

BML - FC 002.2006

TEST REPORT NO.:

Test specification:	CFR47 part 15 Radio Frequency Devices.
Sub standard:	FCC 15 subpart B/C Unintentional/Intentional Radiators.
Ordered by:	AL21 Polaris project team – Peter Loeber
Address:	Lindholm Brygge 35, 9400 Nr.Sundby Denmark
Subject:	Siemens AL21
Verification:	Travel Charger – Delta type – A5BHTN00 164532, TADP-3XB CB (Lead free) Desktop Stand – EDS-600 – L360880-N6881-A100
	Headset Basic – HHS-500 – L36880-N5601-A107
	Headset – HHS-510 – L36880-N5601-A108
	Headset Purestyle - HHS-610 – L36880-N7101-A500
	Car Kit Portable – HKP-500 – L36880-N5601-A109
	Car Charger – ECC-500 – L30880-N5001-A100 Car Charger Plus – ECC 600 – L36880 N7101 A100
	Data Cable – DCA-500 (RS232) – L36880-N5601-A110
	Spare battery – V30145-K1310-X386-1-SO – 3.7V/600 mAh
	Spare battery – V30145-K1310-X386-VA – 3.7V/570 mAh
Serial numbers:	Sample #134, IMEI: 004400016916544
HW revision:	B2
SW revision:	00.1592, 18012006
Manufacturer:	

Manufacturer	BenQ SHA Mobile
Street Address	Chuan Qiao Rd. 777, Pudong
City/Zip Code	Shanghai 201206
Country	China



BML TESTING LABORATORY (NO. 1) for Electro-Magnetic Compatibility

BENQ DENMARK APS

Internal Order No.: PKN – 13.02.2006.002 Date(s) of test: 13.02.2006 -> 28.02.2006

Technical responsibility	Test performed by:
Per K. Nielsen Par H. Mala	Jan Clausen Jan Uausen
Date: 03.03.2006	Number of pages: 30

All test results are valid only and exclusive for the equipment under test, (EUT).

Summary: The equipment tested is compliant to the above mentioned specification.



TEST REPORT NO.: BML – FC 002.2006 Radiated and Conducted Emission

References	
CFR 47	FCC 15 subpart B, Unintentional Radiator. FCC 15 subpart C, Intentional Radiator.
CISPR 22	Information Technology Equipment – Radio disturbance characteristics Limits and Methods of measurement, CISPR 22:1997, modified + Amendment 1 (EN 55022/A1 (October 2000)) + Amendment 2 (EN55022/A2 (2002))
ANSI C63.4	Methods of Measurements of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz, ANSI C63.4-2000.
CISPR/ I/WG4/02-02	CISPR 22 and IEC 61000-6-3 emission limits above 1 GHz, September 2002

Enclosures

Conversion factors.doc	Field strength conversion factors and other data formats and
	exchange of formats.

Revision Information

Created: 19.08.03	Revision	Name	Comments
	0.1	Nielsen Per Klaus	Initial revision in PVCS
Modified 03.03.06	1.0	Nielsen Per Klaus	Measurement results added

Contents

1	Introduction	5
2	Description of test set up	6
	 2.1 GSM 1900 specific 2.2 Environmental conditions 2.3 Test equipment 2.4 Calibration	
3	Emission detection	11
4	Pass criteria for the test	12
	4.1 Exceptions	13
5	Test and evaluation conditions	13
6	Results	14
7	 6.1 Environmental conditions	
י 8	Tast site nictures	20 27
U	1 631 3116 piotui 63	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~

1 Introduction

In this report the selected radiated test according to FCC 15 subpart B and/or C for unintentional/intentional radiators with respect to the GSM 1900 operations are performed on the product AL21 with accessories in the EMC facility in Pandrup. The test will facilitate the use of CISPR 22 as indicated in FCC 15.109(g) and FCC 15.107(e).

Furthermore the conducted tests according to FCC 15.107(e) for the mobile AL21 attached to US chargers are also performed.

BenQ Denmark ApS

Lindholm Brygge 35 DK-9400 Nr.Sundby Denmark

Switchboard +45 7219 5000



The test overview is given below:

- FCC §15.209: GSM 1900 Idle mode (30 MHz 19.1 GHz)
- FCC §15.209: Bluetooth standby mode (30 MHz 25 GHz)
- FCC §15.109: FM radio emissions on 3 channels according to FCC §15.31(m) and FCC §15.33(b)(1) with respect to the frequency range.
- FCC §15.247(c) Bluetooth emission in connected mode (30 MHz 25 GHz). For the limit line the §FCC 15.205(a) and FCC §15.209(a) apply.
- FCC §15.31(h) Combined test of Bluetooth and GSM1900 operating simultaneously. If applicable the test should be repeated for both radiated and conducted emission.
- FCC §15.107/207 Conducted emission test in the range 450 kHz 30 MHz with various chargers. The LISN network is specified in FCC §15.33(l). Adopting FCC §15.107(e) for using the CISPR 22 testing approach.
- FCC §15.109(g) Radiated emission for various AC chargers and accessories. Uses CISPR 22 as guideline for the selected tests.

2 Description of test set up

The test set up used for radiated spurious emission test for a mobile operated in idle mode follows the guidelines specified in the §15.31 (ANSI C63.4) and §15.33 with respect to intentional and/or unintentional transmitters.

The general test layout is taken care of in the construction of the chambers and measurements site of the facility. However the following guidelines derived from the standard concerning the handling of the product to be tested have to be followed.

According to the standard tests specified has been written for open-air test site measurements. At Siemens Mobile Phones a 3-meter semi-anechoic chamber will be used for the measurements. The chamber is approved with respect to EN50147-1 (Shielding Effectiveness), FU (Field of Uniformity), NSA (Normal Site Attenuation) and TL (Transmission Loss) in the range from 26 MHz to 18 GHz as required in §15.31 for FCC measurements within a chamber. The facility itself is therefore approved according to the following standards by independent institutes:

•	Shielding effectiveness:	EN 50147 – 1 (10 kHz – 18 GHz).
•	NSA (Normal Site Attenuation):	CISPR 16 or ANSI 63.4 / 63.5.
•	Free Space Transmission Loss:	EN 50147 – 2 (30 MHz – 18 GHz).
•	FU (Field of Uniformity):	EN 61000 - 4 - 3 (30 MHz - 18 GHz).

In the range from 30 MHz to 1000 MHz the set up must follow the guidelines specified in ANSI C63.4 using a conducted ground plane. However above 1 GHz the floor must be fully covered by absorbers, see chamber layout in figure 2.1. For measurement below 1 GHz leaving in the absorbers on the floor the emissions measured must be more than 6 dB below the limit as specified in §15.109 and/or §15.209.



Figure 2.1 Absorber layout for radiated spurious emission test.

The product has to be mounted on a pedestal in a height of 1.5 meters for stand-alone measurements. The measurement antenna shall be mounted and fixed at the same height as the product. The measurement antenna length must not exceed 20% of the measurement length e.g. at 3 meter distance the length of the measurement antenna must not exceed 0.6 meters. For tabletop layout the product with accessories attached is mounted on a table 0.8 meters above the ground floor. The measurement antenna is thus placed at 1-meter height.

The test must be performed at both normal and extreme voltage conditions. A battery simulator should be used to keep the mobile at the specified extreme voltage when appropriate. However means to avoid the influence of the power supply connection to the battery simulator with respect to the measurement results should be accomplished. The extreme voltages for the battery type used in the product are specified as:

	Battery type: Lithium Ion	
Voltage level	Voltage value	Power supply set up
Low	3.4 V (Active slot)	Battery simulator only
Normal	3.7 V	Battery supply only
High	4.2 V	Battery simulator only

The tests have to be performed while the product is operated in receive only mode on any supported band. The test are also repeated with the receive antenna in both horizontal and vertical position while the mobile is rotated 360 degrees. The emissions limits specified in either §15.109 or §15.209 for class B devices are identical above 30 MHz, see chapter 4.

For the extreme voltage tests (if any) a battery simulator is used to ensure a stable and controllable power supply voltage during the test.

2.1 GSM 1900 specific

Test channels used by the CMU-200 GSM emulator during test:

- GSM 1900 channel 661 (1880.0 MHz) for the uplink TCH channel.
- GSM 1900 channel 661 (1960.0 MHz) for the downlink TCH channel.
- GSM 1900 channel 658 (1879.4 MHz) for the downlink BCCH channel

Since the mobile with respect to GSM is only operated in Idle mode it is considered to be an intentional radiator according to FCC §15.209 hence the upper limit of the frequency area to be scanned for spurious emission are specified to the 10.th harmonics e.g. 19.1 GHz due to the upper frequency in the GSM1900 band according to FCC §15.33(a)(1).

2.2 Environmental conditions

For radiated spurious emission test the following environmental conditions applies:

- Ambient temperature between 15 °C to 35 °C.
- Relative humidity in the range 20 % to 75 %.

The environmental conditions are recorded for this report.

2.3 Test equipment

The test equipment used to perform the test according to FCC 15 is:

BenQ Denmark ApS

Lindholm Brygge 35 DK-9400 Nr.Sundby Denmark

Switchboard +45 7219 5000



Fauinmont	Type and identification	Onerational range	Data of
Equipment	Type and identification	Operational range	Date of
			calibration
EMI analysers	HP E7405A S/N US39440168	9 kHz – 26.5 GHz	08.03.05
	ESIB 26 S/N 100179	20 Hz – 26.5 GHz	09.03.05
Arbitrary Waveform function generator	HP 33120A S/N US36043114	0 - 15 MHz	07.03.05
Pre Amplifiers	EA PA-02 S/N 0800002:	1 - 18 GHz	20.06.02
	(JCA12-300 ICA24 200	1 GHz = 2 GHz	
	JCA24-300 ICA 48-300	4 GHz = 8 GHz	
	JCA 43-500 JCA 812-400	$\frac{4}{8}$ GHz $- 12$ GHz	
	JCA1218-500)	12 GHz – 18 GHz	
	Sonoma 310N S/N 185680	9 kHz – 1 GHz	19.06.02
	Miteq AFS4-02001800-35-ULN 2-18 GHz	2 GHz – 18 GHz	05.03.04
RF signal generator	SMP 22 S/N 847399/001	10 MHz – 20 GHz	10.03.05
Radio com. Tester	CMU 200 S/N 834639/003	GSM 850, GSM900, R- & E-GSM,	01.10.04
		GSM1800, GSM1900	
		Bluetooth	
	Filter section		
Low Pass filters	SLP 550	(600 MHz)	19.06.02
	WLK 790-10SS S/N 1	(820 MHz)	19.06.02
	WLK 1610-10SS S/N 1	(1680 MHz)	19.06.02
NT - 1 (°1-	WLK 1750-108S S/N 1	(1780 MHz)	19.06.02
Notch filters	TWNC 8604-1 S/N 010893056	790 – 1000 MHz (836.6 MHz)	14.06.02
	WRCA 800/960-0.2/40-655K S/N 2	800 – 960 MHz (824.2 MHz)	05.11.03
	WDC A 200/015 0 2/40 655K S/N 1	800 015 MHz (848.8 MHz)	24.02.02
	WRCA 800/915-0.2/40-055K 5/N 1	800 - 915 MHz (902.4 MHz)	24.05.05
	WRCD 1850/1910-0 2/40-1055K S/N 1	1710 - 1785 MHz (1747.0 MHz) 1850 - 1910 MHz (1880 2 MHz)	19.06.02
	WRCD 1700/2000-0 2/40-1055K S/N 3	1700 - 2000 MHz (1850 2 MHz)	05 11 03
	Procom BRF 1700/3 S/N 140197042	1850 - 1910 MHz (1909.8 MHz)	05.11.03
	WRCT 2441-0.3/50-10EE S/N 1	2400 – 2484 MHz (2441.0 MHz)	03.07.03
		- · · ·	
High Pass filters	WHKS2250-8SS S/N 1 and S/N 2	(2250 – 18000 MHz)	-
	WHKS800-8SS S/N 1 and S/N 2	(800 – 3000 MHz)	-
	WHKS500-6SS S/N 1	(500 – 3000 MHz)	-
	WHKS300-6SS S/N 1 and S/N 3	(300 – 3000 MHz)	-
	WHKS200-6SS S/N 1	(200 – 3000 MHz)	-
	K&L 3DH1 1500/T13000- 0/0 S/N 3	(1400 –20050 MHz)	08.03.04
	K&L 3DH1 1500/113000- 0/0 S/N 2	(1400 – 20000 MHz)	-
	S/N 200016148	(1680 – 18900 MHz)	09.03.04
	Trilithic 4HC 2900/18000-1.1-KK S/N 200016154	(2440 - 20000 MHz)	19.02.02
	Trilithic 4HC 2900/18000-1.1-KK S/N 200016155	(2550 – 20050 MHz)	08.03.04
	K&L 3DH1-2500/T13000-0/0 S/N 2	(2100 – 20000 MHz)	-
	K&L 3DH1-3000/T13000-0/0 S/N 8	(2700 - 20000 MHz)	03-07-03
	K&L 3DH1-3000/T13000-0/0 S/N 3	(2700 - 20000 MHz)	05.03.04
BandPass filters	Siemens made	(600 – 1200 MHz)	-
Bypass filters	BLKHD 6N - 8N + 7N-5N	(9 kHz - 20000 MHz)	08.03.04
Splitters	HP 11667A S/N 50524	(DC – 18 GHz)	-
	Norsal Ind. 8812 S/N 111	(0.5 – 2.0 GHz)	-
	SW platform	1	
EMC SW	EMC Automation	EN 301 489 – 1	27.08.00
	EA Standard emission test	EN 301 489 – 7	
	ver. 8.53	15 51.010-1 FCC part 15 22 24	

Table 2.1Equipment used for EMC testing of the FM radio receiver including a general passive device
list. The not calibrated devices are only used for noise shielding of the test equipment and
they do not need to be calibrated for that purpose.



The antennas used in the various tests are listed in the below table. All the log-periodic antennas are used as communication and link establishment antennas for either (GSM, FM and/or Bluetooth).

Antenna	Type and	d identification	Operational range	Date of calibration
Hybrid-log periodic	HLP 3003C	S/N 080200	30 MHz – 3 GHz	9.07.00
Hybrid-log periodic (Spare)	HLP 3003C	S/N 060300	30 MHz – 3 GHz	9.05.00
Horn (BT/WLAN link)	AT 4002A	S/N 28547	0.8 GHz – 5 GHz	-
Horn (BT /WLAN link)	AT 4002A	S/N 28548	0.8 GHz – 5 GHz	-
Double ridged horn	EMCO 3115	S/N 9907 – 5897	1 GHz – 18 GHz (19.1 GHz)	27.07.99 (21.06.02)
w. 3 GHz high pass + 2-18 GHz pre-amp.				
Double ridged horn (Substitution/spare)	EMCO 3115	S/N 9907 - 5896	1 GHz – 18 GHz	27.07.99
Double rigid horn	EMCO 3116	S/N 2637	18 GHz – 40 GHz	28.05.02
Log-periodic (GSM link)	LPDA 8030	S/N 090200	800 MHz – 3 GHz	9.05.00
Log-periodic (GSM link)	LPDA 8030	S/N 090100	800 MHz – 3 GHz	9.05.00
Log-periodic (GSM link)	PLP 3003	S/N 021701	200 MHz – 3 GHz	05.02.01
Log-periodic (GSM link)	PLP 3003	S/N 021801	200 MHz – 3 GHz	05.02.01
Log-periodic (GSM/BT link)	LPDA 8060E	S/N 072401	800 MHz – 3 GHz	-
Biconical (FM link)	PBA 2030	S/N 020501	20 MHz - 300 MHz	05.03.01
Biconical (FM link)	PBA 2030	S/N 020401	20 MHz - 300 MHz	09.02.01

Table 2.2Antennas used for EMC testing. The Miteq amplifier and the K&L filter marked
with rose colour in table 2.1 are mounted directly on the double rigid horn antenna
from 1 - 18 GHz (19.1 GHz). The log-periodic antennas are only used for
communication link establishments and not for emission/immunity testing.

The cables used to connect the antenna to the measurement system are calibrated the 03.03.04 to 05.03.04 in various combinations with respect to the total length of the cables put together: The preferred measurement length for spurious emission is Semflex 5m(b) - 5m - 5m(l) that covers the path from distribution panel, at the input for the filter section to the antenna through the service and Floor panel 1. The (l) parameter denotes a special 5-meter low Loss able and (b) denotes a Sucoflex cable.

The double rigid horn antenna is fitted with a preamplifier (Miteq) and a high pass filter (K&L) in order to measure with high performance above 3 GHz.

The signal path including filters, amplifiers etc. are all verified against previous calibration data in Marts 2005.



2.4 Calibration

The calibration for the instruments are done according to the relevant standards by R&S Denmark A/S. System calibration (e.g. Filters, amplifiers, cable loss etc.) is done internally with the use of the already calibrated EMC facility equipment and/or stand-alone R&D equipment. System calibration data are stored in the facility system for use during measurements

The individual instrumentation calibration reports are stored in PDF format, and found on BenQ Denmark ApS laboratory network drive N.

3 Emission detection

To determine a detected spurious in the search band from 30 MHz - 10.0 GHz the following procedures have to be used.

- Perform a qualitative pre-search over the entire band for spurious emissions, which are higher than -20 dB from the limit.
- Perform a final scan or a substitution measurement to evaluate the exact level for each found spurious. (Radiated spurious emission only)

The spurious emission detection procedure is divided into several search-bands dependent on the equipment limitations and/or the specified filter and video bandwidth for the test. The filter and video bandwidth data for the radiated emission test are specified in ANSI C63.4:

- From 30 MHz to 1 GHz: RBW = 100 kHz
- Above 1 GHz: RBW = 1MHz

During the test the actual maximum of each detected spurious has to be found by turning the product 360 degrees around and/or move the measurement antenna up/down (If applicable) between 1 and 4 meters.



4 Pass criteria for the test

The pass criteria for the radiated test are defined in the standard §15.109:

Receive only mode: FM radio reception FCC §15.109 tables applies for class B devices:

Field strength (microvolts meter)
100
200

Figure 4.1 Radiated emission limit table for unintentional radiator.

For intentional radiators like GSM the emission limits are found in §15.209 for IDLE and Standby mode respectively.

(a) Except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an in- tentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:		
Frequency (MHz)	Field strength (microvolts/meter)	Measure- ment dis- tance (meters)
0.009-0.490 0.490-1.705 1.705-30.0 30-88 88-216 216-960 Above 960	2400/F(kHz) 24000/F(kHz) 30 100** 150** 200** 500	300 30 30 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
** Except as provided in sions from intentional rac shall not be located in the 88 MHz, 174–216 MHz or within these frequency by tions of this part, e.g. §§ 1	500 n paragraph (g), fundam liators operating under 1 4 frequency bands 54-72 470-806 MHz. However ands is permitted under 5.231 and 15.241.	ental emis- this section 2 MHz, 76– r, operation other sec-

Figure 4.2 Radiated emission limit for intentional transmitter.



The pass criteria for the radiated emission test according to CISPR 22 are listed in Figure 4.3

Limits for radiated emissions from ancillary equipment, measured on a stand-alone basis		
Frequency range	Limit (Quasi-peak)	
30 MHz to 230 MHz	30 dBµV/m	
> 230 MHz to 1 000 MHz	37 dBµV/m	

Table 4.3Radiated emission limit table as defined in CISPR 22.

The limits in table 4.3 are for 10-meter measurements. The calculations for the 3-meter set up is described in <u>EMC RF signal conversion factors.doc</u>

Then the limits at 3-meter distance are:

Frequency range	Limit (Quasi-peak)
30 MHz to 230 MHz	40.45dBµV/m
>230 MHz to 1000 MHz	47.46dBµV/m

Table 4.4Emission limits converted to 3-meter distance.

The test was performed with the floor covered with absorbers (Fig 2.1). According to CISPR/I/WG4/02-02, the limit should be lowered by 5 dB to compensate for the non-reflective floor and no height scan. To obtain a safe margin the limit is lowered 6 dB.

4.1 Exceptions

For measurements in an anechoic chamber pre-calibration data may be used instead of a substitution measurement to determine the level of any found spurious emission from the product.

5 Test and evaluation conditions

The level of any found spurious emissions must not exceed the levels specified in §15.109, §15.209 or CISPR 22 whichever is applicable.

According to §15.35(b) an average detector must be used in measurements above 1 GHz. If a peak detector has been used instead of the average detector for emissions above 1 GHz then the limit is raised by 20 dB. By other means any spurious emissions detected above the limits specified in chapter 4 of this report has to be reduced by 20 dB to compensate for the use of the peak detector.

Switchboard +45 7219 5000

6 Results

The measurement results are listed in the below schematic. The tests are performed for the AL21 operated in various modes as described in each paragraph of test results.

6.1 Environmental conditions

The recorded environmental conditions during the test were:

Item	Value
Temperature	21 °C +- 2.5 °C
Humidity	54 % +- 5 %
Anechoic chamber	Yes

6.2 Detected emissions

The found spurious emissions are listed in the below graphs and tables for each mode of operation. For all measurements reported in this chapter a peak detector was used unless stated otherwise.

6.2.1 The FCC §15.209 Intentional Radiators – Standby mode

The FCC §15.209 paragraph for class B devices was used for the GSM 1900 Idle mode test. **For the purpose of this report, these tests results are omitted.**

6.2.2 The FCC §15.109(g) Charger tests

The chargers (standard and/or travel charger) were measured with and without desktop stand according to FCC 15.109(g) that specify the usage of CISPR 22 for radiated emission tests. The usage of CISPR 22 for the conducted emission test according to FCC 15.107(e) requires the radiated emission test in FCC 15.109(g).







The radiated emission for the AL21 sample #134 in GSM 1900 TCH mode connected to a Travel Charger US measured according to the guidelines in CISPR 22. Limit line converted to fully absorber-lined chamber by subtracting 6 dB.



Figure 6.2

The radiated emission for the AL21 sample #134 in GSM 1900 Idle mode connected to a Travel Charger US measured according to the guidelines in CISPR 22.

BenQ Denmark ApS

Lindholm Brygge 35 DK-9400 Nr.Sundby Denmark





```
Title: CISPR 22
File: AL21 B2 Tra-Cha (Delta 164528) CISPR22 GSM1900 Ilde 17-02-2006_FS.set
Operator: TL1, jac
EUT Type: AL21, IMEI 004400016916544, sample #134, Varta battery
EUT Condition: DV1, PCB ver. B2. SW ver.: 00.1592, 18012006
Comments: CISPR-22 from FCC 15.31(i) (ANSI C63.4), 15.33(b)(1), 15.109(g)
Limit converted to 3 meter with absorbers on the floor.
MS GSM1900 idle + Travel charger Delta 164 528
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           02/17/06 14:15:20
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             Sequence: Final Measurements
                                                                                                                                                  Table35
                                    Pol.
                                                               Limit
                                                                                      (QP) EMI Ttbl Agl
         Freq
         (MHz)
                                                          (dBµV∕m)
34.40
                                                                                     (dBµV⁄m)
30.31
                                                                                                                    (deg)
108.00
            31.86
                                                V
             32.16
                                                                  34.40
                                                                                             29.43
                                                                                                                      110.50
```

Figure 6.4 The radiated emission for the AL21 sample #134 in GSM 1900 Idle mode connected to a Travel Charger US measured on selected frequencies that crossed the limit line in the pre-scan using peak detector. The final scan was performed using the Quasi Peak detector according to CISPR 22.





Figure 6.5 The radiated emission for the AL21 sample #134 in GSM 1900 Idle mode connected to a Desktop Stand (EDS-600) with Travel Charger US attached and measured according to the guidelines in CISPR 22.



6.2.3 The FCC §15.107/207 Conducted emission

The charger and desktop stand were tested against FCC 15.107(e) using CISPR 22 conducted test procedure.



Figure 6.6 The conducted emission for AL21 connected to a travel charger US using CISPR 22 limits. The AL21 was operated in GSM 1900 TCH mode while charging on an empty battery.





Figure 6.7

The conducted emission plus zoomed view for AL21 connected to a Desktop stand (EDS-600) with a travel charger US attached using CISPR 22 limits. The AL21 was operated in GSM 1900 Idle mode while charging on an empty battery.

BenQ Denmark ApS

Lindholm Brygge 35 DK-9400 Nr.Sundby Denmark

6.2.4 The FCC §15.109(g) Accessory tests

The accessories like headsets, car kits, car chargers and data cables were tested against FCC §15.109(g) using CISPR 22 for radiated emission tests for showing compliance to the limits of the CISPR 22 standard.

6.2.4.1 Mobile with headsets

Three different headsets are listed as accessories for the AL21.



Figure 6.8 The radiated emission for the AL21 sample #134 in GSM 1900 TCH mode connected to the Headset Basic (HHS-500) measured according to the guidelines in CISPR 22.









Figure 6.10

The radiated emission for the AL21 sample #134 in GSM 1900 TCH mode connected to the Headset Purestyle (HHS-610) measured according to the guidelines in CISPR 22.

BenQ Denmark ApS

Lindholm Brygge 35 DK-9400 Nr.Sundby Denmark



6.2.4.2 Mobile with Car Chargers

The Car Charger (ECC-500) and Car Charger Plus (ECC-600) is selected as accessories for the AL21. The car charger plus can also be connected to a headset while charging in a car. Only worst case scenarios are tested.





The radiated emission for the AL21 sample #134 in GSM 1900 TCH mode connected to the Car Charger (ECC-500).



Figure 6.12

The radiated emission for the AL21 sample #134 in GSM 1900 Idle mode connected to the Car Charger (ECC-500).

BenQ Denmark ApS

Lindholm Brygge 35 DK-9400 Nr.Sundby Denmark

Switchboard +45 7219 5000





Figure 6.13 The radiated emission for the AL21 sample #134 in GSM 1900 TCH mode connected to the Car Charger Plus (ECC-600) with Headset Basic (HHS-610) attached.



Figure 6.14

The radiated emission for the AL21 sample #134 in GSM 1900 Idle mode connected to the Car Charger Plus (ECC-600) with Headset Basic (HHS-610) attached.

BenQ Denmark ApS

Lindholm Brygge 35 DK-9400 Nr.Sundby Denmark Switchboard +45 7219 5000



6.2.4.3 Mobile with Car Kits

For the AL21 the Car Kit Portable has been selected as an accessory.





The radiated emission for the AL21 sample #134 in GSM 1900 TCH mode connected to the Car Kit Portable (HKP-500).



Figure 6.16

The radiated emission for the AL21 sample #134 in GSM 1900 Idle mode connected to the Car Kit Portable (HKP-500).

BenQ Denmark ApS

Lindholm Brygge 35 DK-9400 Nr.Sundby Denmark Switchboard +45 7219 5000



6.2.4.4 Mobile with Data solutions

One type of data cable solutions are selected for the AL21. The data cable with a RS-232 interface is applicable for test.



Figure 6.17 The radiated emission for the AL21 sample #134 in GSM 1900 Idle mode connected to the Data Cable (DCA-500).

BENQ DENMARK APS

7 Evaluation of test result

The overall test result for the selected tests according to FCC 15 subpart B/C is **PASS**.

Radiated emissions for the AL21 attached to chargers and accessories measured according to FCC §15.109(g)/FCC §15.107(e) using CISPR 22 is <u>PASS</u>.

The following comments to the test have been derived.

- Only test under nominal battery voltage conditions performed.
- Extreme voltage conditions using battery simulator not performed.

Conclusion:

The AL21 has been evaluated against the CISPR 22 as described in FCC $\S15.109(g)/FCC$ $\S15.107(e)$ with respect to the emission performance in conjunction with chargers and accessories. The AL21 is for the selected test scenarios tested not compliant to the criteria's defined in CFR47, FCC 15 subpart B/C.

8 Test site pictures

Below find various pictures from the test of the FCC 15 emission tests of the AL21 mobile.





Figure 8.1 Radiated emission with travel charger US (left) and Travel Charger and Desktop stand (right) in the range 30 MHz to 1 GHz.





Figure 8.2 Conducted emission measurement with the travel charger in the range 0.15MHz to 30 MHz.

BenQ Denmark ApS

Lindholm Brygge 35 DK-9400 Nr.Sundby Denmark Switchboard +45 7219 5000

Benq



Figure 8.3 Conducted emission measurement with the travel charger US and desktop stand in the range 0.15MHz to 30 MHz.



Figure 8.4 The layout for testing the three different headset types (Headset, Headset Basic and Headset Purestyle) according to CISPR 22 in the range 30 MHz to 1 GHz.

BenQ Denmark ApS

Lindholm Brygge 35 DK-9400 Nr.Sundby Denmark

Switchboard +45 7219 5000

Benq



Figure 8.5 The Car Charger (left) and Car Charger Plus (right) emission test set The Car charger plus is attached to the Headset Purestyle (Worst case). The car chargers are connected to a moped battery located on the ground floor, not visible in the picture.



Figure 8.6 The Data Cable emission test set up over RS-232. The data transmission PC was located outside the chamber. The Mobile Phone Manager (MPM) version 4.06.04.31.0 was used.

Benq



Figure 8.7 The setup for testing the Car Kit portable. The foam box contains the loudspeaker device due to the fact that the setup is also used for immunity test with respect to the European standards.



Figure 8.8 Chamber overview picture.

/end.