TEST REPORT

FCC Test for N20-HRDU_A_1900P

Certification

APPLICANT SOLiD, Inc.

REPORT NO. HCT-RF-2005-FC011

DATE OF ISSUE May 15, 2020

74, Seoicheon-ro 578beon-gil, Majang-myeon, Icheon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 17383 KOREA Tel. +82 31 634 6300 F ax. +82 31 645 6401

HCT Co., Ltd.



TEST REPORT FCC Test for N20-HRDU_A_1900P	REPORT NO. HCT-RF-2005-FC011 DATE OF ISSUE 15 May 2020 Additional Model -
Applicant	SOLiD, Inc. 10, 9th Floor, SOLiD Space, Pangyoyeok-ro 220, Bundang-gu, Seongnam-si, Gyeonggi-do, 463-400, South Korea
EUT Type Model Name	DAS N20-HRDU_A_1900P
FCC ID	W6UNHA1900P
Output Power	43 dBm
Date of Test	May 11, 2020 ~ May 15, 2020
FCC Rule Parts	CFR 47 Part 2, Part 24

This test results were applied only to the test methods required by the standard.

Tested by Kyung Soo Kang

Technical Manager Jong Seok Lee

HCT CO., LTD. Soo Chan Lee



REVISION HISTORY

The revision history for this test report is shown in table.

Revision No.	Date of Issue	Description
0	May 15, 2020	Initial Release

The result shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested unless otherwise stated.

The measurements shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures indicated, and the emissions from this equipment were found to be within the limits applicable. I assume full responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of these measurements, and for the qualifications of all persons taking them. It is further stated that upon the basis of the measurements made, the equipment tested is capable of operation in accordance with the requirements of the FCC Rules under normal use and maintenance.



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1.1. APPLICANT INFORMATION

Company Name	SOLiD, Inc.
Company Address	10, 9th Floor, SOLiD Space, Pangyoyeok-ro 220, Bundang-gu,
Company Address	Seongnam-si, Gyeonggi-do, 463-400, South Korea

1.2. PRODUCT INFORMATION

ЕИТ Туре	DAS		
EUT Serial Number	20040001	20040001	
Power Supply	100-240VAC, 50/60Hz, I	DC -48V	
Frequency Range	Band Name	Uplink (MHz)	Downlink (MHz)
	Broadband PCS	1 850 ~ 1 915	1 930 ~ 1 995
	Dibadbandres	1850 1915	1350 1355
Tx Output Power	43 dBm		
Antenna Peak Gain	17 dBi		

1.3. TEST INFORMATION

FCC Rule Parts	CFR 47 Part 2, Part 24
Measurement Standards	KDB 935210 D05 v01r04, ANSI C63.26-2015
Test Location	HCT CO., LTD.
	74, Seoicheon-ro 578beon-gil, Majang-myeon, Icheon-si, Gyeonggi-do,
	17383, Rep. of KOREA



2. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATIONS

2.1. FACILITIES

The SAC(Semi-Anechoic Chamber) and conducted measurement facility used to collect the radiated data are located at the 74, Seoicheon-ro 578beon-gil, Majang-myeon, Icheon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 17383, Rep. of KOREA.

The site is constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.4 (Version: 2014) and CISPR Publication 22.

Detailed description of test facility was submitted to the Commission and accepted dated April 02, 2018 (Registration Number: KR0032).

2.2. EQUIPMENT

Radiated emissions are measured with one or more of the following types of linearly polarized antennas: tuned dipole, bi-conical, log periodic, bi-log, and/or ridged waveguide, horn. Spectrum analyzers with pre-selectors and quasi-peak detectors are used to perform radiated measurements.

Calibrated wideband preamplifiers, coaxial cables, and coaxial attenuators are also used for making measurements.

All receiving equipment conforms to CISPR Publication 16-1, "Radio Interference Measuring Apparatus and Measurement Methods."



3. TEST SPECIFICATIONS

3.1. STANDARDS

The following tests were conducted on a sample of the equipment for the purpose of demonstrating compliance with FCC Part 2, Part 24.

Description	Reference	Results
AGC threshold	KDB 935210 D05 v01r04 3.2	Compliant
Out-of-band rejection	KDB 935210 D05 v01r04 3.3	Compliant
Input-versus-output signal comparison	§ 2.1049	Compliant
Input/output power and amplifier/booster gain	§2.1046, §24.232	Compliant
Out-of-band/out-of-block emissions and spurious emissions	§2.1051, §24.238	Compliant
Spurious emissions radiated	§ 2.1053	Compliant



3.2. ADDITIONAL DESCRIPTIONS ABOUT TEST

Except for the following cases, EUT was tested under normal operating conditions.

: Out-of-band rejection test requires maximum gain condition without AGC

The test was generally based on the method of KDB 935210 D05 v01r04 and only followed ANSI C63.26-2015 if there was no test method in KDB standard.

EUT was tested with following modulated signals provide by applicant.

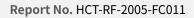
Band Name	Tested signals
	GSM
	CDMA
PCS	WCDMA
	LTE 5 MHz
	LTE 10 MHz

The frequency stability measurement has been omitted in accordance with section 3.7 of KDB 935210 D05 v01r04.

: It can be confirmed through input-versus-output signal comparison test that EUT does not alter the input signal.

The tests results included actual loss value for attenuator and cable combination as shown in the table below. : Input Path

Correction factor table			
Frequency (MHz)	Factor (dB)	Frequency (MHz)	Factor (dB)
1100	0.697	1700	0.911
1200	0.878	1800	0.794
1300	0.974	1850	0.857
1400	0.917	1900	0.966
1500	1.061	1950	1.066
1600	1.044	2000	0.985





: Output Path

Correction factor table			
Frequency (MHz)	Factor (dB)	Frequency (MHz)	Factor (dB)
2	30.497	4500	32.517
10	29.846	5000	32.662
20	29.922	5500	33.296
30	29.772	6000	33.361
40	29.808	6500	34.388
50	29.780	7000	33.551
100	29.858	7500	33.924
200	30.053	8000	33.681
300	30.409	8500	33.775
400	30.536	9000	34.452
500	30.682	9500	33.954
600	30.773	10000	36.689
700	30.855	11000	35.860
800	30.878	12000	35.705
900	30.890	13000	35.262
1000	30.920	14000	36.805
1200	31.244	15000	36.468
1400	31.309	16000	36.976
1600	31.515	17000	36.639
1800	31.368	18000	37.680
1900	31.419	19000	37.981
2000	31.603	20000	39.044
2500	31.931	22000	40.885
3000	32.272	24000	40.203
3500	32.387	26000	41.040
4000	32.685	26500	45.515



3.3. MEASUREMENTUNCERTAINTY

Description	Reference	Results
AGC threshold	-	±0.87 dB
Out-of-band rejection	-	\pm 0.58 MHz
Input-versus-output signal comparison	OBW > 5 MHz	\pm 0.58 MHz
Input/output power and amplifier/booster gain	-	±0.87 dB
Out-of-band/out-of-block emissions and spurious emissions	-	±1.08 dB
Courieus omissions redicted	$f \le 1 GHz$	±4.80 dB
Spurious emissions radiated	f > 1 GHz	±6.07 dB

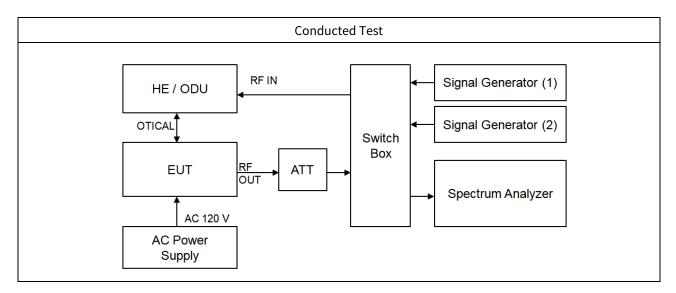
* Coverage factor k = 2, Confidence levels of 95 %

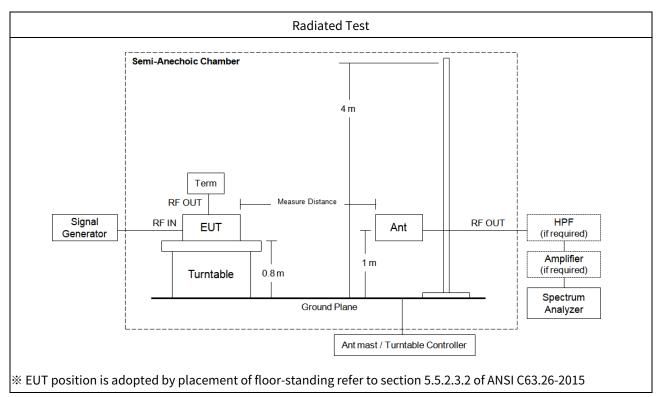
3.4. STANDARDS ENVIRONMENTAL TEST CONDITIONS

Temperature	+15 °C to +35 °C
Relative humidity	30 % to 60 %
Air pressure	860 mbar to 1 060 mbar



3.5. TEST DIAGRAMS







4. TEST EQUIPMENTS

		Calibration	Calibration	
Manufacturer	Model / Equipment	Date	Interval	Serial No.
Agilent	N9020A / MXA Signal Analyzer	04/27/2020	Annual	MY51110063
Agilent	N5182A / MXG Vector Signal Generator	12/23/2019	Annual	MY46240523
Agilent	N5182A / MXG Vector Signal Generator	01/17/2020	Annual	MY47070406
Agilent	8493C-030 / 30 dB Attenuator	07/08/2019	Annual	77640
KEITHLEY	S46 / Switch	N/A	N/A	1088024
Deayoung ENT	DFSS60 / AC Power Supply	04/07/2020	Annual	1003030-1
Innco system	CO3000 / Controller(Antenna mast)	N/A	N/A	CO3000-4p
Innco system	MA4640/800-XP-EP / Antenna Position Tower	N/A	N/A	N/A
Emco	2090 / Controller	N/A	N/A	060520
Audix	- / Turn Table	N/A	N/A	N/A
Rohde&Schwarz	- / Loop Antenna	01/18/2019	Biennial	1513-175
Schwarzbeck	VULB 9160 / Hybrid Antenna	08/09/2019	Biennial	3368
Schwarzbeck	BBHA 9120D / Horn Antenna	11/18/2019	Biennial	9120D-1191
Schwarzbeck	BBHA9170 / Horn Antenna(15 GHz ~ 40 GHz)	11/29/2019	Biennial	BBHA9170541
Rohde & Schwarz	FSP(9 kHz ~ 30 GHz) / Spectrum Analyzer	09/11/2019	Annual	836650/016
Rohde & Schwarz	FSV40-N / Spectrum Analyzer	09/26/2019	Annual	101068-SZ
CERNEX	CBLU1183540B-01/Broadband Bench Top LNA			
		12/24/2019	Annual	N/A
WEINSCHEL	56-10 / Attenuator(10 dB)			
CERNEX	CBL06185030 / Broadband Low Noise Amplifier			
		12/24/2019	Annual	N/A
Api tech.	18B-03 / Attenuator (3 dB)			
Wainwright	WHKX10-2700-3000-18000-40SS / High Pass Filter	12/24/2019	Annual	N/A
Instruments		12/21/2013	/ initiat	
T&M SYSTEM	COAXIAL ATTENUATOR / Thru	12/24/2019	Annual	N/A
CERNEX	CBL18265035 / Power Amplifier	12/26/2019	Annual	22966
CERNEX	CBL26405040 / Power Amplifier	03/23/2020	Annual	25956

Note:

1. Equipment listed above that calibrated during the testing period was set for test after the calibration.

2. Equipment listed above that has a calibration due date during the testing period, the testing is completed before equipment expiration date.



5.1. AGC THRESHOLD

Test Requirement: KDB 935210 D05 v01r04

Testing at and above the AGC threshold is required.

Test Procedures:

Measurements were in accordance with the test methods section 3.2 of KDB 935210 D05 v01r04.

In the case of fiber-optic distribution systems, the RF input port of the equipment under test (EUT) refers to the RF input of the supporting equipment RF to optical convertor; see also descriptions and diagrams for typical DAS booster systems in KDB Publication 935210 D02.

Devices intended to be directly connected to an RF source (donor port) only need to be evaluated for any over-theair transmit paths.

- a) Connect a signal generator to the input of the EUT.
- b) Connect a spectrum analyzer or power meter to the output of the EUT using appropriate attenuation as necessary.
- c) The signal generator should initially be configured to produce either of the required test signals.
- d) Set the signal generator frequency to the center frequency of the EUT operating band.
- e) While monitoring the output power of the EUT, measured using the methods of ANSI C63.26-2015 subclause
 5.2.4.4.1, increase the input level until a 1 dB increase in the input signal power no longer causes a 1 dB increase
 in the output signal power.
- f) Record this level as the AGC threshold level.
- g) Repeat the procedure with the remaining test signal.

Output power measurement in subclause 5.2.4.4.1 of ANSI C63.26

- a) Set span to 2 × to 3 × the OBW.
- b) Set RBW = 1% to 5% of the OBW.
- c) Set VBW \geq 3 × RBW.
- d) Set number of measurement points in sweep $\geq 2 \times \text{span} / \text{RBW}$.
- e) Sweep time: auto-couple
- f) Detector = power averaging (rms).
- g) If the EUT can be configured to transmit continuously, then set the trigger to free run.
- h) Omit



- i) Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging (rms) mode if sweep is set to auto-couple. To accurately determine the average power over multiple symbols, it can be necessary to increase the number of traces to be averaged above 100 or, if using a manually configured sweep time, increase the sweep time.
- j) Compute the power by integrating the spectrum across the OBW of the signal using the instrument's band or channel power measurement function, with the band/channel limits set equal to the OBW band edges. If the instrument does not have a band or channel power function, then sum the spectrum levels (in linear power units) at intervals equal to the RBW extending across the entire OBW of the spectrum.

Test Band	Link	Signal	Center Frequency (MHz)	AGC Threshold Level (dBm)	Output Level (dBm)
		GSM	1 962.50	-15	42.78
		CDMA	1 962.50	-15	42.98
PCS	Downlink	WCDMA	1 962.50	-15	42.95
		LTE 5 MHz	1 962.50	-15	43.15
		LTE 10 MHz	1 962.50	-15	43.29

Test Results:



5.2. OUT-OF-BAND REJECTION

Test Requirement:

KDB 935210 D05 v01r04

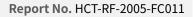
Out-of-band rejection required.

Test Procedures:

Measurements were in accordance with the test methods section 3.3 of KDB 935210 D05 v01r04.

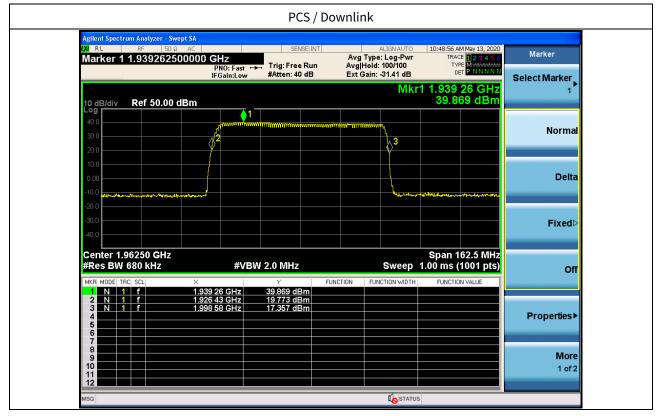
A signal booster shall reject amplification of other signals outside of its passband. Adjust the internal gain control of the EUT (if so equipped) to the maximum gain for which equipment certification is sought.

- a) Connect a signal generator to the input of the EUT.
- b) Configure a swept CW signal with the following parameters:
 - 1) Frequency range = ± 250 % of the passband, for each applicable CMRS band.
 - 2) Level = a sufficient level to affirm that the out-of-band rejection is > 20 dB above the noise floor and will not engage the AGC during the entire sweep.
 - 3) Dwell time = approximately 10 ms.
 - 4) Number of points = SPAN/(RBW/2).
- c) Connect a spectrum analyzer to the output of the EUT using appropriate attenuation.
- d) Set the span of the spectrum analyzer to the same as the frequency range of the signal generator.
- e) Set the resolution bandwidth (RBW) of the spectrum analyzer to be 1 % to 5 % of the EUT passband, and the video bandwidth (VBW) shall be set to \geq 3 × RBW.
- f) Set the detector to Peak Max-Hold and wait for the spectrum analyzer's spectral display to fill.
- g) Place a marker to the peak of the frequency response and record this frequency as f₀.
- h) Place two markers, one at the lowest and the other at the highest frequency of the envelope of the spectral display, such that each marker is at or slightly below the -20 dB down amplitude, to determine the 20 dB bandwidth.
- i) Capture the frequency response of the EUT.
- j) Repeat for all frequency bands applicable for use by the EUT.





Test Results:





5.3. INPUT-VERSUS-OUTPUT SIGNAL COMPARISON

Test Requirement:

§ 2.1049 Measurements required: Occupied bandwidth.

The occupied bandwidth, that is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers radiated are each equal to 0.5 percent of the total mean power radiated by a given emission shall be measured under the specified conditions of § 2.1049 (a) through (i) as applicable.

Test Procedures:

Measurements were in accordance with the test methods section 3.4 of KDB 935210 D05 v01r04.

A 26 dB bandwidth measurement shall be performed on the input signal and the output signal; alternatively, the 99% OBW can be measured and used. See KDB Publication 971168 [R8] for more information on measuring OBW.

- a) Connect a signal generator to the input of the EUT.
- b) Configure the signal generator to transmit the AWGN signal.
- c) Configure the signal amplitude to be just below the AGC threshold level (see 3.2), but not more than 0.5 dB below.
- d) Connect a spectrum analyzer to the output of the EUT using appropriate attenuation.
- e) Set the spectrum analyzer center frequency to the center frequency of the operational band under test. The span range of the spectrum analyzer shall be between 2 times to 5 times the emission bandwidth (EBW) or alternatively, the OBW.
- f) The nominal RBW shall be in the range of 1 % to 5 % of the anticipated OBW, and the VBW shall be \geq 3 × RBW.
- g) Set the reference level of the instrument as required to preclude the signal from exceeding the maximum spectrum analyzer input mixer level for linear operation. In general, the peak of the spectral envelope must be more than [10 log (OBW / RBW)] below the reference level. Steps f) and g) may require iteration to enable adjustments within the specified tolerances.
- h) The noise floor of the spectrum analyzer at the selected RBW shall be at least 36 dB below the reference level.
- i) Set spectrum analyzer detection function to positive peak.
- j) Set the trace mode to max hold.
- k) Determine the reference value: Allow the trace to stabilize. Set the spectrum analyzer marker to the highest amplitude level of the displayed trace (this is the reference value) and record the associated frequency as f0.
- I) Place two markers, one at the lowest and the other at the highest frequency of the envelope of the spectral display, such that each marker is at or slightly below the -26 dB down amplitude. The 26 dB EBW (alternatively OBW) is the positive frequency difference between the two markers. If the spectral envelope crosses the -26 dB down amplitude at multiple points, the lowest or highest frequency shall be selected as the frequencies that are the furthest removed from the center frequency at which the spectral envelope crosses the -26 dB down



amplitude point.

- m) Repeat steps e) to l) with the input signal connected directly to the spectrum analyzer (i.e., input signal measurement).
- n) Compare the spectral plot of the input signal (determined from step m) to the output signal (determined from step l) to affirm that they are similar (in passband and rolloff characteristic features and relative spectral locations), and include plot(s) and descriptions in test report.
- o) Repeat the procedure [steps e) to n)] with the input signal amplitude set to 3 dB above the AGC threshold.
- p) Repeat steps e) to o) with the signal generator set to the narrowband signal.
- q) Repeat steps e) to p) for all frequency bands authorized for use by the EUT.





Test Results:

Tabular data of Output Occupied Bandwidth

Test Band	Link	Signal	Center Frequency (MHz)	99 % OBW (MHz)	26 dB OBW (MHz)
		GSM	1 962.50	0.2445	0.309
		CDMA	1 962.50	1.2658	1.397
PCS	Downlink	WCDMA	1 962.50	4.1978	4.708
		LTE 5 MHz	1 962.50	4.5268	4.974
		LTE 10 MHz	1 962.50	8.9986	9.929

Tabular data of Input Occupied Bandwidth

Test Band	Link	Signal	Center Frequency (MHz)	99 % OBW (MHz)	26 dB OBW (MHz)
		GSM	1 962.50	0.2439	0.306
	Ľ	CDMA	1 962.50	1.2657	1.397
PCS		WCDMA	1 962.50	4.2153	4.736
		LTE 5 MHz	1 962.50	4.5118	5.010
		LTE 10 MHz	1 962.50	9.0138	10.017

Tabular data of 3 dB above the AGC threshold Output Occupied Bandwidth

Test Band	Link	Signal	Center Frequency (MHz)	99 % OBW (MHz)	26 dB OBW (MHz)
		GSM	1 962.50	0.2444	0.313
		CDMA	1 962.50	1.2602	1.397
PCS	Downlink	WCDMA	1 962.50	4.1864	4.711
		LTE 5 MHz	1 962.50	4.5212	5.045
		LTE 10 MHz	1 962.50	9.0056	9.923



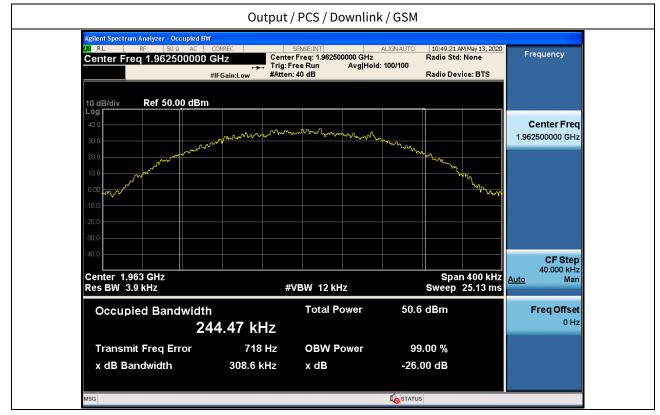
Measured Occupied Bandwidth Comparison

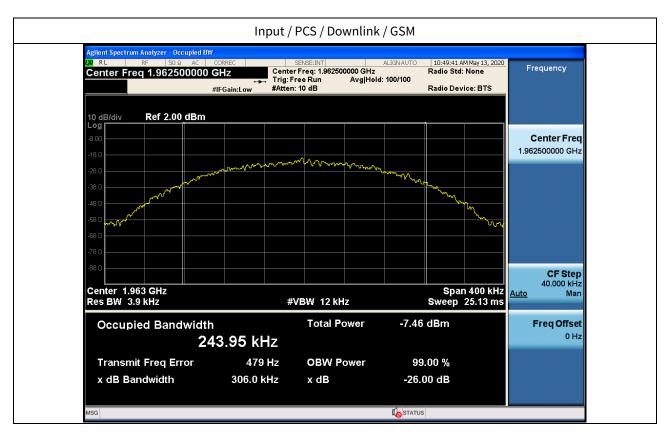
Test Band	Link	Signal	Variant of Input and output Occupied Bandwidth (%)	Variant of Input and 3 dB above the AGC threshold output Occupied Bandwidth (%)
	GSM	0.980	2.288	
		CDMA	0.000	0.000
PCS	Downlink	WCDMA	-0.591	-0.528
		LTE 5 MHz	-0.719	0.699
		LTE 10 MHz	-0.879	-0.938

* Change in input-output OBW is less than ± 5 %.

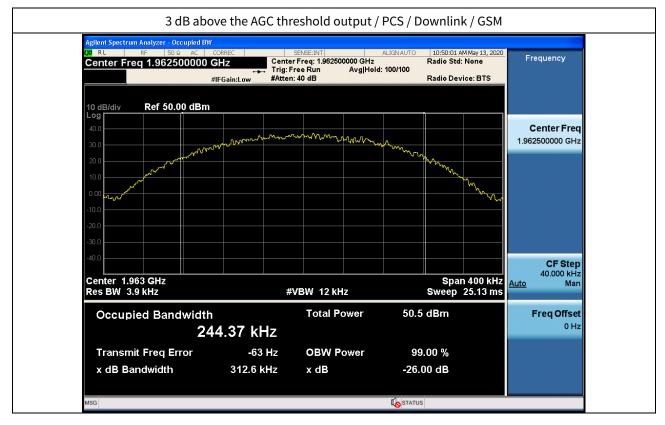


Plot data of Occupied Bandwidth

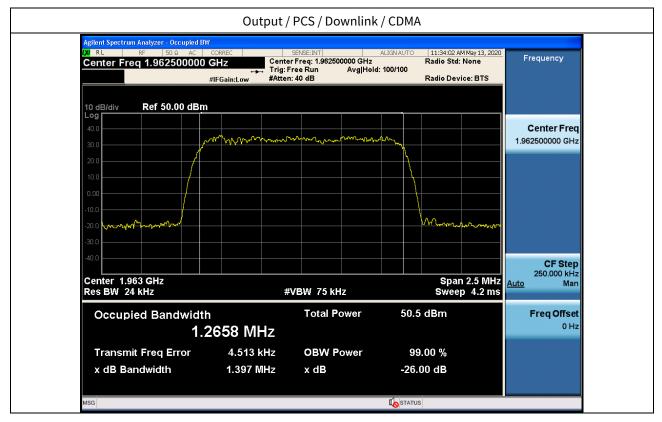


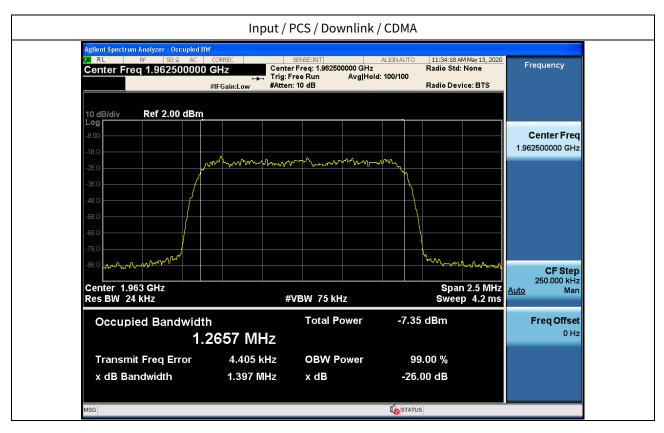




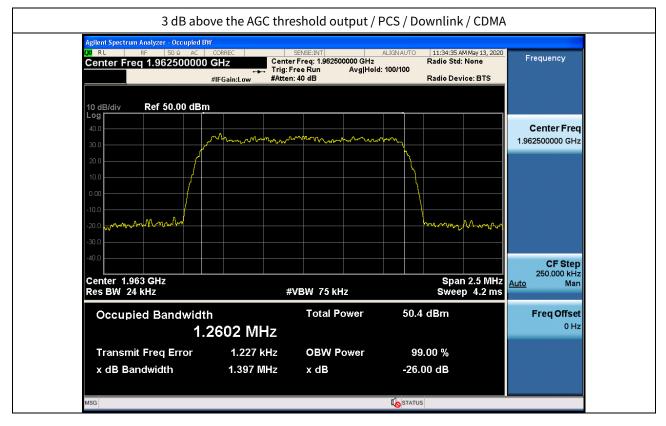






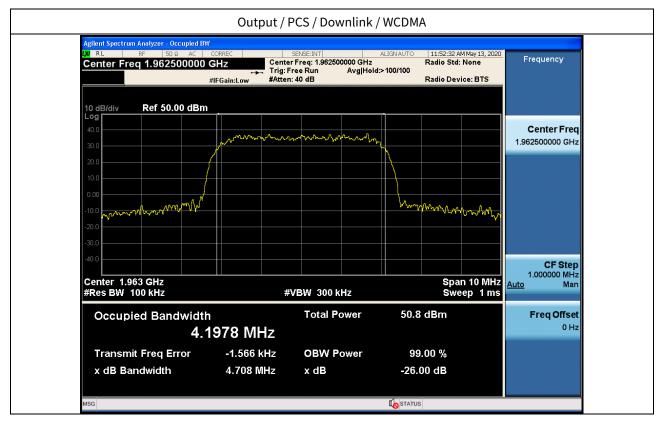


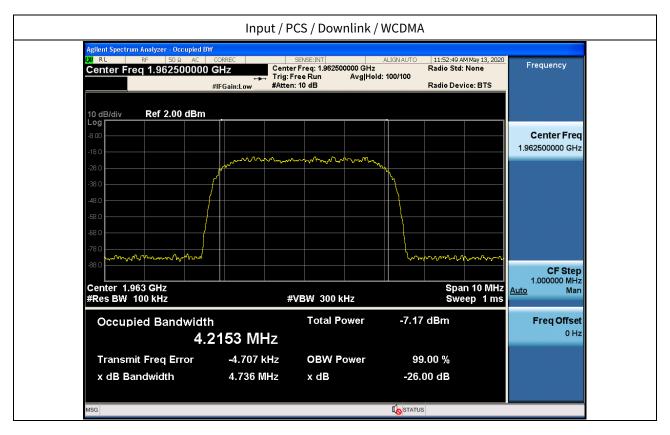




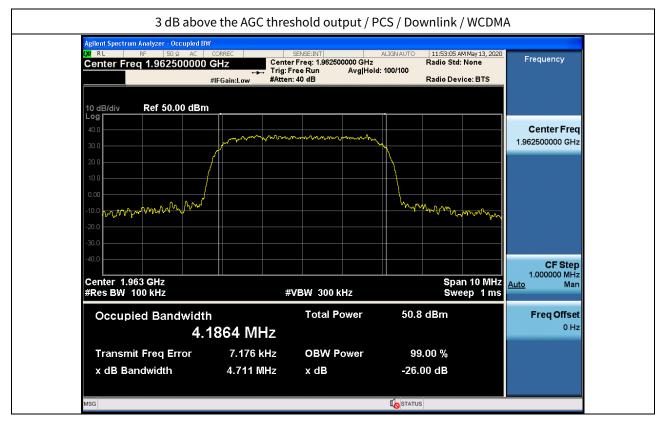


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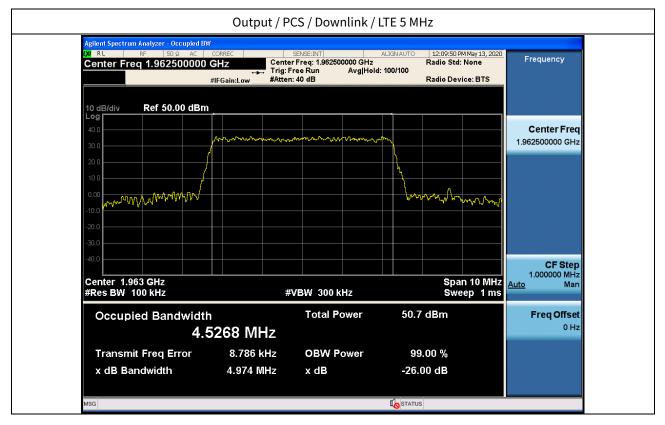


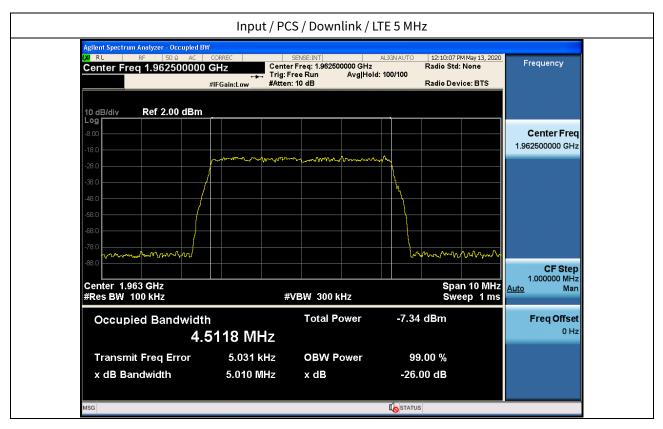




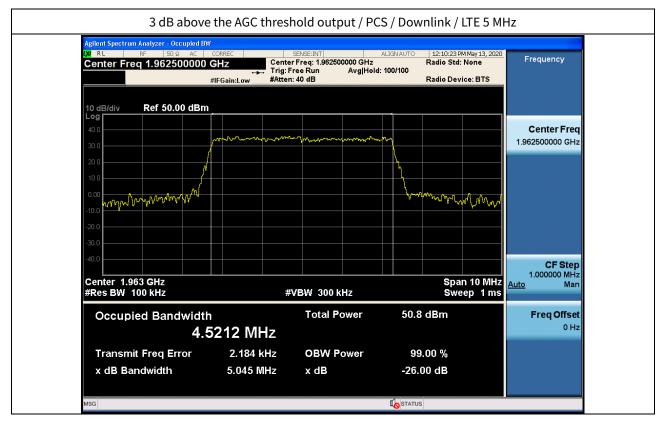


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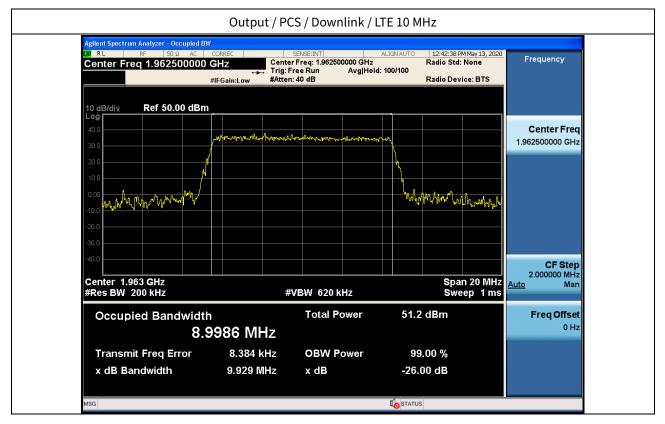


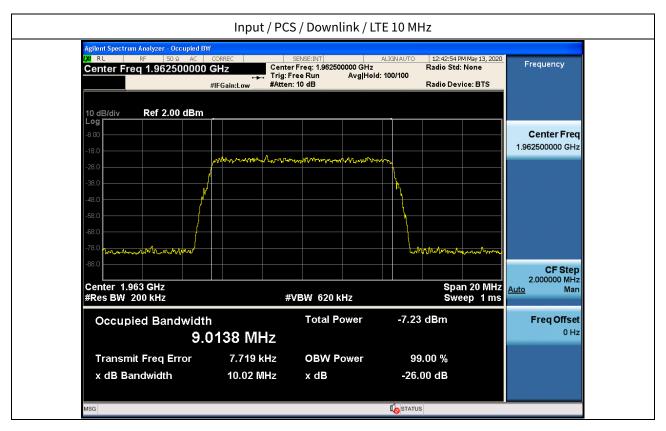




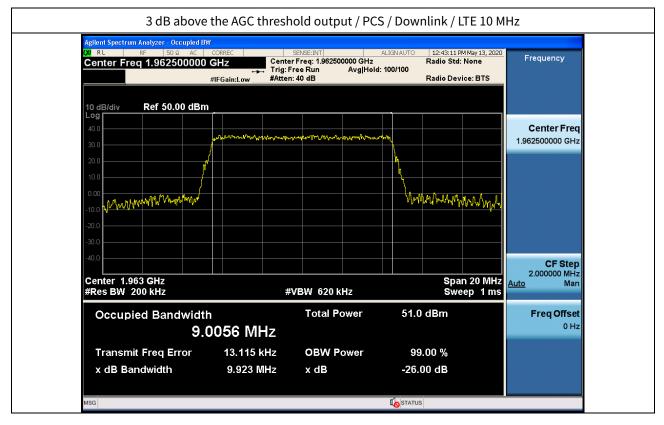


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5.4. INPUT/OUTPUT POWER AND AMPLIFIER/BOOSTER GAIN

Test Requirement:

§ 2.1046 Measurements required: RF power output.

(a) For transmitters other than single sideband, independent sideband and controlled carrier radiotelephone, power output shall be measured at the RF output terminals when the transmitter is adjusted in accordance with the tune-up procedure to give the values of current and voltage on the circuit elements specified in § 2.1033(c)(8). The electrical characteristics of the radio frequency load attached to the output terminals when this test is made shall be stated.

(b) For single sideband, independent sideband, and single channel, controlled carrier radiotelephone transmitters the procedure specified in paragraph (a) of this section shall be employed and, in addition, the transmitter shall be modulated during the test as specified and applicable in § 2.1046 (b) (1-5). In all tests, the input level of the modulating signal shall be such as to develop rated peak envelope power or carrier power, as appropriate, for the transmitter.

(c) For measurements conducted pursuant to paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section, all calculations and methods used by the applicant for determining carrier power or peak envelope power, as appropriate, on the basis of measured power in the radio frequency load attached to the transmitter output terminals shall be shown. Under the test conditions specified, no components of the emission spectrum shall exceed the limits specified in the applicable rule parts as necessary for meeting occupied bandwidth or emission limitations.

§ 24.232 Power and antenna height limits.

(a)(1) Base stations with an emission bandwidth of 1 MHz or less are limited to 1640 watts equivalent isotropically radiated power (EIRP) with an antenna height up to 300 meters HAAT, except as described in paragraph (b) below.
(2) Base stations with an emission bandwidth greater than 1 MHz are limited to 1640 watts/MHz equivalent isotropically radiated power (EIRP) with an antenna height up to 300 meters HAAT, except as described in paragraph (b) below.

(3) Base station antenna heights may exceed 300 meters HAAT with a corresponding reduction in power; *see* Tables 1 and 2 of this section.

(4) The service area boundary limit and microwave protection criteria specified in § § 24.236 and 24.237 apply.

Table 1—Reduced Power for Base Station Antenna Heights Over 300 Meters, With Emission Bandwidth of 1 MHz or
Less

	2000
HAAT in meters	Maximum EIRP watts
≤300	1640
≤500	1070
≤1000	490
≤1500	270
≤2000	160

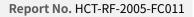




Table 2—Reduced Power for Base Station Antenna Heights Over 300 Meters, With Emission Bandwidth Greater

	Than 1 MHz
	Maximum EIRP
HAAT in meters	watts/MHz
≤300	1640
≤500	1070
≤1000	490
≤1500	270
≤2000	160

(b)(1) Base stations that are located in counties with population densities of 100 persons or fewer per square mile, based upon the most recently available population statistics from the Bureau of the Census, with an emission bandwidth of 1 MHz or less are limited to 3280 watts equivalent isotropically radiated power (EIRP) with an antenna height up to 300 meters HAAT.

(2) Base stations that are located in counties with population densities of 100 persons or fewer per square mile, based upon the most recently available population statistics from the Bureau of the Census, with an emission bandwidth greater than 1 MHz are limited to 3280 watts/MHz equivalent isotropically radiated power (EIRP) with an antenna height up to 300 meters HAAT.

(3) Base station antenna heights may exceed 300 meters HAAT with a corresponding reduction in power; *see* Tables 3 and 4 of this section.

(4) The service area boundary limit and microwave protection criteria specified in § § 24.236 and 24.237 apply.
(5) Operation under this paragraph (b) at power limits greater than permitted under paragraph (a) of this section must be coordinated in advance with all broadband PCS licensees authorized to operate on adjacent frequency blocks within 120 kilometers (75 miles) of the base station and is limited to base stations located more than 120 kilometers (75 miles) from the Canadian border and more than 75 kilometers (45 miles) from the Mexican border.

Table 3—Reduced Power for Base Station Antenna Heights Over 300 Meters, With Emission Bandwidth of 1 MHz or

Less			
HAAT in meters	Maximum EIRP watts		
≤300	3280		
≤500	2140		
≤1000	980		
≤1500	540		
≤2000	320		



Table 4—Reduced Power for Base Station Antenna Heights Over 300 Meters, With Emission Bandwidth Greater

Than 1 MHz				
	Maximum EIRP			
HAAT in meters	watts/MHz			
≤300	3280			
≤500	2140			
≤1000	980			
≤1500	540			
≤2000	320			

(c) Mobile and portable stations are limited to 2 watts EIRP and the equipment must employ a means for limiting power to the minimum necessary for successful communications.

(d) Power measurements for transmissions by stations authorized under this section may be made either in accordance with a Commission-approved average power technique or in compliance with paragraph (e) of this section. In both instances, equipment employed must be authorized in accordance with the provisions of § 24.51. In measuring transmissions in this band using an average power technique, the peak-to-average ratio (PAR) of the transmission may not exceed 13 dB.

(e) Peak transmit power must be measured over any interval of continuous transmission using instrumentation calibrated in terms of an rms-equivalent voltage. The measurement results shall be properly adjusted for any instrument limitations, such as detector response times, limited resolution bandwidth capability when compared to the emission bandwidth, sensitivity, *etc.*, so as to obtain a true peak measurement for the emission in question over the full bandwidth of the channel.

Test Procedures:

Measurements were in accordance with the test methods section 3.5 of KDB 935210 D05 v01r04.

Adjust the internal gain control of the EUT to the maximum gain for which the equipment certification is being sought. Any EUT attenuation settings shall be set to their minimum value.

Input power levels (uplink and downlink) should be set to maximum input ratings while confirming that the device is not capable of operating in saturation (non-linear mode) at the rated input levels, including during the performance of the input/output power measurements.

3.5.2 Measuring the EUT mean input and output power

- a) Connect a signal generator to the input of the EUT.
- b) Configure to generate the test signal.
- c) The frequency of the signal generator shall be set to the frequency f₀ as determined from out-of-band rejection test.
- d) Connect a spectrum analyzer or power meter to the output of the EUT using appropriate attenuation as



necessary.

- e) Set the signal generator output power to a level that produces an EUT output level that is just below the AGC threshold, but not more than 0.5 dB below.
- f) Measure and record the output power of the EUT; use ANSI C63.26-2015 subclause 5.2.4.4.1, for power measurement.
- g) Remove the EUT from the measurement setup. Using the same signal generator settings, repeat the power measurement at the signal generator port, which was used as the input signal to the EUT, and record as the input power. EUT gain may be calculated as described in 3.5.5.
- h) Repeat steps f) and g) with input signal amplitude set to 3 dB above the AGC threshold level.
- i) Repeat steps e) to h) with the narrowband test signal.
- j) Repeat steps e) to i) for all frequency bands authorized for use by the EUT.

3.5.5 Calculating amplifier, repeater, or industrial booster gain

After the input and output power levels have been measured as described in the preceding subclauses, the gain of the EUT can be determined from:

Gain (dB) = output power (dBm) - input power (dBm).

Report the gain for each authorized operating frequency band, and each test signal stimulus.

Note. If f₀ that determined from out-of-band test is smaller or greater than difference of test signal's center frequency and operation band block, test is performed at the lowest or the highest frequency that test signals can be passed.



Tabular data of Input / Output Power and Gain

Test Band	Link	Signal	f₀ Frequency (MHz)	Input Power (dBm)	Output Power (dBm)	Gain (dB)
		GSM	1 939.26	-15.34	43.07	58.41
	PCS Downlink	CDMA	1 939.26	-15.16	42.94	58.10
PCS		WCDMA	1 939.26	-14.97	42.47	57.44
	LTE 5 MHz	1 939.26	-15.02	43.14	58.16	
	LTE 10 MHz	1 939.26	-15.03	42.99	58.02	

Tabular data of Input / 3 dB above AGC threshold Output Power and Gain

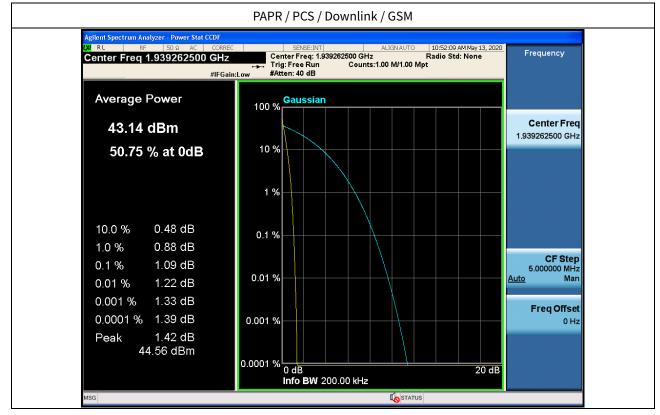
Test Band	Link	Signal	f₀ Frequency (MHz)	Input Power (dBm)	+3 dB Output Power (dBm)	Gain (dB)
PCS	Downlink	GSM	1 939.26	-12.34	43.09	55.43
		CDMA	1 939.26	-12.16	43.17	55.33
		WCDMA	1 939.26	-11.97	42.94	54.91
		LTE 5 MHz	1 939.26	-12.02	43.09	55.11
		LTE 10 MHz	1 939.26	-12.03	42.91	54.94

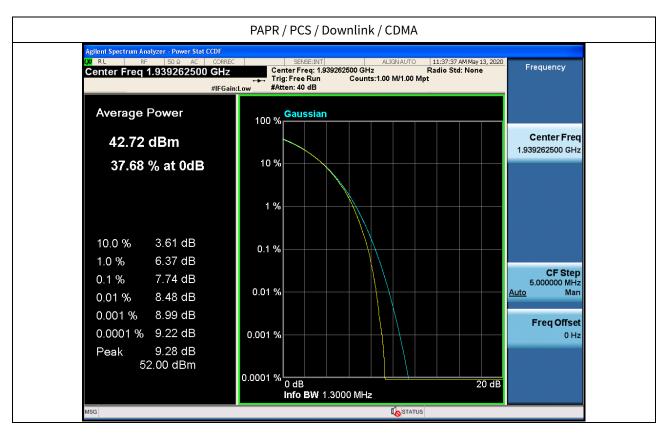
Tabular data of PAPR

Test Band	Link	Signal	f ₀ Frequency (MHz)	0.1 % PAPR (dB)
PCS	Downlink	GSM	1 939.26	1.09
		CDMA	1 939.26	7.74
		WCDMA	1 939.26	4.44
		LTE 5 MHz	1 939.26	8.20
		LTE 10 MHz	1 939.26	8.32

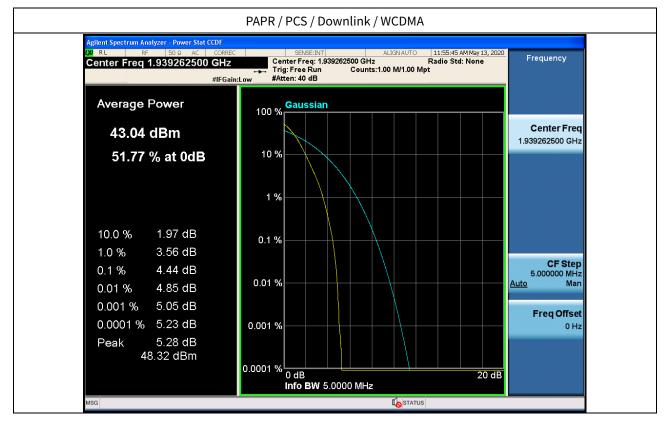


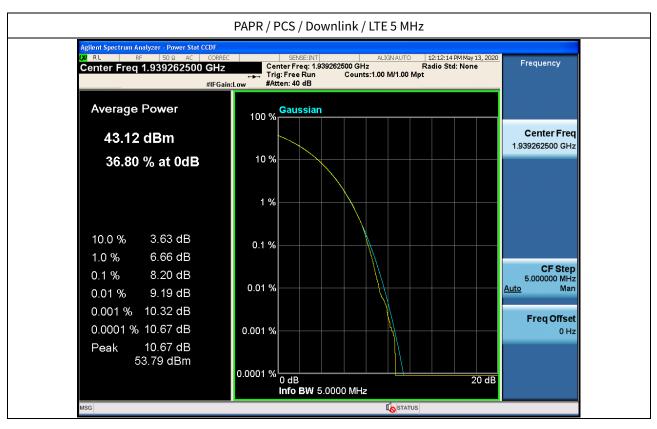
Plot data of PAPR



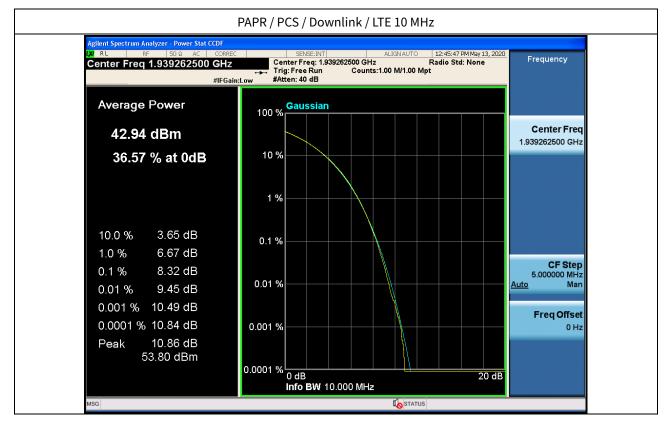














5.5. OUT-OF-BAND/OUT-OF-BLOCK EMISSIONS AND SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

Test Requirement(s):

§ 2.1051 Measurements required: Spurious emissions at antenna terminals:

The radio frequency voltage or powers generated within the equipment and appearing on a spurious frequency shall be checked at the equipment output terminals when properly loaded with a suitable artificial antenna. Curves or equivalent data shall show the magnitude of each harmonic and other spurious emission that can be detected when the equipment is operated under the conditions specified in § 2.1049 as appropriate. The magnitude of spurious emissions which are attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible value need not be specified.

§ 24.238 Emission limitations for Broadband PCS equipment.

The rules in this section govern the spectral characteristics of emissions in the Broadband Personal Communications Service.

(a) *Out of band emissions.* The power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least 43 + 10 log(P) dB.

(b) *Measurement procedure.* Compliance with these rules is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz or greater. However, in the 1 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed. A narrower resolution bandwidth is permitted in all cases to improve measurement accuracy provided the measured power is integrated over the full required measurement bandwidth (*i.e.* 1 MHz or 1 percent of emission bandwidth, as specified). The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emissions are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.

(c) *Alternative out of band emission limit.* Licensees in this service may establish an alternative out of band emission limit to be used at specified band edge(s) in specified geographical areas, in lieu of that set forth in this section, pursuant to a private contractual arrangement of all affected licensees and applicants. In this event, each party to such contract shall maintain a copy of the contract in their station files and disclose it to prospective assignees or transferees and, upon request, to the FCC.

(d) *Interference caused by out of band emissions.* If any emission from a transmitter operating in this service results in interference to users of another radio service, the FCC may require a greater attenuation of that emission than specified in this section.

Test Procedures:

Measurements were in accordance with the test methods section 3.6 of KDB 935210 D05 v01r04.

Spurious emissions shall be measured using a single test signal sequentially tuned to the low, middle, and high channels or frequencies within each authorized frequency band of operation. Out-of-band/out-of-block emissions (including intermodulation products) shall be measured under each of the following two stimulus conditions:

a) two adjacent test signals sequentially tuned to the lower and upper frequency band/block edges;



b) a single test signal, sequentially tuned to the lowest and highest frequencies or channels within the frequency band/block under examination.

NOTE—Single-channel boosters that cannot accommodate two simultaneous signals within the passband may be excluded from the test stipulated in step a).

3.6.2 Out-of-band/out-of-block emissions conducted measurements

- a) Connect a signal generator to the input of the EUT.
 - If the signal generator is not capable of generating two modulated carriers simultaneously, then two discrete signal generators can be connected with an appropriate combining network to support this two-signal test.
- b) Set the signal generator to produce two AWGN signals as previously described.
- c) Set the center frequencies such that the AWGN signals occupy adjacent channels, as defined by industry standards such as 3GPP or 3GPP2, at the upper edge of the frequency band or block under test.
- d) Set the composite power levels such that the input signal is just below the AGC threshold, but not more than 0.5 dB below. The composite power can be measured using the procedures provided in KDB Publication 971168, but it will be necessary to expand the power integration bandwidth so as to include both of the transmit channels.
- e) Connect a spectrum analyzer to the output of the EUT using appropriate attenuation as necessary.
- f) Set the RBW = reference bandwidth in the applicable rule section for the supported frequency band.
- g) Set the VBW = 3 × RBW.
- h) Set the detector to power averaging (rms) detector.
- i) Set the Sweep time = auto-couple.
- j) Set the spectrum analyzer start frequency to the upper block edge frequency, and the stop frequency to the upper block edge frequency plus 300 kHz or 3 MHz, for frequencies below and above 1 GHz, respectively.
- k) Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging (rms) mode.
- l) Use the marker function to find the maximum power level.
- m) Capture the spectrum analyzer trace of the power level for inclusion in the test report.
- n) Repeat steps k) to m) with the composite input power level set to 3 dB above the AGC threshold.
- o) Reset the frequencies of the input signals to the lower edge of the frequency block or band under test.
- p) Reset the spectrum analyzer start frequency to the lower block edge frequency minus 300 kHz or 3 MHz, for frequencies below and above 1 GHz, respectively, and the stop frequency to the lower band or block edge frequency.
- q) Repeat steps k) to n).
- r) Repeat steps a) to q) with the signal generator configured for a single test signal tuned as close as possible to the block edges.
- s) Repeat steps a) to r) with the narrowband test signal.
- t) Repeat steps a) to s) for all authorized frequency bands or blocks used by the EUT.
- 3.6.3 Spurious emissions conducted measurements
- a) Connect a signal generator to the input of the EUT.
- b) Set the signal generator to produce the broadband test signal as previously described.
- c) Set the center frequency of the test signal to the lowest available channel within the frequency band or block.
- d) Set the EUT input power to a level that is just below the AGC threshold, but not more than 0.5 dB below.



- e) Connect a spectrum analyzer to the output of the EUT using appropriate attenuation as necessary.
- f) Set the RBW = reference bandwidth in the applicable rule section for the supported frequency band of operation.
- g) Set the VBW \geq 3 × RBW.
- h) Set the Sweep time = auto-couple.
- Set the spectrum analyzer start frequency to the lowest RF signal generated in the equipment, without going below 9 kHz, and the stop frequency to the lower band/block edge frequency minus 1 MHz.
 The number of measurement points in each sweep must be ≥ (2 × span/RBW), which may require that the measurement range defined by the start and stop frequencies be subdivided, depending on the available
- number of measurement points provided by the spectrum analyzer.
- j) Select the power averaging (rms) detector function.
- k) Trace average at least 10 traces in power averaging (rms) mode.
- Use the peak marker function to identify the highest amplitude level over each measured frequency range.
 Record the frequency and amplitude and capture a plot for inclusion in the test report.
- m) Reset the spectrum analyzer start frequency to the upper band/block edge frequency plus 1 MHz, and the spectrum analyzer stop frequency to 10 times the highest frequency of the fundamental emission. The number of measurement points in each sweep must be \geq (2 × span/RBW), which may require that the measurement range defined by the start and stop frequencies be subdivided, depending on the available number of measurement points provided by the spectrum analyzer.
- n) Trace average at least 10 traces in power averaging (rms) mode.
- o) Use the peak marker function to identify the highest amplitude level over each of the measured frequency ranges. Record the frequency and amplitude and capture a plot for inclusion in the test report; also provide tabular data, if required.
- p) Repeat steps i) to o) with the input test signals firstly tuned to a middle band/block frequency/channel, and then tuned to a high band/block frequency/channel.
- q) Repeat steps b) to p) with the narrowband test signal.
- r) Repeat steps b) to q) for all authorized frequency bands/blocks used by the EUT.

Notes:

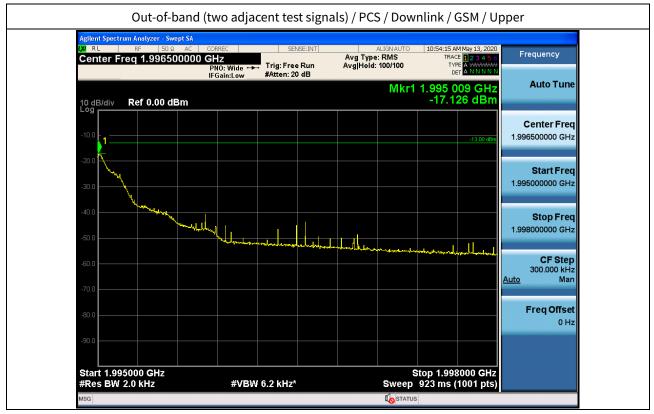
1. In 9 kHz-150 kHz and 150 kHz-30 MHz bands, RBW was reduced to 1 kHz and 10 kHz and correction factor was applied according to section 5.7.2 of ANSI C63.26-2015

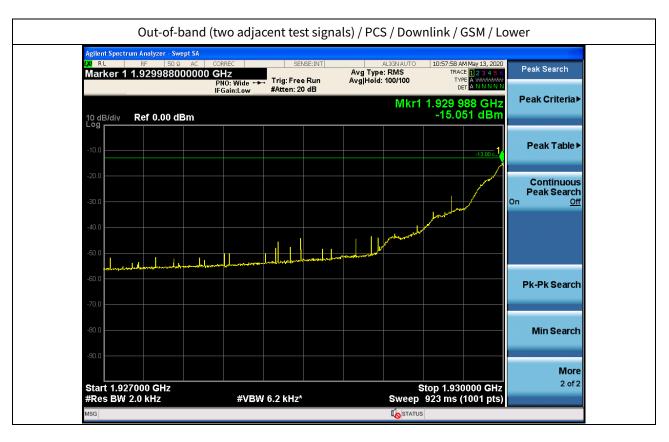
Band	9 ~ 150 kHz Correction	150 kHz ~ 30 MHz Correction
Above 1 GHz (Ref.RBW: 1 MHz)	30 dB	20 dB

2. We have done CDMA and 1xEVDO modulation test in technology. Test results are only attached worst cases.

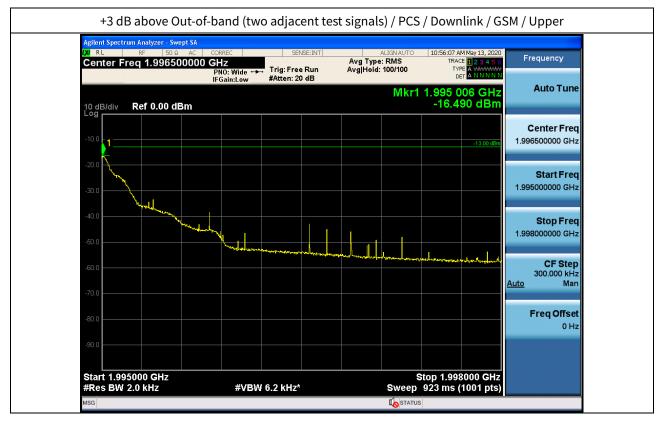


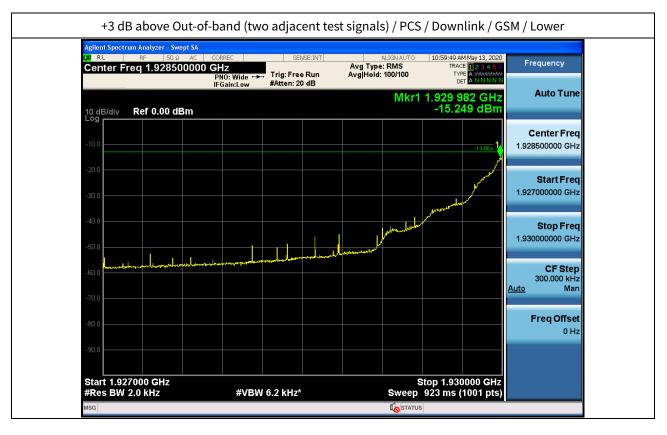
Test Results: Plot data of Out-of-band/out-of-block emissions





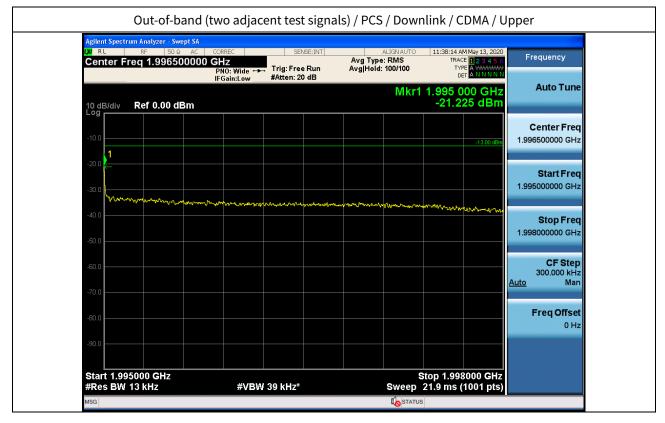


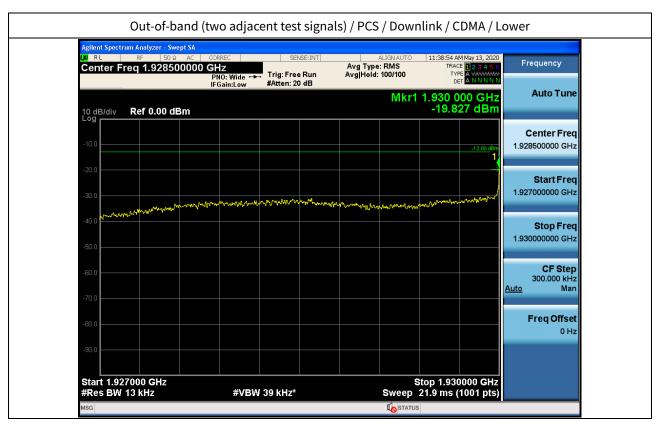








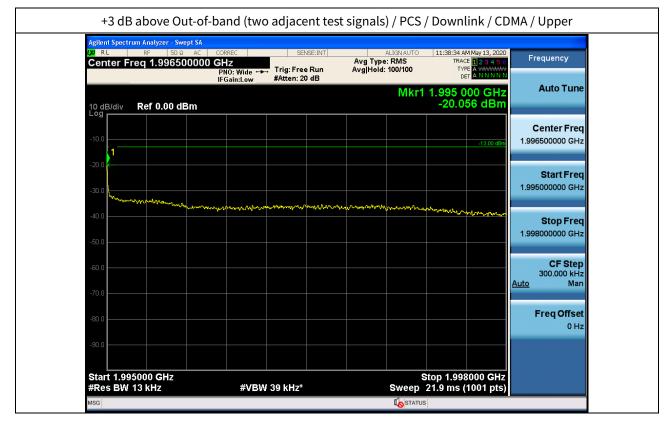


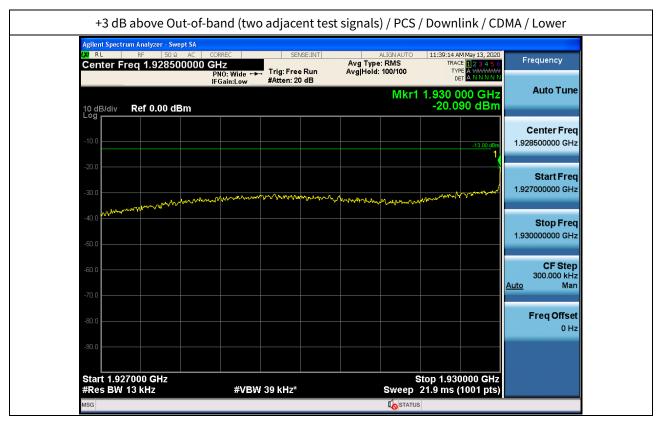


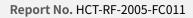
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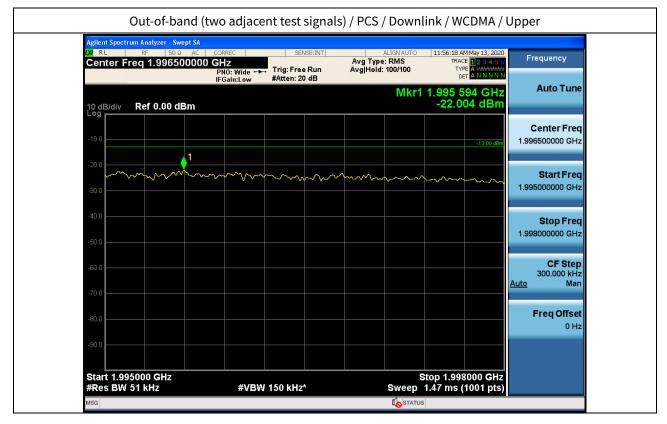


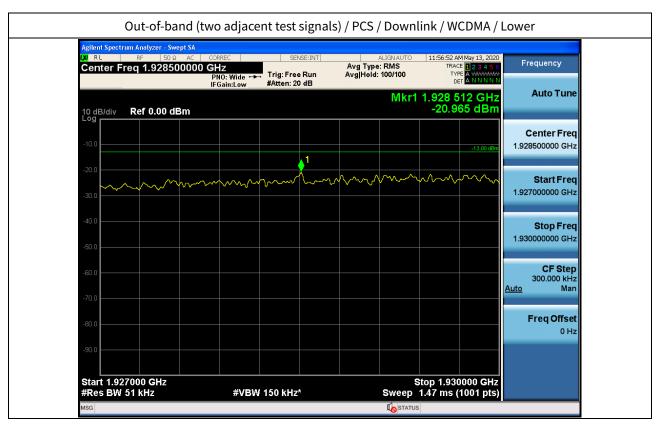








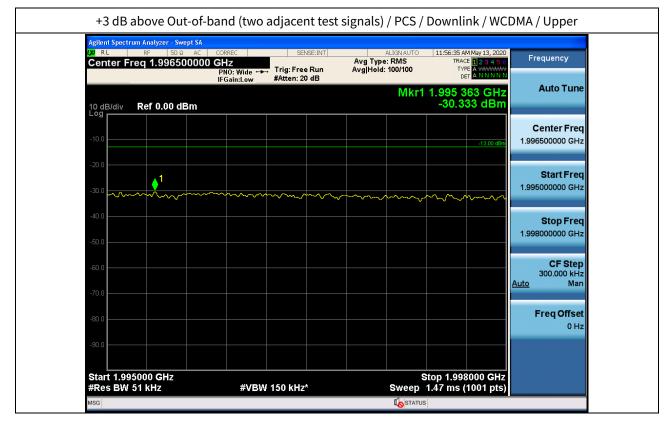


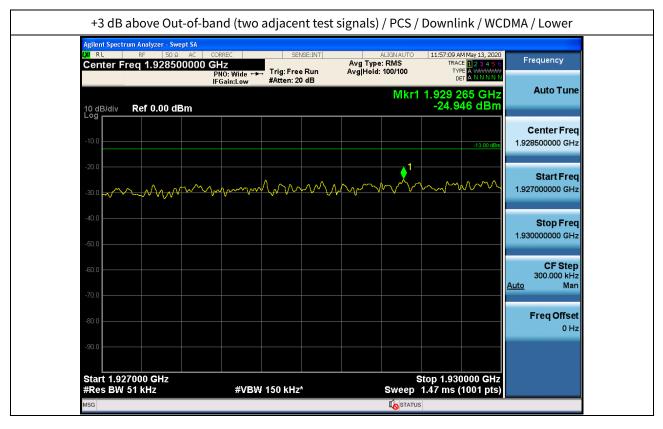


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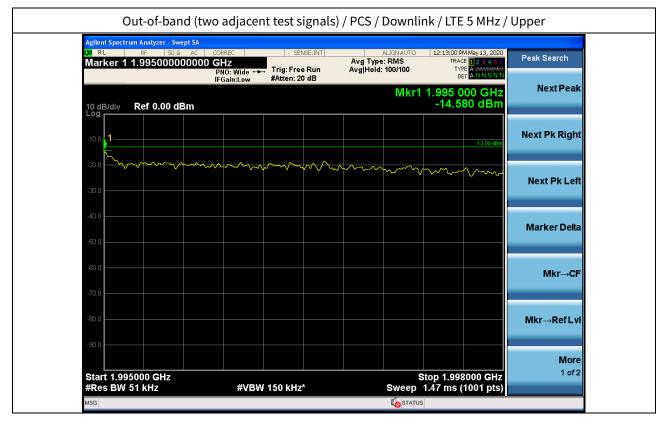


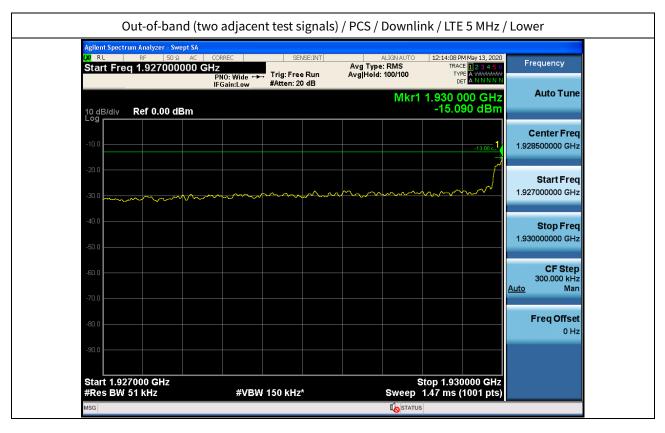






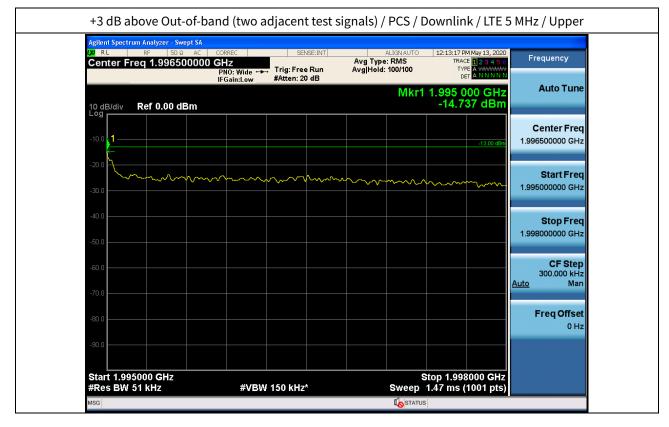


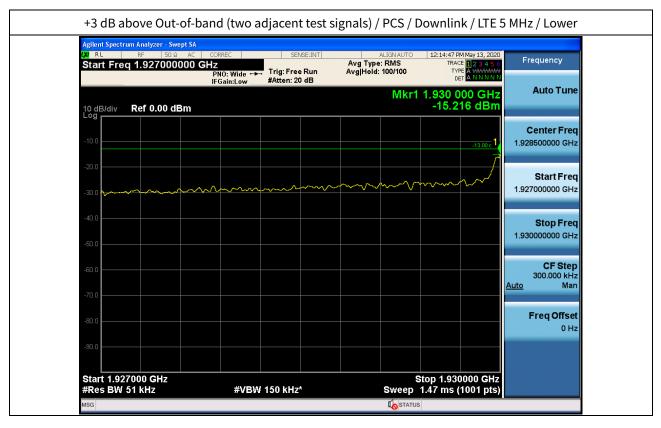


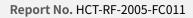




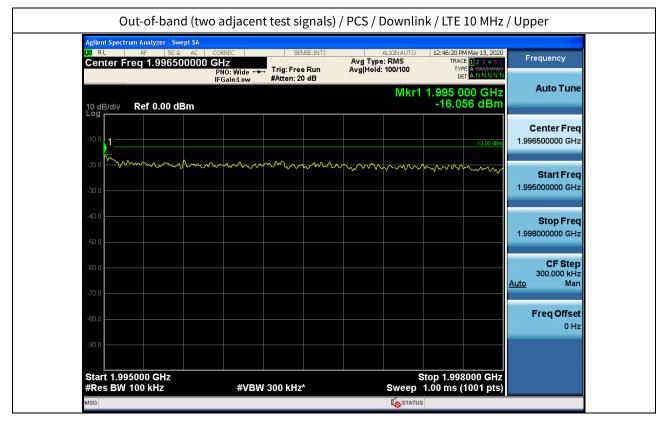


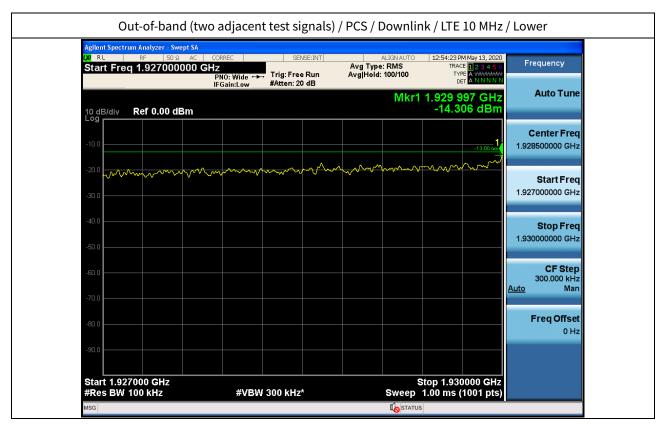






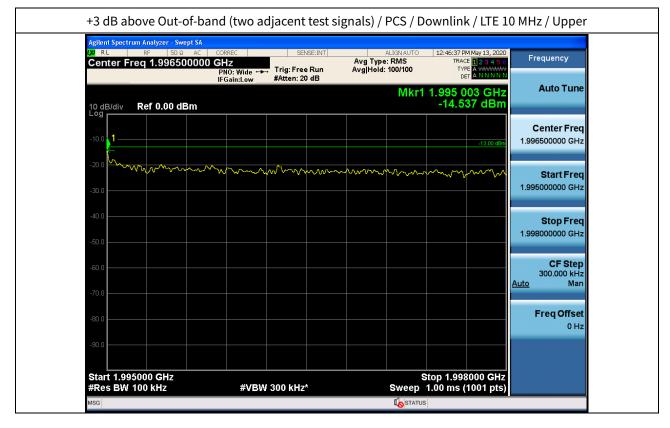


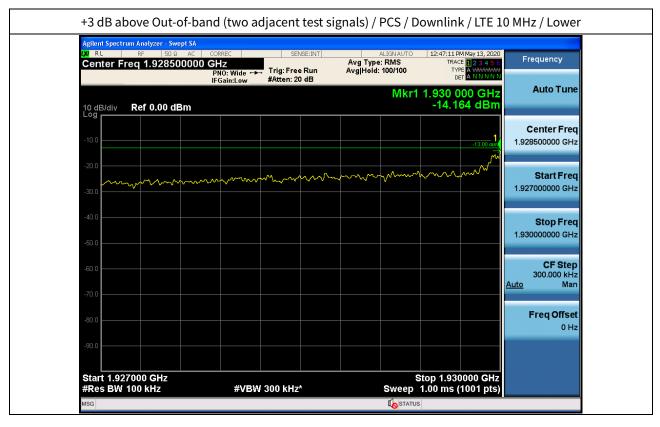




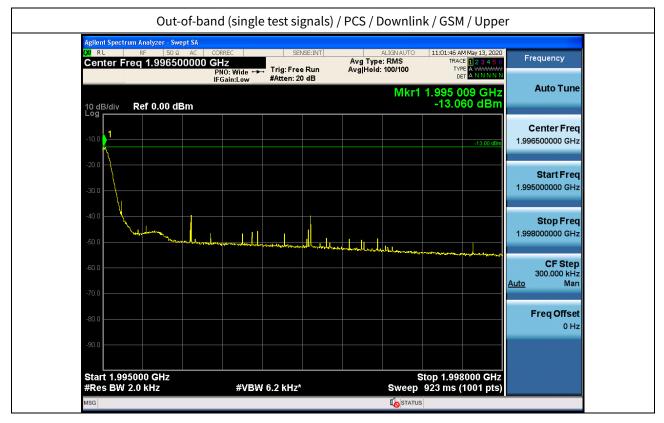


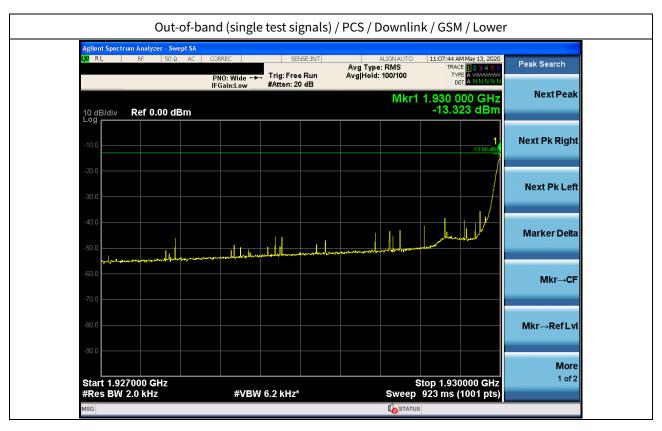




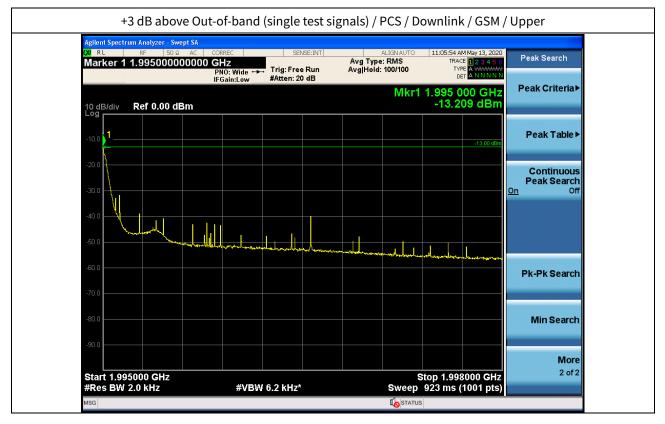


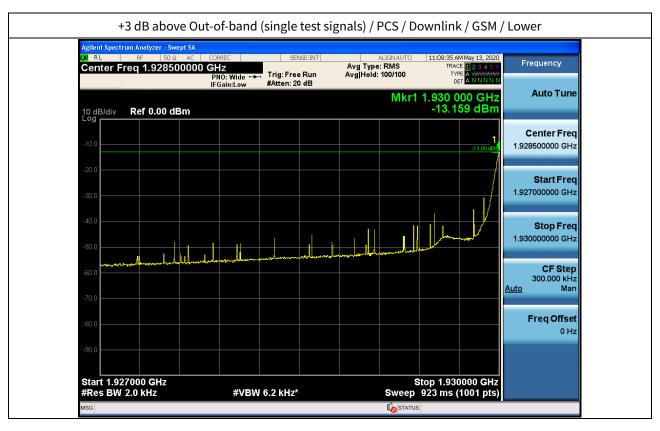






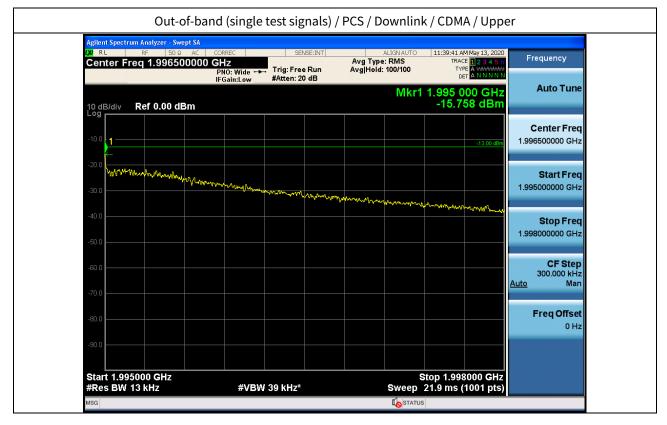


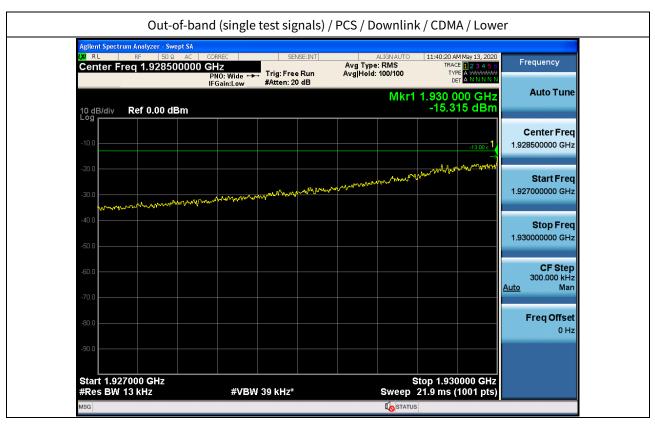




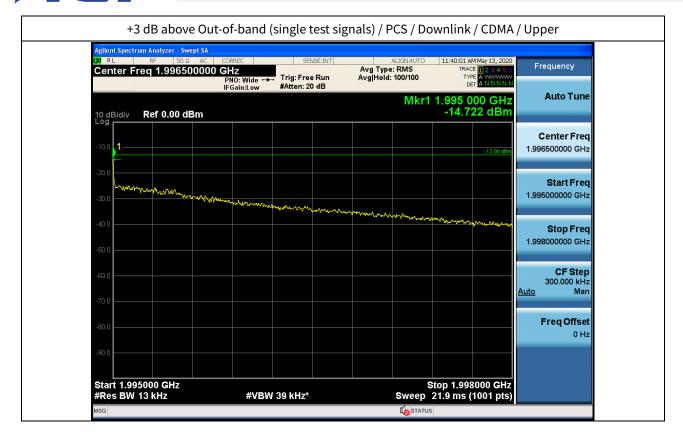


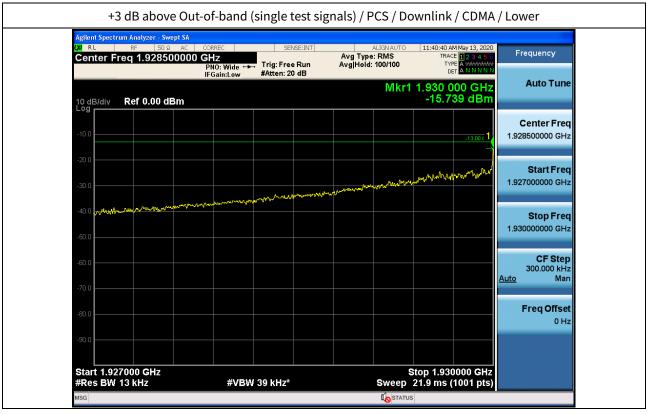


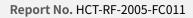




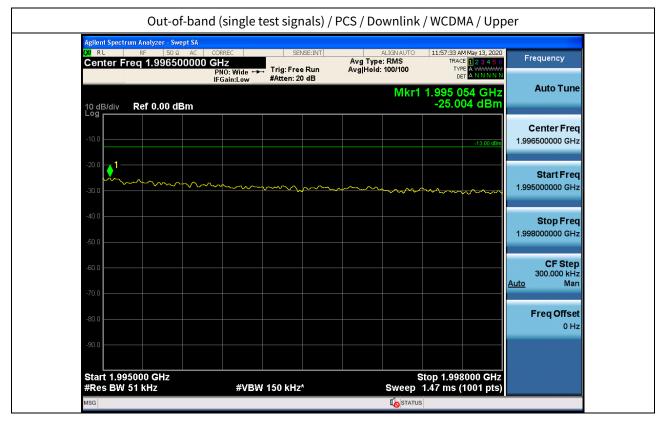


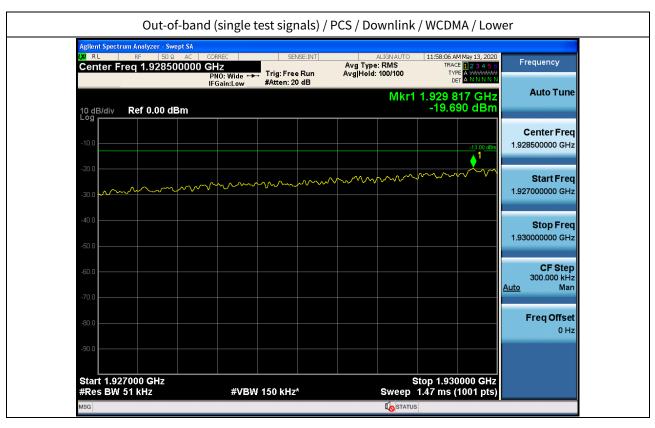


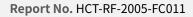




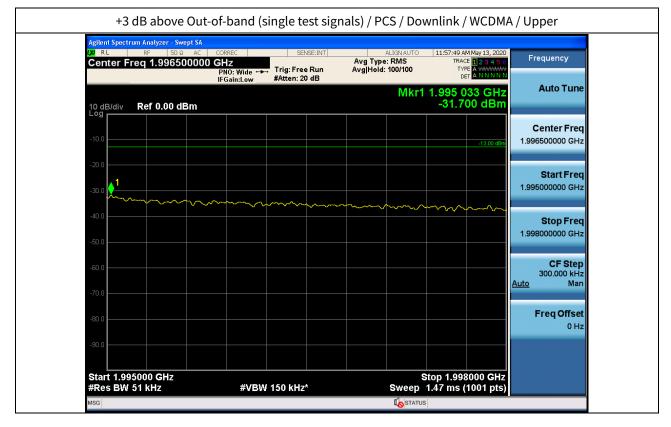


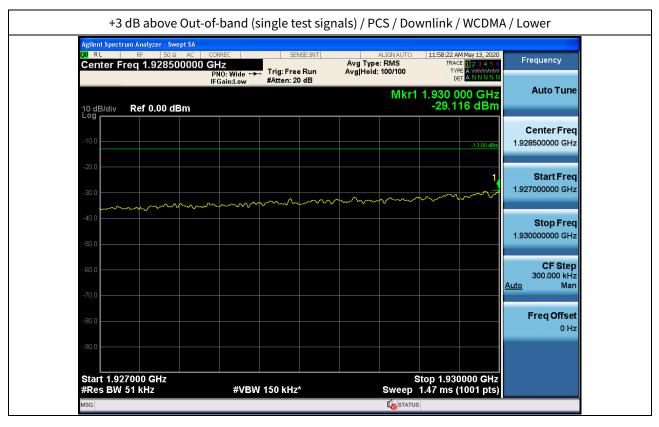


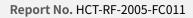




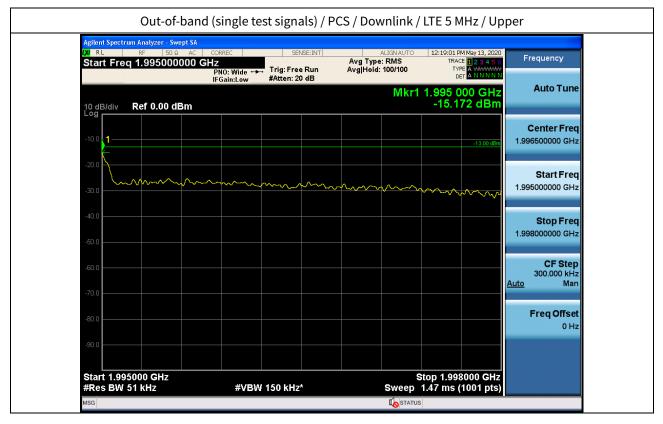


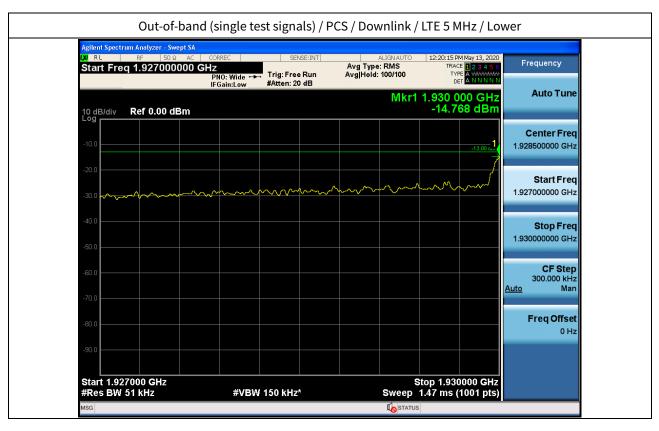






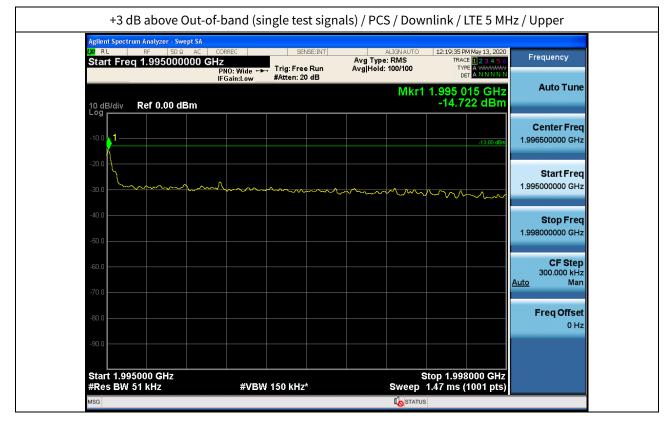


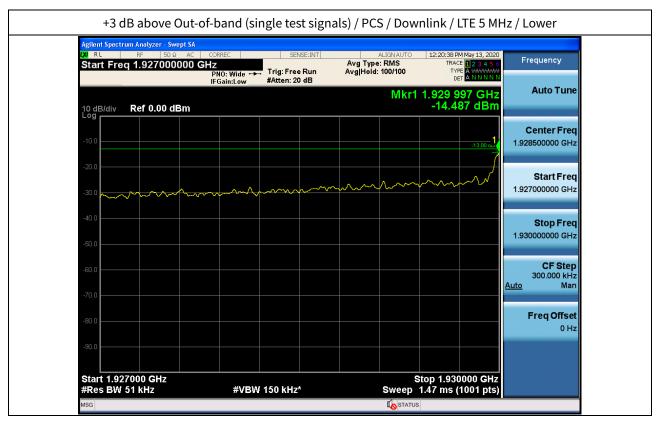




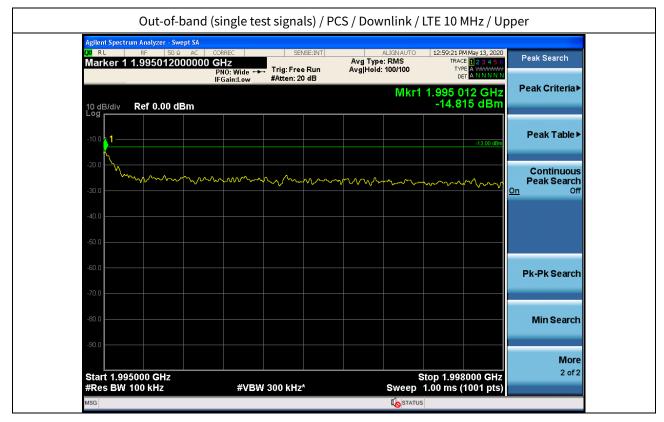


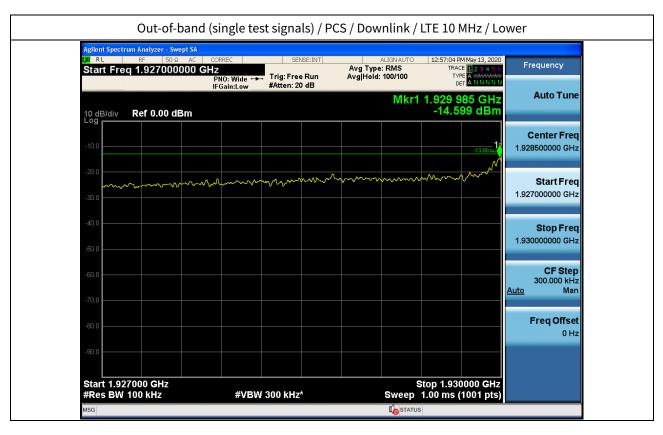






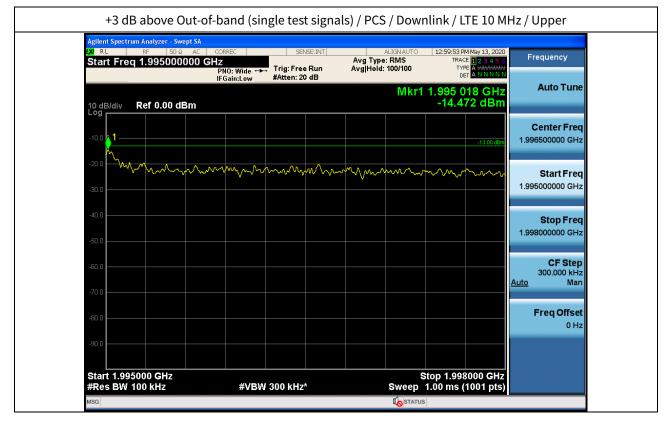


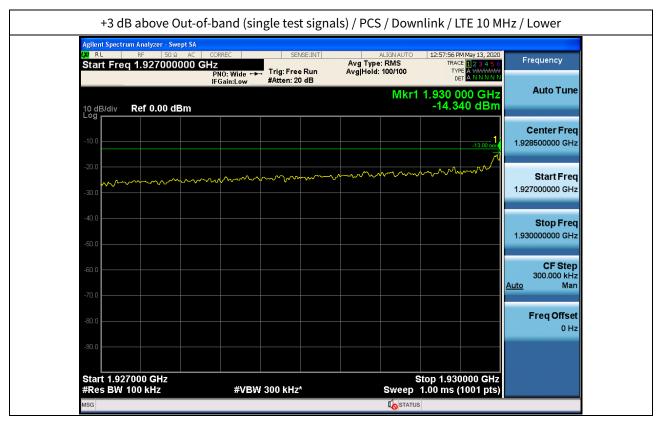






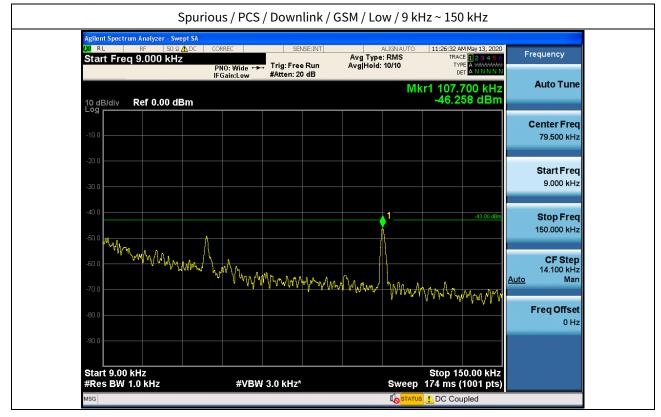


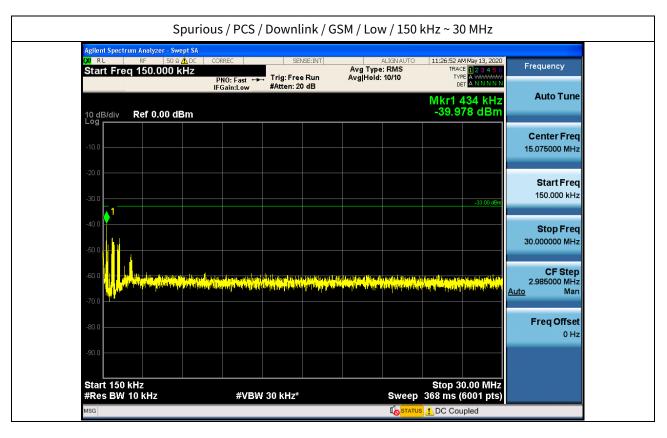






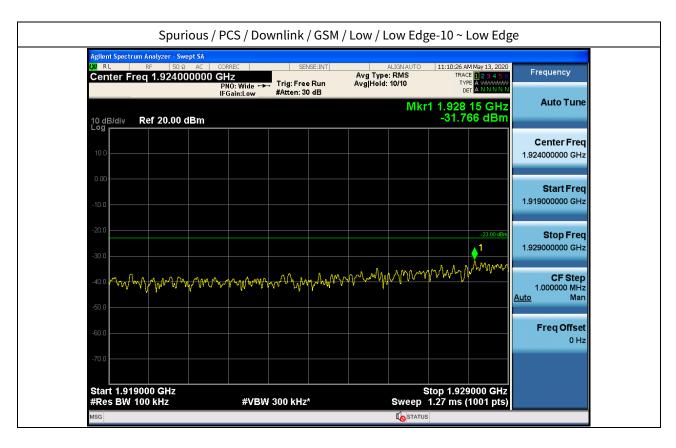
Plot data of Spurious Emissions





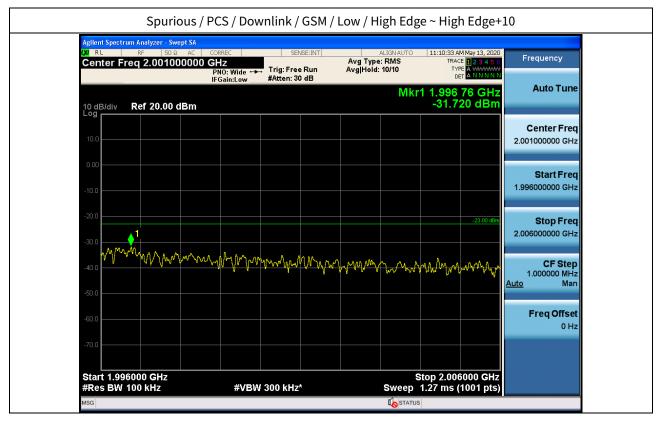


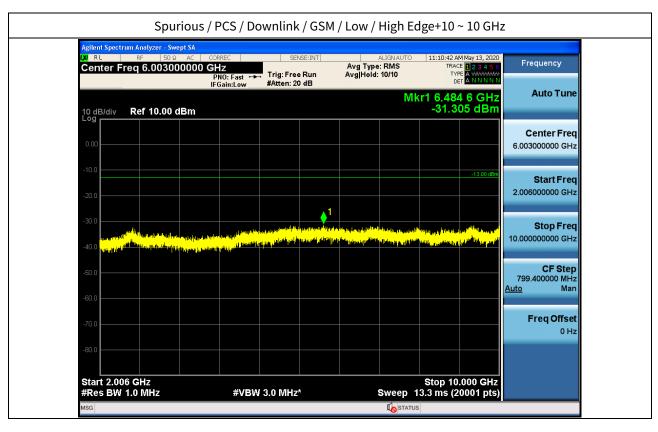
Spurious	/ PCS / Downlink / GSM	/ Low / 30 MHz ⁄	~ Low Edge-10)
Center Freq 974.500000 M	CORREC SENSE:INT HZ PN0: Fast →→ Trig: Free Run IFGain:Low #Atten: 16 dB	Avg Type: RMS Avg Hold: 10/10	11:10:18 AM May 13, 2020 TRACE 1 2 3 4 5 6 TYPE A WWWWW DET A N N N N N	Frequency
10 dB/div Ref 0.00 dBm		Mkr1	1.916 26 GHz -36.623 dBm	Auto Tune
-10.0			-13.00 dBm	Center Freq 974.500000 MHz
-20.0			1	Start Freq 30.000000 MHz
the second state and the second state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second	and no frequencies of the state	ti daga dalah sa kadipa sa ala dihanda Manang kanang kanang kanang ka	v and the section of the answer of the section of t	Stop Freq 1.919000000 GHz
-60.0				CF Step 188.900000 MHz
-70.0				<u>Auto</u> Man Freq Offset
-90.0				0 Hz
Start 30.0 MHz #Res BW 1.0 MHz	#VBW 3.0 MHz*		Stop 1.9190 GHz 7 ms (20001 pts)	
MSG		K STATUS		



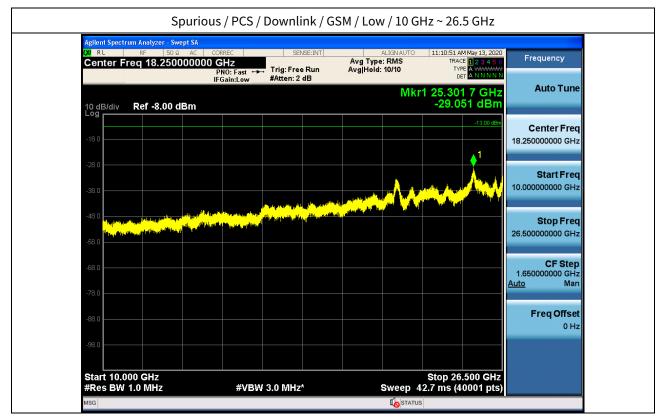




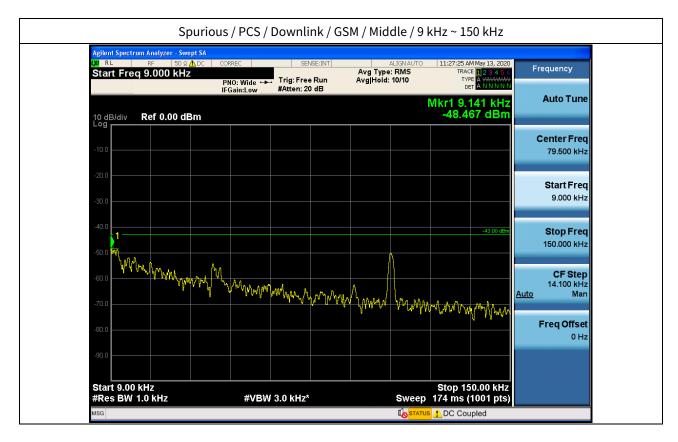


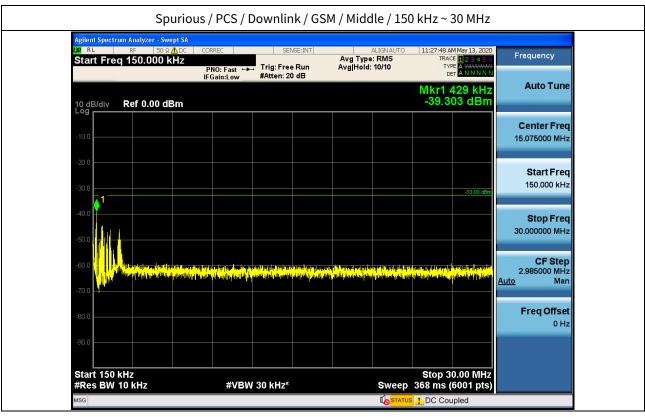


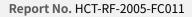






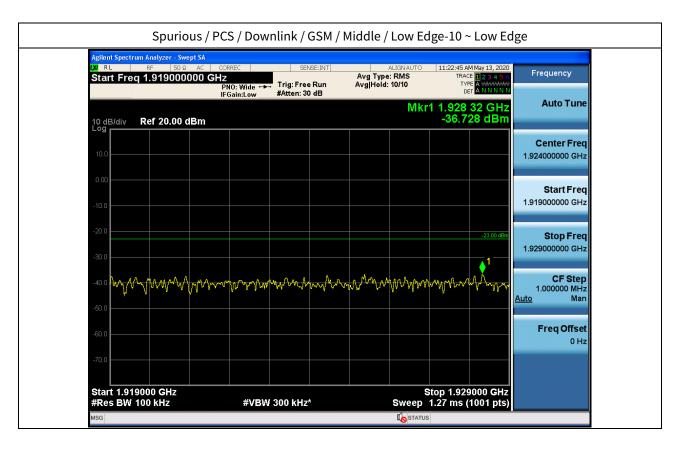






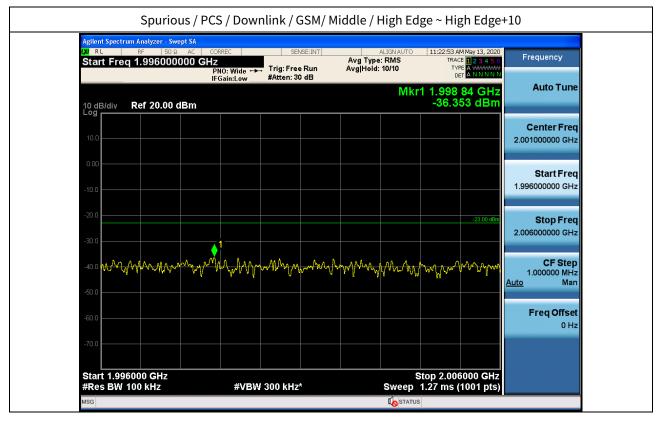


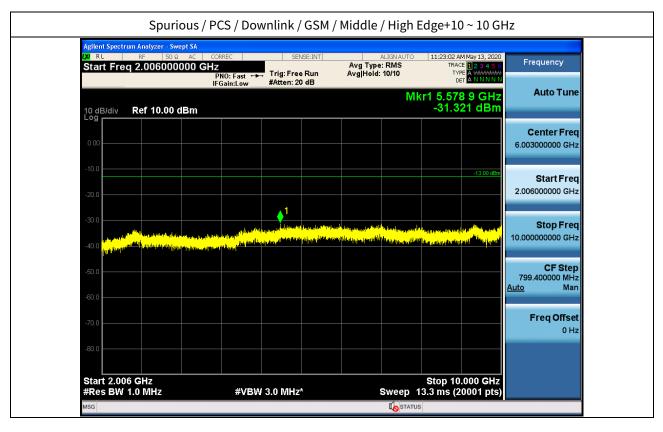
Spurious	/ PCS / Downlink / GSM /	′ Middle / 30 MHz ~ Low E	dge-10
Agilent Spectrum Analyzer - Swept SA CX RL RF 50 Q AC Start Freq 30.000000 MH	CORREC SENSE:INT Z PNO: Fast IFGain:Low #Atten: 16 dB	ALIGNAUTO 11:22:37 AM May Avg Type: RMS TRACE Avg Hold: 10/10 Type A Det A	2 3 4 5 6 WWWW N N N N
10 dB/div Ref 0.00 dBm		Mkr1 1.212 33 -38.575	GHz Auto Tune dBm
-10.0			Center Freq 974.500000 MHz
-20.0			Start Freq 30.000000 MHz
-40.0	Na de la companya d Na de la companya de	11) In the second s	Stop Freq
-50.0			CF Step 188.900000 MHz
-70.0			Auto Man Freq Offset
-90.0			0 Hz
Start 30.0 MHz #Res BW 1.0 MHz	#VBW 3.0 MHz*	Stop 1.919 Sweep 2.67 ms (2000	
MSG		STATUS	





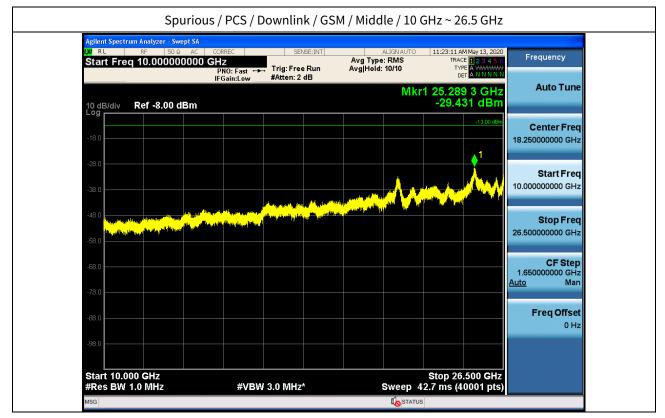






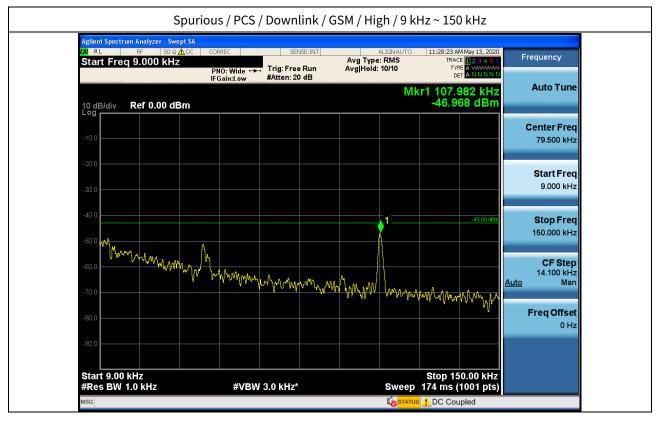


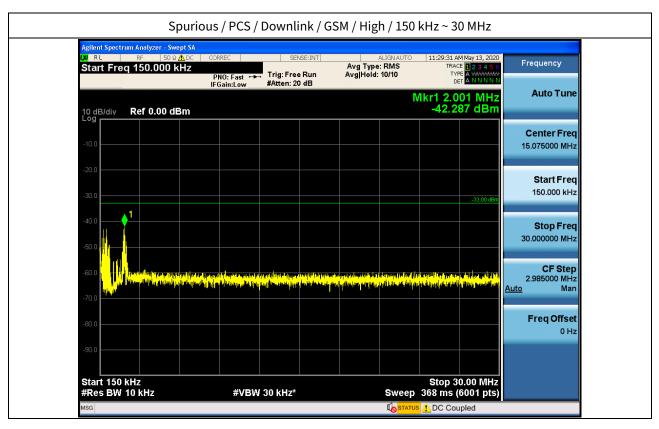








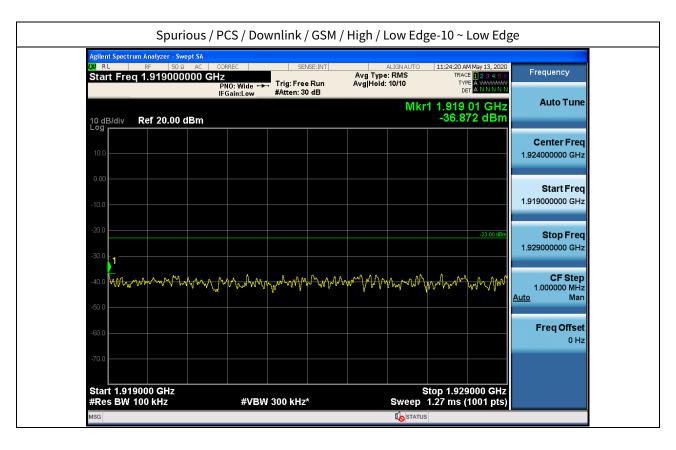






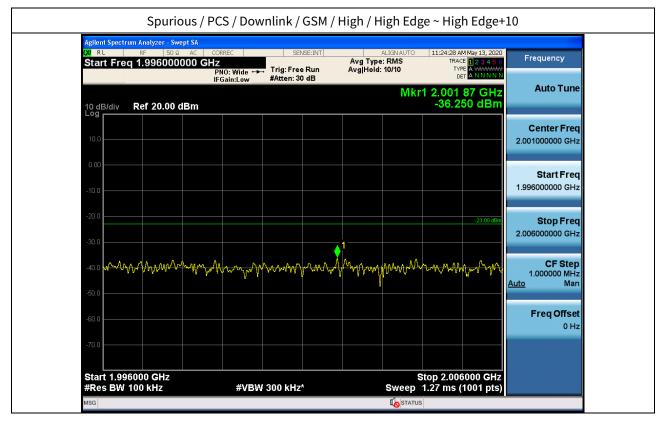


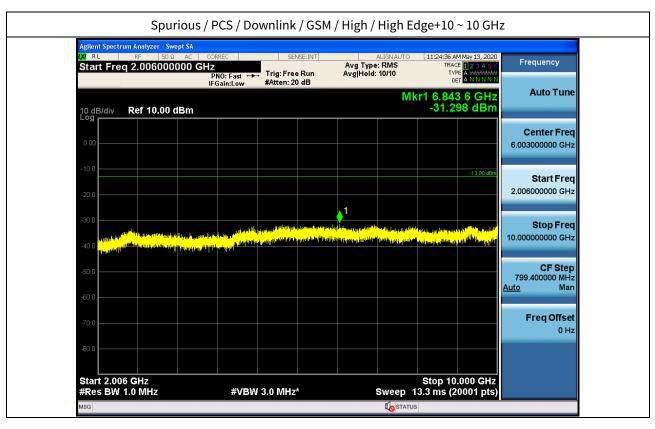
Spurio Agilent Spectrum Analyzer - Swept Sa	us / PCS / Downlink / GS	M / High / 30 MHz ·	~ Low Edge-10	
Agreen Spectrum Analyzen Swept S (MORL RF 50 Ω AC Start Freq 30.000000 M	CORREC SENSE:INT	ALIGNAUTO Avg Type: RMS Avg Hold: 10/10	11:24:13 AM May 13, 2020 TRACE 1 2 3 4 5 6 TYPE A WWWWW DET A N N N N N	Frequency
10 dB/div Ref 0.00 dBm		Mkr1	1.866 96 GHz -39.083 dBm	Auto Tune
-10.0			-13.00 dBm	Center Freq 974.500000 MHz
-20.0				Start Freq 30.00000 MHz
-30.0	y rational y person of the test of static general days with we do	and for the line of the line of the second	Tara a filipaneter verseran filipaneter verseran filipaneter verseran filipaneter verseran filipaneter verseran	Stop Freq
	¹ Mel Carego ⁽) a construction of the second seco	n di daga di kataran ki kata kata kata kata kata kata kata k	and transford of the second shift in	1.919000000 GHz
-60.0			A	CF Step 188.900000 MHz .uto Man
-80.0				Freq Offset 0 Hz
-90.0				5112
Start 30.0 MHz #Res BW 1.0 MHz	#VBW 3.0 MHz*	Sweep 2.6	Stop 1.9190 GHz 7 ms (20001 pts)	
MSG		I STATUS		

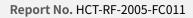




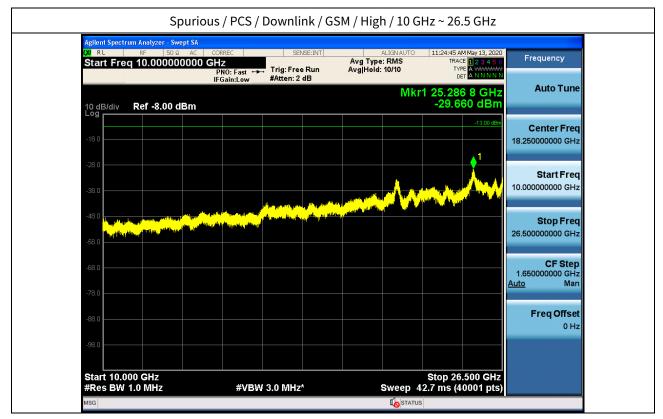




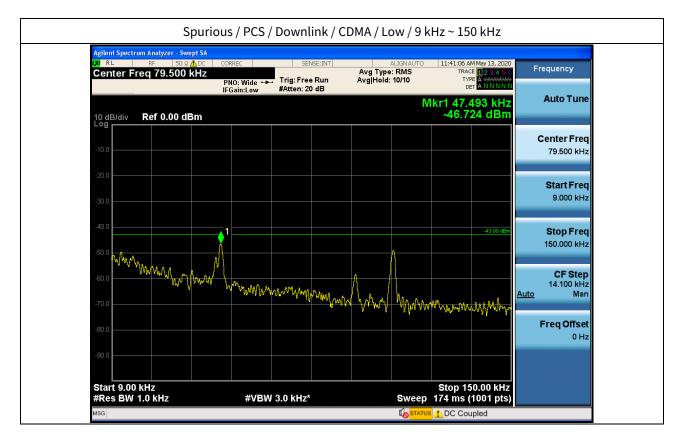


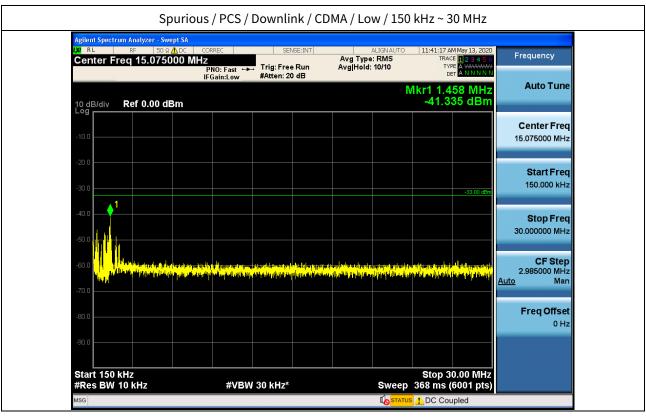


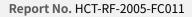






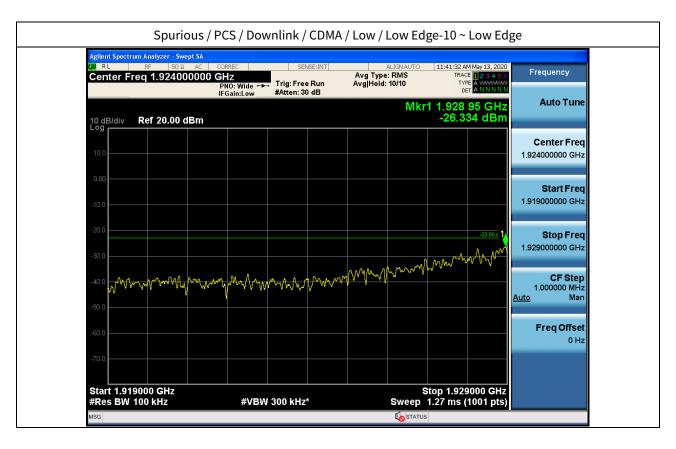






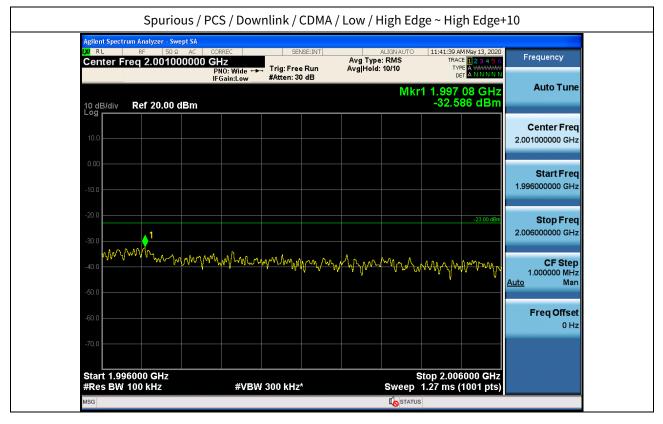


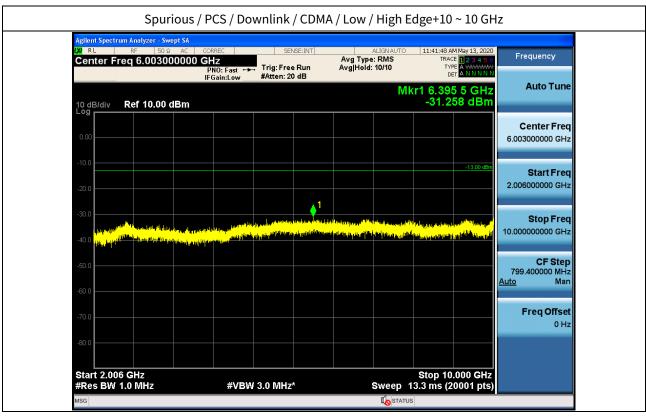
Spurious / F	PCS / Downlink / CDMA	/ Low / 30 MHz	~ Low Edge-10	0
Center Freq 974.500000 MHz	RREC SENSE:INT Z N0: Fast →→ Trig: Free Run Gain:Low #Atten: 16 dB	ALIGNAUTO Avg Type: RMS Avg Hold: 10/10	11:41:25 AM May 13, 2020 TRACE 1 2 3 4 5 6 TYPE A WWWWW DET A N N N N N	Frequency
10 dB/div Ref 0.00 dBm		Mkr1	1.726 51 GHz -36.934 dBm	Auto Tune
-10.0			-13.00 dBm	Center Freq 974.500000 MHz
-20.0			1	Start Freq 30.000000 MHz
-40.0 4.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1	an a	, dada opani sa da na tata da bada sa tangan Ng padapa ng Karalan ka da pana ng tana ng tan	ne the first program of the states	Stop Freq 1.919000000 GHz
-60.0				CF Step 188.90000 MHz <u>Auto</u> Man
-70.0				Freq Offset 0 Hz
-30.0			Stop 1.9190 GHz	
#Res BW 1.0 MHz	#VBW 3.0 MHz*		57 ms (20001 pts)	



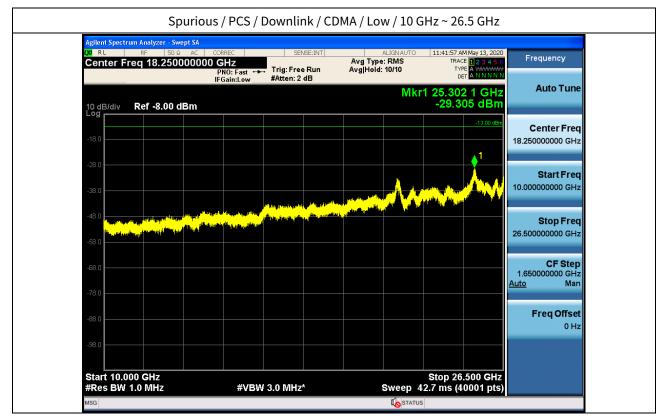




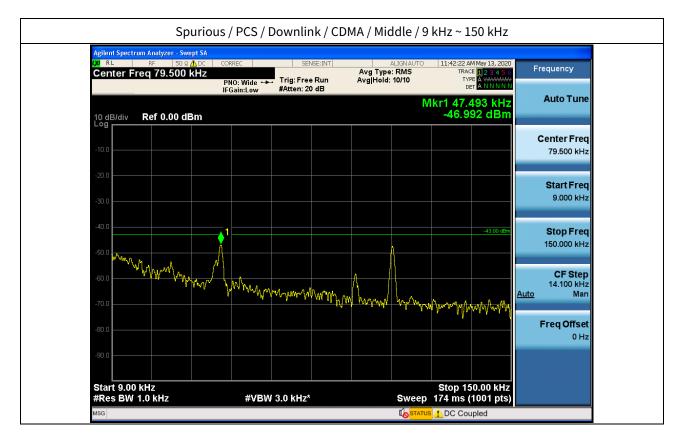


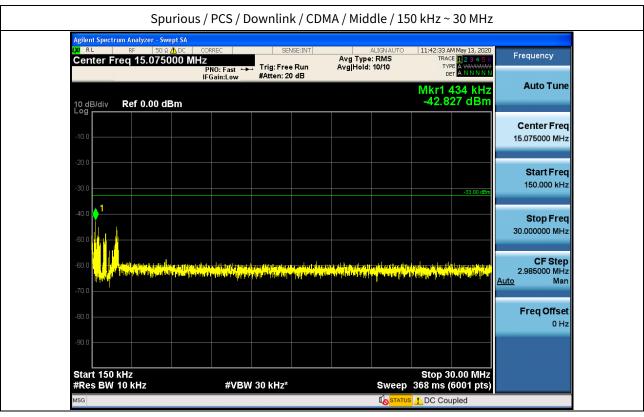


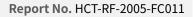






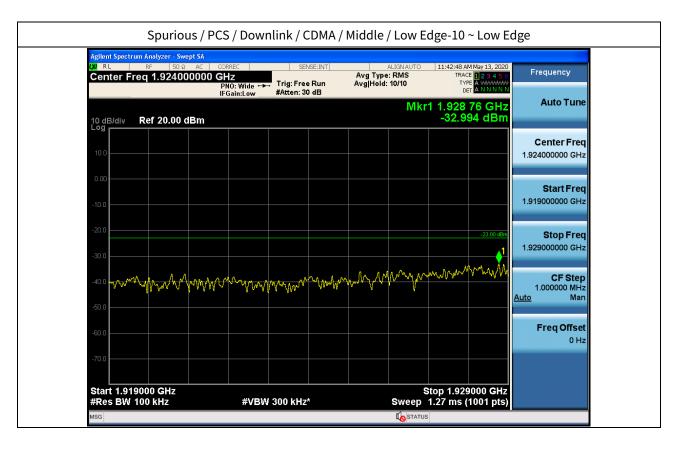


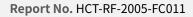




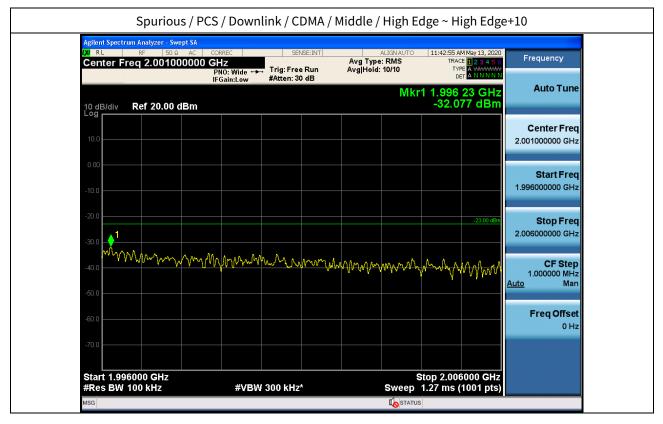


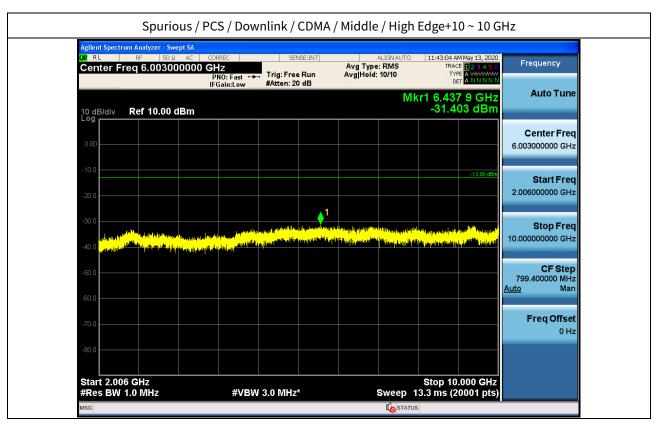
		Z NO: Fast ↔ Trig: Fr Gain:Low #Atten:	reeRun AvgiHo	ype: RMS old: 10/10	TRACE 1 2 3 4 5 6 TYPE A WWWWW DET A N N N N N	Auto Tuno
10 dB/div Re	f 0.00 dBm			Mkr1	1.555 37 GHz -37.294 dBm	
-10.0					-13.00 dBm	Center Freq 974.500000 MHz
-20.0						Start Freq
-30.0					ali 16.18.19.19.19.19.19.19.19.19.19.19.19.19.19.	30.000000 MHz
-50.0 United and a second s	nelister presid in the provident of the second s	i na fasta da na sela terra da fasta da sena da se La conte da para da terra da terra da sena da sena da sena La conte da para da terra da sena da sena da sena da	international provincial states and a state of the states			Stop Freq 1.919000000 GHz
-60.0						CF Step 188.900000 MHz <u>Auto</u> Man
-70.0						Freq Offset
-80.0						0 Hz



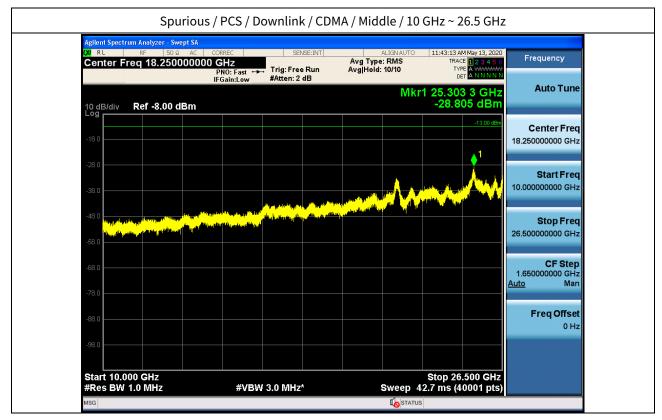






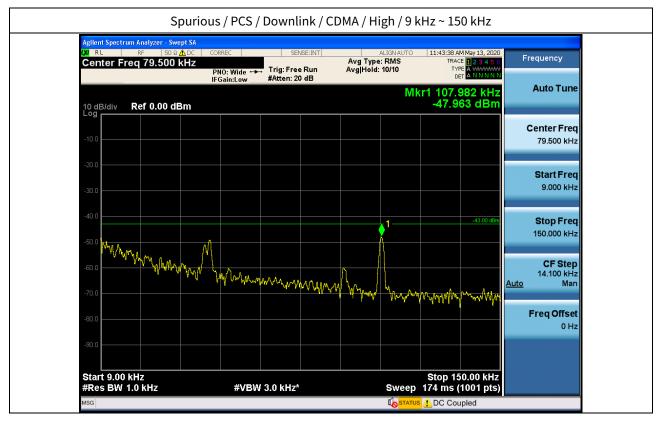


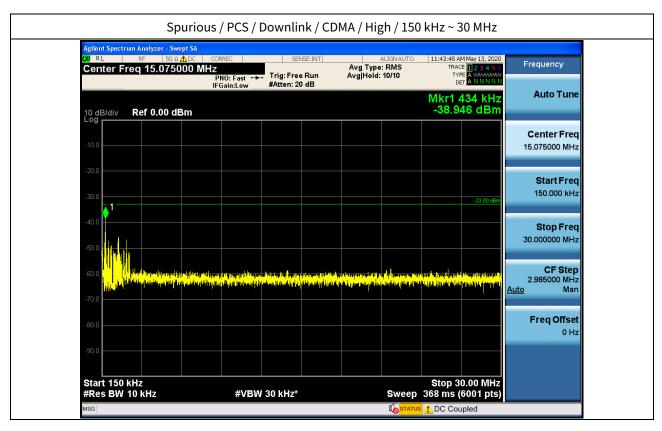








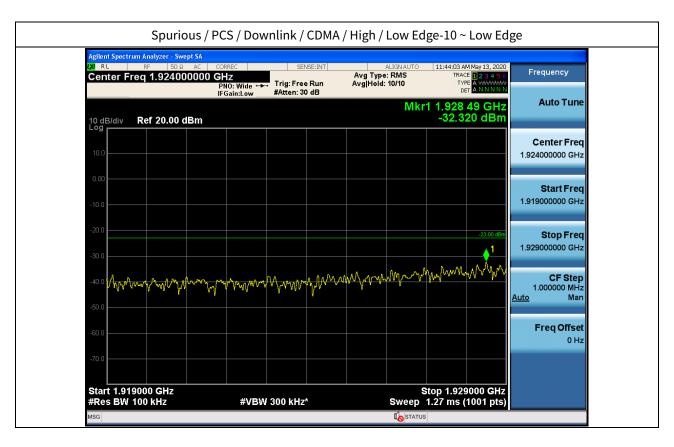


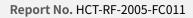




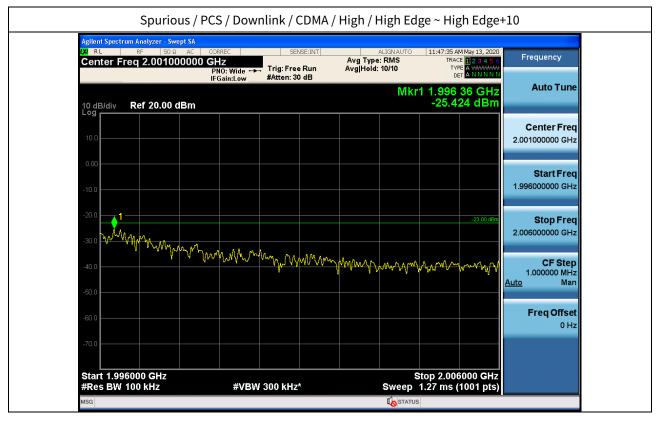


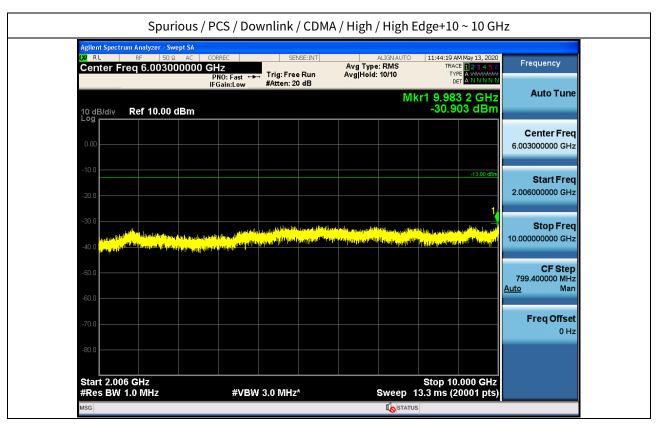
	ous / PCS / Downlink ,	/ CDMA / High / 30 M	Hz ~ Low Edge-1	0
Agilent Spectrum Analyzer - Swej	AC CORREC SEN		11:43:56 AM May 13, 2020 TRACE 12 3 4 5 6 TYPE A WWWWW DET A N N N N N	Frequency
10 dB/div Ref 0.00 dB	m	Mk	r1 1.662 57 GHz -37.766 dBm	Auto Tune
-10.0			-13.00 dBm	Center Freq 974.500000 MHz
-20.0				Start Freq
-40.0	बह स्तूर ने 14 स्वृत्य <mark>में ने वा साल ने 16 ज सही है का 1 सन साम स्वरूप हर</mark> ा के	ne controvers a second the deput deput deput	1 14 pt. pt. 14 al an investigation of a contraction of the	30.000000 MHz
-50.0	i sana la fa sa	i yenneli na fili kan yen ye pêrî te tirke i nev jî kat yen neline. A nevî kan ye kat ye ne ye nevî kat yen ye kat yen nevî nevî	an la la superior de la paraden la seperior de la paraden de la paraden de la paraden de la paraden de la parad	Stop Freq 1.919000000 GHz
-60.0				CF Step 188.900000 MHz <u>Auto</u> Man
-70.0				Freq Offset
-90.0				0 Hz
Start 30.0 MHz #Res BW 1.0 MHz	#VBW 3.0 MHz*	Sweep	Stop 1.9190 GHz 2.67 ms (20001 pts)	
MSG		I STAT	· · · ·	



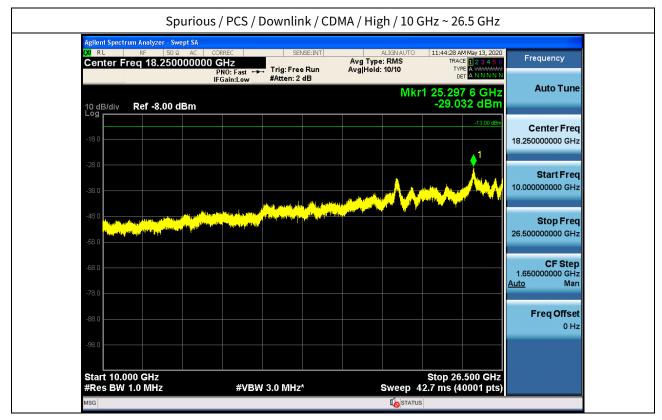




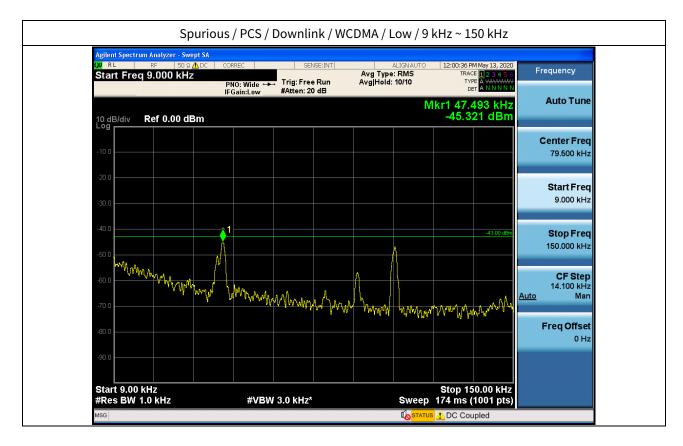


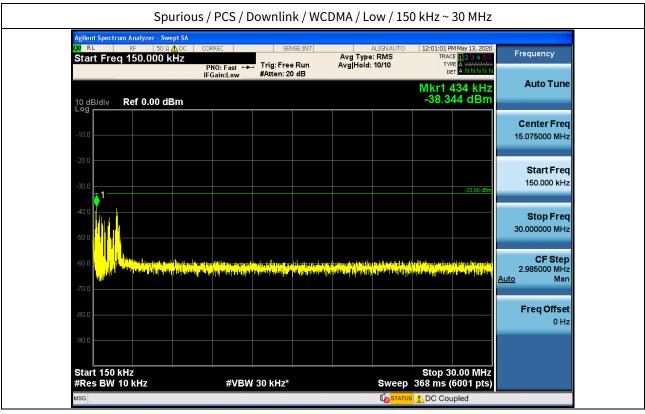








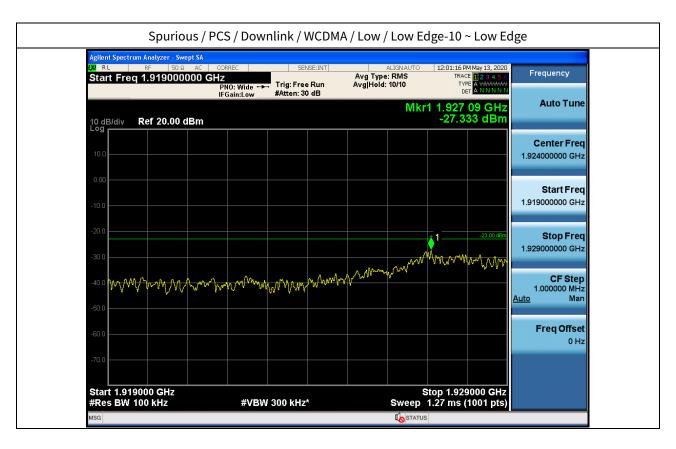






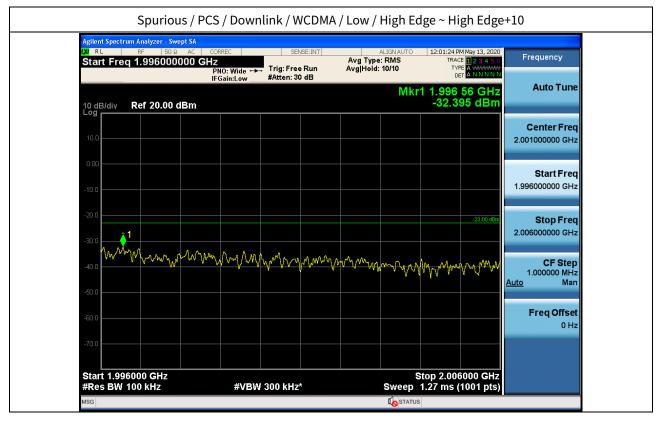


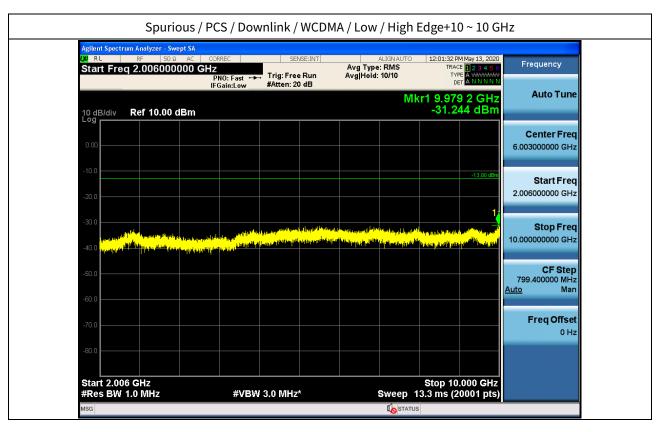
S	purious / PO	CS / Downl	ink / WCD	MA / Low	/ 30 MI	Hz ~ Lo\	w Edge-	10
Agilent Spectrum Analy VI RL RF Start Freq 30.0	50 Ω AC COP 000000 MHz P		SENSE:INT ig: Free Run tten: 16 dB	Avg Type: Avg Hold:		TRAC	M May 13, 2020 26 1 2 3 4 5 6 PE A WWWWW ET A N N N N N	Frequency
	.00 dBm				Mkr	1 1.884 -37.4	81 GHz 64 dBm	Auto Tune
-10.0							-13.00 dBm	Center Freq 974.500000 MHz
-20.0								Start Freq 30.000000 MHz
	ng pang pendan kang pang pang pang Ing mang pendan kang pang pang pang pang pang pang pang p	i an	la papa da seria de la companya de la companya de la companya da seria da seria da seria da seria da seria da s Na companya da seria d	an tan Managara ang kalang sa	han da na hina hina. Na papita da hina na hina na hina na hina hina hina			Stop Freq 1.919000000 GHz
-50.0	and the second							CF Step 188.900000 MHz
-70.0								<u>Auto</u> Man
-80.0								Freq Offset 0 Hz
Start 30.0 MHz #Res BW 1.0 MH		#VBW 3.0	MU7*		woon		9190 GHz 9001 pts)	
#Res Bw 1.0 Wir		#VDVV 3.0			STATUS		ooor pisj	



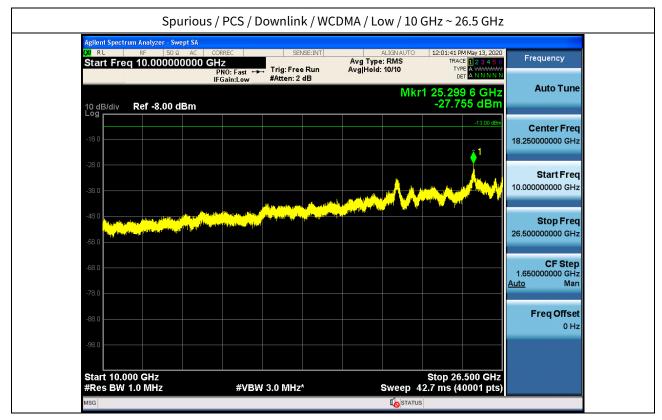




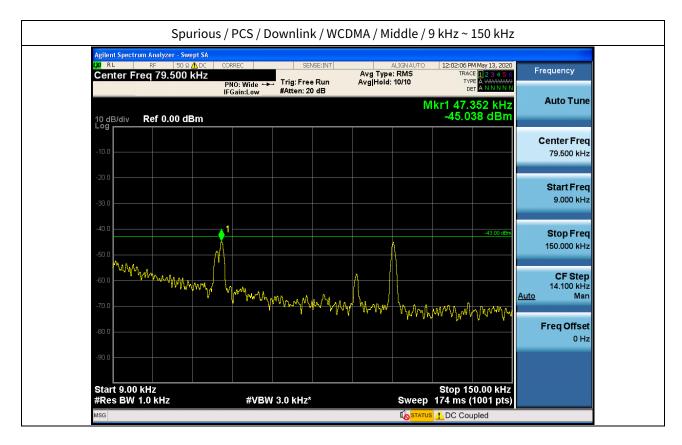


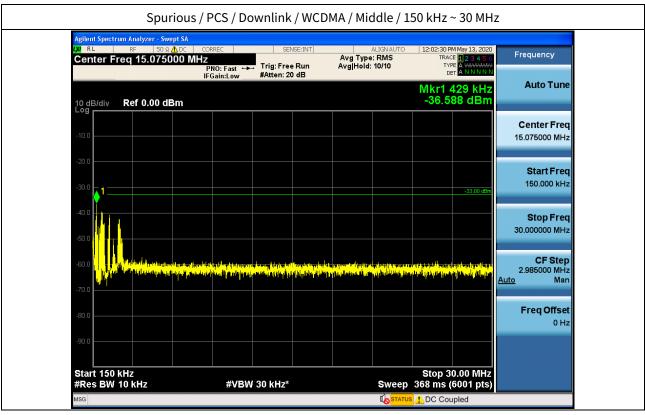








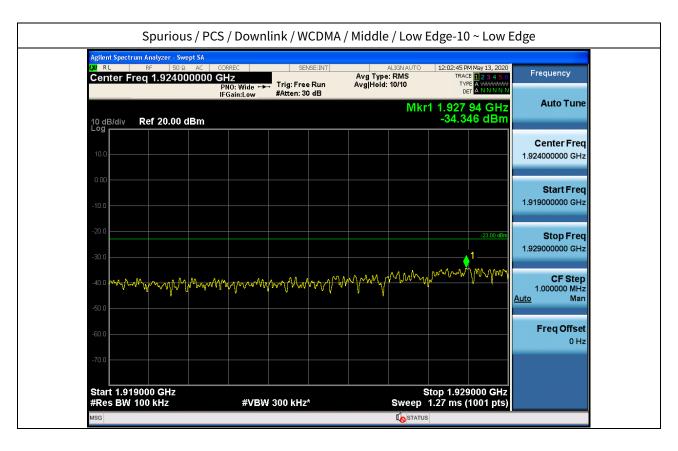


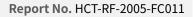






Agilent Spectrum Analyzer -	Swept SA	wnlink / WCDM	A / Middle / 30 M	MHz ~ Low Edge	-10
Center Freq 974.5	D Ω AC CORREC 000000 MHz PN0: Fast IFGain:Low	SENSE:INT Trig: Free Run #Atten: 16 dB	ALIGNAUTO Avg Type: RMS Avg Hold: 10/10	12:02:37 PM May 13, 2020 TRACE 1 2 3 4 5 6 TYPE A WWWWW DET A NNNNN	Frequency
10 dB/div Ref 0.00	dBm		Mkı	1 1.601 18 GHz -37.382 dBm	Auto Tune
-10.0				-13.00 dBm	Center Freq 974.500000 MHz
-20.0					Start Freq 30.000000 MHz
-40.0 <mark>414 5 4 6 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 </mark>		dan kiloda in sa la bina ana sa basan Na pada kiloda ata di kasang kashasar	n na shi shi ku dha shi ka shi		Stop Freq 1.919000000 GHz
-60.0					CF Step 188.900000 MHz
-70.0					<u>Auto</u> Man Freq Offset
-90.0					0 Hz
Start 30.0 MHz #Res BW 1.0 MHz	#VE	SW 3.0 MHz*	Sweep 2	Stop 1.9190 GHz 2.67 ms (20001 pts)	
MSG				S	







Spurious / PC	S / Downlink / WCDMA /	Middle / High Edg	ge ~ High Edg	e+10
Agilent Spectrum Analyzer - Swept SA VI RL RF 50 Q AC Center Freq 2.001000000	CORREC SENSE:INT CHZ PNO: Wide IFGain:Low #Atten: 30 dB	Avg Type: RMS Avg Hold: 10/10	12:02:52 PM May 13, 2020 TRACE 12:3:4:5:6 TYPE A WWWWW DET A N.N.N.N.N	Frequency Auto Tune
10 dB/div Ref 20.00 dBm			1.996 16 GHz -31.734 dBm	
10.0				Center Freq 2.001000000 GHz
-10.0				Start Freq 1.996000000 GHz
-20.0			-23.00 dBm	Stop Freq 2.006000000 GHz
-40.0 -50.0	manyanyanyanya	Marray		CF Step 1.000000 MHz <u>Auto</u> Man
-60.0				Freq Offset 0 Hz
-70.0				
Start 1.996000 GHz #Res BW 100 kHz	#VBW 300 kHz*		p 2.006000 GHz ?7 ms (1001 pts)	

