLOGY**

#### **Test Positions for Device Operating Next to a Person's Ear**

This category includes most wireless handsets with fixed, retractable or internal antennas located toward the top half of the device, with or without a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover. The handset should have its earpiece located within the upper ¼ of the device, either along the centerline or off-centered, as perceived by its users. This type of handset should be positioned in a normal operating position with the "test device reference point" located along the "vertical centerline" on the front of the device aligned to the "ear reference point". The "test device reference point" should be located at the same level as the center of the earpiece region. The "vertical centerline" should bisect the front surface of the handset at its top and bottom edges. A "ear reference point" is located on the outer surface of the head phantom on each ear spacer. It is located 1.5 cm above the center of the ear canal entrance in the "phantom reference plane" defined by the three lines joining the center of each "ear reference point" (left and right) and the tip of the mouth

A handset should be initially positioned with the earpiece region pressed against the ear spacer of a head phantom. For the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom, the device should be positioned parallel to the "N-F" line defined along the base of the ear spacer that contains the "ear reference point". For interim head phantoms, the device should be positioned parallel to the cheek for maximum RF energy coupling. The "test device reference point" is aligned to the "ear reference point" on the head phantom and the "vertical centerline" is aligned to the "phantom reference plane". This is called the "initial ear position". While maintaining these three alignments, the body of the handset is gradually adjusted to each of the following positions for evaluating SAR:





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#### **Cheek/Touch Position**

The device is brought toward the mouth of the head phantom by pivoting against the "ear reference point" or along the "N-F" line for the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom.

This test position is established:

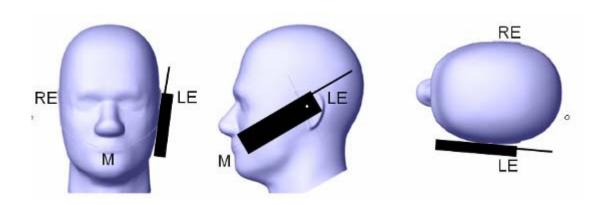
• When any point on the display, keypad or mouthpiece portions of the handset is in contact with the phantom.

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(or) When any portion of a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover opened to its intended self-adjusting normal use position is in contact with the cheek or mouth of the phantom.

For existing head phantoms – when the handset loses contact with the phantom at the pivoting point, rotation should continue until the device touches the cheek of the phantom or breaks its last contact from the ear spacer.

#### **Cheek / Touch Position**



#### **Ear/Tilt Position**

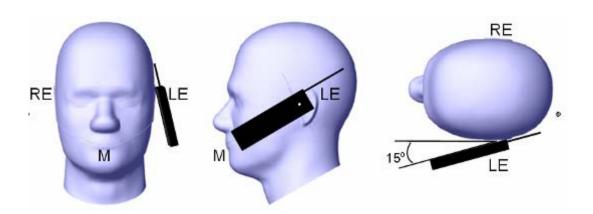
With the handset aligned in the "Cheek/Touch Position":

- 1) If the earpiece of the handset is not in full contact with the phantom's ear spacer (in the "Cheek/Touch position") and the peak SAR location for the "Cheek/Touch" position is located at the ear spacer region or corresponds to the earpiece region of the handset, the device should be returned to the "initial ear position" by rotating it away from the mouth until the earpiece is in full contact with the ear spacer.
- 2) (otherwise) The handset should be moved (translated) away from the cheek perpendicular to the line passes through both "ear reference points" (note: one of these ear reference points may not physically exist on a split head model) for approximate 2-3 cm. While it is in this position, the device handset is tilted away from the mouth with respect to the "test device reference point" until the inside angle between the vertical centerline on the front surface of the phone and the horizontal line passing through the ear reference point is by 15°. After the tilt, it is then moved (translated) back toward the head perpendicular to the line passes through both "ear reference points" until the device touches the phantom or the ear spacer. If the antenna touches the head first, the positioning process should be repeated with a tilt angle less than 15° so that the device and its antenna would touch the phantom simultaneously. This test position may require a device holder or positioner to achieve the translation and tilting with acceptable positioning repeatability.

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If a device is also designed to transmit with its keypad cover closed for operating in the head position, such positions should also be considered in the SAR evaluation. The device should be tested on the left and right side of the head phantom in the "Cheek/Touch" and "Ear/Tilt" positions. When applicable, each configuration should be tested with the antenna in its fully extended and fully retracted positions. These test configurations should be tested at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode; for example, AMPS, CDMA, and TDMA. If the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (left, right, Cheek/Touch, Tile/Ear, extended and retracted) is at least 2.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s). If the transmission band of the test device is less than 10 MHz, testing at the high and low frequency channels is optional.

#### Ear /Tilt 15° Position



### Test positions for body-worn and other configurations

Body-worn operating configurations should be tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in normal use configurations. Devices with a headset output should be tested with a headset connected to the device. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device may be tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. When multiple accessories that contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device must be tested with each accessory that contains a unique metallic component. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (e.g., the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components), only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body must be tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices that are intended to be authorized for body-worn use. A separation distance of 1.5 cm between the back of the device and a flat phantom is recommended for testing body-worn SAR compliance under such circumstances. Other separation distances may be used, but they should not exceed 2.5 cm. In these cases, the device may use body-worn accessories that provide a separation distance greater than that tested for the device provided however that the accessory contains no metallic components.

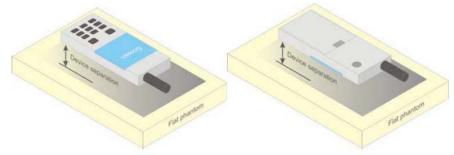


Figure 5 - Test positions for body-worn devices

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#### **SAR Evaluation Procedure**

The evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

Step 1: Measurement of the SAR value at a fixed location above the ear point or central position was used as a reference value for assessing the power drop. The SAR at this point is measured at the start of the test and then again at the end of the testing.

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- Step 2: The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 4 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head or EUT and the horizontal grid spacing was 10 mm x 10 mm. Based on these data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation. The first Area Scan covers the entire dimension of the EUT to ensure that the hotspot was correctly identified.
- Step 3: Around this point, a volume of 30 mm x 30 mm x 30 mm was assessed by measuring 7x 7 x 7 points. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated under the following procedure:
  - 1) The data at the surface were extrapolated, since the center of the dipoles is 1.2 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.3 mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.
  - 2) The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1 g or 10 g) were computed by the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-Spline is composed of three one dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition (in x, y and z-directions). The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal-algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were interpolated to calculate the averages.

All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

Step 4: Re-measurement of the SAR value at the same location as in Step 1. If the value changed by more than 5%, the evaluation was repeated.

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## CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

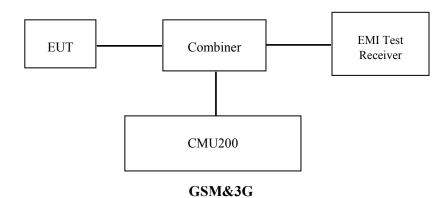
## **Provision Applicable**

The measured peak output power should be greater and within 5% than EMI measurement.

#### **Test Procedure**

The RF output of the transmitter was connected to the input of the EMI Test Receiver through sufficient attenuation.

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## **Radio Configuration**

The power measurement was configured by the Wireless Communication Test Set CMU200 for all Radio configurations.

#### **GSM**

Function: Menu select > GSM Mobile Station > GSM 850/1900

Press Connection control to choose the different menus

Press RESET > choose all the reset all settings

Connection: Press Signal Off to turn off the signal and change settings

Network Support > GSM + only

MS Signal

> 33 dBm for GSM 850

> 30 dBm for PCS 1900

BS Signal:Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel

Frequency Offset >+ 0 Hz

Mode > BCCH and TCH

BCCH Level > -85 dBm (May need to adjust if link is not stabe)

BCCH Channel >choose desire test channel [Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel]

Channel Type > Off

P0 > 4 dB TCH > choose desired test channel

Hopping >Off

AF/RF: Enter appropriate offsets for Ext. Att. Output and Ext. Att. Input Connection: Press Signal on to turn on the signal and change settings

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#### **GPRS**

Function: Menu select > GSM Mobile Station > GSM 850/1900

Press Connection control to choose the different menus

Press RESET > choose all the reset all settings

Connection: Press Signal Off to turn off the signal and change settings

Network Support > GSM + GPRS or GSM + EGSM

Main Service > Packet Data

Service selection > Test Mode A – Auto Slot Config. off

MS Signal:Press Slot Config Bottom on the right twice to select and change the number of time slots and power setting

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> Slot configuration > Uplink/Gamma

> 33 dBm for GPRS 850

> 30 dBm for GPRS 1900

BS Signal: Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel

Frequency Offset >+ 0 Hz

Mode >BCCH and TCH

BCCH Level >-85 dBm (May need to adjust if link is not stabe)

BCCH Channel > choose desire test channel [Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel]

Channel Type > Off

P0 > 4 dB

Slot Config > Unchanged (if already set under MS signal)

TCH > choose desired test channel

Hopping >Off

Main Timeslot >3

Network: Coding Scheme > CS4 (GPRS)

Bit Stream > 2E9-1 PSR Bit Stream

AF/RF: Enter appropriate offsets for Ext. Att. Output and Ext. Att. Input Connection: Press Signal on to turn on the signal and change settings.

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#### **WCDMA Release 99**

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification. The EUT has a nominal maximum output power of 24dBm (+1.7/-3.7).

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	Loopback Mode	Test Mode 1			
WCDMA	Rel99 RMC	12.2kbps RMC			
General Settings	Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2			
	β c / βd	8/15			

### **HSDPA**

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification.

	Mode	HSDPA	HSDPA	HSDPA	HSDPA		
	Subset	1	2	3	4		
	Rel99 RMC						
	HSDPA FRC						
WCDMA	Power Control Algorithm	l Algorithm Algorithm2					
General	βε	2/15	12/15	15/15	15/15		
Settings	βd	15/15	15/15	8/15	4/15		
	βd (SF)						
	βc/ βd	2/15	12/15	15/8	15/4		
	βhs	4/15	30/15				
	MPR(dB)	0	0	0.5	0.5		
	DACK			8			
	DNAK			8			
HSDPA	DCQI			8			
Specific	Ack-Nack repetition			3			
Settings	factor	3					
Settings	CQI Feedback			4ms			
	CQI Repetition Factor			2			
	Ahs=βhs/ βc			30/15			

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## **HSUPA**

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification.

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	Mode	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA			
	Subset	1	2	3	4	5			
	Loopback Mode	Test Mode 1							
	Rel99 RMC	12.2kbps RMC							
	HSDPA FRC	H-Set1							
	HSUPA Test	HSUPA Loopback							
	Power Control			Algorithm2					
WCDMA	Algorithm								
General	βс	11/15	6/15	15/15	2/15	15/15			
Settings	βd	15/15	15/15	9/15	15/15	0			
	βес	209/225	12/15	30/15	2/15	5/15			
	βc/ βd	11/15	6/15	15/9	2/15	-			
	βhs	22/15	12/15	30/15	4/15	5/15			
	CM(dB)	1.0	3.0	2.0	3.0	1.0			
	MPR(dB)	0	2	1	2	0			
	DACK			8					
	DNAK 8								
HSDPA	DCQI	8							
Specific	Ack-Nack repetition								
Settings	factor								
9	CQI Feedback	4ms							
	CQI Repetition Factor	2							
	Ahs=βhs/ βc	30/15							
	DE-DPCCH	6	8	8	5	7			
	DHARQ	0	0	0	0	0			
	AG Index	20	12	15	17	21			
	ETFCI Associated Max UL	75	67	92	71	81			
	Data Rate kbps	242.1	174.9	482.8	205.8	308.9			
HSUPA		E-TFC	I 11 E		E-TFC	ZI 11 E			
Specific Specific		E-TFC	I PO 4	E-TFCI	E-TFC	T PO 4			
Settings		E-TF		11		CI 67			
Settings		E-TFC		E-TFCI		I PO 18			
	Reference E FCls	E-TF		PO4		CI 71			
	Reference L_1 els	E-TFC		E-TFCI		I PO23			
		E-TF		92		CI 75			
		E-TFC		E-TFCI		I PO26			
		E-TFCI		PO 18 E-TFCI 81 E-TFCI PO 27					
		E-1FC	1102/		E-IFC.	1102/			

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For 802.11b, 802.11g and 802.11n-HT20 mode, 13 channels are provided to testing:

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
1	2412	8	2447
2	2417	9	2452
3	2422	10	2457
4	2427	11	2462
5	2432	12	2467
6	2437	13	2472
7	2442	/	/

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For 802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11n-HT20 mode, EUT was tested with Channel 1, 7 and 13

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# **Maximum Output Power among production units**

	Max Target Power for Production Unit (dBm)								
,	Mada/Dand		Channel						
IV	Mode/Band	Low	Middle	High					
	GSM	32.40	32.40	32.40					
	GPRS 1 TX Slot	32.40	32.40	32.40					
GSM 850	GPRS 2 TX Slot	30.80	30.80	30.80					
	GPRS 3 TX Slot	28.80	28.80	28.80					
	GPRS 4 TX Slot	27.10	27.10	27.10					
	GSM	29.00	29.00	29.00					
	GPRS 1 TX Slot	28.80	28.80	28.80					
PCS 1900	GPRS 2 TX Slot	26.60	26.60	26.60					
	GPRS 3 TX Slot	24.90	24.90	24.90					
	GPRS 4 TX Slot	23.00	23.00	23.00					
WGD) (4	Rel 99	22.10	22.10	22.10					
WCDMA Band 5	HSDPA	21.30	21.30	21.30					
Dana 3	HSUPA	21.30	21.30	21.30					
	Rel 99	22.40	22.40	22.40					
WCDMA Band 2	HSDPA	21.50	21.50	21.50					
Dana 2	HSUPA	21.50	21.50	21.50					
WI	AN(802.11b)	8.00	8.50	9.10					
WI	AN(802.11g)	8.00	9.00	9.00					
WLAN	N(802.11n HT20)	7.50	8.50	9.00					
Blu	etooth(GFSK)	4.00	4.50	5.50					
Bluetoo	oth( \pi /4-DQPSK)	6.00	6.50	7.50					
Blue	etooth(8DPSK)	6.50	7.00	8.00					

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## **Test Results:**

## **GSM**:

Band	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Output Power (dBm)
	824.2	32.30
GSM 850	836.6	32.27
	848.8	32.17
	1850.2	28.76
PCS 1900	1880.0	28.62
	1909.8	28.98

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### **GPRS**:

Dand	Channel Frequency		RF Output Power (dBm)					
Band	No.	(MHz)	1 slot	2 slots	3 slots	4 slots		
	128	824.2	32.39	30.71	28.73	27.08		
GSM 850	190	836.6	32.30	30.59	28.59	26.95		
	251	848.8	32.19	30.43	28.36	26.74		
	512	1850.2	28.77	26.54	24.86	22.95		
PCS 1900	661	1880	28.66	26.39	24.74	22.86		
	810	1909.8	28.75	26.39	24.70	22.97		

For SAR, the time based average power is relevant, the difference in between depends on the duty cycle of the TDMA signal.

Number of Time slot	1	2	3	4
Duty Cycle	1:8	1:4	1:2.66	1:2
Time based Ave. power compared to slotted Ave. power	-9 dB	-6 dB	-4.25 dB	-3 dB
Crest Factor	8	4	2.66	2

## The time based average power for GPRS

Dand	Channel	Frequency	Time based average Power (dBm)					
Band	No.	(MHz)	1 slot	2 slot	3 slots	4 slots		
GSM 850	128	824.2	23.39	24.71	24.48	24.08		
	190	836.6	23.30	24.59	24.34	23.95		
	251	848.8	23.19	24.43	24.11	23.74		
	512	1850.2	19.77	20.54	20.61	19.95		
PCS 1900	661	1880	19.66	20.39	20.49	19.86		
	810	1909.8	19.75	20.39	20.45	19.97		

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#### Note:

1. Rohde & Schwarz Radio Communication Tester (CMU200) was used for the measurement of GSM peak and average output power for active timeslots.

2. For GSM voice, 1 timeslot has been activated with power level 5 (850 MHz band) and 0 (1900 MHz)

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- band).
- 3. For GPRS, 1, 2, 3 and 4 timeslots has been activated separately with power level 3(850 MHz band) and 3(1900 MHz band).

### Results (12.2kbps RMC)

#### **WCDMA Band 5:**

Test	Test Mode	3GPP Sub	Averaged Mean Power (dBm)				
Condition	Test Mode	Test	Low Frequency	Mid Frequency	High Frequency		
	RMC1	2.2k	21.87	22.05	21.69		
		1	21.02	21.19	20.85		
	HSDPA	2	21.01	21.23	20.81		
		3	21.01	21.19	20.81		
Normal		4	20.99	21.19	20.89		
Normai		1	21.07	21.24	20.87		
		2	21.03	21.20	20.88		
	HSUPA	3	21.04	21.22	20.86		
		4	21.04	21.19	20.83		
		5	21.03	21.17	20.83		

#### **WCDMA Band 2:**

Test Condition	Test Mode	3GPP Sub Test	Averaged Mean Power (dBm)		
			Low Frequency	Mid Frequency	High Frequency
Normal	RMC12.2k		22.18	22.30	22.21
	HSDPA	1	21.34	21.47	20.82
		2	21.30	21.42	20.88
		3	21.36	21.45	20.87
		4	21.30	21.43	20.81
	HSUPA	1	21.36	21.47	20.87
		2	21.34	21.42	20.83
		3	21.29	21.43	20.87
		4	21.37	21.45	20.84
		5	21.30	21.43	20.86

### Note:

- 1. The default test configuration is to measure SAR with an established radio link between the EUT and a communication test set using a 12.2 kbps RMC (reference measurement Channel) Configured in Test Loop Model 1.
- 2. KDB 941225 D01-Body SAR is not required for HSDPA/HSUPA when the maximum average output of each RF channel is less than 1/4 dB higher than measured 12.2kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC is < 75% of SAR limit.

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## Bluetooth

Mode	Channel frequency (MHz)	Conducted Output Power (dBm)
	2402	3.58
BDR(GFSK)	2441	4.47
	2480	5.37
EDD	2402	5.50
EDR (π/4-DQPSK)	2441	6.27
( 11/4-DQI SIC)	2480	7.11
	2402	6.01
EDR(8DPSK)	2441	6.68
	2480	7.65

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## WLAN

Mode	Channel frequency (MHz)	Conducted Output Power (dBm)
	2412	7.90
802.11b	2442	8.37
	2472	9.03
	2412	7.76
802.11g	2442	8.54
	2472	8.99
	2412	7.15
802.11n HT20	2442	8.40
	2472	8.93

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## SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS

This page summarizes the results of the performed dosimetric evaluation.

### **SAR Test Data**

### **Environmental Conditions**

Temperature:	22.7-24.1 ℃	21.5-23.7 °C	21.5-23.2 ℃	21.7-23.6 ℃
Relative Humidity:	66 %	61 %	52 %	57 %
ATM Pressure:	1012 mbar	1008 mbar	1006 mbar	1008 mbar
Test Date:	2017-05-07	2017-05-08	2017-05-09	2017-05-10

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Testing was performed by Jack Xu, Apple Wu, Judy Huang.

## **Hot-Spot**

The DUT is capable of functioning as a Wi-Fi to Cellular Mobile hotspot. Additional SAR testing was performed according to KDB 941225 D06. Testing was performed with a separation of 1cm between the DUT and the flat phantom. The DUT was positioned for SAR tests with the front and back surfaces facing the phantom, and also with the edges facing the phantom in which the transmitting antenna is <2.5 cm from the edge. Each transmit band was utilized for SAR testing. The tested mode has been selected within each band that exhibits the highest time average output power.

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### **GSM 850:**

EUT	Frequency	Test	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated		1g SAR (	W/Kg)	
Position	(MHz)	Mode	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
Head Left Cheek	836.6	GSM	32.27	32.40	1.030	0.177	0.182	1#
Head Left Tilt	836.6	GSM	32.27	32.40	1.030	0.133	0.137	2#
Head Right Cheek	836.6	GSM	32.27	32.40	1.030	0.166	0.171	3#
Head Right Tilt	836.6	GSM	32.27	32.40	1.030	0.084	0.087	4#
Body-Worn-Back (10mm)	836.6	GSM	32.27	32.40	1.030	0.424	0.437	5#
Hotspot-Back (10mm)	836.6	GPRS	30.59	30.80	1.050	0.379	0.398	6#
Hotspot-Left (10mm)	836.6	GPRS	30.59	30.80	1.050	0.152	0.160	7#
Hotspot-Right (10mm)	836.6	GPRS	30.59	30.80	1.050	0.174	0.183	8#
Hotspot-Bottom (10mm)	836.6	GPRS	30.59	30.80	1.050	0.056	0.059	9#

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## Note:

- 1. When the 1-g SAR is  $\leq$  0.8W/Kg, testing for other channels are optional. 2. The EUT transmit and receive through the same GSM antenna while testing SAR.
- 3. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.
- 4. When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is  $> \frac{1}{2}$  dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.
- 5. The Multi-slot Classes of EUT is Class 12 which has maximum 4 Downlink slots and 4 Uplink slots, the maximum active slots is 5, when perform the multiple slots scan, 3DL+2UL is the worst case.

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### **PCS 1900:**

EUT	Engguenav	Test	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated		1g SAR (V	V/Kg)	
Position	Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
Head Left Cheek	1880	GSM	28.62	29.00	1.091	0.050	0.055	10#
Head Left Tilt	1880	GSM	28.62	29.00	1.091	0.020	0.022	11#
Head Right Cheek	1880	GSM	28.62	29.00	1.091	0.052	0.057	12#
Head Right Tilt	1880	GSM	28.62	29.00	1.091	0.028	0.031	13#
Body-Worn-Back (10mm)	1880	GSM	28.62	29.00	1.091	0.255	0.278	14#
Hotspot-Back (10mm)	1880	GPRS	24.74	24.90	1.038	0.268	0.278	15#
Hotspot-Left (10mm)	1880	GPRS	24.74	24.90	1.038	0.095	0.099	16#
Hotspot-Right (10mm)	1880	GPRS	24.74	24.90	1.038	0.031	0.032	17#
Hotspot-Bottom (10mm)	1880	GPRS	24.74	24.90	1.038	0.277	0.287	18#

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### Note:

- 1. When the 1-g SAR is  $\leq$  0.8W/Kg, testing for other channels are optional.
- 2. The EUT transmit and receive through the same GSM antenna while testing SAR.
- 3. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.
- 4. When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is  $> \frac{1}{2}$  dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.
- 5. The Multi-slot Classes of EUT is Class 12 which has maximum 4 Downlink slots and 4 Uplink slots, the maximum active slots is 5, when perform the multiple slots scan, 2DL+3UL is the worst case.

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### **WCDMA Band 5:**

EUT	Engguenav	Test	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated		1g SAR (V	V/Kg)	
Position	Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
Head Left Cheek	836.6	RMC	22.05	22.10	1.012	0.167	0.169	19#
Head Left Tilt	836.6	RMC	22.05	22.10	1.012	0.100	0.101	20#
Head Right Cheek	836.6	RMC	22.05	22.10	1.012	0.181	0.183	21#
Head Right Tilt	836.6	RMC	22.05	22.10	1.012	0.108	0.109	22#
Hotspot& Body-Worn (10mm)	836.6	RMC	22.05	22.10	1.012	0.407	0.412	23#
Hotspot-Left (10mm)	836.6	RMC	22.05	22.10	1.012	0.199	0.201	24#
Hotspot-Right (10mm)	836.6	RMC	22.05	22.10	1.012	0.225	0.228	25#
Hotspot-Bottom (10mm)	836.6	RMC	22.05	22.10	1.012	0.062	0.063	26#

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### **WCDMA Band 2:**

EUT	Frequency	Test	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated		1g SAR (	W/Kg)	
Position	(MHz)	Mode	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
Head Left Cheek	1880	RMC	22.30	22.40	1.023	0.090	0.092	27#
Head Left Tilt	1880	RMC	22.30	22.40	1.023	0.026	0.027	28#
Head Right Cheek	1880	RMC	22.30	22.40	1.023	0.107	0.109	29#
Head Right Tilt	1880	RMC	22.30	22.40	1.023	0.026	0.027	30#
Hotspot& Body-Worn (10mm)	1880	RMC	22.30	22.40	1.023	0.444	0.454	31#
Hotspot-Left (10mm)	1880	RMC	22.30	22.40	1.023	0.148	0.151	32#
Hotspot-Right (10mm)	1880	RMC	22.30	22.40	1.023	0.046	0.047	33#
Hotspot-Bottom (10mm)	1880	RMC	22.30	22.40	1.023	0.464	0.475	34#

## Note:

- 1. When the 1-g SAR is  $\leq 0.8$  W/Kg, testing for other channels are optional.
- 2. The EUT transmit and receive through the same antenna while testing SAR.
- 3. The default test configuration is to measure SAR with an established radio link between the EUT and a communication test set using a 12.2 kbps RMC (reference measurement Channel) Configured in Test Loop Model.
- 4. KDB 941225 D01-Body SAR is not required for HSDPA/HSUPA when the maximum average output of each RF channel is less than ½ dB higher than measured 12.2kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC is < 75% of SAR limit.
- 5. When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is  $> \frac{1}{2}$  dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.

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# **SAR Measurement Variability**

In accordance with published RF Exposure KDB procedure 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results

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- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg.
- When the original highest measured SAR is  $\geq 0.80$  W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is  $\ge 1.45$  W/kg ( $\sim 10\%$  from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

## The Highest Measured SAR Configuration in Each Frequency Band

### Head

			Meas. SA	Largest to		
Frequency Band	Freq.(MHz)	EUT Position	Original	Repeated	Smallest SAR Ratio	
/	/	/	/	/	/	

### **Body**

			Meas. SA	R (W/kg)	Largest to Smallest SAR Ratio	
Frequency Band	Freq.(MHz)	EUT Position	Original	Repeated		
/	/	/	/	/	/	

#### Note:

Second Repeated Measurement is not required since the ratio of the largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurement is not > 1.20.

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# SAR SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION DESCRIPTION

## Bluetooth & WLAN and GSM&3G Antennas Location:

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# **Antenna Distance To Edge:**

Antenna Distance To Edge(mm)								
Mode	Left	Right	Back	Тор	Bottom			
WWAN Antenna	< 5	21	< 5	126	< 5			
Wi-Fi/BT Antenna	< 5	53	< 5	< 5	104			

# SAR test exclusion for the EUT edge considerations Result

SAR Test Exclusion for the EUT Edges Considerations								
Mode Left Right Front Back Top						Bottom		
WWAN	Required	Required	Exclusion	Required	Exemption	Required		
Wi-Fi/BT	Judge	Judge	Exclusion	Judge	Judge	Exemption		

Note:

**Required:** The distance is less than 25mm, the SAR test is required as Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations

**Exemption:** The distance is more than 25mm, according to KDB 941225 D06, the Standalone SAR test is not required.

Exclusion: In normal operation mode, the Edge(s) will not be touched by the users directly, so SAR test is not

consideration.

**Judge:** Please refer the below tables for detail.

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## **Simultaneous Transmission:**

Description of Simultane	Description of Simultaneous Transmit Capabilities						
Transmitter Combination	Simultaneous?	Hotspot?	Antennas Distance (mm)				
GSM + WCDMA	×	×	0				
GSM + Bluetooth	√	×	90				
GSM + WLAN	√	√	90				
WCDMA + Bluetooth		×	90				
WCDMA + WLAN	√	√	90				

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## Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations

Mode	Position	Max tune-up power (dBm) (mW)		Distance (mm)	Calculated value	Threshold (1-g)	SAR Test Exclusion
D1 4 41	TT 1	,	()	(11111)		2	
Bluetooth	Head	8.00	6.31	0	2.0	3	Yes
Bluetooth	Body-Worn	8.00	6.31	10	1.0	3	Yes
WLAN	Head	9.10	8.13	0	2.6	3	Yes
WLAN	Body	9.10	8.13	10	1.3	3	Yes

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at *test separation distances*  $\leq$  50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]  $\cdot \sqrt{f(GHz)} \le 3.0$  for 1-g SAR and  $\le 7.5$  for 10-g extremity SAR, where

- 1. f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz.
- 2. Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation.
- 3. The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison.
- 4. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test Exclusion.

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## SAR test exclusion for the EUT edge considerations Result

	Antenna Distance To Edge(mm)									
Mode	Left	Right	Front	Back	Тор	Bottom				
WWAN Antenna	Required	Required	Exclusion	Required	Exemption	Required				
Wi-Fi/BT Antenna	Exclusion*	Exemption	Exclusion	Exclusion*	Exclusion*	Exemption				

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Note:

**Required:** The distance is less than 25mm, the SAR test is required as Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations table.

**Exemption:** The distance is more than 25mm, according to KDB 941225 D06, the Standalone SAR test is not required.

**Exclusion:** In normal operation mode, the Edge(s) will not be touched by the users directly, so SAR test is not consideration.

Exclusion\*: SAR test exclusion evaluation has been done above.

### **Standalone SAR estimation:**

Mode	Position	Max tun	e-up power	Distance	Estimated <sub>1-g</sub> (W/kg)	
		(dBm)	(mW)	(mm)		
Bluetooth	Head	8.00	6.31	0	0.265	
Bluetooth	Body-Worn	8.00	6.31	10	0.132	
WLAN	Head	9.10	8.13	0	0.341	
WLAN	Body	9.10	8.13	10	0.170	

When standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

[(max. power of channel, including **tune-up tolerance**, mW)/(min. test separation distance,mm)]·[ $\sqrt{f(GHz)/x}$ ] W/kg for test separation distances  $\leq 50$  mm; where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR.

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test Exclusion

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# **Simultaneous SAR test exclusion considerations:**

Mada(CAD1+CAD2)	Dosition.	Reported S	ΣSAR <		
Mode(SAR1+SAR2)	Position	SAR1	SAR2	1.6W/kg	
	Head Left Cheek	0.182	0.265	0.447	
	Head Left Tilt	0.137	0.265	0.402	
GSM 850 + Bluetooth	Head Right Cheek	0.171	0.265	0.436	
	Head Right Tilt	0.087	0.265	0.352	
	Body Worn Back	0.437	0.132	0.569	
	Head Left Cheek	0.055	0.265	0.320	
	Head Left Tilt	0.022	0.265	0.287	
PCS1900 + Bluetooth	Head Right Cheek	0.057	0.265	0.322	
	Head Right Tilt	0.031	0.265	0.296	
	Body Worn Back	0.278	0.132	0.410	
	Head Left Cheek	0.169	0.265	0.434	
WCDMA D. 15	Head Left Tilt	0.101	0.265	0.366	
WCDMA Band 5 + Bluetooth	Head Right Cheek	0.183	0.265	0.448	
Bidetootii	Head Right Tilt	0.109	0.265	0.374	
	Body Back	0.412	0.132	0.544	
	Head Left Cheek	0.092	0.265	0.357	
	Head Left Tilt	0.027	0.265	0.292	
WCDMA Band 2 + Bluetooth	Head Right Cheek	0.109	0.265	0.374	
Diuctionii	Head Right Tilt	0.027	0.265	0.292	
	Body Back	0.454	0.132	0.586	

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Mode(SAR1+SAR2)	Position	Reported S	ΣSAR <	
`		SAR1	SAR2	1.6W/kg
	Head Left Cheek	0.182	0.341	0.523
	Head Left Tilt	0.137	0.341	0.478
GSM 850+ WLAN	Head Right Cheek	0.171	0.341	0.512
	Head Right Tilt	0.087	0.341	0.428
	Body Worn Back	0.437	0.170	0.607
	Hotspot-Back	0.398	0.170	0.568
GPRS 850 + WLAN	Hotspot-Left	0.160	0.170	0.330
(Hotspot)	Hotspot-Right	0.183	0.170	0.353
	Hotspot-Bottom	0.059	0.170	0.229
	Head Left Cheek	0.055	0.341	0.396
	Head Left Tilt	0.022	0.341	0.363
PCS1900 + WLAN	Head Right Cheek	0.057	0.341	0.398
	Head Right Tilt	0.031	0.341	0.372
	Body Worn Back	0.278	0.170	0.448
	Hotspot-Back	0.278	0.170	0.448
GPRS 1900 + WLAN	Hotspot-Left	0.099	0.170	0.269
(Hotspot)	Hotspot-Right	0.032	0.170	0.202
	Hotspot-Bottom	0.287	0.170	0.457
	Head Left Cheek	0.169	0.341	0.510
WCDMA David 5 L WI AND	Head Left Tilt	0.101	0.341	0.442
WCDMA Band 5+ WLAN	Head Right Cheek	0.183	0.341	0.524
	Head Right Tilt	0.109	0.341	0.450
	Hotspot-Back	0.412	0.170	0.582
WCDMA Band 5+ WLAN	Hotspot-Left	0.201	0.170	0.371
(Hotspot)	Hotspot-Right	0.228	0.170	0.398
	Hotspot-Bottom	0.063	0.170	0.233
WCDMA Band 2+ WLAN	Head Left Cheek	0.092	0.341	0.433
	Head Left Tilt	0.027	0.341	0.368
	Head Right Cheek	0.109	0.341	0.450
	Head Right Tilt	0.027	0.341	0.368
	Hotspot-Back	0.454	0.170	0.624
WCDMA Band 2+ WLAN	Hotspot-Left	0.151	0.170	0.321
(Hotspot)	Hotspot-Right	0.047	0.170	0.217
	Hotspot-Bottom	0.475	0.170	0.645

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### Note:

- 1. Hotspot mode SAR is only required for the edges within 25mm from the transmitting antenna located. 2. Hotspot Mode is not feasible during voice calls.

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# APPENDIX A MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The uncertainty budget has been determined for the measurement system and is given in the following Table.

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# Measurement uncertainty evaluation for IEEE1528-2013 SAR test

Source of uncertainty	Tolerance/ uncertainty ± %	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1 g)	ci (10 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (1 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (10 g)	
Measurement system								
Probe calibration	6.55	N	1	1	1	6.6	6.6	
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7	
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	√3	0	0	0.0	0.0	
Boundary effect	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6	
Linearity	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7	
Detection limits	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6	
Readout electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	
Response time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0	
Integration time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0	
RF ambient conditions – noise	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6	
RF ambient conditions–reflections	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6	
Probe positioner mech. Restrictions	0.8	R	√3	1	1	0.5	0.5	
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	6.7	R	√3	1	1	3.9	3.9	
Post-processing	2.0	R	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2	
		Test sample	e related					
Test sample positioning	2.8	N	1	1	1	2.8	2.8	
Device holder uncertainty	6.3	N	1	1	1	6.3	6.3	
Drift of output power	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9	
Phantom and set-up								
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4.0	R	√3	1	1	2.3	2.3	
Liquid conductivity target)	5.0	R	√3	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	
Liquid conductivity meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1	
Liquid permittivity target)	5.0	R	√3	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4	
Liquid permittivity meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.2	
Combined standard uncertainty		RSS				12.2	12.0	
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence interval)						24.3	23.9	

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# Measurement uncertainty evaluation for IEC62209-2 SAR test

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Source of uncertainty	Tolerance/ uncertainty ± %	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1 g)	ci (10 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (1 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (10 g)
Measurement system							
Probe calibration	6.55	N	1	1	1	6.6	6.6
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	√3	0	0	0.0	0.0
Linearity	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7
Modulation Response	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0
Detection limits	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Boundary effect	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Readout electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
Response time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0
Integration time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0
RF ambient conditions – noise	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
RF ambient conditions–reflections	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Probe positioner mech. Restrictions	0.8	R	√3	1	1	0.5	0.5
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	6.7	R	√3	1	1	3.9	3.9
Post-processing	2.0	R	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2
		Test sample	e related				
Device holder Uncertainty	6.3	N	1	1	1	6.3	6.3
Test sample positioning	2.8	N	1	1	1	2.8	2.8
Power scaling	4.5	R	√3	1	1	2.6	2.6
Drift of output power	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9
		Phantom an	d set-up				
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4.0	R	√3	1	1	2.3	2.3
Algorithm for correcting SAR for deviations in permittivity and conductivity	1.9	N	1	1	0.84	1.1	0.9
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.2
Temp. unc Conductivity	1.7	R	√3	0.78	0.71	0.8	0.7
Temp. unc Permittivity	0.3	R	√3	0.23	0.26	0.0	0.0
Combined standard uncertainty		RSS				12.2	12.1
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence interval)						24.5	24.2

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# **Appendixes**

Refer to separated files for the following appendixes.

APPENDIX A SAR plots. APPENDIX B PROBE & DIPOLES CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES. APPENDIX C TEST POSITION PHOTOS.

\*\*\*\*\* END OF REPORT \*\*\*\*\*

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